BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

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SECTION A FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report

The President and Members of the Board of Education of the Batavia City School District Batavia, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Batavia City School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate fund information of Batavia City School District as of June 30, 2009 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated September 22, 2009 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedules on pages 1 through 14 and A34 through A35 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplemental schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is also presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Freed Maxick & Battaglia, CAS, PC

Batavia, New York September 22, 2009

Management's Discussion and Analysis Batavia City School District Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2009

This section of Batavia City School District's (the District) annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Key Financial Highlights for fiscal year 2009 are as follows:

- New York State Law limits the amount of unreserved fund balance that can be retained by the General Fund to 4% of the ensuing year's budget, exclusive of the amount designated for the subsequent year's budget. At the end of the current fiscal year, the undesignated fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,597,830, and this amount was within the statutory limit.
- ➤ General revenues which include Federal and State Aid and Real Property Taxes accounted for \$38,925,338 or 79.5% of all revenues.
- > The District continued to fund its retiree health insurance liability for current employees and has a total of \$6,529,088 set aside in the reserve for employee benefit accrued liability to fund this liability along with the retirement incentive liability.
- > The District offered a retirement incentive during the year and fully funded the incentive by setting aside \$568,950 in the reserve for employee benefit accrued liability noted above.
- > The District tax levy has decreased for a second consecutive year.
- > The Governor proposed a mid year cut in NYS State Aid for the 2008-09 fiscal year and for the 2009-10 fiscal year. These cuts were known as Deficit Reduction Assessment (DRA). The State did not act on the proposed DRA in 2008-09 and the budget adopted by New York State restored the proposed cut in education funding by applying the Federal Stimulus funds to the 2009-10 fiscal year budget.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are District-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

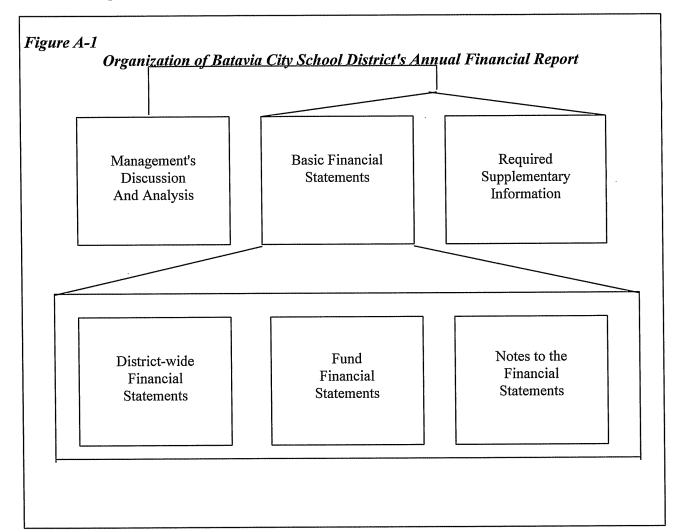


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

		Fund Fina	ncial Statements
	District-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except Fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds Statement Changes in Net Assets - Fidcuiary Fund
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; generally no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/out- flow information	All revenues and expenditures during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during th year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

District-wide Statements

The District-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenditures are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

• Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as scholarship funds and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

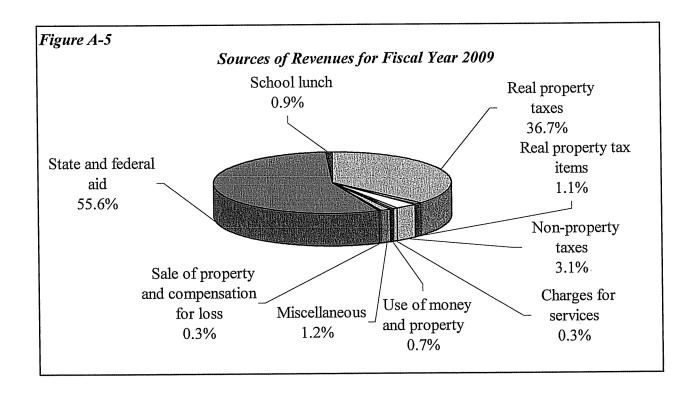
By far, the largest component of the District's net assets reflects its capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets still outstanding. The District uses these assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. At year end, The District's invested in capital assets, net of related debt was \$19,864747 and constitute 72.2% of total net assets and 26.1 % of total assets.

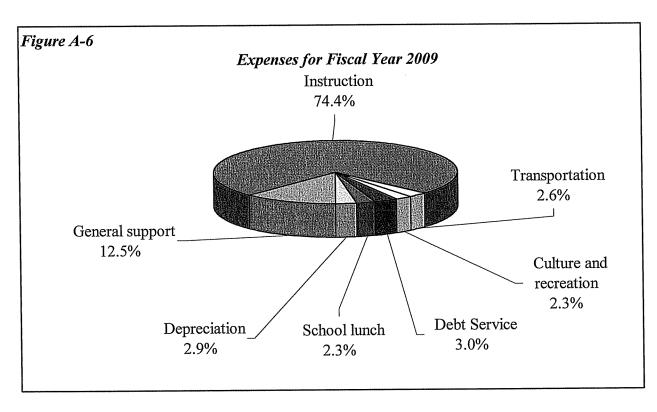
The other reserves established by the District are restricted for very specific purposes. The amount that is available from these reserves for spending in the subsequent year is limited to the purpose for which the reserve was established, such as payment of current year retiree heath insurance and current year principal and interest payments.

Figure A-3 Condensed Statement of Net Assets (in thousands of dollars) Total Percentage Governmental Change Activities and Total District 2008-2009 2009 2008 8.18% 21,444 19,822 Current and other assets 3.52% 21,405 20,677 Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation -3.20% 33,188 34,284 74,783 1.68% 76,037 Total assets -3.30% 46,014 47,584 Long-term liabilities -15.90% 2,993 Other liabilities 2,517 -4.05% 50,577 48,531 Total liabilities 19,865 17,001 16.85% Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: 287 283 1.41% Tax certiorari 742 753 -1.46% Unemployment insurance 45.12% Employee benefit accrued liability 6,529 4,499 101.00% 100 201 Repairs -13.96% 715 831 Capital projects -0.95% 4,269 4,310 Debt Service 100.00% 300 Retirement contribution 51.27% (3,571)Unrestricted (deficit) (5,402)13.63% 27,506 24,206 Total net assets

In the current year the significant changes in capital assets, not being depreciated is primarily attributed to the construction projects in process at June 30, 2009.

Figure A-4			
Changes	in Net Assets		
	ands of dollars)		
			Total
	Govern	mental	Percentage
	Activities and	Total District	Change
	2009	2008	2008-2009
Revenues:			
Real property taxes	\$ 17,986	\$ 18,351	-1.99%
Real property tax items	559	602	-7.14%
Non-property taxes	1,524	1,033	47.53%
Charges for services	162	245	-33.88%
Use of money and property	331	860	-61.51%
Miscellaneous	600	549	9.29%
Sale of property and compensation for loss	138	10	1280.00%
State and federal aid	27,260	26,675	2.19%
School lunch	429	399	7.52%
Total revenues	48,989	48,724	0.54%
Expenses:			
General support	5,696	5,786	-1.56%
Instruction	33,993	31,631	7.47%
Transportation	1,195	991	20.59%
Culture and recreation	1,044	943	10.71%
Debt service	1,361	1,506	-9.63%
Capital outlay	· •	83	-100.00%
School lunch	1,083	885	22.37%
Depreciation	1,317	1,307	0.77%
Total expenses	45,689	43,132	5.93%
Change in net assets	\$ 3,300	\$ 5,592	-40.99%





Governmental Activities

This section presents the cost of eight major District activities: general support, instruction, pupil transportation, culture and recreation, debt service, capital outlay, depreciation and school lunch. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Figure A-7								
	Sourc	es oj	f Revenu	es for Fiscal Y	ear 2	2009		
	Ne	t Cos	•	ernmental Act ands of dollars)	ivitie	'S'		
	Total of Ser			Percentage Change		Net (of Ser		Percentage Change
	 2009		2008	2008-2009		2009	2008	2008-2009
General support	\$ 5,696	\$	5,786	-1.56%		5,568	\$ 5,658	-1.59%
Instruction	33,993		31,631	7.47%	2	25,795	23,838	8.21%
Pupil transportation	1,195		991	20.59%		517	365	41.64%
Culture and recreation	1,044		943	10.71%		1,044	943	10.71%
Debt service	1,361		1,506	-9.63%		1,361	1,506	-9.63%
Capital outlay	-		83	-100.00%		-	82	-100.00%
School lunch	1,083		885	22.37%		23	(98)	123.47%
Depreciation	1,317		1,307	0.77%		1,317	1,307_	0.77%
Total	\$ 45,689	\$	43,132	5.93%	\$ 3	35,625	\$33,601	6.02%

Financial Analysis of The District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demostrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds:

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year and amounts to be be applied against next years fund balance.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds inclusive of capital funds, reported combined fund balances of \$18,461,128. Of this amount, \$4,068,615 constitutes unreserved fund balance, of which \$1,978,700 has been designated for subsequent years' expenditures and represents the amount estimated for use in the 2009-2010 budget. The remainder of the fund balance, \$14,392,513, is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed. These reserves have been established in accordance with New York State educational law and their use is restricted for the intended purpose. The District's reserves include: a reserve for encumbrances of \$1,348,986; a reserve for tax certiorari proceedings of \$286,810; a reserve for unemployment insurance of \$741,975; a reserve for employee benefit accrued liability of \$6,529,090; a reserve for repairs of \$201,164, a capital projects reserve of \$715,205, a reserve for debt service of \$4,269,283 and a reserve for retirement contribution of \$300,000.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$13,054,612, of which \$1,597,830 or 4.0% of the ensuing year's budget was unreserved and undesignated. As previously mentioned, New York State Law limits the amount of unreserved fund balance that can be retained to 4% of the ensuing year's budget, exclusive of the amount designated for the subsequent year's budget. The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$2,411,535.

Figure A-8 Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (in thousands of dollars) 2009 Fund Balances Expenditures Revenues General Fund 40,279 \$ 37,868 \$ 13,055 320 Capital Projects Fund 287 728 4,269 Debt Service Fund 4,509 4,550 191 School Lunch Fund 1,083 1,065 Special Aid Fund 2,040 2,040 Library Fund 626 1,316 1,255 2008 Expenditures Fund Balances Revenues 10,644 39,029 \$ 37,374 \$ General Fund Capital Projects Fund 5,049 761 14,366 5,195 4,310 Debt Service Fund 4,333 209 School Lunch Fund 988 1,044 Special Aid Fund 2,160 2,160

1,261

1,166

Library Fund

565

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

ASSETS

Abblib		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,201,564
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		4,311,627
State and federal aid receivable		2,403,788
Taxes receivable		729,832
Accounts receivable		251,830
Due from other governments		1,168,732
Due from fiduciary funds		261,620
Prepaid expenses		89,400
Inventory		26,263
Capital assets not being depreciated		21,404,936 ⁻
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u></u>	33,187,655
Total assets		76,037,247
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable		203,626
Retainage payable		24,423
Accrued liabilities		487,478
Accrued interest payable		184,198
Due to other governments		1,591
Deferred revenue		100,686
Due to retirement systems		1,515,176
Long-term liabilities:		
Due and payable within one year:		
Serial bonds payable		3,220,000
Compensated absences	•	561,465
Due and payable after one year:		
Serial bonds payable		31,565,000
Compensated absences		10,667,827
Total liabilities	**************************************	48,531,470
NET ASSETS:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		19,864,747
Restricted for:		
Tax certiorari		286,810
Unemployment insurance		741,975
Employee benefit accrued liability		6,529,090
Repairs		201,164
Capital projects		715,205
Debt service		4,269,283
Retirement contribution		300,000
Unrestricted (deficit)		(5,402,497)
Total net assets	\$	27,505,777

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

				Program Revenues	venues	Net (Expense)
			Indirect		Operating	Revenues and
			Cost	Charges for	Grants and	Changes in
		Expenses	Allocation	Services	Contributions	Net Assets
ivities:		4 778 813 \$	917.475	120.793 \$	٠	(5,575,495)
pport	-				8,156,667	(25,795,354)
Instruction Possis for an addition		1 168 341	25,22,030	•	868,779	(516,123)
Fupin mansportation		1,100,511	,	1	6,807	(1,037,587)
Culture and recreation		1,044,524	•	,	ŧ	(1,360,819)
Debt service		1,000,017	•	429,269	630,919	(22,866)
School functi Thallocated employee benefits		9,174,241	(9,174,241)		,	ı
Unallocated depreciation		1,316,939		Į.	ı	(1,316,939)
1						
Total governmental activities	€	45,688,763 \$	٠	591,289 \$	9,472,291	(35,625,183)
			General revenues:			
			Real property taxes			17,986,292
			Keal property tax items			1.523.656
			Non-property taxes	į		330 622
			Use of money and property	erty		120,000
			Sale of property and compensation for loss	mpensation for loss	į	130,020
			State and federal aid not restricted for a specific purpose	t restricted for a specii	ric purpose	47,707,71
			Other miscellaneous revenues	venues	•	399,308
			Total general revenues	SS	•	38,925,338
			Change in net assets			3,300,155
			0			
			Net assets - beginning of year	year	•	24,205,622
			Net assets - end of year		₩"	27,505,777

See notes to basic financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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Total Governmental Funds	12,201,564 4,311,627 2,403,788 729,832 251,830 1,168,732 1,663,927 89,400 26,263	22,846,963	203,626 24,423 487,478 1,591 1,402,307 100,686 650,548 1,515,176	4,385,835
1	<i>⇔</i>	₩	<i>↔</i>	_ [
Non-Major Governmental Funds	900,749 57,156 49,021 - 24,116 - 303,025	1,360,330	672 24,423 16,888 1,105 150,425 12,619	223,097
6	∽	⇔	∞	1
Special Aid	2,572 - 975,716 - 226 - 187	978,701	1,247 12,567 486 961,272 3,129	978,701
	₩	\$	₩	
Debt Service	4,254,471	4,269,283	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Η	∀	∨	₩	
General	11,298,243 - 1,379,051 729,832 227,488 1,168,732 1,345,903 89,400	16,238,649	201,707 - 458,023 - 290,610 84,938 650,548 1,498,211	3,184,037
	₩	€>	∨	
	ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted State and federal aid receivable Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Prepaid expenses Inventory	Total assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Accounts payable Retainage payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governments Due to other funds Deferred revenue Deferred tax revenue Due to retirement systems	Total liabilities

See notes to basic financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)		Nos Major	Total
	General	Debt Service	Special Aid	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
IND BALANCES:					
Reserved for:	877,201	1	137,134	334,651	1,348,986
Tax certiorari	286,810	1	ı	•	286,810
Unemployment insurance	741,975	ı	ı	•	741,975
Employee benefit accrued liability	6,529,090	•	1	1	6,529,090
Repairs	201,164	1	•	1 (201,164
Capital projects	685,542	1	1	29,663	7.13,203
Debt service	1	4,269,283	•	ŧ	4,269,283
Retirement contribution	300,000		1	ı	300,000
Jureserved: Designated for subsequent year's expenditures Undesignated (deficit)	1,835,000		(137,134)	143,700 629,219	1,978,700 2,089,915
Total fund balances	13,054,612	4,269,283	1	1,137,233	18,461,128
Total liabilities and fund balances	16,238,649	\$ 4,269,283	\$ 978,701	\$ 1,360,330	\$ 22,846,963

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2009

Reclassifications Statement And of Net Assets Eliminations Totals	- \$ 12,201,564 - 4,311,627 - 2,403,788 - 729,832 - 251,830 - 1,168,732 (1,402,307) (5) 261,620 89,400 - 26,263 - 26,263 - 26,263 - 26,263	(1,402,307) \$ 76,037,247	- \$ 203,626 - 24,423 - 487,478 - 184,198 - 1,591 - (1,402,307) (5) 100,686 - (650,548) (4) 1,515,176 - 34,785,000 - 11,229,292	(2,052,855) 48,531,470
Long-Term Assets/ Liabilities	21,404,936 (1)	54,592,591 \$	- \$ - 184,198 (3) - 34,785,000 (2) - 11,229,292 (2)	46,198,490
Total Governmental Funds	12,201,564 \$ 4,311,627 2,403,788 729,832 251,830 1,168,732 1,663,927 89,400 26,263	22,846,963 \$	203,626 \$ 24,423 487,478 - 1,591 1,402,307 100,686 650,548 1,515,176	4,385,835
	ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted State and federal aid receivable Taxes receivable Accounts receivables Due from other governments Due from other funds Prepaid expenses Inventory Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	Total assets \$=	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS: LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable Due to other governments Due to other funds Deferred revenue Deferred tax revenue Derered tax revenue Compensated absences	Total liabilities

See notes to basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2009 (Continued)

Statement of Net Assets Totals	27,505,777	3 76,037,247
Reclassifications And Eliminations	650,548	(1,402,307)
Long-Term Assets/ Liabilities	8,394,101	54,592,591
Total Governmental Funds	18,461,128	\$ 22,846,963 \$
	FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS: Total fund balances/net assets	Total liabilities and fund balances

- expenditures in the year they are purchased on the fund basis Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The district-wide Statement of Net Assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are depreciated and (1) The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, vehicles and equipment) purchased with governmental funds are reported as expensed annually over their useful lives.
 - (2) Long-term liabilities are reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Assets but not on the fund basis Balance Sheet because they are not due and payable in the current period.
- (4) Revenues that are not available to pay current obligations are not reported in the fund financial statements, but they are presented as (3) Interest is accrued and reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Assets but not on the fund basis Balance Sheet because it is not due and payable in the current period.
 - revenues in the Statement of Activities. (5) Elimination of interfund receivables and payables.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

See notes to basic financial statements.

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	FOR THE YE	THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009	, 2009		
		Communeal		Non-Major	Total
	General	Debt Service	Special Aid	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	3,030,256	(355,917)	(16,721)	(982,006)	1,972,612
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers out	- (618,721)	315,000	16,721	287,000	618,721 (618,721)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(618,721)	315,000	16,721	287,000	
Net change in fund balances	2,411,535	(40,917)	ı	(398,006)	1,972,612
Fund balances - beginning of year	10,643,077	4,310,200	3	1,535,239	16,488,516
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 13,054,612	\$ 4,269,283	٠ -	\$ 1,137,233	\$ 18,461,128

See notes to basic financial statements.

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Statement of Activities Totals	17,986,292 559,008 1,523,656 162,020 330,622 138,628 576,102 23,406 24,712,066 2,547,849 429,269	48,988,918	4,778,813 25,762,162 1,168,341 1,044,394 1,360,819	1,083,054 9,174,241 1,316,939 45,688,763	3,300,155
Long-Term Debt Transactions	112,150 (6) \$	112,150	(3,175,000) (3) (14,031) (5)	(3,189,031)	3,301,181
Capital Related Items	€9 	-	(53,478) (1) (167,571) (1)	(727,426) (1) 1,605,174 (2) 1,316,939 (1) 1,973,638	(1,973,638)
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 17,874,142 \$ 559,008 1,523,656 162,020 330,622 138,628 576,102 23,406 24,712,066 2,547,849 429,269	48,876,768	4,832,291 25,929,733 1,168,341 1,044,394 4,549,850	727,426 1,083,054 7,569,067 - 46,904,156	1,972,612
	REVENUES: Real property taxes Real property taxes Real property taxes Non-property taxes Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous local sources Interfund revenue State sources Federal sources School lunch	Total revenues	EXPENDITURES: General support Instruction Pupil transportation Culture and recreation Debt service	Capital outlay School lunch Employee benefits Depreciation Total expenditures	Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures

See notes to basic financial statements.

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

Statement of Activities Totals	1 1	\$ 3,300,155	
Long-Term Debt Transactions	(618,721) (4) 618,721 (4)	3,301,181	
Capital Related Items			
Total Governmental Funds	618,721		
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers out	Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances/net assets	

- (1) When the purchase of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as district-wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as expenditures on the fund basis Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances in the year they are purchased. In the depreciation expense.
 - The funding or use of reserve funds for compensated absences is recorded as a current year expenditure on the district-wide Statement of Activities. 7
- Repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure in the fund basis Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances but is reported as a reduction of long-term liabilities in the district-wide Statement of Net Assets. 3
 - Elimination of interfund transfers, funding of reserves and transfers to reserves and serial bond proceeds. 4
- In the district-wide Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances an interest expenditure is reported when paid. (2)
- (6) Revenues that are not available to pay current obligations are not reported in the fund financial statements, but they are presented as revenues in the Statement of Activities.

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

		Private Purpose Trust		Agency
		111131		Agency
	ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Restricted investments	\$	360,972 223,125	\$	594,274 93,712
Accounts receivable	-			12
Total assets	\$	584,097	\$	687,998
LIABILITIES:	ES AND NET		Ф	
Accounts payable	\$	36,500	\$	222.666
Agency liabilities		-		332,666
Extraclassroom activity balances Due to other funds		- -	***********	93,712 261,620
Total liabilities		36,500		687,998
NET ASSETS:				
Reserved for scholarships		547,597		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	584,097	\$	687,998

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Private urpose
		Trust
ADDITIONS:		
Interest	\$	4,887
Gifts and donations	and an an individual substitution of the subst	17,754
Total additions		22,641
DEDUCTIONS:		55.010
Scholarships		55,313
Net decrease in fair value of investments	Service and the service and th	66,246
Total deductions	Sagarana de la companya de la compa	121,559
Change in net assets		(98,918)
Net assets - beginning of year		646,515
Net assets - end of year	\$	547,597

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Batavia City School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The District is governed by the Education Law and other laws of the State of New York. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The scope of activities included within the accompanying financial statements are those transactions which comprise District operations and are governed by, or significantly influenced by, the Board of Education. Essentially, the primary function of the District is to provide education for pupils. Services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance, and plant maintenance support the primary function. The financial reporting entity includes all funds, account groups, functions and organizations over which the District officials exercise oversight responsibility.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Included in the Reporting Entity

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to financial transactions and designation of student management. Cash balances and a corresponding liability are reported in the Agency Fund of the District.

2. Joint Venture

The District is one of 22 participating school districts in the Board of Cooperative Educational Services of Genesee, Livingston, Steuben and Wyoming Counties (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs which provide educational and support activities.

BOCES is organized under Section 1950 of Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (Section 1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards are also considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section 119-n(a) of general municipal law.

A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital costs is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law Section 1950 (4)(b)(7).

There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component school district. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section 1950 of NYS Education Law.

The BOCES governing board is elected based on the vote of members of the participating school districts' governing boards. BOCES charges districts for program costs based on participation and for administrative costs. During the year ended June 30, 2009, the District was billed \$4,646,331 for BOCES administrative and program costs. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office at 80 Munson Street, LeRoy, New York 14482.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

1. District-wide statements:

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through property taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include specific operating and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund financial statements:

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds each of which is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue and expenditures. Funds are organized into two categories (governmental and fiduciary) as presented. An emphasis is placed on major governmental funds, within the governmental fund category. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major governmental funds. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>Special Aid Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as Federal and State grants.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that are the property of others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources are not the property of the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Agency Funds - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employees withholding.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one-year after the end of the fiscal year, with the exception of property taxes, which the period of availability is sixty days.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

D. PROPERTY TAXES

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than October 1. Taxes are collected during the period of October through December. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the City of Batavia and Genesee County for the Towns of Batavia and Stafford. The City and County pay an amount representing uncollected taxes transmitted to them for enforcement to the District no later than the forthcoming January 1. Uncollected real property taxes at June 30, 2009 are reported as taxes receivable and deferred tax revenue.

E. BUDGETARY DATA

1. BUDGET POLICIES

The District's administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund. The Public Library prepares a budget for the Public Library Fund which is approved by the Library Board of Trustees. The proposed appropriation budgets are approved by the voters within the District. Appropriations established by adoption of the budgets constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur, subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

2 BUDGET BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

The General Fund is the only major fund with a legally approved budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, and therefore, the only fund required to be presented on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's cash and cash equivalents consists of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Investments are valued at fair market value as of June 30, 2009.

G. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain assets are classified on the balance sheet as restricted because their use is limited. The proceeds of bond sales can only be used for the stated purpose of the borrowings, therefore, unexpended bond proceeds in the Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds are restricted. The Debt Service Fund also consists of cumulative budgetary transfers from the General Fund. Donations to be used towards scholarships in the Private Purpose Trust Fund and funds supporting extraclassroom activities in the Agency Fund are restricted specifically for those purposes.

H. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivables are shown at gross with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since management has determined that all accounts receivable are considered collectible.

I. INVENTORY

Inventories of food and/or supplies in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.

A Reserve for Inventory has been recognized to signify that portion of fund balance that is not available for other purposes.

J. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid by the end of the District's fiscal year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services. In the district-wide statements, eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables, payables and transfers between funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 3., A., 3. for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

K. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to July 1, 2003. For assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization <u>Threshold</u>	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	\$ 2,000	straight-line	40 years
Building improvements	2,000	straight-line	40 years
Site improvements	2,000	straight-line	15 years
Vehicles	2,000	straight-line	8 years
Furniture and equipment	2,000	straight-line	5-20 years

L. INSURANCE

The District insures against liability for most risks including, but not limited to, property damage and personal injury liability. Judgments and claims are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

M. VESTED EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Sick leave use is based on a last-in first-out (LIFO) basis. Upon retirement, employees may receive a credit to be applied towards health insurance based on unused accumulated sick leave, as provided in contractual agreements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, an accrual for accumulated sick leave is included in the compensated absences liability at year-end. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on contractually negotiated rates in effect at year end.

In the fund statements only, the amount of matured vacation time is accrued within the General Fund based on expendable and available resources. Sick time is expensed on a payas-you-go basis.

N. DEFERRED REVENUE

The District reports deferred revenue on its balance sheet. Deferred revenue arises when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenue also arises when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

O. OTHER BENEFITS

District employees participate in New York State Teachers' Retirement System and the New York State Employees' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Healthcare benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on benefits paid during the year. The cost of these premiums is paid by the retiree.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statements of Net Assets.

Q. FUND EQUITY

District-wide statements:

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net assets:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net assets - reports net assets when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors,, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets - reports all other net assets that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

Fund statements:

Unreserved fund balance consists of two classifications. A designation of unreserved fund balance indicates the planned use of these resources in the subsequent years' budget. The undesignated portion reports remaining fund balance that has not been designated or reserved. NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 restricts the unreserved, undesignated fund balance of the General Fund to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the ensuing fiscal year.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund balance reserves are created to satisfy legal restrictions, plan for future expenditures or relate to resources not available for general use or appropriation. These reserve funds are established through Board action or voter approval and a separate identity must be maintained for each reserve. Earnings on the invested resources become part of the respective reserve funds: however, separate bank accounts are not necessary for each reserve fund. Fund balance reserves currently in use by the District include the following:

1. RESERVED FUND BALANCE

- a. Reserve for Encumbrances Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as a reservation of fund balance, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.
- b. <u>Reserve for Tax Certiorari</u> This reserve is used to pay claims and judgments arising out of tax certiorari proceedings.
- c. <u>Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability</u> This reserve is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to employees upon termination of service.
- d. <u>Reserve for Capital Projects</u> This reserve is used to finance future construction, reconstruction, or acquisition of capital improvement items or equipment as authorized when the reserve was established.
- e. <u>Reserve for Unemployment Insurance</u> The District is self-funded for unemployment insurance. The reserve is funded annually through budgetary provisions in the General Fund or through approval by the Board of Education.
- f. Reserve for Debt Service This reserve is used for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale.
- g. Reserve for Repairs This reserve is used to pay the cost of certain repairs of capital improvements or equipment.
- h. <u>Reserve for Retirement Contribution</u> This reserve is used to fund employer retirement contributions, such as any portion of the amount payable by an eligible school district to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. UNRESERVED FUND BALANCE

<u>Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures</u> - The amount of \$1,835,000 has been designated as the amount estimated to be appropriated to reduce taxes in the subsequent year as required by Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law.

R. USE OF ESTIMATES IN PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - REPORTING ON BUDGETARY BASIS

The District reports its budgetary status with the actual data including outstanding encumbrances as charges against budget appropriations. This results in the following reconciliation of fund balance computed on a GAAP basis and budgetary basis.

GAAP BASIS:

Fund Balance - June 30, 2009	\$ 13,054,612
Deduct outstanding encumbrances	877,201
BUDGETARY BASIS - Fund balance - June 30, 2009	\$ <u>12,177,411</u>

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. ASSETS

1. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by State statutes. In addition, the District has its own written investment policy. The District funds must be deposited in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include demand accounts and certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

Collateral is required for demand deposits, time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts.

The District's aggregate bank balances were fully collateralized at June 30, 2009.

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end consists of \$93,712 in the Agency Fund restricted for extraclassroom activities, \$360,972 in the Private Purpose Trust Fund restricted for scholarships, \$57,156 in the Capital Projects Fund restricted for unspent bond proceeds and \$4,254,471 in the Debt Service Fund restricted for unexpended bond proceeds and cumulative budgetary transfers from the General Fund.

Investment and Deposit Policy

The District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures.

The District follows an investment and deposit policy, the overall objective of which is to adequately safeguard the principal amount of funds invested or deposited; conformance with federal, state and other legal requirements; and provide sufficient liquidity of invested funds in order to meet obligations as they become due. Oversight of investment activity is the responsibility of the Business Administrator of the District.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investments will be affected by changing interest rates. The District's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District's policy is to minimize the risk of loss due to failure of an issuer or other counterparty to an investment to fulfill its obligations. The District's investment and deposit policy authorizes the reporting entity to purchase the following types of investments:

- Interest bearing demand accounts.
- Certificates of deposit.
- Obligations of the United States Treasury and United States agencies.
- Obligations of the New York State and its localities.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the reporting entity may not recover its deposits. In accordance with the District's investment and deposit policy, all deposits of the District including interest bearing demand accounts and certificates of deposit, in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDIC) shall be secured by a pledge of securities with an aggregate value equal to between 102% and 105% of the aggregate amount of deposits. The District restricts the securities to the following eligible items:

- Obligations issued, fully insured or guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest, by the United States Treasury and United States agencies.
- Obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by the New York State and its localities.

Investments

The District has investments donated to scholarship funds. The District's investment policy for these investments is also governed by New York State statutes. Investments are stated at fair value, and are categorized as registered in the District's name.

		Cost	Market Value June 30, 2009
198	Shares Comcast Corporation	\$ -	\$ 2,863
34	Shares NCR Corporation	-	405
34	Shares Teradata Corporation	-	802
1323	Shares American Telephone and Telegraph, Inc.	2,820	32,863
3527	Shares Putnam Investors Fund, Inc.	27,852	32,839
68	Shares Alcatel-Lucent.	1,141	169
19	Shares LSI Corporation	-	87
3210	Shares Eastman Kodak	200,000	9,502
144	Shares Bank of America	5,452	1,901
638	Shares Verizon	5,498	19,606
31	Shares Idearc, Inc.	-	1
12	Shares Fairport Communications	-	7
3579	Shares JP Morgan Chase	24,319	<u>122,080</u>
	<u> </u>		
			\$ <u>223,125</u>

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2009, the District recognized an unrealized loss of \$66,246.

2. RECEIVABLES

Major revenues accrued by the District include the following:

Accounts and taxes receivable consists of the following at June 30, 2009:

General Fund:

Accounts receivable		
Tuition receivable	\$	52,092
Health services to other District		72,643
PILOT receivable		75,730
Miscellaneous	•	27,023
		227,488
Taxes receivable		729,832
Total General Fund	\$_	957,320
Special Aid Fund	\$_	226

State and federal aid receivable, consist of the following at June 30, 2009:

General Fund:

State aid - general aid	\$ 706,251
State aid - excess aid	672,800
	\$ <u>1,379,051</u>

Special Aid Fund:

Section 611	\$	464,078
Title I		213,425
Universal Pre-Kindergarten		157,016
Summer school		91,624
Miscellaneous	_	49,573
	\$	975 716

Due from other governments, consist of the following at June 30, 2009:

Ge	ne	eral	F	und:	

Conorae a ana.	
BOCES aid	\$1,163,313
Miscellaneous	5,419
Total	\$ <u>1,168,732</u>

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

3. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund balances and activity at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>	Interfund <u>Payables</u>	Interfund Revenues	Interfund Expenditures
General Fund	\$1,345,903	\$ 290,610	\$ -	\$ 618,721
Public Library Fund	2,920	18,079		-
School Lunch Fund	13,105	13,049	-	-
Special Aid Fund	187	961,272	16,721	₩
Capital Projects Fund	287,000	119,297	287,000	
Debt Service Fund	14,812	-	315,000	
Agency Fund	••••	<u>261,620</u>		
Total	\$ <u>1,663,927</u>	\$ <u>1,663,927</u>	\$ <u>618,721</u>	\$ <u>618,721</u>

Interfund receivable and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds are eliminated on the Statement of Net Assets.

Interfund receivables and payables were incurred primarily due to repayment for salary expenses paid by the General Fund on behalf of the Special Aid Fund. Also, there were board authorized transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund that had not occurred prior to year end.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 were as follows:

	Balance 6/30/08	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassification	Balance ns <u>6/30/09</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets that are not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,252,349	\$	- \$ -	\$ 2,252,349
Construction in progress	18,425,161	727,42	<u>6</u>	<u>19,152,587</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	20,677,510	727,42	<u>6</u>	<u>21,404,936</u>
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Buildings	54,752,167	219,02	2 -	54,971,189
Furniture and equipment	2,608,053	2,02	<u> </u>	2,610,080
Total capital assets, being depreciated	57,360,220	221,04	.9	57,581,269

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

	Balance <u>6/30/08</u>	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Balance 6/30/09
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	21,616,179	1,201,21	9 -	22,817,398
Furniture and equipment	<u>1,460,496</u>	115,72	<u> </u>	1,576,216
Total accumulated depreciation	23,076,675	1,316,93	9	24,393,614
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	34,283,545	(1,095,89	<u> </u>	33,187,655
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>54,961,055</u>	\$ <u>(368,46</u>	<u>4)</u> \$	\$ <u>54,592,591</u>

B. LIABILITIES

1. PENSION PLANS

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS), and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer, public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death and disability.

PLAN DESCRIPTIONS

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The New York State Teachers' Retirement System is administered by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. The System provides retirement, disability, withdrawal and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL) the State of New York. The New York State TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

The New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

FUNDING POLICIES

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined the Systems after July 27, 1976 who contribute 3% of their salary. Employees in the system more than ten years are no longer required to contribute. For the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, the Comptroller shall certify annually the rates expressed as proportions of payroll of members, which shall be used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulated fund. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, rates are established annually for TRS by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board.

The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The retirement contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	<u>ERS</u>	\underline{TRS}
2009	\$ 423,484	\$1,530,008
2008	492,956	1,509,905
2007	485,629	1,389,948

The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required for each year.

2. INDEBTEDNESS

a. SERIAL BONDS - The District borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment or construct buildings and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities, which are full faith and credit debt of the District, are recorded as a liability in the government-wide statements and expenditures in the fund financial statements. The provision to be made in the future budgets for capital indebtedness represents the amount, exclusive of interest, authorized to be collected in future years from taxpayers and others for liquidation of the long-term liabilities. During the current year, the District recognized \$1,360,819 of expenditures for long-term debt interest.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

b. The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2009:

	Balance 6/30/08	Issued	Redeemed	Balance 6/30/09	Due Within One Year
General obligation debt: Serial bonds	\$37,960,000	\$ -	\$3,175,000	\$34,785,000	\$3,220,000
Other long-term debt: Compensated absences	9,624,118	2,093,778	488,604	11,229,292	561,465
Total long-term liabilities	\$ <u>47,584,118</u>	\$ <u>2,093,778</u>	\$ <u>3,663,604</u>	\$ <u>46,014,292</u>	\$ <u>3,781,465</u>

c. The following is a summary of maturity of indebtedness:

Description	Issue Date	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest Rate	Outstanding at 6/30/09
Serial bonds payable	05/15/03 12/14/02 03/15/04 11/01/07	05/15/18 06/15/14 03/15/19 06/15/22	Various Various Various Various	\$ 6,940,000 3,940,000 10,955,000 12,950,000
Total				\$ <u>34,785,000</u>

Interest rates are set at the time of the debt issuance and vary throughout the maturity of the debt.

d. The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements for the District's serial bonds:

Fiscal		
Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2010	\$ 3,220,000	\$1,272,250
2011	3,315,000	1,166,437
2012	3,445,000	1,053,989
2013	3,470,000	935,412
2014	3,605,000	812,562
2015-2019	14,750,000	2,278,901
2020-2022	2,980,000	239,000
Total	\$34 <u>,785,000</u>	\$7 <u>,758,551</u>
ı otal	Ψ <u>υ 1,7 30,000</u>	T - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Workers' Compensation Plan

The District is a participant in the Genesee County Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established under the provisions of Workers' Compensation Law of the State of New York and is administered and sponsored by its predominant participant, Genesee County. The Plan is a public entity risk pool which provides the District the opportunity to participate in a cooperative program for providing workers' compensation benefits to its employees.

The District is one of 40 municipal corporations that participate in the Plan. Eligible participants may become members upon filing with the Executive Secretary of the Plan a certified copy of the resolution of the prospective member's governing board electing to participate in the Plan on or before July 15th. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan is effective once annually. Withdrawal from the Plan is effective at the end of the current operating year upon filing with the Executive Secretary of the Plan a certified copy of the resolution of the member's governing board electing to withdraw from the Plan on or before July 15th. Upon withdrawal the participant shall pay, in a lump sum or in installments, an equitable share of the outstanding liabilities of the Plan as of the date of withdrawal, as determined by the Plan administrator. Contributions to the Plan are determined annually based on claim payment experience and real property tax assessments.

No refunds or assessments, other than periodic premiums, are charged to the participant organizations, except in the case where the Plan's assets are not sufficient to meet liabilities. In that instance, a special assessment may be assessed against the participant organizations. The Plan has established reserve liabilities which provide for current claim expenses. At June 30, 2009 the Plan did not provide sufficient information to disclose the funding status or future claim liabilities for the District.

Since actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation and changes in doctrines of legal liability, the process used in estimating future claim liability does not result in an exact amount. Estimated claim liability is calculated based on actuarial and statistical information, which reflects recent settlements and other social and economic factors, as well as past experience.

NOTE 5 - FUTURE GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

A. ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FOR INTANGIBLE ASSETS

In June 2007, GASB issued Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets. Governments possess many different types of assets that may be considered intangible assets, including easements, water rights, timber rights, patents, trademarks, and computer software. Intangible assets, and more specifically easements, are referred to in the description of capital assets in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. This reference has created questions as to whether and when intangible assets should be considered capital assets for financial reporting purposes. An absence of sufficiently specific authoritative guidance that addresses these questions has resulted in inconsistencies in the accounting and financial reporting of intangible assets among state and local governments, particularly in the areas of recognition, initial measurement, and amortization. The objective of this Statement is to establish accounting and financial reporting requirements for intangible assets to reduce these inconsistencies, thereby enhancing the comparability of the accounting and financial reporting of such assets among state and local governments.

This Statement requires that all intangible assets not specifically excluded by its scope provisions be classified as capital assets. Accordingly, existing authoritative guidance related to the accounting and financial reporting for capital assets should be applied to these intangible assets, as applicable. This Statement also provides authoritative guidance that specifically addresses the nature of these intangible assets. Such guidance should be applied in addition to the existing authoritative guidance for capital assets. The District is required to adopt the provisions of Statement No. 51 for the year ended June 30, 2010. However, it is anticipated that the implementation of this standard will not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

B. FUND BALANCE REPORTING AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE DEFINITIONS

In March 2009, GASB issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2011. Statement No. 54 is intended to improve the usefulness of information provided to financial report users about fund balance by providing clearer, more structured fund balance classifications, and by clarifying the definitions of existing governmental fund types. It distinguishes fund balance between amounts that are considered nonspendable, such as fund balance associated with inventories, and other amounts that are classified based on the relative strength of the constraints that control the purposes for which specific amounts can be spent. Beginning with the most binding constraints, fund balance amounts will be reported in the following classifications such as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

NOTE 5 - FUTURE GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS (Continued)

The new standards also clarify the definitions of individual governmental fund types. It interprets certain terms within the definition of special revenue fund types, while further clarifying the debt service and capital projects fund type definitions. The final standard also specifies how economic stabilization or "rainy-day" amounts should be reported. GASB Statement No. 54 is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2010. Governments that wish to implement earlier than that date are encouraged to do so.

NOTE 6 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The operations of the Richmond Memorial Library (the Library) are governed by a Board of Trustees that is separate from the Batavia City School District Board of Education. Board members have the authority to make decisions, power to appoint management and primary accountability for all fiscal matters. On July 13, 2009 the District authorized the separation of the Richmond Memorial Library from the reporting entity of Batavia City School District. As of July 1, 2009 the Richmond Memorial Library will be reported as a separate legal entity.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Over (Under) Amended Budget	`	\$ (112,637)	74,808	563,656	13,312	(135,154)	2,566	(54,382)	23,406	1	1,170,351	1	84,265	283,349	1,916,540	(2,756,126)		\$
Current Year's Revenues		16,	559,008	1,523,656	121,187	256,321	138,628	425,618	23,406		17,532,390	2,222,700	355,372	361,349	40,278,825	1		\$ 40,278,825
Amended Budget		\$ 16,871,827 \$	484,200	960,000	107,875	391,475	133,062	480,000	ı		16,362,039	2,222,700	271,107	78,000	38,362,285	2,756,126		- 11
Original Budget		\$ 16,916,827	484,200	960,000	107,875	391,475	1,500	480,000	1		16,362,039	2,222,700	271,107	78,000	38,275,723	2,555,688		\$ 40,831,411 \$ 41,118,411
	REVENUES: Local sources:	Real property taxes	Real property tax items	Non-property tax items	Charges for services	Use of money and property	Sale of property and compensation for loss	Miscellaneous/local sources	Interfund revenues	State sources:	Basic formula	BOCES	Other	Tederal sources	Total revenues	Other sources: Appropriated fund balance	•	Total revenues and other sources

See independent auditor's report.

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

		Original Budget	Amended Budget	Cu Cu	Current Year's Expenditures	Encumbrances	Unencumbered Balances	
EXPENDITURES: General support:	€⁄	13 036	\$ 25.736	6-9	19,535	3,494	\$ 2,707	
Board of education		245,394	7	,	215,329	3,497	30,100	
Central administration		768,441	663,463		539,027	26,573	97,863	
		234.262	259,246		216,252	(315)	43,309	
Statt Central services	ω,	3,574,789	3,450,994		3,077,083	167,354	206,557	
Special items	T	1,057,131	845,043		765,068	t	79,975	
Instruction:			1		404 000	A 703	48 753	
Instruction, administration and improvements	,	1,401,372	1,457,456		1,404,000	LO/ _t +	100 for	
Teaching - regular school	14	14,212,262	14,182,422		13,485,810	134,647	561,965	
Programs for children with handicaps	4	4,209,085	4,640,180		3,963,537	92,639	584,004	
Commetional education		908.171	740,984		704,025		36,959	
Occupational variant	2	2.968,417	3,247,691		2,713,350	418,441	115,900	
Jonai mouta		1 796 349	1,926,749		1,790,940	24,026	111,783	
rupii selvices		1 143 299	1,364,317		1,135,493	2,142	226,682	
Fupii transportation	, [·	7 959 403	7.438.204		7,219,120	•	219,084	
Employee benefits		いたいたい	2600167					
Total expenditures	40	40,491,411	40,491,411		37,248,569	877,201	2,365,641	
Other uses: Interfund transfers out		340,000	627,000		618,721	1	8,279	
Total expenditures and other uses	\$ 40	40,831,411	\$ 41,118,411		37,867,290	\$ 877,201	\$ 2,373,920	
Net change in fund balance				₩	2,411,535			

See independent auditor's report.

SECTION B SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

		Public Library		School Lunch		Capital Projects		Total
ASSETS:							_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	673,987	\$	124,657	\$	102,105	\$	900,749
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		-		-		57,156		57,156
State and federal aid receivable		2,344		46,677		-		49,021
Accounts receivable		-		2,541		21,575		24,116
Due from other funds		2,920		13,105		287,000		303,025
Inventory	-	-		26,263		_		26,263
Total assets	\$_	679,251	\$	213,243	\$ =	467,836	\$=	1,360,330
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	5 :							
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	672	\$	-	\$	-	\$	672
Retainage payable		-		-		24,423		24,423
Accrued liabilities		10,513		2,678		3,697		16,888
Due to other governments		-		1,105		-		1,105
Due to other funds		18,079		13,049		119,297		150,425
Deferred revenue		12,619				-		12,619
Due to retirement systems		11,465		5,500			_	16,965
Total liabilities		53,348		22,332		147,417	_	223,097
Fund balances:								
Reserved for:								
Encumbrances		-		-		334,651		334,651
Capital projects		29,663		-		-		29,663
Unreserved:								
Designated for subsequent year's								
expenditures		55,000		88,700		-		143,700
Undesignated (deficit)		541,240		102,211		(14,232)		629,219
Total fund balances		625,903		190,911		320,419		1,137,233
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	679,251	_ \$	213,243	\$	467,836	\$	1,360,330

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Public Library	School Lunch	Capital Projects	Total
REVENUES:	φ	1 114 OFO P	- \$	- \$	1,114,952
ream property contra	\$	1,114,952 \$ 40,833	- Þ	p	40,833
Charges for services		9,233	1,167	_	10,400
Use of money and property Miscellaneous local sources		9,233 143,917	3,300	_	147,217
		6,807	32,315	-	39,122
State sources Federal sources		0,007	598,604	<u>.</u>	598,604
School lunch		_	429,269	-	429,269
School functi	-	-	,		
Total revenues		1,315,742	1,064,655	-	2,380,397
EXPENDITURES:					
Culture and recreation		1,044,394	-	-	1,044,394
Capital outlay		-		727,426	727,426
School lunch		-	1,083,054	-	1,083,054
Employee benefits		210,529	-		210,529
Total expenditures		1,254,923	1,083,054	727,426	3,065,403
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditur	es	60,819	(18,399)	(727,426)	(685,006)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Interfund transfers in			-	287,000	287,000
Total other financing sources		-		287,000	287,000
Net change in fund balances		60,819	(18,399)	(440,426)	(398,006)
Fund balances - beginning of year	_	565,084	209,310	760,845	1,535,239
Fund balances - end of year	\$_	625,903 \$	190,911 \$	320,419 \$	1,137,233

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ORIGINAL BUDGET TO REVISED BUDGET - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Adopted budget	\$ 39,410,723
Additions: Encumbrances	1,420,688
Original budget	40,831,411
Budget revision: Interfund transfer	287,000
Amended budget	\$ <u>41,118,411</u>

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF USE OF BEGINNING FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

A909 Fund balance as of beginning of year (unreserved)	\$ 2,756,240
Less: A599 Appropriated fund balance used for levy of taxes	_1,180,000
Fund balance (undesignated)	\$ <u>1,576,240</u>

SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Fund	Balance	60/06/90	35,642 - 31,666 25,490 168,138 (174,018) 233,501	320,419
		Total	10,100,077 \$ 1,798,489 770,500 11,796,811 18,064,543	42,817,420 \$
inancing	Local	Sources	114,543	501,620
Methods of Financing		State Aid	1,916,755	1,916,755 \$
	Proceeds of	Obligations	10,000,000 \$ 1,798,489 770,500 9,880,056 17,950,000	\$ 40,399,045 \$
	Unexpended	Balance	35,642 \$ 91,439 31,666 1,022,249 168,138 4,874,863 585,603	\$ 009,608,9
		Total	10,064,435 \$ 1,798,489 738,834 11,771,321 17,896,405 174,018 53,499	\$ 42,497,001 \$
Capital Expenditures	Current	Year	69,290) 506,031 63,168 174,018	, 727,426 \$
Č	Prior	Years	1,867,779 232,803 11,708,153 17,896,405	\$ 41,769,575
	t desired	Appropriations	10,100,077 3 1,889,928 770,500 12,793,570 18,064,543 5,048,881 639,102	
		Onginal Appropriations	10,100,077 \$ 1,083,836 482,302 12,799,662 18,994,385 5,338,350	49,437,714 \$ 49,306,601
		∢	(A)	<u>د</u>
		Project Title	John Kennedy School - Renovation Robert Morris School - Renovation Richmond Memorial Library - Renovation Middle School - Renovation High School - Renovation Wireless Technology Upgrade Buildings & Grounds	Total

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CERTAIN REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO ST-3 DATA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	ST-3	Audited	ST-3
	Account Code	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Amount</u>
REVENUES:	A 1001	¢12 222 804	· Φ12 222 9Ω4
Property Taxes	A-1001	\$13,223,804	\$13,223,804
Non Property Taxes	AT-1199	1,523,656	1,523,656
State Aid	AT-3999	20,110,462	20,110,462
Federal Aid	AT-4999	361,349	361,349
Total Revenues	AT-5999	40,278,825	40,278,825
EXPENDITURES:			
General Support	AT-1999	\$ 4,832,291	\$ 4,832,291
Pupil Transportation	AT-5599	1,135,494	1,135,494
Debt Service - Principa	al AT-9798.6	ins.	-
Debt Service - Interest	AT-9798.7	-	-
Total Expenditures	AT-9999	37,867,290	37,867,290

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Capital assets, net		\$ 54,592,591
Add: Unspent bond proceeds - Capital Projects Fund		57,156
Deduct: Current portion of serial bonds payable Long-term portion of serial bonds payable	3,220,000 <u>31,565,000</u>	34,785,000
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		\$ <u>19,864,747</u>

SECTION C SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Disbursements/ Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Direct Programs: None			
None Passed through New York State Bureau			
of School Food Management:			
Food Distribution	10.555	N/A	\$ 79,215
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	404,334
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	115,055
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	200000		598,604
U.S. Department of Education			
Direct Programs:			
None			
Passed through the State Education			
Department of the State of New York:			
Educationally Deprived Children -	040104	0001 00 1000	150 611
Local Education Agencies Title I - 2008-200		0021-09-1000	452,644 227,462
2007-2008	84.010*	0021-08-1000	227,402
Local Educational Agencies			
Title V of ESEA	0.4.000	0000 00 1000	146
2007-2008	84.298	0002-08-1000	140
Education of the Handicapped (Section 611)	04.007	0022 00 0276	621,666
2008-2009	84.027	0032-09-0276 0032-08-0276	140,835
2007-2008	84.027	0032-08-02/0	140,633
ESEA Title IIA	04267	0147 00 1000	42,514
2008-2009	84.367	0147-09-1000	22,828
2007-2008	84.367	0147-08-1000	22,020
Drug-Free Schools and Communities - Title I		0180-09-1000	11,815
2008-2009	84.186	0180-09-1000	931
2007-2008	84.186	0100-00-1000	751
Handicapped-State Grants - Part B,	`		
Education of the Handicapped (Section 619		0033-09-0276	43,317
2008-2009	84.173	0033-08-0276	15,277
2007-2008	84.173	0055-06-0270	1.7,2.11
Title IID Enhancing Education	04210	0292-09-1000	1,066
2008-2009	84.318	0292-09-1000	7,395
2007-2008	84.318	UZ7Z-UO-1UUU	1,587,896
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,507,050
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ <u>2,186,500</u>

^{*}Denotes Major Program

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Batavia City School District (the District), and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using the accrual basis of accounting.

The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the District's financial reporting system, which is the source of the District's basic financial statements.

NOTE 3 - PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR

All Federal financial assistance received was passed-through departments of the State of New York.

NOTE 4 - MAJOR PROGRAM DETERMINATION

All federal programs with expenditures exceeding the greater of 3% of the total federal awards or \$300,000 are considered Type A programs, and all federal programs with expenditures exceeding the greater of .3% of the total federal awards or \$100,000 are considered Type B programs. These programs were then further evaluated and major programs were selected.

NOTE 5 - NON-MONETARY FEDERAL PROGRAM

The District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements, termed a "non-monetary program." During the year ended June 30, 2009, the District received \$79,215 worth of commodities under the Surplus Food Distribution Program (CFDA 10.555).

SECTION D INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The President and Members of the Board of Education of Batavia City School District Batavia, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Batavia City School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated September 22, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential, will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Batavia City School District in a separate letter dated September 22, 2009.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, the audit committee, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Freed Maxick & Sattaglia, CPAs, PC

Batavia, New York September 22, 2009

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

The President and Members of the Board of Education of Batavia City School District Batavia, New York

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Batavia City School District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance but, not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by an entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, the audit committee, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Batavia, New York September 22, 2009 Freed Maxick & Battaglia, CPAs, PC

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's opinion(s) issued:		<u>Unqualified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes	X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? _	yes	X_no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes	X none reported
Type of auditor's opinion(s) issued on compliance for major programs:		<u>Unqualified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be report in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	rted yes	X_no
Identification of major programs:		CFDA#
Title 1		84.010
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Programs	і Туре В	300,000
Auditee qualified as low risk?	X yes	no

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

II. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

NONCOMPLIANCE

09-1. Funding of Reserves

Condition: The District made transfers to the Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability and the Reserve for Repairs. These transfers were not approved by the Board of Education prior to June 30, 2009.

Criteria: Education law requires that all transfers be properly authorized by the Board of Education or the voters during the fiscal year.

Effect: The District did not comply with the provisions of the Education Law.

Recommendation: Management should obtain proper authorization for all transfers prior to fiscal year end.

Management Response: The Business Administrator will project and review the fund balance estimates by May 30th of each year and obtain Board approval in June for any transfers to District reserves.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

There were no findings and questioned costs for federal awards noted in the current year.

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

I. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

There were no findings noted in the prior year.

II. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

There were no findings and questioned costs for federal awards noted in the prior year.

SECTION E EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY

Independent Auditor's Report on the Statement of Cash Receipts, <u>Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets</u> Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The President and Members of the Board of Education of Batavia City School District Batavia, New York

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of Batavia City School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009. The financial statement is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit.

Except as discussed in the following paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Insufficient accounting controls are exercised over cash receipts from the point of collection to the time of submission to the central treasurer. Accordingly, it was impracticable to extend our audit of such receipts beyond the amounts recorded.

The District's policy is to prepare the financial statements of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements as explained in Note 1 to the financial statement. Accordingly, the accompanying Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds is not intended to present financial position, results of operations, and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, except for the effects of any adjustments which might have resulted had the cash collections been susceptible to satisfactory audit tests, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the recorded transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District for the year ended June 30, 2009, arising from cash collected and disbursements made during the year then ended on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Freed Maxick & Sattaglia, CPAs, PC

Batavia, New York September 22, 2009

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS NET ASSETS OF THE EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Balance	Cash		Cash		Balance
	<u>J</u> 1	ine 30, 2008	<u>Receipts</u>		<u>Disbursements</u>		June 30, 2009
Class of 2008	\$	2	\$ -	\$	2	\$	-
Class of 2009		7,019	39,837		45,911		945
Class of 2010		1,566	1,306		987		1,885
Class of 2011		577	1,859		1,602		834
Class of 2012		-	1,906		1,039		867
Batavian		2,296	11,480		9,588		4,188
BHS Student Government		4,392	5,146		7,188		2,350
BHS Ski Club		714	13,304		13,635		383
Sales Lab/BHS Book Store		86	19		-		105
BHS Literary		213	1,073		774		512
BHS Band		1,258	-		358		900
BHS Chorus		8,513	887		1,198		8,202
BHS Assembly		1,052	1,756		2,184		624
Barber Shop		<u>-</u>	150		-		150
A.P. Fund		-	11,144		10,929		215
National Honor Society		207	8,956		8,871		292
BHS Language Club		338	_		281		57
SADD		225	3,089		3,125		189
Project Graduation		317	4,000		3,677		640
BHS Technology		34	250		-		284
BHS Tennis		312	425		487		250
Tri-M		601	631		370		862
BMS Band		1,249			154		1,095
BMS Yearbook		4,521	10,198		9,072		5,647
BMS Orchestra		5,461	6,413		5,354		6,520
Character Education		131	336		189		278
BMS Assembly		5,655	721		806		5,570
BMS Student Council		4,270	11,173		11,715		3,728
BMS Honor Society		1,141	· -		265		876
BMS AHEAD		693	1,380		1,900		173
Outdoor Club		458	-		-		458
7th Grade - Team I		3,721	_		425		3,296
7th Grade - Team II		3,549	-		425		3,124
Subtotal	\$	60,571	\$ 137,439	- 9	142,511	- 9	55,499

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS NET ASSETS OF THE EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

		Balance		Cash		Cash	Balance
		June 30, 2008		<u>Receipts</u>		<u>Disbursements</u>	June 30, 2009
8th Grade - Team I & II	\$	771	\$	4,868	\$	5,011	\$ 628
BMS Book Fair		6		-		-	6
R. Morris Student Council		307		2,027		2,146	188
J. Kennedy Media		3,599		4,032		3,907	3,724
J. Kennedy Council		150		1,186		325	1,011
J. K. Home School Association	L	4,786		14,328		17,638	1,476
J.K. 5th Grade		448		8,585		8,421	612
BHS Scholastic Bowl		526		-	•	46	480
BMS Literacy Magazine		162		-		-	162
High School Production		7,616		4,510		5,924	6,202
Girls Volleyball		2,940		560		3,498	2
Jackson Student Council		5,246		168		414	5,000
Jackson 5th Grade		-		2,495		2,421	74
BMS 6th South/North		5,621		21,291		19,499	7,413
BMS Ski Club		126		13,612		13,536	202
Pageturners		234		677		691	220
Step team		202		322		214	310
Art Club		255		94		120	229
Model UN		13		668		656	25
BHS Drama		2,268		1,678		1,185	2,761
RM School Store		262		-		-	262
FORM		11,021		33,678		39,060	5,639
Interest Checking		1,562		2,089		2,064	1,587
Subtotal	\$	48,121	\$	116,868	\$	126,776	\$ 38,213
							•
Subtotal (E3)	\$	60,571	\$	137,439	\$	142,511	\$ 55,499
,			•				
Total	\$	108,692	\$	254,307	\$	269,287	\$ 93,712

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS NOTE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are not considered part of the reporting entity of the Batavia City School District (the District). Consequently, such transactions are included in the basic financial statements of the District only to the extent that cash and a corresponding liability are recorded in the Agency Fund in the District's Statement of Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds at June 30, 2009.

The books and records of the District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized when cash is disbursed.

Sales Lab and Interest Checking are not clubs but have been reported as separate line items in the Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds for record keeping purposes.

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS SUMMARY OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

CASH RECEIPTS

Based on our tests of extraclassroom cash receipts, we noted that student treasurers and advisors are not providing the Central Treasurer with documentation to support the amount of cash collected from fundraising activities. This deficiency has resulted in a qualification of our audit report.

Internal accounting control and control over undeposited cash collections could be strengthened if receipts for cash collections were issued at the point of sale and a preaudit of receipts was available for each major fundraiser. Although some clubs do perform cash receipt reconciliations during some fund raising events, the controls need to be implemented for all events and by all clubs.

Extraclassroom activity funds are derived from a number of sources such as admissions, sales and campaigns and donations. The procedures used in collecting and preauditing (checking) these several types of receipts will naturally vary. As far as possible, devices should be used which will make it possible to determine in advance the amounts which should be received.

To facilitate the preaudit and recording of receipts, statements should be prepared by those collecting money. Such statements should, on the face of them, give all the essential data for a complete check and audit of the receipts. A determination should be made as to whether the activity falls within the provision of the New York State Sales Tax Law, and an estimate should be obtained as to the amount of sales tax which will be collected. Such statements should enable those collecting money to prepare a complete report and verify the money turned over to the treasurer. In addition, they will afford protection for those handling funds, facilitate a check, and serve as documentary evidence, which can be used for accounting purposes. A preaudit of receipts should make only reasonable allowances for errors in making change.

Some common types of receipts and suggested controls are as follows:

<u>Admissions</u> - Pre-numbered tickets should be used with a record of the first, last and all unused ticket numbers. Tickets sold multiplied by the price should be reconciled to cash receipts.

Receipts from Sales Campaigning - Students collecting monies should issue pre-numbered receipts in duplicate, the original to the purchaser and the carbon to the student treasurer of the activity. If receipts are not practical (such as a candy sale), the student treasurer with the assistance of the advisor should devise a method whereby the exact amount to be realized by the sale is determined in advance. Each sales person should be given a statement showing the amount which is to be received. After the sale, each salesperson should then turn in that amount in cash and/or unsold goods. Documentation should be filed to back up deposits made by the student treasurer.

BATAVIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS SUMMARY OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 Continued)

We suggest the administrators of the District, Central Treasurer and advisors review the Safeguarding, Accounting, and Auditing of Extraclassroom Activity Funds - Finance Pamphlet 2, issued by the State of Education Department which covers internal controls over cash receipts as well as other recommended policies and procedures.

ACTIVITY FUND MANAGEMENT

During our audit of the Extraclassroom Activities Fund, we noted instances in which neither a budget or profit and loss analysis for fund-raising events was prepared.

The Board of Education has the ultimate responsibility for the safeguarding of the Extraclassroom Activity Fund. The Board delegates this responsibility to the Central Treasurer, the Faculty Advisors and the Student Treasurers.

In order to help monitor the plans and operations of the various activities, we suggest that at the start of each school year the activity advisors and activity officers prepare a program outline indicating the various events to be held, the anticipated profits and the plans for the proceeds. A copy of the program outline should be given to the faculty advisor and the Central Treasurer so they can anticipate the various events throughout the year.

As each event is completed, the program outline should be compared to the actual results. The Profit and Loss Analysis should be filed with the activity records for future reference.

DEFINITION

During our audit, it came to our attention that there were some clubs that did not appear to meet the established criteria for an extraclassroom activity. They did not appear to be organized for the benefit of a student organization, nor were the activities of the club conducted by students. Extraclassroom Finance Pamphlet 2 defines an extraclassroom activity as "an organization within a school district whose activities are conducted by and for the students and whose financial support is raised other than by taxation or through charges of the Board of Education." The pamphlet goes on to state that "Extraclassroom activities are those operated by and for the students." Monies are usually collected voluntarily by students and are spent by them as they see fit so long as they abide by established guidelines.

We recommend that the Board of Education review and evaluate these clubs to determine if they meet the criteria of an Extraclassroom Activity.