

Teacher: CORE Math Grade 3

Year: 2010-11

Course: Math Grade 3

Month: All Months

S e p t e m b e r	STATISTICS**							
	Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
		Graphs: Bar (Scales With Intervals Of 1,2, 5, 10), Frequency Tables	Collect data using observation of data/surveys  Record data using tally marks on a frequency table  Create a frequency table to represent data  <u>Identify title, scale, axis, data, bar</u> Construct bar graph (vertically/horizontally) using collected/provided data <u>Interpret Information on a bar graph to answer questions</u> Formulate conclusions/predictions based on bar graphs to answer questions/solve problems  Compare pictograph and bar graph data to answer questions/solve problems	title scale bar data axis labels survey				3.S.2 - Collect data using observation and survey and record appropriate 3.S.3 - Construct frequency table to represent a collection data 3.S.4 - Identify the parts of pictograph and bar graphs 3.S.5 - Display data in pictograph and bar graphs 3.S.7-Read and interpret data in bar graphs and pictograph
	Graphs: Pictograph (1s, 2s, 5s, 10s, 1/2 symbols), Frequency	<u>Locate title, key, symbol on graph</u> Create appropriate	data key frequency				3.S.2 - Collect data using	

		Tables	<p>title, key, symbol for graph</p> <p>Collect data using observations of objects/surveys</p> <p>Construct graph using collected/provided data</p> <p>Create a frequency table that represents collected/provided data using tally marks</p> <p><b><u>Interpret information on pictograph to answer questions</u></b></p> <p>Formulate conclusions/predictions based on pictograph data to answer questions/solve problems</p>	<p>table</p> <p>tally marks</p> <p>title</p> <p>symbol</p> <p>survey</p>				<p>observation and survey and record appropriate</p> <p>3.S.3 - Construct frequency table to represent a collection data</p> <p>3.S.4 - Identify the parts of pictograph and bar graphs</p> <p>3.S.5 - Display data in pictograph and bar graphs</p> <p>3.S.7-Read and interpret data in bar graphs and pictograph</p>
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## MEASUREMENT\*\*

Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
	Time: Digital and Analog to half hour, quarter hour, and to the minute	<p><b><u>Write the time read from an analog clock (to the minute)</u></b></p> <p><b><u>Verbally state the time read from an analog clock (to the minute)</u></b></p>	<p>analog</p> <p>digital</p> <p>half past</p> <p>quarter to</p> <p>quarter after</p> <p>o'clock</p> <p>elapse time</p> <p>hour hand</p> <p>minute hand</p> <p>minute</p> <p>hour</p>				<p>3.M.8 - Relate unit fractions to the face of the clock: Whole = 60 minutes <math>\hat{A}</math> = 30 minutes <math>\hat{A}</math><sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> = 15 minutes</p> <p>3.M.9 - Tell time to the minute,</p>

		<p><u>Match an analog clock to a corresponding digital time (to the minute)</u></p> <p>Write the time using half past, quarter after, and quarter to</p>					using digital and analog clocks
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## NUMBER SENSE I\*\*

Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
	Place Value: Numbers up to a thousand	<p><u>Write numbers 1-1000</u></p> <p><u>Read number words up to 1000</u></p> <p><u>Order numbers to 1000</u></p> <p><u>Classify a quantity as more or less than another given quantity up to 1000</u></p> <p><u>Classify a quantity as more or less than another given a quantity up to 1000 using</u></p>	value place ones place tens place hundreds place thousands place comma digit order compare greater than less than equal to least greatest estimate round standard form expanded form word name place value blocks				3.N.1 -Ski count by 25's, 50's, 100's to 1,000 3.N.2 -Rea and write whole numbers to 1,000 3.N.3 - Compare a order numbers to 1,000 3.N.4 - Understand the place value structure o the base ten number system: 10 ones = 1 ten 10 tens = 1 hundred 10 hundreds = 1 thousand

			<u>, or =</u>  Estimate numbers up to 500  <u>Rewrite a 3-digit number in terms of ones, tens, and hundreds</u>  <u>Calculate a 3-digit number when given the amount of ones, tens, and hundreds</u>  <u>Classify ones, tens, hundreds, and thousands place</u>  Write odd and even numbers					3.N.5 -Use variety of strategies to compose and decompose three-digit numbers 3.A.1-Use the symbol = (with and without the use of a number line) Inequalities to compare whole numbers and unit fractions 3.N.16 - Identify odd and even numbers
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OPERATIONS I\*\*

N o v e m b e r	Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
		Addition: 2, 3, 4-digit Addends With Regrouping	<u>Solve addition place value patterns (ex. 20+30 or 900+600) using basic facts</u>	addends sum plus sign estimate decimal point column regroup (carrying)				3.N.5 -Use variety of strategies to compose and decompose three-digit numbers 3.N.9 - Understand

		<p><b><u>Solve vertical problems with 2, 3, 4-digits</u></b></p> <p>Solve money addition problems using decimal point and dollar signs</p> <p><b><u>Solve column addition problems with 3 addends</u></b></p> <p>Estimate to find approximate sums (rounding addends)</p> <p><b><u>Solve addition problems using the commutative property</u></b></p> <p>State whether the sum will be even or odd based on the addends</p>	<p>operation word problems addition dollar sign</p>				<p>and use the associative property of addition</p> <p>3.N.18 -Use a variety of strategies to add and subtract 3-digit numbers (with and without regrouping)</p> <p>3.A.2- Describe and extend numeric (+ and) and geometric patterns</p> <p>3.N.17 - Develop an understanding of the properties of odd/even numbers as a result of addition or subtraction</p>
	<p>Money: Mixed Coin/Bill Sets</p>	<p><b><u>Add the value of coins (quarters, nickels,</u></b></p>	<p>quarter nickel dime penny dollars (\$1,</p>				<p>3.M.7-Coin and represent combined coins and dollars,</p>

D e c e m b e r			<u>dimes, and pennies)</u>  <u>Add the money value of combinations of bills and coins</u>  Calculate change by counting up  Sort coins by their value	\$5, \$10, & \$20) cents change decimal point dollar sign cents sign bills (ones, fives, tens) coins (nickels, dimes, quarters, pennies)				using currency symbols (\$0.00)
OPERATIONS II**								
	Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
		Subtraction: 2, 3, 4-digits with regrouping	<u>Solve place value subtraction patterns (50-30, 700-500) using basic facts</u>  <u>Solve 2 and 3-digit subtraction problems with regrouping (borrowing)</u>  <u>Solve 3 and 4-digit subtraction with multiple regroupings</u>	difference quantity regroup (borrow) pattern subtraction how many more more than left remain				3.N.18 -Use variety of strategies to add and subtract 3-digit numbers (with and without regrouping) 3.A.2- Describe and extend numeric (+ and geometric) patterns 3.N.24 - Develop strategies for selecting the appropriate computation and operational

		<p><u>Solve 3 and 4-digit subtraction problems that require regrouping (borrowing) across zeroes (ex. 300-184)</u></p> <p><u>Solve addition and subtraction word problems in which students are required to determine which operation to use</u></p> <p>Calculate the amount of change given using subtraction method</p> <p>Solve subtraction problems with money using decimal points and dollar signs</p> <p>State whether the difference is even or odd based on the numbers</p>				method in problem solving situations 3.N.17 - Develop an understanding of the properties of odd/even numbers as result of addition or subtraction
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			being subtracted					
J a n u a r y	OPERATIONS III**							
	Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
		Multiplication: Factors up to 12	<p>Create arrays to solve basic multiplication problems</p> <p>Create equal groups of objects to solve multiplication problems</p> <p><u>Memorize and develop fluency with single digit basic multiplication facts (0-9)</u></p> <p><u>Solve equations using commutative property of multiplication</u></p> <p>Solve problems using 1 as the identity element for multiplication</p> <p>Solve problems using the zero property for multiplication</p>	<p>factor</p> <p>product</p> <p>times</p> <p>groups of</p> <p>array</p> <p>basic facts</p> <p>area model</p> <p>table</p> <p>patterns</p> <p>number</p> <p>sentences</p> <p>multiplication</p>				<p>3.N.21 -Use the area model, table patterns, arrays, and doubling to provide meaning for multiplication</p> <p>3.N.19 - Develop fluency with single-digit multiplication facts</p> <p>3.N.6 -Use and explain the commutative property of addition and multiplication</p> <p>3.N.7 -Use as the identity element for multiplication</p> <p>3.N.8 -Use the zero property of multiplication</p> <p>3.N.20 -Use a variety of strategies to solve multiplication problems with factors up to 12 x</p>





		<u>division facts using the repeated subtraction strategy</u>  <u>Memorize all basic division facts with quotients up to 81</u>  Formulate fact families that demonstrate an understanding between multiplication and division  <u>Solve multiplication and division word problems that require students to determine which operation to use</u>					halving, and manipulatives to provide meaning for division 3.N.24 - Develop strategies for selecting the appropriate computational and operational method in problem solving situations
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NUMBER SENSE IV\*\*

Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
	Number System: Fractions	<u>Write fractions as part of a whole unit and as parts of a collection</u>  <u>Identify the numerator and</u>	numerator denominator equivalent fraction whole unit part compare order				3.A.1-Use the symbols $<$ , $=$ , $>$ (with and without the use of a number line) Inequalities compare

			<p><b><u>denominator in a fraction</u></b></p> <p><b><u>Write fractional numbers as equal parts of a whole</u></b></p> <p>Match equivalent fractions (<math>\frac{1}{2}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{3}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>)</p> <p>Write unit fractions (<math>\frac{1}{2}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{3}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>) on a number line</p>	equal parts				<p>whole numbers and unit fractions</p> <p>3.N.12 - Understand and recognize the meaning of numerator and denominator in the symbolic form of a fraction</p> <p>3.N.13- Recognize fractional numbers as equal parts of a whole</p> <p>3.N.10 - Develop an understanding of fractions as part of a whole unit and as parts of a collection</p> <p>3.N.11 -Use manipulatives and visual models and illustrations to name and</p> <p>3.N.14 - Explore equivalent fractions (<math>\frac{1}{2}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>)</p> <p>3.N.15 - Compare and order unit fractions (<math>\frac{1}{2}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>) and find their approximate locations on</p>
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							number line
VISUAL AND SPATIAL REASONING **							
Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
	Shapes: 2-dimensional and 3-dimensional	<u>Name and define 3-dimensional shapes (cube, rectangular prism, pyramid, triangular prism, sphere, cylinder, and cone)</u>  <u>Name and define 2-dimensional shapes (triangle, square, rectangle, trapezoid, rhombus, circle, hexagon)</u>  Sort congruent and similar figures  Name the flat shapes that make up the faces of 3-dimensional objects  Construct	circle square rectangle triangle hexagon trapezoid cube cylinder sphere prism cone symmetry congruent				3.G.1-Define and use correct terminology when referring to shapes (circle, triangle, square, rectangle, rhombus, trapezoid, and hexagon) 3.G.3 - Name, describe, compare, and sort three-dimensional shapes: cube, cylinder, sphere, prism, and cone 3.G.2 - Identify congruent and similar figures 3.G.4 - Identify the faces on a three-dimensional shape as two-dimensional shapes

			lines of symmetry and choose correct lines of given symmetry						3.G.5- Identify and construct lines of symmetry 3.A.2- Describe and extend numeric (+) and geometric patterns

# A p r i l MEASUREMENT I \*\*

Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
	Linear Measurement: Standard Units: Inch, Feet, Yard	<u>Measure to the nearest standard unit (whole and 1/2 inches, whole feet and whole yards) using a ruler/yardstick</u>  Choose appropriate tool (ruler/yardstick) to measure an object  Choose appropriate standard measurement (inches/feet/yard) needed to measure the length of an object  Select and use standard (customary) and	inches feet yard ruler yardstick length estimate measure/measurement				3.M.10-Select and use standard (customary) and non-standard units to estimate measurement 3.M.1-Select tools and units (customary) appropriate for the length measured 3.M.2 -Use ruler/yardstick to measure the nearest standard unit (whole and 1/2 inches, whole feet, and whole yards)

M a y			non-standard units to estimate measurements					
		Mass: Weight	Determine which unit of measure (ounces, pounds) is used when given an object	ounces pounds				3.M.3 - Measure objects, using ounce and pound
		Capacity:		cups pints quarts gallons capacity				3.M.4 - Recognize capacity as an attribute that can be measured 3.M.5- Compare capacities (e.g., Which contains more? Which contain less?) 3.M.6 - Measure capacity, using cups, pints, quart and gallon
M a y	NUMBER SENSE V							
	Essential Questions	Content	Skills	Vocabulary	Assessments	Lessons	Resources	Standards
		Number Systems: Fractions	Order and compare (,=) using unit fractions (1/2, 1/3, 1/4)					3.N.14 - Explore equivalent fractions ( $\frac{1}{2}$ , $\frac{2}{4}$ , $\frac{3}{6}$ ) 3.N.15 - Compare a

			Match equivalent fractions (1/2, 1/3, 1/4)					order unit fractions ( $\frac{1}{2}$ , $\frac{1}{3}$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ ) and find th approxima locations o a number line
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