

**Report
For
Indoor Air Quality Testing
At The
Green Meadow Elementary School
Maynard, MA**

Study Date:
September 11, 2020

Project# 220 421.00

STUDY CONDUCTED BY:

UNIVERSAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS
12 Brewster Road
Framingham, Massachusetts

September 11, 2020

Mr. Justin DeMarco
Director of Public Works
Maynard Public Schools
195 Main Street
Maynard, MA 01754

Reference: **Indoor Air Quality Study**
Green Meadow Elementary School, Maynard, MA

Dear Mr. DeMarco:

Thank you for the opportunity for Universal Environmental Consultants (UEC) to provide professional services.

Enclosed please find the report for Indoor Air Quality testing at the Green Meadow Elementary School, Maynard, MA conducted on Friday, September 11, 2020.

Please do not hesitate to call should you have any questions.

Very truly yours,

Universal Environmental Consultants



Ammar M. Dieb
President

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Enclosure

Scope:

UEC was contracted to perform an Indoor Air Quality testing at the Green Meadow Elementary School, Maynard, MA. Testing was performed on Friday, September 11, 2020.

Methodology:

Testing for Total Volatile Organic Compounds (**TVOC**) was performed using a Rae Systems "ppbRae 3000" Photo-ionization Detector (PID) with a 10.6 eV lamp. This is a state-of-the-art instrument capable of detecting **TVOC** in the ppb (parts per billion) and $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (micrograms per cubic meter) ranges. The instrument is a direct reading instrument and provides continuous results over an extended time. The unit is calibrated prior to use and serviced by an independent vendor annually.

Volatile organic compounds are a broad class of chemicals with diverse applications which are frequently emitted by new carpets, furniture, pressboards, varnishes, adhesives, and high gloss finishes. Other common products which may emit VOCs include: construction materials, paints, paint strippers, other solvents, wood preservatives, aerosol sprays, cleansers, disinfectants, hand sanitizer, moth repellents, air fresheners, stored fuels, automotive products, hobby supplies, and dry-cleaned clothing. High levels of VOCs are a common Indoor Air Quality problem, especially in newly constructed, recently renovated, or currently being renovated buildings.

Carbon monoxide (**CO**), Carbon Dioxide (**CO₂**), Temperature (**°F**) and Relative Humidity (**%RH**) were measured using a Q-Trak plus monitor manufactured by TSI Incorporated. The unit is calibrated prior to use and serviced by an independent vendor annually.

Hydrogen Sulfide (**H₂S**), Oxygen (**O₂**) and Lower Explosive Limit (**LEL**) were measured using a QRAE2 manufactured by Rae Systems Incorporated. The unit is calibrated prior to use and serviced by an independent vendor annually. Testing for **LEL** will check for any flammable gas. It does not call out natural gas specifically, but it checks for the presence of it along with other flammable gasses

Samples were collected for approximately 5 minutes at each test location. No TWA (8-hour time weighted average) or other types or methods of sampling were included in the scope of work.

Airborne particulate matter (**PM**) levels for **PM₁₀** and **PM_{2.5}** were tested using a TSI Corporation DustTrak DRX 8534 handheld aerosol monitor (S/N 8534124302). This is a state-of-the-art instrument capable of simultaneously detecting **PM₁₀** and **PM_{2.5}** in the microgram per cubic meter ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) range. The instrument is a direct reading monitor and provided sampling readings at 1 second intervals over the duration of each test. The instrument was zeroed prior to testing and is serviced annually by the manufacturer or an independent vendor.

Real time **PM** Measurement is a useful comparative measure of indoor and outdoor dust levels as well as identifying indoor sources of **PM**.

Results:

TEMPERATURE, RELATIVE HUMIDITY, CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE & TOTAL VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS by PID

Location	W	D	#	T	RH	CO	CO ₂	TVOC µg/m ³
Outside	-	-	-	66.5	72.8	0.0	385	0.0
Main Office	C	O	2	71.2	70.5	0.0	451	0.0
Nurse	C	O	2	71.8	68.1	0.0	413	0.0
Room 7J	C	O	0	72.6	68.9	0.0	393	0.0
Room 7F	C	O	0	72.3	67.5	0.0	399	0.0
Room 6B	C	O	0	73.4	69.0	0.0	398	0.0
Room 5D	C	O	1	73.9	66.8	0.0	406	0.0
Room 4B	C	O	0	74.3	66.8	0.0	392	0.0
Room 3B	C	O	0	74.2	65.9	0.0	391	0.0
Room 2C	C	O	0	74.2	64.9	0.0	398	0.0
Room 1A	C	O	0	75.1	65.8	0.0	394	0.0
Library	C	O	0	75.9	64.5	0.0	405	0.0
Gymnasium	C	O	0	75.7	61.5	0.0	400	0.0
Teacher's Lounge	C	O	0	74.6	62.2	0.0	429	0.0
Music Room	C	O	0	72.9	68.8	0.0	419	0.0
Cafeteria	O	O	0	72.5	65.8	0.0	393	0.0

HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H₂S), OXYGEN (O₂) AND LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (LEL)

Location	H ₂ S	O ₂	LEL
Main Office	0.0	20.9	0.0
Nurse	0.0	20.9	0.0
Room 7J	0.0	20.9	0.0
Room 7F	0.0	20.9	0.0
Room 6B	0.0	20.9	0.0
Room 5D	0.0	20.9	0.0
Room 4B	0.0	20.9	0.0
Room 3B	0.0	20.9	0.0
Room 2C	0.0	20.9	0.0
Room 1A	0.0	20.9	0.0
Library	0.0	20.9	0.0
Gymnasium	0.0	20.9	0.0
Teacher's Lounge	0.0	20.9	0.0
Music Room	0.0	20.9	0.0
Cafeteria	0.0	20.9	0.0

Total PM - PM₁₀, Respirable, PM_{2.5} and PM₁

Location	Total PM	PM 10 (mg/m³)	Respirable (mg/m³)	PM 2.5 (mg/m³)	PM1 (mg/m³)
Main Office	0.046	0.008	0.004	0.001	0.001
Nurse	0.009	0.005	0.004	0.001	0.001
Room 7J	0.004	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.001
Room 7F	0.010	0.004	0.003	0.001	0.001
Room 6B	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001
Room 5D	0.005	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001
Room 4B	0.005	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001
Room 3B	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001
Room 2C	0.006	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001
Room 1A	0.005	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001
Library	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001
Gymnasium	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001
Teacher's Lounge	0.005	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001
Music Room	0.006	0.003	0.002	0.001	0.001
Cafeteria	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001

Legend:

µg/m³ - micrograms per cubic meter, ppm - parts per million, ppb - parts per billion

CO OSHA PEL is 30 ppm, ACGIH TLV is 25 ppm.

CO₂ - OSHA PEL is 5000 ppm, Mass DOH Guideline is 800 ppm

TVOC – UEC suggested guideline of 100 ppb; Seifert "Target Guideline Value" of 0.3 mg/m³

ND - Not Detected

W/D: Windows and Doors (Open/Closed)

#: Number of Occupants

Observations and Interpretation of Results:

Temperature and Relative Humidity (T & RH)

The outside **T** and **RH** were approximately 66.5°F and 72.8%. Massachusetts Department of Public Health (MDPH) recommends that indoor air temperatures be maintained in a range of 70 - 78 °F and 40 to 60 % for indoor air relative humidity to provide for the comfort of building occupants.

Interior **T** and **RH** were 71.2°F – 75.9°F and 61.5% – 70.5% during the test period. Interior temperature tests were within the MDPH recommended temperature range of 70 - 78 °F. Interior relative humidity tests were higher than the MDPH recommended relative humidity range of 40 to 60 %. Elevated levels of **RH** are due to the high **RH** outside.

TVOC

No **TVOC** was detected during testing.

Carbon Monoxide

No **CO** was detected during testing.

Carbon Dioxide

All **CO₂** levels were within the acceptable range. For comparative purposes, fresh outdoor air has approximately 400 ppm of **CO₂**. All areas were well below the OSHA/NIOSH limit of 5000 ppm, and below the MDPH guideline of 800 ppm for publicly occupied buildings. MDPH recommends an optimal level of below 600 ppm. Exposure to high levels of **CO₂** for prolonged periods could cause building occupants to become lethargic and generally uncomfortable. **CO₂** levels will rise over the course of the day especially in those areas which have a high occupancy. **CO₂ at these levels are a comfort as opposed to a health issue.**

Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S), Oxygen (O₂) and Lower Explosive Limit (LEL)

No **H₂S** was detected. **O₂** Levels were within recommended level of 20.9% and no **LEL** was detected.

Airborne Particulate Matter (Dust):

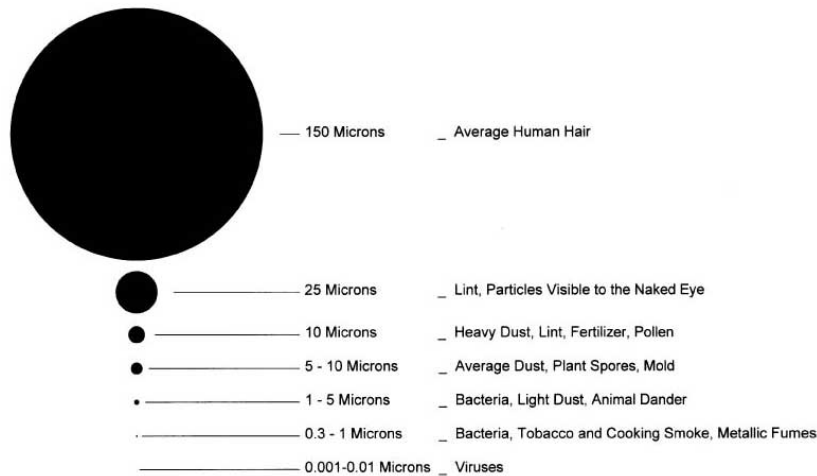
Dust monitoring is one aspect of air quality that an industrial hygienist can use to determine the amount of dust particles present in the workplace, cities or communities over a given period.

The Particulate Matter (PM) monitoring focused on measuring a range of particulate sizes in the air that are equal to or less than 10 micrometers (PM10) and equal to or less than 2.5 micrometers (PM2.5) in diameter (course dust and fine dust respectively), i.e. PM capable of penetrating the outer defenses of the respiratory tract, such as the mouth and nose, and can pass into the lungs based on PM size. PM air pollutants include but are not limited to soot, smoke, salts, metals, acids and soil and road dust. These pollutants are typically monitored along work site fence lines, industrial complexes, during wildfires, and high traffic areas (vehicle exhaust).

EPA's health-based National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) for PM10 is 150-µg/m³ and for PM2.5 is 35-µg/m³ (measured as a 24-hours period concentration) for outdoor (ambient) air. The OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) for occupational exposure for respirable dust is 5-mg/m³ (5,000-µg/m³) for a time-weighted average (8 hour) exposure. While the EPA NAAQS is an outdoor, ambient air standard, it is a useful reference guide for acceptable air quality in general with limits far below OSHA worker compliance requirement levels.

The TSI DustTrak DRX 8534 real-time PM monitor used in this survey can measure PM simultaneously as PM10, PM_{resp}, PM2.5 and PM1, i.e. particles in the size range categories of 10, Respirable (4), 2.5 and 1 micrometer diameter.

Figure 1.1-Visual Particle Size Comparison Chart.



Levels of PM₁₀ recorded in areas tested during the survey ranged from **2 to 8- $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ or 0.002 to 0.008- mg/m^3** . EPA's health-based National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) recommended level for PM₁₀ is **150- $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ or 0.150- mg/m^3** . All areas tested during the survey were below the EPA recommended level.

Levels of PM_{resp} (respirable dust) recorded in areas tested during the survey ranged from **2 to 4- $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ or 0.002 to 0.004- mg/m^3** . OSHA PEL limit for PM_{resp} is **5,000- $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ or 5- mg/m^3** . All areas tested during the survey were below the OSHA PEL limit.

Levels of PM_{2.5} recorded in areas tested during the survey ranged from **2 to 4- $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ or 0.002 to 0.004- mg/m^3** . EPA's health-based National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) recommended level for PM_{2.5} is **35- $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ or 0.035- mg/m^3** . All areas tested during the survey were below the EPA recommended level.

Direct reading PM monitors are not a reference method for OSHA compliance Respirable Dust testing. However, the direct reading instrument is useful in providing accurate order of magnitude evaluation of Respirable Dust levels.

Samples were collected for approximately 10 minutes at each test location and results/levels are not based on TWA (8-hour time weighted average).

Conclusions and Recommendations:

All IAQ parameters tested were within the acceptable ranges.

Limitations and Conditions:

This report has been completed based on visual and physical observations made and information available at the time of the site visits. This report is intended to be used as a summary of available information on existing conditions with conclusions based on a reasonable and knowledgeable review of evidence found in accordance with normally accepted industry standards, state and federal protocols, and within the scope and budget established by the client. Any additional data obtained by further review must be reviewed by UEC and the conclusions presented herein may be modified accordingly.

This report and attachments, prepared for the exclusive use of Owner for use in an environmental evaluation of the subject site, are an integral part of the inspections and opinions should not be formulated without reading the report in its entirety. No part of this report may be altered, used, copied, or relied upon without prior written permission from UEC, except that this report may be conveyed in its entirety to parties associated with Owner for this subject study.

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