

LOCKDOWN DRILL INTRODUCTION

A critical aspect in implementing the SRP with fidelity is the Lockdown Drill. Successful drills provide participants with the "Muscle Memory" should an actual Lockdown occur. Drills also reveal

deficiencies that may exist in either procedure or personnel.

PREPARATION

Prior to drilling, students, staff and administration should review the SRP Training Presentation (available at http://iloveuguys.org).

Administration should also verify with law enforcement their use of the SRP in the school or district.

Teachers should take time with students to identify and occupy a "Safe Zone" in the classroom where they cannot be seen through any corridor windows. If visibility in a classroom is problematic, alternative locations should be identified.

Additionally, the following instructions should be delivered to students.

- 1. Locate yourself at a point in the classroom where you can no longer see out the corridor window.
- 2. Maintain silence. No cell phone calls.
- 3. Refrain from texting during drills.

PARTNERSHIPS

School level drills should have district support. There may also be district resources available to assist in conducting the drill. Another key partnership is with local law enforcement. Local patrol, community resource officers or school resource officers should be part of the drill process.

THE EMERGENCY RESPONSE TEAM

A common practice is for the school to have a preidentified Building/School Emergency Response Team. In a growing number of states, these teams are legislatively mandated to be organized using the Incident Command System. Even if not mandated, this structure is effective for responding to any type of incident and is used by other first responders.

It is not uncommon for administration to survey the staff population for prior emergency response, military or law enforcement experience for placement in the team.

THE LOCKDOWN DRILL TEAM

The Lockdown Drill Team is a little different than the Emergency Response Team. During an actual Lockdown, members of the Emergency Response Team may be in classrooms or administrative offices in Lockdown mode and unable to assist with the response.

The ideal Lockdown Drill Team should include the principal, facilities manager, district safety representatives and law enforcement. In larger schools it's important to have enough people on the team to conduct the drill in a timely manner.

STAFF NOTIFICATION

When Lockdown Drills are first being introduced to a school, it is absolutely okay to tell staff in advance of the drill. There may be staff members adversely affected by surprise drills.

SPECIAL NEEDS CONSIDERATIONS

It is critical to inform special needs staff prior to every drill. Some special needs students need advance notification that a drill is going to occur. For some students, any alteration to routine can be problematic.

THE PRE-DRILL BRIEFING

Prior to the Lockdown Drill a short planning meeting with the Lockdown Drill Team should occur. The agenda is simple:

- Review the floor plan and team member assignments
- 2. Expected drill duration
- 3. The door knock and classroom conversation
- 4. Potential student or staff distress
- 5. Announcing the Lockdown Drill

When using public address to announce a Lockdown Drill, repeat, "Lockdown. Locks, Lights, Out of Sight. This is a drill." It's important to tell students and staff that this is a drill. Failure to do so will most likely result in parents, media and maybe even law enforcement coming to the school.

CONDUCTING THE DRILL

The Lockdown Drill Team should be broken into groups of two or three members who go to individual classrooms. One of the members acts as "Scribe" and documents each classroom response. (See Lockdown Response Worksheet.)

At the classroom door, team members listen for noise and look through the corridor window for any student or staff visibility or movement. A team member then knocks on the door and requests entry. There should be no response to this request.

At this point a member of the team unlocks the classroom door and announces their name and position.

THE CLASSROOM CONVERSATION

Typically this conversation addresses the purpose of the drill, and the observed outcome for that classroom. Additionally, self evacuation and other life safety strategies can be discussed. Any issues should be addressed gently but immediately.

WINDOWS

Often there is a conversation about inside and outside windows. Corridor windows are left uncovered so that first responders can see inside the room. Outside windows are left untouched because the threat would be inside the building.

THE LOCKDOWN DRILL TEAM DEBRIEF

At the conclusion of the drill, the team should reconvene for a debrief. Any issues should be documented and actions items should be identified.

Date/Tir	ne							
Team Membe	ers							
Stopwatch Tir	ne	Student Population _			Staff Count			
Room#								
Locks	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
Lights	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
Out of Sight	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
Door Knock	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
Why?	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
Options	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
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Room#		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				
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Lights	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
Out of Sight	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
Door Knock	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
Why?	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
Options	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	
Notes								