BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

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SECTION A FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report

The President and Members of the Board of Education of the Batavia City School District Batavia, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Batavia City School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate fund information of Batavia City School District as of June 30, 2008 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated October 1, 2008 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedules on pages 1 through 12 and A33 through A35 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplemental schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is also presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Freed Maxick & Battaglia, CPAs, PC

Batavia, New York October 1, 2008

Management's Discussion and Analysis Batavia City School District Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2008

This section of Batavia City School District's (the District) annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Key Financial Highlights for fiscal year 2008 are as follows:

- New York State Law limits the amount of unreserved fund balance that can be retained by the General Fund to 4% of the ensuing year's budget, exclusive of the amount designated for the subsequent year's budget. At the end of the current fiscal year, the undesignated fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,576,240, and this amount was within the statutory limit.
- ➤ General revenues which include Federal and State Aid and Real Property Taxes accounted for \$39,194,316 or 80% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for Services and Operating Grants and Contributions accounted for \$9,530,999 or 20% of total revenues.
- ➤ The District continued to fund its retiree health insurance liability for current employees and has a total of \$4,499,187 set aside in a reserve.
- ➤ The District had expenditures of \$5,049,429 in three capital projects during the year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are District-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide statements.

- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

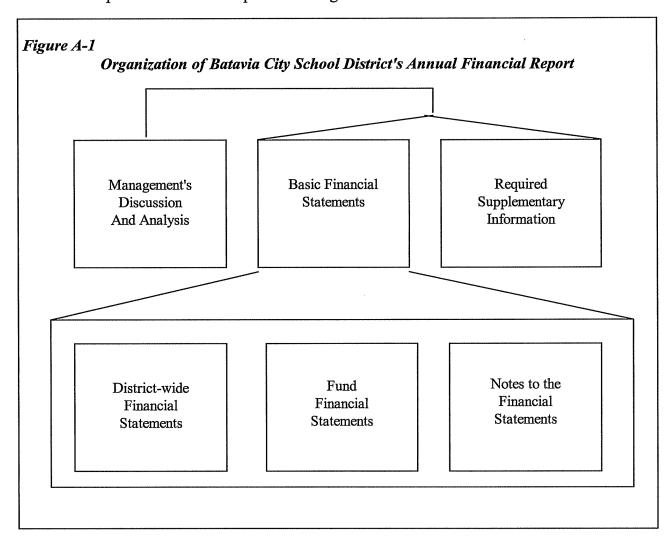


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2

Major Features of the District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Fina	ancial Statements
	District-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope ·	Entire District (except Fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Statement Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; generally no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/out- flow information	All revenues and expenditures during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

District-wide Statements

The District-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenditures are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as scholarship funds and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

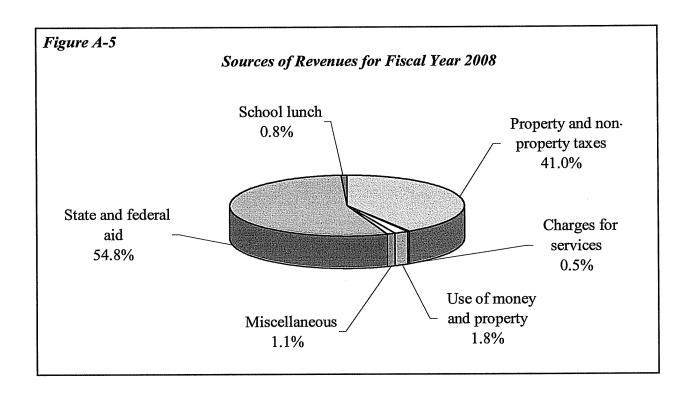
By far, the largest component of the District's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. At year end, restricted net assets of \$10,776,349 constitute 14.41% of total assets.

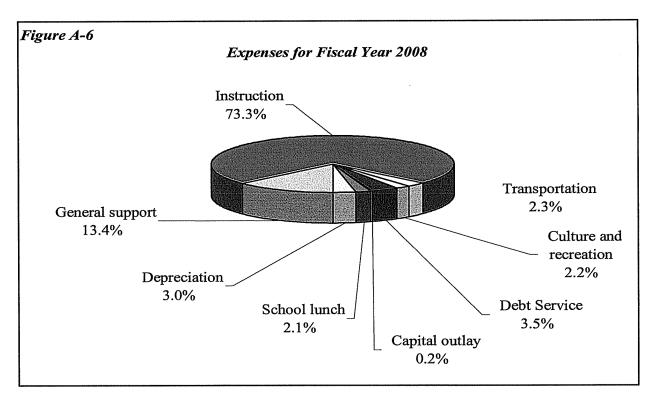
Figure A-3 Condensed Statement of Net Assets (in thousands of dollars) Total Percentage Governmental Activities and Total District Change 2008 2007 2007-2008 Current and other assets 19,822 23,361 -15.15% Capital assets, not being depreciated 20,677 15,746 31.32% Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 34,284 35,368 -3.06% Total assets 74,783 74,475 0.41% 47,584 38,773 22.72% Long-term liabilities Other liabilities -82.49% 17,090 50,577 -9.46% Total liabilities 55,863 Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 17,001 14,119 20.41% Restricted for: Tax certiorari 283 273 3.66% Unemployment insurance 753 744 1.21% Employee benefit accrued liability 4,499 3,821 17.74% Repairs 100 100.00% Capital projects 831 801 3.75% **Debt Service** 4,310 -16.67% 5,172 Unrestricted (deficit) (3,571)(6,318)-43.48% Total net assets 24,206 18,612 30.06% Total liabilities and and net assets 74,783 74,475 0.41%

In the current year the significant changes in capital assets, not being depreciated is primarily attributed to the construction projects in process at June 30, 2008.

Figure A-4							
Changes in Net Assets (in thousands of dollars)							
	Ac		rnmen ıd Tota	tal al District	Total Percentage Change		
		2008	Sandonio	2007	2007-2008		
Revenues:							
Property and non-property taxes	\$	19,987	\$	20,701	-3.45%	Ò	
Charges for services		245		262	-6.49%	ò	
Use of money and property		860		1,184	-27.36%	ò	
Miscellaneous		549		482	13.90%	Ó	
Sale of property and compensation for loss		10		-	100.00%	ó	
State and federal aid		26,675		22,419	18.98%	Ó	
School lunch		399		403	-0.99%	ó	
Total revenues and special item		48,725		45,451	7.20%	, D	
Expenses:							
General support		5,786		4,890	18.32%	ó	
Instruction		31,631		31,470	0.51%	ó	
Transportation		991		923	7.37%	ó	
Culture and recreation		943		1,094	-13.80%	ó	
Debt service		1,506		1,658	-9.17%	ó	
Capital outlay		83		-	100.00%	ó	
School lunch		885		1,011	-12.46%	ó	
Depreciation		1,307		1,753	-25.44%	ó	
Total expenses		43,132		42,799	0.78%	<u>6</u>	
Change in net assets before special items:							
Special item: loss on sale of asset		-		(81)	-100.00%	<u>ó</u>	
Change in net assets		5,593	\$	2,571	117.54%	<u>é</u>	

The change in depreciation is mostly due to the prior period adjustment made in the prior year to adjust capital assets.





Governmental Activities

This section presents the cost of eight major District activities: general support, instruction, pupil transportation, culture and recreation, debt service, capital outlay, depreciation and school lunch. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Figure A-7									
Sources of Revenues for Fiscal Year 2007									
Net Cost of Governmental Activities (in thousands of dollars)									
		Total	Cos	t	Percentage		Net (Cost	Percentage
		of Ser	vice	s	Change		of Ser	vices	Change
i		2008		2007	2007-2008		2008	2007	2007-2008
General support Instruction Pupil transportation Culture and recreation Debt service	\$	5,786 31,631 991 943 1,506	\$	4,890 31,470 923 1,094 1,658	18.32% 0.51% 7.37% -13.80% -9.17%	\$	5,658 23,838 365 943 1,506	\$ 4,781 25,409 923 1,080 1,658	18.34% -6.18% -60.46% -12.69% -9.17%
Capital outlay		83		-	100.00%		82	-	100.00%
School lunch		885		1,011	-12.46%		(98)	43	-327.91%
Depreciation		1,307		1,753	25.44%		1,307	1,753	25.44%
Total	\$	43,132	\$	42,799	0.78%	\$	33,601	\$35,647	-5.74%

Financial Analysis of The District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demostrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds:

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year and amounts to be be applied against next years fund balance.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$16,488,516. Of this amount \$3,676,200 constitutes unreserved fund balance, of which \$1,315,900 has been designated for subsequent year's expenditures and represents the amount estimated for use in the 2008-2009 budget. The remainder of the fund balance \$12,812,316, is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed. These reserves have been established in accordance with New York State educational law and their use is restricted for the intended purpose. The District's reserves include: a Reserve for Encumbrances of \$2,035,967; a Reserve for Tax Certiorari of \$283,285; a Reserve for Unemployment Insurance of \$753,032; a Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability of \$4,499,187; a Reserve for Repairs of \$100,000, a Reserve for Capital Projects of \$830,645 and a Reserve for Debt Service of \$4,310,200.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$10,643,077, of which 1,576,240 or 4% of the ensuing year's budget was unreserved and undesignated. As previously mentioned, New York State Law limits the amount of unreserved fund balance that can be retained to 4% of the ensuing year's budget, exclusive of the amount designated for the subsequent year's budget. The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$1,654,139.

Figure A-8						
		xpenditures ices - Gover (in thousands	nmenta	l Funds	ınd	
		2008	8			
	R	evenues	Exp	enditures	Fund	l Balances
General Fund	\$	39,029	\$	37,374	\$	10,644
Capital Projects Fund		14,366		5,049		761
Debt Service Fund		4,333		5,195		4,310
		200	7			
	R	evenues	Exp	enditures	Fund	l Balances
General Fund	\$	38,305	\$	36,968	\$	8,989
Capital Projects Fund		-		8,195		(8,556)
Debt Service Fund		4,117		3,445		5,172

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District expended the majority of its amended budget. By doing this, the District was able to maintain its tax certiorari reserve, and continued funding its reserve for employee benefit accrued liability for its current employees. The District also established a repair reserve in the current year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2008 the District had capital assets of \$78,037,730 (\$54,961,055, net of accumulated depreciation), invested in a broad range of capital assets including land, buildings and furniture and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below.

Presently the Batavia City School District maintains an A3 credit rating from Moody's Credit Corporation which is amoung the highest in Genesee County.

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Figure A-9							
Capit	Capital Assets Net of Depreciation (in thousands of dollars)						
	(in thousands o	of dollars)					
		rnmental	_				
		tivities	Percentage				
	and 10	tal District	Change				
	2008	2007	2007-2008				
Land	\$ 2,252	\$ 2,252	0.00%				
Construction in progress	18,425	13,494	36.54%				
Buildings	33,136	34,194	-3.09%				
Furniture and Equipment	1,148	1,174_	-2.21%				
Total	\$ 54,961	\$ 51,114	7.53%				

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2008, the District had general obligations and other long-term debt outstanding, as follows:

More detailed information about the District's long term debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Figure A-10			
	nding Long-Ter thousands of dolla		
	Govern	nmental	
	Acti	vities	Percentage
	and Tota	l District	Change
	2008	2007	2007-2008
General obligation bonds and note	es		
(financed with property taxes)	\$ 37,960	\$ 28,800	31.81%
Compensated absences	9,624	9,973	-3.50%
Total	\$ 47,584	\$ 38,773	22.72%

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The state comptroller has advised all participating employers that billings from the New York State Retirement System, beginning with the December 2003 bill (billing period April 2003 through March 2004), would be at least 4.5% of eligible payroll. The New York State Retirement System has also informed the participating employers that the rate in effect, for eligible payroll, for the February 2009 bill (billing period April 2008 through March 2009) will be approximately 10.7% for Tier 1 employees; 9.8% for Tier 2 employees; 7.9% for Tier 3 and Tier 4 employees.

The New York State Teachers' Retirement System has also indicated the rate to be used to calculate the TRS expenditures for 2008-2009 fiscal year will be 7.63% for eligible salaries. This rate is 1.1 percentage points (12.6%) lower than the 2007-2008 rate of 8.73% of eligible salaries, therefore there is no significant change in the School Districts' cost in the next fiscal year.

The Batavia City School District has projected the enrollment rate of its students in future years, to be stable without any significant increase or decrease.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Batavia City School District, Batavia, New York.

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

ASSETS

ASSEIS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,440,199
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		2,383,323
State and federal aid receivable		3,000,366
Taxes receivable		538,398
Other receivables		183,297
Due from other governments		1,126,892
Due from fiduciary funds		28,312
Prepaid expenses		89,400
Inventory		31,751
Capital assets not being depreciated		20,677,510
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	And a displacement of the same	34,283,545
Total assets	\$	74,782,993
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$	164,366
Retainage Payable		224,589
Accrued liabilities		411,255
Accrued interest payable		198,229
Due to other governments		69,520
Deferred revenue		253,137
Due to retirement systems		1,672,157
Long-term liabilities:		
Due and payable within one year:		
Serial bonds payable		3,175,000
Compensated absences		481,206
Due and payable after one year:		
Serial bonds payable		34,785,000
Compensated absences	GAAD WATER TO SEE	9,142,912
Total liabilities	***************************************	50,577,371
NET ASSETS:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		17,558,120
Restricted for:		
Tax certiorari		283,285
Unemployment insurance		753,032
Employee benefit accrued liability		4,499,187
Repairs		100,000
Capital projects		830,645
Debt service		4,310,200
Unrestricted (deficit)	-	(4,128,847)
Total net assets		24,205,622
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	74,782,993

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

			Program 1	Program Revenues	Net (Expense)
		Indirect		Operating	Revenue and
		Cost	Charges for	Grants and	Changes in
	Expenses	Allocation	Services	Contributions	Net Assets
vernmental activities:	4 974 474	\$ 811,446	\$ 115,376	\$ 12,712 \$	(5,657,832)
ırodo	25 101 593	9		7,663,509	(23,837,859)
iisu uctioii Piinil fransportafion	971,326	20,592	'	627,063	(364,855)
Tulture and recreation	943,048		1	•	(943,048)
Jeht service	1,505,912	•	t		(1,505,912)
anital outlay	82,546	•	1	•	(82,546)
School lunch	884,731	•	399,106	583,877	98,252
Unallocated employee benefits	7,361,169	(7,361,169)		1	
Unallocated depreciation	1,307,168	1		1	(1,307,168)
Total governmental activities \$	43,131,967	₩	\$ 643,838	\$ 8,887,161	(33,600,968)
)					
		General revenues: Real property taxes			18,953,779
		Non-property taxes Use of money and property	roperty		860,431
		Sale of property and State and federal aid	Sale of property and compensation for loss State and federal aid not restricted for a specific purpose	c purpose	9,982 17,788,072
		Other miscellaneous revenues	s revenues	1	549,017
		Total general revenues	nues		010,474,50
		Change in net assets			5,593,348
		Net assets - beginning of year	of year		18,612,274
		Net assets - end of year	ar	€	24,205,622

Capital outlay Debt service

Instruction
Pupil transportation
Culture and recreation

Governmental activities: General support

See notes to basic financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2008

Total Governmental Funds	12,440,199 2,383,323 3,000,366 538,398 183,297 1,126,892 3,220,141 89,400 31,751	\$ 23,013,767	164,366 224,589 411,255 69,520 3,191,829 791,535 1,672,157	6,525,251
or ntal	4,339 \$ - 59,831 - 2,898 - 11,849	11	6,158 \$ 22,670 1,602 (08,702 36,637	274
Non-Major Governmental Funds	774,339 - 459,831 - 2,898 - 101,849	1,370,668	6,158 - 22,670 1,602 508,702 36,637 20,505	596,274
~ ŏ	€	8	↔	
Capital Projects	1,087,941 557,065 1,916,755	3,561,761	224,589 2,400 2,573,927	2,800,916
	↔	↔	∀	1
Debt Service	1,826,258	4,310,200	1 1 1 1 1 1	1
71	S	 S ∥	∽	
General	10,577,919 - 623,780 538,398 180,399 1,126,892 634,350 89,400	13,771,138	158,208 - 386,185 67,918 109,200 754,898 1,651,652	3,128,061
The state of the s	₩	∽	€	
	ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted State and federal aid receivable Taxes receivable Other receivables Due from other governments Due from other funds Prepaid expenses Inventory	Total assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governments Due to other funds Deferred revenue Due to retirement systems	Total liabilities

See notes to basic financial statements.

BALANIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

(Continued)

Total	Governmental	Funds			7,035,967	283,285	753,032	4,499,187	100,000	830,645	4.310.200		1 215 000	006,010,0	2,360,300	16,488,516	23,013,767
Non-Major	Governmental	Funds		,	166,461	1	1	ı	1	ı			000 461	155,900	472,033	774,394	1,370,668
	Capital	Projects			448,818	î	1	•	ı	1		ı		1	312,027	760,845	3,561,761 \$
Continuon		Debt Service			ľ	ı	1	1	1	1	4 210 200	4,510,200		1	1	4,310,200	\$ 4,310,200
		General			1,420,688	283,285	753,032	4,499,187	100,000	830,645	2.0600			1,180,000	1,576,240	10,643,077	13,771,138
		•	FUND BALANCES:	Reserved for:	Encumbrances	Tax certiorari	Unemployment insurance	Employee benefit accrued liability	Renairs	Conital mariants	Capital projects	Debt service	Unreserved:	Designated for subsequent year's expenditures	Undesignated	Total fund balances	Total liabilities and fund balances $\$$

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2008

Total Governmental Funds	ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Cash and cash equivalents - 2,383,323 State and federal aid receivable Taxes receivable Other receivables Other receivables Due from other governments Due from other funds Prepaid expenses In,12,440,199 2,383,323 1,12,6,892 1,126,892 1,126,892 1,126,892 Inventory Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	Total assets \$ 23,013,767 \$	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS: LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued liabilities Accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable Due to other governments Due to other funds Due to other funds Due to retirement systems Serial bonds payable Compensated absences	
Long-Term Assets/ Liabilities	20,677,510 (1) 34,283,545 (1)	54,961,055	198,229 (3) 198,229 (3) 17,960,000 (2) 9,624,118 (2)	דאב רסד דא
Reclassifications And Eliminations	(3,191,829) (5)	(3,191,829) \$	- \$ - - (3,191,829) (5) (538,398) (4)	(766 087 8)
Statement of Net Assets Totals	12,440,199 2,383,323 3,000,366 538,398 183,297 1,126,892 28,312 89,400 31,751 20,677,510 34,283,545	74,782,993	164,366 224,589 411,255 198,229 69,520 - 253,137 1,672,157 37,960,000 9,624,118	50 577 371

See notes to basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

	Statement of Net Assets Totals	24,205,622	\$ 74,782,993
	Reclassifications And Eliminations	538,398	(3,191,829)
%	Long-Term Assets/ Liabilities	7,178,708	54,961,055
JUNE 30, 200 (Continued)	Total Governmental Funds	16,488,516	\$ 23,013,767
		FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS: Total fund balances/net assets	Total liabilities and fund balances

- expenditures in the year they are purchased on the fund basis Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The district-wide (1) The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, vehicles and equipment) purchased with governmental funds are reported as Statement of Net Assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are depreciated and expensed annually over their useful lives.
 - (2) Long-term liabilities are reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Assets but not on the fund basis Balance Sheet because they are not due (3) Interest is accrued and reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Assets but not on the fund basis Balance Sheet because it is not due and payable in the current period.
 - (4) Revenues that are not available to pay current obligations are not reported in the fund financial statements, but they are presented as and payable in the current period.
 - (5) Elimination of interfund receivables and payables. revenues in the Statement of Activities.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Total Governmental Funds	\$ 18,943,402 1,033,035 244,732 860,431 10,187 521,743 27,274 24,314,740 2,360,493 399,106 48,715,143	5,049,996 25,198,777 971,326 957,494 5,195,418 5,049,429 884,731 7,709,997 51,017,168
Non-Major Governmental Funds	1,075,642 39,505 26,045 119,161 460,769 2,274,423 399,106 4,394,651	1,967,903 28,893 957,494 - - 884,731 531,240 4,370,261
Capital Projects	1,916,755	5,049,429
Debt Service	280,990 - 589 - 589 - 3,736,708	5,195,418
General	\$ 17,867,760 \$ 1,033,035 205,227 553,396 10,187 401,993 27,274 18,200,508 86,070	5,049,996 23,230,874 942,433 - 7,178,757
	REVENUES: Real property taxes Non-property taxes Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous local sources Interfund revenues State sources Federal sources School lunch Total revenues	EXPENDITURES: General support Instruction Pupil transportation Culture and recreation Debt service Capital outlay School lunch Employee benefits Total expenditures

See notes to basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	3	(Continued)		Non-Maior	Total
	(no no no	Daht Cerrine	Capital Projects	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
	GEIGIAI	DOOL BOLL VICE	and for the		
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	1,983,390	(1,177,131)	(3,132,674)	24,390	(2,302,025)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Funding of reserves	643,155	1	1	•	643,155
Transfer to reserves	(643,155)	•	ı	1	(643,155)
Interfund transfers in	t	315,000	1	14,251	329,251
Interfund transfers out	(329,251)	j	1	1	(329,251)
Serial bond proceeds	ı		12,449,045	*	12,449,045
Total other financing sources (uses)	(329,251)	315,000	12,449,045	14,251	12,449,045
Net change in fund balances	1,654,139	(862,131)	9,316,371	38,641	10,147,020
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning of year	8,988,938	5,172,331	(8,555,526)	735,753	6,341,496
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 10,643,077	\$ 4,310,200	\$ 760,845	\$ 774,394	\$ 16,488,516

See notes to basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Total Governmental Funds	R. R.	Capital Related Items	Long-Term Debt Transactions	Statement of Activities Totals
REVENUES:						
Real property taxes	69		69	€ 3	10,377 (7) \$	18,953,779
Non-property taxes	.:	1,033,035		ı	•	1,055,055
Charges for services		244,732		•	1	860 431
Use of money and property		860,431		(3) (3)(7)	t l	9 982
Sale of property and compensation for loss		10,18/		(0) (007)	1	521.743
Miscellaneous local sources		241,745 27,274			r	27,274
Muchalia levenue Stata contros		24.314.740		1	•	24,314,740
Federal sources		2,360,493		1	1	2,360,493
School lunch		399,106		1		399,106
Total revenues		48,715,143	,	(205)	10,377	48,725,315
EXPENDITURES:		,				N 0 7 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
General support		5,049,996		(75,522) (1)	2	4,9/4,4/4
Instruction		25,198,777		(97,184) (1)	1	771,177
Pupil transportation		971,326		t	i	9/1,520
Culture and recreation		957,494		(14,446)(1)	1 1	945,048
Debt service		5,195,418			(3,289,045) (3) (400,461) (5)	1,505,912
Capital outlay		5,049,429		(4,966,883) (1)	•	82,546
School lunch		884,731		1	1	884,731
Employee benefits		7,709,997		(348,828) (2)	1	7,361,169
Depreciation		1		1,307,168 (1)	1	1,307,168
Total expenditures		51,017,168		(4,195,695)	(3,689,506)	43,131,967
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures		(2,302,025)		4,195,490	3,699,883	5,593,348

See notes to basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

(Continued)

Statement of Activities Totals	ı	1	•	E	T	1	5,593,348
Long-Term Debt Transactions	(643,155) (4)	643,155 (4)	(329,251) (4)	329,251 (4)	(12,449,045) (4)	(12,449,045)	\$ (8,749,162)
Capital Related Items	1	•	,	ì	1	,	\$ 4,195,490
Total Governmental Funds	643,155	(643,155)	329,251	(329,251)	12,449,045	12,449,045	\$ 10,147,020
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Funding of reserves	Transfer to reserves	Interfund transfers in	Interfund transfers out	Serial bond proceeds	Total other financing sources (uses)	Net change in fund balances/net assets

- district-wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as expenditures on the fund basis Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances in the year they are purchased. In the (1) When the purchase of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as depreciation expense.
 - The funding or use of reserve funds for compensated absences is recorded as a current year expenditure on the district-wide Statement of Activities.
- Repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure in the fund basis Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances but is reported as a reduction of long-term liabilities in the district-wide Statement of Net Assets. 3
 - Elimination of interfund transfers, funding of reserves and transfers to reserves and serial bond proceeds.
- In the district-wide Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances an interest expenditure is reported when paid. 40
- In the district-wide Statement of Activities, the loss on the sale of assets is reported as a decrease in revenues, whereas in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus the change in net assets differs from the changes in fund balances by the cost of the assets sold. 9
 - Revenues that are not available to pay current obligations are not reported in the fund financial statements, but they are presented as revenues in the Statement of Activities

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

		Private Purpose Trusts	 Agency
	ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Restricted investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$	357,144 289,371 - -	\$ 294,006 108,692 - 3,007 8,504
Total assets	\$	646,515	\$ 414,209
LIABILITIE LIABILITIES: Agency liabilities	ES AND NET A	ASSETS -	\$ 268,701
Extraclassroom activity balances		-	108,692
Due to other funds			 36,816
Total liabilities		-	414,209
NET ASSETS:		CAC 515	
Reserved for scholarships	time of the contract of the co	646,515	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	646,515	\$ 414,209

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	 Private Purpose Trusts
ADDITIONS: Interest Gifts and donations Net decrease in fair value of investments	\$ 11,539 75,769 (121,015)
Total additions	(33,707)
DEDUCTIONS: Scholarships	 24,165
Change in net assets	(57,872)
Net assets - beginning of year	704,387
Net assets - end of year	\$ 646,515

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Batavia City School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The District is governed by the Education Law and other laws of the State of New York. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The scope of activities included within the accompanying financial statements are those transactions which comprise District operations and are governed by, or significantly influenced by, the Board of Education. Essentially, the primary function of the District is to provide education for pupils. Services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance, and plant maintenance support the primary function. The financial reporting entity includes all funds, account groups, functions and organizations over which the District officials exercise oversight responsibility.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement 39, Component Units. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Included in the Reporting Entity

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to financial transactions and designation of student management. Cash balances and a corresponding liability are reported in the Agency Fund of the District.

2. Joint Venture

The District is one of 22 participating school districts in the Board of Cooperative Educational Services of Genesee, Livingston, Steuben and Wyoming Counties (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs which provide educational and support activities.

BOCES is organized under Section 1950 of Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (Section 1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards are also considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section 119-n(a) of general municipal law.

A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital costs is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law Section 1950 (4)(b)(7).

There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component school district. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section 1950 of Education Law.

The BOCES governing board is elected based on the vote of members of the participating school districts' governing boards. BOCES charges districts for program costs based on participation and for administrative costs. During the year ended June 30, 2008, the District was billed \$4,782,290 for BOCES administrative and program costs. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office at 80 Munson Street, LeRoy, New York 14482.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

1. District-wide statements:

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through property taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include specific operating and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund financial statements:

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - These funds are used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: - These funds are used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that are the property of others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources are not the property of the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

<u>Private purpose trust funds</u>: Those funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Agency funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employees withholding.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one-year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. PROPERTY TAXES

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than October 1. Taxes are collected during the period of October through December. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the City of Batavia and Genesee County for the Towns of Batavia and Stafford. The City and County pay an amount representing uncollected taxes transmitted to them for enforcement to the District no later than the forthcoming January 1. Uncollected real property taxes at June 30, 2008 are reported as taxes receivable and deferred tax revenue.

E. BUDGETARY DATA

1. BUDGET POLICIES

The District's administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund. The Public Library prepares a budget for the Public Library Fund which is approved by the Library Board of Trustees. The proposed appropriation budgets are approved by the voters within the District. Appropriations established by adoption of the budgets constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur, subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. No supplemental appropriations occurred during the year.

2. BUDGET BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

The General Fund and Library Fund are the only funds with legally approved budgets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, and therefore, are the only funds required to be presented on the Budgetary Comparison Schedules.

F. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's cash and cash equivalents consists of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The District's investment policies are governed by State statutes. In addition, the District has its own written investment policy. The District funds must be deposited in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include demand accounts and certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand deposits, time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts.

Investments are valued at fair market value as of June 30, 2008.

G. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain assets are classified on the balance sheet as restricted because their use is limited. The proceeds of bond sales can only be used for the stated purpose of the borrowings, therefore, unexpended bond proceeds in the Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds are restricted. Donations to be used towards scholarships in the Private Purpose Trust Fund and funds supporting extraclassroom activities in the Agency Fund are restricted specifically for those purposes.

H. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivables are shown at gross with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since management has determined that all accounts receivable are considered collectible.

I. INVENTORY

Inventories of food and/or supplies in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.

J. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid by the end of the District's fiscal year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Assets for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 3.A.3 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

K. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to July 1, 2003. For assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings Building improvements Site improvements Vehicles Furniture and equipment	\$ 2,000	straight-line	40 years
	2,000	straight-line	40 years
	2,000	straight-line	15 years
	2,000	straight-line	8 years
	2,000	straight-line	5-20 years

L. INSURANCE

The District insures against liability for most risks including, but not limited to, property damage and personal injury liability. Judgments and claims are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. VESTED EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, employees may receive a credit to be applied towards health insurance based on unused accumulated sick leave, based on contractual provisions.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, an accrual for accumulated sick leave is included in the compensated absences liability at year-end. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on contractually negotiated rates in the effect at year end.

In the fund statements only, the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based on expendable and available resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

N. DEFERRED REVENUE

The District reports deferred revenue on its balance sheet and combined balance sheet. Deferred revenue arises when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenue also arises when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

O. ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statements of Net Assets.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides access to post employment benefits in the form of health insurance. The obligation of the District and its retirees to contribute to the cost of providing these benefits has been established pursuant to Board resolution and various collective bargaining agreements. Payments are budgeted annually without accrual and is based on the pay-as-you go method. The cost of such benefits totaled \$409,027 on behalf of 133 eligible retirees for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Q. FUND EQUITY

District-wide statements:

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net assets:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net assets - reports net assets when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors,, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets - reports all other net assets that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

Fund statements:

Unreserved fund balance consists of two classifications. A designation of unreserved fund balance indicates the planned use of these resources in the subsequent years' budget. The undesignated portion reports remaining fund balance that has not been designated or reserved. NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 restricts the unreserved, undesignated fund balance of the General Fund to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the ensuing fiscal year.

Fund balance reserves are created to satisfy legal restrictions, plan for future expenditures or relate to resources not available for general use or appropriation. The following reserve funds are available to school districts within the State of New York. These reserve funds are established through Board action or voter approval and a separate identity must be maintained for each reserve. Earnings on the invested resources become part of the respective reserve funds: however, separate bank accounts are not necessary for each reserve fund. Fund balance reserves currently in use by the District include the following:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. RESERVED FUND BALANCE

- a. Reserve for Encumbrances Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as a reservation of fund balance, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.
- b. Reserve for Tax Certiorari This reserve is used to pay claims and judgments arising out of tax certiorari proceedings.
- c. <u>Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability</u> This reserve is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to employees upon termination of service.
- d. <u>Reserve for Capital Projects</u> This reserve is used to finance future construction, reconstruction, or acquisition of capital improvement items or equipment as authorized when the reserve was established.
- e. <u>Reserve for Unemployment Insurance</u> The District is self-funded for unemployment insurance. The reserve is funded annually through budgetary provisions in the General Fund or through approval by the Board of Education.
- f. Reserve for Debt Service This reserve is used for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale.
- g. Reserve for Repairs This reserve is used to pay the cost of certain repairs of capital improvements or equipment.

2. UNRESERVED

<u>Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures</u> - The amount of \$1,180,000 has been designated as the amount estimated to be appropriated to reduce taxes in the subsequent year as required by Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

R. USE OF ESTIMATES IN PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - REPORTING ON BUDGETARY BASIS

The District reports its budgetary status with the actual data including outstanding encumbrances as charges against budget appropriations. This results in the following reconciliation of fund balance computed on a GAAP basis and budgetary basis.

GAAP BASIS:

Fund Balance - June 30, 2008	\$10,643,077
Deduct outstanding encumbrances	<u>1,420,688</u>
BUDGETARY BASIS - Fund balance - June 30, 2008	\$ <u>9,222,389</u>

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. ASSETS

1. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

The District's aggregate bank balances were fully collateralized at June 30, 2008.

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end consists of \$108,692 in the Agency Fund for extraclassroom activities, \$357,144 in the Private Purpose Trust Fund for scholarships, \$557,065 in the Capital Projects Fund for unspent bond proceeds and \$1,826,258 in the Debt Service Fund for unexpended bond proceeds.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

Investment and Deposit Policy

The District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures.

The District follows an investment and deposit policy, the overall objective of which is to adequately safeguard the principal amount of funds invested or deposited; conformance with federal, state and other legal requirements; and provide sufficient liquidity of invested funds in order to meet obligations as they become due. Oversight of investment activity is the responsibility of the Business Administrator of the District.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investments will be affected by changing interest rates. The District's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District's policy is to minimize the risk of loss due to failure of an issuer or other counterparty to an investment to fulfill its obligations. The District's investment and deposit policy authorizes the reporting entity to purchase the following types of investments:

- Interest bearing demand accounts.
- Certificates of deposit.
- Obligations of the United States Treasury and United States agencies.
- Obligations of the New York State and its localities.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the reporting entity may not recover its deposits. In accordance with the District's investment and deposit policy, all deposits of the District including interest bearing demand accounts and certificates of deposit, in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDIC) shall be secured by a pledge of securities with an aggregate value equal to 100% of the aggregate amount of deposits. The District restricts the securities to the following eligible items:

- Obligations issued, fully insured or guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest, by the United States Treasury and United States agencies.
- Obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by the New York State and its localities.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

Investments

The District has investments donated to scholarship funds. The District's investment policy for these investments is also governed by New York State statutes. Investments are stated at fair value, and are categorized as registered in the District's name.

			Mark	et Value
		<u>Cost</u>	<u>June</u>	<u>30, 2008</u>
198	Shares Comcast Corporation	\$	-	\$ 3,756
34	Shares NCR Corporation		-	863
34	Shares Teradata Corporation			793
1323	Shares American Telephone and Telegraph, Inc.	2,82	20	44,572
3527	Shares Putnam Investors Fund, Inc.	27,85	52	43,562
3579	Shares JP Morgan Chase	24,31	9	122,795
68	Shares Alcatel-Lucent.	1,14	11	411
93	Shares LSI Corporation		_	117
3.210	Shares Eastman Kodak	200,00	00	46,320
144	Shares Bank of America	5,45	52	3,437
638	Shares Verizon	5,49	98	22,585
31	Shares Idearc, Inc.		-	73
12	Shares Fairport Communications		_	87
12,	Dimos i amport commissione			\$ <u>289,371</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2008, the District recognized an unrealized loss of \$121,015.

2. RECEIVABLES

Major revenues accrued by the District include the following:

Accounts Receivable consists of the following at June 30, 2008:

General Fund:	
Taxes receivable	\$ 538,398
Special Aid Fund	51
School Lunch Fund	2,847
Total	\$ <u>541,296</u>

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

State and federal aid receivable, consist of the following at June 30, 2008:

 State Aid
 \$ 623,780

 Capital Projects:
 1,916,755

Public Library: 2,252

Special Aid Fund: 408,930

School Lunch Fund: 48,649

Total \$3,000,366

3. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

General Fund:

Interfund activity at June 30, 2008 are as follows:

General Fund	Interfund Receivable \$ 634,350	Interfund Payable \$ 109,200	Interfund Revenues \$ -	Interfund Expenditures \$ 329,251
Public Library Fund	3,406	1,744	-	-
School Lunch Fund	4,018	30,539	-	-
Special Aid Fund	94,425	476,419	14,251	-
Capital Projects Fund	-	2,573,927	-	-
Debt Service Fund	2,483,942	-	315,000	-
Agency Fund	<u>8,504</u>	<u>36,816</u>		
Total	\$ <u>3,228,645</u>	\$ <u>3,228,645</u>	\$ <u>329,251</u>	\$ <u>329,251</u>

Interfund receivable and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds are eliminated on the Statement of Net Assets.

Interfund receivables and payables were incurred primarily due to the necessary repayment for salary expenses from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund and the Excel Aid being received late from the State for the debt service fund to the capital projects fund.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 were as follows:

	Balance <u>6/30/07</u>	Additions]	Retirements/ Reclassification	Balance 6/30/08
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets that are not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,252,349	\$ -	- \$	\$ 2,252,349
Construction in progress	<u>13,494,140</u>	4,931,021	***	<u>18,425,161</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciate	ed <u>15,746,489</u>	4,931,021	-	<u>20,677,510</u>
•				
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Buildings	54,612,431	141,782	2,046	54,752,167
Furniture and equipment	2,526,821	81,232		2,608,053
Total capital assets, being depreciated	57,139,252	223,014	2,046	<u>57,360,220</u>
, o i				
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	20,418,088	1,199,932	2 1,841	21,616,179
Furniture and equipment	1,353,260	107,236	<u> </u>	<u>1,460,496</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	21,771,348	1,307,168	1,841	<u>23,076,675</u>
Total about the service of the servi				
Total capital assets, being depreciated, a	net <u>35,367,904</u>	(1,084,154	1) 205	<u>34,283,545</u>
•				
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ <u>51,114,393</u>	\$ <u>3,846,867</u>	<u>7</u> \$ <u>205</u>	\$ <u>54,961,055</u>

B. LIABILITIES

1. PENSION PLANS

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS), and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer, public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death and disability.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

PLAN DESCRIPTIONS

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The New York State Teachers' Retirement System is administered by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. The System provides retirement, disability, withdrawal and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The New York State TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

The New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

FUNDING POLICIES

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined the Systems after July 27, 1976 who contribute 3% of their salary. Employees in the system more than ten years are no longer required to contribute. For the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, the Comptroller shall certify annually the rates expressed as proportions of payroll of members, which shall be used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulated fund. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, rates are established annually for TRS by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board.

The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The retirement contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
2008	\$ 492,956	\$1,509,905
2007	485,629	1,389,948
2006	422,907	1,019,668

The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required for each year.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

2. INDEBTEDNESS

SHORT-TERM DEBT

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date. Interest on short-term debt amounted to \$203,516.

Transactions related to short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	<u>Issued</u>		Redeemed	Ending Balance	
BAN maturing 11/02/07 at 4.25%	\$14,365,800	\$	-	\$14,365,800	\$	-

LONG-TERM DEBT

- a. SERIAL BONDS The District borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment or construct buildings and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities, which are full faith and credit debt of the District, are recorded as a liability in the government-wide statements and expenditures in the fund financial statements. The provision to be made in the future budgets for capital indebtedness represents the amount, exclusive of interest, authorized to be collected in future years from taxpayers and others for liquidation of the long-term liabilities. During the current year, the District recognized \$1,302,396 of expenditures for long-term debt interest.
- b. The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2008:

Government activities:	Balance <u>6/30/07</u>	<u>Issued</u>	Redeemed	Balance 6/30/08	Due Within One Year
Bonds and note payable:					
General obligation debt: Serial Bonds	\$28,800,000	\$12,449,045	\$3,289,045	\$37,960,000	\$3,175,000
Other long-term debt: Compensated absences	9,972,947	1,338,708	1,687,537	9,624,118	481,206
Total long-term liabilities	\$ <u>38,772,947</u>	\$ <u>13,787,753</u>	\$ <u>4,976,582</u>	\$ <u>47,584,118</u>	\$ <u>3,656,206</u>

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

c. The following is a summary of maturity of indebtedness:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Issue Date</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest Rate	Outstanding at June 30, 2008
Serial Bonds Payable Total	5/15/03 12/14/02 3/15/04 11/01/07	5/15/18 6/15/14 3/15/19 6/15/22	Variable Variable Variable Variable	\$ 7,585,000 4,760,000 14,000,000 <u>11,615,000</u> \$ <u>37,960,000</u>

d. The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements for the District's serial bonds:

Fiscal		
Year	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2009	\$ 3,175,000	\$1,374,850
2010	3,220,000	1,272,250
2011	3,315,000	1,166,437
2012	3,445,000	1,053,989
2013	3,470,000	935,412
2014-2018	15,945,000	2,875,863
2019-2022	5,390,000	454,600
Total	\$37,960,000	\$9,133,401

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Workers' Compensation Plan

The District is a participant in the Genesee County Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established under the provisions of Workers' Compensation Law of the State of New York and is administered and sponsored by its predominant participant, Genesee County. The Plan is a public entity risk pool which provides the District the opportunity to participate in a cooperative program for providing workers' compensation benefits to its employees.

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

The District is one of 40 municipal corporations that participate in the Plan. Eligible participants may become members upon filing with the Executive Secretary of the Plan a certified copy of the resolution of the prospective member's governing board electing to participate in the Plan on or before July 15th. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan is effective once annually. Withdrawal from the Plan is effective at the end of the current operating year upon filing with the Executive Secretary of the Plan a certified copy of the resolution of the member's governing board electing to withdraw from the Plan on or before July 15th. Upon withdrawal the participant shall pay, in a lump sum or in installments, an equitable share of the outstanding liabilities of the Plan as of the date of withdrawal, as determined by the Plan administrator. Contributions to the Plan are determined annually based on claim payment experience and real property tax assessments.

No refunds or assessments, other than periodic premiums, are charged to the participant organizations, except in the case where the Plan's assets are not sufficient to meet liabilities. In that instance, a special assessment may be assessed against the participant organizations. The Plan has established reserve liabilities which provide for current claim expenses. At June 30, 2008 the Plan did not provide sufficient information to disclose the funding status or future claim liabilities for the District.

Since actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation and changes in doctrines of legal liability, the process used in estimating future claim liability does not result in an exact amount. Estimated claim liability is calculated based on actuarial and statistical information, which reflects recent settlements and other social and economic factors, as well as past experience.

NOTE 5 - FUND BALANCE - RESERVED

The changes in the reserve funds recorded by the District in the General Fund are as follows:

Reserve for tax certiorari	Balance 6/30/07 \$ 273,155	Additions \$ 10,130	<u>Deletions</u> \$ -	Balance 6/30/08 \$ 283,285
Reserve for unemployment insurance	743,623	25,773	16,364	753,032
Reserve for employee benefit accrued liability Reserve for capital projects Reserve for repairs	3,821,266 800,943	677,921 29,702 100,000	- - 	4,499,187 830,645 <u>100,000</u>
	\$ <u>5,638,987</u>	\$ <u>843,526</u>	\$ <u>16,364</u>	\$ <u>6,466,149</u>

NOTE 6 - FUTURE GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

A. ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING BY EMPLOYERS FOR POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

In June 2004, GASB issued Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2009. This statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of other postemployment benefits expenses and related liabilities or assets, note disclosures and, if applicable, required supplementary information in the financial reports.

B. ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FOR INTANGIBLE ASSETS

In June 2007, GASB issued Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets. Governments possess many different types of assets that may be considered intangible assets, including easements, water rights, timber rights, patents, trademarks, and computer software. Intangible assets, and more specifically easements, are referred to in the description of capital assets in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. This reference has created questions as to whether and when intangible assets should be considered capital assets for financial reporting purposes. An absence of sufficiently specific authoritative guidance that addresses these questions has resulted in inconsistencies in the accounting and financial reporting of intangible assets among state and local governments, particularly in the areas of recognition, initial measurement, and amortization. The objective of this Statement is to establish accounting and financial reporting requirements for intangible assets to reduce these inconsistencies, thereby enhancing the comparability of the accounting and financial reporting of such assets among state and local governments.

This Statement requires that all intangible assets not specifically excluded by its scope provisions be classified as capital assets. Accordingly, existing authoritative guidance related to the accounting and financial reporting for capital assets should be applied to these intangible assets, as applicable. This Statement also provides authoritative guidance that specifically addresses the nature of these intangible assets. Such guidance should be applied in addition to the existing authoritative guidance for capital assets. The District is required to adopt the provisions of Statement No. 51 for the year ended June 30, 2011. However, it is anticipated that the implementation of this standard will not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

rear's Over (Under) ses Amended Budget		17,867,760 \$ 124,933	1,033,035 133,035	205,227 104,227	553,396 161,396	10,187 8,687	401,993 (78,007)	27,274 27,274		15,940,671 1,461,933	2,000,224	259,613 (128,713)	86,070 8,070	38,385,450 1,822,835		643,155 043,155	(2,232,541)	222 440	
Current Year's Revenues		\$ 17,86	1,03	20	55		40	2		15,94	2,00	25	8	38,38	· ·	99		. €	A
Amended Budget		\$ 17,742,827	900,000	101,000	392,000	1,500	480,000	1		14,478,738	2,000,224	388,326	78,000	36,562,615		1	2,232,541	, i	\$ 38,795,156 \$ 38,795,150
Original Budget		\$ 17,742,827	900,000	101,000	392,000	1,500	480,000	ı		14,478,738	2,000,224	388,326	78,000	36,562,615		1	2,232,541	1 () () () () () () () () () (\$ 38,795,156
	REVENUES: Local sources:	Real property taxes	Non-property fax items	Charoes for services	Use of money and property	Sale of property and compensation for loss	Miscellaneous/local sources	Interfund revenues	State sources:	Basic formula	BOCES	Other	Federal sources	Total revenues	Other sources:	Funding of reserves	Appropriated fund balance		Total revenues and other sources

See notes to basic financial statements.

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

(Continued)

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Current Year's Expenditures	Encumbrances	Unencumbered Balances
EXPENDITURES:					
General support: Recard of education	8 9.850	\$ 11.726	\$ 11,094	\$ 486	\$ 146
ion	237,690	7	282,922	252	1,047
Finance	725,398	781,278	724,300	54,648	2,330
Staff	239,764	259,997	256,678	2,320	666
Central services	3,570,499	3,323,133	3,091,708	231,410	15
Special items	767,967	683,876	683,294	1	582
Instruction:				i c	7
Instruction, administration and improvements	1,372,075	1,367,248	1,358,689	7,285	1,2/4
Teaching - regular school	13,523,604	13,417,045	13,075,135	322,537	19,373
Programs for children with handicaps	3,687,922	3,591,225	3,387,804	203,420	yarandi.
Occupational education	752,963	695,954	695,954	3	i
Instructional media	3,024,553	3,474,583	2,942,689	526,483	5,411
Punil services	1,729,537	1,808,507	1,770,603	36,813	1,091
Pupil transportation	1,025,382	985,822	942,433	33,198	10,191
Employee benefits	7,553,801	7,781,290	7,178,757	1,836	600,697
Debt Service	234,151	1	1	1	
Total expenditures	38,455,156	38,465,905	36,402,060	1,420,688	643,157
Other uses: Transfer to reserves	340,000	329,251	643,155	1	(313,904)
Interfund transfers out Total expenditures and other uses	\$ 38,795,156	\$ 38,795,156	37,374,466	\$ 1,420,688	\$
Net change in fund balances			\$ 1,654,139		

See notes to basic financial statements.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE LIBRARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

					Unencumbered Balances 89,340 38,430 127,770
Over (Under) Amended Budget	(157) 9,505 15,799 (10,226) 6,612	21,533	(72,922)	(51,389)	Encumbrances 18,611 48 18,659
Current Year's Revenues	1,075,642 \$ 39,505 23,799 109,241	1,260,899	1	1,260,899 \$	Current Year's Expenditures 957,494 208,364 1,165,858
Amended Budget	\$ 1,075,799 \$ 30,000 8,000 119,467 6,100	1,239,366	72,922	\$ 1,312,288 \$	Amended Budget 1,065,445 246,842 1,312,287
Original Budget	\$ 1,075,799 30,000 8,000 3,000	1,122,899	55,000	\$ 1,177,899	Original Budget 935,060 242,839 1,177,899
	REVENUES: Local sources: Real property taxes Charges for services Use of money and property Miscellaneous/local sources State sources: Other	Total revenues	Other sources: Appropriated fund balance	Total revenues and other sources	EXPENDITURES: Culture and recreation Employee benefits Total expenditures

See notes to basic financial statements.

SECTION B SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

		Public Library		School Lunch		Special Aid		Total
ASSETS:	\$	604,929	\$	166,807	¢	2,603	\$	774,339
Cash and cash equivalents	Ф	2,252	Φ	48,649	Φ	408,930	Ψ	459,831
State and federal aid receivable		2,232		2,847		51		2,898
Accounts receivable		2 406		4,018		94,425		101,849
Due from other funds		3,406		•		74,423		31,751
Inventory	-	_		31,751			-	31,731
Total assets	\$_	610,587	\$	254,072	\$	506,009	\$_	1,370,668
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	S:							
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	2	\$	-	\$	6,156	\$	6,158
Accrued liabilities		13,985		5,379		3,306		22,670
Due to other governments		_		1,116		486		1,602
Due to other funds		1,744		30,539		476,419		508,702
Deferred revenue		16,995		-		19,642		36,637
Due to retirement systems		12,777	_	7,728	-		_	20,505
						505,000		50C 271
Total liabilities	-	45,503		44,762	-	506,009	-	596,274
Fund balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		18,658		-		147,803		166,461
Designated for subsequent year's		10,050				1 1 , , 5 0 0		,
expenditures		55,000		80,900		_		135,900
Undesignated (deficit)		491,426		128,410	_	(147,803)		472,033
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	565,084		209,310		(117,005)		774,394
Total fund balances	-	202,004	_	207,310	-		-	,
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$.	610,587	_ \$	254,072	\$	506,009	\$	1,370,668

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Public Library	School Lunch	Special Aid	Total
REVENUES:		Ф	Ф	ф 1 07 <i>5 (</i> 40
Real property taxes \$	1,075,642	\$ -	\$ -	. , ,
Charges for services	39,505	- 0.046	-	39,505
Use of money and property	23,799	2,246	7 (20	26,045
Miscellaneous local sources	109,241	2,281	7,639	119,161 460,769
State sources	12,712	35,374	412,683	•
Federal sources	-	548,503	1,725,920	2,274,423
School lunch	_	399,106		399,106
Total revenues	1,260,899	987,510	2,146,242	4,394,651
EXPENDITURES:				
Instruction	_		1,967,903	1,967,903
Pupil transportation	_	**	28,893	28,893
Culture and recreation	957,494	_	, <u>-</u>	957,494
School lunch	_	884,731	-	884,731
Employee benefits	208,364	159,179	163,697	531,240
Employee concine				
Total expenditures	1,165,858	1,043,910	2,160,493	4,370,261
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditure	95,041	(56,400)	(14,251)	24,390
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:				
Interfund transfers in	_	-	14,251	14,251
Total other financing sources			14,251	14,251
Net change in fund balances	95,041	(56,400)	-	38,641
Fund balances - beginning of year	470,043	265,710		735,753
Fund balances - end of year	565,084	\$ 209,310	\$	\$ 774,394

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ORIGINAL BUDGET TO REVISED BUDGET-GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Adopted Budget

\$37,262,615

Additions:

Encumbrances

1,532,541

Original Budget

\$38,795,156

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF USE OF BEGINNING FUND BALANCE-GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

A909 Fund balance as of beginning of year

(unreserved)

\$ 1,817,410

Less:

A599 Appropriated fund balance

used for levy of taxes

700,000

Fund balance (undesignated)

\$<u>1,117,410</u>

SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES -BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

JUNE 30, 2008

					Canita	Capital Expenditures	ses				Methods of Financing	Financing		Fund
		Control	Danisad	Prior		Current		Unexpended	ded .	Proceeds of		Local		Balance
		Original	יייי יייי	. ,		V 2007	Total	Balance	q.	Obligations	State Aid	Sources	Total	80/36/90
Project Title	1	Appropriations	Арргорпацопя	reals	1	I Cal								
1-1- Vannady Solvas Danamiden	¥	10 100 077	\$ 10.100.077	7 \$ 10,064,435	135 \$	1	\$ 10,064,435	€9	35,642 \$	10,000,000	69	100,001	\$ 100,001, \$ 10,100,077 \$	35,642
John Neimedy School - Neimyanon	•	1 083 836		,	245	703,534	1,867,779	16	16,057	1,883,836		•	1,883,836	16,057
ROBERT INDIANS SCHOOL - INCHONARION		482.302	770.500		60	66,894	232,803	537	537,697	770,500		•	770,500	537,697
Michigold Michigal Domanical		12 799 662	12,799,662	2 7.429.152		4,279,001	11,708,153		605,160,	9,794,709	1,916,755	•	11,711,464	3,311
Middle School - Renovation		18,994,385	18,064,543	=			17,896,405		168,138	17,950,000	,	114,543	18,064,543	168,138
Total	- 69	43,460,262 \$ 43,618,618	\$ 43,618,61	8 \$ 36,720,146	146 \$	\$ 5,049,429	\$ 41,769,575	\$ 1,849,043	₩	40,399,045	40,399,045 \$ 1,916,755 \$ 214,620 \$	214,620	\$ 42,530,420 \$	760,845

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CERTAIN REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO ST-3 DATA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	ST-3 Account Code	Audited <u>Amount</u>	ST-3 <u>Amount</u>
REVENUE: Property Taxes Non Property Taxes State Aid Federal Aid Total Revenue	A-1001 AT-1199 AT-3999 AT-4999 AT-5999	\$13,571,430 1,033,035 18,200,508 . 86,070 38,385,450	\$13,571,430 1,033,035 18,200,508 86,070 38,385,450
EXPENDITURES: General Support Pupil Transportation Debt Service - Princip Debt Service - Interest Total Expenditures		\$ 5,049,996 942,433 - - - 36,731,311	\$ 5,049,996 942,433 - - 36,731,311

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Capital assets, net		\$54,961,055
Add: Unspent bond proceeds		557,065
Deduct: Short-term portion of bonds payable Long-term portion of bonds payable	3,175,000 <u>34,785,000</u>	37,960,000
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		\$ <u>17,558,120</u>

SECTION C SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Endami CED A	Pass-Through	D:1
Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA	Entity Identifying	Disbursements/
U.S. Department of Agriculture	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
Direct Programs			
None			
Passed through New York State Bureau	•		
of School Food Management			
Food Distribution	10.555	NT/A	e 72 (41
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$ 73,641
National School Breakfast Program		N/A	372,820
	10.553	N/A	<u>102,042</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			548,503
U.S. Department of Education			
Direct Programs			
None			
Passed through the State Education			
Department of the State of New York			
Educationally Deprived Children -			
Local Education Agencies Title I - 2007-2008		0021-08-1000	585,612
2006-2007	84.010	0021-07-1000	185,372
Local Educational Agencies			
Title V of ESEA			
2007-2008	84.298	0002-08-1000	2,318
2006-2007	84.298	0002-07-1000	250
Education of the Handicapped (Section 611)			
2007-2008	84.027*	0032-08-0276	407,940
2006-2007	84.027*	0032-07-0276	244,278
ESEA Title IIA			
2007-2008	84.367	0147-08-1000	148,433
2006-2007	84.367	0147-07-1000	27,593
Drug-Free Schools and Communities - Title IV			
2007-2008	84.186	0180-08-1000	12,749
2006-2007	84.186	0180-07-1000	1,737
Handicapped-State Grants - Part B,			
Education of the Handicapped (Section 619)			
2007-2008	84.173*	0033-08-0276	44,503
2006-2007	84.173*	0033-07-0276	38,892
Committee on Preschool Education			
Part B, Education of the Handicapped (CPSE)			
2007-2008	84.173	0232-08-0276	14,295
2006-2007	84.173	0232-07-0276	56
Title IID Enhancing Education			
2007-2008	84.318	0292-08-1000	860
2006-2007	84.318	0292-07-1000	<u>11,032</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,725,920
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		•	\$2,274,42 <u>3</u>
*Denotes Major Program			

See notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

<u>BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT</u> <u>NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008</u>

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all Federal financial assistance programs administered by Batavia City School District (the District), an entity as defined in Note 1 to the District's basic financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented.

The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

NOTE 3 - PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR

All Federal financial assistance received was passed-through departments of the State of New York.

NOTE 4 - MAJOR PROGRAM DETERMINATION

The District has determined that all federal programs with expenditures of \$300,000 or more are Type A programs, which are deemed major programs for the purpose of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, that the aggregate amount of the major program expenditures exceed 25% of the total federal awards expended.

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 (Continued)

NOTE 5 - NON-MONETARY FEDERAL PROGRAM

The District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements, termed a "non-monetary program." During the year ended June 30, 2008, the District received \$35,374 worth of commodities under the Surplus Food Distribution Program (CFDA 10.555).

SECTION D · INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The President and Members of the Board of Education of Batavia City School District Batavia, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Batavia City School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated October 1, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential, will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Batavia City School District in a separate letter dated October 1, 2008.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, the audit committee, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Freed Maxick & Battaglia, CAS, PC

Batavia, New York October 1, 2008

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

The President and Members of the Board of Education of Batavia City School District Batavia, New York

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Batavia City School District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance but, not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by an entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, the audit committee, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Batavia, New York October 1, 2008 Freed Maxick & Battaglia, CPAs, PC

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's opinion(s) issued:	<u>Unqı</u>	<u>ialified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes	X_no
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	X_no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes	X none reported
Type of auditor's opinion(s) issued on compliance for major programs:		<u>Unqualified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	ed yes	X_no
Identification of major programs:		CFDA#
Special Education Cluster		84.027/84.173
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Programs	Туре В	300,000
Auditee qualified as low risk?	X yes	no

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No findings were noted in the current year.

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

07-1. Funding of Reserves

Condition: The District made an unbudgeted transfer of \$1,396,169 to the employee benefit accrued liability reserve.

Criteria: Education Law requires that all transfers be properly authorized by the Board of Education and the voters.

Effect: The District funded the reserve thereby reducing their unappropriated fund balance.

Recommendation: Obtain proper authorization by the Board of Education and the voters for all transfers during the year.

Status: There was no reoccurrence of this finding in the current year.

SECTION E EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY

Independent Auditor's Report on the Statement of Cash Receipts, <u>Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets</u> Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The President and Members of the Board of Education of Batavia City School District Batavia, New York

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of Batavia City School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008. The financial statement is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit.

Except as discussed in the following paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Insufficient accounting controls are exercised over cash receipts from the point of collection to the time of submission to the central treasurer. Accordingly, it was impracticable to extend our audit of such receipts beyond the amounts recorded.

The District's policy is to prepare the financial statements of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements as explained in Note 1 to the financial statement. Accordingly, the accompanying Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds is not intended to present financial position, results of operations, and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, except for the effects of any adjustments which might have resulted had the cash collections been susceptible to satisfactory audit tests, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the recorded transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District for the year ended June 30, 2008, arising from cash collected and disbursements made during the year then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Freed Maxick & Battaglia, CAS, PC

Batavia, New York October 1, 2008

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS NET ASSETS OF THE EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Balance		Cash	Cash	Balance
	J_1	<u>ine 30, 2007</u>		Receipts	<u>Disbursements</u>	June 30, 2008
Class of 2008	\$	7,790	\$	23,324	\$ 31,112	\$ 2
Class of 2009		4,617		8,031	5,629	7,019
Class of 2010		485		2,984	1,903	1,566
Class of 2011		_		1,260	683	577
Batavian		3,580		11,154	12,438	2,296
BHS Student Government		4,495		8,490	8,593	4,392
BHS Ski Club		174		8,954	8,414	714
Sales Lab/BHS Book Store		78		1,022	1,014	86
Baseball Fund		1		-	1	
BHS Literary		217		756	760	213
BHS Band		853		465	60	1,258
BHS Library		9		-	9	-
BHS Chorus		9,871		15,826	17,184	8,513
BHS Assembly		443		894	285	1,052
A.P. Fund		342		9,618	9,960	-
National Honor Society		114		8,806	8,713	207
BHS Language Club		33		616	311	338
SADD		715		2,667	3,157	225
Project Graduation		752		3,797	4,232	317
BHS Technology		2		32	-	34
BHS Tennis		589		421	698	312
Tri-M		420		591	410	601
BMS Band		2,360		156	1,267	1,249
BMS Yearbook		3,476		10,268	9,223	4,521
BMS Orchestra		7,852		29,868	32,259	5,461
Character Education		72		367	308	131
BMS Assembly		6,034		588	967	5,655
BMS Student Council		5,933		7,784	9,447	4,270
BMS Honor Society		1,395		_	254	1,141
BMS AHEAD		1,113		931	1,351	693
Outdoor Club		-		1,055	597	458
7th Grade - Team I		3,338		752	369	3,721
7th Grade - Team II		2,590	_	1,345	386	3,549
Subtotal	\$	69,743	\$	162,822	\$ 171,994	\$ 60,571

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS

NET ASSETS OF THE EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

(Continued)

	Balance		Cash	Cash		Balance
	June 30, 2007		Receipts	Disbursements		June 30, 2008
8th Grade - Team I & II	\$ 157	\$	3,432	\$ 2,818	\$	771
BMS Book Fair	6		1,823	1,823		6
R. Morris Student Council	663		1,396	1,752		307
J. Kennedy Media	3,146		3,759	3,306		3,599
J. Kennedy Council	1,521		1,420	2,791		150
J. K. Home School Association	13,217		54,435	62,866		4,786
J.K. 5th Grade	835		6,186	6,573		448
BHS Scholastic Bowl	588		_	62		526
BMS Literacy Magazine	162		-	-		162
High School Production	7,304		7,134	6,822		7,616
Girls Volleyball	2,515		4,532	4,107		2,940
Girls Softball	389		-	389		***
J.V. Football Cheerleaders	1		_	1	•	-
Jackson Student Council	5,804		524	1,082		5,246
Robert Morris 4th Grade	1		-	1		·
BMS 6th South/North	1,576		16,677	12,632		5,621
BMS Ski Club	51		21,842	21,767		126
Pageturners	389		960	1,115		234
Step team	144		158	100		202
Art Club	176		79	-		255
Model UN	54		838	879		13
BHS Drama	1,457		1,273	462		2,268
RM School Store	256		447	441		262
FORM	11,195		41,066	41,240		11,021
Interest Checking	1,555	_	2,158	2,151		1,562
Subtotal	\$ 53,162	\$	170,139	\$ 175,180	\$	48,121
Subtotal (E3)	\$ 69,743	\$	162,822	\$ 171,994	\$	60,571
Total	\$ 122,905	\$	332,961	\$ 347,174	\$	108,692

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS NOTE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are not considered part of the reporting entity of the Batavia City School District (the District). Consequently, such transactions are included in the basic financial statements of the District only to the extent that cash and a corresponding liability are recorded in the Agency Fund in the District's Statement of Net Assets - fiduciary funds at June 30, 2008.

The books and records of the District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized when cash is disbursed.

Sales Lab and Interest Checking are not clubs but have been reported as separate line items in the Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds for record keeping purposes.

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS SUMMARY OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

CASH RECEIPTS

Based on our tests of extraclassroom cash receipts, we noted that student treasurers and advisors are not providing the Central Treasurer with documentation to support the amount of cash collected from fundraising activities. This deficiency has resulted in a qualification of our audit report.

Internal accounting control and control over undeposited cash collections could be strengthened if receipts for cash collections were issued at the point of sale and a preaudit of receipts was available for each major fundraiser. Although some clubs do perform cash receipt reconciliations during some fund raising events, the controls need to be implemented for all events and by all clubs.

Extraclassroom activity funds are derived from a number of sources such as admissions, sales and campaigns and donations. The procedures used in collecting and preauditing (checking) these several types of receipts will naturally vary. As far as possible, devices should be used which will make it possible to determine in advance the amounts which should be received.

To facilitate the preaudit and recording of receipts, statements should be prepared by those collecting money. Such statements should, on the face of them, give all the essential data for a complete check and audit of the receipts. A determination should be made as to whether the activity falls within the provision of the New York State Sales Tax Law, and an estimate should be obtained as to the amount of sales tax which will be collected. Such statements should enable those collecting money to prepare a complete report and verify the money turned over to the treasurer. In addition, they will afford protection for those handling funds, facilitate a check, and serve as documentary evidence, which can be used for accounting purposes. A preaudit of receipts should make only reasonable allowances for errors in making change.

Some common types of receipts and suggested controls are as follows:

<u>Admissions</u> - Pre-numbered tickets should be used with a record of the first, last and all unused ticket numbers. Tickets sold multiplied by the price should be reconciled to cash receipts.

Receipts from Sales Campaigning - Students collecting monies should issue pre-numbered receipts in duplicate, the original to the purchaser and the carbon to the student treasurer of the activity. If receipts are not practical (such as a candy sale), the student treasurer with the assistance of the advisor should devise a method whereby the exact amount to be realized by the sale is determined in advance. Each sales person should be given a statement showing the amount which is to be received. After the sale, each salesperson should then turn in that amount in cash and/or unsold goods. Documentation should be filed to back up deposits made by the student treasurer.

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS SUMMARY OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 Continued)

We suggest the administrators of the District, Central Treasurer and advisors review the Safeguarding, Accounting, and Auditing of Extraclassroom Activity Funds - Finance Pamphlet 2, issued by the State of Education Department which covers internal controls over cash receipts as well as other recommended policies and procedures.

ACTIVITY FUND MANAGEMENT

During our audit of the Extraclassroom Activities Fund, we noted instances in which neither a budget or profit and loss analysis for fund-raising events was prepared.

The Board of Education has the ultimate responsibility for the safeguarding of the Extraclassroom Activity Fund. The Board delegates this responsibility to the Central Treasurer, the Faculty Advisors and the Student Treasurers.

In order to help monitor the plans and operations of the various activities, we suggest that at the start of each school year the activity advisors and activity officers prepare a program outline indicating the various events to be held, the anticipated profits and the plans for the proceeds. A copy of the program outline should be given to the faculty advisor and the Central Treasurer so they can anticipate the various events throughout the year.

As each event is completed, the program outline should be compared to the actual results. The Profit and Loss Analysis should be filed with the activity records for future reference.

DEFINITION

During our audit, it came to our attention that there were some clubs that did not appear to meet the established criteria for an extraclassroom activity. They did not appear to be organized for the benefit of a student organization, nor were the activities of the club conducted by students. Extraclassroom Finance Pamphlet 2 defines an extraclassroom activity as "an organization within a school district whose activities are conducted by and for the students and whose financial support is raised other than by taxation or through charges of the Board of Education." The pamphlet goes on to state that "Extraclassroom activities are those operated by and for the students." Monies are usually collected voluntarily by students and are spent by them as they see fit so long as they abide by established guidelines.

We recommend that the Board of Education review and evaluate these clubs to determine if they meet the criteria of an Extraclassroom Activity.