

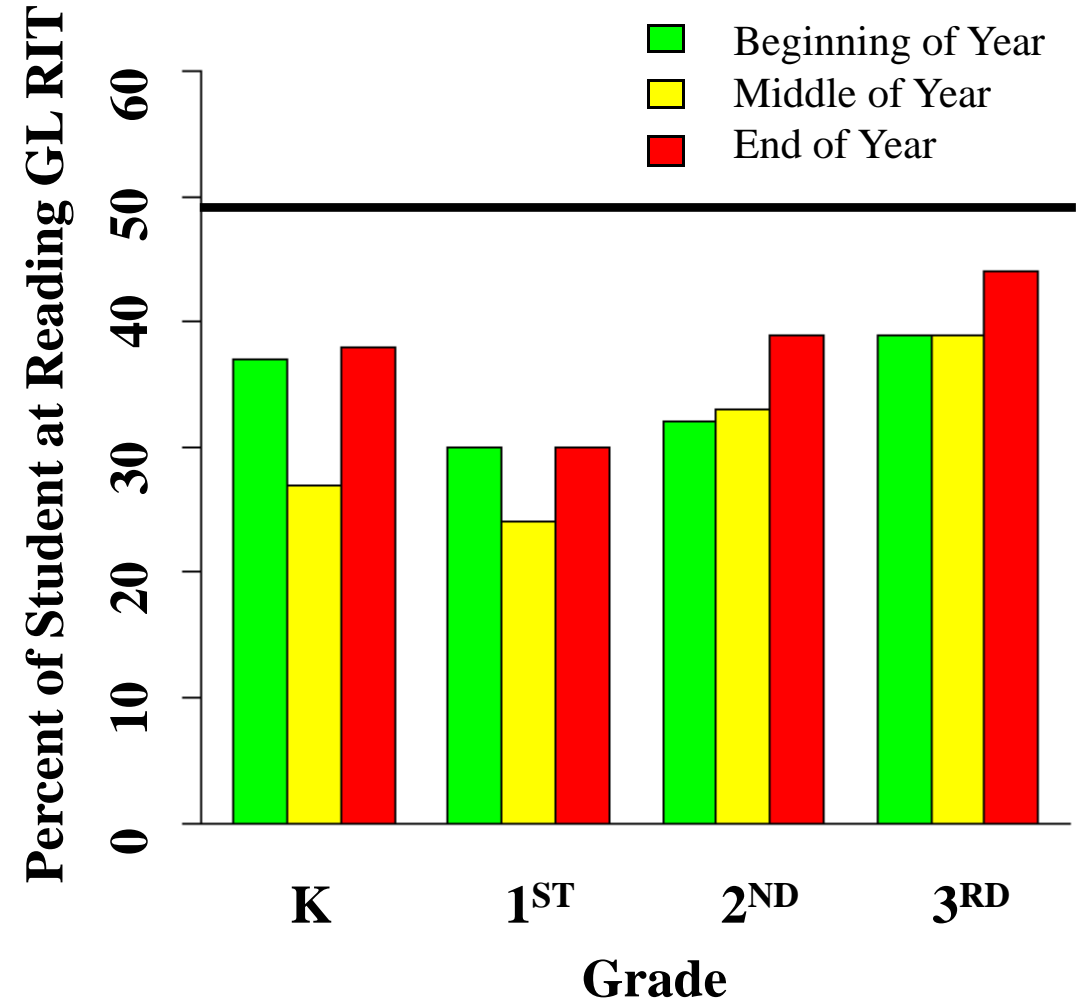
Summary of K-10th grade 2016-17 Math and Reading MAP Data

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Tyler ISD Goal #1: 85% of K-3 students will be reading at grade level RIT by spring 2021

Grade	2015	2016	% Change
K	36%	38%	+ 5.5%
1	28%	30%	+ 7.1%
2	35%	39%	+ 11.4%
3	42%	44%	+ 4.8%



Every grade showed progress from last year to this year **and** from beginning to end of this year.

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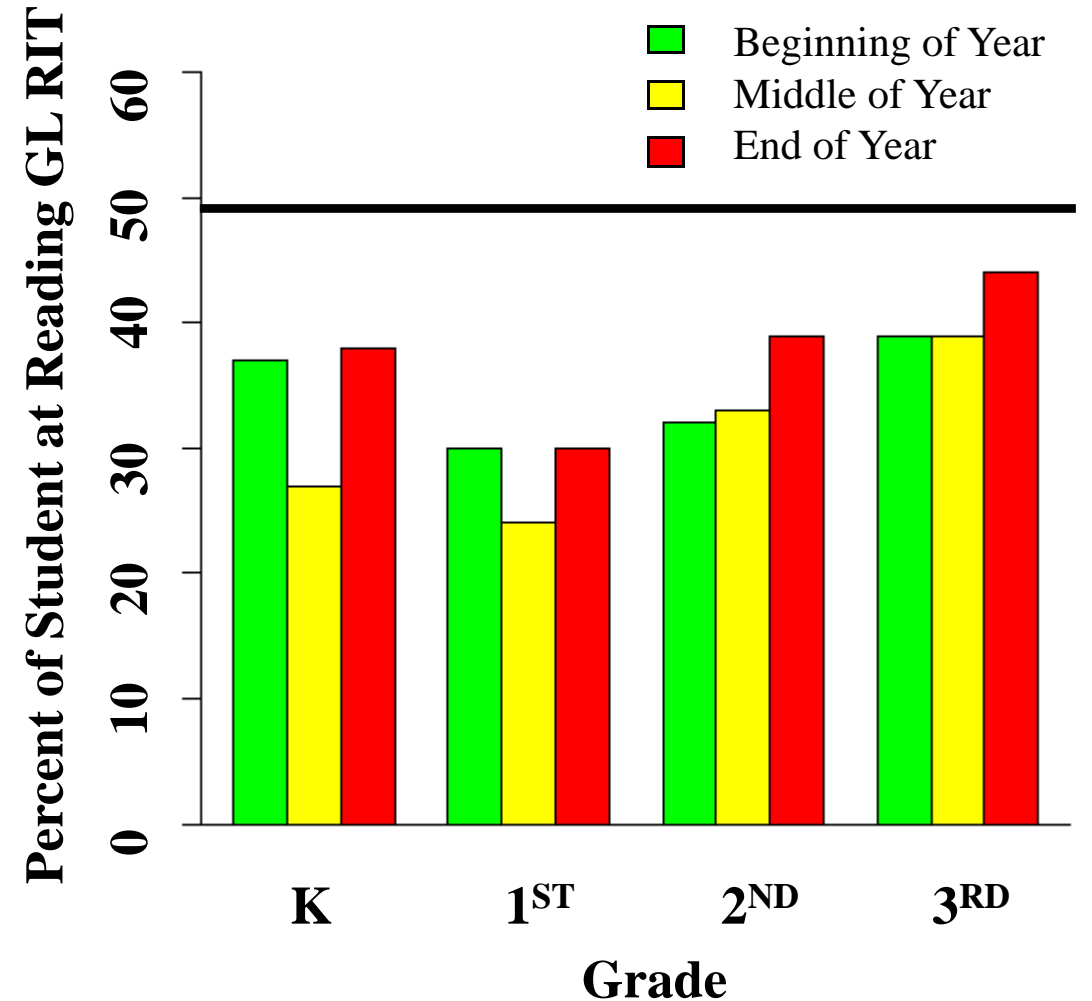
1- K-3rd grade:

Spring 2016 base: 35% \geq GL RIT

Spring 2017 average: 38% \geq GL RIT

Spring 2017 target: 49% \geq GL RIT

We made steady progress from last year to this year and expect to see more significant growth this year.



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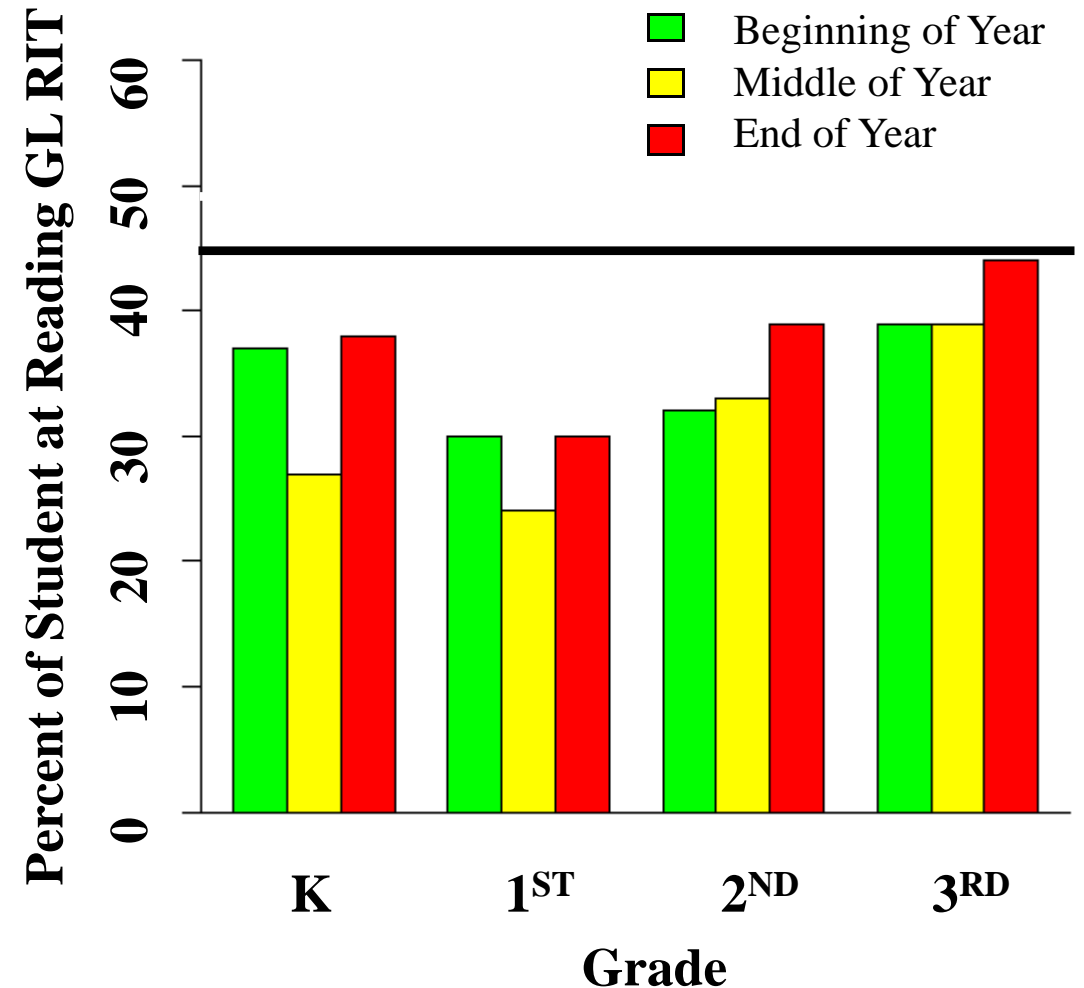
1.2 - 3rd grade only:

Spring 2016 **base**: 39% \geq GL RIT

Spring 2017 **average**: 44% \geq GL RIT

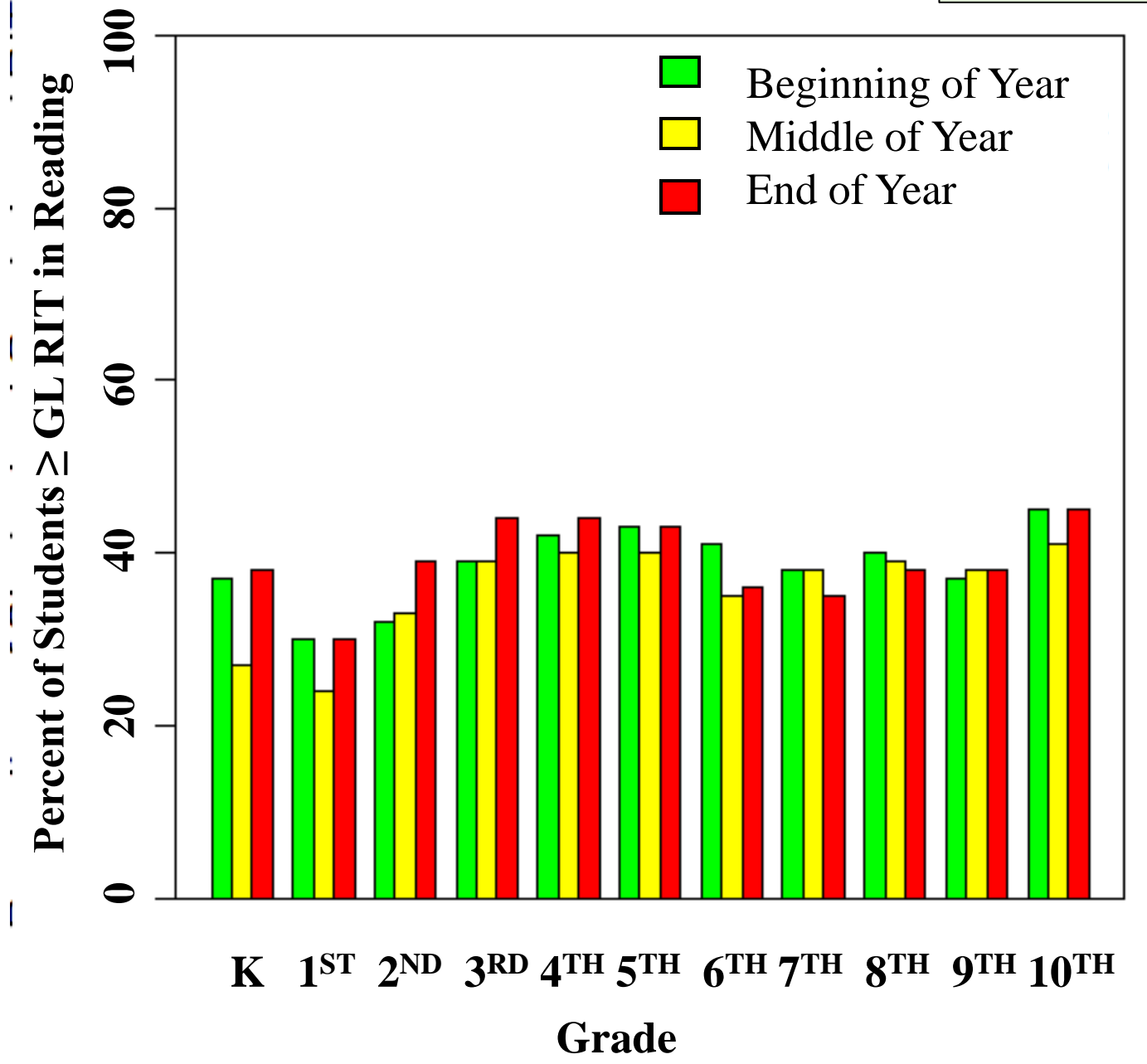
Spring 2017 **target**: 45% \geq GL RIT

We effectively met our 2017 goal 1.2 with 44% of 3rd graders being at or above grade level in reading.



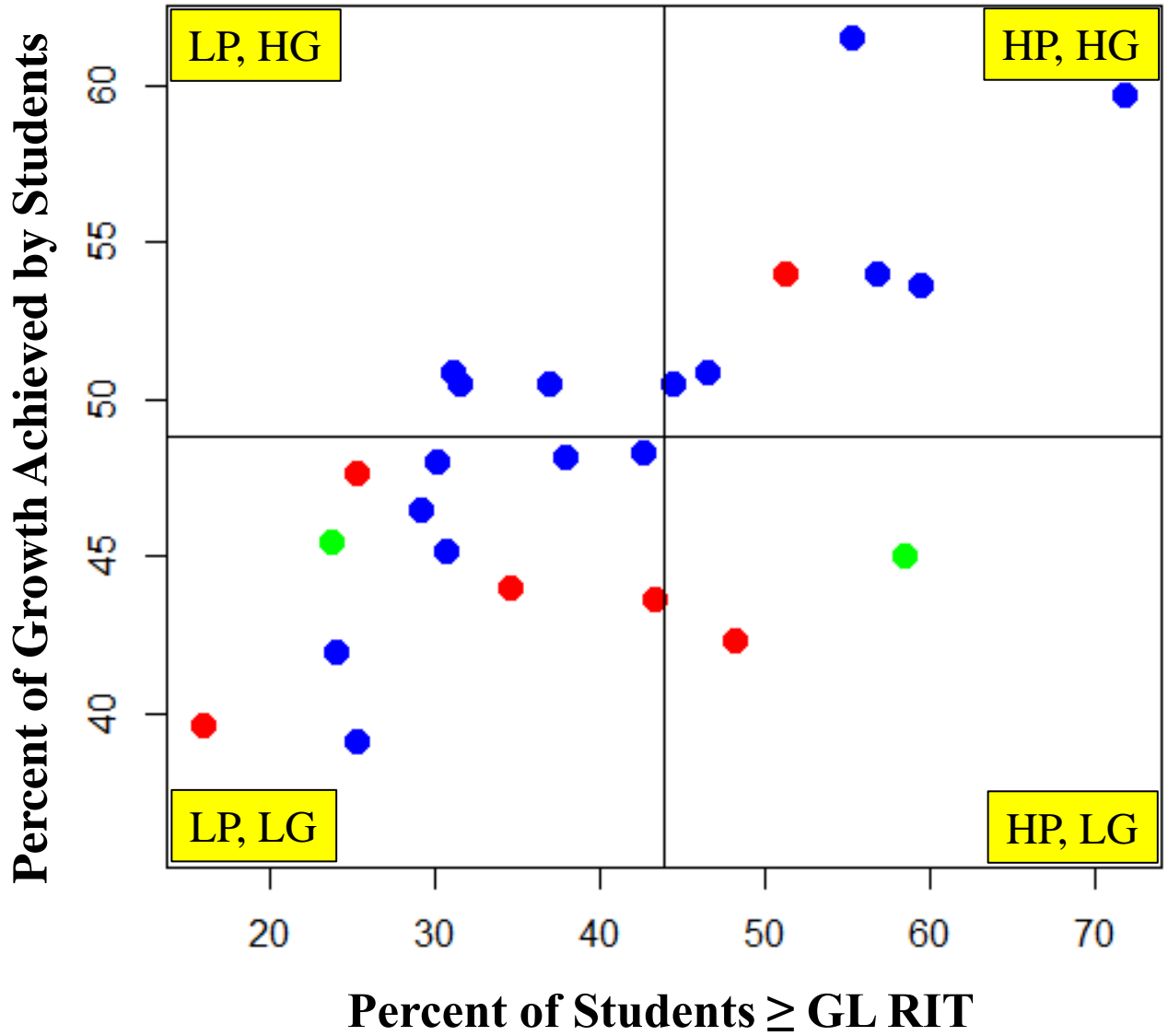
How many students are AT or ABOVE grade level in reading?

- Proportion of students at grade level in reading is consistent across all grades with the exception of 1st grade (which is slightly lower).
- RIT scores tend to improve as the school year progresses



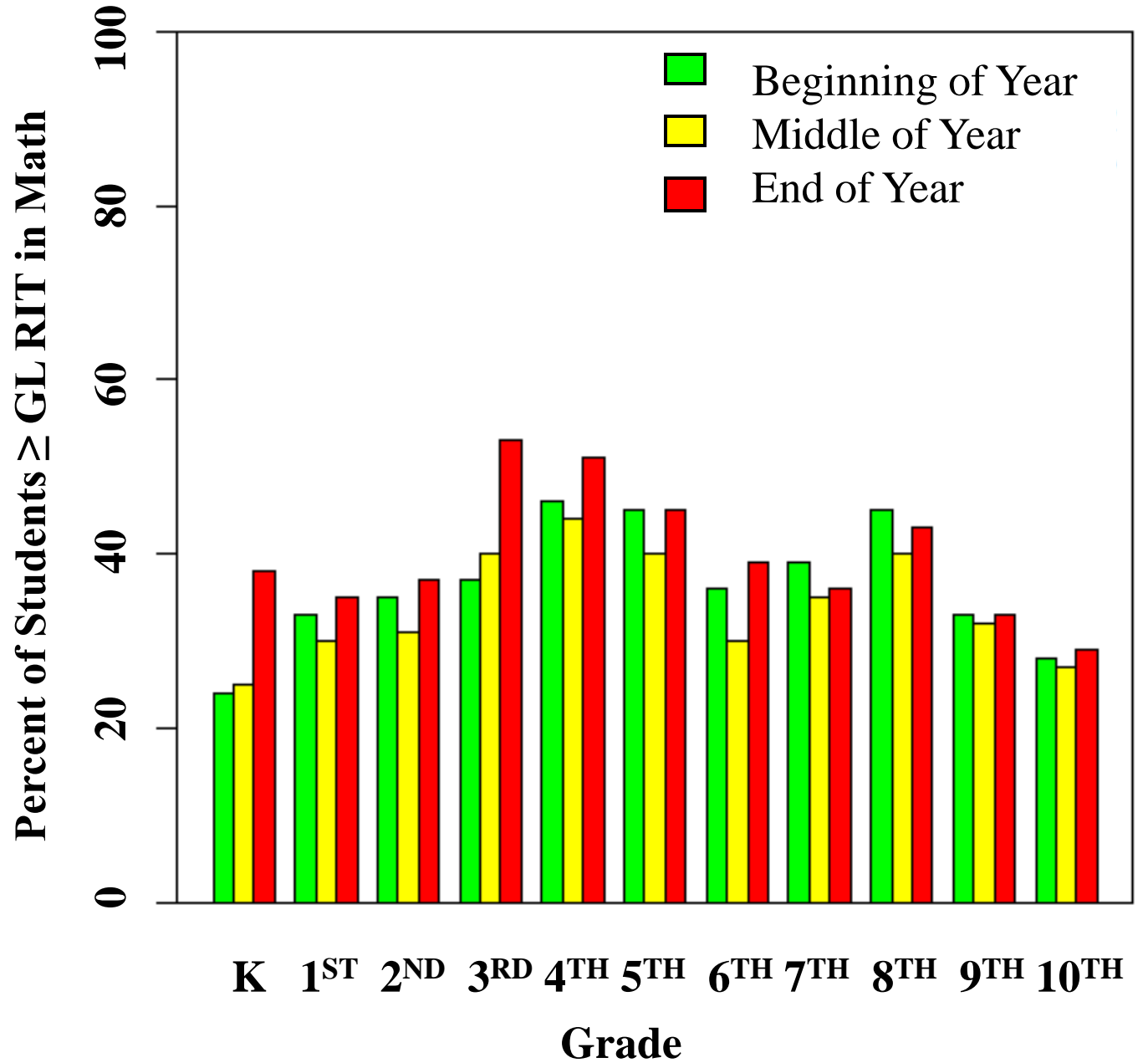
Are students showing growth in reading?

- All schools are showing at least 30% growth in reading RIT scores
- Most elementary schools are in “high growth” quadrats regardless of current performance
- High performing schools tend to show more growth than low performing schools



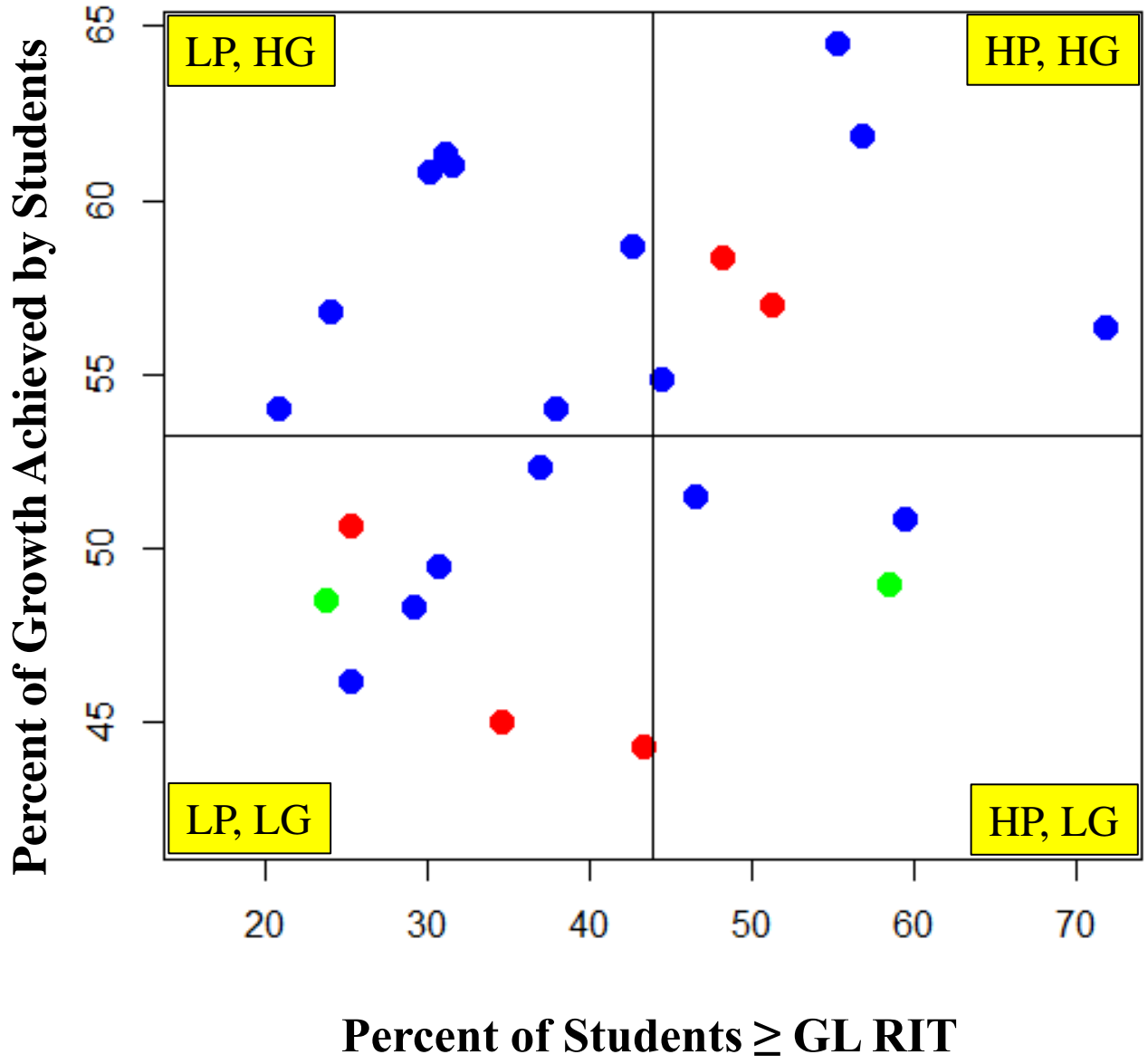
How many students are AT or ABOVE grade level in math?

- Proportion of students at or above grade level in math is highest in 3rd-5th and 8th grades.
- RIT scores tend to improve as the school year progresses
- Math scores generally are higher than reading scores



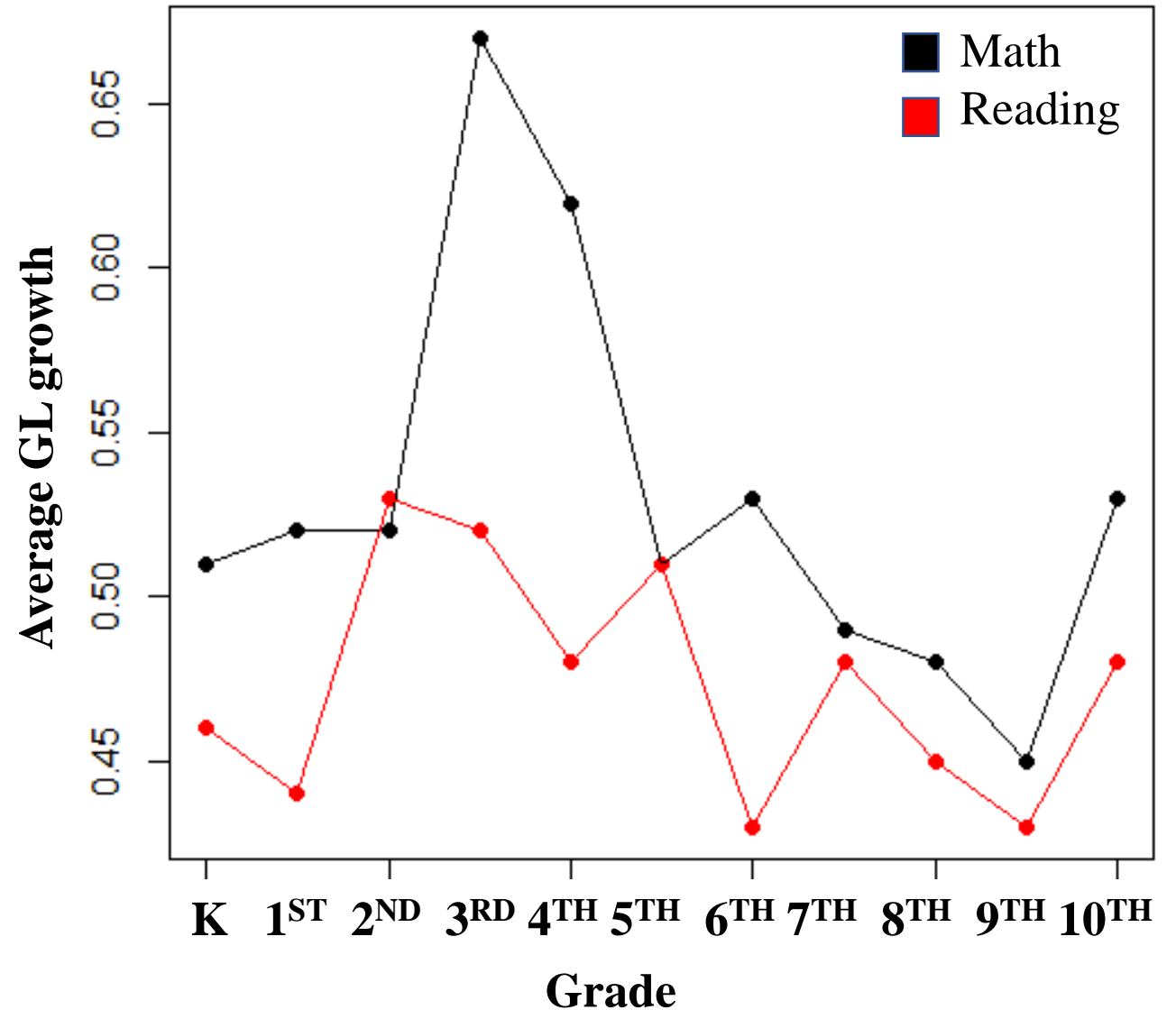
Are students showing growth in math?

- All schools are showing growth of at least 40% in math
- Most schools tend to show high growth regardless of the current percent of students \geq GL RIT
- Elementary schools tend to show more growth than middle or high schools



Are students growing more in math
than reading?

- Yes! Students grow more in math than reading in **ALMOST EVERY GRADE**.
- Why does this matter? Because there is a **VERY STRONG** correlation between student growth and RIT score (**higher growth = higher score**).



What does all of this mean for TISD?

- The majority of students are showing growth in most grades and schools.
- Primary focus needs to be on improving **reading** in early grades.
- If K-3 reading scores improve, we can accomplish District Goal #1 of getting 85% of K-3 students \geq GL by 2021.