NEPN/NSBA Code: IHBAA-R

REFERRAL/PRE-REFERRAL ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE

RSU 3 shall refer to the IEP Team all school-age students suspected of having a disability that requires special education and related services. Referrals to the IEP Team may be made by a child's parent, by professional school staff, or by others with knowledge of the child. Referrals should be made and processed consistent with these procedures.

A. Referrals by Parents

A parent may request an initial evaluation for the purpose of determining that a child has a disability. That referral shall be made in writing directly to the office of the Director of Special Education. Should the parent request an initial evaluation through other professional staff (such as teachers, guidance counselors, or administrators) that professional staff member shall directly assist the family in making the request to the office of the Director of Special Education.

A parent referral shall be processed consistent with these procedures and governing timelines even if the child is receiving interventions pursuant to the District's pre-referral procedures (discussed below). Those pre-referral procedures shall continue during the referral process, however.

B. Referrals by Staff

Any professional employee of the school unit may refer a child to the IEP Team regardless of the results of initial child find activities, but only after completion of any pre-referral intervention process used by the school unit. The school unit may move directly forward with the request for initial evaluation process in those circumstances where the school unit and parent agree to do so. Even in that situation, however, pre-referral interventions will continue during the referral process.

C. Referrals by Others

Individuals or agency representatives (including representatives of the Department of Health and Human Services) with knowledge of the child may refer that child to the IEP Team regardless of the results of initial child find activities but only after completion of any pre-referral intervention process used by the school unit. The school unit may move directly forward with the initial evaluation process in those circumstances where the school unit and parent agree to do so. Even in that situation, however, pre-referral interventions will continue during the referral process.

Should such a person attempt to make a request for initial evaluation to determine if the child is a child with a disability, professional staff shall assist that person in making that request and submitting it to the office of the Director of Special Education.

D. Receipt of Referral

Regardless of the source of the request for initial evaluation, a request is received by the school unit on the date that the signed consent for initial evaluation is received by the office of the Director of Special Education.

E. Time Line for Processing Referral

Once the request for initial evaluation has been signed by the parent or guardian and has been received by the office of the Director of Special Education, the SAU must complete all evaluations and hold an IEP team meeting to determine whether the child has a disability and if the child requires specially designed instruction.

If the student is identified as a child with a disability in need of special education, the Team should develop an IEP for that child either at that same meeting or within 21 school days of determining that the student is eligible.

The local unit shall implement the IEP as soon as possible following the IEP team meeting when the child is found eligible, but no later than 30 calendar days after that meeting.

F. Transfer Students

Students who have already been identified as in need of special education services and who transfer into the school unit from another school unit *within Maine* shall, on enrollment and in consultation with the parent, be provided with FAPE (including services comparable to those described in the child's IEP from the previous school unit) until the local unit either adopts the child's IEP from the previous unit or develops, adopts, and implements a new IEP.

Students who have already been identified as in need of special services and who transfer into the school unit from another school unit from outside of Maine shall, on enrollment and in consultation with the parent, be provided with FAPE (including services comparable to those described in the child's IEP from the previous school unit) until the local unit conducts an evaluation to determine whether the student is eligible for special education and, if so, develops, adopts, and implements a new IEP.

If the transfer student's current IEP from his or her prior school unit is not available or is believed to be inappropriate by either the parent or the school, the

local unit should develop a new IEP through appropriate procedures within a short time after the student enrolls at the school.

If a child transfers into the school unit after the referral time line has begun in the previous school unit but before an eligibility determination has been made, the time line referenced above for completing that process shall not apply if the local unit is making sufficient progress to ensure a prompt completion of the evaluation, and the parent and school unit agree to a specific time when the evaluation will be completed and the eligibility decision made.

Pre-Referral Procedures

Professional school staff members who observe that a student is encountering academic or functional difficulties in school that interfere with the student's education shall document those specific difficulties and this should be presented to the General Education Interventions (GEI) team.

The school staff member shall then develop intervention strategies using the intervention checklist that accompanies the pre-referral checklist. The staff member may consult with other school employees and/or the student's parents in developing the intervention strategy. The intervention strategies shall have an established time period for implementation, and at the end of that time, its success shall be assessed and documented at the bottom of the intervention checklist. If the intervention strategies have not been effective or if the interventions are demonstrated to be effective but require continued and substantial effort that may include the provision of special education and related services, the staff member shall refer the child to the IEP consistent with the procedures set forth above.

The local unit shall notify parents whenever their child has demonstrated educational difficulties that have led to completion by a staff member of the prereferral checklist and intervention strategy checklist. That notification of prereferral interventions should include copies of the completed checklists and shall request that the parents contact the staff member who has completed the documents. That notification shall also inform parents that they have a right to refer their child directly to the IEP Team if they suspect that their child may need special education services. The local unit may advise the parents as to why it may be appropriate to have the child participate in the intervention strategies prior to a referral to the IEP team, but the local unit shall not reject or delay the referral until the completion of the intervention strategies.

All notes from the pre-referral process and, if relevant, team meetings and all the data collection procedures that may have been developed through this process shall be considered by the IEP Team and shall become part of the child's special education file. For children who do not qualify for special education services, all pre-referral documents are kept in the child's cumulative folder for future reference and for ongoing educational planning.

The general education interventions developed through this pre-referral process shall be continued in the event of a referral while the referral is being handled by the IEP Team, and the resulting data shall become part of the child's special education file.

Special education due process procedures shall not be used to address parental concerns regarding successful implementation of these pre-referral procedures, and the failure to use this pre-referral process may not be used in special education due process proceedings to establish that the school unit has failed to meet its child find or referral obligations.

Legal Reference Ch. 101, §§ II(23), III, IV(2)(D), (E), V(4)(A) (Me. Dept. of Ed. Rules) (August 2007)

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