

Teacher: CORE Global 9

Year: 2010-11

Course: Global 9

Month: All Months

S e p t e m b e r	GEOGRAPHY: Five Themes						
	Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources
	What is the relationship between people and their environment?	Five Themes of Geography	Identify 5 themes (location, place, migration, region, movement) of geography and explain the significance between people and their environment.	Geography Latitude Longitude Technology			Video Series: The Five Themes of Geography World Map
CHANGE: Early Mankind and Neolithic Revolution							
	Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources
	What can we legitimately infer about the artifacts we find?	Human origins in Africa: Migration of early human populations	Identify and explain 4 hominid groups (Homo Habilis, Homo Erectus, Cro-Magnon, Neanderthal) based on characteristics using a graphic organizer.	Archaeology Anthropology Artifact Geography Prehistory Neolithic Age Paleolithic Age Hominid Nomad Revolution Animism			Lucy: The Beginnings of Humankind Patterns of Interactions: Human Origins in Africa WebQuest: The Cave of Lascaux PBS: The Family that Walks on all Four

				Technology			Artifacts			
	Why was the Neolithic Revolution considered a turning point in history?	Neolithic Revolution	Identify key developments that brought about change and long term effects, by investigating a major turning point.							

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CULTURE: Early River Civilizations

Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards			
Do civilizations shape the environment or does the environment shape culture?	Geography of Mesopotamia and Egypt The establishment of government and recorded laws systems The development of recorded history Trade & Cultural Interactions The Kingdoms of Egypt	Compare and contrast the development of legal systems in early societies. Discuss the ramifications of written laws on individuals and communities. Explain the effects of belief systems on the development of cultural practices. Identify major geographic features (both orally and	Culture Civilization Barter Economy Cuneiform Delta Dynasty Ethics Fertile Crescent Code of Hammurabi Hierarchy Hieroglyphics Polytheistic Pyramid Ziggurat Mythology Epic Pharaoh Cultural Diffusion Theocracy							

	<p>physically) of Mesopotamia and Egypt including the effect geography may have on the growth of civilizations.</p> <p>Examine and 'translate' documents using the writing system of ancient civilizations. Discuss and explain how cultural diffusion shapes interactions between societies. Analyze the effects of interaction on civilizations. Explore and analyze the ebb and flow of time periods on a society's history.</p>								
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CULTURE: Belief Systems

Essential Questions	Unit 1: The Big Bang and the Beginning of Life						
	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
Why do belief systems develop?	Identify the major world belief systems.	Summarize in writing how belief systems	Monotheism Polytheism Animism Torah				

	How do belief systems impact a culture?	Place of origin and spread of belief systems. Important individuals associated with belief systems. Practices and rituals within each belief system.	remain an important force in modern society. Summarize the values and traditions of each major belief system using a graphic organizer.	Bible Prophet Judaism Christianity Buddhism Hinduism Vedas Tripitaka Shiva Ganges River Vishnu Nirvana Reincarnation Jesus Christ Stupa Karma Siddhartha Guatama Muslim Priest Qu'ran Cultural Diversity Brahman Rabbi Monk Dalai Lama Dharma Eightfold Path Four Noble Truths Hajj Pilgrimage Pillars of Faith						
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N o v e m b e	GOVERNMENT: Great Empires										
	Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards			
	How does the legacy of earlier	The growth of the Mohenjo-	Using a map, label and	Aryans Caste System Monsoon							

r	groups and individuals influence subsequent generations?	Daru civilization. The Aryan migration into the Indus Valley Aryan culture and society The evolution of the Caste System The Empires of India: Mauryan, Gupta, & Mughal Empires The Golden Age of India	identify important geographic features of India. Discuss the effect of Aryan migration on the indigenous population of India.	Loess Mandate of Heaven Dynastic Cycle Yin and Yang Subcontinent Shi Huangdi Confucianism Legalism Daoism Filial Piety Golden Age Gupta Mauryan Asoka Jainism Patriarchal Untouchable							
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r** ECONOMICS: Silk Road

Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
What impact does scarcity have on the production, distribution, and consumption of goods and services? How do different economic systems vary in their toleration and	The geography of China. The impact of geography on the development of culture. Ethnocentrism and the concept of Middle Kingdom Chinese	Using a map, label and identify the silk road trading route, civilizations involved and products/ideas that were transmitted. Analyze primary accounts on the silk road and explain the dynamics	Cultural diffusion Interdependence				

encouragement of change?	Dynasties The Silk Road: Trade and Cultural Encounters The Mongol Society The Age of the "Great Khans" Chinese culture and contributions.	of cultural change and how interactions between and among cultures has affected various cultural groups throughout the world.							
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CULTURE: Classical Civilizations

Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
What are the roles and responsibilities of citizen's in a direct democracy?	Geographic features of Greece The Greek city-state Direct Democracy in Athens The Sophists Peloponnesian Wars Hellenistic Age and Alexander the Great	Using a chart, identify and summarize in writing the effects of geographic features on human society. Differentiate in journal writing the political views of the greek city states and whether it contributed to the growth or decline of a city-state. Explain orally how peace and prosperity can provide a backdrop for technological and cultural advancements.	Acropolis Alexander the Great Aristocracy Aristotle Athens Direct Democracy Euclid Hippocrates Legislature Monarchy Oligarchy Parthenon Peloponnesian War Pericles Philosophe Plato Polis Pythagoras Socrates Sparta Tyrant				

CULTURE: Classical Civilizations

Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards			
How do citizens (both individually and collectively) influence government policy? What social, political, and economic opportunities and problems arise from change?	The development of Ancient Greece Predecessors to Greek civilization: Mycenaean, Dorian, & Minoan development on the Greek Isles. The development of Greek identity through culture and government. Forms of government in Ancient Greece: Athens develops democracy. The Greek city states: The culture of competition: Athens v. Sparta & The Pelopponesian Wars	Discuss and explain how previous civilizations effected the development of the Greek society. Identify key developments of Greek civilization including: the development of democracy, the golden age of Athens and Greek decline due to the Pelopponesian Wars.								
	Roman development on the Italian	Identify and discuss key developments in Roman history	Aqueduct Augustus Caesar Bible							

	peninsula. Geography shapes culture. The Etruscan, Latin and Roman struggle for mastery of Italy. Punic Wars: Rome v. Carthage. Expansion creates problems in the Republic. Julius Caesar takes control. The Republic Collapses. Augustus: The Pax Romana The Roman Empire declines.	including: the creation of the Republic, the struggle for control of the Mediterranean Sea. Analyze and discuss the causes and results of Rome's shift from Republic to empire. Discuss and differentiate the cultural, social, economic and military accomplishments of Rome from republic to empire. Analyze and discuss what factors contributed to the decline of the Roman civilization.	Bishop Christianity Constantine Dictator Edict of Milan Heresy Jerusalem Jesus Christ Legion Martyr Messiah Palestine Patrician Pax Romana Persecution Plebeian Pope Republic Roman Catholic Church Tribune Twelve Tables Veto						
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GOVERNMENT: Great Empires

Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
What role did the Byzantine Empire play in the preservation and transmission of Greek and Roman knowledge	Constantinople is the new Rome. The geography of Constantinople as a 'cultural crossroads.' The creation of the Justinian Code.	Identify and discuss Byzantine contributions to the preservation of Greco-Roman culture while developing their own	Autocrat Constantinople Hagia Sophia Icon Justinian Justinian's Code Mosaic Patriarch Schism Theodora				

and culture?	The culture, architecture and laws of Constantinople. The culture of Byzantium influences early Russia	unique society. Discuss Emperor Justinian's contribution to law through the collection and creation of the Justinian Code. Analyze the results of the church divide: The Great Schism and creation of the Eastern Orthodox Church.								
What contributions did Muslim culture make to western civilization?	The origins of Islam. Muhammad receives the message. The Five Pillars. Islam as a way of life. The Hijrah from Mecca to Medina. The spread of Islam. The establishment of the caliphates.	Discuss and explain how Islamic beliefs contributed to the Golden Age of Arabic culture. Identify the accomplishments of great Arabic thinkers including: Omar Khayyam, Ibn Idirisi, Al-Razi. Analyze and discuss how Muslim development influenced the reawakening of								

		Western society after the fall of Rome.								
How did Ottoman law compare with other legal systems?		Discuss and explain how the Ottoman empire contributed to legal systems. Discuss and identify the accomplishments of the Ottoman Empire								

CHANGE: Medieval Era

Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards			
How are European and Japanese feudalism similar and dissimilar? What impact does scarcity have on the production, distribution and consumption of goods and services?		Discuss and explain the events that led to the European Medieval period. Discuss Feudalism and explain how the feudal system created stability in society. Identify and analyze the effects of major turning points in the Medieval period including: the plague, the	Feudalism Manorialism Fief Gothic Guild Knight Clovis Chivalry Charter Charlemagne Capital Canon Laws Apprentice Medieval Secular Serf Tithe Usury Vassal Black Death Crusades Hundred Years War Magna Carta Pope Urban II Romanesque Theology							

		<p>crusades and the three field system. Analyze how the decline of the church effected political change. Include topics such as the creation of the Magna Carta, and the Great Schism.</p> <p>Analyze the role of the church in Medieval Europe. Explain and discuss how the pope was a source of spiritual and political leadership. Identify how the power and authority of Medieval kings was effected by the Church. Discuss the role of religion in</p>	Vernacular							
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			political events.								
March	CHANGE: Renaissance and Reformation										
	Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards			
	How do competing interest influence how power is distributed and exercised?			Renaissance Humanism Patrons Secular Perspective Vernacular Utopia							
	What are the significant symbols and icons of civilizations/cultures? What function(s) do they serve?			Gutenberg Henry VIII Calvinism Protestant Lutheran 95 Theses Indulgence Counter-reformation							
April	How can scientific investigation change our fundamental beliefs?			Reformation William Shakerpeare Annul Theocracy Italian Renaissance Northern Renaissance Leonardo Da Vinci Machiavelli							
	CULTURE: Africa and the Americas										
	Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards			
	What patterns are reflected in the rise and fall of civilizations?			Animism Ghana Mali Mansa Musa							

			Sahara Desert Savanna Slash and Burn Farming Songhai							

MOVEMENT: Exploration and Encounter

Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
How do patterns of cause/effect manifest themselves in the chronology of history?		Analyze evidence critically and demonstrate an understanding of how circumstances of time and place can influence perspective.	Atlantic Slave Trade Capitalism Conquistadors Creoles Encomienda Inflation Joint Stock Company Mercantilism Mestizo Middle Passage Mulatto Peninsular Plantation				
How do competing interest influence how power is distributed and exercised?		Explain the dynamics of cultural change and how interactions between and among cultures have affected various cultural groups throughout the world.					
How do governments balance the rights of individuals with the common good?							
What is the most effective allocation of the factors of production							

	(land, labor, capital and management)?									
J u n e	GOVERNMENT: Absolutism									
	Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards		
	How is power gained, used and justified?	Theory of absolutism Absolute leaders Methods of control	Analyze changing and competing interpretations of issues, events and developments throughout world history.	Absolute Monarch Act of Supremacy Balances of Power Catherine the Great Divine Right Elizabeth I Inquisition Peter the Great Louis XIV						