

2019-2020 8th Grade Algebra Skills: Students Will Know/ Students Will Be Able To...

Report Card Skill: SOLVE Equations	
<p>For this skill, students will know:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> and recognize the explicit connection of using inverse operations to solve equations. and apply the definition of x- and y-intercept. 	<p>For this skill, students will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> solve multi-variable equations and inequalities or literal equations for a specific variable. calculate/determine the x- and y-intercepts given functions in various formats (slope-intercept, standard, etc.).

Report Card Skill: GRAPH Linear Equations	
<p>For this skill, students will know:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> and recognize restricted domains with respect to linear functions. the graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions plotted in the coordinate plane. the meaning of the input and output given a function or ordered pair in context. and apply the definition of x- and y-intercept. the components of an equation written in point-slope form parallel lines have the same slope and perpendicular lines have slopes that are opposite reciprocals. 	<p>For this skill, students will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> graph a linear function with a restricted domain. determine if an ordered pair is a solution to a linear function. graph a function from a given domain and relate the domain of a function to its graph. graph linear functions by finding the x- and y-intercepts graph an equation written in point-slope form. determine if lines are parallel or perpendicular.

Report Card Skill: WRITE Linear Equations**For this skill, students will know:**

- relationships between variables can be modeled using an equation, table, or graph.
- slope is a rate of change between any two points.
- the components of an equation written in slope-intercept form.
- the components of an equation written in point-slope form
- parallel lines have the same slope and perpendicular lines have slopes that are opposite reciprocals.

For this skill, students will be able to:

- write an equation to represent a relationship between two variables for a given situation.
- calculate and interpret the average rate of change for a function.
- write an equation in slope-intercept form given: slope and intercept, graph, and two points.
- write an equation in point-slope form given: point and slope, graph, and two points
- write equations of parallel and perpendicular lines.

Report Card Skill: INEQUALITIES: Solve, Graph, and Write**For this skill, students will know:**

- relationships between variables can be modeled using an inequality, table, or graph.
- how to use inverse operations, combining like terms, distributive property, and inequality rules to solve inequalities (including proportions).
- the graph of a linear inequality is a region on the coordinate plane with a boundary line.

For this skill, students will be able to:

- write an inequality to represent a relationship between two variables for a given contextual situation
- solve and graph inequalities in one variable.
- graph and identify solutions of linear inequalities on the coordinate plane based on shading.

Report Card Skill: Solve SYSTEMS**For this skill, students will know:**

- the solution to a system of equations is the point of intersection or a point that satisfies both equations.
- a system of equations resulting in parallel lines will have no solution.
- a system of equations resulting in a single line will have infinitely many solutions.
- the graph of a system of linear inequalities is an overlapping region on the coordinate plane formed by two or more boundary lines.

For this skill, students will be able to:

- solve a system of linear equations by graphing, using substitution, and/or elimination.
- recognize solutions to special systems that have infinitely many or no solutions (graphically and algebraically).
- graph and identify solutions of a system of linear inequalities on the coordinate plane based on shading.

Report Card Skill: Apply EXPONENT Rules**For this skill, students will know:**

- bases must be the same before exponents can be added, subtracted, or multiplied.
- exponents are added with a product of powers.
- exponents are multiplied with a power of a power.
- exponents are subtracted with the quotient of powers.
- a number raised to the zero (0) power is equal to one.
- and understand the relationship between negative exponents and reciprocals.
- scientific notation is used to represent very large or small numbers.

For this skill, students will be able to:

- to generate equivalent numerical expressions.
- perform operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation.

Report Card Skill: Perform Operations with POLYNOMIALS**For this skill, students will know:**

- the zero product property.
- recognize the relationship between polynomials in standard and factored form.
- in order to add/subtract polynomials a common base (like term) is required.
- how to apply the distributive property to polynomial multiplication.

For this skill, students will be able to:

- solve polynomials in factored form.
- factor and solve polynomials.
- perform operations with polynomials.
- Factor polynomials.

Report Card Skill: Solve and Graph QUADRATICS**For this skill, students will know:**

- how an input-output table relates to the graph of a (quadratic) function.
- how to locate and define key features of the graph of a quadratic equation and how it relates to the equation/graph of the function.
- the relationship between the number of solutions to a quadratic equation and its x-intercepts (zeros)/discriminant.
- the square root method can be used to solve quadratic equations with no degree one term.
- the quadratic formula and how it can be used to solve any quadratic equation.

For this skill, students will be able to:

- complete a table of values for a quadratic equation.
- identify key features (y-intercept, vertex, axis of symmetry, minimum/maximum) of the graph of a quadratic equation and use them to create a graph of the function.
- determine the number of solutions using the graph of a quadratic equation and discriminant.
- use square roots to solve quadratic equations.
- use the quadratic formula to solve any quadratic equation.

Report Card Skill: Perform Operations with RADICALS**For this skill, students will know:**

- prime factorization can be used to simplify radical expressions.
- like radical terms can be added or subtracted.
- a simplified expression cannot contain a radical in the denominator.
- radicals can be multiplied and further simplified.
- inverse operations are used to solve radical equations.
- and be able to identify extraneous solutions.
- the relationships that exist between sides of a right triangle (Pythagorean Theorem).
- how the distance and midpoint formulas are derived using the coordinate plane

For this skill, students will be able to:

- simplify radical expressions.
- solve radical equations.
- determine if all solutions to radical equations are valid.
- use the Pythagorean Theorem to find missing sides of a right triangle or determine if given side lengths form a right triangle.
- use the distance and midpoint formulas.

Report Card Skill: REASON/PROBLEM SOLVE**For this skill, students will know:**

- the definition of a function as it applies to graphs, tables, and equations.
- and apply the definition of x- and y-intercept.
- parallel lines have the same slope.
- how to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

For this skill, students will be able to:

- recognize graphs, tables, equations as functions.
- determine/interpret the meaning of intercepts in context
- justify if two lines are parallel.
- solve real-world problems through the application of algebraic and geometric concepts.
- seek the meaning of a problem and look for different ways to represent and solve it.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • how to construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. • different representations can be used to model mathematics. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • construct arguments using verbal or written explanations accompanied by expressions, equations, inequalities, models and graphs, tables, and other data displays. • refine their mathematical communication skills through discussions that evaluate their own thinking and the thinking of their peer. • use clear and precise language/terminology in their discussions. • model problem situations symbolically, graphically, tabularly, and contextually. • explain the connections between different representations. • consider the available tools when solving a mathematical problem and decide when certain tools may be helpful.
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