# Navigating Change:

KANSAS GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS





### **MISSION**

To prepare Kansas students for lifelong success through rigorous, quality academic instruction, career training and character development according to each student's gifts and talents.

### VISION

Kansas leads the world in the success of each student.

### **MOTTO**

Kansans Can

### SUCCESS DEFINED

A successful Kansas high school graduate has the

- Academic preparation,
- · Cognitive preparation,
- · Technical skills,
- · Employability skills and
- Civic engagement

to be successful in postsecondary education, in the attainment of an industry recognized certification or in the workforce, without the need for remediation

### **OUTCOMES**

- Social-emotional growth measured locally
- Kindergarten readiness
- Individual Plan of Study focused on career interest
- High school graduation
- Postsecondary success



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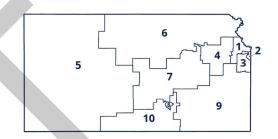


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### **NAVIGATING CHANGE:**

### KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

Since the Kansas State Board of Education adopted its new vision for Kansas education - Kansans Can - nearly five years ago, Kansas schools have been on a journey to change the way we approach school to ensure that each student is successful when entering young adulthood.

Now, because of the COVID-19 pandemic, we find ourselves thrust into a period of rapid change, uncertainty, and heightened stress and anxiety for educators, parents and students for the coming school year.

Will there be school? What if the pandemic forces another school closure? How do we keep students, teachers and staff safe and healthy?

These are the questions on everyone's minds. And these are the questions this Navigating Change guidance document is intended to address.

More than 700 teachers, administrators, parents, school board members, service center employees, members of the medical community and Kansas State Department of Education (KSDE) employees collaborated to develop this guidance document. We are indebted to them for the work and passion they committed to developing this document.

The only certainty this pandemic has brought to our K-12 education community is that school will look, and should look, different in every district. Learning environments must be tailored to the specific needs of each family and school community. Regardless of how those environments are tailored, the State Board of Education stresses that rigor and accountability must be maintained throughout the year.

Some districts will be able to bring all students back into the classroom. Some districts may need to implement a remote learning environment, while others may need to implement a hybrid learning environment. We anticipate that these environments will be everchanging over the course of this school year.

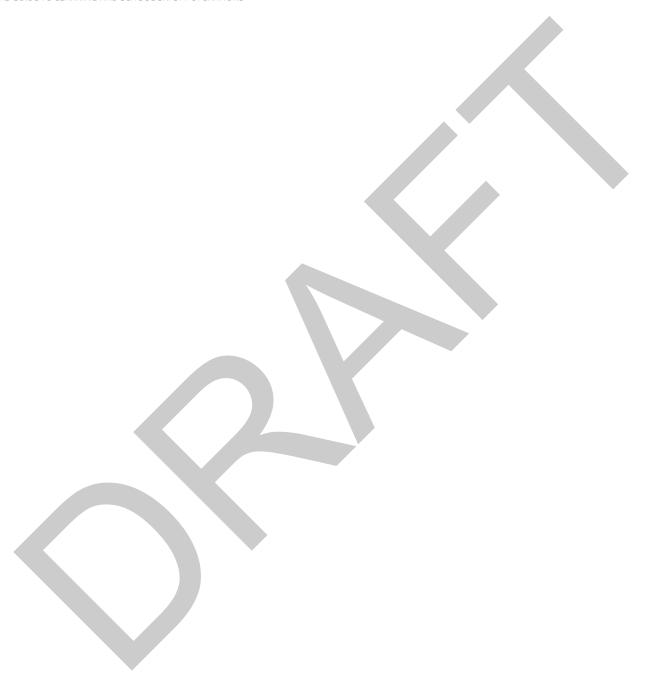
This guidance provides multiple options in order to help facilitate district-level discussions as contingency plans are developed. Districts will only be successful if they have the flexibility to design learning environments that meet their unique needs created by the pandemic.

Yes, these are uncharted waters, but as Kansans have done for more than 150 years, we will work together to get through this and to ensure Kansas students continue to receive the world class education they deserve.

Sincerely,

Dr. Randy Watson

Kansas Commissioner of Education



# NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Introduction

This guidance document, "Navigating Change: Kansas' Guide to Learning and School Safety Operations," was created to help support schools as they begin to formulate their plans for re-entry into the 2020-2021 school year.

Nearly 1,000 Kansans, including policymakers, health officials, educators and stakeholders, worked on this document, including identifying the professional development needs of educators.

The purpose of this document is not to prescribe what schools should do, but rather what considerations and discussions should happen in schools as they plan to support their students and communities as they navigate the uncharted waters of providing a quality education during the COVID-19 pandemic. The guidelines are written in a manner that can be useful across the district, but adaptable to a district's specific circumstances. While medical professionals contributed to the creation of the document, it is understood that as new information about the transmission of COVID-19 becomes available, the guidance may further adjust.

The guidelines were created with two overarching questions in mind:

- **1.** How do we keep students, educators, and community members as safe as possible? **(Operations)**
- **2.** How do we ensure each student is learning and being supported regardless of the learning environment? (**Instruction**)

This document provides guidance, recommendations and examples. However, it is understood that each district's needs can only be addressed through its own individual contingency planning. It is advised that districts create a task force to review and create their contingency plans. The task force may include various stakeholders, such as students, students' families, medical professionals, teachers, building leaders, district leaders and board members. It is recommended that ongoing and regular communication between the school district and county health officials be established as the plans are being developed and implemented.

Throughout this document there will be three learning environments that are referenced:

- On-site Learning Environment: students and teachers will be in school with or without social distancing practices put into place.
- **Hybrid Learning Environment:** students would be spending part of their time in the classroom and part of their time learning virtually from home
- Remote Learning Environment: students would be doing all of their learning from home and not entering the school building at all.

# Questions that may need to be answered in the development of the district's contingency plan include:

- What restrictions or regulations (i.e. masks, group size, etc.) are currently in place in your county or statewide?
- As a result of the implementation of Continuous Learning this past spring, what improvements need to be made for learning that occurs outside of schools?
- What changes in roles and responsibilities will be needed to ensure high levels of student learning in a safe manner?
- What supports can be established to support students' health (mental and physical)?
- What supports can be established to support students' individual needs (i.e., students with disabilities, students learning the English language, at-risk students, etc.)
- How will student learning be assessed and reported?
- What technology is needed to ensure equal access?
- What physical modifications need to be made to ensure safety?
- How will equity and equal access be achieved?

- What protocols will need to be established regarding confirmed cases of Covid-19 on district grounds or community outbreaks?
- Are there other locations in the community that could be used to spread out populations/decrease group size?
- What contingency or redundancies need to be established to ensure smooth operations of a district in the event of an interruption?
- What supportive partnerships could be formed between districts?
- What training will need to be provided to staff members in advance of the school year?
- What models of instruction will be offered in your district?
- What is the communication plan for your district?
- What adjustments may be needed on the calendar to accommodate planning and professional development for staff members?
- What materials and resources will be needed initially and throughout the year to maintain student, staff and visitor safety?
- What partnerships could be formed to assist families, students and community members?

As Kansas continues to navigate these times of uncertainty, it's important to remember that we're all in this together. Take a moment to review the list of contributors at the end of this document. This guidance document was created by the same professionals we've tasked with educating and ensuring the well-being of each Kansas student.

### Kansans Can.

The information provided in this document does not constitute legal advice. This document is intended to provide support and guidance. Districts are encouraged to contact attorneys for specific legal advice regarding the handling of this pandemic.

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KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

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NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Funding Remote Learning

# **Funding Remote Learning**

# Funding Students in the Remote Learning Environment

The following conditions must be met in order to count students as enrolled and attending on the Principal's Building Report / Superintendent's Organization Report (SO66) who are not onsite September 21, 2020. Verification records must be made available to the auditor from the Kansas State Department of Education in order to receiving enrollment credit and funding for the student.

### Verification for Audit:

- Student must be enrolled on September 21,
- Student is assessed on the same standards and competencies as On-Site students.
- Student must have daily connection with a teacher. Such connection can be through telephone and/or interactive video conferencing. Note: Contact is required with at least one teacher, not all teachers.
- Student must maintain a daily log of activities signed by the student and parents and submitted to the school district. An example of a remote learning daily log is on the next page.

# **Funding Remote Learning**

# **Remote Learning Log**

| Date:                             |                              |                      |                     | USD: _            |                |  |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------|--|
| Student name:                     |                              |                      |                     | Student ID:       |                |  |
| Student grade:                    |                              | School:              |                     |                   |                |  |
| Name of teacher(s) who made c     |                              |                      | TECT TA             | I/ENI             | TOTAL MAINUTES |  |
| ACTIVITY/CLASS                    | ASSIGNMENTS<br>Y             | N                    | TEST TA             | N N               | TOTAL MINUTES  |  |
|                                   |                              |                      |                     |                   |                |  |
|                                   |                              |                      |                     |                   |                |  |
|                                   |                              |                      |                     |                   |                |  |
|                                   |                              |                      |                     |                   |                |  |
|                                   |                              |                      |                     |                   |                |  |
|                                   |                              |                      |                     |                   |                |  |
|                                   |                              |                      |                     |                   |                |  |
|                                   |                              |                      |                     |                   |                |  |
| certify that I am enrolled and pa | articipating in courses offe | red through the US   | D listed above.     | -                 |                |  |
| Student signature:                |                              |                      |                     | Date:             |                |  |
| certify that my child is enrolled | and participating in cours   | es offered through t | he USD listed above | <u>e</u> .        |                |  |
| Parent signature                  |                              |                      |                     | Date <sup>.</sup> |                |  |

# **Funding Remote Learning**



NAVIGATING CHANGE:
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Grade Band

# Pre-K-2

# **Access and Equity**

We recognize that our communities are diverse and so are the needs and aspirations of the students we serve. Incorporating an access and equity lens into how you plan and deliver instruction, services, and support, not only makes it more safe, meaningful, and effective but ensures that you are doing so in a way that thoughtfully engages and includes individuals and communities who have been historically excluded. We strongly encourage you to incorporate an access and equity lens focused on all students as you incorporate the guidance contained in this document.



# What does the Law Require?

If a school district has elected to provide the general education curriculum this school year via multiple learning environments (e.g., on-site, hybrid, and remote), then the district must ensure that each student has equal access to the same opportunities. This includes students with disabilities and students of every race, color, and national origin. School district officials have discretion to make educational decisions based on local health needs and concerns. Compliance with national, state, and local health recommendations should not create civil rights concerns. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504) prohibits disability discrimination by schools receiving federal financial assistance. Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Title II) prohibits disability discrimination by public entities, including schools. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Title VI) prohibits race, color, and national origin discrimination by schools receiving federal funds. As school leaders respond to evolving conditions, they should be mindful of the requirements of Section 504, Title II, and Title VI, to ensure that all students are able to study and learn in an environment that is safe and free from discrimination.

School districts should continually discuss and evaluate whether any education learning environment it is implementing is discriminatory, either on its face or as implemented, results in discrimination to a specific group of students protected by federal anti-discrimination laws.

For students with disabilities and an IEP this includes a free appropriate public education (FAPE). School districts must provide a FAPE to students with disabilities and an IEP consistent with the need to protect the health and safety of students with disabilities and those individuals providing education, specialized instruction, and related services to these students. In this unique and everchanging environment, these exceptional circumstances may affect how all educational and related services and supports are provided. FAPE may include, as appropriate, special education and related services provided through an on-site learning environment, a hybrid learning environment, or a remote learning environment.



# What are Ways I Can Do That?

1. Establish a plan and schedule to reflect and evaluate on whether the education and services being provided are effective for diverse students. Analyze relevant data on engagement and academics to determine whether students of color, English language learners, immigrant students, students with disabilities, students who are gifted, students who qualify for free and reduced lunch, among others, are learning. This should be discussed and evaluated separately by learning environment (e.g. in-person, hybrid, and remote learning environment). If any of these groups are not succeeding within the given learning environment, the instructional approach might need to be more culturally responsive. This should be done individually, by all educators, and collectively at the building and district level on a set schedule throughout the school year. Individuals and groups should work to identify success gaps for certain students or groups or students, determine why this success gap is occurring, and action plan to mitigate the gap and prevent future gaps from occurring.

- 2. Work and study collaboratively within your building or district to understand inequity by design and its impact on student instruction. Identify resources that will be helpful to each educator and collectively, as a building and district, in confronting and addressing access and equity. This is a significant and important task and is not just accomplished by KSDE providing a few resources, but the following resources are shared as a starting point for continuing this important work within each classroom (on-site, hybrid, or remote), building, and district.
  - a. Clinton, J. (2020). Supporting Vulnerable Children in the Face of a Pandemic: A paper prepared for the Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment. Centre for Program Evaluation, Melbourne Graduate School of Education, The University of Melbourne. <a href="https://www.dese.gov.au/system/files/doc/other/clinton\_supporting\_vulnerable\_children\_final.pdf">https://www.dese.gov.au/system/files/doc/other/clinton\_supporting\_vulnerable\_children\_final.pdf</a>
  - **b.** New Jersey Department of Education Internal Equity Team list of resources, <a href="https://www.nj.gov/education/equity/resources/">https://www.nj.gov/education/equity/resources/</a>
  - **c.** Culturally Reponsive Teaching and The Brain by Zaretta Hammond, <a href="https://crtandthebrain.com/">https://crtandthebrain.com/</a>
  - **d.** Coaching for Equity by Elena Aguilar (forthcoming)
  - **e.** Excellence Through Equity: Five Principles of Courageous Leadership to Guide Achievement for Every Student by Alan M. Blankstein and Pedro Noguera with Lorena Kelly



- **3.** Across all learning environments, ensure educators are focused on building and maintaining relationships with students. There are many positive stories about how this occurred during continuous learning in the spring of 2020. This will be more critical as we move into the 2020–21 school year. But we can't stop at building and maintaining relationships. Educators then must use those relationships as an entry point into positive and meaningful instruction for all students.
- **4.** Maintain equitable access to your school's offered programs and practices. Implement programs and practices that provide equal access and enable all students to thrive academically, athletically, socially, and emotionally.
- 5. Demonstrate inclusive teaching and learning. Examine and revise your curriculum and teaching practices as necessary to ensure that you are effective in reaching every student. Train your teachers to recognize and to understand the range of needs, social-emotional and academic, among your students and to hone their skills in building and sustaining an inclusive classroom.

- **6.** Encourage self-reflection and exploration. Teach individuals to self-reflect, question their cultural viewpoints and assumptions, and to modify them when appropriate. Commit to exploring your school's unique cultures to better understand the encounters of people from diverse backgrounds and to challenging your own practices.
- 7. Have meaningful interaction and dialogue. Challenge everyone to interact meaningfully with the entire school community and to learn from each other, honoring differences. Create a safe environment allowing for expression of differences in ways that encourage dialogue and education rather than alienation.
- **8.** Encourage community involvement and service: Use the above practices to instill a consciousness of social justice, an ethic of citizenship, and a commitment to service. Teach and practice responsibility towards and engagement in your school, your larger community, and the world.

Grade Band

# Pre-K-2

# Competencies

Kansans should be proud of everything accomplished while navigating unprecedented times and facing unique educational challenges in the response to COVID-19.

A Continuous Learning Task Force commissioned by the Kansas State Department of Education (KSDE) developed meaningful ways to help Kansas school districts successfully complete the 2019-2020 school year with social-emotional support and grace for all stakeholders among its top priorities.

As schools contemplate options and await more specific guidance for the safe return of students and staff in the fall of 2020, instructional planning within districts should include considerations for the possibility of interruptions to learning because of COVID-19. To provide resources and guidance, Kansas Commissioner of Education Dr. Randy Watson assembled the Learning for the Future Task Force. With more time to prepare, this team was charged with developing a comprehensive way to ensure academic rigor and that schools can assess student learning in meaningful and actionable ways.

What follows is the result of recent collaboration among nearly 100 Kansas teachers, administrators, service centers, educational consultants, KSDE program directors and more. The goal was to review and analyze nearly 30 years of work among current Kansas Standards and, in 30 days, develop a competency-based model in PreK-2, 3-5, 6-8 and 9-12 grade bands that is also organized by broader themes of Humanities and STEAM.

This work has the potential to change the way we meet students' needs for the next 30 years and beyond by allowing students to demonstrate mastery of their learning in a variety of ways.

In a competency-based model, students move through the curriculum in a personalized way at their own pace, which is also aligned to their individual plan of study. Students progress or advance by demonstrating mastery when they are ready, not based on seat time or calendars

Competencies themselves are often broadly stated and may include groups of related standards within and between subject areas, resulting in an instructional learning environment that does not focus on teaching singular skills. This, in turn, provides for a variety of opportunities for students to demonstrate their learning in ways that are meaningful and relevant to them by exploring passions and asking their own questions as problem-solving prompts. To accomplish this, each student receives the differentiated support he or she needs to be successful and, after demonstrating mastery on his or her schedule, moves on to the next level.

This resource and accompanying guidance seeks to provide you and your leadership team with the foundation for planning and implementing a competency-based curriculum, instruction and assessment model for your school district, Pre-K-12, that will focus on rigor, accountability and an unwavering commitment to personalizing learning for students.



# **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

**AFNR** Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Agriculture, Foods and Natural **LPSCS** Resources Security AC Architecture and Construction Media Arts MA BC **Business Career** MATH Math **BC.BMAE** Business Management, Manufacturing **MNFR** Administration and

MUS Music Entrepreneurship PΕ Physical Education BC.F Finance SCI Science Marketing BC.M

Earth and Space Science **SCI.ESS** DNC Dance

Life Science SCI.LS Family and Consumer Sciences **FACS** 

SCI.PS Physical Science **ELA** English Language Arts

Social-Emotional Character **SECD ENG** Engineering

Development

STM **STEAM** 

> THR Theatre

History, Government and Social TRAN Transportation Studies

World Languages WL HUM Humanities

Visual Arts VA ΙT Information Technology

# **Grade Bands:**

Pre-K to 2nd grade 3rd to 5th grade IM 6th to 8th grade MS HS 9th to 12th grade

Health and Biosciences

Health

HB

HE

HGSS

# **English Language Arts (ELA)**

| ELA Classification     | COMPETENCY  | CODE      | STANDARDS   |
|------------------------|---|-----------|---|
| Writing                | A successful student can:   |           |   |
|                        | Priority: Draw/dictate/write to compose narrative texts, describing real or imaginary events or experiences.  | ELA.P 1.1 | CL.W.p4.1, CL.W.p4.3,<br>W.1.3, W.1.5, W.1.6,<br>W.1.10, W.2.3, W.2.5,<br>W.2.6, W.2.10, ELP<br>Standard-EL.W.2.11,<br>EL.W.3.4   |
|                        | <ul> <li>Priority: Draw/dictate/write to compose informative texts that convey information on<br/>specific topics.</li> </ul>                                     | ELA.P 1.2 | CL.W.p4.1, CL.W.p4.3,<br>CL.W.p4.4, W.1.2, W.1.3,<br>W.1.5, W.1.8, W.1.10,<br>W.2.2, W.2.7, W.2.8, W.<br>2.11 ELP Standard-EL.<br>PK.W.PI.8, EL.W.3.4   |
| Speaking and Listoning | Priority: Examine a topic or text(s) and apply organizational strategies to support a personal opinion with drawing/dictating/writing.  A successful student can: | ELA.P 1.3 | A successful student can examine a topic or text(s) and apply organizational strategies to support a personal opinion with drawing/ dictating/ writing. W.1.1, W.1.5, W.1.10, W.2.1, W.2.3, W.2.7, ELP Standard-EL. PK.W.PI.8, EL.W.3.4 |
| Speaking and Listening | Priority: Speak effectively to express ideas for a variety of purposes.   | ELA.P 2.1 | CL.SL.p4.1, CL.SL.p4.1a,<br>CL.SL.p4.1b, CL.SL.p4.4,<br>CL.SL.p4.3, SL.1.1, SL.1.2,<br>SL.1.3, SL1.4, SL.1.7,<br>SL.1.8, SL2.1, SL.2.2,<br>SL.2.3, SL.2.6, SL.2.7,<br>SL.2.8, ELP Standard-<br>EL.SL.K.6, EL.SL.1. 6,<br>EL.SL.2.6      |
|                        | • <b>Priority:</b> Listen, view and interpret information from a variety of sources in order to make meaning and respond effectively.                             | ELA.P 2.2 | ELP Standard-EL.SL.K.2,<br>EL.SL.1. 2, EL.SL.2.2  |



| ELA Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE      | STANDARDS   |
|--------------------|---|-----------|---|
| Reading            | A successful student can:   |           |   |
|                    | Priority: Demonstrate that they understand and can manipulate sounds and letters that make up words.  | ELA.P 3.1 | CL.F.p4.2, CL.F.p4.2a,<br>CL.F.p4.2b, CL.F.p4.2b,<br>CL.F.p4.2c, CL.F.p4.2d.<br>ELP Standard-EL.RF.K.3,<br>EL.RF.1.3, EL.RF.2.3   |
|                    | Priority: Demonstrate the ability to comprehend, analyze and evaluate increasingly complex texts.   | ELA.P 3.2 | CL.IT.p4.1, CL.IT.p4.2,<br>CL,IT.p4.3, RF.K.1, RF.K.2,<br>RF.K.3, RF.K.4, RF.1.2,<br>RF.1.3, RF.1.4, RF.2.3a,<br>RF.2.4. ELP Standard-EL.<br>RF.K.4, EL.RF.1.4, EL.RF.2.4 |
|                    | <ul> <li>Priority: Make meaning of increasingly complex literary print and nonprint texts and<br/>provide text details to explain interpretations and thinking.</li> </ul>      | ELA.P 3.3 | RL.1.1, RL. 1.2, RL. 1.3 RL.<br>2.1, RL 2.2 ELP Standard-<br>EL.R.K.1, EL.R.1.1, EL.R.2.1   |
|                    | <ul> <li>Priority: Make meaning of increasingly complex informational print and nonprint texts<br/>and provide text details to explain interpretations and thinking.</li> </ul> | ELA.P 3.4 | ELP Standard-EL.R.K.1,<br>EL.R.1.1, EL.R.2.1  |
|                    | • <b>Priority:</b> Engage in large- and small-group research/inquiry to investigate topics of shared interest and to interpret, integrate and present information.              | ELA.P 3.5 | CL.SL.p4.1, CL.W.p4.4,<br>CL.W.p4.5, W.1.5, W.1.6,<br>W1.7, W.1.8, W.1.10,<br>W.2.5, W.2.6, W.2.10,<br>ELP Standard-EL.SL.K.4,<br>EL.SL.1. 4, EL.SL.2.4,                  |
|                    | Demonstrate that they understand that they understand that written letters represent specific sounds in words.  | ELA.P 3.6 | CL.F.p4.2, CL.F.p4.2a,<br>CL.F.p4.2b, CL.F.p4.2b,<br>CL.F.p4.2c, CL.F.p4.2d.<br>ELP Standard-EL.RF.K.3,<br>EL.RF.1.3, EL.RF.2.3   |

# PRE-K-2

# History, Government and Social Studies (HGSS)

| <b>HGSS Classification</b>           | COMPETENCY  | CODE       | STANDARD                                 |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------|--|
| Sense of Self                        | (K-2 Geography)   |            |  |
| (Dynamic Relationship)               | A successful student can:   |            |  |
|                                      | <ul> <li>Priority: Use maps, graphs, photographs and other representations to describe places important to<br/>them and the relationships and interactions that shape these places to analyze continuity and change<br/>over time.</li> </ul>   | HGSS.P 1.1 | Standard 5<br>5.1, 5.2, 5.3,<br>5.4      |
|                                      | • Extended: Describe how human activities affect the cultural and environmental characteristics of places or regions to investigate and connect relationships of human and physical characteristics within contemporary issues.                 | HGSS.P 1.2 | Standard 5<br>5.1, 5.2, 5.3,<br>5.4      |
| Civics/Government                    | (K-2 Civics/Gov)  |            |  |
| (Rights and Responsibilities)        | A successful student can:   |            |  |
| (Mg/H3 drid Nesponsionides)          | <ul> <li>Priority: Describe roles and responsibilities of people in authority to recognize and evaluate<br/>relationships.</li> </ul>   | HGSS.P 2.1 | Standard 2<br>2.1, 2.2, 2.3,<br>2.4      |
|                                      | • Extended: Describe how communities work to accomplish common tasks, establish responsibilities and fulfill roles of authority to draw conclusions and evaluate the rights and responsibilities of people living in that society.              | HGSS.P 2.2 | Standard 2<br>2.1, 2.2, 2.3,<br>2.4      |
| History: Societies Past and Present  | (K-2 History) A successful student can:   |            |  |
| (Continuity and Change Over<br>Time) | <ul> <li>Priority: Describe how people have tried to improve their communities over time and draw<br/>conclusions about how choices have consequences.</li> </ul>   | HGSS.P 3.1 | Standard 1<br>1.1, 1.2, 1.3,<br>1.4, 1.5 |
|                                      | • Extended: Generate questions about individuals and groups who have shaped a significant historical change to investigate and connect examples of choices and consequences within contemporary issues  | HGSS.P 3.2 | Standard 1<br>1.1,1.2, 1.3,<br>1.4, 1.5  |
|                                      | • <b>Priority:</b> Compare perspectives of people in the past to those of people in the present and investigate and connect relationships to make a claim using evidence and arguments.   | HGSS.P 3.3 | Standard 3<br>3.1, 3.2, 3.3,<br>3.4      |
|                                      | • Extended: Generate questions about individuals and groups who have shaped a significant historical change to acquire and organize information describing relationships between historical and contemporary events.                            | HGSS.P 3.4 | Standard 3<br>3.1, 3.2, 3.3,<br>3.4      |
|                                      | <ul> <li>(K-2 Econ)</li> <li>Priority: Describe the goods and services people in the local community produce and those that are produced in other communities to analyze and draw conclusions about continuity and change over time.</li> </ul> | HGSS.P 4.1 | Standard 4<br>4.1, 4.2, 4.3,<br>4.4      |
|                                      | • Extended: Describe why people in one country trade goods and services with people in another country and the impact of goods and services on individuals and communities to connect continuity and change to a contemporary issue.            | HGSS.P 4.2 | Standard 4<br>4.1, 4.2, 4.3,<br>4.4      |



# **Mathematics**

| Mathematics Classification           | COMPETENCY  | CODE       | STANDARD  |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------|---|
| Counting and Cardinality             | Overarching Competency A successful student can:  |            |   |
|                                      | <ul> <li>Demonstrate an understanding of numbers with proficiency to rote count, order,<br/>compare, subitize, match objects to and write numbers.</li> </ul>   | MATH.P 1.1 |   |
|                                      | • <b>Priority:</b> Rote count, identify and write numerals (within a given range).  | MATH.P 1.2 | PreK.CC.1, 2, 3,<br>1.NBT.1                                 |
|                                      | • <b>Priority:</b> Demonstrate the relationship between numbers and quantities starting with concrete representations and moving to the abstract (within a given range).  | MATH.P 1.3 | PreK.CC.4.(a-d),<br>PreK.CC. 5.<br>K.CC.4.(a-d),<br>K.CC.5. |
|                                      | Priority: Compare numbers (within a given range).   | MATH.P 1.4 | PreK.CC.6, 7, 8<br>K.CC.6, 7                                |
|                                      | • <b>Priority:</b> A successful student will begin to demonstrate an understanding of whole number relationships and place value, including grouping 10s and ones.  | MATH.P 1.5 | 1NBT.2(a-d)   |
| Operations and Algebraic<br>Thinking | Overarching Competency A successful student can:  |            |   |
|                                      | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to compute accurately.</li> <li>Make reasonable estimates.</li> <li>Understand meanings of operations.</li> <li>Use algebraic notation to represent and analyze patterns and relationships.</li> </ul> | MATH.P 2.1 |   |
|                                      | <ul> <li>Priority: Demonstrate an understanding of addition and subtraction with the use of objects, images or sounds.</li> </ul>   | MATH.P 2.2 | PreK.OA.1, 2, 3,<br>K.OA.1, 2, 3, 4,<br>1.OA.1, 2 2.OA.1    |
|                                      | • <b>Priority:</b> Apply the properties of operation and the relationship between addition and subtraction.   | MATH.P 2.3 | 1.OA.3, 4, 5  |
|                                      | Priority: Identify equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication.  | MATH.P 2.4 | 2.OA.3, 4   |
|                                      | Extended: Solve equations using addition and subtraction.   | MATH.P 2.5 | 1.OA.7, 8   |
| Required Fluency                     | • <b>Priority:</b> Demonstrate the ability to quickly and accurately verbalize and compute fact fluency (within a range of numbers).  | MATH.P 3.1 | K.OA.5, 1.OA.6<br>2.OA.2, 2.NBT.5                           |



| Mathematics Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE       | STANDARD   |
|----------------------------|---|------------|--|
| Numbers and Operations in  |   |            |  |
| Base Ten                   | Overarching Competency A successful student can:  |            |  |
|                            | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to think flexibly about whole numbers and will be able to<br/>represent quantities with an understanding of place value.</li> </ul>                          | MATH.P 4.1 |  |
|                            | • <b>Priority:</b> Demonstrate an understanding of composing and decomposing numbers (within a given range) using manipulatives, drawings and equations.                                      | MATH.P 4.2 | K.NBT.1  |
|                            | • <b>Priority:</b> Rote count, identify, compare and write numbers (within a given range).  | MATH.P 4.3 | 1.NBT.3,<br>2.NBT.2, 3, 4                        |
|                            | <ul> <li>Priority: Demonstrate an understanding of place value and show flexibility in<br/>composing and decomposing numbers (within a given range).</li> </ul>                               | MATH.P 4.4 | 2.NBT.1 (a-c)                                    |
|                            | <ul> <li>Priority: Show an understanding of place value and properties of operations to add<br/>and subtract in various ways (concrete models, equations, mental math).</li> </ul>            | MATH.P 4.5 | 1.NBT.4(a-c),<br>5, 6,<br>2.NBT.5, 6, 7,<br>8, 9 |
| Measurement and Data       | Overarching Competency A successful student can:  |            |  |
|                            | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to understand the systems and processes of<br/>measurement, and use appropriate techniques, tools, units and formulas in making<br/>measurements.</li> </ul> | MATH.P 5.1 |  |
|                            | • Priority: Describe and compare objects using measurable attributes.   | MATH.P 5.2 | PreK MD.1, 2, K<br>MD.1, 2                       |
|                            | • Priority: Measure and estimate lengths in standard units.   | MATH.P 5.3 | 1 MD.1, 2,<br>2 MD.1, 2, 3, 4                    |
|                            | • Extended: Represent and analyze data.   | MATH.P 5.4 | PreK.MD.3, 4,<br>K.MD.3, 1MD.3                   |
|                            | • Extended: Classify and interpret data within multiple categories.   | MATH.P 5.5 | 1.MD.4   |
|                            | • Extended: Use addition and subtraction to solve problems using length while also interpreting and creating data points in multiple units.   | MATH.P 5.6 | 2 MD.5, 6, 8, 9,<br>10, 11                       |



| Mathematics Classification                            | COMPETENCY  | CODE       | STANDARD                       |
|---|---|------------|--------------------------------|
| Geometry  | Overarching Competency A successful student can:  |            |                                |
|   | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to investigate the characteristics and properties of two and/<br/>or three-dimensional geometric shapes and apply transformations and symmetry in<br/>geometric situations.</li> </ul> |            |                                |
|   | Priority: Identify and describe shapes.   | MATH.P 6.2 | PreK.G.1, 2, 3,<br>K.G.1, 2, 3 |
|   | • Extended: Analyze, compare and compose two- or three- dimensional shapes by building, drawing or modeling.  | MATH.P 6.3 | PreK.G.4, 5,<br>K.G.4, 5, 6    |
|   | • <b>Priority:</b> Distinguish attributes of shapes and partition shapes into equal parts.  | MATH.P 6.4 | 1.G.1, 2, 3<br>2.G.1, 2, 3     |
| Problem-Solving, Modeling and Communicating Reasoning |   |            |                                |
|   | A successful student can demonstrate the ability to use the eight mathematical practices fluidly across skills and concepts:  | MATH.P 7.1 |                                |
|   | 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.  | MATH.P 7.2 |                                |
|   | 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.  | MATH.P 7.3 |                                |
|   | 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.   | MATH.P 7.4 |                                |
|   | 4. Model with mathematics.  | MATH.P 7.5 |                                |
|   | 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.   | MATH.P 7.6 |                                |
|   | 6. Attend to precision.   | MATH.P 7.7 |                                |
|   | 7. Look for and make use of structure.  | MATH.P 7.8 |                                |
|   | 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.   | MATH.P 7.9 |                                |

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# Science

| Science Classification                     | COMPETENCY  | CODE         | STANDARDS  |
|--|---|--------------|--|
| Physical Science:                          | A successful student can:   |              |  |
| Engineering                                | <ul> <li>Priority: Demonstrate proficiency with engineering and design skills such as asking<br/>questions, making observations, sketching or drawing and analyzing data across all<br/>sciences.</li> </ul>  | SCI.PS.P 1.1 | K-2-ETS1.1, K-2-<br>ETS1-2, K-2-ETS1-3,<br>ELP standards:<br>EL.SL.K.3,EL.SL.1.3<br>EL.SL.2.3                            |
| Forces and Interactions                    | • <b>Priority:</b> Explore how pushes, pulls, gravity, magnetism and mechanical forces have different strengths, can change the speed or direction of an object's motion, and can start or stop it.   | SCI.PS.P 1.2 | S.p3.1, S.p4.1,<br>(S.p4.2) (PS2-<br>2) (K-PS2-1)<br>ELP standards:<br>EL.SL.K.3,<br>EL.SL.1.3.                          |
| Waves                                      | • Extended: Explore the properties of light and sound.  | SCI.PS.P 1.3 | ELP standards:<br>EL.R.1.1, EL.R.2.1   |
| Structures and Properties of<br>Matter     | <ul> <li>Extended: Explore different kinds of matter and discover many of them can be either solid or liquid, depending on temperature. Matter can be described and classified by its:</li> <li>Observable properties.</li> <li>Different properties are suited to different purposes.</li> <li>Great variety of objects can be built up from a small set of pieces.</li> </ul> | SCI.PS.P 1.4 | 2-PS1-1, 2-PS1-<br>3, 2-PS1-4,<br>ELP standards:<br>EL.R.K.12,<br>EL.R.1.12, EL.R.2.12                                   |
| Life Science:                              | A successful student can:   |              |  |
| Structure and Function                     | Priority: Explore what organisms (plants and animals) need in order to live and grow.   | SCI.LS.P 2.1 | S.p3.1, S.p4.1,<br>S.p4.2, PS2-2,<br>K-PS2-1, ELP<br>standards:<br>EL.SL.K.3,<br>EL.SL.1.3.                              |
| Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems | Priority: Explore what organisms (plants and animals) need in order to live and grow.   | SCI.LS.P 2.2 | K-2-ETS1.1, K-2-<br>ETS1-2, K-2-ETS1-3,<br>ELP standards:<br>EL.SL.K.3,EL.SL.1.3<br>EL.SL.2.3                            |
| Engineering and Design                     | Priority: Demonstrate proficiency with engineering and design skills, such as asking questions, making observations, sketching or drawing and analyzing data across all sciences.   | SCI.LS.P 2.3 | 1-PS4-1, 1-PS4-4,<br>1-PS4-3, 1-PS4-4,<br>1-ESS1-1, 1-ESS1-<br>2, S.p3.2, S.p4.3<br>ELP standards:<br>EL.R.1.1, EL.R.2.1 |

| Science Classification   | COMPETENCY  | CODE          | STANDARDS   | ES      |
|--------------------------|---|---------------|---|---------|
| Earth and Space Science: | A successful student can:   |               |   | ENC     |
| Weather and Climate      | Priority: Ask questions, make observations and gather information about weather and weather patterns. | SCI.ESS.P 3.1 | 1-PS4-1, 1-PS4-4,<br>1-PS4-3, 1-PS4-4,<br>1-ESS1-1 , 1-ESS1-<br>2, S.p3.2, S.p4.3<br>ELP standards:<br>EL.R.1.1, EL.R.2.1                         | COMPETE |
| Earth's Systems          | Extended: Compare and test designs to show wind and water can change the shape of the land.           | SCI.ESS.P 3.2 | S.p4.6, K-ESS2-1,<br>S.p4.7, K-PS3-<br>4, K-ESS3-2,<br>S.p4.11, S.p3.5,<br>S.p3.5, S.p3.9 ELP<br>standards: EL.<br>R. 1.1, EL.R.1.13<br>EL.R.2.13 | SCIENCE |
| Space Systems            | Extended: Observe, describe and predict patterns of the motion of the sun, moon and stars.            | SCI.ESS.P 3.3 | 2-ESS1-1, 2-ESS2-<br>1, 2-ESS2-2,<br>2-ESS2-3, ELP<br>standards:<br>EL.R.1.1, EL.R.2.1  |         |

# **Measuring Social-Emotional Character Development**

Social-emotional character development (SECD) is paramount to student learning and school improvement. When students are supported to enhance their social and emotional learning (SEL) skills, they also improve their academic and career outcomes.<sup>1</sup>

### SECD + SEL = SEG

SECD are the Social Emotional Character Development standards for Kansas schools. SEL is the process by which children and adults learn how to understand and manage emotions, develop care and concern for others, set and achieve positive goals, and make responsible decisions. Together SECD and SEL result in SEG, social emotional growth.

Kansas schools have started to develop and track students' social and emotional

learning as an indicator of student success within accountability models. In Kansas K-12 education, SECD is embedded into the Kansas Education Systems Accreditation (KESA) and Kansas School Redesign. The following information can help guide Kansas schools as they seek ways to measure that growth.

# **SEL** is Strengths Based

SEL assessment requires a strengths-based approach: that is, assessment focuses on knowledge and use of skills that are actively taught and supported in the school setting. These SEG measures and the goal of assessment is distinct from screening for risk for mental and behavioral health needs. A strengths-based approach proactively builds on the strengths and skills individuals possess to foster further development of competencies, just as educators do for any other academic content area. In parallel, the

assessment of adult-driven SEL practices must be strengths based, focusing on methods for being proactive in holistically supporting young people's social, emotional, and academic development.

Assessment of social and emotional competencies helps paint a fuller picture of youth's capabilities and needs, while assessment of adult SE competencies and practices, as well as school climate and culture, paint a fuller picture of the support youth are given to gain and express these competencies. As widespread implementation of SEL practices gains traction, SEL data are increasingly available in multiple forms. Available data speak to culture and climate of settings, effective implementation of SEL programs and practices, and growth in individuals' development of social and emotional competencies.<sup>2</sup>

Farrington et al. 2012; Gayl, 2017; Heckman, 2008; West et al. 2016). These skills may also be malleable and amenable to intervention (Durlak, Weissberg, Dymnicki, Taylor, and Schellinger, 2011; What Works Clearinghouse, 2007

<sup>2</sup> Measuring SEL, CASEL 2019



# Data and Measuring SECD

Regarding data, Kansas school communities are encouraged to:<sup>3</sup>

- Be proficient in collecting, interpreting and analyzing data;
- Utilize multiple measures;
- Implement programs that are evidenced based:
- Become aware of all the sources of data available; and
- Be able to show how intentional interventions increase skill acquisition.

Schools should capitalize on their local experts, such as counselors, social workers, school psychologists, and early childhood educators, who are uniquely trained in social emotional development and the impact of community context in nurturing development. These professionals are positioned to help educational communities build capacity in adult SEL competencies, teaching, and measuring SECD.

# Three Types of Collectable Data

There are essentially three types of increasingly rigorous SECD data that schools may collect: Process Data, Perception Data, and Outcome Data.

# **PROCESS DATA:** What was done for whom?

- Evidence that the social emotional learning lessons occurred;
- How the social emotional learning lesson or activity was conducted;
- How many students were involved in core lessons (Tier 1);
- How many students also received Tier 2 or Tier 3 intervention

### Examples of process data:

- 33 staff were trained in the ABC SEL curriculum
- 3 lessons on bullying were taught in every class, 6-8th grade;
- 98% of key elements on the lesson plan were addressed (good fidelity of implementation);
- 201 of 204 students participated in the core lesson(s) and 3 were absent;
- 15 students participated in small group assertive skills intervention as well;
- 5 students participated in Cognitive Behavioral Intervention for Trauma in Schools (CBITS)

**PERCEPTION DATA:** What do people think they know, believe or can do? How do they feel their environment supports or impedes them?

- Measures perception of climate and culture;
- Measures what students or adults are perceived to have gained in knowledge, skills, attitudes or beliefs

### Examples of perception data:

- 89% of students reported seeing bullying at school on the Kansas Communities That Care Survey;
- 78% of students said that adults do "nothing" or "I'm not certain" in response to bullying;
- After training, 92% of teachers said they felt confident delivering the curriculum;
- After the bullying lessons, 69% of students believed they could implement one strategy to combat bullying (student perception, belief);
- After the bullying lessons, 95% of students said bullying is unacceptable (attitude);
- After assertive skills lessons, 89%
   of teachers felt that students were
   implementing strategies to be upstanders
   and reduce bullying (teacher perception of
   student skills);
- After teaching conflict resolution lessons, 78% of teachers said they were more likely to address conflict and potential bullying situations (teacher perception of adult skills);

Adapted from Dr. Sharon Sevier, Chair of the Board, American School Counselor Association, Rockwood R-VI School District, Lafayette High School, Missouri; Data and Advocacy: A Step by Step Approach. 2014.

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**OUTCOME DATA:** What is the impact on development, learning and wellbeing? Are we seeing growth in knowledge and performance/behaviors?

- Demonstrates a change in knowledge and/or skill in action;
- Demonstrates whether the program has/has not impacted the student's ability to utilize new knowledge, attitudes, behaviors, skills;
- Demonstrates whether or not change has occurred in climate and culture

Examples of Outcome data:

- Immediate Examples (pre/post):
- Before the bullying lessons 56% of students could correctly report
  the signs of bullying and after the bullying lessons, 98% of students
  correctly reported the signs of bullying (demonstrated knowledge
  increase);
- After the bullying lessons, 95% of students effectively demonstrated one strategy to address bullying (skill performance);

Intermediate Examples (quarter/semester/year):

- "Before the bullying lessons 50 cases of bullying were reported for the quarter; after the lessons, there were only 10 cases for the quarter."
- 82% of staff showed growth on the Adult SE Competency Self-Assessment from first to second semester.
- Long-range Examples (showing impact over time, i.e. CORE data):
- "On the Kansas Communities That Care survey, 20% fewer students reported witnessing bullying this year over last year. This correlated with decreases in depression and not feeling safe at school, and an increase in average GPA for these grade levels."

# Measuring Growth: Three Key Categories of SECD Data

Social emotional growth (SEG) results from the interplay of (a) proactive teaching and learning of social emotional skills and competencies, (b) a supportive culture and climate, and (c) a clear improvement cycle used by schools. We can teach skills, but if the culture allows little opportunity for practice throughout the day, and the climate is negative and deficit-focused or we ignore addressing mental health concerns, those skills may be difficult for students to put into action. Therefore, these three key categories of SECD Data are recommended when developing a robust approach to measuring SEG locally:

- 1. **VALIDATED STRENGTHS-BASED MEASURES**. For example, these often come with an evidence-based Social Emotional Learning curriculum to show attainment of knowledge, skills and behaviors that are being taught. These measures are usually either in the form of *perception data* or *outcome data* focused on knowledge or performance of skills/behavior.
- 2. **CULTURE AND CLIMATE**. Validated School Climate Data. For example, the Kansas Communities That Care survey obtains student perception data about school climate; likewise, the Kansas Family Engagement Survey obtains caregiver *perception data* about school climate. School Culture Data is often represented by "On-Track" Indicators such as: attendance, office discipline referrals and suspensions/expulsions, and course grades. Evidence of strong implementation of SEL curriculum may also be considered in this category.
- 3. **CLEAR IMPROVEMENT CYCLE DATA**. A responsive school has a consistent, system-wide process for reviewing Strengths-based Skill Measures against Culture and Climate data while screening for risk to get students additional supports they may need. A clear improvement cycle results in adaptations at the individual level to support students in need, and adjustments at the systems level to ensure a healthy culture and climate that fosters equity, learning and wellbeing.



Here is a listing of commonly collected SECD data sources and how they may relate to these three key categories.

| Commonly Collected Data <sup>4</sup>                        | SOURCES AND CATEGORY  | CATEGORY                   |
|---|---|----------------------------|
| SECD/SEL skill mastery                                      | Self, Teacher, Parent, Peer or Observer Rating or Other Assessment Tools commonly provided in evidence-based SEL curricula and programs   | Strengths-based<br>Measure |
| SEL Fidelity of Implementation and Adult Competencies tools | Commonly provided in evidence-based SEL curricula and programs  | Culture and climate        |
| Absenteeism   | School records  | Culture and climate        |
| Retention in grade  | School records  | Culture and climate        |
| Suspensions, Office Discipline<br>Referrals                 | School records  | Culture and climate        |
| Grades, Academic performance                                | School records, state assessments and other content formative assessments   | Culture and climate        |
| School climate perceptions                                  | Kansas Communities That Care Survey (KCTC), Family Engagement Survey (FES) or other student, family and/or staff survey   | Culture and climate        |
| School engagement   | School Surveys or Tools, such as the KCTC or Psychological Sense of School<br>Membership Scale (PSSM)   | Culture and climate        |
| Behavioral or mental health risk                            | <ul> <li>Universal Screeners, such as:</li> <li>BASC-BESS (Behavior Assessment System for Children-Behavioral and Emotional Screening System) SAEBRS (Social, Academic, Emotional Behavior Risk Screener)</li> <li>SRSS-IE (Student Risk Screening Scale – Internalizing and Externalizing)</li> <li>SDQ (Strength and Difficulties Questionnaire)</li> </ul> | Clear improvement cycle    |
|   | <ul> <li>The Ages and Stages Questionnaires (ASQ-3 and ASQ-SE2)</li> <li>Mental health screeners such as:</li> <li>SCAS (Spence Children's Anxiety Scale)</li> <li>Self, Teacher, Parent, Peer or Observer Rating or Survey</li> <li>Diagnostic tools as needed</li> </ul>  |                            |

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<sup>4</sup> Adapted from Hanover Research, 2018.



# Measuring Employability Skills

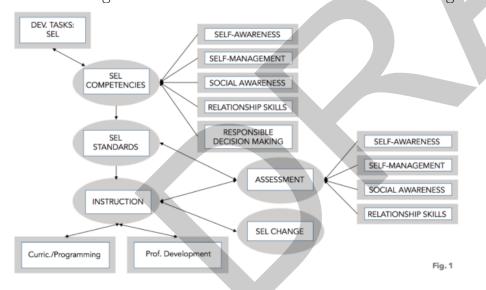
It is important that schools and districts measure the essential employability skills and knowledge that students gain from Work-Based Learning (WBL) experiences and give students an opportunity to document and reflect on their learning. The assessment and reflection process is critical in that it:

- Helps students make personal connections to their experiences.
- Guides the learning process and deepens/extends the learning from the WBL experience.
- Allows students to see how academic and technical skills are applied in authentic settings.
- Provides a tool for students to self-assess their employability skills and areas of improvement.
- Promotes the need for and completion of postsecondary training.

Additionally, measurement of student learning from WBL experiences provides schools and districts with data that inform continuous improvement of the quality of WBL experiences for all students. Schools and districts can use this data for multiple purposes aimed at improving the system at all levels. This includes measuring graduating students' career readiness; systematically determining gaps in employability skills acquisition to improve WBL experiences and academics at the student level and/or schoolwide; and reviewing the quality of WBL experiences across individual business and industry partners.

Please find the complete guide to measuring employability and work-based learning at: Measuring Employability Skills.5

How Assessing SECD/SEL Flows with the Overall SECD/SEL Program<sup>6</sup>





# Resources

The following resources align with the State Board Goal of "Measuring SECD/SEL Locally" and provide examples of how to collect SECD/SEL data at the district, building and student levels.

### Measuring SECD Toolkit<sup>7</sup>

This document summarizes examples of how to collect and utilize SECD data to drive decision making. Please check back closer to the beginning of school as it will be revised and posted.

### Kansas Communities That Care Survey<sup>8</sup>

The Kansas Communities That Care (KCTC) is the best tool for assessing student perceptions around SEL and all Kansas schools are encouraged to utilize it.

### Assessment Guide for SEL (CASEL)9

CASEL is the preeminent authority for developing, implementing and measuring SEL.

### Measuring Employability Skills<sup>5</sup>

For the first time KSDE has developed a document that helps schools learn how to assess and measure student employability and work-based learning skills.

# <u>Likert Scale for SECD Student Growth</u> Measure<sup>10</sup>

An example of how to measure individual student SECD skills

# Reflecting on Adult SE Competencies Personal Assessment and Reflection Tool 11

This tool from CASEL provides a framework and process for staff to reflect on their own social and emotional growth.

### Trauma-informed Toolkit<sup>12</sup>

This toolkit will help schools address trauma experienced by student, staff and families as a result of the current pandemic crisis.3

### Trauma, Toxic Stress, and Caregiver Well-Being: Practices for Fostering Resilience in Children/Youth and Caregivers (TASN)<sup>13</sup>

This TASN document addresses how to provide assistance for trauma, toxic stress, resilience and caregiver wellbeing.

### KSDE/TASN Suicide Prevention/Response/ Postvention Toolkit<sup>14</sup>

Teen suicide has been an issue for Kansas schools and as a result of the current crisis has become even more so. This is a comprehensive guide for schools in how to deal with suicidal ideation.

# National Center for School Crisis and Bereavement<sup>15</sup>

The current crisis has compounded the issues of grief and bereavement, both from typical social-emotional perspectives (i.e. student/family death) but also from current crisis perspectives (i.e. family loss of jobs, student/family displacement etc. This site addresses the many components and levels of crisis, grief and bereavement.

# <u>Kansans Can Competency Framework</u><sup>16</sup> offers numerous free tools and resources.

 PreK-12 College and Career Competency Sequence<sup>17</sup>

- 7 https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/CSAS/Content%20Area%20(M-Z)/School%20Counseling/Soc\_Emot\_Char\_Dev/Measuring%20SECD%20Toolkit.pdf?ver=2017-02-16-094209-983
- 8 <a href="http://kctcdata.org/">http://kctcdata.org/</a>
- 9 https://measuringsel.casel.org/access-assessment-guide/
- 10 https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/CSAS/Content%20Area%20(M-Z)/School%20Counseling/Soc\_Emot\_Char\_Dev/Likert%20Scale%20for%20SECD%20Student%20Growth%20Measure\_odf?ver=2015-02-24-121600-343
- 11 <a href="https://schoolguide.casel.org/focus-area-2/learn/reflecting-on-personal-sel-skills/">https://schoolguide.casel.org/focus-area-2/learn/reflecting-on-personal-sel-skills/</a>
- 12 https://www.transformingeducation.org/trauma-informed-sel-toolkit/
- 13 https://ksdetasn.org/smhi
- 14 <a href="https://www.ksde.org/Agency/Division-of-Learning-Services/Student-Staff-Training/Prevention-and-Responsive-Culture/Suicide-Awareness-and-Prevention/Kansas-Suicide-Prevention-Responsive-Culture/Suicide-Awareness-and-Prevention/Kansas-Suicide-Prevention-Responsive-Culture/Suicide-Awareness-and-Prevention/Kansas-Suicide-Prevention-Responsive-Culture/Suicide-Awareness-and-Prevention-Toolkit
- 15 <a href="https://www.schoolcrisiscenter.org/">https://www.schoolcrisiscenter.org/</a>
- 16 <a href="http://www.cccframework.org/">http://www.cccframework.org/</a>
- 17 <a href="https://ksdetasn.org/competency/prek-12-kansas-competency-sequence">https://ksdetasn.org/competency/prek-12-kansas-competency-sequence</a>



# Social, Emotional, Character Development Standards (SECD)

|  |  | _           |
|--|--|-------------|
| SECD Classification                          | COMPETENCY   | CODE        |
| Character Development:                       | A successful student can:  |             |
| Core Principles                              | <ul> <li>Understand and demonstrate appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and the impact it has on others in all communities.</li> </ul> | SECD.P 1.1  |
|  | • Exhibit clear and consistent expectations of good character throughout all school activities and in all areas of the school.             | SECD.P 1.2  |
|  | • Recognize characteristics of caring relationships, hurtful relationships, and can identify trusting adults.                              | SECD.P 1.3  |
|  | Understand active listening.   | SECD.P 1.4  |
|  | • Understand and demonstrate the difference between "tattling," "telling" and "reporting."   | SECD.P 1.5  |
| Responsible Decision-<br>Making and Problem- |  |             |
| Solving                                      | Identify and illustrate safe and unsafe situations.  | SECD.P 1.6  |
|  | Identify scheduled activities and allocate appropriate time to spend on each.  | SECD.P 1.7  |
|  | • Develop self-control skills (for example: stop, take a deep breath and relax).   | SECD.P 1.8  |
|  | Identify and demonstrate problem-solving processes.  | SECD.P 1.9  |
| Personal Development:                        | A successful student can:  |             |
| Self-Awareness                               | Identify and describe a variety of emotions.   | SECD.P 2.1  |
|  | • Identify situations within their control and outside their control that might evoke emotional responses.                                 | SECD.P 2.2  |
|  | Identify personal strengths and weaknesses.  | SECD.P 2.3  |
|  | • Identify people, places and other resources to go to for help (parents, relatives, school personnel).                                    | SECD.P 2.4  |
|  | Ask clarifying questions.  | SECD.P 2.5  |
| Self-Management                              | Identify and demonstrate techniques to manage common stress and emotions.  | SECD.P 2.6  |
|  | Identify healthy personal hygiene habits.  | SECD.P 2.7  |
|  | Describe and practice sending effective verbal and nonverbal messages.   | SECD.P 2.8  |
|  | Describe personal responsibilities in school, home and communities.  | SECD.P 2.9  |
|  | • Identify the process of setting and achieving personal, school and home goals (for example: hopes and dreams).                           | SECD.P 2.10 |



| SECD Classification  | COMPETENCY   | CODE        |
|----------------------|--|-------------|
| Social Development:  | A successful student can:  |             |
| Social Awareness     | • Label other's feelings based on verbal and nonverbal cues in different situations.   | SECD.P 3.1  |
|                      | Demonstrate an ability to listen to others.  | SECD.P 3.2  |
|                      | Demonstrate a capacity to care about the feelings of others.   | SECD.P 3.3  |
|                      | Describe ways that people are similar and different.   | SECD.P 3.4  |
| Interpersonal Skills | • Describe how words, voice tone and body language communicate and can impact relationships positively and negatively.   | SECD.P 3.5  |
|                      | • Demonstrate active listening, sharing and responding skills to identify the feelings and perspectives of others.   | SECD.P 3.6  |
|                      | <ul> <li>Recognize the difference between helpful and harmful behaviors in relationships and understands how to<br/>report harmful behaviors for protection in unsafe situations.</li> </ul> | SECD.P 3.7  |
|                      | • Identify and practice appropriate behaviors to maintain positive relationships.  | SECD.P 3.8  |
|                      | • Develop self-regulation skills to prevent, manage and resolve interpersonal conflicts constructively with guidance from adults.  | SECD.P 3.9  |
|                      | • Identify and practice healthy conflict resolution including self-regulatory skills to increasingly prevent, manage and resolve interpersonal conflicts constructively.                     | SECD.P 3.10 |

# **Humanities**

Academic subject areas that describe, study or inform the human experience, which includes, but is not limited to, literature, history, philosophy, visual arts and performing arts.

| Humanities             |  |           |   |
|------------------------|--|-----------|---|
| Classification         | COMPETENCY   | CODE      | STANDARDS   |
| ELA                    | A successful student can:  |           |   |
| Writing                | <ul> <li>Priority: Draw/dictate/write to compose narrative texts, describing real or<br/>imaginary events or experiences.</li> </ul>   | ELA.P 1.1 | CL.W.p4.1, CL.W.p4.3, W.1.3, W.1.5, W.1.6, W.1.10, W.2.3, W.2.5, W.2.6, W.2.10, ELP Standard-EL.W.2.11, EL.W.3.4  |
|                        | <ul> <li>Priority: Draw/dictate/write to compose informative texts that convey<br/>information on specific topics.</li> </ul>          | ELA.P 1.2 | CL.W.p4.1, CL.W.p4.3, CL.W.p4.4, W.1.2, W.1.3, W.1.5, W.1.8, W.1.10, W.2.2, W.2.7, W.2.8, W. 2.11 ELP Standard-EL. PK.W.PI.8, EL.W.3.4  |
|                        | Priority: Examine a topic or text(s) and apply organizational strategies to support a personal opinion with drawing/dictating/writing. | ELA.P 1.3 | A successful student can examine a topic or text(s) and apply organizational strategies to support a personal opinion with drawing/dictating/writing. W.1.1, W.1.5, W.1.10, W.2.1, W.2.3, W.2.7, ELP Standard-EL. PK.W.PI.8, EL.W.3.4 |
| Speaking and Listening | • <b>Priority:</b> Speak effectively to express ideas for a variety of purposes.   | ELA.P 2.1 | CL.SL.p4.1, CL.SL.p4.1a, CL.SL.p4.1b,<br>CL.SL.p4.4, CL.SL.p4.3, SL.1.1, SL.1.2,<br>SL.1.3, SL1.4, SL.1.7, SL.1.8, SL2.1,<br>SL.2.2, SL.2.3, SL.2.6, SL.2.7, SL.2.8, ELP<br>Standard-EL.SL.K.6, EL.SL.1. 6, EL.SL.2.6                 |
|                        | • <b>Priority:</b> Listen, view and interpret information from a variety of sources in order to make meaning and respond effectively.  | ELA.P 2.2 | ELP Standard-EL.SL.K.2, EL.SL.1. 2, EL.SL.2.2   |



| Humanities     |   |           |   |
|----------------|---|-----------|---|
| Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE      | STANDARDS   |
| ELA            | A successful student can:   |           |   |
| Reading        | • <b>Priority:</b> Demonstrate that they understand and can manipulate sounds and letters that make up words.   | ELA.P 3.1 | CL.F.p4.2, CL.F.p4.2a, CL.F.p4.2b,<br>CL.F.p4.2b, CL.F.p4.2c, CL.F.p4.2d. ELP<br>Standard-EL.RF.K.3, EL.RF.1.3, EL.RF.2.3   |
|                | Priority: Demonstrate the ability to comprehend, analyze and evaluate increasingly complex texts.   | ELA.P 3.2 | CL.IT.p4.1, CL.IT.p4.2, CL,IT.p4.3, RF.K.1,<br>RF.K.2, RF.K.3, RF.K.4, RF.1.2, RF.1.3,<br>RF.1.4, RF.2.3a, RF.2.4. ELP Standard-<br>EL.RF.K.4, EL.RF.1.4, EL.RF.2.4 |
|                | <ul> <li>Priority: Make meaning of increasingly complex literary print and nonprint<br/>texts and provide text details to explain interpretations and thinking.</li> </ul>        | ELA.P 3.3 | RL.1.1, RL.1.2, RL.1.3 RL.2.1, RL 2.2 ELP<br>Standard-EL.R.K.1, EL.R.1.1, EL.R.2.1  |
|                | <ul> <li>Priority: Make meaning of increasingly complex informational print and<br/>nonprint texts and provide text details to explain interpretations and thinking.</li> </ul>   | ELA.P 3.4 | ELP Standard-EL.R.K.1, EL.R.1.1,<br>EL.R.2.1  |
|                | <ul> <li>Priority: Engage in large- and small-group research/inquiry to investigate<br/>topics of shared interest and to interpret, integrate and present information.</li> </ul> | ELA.P 3.5 | CL.SL.p4.1, CL.W.p4.4, CL.W.p4.5,<br>W.1.5, W.1.6, W1.7, W.1.8, W.1.10,<br>W.2.5, W.2.6, W.2.10, ELP Standard-EL.<br>SL.K.4, EL.SL.1. 4, EL.SL.2.4,                 |
|                | • <b>Priority:</b> Demonstrate that they understand and can manipulate sounds and letters that make up words.   | ELA.P 3.6 | CL.F.p4.2, CL.F.p4.2a, CL.F.p4.2b,<br>CL.F.p4.2b, CL.F.p4.2c, CL.F.p4.2d. ELP<br>Standard-EL.RF.K.3, EL.RF.1.3, EL.RF.2.3   |



## Humanities Classification

Classification COMPETENCY CODE STANDARDS

#### **HGSS**

|   | CONT LILIACI  | CODE                  | JIANUAKUS                            |
|---|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| , | A successful student can:   |                       |                                      |
|   | <ul> <li>Priority: Use maps, graphs, photographs and other representations to describe places important to them and the relationships and interactions that shape these places to analyze continuity and change over time.</li> </ul> | HGSS.P 1.1            | Standard 5 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4        |
|   | • Extended: Describe how human activities affect the cultural and environmental characteristics of places or regions to investigate and connect relationships of human and physical characteristics within contemporary issues.       | HGSS.P 1.2            | Standard 5 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4        |
|   | • <b>Priority:</b> Describe roles and responsibilities of people in authority to recognize and evaluate relationships.  | HGSS.P 2.1            | Standard 2 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4        |
|   | • Extended: Describe how communities work to accomplish common tasks, establish responsibilities and fulfill roles of authority to draw conclusions and evaluate the rights and responsibilities of people living in that society.    | HGSS.P 2.2            | Standard 2 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4        |
|   | <ul> <li>Priority: Describe how people have tried to improve their communities over time and draw conclusions<br/>about how choices have consequences.</li> </ul>   | HGSS.P 3.1            | Standard 1 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5   |
|   | • Extended: Generate questions about individuals and groups who have shaped a significant historical change to investigate and connect examples of choices and consequences within contemporary issues.                               | HGSS.P 3.2            | Standard 1 1.1,1.2,<br>1.3, 1.4, 1.5 |
|   | • <b>Priority:</b> Compare perspectives of people in the past to those of people in the present and investigate and connect relationships to make a claim using evidence and arguments.   | HGSS.P 3.3            | Standard 3 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4        |
|   | • Extended: Generate questions about individuals and groups who have shaped a significant historical change to acquire and organize information describing relationships between historical and contemporary events.                  | HGSS.P 3.4            | Standard 3 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4        |
|   | • <b>Priority:</b> Describe the goods and services people in the local community produce and those that are produced in other communities to analyze and draw conclusions about continuity and change over time.                      | HGSS.P 4.1            | Standard 4 4.1, 4.2,<br>4.3, 4.4     |
|   | • Extended: Describe why people in one country trade goods and services with people in another country and the impact of goods and services on individuals and communities to connect continuity and change to a contemporary issue.  | HGSS.P 4.2            | Standard 4 4.1, 4.2,<br>4.3, 4.4     |
|   | <ul> <li>Priority: Use maps, graphs, photographs and other representations to describe places important to them and the relationships and interactions that shape these places to analyze continuity and change over time.</li> </ul> | HGSS.P 1.1            | Standard 5 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4        |
|   | • Extended: Describe how human activities affect the cultural and environmental characteristics of places or regions to investigate and connect relationships of human and physical characteristics within contemporary issues.       | HGSS.P 1.2            | Standard 5 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4        |
|   | • <b>Priority:</b> Describe roles and responsibilities of people in authority to recognize and evaluate relationships.  | HGSS.P 2.1            | Standard 2 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4        |
|   | • Extended: Describe how communities work to accomplish common tasks, establish responsibilities and fulfill roles of authority to draw conclusions and evaluate the rights and responsibilities of people living in that society.    | HGSS.P 2.2            | Standard 2 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4        |
|   |   | an autono auto af Ed. | restion I was bade over              |



| Humanities     |
|----------------|
| Classification |

**COMPETENCY STANDARDS** CODE

#### Mathematics

#### A successful student can:

- Demonstrate the ability to understand the systems and processes of measurement, and use MATH.P 5.1 appropriate techniques, tools, units and formulas in making measurements.
- Demonstrate the ability to represent and analyze data.
- Be able to classify and interpret data within multiple categories.
- Demonstrate the ability to use the eight mathematical practices fluidly across skills and
  - 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
  - 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
  - 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- 4. Model with mathematics.
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.
- 7. Look for and make use of structure.
- 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

MATH.P 5.4 PreK.MD.3, 4, K.MD.3, 1MD.3

MATH.P 5.5 1.MD.4

MATH.P 7.1



| Humanities<br>Classification                        | COMPETENCY   | CODE       |
|---|--|------------|
| SECD  |  |            |
| Character Development:                              | A successful student can:  |            |
| Core Principles                                     | <ul> <li>Understand and demonstrate appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and the impact it has on others in all communities.</li> </ul>                                 | SECD.P 1.1 |
|   | • Exhibit clear and consistent expectations of good character throughout all school activities and in all areas of the school.   | SECD.P 1.2 |
|   | • Recognize characteristics of caring relationships, hurtful relationships, and can identify trusting adults.  | SECD.P 1.3 |
|   | Understand active listening.   | SECD.P 1.4 |
|   | Understand and demonstrate the difference between "tattling," "telling" and "reporting."   | SECD.P 1.5 |
| Responsible Decision-<br>Making and Problem-Solving | Identify and illustrate safe and unsafe situations.  | SECD.P 2.1 |
|   | Identify scheduled activities and allocate appropriate time to spend on each.  | SECD.P 2.2 |
|   | Develop self-control skills (for example: stop, take a deep breath and relax).   | SECD.P 2.3 |
|   | Identify and demonstrate problem-solving processes.  | SECD.P 2.4 |
| Personal Development:                               | A successful student can:  |            |
| Self-Awareness                                      | Identify and describe a variety of emotions.   | SECD.P 3.1 |
|   | • Identify situations within their control and outside their control that might evoke emotional responses.   | SECD.P 3.2 |
|   | Identify personal strengths and weaknesses.  | SECD.P 3.3 |
|   | Identify people, places and other resources to go to for help (parents, relatives, school personnel).  | SECD.P 3.4 |
|   | Ask clarifying questions.  | SECD.P 3.5 |
| Self-Management                                     | Identify and demonstrate techniques to manage common stress and emotions.  | SECD.P 4.1 |
|   | Identify healthy personal hygiene habits.  | SECD.P 4.2 |
|   | Describe and practice sending effective verbal and nonverbal messages.   | SECD.P 4.3 |
|   | Describe personal responsibilities in school, home and communities.  | SECD.P 4.4 |
| 12  | • Identify the process of setting and achieving personal, school and home goals (for example: hopes and dreams).  DRAFT 3 07/09/2020  Kansas State Department of Education |            |



| Humanities           |  |            |
|----------------------|--|------------|
| Classification       | COMPETENCY   | CODE       |
| SECD                 |  |            |
| Social Development:  | A successful student can:  |            |
| Social Awareness     | Label other's feelings based on verbal and nonverbal cues in different situations.   | SECD.P 5.1 |
|                      | Demonstrate an ability to listen to others.  | SECD.P 5.2 |
|                      | Demonstrate a capacity to care about the feelings of others.   | SECD.P 5.3 |
|                      | Describe ways that people are similar and different.   | SECD.P 5.4 |
| Interpersonal Skills | <ul> <li>Describe how words, voice tone and body language communicate and can impact relationships positively and<br/>negatively.</li> </ul>   | SECD.P 6.1 |
|                      | • Demonstrate active listening, sharing and responding skills to identify the feelings and perspectives of others.   | SECD.P 6.2 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Recognize the difference between helpful and harmful behaviors in relationships and understands how to<br/>report harmful behaviors for protection in unsafe situations.</li> </ul>   | SECD.P 6.3 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Identify and practice appropriate behaviors to maintain positive relationships.</li> </ul>  | SECD.P 6.4 |
|                      | • Develop self-regulation skills to prevent, manage and resolve interpersonal conflicts constructively with guidance from adults.  | SECD.P 6.5 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Identify and practice healthy conflict resolution including self-regulatory skills to increasingly prevent, manage<br/>and resolve interpersonal conflicts constructively.</li> </ul> | SECD.P 6.6 |

# Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts and Mathematics (STEAM)

Academic subject areas that facilitate inquiry, creation and analysis, which includes, but is not limited to, science, technology, engineering, the arts and mathematics. Arts integration enhances expression, dialogue and critical thinking.

| STEAM          |   |            |  |
|----------------|---|------------|--|
| Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE       | STANDARDS  |
| Mathematics    | A successful student can:   |            |  |
|                | • Demonstrate an understanding of numbers with proficiency to rote count, order, compare, subitize, match objects to and write numbers using the standards for mathematical practice.         | MATH.P 1.1 |  |
|                | Rote count, identify and write numerals (within a given range).   | MATH.P 1.2 |  |
|                | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the relationship between numbers and quantities starting with concrete<br/>representations and moving to the abstract (within a given range).</li> </ul>                 | MATH.P 1.3 |  |
|                | Compare numbers (within a given range).   | MATH.P 1.4 |  |
|                | <ul> <li>Begin to demonstrate an understanding of whole number relationships and place value, including<br/>grouping 10s and ones.</li> </ul>   | MATH.P 1.5 |  |
|                | • Demonstrate the ability to compute accurately, make reasonable estimates, understand meanings of operations and use algebraic notation to represent and analyze patterns and relationships. |            |  |
|                | <ul> <li>Use algebraic notation to represent and analyze patterns and relationships.</li> </ul>   | MATH.P 2.1 |  |
|                | <ul> <li>Demonstrate an understanding of addition and subtraction with the use of objects, images or<br/>sounds.</li> </ul>   | MATH.P 2.2 | PreK.OA.1, 2, 3,<br>K.OA.1, 2, 3, 4, 1.OA.1,<br>2 2.OA.1 |
|                | <ul> <li>Be able to apply the properties of operation and the relationship be-tween addition and<br/>subtraction.</li> </ul>  | MATH.P 2.3 | 1.OA.3, 4, 5   |
|                | <ul> <li>Identify equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication.</li> </ul>  | MATH.P 2.4 | 2.OA.3, 4  |
|                | Be able to solve equations using addition and subtraction.  | MATH.P 2.5 | 1.OA.7, 8  |



| STEAM          |  |            |  |
|----------------|--|------------|--|
| Classification | COMPETENCY   | CODE       | STANDARDS                                  |
| Mathematics    | A successful student can:  |            |  |
|                | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to quickly and accurately verbalize and compute fact fluency (within a range<br/>of numbers).</li> </ul>  | MATH.P 3.1 | K.OA.5, 1.OA.6,<br>2.OA.2, 2.NBT.5         |
|                | • Demonstrate the ability to think flexibly about whole numbers and will be able to represent quantities with an understanding of place value using the standards for mathematical practice. | MATH.P 4.1 |  |
|                | • Demonstrate an understanding of composing and decomposing numbers (within a given range) using manipulatives, drawings and equations.  | MATH.P 4.2 | K.NBT.1                                    |
|                | Rote count, identify, compare and write numbers (within a given range).  | MATH.P 4.3 | 1.NBT.3, 2.NBT.2, 3, 4                     |
|                | <ul> <li>Demonstrate an understanding of place value and show flexibility in composing and decomposing<br/>numbers (within a given range).</li> </ul>  | MATH.P 4.4 | 2.NBT.1 (a-c)                              |
|                | • Show an understanding of place value and properties of operations to add and subtract in various ways (concrete models, equations, mental math).   | MATH.P 4.5 | 1.NBT.4(a-c), 5, 6,<br>2.NBT.5, 6, 7, 8, 9 |
|                | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to understand the systems and processes of measurement and use<br/>appropriate techniques, tools, units and formulas in making measurements.</li> </ul>     | MATH.P 5.1 |  |
|                | Describe and compare objects using measurable attributes   | MATH.P 5.2 | PreK MD.1, 2, K MD.1,<br>2                 |
|                | Measure and estimate lengths in standard units.  | MATH.P 5.3 | 1 MD.1, 2, 2 MD.1,<br>2, 3, 4              |



| STEAM          |
|----------------|
| Classification |

Mathematics

| COMPETENCY  | CODE        | STANDARDS                      |
|---|-------------|--------------------------------|
| A successful student can:   |             |                                |
| Demonstrate the ability to represent and analyze data.  | MATH.P 5.4  | PreK.MD.3, 4, K.MD.3,<br>1MD.3 |
| Be able to classify and interpret data within multiple categories.  | MATH.P 5.5  | 1.MD.4                         |
| • Be able to use addition and subtraction to solve problems using length while also interpreting and creating data points in multiple units.  | MATH.P 5.6  | 2 MD.5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11        |
| <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to investigate the characteristics and properties of two and/or three-<br/>dimensional geometric shapes and apply transformations and symmetry in geometric situations.</li> </ul> | MATH.P 6.1  |                                |
| Identify and describe shapes.   | MATH.P 6.2  | PreK.G.1, 2, 3, K.G.1,<br>2, 3 |
| • Be able to analyze, compare and compose two- or three- dimensional shapes by building, drawing or modeling.   | MATH.P 6.3  | PreK.G.4, 5, K.G.4,<br>5, 6    |
| Be able to distinguish attributes of shapes and partition shapes into equal parts.  | MATH.P 6.4  | 1.G.1, 2, 3, 2.G.1, 2, 3       |
| • Demonstrate the ability to use the eight mathematical practices fluidly across skills and concepts:  1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them  | MATH.P. 7.1 |                                |

- 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- 4. Model with mathematics.
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.
- 7. Look for and make use of structure.
- 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.



| STEAM Classification                | COMPETENCY  | CODE         | STANDARDS   |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------|---|
| Science                             | A successful student can:   |              |   |
| Physical Science:                   |   |              |   |
| Engineering                         | <ul> <li>Priority: Demonstrate proficiency with engineering and design skills such as asking<br/>questions, making observations, sketching or drawing and analyzing data across all<br/>sciences.</li> </ul>  | SCI.PS.P 1.1 | K-2-ETS1.1, K-2-<br>ETS1-2, K-2-ETS1-3,<br>ELP standards:<br>EL.SL.K.3,EL.SL.1.3<br>EL.SL.2.3 |
| Forces and Interactions             | <ul> <li>Priority: Explore how pushes, pulls, gravity, magnetism and mechanical forces have<br/>different strengths, can change the speed or direction of an object's motion, and can<br/>start or stop it.</li> </ul>  | SCI.PS.P 1.2 | S.p3.1, S.p4.1, (S.p4.2)<br>(PS2-2) (K-PS2-1) ELP<br>standards: EL.SL.K.3,<br>EL.SL.1.3.      |
| Waves                               | • Extended: Explore the properties of light and sound.  | SCI.PS.P 1.3 | ELP standards:<br>EL.R.1.1, EL.R.2.1  |
| Structures and Properties of Matter | <ul> <li>Extended: Explore different kinds of matter and discover many of them can be either solid or liquid, depending on temperature. Matter can be described and classified by its:</li> <li>Observable properties, Different properties are suited to different purposes, Great variety of objects can be built up from a small set of pieces.</li> </ul> | SCI.PS.P 1.4 | 2-PS1-1, 2-PS1-<br>3, 2-PS1-4, ELP<br>standards: EL.R.K.12,<br>EL.R.1.12, EL.R.2.12           |

STEAM COMPETENCIES

| STEAM Classification                          | COMPETENCY  | CODE         | STANDARDS   |
|---|---|--------------|---|
| Science                                       | A successful student can:   |              |   |
| Life Science:                                 | • <b>Priority:</b> Explore what organisms (plants and animals) need in order to live and grow.  | SCI.LS.P 2.1 | S.p3.1, S.p4.1, S.p4.2,<br>PS2-2, K-PS2-1, ELP<br>standards: EL.SL.K.3,<br>EL.SL.1.3.   |
| Interdependent<br>Relationships in Ecosystems | Priority: Explore what organisms (plants and animals) need in order to live and grow.   | SCI.LS.P 2.2 | S.p3.3, S.p4.4, S.p2.8,<br>S.p4.9, S.p4.5, K-LS1-<br>1, 2-LS2-1, S.p4.9,<br>K-ESS3-1, 1-LS1-1,<br>1-LS1-2, K-ESS2-2,<br>2-LS2-2, S.p4.10,<br>K-ESS3-3, S.p4.12,<br>S.p3.1, S.p4.8 ELP<br>standards: EL.R.K.1,<br>EL.R.1.1, EL.R.2.1 |
| Engineering and Design                        | <ul> <li>Priority: Demonstrate proficiency with engineering and design skills, such as asking questions, making observations, sketching or drawing and analyzing data across all sciences.</li> </ul> | SCI.LS.P 2.3 | K-2-ETS1.1, K-2-<br>ETS1-2, K-2-ETS1-3,<br>ELP standards:<br>EL.SL.K.3,EL.SL.1.3<br>EL.SL.2.3   |



| STEAM Classification     | COMPETENCY   | STANDARDS   |
|--------------------------|--|---|
| Science                  | A successful student can:  |   |
| Earth and Space Science: | • Extended: Observe, describe, and predict patterns of the motion of the sun, moon and stars.  SCI.ESS P                 | 3.1 1-PS4-1, 1-PS4-4,<br>1-PS4-3, 1-PS4-4,<br>1-ESS1-1, 1-ESS1-2,<br>S.p3.2, S.p4.3 ELP<br>standards: EL.R.1.1,<br>EL.R.2.1 |
| Weather and Climate      | • <b>Priority:</b> Ask questions, make observations and gather information about weather and SCI.ESS.P weather patterns. | 3.2   |
| Earth's Systems          | • Extended: Compare and test designs to show wind and water can change the shape SCI.ESS.P of the land.                  | 3.3 2-ESS1-1, 2-ESS2-1,<br>2-ESS2-2, 2-ESS2-<br>3, ELP standards:<br>EL.R.1.1, EL.R.2.1                                     |



| STEAM Classification                                | COMPETENCY   | CODE       |
|---|--|------------|
| SECD  |  |            |
| Character Development:                              | A successful student can:  |            |
| Core Principles                                     | • Understand and demonstrate appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and the impact it has on others in all communities.       | SECD.P 1.1 |
|   | • Exhibit clear and consistent expectations of good character throughout all school activities and in all areas of the school. | SECD.P 1.2 |
|   | • Recognize characteristics of caring relationships, hurtful relationships, and can identify trusting adults.                  | SECD.P 1.3 |
|   | Understand active listening.   | SECD.P 1.4 |
|   | • Understand and demonstrate the difference between "tattling," "telling" and "reporting."                                     | SECD.P 1.5 |
| Responsible Decision-<br>Making and Problem-Solving | Identify and illustrate safe and unsafe situations.  | SECD.P 2.1 |
|   | <ul> <li>Identify scheduled activities and allocate appropriate time to spend on each.</li> </ul>                              | SECD.P 2.2 |
|   | • Develop self-control skills (for example: stop, take a deep breath and relax).   | SECD.P 2.3 |
|   | Identify and demonstrate problem-solving processes.  | SECD.P 2.4 |
| Personal Development:                               | A successful student can:  |            |
| Self-Awareness                                      | Identify and describe a variety of emotions.   | SECD.P 3.1 |
|   | • Identify situations within their control and outside their control that might evoke emotional responses.                     | SECD.P 3.2 |
|   | Identify personal strengths and weaknesses.  | SECD.P 3.3 |
|   | • Identify people, places and other resources to go to for help (parents, relatives, school personnel).                        | SECD.P 3.4 |
|   | Ask clarifying questions.  | SECD.P 3.5 |
| Self-Management                                     | Identify and demonstrate techniques to manage common stress and emotions.  | SECD.P 4.1 |
|   | Identify healthy personal hygiene habits.  | SECD.P 4.2 |
|   | Describe and practice sending effective verbal and nonverbal messages.   | SECD.P 4.3 |
|   | Describe personal responsibilities in school, home and communities.  | SECD.P 4.4 |
|   | • Identify the process of setting and achieving personal, school and home goals (for example: hopes and dreams).               | SECD.P 4.5 |



| STEAM Classification | COMPETENCY   | CODE       |
|----------------------|--|------------|
| SECD                 |  |            |
| Social Development:  | A successful student can:  |            |
| Social Awareness     | Label other's feelings based on verbal and nonverbal cues in different situations.   | SECD.P 5.1 |
|                      | Demonstrate an ability to listen to others.  | SECD.P 5.2 |
|                      | Demonstrate a capacity to care about the feelings of others.   | SECD.P 5.3 |
|                      | Describe ways that people are similar and different.   | SECD.P 5.4 |
| Interpersonal Skills | <ul> <li>Describe how words, voice tone and body language communicate and can impact relationships positively and<br/>negatively.</li> </ul>   | SECD.P 6.1 |
|                      | • Demonstrate active listening, sharing and responding skills to identify the feelings and perspectives of others.   | SECD.P 6.2 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Recognize the difference between helpful and harmful behaviors in relationships and understands how to<br/>report harmful behaviors for protection in unsafe situations.</li> </ul>   | SECD.P 6.3 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Identify and practice appropriate behaviors to maintain positive relationships.</li> </ul>  | SECD.P 6.4 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Develop self-regulation skills to prevent, manage and resolve interpersonal conflicts constructively with<br/>guidance from adults.</li> </ul>  | SECD.P 6.5 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Identify and practice healthy conflict resolution including self-regulatory skills to increasingly prevent, manage<br/>and resolve interpersonal conflicts constructively.</li> </ul> | SECD.P 6.6 |

## **Specials**

PRE-K-2

#### **Specials Classification COMPETENCY** CODE Agriculture A successful student can: • Analyze how issues, trends, technologies and public policies impact systems in the Agriculture, Food (Agriculture, Foods and Natural Resources -AFNR.P 1.1 AFNR) and Natural Resources (AFNR) Career Cluster. • Evaluate the nature and scope of the AFNR Career Cluster and the role of AFNR in society and the AFNR.P 1.2 economy. · Examine and summarize the importance of health, safety and environmental management systems AFNR.P 1.3 in AFNR workplaces. • Demonstrate stewardship of natural resources in AFNR activities. AFNR.P 1.4 Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the AFNR Career AFNR.P 1.5 Pathways. Analyze the interaction among AFNR systems in the production, processing and management of AFNR.P 1.6 food, fiber and fuel and the sustainable use of natural resources. Architecture and Construction A successful student can: • Use vocabulary, symbols and formulas common to architecture and construction. AC.P 1.1 • Use architecture and construction skills to create and manage a project. AC.P 1.2 Comply with regulations and applicable codes to establish and manage a legal and safe workplace. AC.P 1.3 Evaluate the nature and scope of the Architecture and Construction Career Cluster and the role of AC.P 1.4 architecture and construction in society and the economy. Describe the roles, responsibilities and relationships found in the architecture and construction AC.P 1.5 trades and professions, including labor/management relationships. Read, interpret and use technical drawings, documents and specifications to plan a project. AC.P 1.6 Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the Architecture AC.P 1.7 and Construction Career Pathways.



| Specials Classification  | COMPETENCY   | CODE          |
|--|--|---------------|
| Business Career Field  Business Management, Administration and | A successful student can:  |               |
| Entrepreneurship   | Recognize the difference between needs and wants.  | BC.BMAE.P 1.1 |
|  | Identify a type of business and what they do.  | BC.BMAE.P 1.2 |
| Finance  | Recognize the importance of saving vs. spending money.   | BC.F.P 1.1    |
| Marketing  | Recognize a product by logo or image.  | BC.M.P 1.1    |
|  | Name a current product being used and why.   | BC.M.P 1.2    |
| Dance  | A successful student can:  |               |
|  | <ul> <li>Communicate learning through creative movement by applying dance skills and language to Explore, Plan and Revise learning through dance by:</li> <li>Exploring, planning, and revising ideas.</li> <li>Refining and completing ideas</li> </ul>   | DNC.P 1.1     |
|  | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and understanding of how dance communicates through Expression, Embodiment and Presentation of their artistic ideas and work for presentation by:</li> <li>Analyzing, interpreting and selecting dance works for presentation.</li> <li>Realizing, developing and refining dance works for presentation.</li> </ul> | DNC.P 1.2     |
|  | <ul> <li>Respond to dance by <u>Analyzing</u>, <u>Interpreting</u> and <u>Critiquing</u> how artworks convey meaning by:</li> <li>Perceiving and analyzing dance.</li> <li>Interpreting intent and meaning of dance.</li> <li>Applying criteria to artistic work.</li> </ul>   | DNC.P 1.3     |
|  | <ul> <li>Connect personal meaning and external context to dance by Synthesizing and Relating to works of dance through and during the learning process by:</li> <li>Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to dance.</li> <li>Applying societal, cultural and historical contexts to dance ideas and artistic work.</li> </ul>                  | DNC.P 1.4     |



| Specials Classification | COMPETENCY   | CODE       |
|-------------------------|--|------------|
| Engineering             | A successful student can:  |            |
| 8 -                     | <ul> <li>Use STEM concepts and processes to solve problems involving design and/or production.</li> </ul>  | ENG.P 1.1  |
|                         | Display and communicate STEM information.  | ENG.P 1.2  |
|                         | Apply processes and concepts for the use of technological tools in STEM.   | ENG.P 1.3  |
|                         | Apply the elements of the design process.  | ENG.P 1.4  |
|                         | Apply the knowledge learned in STEM to solve problems.   | ENG.P 1.5  |
|                         | <ul> <li>Apply the knowledge learned in the study of STEM to provide solutions to human and societal<br/>problems in an ethical and legal manner.</li> </ul> | ENG.P 1.6  |
| Family and Consumer     |  |            |
| Sciences (FACS)         | A successful student can:  |            |
| Wellness                | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to work collaboratively and practice social communication.</li> </ul>   | FACS.P 1.1 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Explain the interrelationship between what you eat and what your body needs.</li> </ul>   | FACS.P 1.2 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Practice developmentally appropriate physical activity, emotional control and rational decision-<br/>making.</li> </ul>                             | FACS.P 1.3 |
| Sustainability          | <ul> <li>Identify sourcing of goods and services found in real-world interactions aligned to age and<br/>developmental level of the student.</li> </ul>      | FACS.P 1.4 |
| Global Connectiveness   | <ul> <li>Recognize there are children just like him or her all over the world with a shared need for clothing,<br/>food, water and housing.</li> </ul>       | FACS.P 1.5 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Explain:</li> <li>Who I am</li> <li>How I interact with others impacts their lives.</li> </ul>  | FACS.P 1.6 |
| Technology              | Understand what technology is.   | FACS.P 1.7 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Identify forms of technology commonly found at home and at school.</li> </ul>   | FACS.P 1.8 |



| Specials Classification                           | COMPETENCY  | CODE     |
|---|---|----------|
| Health  | A successful student can:   |          |
|   | Comprehend concepts related to health promotion and disease prevention to enhance health.   | H.P 1.1  |
|   | <ul> <li>Analyze the influence of family, peers, culture, media, technology, and other factors on health<br/>behaviors.</li> </ul>            | H.P 1.2  |
|   | • Demonstrate the ability to access valid information, products, and services to enhance health.  | H.P 1.3  |
|   | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to use interpersonal communication skills to enhance health and avoid or<br/>reduce health risks.</li> </ul> | H.P 1.4  |
|   | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to use decision-making skills to enhance health.</li> </ul>  | H.P 1.5  |
|   | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to use goal-setting skills to enhance health.</li> </ul>   | H.P 1.6  |
|   | • Demonstrate the ability to practice health-enhancing behaviors and avoid or reduce health risks.  | H.P 1.7  |
|   | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to advocate for personal, family, and community health.</li> </ul>   | H.P 1.8  |
| Information Technology Graphic Design and Digital | A successful student can:   |          |
| Communications                                    | • Build images from basic shapes (i.e. rectangles, squares, circles, triangles and polygons).   | IT.P 1.1 |
| Computer Science                                  | With guidance, demonstrate how to operate a computing device.   | IT.P 1.2 |
|   | <ul> <li>Represent collected data in a visual way through a computing device.</li> </ul>  | IT.P 1.3 |
|   | Navigate websites using software functions.   | IT.P 1.4 |
|   | Accurate terminology to identify  | IT.P 1.5 |



| Specials Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE     |
|-------------------------|---|----------|
| Media Arts              | A successful student can:   |          |
|                         | <ul> <li>Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific media arts form to<br/>conceive, develop, and construct artistic ideas and work by generating, conceptualizing and<br/>organizing media arts ideas</li> </ul>   | MA.P 1.1 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific media arts form to<br/>conceive, develop, and construct artistic ideas and work by refining and completing media ideas</li> </ul>   | MA.P 1.2 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific media arts form to<br/>conceive, develop, and construct artistic ideas and work by reflecting upon the process, refining and<br/>continuing artistic ideas</li> </ul>                                     | MA.P 1.3 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the media arts communicate<br/>through their integration, practice and presentation of their artistic ideas and work by analyzing,<br/>interpreting and selecting artistic works for presentation.</li> </ul> | MA.P 2.1 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the media arts communicate through their integration, practice and presentation of their artistic ideas and work by realizing, developing and refining artistic works for presentation.</li> </ul>            | MA.P 2.2 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Respond to the media arts by perceiving, interpreting and evaluating how media artworks convey<br/>meaning by perceiving and analyzing the media.</li> </ul>   | MA.P 3.1 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Respond to the media arts by perceiving, interpreting and evaluating how media artworks convey<br/>meaning by interpreting intent and meaning of media artworks.</li> </ul>  | MA.P 3.2 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Respond to the media arts by perceiving, interpreting and evaluating how media artworks convey<br/>meaning by applying criteria to evaluating media artworks.</li> </ul>   | MA.P 3.3 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Connect personal meaning and external context to the media arts by synthesizing and relating<br/>through and during the art-making process by synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal<br/>experience to artistic ideas and artistic work.</li> </ul>                      | MA.P 4.1 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Connect personal meaning and external context to the media arts by synthesizing and relating<br/>through and during the art-making process by applying societal, cultural and historical contexts to<br/>artistic ideas and artistic work.</li> </ul>                              | MA.P 4.2 |
|                         |   |          |



| Specials Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE      |
|-------------------------|---|-----------|
| Music                   | A successful student can:   |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of music to Imagine, Plan, and Make<br/>musical ideas and work by generating, developing and organizing musical ideas.</li> </ul>   | MUS.P 1.1 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Create by applying the skills and language of music to evaluate, refine, and present musical ideas<br/>and work by reflecting upon and refining musical ideas and work.</li> </ul>   | MUS.P 1.2 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Create by applying the skills and language of music to evaluate, refine, and present musical ideas<br/>and work by reflecting upon and refining musical ideas and work</li> </ul>  | MUS.P 2.1 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Create by applying the skills and language of music to evaluate, refine, and present musical ideas<br/>and work by presenting original music ideas and work</li> </ul>   | MUS.P 2.2 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate musical ideas and work through<br/>selection, analysis, and interpretation by selecting musical works based on interest, knowledge,<br/>technical skill and context</li> </ul>         | MUS.P 3.1 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate musical ideas and work through<br/>selection, analysis, and interpretation by analyzing the structure and context of musical works.</li> </ul>   | MUS.P 3.2 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate musical ideas and work through<br/>selection, analysis, and interpretation by developing personal interpretations of musical works.</li> </ul>   | MUS.P 3.3 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate through the process of<br/>rehearsing, evaluating, and refining and performing musical works by evaluating and refining<br/>personal and ensemble performances.</li> </ul>             | MUS.P 4.1 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate through the process of<br/>rehearsing, evaluating, and refining and performing musical works by performing expressively and<br/>accurately with appropriate interpretation.</li> </ul> | MUS.P 4.2 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Respond to music by selecting, analyzing, interpreting, and evaluating how music conveys meaning<br/>by selecting musical works for a variety of purposes.</li> </ul>  | MUS.P 5.1 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Respond to music by selecting, analyzing, interpreting, and evaluating how music conveys meaning<br/>by perceiving and analyzing musical works.</li> </ul>   | MUS.P 5.2 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Respond to music by selecting, analyzing, interpreting, and evaluating how music conveys meaning<br/>by interpreting intent and meaning of musical works.</li> </ul>   | MUS.P 5.3 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Respond to music by selecting, analyzing, interpreting, and evaluating how music conveys meaning<br/>by applying criteria to evaluating musical works.</li> </ul>  | MUS.P 5.4 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Connect personal meaning and external context to music through and during the music learning<br/>process by synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to musical ideas and work.</li> </ul>  | MUS.P 6.1 |
|                         | Connect personal meaning and external context to music through and during the music learning process by applying societal, cultural and historical contexts to musical ideas and work.  | MUS.P 6.2 |



| Specials Classification     | COMPETENCY   | CODE     | STANDARDS   |
|-----------------------------|--|----------|---|
| Physical Education (PE)     | A successful student can:  |          |   |
| Locomotor                   | Demonstrate a skip and a leap while maintaining balance.   | PE.P 1.1 | S1.E1   |
|                             | <ul> <li>Perform a combination of rhythmic movements to music with a specific<br/>tempo (slow-slow, fast-fast-fast) using both sides of the body and crossing the<br/>midline.</li> </ul>                                | PE.P 1.2 | S1.E5, S1.E11   |
| Manipulatives               | • Throw an object overhand and underhand, demonstrating side orientation and opposition.   | PE.P 2.1 | S1.E13, S1.E14  |
|                             | <ul> <li>Catch an object demonstrating proper hand positioning for above and below<br/>the waist catches.</li> </ul>   | PE.P 2.2 | S1.E16  |
|                             | <ul> <li>Jump forward and backward with a self-turned rope and/or jump a long rope<br/>multiple times while staying in one spot.</li> </ul>  | PE.P 2.3 | S1.E27  |
|                             | • Strike an object with a short- or long-handled implement showing proper grip and volley a lightweight object using hands to a partner.   | PE.P 2.4 | S1.E24, S1.E25<br>S1.E22  |
|                             | • Kick a stationary object toward a target and dribble with feet in general space while controlling the ball.  | PE.P 2.5 | S1.E21, S1.E18  |
|                             | Dribble with preferred hand under control in general space.  | PE.P 2.6 | S1.E17  |
| Applies Knowledge           | Demonstrate body control within personal and general space.  | PE.P 3.1 | S2.E1   |
|                             | • Combine shape, levels and pathways into simple travel, dance and gymnastics sequences.   | PE.P 3.2 | S2.E2   |
| Knowledge and Skills        | <ul> <li>Recognize the "good health balance" of nutrition and physical activity, as well<br/>as identify physical activities that contribute to fitness.</li> </ul>  | PE.P 4.1 | S3.E1, S3.E2, S3.E3   |
|                             | Recognize the good health balance of nutrition and physical activity.  | PE.P 4.2 | S3.E6   |
| Responsibility and Value of |  |          |   |
| Physical Activity           | <ul> <li>Work independently with others in a partner environment, accept<br/>responsibility for protocols with behavior and performance actions and work<br/>safely in physical education and with equipment.</li> </ul> | PE.P 5.1 | S4.E4.K, S4.E1.1, S4E4.1,<br>S4.E4.1, S4.E4.2, S4.E2.2,<br>S4.E6.2a, 2b |
|                             | Compare physical activities that bring confidence and challenge.   | PE.P 5.2 | S5.E3.Ka, S5.E3.1b, S5.E2.2   |



| <b>Specials Classification</b> | COMPETENCY  | CODE     |
|--------------------------------|---|----------|
| Visual Arts                    | A successful student can:   |          |
|                                | • Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific visual arts form to investigate, plan and make artistic ideas and work by generating, conceptualizing and organizing artistic ideas  | VA.P 1.1 |
|                                | • Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific visual arts form to investigate, plan and make artistic ideas and work by refining and completing artistic ideas   | VA.P 1.2 |
|                                | • Create by applying the skills and language of a specific visual arts form to reflect, refine and continue with artistic ideas and work by reflecting upon the process, refining and continuing artistic ideas.  | VA.P 3.1 |
|                                | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the visual arts communicate through<br/>their selection, analyzation, and sharing of their artistic ideas and work for presentation by analyzing,<br/>interpreting and selecting artistic works for presentation</li> </ul> | VA.P 3.2 |
|                                | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the visual arts communicate through<br/>their selection, analyzation, and sharing of their artistic ideas and work for presentation by realizing,<br/>developing and refining artistic works for presentation</li> </ul>    | VA.P 3.3 |

## **Special Education**

In general, it is expected that children with disabilities will achieve these competencies with the support of special education services, related services and supplementary aids and services specified in an Individualized Education Program (IEP) or 504 Plan. In addition, IEP teams have authority to modify curriculum and to set educational goals to enable children with disabilities to make appropriate educational progress in light of each child's unique circumstances. The modified curriculum and educational goals set by an IEP team for an individual child with a disability might be different than the outcomes expected of other students. When, and to the extent, educational goals specified in an IEP are different than the competencies described in this document, the successful student can achieve the educational goals specified in their IEP.

### Students in Special Education and the Competencies

Navigating Change 2020: Kansas' Guide to Competency-Based Learning and School Safety Operations (2015) is designed to lead the way we meet students' needs by allowing students to demonstrate mastery of their learning in a variety of ways. Therefore, all students in Special Education will access core gradeband competencies.

Students in Special Education need to be able to access instruction that will prepare them to meet grade-level competencies. Access to core content (Tier 1) is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. To address skill deficits needed to access core content (Tier 1), some students will also require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or a tiered system of support.

Kansas Multi-Tiered System of Supports and Alignment (2015) is an evidenced-based framework used in Kansas schools for organizing and providing a tiered instructional continuum to support learning for all students, including students with disabilities. Kansas MTSS and Alignment supports access to core instruction for all students with differentiated instruction as needed to enable every learner to achieve high standards. Tiered interventions, in addition to core instruction, are recommended when it is necessary to address skill deficits. We contend all students are general education students, including students with the most significant cognitive disabilities

Furthermore, students should not be hindered in learning grade-band content. For example, a student who has learning gaps either due to their disability and/or lack of exposure will not be limited solely to the attainment of prerequisite skills. Therefore, high-quality instruction, accommodations, and modifications should provide the differentiation needed for students to access this grade-level content. High-quality instruction involves a scaffold or strategy to access or attach new learning. High-quality instruction does not repeatedly focus on the same skill, lesson content or information introduced in the general education classroom.

Moreover, standards guide the goals for Individualized Education Programs (IEPs). IEP goals require specially designed instruction to address the learning gap and advance the student's current level of functioning. Therefore, Special Education goals should not replace the grade-level curriculum taught in the general education classroom.

Some students will require accommodations in order to demonstrate mastery of the competencies. Accommodations are changes in procedures or materials that ensure equitable access to instructional and assessment content. Accommodations may be embedded (digitally-provided) or nonembedded (locally provided). These are generally available for students for whom there is a documented need on



an IEP, Section 504 plan or Individual Learning Plan (ILP) Accommodations should be individualized for each student; more does not equate to better. Some examples are listed Table 1 below:

Table 1: Common Accommodations and Categories

| Common Accommodations                                   | CATEGORIES   |
|---|--|
| Provide Access to Grade-Level Content                   | <ul> <li>Human reader</li> <li>Text to speech/digital text (eg. Kansas Infinitext)</li> <li>Speech to text</li> <li>Provide smaller numbers in math with grade level skills</li> <li>Build background knowledge</li> <li>Provide manipulatives (number line, two color chips, base ten blocks, etc.</li> <li>Use of facts charts, formulas or word banks to facilitate processing</li> <li>Reducing auditory and visual background (increase white space, highlight key concepts)</li> <li>Provide note taking assistance or notes (provide outline, cloze notes, etc.</li> <li>Orally assess understanding</li> </ul>   |
| Adjust Level of Material                                | • Reduce complexity to student's ability level (text, vocabulary, sentence structure, questions, simplify directions, etc.   |
| Provide Tools for Organization of Information           | <ul> <li>Organize information presented, such as provide a detailed model to follow during multiple-step procedures (e.g., task schedule, process, prewriting, graphic organizer, etc.</li> <li>Provide digital and non-digital tools to facilitate student organization</li> <li>Use graph paper, paper with vertical lines or raised-line paper for alignment of problems</li> </ul>   |
| Provide More Opportunities for Practice/Exposure        | <ul> <li>Multiple exposures until mastery</li> <li>Front load prerequisite information</li> <li>Code text to enhance background knowledge</li> <li>Provide questions or cues to student in advance</li> <li>Reinforce directions (students repeat, number list for multiple steps, etc.</li> <li>Additional time for verbal response, assignments, and assessments</li> <li>Allow for processing with peers before production</li> <li>Consistent, distributed practice with vocabulary (academic vocab, Tier 2 vocabulary words)</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Text sets (multiple pieces of text on same topic to deepen understanding)</li> </ul> |
| Focus information to key<br>Information/Skills          | <ul> <li>Chunk assignments/assessments</li> <li>Highlight or emphasize critical information</li> <li>Eliminate repetitive practice when mastery is shown</li> <li>Reduce volume of writing and copying in favor of quality</li> <li>Reduce number of choices on multiple choice assessments</li> <li>Spelling is not penalized</li> </ul>  |
| Vary and Pair Modalities when<br>Presenting Information | <ul> <li>Pair visual, auditory, and tactile cues</li> <li>Orally assess understanding</li> <li>Offer student voice and choice (Visual, Auditory, Kinesthetic/Tactile)</li> </ul>   |

Detailed information about the use of accommodations for instruction and assessment of all students can be found in the How to Select, Administer and Evaluate Use of Accommodations for Instruction and Assessment of all Students (2020) guidance document located at <a href="https://www.ksdetasn.org/resources/2283">https://www.ksdetasn.org/resources/2283</a>

One way to ensure students have access to core (Tier 1) content is to intentionally create a plan for differentiating the content to meet the student's needs. The National Center on Intensive Intervention has created a planning template built on the seven dimensions of intervention intensity (https://intensiveintervention.org/sites/default/files/Student\_Intervention\_Plan\_508.pdf).

This template assists with planning and documenting the dimensions of intervention for small groups and individual students. The Taxonomy of Intervention Intensity (2017) developed by the National Center on Intensive Intervention identified seven dimensions that support educators in evaluating and building intervention intensity: strength, dosage, alignment, attention to transfer, comprehensiveness, behavioral support, and individualization (<a href="https://intensiveintervention.org/taxonomy-intervention-intensity">https://intensiveintervention.org/taxonomy-intervention-intensity</a>).

It is important to recognize students who receive Special Education Services and Supports have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content areas (Tier 1) with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports make it possible for them to do so.





### Students who Have the Most Significant Disabilities

All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Students who have the most significant cognitive disabilities mostly take the alternate assessments and may need content aligned to alternate academic achievement standards. These standards are aligned with the general education content standards with reduced depth, breadth, and complexity. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the learning targets and measurement tables for this population align to the alternate academic achievement standards.

Students who have the most significant cognitive disabilities, who are eligible for an alternate assessment, work from the alternate academic achievement standards. The DLM Essential Elements (2020) allow students access to instruction aligned to grade level academic content. Goals and instruction listed in the IEP for these students are linked to the enrolled grade level DLM Essential Elements (2020). Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. Students who demonstrate mastery of level 3 or 4 competencies may not be appropriately challenged when working from the Essential Elements. Providing a continuum between the level 4 skill on the Essential Elements Competency Rubric and the level 1 skill on the Competency Rubric (2019) for each grade band will assist those students in the transition to the Kansas competencies/state standards.

Students who have a most significant cognitive disability must have access to grade level academic standards. This can be accomplished through the Kansas MTSS Alignment for all students. In this delivery system, supplemental special education supports simplify, magnify, and modify what is taught in the general education classroom. For students receiving Tier 1 support with their general education peers, the instruction should be focused on priority learning targets. Navigating Change 2020: Kansas Guide to Competency-Based Learning and School Safety Operations (2015) has identified the primary or essential learning targets in the Competency Rubrics. The Essential Elements Competency Rubrics (2017) provide learning targets aligned to the Essential Elements. While the learning targets differ in depth, breadth, and complexity, the overarching competencies remain the same. Using the identified primary learning targets, students who have a most significant cognitive disability can be educated in an inclusive environment during core (Tier 1) instruction. Tier 2 and Tier 3 instruction should focus on providing the additional instruction essential for closing the gap for students. Instruction could be delivered in homogenous small groups or in some cases, individualized instruction, as intensity of need increases.



#### References

Kansas State Department of Education. (2020). How to select, administer and evaluate use of accommodations for instruction and assessment of all students. <a href="https://www.ksdetasn.org/resources/2283">https://www.ksdetasn.org/resources/2283</a>

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Kansas State Department of Education. (2015). Kansas multi-system of support and alignment. <a href="https://www.ksdetasn.org/mtss">https://www.ksdetasn.org/mtss</a>

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NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

Grade Band

## Pre-K-2

## **Assessment**

## **Executive Summary**

This section of the guidance document seeks to support educators as they consider ways to develop, refine and/or implement a comprehensive, balanced and cohesive approach to meaningfully assess student learning in a competency-based model. When thinking about mastery, a multiple-measures approach can be useful and may include a variety of assessments, ranging from the use of rubrics that focus on the depth of a student's understanding to nationally normed assessments by age and/or ability to state accountability assessment systems. What follows as guidance to consider may be best conceptualized by thinking of it from the perspective of assessing student learning.

## GRADE BAND PRE-K-2

#### Performance-Based Assessment

- Continuity and Comprehensive Approach: The gradeband teams from Phase I of this project developed both the competencies and a set of performance-based "I can ..." rubrics.
  - SECD, specials, electives and CTE are also included for your consideration and inclusion in assessing broader STEAM and Humanities competencies.
- Interpretation of Performance Levels: These rubrics contain four performance levels that include "I can ..." statements that intend to reflect the various stages of what students know and are able to do through progressive depths of each competency. Ideally, students move to and through each of the levels from left to right, but this may take place at different times for each student. Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) is included as a familiar reference to help support the development of instruction in a leveled manner.
  - Level 1 may be thought of as introducing or beginning/DOK:
     Recall and Reproduce
  - Level 2 may be thought of as developing or emerging/DOK:
     Application and Reasoning
  - Level 3 may be thought of as demonstrating or creating/DOK: Strategic Thinking
  - Level 4 may be thought of as extending or enriching/DOK: Extended Thinking

**NOTE:** Levels 1-4 are not intended to predict Kansas State Assessment scores.



### **Levels Explanation**

Webb's Depth of Knowledge: Use to Align "A successful student can ..." Statements to Appropriate Performance Level

| Performance Level | l can  |                    |
|-------------------|--|--------------------|
| Level 1           | <ul> <li>Recall and Reproduction</li> <li>Recall a fact, term, definition, principle or concept; perform a simple procedure.</li> <li>Items typically specify what the student is to do, which is often to carry out some procedure that can be performed mechanically.</li> <li>Recall of a fact, information, definition, term or performance of a process or procedure.</li> </ul>  |                    |
| Level 2           | <ul> <li>Basic Application of Skills and Concepts</li> <li>Apply conceptual knowledge: <ul> <li>Use provided information to select appropriate procedures for a task.</li> <li>Perform two or more steps with decision points along the way.</li> <li>Solve routine problems; organize or display data.</li> <li>Interpret or use simple graphs.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Items require students to make some decisions as to how to approach the question or problem. These actions imply more than one mental or cognitive process/step.</li> <li>Includes the engagement of some mental processing beyond recalling or reproducing a response.</li> </ul>   |                    |
| Level 3           | <ul> <li>Strategic Thinking</li> <li>Apply reasoning, using evidence, and developing a plan to approach or solve abstract, complex or nonroutine problems; interpret information and provide justification when more than one approach is possible.</li> <li>Items require students to justify the responses they give and may have more than one possible answer.</li> <li>Requires deep understanding as exhibited through planning, using evidence, and more demanding cognitive reasoning. The cognitive demands are complex and abstract.</li> </ul>  | This is the target |
| Level 4           | <ul> <li>Extended Thinking</li> <li>Perform investigations or apply concepts and skills that require research and problem solving across content areas or multiple sources.</li> <li>Items require students to bring together skill and knowledge from various domains. Due to the complexity of cognitive demand, this level often requires an extended period to answer. A DOK 4 is first a DOK 3 with added connections.</li> <li>Requires high cognitive demand and is very complex. Students are expected to make connections and relate ideas within the content or among areas - and have to select or devise one approach among many alternatives on how the situation can be solved.</li> </ul> |                    |



#### **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

**AFNR** Agriculture, Foods and Natural LPSCS Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security Resources Architecture and Construction AC Media Arts MA BC **Business Career** MATH Math **BC.BMAE** Business Management, Manufacturing **MNFR** Administration and MUS Music Entrepreneurship PΕ Physical Education BC.F Finance Science SCI BC.M Marketing Earth and Space Science SCI.ESS DNC Dance Life Science SCI.LS Family and Consumer Sciences **FACS** Physical Science SCI.PS ELA English Language Arts SECD Social-Emotional Character **ENG** Engineering Development HB Health and Biosciences STEAM STM HE Health THR Theatre HGSS History, Government and Social **TRAN** Transportation Studies World Languages WL HUM Humanities Visual Arts VA ΙT Information Technology

#### **Grade Bands:**

P Pre-K to 2nd gradeIM 3rd to 5th gradeMS 6th to 8th gradeHS 9th to 12th grade



### **ELA**

A successful student can demonstrate that they understand that written letters represent specific sounds in words.

| ELA   |                                    |  |   |  |
|---|------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2                            | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| I can begin to apply age appropriate<br>word analysis skills in decoding<br>words.              | analysis skills in decoding words. | I can demonstrate understanding<br>of spoken words, syllables and<br>sounds (phonemes).          |   | CL.F.p4.3<br>CL.F.p4.3a                              |
|   |                                    | l can distinguish long and short<br>vowels when reading regularly<br>spelled one-syllable words. | l can decode multisyllabic words.                                   |  |
| English Learner (EL)  |                                    |  |   |  |
| produce some of the primary letter<br>sounds and say some of the letter<br>names when prompted. | can recognize some consonant       | can identify short and long vowel sounds in spoken syllable words                                | segment single-syllable words into individual phonemes with minimal | ELP Standard-<br>EL.RF.K.2<br>EL.RF.1.2<br>EL.RF.2.2 |

PRE-K-2

### A successful student can demonstrate that they understand and can manipulate sounds and letters that make up words.

| ELA  |   |   |   |  |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| I can show understanding of spoken words, syllables and sounds.  | I can distinguish long from short<br>vowel sounds in spoken single-<br>syllable words.                      | I can distinguish long and short<br>vowels when reading regularly<br>spelled one-syllable words.                          | syllable words.   | CL.F.p4.2,<br>CL.F.p4.2a,<br>CL.F.p4.2b,<br>CL.F.p4.2b,<br>CL.F.p4.2c,<br>CL.F.p4.2d |
| I can recognize and produce rhyming words.   | I can decode regularly spelled one-<br>syllable words.  | l can demonstrate grade-level<br>phonics and word analysis skills in<br>decoding words.                                   |   |  |
| l can count, pronounce, blend and segment syllables in spoken words.   | I can read common high-frequency<br>words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you,<br>she, my, is, are, do, does). | I can consistently read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does).        | I can consistently read common<br>high-frequency words relative to my<br>grade level. | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0                                       |
| I can blend and segment initial sounds and ending sounds of words.   | I can orally produce single-syllable<br>words by blending phonemes,<br>including consonant blends.          | I can orally segment single-<br>syllable words into their complete<br>sequence of individual phonemes.                    | N/A   |  |
| EL   |   |   |   |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can<br>show understanding of spoken<br>words and some syllables and<br>sounds. | A successful level 2 EL student can identify and produce one-syllable rhyming words.                        | A successful level 3 EL student can count syllables and blend and segment words, and recognize some high frequency words. | blend and segment single-syllable   | ELP Standard-<br>EL.RF.K.3,<br>EL.RF.1.3,<br>EL.RF.2.3                               |



### A successful student can demonstrate the ability to comprehend, analyze and evaluate increasingly complex texts.

| ELA   |  |   |   |   |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| I can say some of the sounds that are present in a single word.                               | I can say all of the sounds that are present in a single word.                       |   | l can say all of the sounds that are present in a complex sentence.   | CL.IT.p4.1,<br>CL.IT.p4.2,<br>CL,IT.p4.3,<br>RF.K.1, RF.K.2,<br>RF.K.3, RF.K.4,<br>RF.1.2, RF.1.3,<br>RF.1.4, RF.2.3a,<br>RF.2.4. |
| I can begin to blend sounds in CVC words.   | l can blend sounds in CVC words.   | l can consistently blend sounds in CVC words.   | l can consistently blend sounds in complex words.   |   |
| I can begin to demonstrate vowels that have a short sound.                                    | I can begin to demonstrate vowels<br>that have a short or a long sound.              | I can demonstrate that vowels<br>can have a short sound or a long<br>sound.   | I can demonstrate all vowels have a short or long sound.  |   |
| I can begin to use manipulatives to represent sounds.   | l can use manipulatives to represent sounds.   | I can write letters that represent sounds.  | l can put letters and sounds<br>together to form words.   |   |
| I can begin to read a variety of<br>on-level texts with peers in small<br>groups or partners. | I can read a variety of on-level<br>texts with peers in small groups or<br>partners. | texts with peers in small groups<br>or partners and provide feedback<br>to my peers to help them improve<br>their rate, expression, and | I can read a variety of texts above<br>grade level with peers in small<br>groups or partners and provide<br>feedback to my peers to help them<br>improve their rate, expression, and<br>accuracy. |   |
| EL  |  |   |   |   |
| A successful EL level 1 student can distinguish between individual words in a sentence.       | A successful EL level 2 student can blend sounds in some cvc words with support.     | can distinguish between long and short vowel sounds within cvce with minimal support.   | read a variety of on-level texts with peers in small groups or partners   | ELP Standard-<br>EL.RF.K.4,<br>EL.RF.1.4,<br>EL.RF.2.4  |

PRE-K-2

## A successful student can draw/dictate/write to compose narrative texts, describing real or imaginary events or experiences.

| ELA  |   |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| I can capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I.   | l can capitalize dates and names of people.   | l can capitalize holidays, product<br>names and geographic names.  | l can capitalize appropriate words<br>in titles, holidays, product names,<br>and geographic names.  | CL.W.p4.1,<br>CL.W.p4.3,<br>W.1.3, W.1.5,        |
| I can identify real-life connections<br>between words and their use (e.g.,<br>note places at school that are<br>colorful).         | l can identify real-life connections<br>between words and their uses.   | I can identify real-life connections between words and their use.  | l can identify real-life connections<br>between words and their uses.   | W.1.6, W.1.10,<br>W.2.3, W.2.5,<br>W.2.6, W.2.10 |
| I can use a combination of drawing, dictating or emergent writing to express thoughts and ideas.                                   | I can use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occured, and provide a reaction to what happened. | I can write short narratives in which I recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, including some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure. | narratives in which I recount two<br>or more appropriately sequenced<br>events, including some details  |  |
| I can demonstrate an emerging<br>command of the conventions of<br>standard English grammar and<br>usage when writing and speaking. | I can demonstrate command of the<br>conventions of standard English<br>grammar and usage when writing<br>and speaking.  | I can consistently demonstrate<br>command of the conventions of<br>standard English grammar and<br>usage when writing and speaking.  | I can demonstrate knowledge of<br>language and command of the<br>conventions of standard English<br>grammar and usage when writing<br>and speaking. |  |
| I can produce and expand complete sentences in shared language activities.   | I can produce and expand<br>complete simple and compound<br>declarative, interrogative,<br>imperative, and exclamatory<br>sentences in response to prompts.   | l can produce, expand, and<br>rearrange complete simple and<br>compound sentences.   | l can produce simple, compound<br>and complex sentences.  |  |
| I can understand and use question<br>words (interrogatives) (e.g., who,<br>what, when, where, why, how).                           | l can use common, proper and possessive nouns when writing.   | I can use adjectives and adverbs,<br>and choose between them<br>depending on what is to be<br>modified.  | I can experiment with nouns,<br>pronouns, verbs, adjectives and<br>adverbs when writing, making note<br>of how each functions to create<br>meaning. |  |
| I can capitalize the first word in a sentence and the pronoun I.   | I can capitalize dates and names of people.   | l can capitalize holidays, product<br>names and geographic names.  | l can capitalize appropriate words<br>in titles, holidays, product names,<br>and geographic names.  |  |
| I can identify real-life connections<br>between words and their use (e.g.,<br>note places at school that are<br>colorful).         | l can identify real-life connections<br>between words and their uses.   | l can identify real-life connections<br>between words and their use.   | l can identify real-life connections<br>between words and their uses.   | ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **           |



| ELA     |  |  |                                  |   |
|---------|--|--|----------------------------------|---|
| LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4                          | STANDARDS                               |
| EL      |  |  |                                  |   |
|         | A successful EL level 2 student can demonstrate command of conventions of standard English grammar and usage with scaffolding. | writing that supports grammatical structures and basic conventions | use grammar and syntax to create | ELP Standard-<br>EL.W.2.11,<br>EL.W.3.4 |

## PRE-K-2

## A successful student can make meaning of increasingly complex literary print and nonprint texts, and provide text details to explain interpretations and thinking.

| ELA   |   |   |  |   |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| I can ask and answer some<br>questions about key details in a<br>text.  | l can ask and answer questions<br>about key details in a text.                          | I can ask and answer such<br>questions as who, what, where,<br>when, why and how to demonstrate<br>understanding of key details in a<br>text. | I can ask and answer such<br>questions to demonstrate<br>understanding of a text, referring<br>explicitly to the text as a basis for<br>the answers.   | RL.1.1, RL. 1.2,<br>RL. 1.3 RL. 2.1,<br>RL 2.2      |
| I can recognize some of the various text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently. | features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes,                 | features (e.g., captions, bold print,<br>subheadings, glossaries, indexes,<br>electronic menus, icons) to locate                              | I can use all the various text<br>features (e.g., captions, bold print,<br>subheadings, glossaries, indexes,<br>electronic menus, icons) to locate<br>key facts or information in a text<br>efficiently. |   |
| I can use background knowledge<br>to make meaning from fiction and<br>nonfiction picture books.   | I can use picture dictionaries to<br>make meaning from fiction and<br>nonfiction books. | I can use glossaries and beginning<br>dictionaries, both print and digital<br>to determine or clarify the meaning<br>of words and phrases.    | I can use glossaries and<br>dictionaries, both print and digital<br>to determine or clarify the meaning<br>of words and phrases.   | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0               |
| I can identify real-life connections<br>between words and their use (e.g.,<br>note places at school that are<br>colorful).  | I can identify real-life connections<br>between words and their uses.                   | I can identify real-life connections<br>between words and their use.  | I can identify real-life connections<br>between words and their uses.  |   |
| EL  |   |   |  |   |
| point to a picture or single word to  |   |   | ask and answer various explicit text-dependent questions by citing   | ELP Standard-<br>EL.R.K.1,<br>EL.R.1.1,<br>EL.R.2.1 |



## A successful student can make meaning of increasingly complex informational print and nonprint texts, and provide text details to explain interpretations and thinking.

| ELA  |  |   |   |   |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| I can begin to state a topic at the beginning of a story.  | I can begin to state a topic at the<br>beginning and a conclusion at the<br>end.   | I can state a topic at the beginning<br>and a conclusion at the end.  | I can introduce the topic or text I<br>am writing about, state an opinion,<br>and create an organizational<br>structure that lists reasons.                                   |   |
| I can name the author and illustrator of a text and define the role of each in presenting the ideas or information in a text.                  | I can know and use various text<br>features (e.g., headings, tables of<br>contents, glossaries, electronic<br>menus, icons) to locate key facts or<br>information in a text. | I can use sources (books, pictures,<br>discussions) to find facts and details<br>that support and add interest to my<br>focus.  | view from that of the author of a   |   |
| I can, with prompting and support,<br>describe the connection between<br>two individuals, events, ideas or<br>pieces of information in a text. | I can describe the connection<br>between two individuals, events,<br>ideas or pieces of information in a<br>text.  | I can group my ideas and details<br>together to show how some facts<br>are connected.   | I can describe the logical<br>connections between particular<br>sentences and paragraphs in a text<br>(e.g., comparison, cause/effect, first/<br>second/third in a sequence). |   |
| I can, with prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.   | I can identify the main topic and<br>retell key details of a text.   | identifying the main topic, using key<br>details to answer questions and  | I can determine the main idea of<br>a text; recount the key details and<br>explain how they support the main<br>idea.   |   |
| I can, with prompting and support,<br>describe the relationship between<br>illustrations and the text.   | I can distinguish between<br>information provided by<br>illustrations or other graphics and<br>information provided by the words<br>in a text.                               | I can explain how information in<br>the text is connected (e.g., words-<br>visuals, sequence "how-to" steps<br>or events, connect cause-effect,<br>compare-contrast facts). | I can create a "how-to" steps in<br>sequence that others can read and<br>follow.  |   |
| EL   |  |   |   |   |
| point to a picture or single word to   | A successful EL level 2 student can locate or give a key detail from a simple text that asks or answers a who, what, when, where text-dependent question.                    | can locate or give key details from   | ask and answer various explicit   | ELP Standard-<br>EL.R.K.1,<br>EL.R.1.1,<br>EL.R.2.1 |

A successful student can engage in large- and small-group research/inquiry to investigate topics of shared interest and to interpret, integrate, and present information.

| ELA   |   |  |   |  |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| I can begin to participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author and express opinions about them.                   | and writing projects (e.g., explore<br>a number of "how-to" books on a<br>given topic and use them to write a   | I can participate in shared research<br>and writing projects (e.g., read a<br>number of books on a single topic<br>to produce a report: record science<br>observations.) | research or complex writing project.  | CL.SL.p4.1,<br>CL.W.p4.4,<br>CL.W.p4.5,<br>W.1.5, W.1.6,<br>W1.7, W.1.8,<br>W.1.10, W.2.5, |
| I can recall information from my own experiences to answer questions.   | experiences or gather information   | l can research from provided<br>sources to answer a<br>research question.  | l can use my own research to solve<br>a real-world problem.   | W.2.6, W.2.10  |
| I can participate in conversations<br>with a peer or adult about a story I<br>heard.  | with a peer or adult about a story<br>I read.   | I can participate in collaborative<br>conversations with diverse<br>partners (peers and adults) about<br>grade level text.   | I can participate in collaborative<br>conversations with diverse partners<br>and communicate my point of view<br>about a text I read. | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  |
| EL  |   |  |   |  |
| A successful EL level 1 student can draw or point to pictures to describe familiar people, places, things, and/or events or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings. | draw, point and/or produce one- or<br>two-word descriptions of familiar<br>people, places, things and/or events | present multiple simple sentences<br>to describe familiar people, places,  | A successful EL level 4 can describe familiar people, places, things and/ or events using multiple complete sentences.                |  |



#### A successful student can speak effectively to express ideas for a variety of purposes.

| ELA  |   |  |   |   |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| I can speak audibly and express<br>thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.                                      |   | sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide   |   | CL.SL.p4.1,<br>CL.SL.p4.1a,<br>CL.SL.p4.1b,<br>CL.SL.p4.4,<br>CL.SL.p4.3, |
| I can use frequently occurring nouns and verbs in speech.  | l can use common, proper, and possessive nouns when speaking.   | I can use collective nouns when speaking.  | I can use multiple collective nouns when speaking.  | SL.1.1, SL.1.2,<br>SL.1.3, SL1.4,<br>SL.1.7, SL.1.8,                      |
| I can form regular plural nouns<br>orally by adding /s/ or /es/ (e.g., dog,<br>dogs; wish, wishes).            |   | l can produce short complete simple and compound sentences.  | l can produce complete simple and compound sentences.   | SL2.1, SL.2.2,<br>SL.2.3, SL.2.6,<br>SL.2.7, SL.2.8,                      |
| I can use words and phrases<br>acquired through conversations,<br>reading and through being read to.           | I can use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using frequently-occurring conjunctions to signal simple relationships. | I can use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe.  | I can use multisyllable words<br>and phrases acquired through<br>conversations, reading and being<br>read to, and responding to texts,<br>including using adjectives and<br>adverbs to describe.                    | ELP Standard-<br>EL.SL.K.6,<br>EL.SL.1. 6,<br>EL.SL.2.6                   |
| I can use details to describe familiar<br>people, places, things, and or<br>events with prompting and support. | describe people, places, things, and events expressing ideas and  | experience with appropriate facts<br>and relevant, descriptive details,<br>speaking with appropriate volume,<br>enunciation, and rate in coherent  | I can tell a complex story or recount<br>an experience with multiple<br>appropriate facts and relevant,<br>descriptive details, speaking with<br>appropriate volume, enunciation<br>and rate in coherent sentences. |   |
| EL   |   |  |   |   |
| nod for "yes" and "no," draw, and/or point to express thoughts, feelings                                       | draw, point and/or produce with   | A successful EL level 3 student can<br>present multiple simple sentences<br>to express thoughts, feelings and/<br>or ideas with appropriate volume,<br>enunciation and/or rate with some<br>prompting and support. | A successful EL level 4 student can produce multiple complete sentences with appropriate volume, enunciation, and rate to express thoughts, feelings and ideas.   | ELP Standard-<br>EL.SL.K.6,<br>EL.SL.1. 6,<br>EL.SL.2.6                   |

A successful student can listen, view, and interpret information from a variety of sources, in order to make meaning and respond effectively.

| ELA  |  |  |  |   |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other         | •  | or information presented orally or through other media.  | I can recount or describe main<br>key ideas or multiple details from<br>a text read aloud or information<br>presented orally or through other<br>media.  |   |
| rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking | discussions (e.g., listening to others<br>and taking turns speaking about the<br>topics and texts under discussion). | gaining the floor in respectful<br>ways, listening to others with care,<br>speaking one at a time about topics | I can consistently follow agreed-<br>upon rules for discussion (e.g.,<br>gaining the floor in respectful<br>ways, listening to others with care,<br>speaking one at a time about topics<br>and texts under discussion and<br>remain focused on topic). |   |
| EL   |  |  |  |   |
| nod for "yes" and "no," draw and   | can produce one- or two-<br>word responses with limited<br>comprehension and ask basic who                           | recount and/or produce answers   | recount or describe multiple key<br>ideas or details from a text read  | ELP Standard-<br>EL.SL.K.2,<br>EL.SL.1. 2,<br>EL.SL.2.2 |



### A successful student can draw/dictate/write to compose informative texts that convey information on specific topics.

| ELA   |   |   |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| dictating and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in | texts in which I name a topic, supply some facts about the topic and provide some sense of closure. | text in which I introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points and provide a concluding statement or section. | texts to examine a topic with facts,<br>definitions and details; convey<br>ideas and information clearly; use<br>linking words and phrases (e.g.,<br>also, another, and, more, but) to | CL.W.p4.1,<br>CL.W.p4.3,<br>CL.W.p4.4,<br>W.1.2, W.1.3,<br>W.1.5, W.1.8,<br>W.1.10, W.2.2,<br>W.2.7, W.2.8,<br>W. 2.11 |
| EL  |   |   |  |  |
| dictate, draw or write to express information using drawings,     | write to express information and ideas using drawings, symbols, letters and words, with support.    | writing that supports grammatical structures and basic conventions  | can produce writing that includes<br>organization with a developing<br>range of sentence patterns,   | ELP Standard-<br>EL.PK.W.PI.8,<br>EL.W.3.4   |

## A successful student can examine a topic or text(s) and apply organizational strategies to support a personal opinion with drawing/dictating/writing.

| ELA  |  |  |                                      |   |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4                              | STANDARDS                                       |
| opinion pieces in which, they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book I am writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book. | which I introduce the topic or name<br>the book I am writing about, state<br>an opinion, supply a reason for the<br>opinion, and provide some sense of | which I introduce the topic or book I am writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion.                 | or texts, supporting a point of view | W.1.1, W.1.5,<br>W.1.10, W.2.1,<br>W.2.3, W.2.7 |
| EL   |  |  |                                      |   |
| can dictate, draw or write to  | write to express personal opinions and ideas using drawings, symbols, letters and words, with support.   | writing that supports grammatical structures and basic conventions that are appropriate to task and purpose with minimal guidance. | can produce writing that includes    | ELP Standard-<br>EL.PK.W.PI.8,<br>EL.W.3.4      |



### **HGSS**

**PRIORITY:** A successful student can describe how people have tried to improve their communities over time and draw conclusions about how choices have consequences.

| HGSS   | History  |   |  |   |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| I can identify necessary parts of my school/community. | I can explain why my school/<br>community are important. |   | have been made in our school/  | Standard 1:<br>Benchmark 1.1.<br>1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5 |
|  |  | consequences that have impacted   | I can explain and evaluate<br>significant choices and<br>consequences that have impacted<br>my future. |   |
| I can identify changes in my school/<br>community.     |  | l can recognize and evaluate<br>significant changes in my<br>community. | l can analyze significant changes in<br>my community.  |   |
| I can identify improvements in my school/community.    |  |   | I can analyze improvements in my<br>community.   |   |

**PRIORITY:** A successful student can describe roles and responsibilities of people in authority to recognize and evaluate relationships.

| HGSS  | Civics/Government                                   |  |  |                               |
|---|---|--|--|-------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                     |
|   | l can identify people of authority in<br>my school. | l can identify people of authority in<br>my community. |  | Standard 2:<br>Benchmark 2.1, |
|   |   | l can explain responsibilities of people in authority. | l can compare responsibilities of people in authority.             | 2.3, 2.4                      |
| I can identify roles for myself and family members. | I can explain roles for people at school.           |  | I can explain how all people play important role in the community. | •                             |

**PRIORITY:** A successful student can compare perspectives of people in the past to those of people in the present and investigate and connect relationships to make a claim using evidence

| HGSS  | History  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                                      |
| I can tell a story about myself.                      | I can identify who is telling a story.                 | I can identify the perspective of a story or informational text. | I can identify multiple perspectives of a story or informational text.           | Standard 3:<br>Benchmark 3.1,<br>3.2, 3.3, 3.4 |
| I can tell about something that happened in the past. | l can explain a past event.                            |  | I can evaluate an event from the past and explain positive and negative impacts. | 0.127 0.137 0.1 1                              |
| I can tell about something that is happening now.     | l can explain a current event.                         | details.   | I can evaluate a current event<br>and explain positive and negative<br>impacts.  |  |
| I can compare different stages of<br>my own life.     | I can compare different stages of<br>my family/school. |  | I can compare and analyze a past<br>and present event in society.                |  |

**PRIORITY:** A successful student can describe the goods and services people in the local community produce and those that are produced in other communities to analyze and draw conclusions about continuity and change over time.

| HGSS                                 | Economics   | conomics                                     |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1                              | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3                                      | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                                      |
| 1                                    | I can explain how wants and needs<br>are met.               |  |  | Standard 4:<br>Benchmark 4.1,<br>4.2, 4.3, 4.4 |
| I can list resources I have at home. | l can identify resources l have at<br>school.               | l can explain resources in our<br>community. | l can explain resources in our state.  | 7.2, 7.3, 7.7                                  |
| I can identify goods.                |   | other communities.                           | I can analyze how goods and<br>services produced in my<br>community and other communities<br>have changed over time. | •  |
|                                      | I can explain how goods and services change in a community. |  | I can analyze why goods and services have changed over time.   | •  |



**PRIORITY:** A successful student can use maps, graphs, photographs, and other representations to describe places important to them and the relationships and interactions that shape these places to analyze continuity and change over time.

| HGSS  | Geography   |   |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                                      |
| I can draw a picture of a familiar place.         | l can use a map key to locate places<br>on a map.               | representations of familiar places.   | photographs and representations                              | Standard 5:<br>Benchmark 5.1,<br>5.2, 5.3, 5.4 |
| I can tell about a place that is important to me. | l can describe a place that is<br>important to me with details. | l can explain how places change.  | l can compare places from different<br>time periods.         |  |
|   | •   | I can explain how weather, climate<br>and other environmental factors<br>impact places and regions. | I can explain how cultures impact<br>places and regions.     |  |
| I can give examples of how I have changed.        | I can explain how my school/<br>community has changed.          | •   | I can draw conclusions about changes in my school/community. | •<br>•<br>•<br>•                               |

**EXTENDED:** A successful student can generate questions about individuals and groups who have shaped a significant historical change to investigate and connect examples of choices and consequences within contemporary issues.

| HGSS   | History  |  |  |   |  |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |  |
|  | l can answer questions about others.                         | l can ask questions about<br>individuals and groups.                                   | questions to ask individuals and   | Standard 1:<br>Benchmark 1.1,<br>1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5 |  |
| I can identify important people in my life.              | l can explain the roles of significant people in our school. |  | l can explain the roles of significant people in our state.  |   |  |
| I can identify choices and consequences in my life.      | l can explain choices and<br>consequences in my life.        | significant choices and<br>consequences that have impacted                             | I can explain and evaluate<br>significant choices and<br>consequences that have impacted<br>my future. |   |  |
| I can sort things that happened in the past and present. |  | I can explain how choices have<br>impacted consequences of past<br>and present events. | I can analyze past and present<br>events to explain choices and<br>consequences.                       |   |  |

**EXTENDED:** A successful student can describe how communities work to accomplish common tasks, establish responsibilities, and fulfill roles of authority to draw conclusions and evaluate the rights and responsibilities of people living in that society.

| HGSS   | History  |   |   |                                       |
|--|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                             |
| I can identify people of authority in my family.   | I can identify people of authority in my school.   | I can identify people of authority in my community.     | I can identify people of authority in my state.   | Standard 2:<br>Benchmark 2.1,<br>2.2. |
| I can identify responsibilities for myself.  | l can explain responsibilities for family members and peers.                             | l can evaluate responsibilities of people in authority. | l can analyze responsibilities of people in authority.  | 2.3, 2.4                              |
| I can identify rights for myself.  | I can explain rights for family<br>members and peers.                                    | I can evaluate rights of people in a community.         | I can analyze rights of people in a community.  | •                                     |
| I can share, take turns, follow<br>rules, and work together to make<br>decisions in our classroom. | I can give examples of democratic<br>practices (fairness, respect, equality,<br>voting). | and draw conclusion on how these impact a community.    | I can compare different types of<br>democratic practices (democracy,<br>dictatorship, anarchy) and draw<br>conclusion on how these impact a<br>community. |                                       |

**EXTENDED:** A successful student can generate questions about individuals and groups who have shaped a significant historical change to acquire and organize information describing relationships between historical and contemporary events.

| HGSS  | History  |          |   |  |
|---|--|----------|---|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                      |
| I can answer simple questions about myself.           | l can answer questions about<br>others.                        | •        | questions to ask individuals and  | Standard 3:<br>Benchmark 3.1,<br>3.2, 3.3, 3.4 |
| I can tell about something that happened in the past. | l can explain a past event.                                    |          | I can evaluate an event from the past and explain positive and negative impacts.  |  |
| I can tell about something that is happening now.     | I can explain a current event.                                 | details. | I can evaluate a current event<br>and explain positive and negative<br>impacts.   |  |
|   | I can compare things that<br>happened in the past and present. | •        | I can make connections about<br>relationships between past and<br>present events. |  |



**EXTENDED:** A successful student can describe why people in one region trade goods and services with people in another region and the impact of goods and services on individuals and communities to connect continuity and change to a contemporary issue.

| HGSS  | Economics   |   |   |  |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                      |
| I can identify goods from the past and present. | •   | other communities from past and                               | services from my community and  | Standard 4:<br>Benchmark 4.1,<br>4.2, 4.3, 4.4 |
|   | I can explain where I live (city,<br>state) and compare it to another<br>community. | • '   | I can compare goods and services<br>produced in different parts of the<br>world.  |  |
|   |   | a local issue today based on economic issues (money, savings, | I can evaluate changes causing<br>a local issue today based on<br>economic issues (money, savings,<br>goods, services). |  |

**EXTENDED:** A successful student can describe how human activities affect the cultural and environmental characteristics of places or regions to investigate and connect relationships within contemporary issues.

| HGSS  | Geography  | graphy  |   |  |  |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                  |  |
|   |  | I can compare how people in different types of communities live.            |   | Standard 5:<br>Benchmark<br>5.1, 5.2, 5.3, |  |
| (language, religion, politics,                                | characteristics (language, religion, politics, economics). | characteristics (language, religion,<br>politics, economics) connect to the | I can analyze how human<br>characteristics (language, religion,<br>politics, economics) connect to the<br>cultural of a region.                       | 5.4  |  |
|   | characteristics (landforms,                                | characteristics (landforms, climate,  | I can analyze geographic<br>characteristics (landforms, climate,<br>resources) of different regions.  |  |  |
| and geographic characteristics (movement of people, language, | community based on human and geographic characteristics    | local issue today based on human and geographic characteristics             | I can evaluate changes causing<br>a local issue today based on<br>geographic characteristics<br>(movement of people, language,<br>environment, land). | 70 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0     |  |

## **English Language (EL) HGSS**

It is important to recognize that students who receive ESOL Services have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports makes it possible for them to do so. Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the measurement tables for this population align to The Kansas Standards for English Learners. These standards create a foundation upon which successful English language instruction is built. The premise of these standards is supporting individual students to gain a level of proficiency with the English language that allows them to be highly successful in obtaining grade level academic standards in as short of time as possible. Both social English and academic English are required to attain mastery of the English language and of school success. These standards below frame expectations of "what students need to know and be able to do" from a level 1 to level 4 of English fluency and how that relates to a mastery level.

**Special Note:** These standards are grade banded and overarching. Some competencies are designed with the end in mind. Therefore, a student in Pre-K-1st grade may be at a level 1 or 2, but is expected to progress to a level 3 or 4 by grade 2.

| HGSS   | EL  |   |  |               |  |
|--|---|---|--|---------------|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS     |  |
| begin to read a decodable text read  | on picture clues for accuracy and understanding with prompting and  | while using context to confirm  | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can read on-level texts with some<br>purpose and understanding by<br>rereading when necessary.          | EL.RF4        |  |
| point to a picture or single word to ask or respond to questions about who or what is happening in the text, with prompting and support. | locate or give a key detail from a<br>simple text that asks or answers<br>a who, what, when, where text-<br>dependent question with prompting | can identify details in a text which<br>prompt a clarifying question and/or<br>answer explicitly who, what, when, | A successful level 4 EL student can<br>ask and answer various explicit<br>text-dependent questions by citing<br>specific textual evidence. | EL.R1         |  |
| can select a picture or illustration depicting the reasoning with  | can select a picture supporting<br>the reasoning. Label picture with  | identify one response to support  | A successful level 4 EL student can identify two reasoning responses to support text dependent questions.                                  | EL.R.1.8, 2.8 |  |



| HGSS EL   |   |  |  |           |  |
|---|---|--|--|-----------|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can sort common objects into categories with prompting and support.   | A successful level 2 EL student can sort common objects into categories with some prompting and support. Identify real-life connections between words and their uses with prompting and support.                          | can sort common objects into   | A successful level 4 EL student can<br>explore HGSS relationships in real<br>world situations.   | EL.R12    |  |
| A successful level 1 EL can point to<br>a picture or single word to ask or<br>respond to questions about who or<br>what is happening in the text with<br>prompting and support.                     | A successful level 2 EL student can actively engage in individual or group readings with some purpose and understanding with prompting and support.   | A successful level 3 EL student can actively engage in individual or group readings with some purpose and understanding with minimal prompting and support.                                      | A successful level 4 EL student can actively engage in individual or group readings with some purpose and understanding.   | EL.R13    |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can scribble, draw pictures, and copy key words and phrases with prompting and support.   | A successful level 2 EL student can print or copy some key words and phrases. Insert key words within a sentence frame during shared language activities. Recognize question words. Write a simple sentence with support. | A successful level 3 EL student can recognize and write key HGSS vocabulary. Produce and begin to explain their reasoning using simple and compound sentences with minimal support.              | A successful level 4 EL student can begin to write using HGSS vocabulary. Produce, expand, and explain their reasoning using complete simple and compound sentences.         | EL.W.10   |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can<br>nod for "yes" and "no," draw, and<br>point with minimal comprehension<br>with prompting and support or<br>remain in silent period absorbing<br>surroundings. | A successful level 2 EL student can produce one or two word responses with limited comprehension with prompting and support.  | participate in most conversations  | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can follow rules for discussions<br>and participate in conversations<br>through multiple exchanges. Ask for<br>clarification when needed. | EL.SL.1   |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no," draw, and point to obtain information with prompting and support or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings.                     | A successful level 2 EL student can produce one or two word questions and/or responses to obtain information or clarify something that is not understood with prompting and support.                                      | A successful level 3 EL student can produce simple questions and/or responses to seek help, get information, and/or clarify something that is not understood with minimal prompting and support. | A successful level 4 EL student can ask and answer low level questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.                  | EL.SL3    |  |

| HGSS   | EL   |   |  |           |
|--|--|---|--|-----------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| A successful level 1 EL student can draw or point to pictures to describe familiar people, places, things, and/or events with prompting and support or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings. | draw, point, and/or produce one or<br>two word descriptions of familiar<br>people, places, things, and/or events | can present simple sentences to describe familiar people, places, | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can describe familiar people,<br>places, things, and/or events using<br>complete sentences. | EL.SL4    |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no," draw, and/or point to pictures repeating names of frequently used words or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings.                 | a personal HGSS vocabulary bank  | and support.  |  | EL.SL8    |



### **Mathematics**

Students must be engaged with the eight Standards for Mathematical Practice throughout the instruction of the mathematical content:

- 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- 4. Model with mathematics.
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.
- 7. Look for and make use of structure.
- 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

#### **Counting and Cardinality**

**Overarching Competency:** A successful student can demonstrate an understanding of numbers with proficiency to rote count, order, compare, subitize, match objects to and write numbers.

PRIORITY: A successful student can rote count, identify and write numerals (within a given range).

| Mathematics  | Counting and Cardinali | ty      |         |                                      |
|--|------------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2                | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS                            |
| I can rote count to 30, to 100 to 120.   |                        |         |         | Pre-K.CC.1, 3,<br>K.CC.1, 2, 1.NBT.1 |
| I can identify numbers to 10, identify and write numbers to 20, identify and write numbers to 120. |                        |         |         | Pre-K.CC.2, K.CC.2, 1.NBT.1          |

## **PRIORITY:** A successful student can demonstrate the relationship between numbers and quantities starting with concrete representations and moving to the abstract (within a given range).

| Mathematics   | Counting and Cardinality                                 |         |         |                       |
|---|--|---------|---------|-----------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS             |
| I can accurately match objects to rote counting with one-to-one correspondence.   |  |         |         | Pre-K.CC.4,<br>K.CC.4 |
| I can identify the number of concrete objects in various configurations to 10 and concrete and pictorial objects in various configurations to 20. | I can represent a given number<br>with concrete objects. |         |         | Pre-K.CC.5,<br>K.CC.5 |

#### PRIORITY: A successful student can compare numbers (within a given range).

| Mathematics                     | Counting and Cardinality  |         |         |                                     |
|---------------------------------|---|---------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1                         | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS                           |
| I can subitize objects to five. | I can identify greater than, less<br>than, equal to within two groups of<br>objects up to 10. |         | •       | Pre-K.CC.7<br>Pre-K.CC.6,<br>K.CC.6 |
|                                 | I can compare written numbers to five and numbers to 10.                                      |         | •       | Pre-K.CC.8,<br>Pre-K.CC.7           |



#### Numbers in Base Ten

**Overarching Competency:** A successful student can demonstrate the ability to think flexibly about whole numbers and will be able to represent quantities with an understanding of place value.

**PRIORITY:** A successful student can demonstrate an understanding of composing and decomposing numbers (within a given range) using manipulatives, drawings and equations.

| Mathematics  | Numbers in Base Ten                  |   |         |           |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|---------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2                              | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
| I can compose teen numbers.  | multiple concrete or pictorial ways. | I can compose teen numbers in<br>multiple concrete or pictorial ways<br>and formulate an equation to<br>record the composition.     |         | K.NBT.1   |
| I can decompose teen numbers in multiple concrete or pictorial ways. | multiple concrete or pictorial ways. | I can decompose teen numbers<br>in multiple concrete or pictorial<br>ways and formulate an equation to<br>record the decomposition. |         | K.NBT.1   |

**PRIORITY:** A successful student will begin to demonstrate an understanding of whole number relationships and place value, including grouping 10s and ones.

| Mathematics   | Numbers in Base Ten  |   |         |              |
|---|--|---|---------|--------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS    |
| I can explain what tens/ones represent within teen numbers. |  |   |         | 1.NBT.2, 2a  |
|   | I can identify patterns in teen<br>numbers and numbers with a zero<br>(up to 100). |   |         | I.NBT.2b, 2c |
|   |  | I can flexibly compose teen<br>numbers in multiple concrete or<br>pictorial ways.   |         | 1.NBT.2d     |
|   |  | I can flexibly decompose teen<br>numbers in multiple concrete or<br>pictorial ways. |         | 1.NBT.2d     |

#### **PRIORITY:** A successful student can rote count, identify, compare and write numbers (within a given range).

| Mathematics                    | Numbers in Base Ten  |         |         |                     |
|--------------------------------|--|---------|---------|---------------------|
| LEVEL 1                        | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS           |
| l can rote count within 1,000. | l can skip count by 2s, 5s, 10s within<br>1,000 and explain the pattern.                           |         |         | 2.NBT.2             |
| 1,000.                         | I can relate numbers to 1,000 using expanded form, unit form, base-10 numerals.                    |         |         | 2.NBT.3             |
|                                | l can compare two-digit numbers<br>and three-digit numbers and report<br>using relational symbols. |         |         | 1.NBT.3,<br>2.NBT.3 |



## **PRIORITY:** A successful student can show an understanding of place value and properties of operations to add and subtract in various ways (concrete models, equations, mental math).

| Mathematics | Numbers in Base Ten   |   |  |                           |  |
|-------------|---|---|--|---------------------------|--|
| LEVEL 1     | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                 |  |
|             | I can add within 100 using concrete<br>models, mental math, drawing and<br>strategies.  | models, drawing and strategies and connect the strategy chosen to a written method.   | I can add within 100 using concrete<br>models, drawing and strategies,<br>connect the strategy chosen to a<br>written method and explain my<br>reasoning.                        | l.NBT.4, 4a,<br>4b, 4c, 5 |  |
|             | I can subtract multiples of 10 (between 10-90) using concrete models, mental math, drawing and strategies.  |   | I can subtract multiples of 10 (between 10-90) using concrete models, drawing and strategies and connect the strategy chosen to a written method and explain my reasoning.       | I.NBT. 5, 6               |  |
|             | I can add up to four two-digit<br>numbers using strategies based<br>on place value and properties of<br>operations.   |   |  | 2.NBT.6                   |  |
|             | I can add within 1,000 using concrete models, mental math, drawing and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition/subtraction.      | I can add within 1,000 using concrete models, mental math, drawing and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition/subtraction connect the strategy chosen to a written method.      | I can explain my reasoning for why<br>addition strategies worked using<br>place value and the properties of<br>operations and may support my<br>answer with drawing or objects.  | 2.NBT.7, 8, 9             |  |
|             | I can subtract within 1,000 using concrete models, mental math, drawing and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition/subtraction. | I can subtract within 1,000 using concrete models, mental math, drawing and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition/subtraction connect the strategy chosen to a written method. | I can explain my reasoning for why<br>subtraction strategies work using<br>place value and the properties of<br>operations and may support my<br>answer with drawing or objects. | 2.NBT.7, 8, 9             |  |



### **Operations and Algebraic Thinking**

**Overarching Competency:** A successful student can demonstrate the ability to think flexibly about whole numbers and will be able to represent quantities with an understanding of place value.

**PRIORITY:** A successful student can demonstrate an understanding of addition and subtraction with the use of objects, images or sounds.

| Mathematics  | Operations and Algebraic Thinking |   |  |  |  |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2                           | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |  |
| I can demonstrate and represent<br>addition and subtraction by using<br>objects, fingers, drawings, sounds,<br>expressions or equations. | within 100 to solve word problems | numbers within 10 using mental strategies and working with equal              | I can fluently add and subtract<br>numbers within 20 using mental<br>strategies and working with equal<br>groups of objects. | Pre-K.OA.1,<br>K.OA.1,<br>K.OA.2,<br>1.OA.1, 2,<br>1.OA.5,<br>2.OA.1,<br>1.OA.6,<br>2.OA.2 |  |
| I can compose or decompose<br>numbers, up to five, into pairs in<br>more than one way.   | numbers                           | I can decompose numbers up<br>to 10 in pairs by using objects or<br>drawings. |  | Pre-K.OA.2,<br>K.OA.4, Pre-K.<br>OA.3, K.OA.3  |  |
|  |                                   | I can fluently add and subtract<br>numbers up to five.                        |  | K.OA.5   |  |

**PRIORITY:** A successful student will be able to apply properties of operation and the relationship between addition and subtraction.

| Mathematics | Operations and Algebraic Thinking |  |  |         |              |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|---------|--------------|
| LEVEL 1     | LEVEL 2                           |  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS    |
|             |                                   |  | I can apply properties of operation as strategies to add and subtract. |         | 1.OA.3, 4, 5 |



#### PRIORITY: A successful student will identify equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication.

| Mathematics | Operations and Algebraic Thinking |                                     |         |           |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1     | LEVEL 2                           | LEVEL 3                             | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
|             | numbers by pairing objects or     | number of objects arranged in a 5x5 |         | 2.OA.3, 4 |

#### **EXTENDED:** A successful student will be able to solve equations using addition and subtraction.

| Mathematics | Operations and Algebraic | Thinking  |         |           |
|-------------|--------------------------|---|---------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1     | LEVEL 2                  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
|             |                          | I can understand and<br>solve equations involving<br>addition and subtraction to<br>determine if they are true<br>or false. |         | 1.OA.7, 8 |



#### Measurement and Data

**Overarching Competency:** A successful student can demonstrate the ability to think flexibly about whole numbers and will be able to represent quantities with an understanding of place value.

PRIORITY: A successful student can describe and compare objects using measurable attributes.

| Mathematics | Measurement and Data |  |         |                            |
|-------------|----------------------|--|---------|----------------------------|
| LEVEL 1     | LEVEL 2              | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS                  |
|             | •                    | I can compare two objects, with<br>measurable attributes, to see which<br>object has more or less of the<br>attribute. | •       | Pre-K MD.1, 2<br>K MD.1, 2 |

PRIORITY: A successful student will measure and estimate lengths in standard units.

| Mathematics                          | Measurement and Data         |   |         |                              |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---------|------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1                              | LEVEL 2                      | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS                    |
| object by selecting the proper tool. | comparing the lengths of two | I can express the length of an object<br>by using multiple copies of a shorter<br>object laid end to end. |         | 1 MD.1, 2 2<br>MD.1, 2, 3, 4 |

**EXTENDED:** A successful students will demonstrate the ability to represent and analyze data.

| Mathematics | Measurement and Data             |  |         |                                    |
|-------------|----------------------------------|--|---------|------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1     | LEVEL 2                          | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS                          |
|             | categories based on count (up to | I can tell time on analog and digital<br>clocks to the nearest five minutes<br>(extended). |         | Pre-K.MD.3,<br>4, K.MD.3,<br>1MD.3 |



#### **EXTENDED:** A successful student will be able to classify and interpret data within multiple categories.

| Mathematics | Measurement and Data |  |         |                   |
|-------------|----------------------|--|---------|-------------------|
| LEVEL 1     | LEVEL 2              | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS         |
|             | •                    | I can organize and represent<br>data into categories and answer<br>questions about multiple data<br>points (extended). |         | 1.MD.4,<br>2.MD.6 |

**EXTENDED:** A successful student will be able to use addition and subtraction to solve problems using length while also interpreting and creating data points in multiple units.

| Mathematics | Measurement and Data                                |   |                              |                               |
|-------------|---|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1     | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4                      | STANDARDS                     |
|             | l can identify coins and bills and<br>their values. | much longer one object is from  | measured lengths of multiple | 2.MD.4,<br>2.MD.9,<br>2.MD.10 |
|             |   | up to 100, to solve word problems involving length in the same units.           |                              | 2.MD.5,<br>2.MD.11            |
|             |   | I can represent whole numbers on<br>a number line equally spaced within<br>100. |                              | 2.MD.6                        |
|             |   | I can solve word problems involving money.                                      |                              | 2.MD.8                        |



#### Geometry

**Overarching Competency:** A successful student can demonstrate the ability to investigate the characteristics and properties of two and/or three-dimensional geometric shapes and apply transformations and symmetry in geometric situations.

**PRIORITY:** A successful student will identify and describe shapes.

| Mathematics | Geometry |  |         |   |
|-------------|----------|--|---------|---|
| LEVEL 1     | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS   |
| 1 '         |          | l can describe shapes as two-<br>dimensional or three-dimensional. | •       | Pre-K.G.1,<br>K.G.1, Pre-<br>K.G.2, K.G.2,<br>K.G.3 |

**EXTENDED:** A successful student will be able to analyze, compare and compose two- or three-dimensional shapes by building, drawing or modeling.

| Mathematics | Geometry                                    |  |         |                     |
|-------------|---|--|---------|---------------------|
| LEVEL 1     | LEVEL 2                                     | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS           |
|             | shapes of different sizes and orientations. | I can analyze and compare two-<br>or three-dimensional objects in<br>different sizes and orientations<br>and also describe using informal<br>language. | •       | Pre-K.G.3,<br>K.G.4 |

**EXTENDED:** A successful student will be able to distinguish attributes of shapes and partition shapes into equal parts.

| Mathematics | Geometry  |   |   |                                     |
|-------------|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1     | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                           |
|             | I can distinguish between defining attributes versus non-defining attributes. | shapes with defining attributes.  | I can compose shapes using<br>different components and/or other<br>shapes (extended). | 1.G.1, 1.G.2,<br>2.G.1, K.G.5,<br>6 |
|             |   | I can partition circles and rectangles<br>into equal parts and use proper<br>language to describe the parts (i.e.<br>halves, fourths, etc |   | 1.G.3, 2.G.3                        |



### **Fact Fluency**

**PRIORITY:** A successful student can demonstrate the ability to quickly and accurately verbalize and compute fact fluency (within a range of numbers).

| Mathematics | Fact Fluency                          |   |   |           |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1     | LEVEL 2                               | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
|             | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | l can fluently add and subtract within.   |   | 5. K.OA.5 |
|             | •                                     | I can apply mental strategies to<br>fluently add within 20 and subtract<br>within 10.         |   | 1.OA.6    |
|             |                                       | fluently add and subtract within 20.  | I can connect knowledge of addition<br>to beginning understanding of<br>multiplication. | 2.OA.2    |
|             |                                       | I can fluently add and subtract<br>within 100 by choosing and applying<br>various strategies. |   | 2.NBT.5   |

### **EL Mathematics**

It is important to recognize that students who receive ESOL Services have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports makes it possible for them to do so. Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the measurement tables for this population align to The Kansas Standards for English Learners. These standards create a foundation upon which successful English language instruction is built. The premise of these standards is supporting individual students to gain a level of proficiency with the English language that allows them to be highly successful in obtaining grade level academic standards in as short of time as possible. Both social English and academic English are required to attain mastery of the English language and of school success. These standards below frame expectations of "what students need to know and be able to do" from a level 1 to level 4 of English fluency and how that relates to a mastery level.

**Special Note:** These standards are grade banded and overarching. Some competencies are designed with the end in mind. Therefore, a student in Pre-K-1st grade may be at a level 1 or 2, but is expected to progress to a level 3 or 4 by grade 2.

| Mathematics   | EL  |  |  |               |
|---|---|--|--|---------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS     |
| A successful level 1 EL student can read a numerical math problem with prompting and support.   | A successful level 2 EL student can read decodable word problems while relying on picture clues for accuracy and understanding with some prompting and support. | can read emergent-reader text<br>while using context to confirm          | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can read on-level texts with some<br>purpose and understanding by<br>rereading when necessary.          | EL.RF.4       |
| A successful level 1 student can point to a picture or single word to ask or respond to questions about who or what is happening in the text, with prompting and support. | locate or give a key detail from a<br>simple text that asks or answers<br>a who, what, when, where text-<br>dependent question with some                        | can identify details in a text which prompt a clarifying question and/or | A successful level 4 EL student can<br>ask and answer various explicit<br>text-dependent questions by citing<br>specific textual evidence. | EL.R.1        |
| A successful level 1 EL student can select a picture or illustration depicting the reasoning with prompting and support.  | A successful level 2 EL student can select a picture supporting the reasoning. Label picture with a single word or phrase with some prompting and support.      |  | A successful level 4 EL student can identify two reasoning responses to support text dependent questions.                                  | EL.R.1.8, 2.8 |



| Mathematics  | EL   |   |  |           |
|--|--|---|--|-----------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| A successful level 1 EL student can sort common objects into categories with prompting and support.  | A successful level 2 EL student can sort common objects into categories with some prompting and support. Identify real-life connections between words and their uses some prompting and support.   | A successful level 3 EL student can sort common objects into categories identifying similar attributes with minimal prompting and support. Identify real-life connections between words and their uses with minimal prompting and support. (ex. addition/plus, subtract/minus/takeaway, multiply/times) | A successful level 4 EL student can<br>explore math relationships in real<br>world situations.   | EL.R.12   |
| A successful level 1 student can scribble, draw pictures, and copy some numbers with prompting and support.  | A successful level 2 student can print or copy some numbers. Copy some number words. Insert number words within a sentence frame during shared language activities. Recognize question words. Write a simple sentence with some prompting and support. | explain their reasoning using simple and compound sentences with  | A successful level 4 EL student can begin to create word problems using math vocabulary. Produce, expand, and explain their reasoning using complete simple and compound sentences | EL.W.10   |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no," draw, and point with minimal comprehension with prompting and support or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings. | A successful level 2 EL student can<br>produce one or two word responses<br>with limited comprehension with<br>some prompting and support.   | participate in most conversations   | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can follow rules for discussions<br>and participate in conversations<br>through multiple exchanges. Ask for<br>clarification when needed.       | EL.SL.1   |

| Mathematics   | EL   |  |   |           |
|---|--|--|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no," draw, and point to obtain information with prompting and support or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings.                                   | and/or responses to obtain   | and/or responses to seek help,   | A successful level 4 EL student can ask and answer low level questions in order to seek help, get information, or clarify something that is not understood.     | EL.SL.3   |
| A successful level 1 EL student can draw or point to pictures to describe math related concepts with prompting and support or stay in silent period absorbing surroundings.                                       | A successful level 2 EL student can draw, point, and/or produce one or two word descriptions of math related concepts with some prompting and support. | can present simple sentences to describe math related concepts with              | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can retell a math word problem or<br>explain a math solution using math<br>vocabulary.                                       | EL.SL.4   |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no," draw, and/or point to pictures repeating names of frequently used words with prompting and support or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings. | A successful level 2 EL student can acquire basic math words and add to a personal math vocabulary bank with some prompting and support.               | use math words through a range of situations with minimal prompting and support. | A successful level 4 EL student can use math words and phrases acquired through math conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to math concepts. | EL.SL8    |



### **Science**

**Performance Expectations:** Students are expected to demonstrate grade appropriate proficiency in developing and using models, planning and carrying out investigations, analyzing and interpreting data, constructing explanations and designing solutions, engaging in argument from evidence, and obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information. Students are expected to use these practices to demonstrate understanding of the core ideas.

### **Physical Science:**

**Engineering and Design** 

**PRIORITY:** A successful student will demonstrate proficiency with engineering and design skills, such as asking questions, making observations, sketching or drawing, and analyzing data across all sciences.

| Science   | Physical Science: Engineering and Design |   |  |           |
|---|--|---|--|-----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2                                  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| I can define a simple problem that can be solved.   | make observations.                       | that can be solved, ask questions<br>and make observations to gather<br>information about a situation people<br>want to change. | object or tool and analyze data from<br>tests of two objects designed to<br>solve the same problem to compare<br>the strengths and weaknesses of | K-2-      |
| I can explore objects (blocks, legos, playdough, etc., and how they work together to create a design. |  | develop a physical model to illustrate  |  | EL.SL.2.3 |



#### Forces and Interactions

**PRIORITY:** A successful student will explore how pushes, pulls, gravity, magnetism and mechanical forces have different strengths, can change the speed or direction of an object's motion and can start or stop it.

| Science                              | Physical Science: Forces an  | d Interactions   |   |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| LEVEL 1                              | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| pulling a wagon, kicking a ball, etc | investigations, planned by the teacher, with the effects of common | investigation and compare the effects of common forces on objects. | analyze the effects to determine if the design solution worked as intended to change the speed or direction of an object. | S.p3.1,<br>S.p4.1,<br>S.p4.2, PS2-2,<br>K-PS2-1<br>ELP<br>standards:<br>EL.SL.K.3,<br>EL.SL.1.3. |

#### Waves

**EXTENDED:** A successful student will explore the properties of light and sound.

| Science  | Physical Science: Waves |                                    |   |  |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2                 | LEVEL 3                            | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                  |
| I can explore the effects of objects<br>on light (block, pass through, create<br>shadows, redirect). |                         | investigation to determine the     |   | ELP<br>standards:<br>EL.R.1.1,<br>EL.R.2.1 |
| 1  |                         | investigations to provide evidence | I can use tools and materials to<br>design and build a device that uses<br>light or sound to solve the problem. |  |



#### Structures and Properties of Matter

**EXTENDED:** A successful student explores different kinds of matter and discovers many of them can be either solid or liquid, depending on temperature. Matter can be described and classified by its observable properties, different properties are suited to different purposes, and a great variety of objects can be built up from a small set of pieces.

| Science  | Physical Science: Structures and Properties of Matter  |  |  |   |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| I can classify different kinds of<br>materials by their observable<br>properties (solid, liquid or gas). | I can describe that different<br>properties (solid, liquid and gas) can<br>be used for different purposes.       | investigation to describe and classify<br>different kinds of materials by their<br>observable properties (solid, liquid<br>and gas). | testing different materials to<br>determine which materials have<br>the properties (solid, liquid and gas)<br>that are best suited for an intended | 2-PS1-1,<br>2-PS1-3,<br>2-PS1-4,<br>ELP<br>standards:<br>EL.R.K.12,<br>EL.R.1.12, |
| I can use small objects to design<br>a new creation. (legos, blocks,<br>playdough, etc.                  | l can construct and describe<br>how a small set of objects can be<br>disassembled and made into a new<br>object. | construct an evidence-based account of how an object made  | I can use technical writing to write instructions on how to disassemble an object and use the pieces to reassemble something new.                  | EL.R.2.12   |
| I can explore and observe how<br>temperature can affect properties<br>of matter.                         | I can describe how temperature can<br>affect properties of matter.   | investigation to compare reversible and irreversible changes in matter.  | I can construct an argument with<br>evidence that some changes<br>caused by heating or cooling can be<br>reversed and some cannot.                 |   |



#### Life Science:

Structure and Function/Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems

PRIORITY: A successful student will explore what organisms (plants and animals) need in order to live and grow.

| Science   | Life Science: Structure and Function/Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems                               |  |  |   |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| I can use scientific vocabulary to<br>ask and answer questions about<br>objects, organisms and events in my<br>environment. | describe how plant and animal parts<br>and behavior patterns help them<br>survive, grow and meet their needs. | a diorama, that illustrates my<br>understanding that living things<br>exist in different habitats, including<br>what plants and animals (including<br>humans) need to survive (sunlight, | and media, to design a solution to<br>a human problem by mimicking<br>how plants and/or animals use<br>their external parts and behavior<br>patterns to help them survive, grow, | S.p3.3,<br>S.p4.4,<br>S.p2.8,<br>S.p4.9,<br>S.p4.5, K-LS1-<br>1, 2-LS2-1,<br>S.p4.9,<br>K-ESS3-1, |
| resources that are needed by  | or question resulting from this need<br>and propose a logical solution that                                   | supported by evidence for how  | that will help solve an environmental<br>problem.  | 1-LS1-1,  |



### **Earth Space Science**

Weather and Climate

**PRIORITY:** Earth Space Science: A successful student will ask questions, make observations and gather information about weather and weather patterns.

| Science                                | Earth Space Science: Weather and Climate   |   |   |  |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| LEVEL 1                                | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| questions about weather I can observe. | I can observe, discuss and ask<br>questions about changes in<br>patterns of weather and seasons<br>using common weather related<br>vocabulary. | research and collect information about a type of weather I am   |   | S.p4.6,<br>K-ESS2-1,<br>S.p4.7,<br>K-PS3-4,<br>K-ESS3-2,<br>S.p4.11,                                 |
| i i                                    | I can observe and explain how<br>plants, animals and humans<br>respond to changes in the<br>environment and in seasons.                        | information and communicate about the purpose of forecasting the weather to prepare for and respond to, different weather conditions. | about animals or plants that I am<br>interested in, identify a problem<br>or an issue regarding living beings<br>and weather and create a plan or | S.p4.11,<br>S.p3.5,<br>S.p3.5, S.p3.9<br>ELP<br>Standards:<br>EL. R. 1.1,<br>EL.R.1.13,<br>EL.R.2.13 |



### Earth's Systems

**EXTENDED:** A successful student will compare and test designs to show wind and water can change the shape of the land.

| Science  | Earth Space Science: Earth'   | s Systems                          |  |   |
|--|---|------------------------------------|--|---|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3                            | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| can move objects and change their shape (kites, windsocks, water play, | sources to provide evidence that<br>Earth events can occur quickly or | bodies of water and where they can | solutions designed to slow or prevent wind or water from changing the shape of the land. | 2-ESS1-1,<br>2-ESS2-1,<br>2-ESS2-2,<br>2-ESS2-3<br>ELP<br>standards:<br>EL.R.1.1,<br>EL.R.2.1 |

#### Space Systems

**EXTENDED:** A successful student will observe, describe, and predict patterns of the motion of the sun, moon and stars.

| Science   | Earth Space Science: Space Systems |  |   |           |
|---|------------------------------------|--|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2                            | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| times of year to relate the amount of daylight to the time of year. |                                    | observations of the patterns of the sun, moon and stars. | I can compare and contrast (verbally<br>or in writing) the properties of<br>the moon with the moon as it is<br>portrayed in children's fictional<br>literature (nursery rhymes, "Good<br>Night Moon" or other stories). |           |



### **EL Science**

It is important to recognize that students who receive ESOL Services have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports makes it possible for them to do so. Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the measurement tables for this population align to The Kansas Standards for English Learners. These standards create a foundation upon which successful English language instruction is built. The premise of these standards is supporting individual students to gain a level of proficiency with the English language that allows them to be highly successful in obtaining grade level academic standards in as short of time as possible. Both social English and academic English are required to attain mastery of the English language and of school success. These standards below frame expectations of "what students need to know and be able to do" from a level 1 to level 4 of English fluency and how that relates to a mastery level.

**Special Note:** These standards are grade banded and overarching. Some competencies are designed with the end in mind. Therefore, a student in Pre-K-1st grade may be at a level 1 or 2, but is expected to progress to a level 3 or 4 by grade 2.

| Science  | EL  |   |  |               |
|--|---|---|--|---------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS     |
| begin to read a decodable text read while relying on picture clues with prompting and support.               | read decodable text while relying<br>on picture clues for accuracy<br>and understanding with some   | can read emergent-reader text<br>while using context to confirm   | A successful level 4 EL student can read on-level texts with some purpose and understanding by rereading when necessary.                   | EL.RF.4       |
| point to a picture or single word to<br>ask or respond to questions about<br>who or what is happening in the | locate or give a key detail from a<br>simple text that asks or answers<br>a who, what, when, where text-<br>dependent question with prompting | can identify details in a text which<br>prompt a clarifying question and/or<br>answer explicitly who, what, when, | A successful level 4 EL student can<br>ask and answer various explicit<br>text-dependent questions by citing<br>specific textual evidence. | EL.R1         |
| depicting the reasoning with   | can select a picture supporting<br>the reasoning. Label picture with a  |   | A successful level 4 EL student can identify two reasoning responses to support text dependent questions.                                  | EL.R.1.8, 2.8 |

| Science   | EL  |   |  |           |
|---|---|---|--|-----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| A successful level 1 EL student can explore and sort common objects into categories with prompting and support.   | A successful level 2 EL student can observe and sort common objects into categories with some prompting and support. Identify real-life connections with prompting and support. | can describe and sort common<br>objects into categories identifying<br>similar attributes while making  | A successful level 4 EL student can investigate, describe, and sort common objects into categories and evaluate their reasoning based on their similar attributes and real life connections. | EL.R12    |
| A successful level 1 EL can point to<br>a picture or single word to ask or<br>respond to questions about who or<br>what is happening in the text with<br>prompting and support.                                   | A successful level 2 EL student can actively engage in individual or group readings with some purpose and understanding with prompting and support.                             | A successful level 3 EL student can actively engage in individual or group readings with some purpose and understanding with minimal prompting and support. | A successful level 4 EL student can<br>actively engage in individual or<br>group readings with some purpose<br>and understanding.  | EL.R13    |
| A successful level 1 EL student can scribble, draw pictures, and copy key words and phrases with prompting and support.   | print or copy some key words and  |   | A successful level 4 EL student can begin to write using science vocabulary. Produce, expand, and explain their reasoning using complete simple and compound sentences.                      | EL.W10    |
| A successful level 1 EL student can<br>nod for "yes" and "no," draw, and<br>point with prompting and support<br>or remain in silent period absorbing<br>surroundings.   | comprehension and ask basic who or what clarification questions with  | produce simple responses to seek  | A successful level 4 EL student can<br>recount and/or produce answers<br>about key ideas or details from<br>a text read aloud or information<br>presented orally.                            | EL.SL2    |
| nod for "yes" and "no," draw, and   | A successful Level 2 EL student can produce one or two word responses with limited comprehension and ask clarification questions with prompting and support.                    | recount and/or produce answers<br>about key details showing basic   | A successful Level 4 EL student can recount and/or produce answers about key details displaying rudimentary comprehension of information.  | EL.SL3    |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no," draw, and/or point to pictures repeating names of frequently used words with prompting and support or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings. | A successful level 2 EL student can acquire basic science words and add to a personal science vocabulary bank with prompting and support.                                       | A successful level 3 EL student<br>can use science words through a<br>range of discussion with minimal<br>prompting and support.                            | A successful level 4 EL student can use science words and phrases acquired through science conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to science concepts.                     | EL.SL8    |

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## **Humanities**

| Humanities   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
|--|--|--|--|--|-----------|
| A successful student can demonstrate that they understand that written   | I can begin to apply age<br>appropriate word analysis<br>skills in decoding words. | l can apply age appropriate<br>word analysis skills in<br>decoding words.                                      | I can demonstrate<br>understanding of spoken<br>words, syllables and sounds<br>(phonemes).                                     | l can consistently recognize<br>and read grade-appropriate<br>words.   |           |
| letters represent specific sounds in words.  | •  | I can name the sounds<br>that written letters make,<br>including short and long<br>vowel sounds.               | I can distinguish long and<br>short vowels when reading<br>regularly spelled one-syllable<br>words.                            | l can decode multisyllabic<br>words.   |           |
| ELA  A successful student can demonstrate that they understand and can manipulate sounds and letters that make up words. | l can show understanding of<br>spoken words, syllables and<br>sounds.              |  | l can distinguish long and<br>short vowels when reading<br>regularly spelled one-syllable<br>words.                            | I can distinguish long and<br>short vowels when reading<br>regularly spelled one-syllable<br>and two-syllable words. |           |
| retters triat make up words.   | I can recognize and produce rhyming words.   | spelled one-syllable words.  | I can demonstrate grade-<br>level phonics and word<br>analysis skills in decoding<br>words.                                    | I can demonstrate grade-<br>level phonics and word<br>analysis skills in decoding<br>one and two-syllable words.     |           |
|  |  | I can read common high<br>frequency words by sight<br>(e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my,<br>is, are, do, does). | I can consistently read<br>common high frequency<br>words by sight (e.g., the, of,<br>to, you, she, my, is, are, do,<br>does). | I can consistently read<br>common high-frequency<br>words relative to my grade<br>level.                             |           |
|  | sounds of words.   | I can orally produce single-<br>syllable words by blending<br>phonemes, including<br>consonant blends.         | I can orally segment single-<br>syllable words into their<br>complete sequence of<br>individual phonemes.                      | N/A  |           |

| Humanities                               | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
|--|---|--|--|--|-------------|
| ELA                                      |   |  |  | •  | •<br>•<br>• |
| to comprehend, analyze                   |   | I can say all of the sounds<br>that are present in a single<br>word. | I can say all of the sounds<br>that are present in a simple<br>sentence.   | I can say all of the sounds<br>that are present in a<br>complex sentence.  |             |
| and evaluate increasingly complex texts. |   | I can blend sounds in CVC<br>words.                                  | l can consistently blend<br>sounds in CVC words.   | l can consistently blend<br>sounds in complex words.   | •           |
|  | •   |  | I can demonstrate that<br>vowels can have a short<br>sound or a long sound.  | l can demonstrate all vowels<br>have a short or long sound.  |             |
|  | l can begin to use<br>manipulatives to represent<br>sounds. | l can use manipulatives to represent sounds.                         | l can write letters that<br>represent sounds.  | I can put letters and sounds<br>together to form words.  |             |
|  | of on-level texts with peers                                | level texts with peers in small groups or partners.                  | level texts with peers in<br>small groups or partners<br>and provide feedback to my<br>peers to help them improve<br>their rate, expression, and | I can read a variety of texts<br>above grade level with peers<br>in small groups or partners<br>and provide feedback to my<br>peers to help them improve<br>their rate, expression, and<br>accuracy. |             |



| Humanities  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
|---|---|---|---|--|-----------|
| ELA A successful student can draw/dictate/write to compose narrative texts, describing real or imaginary events or experiences. | I can use a combination<br>of drawing, dictating or<br>emergent writing to express<br>thoughts and ideas.                             | events in the order in which they occured and provide a   | I can write short narratives in which I recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, including some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order and provide some sense of closure. |  |           |
|   | I can demonstrate an<br>emerging command of the<br>conventions of standard<br>English grammar and usage<br>when writing and speaking. | of the conventions of standard English grammar  | I can consistently<br>demonstrate command of<br>the conventions of standard<br>English grammar and usage<br>when writing and speaking.  | I can demonstrate<br>knowledge of language<br>and command of the<br>conventions of standard<br>English grammar and usage<br>when writing and speaking. |           |
|   | I can produce and expand<br>complete sentences in<br>shared language activities.  | I can produce and expand complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts. | l can produce, expand, and<br>rearrange complete simple<br>and compound sentences.  | l can produce simple,<br>compound and complex<br>sentences.  |           |
|   | I can understand and<br>use question words<br>(interrogatives) (e.g., who,<br>what, when, where, why,<br>how).                        | I can use common, proper,<br>and possessive nouns when<br>writing.  | I can use adjectives and<br>adverbs, and choose<br>between them depending on<br>what is to be modified.   | I can experiment with nouns,<br>pronouns, verbs, adjectives,<br>and adverbs when writing,<br>making note of how each<br>functions to create meaning.   |           |
|   | l can capitalize the first<br>word in a sentence and the<br>pronoun l.  | l can capitalize dates and<br>names of people.  | l can capitalize holidays,<br>product names and<br>geographic names.  | I can capitalize appropriate<br>words in titles, holidays,<br>product names and<br>geographic names.   |           |
|   | I can identify real-life<br>connections between words<br>and their use (e.g., note<br>places at school that are<br>colorful).         | I can identify real-life<br>connections between words<br>and their uses.  | I can identify real-life<br>connections between words<br>and their use.   | I can identify real-life<br>connections between words<br>and their uses.   |           |

| Humanities   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
|--|---|---|---|--|-----------|
| increasingly complex literary<br>print and nonprint texts,<br>and provide text details to<br>explain interpretations and | •   |   | what, where, when, why  | I can ask and answer such<br>questions to demonstrate<br>understanding of a text,<br>referring explicitly to the text<br>as a basis for the answers.   |           |
|  | the various text features<br>(e.g., captions, bold print,<br>subheadings, glossaries,<br>indexes, electronic menus,           | various text features<br>(e.g., captions, bold print,<br>subheadings, glossaries,<br>indexes, electronic menus,<br>icons) to locate key facts<br>or information in a text | features (e.g., captions,<br>bold print, subheadings,<br>glossaries, indexes,<br>electronic menus, icons) | I can use all the various<br>text features (e.g., captions,<br>bold print, subheadings,<br>glossaries, indexes,<br>electronic menus, icons)<br>to locate key facts or<br>information in a text<br>efficiently. |           |
|  | I can use background<br>knowledge to make meaning<br>from fiction and nonfiction<br>picture books.                            | to make meaning from fiction and nonfiction books.  |   | I can use glossaries and<br>dictionaries, both print and<br>digital to determine or clarify<br>the meaning of words and<br>phrases.  |           |
|  | I can identify real-life<br>connections between words<br>and their use (e.g., note<br>places at school that are<br>colorful). | connections between words   | I can identify real-life<br>connections between words<br>and their use.                                   | I can identify real-life<br>connections between words<br>and their uses.   |           |



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|--|--|--|---|--|-----------|
| Humanities   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| increasingly complex informational print and nonprint texts, and provide text details to explain interpretations and thinking. | I can begin to state a topic at<br>the beginning of a story.   | I can begin to state a topic<br>at the beginning and a<br>conclusion at the end.   | beginning and a conclusion  | I can introduce the topic or<br>text I am writing about, state<br>an opinion, and create an<br>organizational structure that<br>lists reasons.                 |           |
|  | I can name the author and illustrator of a text and define the role of each in presenting the ideas or information in a text.                        |  | I can use sources (books,<br>pictures, discussions) to<br>find facts and details that<br>support and add interest to<br>my focus.   | I can distinguish their own<br>point of view from that of<br>the author of a text.   |           |
|  | I can, with prompting and<br>support, describe the<br>connection between two<br>individuals, events, ideas or<br>pieces of information in a<br>text. | connection between two   | l can group my ideas and<br>details together to show how<br>some facts are connected.   | I can describe the logical connections between particular sentences and paragraphs in a text (e.g. comparison, cause/effect, first/second/third in a sequence) |           |
|  | I can, with prompting and<br>support, identify the main<br>topic and retell key details of<br>a text.  | I can identify the main topic<br>and retell key details of a<br>text.  | I can actively engage with<br>text by identifying the main<br>topic, using key details to<br>answer questions and react<br>to the text as a whole (e.g.,<br>share thinking, connect to<br>prior knowledge). | I can determine the main<br>idea of a text; recount the<br>key details and explain how<br>they support the main idea.  |           |
|  |  | I can distinguish between information provided by illustrations or other graphics and information provided by the words in a text. | I can explain how information in the text is connected (e.g., wordsvisuals, sequence "how-to" steps or events, connect cause-effect, comparecontrast facts).  | l can create a "how-to" steps<br>in sequence that others can<br>read and follow.   |           |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
|---|---|---|---|---|-----------|
| interest and to interpret, integrate, and present | shared research and writing<br>projects (e.g., explore a<br>number of books by a<br>favorite author and express | research and writing projects<br>(e.g., explore a number of<br>"how-to" books on a given<br>topic and use them to write |   | I can collaborate to create a<br>shared research or complex<br>writing project.   |           |
|   | my own experiences to   | from experiences or gather  |   | I can collaborate to create a shared research or complex writing project.  I can use my own research to solve a real-world problem.  I can participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners and communicate my point of |           |
|   |   |   | with diverse partners (peers<br>and adults) about grade level | collaborative conversations with diverse partners and   |           |



| Humanities  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                             |
|---|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| ELA  A successful student can speak effectively to express ideas for a variety of purposes. | I can speak audibly and<br>express thoughts, feelings<br>and ideas clearly.                            | I can speak with appropriate<br>volume, enunciation and<br>rate in order to express                  | l can produce short  | I can produce multiple complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.  | JIMNDARDS                             |
|   | I can use frequently<br>occurring nouns and verbs<br>in speech.  | I can use common, proper,<br>and possessive nouns when<br>speaking.                                  | l can use collective nouns<br>when speaking.   | I can use multiple collective<br>nouns when speaking.  | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |
|   | I can form regular plural<br>nouns orally by adding /s/<br>or /es/ (e.g., dog, dogs; wish,<br>wishes). | I can use personal,<br>possessive and indefinite<br>pronouns when speaking.                          | l can produce short<br>complete simple and<br>compound sentences.  | I can produce complete<br>simple and compound<br>sentences.  | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |
|   | through being read to.   | phrases acquired through<br>conversations, reading<br>and being read to, and<br>responding to texts, | phrases acquired through<br>conversations, reading<br>and being read to, and<br>responding to texts,   | I can use multi-syllable words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe.   |                                       |
|   | things and or events with  | to describe people, places,  | I can tell a story or<br>recount an experience<br>with appropriate facts and<br>relevant, descriptive details,<br>speaking with appropriate<br>volume, enunciation, and<br>rate in coherent sentences. | I can tell a complex story or<br>recount an experience with<br>multiple appropriate facts<br>and relevant, descriptive<br>details, speaking with<br>appropriate volume,<br>enunciation, and rate in<br>coherent sentences. |                                       |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
|---|---|--|--|--|-----------|
| <b>ELA</b> A successful student can listen, view and interpret information from a variety of sources, in order to make meaning and respond effectively. | of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media   |  | read aloud or information  | I can recount or describe<br>main key ideas or multiple<br>details from a text read<br>aloud or information<br>presented orally or through<br>other media.   |           |
|   | upon rules for discussions<br>(e.g., listening to others  | I can follow agreed-upon<br>rules for discussions (e.g.,<br>listening to others and<br>taking turns speaking about<br>the topics and texts under<br>discussion). | I can consistently follow agreed-upon rules for discussion (e.g.,gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about topics and texts under discussion). | I can consistently follow agreed-upon rules for discussion (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about topics and texts under discussion and remain focused on topic).  |           |
| ELA  A successful student can draw/dictate/write to compose informative texts that convey information on specific topics.                               | I can use a combination of drawing, dictating and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which I name what I am writing about and supply some information about the topic. | I can write informative/<br>explanatory texts in which I<br>name a topic, supply some<br>facts about the topic and<br>provide some sense of<br>closure.          | I can use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to and responding to texts, including using frequently-occurring conjunctions to signal simple relationships.       | I can write informative/<br>explanatory texts to examine<br>a topic with facts, definitions<br>and details, convey ideas<br>and information clearly,<br>use linking words and<br>phrases (e.g., also, another,<br>and, more, but) to connect<br>ideas within categories of<br>information and provide a<br>concluding statement or<br>section. |           |



| Humanities   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
|--|---|--|--|---------|-----------|
| ELA  | 0<br>0<br>0   | 0<br>0<br>0  |  |         |           |
| examine a topic or text(s) and apply organizational strategies to support a personal opinion with drawing/dictating/writing. | of drawing, dictating and<br>writing to compose opinion<br>pieces in which, they tell a<br>reader the topic or the name<br>of the book I am writing | in which I introduce the<br>topic or name the book I<br>am writing about, state an | state an opinion, supply<br>reasons that support the<br>opinion, |         |           |

| Humanities   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                            |
|--|--|--|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| HGSS   |  |  |   | •  | •                                    |
| History<br>(Competency 1)  | I can identify necessary parts of my school/community. | community are important.                         |   | I can evaluate the changes<br>that have been made in our<br>school/community.                          | Standard 1:<br>Benchmark<br>1.1.     |
| Priority: A successful student can describe how people have tried to improve their     | I can identify choices and consequences in my life.    |  | consequences that have  | I can explain and evaluate<br>significant choices and<br>consequences that have<br>impacted my future. | 1.2, 1.3, 1.4,<br>1.5                |
| communities over time and draw conclusions about how choices have consequences.        | I can identify changes in my<br>school/community.      | school/community.                                | I can recognize and evaluate<br>significant changes in my<br>community. | l can analyze significant<br>changes in my community.  | • • • • • • • • •                    |
| Consequences.  | I can identify improvements in my school/community.    |  | I can recognize and evaluate improvements in my community.              | l can analyze improvements<br>in my community.   | •                                    |
| HGSS   |  |  |   | •<br>•   |                                      |
|  | I can identify people of authority in my family.       | I can identify people of authority in my school. | I can identify people of authority in my community.                     | I can identify people of authority in my state.  | Standard 2:<br>Benchmark             |
| (Competency 2)  Priority: A successful student can describe roles and responsibilities | I can identify responsibilities<br>for myself.         |  | I can explain responsibilities<br>of people in authority.               | I can compare<br>responsibilities of people in<br>authority.   | 2.1, 2.2.<br>2.3, 2.4                |
| of people in authority to recognize and evaluate relationships.                        |  | l can explain roles for people<br>at school.     |   | I can explain how all people<br>play important role in the<br>community.                               | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |

| Humanities   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                  |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| HGSS   | •   |   |  | •   | •  |
| History<br>(Competency 3)  | l can tell a story about<br>myself.                           | I can identify who is telling a<br>story.                         |  | perspectives of a story or  | Standard 3:<br>Benchmark<br>3.1, 3.2, 3.3, |
| Priority: A successful student can compare perspectives of people in the past to those of                                      | I can tell about something<br>that happened in the past.      | l can explain a past event.                                       | l can explain an event from<br>the past with details.                                      | I can evaluate an event from<br>the past and explain positive<br>and negative impacts.                                  | 3.4  |
| people in the present and investigate and connect relationships to make a claim using evidence.                                | I can tell about something that is happening now.             |   | l can explain a current event with details.  | I can evaluate a current<br>event and explain positive<br>and negative impacts.   |  |
| claim using evidence.  | I can compare different<br>stages of my own life.             | I can compare different<br>stages of my family/school.            |  | I can compare and analyze<br>a past and present event in<br>society.  |  |
| HGSS   | •   |   |  | •   |  |
| Economics Priority (Competency 4)  | I can identify wants and needs.                               | I can explain how wants and needs are met.                        | I can compare goods and services.  | I can identify the benefits<br>and costs of making<br>personal decisions.   | Standard 4:<br>Benchmark<br>4.1, 4.2, 4.3, |
| A successful student can describe the goods and services people in   |   | I can identify resources I<br>have at school.                     | I can explain resources in our community.  | I can explain resources in our state.   | 4.4  |
| the local community<br>produce and those that<br>are produced in other<br>communities to analyze and<br>draw conclusions about | I can identify goods.   | I can compare goods and services.                                 | I can describe goods and<br>services produced in my<br>community and other<br>communities. | I can analyze how goods<br>and services produced in<br>my community and other<br>communities have changed<br>over time. |  |
| continuity and change over time.   | I can tell how the things I use<br>and need change over time. | I can explain how goods<br>and services change in a<br>community. | I can compare how goods<br>and services have changed<br>over time.                         | I can analyze why goods and<br>services have changed over<br>time.  |  |



| Humanities   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| HGSS   | •  |   |  | •  | •   |
| Geography<br>(Competency 5)  | I can draw a picture of a<br>familiar place.           | places on a map.  |  | graphs, photographs and  | Standard 5:<br>Benchmark<br>5.1, 5.2, 5.3,                |
| Priority: A successful student can use maps, graphs, photographs and   | l can tell about a place that<br>is important to me.   | I can describe a place that is important to me with details.      | I can explain how places   | I can compare places from different time periods.  | 5.4   |
| other representations<br>to describe places<br>important to them and<br>the relationships and<br>interactions that shape           | I tell how weather impacts<br>me and my school.        |   | I can explain how weather,<br>climate and other<br>environmental factors<br>impact places and regions. | I can explain how cultures impact places and regions.  | ¥ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0                   |
| these places to analyze continuity and change over time.   | I can give examples of how I<br>have changed.          | community has changed.  | I can analyze changes<br>in places in my school/<br>community.   | I can draw conclusions<br>about changes in my school/<br>community.                                    | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0                                     |
| HGSS   | •  |   |  | •  |   |
| History<br>(Competency 6)<br>Extended: A successful  | l can answer simple<br>questions about myself.         | l can answer questions<br>about others.                           |  | I can classify and evaluate<br>questions to ask individuals<br>and groups.                             | Standard 1:<br>Benchmark<br>1.1.<br>1.2, 1.3, 1.4,<br>1.5 |
| student can generate<br>questions about individuals<br>and groups who have   | l can identify important<br>people in my life.         |   | I can explain the roles of<br>significant people in our<br>community.                                  | I can explain the roles of<br>significant people in our<br>state.                                      |   |
| shaped a significant historical change to investigate and connect examples of choices and consequences within contemporary issues. | I can identify choices and<br>consequences in my life. | consequences in my life.  | consequences that have   | I can explain and evaluate<br>significant choices and<br>consequences that have<br>impacted my future. |   |
|  |  | I can compare things that<br>happened in the past and<br>present. | I can explain how<br>choices have impacted<br>consequences of past and<br>present events.              | I can analyze past and<br>present events to explain<br>choices and consequences.                       | V   |

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|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| Humanities   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                                  |
| HGSS   | •  |   |   |  | •  |
| Civics/Government<br>(Competency 7)  | l can identify people of authority in my family.   | l can identify people of authority in my school.  | I can identify people of authority in my community.                                 | l can identify people of<br>authority in my state.   | Standard 2:<br>Benchmark                   |
| Extended: A successful student can describe how communities work to  | I can identify responsibilities for myself.  | I can explain responsibilities<br>for family members and<br>peers.                          | I can evaluate<br>responsibilities of people in<br>authority.                       | l can analyze responsibilities<br>of people in authority.  | 2.1, 2.2.<br>2.3, 2.4                      |
| accomplish common tasks,<br>establish responsibilities   | I can identify rights for myself.  | I can explain rights for family<br>members and peers.                                       | l can evaluate rights of people in a community.                                     | l can analyze rights of people<br>in a community.  | •  |
| and fulfill roles of authority<br>to draw conclusions and<br>evaluate the rights and<br>responsibilities of people<br>living in that society.                          | I can share, take turns, follow<br>rules and work together<br>to make decisions in our<br>classroom. | I can give examples of<br>democratic practices<br>(fairness, respect, equality,<br>voting). | equality, voting) and draw<br>conclusion on how these<br>impact a community.        | I can compare different<br>types of democratic<br>practices (democracy,<br>dictatorship, anarchy) and<br>draw conclusion on how<br>these impact a community. | 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0    |
| HGSS   | •  |   |   | •  | •  |
| History<br>(Competency 8)  | I can answer simple<br>questions about myself.   | l can answer questions<br>about others.   | I can ask questions about individuals and groups.                                   | I can classify and evaluate<br>questions to ask individuals<br>and groups.   | Standard 3:<br>Benchmark<br>3.1, 3.2, 3.3, |
| Extended: A successful student can generate questions about individuals and groups who have shaped a significant historical change to acquire and organize information | I can tell about something<br>that happened in the past.   | l can explain a past event.   | I can explain an event from<br>the past with details.                               | I can evaluate an event from<br>the past and explain positive<br>and negative impacts.   | 3.4  |
|  | I can tell about something<br>that is happening now.   | l can explain a current event.  | l can explain a current event with details.   | l can evaluate a current<br>event and explain positive<br>and negative impacts.  | •  |
| describing relationships<br>between historical and<br>contemporary events.   | I can sort things that<br>happened in the past and<br>present.                                       | I can compare things that<br>happened in the past and<br>present.                           | I can describe with detail the<br>relationship between a past<br>and present event. | I can make connections<br>about relationships between<br>past and present events.  | •  |



| Humanities   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                                  |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| HGSS   |   |  |   |  | •  |
| Economics<br>(Competency 9)<br>Extended: A successful<br>student can describe why  | I can identify goods from the past and present. | I can compare goods and<br>services from the past and<br>present.  | I can describe goods and<br>services produced in my<br>community and other<br>communities from past and<br>present.   | I can analyze how goods and<br>services from my community<br>and other communities have<br>changed over time.  | Benchmark                                  |
| people in one region trade<br>goods and services with<br>people in another region<br>and the impact of goods   | I can tell where I live<br>(address, city).     | I can explain where I live<br>(city, state) and compare it to<br>another community.                                    | I can compare goods<br>and services produced in<br>different regions.   | I can compare goods<br>and services produced in<br>different parts of the world.   |  |
| and services on individuals and communities to connect continuity and change to a contemporary issue.  | I can tell where I live<br>(address, city).     | on economic issues (money, savings, goods, services).  |   | I can evaluate changes<br>causing a local issue today<br>based on economic issues<br>(money, savings, goods,<br>services).                               |  |
| HGSS   |   |  |   | •  | •  |
| Geography<br>(Competency 10)   | l can sort different types of communities.      | in different types of  | I can compare how people<br>in different types of<br>communities live.  | l can evaluate how people<br>in different types of<br>communities live.  | Standard 5:<br>Benchmark<br>5.1, 5.2, 5.3, |
| Extended: A successful student can describe how human activities affect the cultural and environmental characteristics of places or regions to investigate and |   | economics).  | connect to the cultural of a  | I can analyze how human<br>characteristics (language,<br>religion, politics, economics)<br>connect to the cultural of a<br>region.                       | 5.4  |
| connect relationships within contemporary issues.  | climate, resources).                            | I can give examples of<br>geographic characteristics<br>(landforms, climate,<br>resources) in my school/<br>community. | I can describe geographic<br>characteristics (landforms,<br>climate, resources) of<br>different regions.  | I can analyze geographic<br>characteristics (landforms,<br>climate, resources) of<br>different regions.  |  |
|  | characteristics (movement                       | on human and geographic<br>characteristics (movement<br>of people, language,<br>environment, land).                    | I can identify changes<br>causing a local issue today<br>based on human and<br>geographic characteristics<br>(movement of people,<br>language, environment,<br>land). | I can evaluate changes<br>causing a local issue today<br>based on geographic<br>characteristics (movement<br>of people, language,<br>environment, land). |  |



## **STEAM**

| STEAM   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD   |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Science   | •  | •<br>•<br>•  |  |  | •  |
| Engineering and Design  Priority: A successful student will demonstrate proficiency with engineering and design skills such as  | I can define a simple<br>problem that can be solved.   | ask questions and make observations.                   | I can define a simple problem that can be solved, ask questions and make observations to gather information about a situation people want to change.                     | improved object or tool and<br>analyze data from tests of<br>two objects designed to<br>solve the same problem to<br>compare the strengths and<br>weaknesses of how each | K-2-ETS1.1,<br>K-2-ETS1-2,<br>K-2-ETS1-3         |
| asking questions, making observations, sketching or   | •<br>•<br>•  | •<br>•<br>•  |  | performs.  | •  |
| observations, sketching or<br>drawing, and analyzing data<br>across all sciences.   | I can explore objects (blocks,<br>legos, playdough, etc.and<br>how they work together to<br>create a design. | an object helps it function as needed to solve a given | I can use my sketch or<br>drawing to develop a<br>physical model to illustrate<br>how the shape of an object<br>helps it function as needed<br>to solve a given problem. | I can use my physical model<br>to plan/carry out tests, and<br>consider how a model can<br>be improved.  |  |
| Science   |  |  | •  | •  | •  |
| Physical Science: Forces and Interactions Priority: A successful student will explore how pushes, pulls, gravity, magnetism and mechanical forces have different strengths, can change the speed or direction of an object's motion and can start or stop it. | common forces on objects<br>(pushing a swing, pulling a<br>wagon, kicking a ball, etc                        |  | I can plan and conduct an<br>investigation and compare<br>the effects of common<br>forces on objects.  |  | S.p3.1,<br>S.p4.1,<br>S.p4.2, PS2-<br>2, K-PS2-1 |



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|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| STEAM  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD  |
| Science Life Science: Structure and Function/ Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems Priority: A successful student will explore what organisms (plants and animals) need in | I can use scientific<br>vocabulary to ask and<br>answer questions about<br>objects, organisms and<br>events in my environment. | behavior patterns help them<br>survive, grow and meet their<br>needs.  | such as a diorama, that illustrates my understanding that living things exist in different habitats, including what plants and animals                               | problem by mimicking how<br>plants and/or animals use<br>their external parts and<br>behavior patterns to help<br>them survive, grow, and<br>meet their needs.   | S.p3.3,<br>S.p4.4,<br>S.p2.8,<br>S.p4.9,<br>S.p4.5,<br>K-LS1-1,<br>2-LS2-1,<br>S.p4.9,<br>K-ESS3-1,<br>1-LS1-1, |
| order to live and grow.  | I can name ways in which<br>the environment provides<br>natural resources that are<br>needed by people.                        | I can define a challenging problem or question resulting from this need and propose a logical solution that will reduce the impact of harmful actions. | I can construct an argument<br>supported by evidence for<br>how plants and animals<br>(including humans) can<br>change the environment.                              |  | • 1-LS1-2,  |
| Science Earth Space Science Priority: A successful student will ask questions, make observations and gather information about weather and weather patterns.                      |  | and ask questions about<br>changes in patterns of<br>weather and seasons using   | I can work collaboratively<br>to research and collect<br>information about a type<br>of weather I am interested<br>in and communicate what I<br>learn.               | or prototype to solve the problem.   | S.p4.6,<br>K-ESS2-1,<br>S.p4.7,<br>K-PS3-4,<br>K-ESS3-2,<br>S.p4.11,  |
|  | I can talk about weather and how to respond to it.   | I can observe and explain<br>how plants, animals, and<br>humans respond to changes<br>in the environment and in<br>seasons.                            | I can ask questions to obtain information and communicate about the purpose of forecasting the weather to prepare for, and respond to, different weather conditions. | I can work collaboratively to research and collect information about animals or plants that I am interested in, identify a problem or an issue regarding living beings and weather, and create a plan or prototype to solve the problem. | S.p3.5,<br>S.p3.5,<br>S.p3.9,   |

| STEAM  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD             |
|--|---|--|---|---|----------------------|
| Science  | •   | •  |   |   | •                    |
| Physical Science:  | I can classify different<br>kinds of materials by their   | I can describe that different properties (solid, liquid, |   | l can analyze data obtained<br>from testing different   | 2-PS1-1,<br>2-PS1-3, |
| Structures and Property of Matter  | observable properties (solid, liquid or gas).   | and gas) can be used for                                 |   | materials to determine which materials have the   | 2-PS1-4              |
| Extended: A successful student explores different kinds of matter and discovers  |   |  | liquid, and gas).                                   | properties (solid, liquid, and<br>gas) that are best suited for<br>an intended purpose.   |                      |
| many of them can be either solid or liquid, depending on temperature. Matter can be described and classified by its observable properties, different properties are suited to different purposes, and a great variety of objects can be built up from a small set of pieces. | I can use small objects<br>to design a new creation.<br>(legos, blocks, playdough,<br>etc.                                  | can be disassembled and<br>made into a new object.       | construct an evidence-based                         | how to disassemble an   |                      |
|  | I can explore and observe<br>how temperature can affect<br>properties of matter.  | properties of matter.                                    | reversible and irreversible<br>changes in matter.   | I can construct an argument<br>with evidence that some<br>changes caused by heating<br>or cooling can be reversed<br>and some cannot. |                      |
| Science  |   |  |   |   | •                    |
| Waves  Extended: A successful student will explore the properties of light and sound.  | I can explore the effects of<br>objects on light. (block, pass<br>through, create shadows,<br>redirect)                     |  | investigation to determine<br>the effect of placing | I can use tools and materials<br>to design and build a device<br>that uses light or sound to<br>solve the problem.                    |                      |
|  | I can explore materials that<br>produce a variety of sounds<br>(musical instruments, pots<br>and pans, blocks, voices, etc. |  | investigations to provide evidence that vibrating   | I can use tools and materials<br>to design and build a device<br>that uses light or sound to<br>solve the problem.                    |                      |



| STEAM  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD  |
|--|---|--|---|--|---|
| Science  | LLVLL 1   | LLVLL Z  | LEVIL 3   | LLVLL 4  | STANDARD  |
| Earth Space Science: Space Systems Extended: A successful student will observe, describe, and predict patterns of the motion of the sun, moon and stars. | at different times of year<br>to relate the amount of |  |   | (verbally or in writing) the<br>properties of the moon with<br>the moon as it is portrayed<br>in children's fictional<br>literature (nursery rhymes, | 1-PS4-1,<br>1-PS4-2,<br>1-PS4-3,<br>1-PS4-4,<br>1-ESS1-1,<br>1-ESS1-2,<br>S.p3.2,<br>S.p4.3 |
| Earth's Systems  | water can move objects and change their shape.        | several sources to provide<br>evidence that Earth events<br>can occur quickly or slowly. | represent the shapes and<br>kinds of land and bodies of<br>water and where they can | multiple solutions designed<br>to slow or prevent wind or  | 2-ESS1-1,<br>2-ESS2-1,<br>2-ESS2-2,<br>2-ESS2-3   |

| STEAM   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4 | STANDARD   |
|---|---|--|---|---------|--|
| Mathematics Counting and Cardinality  |   |  |   |         |  |
| Overarching Competency: A successful student can demonstrate an understanding of numbers with proficiency to rote count, order, compare, subitize, match objects to, and write numbers. |   |  |   |         |  |
| Mathematics<br>Counting and<br>Cardinality  |   |  |   |         |  |
|   |   |  | *I can rote count to 30<br>(Pre-K.CC.1, 3), to 100<br>(K.CC.1, 2) to 120 (1.NBT.1).   |         | Pre-K.<br>CC.1, 2, 3,<br>KCC.1,2,3                               |
| Turige).  | I can identify numbers to<br>10 (Pre-K.CC.2.), identify<br>and write numbers to 20<br>(K.CC.2), identify and write<br>numbers to 120 (1.NBT.1). | CC.1, 2, 3, KCC.1,2,3, 1.NBT.1                                       | I can identify numbers to<br>10 (Pre-K.CC.2.), identify<br>and write numbers to 20<br>(K.CC.2), identify and write<br>numbers to 120 (1.NBT.1). |         |  |
| Mathematics Counting and Cardinality  |   |  |   |         |  |
| Priority: A successful student can demonstrate the relationship between numbers and quantities starting with concrete representations and moving  | I can accurately match<br>objects to rote counting with<br>one-to-one correspondence<br>. Pre-K.CC.4, K.CC.4                                    |  |   |         | Pre-K.<br>CC.4.(a-d),<br>Pre-K.CC. 5.<br>K.CC.4.(a-d),<br>K.CC.5 |
|   | of concrete objects in  | I can represent a given<br>number with concrete<br>objects (K.CC.5). |   |         |  |



| STEAM   | LEVEL 1                                       | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4 | STANDARD                          |
|---|---|---|---------|---------|-----------------------------------|
| Mathematics Counting and Cardinality  |   |   |         |         |                                   |
| Overarching Competency Priority: A successful student can compare numbers (within a given range).   |   | I can identify greater than,<br>less than, equal to within<br>two groups of objects up to<br>10. Pre-K.CC.6, K.CC.6 |         |         | Pre-K.CC.6,<br>7, 8, K.CC.6,<br>7 |
|   | I can subitize objects to five.<br>Pre-K.CC.7 |   |         |         | •                                 |
|   |   | I can compare written<br>numbers to five (Pre-K.CC.8)<br>and numbers to 10 (Pre-K.<br>CC.7).                        |         |         |                                   |
| Mathematics   |   |   |         |         | •                                 |
| Numbers in Base Ten   |   |   |         |         | •                                 |
| Overarching Competency: A successful student can demonstrate the ability to think flexibly about whole numbers and will be able to represent quantities with an understanding of place value. |   |   |         |         |                                   |



|  |   | I  |   |         | <u> </u>     |
|--|---|--|---|---------|--------------|
| STEAM  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4 | STANDARD     |
| Mathematics  |   | •<br>•<br>•  |   |         | •            |
| Numbers in Base Ten  | I can compose teen  | l can compose teen   | I can compose teen  |         | K.NBT.1      |
| Priority: A successful student can demonstrate an understanding of composing and decomposing numbers (within a given range) using manipulatives, drawings and equations. | numbers. (K.NBT.1)  | concrete or pictorial ways.<br>(K.NBT.1)   | numbers in multiple<br>concrete or pictorial ways<br>and formulate an equation<br>to record the composition.<br>(K.NBT.1)                           |         |              |
|  | l can decompose teen<br>numbers in multiple<br>concrete or pictorial ways.<br>(K.NBT.1) | l can decompose teen<br>numbers in multiple  | I can decompose teen<br>numbers in multiple<br>concrete or pictorial<br>ways and formulate an<br>equation to record the<br>decomposition. (K.NBT.1) |         |              |
| Mathematics  | •   |  |   |         |              |
| Numbers in Base Ten Priority: A successful student   | ones represent within teen  |  |   |         | 1 NBT.2(a-d) |
| will begin to demonstrate<br>an understanding of whole<br>number relationships<br>and place value, including<br>grouping tens and ones.                                  |   | I can identify patterns in<br>teen numbers and numbers<br>with a zero (up to 100).<br>(I.NBT.2b, 2c) |   |         |              |
|  |   |  | I can flexibly compose<br>teen numbers in multiple<br>concrete or pictorial ways.<br>(1.NBT.2d)   |         |              |
|  |   |  | I can flexibly decompose<br>teen numbers in multiple<br>concrete or pictorial ways.<br>(1.NBT.2d)   |         |              |



| STEAM  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4 | STANDARD                     |
|--|--|--|--|---------|------------------------------|
| Mathematics  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL Z  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4 | STANDARD                     |
| Numbers in Base Ten Priority: A successful student   | l can rote count within<br>1,000. (2.NBT.2)                | l can skip count by 2's, 5's,<br>10's within 1,000 and explain<br>the pattern. (2.NBT.2)                                     |  |         | 1.NBT.3,<br>2.NBT.2,<br>3, 4 |
| can rote count, identify, compare, and write numbers (within a given range).                                       | •  | I can relate numbers to<br>1,000 using expanded<br>form, unit form, base-ten<br>numerals. (2.NBT.3).                         |  |         |                              |
|  |  | I can compare two-digit<br>numbers (1.NBT.3) and<br>three-digit numbers<br>(2.NBT.3) and report using<br>relational symbols. |  |         |                              |
| Mathematics  | •  |  |  |         | •                            |
| Numbers in Base Ten  | I can explain what hundreds/<br>tens/ones represent within |  |  |         | 2.NBT.1<br>(a-c)             |
| Priority: A successful student can demonstrate   | numbers. (2.NBT.1, 1a)                                     |  |  |         | (a-c)                        |
| an understanding of place<br>value and show flexibility in<br>composing and decomposing<br>numbers (within a given |  | I can identify patterns in<br>three-digit numbers and<br>numbers with two zeros (up<br>to 1,000). (2.NBT.1b)                 |  |         |                              |
| range).  |  |  | I can flexibly compose<br>hundreds, tens and ones in<br>multiple ways. (2.NBT.1c)    |         |                              |
|  |  |  | I can flexibly decompose<br>hundreds, tens, and ones in<br>multiple ways. (2.NBT.1c) |         |                              |

| STEAM   | LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD                                   |
|---|---------|---|---|--|--|
| Mathematics Numbers in Base Ten Priority: A successful student can show an understanding of place value and properties of operations to add and subtract in various ways (concrete models, equations, |         | ŭ '   | concrete models, drawing<br>and strategies and connect<br>the strategy chosen to a<br>written method. (I.NBT.4)   | I can add within 100 using<br>concrete models, drawing<br>and strategies, connect the<br>strategy chosen to a written<br>method and explain my<br>reasoning. (I.NBT.4a, 4b, 4c)                        | 1.NBT.4(a-c),<br>5, 6, 2.NBT.6,<br>7, 8, 9 |
| mental math).   |         | of 10 (between 10-90)<br>using concrete models,<br>mental math, drawing and<br>strategies. (I.NBT. 5, 6)  | I can subtract multiples of<br>10 (between 10-90) using<br>concrete models, drawing<br>and strategies and connect<br>the strategy chosen to a<br>written method. (I.NBT.6)  | I can subtract multiples of<br>10 (between 10-90) using<br>concrete models, drawing<br>and strategies and connect<br>the strategy chosen to a<br>written method and explain<br>my reasoning. (I.NBT.6) |  |
|   |         | I can add up to four two-digit<br>numbers using strategies<br>based on place value and<br>properties of operations.<br>(2.NBT.6)  |   |  |  |
|   |         | mental math, drawing<br>and strategies based on<br>place value, properties<br>of operations and/or the<br>relationship between<br>addition/subtraction.<br>(2.NBT.7, 8)                           | I can add within 1,000 using concrete models, mental math, drawing and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition/subtraction connect the strategy chosen to a written method. (2.NBT.7)      | I can explain my reasoning for why addition strategies work using place value and the properties of operations and may support my answer with drawing or objects.  (2.NBT.9)                           |  |
|   |         | using concrete models,<br>mental math, drawing<br>and strategies based on<br>place value, properties<br>of operations and/or the<br>relationship between<br>addition/subtraction.<br>(2.NBT.7, 8) | I can subtract within 1,000 using concrete models, mental math, drawing and strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition/subtraction connect the strategy chosen to a written method. (2.NBT.7) | I can explain my reasoning for why subtraction strategies work using place value and the properties of operations and may support my answer with drawing or objects. (2.NBT.9)                         |  |



|   |   | I  |  |         |  |
|---|---|--|--|---------|--|
| STEAM   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4 | STANDARD   |
| Mathematics Operations and Algebraic Thinking   |   |  |  |         |  |
| Overarching Competency: A successful student can demonstrate the ability to think flexibly about whole numbers and will be able to represent quantities with an understanding of place value. |   |  |  |         |  |
| Priority: A successful student can demonstrate an understanding of addition and subtraction with the use of objects, images or sounds.  | I can demonstrate and<br>represent addition and<br>subtraction by using objects,<br>fingers, drawings, sounds,<br>expressions or equations.<br>Pre-K.OA.1, K.OA.1 | subtraction within 100<br>to solve word problems<br>involving situations of adding | using mental strategies and  |         | Pre-K.OA.1,<br>2, 3, K.OA.1,<br>2, 3, 4,5,<br>1.OA.1, 2,6,<br>2.OA.1,2 |
|   |   | I can identify real-world<br>patterns in numbers Pre-K.<br>OA.3                    | I can decompose numbers<br>up to 10 in pairs by using<br>objects or drawings. K.OA.3 |         |  |
|   |   |  | I can fluently add and<br>subtract numbers up to five.<br>K.OA.5                     |         |  |
| Mathematics   |   |  |  |         | •  |
| Operations and Algebraic Thinking   |   |  | I can apply properties of operation as strategies to add and subtract 1.OA.3, 4      |         | 1.OA.3, 4, 5   |
| Priority: A successful student will be able to apply properties of operation and the relationship between addition and subtraction.   |   | •  |  |         |  |

| STEAM  | LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2                    | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD  |
|--|---------|----------------------------|--|---|-----------|
| Mathematics  | •       | •                          |  | •   | •         |
| Operations and<br>Algebraic Thinking   | _       |                            | total number of objects  | I can work write an equation<br>to express a sum of two<br>groups of objects. 2.OA.3, 4 | 2.OA.3, 4 |
| Priority: A successful student will identify equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication. |         | or counting by 2. 2. or us | 2.OA.4   | groups of objects. 2.07.13, 1   |           |
| Mathematics  | •       |                            |  |   |           |
| Operations and<br>Algebraic Thinking   |         |                            | I can understand and<br>solve equations involving<br>addition and subtraction to |   | 1.OA.7, 8 |
| Extended: A successful student will be able to solve equations using addition and subtraction.               |         |                            | determine if they are true or false. 1.OA.7, 8                                   |   | •         |



| STEAM   | LEVEL 1                                       | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4 | STANDARD                     |
|---|---|--|--|---------|------------------------------|
| Mathematics   |   | •  |  | •       | •                            |
| Measurement and<br>Data   |   |  |  |         | •<br>•<br>•<br>•             |
| Overarching Competency: A successful student can demonstrate the ability to think flexibly about whole numbers and will be able to represent quantities with an understanding of place value. |   |  |  |         |                              |
| Priority: A successful student can describe and compare objects using measurable attributes.  |   | objects using measurable<br>attributes Pre-K.MD.1,<br>K.MD.1 | I can compare two objects,<br>with measurable attributes,<br>to see which object has<br>more or less of the attribute.<br>Pre-K.MD.2, K.MD.2 |         | re-K MD.1, 2<br>K MD.1, 2    |
| Mathematics   | •   |  |  |         | •                            |
| Measurement and Data Priority: A successful student will measure and estimate lengths in standard units   | an object by selecting the proper tool 2.MD.1 | two objects indirectly with a                                | an object by using multiple copies of a shorter object   |         | 1 MD.1, 2 2<br>MD.1, 2, 3, 4 |

| STEAM   | LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2                  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                             |
|---|---------|--------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| Mathematics   |         | •                        |  |   | •                                    |
| Measurement and Data  Extended: A successful student will be able to use  |         | and their values 2.MD.9. |  |   | 2 MD.4,5, 6,<br>8, 9, 10, 11         |
| student will be able to use addition and subtraction to solve problems using length while also interpreting and creating data points in multiple units. |         |                          | subtraction, up to 100,<br>to solve word problems<br>involving length in the same        | I can draw bar and picture<br>graphs to represent data<br>(up to four categories) and<br>compare data using graph<br>(extended) 2.MD.11 |                                      |
|   |         | -<br>•<br>•              | I can represent whole<br>numbers on a number line<br>equally spaced within 100<br>2.MD.6 |   | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |
|   |         |                          | I can solve world problems involving money 2.MD.8  |   | •                                    |



| STEAM   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD                   |
|---|--|---|--|--|----------------------------|
| Mathematics   |  |   |  |  |                            |
| Geometry  | •<br>•<br>•  |   |  |  | •                          |
| Overarching Competency: A successful student can demonstrate the ability to think flexibly about whole numbers and will be able to represent quantities with an understanding of place value. |  |   |  |  |                            |
| <b>Priority:</b> A successful student will identify and describe shapes.  | I can describe objects using<br>names, shapes and relative<br>positions to other objects<br>Pre-K.G.1, K.G.1 | I can correctly name<br>shapes regardless of their<br>orientation or overall size<br>Pre-K.G.2, K.G.2 | I can describe shapes as<br>two dimensional or three<br>dimensional K.G.3  |  | Pre-K.G.1, 2,<br>K.G.1, 2  |
| Mathematics   | •  |   |  |  |                            |
| Geometry  | •  |   | I can analyze and compare  |  | Pre-K.G.3,4,               |
| Extended: A successful student will be able to analyze, compare and compose two- or three-dimensional shapes by building, drawing or modeling.  |  | sort shapes of different sizes<br>and orientations Pre-K.G.3  | two- or three-dimensional<br>objects in different sizes<br>and orientations and also<br>describe using informal<br>language K.G.4                            |  | 5 K.G.4, 5, 6              |
| Mathematics   |  |   | •  |  |                            |
| Geometry  |  | I can distinguish between<br>defining attributes versus   | I can compose recognize<br>and draw shapes with  | I can compose shapes using different components and/ | 1.G.1, 2, 3<br>2.G.1, 2, 3 |
| Extended: A successful student will be able to distinguish attributes of  |  |   | defining attributes 1.G.2,   | or other shapes (extended)<br>K.G.5, 6               | Z.G.1, Z, 3                |
| shapes and partition shapes into equal parts.   |  |   | I can partition circles and<br>rectangles into equal parts<br>and use proper language<br>to describe the parts (i.e.<br>halves, fourths etc) 1.G.3,<br>2.G.3 |  |                            |

| STEAM   | LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2 | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4 | STANDARD                      |
|---|---------|---------|--|---------|-------------------------------|
| Mathematics   |         |         |  |         | •                             |
| Fact Fluency Priority: A successful student can demonstrate the ability to quickly and accurately verbalize and compute fact fluency (within a range of numbers). |         |         | l can fluently add and<br>subtract within 5. K.OA.5  |         | K.OA.5,<br>1.OA.6,<br>2.OA.2, |
|   |         | •       | I can apply mental strategies<br>to fluently add within 20 and<br>subtract within 10.1.OA.6      |         | 2.NBT.5                       |
|   |         |         |  |         |                               |
|   |         |         | I can fluently add and<br>subtract within 100 by<br>choosing and applying<br>various strategies. |         |                               |



# **Specials**

### **Dance**

This rubric measures the degree to which each competency has been met. Sufficient evidence is intended to indicate that a student has met the competency. Strong evidence indicates that a student has gone above and beyond the competency. While limited evidence indicates they have not quite met the competency, no evidence indicates the student has not yet made progress in meeting the competency.

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.                               | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.                                       | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|---|--|---|--|--|
|   | communicate through creative<br>movement by applying dance<br>skills and language to Explore,                      | through creative movement<br>by applying dance skills and<br>language to Explore and Revise | dance skills and language  | I can communicate through<br>creative movement by applying<br>dance skills and language to<br>Explore, Plan, Revise, Excel in<br>dance and learning. |
| how dance communicates through Expression, Embodiment, and      | apply skills and understanding<br>of how dance communicates<br>through expression,<br>embodiment, and presentation | understanding of how dance<br>communicates through<br>expression, embodiment, and           | of how dance communicates  | my ability to apply skills and<br>understanding of how dance<br>communicates through   |
|   | interpret, and select dance  | I can Analyze, Interpret, but<br>not select dance works for a<br>performance.               | •  | I can analyze, interpret, and<br>select dance works for more<br>than one performance.  |
| I can Realize, Develop, and Refine dance works for performance. | develop, and refine a dance  | I can realize and develop, but<br>not refine a dance work for<br>performance.               | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine at least one dance<br>work for performance that<br>communicates. | l can realize, develop,<br>and refine multiple dance<br>works for performance that<br>communicate.   |

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met. | <b>LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met. | <b>STRONG EVIDENCE - 4</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|--|---|---|--|--|
|  | to dance by analyzing,  | to dance by analyzing,<br>interpreting, and critiquing                | critiquing how dance conveys                                     | I can successfully respond<br>to dance by analyzing,<br>interpreting, and critiquing<br>how dance conveys<br>meaning and provide<br>compelling rationale through<br>demonstration. |
| I can Perceive and Analyze dance.                | I am not yet able to perceive<br>and analyze dance.             | •   | I can perceive and analyze<br>dance.                             | I can perceive and analyze<br>dance and apply that<br>knowledge to communicating<br>through an original creative<br>movement.  |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of dance.     |   | To a limited degree, I can interpret intent and meaning of dance.     | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of dance.                  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of dance and<br>apply that knowledge to<br>communicating through an<br>original creative dance piece.  |
| I can Apply criteria to evaluating dance pieces. | criteria to evaluating dance                                    | To a limited degree, I can apply criteria to evaluating dance pieces. | I can apply criteria to<br>evaluating dance pieces.              | I can create and apply criteria<br>for evaluating dance pieces.  |



| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.                  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| <b>Dance</b><br>Connecting  |  |  |   |   |
| by Synthesizing, and Relating knowledge and personal  | personal meaning and<br>external context to dance<br>by synthesizing, and relating<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to works of dance | personal meaning and<br>external context to dance<br>by synthesizing, and relating<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to works of dance<br>through and during the | knowledge and personal<br>experience to at least one<br>work of dance through and | I can successfully connect personal meaning and external context to dance by synthesizing, and relating knowledge and personal experience to multiple works of dance through and during the learning process.           |
| I can Apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to dance<br>related ideas, work, and creative<br>movement. |  | societal and cultural contexts to dance related ideas, work,   | dance related ideas, work, and creative movement.                                 | I can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>dance related ideas, work,<br>and creative movement and<br>demonstrate how these details<br>help reveal information about<br>the work and its context. |



## Health

The performance indicators articulate specifically what students should know or be able to do in support of each standard by the conclusion of the grade spans. The performance indicators serve as a blueprint for organizing student assessment.

| Specials   | PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  |
|--|---|
| Health A successful student can comprehend concepts related to health promotion and disease prevention to enhance health.                      | <ul> <li>Identify that healthy behaviors impact personal health.</li> <li>Recognize that there are multiple dimensions of health.</li> <li>Describe ways to prevent communicable diseases.</li> <li>List ways to prevent common childhood injuries.</li> <li>Describe why it is important to seek health care.</li> </ul> |
| A successful student can analyze the influence of family, peers, culture, media, technology, and other factors on health behaviors.            | <ul> <li>Identify how the family influences personal health practices and behaviors.</li> <li>Identify what the school can do to support personal health practices and behaviors.</li> <li>Describe how the media can influence health behaviors.</li> </ul>  |
| A successful student can demonstrate the ability to access valid information, products, and services to enhance health.                        | <ul> <li>Identify trusted adults and professionals who can help promote health.</li> <li>Identify ways to locate school and community health helpers.</li> </ul>  |
| A successful student can demonstrate the ability to use interpersonal communication skills to enhance health and avoid or reduce health risks. | <ul> <li>Demonstrate healthy ways to express needs, wants, and feelings.;Demonstrate listening skills to enhance health.</li> <li>Demonstrate ways to respond in an unwanted, threatening or dangerous situation.</li> <li>Demonstrate ways to tell a trusted adult if threatened or harmed.</li> </ul>                   |
| A successful student can demonstrate the ability to use decision-making skills to enhance health.  | <ul> <li>Identify situations when a health-related decision is needed.</li> <li>Differentiate between situations when a health-related decision can be made individually or when assistance is needed.</li> </ul>   |
| A successful student can demonstrate the ability to use goal-setting skills to enhance health.   | <ul><li>Identify a short-term personal health goal and take action toward achieving the goal.</li><li>Identify who can help when assistance is needed to achieve a personal health goal.</li></ul>  |
| A successful student can demonstrate the ability to practice health-enhancing behaviors and avoid or reduce health risks.                      | <ul> <li>Demonstrate healthy practices and behaviors to maintain or improve personal health.</li> <li>Demonstrate behaviors that avoid or reduce health risks.</li> </ul>   |
| A successful student can demonstrate the ability to advocate for personal, family, and community health.                                       | <ul> <li>Make requests to promote personal health.</li> <li>Encourage peers to make positive health choices.</li> </ul> DRAFT 3 07/09/2020 Kansas State Department of Education   www.ksde.org  |



#### Media Arts

This rubric measures the degree to which each competency has been met. Sufficient evidence is intended to indicate that a student has met the competency. Strong evidence indicates that a student has gone above and beyond the competency. While limited evidence indicates they have not quite met the competency, no evidence indicates the student has not yet made progress in meeting the competency.

| Specials  | NO EVIDENCE - 1 Degree to which competency has been met.                                       | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| Media Arts  | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0   |  |   |  |
| Creating  |  |  |   |  |
| I can create and communicate by<br>applying the skills and language<br>of a specific media arts form to<br>conceive, develop, and construct<br>artistic ideas and work.         | communicate by applying the  | skills and language of a specific media arts form to conceive,   | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of a specific media<br>art form to conceive, develop,<br>and construct artistic ideas<br>and work. | I can create and communicate in multiple media art forms by applying the skills and language of that form to conceive, develop, and construct artistic ideas and work. |
| I can generate, conceptualize, and organize media arts ideas  | l am not yet able to generate,<br>conceptualize, and organize<br>media arts ideas.             | I can generate and<br>conceptualize, but not<br>independently organize an<br>idea into a media art work. | I can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize ideas in at least<br>one media art form.   | l can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize ideas through<br>various media art forms.   |
| I can refine and complete media<br>art ideas  | complete ideas into media art  | I can begin to refine but not<br>complete ideas into media art<br>work.                                  | l can refine and complete<br>ideas into media art work.   | l can refine and complete<br>ideas through multiple media<br>art forms.  |
| Producing I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the media arts communicate ideas and work through integration, practice, and presentation. | I am not yet able to integrate<br>forms and content, practice,<br>and present media art works. | I can begin to integrate forms<br>and content, practice, and<br>present media art works.                 | I can integrate forms and<br>content, practice, and present<br>through at least one media art<br>form.  | I can integrate forms and<br>content, practice, and present<br>through more than one media<br>art form.  |
| I can analyze and interpret media art works.  | l cannot yet analyze and<br>interpret media art works.   | I can analyze and interpret<br>media art works to a limited<br>extent.                                   | I can analyze and interpret<br>comfortably in at least one<br>media art work.   | I can analyze and interpret<br>multiple forms of media art<br>works for presentation.  |
| I can realize, develop, and refine<br>media art works for presentation.   | I am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine media art<br>works for presentation.      | I can realize and begin to<br>develop, but not refine media<br>art works for presentation.               | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine in at least one media art<br>form for presentation.   | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine in multiple media art<br>forms for presentation that<br>that communicates.   |

# PRE-K-2

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Media Arts Responding I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the media arts communicate ideas and work through integration, practice, and presentation. | I am not yet able to integrate<br>forms and content, practice,<br>and present media art works.                               | I can begin to integrate forms<br>and content, practice, and<br>present media art works.   |  | I can integrate forms and<br>content, practice, and present<br>through more than one media<br>art form.  |
| I can analyze and interpret media art works.  | l cannot yet analyze and<br>interpret media art works.   | I can analyze and interpret<br>media art works to a limited<br>extent.   | l can analyze and interpret<br>comfortably in at least one<br>media art work.  | l can analyze and interpret<br>multiple forms of media art<br>works for presentation.  |
| I can realize, develop, and refine<br>media art works for presentation.   | l am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine media art<br>works for presentation.                                    | I can realize and begin to<br>develop, but not refine media<br>art works for presentation.   | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine in at least one media art<br>form for presentation.  | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine in multiple media art<br>forms for presentation that<br>that communicates.   |
| Connecting I can connect personal meaning and external context to media arts by synthesizing and relating through and during the art-making process.  | external context to media arts   | I can begin to connect personal meaning and external context to media arts by synthesizing and relating through and during the artmaking process | I can successfully connect<br>personal meaning and<br>external context to media arts<br>by synthesizing and relating<br>through and during the art-<br>making process. | I can successfully connect<br>personal meaning and<br>external context to more<br>than one media arts form<br>by synthesizing and relating<br>through and during the art-<br>making process. |
| I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to artistic ideas for<br>media art works.   | I am not yet able to synthesize<br>and relate knowledge and<br>personal experience to artistic<br>ideas for media art works. | I can relate knowledge and<br>personal experience to artistic<br>ideas for media art works but<br>not synthesize those into a<br>media art work. | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to artistic ideas for<br>media art works.  | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to artistic ideas<br>through multiple forms of<br>media art works.   |
| I can apply societal, cultural, and<br>historical contexts to ideas media<br>art work.  | l am not yet able to apply<br>societal, cultural, and historical<br>contexts to media art work.                              | I can apply at least one of the<br>following, societal, cultural,<br>and/or historical contexts to<br>media art work.                            | I can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to at<br>least one form of media art<br>work.   | I can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>more than one form of media<br>art.   |



### Music

This rubric measures the degree to which each competency has been met. Sufficient evidence is intended to indicate that a student has met the competency. Strong evidence indicates that a student has gone above and beyond the competency. While limited evidence indicates they have not quite met the competency, no evidence indicates the student has not yet made progress in meeting the competency.

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Music Creating I can create and communicate by applying the skills and language of music to Imagine, Plan, and Make musical ideas and work. | I am not yet able to create and<br>communicate by applying the<br>skills and language of music<br>to imagine, plan, and make<br>musical ideas and work. | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of music to imagine<br>and plan but not yet make<br>musical ideas and work. | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of music to imagine,<br>plan, and make musical ideas<br>and work. | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of music to imagine,<br>plan, and make musical ideas<br>and work, while creating work<br>that shows the culmination<br>of a process of creation and<br>communication. |
| I can Generate, Develop, and<br>Organize musical ideas.   | l am not yet able to generate,<br>develop, and organize musical<br>ideas.   | I am beginning to develop the<br>skills and knowledge needed<br>to generate, develop, and<br>organize musical ideas.                               | l can generate, develop, and<br>organize musical ideas.  | I can generate, develop, and<br>organize musical ideas for<br>more than one musical genre.   |
|   | by applying the skills and  | I am beginning to create<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of music to evaluate,<br>refine, and present musical<br>ideas and work.         | I can create by applying the<br>skills and language of music to<br>evaluate, refine, and present<br>musical ideas and work.              | I can create by applying the skills and language of music to evaluate, refine, and present original musical ideas and work using expertise, context, and expressive intent to influence creative choices.                                    |
| I can Reflect upon and Refine musical ideas and work.   |   | I can reflect upon but not yet<br>able to independently refine<br>musical ideas and work.  | l can reflect upon and refine<br>musical ideas and work.   | I can reflect upon and refine<br>musical ideas and work for<br>more than one musical genre.  |
| I can Present original musical ideas and work.  | l am not yet able to present<br>original musical ideas and<br>work.   | l am experimenting with<br>creating and presenting<br>original musical ideas and<br>work.  | l can present original musical<br>ideas and work.  | I can create and present more<br>than one original musical idea<br>and work.   |

# PRE-K-2

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|---|---|--|---|---|
| Music   | 0<br>0<br>0   | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0   |   |   |
| Performing  |   | 0<br>0<br>0  |   |   |
| I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate musical ideas and<br>work through Selection, Analysis,<br>and Interpretation. | I am not yet able to<br>demonstrate the ability to<br>apply skills and effectively<br>communicate musical ideas<br>and work through selection,<br>analysis, and interpretation. | I am beginning to find the<br>ability to apply skills and<br>communicate musical ideas<br>and work through selection,<br>analysis, and interpretation.   | communicate musical ideas<br>and work through selection,<br>analysis, and interpretation of   | I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate musical ideas<br>and work through selection,<br>analysis, and interpretation of<br>more than one musical genre. |
| I can Select musical works based<br>on interest, knowledge, technical<br>skill and context.   | I am not yet able to select<br>musical works based on<br>interest, knowledge, technical<br>skill and context.   |  |   | I can select and perform<br>musical works based on<br>interest, knowledge, technical<br>skill and context.  |
| I can Analyze the structure and context of musical works.   | l am not yet able to analyze<br>the structure and context of<br>musical works.  | I am beginning to analyze<br>the structure and context of<br>musical works.  | l can analyze the structure and context of musical works.   | l can analyze and demonstrate<br>the structure and context of<br>musical works.   |
| I can Develop personal interpretations of musical works.  | I am not yet able to develop<br>personal interpretations of<br>musical works.   | I am beginning to develop<br>personal interpretations of<br>musical works.   | I can develop personal interpretations of musical works.  | I can develop personal<br>interpretations of musical<br>works and perform based on<br>those interpretations.  |
| of Rehearsing, Evaluating, Refining, and Performing musical works.  | demonstrate the ability to<br>apply skills and effectively<br>communicate through the<br>process of Rehearsing,<br>Evaluating, Refining, and                                    | I am beginning to demonstrate<br>the ability to apply skills and<br>effectively communicate<br>through the process of<br>Rehearsing, Evaluating,<br>Refining, and Performing<br>musical works. | I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate through the<br>process of Rehearsing,<br>Evaluating, Refining, and<br>Performing musical works. | I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate through the<br>process of Rehearsing,<br>Evaluating, Refining, and<br>Performing musical works.                 |
| I can Evaluate and Refine personal and ensemble performances.   | l am not yet able to evaluate<br>and refine personal and<br>ensemble performances.  | I am beginning to learn how to<br>evaluate and refine personal<br>and ensemble performances.   | l can evaluate and refine<br>personal and ensemble<br>performances.   | I can evaluate and refine<br>personal and ensemble<br>performances of various<br>genre.   |
| I can Perform expressively and accurately with appropriate interpretation.  | I am not yet able to<br>perform expressively and<br>accurately with appropriate<br>interpretation.  | I am beginning to<br>perform expressively and<br>accurately with appropriate<br>interpretation.  | I can perform expressively and accurately with appropriate interpretation.  | I can perform various genre<br>of music expressively and<br>accurately with appropriate<br>interpretation.  |



| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.   | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Music  | 0<br>0<br>0   | 0<br>0<br>0   |   |  |
| Responding   |   | •<br>•  |   |  |
| I can respond to music by<br>Selecting, Analyzing, Interpreting<br>and Evaluating, how music<br>conveys meaning.     | I am not yet able to respond to<br>music by selecting, analyzing,<br>interpreting and evaluating,<br>how music conveys meaning.         | I can respond to music I have<br>selected, but still learning<br>how to analyze, interpret<br>and evaluate how this music<br>conveys meaning. | by Selecting, analyzing,<br>interpreting and evaluating,  | I can successfully respond<br>to multiple music genre<br>by selecting, analyzing,<br>interpreting and evaluating,<br>how music conveys meaning<br>and provide compelling<br>rationale. |
| I can Select musical works for a variety of purposes.  | l am not yet able to select<br>musical works for a variety of<br>purposes.  | l can select a musical work or<br>works for at least one purpose.   | l can select musical works for a<br>variety of purposes.  | I can select musical works<br>for a variety of purposes and<br>provide rationale for selection.  |
| I can Perceive and Analyze musical works.  | l am not yet able to perceive<br>and analyze musical works.   | To a limited degree, I can<br>perceive and analyze musical<br>works.  | l can perceive and analyze<br>musical works.  | l can perceive and analyze<br>musical works and provide<br>rationale.  |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of musical works.   | I am not yet able to interpret intent and meaning of musical works.   | I am beginning to interpret intent and meaning of musical works.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of musical works.   | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of musical works and<br>provide rationale.   |
| I can Apply criteria to evaluating musical works.  | criteria to evaluating musical  | I am beginning to learn how<br>to apply criteria to evaluating<br>musical works.  | I can apply criteria to<br>evaluating musical works.  | I can create and apply criteria<br>to evaluating musical works.  |
| Connecting   |   |   |   |  |
| I can Connect personal meaning<br>and external context to music<br>through and during the music<br>learning process. | I am not yet able to connect,<br>personal meaning and<br>external context to music<br>through and during the music<br>learning process. | I can begin to connect,<br>personal meaning and<br>external context to music<br>through and during the music<br>learning process.             | I can connect, personal<br>meaning and external context<br>to music through and during<br>the music learning process. | I can connect, personal<br>meaning and external context<br>to music through and during<br>the music learning and making<br>process.  |
| I can Synthesize and Relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to musical ideas and<br>work.                    | I am not yet able to synthesize<br>and relate knowledge and<br>personal experience to<br>musical ideas and work.                        | I am beginning to synthesize<br>and relate knowledge and<br>personal experience to<br>musical ideas and work.                                 | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to musical ideas<br>and work.                     | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to musical ideas<br>and work in and through the<br>music making process.   |
| I can Apply societal, cultural, and historical contexts to musical ideas and work.                                   | I am not yet able to apply<br>societal, cultural, and historical<br>contexts to musical ideas and<br>work.                              | I am beginning to relate and<br>apply societal, cultural, and<br>historical contexts to musical<br>ideas and work.                            | l can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>musical ideas and work.                              | I can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>musical ideas and work of<br>various genre.   |

#### PΕ

## Scope and Sequence for K-12 Physical Education LEGEND

#### E = Emerging.

Students participate in deliberate practice tasks that will lead to skill and knowledge acquisition.

#### PE STANDARD 1. Motor skills and movement Kindergarten Grade 1 Grade 2 patterns Hopping Ε M Α Ε M Α Galloping Ε Running $\rightarrow$ Μ Sliding Ε Μ Α Ε Skipping M $\rightarrow$ Ε Leaping Jumping and Ε $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ Landing Ε Jump rope $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ Ε Balance $\rightarrow$ Weight Transfer E Rolling Ε $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ Curling and E M $\rightarrow$ stretching Twisting and Ε M bending Throwing

Ε

Ε

Ε

 $\rightarrow$ 

 $\rightarrow$ 

 $\rightarrow$ 

M

 $\rightarrow$ 

#### M = Maturing.

Students can demonstrate the critical elements of the motor skills/knowledge components of the grade-level outcomes, which will continue to be refined with practice.

| PE<br>STANDARD 1.<br>Motor skills<br>and movement<br>patterns | Kinder-<br>garten | Grade 1       | Grade 2       |
|---|-------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Dribbling/ball<br>control                                     |                   |               |               |
| • Hands   | E                 | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| • Feet  |                   | E             | $\rightarrow$ |
| Kicking   | E                 | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Volleying   |                   |               |               |
| <ul> <li>Underhand</li> </ul>                                 | E                 | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Striking - with short implement                               | E                 | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Striking - with long implement                                |                   |               | E             |
| Combining<br>balance and<br>weight transfers                  |                   |               | E             |

#### A = Applying.

Students can demonstrate the critical elements of the motor skills/knowledge components of the grade-level outcomes within a variety of physical activity environments.

| PE<br>STANDARD 2.<br>Motor skills<br>and movement<br>patterns | Kinder-<br>garten | Grade 1       | Grade 2       |
|---|-------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Movement<br>concepts,<br>principles and<br>knowledge          | E                 | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |

Underhand

Overhand

Catching

| PE<br>STANDARD 3.<br>Health-<br>enhancing<br>level of fitness<br>and physical<br>activity | Kinder-<br>garten | Grade 1       | Grade 2       |
|---|-------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Physical activity knowledge   | E                 | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Engages in physical activity  | E                 | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Fitness<br>knowledge  | E                 | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Nutrition   | Е                 | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |

| PE<br>STANDARD 4.<br>Responsible<br>personal and<br>social behavior | Kinder-<br>garten | Grade 1       | Grade 2       |
|---|-------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Demonstrating personal responsibility                               | E                 | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Accepting<br>feedback   | E                 | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Working with others   | E                 | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Following rules and etiquette                                       |                   |               | E             |
| Safety  | E                 | $\rightarrow$ | М             |

| PE<br>STANDARD 4.<br>Responsible<br>personal and<br>social behavior | Kinder-<br>garten | Grade 1 | Grade 2 |
|---|-------------------|---------|---------|
| For health  |                   |         | E       |
| For challenge   |                   |         | E       |
| For self-<br>expression/<br>enjoyment                               | E                 |         |         |
| For social<br>interaction   |                   |         |         |



#### Theatre

This rubric measures the degree to which each competency has been met. Sufficient evidence is intended to indicate that a student has met the competency. Strong evidence indicates that a student has gone above and beyond the competency. While limited evidence indicates they have not quite met the competency, no evidence indicates the student has not yet made progress in meeting the competency.

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.                            | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.   | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met. | <b>STRONG EVIDENCE - 4</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Theatre  | 0<br>0<br>0  |   |  |  |
| Creating   | ē<br>•<br>•  |   |  |  |
| of theatre through Envisioning,  | the skills and language of<br>theatre through envisioning,<br>conceptualizing, developing, | communicate by applying the<br>skills and language of theatre<br>by envisioning, conceptualizing,<br>developing, and rehearsing<br>artistic ideas and work. | language of theatre through                                      | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of theatre through<br>envisioning, conceptualizing,<br>developing, and rehearsing<br>artistic ideas through<br>more than one theatrical<br>performance. |
| I can Organize artistic ideas for theatre.                                       | l am not yet able to organize<br>artistic ideas for theatre.                               |   | l can organize artistic ideas for theatre.                       |  |
| I can Refine and Complete<br>artistic ideas through a theatrical<br>performance. | I am not yet able to refine and<br>complete artistic ideas through<br>a performance.       | not complete artistic ideas   |  | I can refine and complete<br>artistic ideas successfully<br>for more than one theatrical<br>performance.   |



| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| Theatre   | •  |   |  |   |
| Performing  | •<br>•<br>•  |   |  |   |
| I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how theatre communicates through Selection, Preparation, Sharing, and Presentation of artistic ideas and work. | I am not yet able to<br>demonstrate the ability to apply<br>the skills and understanding<br>of how theatre communicates<br>through selection, preparation,<br>sharing, and presentation of<br>artistic ideas and work. | understanding of how theatre communicates through   | I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how theatre communicates through selection, preparation, sharing, and presentation of artistic ideas and work through at least one performance. | I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how theatre communicates through selection, preparation, sharing, and presentation of artistic ideas and work through more than one performance. |
| I can Reflect on, Interpret,<br>and Select artistic works for<br>presentation.  | I am not yet able to reflect on,<br>interpret, and select artistic<br>works for presentation.  | interpret, but not select an artistic work for presentation   | I can reflect on, interpret,<br>and select an artistic work<br>for presentation based on a<br>specific purpose.  | l can reflect on, interpret,<br>and select artistic works for<br>presentation based on a<br>specific purpose for each work.   |
| I can Realize, Develop, and Refine artistic works for presentation.   | l am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine artistic<br>works for presentation.   | I can realize and develop, but<br>not refine artistic works for<br>presentation.  | l can realize, develop, and<br>refine artistic works for<br>presentation.  | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine multiple artistic works for<br>a performance that successfully<br>communicates.   |
| Responding  |  |   | •  |   |
| I can respond to theatre by<br>Reflecting, Interpreting, and<br>Evaluating how productions<br>convey meaning.   | I am not yet able to respond<br>to theatre by Reflecting,<br>Interpreting, and Evaluating<br>how productions convey<br>meaning.  | I can begin to respond<br>to theatre by Reflecting,<br>Interpreting, and Evaluating<br>how productions convey<br>meaning. | I can respond to theatre by<br>Reflecting, Interpreting, and<br>Evaluating how at least one<br>production conveys meaning.   | I can respond to theatre by<br>Reflecting, Interpreting, and<br>Evaluating how productions<br>convey meaning.   |
| I can Perceive and Evaluate theatrical work.  | I am not yet able to perceive<br>and evaluate theatrical work.   | I can begin to perceive and evaluate theatrical work.   | l can perceive and evaluate<br>theatrical work.  | I can perceive and evaluate<br>theatrical work and provide<br>compelling rationale to<br>support.   |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of theatrical work.  | l am not yet able to interpret<br>intent and meaning of<br>theatrical work.  | To a limited degree, I can interpret intent and meaning of theatrical work.   | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of theatrical work.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of theatrical work<br>and provide compelling and<br>creative support for alternative<br>interpretation.   |
| I can apply criteria when evaluating theatrical work.   | I am not yet able to apply<br>criteria when evaluating<br>theatrical work.   | I can begin to apply criteria<br>when evaluating theatrical<br>work.  | l can apply criteria when<br>evaluating theatrical work.   | I can create and apply criteria<br>for evaluating theatrical work.  |

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met. | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met. | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.           | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Theatre   |   |   |   |   |
| Connecting I can connect personal meaning and external context to theatre by Empathizing, Interrelating, and Researching works. | personal meaning and external context to theatre by             | external context to theatre by                                | external context to theatre by empathizing, interrelating, and researching works. | I can successfully connect<br>personal meaning and<br>external context to multiple<br>theatrical pieces by<br>empathizing, interrelating, and<br>researching those works. |
| I can Synthesize and Relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to theatrical ideas and<br>work.                            | personal experience to  | relate knowledge and personal                                 | experience to ideas and at  | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to multiple<br>theatrical ideas and works.  |
| I can Apply societal, cultural, and<br>historical contexts to theatrical<br>ideas and work.                                     | •   | societal, cultural, and historical                            |   | I can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>theatrical ideas and work and<br>successfully perform the role<br>of a character in that work.           |



#### Visual Arts

This rubric measures the degree to which each competency has been met. Sufficient evidence is intended to indicate that a student has met the competency. Strong evidence indicates that a student has gone above and beyond the competency. While limited evidence indicates they have not quite met the competency, no evidence indicates the student has made no effort in meeting the competency.

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.   | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Visual Arts  | •  |   |  |  |
| Creating I can create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific visual arts form to Investigate, Plan, and Make artistic ideas and work. | skills and language of a specific<br>visual art form to investigate,<br>plan, and make artistic ideas  | communicate by applying the   | by applying the skills and<br>language of a specific visual art<br>form to investigate, plan, and<br>make artistic ideas and work. | I can create and communicate<br>in multiple visual art forms<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of a specific visual art<br>form to investigate, plan, and<br>make artistic ideas and work. |
| I can generate, conceptualize, and organize artistic ideas.  | I am not yet able to generate,<br>conceptualize, and organize<br>artistic ideas.   | I can generate and<br>conceptualize, but not<br>organize artistic ideas.  | •  | l can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize multiple artistic<br>ideas.   |
| I can refine and complete artistic ideas.  | l am not yet able to refine and complete artistic ideas.   | l can refine but not complete<br>artistic ideas.  |  | l can refine and complete<br>multiple artistic ideas.  |
| I can create by applying the skills<br>and language of a specific visual<br>arts form to Reflect, Refine, and<br>Continue with artistic ideas and<br>work.       | by applying the skills and language of a specific visual art form through reflecting, refining, and continuing with artistic ideas and work. | I can create by applying the skills (elements) but not the language (principles) of a specific visual art form through reflecting, refining, and continuing with artistic ideas and work. | the skills and language of a<br>specific visual art form through<br>reflecting, refining, and                                      | I can create in multiple visual<br>art forms by applying the skills<br>and language of that visual<br>art form through reflecting,<br>refining, and continuing with<br>artistic ideas and work.    |



| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.   | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>STRONG EVIDENCE - 4</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Visual Arts  |   |   |   |  |
| Presenting   |   |   |   |  |
| of how the visual arts<br>communicate through Selection,   | I am not yet able to apply<br>the skills and understanding<br>of how the visual arts<br>communicate through<br>Selection, Analyzation, and<br>Sharing of artistic ideas and<br>work for presentation. | I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the visual arts communicate but not able to apply this to Selection, Analyzation, and Sharing of artistic ideas and work for presentation. | I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the visual arts communicate through Selection, Analyzation, and Sharing of artistic ideas and work for presentation. | I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how multiple visual arts forms communicate through Selection, Analyzation, and Sharing of artistic ideas and work for presentation. |
| I can interpret artistic works for presentation.   | I am not yet able to interpret artistic works for presentation.   | l can interpret at least one<br>artistic work for presentation.   | I can interpret more than one artistic work for presentation.   | I can interpret multiple artistic works for presentation.  |
| l can realize, develop, and refine<br>artistic works for presentation.   | l am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine artistic<br>works for presentation.  | I can realize and develop, but<br>not refine artistic works for<br>presentation.  | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine artistic works for<br>presentation.   | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine multiple artistic<br>works for an exhibition that<br>communicates.   |
| Responding   |   |   |   |  |
| I can successfully respond to<br>the visual arts by Perceiving,<br>Analyzing, and Interpreting how<br>artworks convey meaning. | I am not yet able to<br>successfully respond to the<br>visual arts by Perceiving,<br>Analyzing, and Interpreting<br>how artworks convey meaning.  | I can begin to respond to<br>the visual arts by Perceiving,<br>Analyzing, and Interpreting<br>how artworks convey meaning.  | I can successfully respond to<br>the visual arts by Perceiving,<br>Analyzing, and Interpreting<br>how artworks convey meaning.  | I can successfully respond to<br>the visual arts by Perceiving,<br>Analyzing, and Interpreting<br>how artworks convey meaning,<br>and provide compelling<br>rationale.                                     |
|  | I am not yet able to interpret intent and meaning of artistic work.   | I can begin to interpret intent<br>and meaning of artistic work.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of artistic work.   | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of artistic work and<br>provides compelling rationale<br>to support.   |
| I can apply criteria to analyzing and interpreting artistic work.  | I am not yet able to apply<br>criteria to analyzing and<br>interpreting artistic work.  | To a limited degree, I can apply criteria to analyzing and interpreting artistic work.  | I can apply criteria to analyzing<br>and interpreting artistic work.  | I can apply criteria to analyzing<br>and interpreting artistic work<br>and provide additional support<br>for my interpretation.  |



| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | <b>STRONG EVIDENCE - 4</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| Visual Arts  | •<br>•  | •<br>•   |   |   |
| Connecting   | •   | •  |   |   |
| context to the visual arts by<br>Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing,<br>and Interpreting to works of art<br>through and during the art- | context to the visual arts by<br>Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing, | personal meaning and external<br>context to the visual arts by<br>Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing,<br>and Interpreting to works of | personal meaning and external<br>context to the visual arts by<br>Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing,<br>and Interpreting to works of<br>art through and during the art- | I can successfully connect, personal meaning and external context to multiple visual arts by Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing, and Interpreting to works through and during the art-making process.          |
| experience to artistic ideas and   |   | I can create a work of art that<br>begins to communicate about<br>events in home, school or<br>community life.                     | events in home, school or   | I can create works of art that<br>clearly communicates in-depth<br>about events in home, school,<br>and/or community life.  |
| historical contexts to artistic ideas  | and contrast details in art<br>works from different times or      | details in art works from different times or places but  | details in art works from<br>different times or places and<br>explain how these details help<br>reveal information about the<br>work.                                 | I can compare and contrast<br>multiple details in art works<br>from different times or places<br>and thoroughly explains how<br>these details help reveal<br>information about the work<br>and its context. |



NAVIGATING CHANGE:
KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

Grade Band

Pre-14

Essential Elements (EE)

# Assessment

### **Executive Summary**

This section of the guidance document seeks to support educators as they consider ways to develop, refine and/or implement a comprehensive, balanced and cohesive approach to meaningfully assess student learning in a competency-based model. When thinking about mastery, a multiple-measures approach can be useful and may include a variety of assessments, ranging from the use of rubrics that focus on the depth of a student's understanding to nationally normed assessments by age and/or ability to state accountability assessment systems. What follows as guidance to consider may be best conceptualized by thinking of it from the perspective of assessing student learning.

# PRE-K-2

## Performance-Based Assessment and the Use of Rubrics

- Continuity and Comprehensive Approach: The grade-band teams from Phase I of this project developed both the competencies and a set of performance-based "I can ..." rubrics.
  - SECD, specials, electives and CTE are also included for your consideration and inclusion in assessing broader STEAM and Humanities competencies.
- Interpretation of Performance Levels: These rubrics contain four performance levels that include "I can ..." statements that intend to reflect the various stages of what students know and are able to do through progressive depths of each competency. Ideally, students move to and through each of the levels from left to right, but this may take place at different times for each student. Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) is included as a familiar reference to help support the development of instruction in a leveled manner.
  - Level 1 may be thought of as introducing or beginning/DOK: Recall and Reproduce
  - Level 2 may be thought of as developing or emerging/DOK:
     Application and Reasoning
  - Level 3 may be thought of as demonstrating or creating/DOK: Strategic Thinking
  - Level 4 may be thought of as extending or enriching/DOK: Extended Thinking

**NOTE:** Levels 1-4 are not intended to predict Kansas State Assessment scores.



#### **Levels Explanation**

Webb's Depth of Knowledge: Use to Align "A successful student can ..." Statements to Appropriate Performance Level

| Performance Level | I can  |                          |
|-------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Level 1           | <ul> <li>Recall and Reproduction</li> <li>Recall a fact, term, definition, principle or concept; perform a simple procedure.</li> <li>Items typically specify what the student is to do, which is often to carry out some procedure that can be performed mechanically.</li> <li>Recall of a fact, information, definition, term or performance of a process or procedure.</li> </ul>  |                          |
| Level 2           | <ul> <li>Basic Application of Skills and Concepts</li> <li>Apply conceptual knowledge: <ul> <li>Use provided information to select appropriate procedures for a task.</li> <li>Perform two or more steps with decision points along the way.</li> <li>Solve routine problems; organize or display data.</li> <li>Interpret or use simple graphs.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Items require students to make some decisions as to how to approach the question or problem. These actions imply more than one mental or cognitive process/step.</li> <li>Includes the engagement of some mental processing beyond recalling or reproducing a response.</li> </ul>   |                          |
| Level 3           | <ul> <li>Strategic Thinking</li> <li>Apply reasoning, using evidence, and developing a plan to approach or solve abstract, complex or nonroutine problems; interpret information and provide justification when more than one approach is possible.</li> <li>Items require students to justify the responses they give and may have more than one possible answer.</li> <li>Requires deep understanding as exhibited through planning, using evidence, and more demanding cognitive reasoning. The cognitive demands are complex and abstract.</li> </ul>  | This<br>is the<br>target |
| Level 4           | <ul> <li>Extended Thinking</li> <li>Perform investigations or apply concepts and skills that require research and problem solving across content areas or multiple sources.</li> <li>Items require students to bring together skill and knowledge from various domains. Due to the complexity of cognitive demand, this level often requires an extended period to answer. A DOK 4 is first a DOK 3 with added connections.</li> <li>Requires high cognitive demand and is very complex. Students are expected to make connections and relate ideas within the content or among areas - and have to select or devise one approach among many alternatives on how the situation can be solved.</li> </ul> |                          |



#### **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

**AFNR** Agriculture, Foods and Natural Resources Architecture and Construction AC BC **Business Career BC.BMAE** Business Management, Administration and Entrepreneurship BC.F Finance BC.M Marketing DNC Dance **FACS** Family and Consumer Sciences English Language Arts ELA **ENG** Engineering Health and Biosciences HB HE Health History, Government and Social HGSS Studies HUM Humanities

Information Technology

Law, Public Safety, Corrections and LPSCS Security Media Arts MA MATH Math Manufacturing **MNFR** MUS Music Physical Education PΕ Science SCI Earth and Space Science SCI.ESS SCI.LS Life Science SCI.PS Physical Science Social-Emotional Character **SECD** Development STEAM STM THR Theatre TRAN Transportation WL World Languages

#### **Grade Bands:**

P Pre-K to 2nd grade

IM 3rd to 5th grade

MS 6th to 8th grade

HS 9th to 12th grade

Visual Arts

VA

ΙT



#### **EE ELA**

A successful student can demonstrate that they understand that written letters represent specific sounds in words.

| EE ELA   |   |         |                                    |                            |
|--|---|---------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4                            | STANDARDS                  |
| vocalizations, gestures, physical movement, eye gaze, etc. | words by gestures, eye gaze,<br>physical movement, vocalizations, |         | with the same beginning sound as a | EE.RF.K.2.c<br>EE.RF.1.2.c |

A successful student can demonstrate that they understand and can manipulate sounds and letters that make up words.

| <b>EE</b> ELA  |   |   |  |                             |
|--|---|---|--|-----------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                   |
|  | I can identify familiar rhymes by<br>vocalizations, gestures, eye gaze<br>when presented with a picture or<br>objects.                                | I can recognize rhyming words with guidance and support.                | I can recognize rhyming words.                                       | EE.RF.K.2.a;<br>EE.RF.1.2.a |
| tactile graphic by vocalizations,  | I can identify familiar words by<br>vocalizations, gestures, eye gaze or<br>touch when presented with a picture,<br>objects or tactile graphics, etc. | in a spoken message with guidance                                       | I can recognize the number of words<br>in a spoken message.          | EE.RF.K.2.b.                |
| one-syllable words when presented<br>with the first letter of the word (or<br>word/picture, object, tactile graphic,<br>etc.by vocalizations, eye gaze, body | with the first letter of the word (or   | or words and substitute individual sounds in simple, one-syllable words | segmented phonems to pictures<br>and substitute individual sounds in | EE.RF.1-2.b<br>EE.RF.1.2.d  |
| movement, gestures when presented with letter/picture, object or tactile   | using vocalizations, eye gaze, body<br>movement, gestures when presented<br>with letter/picture, object or tactile                                    |   | I can use letter-sound knowledge to<br>read words.                   | EE.RF.2.3                   |



#### A successful student can demonstrate the ability to comprehend, analyze and evaluate increasingly complex texts.

| <b>EE</b> ELA   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| I can attend to a picture of myself<br>paired with my name using<br>vocalizations, eye gaze, physical<br>prompt, touch, gesture, etc.   | I can select my name when paired<br>with my picture using vocalizations,<br>eye gaze, physical movement, touch,<br>page sticks, etc.from a choice of two<br>to three. |   | I can recognize first letter of own<br>name in print.                               | EE.RF.K.3.a   |
| tal signs paired with symbols and   |   | environmental signs (e.g., Casey's,   | l can recognize environmental print<br>(e.g., Casey's, WalMart, Burger King,<br>etc | EE.RF.K.3.c   |
| I can attend to the organization<br>of a book and basic features of<br>print using vocalizations, eye gaze,<br>gestures, physical movement, switch<br>activation, etc.with guidance and<br>support. | at a time from beginning to end with guidance and support during  | I can demonstrate understanding of<br>the organization and basic features<br>of print (left-to-right, top-to-bottom,<br>one-to-one correspondence<br>between written and spoken words). | I can identify the organization of text<br>when participating in shared reading     | EE.RF.K.1.a;<br>EE.RF.1.1.a                               |
| I can attend to a book when<br>presented with pictures, words,<br>objects, tactile graphics, using<br>vocalizations, gestures, physical<br>movement, eye gaze, switch<br>activated, etc.            | I can engage in purposeful shared<br>reading with guidance and support.   | I can participate in familiar text<br>comprised of known words with<br>guidance and support.  | text comprised of known words.  | EE.RF.K.4;<br>EE.RF.1.3.b;<br>EE.RF.1.4.a;<br>EE.RF.1.4.b |
| I can attend to words in print of a familiar text paired with objects, tactile graphics, pictures, etc. using vocalizations, gestures, eye gaze, body movements, switch activated, etc.             | I can participate in familiar text<br>comprised of known words with<br>guidance and support.  |   | I can read familiar text comprised of<br>known words.                               | EE.RF.2.4   |



# A successful student can draw/dictate/write to compose narrative texts, describing real or imaginary events or experiences.

| <b>EE</b> ELA  |   |  |  |                       |
|--|---|--|--|-----------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS             |
| remaining in contact with the tool by eye gaze, touch or vocalizations.    | I can select a digital tool by gesture,<br>eye gaze, vocalizations from a choice<br>array of two to three upon a prompt<br>(e.g., physical, touch, verbal, etc                                      | tools to produce individual or group                                     | I can explore a variety of digital<br>tools to produce individual or group<br>writing. | EE.W.K.3              |
| from an array of two to three choices upon a prompt (e.g., verbal, touch,  | I can draw, dictate or write about a<br>preferred object from a choice array<br>of two to three upon a prompt (e.g.,<br>physical, touch, verbal, etc  | drawing, dictating or writing to share information about it.             | · I  | EE.W.1.3              |
| vocalizations, etc   | a preferred picture or story using gesture, eye gaze, vocalizations, etc.   | own drawing, dictation or writing  |  | EE.W.1.5,<br>EE.W.2.5 |
| remaining in contact with the tool by eye gaze, touch, vocalizations, etc. | I can select a preferred digital tool by<br>gesture, eye gaze, vocalizations from<br>a choice array of two to three upon a<br>prompt (e.g., physical, touch, getural,<br>verbal, vocalizations, etc | assistive technology) to produce and publish individual or group writing |  | EE.W.1.6;<br>EE.W.2.6 |



# A successful student can make meaning of increasingly complex literary print and nonprint texts, and provide text details to explain interpretations and thinking.

| <b>EE</b> ELA   |  |   |  |  |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| I can attend to a familiar item<br>of choice (presented with an<br>array from 3) using vocalizations,<br>physical movement, gestures, eye<br>gaze, etc.                       | I can distinguish between familiar<br>and unfamiliar items using eye<br>gaze, vocalizations, physical<br>movement, switch activation, etc.                   |   | I can recognize familiar text and<br>indicate when an unknown word is<br>used in a text.   | EE.RL.K.4; EE.RL.K.5   |
| I can attend to familiar people using eye gaze, gestures, physical movement, vocalizations, etc.  | I can identify familiar people,<br>objects, places or events with<br>guidance and support.   |   | I can answer who and where questions to demonstrate understanding of major events and actions of characters in familiar stories. | EE.RL.K.1;<br>EE.RL.K.2;<br>EE.RL.K.3;<br>EE.RL.1.1;<br>EE.RL.1.2;<br>EE.RL.1.3;<br>EE.RL.2.1; EE.RL.2.2 |
| I can demonstrate basic feelings<br>(happy, sad, mad). using facial<br>expressions, gestures, turning<br>away, vocalizations, etc.  | I can identify basic feelings (happy,<br>sad, mad, etc.and actions with<br>guidance and support.   | l can identify sensory or feeling<br>words and actions of the<br>characters in a familiar story.                        | I can identify sensory or feeling<br>words in order to identify the<br>feelings of characters in a familiar<br>story.            | EE.RL.1.4; EE.RL.2.3   |
| I can attend to familiar people using eye gaze, gestures, physical movement, vocalizations, etc.  | I can identify familiar people with guidance and support.  | I can identify a text as telling<br>a story and I can identify the<br>speaker.  | I can identify personal point of view about a text.  | EE.RL.1.5;<br>EE.RL.1.6; EE.RL.2.6   |
| I can attend to words in a familiar<br>story using vocalizations, eye gaze,<br>gestures, verbalizations, touch,<br>body movement.   | I can identify words in a familiar story with guidance and support.  | I can identify words that<br>meaningfully complete a familiar<br>story, poem or song by using<br>rhyming or repetition. | I can determine words and<br>phrases that complete literal<br>sentences in a text.   | EE.RL.2.4  |
| I can attend to the beginning<br>and end of a book using touch,<br>gestures, eye gaze, vocalizations,<br>verbalizations, body movement,<br>etc.                               | I can identify the beginning and<br>end of a book with guidance and<br>support.  | I can determine the beginning and<br>ending of a familiar story with a<br>logical order.                                | l can determine the beginning,<br>middle and end of a familiar story<br>with a logical order.                                    | EE.RL.2.5  |
| I can attend to pictures in a story when paired with objects, tactile graphics or multimedia using eye gaze, vocalizations, physical movement, gestures or switch activation. | I can distinguish between words<br>and illustrations in a story and<br>identify illustrations that go with<br>a familiar story with guidance and<br>support. | I can identify illustrations or<br>objects/tactual information in<br>print or digital text that depict<br>characters.   | I can identify parts of illustrations<br>or tactual information that depict a<br>particular setting or event.                    | EE.RL.K.6;<br>EE.RL.K.7;<br>EE.RL.1.7; EE.RL.2.7   |



| EE ELA  |  |   |   |                                    |
|---|--|---|---|------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                          |
| I can attend to my calendar<br>schedule of pictures, object<br>symbols, words, tactile graphics,<br>etc.<br>using eye gaze, vocalizations,<br>physical movement, gestures,<br>touch, etc. | I can identify familiar events in my<br>day with guidance and support.   |   | I can identify common elements in<br>two stories in a series. | EE.RL.K.9;<br>EE.RL.1.9; EE.RL.2.9 |
| gaze, vocalizations, physical   | I can engage in shared reading<br>paired with illustrations,<br>tactile graphics, objects using<br>vocalizations, physical movement,<br>gestures, switch activation, eye<br>gaze, etc. | reading of stories and poetry to clearly stated purposes. |   | EE.RL.1.10;<br>EE.RL.2.10          |

A successful student can make meaning of increasingly complex informational print and nonprint texts, and provide text details to explain interpretations and thinking.

| EE ELA  |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| 1 ,   | word is used in a text with   | I can ask a reader to clarify the<br>meaning of an unknown word in a<br>text with guidance and support. | I can ask a reader to clarify the<br>meaning of a word in a text.   | EE.RI.K.4;<br>EE.RI.1.4   |
| objects/tactile graphics using vocalizations, verbalizations, eye | using vocalizations, gestures,<br>eye gaze, physical movement,<br>verbalizations, touch, etc. | book including front cover, back<br>cover, title page, words, and<br>illustrations in an informational  | book including front cover, back<br>cover, title page, words, and<br>illustrations in an informational<br>text. I can identify the role of the<br>author and the illustrator. | EE.RI.K.5;<br>EE.RI.K.6;<br>EE.RI.K.7;<br>EE.RI.1.5;<br>EE.RI.1.6;<br>EE.RI.1.7;<br>EE.RI.2.6 |



| EE ELA  |  |  |   |   |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| I can attend to familiar people, objects, and events, etc. using vocalizations, eye widening, gestures, touch, body movement, etc.            | I can recognize familiar people,<br>objects, places, and events using<br>vocalizations, verbalizations,<br>switch activation, touch, gestures,<br>etc. | I can identify the topic, individuals,<br>events or details in a familiar text<br>and identify words related to the<br>topic.                                      | I can identify details including the<br>topic, individuals, and events in<br>a familiar text by answering who<br>and what questions.  | EE.RI.K.1;<br>EE.RI.K.2;<br>EE.RI.3;<br>EE.RI.1.1;<br>EE.RI.1.2;<br>EE.RI.1.3;<br>EE.RI.2.1;<br>EE.RI.2.2;<br>EE,RI.2.3;<br>EE.RI.2.4 |
| I can attend to familiar people,<br>objects and events, etc.<br>using vocalizations, eye widening,<br>gestures, touch, body movement,<br>etc. | I can recognize familiar people,<br>objects, places and events with<br>guidance and support.   | I can identify illustrations or<br>objects/tactual information that<br>go with a text, identify details in<br>informational text or its graphic<br>representation. | I can use information gained<br>from visual elements in the text<br>to answer explicit who and what<br>questions.                     | EE.RI.2.5;<br>EE.RI.2.7   |
| I can attend to two to three objects using touch, vocalizations, switch activation, touch, gestures, etc.                                     | I can identify differences in objects in my environment with guidance and support.   | I can identify points the author<br>makes in an informational text.  | I can identify two related<br>points the author makes in an<br>informational text.  | EE.RI.K.8;<br>EE.RI.1.8;<br>EE.RI.2.8   |
| I can attend to similarities of two<br>to three objects using touch,<br>vocalizations, switch activation,<br>gestures, etc.                   | I can identify similarities in objects<br>in my environment with guidance<br>and support.  | I can identify/match a common<br>element/similar parts between<br>two texts on the same topic.   | I can identify similarities between<br>two texts on the same topic.   | EE.RI.K.9;<br>EE.RI.1.9;EE.<br>RI.2.9   |
| I can attend to informational<br>text shared outloud using<br>vocalizations, eye widening,<br>gestures, touch, body movement,<br>etc.         | I can engage in informational text with guidance and support.  | I can actively engage in shared<br>reading of informational text<br>including history/SS, science and<br>technical texts.  | I can demonstrate understanding<br>of text while actively engaged<br>in shared reading of history/SS,<br>science and technical texts. | EE.RI.K.10;<br>EE.RI.1.10;<br>EE.RI.2.10  |



A successful student can engage in large- and small-group research/inquiry to investigate topics of shared interest and to interpret, integrate, and present information.

| EE ELA  |   |   |                               |                                    |
|---|---|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4                       | STANDARDS                          |
|   | tools using touch, vocalizations,   | tools (including assistive technology)                        | writing while interacting and | EE.W.K.6,<br>EE.W.1.6;<br>EE.W.2.6 |
| I can attend to object/pictures in<br>a shared research project using<br>vocalizations, touch, gestures, etc. | I can identify objects/pictures in<br>shared research projects using<br>vocalizations, gestures, switch<br>activation, eye gaze, etc. | I can participate in shared research<br>and writing projects. |                               | EE.W.1.7;<br>EE.W.2.7              |

A successful student can speak effectively to express ideas for a variety of purposes.

| EE ELA  |   |   |                                |                                       |  |
|---|---|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4                        | STANDARDS                             |  |
| I can communicate when presented orally or through other media. during shared reading activities with guidance and support.media.during shared reading activities,. | details presented orally or through other media.during shared reading   |   | aloud or information presented | EE.SL.K.2;<br>EE.SL.1.2;<br>EE.SL.2.2 |  |
| verbally, through gestures, facial  | lack of understanding ("I don't<br>know") with guidance and support.  | I can ask for help and communicate<br>confusion or lack of understanding<br>("I don't know"). |                                | EE.SL.K.3;<br>EE.SL.1.3               |  |
| objects and events when presented in pairs using vocalizations, eye gaze, switch activation, touch,   | I can communicate familiar people,<br>objects and events when presented<br>in pairs using vocalizations, eye<br>gaze, switch activation, touch,<br>gestures, etc. | I can identify familiar people, places,<br>things and events.                                 |                                | EE.SL.K.4;<br>EE.SL.1.4               |  |



| <b>EE</b> ELA   |  |  |   |                                       |
|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                             |
| supportive adults or peers while participating in multiple turn communication exchanges using | supportive adults or peers while participating in multiple turn communication exchanges with guidance and support. | exchanges with supportive<br>adults; build on others' talk in<br>conversations by linking their<br>comments to the remarks of others;<br>and ask for clarification and further | interactions about texts; listen to<br>others' ideas before responding;<br>indicate confusion or lack of<br>understanding about information | EE.SL.K.1;<br>EE.SL.1.1;<br>EE.SL.2.1 |
|   | I can answer questions about the<br>details provided by the speaker<br>with guidance and support.                  | I can answer questions about the<br>details provided by the speaker.   | I can ask or answer questions about<br>the details provided by the speaker.   | EE.SL.2.3                             |
| vocalizations, gestures, turn away,   |  | I can identify a photograph or<br>object that reflects a personal<br>experience and tell one detail about<br>it.   | experience, story or topic including  | EE.SL.2.4                             |

A successful student can listen, view, and interpret information from a variety of sources, in order to make meaning and respond effectively.

| EE ELA  |  |  |                                      |                         |
|---|--|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4                              | STANDARDS               |
| things and events when presented with a picture or object using   | I can add or select drawings or other<br>visual or tactile displays that relate<br>to familiar people, places, things and<br>events with guidance and support. | visual or tactile displays that relate<br>to familiar people, places, things and             | representations to depict a personal | EE.SL.K.5;<br>EE.SL.1.5 |
| representation of a story using vocalizations, switch activation, | representations to depict a personal   | I can select visual, audio or tactual<br>representations to depict a personal<br>experience. |                                      | EE.SL.2.5               |



| EE ELA  |   |                                    |                                    |                                       |
|---|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3                            | LEVEL 4                            | STANDARDS                             |
| shown an array of illustrations of happy, mad and sad using vocalizations, gestures, touch, body movement, facial expressions, etc. | shown an array of emotions, such as sad, happy, mad, using vocalizations, | communication to clarify thoughts, | communication to clarify thoughts, | EE.SL.K.6;<br>EE.SL.1.6;<br>EE.SL.2.6 |



#### **EE Mathematics**

Students must be engaged with the eight Standards for Mathematical Practice throughout the instruction of the mathematical content:

- 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- 4. Model with mathematics.
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.
- 7. Look for and make use of structure.
- 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

#### **Counting and Cardinality**

**Overarching Competency:** A successful student can demonstrate an understanding of numbers with proficiency to rote count, order, compare, subitize, match objects to and write numbers.

PRIORITY: A successful student can rote count, identify and write numerals (to 30).

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics   | Counting and Cardinality  |                               |                                  |              |
|---|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3                       | LEVEL 4                          | STANDARDS    |
| I can identify number sequence<br>pattern (one to five) with tactile<br>graphics, objects or illustrations<br>using vocalizations, gestures, touch,<br>switch activations, etc. | pattern with guidance and support.                                  | I can count to 10 by ones.    | l can count past 10 by ones.     | EE.K.CC.1    |
| I can identify number sequence<br>pattern (five to 10) with tactile<br>graphics, objects or illustrations<br>using vocalizations, gestures, touch,<br>switch activations, etc.  | pattern with guidance and support.                                  | l can count by ones to 30     | l can count to ones past 30.     | EE.1.NBT.1.a |
| I can identify number sequence<br>pattern (five to 10) with tactile<br>graphics, objects or illustrations<br>using vocalizations, gestures, touch,<br>switch activations, etc.  | I can explain number sequence<br>pattern with guidance and support. | l can count up to 10 objects. | l can count more than 10 objects | EE.1.NBT.1.b |



#### **PRIORITY:** A successful student can count up to three objects using one-to-one correspondence.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics   | Counting and Cardinality           |   |   |           |
|---|------------------------------------|---|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2                            | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| I can identify two to four objects paired with a number in a sequence with tactile graphics, illustrations, etc. using vocalizations, gestures, touch, switch activations, etc.             | pattern with guidance and support. | I can count eight objects, pairing<br>each object with one and only one<br>number.  | I can count 10 objects, pairing<br>each object with one and only one<br>number. | EE.K.CC.4 |
| I can identify two to four objects<br>paired with a number in a sequence<br>with tactile graphics, illustrations,<br>etc. using vocalizations, gestures,<br>touch, switch activations, etc. | pattern with guidance and support. | I can count out up to three objects<br>from a larger set, pairing each object<br>with one, and only one, number<br>name to tell how many. |   | EE.K.CC.5 |

#### **PRIORITY:** A successful student can compare number of objects in a group when the quantities are clearly different.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics   | Counting and Cardinality   |   |   |           |
|---|--|---|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| I can identify a one to five objects<br>paired with a number in a sequence<br>with tactile graphics, illustrations,<br>etc. using vocalizations, gestures,<br>touch, switch activations, etc. | objects and different number of objects with guidance and support. | I can identify whether the number<br>of objects in one group is more or<br>less than or equal to the number of<br>objects in another group, when the<br>quantities are clearly different. | of objects in one group is more or<br>less than or equal to the number of |           |

#### PRIORITY: A successful student can create sets of 10.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics | Counting and Cardinality   |         |                                      |            |  |
|-----------------------|--|---------|--------------------------------------|------------|--|
| LEVEL 1               | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4                              | STANDARDS  |  |
|                       | I can explain 10 as a composition of<br>10 ones with guidance and support. |         | l can create sets with more than 10. | EE.1.NBT.2 |  |



#### **Numbers in Base Ten**

**Overarching Competency:** A successful student can demonstrate the ability to think flexibly about whole numbers and will be able to represent quantities with an understanding of place value.

PRIORITY: A successful student can rote count, identify, name, and compare numbers to 30.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics  | Numbers in Base Ten   |  |   |              |
|--|---|--|---|--------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS    |
| I can compare two groups of two items when the number of the items in each group is obviously different using vocalizations, switch activation, verbalizations, gestures, touch, etc.  | I can explain number sequence<br>pattern with guidance and support. | I can compare two groups of 10 or<br>fewer items when the number of<br>items in each group is similar. | I can compare two groups of 10 or<br>more items when the number of<br>items in each group is similar. | EE.1.NBT.3   |
| I can count objects in a set (one to four) using vocalizations, verbalizations, gestures, touch, etc.  | I can count objects in a set with guidance and support.             | I can count objects from 1 to 30.  | ) can count objects past 30.  | EE.2.NBT.2.a |
| I can count objects in a set<br>(five to 10) using vocalizations,<br>verbalizations, gestures, touch, etc.   | l can explain number sequence pattern with guidance and support.    | I can name the next number in a sequence between one and 10.   | I can name the next number in a sequence between one and 15.  | EE.2.NBT.2.b |
| I can identify numerals 1-10 using vocalizations, verbalizations, eye gaze, gestures, switch activation, gestures, verbalizations, etc.  | l can explain number sequence pattern with guidance and support.    | l can identify numerals 1-30.  | l can identify numerals past 30.  | EE.2.NBT.3   |
| I can identify same and different<br>by comparing two sets of the same<br>objects (e.g., one group has three<br>objects and the second group<br>has more objects) using switch<br>activation, gestures, verbalizations,<br>touch, etc. | I can count objects in a set with guidance and support.             |  | I can compare sets of objects and<br>numbers (up to 30) using <, + and<br>> symbols.                  | EE.2.NBT.4   |



#### **PRIORITY:** A successful student can represent numbers up to 30 using place value (sets of tens and ones).

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics | Numbers in Base Ten   |         | 4 |  |            |
|-----------------------|---|---------|---|--|------------|
| LEVEL 1               | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3 |   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
|                       | I can explain 10 as a composition of 10 ones with guidance and support. |         |   | I can represent numbers up to 30 with sets of 10s and ones using objects in columns or arrays. | EE.2.NBT.1 |

#### PRIORITY: A successful student can add and subtract numbers (0-20) in a variety of ways.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics                         | Numbers in Base Ten  |  |  |              |
|---|--|--|--|--------------|
| LEVEL 1                                       | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS    |
| I can combine and separate groups of objects. | I can demonstrate the concept of addition with guidance and support. |  | I can add numbers greater than five in more than one way.                        | EE.1.NBT.4   |
|   | of subtraction with guidance and                                     | l can decompose numbers less than<br>or equal to five in more than one<br>way.             | l can decompose numbers greater<br>than five in more than one way.               | EE.1.NBT.6   |
| of objects using eye gaze, touch,             |  | l can identify that "+" means to<br>combine, "-" means to separate and<br>"=" means equal. |  | EE.2.NBT.5.a |
|   |  |  | l can add and subtract numbers up<br>to 10 in more than one way.                 | EE.2.NBT.5.b |
| of objects using eye gaze, touch,             |  | and numbers to add and subtract  | l can use object, representations,<br>and numbers to add and subtract<br>(0-30). | EE.2.NBT.6-7 |



#### **Operations and Algebraic Thinking**

**Overarching Competency:** A successful student can demonstrate the ability to compute accurately, make reasonable estimates, understand meanings of operations, and use algebraic notation to represent and analyze patterns and relationships.

**PRIORITY:** A successful student can demonstrate an understanding of addition and subtraction with the use of objects, images or sounds.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics  | Operations and Algebraic <sup>-</sup>            | Thinking  |  |             |  |
|--|--|---|--|-------------|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |  |
| I can combine objects/tactile graphics and separate objects or tactile graphics using gestures, touch, verbalizations, switch activation, etc. |  | I can represent addition as "putting<br>together" or subtraction as "taking<br>from" in everyday activities | I can demonstrate the concept of addition and subtraction. | EE.K.OA.1   |  |
| I can combine objects/tactile graphics and separate objects or tactile graphics using gestures, touch, verbalizations, switch activation, etc. |  | l can represent addition and<br>subtraction with objects, fingers,<br>mental images, drawings, etc.         | l can demonstrate the concept of addition and subtraction. | EE.1.OA.1.a |  |
| I can combine objects/tactile graphics and separate objects or tactile graphics using gestures, touch, verbalizations, switch activation, etc. | I can recognize same with guidance and support.  | I can recognize two groups that<br>have the same or equal quantity.   | l can create equal sets.                                   | EE.1.OA.1.b |  |
| I can combine objects/tactile graphics and separate objects or tactile graphics using gestures, touch, verbalizations, switch activation, etc. | I can combine sets with guidance<br>and support. | I can use "putting together" to solve<br>problems with two sets.  | l can demonstrate the concept of addition.                 | EE.1.OA.2   |  |



#### PRIORITY: A successful student can apply properties of addition and subtraction of one (one more, one less).

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics  | Operations and Algebraic Thinking                           |  |  |           |  |
|--|---|--|--|-----------|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |  |
| I can combine objects/<br>tactile graphics and<br>separate objects or tactile<br>graphics using gestures,<br>touch, verbalizations,<br>switch activation, etc. | I can combine and partition sets with guidance and support. | I can represent addition<br>as "putting together" or<br>subtraction as "taking<br>from" in everyday activities | I can demonstrate the concept of addition and subtraction. | EE.K.OA.1 |  |
| I can combine objects/<br>tactile graphics and<br>separate objects or tactile<br>graphics using gestures,<br>touch, verbalizations,<br>switch activation, etc. | I can combine sets with guidance and support.               | I can use "putting<br>together" to solve<br>problems with two sets.  | I can demonstrate the concept of addition.                 | EE.1.OA.2 |  |

#### **PRIORITY:** A successful student will identify equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics               | Operations and Algebraic Thinking |                                |   |           |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|-----------|--|
| LEVEL 1                             | LEVEL 2                           | LEVEL 3                        | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |  |
| I can attend to/manipulate objects. | groups.                           | numbers of objects between two | I can equally disturbed even<br>numbers of objects among three<br>groups. | EE.2.OA.3 |  |
|                                     | number of objects after combining |                                | l can add within ten.   | EE.2.OA.4 |  |

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#### **Required Fluency**

**PRIORITY:** A successful student will demonstrate the ability to quickly and accurately verbalize and compute fact fluency (within a range of numbers).

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics             | Required Fluency   | · ·  |   |              |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|--------------|
| LEVEL 1                           | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS    |
| I can combine and partition sets. |  | I can identify the meaning of the "+"<br>sign, "-" sign and the "=" sign.                        | l can explain the function of the "+"<br>sign, "-" sign and the "=" sign. | EE.2.NBT.5.a |
|                                   |  | I can compose and decompose<br>numbers up to 10 in more than<br>one way using concrete examples. | l can add within ten.   | EE.2.NBT.5.b |
| I can combine and partition sets. | I can use objects, representations<br>and numbers (0-10) to add and<br>subtract. | I can use objects, representations<br>and numbers (0-20) to add and<br>subtract.                 | l can add and subtract within 2   | EE.2.NBT.6-7 |

#### Measurement and Data

**PRIORITY:** A successful student can classify objects according to attributes.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics         | Measurement and Data |         |   |             |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------|---|-------------|
| LEVEL 1                       | LEVEL 2              | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| that are same using gestures, |                      |         | l can compare lengths to identify<br>which is longer/shorter, taller/<br>shorter. | EE.K.MD.1-3 |



#### PRIORITY: A successful student can measure and compare length of objects using non-standard units.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics  | Measurement and Data  |   |  |             |  |
|--|---|---|--|-------------|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |  |
| I can identify objects or pictures<br>that are different using gestures,<br>vocalizations, eye fixation, switch<br>activation, touch, etc. | I can recognize measurable<br>attributes with guidance and<br>support.                        | I can compare lengths to identify<br>which is longer/shorter, taller/<br>shorter. | I can measure the length of objects<br>using non-standard units. | EE.1.MD.1-2 |  |
| l can recognize measurable attributes.   | I can measure the length of objects<br>using non-standard units with<br>guidance and support. |   | I can measure the length of objects<br>using standard units.     | EE.2.MD.1   |  |
| l can recognize measurable attributes.   |   | I can order by length using non-<br>standard units.                               | I can measure the length of objects<br>using standard units.     | EE.2.MD.3-4 |  |

# A successful students can classify by attributes. A successful student can demonstrate an understanding of terms related to time.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics                                       | Measurement and Data             |  |   |                         |
|---|----------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2                          | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS               |
|   |                                  |  | I can measure the length of objects<br>using non-standard units.                            | EE.1.MD.3.a             |
| that represents today, yesterday                            |                                  |  |   | EE.1.MD.3.b<br>extended |
| I can classify and order objects with guidance and support. |                                  |  | l can sequence items/pictures<br>according to first, middle, last for<br>everyday routines. | EE.1.MD.3.c             |
|   | of day they occur (morning, day, | I can demonstrate an understanding<br>that telling time is the same<br>everyday. | l can identify what time of day<br>routine activities occur.                                | EE.1.MD.3.d             |



#### **PRIORITY:** A successful student can organize data into categories by sorting.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics  | Measurement and Data |         |   |           |
|--|----------------------|---------|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2              | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| I can sort two sets of objects or pictures using vocalizations, gestures, touch, eye gaze, switch activation, etc. | •                    |         | l can sort up to 10 data points into<br>the appropriate groups. | EE.1.MD.4 |

# A successful student can use addition and subtraction to solve problems using length while also creating picture graphs from collected measurement data.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics                 | Measurement and Data   |         | 7  |                       |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------|--|-----------------------|
| LEVEL 1                               | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS             |
| I can combine and partition sets.     | I can demonstrate an understanding of 1.   |         |  | EE.2.MD.5<br>extended |
| I can combine and partition sets.     | I can demonstrate an understanding of 1.   |         | I can use a number line to increase and to decrease numbers in length. | EE.2.MD.6             |
| using vocalizations, eye gaze, touch, | I can identify coins and bills using vocalizations, gestures, touch, switch activation, etc. |         | l can identify and name currency<br>(coins, \$1, \$5 and \$10 bills).  | EE.2.MD.8             |
|                                       | l can classify and order objects with guidance and support.                                  |         | I can identify the x and y axis on a graph.                            | EE.2.MD.9-10          |



#### Geometry

**Overarching Competency:** A successful student can demonstrate the ability to investigate the characteristics and properties of two and/or three-dimensional geometric shapes and apply transformations and symmetry in geometric situations.

**PRIORITY:** A successful student can match shapes of same size and orientation.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics   | Geometry              |   |         |            |
|---|-----------------------|---|---------|------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2               | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS  |
| I recognize same and different<br>using vocalizations, eye gaze, touch,<br>gestures, etc. | guidance and support. | I can match shapes of same size and orientation (circle, square, rectangle, triangle. |         | EE.K.G.2-3 |

# **PRIORITY:** A successful student can identify the relative position of objects, sort and identify shapes, and put pieces together to make a shape.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics   | Geometry |   |   |           |
|---|----------|---|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| I can identify similar groups and groups that are not similar using vocalizations, eye gaze, touch, gestures, touch, etc. |          | objects that are on, off, in and out.   | I can demonstrate an understanding<br>of relative position of objects by<br>placing them on, off, in and out. | EE.1.G.1  |
| I can recognize same and different using vocalizations, eye gaze, touch, gestures, etc.                                   |          | I can sort shapes of same size and orientation (circle, square, rectangle, triangle). |   | EE.1.G.2  |
|   |          | make a shape that relates to the  | l can create whole objects, pictures,<br>and tactile graphics into halves, and<br>quarters.                   |           |
| I can recognize same and different using vocalizations, eye gaze, touch, gestures, etc.                                   |          | l can identify common shapes:<br>square, circle, triangle and rectangle.              |   | EE.2.G.1  |

PRE-K-2



NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band President

Implementation



#### **Competency Codes Narrative**

To ensure teachers can make connections from the instructional examples to the competencies, a simple competency coding system has been developed. Each instructional example contains a section titled "Competency Codes Addressed." Under that heading, competencies across all subject matter areas related to the instructional example will be listed. For instance, one of the instructional examples for the 9-12 grade band is:

Instructional Example:

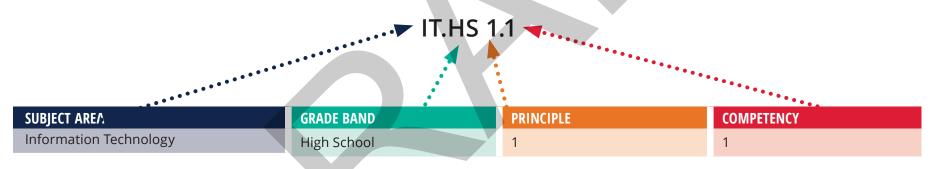
#### **Instruction Example**

Podcast and/or Documentary Film with Marketing Plan (ELA. HGSS, Science, Speech, Business, Broadcasting, Graphic Design, Media Center Specialist, other subject areas as appropriate)

**COMPETENCY CODES ADDRESSED** 

ELA.HS: 1.1, 3.1-3.5, 5.1, BC.M.HS 1.1, IT.HS 1.1, HUM.HS: 1.1, 2.1, 3.1, 5.1

As you can see, there are competencies across multiple subject areas involved in this cross-curricular learning activity. Each competency has a code that leads back to the competencies listed at the beginning of each grade band. Below is the competency code IT.HS 1.1 with what each part of a code denotes:



Here is the competency in its full form, color-coded to match above:

Information Technology (Subject Area)

Grades 9 - 12 (Grade Band)

Graphic Design and Digital Communications (Principle)

A successful student can demonstrate an understanding of graphic design elements and principles by creating a graphic design project portfolio of collected or self-created graphic design projects. (Competency)



# **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

**AFNR** Agriculture, Foods and

Natural Resources

**AC** Architecture and

Construction

**BC** Business Career

**BC.BMAE** Business Management,

Administration and Entrepreneurship

**BC.F** Finance

**BC.M** Marketing

**DNC** Dance

**FACS** Family and Consumer

Sciences

**ELA** English Language Arts

**ENG** Engineering

**HB** Health and Biosciences

**HE** Health

**HGSS** History, Government and

Social Studies

**HUM** Humanities

IT Information Technology

**LPSCS** Law, Public Safety,

Corrections and Security

MA Media Arts

**MATH** Math

**MNFR** Manufacturing

MUS Music

**PE** Physical Education

**SCI** Science

**SCI.ESS** Earth and Space Science

**SCI.LS** Life Science

**SCI.PS** Physical Science

**SECD** Social-Emotional Character

Development

**STM** STEAM

**THR** Theatre

**TRAN** Transportation

WL World Languages

**VA** Visual Arts

# **Grade Bands:**

P Pre-K to 2nd grade

IM 3rd to 5th grade

MS 6th to 8th grade

**HS** 9th to 12th grade

NAVIGATING CHANGE:
KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

Grade Band

# Pre-K-2

# Philosophy:

The 2020 school year will provide all educators a number of unique challenges in terms of reaching students during a possible educational disruption. The following document provides guidance in helping prepare for potential disruptions to the 2020-21 academic year.

This document supports instruction and the individual strengths of every educator in the state of Kansas while offering strategies, competencies and guidance in engaging students and celebrating their learning. While this is not a definitive step by step guide, we hope it may serve as a resource to approach the current challenges upon us.

The upcoming school year will be taught in an on-site, hybrid and/or remote learning environment. We recommend that educators prepare early for the possibility of an educational disruption and therefore plan activities that incorporate all curricular areas. Throughout this document there will be three learning environments that are referenced:

- On-site Learning Environment: students and teachers will be in school with or without social distancing practices put into place.
- Hybrid Learning Environment: students would be spending part of their time in the classroom and part of their time learning virtually from home.
- Remote Learning Environment: students would be doing all of their learning from home and not entering the school building at all.



The Implementation teams philosophy is that there are multiple learning environments that can lead to student success during an educational disruption. All learning environments in this document are focused around using the Navigating Change 2020 competencies and rubrics from KSDE. The competencies were created to work for all models of instruction but work best in a competency based system.

Competency based education is a compilation of strategies used to ensure equity for all students and allows mastery to be shown based upon progression of learning, not seat time. Students are empowered daily through their rigorous learning experiences and assessment is meaningful and timely. This system is a shift from the traditional education model. When looking at using competencies, districts should be aware that their whole system cannot shift from traditional to full blown competency based in the matter of days, weeks, or even months. A shift from a traditional system to a competency based system takes ample time, professional development, and a complete understanding for a successful implementation to occur. However, schools can explore and use elements of a competency based system during an educational disruption, Kansas Redesign, or a traditional setting. In a competency based education system teachers should not feel compelled to follow a particular scope and sequence, but should instead choose an instructional path that provides high quality learning opportunities for all students. A competency based system also shifts away from traditional grading and looks at progression towards mastery for each student and their work with each competency. This would be accomplished using a rubric system, such as the one KSDE has created.

Implementation of a competency based education system includes teachers collaborating with other teachers. We encourage teachers to collaborate with other professionals in their departments, crosscurricularly, from other districts, or across the nation to develop high quality instruction that could occur in a variety of environments. This includes providing students a voice and choice in their learning, that is multidisciplinary, with clear milestones of learning, and an attainable producible body of work demonstrating mastery of skills.

### Guiding Statements:

- Collaboration is Key
- Consistency, Connection, Progress
- Students have voice and choice in place, pace, and path
- Competencies not Checklists
- Plan Early

**NOTE:** Examples of the Navigating Change 2020 staff and student surveys are located in the appendices.

Grade Band

Pre-K-2

# **Grading Considerations:**

Ultimately, grading will be determined by each school district's Boards of Education. Contemplating translating from Competency Scores to a local grading system on a particular student product, school districts might want to consider the following example. Within the Competency Rubrics there are variances of grading possibilities utilizing differing mathematical calculations (For example, a 3.5 competency score might translate to a traditional grade of B+). Listed below is one possible example. Please note, that the KSDE competency based educational system does not rely on a traditional A, B, C grading system, but instead seeks to have students progress toward mastery of learning and skills through multiple exposures.



# Accommodations/Modifications

At times it is necessary to provide students with accommodations or modifications to ensure equal access to the general education curriculum and opportunity to demonstrate mastery of concepts. In these scenarios, it is important for educational teams to work collaboratively to determine what individualized accommodations or modifications are necessary for the student to be successful. To assist with this understanding, definitions of an accommodation and modification are provided below.

### Accommodation:

A change to instruction, testing, or presentation of materials to support access to the general education curriculum. Students with gaps, deficiencies, and exceptionalities who utilize accommodations are expected to demonstrate mastery. Areas in which you may utilize accommodations are environmental, presentation, assistive technology, assignments, reinforcement, and testing adaptations. Accommodations adapt learning for students but do not:

- Change the content of instruction
- Change the learning expectations
- Reduce the requirements of the academic task

### Modification:

A change to instruction, testing, or curriculum that alters the content of the academic competency or demonstration of student mastery. Areas in which you may consider a modification to curriculum, adaptation of materials, grades, appropriate expectations, change in testing protocols. Modifications change learning for students by:

- Changing the learning expectation(s) for the student
- Reducing task requirement(s)
- Inquiry Learning/Project Based Learning





# Inquiry Learning/Problem-Based Learning (PBL)

# General Overview of Inquiry Learning/PBL:

Activating student curiosity and inquiry by a problem or question that is meaningful to the student. A teaching method in which students gain knowledge and skills by working for an extended period of time to investigate and respond to an authentic, engaging, and complex question, problem, or challenge.

# **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Authentic, real life, meaningful driving questions
- Active engagement through hands-on activities
- Scaffold student thinking/learning
- Feedback and Revision throughout
- Inquiry Process

# Social-Emotional Character Development (SECD)

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Student collaboration
- Team Building
- Time-Management
- Perseverance
- Communication

# Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners

- CTE
- Specials
- Student Support Teams
- ELL Teachers
- Community
- Field Experts

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Driving question introduced
- Student utilize various platforms to research (groups, individually, in-person, remotely)
- Project milestones/assessments threaded throughout
- Feedback, Revision, Reflection
- Presentations of work

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

 Present to a public and authentic audience (community members, experts, etc.)

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.



# **Personalized Learning**

# General Overview of Personalized Learning:

Personalized Learning places the whole child at the center of instruction. It is informed by strong educator/student/family/community relationships to provide equity and choice in time, place, path, pace, and demonstration of learning.

# **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Use Universal Design for Learning (UDL) to understand how students learn and develop learner agency (voice, choice, engagement, motivation, ownership, purpose, self-efficacy)
- Flexible content and tools to allow for a differentiated place, pace, and path
- Instruction aligned to specific student needs and learning goals
- Frequent data collection to inform instructional decisions and groupings
- Use Universal Design for Learning (UDL) to understand how students learn and develop learner agency (voice, choice, engagement, motivation, ownership, purpose, self-efficacy)
- Flexible content and tools to allow for a differentiated place, pace, and path
- Instruction aligned to specific student needs and learning goals
- Frequent data collection to inform instructional decisions and groupings

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Student voice and choice
- Students knowing themselves as learners
- Time-management
- Perseverance
- Ownership of learning and outcomes
- Sense of purpose
- Growth mindset
- Goal setting

# Elements of Collaboration/Collaboration Partners

- Grade bands of teachers (K-2, 3-5, 6-8, 9-12)
- Student Support Teams
- ELL Teachers
- Librarians
- PLC teams
- Teaching partners
- Specials teachers (PE, Music, Art)

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students and teacher identify learning goals, deadlines, and objectives for individual students
- Work through a series of targeted instruction
- Frequent data collection through teacher observation and questioning
- Meet with students 1:1 and together reflect, goal set, and determine next steps

# Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

- Complete goal information in personalized binder
- Videos productions (Chatterpix, Screencastify, green screen, Flipgrid, etc.)
- Discussions with teachers
- Completed projects

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

# MPLEMENTATION

# **Nature-Based Outdoor Learning**

# General Overview of Nature-Based Outdoor Learning:

Outdoor learning (also known as forestry learning or nature based classrooms) shifts to embracing nature while exploring learning concepts, skills, and SEL. Child-initiated purposeful and imaginative play, whole brain learning, environmental stewardship, and teaching across the curriculum are all elements of this learning model. Significant time in nature is at the core of the curriculum where teachers implement high-quality, early childhood practices as well as high quality environmental education practices. Outdoor learning can help promote a healthy lifestyle, enable students to understand how nature supports life, appreciate sustainability as a community practice, and develop empathy for all forms of life.

# **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Student exploration with adult support
- Allow students to problem solve while exploring the environment
- Scaffold questioning to support student inquiry

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Self-regulation/self-discipline
- Communication (verbal and non-verbal)
- Collaboration and team building
- Self-confidence and self-efficacy
- Negotiating skills
- Sense of curiosity
- Listening skills
- Creativity

# Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners

- All content/subject areas
- Guest community speakers
- Kansas Department of Wildlife, Parks and Tourism
- Kansas Farm Bureau
- Student support teams
- ELL teachers
- Local County extension offices
- 4H and Scouting Programs
- Nature Centers and Zoos

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students explore the natural environment around them through inquiry and use information to answer an essential question
- Hands-on activities/exploration
- Teacher observes students play, exploration, questioning, and communication
- Extensions, enrichment, and real-world applications of skills and concepts

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Photos/videos
- Journals
- Drawings/pictures
- Construction projects
- Dramatic Performances
- Nature Based Solutions to real world problems

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed grade-level competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.



# Flipped/Blended Learning

# General Overview of Flipped/Blended Learning:

Blended learning combines multiple educational opportunities. Learning usually occurs on-site while using technology to facilitate some of the learning activities. However, this could also be used in a hybrid learning environment. There is an element of student control over time, place, and pace. Learning in this model may resemble rotations, flex modules, small groups, and Universal Design for Learning (UDL).

# **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Scaffold student thinking/learning through videos, direct teaching, and assessment
- Provide time for student-teacher conversations and check-ins
- Incorporate consistent and tight feedback loops

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Identify personal strengths and weaknesses
- Achieve school goals
- Perseverance
- Communication
- Ownership of learning and outcomes
- Growth Mindset
- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Grade bands of teachers (K-2, 3-5, 6-8, 9-12)
- Student Support Teams
- ELL Teachers
- Librarians
- PLC teams
- Teaching partners

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Student is given scaffolds to support learning/thinking
- Student has voice and choice in place, pace and path of learning
- Teacher is monitoring student progress through check-ins, feedback cycles and assessment
- Students progress through learning goals at their own pace with support from the teacher
- Exit Tickets
- Projects
- Mini-assessments
- Collaborative Activities
- Learning games with reflection

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support

# IMPLEMENTATION

# **Play-Based Learning**

# General Overview of Play-Based Learning:

An intentional combination of child-directed play and teacher guidance. Guided play involves teachers' setting up the environment to nudge children toward a learning goal while still providing children with choices (Serious Fun: How Guided Play Extends Children's Learning, p.3). Students organize and make sense of their social world as they actively engage with people, objects, and the environment

# **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Examine how students work through the learning process (observing, communicating, measuring, reasoning, visual representation, etc.)
- Intentionally plan for competency-based outcomes
- Model play behaviors and ask openended guestions
- Watch for child-initiated interests and observe child-environment interactions
- Use context-based assessments with play settings and utilize data to plan/create play environments

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Self-regulation
- Communication
- Role-playing
- Problem-solving
- Verbal and non-verbal cues
- Listening
- Conflict resolution
- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Specials (PE, Music, Art, Theater, etc.)
- Community Members
- Multiple content/subject areas

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Stations/areas are set up around the classroom and are open for student exploration
- Teacher scaffolds student learning/ thinking through conversation and questioning
- Teacher observes student learning through peer conversation and questioning
- Students record observations, learning, and thinking

# Showcase of Student Learning

(End Product)

- Performance projects
- Videos
- Drawings/visual representations
- Oral explanations/demonstrations
- Teach peers

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support



# **Co-Teaching**

# General Overview of Co-Teaching:

Co-teaching is two or more people sharing responsibility for teaching some or all of the students assigned to a classroom. It involves the distribution of responsibility among teachers for planning, instruction, and assessment for a classroom. Co-teaching is a creative way to connect with and support others in order to reach all types of learners. Partners must establish trust and effective communication while working together to be creative in order to overcome challenges and conflicts. There are several possible models of co-teaching: One teach, one observes; One teach, one assist; Parallel teaching; Station teaching; Alternative teaching; Team teaching

# **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Clearly define roles and responsibilities and plan together
- Discuss the big picture issues or critical concepts that lead into differentiated activities and assessments
- Reflect on practices and make changes for future lessons

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Grade level team teachers/PLC
- ELL teachers
- Student support teams
- Specials (PE, Music, Art, Theater, etc.)

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Present a major concept/question
- Have smaller activities, stations, etc. for students to work through to gain a better understanding of the concept
- Students may work with one or both teachers

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

### Accommodations/Modifications/ Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

# IMPLEMENTATION

# **Differentiated Learning**

# General Overview of Differentiated Instruction:

Differentiated Instruction is building lessons that include various approaches so that all students can learn effectively, according to their needs. Teachers develop materials that meet all students where they are. Teachers must know their students, their needs, similarities, differences, etc. in order to provide the right instruction for each student. The method focuses on content, process, and product.

# **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Classroom climate and learning environment are set up to be conducive for independent learning
- Determine what a student needs to learn and how they will access appropriate information
- Scaffold activities, projects, etc. for student access and let students own the knowledge
- Students summatively show what they have learned and are allowed to choose how they show their learning
- Allow for students to help one another when they need assistance

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Collaboration
- Self-regulation
- Time management
- Communication
- Listening
- Self-directed learning

# Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners

- Student Support Teams
- FII Teachers
- Cross-Curricular Teachers
- Grade Band Teacher Teams

# Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students explore a topic through different learning experiences set up by the teacher
- Students work to own the knowledge, ideas, and skills necessary to master the content
- Summative assessment

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Dramatic Performances
- Create a mural/painting/drawing
- Write a letter
- Any student created product that contains required elements

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

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# **Small Group/Cooperative Learning**

# General Overview of Small Group/ Cooperative Learning:

- Elements of High Quality Instruction
- Teachers can personalize learning and work more closely with each student
- Frequent and immediate feedback
- Opportunity to teach and reteach specific skills to specific groups of students
- Student confidence is built through collaboration and working towards achieving a similar goal

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)Teamwork

- Collaboration
- Listening and Speaking
- Time management
- Self-Regulation
- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Student Support Teams
- ELL teachers
- Grade Band Teacher Teams

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students are taught/introduced to a topic as a whole group and then break into small groups to continue learning and understanding
- Teacher is working with one group while others are working with peers or individually on meaningful work
- Students complete tasks one at a time
- This process may be repeated several times in one week

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.



NAVIGATING CHANGE:
KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

Grade Band

Project Control of the c

# Implementation – Instructional Examples

# **Blended/Flipped Learning**

Instructional Example:

# **Historical Hero**

Essential Question:
What can I learn/teach others about my historical hero?

Competency Codes Addressed: ELA: ELA.P 1.2, ELA.P 1.3, ELA.P 3.5 Health: H.P 1.2 HGSS: HGSS.P 2.1, HGSS.P 3.1 Music: MUS.P 1.2, MUS.P 5.1, MUS.P 5.2, MUS.P 5.3, MUS.P 5.4, MUS.P 6.1 PE: PE.P 4.1, PE.P 4.2 SECD: SECD.P 1.1, SECD.P 1.4, SECD.P 3.2, SECD.P 2.4, SECD.P 3.1, SECD.P 3.5, SECD.P 5.2, SECD.P 3.6 Visual Arts: VA.P 1.2, VA.P 1.1

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Gather mini-bios and visuals of several age-appropriate heroes of history (which can include animals, children and adults) and ask learners what characteristics they notice are in common amongst the heroes.
- Compare these characteristics with characters in children's films. Do they notice similar characteristics? If so, how would the children define hero qualities, such as bravery, courage, integrity or kindness? By having the children create collective definitions, they have context on how to recognize these characteristics in other media (i.e., reading series stories, film, children's literature, and current events). This can also lead to conversations about who are the heroes in your life and community?
- Setting the stage for more voice and choice, ask the learners which characteristics they feel are the most important? Why do these characteristics make a positive impact on the world? How can you recognize these characteristics in your own personal decisions? From this inquiry, students identify a hero of history to research at a deeper level.
- Guide students on how to use technology, print media and databases to find information.
- Guide students to compare the characteristics of their chosen hero to their own lives. Where do you see

- similarities? What choices could you make that would demonstrate heroic characteristics in you?
- Challenge students to consider how they will explain the heroic characteristics to another person. How would you like to share these characteristics with others? How can you demonstrate these characteristics in your life? Can you reflect on your day and tell me where you were heroic (or brave, honest, etc.)?
- Provide scaffolds for students to identify where they demonstrated heroic qualities in a determined period of time. This should include reflective components so the learners can track their personal growth of making better life choices.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Sharing/Taking Turns/Cooperation
- Problem-solving
- Respect
- Team work
- Anti Bullying Steps
- Communication
- Listening to others
- Empathy
- Compassion
- Regulation
- · Personal space
- Kindness and friendship



### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Pre-K: Choose an age appropriate text to read aloud to students. If possible find multiple texts or texts and videos and have students compare and contrast.
- Music: Students will compare and contrast different "hero themed" music by listening to them/dramatic play.
- Library: Students choose a hero, use various forms of information and research to find out vetted facts about their hero and then demonstrate their understanding in a presentation (Flipgrid, Pic Collage, Popplet, etc).
- Art: Students create visual representations (either 2D or 3D) of their hero.
- Computer: Students create a presentation using an app (examples -Flipgrid, Pic Collage, Google slide, Popplet, etc.) or product of their choice for their historical hero.
- Science: Students make infographics of hero scientists.
- **Social Studies:** Students create a timeline of heroes' lives.
- PE/Health: Design a PE/Health hero. Students describe and demonstrate activities that show what makes the hero (healthy food choices, increased heart rate, muscles, etc).

### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Classroom teachers
- Community Leaders
- SPED teachers
- ELL teachers
- Counselors
- Social workers

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Students are introduced to the topic and information.
- Introduce materials and how they can be used.
- Informal observations while students are working and conversing with peers.
- Review of student work.
- Formative assessment.

Showcase of Student Learning (End Product) Students should have voice and choice in how they would like to demonstrate their learning. Encourage them to answer the questions, "How can I tell others about the characteristics of a hero?" "How can I tell the story of my hero of history?" "How can I tell my own story of being heroic?" By gathering the answers from your students, you can easily identify products and performances for a summative assessment.

- Students act as the teacher to share what they have learned about their historical hero.
- Public Service Announcement (PSA)
   video or short writing skits that can be
   presented via morning announcements
   on what bravery, kindness, etc., are and
   how we can demonstrate these at school.
- Compare/contrast presentation of a hero of history with a current hero in my family or my community.
- For older students: Sculpture (such as design a Play-Doh monument for your hero) and explain their product in a video recording.
- For older students: T-shirt book report about their hero of history.
- Tech idea for older students: Stop-motion

animation short video to tell the story of their historical hero.

# Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and

exceptionalities, some students require

designed instruction and/or tiered systems of

additional support through specially-

# **Progression Toward Mastery**

support.

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).



# Learning Environment Considerations

# **On-Site Learning Environment**

Students work with teachers and individually to complete the lesson above. Consider extra support students might need with information and resources.

# **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Teachers walk through the process of the lesson in person and students could complete the research and documenting portion of this lesson at home. Historical hero readings and print materials should be provided for students who do not have technology at home. Consider sending home what was covered in the classroom so families can provide proper support and have necessary background knowledge.

# **Remote Learning Environment**

The assignment could be posted on the school district's preferred school platform with links to a video with all the instructions, along with the links to databases and resources.

All instructions for this lesson, including a rubric, could be sent home on paper along with historical hero readings. Print materials could be provided for students.

### Instructional Example:

# My Heritage

Essential Question:

How does my family heritage help mold who I am?

Competency Codes Addressed:

ELA: ELA.P 1.1, ELA.P 2.1, ELA.P 3.5

HGSS: HGSS.P 2.1

Media Arts: MA.P 2.1, MA.P 4.1 SECD

PE: PE.P 4.1, PE.P 4.2

SECD: SECD.P 2.2, SECD.P 3.4, SECD.P 3.5,

SECD.P 4.3, SECD.P 5.2, SECD.P 5.4

Visual Arts: VA.P 1.1, VA.P 3.2

# **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Students create a family heritage project to share.
- With help from families, students create a photo book or collage from photos of family members, sometimes from many generations, that they bring from home (digital or real photos).
- Students use a storyboard template organizer to complete a family heritage narrative writing.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Reflection
- Decision-making and problem-solving
- Self-management
- Self-awareness

### **Elements of Collaboration**

- ELA
- HGSS
- Families
- Specialists
- Grade-level team teacher
- Multi-age grade level teacher

### **Possible Collaboration Partners**

- Families
- Specialists
- Grade-level team teacher
- Multi-age, grade-level teacher
- Museums or cultural centers/heritage experts

# **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Students access family information and photographs from home.
- Students use a writing organizer to complete details of each photograph.
- Students place photos in a digital or nontechnology format.
- Students narrate each photo with their writing or add the writing to the nontech photo collage.
- Students present projects to families.

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Publish on an online learning platform or nontech photo collage and writing.
- Present at family showcase in person or online.



Accommodations/Modifications Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

# **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

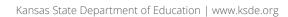
Consider working diligently with any online platforms, websites, etc., so students have working knowledge of how to use them. Teachers might want to give parents lead time in order to gather photos and family information. Think about what could be done if a child does not have family photos to use for this project.

# **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Online activities/recordings could be made available to help students complete assignments at home after the initial learning is done in school. Consider sending home information to parents when the project is started. It might be helpful to have a checklist of items that will be completed at school and items that will need to be completed at home.

# Remote Learning Environment

There may need to be exceptions made for those students who do not have access to technology or an alternative form provided for them to complete this project. Consider how a child's family or caregiver could be involved on a deeper level in this project if it is all completed at home. Think about students presenting their final project in some video format that is submitted to the teacher that could then be compiled and sent to all students. If a video is not possible, consider having students/parents send pictures of their child working on this project and the final product. This could be shared with all students.





Instructional Example:

# Weather

Essential Question(s):

What is weather? How is our weather different from day to day?

Competency Codes Addressed:

ELA: ELA.P 1.1, ELA.P 1.2, ELA.P 2.2

Math: MATH.P 1.1, MATH.P 1.2, MATH.P 5.4,

*MATH.P 5.5* 

Science: SCI.ESS.P 3.1

SECD: SECD.P 3.1, SECD.P 3.2, SECD.P 4.3

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Video lesson with key vocabulary and activity directions .
- Group team discussion and development of discovery questions.
- Choice board or team activities.
- Collect and analyze data over time.
- Draw conclusions and answer essential questions.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Identify and describe a variety of emotions.
- Identify weather situations that might evoke emotional responses.
- Describe and practice sending effective verbal and nonverbal messages

### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Data collection and analysis (math).
- Written conclusions (ELA).
- Books about the weather and weather patterns (ELA).
- Weather patterns around the world (HGSS).

### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Professional Learning Communities (PLCs)
- Families and/or community members with expertise
- Vertical collaboration
- Cross-curricular collaboration

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Understanding of key vocabulary and activity directions.
- Discovery questions.
- Completion of choice board/team activities.
- · Collection of data.
- Participation in team discussions.

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Describe weather and how it can vary day to day through a variety of modes (pictures, verbal, video, demonstration, written, etc.).
- Utilize a rubric to assess learning.
- Digital presentation.

# Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through speciallydesigned instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression Toward Mastery**

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# Learning Environment Considerations

# **On-Site Learning Environment**

Videos could be viewed at school or as homework (if students have access to technology). Group discussion and activities could happen in the classroom or outdoors.

# **Hybrid Learning Environment**

While students are in school, they can practice making detailed observations of the weather and how to document that in their journal. Students could also take this journal home and document the weather during the times that they are not in the building. A compare/contrast could be completed of the different observations. Consider having students call family members who live in different areas and ask about the weather where they live and document that in their journal, too. Video conferencing/ team discussions could happen at home (if students have necessary devices). Activities and books through a mix of in-person and online platforms could be used.

# Remote Learning Environment

Encourage students to go outside at least once every few days and observe many different things (examples: Where is the sun in the sky? What do the clouds look like? What does it feel like?). Discuss how things might look and feel different during different times of day. Suggest that students watch or listen to the weather forecast one evening, and then observe the weather the next day and answer follow-up questions. Students could also graph data, such as temperature, from the weather forecast, and then document the actual high temperature each day and make a comparison graph. Consider having students call family members who live in different areas and ask about the weather where they live and document that in their journal, too.





# **CO-TEACHING**

Instructional Example:

# **Identify Geometric Shapes**

Essential Question(s):

How do you help students explore shapes and other geometric concepts?

Competency Codes Addressed:

ELA: ELA.P 2.2

Math: MATH.P 5.1, MATH.P 5.2, MATH.P 5.4, MATH.P 5.5, MATH.P 6.1, MATH.P 6.2, MATH.P

SECD: SECD.P 1.4, SECD.P 5.2, SECD.P 3.5

Media Arts: MA.P 1.1

# **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Exploration of shapes.
- Students develop questions.
- Explore and understand vocabulary.
- Teacher guided.
- Discovery and classification of shapes and attributes.
- Modeled and guided.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Provide a safe and supportive environment with clear direction and expectations.
- Understand active listening.
- Ask clarifying questions.
- Identify situations within their control and outside of their control that might evoke emotional responses.

### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Age-appropriate text and books about shapes (ELA).
- Drawings and paintings with shapes (art).
- Songs about shapes (music).

### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Resource coaches
- Special education department
- Title I
- ELL
- Social workers
- Counselors

# Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

- Introduce shapes by reading a book and encouraging questions about shapes (make graph or table).
- Identify shapes with real-life examples, books, videos, explore outside, digital platform, etc. (small group).
- Investigate shapes by allowing students a sensory experience (touch, feel, draw).
- Constructs shapes on own and gives definition (shape quilt activity).
- Extension: Students can make shapes out of shapes. Example: A hexagon from triangles.

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- The student will have the ability to accurately identify basic shapes by their name, number of sides and vertices, and if the shape is flat (2D) or not.
- The student will communicate their final product by submitting any of the following choices to show they know and understand the concept: photograph (self-made or through digital platform); video through selected educator platform; audio with photograph; audio with drawing; or verbally (in person or via phone video).

# Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

# **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).



# Learning Environment Considerations

# On-Site Learning Environment Considerations

Teachers need to be aware of the coteaching model that is best for the learning environment and students that will be involved.

# Hybrid Learning Environment Considerations

### *In person:*

Consider introducing shapes and concepts of how to sort and classify shapes. Think about having students complete several examples in the classroom so they have a complete understanding before completing the rest of the activity on their own at home.

### At home:

Students can use what they have at home (chalk, Play-Doh, household items, etc.) to help them discover, identify and classify different shapes. Students can document this in multiple forms (drawings, digital pictures, etc.).

# Remote Learning Environment Considerations

If students have a device with internet access, provide safe, age-appropriate links for viewing and learning. Think about sending home math manipulatives or materials to draw. Consider how students can use what they have at home (chalk, Play-Doh or household items) to help them discover, identify and classify different shapes. Students can document this in multiple forms (drawings, digital pictures, etc.). Consider having students use items they find in their yard (rocks, leaves, sticks, etc.) to create shapes and label them.



# ES MPLEMENTATION - INSTRUCTIONAL

# INQUIRY LEARNING/PROJECT-BASED LEARNING

Instructional Example:

# Creating an inclusive and accessible outdoor learning area

Essential Question:

How do we create an inclusive and accessible outdoor learning area?

Competency Codes Addressed:

SECD: SECD.P 1.2, SECD.P 6.1, SECD.P 3.6

ELA: ELA.P 3.5, ELA.P 1.1

HGSS: HGSS.P 3.1

*Math: MATH.P 5.1, MATH.P 5.3* 

Music: MUS.P 1.1, MUS.P 2.1, MUS.P 2.2

Visual Arts: VA.P 2.1, VA.P 2.1

Media Arts: MA.P 1.2

PE: PE.P 1.1, PE.P 2.1, PE.P 5.1

# **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Teacher acts as facilitator as students move through the lesson.
- Students work in small groups or pairs.
- Students access the internet to research the best outdoor learning areas.
- Students interview maintenance workers, building contractors, landscape architects, administrators via zoom or face-to-face.
- Groups collaborate in different environments: classroom, outdoors.
- Students use the design process to guide projects.

**SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Cooperation
- Sharing/taking turns
- Communication
- Self-regulation
- Appropriate use of materials/technology
- Responsibility
- Respect
- Self-awareness
- Compassion and empathy
- Anti-bullying
- Mindfulness
- Kindness and friendship

# **Elements of Collaboration**

- PE: Students create or find equipment that can be adapted to meet the needs of all students who would use the learning area. This equipment could be objects that can be tossed, leaped/skipped over, balanced on, etc.
- Music: Students create an outdoor sounds area, incorporating high/low, fast/ slow, loud/soft (quiet) and favorite sounds.
- Pre-K: Students can draw a map showing elements they would like implemented in an outdoor play area.
- Counselors: Individual and small-group discussions about enjoying the natural world, caring for others, responsibility, calming activities and respect. Students learn about gardening/landscaping careers, taking care of our earth, etc.
- Library: Research using print materials and databases about what constitutes an inclusive outdoor learning area.

- Compute: Using a computer/iPad app, students can create a drawing/plan of what the outdoor learning space will look like.
- Science: Students can research types of natural elements to incorporate in the outdoor area.
- Social studies: Students can interview community members to find out about building regulations.

### **Possible Collaboration Partners**

- Humanities teachers
- STEAM teachers
- Co-curricular teachers
- Community/parents
- Administration

# Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

- Introduce the design process and scaffold student learning.
- Students begin working in small groups or pairs and research using age-appropriate materials.
- Provide check-ins and conferencing throughout the project.
- Support students in setting up interviews and journaling information.
- Students create a final product to be shared with an authentic audience.

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Display.
- Sharing out with class/families/community members.
- Informance/performance
- Survey of student choice of equipment.



### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

# **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Consider having students work in small groups. Think about the different ways interviews could be completed (virtually, in person, etc.). Students might tour possible spaces for outdoor learning in person or virtually.

# **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Introduction to project and assignment of groups on-site. Think about creating a video, slideshow or pictures to show possible spaces for outdoor learning design and spaces that are accessible and inclusive. If all students have internet access and a device, use an online platform to guide students to acceptable websites about outdoor learning spaces. Use an online platform to allow students to respond to each other's questions and to interview community or administration or consider having students use a journal to record their process and learning. Use online platforms such as Zoom, Google Meet, Microsoft Teams, etc., for small-group interaction, interviews and presentations.

# **Remote Learning Environment**

Introduce projects and watch slideshows, videos or show pictures of accessible and inclusive spaces. Encourage students to look at their own backyard play equipment or local park and determine accessibility and inclusiveness. Consider having students work with their siblings to encourage thinking beyond themselves for accessibility and inclusiveness. Teachers might have students list different groups of kids that would use the play equipment. Consider having students document their findings either in a journal, drawing or online platform. Consider having students interview other adults, children or community members about what they would like to see included with community play equipment. If students have devices and internet access, teachers might consider using an online video platform to meet with students and have them share their findings. Students could also create their own equipment by using soft materials, such as socks as a ball, blankets to balance on and pillows to leap over.

# **EXAMPLES** - INSTRUCTIONAL MPLEMENTATION

# INQUIRY LEARNING/PROJECT-BASED LEARNING

Instructional Example:

# **Shapes Everywhere**

Driving Question:

How can we show others that shapes are all around us?

Competency Codes Addressed:

ELA: ELA.P 1.2, ELA.P 3.5

Math: MATH.P 6.1, MATH.P 6.2, MATH.P 6.3 SECD: SECD.P 2.5, SECD.P 5.2, SECD.P 2.4

Visual Arts: VA.P 5.1

# **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Driving (essential) question, relevant to learner
- Active engagement
- Time for reflection/feedback
- Conferencing

Student voice

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Ask clarifying questions.
- Demonstrate ability to listen to others.
- Identify and demonstrate problemsolving process.

### Elements of Collaboration

- Students keep shape journal as part of research (ELA).
- Observing artwork (art).
- Attributes of shapes (math).

### **Possible Collaboration Partners**

- PLC with grade-level teachers and support staff.
- Families and community members with expertise.
- PLC with grade-level teachers and support staff members.
- Specials teachers.
- Families and community members with expertise.

# **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Teachers pre-assess students on the essential question.
- Teachers have conferences with students to set goals, determine steps, review timelines and guidelines.
- Students observe everyday items at home and school to gather information about shapes (research to answer driving questions).
- Students create the final project and present.

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Student teams could create an exhibit using their choice of materials and platforms to show shapes in our environment. Exhibits can be displayed at the school for parents and other students or in community businesses.
- Students individually keep a shape journal of shape attributes they observed during research.

### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression Toward Mastery**

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# Learning Environment Considerations

# **On-Site Learning Environment**

Teachers might take a walking field trip and ask students to look for shapes in different areas to set the stage for this project. Consider asking students how they would tell others about shapes or how they would display different shapes to help others learn about them.

# GRADE BAND PRE-K-2

# **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Consider scaffolding students learning face-to-face and allowing for student exploration while they are at home. Think about how students will share their exploration that occurs outside of the classroom. Encourage students to explore in and around their home and to bring knowledge and information back to school with them in the form of writing, drawing, journaling, etc.

# **Remote Learning Environment**

Consider having students gather as many household items as possible and share their findings through writing, drawing or video conferencing. Think about having a week or two of show and tell that surrounds shapes. Students might discuss or document all of the different places (different rooms at home, park, outdoors, etc.) they have found shapes during a week. Students, community members and other stakeholders might display shapes in a window of their house and a scavenger hunt could be offered for students.

### Instructional Example:

# Create your own instrument using commonly used items.

### Essential Question:

What instruments can you make from items at school, home, or outdoors?

Competency Codes Addressed:

Music: MUS.P 6.1 Visual Arts: VA.P 3.1 Science: SCI.PS.P 1.3 PE: PE.P 2.6, PE.P 5.1

SECD: SECD.P 1.2, SECD.P 6.1, SECD.P 3.6

# **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Teachers act as facilitator as students create their instrument, whether at school or at home.
- Students may work individually or in small-group centers.
- Students may use the internet or teacher resources for ideas.
- Students could explain the process of their creation.
- Collaborate, if applicable, in different environments: classroom, outdoors or at home.
- Students use the design process as a guide.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Cooperation
- Sharing/Taking turns
- Communication
- Self-regulation
- Appropriate use of materials/technology
- Responsibility

- Respect
- Self-awareness
- Compassion
- Empathy
- Anti-bullying
- Mindfulness
- Kindness
- Growth mindset

### **Elements of Collaboration**

- PE: Use a ball to dribble, creating rhythm patterns.
- Art: Draw or paint personally meaningful designs on the instrument, if applicable.
- Library: Read-alouds/videos on how different instruments are made. Discuss.
- Computer: Students create a list of materials needed, either by picture or through written word.
- Counselor: Recognize what sounds calm you down and recognize the sound/ beat with each emotion. How could your instrument express your feelings?
- Pre-K: Students can use recycled materials to create a musical instrument of their choice.
- Social Studies: Investigate evolution of musical instruments.
- Science: Investigate science of sound (pitch, volume, vibration).

### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Classroom teachers
- PE, art, music, library, computer and science and social studies teachers
- Community leaders
- Volunteers
- Speech language pathologist
- SPED teachers

# EXAMPLE MPLEMENTATION - INSTRUCTIONAL

- ELL teachers
- Counselors
- Social workers, aides, paraprofessionals
- Reading specialists
- Administration
- Other schools

# **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Pre-K/K: Students may use provided materials, such as toilet tubes and dry beans, to build an instrument with given instructions.
- First- and second-grade students:
   Students may use provided or found materials, such as toilet tubes and dry beans, to create their own instrument.
- Thumbnail drawings/sketches/plans.
- Discussion.
- Conference with teacher/check-in.
- Check list/exit ticket.
- Demonstration for teacher, with revision, if needed.
- Student interviews (video or paper).
- Performance: In person or through an online platform.
- Collaboration strategies.

# Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

- Display.
- Sharing out with class/families/ community members.
- Informance/performance.
- Performing/sharing with other schools via an online platform.

### Accommodation/Modification

**Considerations** (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

# **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

# **On-Site Learning Environment**

Teacher could introduce the project, assignment and examples. Interview/checkins will be face-to-face or by using technology. Students, buildingwide, may tour the "found sound museum" exhibit to view instruments prior to demonstration.

# **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Teachers could introduce the project and assignment, with examples, to students face-to-face or by using an online platform. Use of an online platform, if applicable for interaction, interviews/check-ins and demonstration. Consider sending home what was covered in the classroom so caregivers can provide proper support and have necessary background knowledge. Students may tour the "found sound museum" exhibit in person, virtually or by another communication form, such as a phone call. Demonstrations could be either in person, virtually or by using another communication format, such as the teacher conducting a porch visit.

# **Remote Learning Environment**

Caregivers could introduce the project and assignment, with examples and information provided by the teacher. Teachers could use an online platform, if applicable for interaction, interviews/check-ins and demonstration. Students may tour the "found sound museum" exhibit virtually or by another communication form, such as a porch visit or phone call. Demonstrations could be either virtually or by using another communication format. Consider what household items could be used for students to create an instrument. Encourage students to not only use materials they find in their house, but also outside in the environment around them.



### Instructional Example:

# Healthy Choices=Long Life

### Essential Question:

How can our school best support our overall health and wellness? What limitations are there and how can you find creative ways around these limitations?

Competency Codes Addressed: ELA: ELA.P 1.2, ELA.P 2.1, ELA.P 2.2,ELA.P 3.2, ELA.P 3.4, ELA.P 3.5 PE: PE.P 4.1, PE.P 4.2 Health: H.P 1.1, H.P 1.2, H.P 1.3, H.P 1.4, H.P 1.5, H.P 1.6, H.P 1.7, H.P 1.8

\*Based on the project selected, additional competencies could be addressed

# **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Students might connect nutrition and diet with fitness and exercise, exploring how healthy choices in each of these areas improves overall wellness.
- Students may undertake research that exposes often conflicting ideas and beliefs on health and wellness approaches, and they explore questions about school practices.
- Students could arrive at informed, justifiable recommendations that the school community can support, either through changes in policy or through improved implementation of policy.
- Students could find opportunities in their school and surrounding community for physical activity, school gardening or other wellness-supporting experience.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Reflection
- Decision-making and problem-solving
- Self-management (regulation)
- Self-awareness
- Co-regulation
- Social interaction
- Emotional development

### **Elements of Collaboration**

- English Language Arts
- Health
- Writing

### **Possible Collaboration Partners**

- Grade level teaching partner and aides
- Vertical teams
- Specialists
- Community and businesses
- Caregivers

# **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Teachers could pre-assess students on their thoughts on the essential question.
- Teacher and student may hold one-toone and small-group conferences to set goals and determine steps and goals during project
- Student and group reflections might be continuous throughout the project.
- Students could plan out their project following given timeline and directions.
- Students may conduct research to answer essential questions.
- Students could put together their research into a project.
- Students may present their projects.

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Students can develop health and wellness recommendations for the school to consider via some form of multimedia presentation.
- Students may utilize various communication and online learning platforms, in groups and individually, in person and virtually, to create a product and meet appropriate competencies.
- Students may display projects in public libraries or local businesses.
- Students may present in small or large groups.

# Accommodation/Modification

**Considerations** (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

# **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Follow the workflow. Students can use nontechnology and/or technology tools for the end product.

# **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Teachers could introduce the project and assignment, with examples, to students face-to-face or by using an online platform. Consider sending home what was covered in the classroom so caregivers can provide proper support and have necessary background knowledge in order to support their student. Teachers might have students journal what they eat at school and what they eat at home followed by a compareand-contrast activity. If students journal what they eat at home, when they return to school, teachers could hold an in-depth conversation about how healthy the items are, and they could compare what they ate to what their classmates ate.

# **Remote Learning Environment**

Follow the workflow. Teachers could introduce the project and assignment, with examples, to students by using an online platform or by another communication format, such as conducting a porch visit or phone call. The use of technology or nontechnology tools may be used for research by the students. Students may share their projects virtually or by another communication form, such as a phone call. Consider having students journal what they eat for lunch every day and chart how many healthy items they eat vs. unhealthy items. Teachers could encourage healthy eating by providing information to parents, so parents can help engage their child in conversations about healthy eating.



# NATURE-BASED OUTDOOR CLASSROOM

Instructional Example:

# Seed Necklace-Classify/Sort

Essential Question: Why are seeds important?

Competency Codes Addressed:

ELA: ELA.P 1.2, ELA.P 2.1, ELA.P 2.2, ELA.P 3.2, ELA.P 3.3, ELA.P 3.4, ELA.P 3.5

Math: MATH.P 1.1, MATH.P 1.2, MATH.P 1.3, MATH.P 1.4, MATH.P 1.5, MATH.P 2.1, MATH.P 2.2, MATH.P 4.2, MATH.P 4.3, MATH.P 5.4, MATH.P 5.5

Science: SCI.LS.P 2.1, SCI.LS.P 2.2

SECD: SECD.P 1.1, SECD.P 1.2, SECD.P 3.1, SECD.P 5.2, SECD.P 2.3, SECD.P 2.4, SECD.P 3.5,

SECD.P 3.2

Visual Arts: VA.P 1.1 Media Arts: MA.P 1.1

Other competencies can be met as well throughout the lesson.

# **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Inquiry-based teaching, collaborative instruction, small group.
- Offer hands-on activities and projects utilizing all five senses.
- Create safety rules with students for using the outdoor space environment.
- Teacher may spend time observing students.
- Multiple examples of seeds are available, such as pinecone, fruit (apple, strawberry, etc.) and sunflower seeds.

**SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Reflection
- Decision-making and problem-solving
- Self-awareness
- Self-management
- Social awareness
- Interpersonal skills
- Elements of Collaboration
- English Language Arts
- History, government, social studies
- Math
- Science (engineering design, science investigations, technology cross-cutting concepts)
- Physical Education

### **Possible Collaboration Partners**

- Professional Learning Communities (PLCs)
- Vertical teams
- Specialists
- Community experts

# **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Students learn the parts of a seed as they collect and examine them.
- Students classify and sort seeds based on observable characteristics.
- Students learn why seeds are important to plants and wildlife.
- Students read nonfiction texts about seed parts and their importance.
- Students write about their investigations.

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Gallery walks
- Scavenger hunt
- Discussions
- Online learning platforms for sharing
- Seed necklace

### Accommodation/Modification

**Considerations** (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

# **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Students can use nontechnology and/or technology tools for the end product.

# **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Teachers could introduce the assignments and examples to students face-to-face or by using an online platform. Students could be introduced to parts of a seed in class, and then complete the sorting and observing in a home setting. Consider sending home what was covered in the classroom so caregivers can provide proper support and have necessary background knowledge. Students may share their learning in person, virtually or by another communication form, such as a phone call.

# **Remote Learning Environment**

Consider having students look at seeds in different fruits that they might eat at home. Think about seeds they might find walking around their neighborhood, in the park or in their yard. Students could observe and sort these different seeds and share their work through drawing, writing, journaling, etc. Teachers might send home printed materials to provide a scaffold of learning for seeds and how they are important. Consider having students observe their yard for seeds and animals and how they might interact.

Instructional Example:

# Volleying and striking through developmental play.

Competencies Addressed: PE: PE.P 1.2, PE.P 2.4, PE.P 3.1, PE.P 5.1 Health: H.P 1.4, H.P 1.5 SECD: SECD.P 2.4, SECD.P 3.1, SECD.P 3.3

# **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Teachers should demonstrate what it means to strike and volley. How are they the same? Different?
- Teachers should give examples of what could be used if equipment is not available.
- Students should start by using their hand to strike and a soft object (balloon) to volley.
- Students begin by staying stationary and should evolve into moving around open space.
- Students should attempt to strike the object as many times as they can before it hits the ground.
- Students can also strike the object into a designated space.
- Students can strike it to a partner or to the wall and create a volley.
- Students can use any object to create a net, and begin to play a game with a partner or attempt to run around the net and volley to themselves.
- When ready, students can use an implement to begin striking and volleying.
- Teachers could set up stations that allow for practice of each lesson.
- Teachers should empower the students to understand this activity can improve

- overall health by staying active.
- Teachers should empower students to understand that it's okay to use equipment that makes them feel safe and secure.
- Teachers will challenge the students to identify how the activity makes them feel (excited, scared, brave, etc.).
- Teachers could use an exit ticket system to decide if they felt like they got it, so-so or need some help.

# **SECD Incorporation** (*Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills*)

- Self Control
- Strength and weaknesses
- Problem-solving
- Personal space
- Perseverance

### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Music: Students could use background music from songs they are working on.
- **Counselor:** Students can use SECD skills from counseling lessons.
- Science: Students could discuss how force brings the object down and sends it back up.

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Parents
- Music teacher
- Counselor
- Online video demonstrations from other students and teachers.

# Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

• Students demonstrate striking and volleying skills.



- Students identify their emotions while using skills.
- Students show prior movement skills
- Students work with peers in a positive way.

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Students perform their skills in a game setting,
- Students self-evaluate their performance.
- Students use activity to enhance their health and well-being.

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of

# **Progression Toward Mastery**

support.

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

# On-Site Learning Environment Considerations

- Plan and organize activities that provide opportunities for striking and volleying practice.
- Proactively prepare students with reliable technology for hybrid or remote learning by giving them ideas of how this could be done in a variety of settings.

# Hybrid Learning Environment Considerations

- The use of virtual instruction, keying in on students prior skills and knowledge.
- Provide written directions with pictures of activities and steps.
- Giving ideas of equipment that could be used at home.
- Provide timely and meaningful feedback to students as targets are attempted/ met.

# Remote Learning Environment Considerations

- Providing timely feedback to students seeking help and requesting options.
- Including family members and/or caretakers
- Individualized support for struggling students.

Instructional Example:

# **Properties of Matter**

Essential Question:

How do scientists classify matter? How can matter change?

Competency Codes Addressed: ELA: ELA.P.1.1, ELA.P.1.2 Science: SCI.PS.P.1.1, SCI.PS.P.1.4 Math: MATH.P.6.1, MATH.P.6.2, MATH.P.6.3 SECD: SECD.P.2.3, SECD.P.3.4, SECD.P3.2 PE: PE.P 3.1

# **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Exploration of matter
- Student develops questions
- Choice board
- Teacher guided
- Student discovery
- Classification of matter properties
- Modeled and guided

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Develop self-control skills.
- Identify people, places and other resources to go for help.
- Identify scheduled activities and allocate appropriate time.

# **Elements of Collaboration**

- English Language Arts
- Math
- Science (engineering design, science investigations, technology cross-cutting concepts)
- Physical Education

### **Possible Collaboration Partners**

- Professional Learning Communities (PLCs)
- Dedicated collaboration time for implementation
- District garden coordinator/master gardeners
- Caregivers and community members with expertise
- Vertical collaboration, cross-curricular collaboration

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Students could define the states of matter.
- Students might identify between solid, liquid and gas.
- Students might describe environmental shapes and items and their attributes.
- Students may describe environmental shapes and items with their properties of matter.
- Students could sort shapes and items by their properties of matter.
- When a problem arises, teachers may lead a discussion of what state of matter needs to be changed to help come to a resolution.

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Classify matter by its observable properties:
- Picture sort.
- Verbal description of a classification.
- Video of classification.
- · Demonstration of the classification.
- Written description of the classification.

### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require

designed instruction and/or tiered systems of

# **Progression Toward Mastery**

support.

additional support through specially

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

# On-Site Learning Environment Considerations

Follow the workflow. Students can use nontechnology and/or technology tools for the end product. This can be done in any outdoor or indoor setting. In the garden, apply this lesson to the needs of plants through the plant cycle to have a successful garden.

# Hybrid Learning Environment Considerations

Follow the workflow. Think about how concepts will be introduced to students and how information will be taught in the face-to-face environment. Consider what you would have students explore at home by gathering household items and sorting them into appropriate categories. Students could show their learning by documenting (pictures, drawing, labels, etc.) the items they found and bringing the information back to school.

# Remote Learning Environment Considerations

Follow the workflow. Consider household items students can use to explore matter. Think about starting with just having students look at water in all three states of matter. Students can further explore the concept by gathering many different household items, indoors and outdoors, and categorizing them appropriately. Think about having students teach another family member about the concepts of matter to show their learning. Consider having students share their learning through an online platform, porch visit, phone call, drawing, writing, etc.



# PERSONALIZED LEARNING

Instructional Example:

# **Personalized Spelling**

Essential Question:

How do I apply spelling skills in everyday communication?

Competency Codes Addressed:

ELA: ELA.P 2.2, ELA.P 1.1, ELA.P 1.2, ELA.P 1.3, FLA.P 3.1

SECD: SECD.P 1.4, SECD.P 2.4, SECD.P 3.2, SECD.P 2.3, SECD.P 3.5, SECD.P 4.4, SECD.P 4.5, SECD.P 5.2, SECD.P 5.4

# **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Teachers may provide each student with a list of words and choices on practicing the spelling pattern.
- Students may listen to the word list and copy the words along with the video.
- Students may engage in choices to study and practice the spelling pattern/skill.
- Teachers can make data-driven decisions through weekly observations and assessments that may determine when a student moves onto the next list of words.

# **SECD Incorporation** (*Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills*)

- Reflection
- · Decision-making and problem-solving
- Self-management (regulation)
- · Self-awareness

### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Vocabulary (ELA, science, math, social studies)
- Word application in different content areas Possible Collaboration Partners
- Grade-level teaching partner
- Vertical teams
- Specialists

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Teacher might pretest students.
- Teacher and student may hold a oneto-one conference to set goals and determine the spelling list (continuous).
- Teacher can teach the spelling process and how to make daily activity choices.
- Teacher may conduct regular
   assessments (exit tickets or other
   methods) and adjust, modify and use data
   as needed in one-on-one conferences.

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Writing samples
- Online learning platforms
- Exit tickets
- Completed student work
- Choice board
- Spelling test

### Accommodation/Modification

**Considerations** (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To

access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

# **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

# **On-Site Learning Environment**

Teacher may provide each student with a list of words and choices on practicing spelling patterns. Students may listen to the word list and copy the words along with the video. Students may engage in choices to study and practice the spelling pattern/skill. Teachers can make data-driven decisions through weekly observations and assessments that may determine when a student moves onto the next list of words. Students can use technology and/or nontechnology tools (Play-Doh, finger paint, shaving cream, etc.) for the end product.

# **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Teachers can introduce the spelling patterns, assignments and examples to students face-to-face or by using an online

platform. Teachers might observe students face-to-face, virtually or using another communication format, such as conducting a porch visit. Consider sending home what was covered in the classroom so caregivers can provide proper support and have necessary background knowledge. Students may share their learning in person, virtually or by another communication form, such as an alternative choice board for home setting.

### **Remote Learning Environment**

Follow the workflow. Teachers could introduce the spelling patterns, assignments and examples to students by using an online platform, conducting a porch visit or phone call. Teachers might also consider sending materials home to inform parents of spelling rules and background knowledge. Teachers might observe students virtually, or by using another communication format, such as conducting a porch visit. Students may share their learning virtually with the teacher, personally with their caregiver or another relative or another communication form. Teachers might have students use a choice board for a home setting that allows students to use household items (Play-Doh, chalk, etc.).

### Instructional Example:

# Architecturally inspired house sculpture

Essential Question: How do artists design houses?

Competency Codes Addressed:

Visual Arts: VA.P 4.1,VA.P 1.2,VA.P 5.2 Math: MATH.P 6.3 ELA: ELA.P 1.1 SECD: SECD.P 1.4,SECD.P 3.2, SECD.P 3.3, SECD.P 2.4,SECD.P 3.5 Music: MUS.P 3.1, MUS.P 3.2 PE: PE.P 5.1, PE.P 5.2

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Student discovery is hands-on.
- Modeled practice by the teacher.
- Appropriate use of materials.
- Collaborative strategies.
- Assess student learning frequently.

# **SECD Incorporation** (*Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills*)

- Appropriate use of materials/technology
- Responsibility
- Respect
- Self-awareness
- Problem-solving
- Ask clarifying questions
- Allocation of time

### **Elements of Collaboration**

- **Library:** Read alouds on structures and how they are built.
- Computers: Create a structure using online tools.
- **Science:** Use the design process to construct structures.
- **Social Studies:** Read about the history of architecture.
- PE: Use stacking cups to build one structure.
- Music: Listen to sound samples from different venues ie., concert hall, bathroom, classroom, outdoors, etc. Discuss how each location sounded different (acoustics).

### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Classroom teachers
- Co-curricular teachers
- Community and caregivers

# **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Teachers may introduce academic vocabulary.
- Students might access online or print content to explore the architecture of Frank Lloyd Wright, Antoni Gaudi and Steven Holl.
- Students could screenshot or draw three or more architectural elements.
- Students might draw a design of a house using architectural elements (shapes, lines and textures).
- Students may create a sculpture of their house using a collection of common items.
- Students might add landscape elements



- of their choice.
- Students could reflect on the project.
- Students may write reflection of their project using academic (architectural) vocabulary.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- House sculptures
- Reflection statements

#### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

# On-Site Learning Environment Considerations

Follow the workflow. Students can use technology and/or nontechnology tools for the end product.

# Hybrid Learning Environment Considerations

Follow the workflow. Teachers could introduce the vocabulary, assignments and examples to students face-to-face or by using an online platform. Teachers might observe and provide feedback to students face-to-face, virtually or using another communication format, such as conducting a porch visit. Consider sending home what was covered in the classroom so caregivers can provide proper support and have necessary background knowledge. Students may create their sculpture using common school or household items. Students may share their learning in person, virtually or by another communication form, such as an alternative choice board for home setting.

# Remote Learning Environment Considerations

Follow the workflow. Teachers could introduce the vocabulary, assignments and examples by using an online platform or conducting a porch visit or making a phone call. Teachers might observe and provide feedback to students virtually or by using another communication format, such as conducting a porch visit. Students may create their sculpture using common school or household items. Students may share their learning virtually, to their caregiver or by another communication form, such as an outside display.

Instructional Example:

Identify different sections of a musical listening selection, utilizing various manipulatives or body movement to identify AB or ABA form.

#### Essential Question:

Does music have different sections? What might we use to represent different sections in a listening lesson?

Competency Codes Addressed:

Music: MUS.P 3.1, MUS.P 3.2, MUS.P 3.3, MUS.P 5.3, MUS.P 5.4

PE: PE.P 1.1, PE.P 1.2, PE.P 2.2, PE.P 3.1, PE.P 3.2 SECD: SECD.P 1.4, SECD.P 3.2, SECD.P 2.4, SECD.P 2.3, SECD.P 3.5, SECD.P 4.5

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Teacher acts as facilitator, as needed, through the process.
- Students may work individually, as pairs, or in small groups at school. Various manipulatives/supplies will be provided.
- Students may use auditory, locomotor and visual skills to disseminate a larger musical work into smaller sections.
- Collaborate, if applicable, outdoors or at home.
- Students transfer knowledge to a new, unknown musical selection.
- Appropriate use of materials/technology

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Responsibility
- Respect
- Self-awareness
- Problem-solving
- Ask clarifying questions
- Allocation of time
- Growth mindset
- Taking turns/sharing

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Pre-K: Students use scarves or other objects and dance according to musical sections.
- PE: Teacher will designate two locomotor or manipulative skills that represent A and B. When an auditory or letter cue (A or B) is given, the activity will switch. Could use different levels and pathways as well.
- Library: Read- alongs with patterns as the theme.
- Art: Students create an AB, ABA and AABA visual pattern necklace using string and pasta, beads, etc.
- Science: Investigate properties of sound.
- Social studies: Identify instruments from other cultures.

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Classroom teachers
- PE, art, music, library, computer, science and social studies teachers
- Community leaders
- Volunteers
- Speech language pathologist
- SPED teachers
- ELL teachers
- Counselors

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- Social workers, aides, paraprofessionals
- Other staff members
- Reading specialists
- Administration
- Other schools

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Provide different examples with visuals.
- Provide different examples with movement.
- Using inner hearing with a manipulative/ response for identification of sections.
- Understanding form is an integral part of music.
- Comparing/contrasting the same and different.
- If applicable, movement demonstration, to differentiate sections within the selection.
- Kagan Structures

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Display
- Sharing out with class/families/ community members.
- Informance/performance
- Performing for other schools via an online platform.

#### Accommodation/Modification

**Considerations** (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially

PRE-K-2

designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

#### Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment** Considerations

Teacher could provide multiple listening and movement opportunities while creating their manipulative or locomotor activity for A and B, ie., paper, pre-cut shapes, crayons, etc., will be provided. Students would be encouraged to create or find something to represent A and B (examples: circle, pencil, a movement, etc.) (examples:. hop, clap, hop or crayon, crayon, pencil). Create or find at least two of the same object for A. Follow the workflow.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment** Considerations

Teachers could provide multiple listening and movement opportunities while creating their manipulative or locomotor activity for A and B. Teachers could create a powerpoint slideshow or instructional video or offer an instructional check-list with visual directions to be watched at home. Students could be provided with paper, crayons, etc. for in-school or home use. Students should be encouraged to create or find something to represent A and B. Create or find at least two of the same object for A (examples: circle, pencil, a movement, etc.) (examples:. hop, clap, hop or crayon, crayon, pencil). Pattern strips could be provided for practice work at home.

#### Remote Learning Environment Considerations

Teachers could deliver the lesson through the district's online platform or provide instructional checklists with visual cues for students who don't have access to technology. Learning could be shared with class and families face-to-face with driveway classes, outdoor class and/or an online platform.

#### PLAY-BASED LEARNING

Instructional Example:

**Steady Beat with Nursery** Rhymes or poems (Pre-K, K). Speaking the rhythm of a nursery rhyme or a poem with a steady beat (1, 2).

Essential Question:

How does rhyme influence the way that we hear and read poetry?

Competency Codes Addressed:

ELA: ELA.P 3.5

Music: MUS.P 1.1, MUS.P 1.2, MUS.P 2.1, MUS.p

2.2, MUS.P 4.1, MUS.P 4.2

Visual Arts: VA.P 1.1,

SECD: SECD.P1.5, SECD.P 3.3, SECD.P.6.3, SECD.P

6.5, SECD.P3.2

MPLEMENTATION

PE: PE.P 5.1, PE.P 5.2

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Teacher acts as facilitator as students move through the lesson.
- Students work in pairs or small groups.
- Students access nursery rhymes and poems from the library or family members.
- Groups collaborate in different environments: classroom, outdoors, remotely.
- Involve family members and other faculty members for cultural references, when applicable.

**SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Sharing/taking turns/cooperation
- Problem-solving
- Respect
- Team work
- Anti-bullying steps
- Communication
- Listening to others
- Empathy
- Compassion
- Regulation
- Personal space
- Social distancing
- Kindness
- Friendship

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- PE: Sing/recite nursery rhymes while practicing jumping rope and/or other locomotor skills.
- Music: Students recite the nursery rhymes/poems with steady beat accompaniment. The student can act, sing, move, etc. according to the different examples.
- Pre-K: Students can act out nursery rhymes in the puppet center during center time or on the playground at recess.
- Counselors: Learning to work together and including others. Also sharing out how they are feeling with self awareness and using different emotions.
- Library: Students can recite/sing nursery rhymes keeping a steady beat to become fluent.

- Computer: Using an online platform, students record themselves singing or reciting their nursery rhyme to hear if they sound fluent or choppy.
- Art: Students can create costumes for their characters, students can create stop-motion video of nursery rhyme.
- Science: Students can investigate the properties of sound.
- Social Studies: Students can research history of nursery rhymes.

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Classroom teachers
- PE, art, music, library, computers and science teachers
- Community leaders
- SPED teachers
- FII teachers
- Counselors
- Social workers, aides, paraprofessionals
- Other staff members

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Teachers can introduce students to nursery rhymes by reading nursery rhymes, playing videos of nursery rhymes.
- Students could sing-along and choral read or sing the nursery rhymes together.
- Appropriate use of materials.
- Formative assessment.
- Ex. Student recites/acts out the nursery rhymes with a puppet they created.
- Teacher observes students throughout the process.



#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Student reciting nursery rhyme.
- Students puppet show.
- Reflection.
- Presentation of projects created.

#### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through speciallydesigned instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Introduction to project and assignment of groups in whole group instruction. Teacher could read nursery rhymes and/or show video examples of nursery rhymes. Teacher might provide nursery rhymes books or printed books for reference. For the final presentation, students can act out a nursery rhyme with puppets, props or song.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Introduction to project and assignment of groups face-to-face, if possible. If unable to meet in person, the teacher can share a learning video or an instructional checklist with visual directions. Teachers can also provide nursery rhyme books or printed books for reference to be used at home. For the final presentation, students could act out a nursery rhyme with puppets or songs. Teachers might provide instructions on making puppets or props from items at home for caretakers. Think about using an online platform to allow students to respond to each other's presentation and ask questions. Use an online platform for small-group interaction, interviews and presentations. Phones calls or driveway classes can also be used for sharing learning.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

The teacher can share a learning video on the district's online learning platform or an instructional checklist with visual directions. Teachers can also provide nursery rhyme books or printed books for reference. For the final presentation, students can act out a nursery rhyme with puppets or song. Teachers can provide instructions on making puppets or props from items at home for caretakers. Use an online platform to allow students to respond to each other's presentation and ask questions. Use an online platform for small group interaction, interviews, and presentations. Phones calls or driveway classes can also be used for sharing learning.

EXAMPLE MPLEMENTATION - INSTRUCTIONAL Instructional Example:

#### ... Had a great fall

Essential Question(s):

How does gravity, distance, weight and structure affect falling objects?

Competency Codes Addressed: Science: SCI.PS.P 1.1 SCI.PS.P.1.2

Math: MATH.P 5.1 MATH.P 5.2 MATH.P 6.3

SECD: SECD.P 3.1, SECD.P 4.5

Music: MUS.P 1.1

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Guided play modeling movement to music.
- Construction of possible materials for wall and landing.
- Considerations for fragile objects.
- Gross motor skills to climb.
- Choice play and exploration to experiment with structures, physics and gravity.

#### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Identify and illustrate safe and unsafe situations.
- Identify the process of setting and achieving personal, school and home goals.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Movement/dance/act (art)
- Measuring: height of wall, weight of object, distance to landing (math)
- Construction of wall and landing (engineering)
- Rhyme and poetry (ELA)

 Gross motor coordinating movements to climb (PE)

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- PLCs in grade band, cross-curricular and vertical
- High school physics students
- Higher education college students in construction science/engineering

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

• Plan/design/build/test/evaluate/redesign a landing area to protect a fragile object that has fallen from the wall.

Connects personal meaning and context through movement in music.

Explores the effects of force on objects.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product) The student will communicate their investigative process and prove their findings by submitting any of the following choices or other choice mode:

- Photographs with text
- Video
- Drawings with text
- Audio with photograph
- Audio with drawing via student electronic journal

#### Accommodation/Modification

**Considerations** (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

#### Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Students can plan, design and construct a wall and a landing spot for a character using classroom supplies. A fragile object should be used for testing the fall, and plans should be made to keep the object safe and in one piece (example: an egg turned into a character with eyes, maybe legs and arms from paper or fabric). Wall height and landing area could be measured and adjusted after each test fall to see how far the character can drop before it breaks. Students can take photos, journal or draw the results of each test fall. Could be shared with class and families face-to-face and/or an online platform.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Students can plan and design their wall and landing areas at home. Construction can

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take place at school, using classroom or home supplies (ie., Legos, blocks, popsicle sticks, Play-Doh, rocks, etc.) Students can take photos, journal or draw the results of each test fall. Could be shared with class and families face-to-face, driveway classes, outdoor class and/or an online platform.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

The assignment could be posted on the school districts preferred school platform with links to a video with all the instructions along with the links to databases and resources. All instructions for this lesson including a rubric could be sent home on paper along with readings and print materials could be provided for students. Students can take photos, journal or draw the results of each test fall. Could be shared with class and families face-to-face with driveway classes, outdoor class and/or an online platform.

#### Instructional Example:

# Family Rules and Roles in the Community

Essential Question(s) What makes a family?

Competency Codes Addressed:

ELA: ELA.P 1.1; ELA.P 1.2; ELA.P 2.1; ELA.P 2.2; ELA.P 3.1; ELA.P 3.5

HGSS: HGSS.P 2.1; HGSS.P 2.2

Math: MATH.P 1.1; MATH.P 1.2; MATH.P 1.3 Science: SCI.P 1.1; SCI.P 1.2; SCI.P 1.4; SCI.P 2.1: SCI.P 2.3

SECD: SECD.P 1.3; SECD.P 3.1; SECD.P 2.3; SECD.P 2.4; SECD.P 4.2; SECD.P 4.4; SECD.P 5.2; SECD.P 5.3; SECD.P 5.4; SECD.P 3.6; SECD.P 6.5 PE: PE.P 1.1; PE.P 2.1; PE.P 2.2; PE.P 3.1; PE.P

Visual Arts: VA.P 1.1 *Music: MUS.P 1.1* 

5.1

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Students can explain their role in the family.
- Students can share why we have rules in families and what the rules are.
- Students can talk about why we have rules in our community.
- Students can explain and model how families have responsibilities to each other and their community.
- Students can read about families and compare how families are different or the same as their family.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Reflection
- Decision-making and problem-solving
- Self-management
- Self-awareness
- Social awareness
- Interpersonal skills

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- ELA
- HGSS
- Math
- Science (engineering design, science investigations, technology cross-cutting concepts)
- PE

#### **Possible Collaboration Partners**

- Grade-level teaching partner
- Vertical teams
- Specialists
- Families
- Community stakeholders

#### Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

- Teacher pre-assess students on essential questions.
- Teacher survey students' interests to help set up the play environment to meet interests.
- Teacher plans and sets up a learning environment based on communication, fine-motor, gross-motor, personal/social and problem-solving.
- Teacher assessment is continuous.
   Adjustments are made as needed.



#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Performance projects
- Online learning platforms
- Drawings/visual representations
- Talk/explanations/demonstrations
- Teaching Peers

#### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

# On-Site Learning Environment Considerations

Follow the workflow using child-interests and teacher facilitation of play settings and materials (e.g., drama, art/music, science, math, block, sensory table, etc.) Students are exposed to a variety of family structures and roles through books, videos, pictures and sharing about their own families. Students are allowed to role-play the family structure in their play environment. Teacher is constantly observing for learning objectives and adjustments are made as needed. Learning can be shown with role-play, discussions, drawings, etc.

# Hybrid Learning Environment Considerations

Offer family choice boards giving guidance to families on setting up play environments. Teacher facilitation may include digital modeling via online platforms as to how to facilitate play in the home setting. Students are exposed to a variety of family structures and roles through books, videos, pictures and sharing about their own families. Resources could be posted on the district's online platform. Teacher can explain to families that learning can be shown with role-play, discussions, drawings, etc.

# Remote Learning Environment Considerations

Offer family choice boards giving guidance to families on setting up play environments. Teacher facilitation may include digital modeling via online platforms as to how to facilitate play in the home setting. Students are exposed to a variety of family structures and roles through books, videos, pictures and sharing about their own families. Resources could be posted on the district's online platform. Teachers can explain to families that learning can be shown with role-play, discussions, drawings, etc. Learning could be shared with families face-to-face with driveway classes, outdoor class and/or an online platform.



#### Instructional Example:

#### **Structured Literacy**

Essential Question:

How do letters and sounds create words? OR What defines a fluent reader

?Competency Codes Addressed:

ELA: ELA.P 1.1, ELA.P 1.2, ELA.P 1.3, ELA.P 2.1, ELA.P 2.2, ELA.P 3.1, ELA.P 3.2, ELA.P 3.3, ELA.P 3.4, ELA.P 3.5,

SECD: SECD.P 1.4, SECD.P 2.2, SECD.P 2.4, SECD. P 3.1, SECD.P 5.2, SECD.P 2.3, SECD.P 3.4, SECD.P 3.5, SECD.P 4.1, SECD.P 4.3, SECD.P 4.4, SECD.P 4.5, SECD.P 3.1, SECD.P 3.2, SECD.P 6.4, SECD.P 6.6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Students can manipulate sounds to make meaning from text.
- Students have routines and rules about phonological awareness and phonics is explicitly and systematically taught.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Reflection
- Decision-making and problem-solving
- Self-management
- Self-awareness
- Social awareness
- Interpersonal skills

# Elements of Cross-Curricular Collaboration

- ELA
- HGSS
- Social-Emotional Learning

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Grade-level teaching partner
- Vertical teams
- Specialists
- Counselor/social worker

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

Teacher and student follow a system of "I do, We do, You do"

- I do:
- Teacher models phoneme segmentation with head-waist-toe (ex. Cat = /c/ touch head, /a/ touch waist, /t/ touch toes).
- Teacher dictates a letter, word or sentence to students. Students hear the letter, word or sentence and repeat it, and write it.
- Teacher models quick flash and say grapheme sounds, read, spell and use vocabulary terms.
- We do:
- Students pick a word from a pile of unknown words with decodable sound/ letter patterns, read it and turn to their partner and use it in a sentence. Repeat.
- Students practice decoding words in isolation and using those words in connected text by writing sentences.
- The teacher provides corrective feedback and scaffolds the process, stepping back to allow students to work independently, or stepping in to reteach, as needed.
- You do:
- Students use moveable letters to encode (teacher dictates words and students tap phonemes and say the words).
- ${\boldsymbol \cdot} \hspace{0.1cm}$  Students play games to practice hearing

- sounds or reading words automatically (only games that ensure students are hearing sounds or reading words MULTIPLE times).
- Students read decodable, or other controlled texts, to practice the words just learned.

#### Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

- Read at expected competency level Write at expected competency level
- Student-to-student discussions
- Student-to-teacher discussions
- Online learning platforms

#### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Teacher and student follow a system of "I do, We do, You do." Teacher models phoneme segmentation with head-waist-toe (ex. Cat=/c/ touch head, /a/ touch waist, /t/ touch toes). Students practice decoding words in isolation and using those words in connected text by writing sentences. The teacher provides corrective feedback and scaffolds the process, stepping back to allow students to work independently, or stepping in to re-teach, as needed. Conferencing can be held in school or online. Activities can be completed face-to-face in small groups or 1:1.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Learning menus can be posted on the district's online platform to be watched at home or at school if tech is not available at home. The teacher provides corrective feedback and scaffolds the process, stepping back to allow students to work independently, or stepping in to re-teach, as needed. Conferencing can be done online or face-to-face. Activities can be completed via a paper (i.e., cut letters from magazines, magnetic letters, build with playdough, etc.) Learning can be shared with class and families face-to-face with driveway classes, outdoor class and/or an online platform.

#### Remote Learning Environment

Learning menus and resources can be posted on the district's online platform. Conferencing can be done online. Activities can be completed via a paper (i.e., cut letters from magazines, magnetic letters, build with playdough, etc.) Learning can be shared with class and families face-to-face with driveway classes, outdoor class and/or an online platform.





#### **SMALL-GROUP INSTRUCTION**

Instructional Example:

#### **Animal Needs**

Essential Question:

What do animals need in order to live and grow?

Competency Codes Addressed: Science: SCI.LS.P 2.1, SCI.LS.P 2.2 ELA: ELA.P 1.2, ELA.P 2.1

Math: MATH.P 5.5

SECD: SECD.P 1.4, SECD.P 3.2, SECD.P 2.3,

SECD.P 3.5, SECD.P 5.2 Visual Arts: VA.P.5.1

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- High quality introduction using engaging materials with the whole group initially.
- Introduce vocabulary words and encourage discussion.
- Communicate expectations and instructions for small groups.
- Rotations and ensure that students are on task and engaged while participating in them.

# **SECD Incorporation** (*Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills*)

- Understand active listening.
- Identify and demonstrate problemsolving processes.
- Ask clarifying questions.
- Self-regulation.
- Demonstrate an ability to listen to others

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- ELA: Books about animals and their needs
- Math: Classify and sort data into groups of animal needs; Problem solving
- Art: Play-Doh sculptures; role-playing during dramatic play.

#### **Possible Collaboration Partners**

- PLC, dedicated collaboration time for implementation
- Families parents and/or community members with expertise.
- Vertical collaboration.
- Cross-curriculum collaboration.

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Introduce basic needs of animals (air, water, food, shelter) and vocabulary words.
- Investigate, identify and match different foods with the animals that consume them.
- Explore various high-quality texts about animal's needs with library books, printed books and digital platforms.
- Create a model of animal(s)/shelters.
- Act out in dramatic play using students favorite animal(s) and taking turns discussing their needs with other participants.

#### Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

- The student will be able to communicate the basic needs of animals and share the work that they have completed in each of the small group rotations using their written/digital portfolios.
- Animal models.
- Role-playing.

#### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

# On-Site Learning Environment Considerations

Introduce basic needs of animals (air, water, food, shelter) and vocabulary words. Investigate, identify and match different foods with the animals that consume them. Explore various high quality texts about animal's needs with leveled readers and digital platforms. Create a model of animal(s)/shelters. Act out in dramatic play using student's favorite animal(s) and take turns discussing their needs with other participants.

# Hybrid Learning Environment Considerations

Introduce basic needs of animals (air, water, food, shelter) and vocabulary words via face-to-face or learning videos. Investigate, identify and match different foods with the animals that consume them via online platform activity or cut and paste activity. Explore various high quality texts about animal's needs with library books, printed books, and digital platforms. Create a model of animal(s)/ shelters. Act out in dramatic play your favorite animal(s) and take turns discussing their needs with other participants. Could be shared with class and families, face-to-face with driveway classes, outdoor class and/or an online platform.

# Remote Learning Environment Considerations

Learning resources and videos can be posted on the district's online platform. Teachers can provide library books or printed books if technology is not available. Learning can be shared with class and families face-to-face with driveway classes, outdoor class and/or an online platform.

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#### **BLENDED LEARNING**

Instructional Example:

# Hokusai Waves and Paper Sculpture Exploration

Essential Question:

How do artists work? How do artists create work that effectively communicates?

Students explore the work "The Great Wave" or "Under the Wave off Kanagawa" by Katsushiki Hokusai, and then use what they learned to experiment with creating movement in a paper sculpture. Along the way, students explore the ways artists work: generating ideas, exploring materials, building skill in techniques and reflecting on the artistic process.

Competencies Addressed: VA.P 1.1, VA.P 1.2, VA.P 2.1, VA.P 4.1, VA.P 4.2, VA.P 4.3, VA.P 5.1, VA.P 5.2, PE.P 1.2, MUS.P 1.1, MUS.P 6.2

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Pose purposeful, open-ended questions.
- Active student engagement.
- In a blended model style, teachers could use easy video tools to explain concepts, introduce artists, or offer explicit directions/demonstrations for media, techniques or processes that students could use for creation.
- Offer ongoing feedback as students are creating.

 End product involves a high level of student choice and is relevant (connection to self and world).

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Communication skills.
- Self-regulation.
- Growth mindset.
- · Problem-solving.
- Soliciting feedback and being an active listener.
- Demonstrating respect for the perspectives of others.
- Perseverance.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Music: Movement to a song inspired by art.
- Dance or PE: Concepts of movement.

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Music/PE teachers
- Paraeducator
- Family/caregiver

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Students view artwork and the teacher prompts students with questions either in person or in a video introduction. (Responding/Connecting)
- What do you see?
- What makes you think that?
- What else can we find?
- Encourage students to make connections to their own experience (What does this

- remind you of? When have you seen water look white? Have you ever seen a wave? Been in a boat?)
- Share relevant background information about the work.
- Introduces the concept of movement in art. Have students act out the movement of the waves and boats with hands/arms or bodies. Have students move to the music inspired by art of the sea.
- Students view a demonstration of ways to create movement with paper strips: folding, curling, bending, and tacking/ gluing in place. Students are encouraged to experiment with overlapping, building up layers and combining techniques to create new forms.
- Students use paper sculpture techniques to build their own interpretation of waves or another choice subject that communicates movement. (Creation)
- Students share their artworks with others and explain their process, connections to the original work of art and/or how they feel about the product.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Student reflection (spoken or recorded) of their observations, interpretations and reflections on the work.
- Student artwork demonstrating movement.
- Student reflection (spoken or recorded) on the process of how they generated their ideas, refined/changed artwork in the process and their evaluation of their final product.

#### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Students work with teachers and individually to complete the lesson above. Consider extra support students might need with information and resources.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Teachers walk through the process of the lesson in person and students could complete the research and art project portion of this lesson at home. Consider sending home what was covered in the classroom so families can provide proper support and have necessary background knowledge. Artwork and music could be on an online platform or printed pictures with music recommendations given to parents. Students can share their artworks with others and explain their process, connections to the original work of art and/or how they feel about the product. Learning can be shared with class and families face-to-face with driveway classes, outdoor class and/or an online platform.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

The assignment could be posted on the school districts preferred school platform with links to a video with all the instructions along with the links to databases and resources. All instructions for this lesson including a rubric could be sent home on paper along with print materials could be provided for students. Learning can be shared with class and families face-to-face with driveway classes, outdoor class and/or an online platform.



# (INQUIRY/PBL) HOW DO ARTISTS GROW AND BECOME ACCOMPLISHED IN ART FORMS?

Instructional Example:

# Students complete an artist study to explore the topic of how artists grow.

Essential Question:

How do the colors an artist chooses affect their artwork?

Competencies Addressed:

VA.P 1.1, VA.P 1.2, VA.P 2.1, VA.P 4.1, VA.P 4.2, VA.P 4.3, VA.P 5.1, VA.P 5.2, ELA.P 2.2, ELA.P 3.4

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Focus on important ideas that artists:
- Experiment with materials.
- Observe and investigate to prepare for making artwork.
- Create personally satisfying artwork.
- Elaborate by adding details.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Communication skills.
- Self-regulation.
- Growth mindset.
- Problem-solving.
- Soliciting feedback and being an active listener.
- Demonstrating respect for the perspectives of others.
- Collaboration and conflict resolution strategies.
- Goal-setting, planning and organization of time and materials.

Perseverance

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

• **ELA:** Compare and Contrast, Interpret information from a variety of sources.

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Classroom teachers
- Parents/caregivers

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Students experiment with color mixing to create "new" colors.
- Students observe and articulate what they observed. What happened when they mixed colors? What worked as they expected? What didn't?
- Introduce the color wheel as an artist's tool. Students mix primary colors to create secondary colors for a color wheel (can be done with paint, play doh, frosting, etc.). Introduce the idea of tints and shades and how to make them using black and white.
- Look at art work of everyday objects
   (i.e., pop art). Have students identify
   colors they see and analyze what the
   ingredients for each color would be, using
   knowledge of the color wheel.
- Compare images that represent the same subject (food paintings). What do you see? What makes you think that? What do they remind you of? How are they alike? (Repetition, color, shadows, etc.) How are

#### they different?

 Students brainstorm ideas for what to make in their own food painting and communicate ideas to the teacher.
 Preliminary sketches are made before drawing a final image. Pictures of foods can be provided for observation to aid in drawing. Teacher gives feedback on sketches and drawing before painting begins. Students use knowledge of the color wheel to create desired colors for their work.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Color experiments page (older students can write the "recipe" for each color they created, i.e.., red+blue=purple).
- Student reflection on their experiments (spoken or recorded).
- Student-created color wheel to be used both as learning activity and a reference for later work.
- Student artwork:
- Personal and relevant to student life (choice of a favorite food).
- Employs use of color mixing to create, refine work for desired effects.
- Elaborates by using details.

# Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare

them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Students work with teachers and peers to complete the lesson above.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

While students are in school they can practice mixing colors and making new colors. At home, students could journal their observations of mixing and making new colors. Students could compare images that represent the same subject (food paintings) by looking at art online at home or at school if there is no access at home. The students could complete their drawing or painting either at home or at school. Video conferencing/team discussions could happen at home (if students have devices). Learning can be shared in class or an online platform.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

If students have a device with internet access, provide safe, age-appropriate, links for viewing and learning. Think about sending homeart supplies for this project. Consider how students can use what they have at home (chalk, Play-Doh, shaving cream, frosting, food coloring and other household items) to help them complete their artwork. Learning can be shared with class and families face-to-face with driveway classes, outdoor class and/or an online platform. Teachers could deliver needed art supplies.

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# **Access and Equity**

We recognize that our communities are diverse and so are the needs and aspirations of the students we serve. Incorporating an access and equity lens into how you plan and deliver instruction, services, and support, not only makes it more safe, meaningful, and effective but ensures that you are doing so in a way that thoughtfully engages and includes individuals and communities who have been historically excluded. We strongly encourage you to incorporate an access and equity lens focused on all students as you incorporate the guidance contained in this document.

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# What does the Law Require?

If a school district has elected to provide the general education curriculum this school year via multiple learning environments (e.g., on-site, hybrid, and remote), then the district must ensure that each student has equal access to the same opportunities. This includes students with disabilities and students of every race, color, and national origin. School district officials have discretion to make educational decisions based on local health. needs and concerns. Compliance with national, state, and local health recommendations should not create civil rights concerns. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504) prohibits disability discrimination by schools receiving federal financial assistance. Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Title II) prohibits disability discrimination by public entities, including schools. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Title VI) prohibits race, color, and national origin discrimination by schools receiving federal funds. As school leaders respond to evolving conditions, they should be mindful of the requirements of Section 504, Title II, and Title VI, to ensure that all students are able to study and learn in an environment that is safe and free from discrimination.

School districts should continually discuss and evaluate whether any education learning environment it is implementing is discriminatory, either on its face or as implemented, results in discrimination to a specific group of students protected by federal anti-discrimination laws.

For students with disabilities and an IEP this includes a free appropriate public education (FAPE). School districts must provide a FAPE to students with disabilities and an IEP consistent with the need to protect the health and safety of students with disabilities and those individuals providing education, specialized instruction, and related services to these students. In this unique and everchanging environment, these exceptional circumstances may affect how all educational and related services and supports are provided. FAPE may include, as appropriate, special education and related services provided through an on-site learning environment, a hybrid learning environment.

### What are Ways I Can Do That?

1. Establish a plan and schedule to reflect and evaluate on whether the education and services being provided are effective for diverse students. Analyze relevant data on engagement and academics to determine whether students of color, English language learners, immigrant students, students with disabilities, students who are gifted, students who qualify for free and reduced lunch, among others, are learning. This should be discussed and evaluated separately by learning environment (e.g. in-person, hybrid, and remote learning environment). If any of these groups are not succeeding within the given learning environment, the instructional approach might need to be more culturally responsive. This should be done individually, by all educators, and collectively at the building and district level on a set schedule throughout the school year. Individuals and groups should work to identify success gaps for certain students or groups or students, determine why this success gap is occurring, and action plan to mitigate the gap and prevent future gaps from occurring.

- 2. Work and study collaboratively within your building or district to understand inequity by design and its impact on student instruction. Identify resources that will be helpful to each educator and collectively, as a building and district, in confronting and addressing access and equity. This is a significant and important task and is not just accomplished by KSDE providing a few resources, but the following resources are shared as a starting point for continuing this important work within each classroom (on-site, hybrid, or remote), building, and district.
  - a. Clinton, J. (2020). Supporting Vulnerable Children in the Face of a Pandemic: A paper prepared for the Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment. Centre for Program Evaluation, Melbourne Graduate School of Education, The University of Melbourne. <a href="https://www.dese.gov.au/system/files/doc/other/clinton\_supporting\_vulnerable\_children\_final.pdf">https://www.dese.gov.au/system/files/doc/other/clinton\_supporting\_vulnerable\_children\_final.pdf</a>
  - **b.** New Jersey Department of Education Internal Equity Team list of resources, <a href="https://www.nj.gov/education/equity/resources/">https://www.nj.gov/education/equity/resources/</a>
  - **c.** Culturally Reponsive Teaching and The Brain by Zaretta Hammond, <a href="https://crtandthebrain.com/">https://crtandthebrain.com/</a>
  - d. Coaching for Equity by Elena Aguilar (forthcoming)
  - **e.** Excellence Through Equity: Five Principles of Courageous Leadership to Guide Achievement for Every Student by Alan M. Blankstein and Pedro Noguera with Lorena Kelly

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- 3. Across all learning environments, ensure educators are focused on building and maintaining relationships with students. There are many positive stories about how this occurred during continuous learning in the spring of 2020. This will be more critical as we move into the 2020–21 school year. But we can't stop at building and maintaining relationships. Educators then must use those relationships as an entry point into positive and meaningful instruction for all students.
- **4.** Maintain equitable access to your school's offered programs and practices. Implement programs and practices that provide equal access and enable all students to thrive academically, athletically, socially, and emotionally.
- 5. Demonstrate inclusive teaching and learning. Examine and revise your curriculum and teaching practices as necessary to ensure that you are effective in reaching every student. Train your teachers to recognize and to understand the range of needs, social-emotional and academic, among your students and to hone their skills in building and sustaining an inclusive classroom.

- **6.** Encourage self-reflection and exploration. Teach individuals to self-reflect, question their cultural viewpoints and assumptions, and to modify them when appropriate. Commit to exploring your school's unique cultures to better understand the encounters of people from diverse backgrounds and to challenging your own practices.
- 7. Have meaningful interaction and dialogue. Challenge everyone to interact meaningfully with the entire school community and to learn from each other, honoring differences. Create a safe environment allowing for expression of differences in ways that encourage dialogue and education rather than alienation.
- 8. Encourage community involvement and service: Use the above practices to instill a consciousness of social justice, an ethic of citizenship, and a commitment to service. Teach and practice responsibility towards and engagement in your school, your larger community, and the world.

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# Competencies

Kansans should be proud of everything accomplished while navigating unprecedented times and facing unique educational challenges in the response to COVID-19.

A Continuous Learning Task Force commissioned by the Kansas State Department of Education (KSDE) developed meaningful ways to help Kansas school districts successfully complete the 2019-2020 school year with social-emotional support and grace for all stakeholders among its top priorities.

As schools contemplate options and await more specific guidance for the safe return of students and staff in the fall of 2020, instructional planning within districts should include considerations for the possibility of interruptions to learning because of COVID-19. To provide resources and guidance, Kansas Commissioner of Education Dr. Randy Watson assembled the Learning for the Future Task Force. With more time to prepare, this team was charged with developing a comprehensive way to ensure academic rigor and that schools can assess student learning in meaningful and actionable ways.

What follows is the result of recent collaboration among nearly 100 Kansas teachers, administrators, service centers, educational consultants, KSDE program directors and more. The goal was to review and analyze nearly 30 years of work among current Kansas Standards and, in 30 days, develop a competency-based model in PreK-2, 3-5, 6-8 and 9-12 grade bands that is also organized by broader themes of Humanities and STEAM.

This work has the potential to change the way we meet students' needs for the next 30 years and beyond by allowing students to demonstrate mastery of their learning in a variety of ways.

In a competency-based model, students move through the curriculum in a personalized way at their own pace, which is also aligned to their individual plan of study. Students progress or advance by demonstrating mastery when they are ready, not based on seat time or calendars

Competencies themselves are often broadly stated and may include groups of related standards within and between subject areas, resulting in an instructional learning environment that does not focus on teaching singular skills. This, in turn, provides for a variety of opportunities for students to demonstrate their learning in ways that are meaningful and relevant to them by exploring passions and asking their own questions as problem-solving prompts. To accomplish this, each student receives the differentiated support he or she needs to be successful and, after demonstrating mastery on his or her schedule, moves on to the next level.

This resource and accompanying guidance seeks to provide you and your leadership team with the foundation for planning and implementing a competency-based curriculum, instruction and assessment model for your school district, Pre-K-12, that will focus on rigor, accountability and an unwavering commitment to personalizing learning for students.



#### **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

**AFNR** Information Technology Agriculture, Foods and IT Natural Resources Law, Public Safety, **LPSCS** AC Architecture and Corrections and Security Construction Media Arts MA BC **Business Career** MATH Math **BC.BMAE** Business Management, Manufacturing **MNFR** Administration and Entrepreneurship MUS Music BC.F Finance PE Physical Education Marketing BC.M SCI Science DNC Dance SCI.ESS Earth and Space Science Family and Consumer **FACS** SCI.LS Life Science Sciences SCI.PS Physical Science ELA English Language Arts SECD Social-Emotional Character **ENG** Engineering Development Health and Biosciences HB **STM** STEAM HE Health THR Theatre History, Government and HGSS Transportation TRAN Social Studies WL World Languages HUM Humanities VA Visual Arts

#### **Grade Bands:**

PreK to 2nd grade IM 3rd to 5th grade 6th to 8th grade MS HS 9th to 12th grade

# GRADE BAND 3-5

# ELA

| <b>ELA Classification</b> | COMPETENCY  | CODE        | STANDARDS                    |
|---------------------------|---|-------------|------------------------------|
| Writing                   | A successful student can:   |             |                              |
| -                         | <ul> <li>Priority: Communicate their opinions in writing and give reasons and information to support their<br/>point of view.</li> </ul>  | ELA.IM.1.1  | W 3.1, W 4.1, W 5.1          |
|                           | Priority: Write to inform/explain and express themselves clearly.   | ELA.IM.1.2  | W 3.2, W 4.2, W 5.2          |
|                           | • Priority: Narrate real or imagined events by describing details and in a clear sequence.  | ELA.IM.1.3  | W 3.3, W 4.3, W 5.3          |
| Speaking and<br>Listening | A successful student can:   |             |                              |
| · ·                       | Priority: Engage effectively in discussions with diverse partners.  | ELA.IM. 2.1 | SL 3.1, SL 4.1, SL 5.1       |
|                           | • Extended: Speak clearly and understandably, in an organized manner, and give pertinent details while orally reporting on a topic, telling a story or sharing about an experience. | ELA.IM. 2.2 | SL 4.4                       |
| Reading Literature        | A successful student can:   |             |                              |
|                           | • Priority: Ask and answer questions, draw inferences and refer to details and examples in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text.   | ELA.IM.3.1  | RL 3.1, RL 4.1, RL 5.1       |
|                           | • <b>Priority</b> : Determine the central message, moral or theme and be able to form a summary of the text.  | ELA.IM.3.2  | RL 3.2, RL 4.2, RL 5.2       |
|                           | • <b>Priority</b> : Compare and contrast the point of view of narrators or speakers in a text and its impact on the text.   | ELA.IM.3.3  | RL 4.6, RL 5.6               |
|                           | • Priority: Read and comprehend high-quality prose and poetry on grade level.   | ELA.IM.3.4  | RL 3.13, RL 4.13, RL<br>5.13 |
|                           | • Extended: Compare and contrast the treatment of similar themes and topics and patterns and events in multicultural literature.  | ELA.IM.3.5  | RL 4.9                       |



| <b>ELA Classification</b> | COMPETENCY   | CODE       | STANDARDS                    |
|---------------------------|--|------------|------------------------------|
| Reading                   |  |            |                              |
| Informational Text        | A successful student can:  |            |                              |
|                           | • Priority: Refer to the text when explaining and inferring to demonstrate understanding of the text.                                | ELA.IM.4.1 | RI 3.1, RI 4.1, RI 5.1       |
|                           | • <b>Priority</b> : Explain relationships or interactions based on specific information in historical, scientific or technical text. | ELA.IM.4.2 | RI 3.2, RI 4.2               |
|                           | • Priority: Integrate information from multiple texts to write or speak about a subject knowledgeably.                               | ELA.IM.4.3 | RI 3.9, RI 5.9               |
|                           | Priority: Read and comprehend grade-level informational text.  | ELA.IM.4.4 | RI 3.13, RI 4.13, RI<br>5.13 |
|                           | • Extended: Explain relationships or interactions based on specific information in historical, scientific or technical text.         | ELA.IM.4.5 | RI 5.3                       |
|                           | • Extended: Describe the overall structure of events, ideas, concepts or information in text.  | ELA.IM.4.6 | RI 4.5                       |
|                           | • Extended: Compare and contrast multiple accounts of an event or topic.   | ELA.IM.4.7 | RI 4.6, RI 5.6               |
|                           | • Priority: Apply knowledge of affixes, syllabication Latin roots and phonics to decode unknown words.                               | ELA.IM.5.1 | RF 3.3, RF 4.3, RF 5.3       |

# HGSS

| <b>HGSS Classification</b>           | COMPETENCY  | CODE        | STANDARDS                      |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------|--------------------------------|
| History:                             | A successful student can:   |             |                                |
| Societies                            | <ul> <li>Priority: Use distinctions among facts and opinions of the same event and draw<br/>conclusions about how choices have consequences.</li> </ul>   | HGSS.IM.1.1 | Standard 3, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4 |
|                                      | • Extended: Gather relevant information from multiple sources to acquire and organize information describing relationships between historical and contemporary events.  | HGSS,IM.1.2 | Standard 3, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4 |
| Choices Have<br>Consequences         | • <b>Priority</b> : Use distinctions among fact and opinion of the same event and draw conclusions about how choices have consequences.   | HGSS.IM.2.1 | Standard 1, 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4 |
|                                      | • Extended: Use distinctions among facts and opinions from multiple sources in response to compelling questions to investigate and connect examples of choices and consequences with contemporary issues.   | HGSS.IM.2.2 | Standard 1, 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4 |
| Civics and                           |   |             |                                |
| Government:                          | A successful student can:   |             |                                |
| Rights and<br>Responsibilities       | <ul> <li>Priority: Distinguish the responsibilities and powers of government to explain how<br/>rules are created and recognize the responsibility of citizens in that society.</li> </ul>  | HGSS.IM.3.1 | Standard 2, 2.4, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 |
|                                      | • Extended: Use a range of democratic procedures to identify common problems or needs within a school/community to draw conclusions and evaluate the rights and responsibilities of people living in societies.   | HGSS.IM.3.2 | Standard 2, 2.4, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 |
| Geography<br>(Dynamic Relationships) | <ul> <li>Priority: Use geographic information to observe, explore and compare human and<br/>physical characteristics of the community/region to analyze continuity and change<br/>over time.</li> </ul>   | HGSS.IM.4.1 | Standard 5, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 |
| Economics:                           | A successful student can:   |             |                                |
| Continuity and Change<br>Over Time   | • Extended: Use geographic information to investigate and connect dynamic relationships of human and physical characteristics to contemporary issues.   | HGSS.IM.4.2 | Standard 5, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 |
|                                      | • Priority: Analyze multiple sources of economic information to demonstrate good economic decision-making skills and analyze and draw conclusions about continuity and change over time.  | HGSS.IM.5.1 | Standard 4, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 |
|                                      | • Extended: Analyze multiple sources of economic information to explain the characteristics of a market economy and the impact of opportunity costs and benefits on individuals and communities to connect continuity and change to a contemporary issue. | HGSS.IM.5.2 | Standard 4, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 |



## **Mathematics**

| <b>Mathematics Classification</b>     | COMPETENCY   | CODE        | STANDARD  |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------------|---|
| Operations and Algebraic Thinking:    | A successful student can: • Priority: Generate, analyze and explain numerical patterns and relationships.  |             | 3.OA.5, 6, 4.OA.4,<br>4.OA.5  |
| Numbers and Operations in Base 10     | • Required Fluency, A successful student can:  |             |   |
|                                       | • <b>Priority</b> : Fluently add, subtract, multiply and divide multidigit numbers.  |             | 3.OA.7, 4.NBT.4,<br>5.NBT.5   |
|                                       | <ul> <li>Priority: Explain and make generalizations about the patterns in a place value<br/>system, use this understanding and the properties of operations to perform single<br/>and multidigit arithmetic, including whole numbers and decimals, and understand<br/>how concepts of area, perimeter and volume relate to multiplication and addition.</li> </ul> |             | 3.OA.1, 2, 3, 4,<br>3.OA.7, 3.NBT.1,<br>2, 3, 3.MD.6, 7,<br>8, 9, 4.OA. 1, 2,<br>3, 4.NBT.1, 2, 3,<br>4.NBT. 4, 5, 6,<br>5.OA.1, 2, 5.NBT.1,<br>2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,<br>5.MD.3, 4, 5 |
| Numbers and Operations -<br>Fractions | • <b>Priority</b> : Demonstrate an understanding of fractions (concepts of fractional/decimal parts, estimating, equivalency, ordering) and all four operations with fractions by applying understandings of whole numbers through the use of visual models to represent and explain concepts.   |             | 3.NF.1, 2, 3,<br>4.NF.1, 2, 4.NF.3,<br>4, 5, 6, 7, 4.NF.<br>5.NF.1, 2, 5.NF.3,<br>4, 5, 6, 7  |
| Measurement and Data                  | • <b>Priority</b> : Demonstrate an understanding of measurement concepts (time, length, and/or money) by constructing reasonable estimates and solving problems involving all four operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication and division).  | MATH.IM.4.1 | 3.MD.1, 2, 3,<br>3.MD.6, 7, 8, 9,<br>4.MD.1, 2, 3,<br>5.MD.1  |
|                                       | • <b>Priority</b> : Collect, represent and interpret data with multiple categories and solve problems using the data.  | MATH.IM.4.2 | 3.MD.4, 5, 4.MD.4,<br>5.MD.2  |

| Mathematics Classification                            | COMPETENCY  | CODE        | STANDARD  |
|---|---|-------------|---|
| Geometry  | A successful student can:   |             |   |
|   | <ul> <li>Priority: Create, identify and distinguish between lines, angles and shapes based or<br/>their properties and defining attributes using a coordinate plane.</li> </ul> | MATH.IM.5.1 | 3.MD 9, 3.G.1, 2,<br>4.G.1, 2, 3, 5.G.1,<br>2, 5.G.3, 4 |
| Problem-Solving, Modeling and Communicating Reasoning | • Demonstrate the ability to use the eight mathematical practices fluidly across skills and concepts:   |             |   |
|   | <ol> <li>Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.</li> <li>Reason abstractly and quantitatively.</li> </ol>  |             |   |
|   | <ul><li>3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.</li><li>4. Model with mathematics.</li></ul>  |             |   |
|   | 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.   |             |   |
|   | <ul><li>6. Attend to precision.</li><li>7. Look for and make use of structure.</li></ul>  |             |   |
|   | 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.   |             |   |



## **Science**

| Science Classification              | COMPETENCY   | CODE          | STANDARD   |
|-------------------------------------|--|---------------|--|
| Engineering Design:                 | A successful student can:  |               |  |
|                                     | • <b>Priority</b> : Demonstrate proficiency with engineering skills by using the Engineering Design Process to explore and test possible solutions to a problem with limited materials and resources (constraints) and specific criteria in mind.  | SCI.IM.1.1    | 3-5-ETS1-1,<br>3-5-ETS1-2,<br>3-5-ETS1-3                                     |
| Physical Science:                   | A successful student can:  |               |  |
| Structures and Properties of Matter | • <b>Priority</b> : Explore how any type of matter can be divided into small particles too small to be seen, but still exist and how measurements of properties can be used to identify materials, even when mixed or changed.   | SCI.PS.IM.2.1 | 5-PS1-1, 5-PS1-<br>2, 5-PS1-3,<br>5-PS1-4                                    |
| Chemical Reactions                  | • Extended: Investigate the mixing of two or more different substances and how a new substance with different properties is formed, and when substances are heated, cooled or mixed, the total weight of the substance does not change.  | SCI.PS.IM.2.2 | 5-PS1-2, 5-PS1-<br>4   |
| Forces and Interactions             | • <b>Priority</b> : Explore how forces act on objects with strength and direction and can be measured. A successful student can explore how electric and magnetic forces affect objects within contact or not in contact at all, and how the gravitational force of the Earth pulls objects.   | SCI.PS.IM.2.3 | 3-PS2-1, 3-PS2-<br>2, 3-PS2-3,<br>3-PS2-4, 5-PS2-<br>1                       |
| Energy                              | • <b>Priority</b> : Explore the relationships between energy and objects, sound, light and heat. Successful students can explore the production, transference and transformation of energy. Students will explore the ways that energy and fuel are derived from natural sources and how use of that energy and fuel affect the environment. | SCI.PS.IM.2.4 | 4-PS3-1, 4-PS3-<br>2, 4-PS3-3,<br>4-PS3-4, 4-PS4-<br>2, 4-ESS3-1,<br>5-PS3-1 |
| Waves                               | • Extended: Explore the relationships between movement of water and the creation of waves. The student will investigate how digitized information is transmitted between devices and how light reflection is processed by the eye to make sense of an object.  | SCI.PS.IM.2.5 | 4-PS4-1, 4-PS4-<br>2, 4-PS4-3  |

| Science Classification                           | COMPETENCY  | CODE          | STANDARD  |
|--|---|---------------|---|
| Life Science:                                    | A successful student can:   |               |   |
| Structure and Function                           | <ul> <li>Priority: Explore how light reflection is processed by the eye to make sense of an object. The successful student can investigate how plants and animals use internal and external structures to aid in growth, survival, behavior and reproduction. Successful students can explore how animals use their perceptions, memories and senses to guide their actions.</li> </ul>                                     | SCI.LS.IM.3.1 | 4-LS1-1, 4-LS1-<br>2, 4-PS4-2                           |
| Matter and Energy in<br>Organisms and Ecosystems | <ul> <li>Priority: Explore the connections between energy, the sun, plants, air, water, organisms,<br/>fungi, bacteria and decomposers. Successful students can explore the interdependence of<br/>ecosystems, the web of life, healthy organisms and the environment.</li> </ul>   | SCI.LS.IM.3.2 | 5-LS1-1, 5-LS2-<br>1, 5-PS3-1                           |
| Interdependent<br>Relationships in Ecosystems    | • Priority: Explore how being part of a group helps animals obtain food, defend themselves, cope with changes and survive in a variety of habitats. Successful students can explore how fossils provide evidence about organisms and how some plants and animals are no longer found on Earth.  | SCI.LS.IM.3.3 | 3-LS2-1, 3-LS4-<br>1, 3-LS4-3,<br>3-LS4-4               |
| Inheritance and Variation of<br>Traits           | <ul> <li>Priority: Explore how reproduction is essential to the continued existence of every kind of<br/>organism and how plants and animals inherit characteristics from their parents and other<br/>characteristics are the result of the environment.</li> </ul>   | SCI.LS.IM.3.4 | 3-LS1-1,<br>3-LS3-1,<br>3-LS3-2,<br>3-LS4-2             |
| Natural Selection and Evolution                  | • Extended: All standards are embedded in other competencies.) Explore how reproduction is essential to the continued existence of every kind of organism. Successful students can explore life cycles of plants and animals and how many characteristics are inherited from parents. Successful students can explore how species survive or do not survive and how fossils provide evidence about organisms from long ago. | SCI.LS.IM.3.5 | 3-LS3-1,<br>3-LS4-1,<br>3-LS4-2,<br>3-LS4-3,<br>3-LS4-4 |



| Science Classification | COMPETENCY   | CODE               | STANDARD  |
|------------------------|--|--------------------|---|
| Earth and Space:       | A successful student can:  |                    |   |
| Space System           | • Extended: Explore patterns of day and night, shadows and positions of the sun, moon and stars throughout a day, month and year and how these patterns are affected by orbits and rotations of the moon around Earth and the Earth around the sun.  | SCI.ESS.<br>IM.4.1 | 5-ESS1-1,<br>5-ESS1-2,<br>5-PS2-1               |
| History of Earth       | • Extended: Explore how rock formations reveal information about the presence of Earth forces and the order in which rock layers were formed.  | SCI.ESS.<br>IM.4.2 | 4-ESS1-1  |
| Weather and Climate    | • <b>Priority</b> : Explore how scientists use weather patterns to make predictions and how climate and rainfall help shape the land and affect the types of living things found in a region.  | SCI.ESS.<br>IM.4.3 | 3-ESS2-1,<br>3-ESS2-2,<br>4-ESS2-1              |
| Earth's Systems        | • <b>Priority</b> : Explore how rock, soil, water, ice, air and humans interact in multiple ways to affect Earth's surface materials and processes. Successful students can further explore how weather patterns are influenced by the interaction of wind and clouds with landforms. Successful students can further explore Earth's salt and freshwater resources and the volcanoes and earthquake patterns and occurrences. | SCI.ESS.<br>IM.4.4 | 4-ESS2-1,<br>4-ESS2-2,<br>5-ESS2-1,<br>5-ESS2-2 |
| Human Sustainability   | • <b>Priority</b> : Explore how humans interact with natural hazards, natural energy and fuel resources, and how their activities in agriculture, industry and everyday life impact land, vegetation, streams, oceans, air and outer space. Successful students can explore actions that help protect Earth's resources and environment.   | SCI.ESS.<br>IM.4.5 | 3-ESS3-1,<br>4-ESS3-1,<br>4-ESS3-2,<br>5-ESS3-1 |

# Measuring Social-Emotional Character Development

Social-emotional character development (SECD) is paramount to student learning and school improvement. When students are supported to enhance their social and emotional learning (SEL) skills, they also improve their academic and career outcomes.<sup>1</sup>

#### SECD + SEL = SEG

SECD are the Social Emotional Character Development standards for Kansas schools. SEL is the process by which children and adults learn how to understand and manage emotions, develop care and concern for others, set and achieve positive goals, and make responsible decisions. Together SECD and SEL result in SEG, social emotional growth.

Kansas schools have started to develop and track students' social and emotional learning as an indicator of student success within accountability models. In Kansas K-12 education, SECD is embedded into the Kansas Education Systems Accreditation (KESA) and Kansas School Redesign. The following information can help guide Kansas schools as they seek ways to measure that growth.

### **SEL** is Strengths Based

SEL assessment requires a strengths-based approach: that is, assessment focuses on knowledge and use of skills that are actively taught and supported in the school setting. These SEG measures and the goal of assessment is distinct from screening for risk for mental and behavioral health needs. A strengths-based approach proactively builds on the strengths and skills individuals possess to foster further development of competencies, just as educators do for any other academic content area. In parallel, the assessment of adult-driven SEL practices

must be strengths based, focusing on methods for being proactive in holistically supporting young people's social, emotional, and academic development.

Assessment of social and emotional competencies helps paint a fuller picture of youth's capabilities and needs, while assessment of adult SE competencies and practices, as well as school climate and culture, paint a fuller picture of the support youth are given to gain and express these competencies. As widespread implementation of SEL practices gains traction, SEL data are increasingly available in multiple forms. Available data speak to culture and climate of settings, effective implementation of SEL programs and practices, and growth in individuals' development of social and emotional competencies.<sup>2</sup>

Farrington et al.

<sup>2012;</sup> Gayl, 2017; Heckman, 2008; West et al.

<sup>2016).</sup> These skills may also be malleable and amenable to intervention (Durlak, Weissberg, Dymnicki, Taylor, and Schellinger, 2011; What Works Clearinghouse, 2007

Measuring SEL, CASEL 2019

# GRADE BAND

#### Data and Measuring SECD

Regarding data, Kansas school communities are encouraged to:<sup>3</sup>

- Be proficient in collecting, interpreting and analyzing data;
- Utilize multiple measures;
- Implement programs that are evidenced based:
- Become aware of all the sources of data available; and
- Be able to show how intentional interventions increase skill acquisition.

Schools should capitalize on their local experts, such as counselors, social workers, school psychologists, and early childhood educators, who are uniquely trained in social emotional development and the impact of community context in nurturing development. These professionals are positioned to help educational communities build capacity in adult SEL competencies, teaching, and measuring SECD.

# Three Types of Collectable Data

There are essentially three types of increasingly rigorous SECD data that schools may collect: Process Data, Perception Data, and Outcome Data.

# **PROCESS DATA:** What was done for whom?

- Evidence that the social emotional learning lessons occurred:
- How the social emotional learning lesson or activity was conducted;
- How many students were involved in core lessons (Tier 1);
- How many students also received Tier 2 or Tier 3 intervention

Examples of process data:

- 33 staff were trained in the ABC SEL curriculum
- 3 lessons on bullying were taught in every class, 6-8th grade;
- 98% of key elements on the lesson plan were addressed (good fidelity of implementation);
- 201 of 204 students participated in the core lesson(s) and 3 were absent;
- 15 students participated in small group assertive skills intervention as well;
- 5 students participated in Cognitive Behavioral Intervention for Trauma in Schools (CBITS)

**PERCEPTION DATA:** What do people think they know, believe or can do? How do they feel their environment supports or impedes them?

- Measures perception of climate and culture;
- Measures what students or adults are perceived to have gained in knowledge, skills, attitudes or beliefs

Examples of perception data:

- 89% of students reported seeing bullying at school on the Kansas Communities That Care Survey;
- 78% of students said that adults do "nothing" or "I'm not certain" in response to bullying;
- After training, 92% of teachers said they felt confident delivering the curriculum;
- After the bullying lessons, 69% of students believed they could implement one strategy to combat bullying (student perception, belief);
- After the bullying lessons, 95% of students said bullying is unacceptable (attitude);
- After assertive skills lessons, 89%
   of teachers felt that students were
   implementing strategies to be upstanders
   and reduce bullying (teacher perception of
   student skills);
- After teaching conflict resolution lessons, 78% of teachers said they were more likely to address conflict and potential bullying situations (teacher perception of adult skills);

**OUTCOME DATA:** What is the impact on development, learning and wellbeing? Are we seeing growth in knowledge and performance/behaviors?

- Demonstrates a change in knowledge and/or skill in action;
- Demonstrates whether the program has/has not impacted the student's ability to utilize new knowledge, attitudes, behaviors, skills;
- Demonstrates whether or not change has occurred in climate and culture

Examples of Outcome data:

- Immediate Examples (pre/post):
- Before the bullying lessons 56% of students could correctly report
  the signs of bullying and after the bullying lessons, 98% of students
  correctly reported the signs of bullying (demonstrated knowledge
  increase);
- After the bullying lessons, 95% of students effectively demonstrated one strategy to address bullying (skill performance);

Intermediate Examples (quarter/semester/year):

- "Before the bullying lessons 50 cases of bullying were reported for the quarter; after the lessons, there were only 10 cases for the quarter."
- 82% of staff showed growth on the Adult SE Competency Self-Assessment from first to second semester.
- Long-range Examples (showing impact over time, i.e. CORE data):
- "On the Kansas Communities That Care survey, 20% fewer students reported witnessing bullying this year over last year. This correlated with decreases in depression and not feeling safe at school, and an increase in average GPA for these grade levels."

# Measuring Growth: Three Key Categories of SECD Data

Social emotional growth (SEG) results from the interplay of (a) proactive teaching and learning of social emotional skills and competencies, (b) a supportive culture and climate, and (c) a clear improvement cycle used by schools. We can teach skills, but if the culture allows little opportunity for practice throughout the day, and the climate is negative and deficit-focused or we ignore addressing mental health concerns, those skills may be difficult for students to put into action. Therefore, these three key categories of SECD Data are recommended when developing a robust approach to measuring SEG locally:

- 1. **VALIDATED STRENGTHS-BASED MEASURES**. For example, these often come with an evidence-based Social Emotional Learning curriculum to show attainment of knowledge, skills and behaviors that are being taught. These measures are usually either in the form of *perception data* or *outcome data* focused on knowledge or performance of skills/behavior.
- 2. **CULTURE AND CLIMATE**. Validated School Climate Data. For example, the Kansas Communities That Care survey obtains student perception data about school climate; likewise, the Kansas Family Engagement Survey obtains caregiver *perception data* about school climate. School Culture Data is often represented by "On-Track" Indicators such as: attendance, office discipline referrals and suspensions/expulsions, and course grades. Evidence of strong implementation of SEL curriculum may also be considered in this category.
- 3. **CLEAR IMPROVEMENT CYCLE DATA**. A responsive school has a consistent, system-wide process for reviewing Strengths-based Skill Measures against Culture and Climate data while screening for risk to get students additional supports they may need. A clear improvement cycle results in adaptations at the individual level to support students in need, and adjustments at the systems level to ensure a healthy culture and climate that fosters equity, learning and wellbeing.



Here is a listing of commonly collected SECD data sources and how they may relate to these three key categories.

| COMMONLY COLLECTED DATA <sup>4</sup>                              | SOURCES AND CATEGORY  | CATEGORY                |
|---|---|-------------------------|
| SECD/SEL skill mastery  | Self, Teacher, Parent, Peer or Observer Rating or Other Assessment Tools commonly provided in evidence-based SEL curricula and programs | Strengths-based Measure |
| SEL Fidelity of<br>Implementation and Adult<br>Competencies tools |   | Culture and climate     |
| Absenteeism   | School records  | Culture and climate     |
| Retention in grade  | School records  | Culture and climate     |
| Suspensions,<br>Office Discipline Referrals                       |   | Culture and climate     |
| Grades,<br>Academic performance                                   |   | Culture and climate     |
| School climate perceptions  | Kansas Communities That Care Survey (KCTC), Family Engagement Survey (FES) or other student, family and/or staff survey                 | Culture and climate     |
| School engagement   | School Surveys or Tools, such as the KCTC or Psychological Sense of School Membership Scale (PSSM)                                      | Culture and climate     |
| Behavioral or<br>mental health risk                               |   | Clear improvement cycle |

<sup>4</sup> Adapted from Hanover Research, 2018.

## **Measuring Employability Skills**

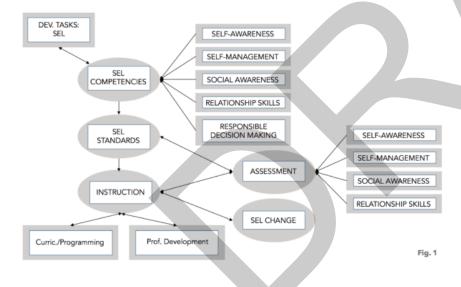
It is important that schools and districts measure the essential employability skills and knowledge that students gain from Work-Based Learning (WBL) experiences and give students an opportunity to document and reflect on their learning. The assessment and reflection process is critical in that it:

- Helps students make personal connections to their experiences.
- Guides the learning process and deepens/extends the learning from the WBL experience.
- Allows students to see how academic and technical skills are applied in authentic settings.
- Provides a tool for students to self-assess their employability skills and areas of improvement.
- Promotes the need for and completion of postsecondary training.

Additionally, measurement of student learning from WBL experiences provides schools and districts with data that inform continuous improvement of the quality of WBL experiences for all students. Schools and districts can use this data for multiple purposes aimed at improving the system at all levels. This includes measuring graduating students' career readiness; systematically determining gaps in employability skills acquisition to improve WBL experiences and academics at the student level and/or schoolwide; and reviewing the quality of WBL experiences across individual business and industry partners.

Please find the complete guide to measuring employability and work-based learning at: Measuring Employability Skills.5

How Assessing SECD/SEL Flows with the Overall SECD/SEL Program<sup>6</sup>





#### Resources

The following resources align with the State Board Goal of "Measuring SECD/SEL Locally" and provide examples of how to collect SECD/SEL data at the district, building and student levels.

#### Measuring SECD Toolkit<sup>7</sup>

This document summarizes examples of how to collect and utilize SECD data to drive decision making. Please check back closer to the beginning of school as it will be revised and posted.

#### Kansas Communities That Care Survey 8

The Kansas Communities That Care (KCTC) is the best tool for assessing student perceptions around SEL and all Kansas schools are encouraged to utilize it.

#### Assessment Guide for SEL (CASEL)9

CASEL is the preeminent authority for developing, implementing and measuring SEL.

#### Measuring Employability Skills<sup>5</sup>

For the first time KSDE has developed a document that helps schools learn how to assess and measure student employability and work-based learning skills.

## <u>Likert Scale for SECD Student Growth</u> <u>Measure</u><sup>10</sup>

An example of how to measure individual student SECD skills.

## Reflecting on Adult SE Competencies Personal Assessment and Reflection Tool 11

This tool from CASEL provides a framework and process for staff to reflect on their own social and emotional growth.

#### Trauma-informed Toolkit<sup>12</sup>

This toolkit will help schools address trauma experienced by student, staff and families as a result of the current pandemic crisis.

Trauma, Toxic Stress, and Caregiver Well-Being: Practices for Fostering Resilience in Children/Youth and Caregivers (TASN)<sup>13</sup>
This TASN document addresses how to provide assistance for trauma, toxic stress, resilience and caregiver wellbeing.

#### KSDE/TASN Suicide Prevention/Response/ Postvention Toolkit<sup>14</sup>

Teen suicide has been an issue for Kansas schools and as a result of the current crisis has become even more so. This is a comprehensive guide for schools in how to deal with suicidal ideation.

#### National Center for School Crisis and Bereavement<sup>15</sup>

The current crisis has compounded the issues of grief and bereavement, both from typical social-emotional perspectives (i.e. student/family death) but also from current crisis perspectives (i.e. family loss of jobs, student/family displacement etc. This site addresses the many components and levels of crisis, grief and bereavement.

## <u>Kansans Can Competency Framework<sup>16</sup></u> offers numerous free tools and resources.

 PreK-12 College and Career Competency Sequence<sup>17</sup>

- 7 https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/CSAS/Content%20Area%20(M-Z)/School%20Counseling/Soc\_Emot\_Char\_Dev/Measuring%20SECD%20Toolkit.pdf?ver=2017-02-16-094209-983
- 8 <a href="http://kctcdata.org/">http://kctcdata.org/</a>
- 9 <u>https://measuringsel.casel.org/access-assessment-guide/</u>
- 10 https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/CSAS/Content%20Area%20(M-Z)/School%20Counseling/Soc\_Emot\_Char\_Dev/Likert%20Scale%20for%20SECD%20Student%20Growth%20Measure.pdf?ver=2015-02-24-121600-343
- 11 https://schoolguide.casel.org/focus-area-2/learn/reflecting-on-personal-sel-skills/
- 12 <a href="https://www.transformingeducation.org/trauma-informed-sel-toolkit/">https://www.transformingeducation.org/trauma-informed-sel-toolkit/</a>
- 13 https://ksdetasn.org/smhi
- 14 https://www.ksde.org/Agency/Division-of-Learning-Services/Student-Staff-Training/Prevention-and-Responsive-Culture/Suicide-Awareness-and-Prevention/Kansas-Suicide-Prevention-Response-and-Postvention-Toolkit
- 15 https://www.schoolcrisiscenter.org/
- 16 <a href="http://www.cccframework.org/">http://www.cccframework.org/</a>
- 17 <u>https://ksdetasn.org/competency/prek-12-kansas-competency-sequence</u>

## **SECD**

| SECD Classification                             | COMPETENCY   | CODE        |
|---|--|-------------|
| Character Development:                          | A successful student can:  |             |
| Core Principles                                 | • Interpret ethical reasoning through discussion of individual and community, assesses positive responsible action and reflects on personal involvement.   | SECD.IM.1.1 |
|   | • Explain and demonstrate clear and consistent expectations of good character throughout all school activities and in all areas of the school.   | SECD.IM.1.2 |
|   | <ul> <li>Demonstrate and practice characteristics of caring and empathic relationships with family, school and<br/>community and recognizes hurtful relationships and the impact they have on others.</li> </ul> | SECD.IM.1.3 |
|   | • Demonstrate respectful communication skills, including active listening and empathy, in person and through multiple media.   | SECD.IM.1.4 |
|   | • Differentiate between bullying, teasing and harassment by explaining how power, control, popularity, security and fear play into bullying behavior toward others.  | SECD.IM.1.5 |
|   | • Describe the role of students in instances of bullying (bystanders, "upstanders," students who bully, targets of bullying).  | SECD.IM.1.6 |
|   | • Recognize and model how a bystander can be part of the problem or solution, and how certain behaviors can have unintended consequences.  | SECD.IM.1.7 |
| Responsible Decision-Making and Problem-Solving | Compare and contrast safe and unsafe situations.   | SECD.IM.2.1 |
|   | • Identify choices made and the consequences of those choices, including consequences of inappropriate behavior.   | SECD.IM.2.2 |
|   | Create a daily schedule of school work and activities.   | SECD.IM.2.3 |
|   | • Identify factors that inhibit or advance the accomplishment of personal goals.   | SECD.IM.2.4 |
|   | Recognize how, when and who to ask for help.   | SECD.IM.2.5 |
|   | • Identify and organize what materials are needed to be prepared for class.  | SECD.IM.2.6 |
|   | Apply self-regulation skills.  | SECD.IM.2.7 |
|   | • Identify, demonstrate and analyze problem-solving processes.   | SECD.IM.2.8 |



| SECD Classification   | COMPETENCY   | CODE             |
|-----------------------|--|------------------|
| Personal Development: | A successful student can:  |                  |
| Self-Awareness        | Describe behavioral responses depending on context and situation.  | SECD.IM.3.1      |
|                       | • Identify the varying degrees of emotions one can experience in different situations and recognize reactions to emotions.                               | SECD.IM.3.2      |
|                       | • Describe, identify and practice the benefits of various personal qualities (for example, personal strengths, weaknesses, interests and abilities).     | SECD.IM.3.3      |
|                       | • Identify reliable self-help strategies (for example, positive self-talk, problem-solving, time management, self-monitoring).                           | SECD.IM.3.4      |
|                       | • Solicit the feedback of others and become an active listener.  | SECD.IM.3.5      |
|                       | • Identify additional external supports (for example, friends, historical figures, media representations).   | SECD.IM.3.6      |
| Self-Management       | Identify and develop techniques to manage emotions.  | SECD.IM.4.1      |
|                       | Describe cause/effect relationships and distinguish between facts and opinions.  | SECD.IM.4.2      |
|                       | • Identify and demonstrate civic responsibilities in a variety of situations (for example, bullying, vandalism and violence).                            | SECD.IM.4.3      |
|                       | Predict possible outcomes to behavioral choices  | SECD.IM.4.4      |
|                       | Develop and practice responsibility for personal hygiene.  | SECD.IM.4.5      |
|                       | Acknowledge and recognize responsibilities in school, home and community, including environmental.   | SECD.IM.4.6      |
|                       | • Examine the personal impact of helping others.   | SECD.IM.4.7      |
|                       | • Reflect on personal responses to success, challenge, failure and disappointment and understand the cause and effect of impulsive behavior.             | SECD.IM.4.8      |
|                       | • Identify and utilize potential resources and demonstrate factors that lead to achievement of goals (for example, integrity, motivation and hard work). | SECD.IM.4.9      |
|                       | Demonstrate and design an action plan for achieving, evaluating and monitoring personal, school and home goals.  | SECD.<br>IM.4.10 |

| SECD Classification  | COMPETENCY   | CODE        |
|----------------------|--|-------------|
| Social Development:  | A successful student can:  |             |
| Social Awareness     | • Describe a range of emotions in others based on verbal and nonverbal cues in different situations.   | SECD.IM.5.1 |
|                      | Use "i statements" to let others know that they have heard them.   | SECD.IM.5.2 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Develop strategies for building relationships, including recognizing and developing a respect for individual<br/>similarities and differences.</li> </ul>                                       | SECD.IM.5.3 |
|                      | Demonstrate respect for the perspectives of others.  | SECD.IM.5.4 |
| Interpersonal Skills | <ul> <li>Describe how words, voice tone and body language communicate and impact relationships positively and<br/>negatively and respond appropriately and respectfully in social situations.</li> </ul> | SECD.IM.6.1 |
|                      | Practice refusal skills for protection in unsafe situations.   | SECD.IM.6.2 |
|                      | • Recognize differences in communication practices in face-to-face interactions from social media interactions.  | SECD.IM.6.3 |
|                      | • Recognize characteristics of healthy and unhealthy relationships, including the impact of peer pressure.   | SECD.IM.6.4 |
|                      | • Demonstrate a capacity to manage actions and emotional expressions with guidance from adults.  | SECD.IM.6.5 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Describe, utilize and apply conflict resolution strategies to be proactive, advocate and resolve conflict in a<br/>constructive manner.</li> </ul>  | SECD.IM.6.6 |



### **Humanities**

Academic subject areas that describe, study or inform the human experience, which includes, but is not limited to, literature, history, philosophy, visual arts and performing arts.

| Humanities     |   |             |                            |
|----------------|---|-------------|----------------------------|
| Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE        | STANDARD                   |
| ELA            | A successful student can:   |             |                            |
|                | • Communicate his or her opinions in writing and give reasons and information to support his or her point of view.  | ELA.IM.1.1  | W 3.1 W 4.1<br>W 5.1       |
|                | Can write to inform/explain and express himself or herself clearly.   | ELA.IM.1.2  | W 3.2 W 4.2<br>W 5.2       |
|                | Narrate real or imagined events by describing details and in a clear sequence.  | ELA.IM.1.3  | W 3.3 W 4.3<br>W 5.3       |
|                | Engage effectively in discussions with diverse partners.  | ELA.IM. 2.1 | SL 3.1 SL 4.1<br>SL 5.1    |
|                | • Speak clearly and understandably, in an organized manner, and give pertinent details while orally reporting on a topic, telling a story or sharing about an experience. | ELA.IM. 2.2 | SL 4.4                     |
|                | • Ask and answer questions, draw inferences and refer to details and examples in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text.   | ELA.IM.3.1  | RL 3.1 RL 4.1<br>RL 5.1    |
|                | • Determine the central message, moral or theme and be able to form a summary of the text.  | ELA.IM.3.2  | RL 3.2 RL 4.2<br>RL 5.2    |
|                | • Compare and contrast the point of view of narrators or speakers in a text and its impact on the text.   | ELA.IM.3.3  | RL 4.6 RL 5.6              |
|                | • Read and comprehend high-quality prose and poetry on grade level.   | ELA.IM.3.4  | RL 3.13 RL<br>4.13 RL 5.13 |
|                | • Compare and contrast the treatment of similar themes and topics and patterns and events in multicultural literature.  | ELA.IM.3.5  | RL 4.9                     |

| Humanities     |  |            |                            |
|----------------|--|------------|----------------------------|
| Classification | COMPETENCY   | CODE       | STANDARD                   |
| ELA            | A successful student can:  |            |                            |
|                | • Refer to the text when explaining and inferring to demonstrate understanding of the text.                        | ELA.IM.4.1 | RI 3.1 RI 4.1<br>RI 5.1    |
|                | • Explain relationships or interactions based on specific information in historical, scientific or technical text. | ELA.IM.4.2 | RI 3.2 RI 4.2              |
|                | • Integrate information from multiple texts to write or speak about a subject knowledgeably.                       | ELA.IM.4.3 | RI 3.9 RI 5.9              |
|                | Read and comprehend grade-level informational text.  | ELA.IM.4.4 | RI 3.13 RI 4.13<br>RI 5.13 |
|                | • Explain relationships or interactions based on specific information in historical, scientific or technical text. | ELA.IM.4.5 | RI 5.3                     |
|                | • Describe the overall structure of events, ideas, concepts or information in text.                                | ELA.IM.4.6 | RI 4.5                     |

• Compare and contrast multiple accounts of an event or topic.

ELA.IM.4.7 RI 4.6 RI 5.6



| Humanities     |   |             |  |
|----------------|---|-------------|--|
| Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE        | STANDARD                                       |
| HGSS           | A successful student can:   |             |  |
|                | • Apply knowledge of affixes, syllabication, Latin roots and phonics to decode unknown words.   | ELA.IM.5.1  | RF 3.3 RF 4.3<br>RF 5.3                        |
|                | • Use distinctions among facts and opinions of the same event and draw conclusions about how choices have consequences.   | HGSS.IM.1.1 | Standard 3,<br>Benchmark 3.1,<br>3.2, 3.3, 3.4 |
|                | • Gather relevant information from multiple sources to acquire and organize information describing relationships between historical and contemporary events.  | HGSS.IM.1.2 | Standard 3,<br>Benchmark 3.1,<br>3.2, 3.3, 3.4 |
|                | • Use distinctions among fact and opinion of the same event and draw conclusions about how choices have consequences.   | HGSS.IM.2.1 | Standard 1,<br>Benchmark 1.1,<br>1.2, 1.3, 1.4 |
|                | <ul> <li>Use distinctions among facts and opinions from multiple sources in response to compelling questions to<br/>investigate and connect examples of choices and consequences with contemporary issues.</li> </ul>   | HGSS.IM.2.2 | Standard 1,<br>Benchmark 1.1,<br>1.2, 1.3, 1.4 |
|                | • Distinguish the responsibilities and powers of government to explain how people make rules, which create responsibilities and protect freedoms to recognize and evaluate dynamic relationships.   | HGSS.IM.3.1 | Standard 2,<br>Benchmark 2.4,<br>2.1, 2.2, 2.3 |
|                | • Use a range of democratic procedures to identify common problems or needs within a school/community to draw conclusions and evaluate the rights and responsibilities of people living in societies.   | HGSS.IM.3.2 | Standard 2,<br>Benchmark 2.4,<br>2.1, 2.2, 2.3 |
|                | <ul> <li>Use geographic information to observe, explore and compare human and physical characteristics of the<br/>community/region to analyze continuity and change over time.</li> </ul>   | HGSS.IM.4.1 | Standard 5,<br>Benchmark 5.1,<br>5.2, 5.3, 5.4 |
|                | <ul> <li>Use geographic information to investigate and connect dynamic relationships of human and physical<br/>characteristics to contemporary issues.</li> </ul>   | HGSS.IM.4.2 | Standard 5,<br>Benchmark 5.1,<br>5.2, 5.3, 5.4 |
|                | • Analyze multiple sources of economic information to demonstrate good economic decision-making skills and analyze and draw conclusions about continuity and change over time.  | HGSS.IM.5.1 | Standard 4,<br>Benchmark 4.1,<br>4.2, 4.3, 4.4 |
|                | <ul> <li>Analyze multiple sources of economic information to explain the characteristics of a market economy and the<br/>impact of opportunity costs and benefits on individuals and communities to connect continuity and change to<br/>a contemporary issue.</li> </ul> | HGSS.IM.5.2 | Standard 4,<br>Benchmark<br>4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 |

| Humanities                                      |  |             |
|---|--|-------------|
| Classification                                  | COMPETENCY   | CODE        |
| SECD  |  |             |
| Character Development:                          | A successful student can:  |             |
| Core Principles                                 | • Interpret ethical reasoning through discussion of individual and community, assesses positive responsible action and reflects on personal involvement.                                   | SECD.IM.1.1 |
|   | • Explain and demonstrate clear and consistent expectations of good character throughout all school activities and in all areas of the school.   | SECD.IM.1.2 |
|   | • Demonstrate and practice characteristics of caring and empathic relationships with family, school and community and recognizes hurtful relationships and the impact they have on others. | SECD.IM.1.3 |
|   | • Demonstrate respectful communication skills, including active listening and empathy, in person and through multiple media.   | SECD.IM.1.4 |
|   | • Differentiate between bullying, teasing and harassment by explaining how power, control, popularity, security and fear play into bullying behavior toward others.                        | SECD.IM.1.5 |
|   | • Describe the role of students in instances of bullying (bystanders, "upstanders," students who bully, targets of bullying).  | SECD.IM.1.6 |
|   | • Recognize and model how a bystander can be part of the problem or solution, and how certain behaviors can have unintended consequences.  | SECD.IM.1.7 |
| Responsible Decision-Making and Problem-Solving | Compare and contrast safe and unsafe situations.   | SECD.IM.2.1 |
|   | • Identify choices made and the consequences of those choices, including consequences of inappropriate behavior.   | SECD.IM.2.2 |
|   | Create a daily schedule of school work and activities.   | SECD.IM.2.3 |
|   | • Identify factors that inhibit or advance the accomplishment of personal goals.   | SECD.IM.2.4 |
|   | Recognize how, when and who to ask for help.   | SECD.IM.2.5 |
|   | • Identify and organize what materials are needed to be prepared for class.  | SECD.IM.2.6 |
|   | Apply self-regulation skills.  | SECD.IM.2.7 |
|   | • Identify, demonstrate and analyze problem-solving processes.   | SECD.IM.2.8 |
|   |  |             |



| Humanities            |  |                  |
|-----------------------|--|------------------|
| Classification        | COMPETENCY   | CODE             |
| SECD                  |  |                  |
| Personal Development: | A successful student can:  |                  |
| Self-Awareness        | Describe behavioral responses depending on context and situation.  | SECD.IM.3.1      |
|                       | • Identify the varying degrees of emotions one can experience in different situations and recognize reactions to emotions.                               | SECD.IM.3.2      |
|                       | • Describe, identify and practice the benefits of various personal qualities (for example, personal strengths, weaknesses, interests and abilities).     | SECD.IM.3.3      |
|                       | • Identify reliable self-help strategies (for example, positive self-talk, problem-solving, time management, self-monitoring).                           | SECD.IM.3.4      |
|                       | Solicit the feedback of others and become an active listener.  | SECD.IM.3.5      |
|                       | • Identify additional external supports (for example, friends, historical figures, media representations).   | SECD.IM.3.6      |
| Self-Management       | • Identify and develop techniques to manage emotions.  | SECD.IM.4.1      |
|                       | • Describe cause/effect relationships and distinguish between facts and opinions.  | SECD.IM.4.2      |
|                       | • Identify and demonstrate civic responsibilities in a variety of situations (for example, bullying, vandalism and violence).                            | SECD.IM.4.3      |
|                       | Predict possible outcomes to behavioral choices  | SECD.IM.4.4      |
|                       | Develop and practice responsibility for personal hygiene.  | SECD.IM.4.5      |
|                       | Acknowledge and recognize responsibilities in school, home and community, including environmental.   | SECD.IM.4.6      |
|                       | • Examine the personal impact of helping others.   | SECD.IM.4.7      |
|                       | • Reflect on personal responses to success, challenge, failure and disappointment and understand the cause and effect of impulsive behavior.             | SECD.IM.4.8      |
|                       | • Identify and utilize potential resources and demonstrate factors that lead to achievement of goals (for example, integrity, motivation and hard work). | SECD.IM.4.9      |
|                       | • Demonstrate and design an action plan for achieving, evaluating and monitoring personal, school and home goals.  | SECD.<br>IM.4.10 |

| Humanities           |  |             |
|----------------------|--|-------------|
| Classification       | COMPETENCY   | CODE        |
| SECD                 |  |             |
| Social Development:  | A successful student can:  |             |
| Social Awareness     | • Describe a range of emotions in others based on verbal and nonverbal cues in different situations.   | SECD.IM.5.1 |
|                      | • Use "i statements" to let others know that they have heard them.   | SECD.IM.5.2 |
|                      | • Develop strategies for building relationships, including recognizing and developing a respect for individual similarities and differences.   | SECD.IM.5.3 |
|                      | Demonstrate respect for the perspectives of others.  | SECD.IM.5.4 |
| Interpersonal Skills | <ul> <li>Describe how words, voice tone and body language communicate and impact relationships positively and<br/>negatively and respond appropriately and respectfully in social situations.</li> </ul> | SECD.IM.6.1 |
|                      | Practice refusal skills for protection in unsafe situations.   | SECD.IM.6.2 |
|                      | • Recognize differences in communication practices in face-to-face interactions from social media interactions.  | SECD.IM.6.3 |
|                      | • Recognize characteristics of healthy and unhealthy relationships, including the impact of peer pressure.   | SECD.IM.6.4 |
|                      | • Demonstrate a capacity to manage actions and emotional expressions with guidance from adults.  | SECD.IM.6.5 |
|                      | • Describe, utilize and apply conflict resolution strategies to be proactive, advocate and resolve conflict in a constructive manner.  | SECD.IM.6.6 |



### **STEAM**

Academic subject areas that facilitate inquiry, creation and analysis, which includes, but is not limited to, science, technology, engineering, the arts and mathematics. Arts integration enhances expression, dialogue and critical thinking.

| STEAM          |  |   |
|----------------|--|---|
| Classification | COMPETENCY   | STANDARDS   |
| Mathematics    | A successful student can:  • Generate, analyze and explain numerical patterns and relationships.   | 3.OA.5, 6, 4.OA.4,<br>4.OA.5  |
|                | Fluently add, subtract, multiply and divide multidigit numbers.  | 3.OA.7, 4.NBT.4,<br>5.NBT.5   |
|                | <ul> <li>Explain and make generalizations about the patterns in a place-value system, use this understanding<br/>and the properties of operations to perform single and multidigit arithmetic, including whole<br/>numbers and decimals, and understand how concepts of area, perimeter and volume relate to<br/>multiplication and addition.</li> </ul> | 3.OA.1, 2, 3, 4,<br>3.OA.7, 3.NBT.1,<br>2, 3, 3.MD.6, 7,<br>8, 9, 4.OA. 1,<br>2, 3, 4.NBT.1,<br>2, 3, 4.NBT. 4,<br>5, 6, 5.OA.1, 2,<br>5.NBT.1, 2, 3, 4, 5,<br>6, 7, 5.MD.3, 4, 5 |
|                | Generate, analyze and explain numerical patterns and relationships.  | 3.OA.5, 6, 4.OA.4,<br>4.OA.5  |
|                | <ul> <li>Demonstrate an understanding of fractions (concepts of fractional/decimal parts, estimating,<br/>equivalency, ordering) and all four operations with fractions by applying understandings of whole<br/>numbers through the use of visual models to represent and explain concepts.</li> </ul>   | 3.NF.1, 2, 3,<br>4.NF.1, 2, 4.NF.3,<br>4, 5, 6, 7, 4.NF.<br>5.NF.1, 2, 5.NF.3,<br>4, 5, 6, 7  |
|                | <ul> <li>Demonstrate an understanding of measurement concepts (time, length, and/or money) by<br/>constructing reasonable estimates and solving problems involving all four operations (addition,<br/>subtraction, multiplication and division).</li> </ul>  | 3.MD.1, 2, 3,<br>3.MD.6, 7, 8, 9,<br>4.MD.1, 2, 3,<br>5.MD.1  |
|                | • Collect, represent and interpret data with multiple categories and solve problems using the data.  | 3.MD.4,5, 4.MD.4,<br>5.MD.2   |

CODE

**STANDARDS** 

3.MD 9, 3.G.1, 2, 4.G.1, 2, 3, 5.G.1, 2, 5.G.3, 4

| CIES       | STEAM<br>Classification | COMPETENCY   |
|------------|-------------------------|--|
| Ž<br>W     | Mathematics             | A successful student can:  |
| MPET       |                         | <ul> <li>Create, identify and distinguish between lines, angles and shapes based on their properties and<br/>defining attributes using a coordinate plane.</li> </ul>  |
| $\bigcirc$ |                         | <ul> <li>A successful student can demonstrate the ability to use the eight mathematical practices fluid<br/>across skills and concepts, Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.</li> </ul>           |
| -EAM       |                         | <ul> <li>Reason abstractly and quantitatively.</li> <li>Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.</li> <li>Model with Mathematics.</li> <li>Use appropriate tools strategically.</li> </ul> |
| S          |                         | • Attend to precision.   |

Look for and make use of structure.
Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

| STEAM                 |  |               |   |
|-----------------------|--|---------------|---|
| Classification        | COMPETENCY   | CODE          | STANDARDS   |
| Science               | A successful student can:  |               |   |
| Engineering<br>Design | • <b>Priority</b> : Demonstrate proficiency with engineering skills by using the Engineering Design Process to explore and test possible solutions to a problem with limited materials and resources (constraints) and specific criteria in mind.  | SCI.IM.1.1    | 3-5-ETS1-1, 3-5-<br>ETS1-2, 3-5-ETS1-3                                  |
| Physical Science      | • <b>Priority</b> : Explore how any type of matter can be divided into small particles too small to be seen, but still exist, and how measurements of properties can be used to identify materials, even when mixed or changed.  | SCI.PS.IM.2.1 | 5-PS1-1, 5-PS1-2,<br>5-PS1-3, 5-PS1-4                                   |
|                       | • Extended: Investigate the mixing of two or more different substances and how a new substance with different properties is formed, and when substances are heated, cooled or mixed, the total weight of the substance does not change.  | SCI.PS.IM.2.2 | 5-PS1-2, 5-PS1-4  |
|                       | <ul> <li>Priority: Explore how forces act on objects with strength and direction and can be measured.</li> <li>Explore how electric and magnetic forces affect objects within contact or not in contact at all, and how the gravitational force of the earth pulls objects.</li> </ul>   | SCI.PS.IM.2.3 | 3-PS2-1, 3-PS2-2,<br>3-PS2-3, 3-PS2-4,<br>5-PS2-1                       |
|                       | • <b>Priority</b> : Explore the relationships between energy and objects, sound, light and heat. Successful students can explore the production, transference and transformation of energy. Students will explore the ways that energy and fuel are derived from natural sources and how use of that energy and fuel affect the environment. | SCI.PS.IM.2.4 | 4-PS3-1, 4-PS3-2,<br>4-PS3-3, 4-PS3-4,<br>4-PS4-2, 4-ESS3-1,<br>5-PS3-1 |
|                       | • Extended: Explore the relationships between movement of water and the creation of waves. The student will investigate how digitized information is transmitted between devices and how light reflection is processed by the eye to make sense of an object.  | SCI.PS.IM.2.5 | 4-PS4-1, 4-PS4-2,<br>4-PS4-3  |

| STEAM<br>Classification | COMPETENCY   | CODE           | STANDARDS   |
|-------------------------|--|----------------|---|
| Science<br>Life Science | A successful student can:  • Priority: Explore how light reflection is processed by the eye to make sense of an object. The successful student can investigate how plants and animals use internal and external structures to aid in growth, survival, behavior and reproduction. Successful students can explore how animals use their perceptions, memories and senses to guide their actions.                               | SCI.LS.IM.3.1  | 4-LS1-1, 4-LS1-2,<br>4-PS4-2                      |
|                         | • Priority: Explore the connections between energy, the sun, plants, air, water, organisms, fungi, bacteria and decomposers. Successful students can explore the interdependence of ecosystems, the web of life, healthy organisms and the environment.  | SCI.LS.IM.3.2  | 5-LS1-1, 5-LS2-1,<br>5-PS3-1                      |
|                         | • Priority: Explore how being part of a group helps animals obtain food, defend themselves, cope with changes and survive in a variety of habitats. Successful students can explore how fossils provide evidence about organisms and how some plants and animals are no longer found on Earth.   | SCI.LS.IM.3.3  | 3-LS2-1, 3-LS4-1,<br>3-LS4-3, 3-LS4-4             |
|                         | <ul> <li>Priority: Explore how reproduction is essential to the continued existence of every kind of organism and how plants and animals inherit characteristics from their parents and other characteristics are the result of the environment.</li> </ul>  | SCI.LS.IM.3.4  | 3-LS1-1, 3-LS3-1,<br>3-LS3-2, 3-LS4-2             |
|                         | • Extended: Explore how reproduction is essential to the continued existence of every kind of organism. Successful students can explore life cycles of plants and animals and how many characteristics are inherited from parents. Successful students can explore how species survive or do not survive and how fossils provide evidence about organisms from long ago.   | SCI.LS.IM.3.5  | 3-LS3-1, 3-LS4-1,<br>3-LS4-2, 3-LS4-3,<br>3-LS4-4 |
| Earth and Space         | • Extended: Explore patterns of day and night, shadows and positions of the sun, moon and stars throughout a day, month and year and how these patterns are affected by orbits and rotations of the moon around Earth and the Earth around the sun.  | SCI.ESS.IM.4.1 | 5-ESS1-1, 5-ESS1-2,<br>5-PS2-1                    |
|                         | • Extended; Explore how rock formations reveal information about the presence of Earth forces and the order in which rock layers were formed.  | SCI.ESS.IM.4.2 | 4-ESS1-1  |
|                         | • <b>Priority</b> : Explore how scientists use weather patterns to make predictions and how climate and rainfall help shape the land and affect the types of living things found in a region.  | SCI.ESS.IM.4.3 | 3-ESS2-1, 3-ESS2-2,<br>4-ESS2-1                   |
|                         | • <b>Priority</b> : Explore how rock, soil, water, ice, air and humans interact in multiple ways to affect earth's surface materials and processes. Successful students can further explore how weather patterns are influenced by the interaction of wind and clouds with landforms. Successful students can further explore earth's salt and freshwater resources and the volcanoes and earthquake patterns and occurrences. | SCI.ESS.IM.4.4 | 4-ESS2-1, 4-ESS2-2,<br>5-ESS2-1, 5-ESS2-2         |
|                         | • Explore how humans interact with natural hazards, natural energy and fuel resources, and how their activities in agriculture, industry and everyday life impact land, vegetation, streams, oceans, air and outer space. Successful students can explore actions that help protect earth's resources and environment.   | SCI.ESS.IM.4.5 | 3-ESS3-1, 4-ESS3-1,<br>4-ESS3-2, 5-ESS3-1         |
|                         |  |                |   |



| STEAM Classification        | COMPETENCY   | CODE        |
|-----------------------------|--|-------------|
| SECD                        |  |             |
| Character Development:      | A successful student can:  |             |
| Core Principles             | • Interpret ethical reasoning through discussion of individual and community, assesses positive responsible action and reflects on personal involvement.                                   | SECD.IM.1.1 |
|                             | • Explain and demonstrate clear and consistent expectations of good character throughout all school activities and in all areas of the school.   | SECD.IM.1.2 |
|                             | • Demonstrate and practice characteristics of caring and empathic relationships with family, school and community and recognizes hurtful relationships and the impact they have on others. | SECD.IM.1.3 |
|                             | • Demonstrate respectful communication skills, including active listening and empathy, in person and through multiple media.   | SECD.IM.1.4 |
|                             | • Differentiate between bullying, teasing and harassment by explaining how power, control, popularity, security and fear play into bullying behavior toward others.                        | SECD.IM.1.5 |
|                             | • Describe the role of students in instances of bullying (bystanders, "upstanders," students who bully, targets of bullying).  | SECD.IM.1.6 |
|                             | • Recognize and model how a bystander can be part of the problem or solution, and how certain behaviors can have unintended consequences.  | SECD.IM.1.7 |
| Responsible Decision-Making |  |             |
| and Problem-Solving         | Compare and contrast safe and unsafe situations.   | SECD.IM.2.1 |
|                             | <ul> <li>Identify choices made and the consequences of those choices, including consequences of inappropriate<br/>behavior.</li> </ul>   | SECD.IM.2.2 |
|                             | Create a daily schedule of school work and activities.   | SECD.IM.2.3 |
|                             | • Identify factors that inhibit or advance the accomplishment of personal goals.   | SECD.IM.2.4 |
|                             | • Recognize how, when and who to ask for help.   | SECD.IM.2.5 |
|                             | • Identify and organize what materials are needed to be prepared for class.  | SECD.IM.2.6 |
|                             | Apply self-regulation skills.  | SECD.IM.2.7 |
|                             | Identify, demonstrate and analyze problem-solving processes.   | SECD.IM.2.8 |

| STEAM Classification  | COMPETENCY   | CODE             |
|-----------------------|--|------------------|
| SECD                  |  |                  |
| Personal Development: | A successful student can:  |                  |
| Self-Awareness        | Describe behavioral responses depending on context and situation.  | SECD.IM.3.1      |
|                       | • Identify the varying degrees of emotions one can experience in different situations and recognize reactions to emotions.                               | SECD.IM.3.2      |
|                       | • Describe, identify and practice the benefits of various personal qualities (for example, personal strengths, weaknesses, interests and abilities).     | SECD.IM.3.3      |
|                       | • Identify reliable self-help strategies (for example, positive self-talk, problem-solving, time management, self-monitoring).                           | SECD.IM.3.4      |
|                       | Solicit the feedback of others and become an active listener.  | SECD.IM.3.5      |
|                       | • Identify additional external supports (for example, friends, historical figures, media representations).   | SECD.IM.3.6      |
| Self-Management       | Identify and develop techniques to manage emotions.  | SECD.IM.4.1      |
|                       | • Describe cause/effect relationships and distinguish between facts and opinions.  | SECD.IM.4.2      |
|                       | • Identify and demonstrate civic responsibilities in a variety of situations (for example, bullying, vandalism and violence).                            | SECD.IM.4.3      |
|                       | Predict possible outcomes to behavioral choices  | SECD.IM.4.4      |
|                       | Develop and practice responsibility for personal hygiene.  | SECD.IM.4.5      |
|                       | Acknowledge and recognize responsibilities in school, home and community, including environmental.   | SECD.IM.4.6      |
|                       | • Examine the personal impact of helping others.   | SECD.IM.4.7      |
|                       | • Reflect on personal responses to success, challenge, failure and disappointment and understand the cause and effect of impulsive behavior.             | SECD.IM.4.8      |
|                       | • Identify and utilize potential resources and demonstrate factors that lead to achievement of goals (for example, integrity, motivation and hard work). | SECD.IM.4.9      |
|                       | • Demonstrate and design an action plan for achieving, evaluating and monitoring personal, school and home goals.  | SECD.<br>IM.4.10 |



| STEAM Classification | COMPETENCY   | CODE        |
|----------------------|--|-------------|
| SECD                 |  |             |
| Social Development:  | A successful student can:  |             |
| Social Awareness     | • Describe a range of emotions in others based on verbal and nonverbal cues in different situations.   | SECD.IM.5.1 |
|                      | Use "i statements" to let others know that they have heard them.   | SECD.IM.5.2 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Develop strategies for building relationships, including recognizing and developing a respect for individual<br/>similarities and differences.</li> </ul>                                       | SECD.IM.5.3 |
|                      | Demonstrate respect for the perspectives of others.  | SECD.IM.5.4 |
| Interpersonal Skills | <ul> <li>Describe how words, voice tone and body language communicate and impact relationships positively and<br/>negatively and respond appropriately and respectfully in social situations.</li> </ul> | SECD.IM.6.1 |
|                      | Practice refusal skills for protection in unsafe situations.   | SECD.IM.6.2 |
|                      | • Recognize differences in communication practices in face-to-face interactions from social media interactions.  | SECD.IM.6.3 |
|                      | • Recognize characteristics of healthy and unhealthy relationships, including the impact of peer pressure.   | SECD.IM.6.4 |
|                      | • Demonstrate a capacity to manage actions and emotional expressions with guidance from adults.  | SECD.IM.6.5 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Describe, utilize and apply conflict resolution strategies to be proactive, advocate and resolve conflict in a<br/>constructive manner.</li> </ul>  | SECD.IM.6.6 |

## Specials

| Specials Classification                         | COMPETENCY  | CODE        | STANDARDS |
|---|---|-------------|-----------|
| Agriculture                                     |   |             |           |
| Agriculture, Foods and Natural Resources (AFNR) | A successful student can  |             |           |
|   | <ul> <li>Analyze how issues, trends, technologies and public policies impact systems in the<br/>AFNR Career Cluster.</li> </ul>   | AFRN.IM.1.1 |           |
|   | • Evaluate the nature and scope of the AFNR Career Cluster and the role of AFNR in society and the economy.   | AFRN.IM.2.1 |           |
|   | <ul> <li>Examine and summarize the importance of health, safety and environmental<br/>management systems in AFNR workplaces.</li> </ul>   | AFRN.IM.3.1 |           |
|   | • Demonstrate stewardship of natural resources in AFNR activities.  | AFRN.IM.4.1 |           |
|   | • Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the AFNR Career Pathways.   | AFRN.IM.5.1 |           |
|   | <ul> <li>Analyze the interaction among AFNR systems in the production, processing and<br/>management of food, fiber and fuel and the sustainable use of natural resources.</li> </ul> | AFRN.IM.6.1 |           |
| Architecture and                                |   |             |           |
| Construction                                    | A successful student can:   |             |           |
|   | • Use vocabulary, symbols and formulas common to architecture and construction.   | AC.IM.1.1   |           |
|   | • Use architecture and construction skills to create and manage a project.  | AC.IM.2.1   |           |
|   | • Comply with regulations and applicable codes to establish and manage a legal and safe workplace.  | AC.IM.3.1   |           |
|   | • Evaluate the nature and scope of the Architecture and Construction Career Cluster and the role of architecture and construction in society and the economy.                         | AC.IM.4.1   |           |
|   | • Describe the roles, responsibilities and relationships found in the architecture and construction trades and professions, including labor/management relationships.                 | AC.IM.5.1   |           |
|   | <ul> <li>Read, interpret and use technical drawings, documents and specifications to plan a<br/>project.</li> </ul>   | AC.IM.6.1   |           |
|   | • Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the Architecture and Construction Career Pathways.  | AC.IM.7.1   |           |



| Specials Classification                     | COMPETENCY   | CODE           | STANDARDS |
|---|--|----------------|-----------|
| Business Career Field: Business Management, | A successful student can   |                |           |
| Administration and<br>Entrepreneurship      | Recognize the impact of supply and demand on business.   | BC.BMAE.IM.1.1 |           |
|   | • List different career choices in the business field.   | BC.BMAE.IM.1.2 | <u>)</u>  |
| Finance                                     | Demonstrate the ability to use goal setting to manage personal money resources.  | BC.F.IM.1.1    |           |
|   | Investigate the importance of branding for a product or service.   | BC.M.IM.1.1    |           |
| Marketing                                   | Predict future market trends.  | BC.M.IM.1.2    |           |
| Dance                                       | A successful student can  • Communicate learning through creative movement by applying dance skills and language to Explore, Plan and Revise learning through dance by:  • Exploring, planning, and revising ideas.  • Refining and completing ideas   | DNC.IM.1.1     |           |
|   | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and understanding of how dance communicates through Expression, Embodiment and Presentation of their artistic ideas and work for presentation by:</li> <li>Analyzing, interpreting and selecting dance works for presentation.</li> <li>Realizing, developing and refining dance works for presentation.</li> </ul> | DNC.IM.2.1     |           |
|   | <ul> <li>Respond to dance by Analyzing, Interpreting and Critiquing how artworks convey meaning by:</li> <li>Perceiving and analyzing dance.</li> <li>Interpreting intent and meaning of dance.</li> <li>Applying criteria to artistic work.</li> </ul>  | DNC.IM.2.2     |           |
|   | <ul> <li>Connect personal meaning and external context to dance by Synthesizing and Relating to works of dance through and during the learning process by:</li> <li>Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to dance.</li> <li>Applying societal, cultural and historical contexts to dance ideas and artistic work.</li> </ul>                  | DNC.IM.3.1     |           |

GRADE BAND

3-5

| Specials Classification             | COMPETENCY   | CODE        | STANDARDS |
|-------------------------------------|--|-------------|-----------|
| Engineering                         | A successful student can   |             |           |
|                                     | <ul> <li>Use STEM concepts and processes to solve problems involving design and/or<br/>production.</li> </ul>  | ENG.IM.1.1  |           |
|                                     | Display and communicate STEM information.  | ENG.IM.2.1  |           |
|                                     | Apply processes and concepts for the use of technological tools in STEM.   | ENG.IM.3.1  |           |
|                                     | Apply the elements of the design process.  | ENG.IM.4.1  |           |
|                                     | Apply the knowledge learned in STEM to solve problems.   | ENG.IM.5.1  |           |
|                                     | <ul> <li>Apply the knowledge learned in the study of STEM to provide solutions to human and<br/>societal problems in an ethical and legal manner.</li> </ul>                           | ENG.IM.6.1  |           |
| FACS:                               |  |             |           |
| Family and Consumer Sciences (FACS) | A successful student can   |             |           |
| Wellness                            | <ul> <li>Identify areas of conflict and ability to find a common solution.</li> </ul>  | FACS.IM.1.1 |           |
|                                     | • Demonstrate understanding of food sourcing and healthy food selection.   | FACS.IM.1.2 |           |
|                                     | • Explain wellness is a balance of physical, social, emotional and intellectual health.  | FACS.IM.1.3 |           |
| Sustainability                      | • Explain their personal role in practicing socially responsible practices related to use of resources (e.g. water, material goods, food, money, recycling.                            | FACS.IM.2.1 |           |
| Global Connectiveness               | <ul> <li>Demonstrate ability to locate and understand sourcing of common products, including<br/>clothing, food, electronics, household items and community-owned property.</li> </ul> | FACS.IM.3.1 |           |
|                                     | <ul> <li>Discuss how others have impacted society (as in the power of one person) and how<br/>each person can impact society.</li> </ul>   | FACS.IM.3.2 |           |
| Technology                          | • Explore how technology will change over their life.  | FACS.IM.4.1 |           |
|                                     | <ul> <li>Understand how to use technology safely and appropriately to solve basic needs and<br/>make life easier.</li> </ul>   | FACS.IM.4.2 |           |



| Specials Classification                      | COMPETENCY   | CODE       | STANDARDS |
|--|--|------------|-----------|
| Health                                       | A successful student can   |            |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Comprehend concepts related to health promotion and disease prevention to enhance<br/>health.</li> </ul>  |            |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Analyze the influence of family, peers, culture, media, technology, and other factors on<br/>health behaviors.</li> </ul>   |            |           |
|  | • Demonstrate the ability to access valid information, products, and services to enhance health.   |            |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to use interpersonal communication skills to enhance health<br/>and avoid or reduce health risks.</li> </ul>  |            |           |
|  | • Demonstrate the ability to use decision-making skills to enhance health.   |            |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to use goal-setting skills to enhance health.</li> </ul>  |            |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to practice health-enhancing behaviors and avoid or reduce<br/>health risks.</li> </ul>   |            |           |
|  | • Demonstrate the ability to advocate for personal, family, and community health.  |            |           |
| Information Technology:                      | A successful student can   |            |           |
| Graphic Design and Digital<br>Communications | • Explore the variety of uses of photos and images in media.   | IT.IM.1.1  |           |
|  | • Use a sequence of images to convey a short story.  | IT.IM.1.2  |           |
| Computer Science                             | <ul> <li>With guidance, select and use a computing device to perform a variety of tasks for an<br/>intended outcome.</li> </ul>  | IT.IM.2.1  |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Create programs using a programming language that utilize sequencing, repetition,<br/>conditionals and variables to solve a problem or express ideas both independently and<br/>collaboratively.</li> </ul> | IT.IM.2.2  |           |
| Information Technology                       | • Identify how computing devices can be connected to extend capabilities.  | IT.IM.3.1  |           |
|  | Explain simple processes between hardware and software.  | IT.IM.,3.2 |           |

| Specials Classification  | COMPETENCY   | CODE         | STANDARDS |
|--------------------------|--|--------------|-----------|
| Law, Public Safety,      |  |              |           |
| Corrections and Security | A successful student can   |              |           |
|                          | <ul> <li>Formulate ideas, proposals and solutions to ensure effective and efficient delivery of<br/>law, public safety, corrections and/or security services.</li> </ul>   | LPSCS.IM.1.1 |           |
|                          | <ul> <li>Assess and implement measures to maintain safe and healthy working conditions in a<br/>law, public safety, corrections and/or security environment.</li> </ul>  | LPSCS.IM.2.1 |           |
|                          | • State the rationale for various rules and laws designed to promote safety and health in the workplace.   | LPSCS.IM.3.1 |           |
|                          | <ul> <li>Analyze the various laws, ordinances, regulations and organizational rules that apply to<br/>careers in law, public safety, corrections and security.</li> </ul>  | LPSCS.IM.4.1 |           |
|                          | <ul> <li>Describe various career opportunities and means to those opportunities in each of the<br/>Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security Career Pathways.</li> </ul>  | LPSCS.IM.5.1 |           |
|                          | <ul> <li>Analyze the nature and scope of the Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security Career<br/>Cluster and the role law, public safety, corrections and security play in society and the<br/>economy.</li> </ul> | LPSCS.IM.6.1 |           |
| Manufacturing            | A successful student can   |              |           |
| _                        | <ul> <li>Evaluate the nature and scope of the Manufacturing Career Cluster and the role of<br/>manufacturing in society and in the economy.</li> </ul>   | MNFR.IM.1.1  |           |
|                          | <ul> <li>Analyze and summarize how manufacturing businesses improve performance.</li> </ul>  | MNFR.IM.2.1  |           |
|                          | <ul> <li>Comply with federal, state and local regulations to ensure worker safety and health and<br/>environmental work practices.</li> </ul>  | MNFR.IM.3.1  |           |
|                          | <ul> <li>Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the<br/>Manufacturing Career Pathways.</li> </ul>   | MNFR.IM.4.1  |           |
|                          | • Describe government policies and industry standards that apply to manufacturing.   | MNFR.IM.5.1  |           |
|                          | Demonstrate workplace knowledge and skills common to manufacturing.  | MNFR.IM.6.1  |           |



| Specials Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE      | STANDARDS | ES       |
|-------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Media Arts              | A successful student can  |           |           |          |
|                         | <ul> <li>Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific media arts form to Conceive, Develop and Construct artistic ideas and work by:</li> <li>Generating, conceptualizing and organizing media arts ideas.</li> <li>Refining and completing media ideas.</li> <li>Reflecting upon the process, refining and continuing artistic ideas.</li> </ul> | MA.IM.1.1 |           | OMPETE   |
|                         | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the media arts communicate through their Integration, Practice and Presentation of their artistic ideas and work by:</li> <li>Analyzing, interpreting, and selecting artistic works for presentation.</li> <li>Realizing, developing and refining artistic works for presentation.</li> </ul>   | MA.IM.2.1 |           | ECIAL C( |
|                         | <ul> <li>Respond to the media arts by Perceiving, Interpreting and Evaluating how media artworks convey meaning by:</li> <li>Perceiving and analyzing the media.</li> <li>Interpreting intent and meaning of media artworks.</li> <li>Applying criteria to evaluating media artworks.</li> </ul>  | MA.IM.3.1 |           | SP       |

| Specials Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE       | STANDARDS |
|-------------------------|---|------------|-----------|
| Music                   | A successful student can  |            |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of music to Imagine, Plan and Make musical ideas and work by:</li> <li>Generating, developing and organizing musical ideas.</li> </ul>  | MSC.IM.1.1 |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Create by applying the skills and language of music to Evaluate, Refine and Present musical ideas and work by:</li> <li>Reflecting upon and refining musical ideas and work.</li> <li>Presenting original musical ideas and work.</li> </ul>   | MSC.IM.2.1 |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate musical ideas and work through Selection, Analysis and Interpretation by:</li> <li>Selecting musical works based on interest, knowledge, technical skill and context.</li> <li>Analyzing the structure and context of musical works.</li> <li>Developing personal interpretations of musical works.</li> </ul> | MSC.IM.3.1 |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate through the process of Rehearsing, Evaluating, Refining and Performing musical works by:</li> <li>Evaluating and refining personal and ensemble performances.</li> <li>Performing expressively and accurately with appropriate interpretation.</li> </ul>  | MSC.IM.4.1 |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Respond to music by Selecting, Analyzing, Interpreting and Evaluating how music conveys meaning by:</li> <li>Selecting musical works for a variety of purposes.</li> <li>Perceiving and analyzing musical works.</li> <li>Interpreting intent and meaning of musical works., Applying criteria to evaluating musical works.</li> </ul>   | MSC.IM.5.1 |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Connect personal meaning and external context to music through and during the music learning process by:</li> <li>Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to musical ideas and work.</li> <li>Applying societal, cultural and historical contexts to musical ideas and work.</li> </ul>  | MSC.IM.6.1 |           |



| Specials Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE      | STANDARDS                    |
|-------------------------|---|-----------|------------------------------|
| Physical Education:     | A successful student can:   |           |                              |
| Locomotor               | <ul> <li>Demonstrate and combine mature patterns of locomotor skills in games involving skills<br/>with execution to a target.</li> </ul>   | PE.IM.1.1 | S1.E1                        |
|                         | <ul> <li>Demonstrate a variety of rhythmic movements using both sides of the body and<br/>crossing the midline while following the correct steps or pattern with a leader.</li> </ul>   | PE.IM.1.2 | S1.E5                        |
| Manipulatives           | <ul> <li>Throw an object overhand, demonstrating a mature motor pattern towards a moving<br/>target and catch an object demonstrating a mature motor pattern at a variety of levels/<br/>heights or distances.</li> </ul>   | PE.IM.2.1 | S1.E13,<br>S1.E14,<br>S1.E16 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Jump rope, demonstrating a mature motor pattern while performing intermediate skills<br/>and attempt advanced skills with short rope and/or uses equipment while jumping long<br/>rope.</li> </ul>   | PE.IM.2.2 | S1.E27                       |
|                         | <ul> <li>Strike an object, demonstrating a mature motor pattern with a short- or long-handled<br/>implement and volley an object using a two-hand pattern sending it upward to a target<br/>and volley an object demonstrating a mature motor pattern in a small group.</li> </ul>  | PE.IM.2.3 | S1.E34,<br>S1.E25,<br>S1.E22 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Kick a moving object, demonstrating a mature motor pattern with control toward a<br/>target with increased accuracy and dribble with feet demonstrating a mature motor<br/>pattern while changing speeds and directions.</li> </ul>  | PE.IM.2.4 | S1.E21,<br>S1.E22            |
|                         | <ul> <li>Dribble with hands, demonstrating a mature motor pattern while changing speeds and<br/>directions.</li> </ul>  | PE.IM.2.5 | <u>S1.E17</u>                |
| Applies Knowledge       | Demonstrate body control while on offense and defense.  | PE.IM.3.1 | S2.E1                        |
|                         | <ul> <li>Combine movement concepts with skills in small-sided practice tasks in game<br/>environments, gymnastics and dance with self-direction.</li> </ul>   | PE.IM.3.2 | S2.E2                        |
|                         | <ul> <li>Apply movement concepts to strategy in game situations and apply the concepts of<br/>direction and force to strike an object with a long-handled implement.</li> </ul>   | PE.IM.3.3 | S2.E3                        |
|                         | <ul> <li>Apply basic offensive and defensive strategies and tactics in invasion small-sided<br/>practice tasks and basic offensive and defensive strategies and tactics in net/wall small-<br/>sided practice tasks. Recognizes the type of throw, volley or striking action needed for<br/>different games and sports situations.</li> </ul> | PE.IM.3.4 | S2.E4                        |
| Knowledge and Skills    | <ul> <li>Actively engage in all the activities of physical education, differentiates between Skill-<br/>Related and Health-Related Fitness and identify the need for warm-up and cool-down<br/>relative to various physical activities.</li> </ul>  | PE.IM.4.1 | S3.E1, S3.E2,<br>S3.E3       |
|                         | <ul> <li>Analyze results of fitness assessment (prepost), comparing results with fitness<br/>components for good health.</li> </ul>   | PE.IM.4.2 | S3.E5                        |
|                         | <ul> <li>Analyze the impact of food choices relative to physical activity, sports and personal<br/>health.</li> </ul>   | PE.IM.4.3 | S3.E6                        |

| Specials Classification                       | COMPETENCY  | CODE              | STANDARDS                       |
|---|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Physical Education:                           | A successful student can:   |                   |                                 |
| Responsibility and Value of Physical Activity | • Demonstrate respectful attitude and conflict resolution skills while participating in activities.   | PE.IM.5.1         | S4.E1.3,<br>S4.E1.4,<br>S4.E1.5 |
|   | <ul> <li>Identify and discuss the benefits of good sportsmanship:</li> <li>Identifies the results of bad sportsmanship.</li> <li>Describes the personal benefits gained through lifelong participation in physical activity.</li> </ul>   | PE.IM.5.2         | S5.E1.3,<br>S5.E1.4,<br>S5.E1.5 |
| Theatre                                       | A successful student can:   |                   |                                 |
|   | <ul> <li>Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of theatre through<br/>Envisioning, Conceptualizing, Developing and Rehearsing artistic ideas and work by:</li> <li>Envisioning, conceptualizing and organizing artistic ideas.</li> <li>Refining and completing artistic ideas.</li> </ul>   | THR.IM.1.1        |                                 |
|   | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how Theatre communicates through Selection, Preparation, Sharing and Presentation of their artist ideas and work by:</li> <li>Reflecting, interpreting and selecting artistic works for presentation.</li> <li>Realizing, developing and refining artistic works for presentation.</li> </ul> | THR.IM.2.1<br>tic |                                 |
|   | <ul> <li>A successful student can respond to theatre by Reflecting, Interpreting and Evaluating how productions convey meaning by:</li> <li>Perceiving and evaluating theatrical work.</li> <li>Interpreting intent and meaning of theatrical work.</li> <li>Applying criteria when evaluating theatrical work.</li> </ul>  | ; THR.IM.3.1      |                                 |
|   | <ul> <li>Connect personal meaning and external context to theatre by Empathizing, Interrelating and Researching works:</li> <li>Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to artistic ideas and artistic work.</li> <li>Applying societal, cultural and historical contexts to artistic ideas and artistic work.</li> </ul>                           | THR.IM.4.1        |                                 |



| Specials Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE        | STANDARDS |
|-------------------------|---|-------------|-----------|
| Transportation          | A successful student can:   |             |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Describe the nature and scope of the Transportation, Distribution and Logistics Career<br/>Cluster and the role of transportation, distribution and logistics in society and the<br/>economy.</li> </ul> | TRAN.IM.1.1 |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Describe the application and use of new and emerging advanced techniques to provide<br/>solutions for transportation, distribution and logistics problems.</li> </ul>                                    | TRAN.IM.2.1 |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Describe the key operational activities required of successful transportation,<br/>distribution and logistics facilities.</li> </ul>   | TRAN.IM.3.1 |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Identify governmental policies and procedures for transportation, distribution and<br/>logistics facilities.</li> </ul>  | TRAN.IM.4.1 |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Describe transportation, distribution and logistics employee rights and responsibilities<br/>and employers' obligations concerning occupational safety and health.</li> </ul>                            | TRAN.IM.5.1 |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the<br/>Transportation, Distribution and Logistics Career Pathways.</li> </ul>   | TRAN.IM.6.1 |           |

| Specials Classification | COMPETENCY   | CODE      | STANDARDS |
|-------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|
| Visual Arts             | A successful student can:  |           |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific visual arts form to Investigate, Plan and Make artistic ideas and work by:</li> <li>Generating, conceptualizing, and organizing artistic ideas.</li> <li>Refining and completing artistic ideas.</li> </ul>  | VA.IM.1.1 |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Create by applying the skills and language of a specific visual arts form to Reflect, Refine and Continue with artistic ideas and work by:</li> <li>Reflecting upon the process, refining and continuing artistic ideas.</li> </ul>   | VA.IM.2.1 |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the visual arts communicate through their Selection, Analyzation and Sharing of their artistic ideas and work for presentation by:</li> <li>Analyzing, interpreting, and selecting artistic works for presentation.</li> <li>Realizing, developing, and refining artistic works for presentation.</li> </ul>                         | VA.IM.3.1 |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Respond to the visual arts by Perceiving, Analyzing and Interpreting how artworks convey meaning by:</li> <li>Perceiving and analyzing artistic work., Interpreting intent and meaning of artistic work.</li> <li>Applying criteria to artistic work.</li> </ul>  | VA.IM.4.1 |           |
|                         | <ul> <li>Connect personal meaning and external context to the visual arts by Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing and Interpreting to works of art through and during the artmaking process by:</li> <li>Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to artistic ideas and artistic work.</li> <li>Applying societal, cultural, and historical contexts to artistic ideas and artistic work.</li> </ul> | VA.IM.5.1 |           |
|                         |  |           |           |

## **Special Education**

In general, it is expected that children with disabilities will achieve these competencies with the support of special education services, related services and supplementary aids and services specified in an Individualized Education Program (IEP) or 504 Plan. In addition, IEP teams have authority to modify curriculum and to set educational goals to enable children with disabilities to make appropriate educational progress in light of each child's unique circumstances. The modified curriculum and educational goals set by an IEP team for an individual child with a disability might be different than the outcomes expected of other students. When, and to the extent, educational goals specified in an IEP are different than the competencies described in this document, the successful student can achieve the educational goals specified in their IEP.

### Students in Special Education and the Competencies

Navigating Change 2020: Kansas' Guide to Competency-Based Learning and School Safety Operations (2015) is designed to lead the way we meet students' needs by allowing students to demonstrate mastery of their learning in a variety of ways. Therefore, all students in Special Education will access core grade-band competencies.

Students in Special Education need to be able to access instruction that will prepare them to meet grade-level competencies. Access to core content (Tier 1) is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. To address skill deficits needed to access core content (Tier 1), some students will also require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or a tiered system of support.

Kansas Multi-Tiered System of Supports and Alignment (2015) is an evidenced-based framework used in Kansas schools for organizing and providing a tiered instructional continuum to support learning for all students, including students with disabilities. Kansas MTSS and Alignment supports access to core instruction for all students with differentiated instruction as needed to enable every learner to achieve high standards. Tiered interventions, in addition to core instruction, are recommended when it is necessary to address skill deficits. We contend all students are general education students, including students with the most significant cognitive disabilities

Furthermore, students should not be hindered in learning grade-band content. For example, a student who has learning gaps either due to their disability and/or lack of exposure will not be limited solely to the attainment of prerequisite skills. Therefore, high-quality instruction, accommodations, and modifications should provide the differentiation needed for students to access this grade-level content. High-quality instruction involves a scaffold or strategy to access or attach new learning. High-quality instruction does not repeatedly focus on the same skill, lesson content or information introduced in the general education classroom.

Moreover, standards guide the goals for Individualized Education Programs (IEPs). IEP goals require specially designed instruction to address the learning gap and advance the student's current level of functioning. Therefore, Special Education goals should not replace the grade-level curriculum taught in the general education classroom.

Some students will require accommodations in order to demonstrate mastery of the competencies. Accommodations are changes in procedures or materials that ensure equitable access to instructional and assessment content. Accommodations may be embedded (digitally-provided) or nonembedded (locally provided). These are generally available for students for whom there is a documented need on an IEP, Section 504 plan or Individual Learning Plan (ILP) Accommodations should be individualized for each student; more does not equate to better. Some examples are listed Table 1 below:

**GRADE BAND** 

Table 1: Common Accommodations and Categories

#### **Common Accommodations**

#### **CATEGORIES**

## Provide Access to Grade-Level Content

- Human reader
- Text to speech/digital text (eg., Kansas Infinitext)
- Speech to text
- Provide smaller numbers in math with grade level skills
- Build background knowledge
- Provide manipulatives (number line, two color chips, base ten blocks, etc.
- Use of facts charts, formulas or word banks to facilitate processing
- Reducing auditory and visual background (increase white space, highlight key concepts)
- Provide note taking assistance or notes (provide outline, cloze notes, etc.
- Orally assess understanding

#### Adjust Level of Material

• Reduce complexity to student's ability level (text, vocabulary, sentence structure, questions, simplify directions, etc.

## Provide Tools for Organization of Information

- Organize information presented, such as provide a detailed model to follow during multiple-step procedures (e.g., task schedule, process, prewriting, graphic organizer, etc.
- Provide digital and non-digital tools to facilitate student organization
- Use graph paper, paper with vertical lines or raised-line paper for alignment of problems

## Provide More Opportunities for Practice/Exposure

- Multiple exposures until mastery
- Front load prerequisite information
- Code text to enhance background knowledge
- Provide guestions or cues to student in advance
- Reinforce directions (students repeat, number list for multiple steps, etc.
- Additional time for verbal response, assignments, and assessments
- Allow for processing with peers before production
- Consistent, distributed practice with vocabulary (academic vocab, Tier 2 vocabulary words)
- Small group instruction
- Text sets (multiple pieces of text on same topic to deepen understanding)

## Focus information to key Information/Skills

- Chunk assignments/assessments
- Highlight or emphasize critical information
- Eliminate repetitive practice when mastery is shown
- Reduce volume of writing and copying in favor of quality
- Reduce number of choices on multiple choice assessments
- Spelling is not penalized

## Vary and Pair Modalities when Presenting Information

- Pair visual, auditory, and tactile cues
- Orally assess understanding
- Offer student voice and choice (Visual, Auditory, Kinesthetic/Tactile)

Detailed information about the use of accommodations for instruction and assessment of all students can be found in the How to Select, Administer and Evaluate Use of Accommodations for Instruction and Assessment of all Students (2020) guidance document located at <a href="https://www.ksdetasn.org/resources/2283">https://www.ksdetasn.org/resources/2283</a>

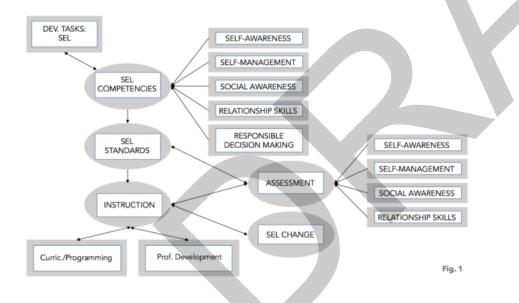
One way to ensure students have access to core (Tier 1) content is to intentionally create a plan for differentiating the content to meet the student's needs. The National Center on Intensive Intervention has created a planning template built on the seven dimensions of intervention intensity (<a href="https://intensiveintervention.org/sites/default/files/Student\_Intervention\_Plan\_508.pdf">https://intensiveintervention.org/sites/default/files/Student\_Intervention\_Plan\_508.pdf</a>).

This template assists with planning and documenting the dimensions of intervention for small groups and individual students. The Taxonomy of Intervention Intensity (2017) developed by the National Center on Intensive Intervention identified seven dimensions that support educators in evaluating and building intervention intensity: strength, dosage, alignment, attention to transfer, comprehensiveness, behavioral support, and individualization (<a href="https://intensiveintervention.org/taxonomy-intervention-intensity">https://intensiveintervention.org/taxonomy-intervention-intensity</a>).

Additionally, measurement of student learning from WBL experiences provides schools and districts with data that inform continuous improvement of the quality of WBL experiences for all students. Schools and districts can use this data for multiple purposes aimed at improving the system at all levels. This includes measuring graduating students' career readiness; systematically determining gaps in employability skills acquisition to improve WBL experiences and academics at the student level and/or schoolwide; and reviewing the quality of WBL experiences across individual business and industry partners.

Please find the complete guide to measuring employability and work-based learning at: Measuring Employability Skills.1

How Assessing SECD/SEL Flows with the Overall SECD/SEL Program<sup>2</sup>



https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/CSAS/CSAS%20Home/Plan\_Of\_Study/Employability%20Skills\_Measuring%20and%20Reflecting%20Student%20Learning%20062020.pdf?ver=2020-06-02-094312-770

<sup>2</sup> Denham, 2015.

### Students who Have the Most Significant Disabilities

All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Students who have the most significant cognitive disabilities mostly take the alternate assessments and may need content aligned to alternate academic achievement standards. These standards are aligned with the general education content standards with reduced depth, breadth, and complexity. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the learning targets and measurement tables for this population align to the alternate academic achievement standards.

Students who have the most significant cognitive disabilities, who are eligible for an alternate assessment, work from the alternate academic achievement standards. The DLM Essential Elements (2020) allow students access to instruction aligned to grade level academic content. Goals and instruction listed in the IEP for these students are linked to the enrolled grade level DLM Essential Elements (2020). Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. Students who demonstrate mastery of level 3 or 4 competencies **may not** be appropriately challenged when working from the Essential Elements. Providing a continuum between the level 4 skill on the Essential Elements Competency Rubric and the level 1 skill on the Competency Rubric (2019) for each grade band will assist those

students in the transition to the Kansas competencies/state standards.

Students who have a most significant cognitive disability must have access to grade level academic standards. This can be accomplished through the Kansas MTSS Alignment for all students. In this delivery system, supplemental special education supports simplify, magnify, and modify what is taught in the general education classroom. For students receiving Tier 1 support with their general education peers, the instruction should be focused on priority learning targets. Navigating Change 2020: Kansas Guide to Competency-Based Learning and School Safety Operations (2015) has identified the primary or essential learning targets in the Competency Rubrics. The Essential Elements Competency Rubrics (2017) provide learning targets aligned to the Essential Elements. While the learning targets differ in depth, breadth, and complexity, the overarching competencies remain the same. Using the identified primary learning targets, students who have a most significant cognitive disability can be educated in an inclusive environment during core (Tier 1) instruction. Tier 2 and Tier 3 instruction should focus on providing the additional instruction essential for closing the gap for students. Instruction could be delivered in homogenous small groups or in some cases, individualized instruction, as intensity of need increases.

### References

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NAVIGATING CHANGE:
KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

Grade Band

3-5

# **Assessment**

## **Executive Summary**

This section of the guidance document seeks to support educators as they consider ways to develop, refine and/or implement a comprehensive, balanced and cohesive approach to meaningfully assess student learning in a competency-based model. When thinking about mastery, a multiple-measures approach can be useful and may include a variety of assessments, ranging from the use of rubrics that focus on the depth of a student's understanding to nationally normed assessments by age and/or ability to state accountability assessment systems. What follows as guidance to consider may be best conceptualized by thinking of it from the perspective of assessing student learning.

## Performance-Based Assessment and the Use of Rubrics

- Continuity and Comprehensive Approach: The grade-band teams from Phase I of this project developed both the competencies and a set of performance-based "I can ..." rubrics.
  - SECD, specials, electives and CTE are also included for your consideration and inclusion in assessing broader STEAM and Humanities competencies.
- Interpretation of Performance Levels: These rubrics contain four performance levels that include "I can ..." statements that intend to reflect the various stages of what students know and are able to do through progressive depths of each competency. Ideally, students move to and through each of the levels from left to right, but this may take place at different times for each student. Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) is included as a familiar reference to help support the development of instruction in a leveled manner.
  - Level 1 may be thought of as introducing or beginning/DOK: Recall and Reproduce
  - Level 2 may be thought of as developing or emerging/DOK: Application and Reasoning
  - Level 3 may be thought of as demonstrating or creating/DOK: Strategic Thinking
  - Level 4 may be thought of as extending or enriching/DOK: Extended Thinking

**NOTE:** Levels 1-4 are not intended to predict Kansas State Assessment scores.





### **Levels Explanation**

Webb's Depth of Knowledge: Use to Align "A successful student can ..." Statements to Appropriate Performance Level

| Performance Level | I can  |                       |
|-------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Level 1           | <ul> <li>Recall and Reproduction</li> <li>Recall a fact, term, definition, principle or concept; perform a simple procedure.</li> <li>Items typically specify what the student is to do, which is often to carry out some procedure that can be performed mechanically.</li> <li>Recall of a fact, information, definition, term or performance of a process or procedure.</li> </ul>  |                       |
| Level 2           | <ul> <li>Basic Application of Skills and Concepts</li> <li>Apply conceptual knowledge: <ul> <li>Use provided information to select appropriate procedures for a task.</li> <li>Perform two or more steps with decision points along the way.</li> <li>Solve routine problems; organize or display data.</li> <li>Interpret or use simple graphs.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Items require students to make some decisions as to how to approach the question or problem. These actions imply more than one mental or cognitive process/step.</li> <li>Includes the engagement of some mental processing beyond recalling or reproducing a response.</li> </ul>   |                       |
| Level 3           | <ul> <li>Strategic Thinking</li> <li>Apply reasoning, using evidence, and developing a plan to approach or solve abstract, complex or nonroutine problems; interpret information and provide justification when more than one approach is possible.</li> <li>Items require students to justify the responses they give and may have more than one possible answer.</li> <li>Requires deep understanding as exhibited through planning, using evidence, and more demanding cognitive reasoning. The cognitive demands are complex and abstract.</li> </ul>  | THIS IS THE<br>TARGET |
| Level 4           | <ul> <li>Extended Thinking</li> <li>Perform investigations or apply concepts and skills that require research and problem solving across content areas or multiple sources.</li> <li>Items require students to bring together skill and knowledge from various domains. Due to the complexity of cognitive demand, this level often requires an extended period to answer. A DOK 4 is first a DOK 3 with added connections.</li> <li>Requires high cognitive demand and is very complex. Students are expected to make connections and relate ideas within the content or among areas - and have to select or devise one approach among many alternatives on how the situation can be solved.</li> </ul> |                       |

### **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

| AFNR    | Agriculture, Foods and Natural<br>Resources | LPSCS   | Law, Public Safety, Corrections an<br>Security |
|---------|---|---------|--|
| AC      | Architecture and Construction               | MA      | Media Arts                                     |
| ВС      | Business Career                             | MATH    | Math   |
| BC.BMAE | Business Management,                        | MNFR    | Manufacturing                                  |
|         | Administration and Entrepreneurship         | MUS     | Music  |
| BC.F    | Finance                                     | PE      | Physical Education                             |
| BC.M    | Marketing                                   | SCI     | Science  |
| DNC     | Dance                                       | SCI.ESS | Earth and Space Science                        |
| FACS    | Family and Consumer Sciences                | SCI.LS  | Life Science                                   |
| ELA     | English Language Arts                       | SCI.PS  | Physical Science                               |
| ENG     | Engineering                                 | SECD    | Social-Emotional Character<br>Development      |
| НВ      | Health and Biosciences                      | STM     | STEAM  |
| HE      | Health                                      | THR     | Theatre  |
| HGSS    | History, Government and Social<br>Studies   | TRAN    | Transportation                                 |
| HUM     | Humanities                                  | WL      | World Languages                                |
| IT      | Information Technology                      | VA      | Visual Arts                                    |

### **Grade Bands:**

| P  | Pre-K to 2nd grade |
|----|--------------------|
| IM | 3rd to 5th grade   |
| MS | 6th to 8th grade   |
| HS | 9th to 12th grade  |



# **ELA**

# Writing:

A successful student can communicate their opinions in writing and give reasons and information to support their point of view.

| ELA   | Writing   |  |   |                                       |
|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                             |
| l can determine the difference<br>between fact and opinion. | I can determine the difference<br>between fact and opinion in<br>independent sentences.             | l can determine the difference<br>between fact and opinion in a<br>written piece.                                | I can determine the difference<br>between fact and opinion and<br>extend these in my written work.                                  | W.3.1,W.4.1,W.5.1                     |
| l can write an opinion topic<br>sentence.                   | I can write an opinion topic<br>sentence with one supporting<br>detail and/or reason.               | I can write an opinion piece,<br>supporting my point of view with<br>reasons and information.                    | I can write an opinion piece<br>supporting my point of view,<br>reasons and information with<br>credible sources as references.     |                                       |
| I can write a topic sentence supporting an opinion.         | I can introduce a topic by stating<br>an opinion.   | I can clearly introduce a topic by<br>stating an opinion that has a clear<br>introduction and is well organized. | organizing the topic with clear   |                                       |
| I can provide reasons to support an opinion.                | I can support an opinion with supporting details using words and phrases.                           | I can support an opinion with clear supporting details by using words, phrases and clauses.                      | I can support an opinion with<br>clear transitions and a formal style<br>that uses phrases and clauses to<br>clarify relationships. |                                       |
| I can write a concluding statement.                         | I can support an opinion with supporting details using words and phrases.                           | I can provide a concluding statement related to stated opinion.  | I can maintain a formal style of<br>writing that supports the claims of<br>the opinion.   |                                       |
| English Learner (EL)  |   |  |   |                                       |
|   | A successful level 2 EL student car<br>write simple sentence patterns<br>with guidance and support. | can produce writing that supports grammatical structures and basic   |   | Writing Standard 4,<br>grades 3 and 4 |

## A successful student can write to inform/explain and express themselves clearly.

| ELA  | Writing   |  |  |                                |
|--|---|--|--|--------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                      |
| I can create a written piece that<br>has a topic with supporting<br>details. | I can create a written piece that<br>has a topic with supporting<br>details.                          | I can create a written piece by<br>developing a topic with facts and<br>concrete details.  | I can create a written piece that<br>supports the topic with facts,<br>definitions and concrete details.   | W.3.2, W.4.2, W.5.2            |
| I can use linking words to connect ideas in written work.                    | I can create a written piece that<br>links ideas using words and<br>phrases.                          | I can create a written piece that<br>links ideas and information using<br>words, phrases, and clauses.   | I can create a written piece that<br>uses appropriate transitions to<br>clarify ideas.   |                                |
| I can create a written piece that connects ideas on a topic.                 | I can create a written piece with<br>precise language to explain a<br>topic.                          | I can create a written piece with<br>precise language and vocabulary<br>to inform or explain about the<br>topic.                               | I can create a written piece with<br>precise language and domain<br>specific vocabulary to explain the<br>topic.   |                                |
| I can create a written piece that provides a concluding statement.           | I can create a written piece that<br>provides a concluding statement<br>on the information presented. |  | I can create a written piece<br>with a concluding statement<br>within a section that follows the<br>information presented.   |                                |
| EL   |   |  |  |                                |
| can write simple words, copied   | A successful level 2 EL student can write simple sentence patterns with guidance and support.         | A successful level 3 EL student can produce writing that supports grammatical structures and basic conventions with some guidance and support. | A successful level 4 EL student can produce reasonably clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose and audience. | Writing Standard 4,<br>grade 5 |



## A successful student can narrate real or imagined events by describing details and in a clear sequence.

| ELA  | Writing   |  |   |                     |
|--|---|--|---|---------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS           |
|  | I can create a written piece to<br>narrate a real or imagined event<br>using descriptive details and a<br>clear sequence. | using descriptive details and a clear sequence.  | I can compose an engaging<br>narrative to recount real or<br>imagined events when needing<br>to motivate, educate, or entertain<br>the reader.                            | W.3.3, W.4.3, W.5.3 |
| I can introduce the narrator and/<br>or characters.                        | l can introduce the narrator and/<br>or characters.   |  | l can orient and engage the<br>reader by conveying information<br>about well-developed characters<br>or narrator.   |                     |
| actions, thoughts, and feelings of characters to show their response       |   | such as dialogue, description, and   | I can use narrative techniques<br>such as dialogue, description, and<br>pacing to portray well-developed<br>characters that captivate readers'<br>attention and interest. |                     |
| I can use temporal words and phrases to signal event order in a narrative. | l can use a variety of transitional<br>words and phrases to signal<br>sequence of events.                                 | l can use a variety of transitional<br>words and phrases to signal<br>sequence of events.                                  | l can combine ideas and indicate<br>passage of time using transitional<br>words and phrases.  |                     |
| closure in a narrative piece.  |   | I can convey events and<br>experiences with precision by<br>using concrete words and phrases<br>and using sensory details. | I can maintain reader engagement<br>by providing precision, being<br>concrete, and using sensory<br>details.  |                     |
|  | I can write to provide a sense of closure in a narrative piece.   | I write to provide a sense of closure in a narrative piece.  | l can establish closure for the<br>reader.  |                     |

| ELA                            | Writing                    |   |                                   |           |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1                        | LEVEL 2                    | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4                           | STANDARDS |
| EL - Writing Standard          | 4, grade 5                 |   |                                   |           |
| can write simple words, copied | with guidance and support. | can produce writing that supports<br>grammatical structures and basic<br>conventions with some guidance<br>and support. | and coherent writing in which the |           |



# **Speaking and Listening**

A successful student can engage effectively in discussions with diverse partners.

| ELA   | Speaking and Listening   |  |   |                        |
|---|--|--|---|------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS              |
| I can engage in discussions (one-<br>on-one, in groups, and teacher<br>led) with diverse partners on<br>grade three topics and texts.             | I can engage in discussions (one-<br>on-one, in groups, and teacher<br>led) with diverse partners on<br>grade four topics and texts. |  | I can integrate interpersonal,<br>intrapersonal, and cognitive<br>skills to effectively collaborate<br>in conversations with diverse<br>partners. | SL 3.1, SL 4.1, SL 5.1 |
| I can express ideas clearly and build on others' ideas.   | l can express ideas clearly and<br>build on others' ideas.   | l can express ideas clearly and<br>build on others' ideas.   | I can build on to or respectfully<br>challenge another's viewpoint.   |                        |
| I can prepare for discussions<br>by reading or studying required<br>material.   | I can prepare for discussions by<br>reading and studying required<br>material.   | I can prepare for discussions by<br>organizing my time by reading or<br>studying required material prior<br>to group work. | I can organize tasks and<br>manage time to ensure that I<br>am prepared for discussions by<br>reading and studying the reading<br>material.       |                        |
| I can use information from the reading and other information that I know to explore the ideas being discussed.                                    | • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | I can follow agreed-upon rules<br>for discussions and carry out<br>assigned roles.   | I can use self- and social-<br>awareness to productively<br>and effectively engage in<br>conversations.   |                        |
| others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts   | questions to clarify or follow<br>up on information, and make<br>comments that contribute to   |  | I can request and give<br>clarification and elaboration and<br>build on to or challenge another's<br>idea.  |                        |
| I can ask questions to check my<br>understanding of information<br>presented, stay on topic, and link<br>my comments to the remarks of<br>others. | I can review the key ideas<br>expressed in light of the<br>discussion.   | I can review the key ideas<br>expressed and explain my own<br>ideas and understanding in light<br>of the discussion.       | I can deduce new understanding<br>by synthesizing a discussion.   |                        |

| ELA   | Speaking and Listening  |   |  |   |  |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |  |
| EL  |   |   |  |   |  |
| can nod for "yes" and "no", draw,<br>and point. This student has<br>minimal comprehension and | A successful EL level 2 student can produce one or two word responses or a simple sentence. This student has limited comprehension. | can follow rules for discussions,<br>participate in dialogue and<br>express ideas, with the help of<br>sentence stems, word banks, etc. | A successful level 4 EL student can engage in conversations (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led). They can build on the ideas of others; follow the rules of discussion; ask questions for clarification; and make comments that contribute to the conversation. | Speaking and Listening<br>Standard 1, grades 3<br>and 4 |  |



# **EXTENDED:** A successful student can speak clearly and understandably; in an organized manner; and give pertinent details while orally reporting on a topic, telling a story, or sharing about an experience.

| ELA   | Speaking and Listening   |   |  |   |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                                     |
| I can report on a topic in an organized manner.   |  | I can develop a logical argument<br>on a topic or text in an organized<br>manner.   | I can synthesize a logical<br>argument on a topic or text in an<br>organized manner.   | SL.4.4  |
| I can focus on details to<br>support main ideas or themes<br>while reporting on a topic,<br>telling a story or recounting an<br>experience. | I can use appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes while reporting on a topic, telling a story or recounting an experience. | I can cite facts and descriptive<br>details to support main ideas<br>or themes while reporting on a<br>topic, telling a story or recounting<br>an experience. | I can cite facts in a logical<br>sequence and add descriptive<br>details to support main ideas<br>or themes while reporting on a<br>topic, telling a story or recounting<br>an experience.   |   |
| I can speak clearly when speaking for a variety of purposes.  | I can speak clearly at an<br>understandable pace when<br>speaking for a variety of<br>purposes.  | I can speak using appropriate<br>volume, enunciation and rate for<br>a variety of purposes.   | I can incorporate common public<br>speaking norms when speaking<br>for a variety of purposes.  |   |
| EL  |  |   |  |   |
| can draw or point to pictures to describe familiar people,  | A successful level 2 EL student can produce one/two words or phrases to give a presentation or to give with a partner in a presentation.                               | A successful level 3 EL student can produce complete sentences with some organization, details and reasoning present.   | A successful level 4 EL student can report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using some facts and details to support main ideas or themes; speaking clearly at an understandable pace | Speaking and Listening<br>Standard 4, grade 4 |

# **Reading Literature**

A successful student can ask and answer questions, draw inferences and refer to details and examples in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text.

| ELA   | Reading Literature  |  |   |           |
|---|---|--|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| I can ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of text.      | l can refer to details in a text<br>to ask and answer key detail<br>questions.  | I can quote accurately when explaining what the text says explicitly.          | I can evaluate quotes accurately<br>when defending a text.  |           |
| I can explicitly refer to text for answers to better understand the text. | I can identify the location of an answer in text.   | I can draw inferences in a text<br>using background knowledge and<br>the text. | I can cite text evidence to draw inferences and analyze a text.   |           |
| text using who, what, when,   | l can use text and text features<br>to ask and answer key detail<br>questions.  | I can refer to the details of text<br>when making inferences.                  | I can cite specific textual evidence<br>when writing or speaking to<br>support conclusion drawn from<br>text.   |           |
| EL  |   |  |   |           |
| can respond to or ask a who or what text-dependent question               | A successful level 2 EL student<br>can ask or answer a who, what,<br>when, where text-dependent<br>question by locating or giving a<br>detail from a simple text. | can Identify details in a text which prompt a clarifying question and/         | A successful level 4 EL student can ask and answer various explicit text-dependent questions by citing specific textual evidence. In 4th grade, the student can also answer implicit text dependent questions by citing specific textual evidence |           |



## A successful student can determine the central message, moral or theme and be able to form a summary of the text.

| ELA   | Reading Literature  |   |  |                                |
|---|---|---|--|--------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                      |
|   | I can describe the theme of a<br>story, drama or poem using<br>details from text.                   |   | I can analyze the theme of a story,<br>drama or poem using key details<br>from the text.                       | RL 3.2, RL 4.2, RL 5.2         |
|   |   | I can distinguish how characters<br>in a story or drama respond to<br>challenges or how a poem reflects<br>a topic. | I can assess how characters in<br>a story or drama respond to<br>challenges or how a poem reflects<br>a topic. |                                |
| l can recount key details of text.                          | l can construct the key details of<br>text.   | I can summarize key details of<br>text.   | l can analyze key details from text.   |                                |
| I can recount key details of text.                          |   | I can select the key details in text<br>to create a summary.  | I can analyze how key details<br>impact the central idea of text.  |                                |
| EL  |   |   |  |                                |
| can respond to or ask a who or what text-dependent question | can answer a text-dependent<br>who, what, when, where, or why<br>question by locating and/or give a | who, what, when, where, why,  |  | Reading Standard 1,<br>grade 5 |

# A successful student can compare and contrast the point of view of narrators or speakers in a text and its impact on the text.

| ELA  | Reading Literature   |  |   |                                 |
|--|--|--|---|---------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                       |
| I can distinguish the author's point of view from my own in literature.                                      | I can compare and contrast two<br>perspectives from the same<br>event or topic in literature.  | I can describe how point of view influences the description of events in literature.   | I can analyze point of view and its<br>impact on text in literature.  | RL 4.6, RL 5.6                  |
| I can understand what impacts point of view in literature.   | I can explain how the point of view affects perspective of the topic or event in literature.   | I can understand what impacts<br>point of view in literature.  | I can explain how point of view is<br>developed in literature.  |                                 |
| I can compare and contrast my<br>point of view from the author's<br>point of view in literature.             | I can explain why the author wrote a text.   | I can infer the author's reason for writing a text.  | I can explain how the author's<br>point of view is conveyed in text.  |                                 |
| EL   |  |  |   |                                 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can sit and listen to a short, simple read-aloud with prompting and support. | A successful level 2 EL student<br>can sit and listen to literary and<br>informational read-alouds with<br>some prompting and support. | can actively engage in individual<br>or group readings with some<br>purpose and understanding with<br>minimal prompting and support. | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend quality informational text, dramas, prose and poetry at the lower range of the grade-level band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for Grade 3. | Reading Standard 13,<br>grade 3 |



## A successful student will read and comprehend high quality prose and poetry on grade level.

| ELA  | Reading Literature   |  |  |                              |
|--|--|--|--|------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                    |
| I can read high quality dramas,<br>prose and poetry on grade level.  | I can read and comprehend high<br>quality dramas, prose and poetry<br>on grade level.  | I can read, comprehend, and<br>analyze high quality dramas,<br>prose and poetry on grade level.  | I can read, comprehend and interpret high-quality dramas, prose and poetry on or above grade level.  | RL.3.13, RL.4.13, RL.5.13    |
| I can read increasingly complex literary text.   | l can read and comprehend<br>increasingly complex text.  | l can select, read and<br>comprehend increasingly<br>complex grade level text.   | I can select, read and<br>comprehend increasingly<br>complex text above grade level.   |                              |
| EL   |  |  |  |                              |
| A successful level 1 EL student can sit and listen to a short, simple read-aloud with prompting and support. | A successful level 2 EL student<br>can sit and listen to literary and<br>informational read-alouds with<br>some prompting and support. | A successful level 3 EL student can actively engage in individual or group readings with comprehension of onlevel literary and informational text with some prompting and support. | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend literary and informational text at the lower range of the gradelevel band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for Grade 4 or 5. | Reading Standard 13, grade 3 |

# **EXTENDED:** A successful student can compare and contrast the treatment of similar themes and topics and patterns and events in multicultural literature.

| ELA  | Reading Literature  |                                |  |           |
|--|---|--------------------------------|--|-----------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3                        | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| themes that are similar.                           | l can compare and contrast<br>treatment of similar themes from<br>different cultures. |                                | l can.evaluate different stories<br>with similar genres.                                       | RL 4.9    |
| settings that are similar.                         | l can compare and contrast<br>similar topics from different<br>cultures.              | treatment of similar themes in | I can evaluate the treatment of similar themes and topics in multicultural literature.         |           |
| I can compare and contrast plots that are similar. |   | patterns and events in stories | I can evaluate and expand on the<br>patterns and events in stories<br>from different cultures. |           |



# **Reading Foundation Skills:**

A successful student can apply knowledge of affixes, syllabication Latin roots and phonics to decode unknown words.

| ELA   | Reading Foundation Skill   | S  |   |                                   |
|---|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                         |
| l can use phonics skills to decode<br>multisyllabic words.  | I can use phonics skills to break<br>words into parts for decoding<br>unfamiliar multisyllabic words.  | l can apply grade level phonics<br>and decoding unfamiliar<br>multisyllabic words.                                     | I can apply grade level phonics in<br>decoding unfamiliar multisyllabic<br>words in and out of context.   | RF 3.3, RF 4.3, RF 5.3            |
| I can use word analysis skill<br>of grade level letter sound<br>correspondences to decode<br>unfamiliar multisyllabic words.  |  | I can use word analysis skill of<br>morphology to understand and<br>decode unfamiliar multisyllabic<br>words.          | I can use word analysis skills<br>of morphology, syntax, and<br>syllabication to decode unknown<br>multisyllabic words.   |                                   |
| I can decode grade level Latin<br>roots and affixes.  | I can use Latin roots and affixes<br>to understand grade level<br>multisyllabic words in and out of<br>context.  | I can use syllabication patterns<br>and morphology to read<br>accurately multisyllabic words in<br>and out of context. | I can use and apply syllabication<br>patterns and morphology to read<br>accurately multisyllabic words in<br>and out of context.  |                                   |
| l can decode grade-level<br>irregularly spelled words.  | I can read and spell grade level<br>irregular words.   | I can define grade level irregularly<br>spelled words using my<br>knowledge of affixes and roots.                      | l can decode grade level Latin<br>roots and affixes.  |                                   |
| EL  |  |  |   |                                   |
| pointing to corresponding printed letters and saying the letter name; medial short vowel sounds in CVC words and long vowel sounds in CVCe words by pointing to corresponding printed letters and | printed ones; decode by blending<br>phonemes and recognize high<br>frequency words within simple<br>text with support; identify the<br>number of syllables in a single<br>word by clapping for each<br>vowel sound; and select correct | grade-level common prefixes and<br>derivational suffixes for roots<br>with minimal support; identify                   | A successful level 4 EL student can employ grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words within grade-level literal and abstract text with little to no support; change word meaning by applying appropriate grade-level affixes, including Latin suffixes (ible, able, ation) to roots with little to no support; and read unfamiliar multisyllabic words accurately in context and out of context without support. | Standard 3, grades 3, 4,<br>and 5 |

# ELA PERFORMANCE-BASED ASSESSMENT

# **Reading Informational Text:**

A successful student can refer to the text when explaining and inferring to demonstrate understanding of the text.

| ELA  | Reading Informational Te  | ext   |   | STANDARDS               |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS               |  |  |  |
| l can construct questions using<br>who, what, where, when and why. | I can use text and text features<br>to ask and answer key detail<br>questions.  | answer text specific questions.   | I can refer to a text to support ideas and assumptions when writing or speaking.  | RI 3.1, RI, 4.1, RI 5.1 |  |  |  |
| I can identify the location of the answer in the text.             | I can use the text to make an inference.  | and text to make an inference.  | I can explain the definition of inference and the process of making an inference. |                         |  |  |  |
| EL   |   |   |   |                         |  |  |  |
| can respond to or ask a who or what text-dependent question        | A successful level 2 EL student<br>can ask or answer a who, what,<br>when, where text-dependent<br>question by locating or giving a<br>detail from a simple text. | can Identify details in a text which<br>prompt a clarifying question and/<br>or answer explicit who, what,<br>when, where, why, how text-<br>dependent questions. |   | •                       |  |  |  |



## A successful student can determine main idea, explain key details and summarize text.

| ELA  | Reading Informational Text  |  |  |                                 |  |
|--|---|--|--|---------------------------------|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                       |  |
| I can determine main idea in informational text.   | l can explain main idea in<br>informational text.   | I can identify two or more main ideas of a text.   | l can justify main ideas of informational text.  | RI 3.2, RI 4.2                  |  |
| I can identify key details of informational text.  | I can explain key details of<br>informational text.   | I can determine key détails of informational text.   | I can examine key details of informational text.   |                                 |  |
| I can summarize informational<br>text with one supporting detail in<br>informational text. | I can complete a summary of<br>informational text with two<br>supporting details.   | I can create a summary of informational text with many supporting details.                         | I can interpret the summary of informational text which includes supporting details.   |                                 |  |
| EL   |   |  |  |                                 |  |
|  | A successful level 2 EL student can sit and listen to literary and informational read-alouds with some prompting and support. | can actively engage in individual<br>or group readings with some<br>purpose and understanding with | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend quality informational text, dramas, prose and poetry at the lower range of the gradelevel band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for Grade 3. | Reading Standard 13,<br>grade 3 |  |

# GRADE BAND 3-5

## A successful student can integrate information from multiple texts to write or speak about a subject knowledgeably.

| ELA  | Reading Informational Text  |   |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                              |  |
| I can understand the difference<br>between compare and contrast.   | I can integrate information on<br>topic to speak or write on the<br>subject knowledgeably.                                    | several texts to speak or write on                          | I can interpret and evaluate<br>information from multiple<br>text and speak or write<br>knowledgeably about the subject.   | RI 3.9, RI 5.9                         |  |
| I can understand how to<br>compare and contrast key<br>details.  | I can integrate a key detail on<br>topic to speak or write on the<br>subject knowledgeably.                                   |   | I can interpret and evaluate key<br>details from multiple text and<br>speak or write knowledgeably<br>about the subject.   |  |  |
| I can compare and contrast text on the same topic.   | I can categorize key details<br>from two texts to compare and<br>contrast.  | in order to combine information.                            | I can articulate the similarities<br>and differences between the<br>same event by different authors<br>for better understanding.   |  |  |
| EL   |   |   | •  |  |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can sit and listen to a short, simple read-aloud with prompting and support. | A successful level 2 EL student can sit and listen to literary and informational read-alouds with some prompting and support. | student can actively engage in individual or group readings | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend literary and informational text at the lower range of the gradelevel band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for Grade 4 or 5. | Reading Standard 13,<br>grades 4 and 5 |  |



## A successful student can read and comprehend grade level informational text.

| ELA  | Reading Informational Text   |  |   |  |  |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                              |  |
| I can read grade-level informational text.                       | l can read and comprehend<br>grade-level informational text.   | I can read and comprehend<br>grade-level complex<br>informational text.  | I can read and comprehend<br>above grade level complex<br>informational text. | RI.3.13, RI.4.13, RI.5.13              |  |
| I can understand the meaning of informational text.              | I can interpret meaning from<br>informational text.  | I can interpret meaning from a variety of informational text.  | I can interpret meaning from a variety of high-level informational text.      |  |  |
| EL   |  |  |   |  |  |
| student can sit and listen to a<br>short, simple read-aloud with | A successful level 2 EL student<br>can sit and listen to literary and<br>informational read-alouds with<br>some prompting and support. | A successful level 3 EL student can actively engage in individual or group readings with comprehension of onlevel literary and informational text with some prompting and support. |   | Reading Standard 13,<br>grades 4 and 5 |  |

# **EXTENDED:** A successful student can explain relationships or interactions based on specific information in historical, scientific or technical text.

| ELA  | Reading Informational Te   | ext  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                              |
| I can use language that relates to time or sequence with describing relationships.                                 |  | I can identify and use time,<br>sequence and cause/effect<br>cue words when explaining<br>connected relationships.   | I can explain the use of time,<br>sequence and cause/effect<br>cue words when explaining<br>connected relationships.   | RI 5.3                                 |
| I can describe the relationship<br>between a series of historical<br>events or scientific ideas.                   | I can explain what happened and<br>why in a historical, scientific or<br>technical text.   |  | I can use close reading strategies<br>to identify key individuals, events<br>or ideas in informational text.   |  |
| I can use digital tools to create<br>a timeline explaining the<br>connection between related<br>historical events. | l can describe the connection<br>between a series of historical<br>events or scientific ideas.   | l can understand the differences<br>and structures associated with<br>historical, scientific and technical<br>texts.   | I can extract meaning and purpose from informational text by analyzing its structure and organization.   |  |
| I can describe the technical steps<br>or procedures in text.   | I can describe the connection between two individuals in text.   | I can describe and explain the<br>connection between two or more<br>individuals in text.   | l can compare and contrast<br>connections between two or<br>more individuals in text.  |  |
| EL   |  |  |  |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can sit and listen to a short, simple read-aloud with prompting and support.       | A successful level 2 EL student<br>can sit and listen to literary and<br>informational read-alouds with<br>some prompting and support. | A successful level 3 EL student can actively engage in individual or group readings with comprehension of onlevel literary and informational text with some prompting and support. | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend literary and informational text at the lower range of the gradelevel band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for Grade 4 or 5. | Reading Standard 13,<br>grades 4 and 5 |



#### **EXTENDED:** A successful student can describe the overall structure of events, ideas, concepts or information in text.

| ELA   | Reading Informational Te  | ext   |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                              |
| I can use text features and<br>search tools (e.g., key words,<br>sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate<br>information relevant to a given<br>topic. | I can select effective tools to<br>locate information relevant to a<br>given topic.           | tools to use to locate information  | I can model the use of effective<br>tools to use to locate information<br>relevant to a given topic.   | RI 4.5                                 |
| I can understand text structure in informational text.  | I can identify text structure in<br>informational text.                                       |   | I can optimize the use of<br>text structures that enhance<br>comprehension of informational<br>text.   |  |
| I can understand how the authors uses text features to organize text.   | I can determine why the author<br>chose a specific text structure.                            |   | l can explain the use of specific<br>text structures to author's<br>purpose.   |  |
| EL  |   |   |  |  |
| student can sit and listen to a   | can sit and listen to literary and informational read-alouds with some prompting and support. | student can actively engage in<br>individual or group readings<br>with comprehension of on-<br>level literary and informational | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend literary and informational text at the lower range of the gradelevel band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for Grade 4 or 5. | Reading Standard 13,<br>grades 4 and 5 |

# GRADE BAND 3-5

## **EXTENDED:** A successful student can compare and contrast multiple accounts of an event or topic.

| ELA  | Reading Informational Text   |   |  |  |  |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                              |  |
| I can distinguish my point of view from that of the author of a text.  | I can compare and contrast first<br>and secondhand account of the<br>event or topic.   | I can analyze multiple accounts of same events or topics.                         | I can assess multiple accounts of events or topics.  | RI 4.6,5.6                             |  |
| I can understand the differences in information.   | I can describe the differences of information provided.  | I can note similarities and<br>differences in point of view.                      | I can analyze similarities and<br>differences in point of view.  |  |  |
| I can recognize the same event told from different perspectives.   | I can compare the same event<br>told from different perspectives.  | l can compare and contrast the<br>same event told from different<br>perspectives. | I can elaborate on the differences<br>of the same event told from<br>different perspectives.   |  |  |
| EL   |  |   |  |  |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can sit and listen to a short, simple read-aloud with prompting and support. | A successful level 2 EL student<br>can sit and listen to literary and<br>informational read-alouds with<br>some prompting and support. | student can actively engage in individual or group readings                       | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend literary and informational text at the lower range of the gradelevel band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for Grade 4 or 5. | Reading Standard 13,<br>grades 4 and 5 |  |



# **HGSS**

# **History Priority:**

A successful student can use distinctions among fact and opinion of the same event and draw conclusions about how choices have consequences.

| HGSS  | History Priority   |  |  |   |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                                   |
| story or informational text.                    | l can recall detailed facts from<br>memory and retell the topic with<br>details of a story or informational<br>text. | ideas on the topic.  | •  | Standard 1 Benchmark:<br>1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4 |
| or informational text.                          | l can identify two or more<br>opinions in a story or<br>informational text.  | support specific concepts or big ideas on the topic.         | I can use multiple sources to interpret opinions to demonstrate how the same event can be explained from more than one point of view.            |   |
| I can identify a primary source.                | l can explain why a source is a<br>primary source.   | specific concept or topic.                                   | I can categorize and evaluate<br>primary and secondary resources<br>and appropriately use them to<br>build meaning around a concept<br>or topic. |   |
| I can identify how a choices has a consequence. | l can explain two or more<br>consequences to a choice.   | l can demonstrate how a choice<br>has multiple consequences. | l can use evidence to support<br>how a choice has multiple<br>consequences.  |   |

# **Civics/Government Priority:**

A successful student can distinguish the responsibilities and powers of government to explain how rules are created and recognize the responsibility of citizens in that society.

| HGSS  | Civics /Government Priority   |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                                |  |
| I can identify responsibilities of local government.  | I can give examples of responsibilities of local government.                                    | of local government and the responsibilities of citizens in that       | I can justify responsibilities of<br>local government and argue the<br>responsibilities of citizens in a<br>local community. | Standard 2 Benchmark: 2.4, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 |  |
| I can identify responsibilities of state government.  | I can give examples of responsibilities of state government                                     | of state government and the responsibilities of citizens in that       | can justify responsibilities of<br>state government and argue the<br>responsibilities of citizens in that<br>state.          |  |  |
| I can identify my own nation.   | I can give identify and give<br>examples of responsibilities of<br>national government.         | national government and explain<br>the responsibilities of citizens to | I can justify responsibilities of<br>national government and argue<br>the responsibilities of citizens in<br>that nation.    |  |  |
| I can explain how laws are created<br>in a local government and give<br>examples of local laws. | I can explain how laws are<br>created in a state government<br>and give examples of state laws. | •  |  |  |  |



# **History Priority:**

A successful student will analyze multiple perspectives, evaluate events, and investigate relationships to make a claim using evidence and arguments.

| HGSS  | History Priority   | 4   |  |  |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                                |
| I can identify the perspective of a<br>story or informational text. | I can identify multiple<br>perspectives of a story or<br>informational text.   | specific event, concept or topic.                                   | I can use multiple perspectives to interpret facts and demonstrate how the same event can be explained from more than one point of view.   | Standard 3 Benchmark: 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4 |
| I can identify the important information from an event.             | I can identify the important information with details from an event.   | event.  | I can categorize use multiple<br>sources to evaluate details from<br>the same event.   |  |
| I can identify a relationship<br>between two events.                | I can explain a relationship<br>between events and how<br>those events impact a society<br>(identities, beliefs, practices). | how those events impact a society (identities, beliefs, practices). | I can use multiple sources to<br>argue a relationship between<br>events and their impact on<br>a society (identities, beliefs,<br>practices) with evidence to<br>support my claim. |  |

# **Economics Priority:**

A successful student will analyze multiple sources of economic information to demonstrate good economic decision-making skills and analyze and draw conclusions about continuity and change over time.

| HGSS Economics Priority  |   |   |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                                |  |
| I can identify examples of<br>resources (human capital,<br>physical capital, natural<br>resources) used to produce<br>goods and services in my<br>community. | I can identify examples of<br>resources (human capital,<br>physical capital, natural<br>resources) used to produce<br>goods and services in my state. | I can identify examples of<br>resources (human capital,<br>physical capital, natural<br>resources) used to produce<br>goods and services in a region. | l can compare resources (human<br>capital, physical capital, natural<br>resources) used to produce<br>goods and services in regions. | Standard 4 Benchmark: 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 |  |
| I can describe the role of banks in an economy.  | I can identify financial resources<br>(loans, grants, taxes, wages,<br>trade) in an economy.  |   | I can compare the purpose<br>of financial resources (loans,<br>grants, taxes, wages, trade) in an<br>economy.                        |  |  |
| I can identify good economic<br>decision making skills.  | I can explain how good economic decision making skills change over time.  | I can demonstrate how good<br>economic decision making skills<br>change over time.  | I can explain the effect<br>of increasing economic<br>interdependence in regions/<br>nations.  |  |  |



# **Geography Priority:**

A successful student can use geographic information to observe, explore and compare human and physical characteristics and their relationship to the region.

| HGSS  | Geography Priority   |  |  |   |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| LEVEL 1                                       | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                                 |
| physical and political locations in           |  | features of national regions.                    | I can use a map/globe to<br>compare physical and political<br>features of different geographic<br>locations. | Standard 5: Benchmark: 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 |
| community is supported by                     |  | is supported by human and                        | I can analyze how a region<br>is supported by human and<br>physical characteristics.                         |   |
| I can explain why a school changes over time. | I can explain why a community/<br>state changes over time. | l can explain why a nation<br>changes over time. | I can analyze changes of a region<br>over time.  |   |

# **History Extension:**

GRADE BAND

A successful student can use distinctions among fact and opinion from multiple sources in response to compelling questions to investigate and connect examples of choices and consequences with contemporary issues.

| HGSS  | History Extension   |         |  |   |  |
|---|---|---------|--|---|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                                   |  |
| I can identify facts and opinions<br>from sources to answer a<br>compelling question. | I can gather relevant facts and opinions from sources to answer a compelling question.                              |         | I can use multiple sources to identify facts and opinions which explain specific concepts or big ideas on the topic or to support a compelling question. | Standard 1 Benchmark:<br>1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4 |  |
| I can identify a relationship<br>between a historical and a<br>contemporary event.    | I can gather relevant information<br>to support a relationship between<br>a historical and a contemporary<br>event. |         | I can use evidence to support a<br>relationship between a historical<br>and a contemporary event.  |   |  |

#### **Civics/Government Extension:**

A successful student can use a range of democratic procedures to identify common problems or needs within a school/community to draw conclusions and evaluate the rights and responsibilities of people living in societies.

| HGSS  | Civics /Government Extension   |   |   |   |  |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                     |  |
| I can identify a democratic procedure.                                      | l can give examples of a<br>democratic procedure.                              | l can explain and use a<br>democratic procedure.  | l can justify democratic procedures.  | Standard 2 Benchmark:<br>2.4, 2.1<br>2.2, 2.3 |  |
| I can identify a problem or need in my school.                              | I can identify a problem or need<br>in my community.                           | l can explain a problem or need<br>in my school/community.  | I can explain a problem in my<br>state/nation.  |   |  |
| I can identify a possible solution<br>to a problem or need in my<br>school. | I can identify a possible solution<br>to a problem or need in my<br>community. | I can explain and evaluate a<br>possible solution to a problem or<br>need in my school/community.               | I can explain and evaluate a possible solution to a problem or need in my state/nation.                     |   |  |
| of students to solve a problem in   |  | I can evaluate the rights and<br>responsibilities of citizens to<br>solve a problem in my school/<br>community. | I can evaluate the rights and<br>responsibilities of citizens to<br>solve a problem in my state/<br>nation. |   |  |

# GRADE BAND 3-5

# **History Extension:**

A successful student can gather relevant information from multiple sources and organize the information to describe relationships between historical and contemporary events.

| HGSS  | History Extension   |   |         |   |
|---|---|---|---------|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS                                   |
| I can identify facts and opinions<br>from sources about a historical<br>and contemporary event. | I can gather relevant facts and<br>opinions from sources about<br>a historical and contemporary<br>event. | sources to explain a relationship<br>between a historical event and a<br>current event. |         | Standard 3 Benchmark:<br>3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4 |
| I can identify a relationship<br>between a historical and a<br>contemporary event.              |   | current event.  |         |   |



#### **Economic Extension:**

A successful student will analyze multiple sources of economic information to explain the characteristics of a market economy and the impact on individuals and communities to connect continuity and change to a contemporary issue.

| HGSS  | Economic Extension                              |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                   |
| I can describe terms (buyer,<br>seller, product, service) related to<br>a market economy. |   | I can explain relationships (buyer,<br>seller, product, service, supply,<br>demand, investment) related to a<br>market economy. | I can analyze relationships (buyer,<br>seller, product, service, supply,<br>demand, investment) related to a<br>market economy. | Standard 4 Benchmark:<br>4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 |
|   | deflation and unemployment                      |   | can analyze inflation, deflation<br>and unemployment related to a<br>market economy.  |   |
| I can identify a change in my local economy.  | I can identify a change in my<br>state economy. | I can identify a change in my<br>national economy.  | I can analyze a change in<br>economy.   |   |
| I can use economic information to identify changes causing a local issue today.           | to explain changes causing a                    | to identify changes causing a   | I can use economic information<br>to identify changes causing a<br>world issue today.   |   |

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# **Geography Extension:**

A successful student can use geographic information to investigate and connect relationships of human and physical characteristics to contemporary issues.

| HGSS   | Geography Extension   |  |  |   |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                                 |
| I can compare maps of my school from past and present to identify changes.                                   |   | I can compare maps of my nation<br>from past and present to identify<br>changes.                           |  | Standard 5: Benchmark: 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 |
| an impact on the physical area of  | an impact on the physical area of   |  | I can analyze how humans have<br>an impact on the physical area of<br>regions.                             |   |
| I can identify how cultural and<br>environmental characteristics<br>cause change over time in my<br>school.  | I can explain how cultural and<br>environmental characteristics<br>cause change over time in my<br>community/state. | I can explain how cultural and<br>environmental characteristics<br>cause change over time in my<br>nation. | I can analyze how cultural and<br>environmental characteristics<br>cause change over time in an<br>area.   |   |
| I can identify how human<br>movement and use of natural<br>resources cause change over<br>time in my school. | movement and use of natural resources cause change over   | movement and use of natural resources cause change over  | I can analyze how human<br>movement and use of natural<br>resources cause change over<br>time in a region. |   |

# **EL HGSS**

It is important to recognize that students who receive ESOL Services have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports makes it possible for them to do so. Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the measurement tables for this population align to The Kansas Standards for English Learners. These standards create a foundation upon which successful English language instruction is built. The premise of these standards is supporting individual students to gain a level of proficiency with the English language that allows them to be highly successful in obtaining grade level academic standards in as short of time as possible. Both social English and academic English are required to attain mastery of the English language and of school success. These standards below frame expectations of "what students need to know and be able to do" from a level 1 to level 4 of English fluency and how that relates to a mastery level.

**Special Note:** These standards are grade banded and overarching. Some competencies are designed with the end in mind. Therefore, a student in 3rd -4th grade may be at a level 1 or 2, but is expected to progress to a level 3 or 4 by grade 5.

| HGSS   | EL  |   |   |          |
|--|---|---|---|----------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD |
| can read wordless picture books using expression with prompting and support. | can read decodable text with  | can read emergent-reader text<br>with accuracy and expression<br>while using context to confirm<br>understanding with minimal | A successful level 4 EL student can read on-level texts with some purpose and understanding with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression by rereading when necessary with minimal prompting and support. | EL. RF.4 |
| can read wordless picture books using expression with prompting and support. | can read decodable text with<br>expression while relying on<br>picture clues for accuracy and | can read emergent-reader text<br>with accuracy and expression<br>while using context to confirm<br>understanding with minimal | T .   | EL. RF.4 |

| HGSS  | EL  |   |   |           |
|---|---|---|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting the point (claim) of a paragraph.  | one or more evidence pictures supporting the particular point   | can identify the particular point (claim) and a supporting piece of evidence from the text. Explain why the evidence  | A successful level 4 EL student can identify the particular point (claim) and two or more supporting pieces of evidence from the text. A successful student can explain why the evidence supports the particular point (claim).                         | EL.R. 8.3 |
| A successful level 1 EL student<br>can point to a picture or<br>illustration depicting the point<br>(claim) of a paragraph  | one or more evidence pictures supporting the particular point   | •   | A successful level 4 EL student can identify and distinguish between relevant and irrelevant evidence to support the particular point (claim) in a text and explain why or why not.   | •         |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting a particular word of a pair of multiple-meaning words (ex. verb run-to go quickly by moving legs rapidly, noun runscore in baseball) or draw an illustration and label one word of a pair of multiple-meaning words. | A successful level 2 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting a particular word of a pair of homophones (ex.rain and rein) or draw an illustration and label one word of a pair of homophones. | A successful level 3 EL student can utilize picture or context clues to determine definitions of multiple-meaning words and homophones. Consult references (digital/print) for pronunciation and definition clarification. Identify word parts (root, prefix, suffix) and their meanings. | A successful level 4 EL student can recognize and define multiple-meaning words/ phrases, homophones, and grade-level roots and affixes by using context clues and reference materials (digital/ print) for pronunciation and definition clarification. | EL.R. 11  |
|   | can sit and listen to literary and  | A successful level 3 EL student can actively engage in individual or group readings with comprehension of on-level literary and informational text with some prompting and support.   |   | EL.R.13   |



| HGSS  | EL   |  |   |           |
|---|--|--|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can produce text that consists of simple words, copied or adapted from a model that is appropriate to task and purpose with guidance and support. |  | grammatical structures and basic conventions that are  | A successful level 4 EL student can produce reasonably clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.   | EL. W.4   |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no", draw, and point with minimal comprehension or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings.                         | A successful level 2 EL student can produce one or two word responses or a simple sentence with limited comprehension. Follow rules for discussions. | can participate in dialogue and express ideas, especially with   | A successful level 4 EL student can engage in conversations in a one-on-one setting or in a group in a prepared manner. Build on the ideas of others. Follow the rules of discussion. Ask questions for clarification. Make comments that contribute to the conversation. | EL. SL.1  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no", draw, and point to identify information or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings.                            | can speak simple sentences   |  | A successful level 4 EL student can determine (grade 3) summarize (grade 4&5) information presented in diverse media and formats accurately.  | EL. SL.2  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no", draw, and point to identify information or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings.                            | can speak one/two words<br>or simple sentences when<br>identifying a supporting reason.  |  | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can identify (grade 3 &4)<br>summarize (grade 5) most of<br>the reasons and evidence a<br>speaker provides.  | EL. SL. 3 |
| can nod for "yes" and "no",   | A successful level 2 EL<br>student can acquire high-<br>frequency words and names<br>of common items found within<br>surroundings.                   | A successful level 3 EL student can acquire and produce academic and domain-specific words regarding actions and emotions. | A successful level 4 EL student can acquire and use gradeappropriate academic and domain-specific words and phrases, regarding precise actions, emotions, or states of being basic to a particular topic.   | EL. SL.8  |

# **Mathematics**

A successful student will fluently add, subtract, multiply, and divide multidigit numbers.

| B 4  |    |    |   |    |     |
|------|----|----|---|----|-----|
| IV/I | at | h۵ | m | 21 | ics |
|      |    |    |   |    |     |

| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                |  |
|--|--|---|---|--------------------------|--|
|  | I can multiply numbers using area<br>model, partial products or the<br>standard algorithm.<br>I can explain the connections<br>within multiplication to area or<br>place value.  | numbers using an effective  | I can flexibly and fluently select<br>and use a multiplication strategy<br>based on a context or situation. | 3.OA.7, 4.NBT.4, 5.NBT.5 |  |
|  | I can divide numbers using area<br>model, partial products or the<br>standard algorithm.<br>I can explain the connections<br>within division to area or place<br>value.          | I can fluently divide multidigit<br>numbers using an effective<br>method.<br>I can connect multiple division<br>methods (area and place value, as<br>an example). | I can flexibly and fluently select<br>and use a division strategy based<br>on a context or situation.       |                          |  |
| fluently add multidigit  | I can multiply numbers using area<br>model, partial products, or the<br>standard algorithm.<br>I can explain the connections<br>within multiplication to area or<br>place value. | numbers using an effective  | I can flexibly and fluently select<br>and use a multiplication strategy<br>based on a context or situation. |                          |  |
| fluently subtract multidigit<br>numbers. I can subtract multidigit<br>numbers using manipulatives, | the standard algorithm. I can explain the connections within   |   | I can flexibly and fluently select<br>and use a subtraction strategy<br>based on a context or situation.    |                          |  |

A successful student can explain and make generalizations about the patterns in a place value system, use this understanding and the properties of operations to perform single and multidigit arithmetic, including whole numbers and decimals, and understand how concepts of area, perimeter and volume relate to multiplication and addition.

| Mathematics   |   |   |  |   |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| A successful student can perform operations on single digit problems and explain the relationship to place value. I can perform operations with single digit problems using manipulatives, pictures or diagrams.          | I can perform operations with single digit problems using strategies with explanations in multiplicative comparisons and additive comparisons.  I can explain the connections within operations to area or place value.   | l can connect operations,<br>solve problems, and explain<br>relationships in multiple ways with<br>multiplication and division. (area<br>and place value, as an example).                     | l can solve problems, and explain<br>relationships in multiple ways.   | 3.OA.A.1, 2, 3, 4<br>3.OA.C.7, 3.NBT.A.1, 2, 3,<br>3.MD.C.6, 7, 8, 9, 4.OA.A.<br>1, 2, 3, 4.NBT.A. 1, 2, 3,<br>4.NBT.B. 4, 5, 6. 5.OA.A.1,<br>2, 5.NBT.A.1, 2, 3, 4, 5,<br>6, 7 |
| A successful student can perform operations on multidigit problems and explain the relationship to place value. I can perform operations with multidigit numbers with decimals using manipulatives, pictures or diagrams. | I can perform operations with multidigit numbers with decimals using area model, partial products, or the standard algorithm with explanations in multiplicative comparisons and additive comparisons.  I can explain the connections within operations to area or place value. | I can connect operations, solve problems and explain relationships in multiple ways and use the traditional algorithm with multiplication and division (area and place value, as an example). | l can solve problems, and explain<br>relationships in multiple ways.   |   |
| multidigit problems with decimals and explain the relationship to place value. I can perform operations with multidigit numbers with decimals   | partial products, or the standard algorithm.  | solve problems, and explain relationships in multiple ways  | I can solve decimal problems<br>using all four operations and<br>explain relationships in multiple<br>ways and explain concepts of<br>place value. |   |

| Mathematics |   |                              |  |           |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------|--|-----------|--|
| LEVEL 1     | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3                      | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |  |
|             | l can relate area and perimeter<br>to addition. | volume to multiplication and | I can use multiplication and<br>addition to solve area, perimeter,<br>and volume problems. |           |  |

A successful student can generate, analyze and explain numerical patterns and relationships.

| Mathematics  |                    |         |   |                           |
|--|--------------------|---------|---|---------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2            | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                 |
| A successful student can generate and analyze numerical pattern and explain relationships. I can generate a numerical pattern. | numerical pattern. |         | l can generate, analyze, and<br>explain a numerical pattern in<br>multiple ways in many situations. | 3.0A.5, 6; 4.0A.4; 4.0A.5 |



A successful student will demonstrate an understanding of fractions (concepts of fractional/decimal parts, estimating, equivalency, ordering) and all four operations with fractions by applying understandings of whole numbers through the use of visual models to represent and explain concepts.

| Mathematics  |  |   |  |  |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| A successful student can demonstrate and explain the concepts of fractional parts, equivalency, and estimating fractions. I can demonstrate the concepts of fractions using pictures and models.   | I can demonstrate the concepts<br>of fractions using models,<br>numbers, and contextual<br>situations. | l can demonstrate and explain<br>the concepts of fractions in<br>multiple ways.     | I can apply and connect the<br>concepts of fractions, equivalent<br>fractions, and estimating<br>fractions to decimals in multiple<br>ways in contextual situations. | 3.NF.1, 2, 3; 4.NF.1, 2, ;<br>4.NF.3, 4, 5, 6, 7; 4.NF;<br>5.NF.1, 2, ; 5NF.3, 4, 5,<br>6, 7 |
| demonstrate and explain the concepts of decimal parts,   | I can demonstrate the concepts<br>of decimals using models,<br>numbers, and contextual<br>situations.  | I can demonstrate and explain<br>the concepts of decimals in<br>multiple ways.      | I can apply and connect the<br>concepts of decimals, equivalent<br>decimals, and estimating<br>decimals to fractions in multiple<br>ways in contextual situations.   |  |
| A successful student can apply all four operations and explain with fractions by using understanding of whole numbers through the use of visual models to represent and explain concepts. I can identify the operations of fractions and demonstrate some with a visual model. | I can apply all four operations of<br>fractions using visual models.                                   | I can apply and explain all four<br>operations of fractions using<br>visual models. | I can apply and connect the<br>operations of fractions to<br>contextual situations in multiple<br>ways.  |  |

A successful student can demonstrate an understanding of measurement concepts (time, length and/or money) by constructing reasonable estimates and solving problems involving all four operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication and division).

| Mathematics  |   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| A successful student can identify time to the nearest minute and apply the measurement concepts of time by solving problems with elapsed time. I can identify time to the nearest minute.                      | I can identify time to the nearest<br>minute and solve problems with<br>elapsed time.                       | I can apply and explain problems using elapsed time. | using time in multiple situations.   | 3.MD.1, 2, 3; 3.MD<br>6,7,8,9; 4.MD.1, 2, 3;<br>5.MD.1 |
| A successful student can measure using standard and metric lengths and apply the measurement concepts of measurement by solving problems with all operations. I can measure using standard and metric lengths. |   |  | I can apply and explain problems<br>using lengths in multiple<br>situations. |  |
| A successful student can identify coins and dollar bills and solve problems involving all four operations with money. I can identify coins and bills and count the values of each.                             | I can solve problems involving<br>money using addition and<br>subtraction by drawing models<br>and visuals. | I can apply and explain problems<br>using money.     | I can apply and explain problems<br>using money in multiple<br>situations.   |  |



A successful student can collect, represent, and interpret data with multiple categories and solve problems using the data.

| Mathematics   |   |         |   |                         |
|---|---|---------|---|-------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS               |
|   | I can collect, represent and<br>explain data, a line plot, bar graph<br>and pictograph. |         | l can use data to explain multiple<br>situations.         | 3.MD.4, 54.MD.4, 5.MD.2 |
| A successful student can solve problems using data collected. I can collect data to solve an addition or subtraction problem. |   |         | I can solve problems with data in<br>multiple situations. |                         |

A successful student can create, identify, and distinguish between lines, angles and shapes based on their properties and defining attributes using a coordinate plane.

| Mathematics |  |                               |  |   |
|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|---|
| LEVEL 1     | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3                       | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
|             | different quadrilaterals based on properties and attributes. | problems.                     |  | 3.MD 9; 3.G.1, 2, 4.G.1,<br>2, 3, 5.G.1, 2 5.G.3, 4 |
|             |  | to solve real world problems. | I can use properties of triangles<br>to solve problems and graph<br>points on a coordinate plane |   |

## **EL Mathematics**

It is important to recognize that students who receive ESOL Services have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports makes it possible for them to do so. Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the measurement tables for this population align to The Kansas Standards for English Learners. These standards create a foundation upon which successful English language instruction is built. The premise of these standards is supporting individual students to gain a level of proficiency with the English language that allows them to be highly successful in obtaining grade level academic standards in as short of time as possible. Both social English and academic English are required to attain mastery of the English language and of school success. These standards below frame expectations of "what students need to know and be able to do" from a level 1 to level 4 of English fluency and how that relates to a mastery level.

**Special Note:** These standards are grade banded and overarching. Some competencies are designed with the end in mind. Therefore, a student in 3rd -4th grade may be at a level 1 or 2, but is expected to progress to a level 3 or 4 by grade 5.

| Mathematics   | EL  |   |   |            |
|---|---|---|---|------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| can read wordless picture books using expression with                                       | can read decodable text with<br>expression while relying on<br>picture clues for accuracy and   | can read emergent-reader text<br>with accuracy and expression<br>while using context to confirm                               | A successful level 4 EL student can read on-level texts with some purpose and understanding with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression by rereading when necessary with minimal prompting and support.                     | EL. RF . 4 |
| can point to a picture or single word in response to a who or what text-dependent question. | can locate or give a detail from<br>a simple text that answers a<br>who, what, when, where text-                                      | can identify details in a text<br>that answer explicitly who,what,  | A successful level 4 EL student can ask and answer (grade 3) identify (grade 4) provide (grade 5) details in a text that answers various explicit and implicit text-dependent questions.  | EL.R.1     |
| can point to a picture or illustration depicting the point (claim) of a paragraph.          | can match pictures depicting<br>the particular point (claim) with<br>one or more evidence pictures<br>supporting the particular point | can identify the particular<br>point (claim) and a supporting<br>piece of evidence from the<br>text. Explain why the evidence | A successful level 4 EL student can identify the particular point (claim) and two or more supporting pieces of evidence from the text. A successful student can explain why the evidence supports the particular point (claim). | EL.R. 8.3  |



| Mathematics   | EL  |  |   |                    |
|---|---|--|---|--------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS          |
| A successful level 1 EL student<br>can point to a picture or<br>illustration depicting the point<br>(claim) of a paragraph  | can match a picture depicting<br>the particular point (claim) with<br>one or more evidence pictures<br>supporting the particular point  | can identify the particular point<br>(claim) and a supporting piece<br>of evidence from the text. The<br>successful students explain |   | EL.R. 8.4 and 8. 5 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting a particular word of a pair of multiple-meaning words (ex. verb run-to go quickly by moving legs rapidly, noun runscore in baseball) or draw an illustration and label one word of a pair of multiple-meaning words. | A successful level 2 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting a particular word of a pair of homophones (ex.rain and rein) or draw an illustration and label one word of a pair of homophones. | homophones (ex.rain and<br>rein) or draw an illustration<br>and label one word of a pair of<br>homophones.                           | A successful level 3 EL student can utilize picture or context clues to determine definitions of multiple-meaning words and homophones. Consult references (digital/print) for pronunciation and definition clarification. Identify word parts (root, prefix, suffix) and their meanings. | EL.R. 11           |
| A successful level 1 EL student can produce text that consists of simple words, copied or adapted from a model that is appropriate to task and purpose with guidance and support.   | A successful level 2 EL student can produce simple sentence patterns that are appropriate to task and purpose with guidance and support.  | student can produce<br>writing that supports   | A successful level 4 EL student can produce reasonably clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience  | EL. W.4            |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no", draw, and point with minimal comprehension or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings.   |   | can participate in dialogue and  | A successful level 4 EL student can engage in conversations in a one-on-one setting or in a group in a prepared manner. Build on the ideas of others. Follow the rules of discussion. Ask questions for clarification. Make comments that contribute to the conversation.                 | EL. SL.1           |

| Mathematics  | EL  |   |   |           |
|--|---|---|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting the point (claim) of a paragraph.   | can match pictures depicting<br>the particular point (claim) with<br>one or more evidence pictures  | can identify the particular point (claim) and a supporting piece of evidence from the text. Explain why the evidence  | A successful level 4 EL student can identify the particular point (claim) and two or more supporting pieces of evidence from the text. A successful student can explain why the evidence supports the particular point (claim). | EL.R. 8.3 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no", draw, and point to identify information or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings.                         | A successful level 2 EL student<br>can speak one/two words<br>or simple sentences when<br>identifying a supporting reason   |   | A successful level 4 EL student can identify (grade 3 &4) summarize (grade 5) most of the reasons and evidence a speaker provides.  | EL. SL. 3 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no", draw, and/or point to domain-specific pictures repeating names of frequently used words or absorbing surroundings. | A successful level 2 EL student can acquire high-frequency words and names of common items found within surroundings.   | A successful level 3 EL student can acquire and produce academic and domain-specific words regarding actions and emotions.  | A successful level 4 EL student can acquire and use grade-appropriate academic and domain-specific words and phrases, regarding precise actions, emotions, or states of being basic to a particular topic.                      | EL. SL. 8 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting the point (claim) of a paragraph.   | can match pictures depicting<br>the particular point (claim) with<br>one or more evidence pictures<br>supporting the particular point<br>(claim). Label each picture with | A successful level 3 EL student can identify the particular point (claim) and a supporting piece of evidence from the text. Explain why the evidence supports the particular point (claim). | A successful level 4 EL student can identify the particular point (claim) and two or more supporting pieces of evidence from the text. A successful student can explain why the evidence supports the particular point (claim). | EL.R. 8.3 |
|  | A successful level 2 EL student<br>can speak one/two words<br>or simple sentences when<br>identifying a supporting reason   | A successful level 3 EL student can produce basic comprehension of information presented by identifying a reason and some evidence supporting a particular point made by the speaker.       | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can identify (grade 3 &4)<br>summarize (grade 5) most of<br>the reasons and evidence a<br>speaker provides.  | EL. SL. 3 |



| Mathematics  | EL  |   |   |           |
|--|---|---|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| A successful level 1 EL<br>student can nod for "yes"<br>and "no", draw, and/or point<br>to domain-specific pictures<br>repeating names of frequently<br>used words or absorbing<br>surroundings. | A successful level 2 EL student can acquire high-frequency words and names of common items found within surroundings.     | can acquire and produce academic and domain-specific words regarding actions and emotions.  | A successful level 4 EL student can acquire and use grade-appropriate academic and domain-specific words and phrases, regarding precise actions, emotions, or states of being basic to a particular topic.                      | EL. SL. 8 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting the point (claim) of a paragraph.   | can match pictures depicting the particular point (claim) with  | can identify the particular<br>point (claim) and a supporting<br>piece of evidence from the   | A successful level 4 EL student can identify the particular point (claim) and two or more supporting pieces of evidence from the text. A successful student can explain why the evidence supports the particular point (claim). | EL.R. 8.3 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no", draw, and point to identify information or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings.   | A successful level 2 EL student<br>can speak one/two words<br>or simple sentences when<br>identifying a supporting reason | A successful level 3 EL student can produce basic comprehension of information presented by identifying a reason and some evidence supporting a particular point made by the speaker.       | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can identify (grade 3 &4)<br>summarize (grade 5) most of<br>the reasons and evidence a<br>speaker provides.  | EL. SL. 3 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no", draw, and/or point to domain-specific pictures repeating names of frequently used words or absorbing surroundings.                   | A successful level 2 EL student can acquire high-frequency words and names of common items found within surroundings.     | A successful level 3 EL student can acquire and produce academic and domain-specific words regarding actions and emotions.  | A successful level 4 EL student can acquire and use grade-appropriate academic and domain-specific words and phrases, regarding precise actions, emotions, or states of being basic to a particular topic.                      | EL. SL. 8 |
| can point to a picture or  | one or more evidence pictures supporting the particular point   | A successful level 3 EL student can identify the particular point (claim) and a supporting piece of evidence from the text. Explain why the evidence supports the particular point (claim). | A successful level 4 EL student can identify the particular point (claim) and two or more supporting pieces of evidence from the text. A successful student can explain why the evidence supports the particular point (claim). | EL.R. 8.3 |

| Mathematics  | CS EL  |   |   |           |
|--|--|---|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no", draw, and point to identify information or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings.                         | A successful level 2 EL student<br>can speak one/two words<br>or simple sentences when<br>identifying a supporting reason          | A successful level 3 EL student can produce basic comprehension of information presented by identifying a reason and some evidence supporting a particular point made by the speaker. | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can identify (grade 3 &4)<br>summarize (grade 5) most of<br>the reasons and evidence a<br>speaker provides.  | EL. SL. 3 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no", draw, and/or point to domain-specific pictures repeating names of frequently used words or absorbing surroundings. | A successful level 2 EL<br>student can acquire high-<br>frequency words and names<br>of common items found within<br>surroundings. | A successful level 3 EL student can acquire and produce academic and domain-specific words regarding actions and emotions.  | A successful level 4 EL student can acquire and use grade-appropriate academic and domain-specific words and phrases, regarding precise actions, emotions, or states of being basic to a particular topic.                      | EL. SL. 8 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting the point (claim) of a paragraph.   | one or more evidence pictures  | can identify the particular<br>point (claim) and a supporting<br>piece of evidence from the<br>text. Explain why the evidence   | A successful level 4 EL student can identify the particular point (claim) and two or more supporting pieces of evidence from the text. A successful student can explain why the evidence supports the particular point (claim). | EL.R. 8.3 |
| A successful level 1 EL student<br>can nod for "yes" and "no",<br>draw, and point to identify<br>information or remain in silent<br>period absorbing surroundings.             | A successful level 2 EL student<br>can speak one/two words<br>or simple sentences when<br>identifying a supporting reason          | A successful level 3 EL student can produce basic comprehension of information presented by identifying a reason and some evidence supporting a particular point made by the speaker. | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can identify (grade 3 &4)<br>summarize (grade 5) most of<br>the reasons and evidence a<br>speaker provides.  | EL. SL. 3 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no", draw, and/or point to domain-specific pictures repeating names of frequently used words or absorbing surroundings. | A successful level 2 EL student can acquire high-frequency words and names of common items found within surroundings.              | A successful level 3 EL student can acquire and produce academic and domain-specific words regarding actions and emotions.  | A successful level 4 EL student can acquire and use grade-appropriate academic and domain-specific words and phrases, regarding precise actions, emotions, or states of being basic to a particular topic.                      | EL. SL. 8 |



# **Science**

A successful student can demonstrate proficiency with engineering skills by using the Engineering Design Process to explore and test possible solutions to a problem with limited materials and resources (constraints) and specific criteria in mind.

| SCIENCE   |  |   |   |                                       |
|---|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                             |
| I can organize the steps of the engineering design process. |  | I can define a simple design<br>problem reflecting a need or<br>a want that includes specified<br>criteria for success and<br>constraints on materials, time or<br>cost.              |   | 3-5-ETS1-1; 3-5-ETS1-2;<br>3-5-ETS1-3 |
| I can identify criteria and constraints.                    | l can explain criteria and<br>constraints.   | I can generate and compare<br>multiple possible solutions to a<br>problem based on how well each<br>is likely to meet the criteria and<br>constraints of the problem.                 | I can analyze the best solution to<br>a problem within constraints and<br>using set criteria.   |                                       |
| I can identify variables                                    |  | I can plan and carry out fair tests<br>in which variables are controlled<br>and failure points are considered<br>to identify aspects of a model or<br>prototype that can be improved. | I can justify the best solution to a<br>problem   |                                       |
| EL  |  |   | •   | •                                     |
| using expression with prompting                             | can read decodable text with<br>expression while relying on<br>picture clues for accuracy and<br>understanding with some | A successful level 3 EL student can read emergent-reader text with accuracy and expression while using context to confirm understanding with minimal prompting and support.           | A successful level 4 EL student can read on-level texts with some purpose and understanding with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression by rereading when necessary with minimal prompting and support. | RF Standard 4 grades 3,<br>4, and 5   |

### Structures and Properties of Matter

A successful student can explore how any type of matter can be divided into small particles too small to be seen, but still exist, and how measurements of properties can be used to identify materials, even when mixed or changed.

| Science  | Structures and Properti   | es of Matter   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                              |
| I can identify types of matter                       | l can sort types of matter<br>including atoms                                   | I can develop a model to describe<br>that matter is made of particles<br>too small to be seen.   | l can evaluate matter  | 5-PS1-1; 5-PS1-2; 5-PS1-<br>3; 5-PS1-4 |
| I can measure and graph solids,<br>liquids and gases | l can read graphs containing<br>solid, liquid and gaseous data/<br>measurements | I can measure and graph quantities to provide evidence that regardless of the type of change that occurs when heating, cooling, or mixing substances, the total weight of matter is conserved. | I can analyze and compare<br>graphs  |  |
| I can identify properties of<br>materials            | I can compare properties of<br>materials  | I can make observations and<br>measurements to identify<br>materials based on their<br>properties.   | I can analyze properties of<br>materials   |  |
| I can identify substances                            | I can explain properties of<br>substances                                       | I can conduct an investigation to determine whether the mixing of two or more substances results in new substances.  | I can graph and analyze the<br>results of an investigation<br>involving the mixing of<br>substances. |  |



#### Forces and Interactions

A successful student can explore how forces act on objects with strength and direction and can be measured. A successful student can explore how electric and magnetic forces affect objects within contact or not in contact at all, and how the gravitational force of the Earth pulls objects.

| Science                              | Forces and Interactions                   |  |  |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| LEVEL 1                              | LEVEL 2                                   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| between balanced and unbalanced      | an object.                                | investigation to provide evidence of the effects of balanced and   | of an investigation involving balanced<br>and unbalanced forces on an<br>object's motion.  | 3-PS2-1;<br>3-PS2-2;<br>3-PS2-3;<br>3-PS2-4;<br>5-PS2-1 |
| I can observe an object's motion.    | ,   |  | I can graph and analyze the results<br>of repeated observations and<br>measurements of an object's motion<br>to predict future motion.   |   |
| contact with each other.             | have electric or magnetic forces on them. | cause and effect relationships of<br>electric or magnetic interactions<br>between two objects not in contact | I can compile and analyze data<br>to show the cause and effect<br>relationships of electric or magnetic<br>interactions between two objects not<br>in contact with each other. |   |
| I can use magnets to solve problems. | how magnets can solve problems.           | that can be solved by applying   | I can evaluate the effectiveness<br>of using magnets to solve design<br>problems by applying scientific ideas.   |   |
|                                      | gravity forces objects down through       | gravitational force exerted by Earth   | I can compile and analyze data on<br>the effects of gravity on different<br>objects.   |   |

## Energy

GRADE BAND

A successful student can explore the relationships between energy and objects, sound, light, and heat. Successful students can explore the production, transference, and transformation of energy. Students will explore the ways that energy and fuel are derived from natural sources and how use of that energy and fuel affect the environment.

| Science  | Energy  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| I can give examples of objects that have differing speeds.               | I can organize and group objects<br>that have differing speeds.                             | I can use evidence to construct<br>an explanation relating the speed<br>of an object to the energy of that<br>object.                                    | and object's speed.  | 4-PS3-1;<br>4-PS3-2;<br>4-PS3-3;<br>4-PS3-4;<br>4-PS4-2;<br>4-ESS3-1;<br>5-PS3-1 |
| I can show how sound, light, heat, and electric currents produce energy. | I can show and describe how<br>sound, light, heat, and electric<br>currents produce energy. | I can make observations to<br>provide evidence that energy<br>can be transferred from place to<br>place by sound, light, heat, and<br>electric currents. | I can prove that energy can<br>be transferred from place to<br>place by sound, light, heat, and<br>electric currents by setting up<br>investigations and gathering data.     |  |
| I can make two objects collide.  | I can describe the effect of two objects colliding.   | I can ask questions and predict<br>outcomes about the changes in<br>energy that occur when objects<br>collide.   | I can investigate the changes<br>in energy that occur when<br>objects collide by compiling and<br>organizing data.   |  |
| I can identify devices that create energy.                               | I can describe the initial and final<br>forms of energy devices create.                     | I can apply scientific ideas to<br>design, test, and refine a device<br>that converts energy from one<br>form to another.                                | I can use a device that converts<br>energy from one form to another<br>to solve a problem and evaluate<br>why that device is scientifically<br>suited to solve that problem. |  |



| Science  | Energy   |   |   |           |
|--|--|---|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
|  |  | that light reflecting from objects<br>and entering the eye allows<br>objects to be seen.  | I can create a model that describes how light reflects from objects to the human eye to be seen, and I can design light experiments using the model to compare the effects of differing lights on the ability of humans to see objects. |           |
| I can list natural resources.  | I can describe solar energy, wind<br>energy, nuclear energy, water<br>energy, and fossil fuels and how<br>humans use each one. | information to describe that<br>energy and fuels are derived<br>from natural resources and their<br>uses affect the environment.  | I can use multiple resources to create a graph that describes and analyzes the environmental effects of using each of the energy sources. I can generate recommendations for the use of each energy source.                             |           |
| I can give examples of how<br>animals use their food to stay<br>alive. | I can describe how plants that<br>animals eat get energy from the<br>sun to grow.  | I can use models to describe that<br>energy in animals' food (used for<br>body repair, growth, motion, and<br>to maintain body warmth) was<br>once energy from the sun. | I can use design a model or<br>visual representations of the<br>chain of energy events that occur<br>between the sun, plants, and<br>animals.   |           |

#### Structure and Function

A successful student can explore how light reflection is processed by the eye to make sense of an object. The successful student can investigate how plants and animals use internal and external structures to aid in growth, survival, behavior, and reproduction. Successful students can explore how animals use their perceptions, memories, and senses to guide their actions.

| Science  | Structure and Function   |   |   |                          |
|--|--|---|---|--------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                |
|  | l can explain how animals and<br>plants use their internal and<br>external structures. | that plants and animals have internal and external structures that function to support survival, growth, behavior, and        | I can create and present a<br>model that shows how plants<br>and animals use their internal<br>and external structures for<br>survival, growth, behavior and<br>reproduction.   | 4-LS1-1;4-LS1-2; 4-PS4-2 |
| I can give examples of how animals use their senses.           | I can describe how animals use<br>their senses to react to their<br>environments.      | of information through their senses, process the information  | I can create and present a model<br>that shows how animals react to<br>and survive in their environments<br>by using their senses, their brain,<br>and their behavioral output<br>mechanisms.   |                          |
| I can show how objects need light to be seen by the human eye. | I can describe and explain how<br>objects need light to be seen by<br>the human eye.   | I can develop a model to describe<br>that light reflecting from objects<br>and entering the eye allows<br>objects to be seen. | I can create a model that describes how light reflects from objects to the human eye to be seen, and I can design light experiments using the model to compare the effects of differing lights on the ability of humans to see objects. |                          |



## Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems

A successful student can explore the connections between energy, the sun, plants, air, water, organisms, fungi, bacteria, and decomposers. Successful students can explore the interdependence of ecosystems, the web of life, healthy organisms, and the environment.

| Science  | Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems   |   |   |                           |
|--|---|---|---|---------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                 |
| I can label the parts of a plant and the function of each part.        | I can collect plant growth data<br>through investigations using air,<br>light, water, and soil. |   |   | 5-LS1-1; 5-LS2-1; 5-PS3-1 |
| I can give examples of how<br>animals use their food to stay<br>alive. | between plants, animals and   | I can develop a model to describe<br>the movement of matter among<br>plants, animals, decomposers and<br>the environment. | the model that show how the   |                           |
| I can give examples of how<br>animals use their food to stay<br>alive. | I can describe how plants that<br>animals eat get energy from the<br>sun to grow.               |   | I can use design a model or visual<br>representations of the chain of<br>energy events that occur between<br>the sun, plants and animals. | •                         |

### Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems

A successful student can explore how being part of a group helps animals obtain food, defend themselves, cope with changes, and survive in a variety of habitats. Successful students can explore how fossils provide evidence about organisms and how some plants and animals are no longer found on Earth.

| Science   | Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems  |   |  |                                      |
|---|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                            |
| I can identify animals that live in groups.                           | l can collect data that explains<br>the different reasons why some<br>animals live in groups.   | I can construct an argument that<br>some animals form groups that<br>help members survive.  | I can create a model or representation to argue that the causal evidence of belonging to a group has the effect of animals being able to obtain food, defend themselves, and cope with changes in order to survive.  | 3-LS2-1; 3-LS4-1<br>3-LS4-3; 3-LS4-4 |
| I can label fossil samples as to<br>what living organism it once was. | l can classify fossil samples based<br>on common characteristics.   | I can analyze and interpret data<br>from fossils to provide evidence<br>of the organisms and the<br>environments in which they lived<br>long ago.               | I can compile the data from<br>fossils to propose that fossil<br>features provide evidence of the<br>types of organisms that lived long<br>ago and the environments that<br>they lived in.   |                                      |
| I can list the needs of organisms<br>(plants and animals).            |   | I can construct an argument with evidence that in a particular habitat some organisms can survive well, some survive less well, and some cannot survive at all. | I can organize the evidence<br>to show the cause and<br>effect relationship between<br>environments and organisms<br>that survive and organisms that<br>survive less well, and organisms<br>that cannot survive at all.  |                                      |
| I can make a list of environmental problems in the world.             | I can use the list of environmental<br>problems in the world to describe<br>the effect that these problems<br>have on plants and animals. |   | I can construct a presentation that addresses an environment, a change that happened in that environment, how the change affected the plants/animals, a solution to the problem and its effect on the plants/animals, and how that solution now affects other plants/animals. Is this solution the best? |                                      |



#### Inheritance and Variation of Traits

A successful student can explore how reproduction is essential to the continued existence of every kind of organism and how plants and animals inherit characteristics from their parents and other characteristics are the result of the environment.

| Science  | Inheritance and Variation of Traits   |   |   |                                      |
|--|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                            |
| I can list the stages that an organism goes through.   | I can describe the stages of birth,<br>growth, reproduction, and death.   | and diverse life cycles but all<br>have in common birth, growth,<br>reproduction, and death.          | I can use the model of an organism's' life cycle to produce a written explanation to predict the outcomes if these stages are interrupted and what patterns can be predicted in life cycle stages.  | 3-LS1-1; 3-LS3-1<br>3-LS3-2; 3-LS4-2 |
| I can list commonalities between<br>adult animals and their babies<br>and also adult plants and their<br>babies. | I can compare the traits of adult<br>and baby animals and the traits of<br>adult and baby plants to discover<br>patterns. | and animals have traits inherited from parents and that variation                                     | I can organize the data about the traits that are passed from adult to baby animals and plants. I can devise a presentation to discuss the patterns of similarities and differences of traits between parents, children and siblings are inherited. |                                      |
| I can give examples of<br>environmental factors that affect<br>organisms' growth.                                | I can describe the effect of<br>environmental factors on the<br>growth of organisms.                                      | I can use evidence to support<br>the explanation that traits can be<br>influenced by the environment. | I can analyze the variations within<br>an organism's family to organize<br>those that are influenced by the<br>environment and the effect of the<br>environment on individuals.   |                                      |

| Science   | Inheritance and Variation of Traits   |   |  |           |
|---|---|---|--|-----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| external features of plants and animals that help them survive in | I can describe how internal and<br>external features of plants and<br>animals help them survive in an<br>environment. | variations in characteristics among individuals of the same | I can explain the cause-effect<br>relationships of characteristics<br>that are found in a plant or animal<br>family that lead to surviving,<br>finding mates, and reproducing. |           |

#### Weather and Climate

A successful student can explore how scientists use weather patterns to make predictions and how climate and rainfall help shape the land and affect the types of living things found in a region.

| Science   | Weather and Climate  |   |   |                                |  |
|---|--|---|---|--------------------------------|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                      |  |
| I can collect weather condition data over time.                       | found in each season in my   | I can represent data in tables and<br>graphical displays to describe<br>typical weather conditions<br>expected during a particular<br>season. | I can use the graphical displays of<br>weather condition data to make<br>predictions about patterns that<br>can be found in different climates<br>during different seasons. | 3-ESS2-1; 3-ESS2-2<br>4-ESS2-1 |  |
| I can read informational texts about differing climates in the world. | I can describe differences in<br>climates around the world.                    | information to describe climates  | I can make a display to explain<br>how patterns in climate can be<br>used to make predictions about<br>typical weather conditions.  |                                |  |
| I can list natural factors that affect erosion.                       | l can explain the effects of each<br>natural factor on the rate of<br>erosion. |   |   |                                |  |



### Earth's Systems

A successful student can explore how rock, soil, water, ice, air and humans interact in multiple ways to affect Earth's surface materials and processes. Successful students can further explore how weather patterns are influenced by the interaction of wind and clouds with landforms. Successful students can further explore Earth's salt and freshwater resources and the volcanoes and earthquake patterns and occurrences.

| Science   | Earth's Systems   |  |   |   |
|---|---|--|---|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                 |
| I can list natural factors that affect erosion. | I can explain the effects of each<br>natural factor on the rate of<br>erosion.          | or measurements to provide<br>evidence of the effects of<br>weathering or the rate of erosion  | I can design a visual representation to compare the effects of weathering or the rate of erosion by water, ice, wind, or vegetation.                      | 4-ESS2-1; 4-ESS2-2,<br>5-ESS2-1; 5-ESS2-2 |
|   | l can point out similarities<br>between features found in like<br>geographical regions. | from maps to describe patterns of Earth's features.  | I can design a visual display to<br>describe how Earth's features<br>occur in patterns that reflect<br>information about how they are<br>formed or occur. |   |
| hydrosphere, and atmosphere                     | systems affect climate, weather,  | I can develop a model using<br>an example to describe ways<br>the geosphere, biosphere,<br>hydrosphere, and/or atmosphere<br>interact. | I can use a model to explain how<br>earth's systems interact together<br>to affect the Earth's surface<br>materials and processes.                        |   |
|   | I can sort reservoirs of water on<br>Earth into freshwater or saltwater<br>categories.  | amounts and percentages of<br>water and fresh water in various<br>reservoirs to provide evidence                                       | I can organize and analyze<br>data to show where on Earth<br>freshwater and salt water<br>reservoirs are and what they<br>have in common.                 |   |

### **Human Sustainability**

A successful student can explore how humans interact with natural hazards, natural energy and fuel resources, and how their activities in agriculture, industry and everyday life impact land, vegetation, streams, oceans, air, and outer space. Successful students can explore actions that help protect Earth's resources and environment.

| Science   | Human Sustainability   |  |   |   |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| Earth's Systems   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                 |
| I can list weather-related hazards.   | l can explain the effects of<br>weather-related hazards on<br>society.   |  | I can critique design solutions<br>that reduce the impact of a<br>weather-related hazard as to the<br>benefits and the risks for society.   | 3-ESS3-1, 4-ESS3-1,<br>4-ESS3-2, 5-ESS3-1 |
| I can list natural resources.   | I can describe solar energy, wind<br>energy, nuclear energy, water<br>energy, and fossil fuels and how<br>humans use each one. | I can obtain and combine information to describe that energy and fuels are derived from natural resources and their uses affect the environment. | I can use multiple resources to<br>create a graph that describes<br>and analyzes the environmental<br>effects of using each of the<br>energy sources. I can generate<br>recommendations for the use of<br>each energy source.           |   |
| I can list and describe natural<br>hazards such as earthquakes,<br>tsunamis, volcanoes, floods,<br>landslides, etc.       | I can describe the effects and<br>impacts that natural hazards<br>have on society  | I can generate and compare<br>multiple solutions to reduce<br>the impacts of natural Earth<br>processes on humans.                               | I can evaluate and make a<br>recommendation about which of<br>two different solutions effectively<br>reduces the impact of natural<br>Earth processes by alleviating<br>the effect and also staying within<br>constraints and criteria. |   |
| I can identify ways in which<br>humans use Earth's resources<br>and the impact that the usage<br>has on the Earth itself. | I can use multiple resources to<br>classify the positive and negative<br>impacts that human activity has<br>on the Earth.      | I can obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment.       | resource and the environment  |   |



#### Extended: Chemical Reactions

A successful student can investigate the mixing of two or more different substances and how a new substance with different properties is formed, and when substances are heated, cooled, or mixed, the total weight of the substance does not change.

| Science  | Extended: Chemical Reactions  |  |                                  |                  |
|--|---|--|----------------------------------|------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4                          | STANDARDS        |
| I can measure and graph solids,<br>liquids and gases | l can read graphs containing<br>solid, liquid and gaseous data/<br>measurements | I can measure and graph quantities to provide evidence that regardless of the type of change that occurs when heating, cooling, or mixing substances, the total weight of matter is conserved. | I can analyze and compare graphs | 5-PS1-2; 5-PS1-4 |
| I can identify substances                            | I can explain properties of substances  | I can conduct an investigation to determine whether the mixing of two or more substances results in new substances.  | problem                          |                  |

#### Extended: Waves

A successful student can explore the relationships between movement of water and the creation of waves. The student will investigate how digitized information is transmitted between devices and how light reflection is processed by the eye to make sense of an object.

| Science   | Extended: Waves  |  |   |                           |
|---|--|--|---|---------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                 |
| I can identify wave behaviors<br>like waves, wave amplitude,<br>wavelengths, and motions of<br>objects. | I can describe patterns found in wavelengths and amplitude.  | I can develop a model of waves<br>to describe patterns in terms of<br>amplitude and wavelength and<br>that waves can cause objects to<br>move. | I can analyze the wave model<br>to explain how the relevant<br>relationships between<br>components of the model cause<br>objects to move.   | 4-PS4-1, 4-PS4-2, 4-PS4-3 |
| I can show how objects need light to be seen by the human eye.  | I can describe and explain how<br>objects need light to be seen by<br>the human eye.                   | I can develop a model to describe<br>that light reflecting from objects<br>and entering the eye allows<br>objects to be seen.                  | I can create a model that describes how light reflects from objects to the human eye to be seen, and I can design light experiments using the model to compare the effects of differing lights on the ability of humans to see objects. |                           |
| I can list high-tech objects that are used to communicate over long distances.                          | I can describe situations where<br>high-tech objects are needed to<br>communicate over long distances. | l can generate and compare<br>multiple solutions that use<br>patterns to transfer information.   | I can generate a plan to use the<br>best solution for transmitting<br>digital information over long<br>distances. The solution should fit<br>within set criteria and constraints<br>and safety measures.                                |                           |



#### Extended: Natural Selection and Evolution

A successful student can explore how reproduction is essential to the continued existence of every kind of organism. Successful students can explore life cycles of plants and animals and how many characteristics are inherited from parents. Successful students can explore how species survive or do not survive and how fossils provide evidence about organisms from long ago.

| Science  | Extended: Natural Selection and Evolution   |   |  |                      |  |
|--|---|---|--|----------------------|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS            |  |
| I can list commonalities between<br>adult animals and their babies<br>and also adult plants and their<br>babies. | I can compare the traits of adult<br>and baby animals and the traits<br>of adult and baby plants to<br>discover patterns. | I can analyze and interpret data<br>to provide evidence that plants<br>and animals have traits inherited<br>from parent and that variation of<br>these traits exists in a group of<br>similar organisms.              | I can organize the data about the traits that are passed from adult to baby animals and plants. I can devise a presentation to discuss the patterns of similarities and differences of traits between parents, children, and siblings are inherited. | 2., 3-LS4-3, 3-LS4-4 |  |
| I can label fossil samples as to<br>what living organism it once was.  | I can classify fossil samples based<br>on common characteristics.   | I can analyze and interpret data<br>from fossils to provide evidence<br>of the organisms and the<br>environments in which they lived<br>long ago.   | I can compile the data from<br>fossils to propose that fossil<br>features provide evidence of the<br>types of organisms that lived long<br>ago and the environments that<br>they lived in.   |                      |  |
| I can name the internal and external features of plants and animals that help them survive in an environment.    | I can describe how internal and<br>external features of plants and<br>animals help them survive in an<br>environment.     | I can use evidence to construct<br>an explanation for how the<br>variations in characteristics<br>among individuals of the same<br>species may provide advantages<br>in surviving, finding mates, and<br>reproducing. | I can explain the cause-effect<br>relationships of characteristics<br>that are found in a plant or<br>animal family that lead to<br>surviving, finding mates, and<br>reproducing.  |                      |  |
| I can list the needs of organisms<br>(plants and animals).   | I can compare the features<br>of different habitats and the<br>organisms that live there.                                 | I can construct an argument with evidence that in a particular habitat some organisms can survive well, some survive less well, and some cannot survive at all.   | I can organize the evidence<br>to show the cause and<br>effect relationship between<br>environments and organisms that<br>survive and organisms that survive<br>less well, and organisms that<br>cannot survive at all.                              |                      |  |

| Science                | Extended: Natural Selection and Evolution  |         |  |           |  |  |
|------------------------|--|---------|--|-----------|--|--|
| LEVEL 1                | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |  |  |
| problems in the world. | problems in the world to describe<br>the effect that these problems<br>have on plants and animals. |         | that addresses an environment,<br>a change that happened in that |           |  |  |

## **Extended: Space Systems**

A successful student can explore patterns of day and night, shadows, and positions of the sun, moon, and stars throughout a day, month, and year and how these patterns are affected by orbits, and rotations of the moon around Earth and Earth around sun.

| Science                          | Extended: Space Systems   |  |   |                               |  |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---|-------------------------------|--|
| LEVEL 1                          | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                     |  |
| brightness of the sun and stars. | I can make comparisons between<br>the distance and brightness of the<br>sun and stars by using flashlights<br>to demonstrate the differences in<br>distance and brightness. | differences in the apparent<br>brightness of the sun compared<br>to other stars is due to their  | •   | 5-ESS1-1; 5-ESS1-25-<br>PS2-1 |  |
| sun.                             | in the different seasons based on<br>patterns as a result of the Earth's<br>rotation.   | displays to reveal patterns of daily<br>changes in length and direction<br>of shadows, day and night, and<br>the seasonal appearance of some | differences in the timing of observable changes in shadows, |                               |  |
| gravity.                         |   | l can support an argument that<br>the gravitational force exerted by<br>Earth on objects is directed down.                                   |   |                               |  |



## Extended: History of Earth

A successful student can explore how rock formations reveal information about the presence of earth forces and the order in which rock layers were formed.

| Science                                       | Extended: History of Earth   |   |  |           |  |
|---|--|---|--|-----------|--|
| LEVEL 1                                       | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |  |
| the discoveries of fossils in my environment. | I can use information gathered<br>about fossils to describe the<br>ordering of the rock layers and<br>the presence of fossils. | patterns in rock formations and<br>fossils in rock layers to support<br>an explanation for changes in a<br>landscape over time. | I can design a model that<br>supports an argument that the<br>organization of rock layers and<br>presense of fossils are due to<br>Earth's forces, presence of water<br>and other factors. | 4-ESS1-1  |  |

## **EL Science**

It is important to recognize that students who receive ESOL Services have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports makes it possible for them to do so. Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the measurement tables for this population align to The Kansas Standards for English Learners. These standards create a foundation upon which successful English language instruction is built. The premise of these standards is supporting individual students to gain a level of proficiency with the English language that allows them to be highly successful in obtaining grade level academic standards in as short of time as possible. Both social English and academic English are required to attain mastery of the English language and of school success. These standards below frame expectations of "what students need to know and be able to do" from a level 1 to level 4 of English fluency and how that relates to a mastery level.

**Special Note:** These standards are grade banded and overarching. Some competencies are designed with the end in mind. Therefore, a student in 3rd -4th grade may be at a level 1 or 2, but is expected to progress to a level 3 or 4 by grade 5.

| Science  | EL  |   |   |            |
|--|---|---|---|------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can read wordless picture books using expression with prompting and support. | read decodable text with expression<br>while relying on picture clues for<br>accuracy and understanding with  | read emergent-reader text with accuracy and expression while using  | can read on-level texts with some   | EL. RF . 4 |
|  | can locate or give a detail from a simple text that answers a who,  | identify details in a text that answer explicitly who,what, when, where,                                      | A successful level 4 EL student can ask and answer (grade 3) identify (grade 4) provide (grade 5) details in a text that answers various explicit and implicit text-dependent questions.  | EL.R.1     |
| point to a picture or illustration depicting the point (claim) of a  | can match pictures depicting the<br>particular point (claim) with one or<br>more evidence pictures supporting | identify the particular point (claim)<br>and a supporting piece of evidence<br>from the text. Explain why the | A successful level 4 EL student can identify the particular point (claim) and two or more supporting pieces of evidence from the text. A successful student can explain why the evidence supports the particular point (claim). | EL.R. 8.3  |



| Science   | EL   |   |  |                       |
|---|--|---|--|-----------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS             |
| A successful level 1 EL student can<br>point to a picture or illustration<br>depicting the point (claim) of a<br>paragraph  | A successful level 2 EL student can match a picture depicting the particular point (claim) with one or more evidence pictures supporting the particular point (claim). Successful students can also label each picture with a single word or phrase. | identify the particular point (claim) and a supporting piece of evidence  | A successful level 4 EL student can identify and distinguish between relevant and irrelevant evidence to support the particular point (claim) in a text and explain why or why not.  | EL.R. 8.4 and<br>8. 5 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting a particular word of a pair of multiple-meaning words (ex.verb run-to go quickly by moving legs rapidly, noun run-score in baseball) or draw an illustration and label one word of a pair of multiple-meaning words. | A successful level 2 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting a particular word of a pair of homophones (ex.rain and rein) or draw an illustration and label one word of a pair of homophones.                                    | determine definitions of multiple-<br>meaning words and homophones.<br>Consult references (digital/print)<br>for pronunciation and definition<br>clarification. Identify word parts                                 | A successful level 3 EL student can utilize picture or context clues to determine definitions of multiplemeaning words and homophones. Consult references (digital/print) for pronunciation and definition clarification. Identify word parts (root, prefix, suffix) and their meanings. | EL.R. 11              |
| A successful level 1 EL student can<br>Produce pictures, label pictures,<br>or create a simple sentence with<br>support.  | write simple sentences utilizing   | A successful level 3 EL student can write routinely over extended time frames and for a shorter time through a range of disciplines (ex. journal, quick writes) for a task, purpose, or audience with some support. | A successful level 4 EL student can write reasonably polished pieces over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.               | EL W. 12              |
| nod for "yes" and "no", draw, and point with minimal comprehension  | A successful level 2 EL student can produce one or two word responses or a simple sentence with limited comprehension. Follow rules for discussions.   | participate in dialogue and express   | A successful level 4 EL student can engage in conversations in a one-on-one setting or in a group in a prepared manner. Build on the ideas of others. Follow the rules of discussion. Ask questions for clarification. Make comments that contribute to the conversation.                | EL. SL.1              |

| Science  | EL   |   |   |           |
|--|--|---|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting the point (claim) of a paragraph.   | A successful level 2 EL student can match pictures depicting the particular point (claim) with one or more evidence pictures supporting the particular point (claim). Label each picture with a single word or phrase. |   | A successful level 4 EL student can identify the particular point (claim) and two or more supporting pieces of evidence from the text. A successful student can explain why the evidence supports the particular point (claim). | EL.R. 8.3 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can<br>nod for "yes" and "no", draw, and<br>point to identify information or<br>remain in silent period absorbing<br>surroundings. | A successful level 2 EL student can speak simple sentences when relaying information with limited comprehension.   | produce basic comprehension of information presented in diverse | A successful level 4 EL student can<br>determine (grade 3) summarize<br>(grade 4&5) information presented<br>in diverse media and formats<br>accurately.  | EL. SL.2  |
|  | •  |   | A successful level 4 EL student can acquire and use grade-appropriate academic and domain-specific words and phrases, regarding precise actions, emotions, or states of being basic to a particular topic.                      | EL. SL.8  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting the point (claim) of a paragraph.   | particular point (claim) with one or<br>more evidence pictures supporting  | identify the particular point (claim)                           | A successful level 4 EL student can identify the particular point (claim) and two or more supporting pieces of evidence from the text. A successful student can explain why the evidence supports the particular point (claim). | EL.R. 8.3 |



# **Humanities**

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD                                    |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| HGSS History A successful student can use distinctions among fact and opinion of the same event and draw conclusions about how choices have consequences. | 1   | •                   |   | I can use multiple sources<br>to interpret facts and<br>demonstrate how the<br>same event can be<br>explained from more than<br>one point of view.   | Standard 1 Benchmark:<br>1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4 |
|   | I can identify an opinion<br>in a story or informational<br>text. |   | concepts or big ideas on  | I can use multiple sources<br>to interpret opinions<br>to demonstrate how<br>the same event can be<br>explained from more than<br>one point of view. |   |
|   | I can identify a primary source.                                  |   | I can categorize resources<br>as primary or secondary<br>related to a specific<br>concept or topic. | I can categorize and<br>evaluate primary and<br>secondary resources and<br>appropriately use them to<br>build meaning around a<br>concept or topic.  |   |
|   | I can identify how<br>a choices has a<br>consequence.             | l cán explain two or<br>more consequences to a<br>choice. | l can demonstrate how<br>a choice has multiple<br>consequences.                                     | I can use evidence to<br>support how a choice has<br>multiple consequences.  |   |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD                                      |
|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| HGSS Civics/ Government A successful student can distinguish the responsibilities and powers of government to explain how rules are created and recognize the responsibility of citizens in that society. |  | I can give examples of<br>responsibilities of local<br>government.                                 | I can explain responsibilities of local government and the responsibilities of citizens in that local community.              | responsibilities of local  | Standard 2 Benchmark:<br>2.4, 2.1<br>2.2, 2.3 |
|   | I can identify an opinion<br>in a story or informational<br>text.                                  | I can give examples of<br>responsibilities of state<br>government                                  |   | I can justify<br>responsibilities of state<br>government and argue<br>the responsibilities of<br>citizens in that state.     |   |
|   | I can identify my own nation.  |  | I can explain<br>responsibilities of national<br>government and explain<br>the responsibilities of<br>citizens to the nation. | I can justify<br>responsibilities of national<br>government and argue<br>the responsibilities of<br>citizens in that nation. |   |
|   | I can explain how laws<br>are created in a local<br>government and give<br>examples of local laws. | I can explain how laws<br>are created in a state<br>government and give<br>examples of state laws. | I can explain how laws<br>are created in a national<br>government and give<br>examples of national laws.                      | I can justify the<br>responsibilities of citizens<br>and and how those<br>responsibilities impact<br>their freedoms.         |   |



| Humanities   | LEVEL 1                          | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3                                       | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                                    |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| HGSS History A successful student will analyze multiple perspectives, evaluate events, and investigate relationships to make a claim using evidence and arguments. | perspective of a story or        | I can identify multiple<br>perspectives of a story or<br>informational text.  | relate to a specific event, concept or topic. |   | Standard 3 Benchmark:<br>3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4 |
|  |                                  | I can identify the<br>important information<br>with details from an<br>event. | I can evaluate the details<br>from an event.  | I can categorize use<br>multiple sources to<br>evaluate details from the<br>same event.   |   |
|  | relationship between two events. | events and how those  | between events and how those events impact a  | I can use multiple sources<br>to argue a relationship<br>between events and<br>their impact on a society<br>(identities, beliefs,<br>practices) with evidence<br>to support my claim. |   |

| Humanities   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                                    |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| HGSS Economics A successful student will analyze multiple sources of economic information to demonstrate good economic decisionmaking skills and analyze and draw conclusions about continuity and change over time. | of resources (human<br>capital, physical capital,<br>natural resources) used | I can identify examples<br>of resources (human<br>capital, physical capital,<br>natural resources) used<br>to produce goods and<br>services in my state. |   | I can compare resources<br>(human capital, physical<br>capital, natural resources)<br>used to produce goods<br>and services in regions. | Standard 4 Benchmark:<br>4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 |
|  | I can describe the role of<br>banks in an economy.                           |  | (loans, grants, taxes,  | I can compare the<br>purpose of financial<br>resources (loans, grants,<br>taxes, wages, trade) in an<br>economy.                        |   |
|  | I can identify good<br>economic decision<br>making skills.                   | I can explain how good<br>economic decision<br>making skills change over<br>time.  | l can demonstrate how<br>good economic decision<br>making skills change over<br>time. | I can explain the effect<br>of increasing economic<br>interdependence in<br>regions/nations.  |   |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2                                  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                                     |
|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| HGSS Geography A successful student can use geographic information to observe, explore and compare human and physical characteristics and their relationship to the region. | to locate physical and political locations in my | globe to locate and explain physical and | to locate and explain physical and political  |   | Standard 5: Benchmark:<br>5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 |
|   | supported by our local                           | supported by our local                   | I can explain how a<br>region is supported by<br>human and physical<br>characteristics. | I can analyze how a<br>region is supported by<br>human and physical<br>characteristics. |  |
|   | I can explain why a school changes over time.    |  | I can explain why a nation<br>changes over time.  | I can analyze changes of a<br>region over time.   |  |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1                | LEVEL 2                                      | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD                                    |
|---|------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| HGSS History Extension A successful student can use distinctions among fact and opinion from multiple sources in response to compelling questions to investigate and connect examples of choices and consequences with contemporary issues. | · '                    | sources to answer a compelling question.     | support a compelling question.   | to identify facts and  | Standard 1 Benchmark:<br>1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4 |
|   | information to support | a relationship between<br>a historical and a | I can demonstrate how<br>facts and opinions<br>support a relationship<br>between a historical and a<br>contemporary event. | l can use evidence to<br>support a relationship<br>between a historical and a<br>contemporary event. |   |



| Humanities   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD                                      |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|
| HGSS Civics/ Government Extension A successful student can use a range of democratic procedures to identify common problems or needs within a school/community to draw conclusions and evaluate the rights and responsibilities of people living in societies. | I can identify a democratic procedure.                                      | I can give examples of a<br>democratic procedure.   | I can explain and use a<br>democratic procedure.   | I can justify democratic<br>procedures.  | Standard 2 Benchmark:<br>2.4, 2.1<br>2.2, 2.3 |
|  | I can identify a problem or<br>need in my school.                           | need in my community.   | I can explain a problem<br>or need in my school/<br>community.   | l can explain a problem in<br>my state/nation.   |   |
|  | I can identify a possible<br>solution to a problem or<br>need in my school. | I can identify a possible<br>solution to a problem or<br>need in my community.              | I can explain and evaluate<br>a possible solution to a<br>problem or need in my<br>school/community.               | I can explain and evaluate<br>a possible solution to a<br>problem or need in my<br>state/nation.               |   |
|  |   | I can explain the<br>responsibilities of citizens<br>to solve a problem in my<br>community. | I can evaluate the rights<br>and responsibilities<br>of citizens to solve a<br>problem in my school/<br>community. | I can evaluate the rights<br>and responsibilities<br>of citizens to solve a<br>problem in my state/<br>nation. |   |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD                                    |
|---|---|--|--|--|---|
| HGSS<br>History<br>Extension  | facts and opinions from sources to answer a compelling question.                      | facts and opinions from sources about a historical | explain a relationship<br>between a historical event<br>and a current event. | and secondary resources and appropriately use  | Standard 3 Benchmark:<br>3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4 |
| A successful student can gather relevant information from multiple sources and organize the information to describe relationships between historical and contemporary events. |   |  |  |  |   |
|   | I can identify a<br>relationship between<br>a historical and a<br>contemporary event. | a relationship between<br>a historical and a       | explain a relationship<br>between a historical event<br>and a current event. | I can evaluate primary<br>and secondary resources<br>and appropriately use<br>them as evidence to<br>support a relationship<br>between a historical and a<br>contemporary event. |   |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1                                      | LEVEL 2                                      | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                                    |
|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| HGSS<br>Economic<br>Extension   | service) related to a                        | seller, product, service,<br>supply, demand, | service, supply, demand, investment) related to a   | service, supply, demand,<br>investment) related to a                                      | Standard 4 Benchmark:<br>4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 |
| A successful student will analyze multiple sources of economic information to explain the characteristics of a market economy and the impact on individuals and communities to connect continuity and change to a contemporary issue. |  | investment) related to a<br>market economy.  | market economy.   | market economy.   |   |
|   | I can identify jobs within a market economy. | inflation, deflation and                     | l can explain inflation,<br>deflation and<br>unemployment related to<br>a market economy.   | l can analyze inflation,<br>deflation and<br>unemployment related to<br>a market economy. |   |
|   | I can identify a change in my local economy. |  | I can identify a change in my national economy.   | I can analyze a change in<br>economy.   |   |
|   | changes causing a local                      |  | I can use economic<br>information to identify<br>changes causing a<br>national issue today. | I can use economic<br>information to identify<br>changes causing a world<br>issue today.  |   |

| Humanities   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                                     |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| HGSS   |  | I can compare maps of<br>my community/state  | I can compare maps<br>of my nation from past   |   | Standard 5: Benchmark:<br>5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 |
| Geography  |  | from past and present to identify changes.   |  | present.  | 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.1                           |
| Extension  | Changes.   | identity changes.  | changes.   |   |  |
| A successful student can use geographic information to investigate and connect relationships of human and physical characteristics to contemporary issues. |  |  |  |   |  |
|  | I can identify how humans<br>have an impact on the<br>physical area of my<br>school. | I can explain how humans<br>have an impact on the<br>physical area of my<br>community/state. | I can explain how humans<br>have an impact on the<br>physical area of my<br>nation.                            | I can analyze how humans<br>have an impact on the<br>physical area of regions.                                |  |
|  | and environmental  | characteristics cause<br>change over time in my  | I can explain how cultural<br>and environmental<br>characteristics cause<br>change over time in my<br>nation.  | I can analyze how cultural<br>and environmental<br>characteristics cause<br>change over time in an<br>area.   |  |
|  | change over time in my   |  | I can explain how human<br>movement and use of<br>natural resources cause<br>change over time in my<br>nation. | I can analyze how human<br>movement and use of<br>natural resources cause<br>change over time in a<br>region. |  |



| Humanities   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD          |
|--|--|--|--|--|-------------------|
| HGSS Writing A successful student can communicate their opinions in writing and give reasons and information to support their point of view. | I can determine the difference between fact and opinion. | I can determine the<br>difference between<br>fact and opinion in<br>independent sentences. | difference between fact and opinion in a written   | I can determine the<br>difference between fact<br>and opinion and extend<br>these in my written work.                                  | W.3.1,W.4.1,W.5.1 |
|  | I can write an opinion topic sentence.                   | I can write an opinion<br>topic sentence with one<br>supporting detail and/or<br>reason.   | point of view with reasons and information.  | I can write an opinion<br>piece supporting my point<br>of view, reasons, and<br>information with credible<br>sources as references.    |                   |
|  | I can write a topic sentence supporting an opinion.      | I can introduce a topic by<br>stating an opinion.  | I can clearly introduce<br>a topic by stating an<br>opinion that has a clear<br>introduction and is well<br>organized. | I can clearly introduce a<br>topic organizing the topic<br>with clear reasons and<br>relevant evidence.                                |                   |
|  | I can provide reasons to support an opinion.             | I can support an opinion with supporting details using words and phrases.                  | I can support an opinion<br>with clear supporting<br>details by using words,<br>phrases, and clauses.                  | I can support an opinion<br>with clear transitions and<br>a formal style that uses<br>phrases and clauses to<br>clarify relationships. |                   |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                              |
|---|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Writing Writing A successful student can communicate their opinions in writing and give reasons and information to support their point of view. | I can determine the difference between fact and opinion.  | I can determine the<br>difference between<br>fact and opinion in<br>independent sentences. | I can determine the<br>difference between fact<br>and opinion in a written<br>piece.   | I can determine the<br>difference between fact<br>and opinion and extend<br>these in my written work.   | W.3.1,W.4.1,W.5.1                     |
|   | I can write an opinion topic sentence.                    | I can write an opinion<br>topic sentence with one<br>supporting detail and/or<br>reason.   | I can write an opinion piece, supporting my point of view with reasons and information.  | I can write an opinion<br>piece supporting my point<br>of view, reasons, and<br>information with credible<br>sources as references.   |                                       |
|   | I can write a topic<br>sentence supporting an<br>opinion. | I can introduce a topic by stating an opinion.   | I can clearly introduce<br>a topic by stating an<br>opinion that has a clear<br>introduction and is well<br>organized.                         | I can clearly introduce a<br>topic organizing the topic<br>with clear reasons and<br>relevant evidence.   |                                       |
|   | I can provide reasons to support an opinion.              | I can support an opinion<br>with supporting details<br>using words and phrases.            | I can support an opinion<br>with clear supporting<br>details by using words,<br>phrases, and clauses.  | I can support an opinion<br>with clear transitions and<br>a formal style that uses<br>phrases and clauses to<br>clarify relationships.  |                                       |
|   | I can write a concluding statement.                       | I cán provide a concluding<br>statement which supports<br>the opinion.                     | I can provide a concluding<br>statement related to<br>stated opinion.  | I can maintain a formal<br>style of writing that<br>supports the claims of the<br>opinion.  |                                       |
| EL  |   |  |  |   |                                       |
|   | student can write simple words, copied or adapted         | student can write simple sentence patterns with  | A successful level 3 EL student can produce writing that supports grammatical structures and basic conventions with some guidance and support. | A successful level 4 EL student can produce writing that includes organization with a developing range of sentence patterns, conventions, and vocabulary with minimal guidance and support. | Writing Standard 4,<br>grades 3 and 4 |

| Humanities   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD                       |
|--|---|---|--|--|--------------------------------|
| ELA Writing A successful student can write to inform/explain and express themselves clearly. | I can create a written<br>piece that has a topic<br>supported by illustrations. |   | I can create a written<br>piece by developing<br>a topic with facts and<br>concrete details.   | I can create a written<br>piece that supports<br>the topic with facts,<br>definitions and concrete<br>details.   | W.3.2, W.4.2, W.5.2            |
|  | I can use linking words to<br>connect ideas in written<br>work.                 | I can create a written<br>piece that links ideas<br>using words and phrases.                  |  | I can create a written piece<br>that uses appropriate<br>transitions to clarify ideas.   |                                |
|  | I can create a written<br>piece that connects ideas<br>on a topic.              | l can create a written<br>piece with precise<br>language to explain a<br>topic.               | I can create a written<br>piece with precise<br>language and vocabulary<br>to inform or explain about<br>the topic.                            | I can create a written<br>piece with precise<br>language and domain<br>specific vocabulary to<br>explain the topic.  |                                |
|  | concluding statement.   | piece that provides a concluding statement  | I can create a written<br>piece that provides a<br>concluding statement<br>related to the information<br>presented.                            | I can create a written piece with a concluding statement within a section that follows the information presented.  |                                |
| EL   |   |   |  |  |                                |
|  | student can write simple  | A successful level 2 EL student can write simple sentence patterns with guidance and support. | A successful level 3 EL student can produce writing that supports grammatical structures and basic conventions with some guidance and support. | A successful level 4 EL student can produce reasonably clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose and audience. | Writing Standard 4, grade<br>5 |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD                       |
|---|---|---|--|--|--------------------------------|
| ELA Writing A successful student can narrate real or imagined events by describing details and in a clear sequence. | I can create a written<br>piece to narrate a real<br>or imagined event using<br>descriptive details and a<br>clear sequence.    | I can create a written<br>piece to narrate a real<br>or imagined event using<br>descriptive details and a<br>clear sequence.    | I can orient the reader by<br>introducing the narrator<br>and/or characters.   | I can orient and engage<br>the reader by conveying<br>information about well-<br>developed characters or<br>narrator.  | W.3.3, W.4.3, W.5.3            |
|   | I can introduce the<br>narrator and/or<br>characters.   | I can introduce the<br>narrator and/or<br>characters.   | I can create a written<br>piece that links ideas and<br>information using words,<br>phrases, and clauses.  | I can create a written<br>piece that supports the<br>topic with facts, definitions<br>and concrete details.  |                                |
|   | I can use dialogue<br>and describe actions,<br>thoughts, and feelings of<br>characters to show their<br>response to situations. | I can use dialogue<br>and describe actions,<br>thoughts, and feelings of<br>characters to show their<br>response to situations. | I can use narrative techniques such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations. | I can use narrative<br>techniques such as<br>dialogue, description, and<br>pacing to portray well-<br>developed characters<br>that captivate readers'<br>attention and interest. |                                |
|   | I can use temporal words<br>and phrases to signal<br>event order in a narrative.  | I can use a variety of<br>transitional words<br>and phrases to signal<br>sequence of events.                                    | I can use a variety of<br>transitional words<br>and phrases to signal<br>sequence of events.   | I can combine ideas and<br>indicate passage of time<br>using transitional words<br>and phrases.  |                                |
| EL  |   |   |  |  |                                |
|   | student can write simple words, copied or adapted   | A successful level 2 EL<br>student can write simple<br>sentence patterns with<br>guidance and support.                          | A successful level 3 EL student can produce writing that supports grammatical structures and basic conventions with some guidance and support.                 | A successful level 4 EL student can produce reasonably clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose and audience.       | Writing Standard 4, grade<br>5 |



| Humanities  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD               |
|---|--|---|---|--|------------------------|
| ELA Speaking and Listening A successful student can engage effectively in discussions with diverse partners | discussions (one-on-one,   | discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher   | in groups, and teacher  | I can integrate interpersonal, intrapersonal, and cognitive skills to effectively collaborate in conversations with diverse partners.          | SL 3.1, SL 4.1, SL 5.1 |
|   | I can express ideas clearly<br>and build on others'<br>ideas.  | l can express ideas clearly<br>and build on others'<br>ideas.   | l can express ideas clearly<br>and build on others'<br>ideas.   | I can build on to or<br>respectfully challenge<br>another's viewpoint.   |                        |
|   | I can prepare for<br>discussions by reading<br>or studying required<br>material.   | and studying required material.   | I can prepare for<br>discussions by organizing<br>my time by reading<br>or studying required<br>material prior to group<br>work.  | I can organize tasks and<br>manage time to ensure<br>that I am prepared for<br>discussions by reading<br>and studying the reading<br>material. |                        |
|   | I can use information<br>from the reading and<br>other information that I<br>know to explore the ideas<br>being discussed. |   | I can follow agreed-upon<br>rules for discussions and<br>carry out assigned roles.  | I can use self- and social-<br>awareness to productively<br>and effectively engage in<br>conversations.  |                        |
|   | (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening   | questions to clarify or<br>follow up on information,<br>and make comments<br>that contribute to the<br>discussion and link to the | I can pose and respond<br>to specific questions to<br>clarify or follow up on<br>information, and make<br>comments that contribute<br>to the discussion and link<br>to the remarks of others. | I can request and<br>give clarification and<br>elaboration and build on<br>to or challenge another's<br>idea.                                  |                        |

| Humanities   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                                      |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| ELA Speaking and Listening- Extended A successful student can speak clearly and understandably; in an organized manner; and give pertinent details while orally reporting on a topic, telling a story, or sharing about an experience. | I can report on a topic in<br>an organized manner.   | I can report on a topic<br>or text, tell a story or<br>recount an experience in<br>an organized manner.  | I can develop a logical<br>argument on a topic<br>or text in an organized<br>manner.  | I can synthesize a logical<br>argument on a topic<br>or text in an organized<br>manner.   | SL.4.4  |
|  | I can focus on details to<br>support main ideas or<br>themes while reporting<br>on a topic, telling a<br>story or recounting an<br>experience. | I can use appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes while reporting on a topic, telling a story or recounting an experience. | I can cite facts and descriptive details to support main ideas or themes while reporting on a topic, telling a story or recounting an experience. | I can cite facts in a logical sequence and add develop details to support main ideas or themes while reporting on a topic, telling a story or recounting an experience. |   |
|  | I can speak clearly at an<br>understandable pace<br>when speaking for a<br>variety of purposes.  | I can speak clearly at an<br>understandable pace<br>when speaking for a<br>variety of purposes.  | I can speak using<br>appropriate volume,<br>enunciation, and rate for<br>a variety of purposes.   | I can incorporate<br>common public speaking<br>norms when speaking for<br>a variety of purposes.  |   |
| EL   |  |  |   |   |   |
|  | student can draw or point  | two words or phrases to  | student can produce<br>complete sentences with<br>some organization, details  | student can report on a<br>topic or text, tell a story,   | Speaking and Listening<br>Standard 4, grade 4 |



| Humanities   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                              |
|--|---|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| ELA Reading Literature A successful student can ask and answer questions, draw inferences and refer to details and examples in a text to demonstrate | I can ask and answer<br>questions to demonstrate<br>understanding of text.                      | I can refer to details in a<br>text to ask and answer<br>key detail questions. | I can quote accurately<br>when explaining what the<br>text says explicitly.   | I can evaluate quotes<br>accurately when<br>defending a text.   | RL.3.1, RL.4.1, RL.5.1                |
| understanding of the text.   | I can explicitly refer to<br>text for answers to better<br>understand the text.                 | I can identify the location<br>of an answer in text.                           | I can draw inferences in<br>a text using background<br>knowledge and the text.  | l can cite text evidence<br>to draw inferences and<br>analyze a text.   |                                       |
|  | I can construct questions<br>about text using who,<br>what, when, where , and<br>why questions. | text features to ask   | I can refer to the details<br>of text when making<br>inferences.  | I can cite specific textual<br>evidence when writing<br>or speaking to support<br>conclusion drawn from<br>text.  |                                       |
| EL   |   |  |   |   |                                       |
|  | student can respond<br>to or ask a who or what<br>text-dependent question                       | student can ask or answer  | A successful level 3 EL student can Identify details in a text which prompt a clarifying question and/or answer explicit who, what, when, where, why, how text-dependent questions. | A successful level 4 EL student can ask and answer various explicit text-dependent questions by citing specific textual evidence. In fourth grade, the student can also answer implicit text dependent questions by citing specific textual evidence. | Reading Standard 1,<br>grades 3 and 4 |

| Humanities   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                       |
|--|--|---|--|---|--------------------------------|
| ELA Reading Literature A successful student can determine the central message, moral or theme and be able to form a summary of the text. | I can recount stories using pictures, photographs or illustrations to answer questions.                                  | I can describe the theme<br>of a story, drama or poem<br>using details from text.                 | I can determine theme<br>of story, drama or poem<br>using key details from the<br>text.  | I can analyze the theme<br>of a story, drama or poem<br>using key details from the<br>text.   | RL 3.2, RL 4.2, RL 5.2         |
|  | I can state how characters<br>in a story or drama<br>respond to challenges<br>or how a poem reflects a<br>topic.         | characters in a story<br>or drama respond to<br>challenges or how a poem                          | I can distinguish how<br>characters in a story<br>or drama respond to<br>challenges or how a poem<br>reflects a topic.   | I can assess how<br>characters in a story<br>or drama respond to<br>challenges or how a poem<br>reflects a topic.                               |                                |
|  | I can recount key details<br>of text.  | I can construct the key<br>details of text.   | l can summarize key<br>details of text.  | I can analyze key details<br>from text.   |                                |
|  |  | I can work with peers<br>or independently to<br>determine important key<br>details for a summary. | I can select the key<br>details in text to create a<br>summary.  | I can analyze how key<br>details impact the central<br>idea of text.  |                                |
| EL   |  |   |  |   |                                |
|  | student can respond<br>to or ask a who or what<br>text-dependent question<br>by pointing to a picture or<br>single word. | student can answer a<br>text-dependent who,<br>what, when, where, or                              | A successful level 3 EL student can answer explicit text-dependent who, what, when, where, why, and how questions by identifying details and/or logical conclusions in a text. | A successful level 4 EL<br>student can answer<br>various explicit and<br>implicit text-dependent<br>questions by providing<br>textual evidence. | Reading Standard 1,<br>grade 5 |



| Humanities  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                        |
|---|---|---|---|---|---------------------------------|
| Reading Literature  A successful student can compare and contrast the point of view of narrators or speakers in a text and its impact on the text | I can distinguish the<br>author's point of view<br>from my own in literature.                       |   | I can describe how point<br>of view influences the<br>description of events in<br>literature. | I can analyze point of view<br>and its impact on text in<br>literature. | RL 4.6, RL 5.6                  |
|   | I can understand what impacts point of view in literature.  | I can explain how the<br>point of view affects<br>perspective of the topic<br>or event in literature. | I can understand what<br>impacts point of view in<br>literature.                              | l can explain how point<br>of view is developed in<br>literature.       |                                 |
|   | I can compare and<br>contrast my point of view<br>from the author's point of<br>view in literature. | I can explain why the<br>author wrote a text.   | I can infer the author's<br>reason for writing a text.  | I can explain how the<br>author's point of view is<br>conveyed in text. |                                 |
| EL  |   |   |   |   |                                 |
|   | student can sit and listen<br>to a short, simple read-  | student can sit and<br>listen to literary and<br>informational read-alouds                            |   |   | Reading Standard 13,<br>grade 3 |

| Humanities   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                               |
|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| ELA Reading Literature A successful student will read and comprehend high quality prose and poetry on grade level. | dramas, prose and poetry   | comprehend high quality<br>dramas, prose and poetry   | I can read, comprehend,<br>and analyze high quality<br>dramas, prose and poetry<br>on grade level.                  | I can read, comprehend,<br>and interpret high quality<br>dramas, prose and poetry<br>on or above grade level. | RL.3.13, RL.4.13, RL.5.13              |
|  | I can read increasingly<br>complex literary text.  | I can read and<br>comprehend increasingly<br>complex text.  |   | I can select, read and<br>comprehend increasingly<br>complex text above grade<br>level.                       |  |
| EL   |  |   |   |   |  |
|  | student can sit and listen<br>to a short, simple read-<br>aloud with prompting and<br>support. | student can sit and<br>listen to literary and<br>informational read-alouds<br>with some prompting and<br>support. | student can actively<br>engage in individual or<br>group readings with<br>comprehension of<br>on-level literary and |   | Reading Standard 13,<br>grades 4 and 5 |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD |
|---|--|--|--|---|----------|
| ELA Reading Literature– Extended  | I can recount stories using<br>pictures, photographs<br>or illustrations to answer<br>questions. | of a story, drama or poem using details from text. | I can determine theme<br>of story, drama or poem<br>using key details from the<br>text.          | I can analyze the theme<br>of a story, drama or poem<br>using key details from the<br>text.       | RL 4.9   |
| A successful student can compare and contrast the treatment of similar themes and topics and patterns and events in multicultural literature. |  |  |  |   |          |
|   | respond to challenges<br>or how a poem reflects a  | characters in a story                              | I can compare and<br>contrast the treatment<br>of similar themes in<br>multicultural literature. | I can evaluate the<br>treatment of similar<br>themes and topics in<br>multicultural literature    |          |
|   |  | patterns of events from different cultures.        | I can compare and<br>contrast the patterns and<br>events in stories from<br>different cultures.  | I can evaluate and expand<br>on the patterns and<br>events in stories from<br>different cultures. |          |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD               |
|---|---|--|--|--|------------------------|
| Reading Foundation Skills A successful student can apply knowledge of affixes, syllabication Latin roots and phonics to decode unknown words. | I can use phonics skills<br>to decode multisyllabic<br>words.   | I can use phonics skills to<br>break words into parts<br>for decoding unfamiliar<br>multisyllabic words.                                 | of story, drama or poem using key details from the   | I can apply grade-level<br>phonics in decoding<br>unfamiliar multisyllabic<br>words in and out of<br>context.                          | RF 3.3, RF 4.3, RF 5.3 |
|   | I can use word analysis<br>skill of grade-level letter<br>sound correspondences<br>to decode unfamiliar<br>multisyllabic words. | l can use word analysis<br>skills of letter-sound<br>correspondence and<br>syllabication to decode<br>unfamiliar multisyllabic<br>words. | characters in a story<br>or drama respond to<br>challenges or how a poem                             | I can use word analysis<br>skills of morphology,<br>syntax and syllabication<br>to decode unknown<br>multisyllabic words.              |                        |
|   | I can decode grade level<br>Latin roots and affixes.  |  |  | I can use and apply<br>syllabication patterns<br>and morphology to read<br>accurately multisyllabic<br>words in and out of<br>context. |                        |
|   |   | I can work with peers<br>or independently to<br>determine important key<br>details for a summary.  | I can define grade-level<br>irregularly spelled words<br>using my knowledge of<br>affixes and roots. | I can use knowledge<br>of word patterns and<br>syllabication to read, spell,<br>and define grade level<br>irregularly spelled words.   |                        |

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| Humanities | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4 | STANDARD                        |
|------------|--|--|---|---------|---------------------------------|
| EL         |  |  |   |         |                                 |
|            | recognize high frequency<br>words within simple text<br>with support; identify the<br>number of syllables in a<br>single word by clapping<br>for each vowel sound; and | A successful level 2 EL student can recognize common consonant and vowel digraphs by selecting corresponding printed ones; decode by blending phonemes and recognize high frequency words within simple text with support; identify the number of syllables in a single word by clapping for each vowel sound; and select correct inflectional endings for roots (-ed, -ing, -s) with support. | A successful level EL student can apply knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences with minimal support; change word meaning by selecting appropriate grade-level common prefixes and derivational suffixes for roots with minimal support; identify inconsistent but common spelling-sound correspondences (ai,ay, eigh, ea) with support; and read unfamiliar multisyllabic words accurately in context and out of context with support] |         | Reading Standard 13,<br>grade 3 |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                        |
|---|--|--|---|---|---------------------------------|
| ELA Reading Foundation Skills A successful student can determine main idea, explain key details and summarize text. | I can determine main idea<br>in informational text.                                  | l can explain main idea in<br>informational text.                                    | I can identify two or more<br>main ideas of a text.   | I can justify main ideas of informational text.   | RI 3.2, RI 4.2                  |
|   | I can identify key details of informational text.                                    | l can explain key details of informational text.                                     | l can determine key<br>details of informational<br>text.  | l can examine key details<br>of informational text.   |                                 |
|   | I can summarize informational text with one supporting detail in informational text. | I can complete a<br>summary of informational<br>text with two supporting<br>details. | I can create a summary<br>of informational text with<br>many supporting details.  | I can interpret the<br>summary of informational<br>text, which includes<br>supporting details.  |                                 |
| EL  |  |  |   |   |                                 |
|   | student can sit and listen<br>to a short, simple read-<br>aloud with prompting and   | student can sit and<br>listen to literary and<br>informational read-alouds           | A successful level 3 EL student can actively engage in individual or group readings with some purpose and understanding with minimal prompting and support. | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend quality informational text, dramas, prose and poetry at the lower range of the grade-level band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for Grade 3. | Reading Standard 13,<br>grade 3 |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD                              |
|---|---|---|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| Reading Informational Text A successful student can refer to the text when explaining and inferring to demonstrate understanding of the text. | I can construct questions<br>using who, what, where,<br>when and why. | I can use text and<br>text features to ask<br>and answer key detail<br>questions. | I can identify locations<br>in text to answer text<br>specific questions.   | I can refer to a text<br>to support ideas and<br>assumptions when writing<br>or speaking.  | RI 3.1, RI, 4.1, RI 5.1               |
|   |   | I can use the text to make<br>an inference.                                       | I can use background<br>knowledge and text to<br>make an inference.   | I can explain the definition<br>of inference and the<br>process of making an<br>inference.   |                                       |
| EL  |   |   |   |  |                                       |
|   | student can respond<br>to or ask a who or what                        | student can ask or answer<br>a who, what, when, where<br>text-dependent question  | A successful level 3 EL student can Identify details in a text which prompt a clarifying question and/or answer explicit who, what, when, where, why, how text-dependent questions. | A successful level 4 EL student can ask and answer various explicit text-dependent questions by citing specific textual evidence. In 4th grade, the student can also answer implicit text dependent questions by citing specific textual evidence. | Reading Standard 1,<br>grades 3 and 4 |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD                              |
|---|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| ELA Reading Foundation Skills A successful student can determine main idea, explain key details and summarize text. | I can determine main idea<br>in informational text.                                  | l can explain main idea in<br>informational text.                                    | I can identify two or more<br>main ideas of a text.                              | I can justify main ideas of informational text.  | RI 3.2, RI 4.2                        |
|   | I can identify key details of informational text.                                    | I can explain key details of informational text.                                     | I can determine key<br>details of informational<br>text.                         | l can examine key details<br>of informational text.  |                                       |
|   | I can summarize informational text with one supporting detail in informational text. | I can complete a<br>summary of informational<br>text with two supporting<br>details. | I can create a summary<br>of informational text with<br>many supporting details. | I can interpret the<br>summary of informational<br>text, which includes<br>supporting details. |                                       |
| EL  |  |  |  |  |                                       |
|   | student can respond<br>to or ask a who or what                                       | student can ask or answer<br>a who, what, when, where<br>text-dependent question     |  |  | Reading Standard 1,<br>gradse 3 and 4 |



| Humanities   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                               |
|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| ELA Reading Informational Text A successful student can determine main idea, explain key details and summarize text. | I can understand the<br>difference between<br>compare and contrast.                            | I can integrate<br>information on topic to<br>speak or write on the<br>subject knowledgeably.                                 |   | I can interpret and<br>evaluate information from<br>multiple text and speak<br>or write knowledgeably<br>about the subject.   | RI 3.2, RI 4.2                         |
|  | I can understand how to<br>compare and contrast key<br>details.                                | detail on topic to speak  | I can integrate key details<br>from several texts to<br>speak or write on subject<br>knowledgeably.   | I can interpret and<br>evaluate key details from<br>multiple text and speak or<br>write knowledgeably about<br>the subject.   |  |
|  | I can compare and contrast text on the same topic.   | details from two texts to   | I can compare and<br>contrast texts in order to<br>combine information.   | I can articulate the<br>similarities and<br>differences between the<br>same event by different<br>authors for better<br>understanding.  |  |
| EL   |  |   |   |   |  |
|  | student can sit and listen<br>to a short, simple read-<br>aloud with prompting and<br>support. | A successful level 2 EL student can sit and listen to literary and informational read-alouds with some prompting and support. | A successful level 3 EL student can actively engage in individual or group readings with comprehension of on-level literary and informational text with some prompting and support. | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend literary and informational text at the lower range of the gradelevel band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for grades 4 or 5. | Reading Standard 13,<br>grades 4 and 5 |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                               |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Reading Informational Text successful student can read and comprehend grade-level informational text. |  |   | I can read and<br>comprehend grade-level<br>complex informational<br>text. | I can read and<br>comprehend above<br>grade-level complex<br>informational text.  | RI.3.13, RI.4.13, RI.5.13              |
|   |  |   | I can interpret meaning<br>from a variety of<br>informational text.        | I can interpret meaning<br>from a variety of high-level<br>informational text.  |  |
| EL  |  |   |  |   |  |
|   | student can sit and listen<br>to a short, simple read-<br>aloud with prompting and | student can sit and<br>listen to literary and<br>informational read-alouds<br>with some prompting and<br>support. | student can actively<br>engage in individual or                            | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend literary and informational text at the lower range of the gradelevel band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for grades 4 or 5. | Reading Standard 13,<br>grades 4 and 5 |

| Humanities  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                               |
|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| Reading Informational Text – Extended A successful student can explain relationships or interactions based on specific information in historical, scientific or technical text. | I can use language<br>that relates to time or<br>sequence with describing<br>relationships.                           | I can use time sequence,<br>cause and effect cue<br>words.   | I can identify and<br>use time, sequence,<br>and cause/effect cue<br>words when explaining<br>connected relationships.  | I can explain the use<br>of time, sequence,<br>and cause/effect cue<br>words when explaining<br>connected relationships.  | RI 5.3                                 |
|   | I can describe the<br>relationship between a<br>series of historical events<br>or scientific ideas.                   | happened and why in a  | I can understand<br>the differences and<br>structures associated with<br>historical, scientific, and<br>technical text.   | I can use close reading<br>strategies to identify key<br>individuals, events, or<br>ideas in informational text.  |  |
|   | I can use digital tools<br>to create a timeline<br>explaining the connection<br>between related historical<br>events. | connection between a series of historical events   | I can understand<br>the differences and<br>structures associated with<br>historical, scientific, and<br>technical texts.  | I can extract meaning<br>and purpose from<br>informational text by<br>analyzing its structure and<br>organization.  |  |
|   | technical steps or  | I can describe the<br>connection between two<br>individuals in text.   | I can describe and explain<br>the connection between<br>two or more individuals<br>in text.   | I can compare and<br>contrast connections<br>between two or more<br>individuals in text.  |  |
| EL  |   |  |   |   |  |
|   | student can sit and listen to a short, simple read-   | A successful level 2 EL<br>student can sit and<br>listen to literary and<br>informational read-alouds<br>with some prompting and<br>support. | A successful level 3 EL student can actively engage in individual or group readings with comprehension of on-level literary and informational text with some prompting and support. | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend literary and informational text at the lower range of the gradelevel band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for grades 4 or 5. | Reading Standard 13,<br>grades 4 and 5 |

| Humanities   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                               |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| ELA Reading Informational Text – Extended A successful student can describe the overall structure of events, ideas, concepts, or information in text |   | I can select effective tools<br>to locate information<br>relevant to a given topic. | effective tools to use<br>to locate information                  | I can model the use of<br>effective tools to use<br>to locate information<br>relevant to a given topic.   | RI 4.5                                 |
|  | I can understand text<br>structure in informational<br>text.                | l can identify text<br>structure in informational<br>text.                          | understand informational   | I can optimize the use<br>of text structures that<br>enhance comprehension<br>of informational text.  |  |
|  | I can understand how the<br>authors uses text features<br>to organize text. |   | l can relate specific text<br>structures to author's<br>purpose. | I can explain the use of<br>specific text structures to<br>author's purpose.  |  |
| EL   |   |   |  |   |  |
|  | student can sit and listen to a short, simple read-                         |   | student can actively<br>engage in individual or                  | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend literary and informational text at the lower range of the gradelevel band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for grades 4 or 5. | Reading Standard 13,<br>grades 4 and 5 |



| Humanities   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD                               |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| Reading Informational Text – Extended A successful student can compare and contrast multiple accounts of an event or topict. | I can distinguish my point<br>of view from that of the<br>author of a text. | I can compare and<br>contrast first and<br>secondhand account of<br>the event or topic. | I can analyze multiple<br>accounts of same events<br>or topics.                      | l can assess multiple<br>accounts of events or<br>topics.   | RI 4.6,5.6                             |
|  | I can understand the differences in information.                            | I can describe the<br>differences of information<br>provided.                           | I can note similarities and<br>differences in point of<br>view.                      | I can analyze similarities<br>and differences in point<br>of view.  |  |
|  | I can recognize the same<br>event told from different<br>perspectives.      | I can compare the same<br>event told from different<br>perspectives.                    | I can compare and<br>contrast the same event<br>told from different<br>perspectives. | I can elaborate on the<br>differences of the same<br>event told from different<br>perspectives.   |  |
| EL   |   |   |  |   |  |
|  | student can sit and listen<br>to a short, simple read-                      | student can sit and<br>listen to literary and<br>informational read-alouds              | student can actively<br>engage in individual or                                      | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend literary and informational text at the lower range of the gradelevel band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for grades 4 or 5. | Reading Standard 13,<br>grades 4 and 5 |

# **STEAM**

A successful student can demonstrate proficiency with engineering skills by using the Engineering Design Process to explore and test possible solutions to a problem with limited materials and resources (constraints) and specific criteria in mind.

| STEAM   |   |   |   |                                       |
|---|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2                                       | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                             |
| I can organize the steps of the engineering design process. | I can explain the engineering design process. | I can define a simple design<br>problem reflecting a need or<br>a want that includes specified<br>criteria for success and<br>constraints on materials, time or<br>cost.  | I can justify using the engineering<br>design process to answer a<br>question.                | 3-5-ETS1-1; 3-5-ETS1-2;<br>3-5-ETS1-3 |
| I can identify criteria and constraints.                    | l can explain criteria and constraints.       |   | l can analyze the best solution to<br>a problem within constraints and<br>using set criteria. |                                       |
| I can identify variables.                                   | I can identify failure points.                | I can plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved. | l can justify the best solution to a<br>problem.  |                                       |



# Structures and Properties of Matter:

A successful student can explore how any type of matter can be divided into small particles too small to be seen, but still exist, and how measurements of properties can be used to identify materials, even when mixed or changed.

| STEAM   |  |  |   |  |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                              |
| I can organize the steps of the engineering design process. | l can explain the engineering<br>design process. | I can develop a model to describe<br>that matter is made of particles<br>too small to be seen.     | l can evaluate matter.  | 5-PS1-1; 5-PS1-2; 5-PS1-<br>3; 5-PS1-4 |
| l can identify criteria and constraints.                    | l can explain criteria and<br>constraints.       |  | l can analyze and compare<br>graphs.                                    |  |
| I can identify variables.                                   | I can identify failure points.                   | I can make observations and<br>measurements to identify<br>materials based on their<br>properties. | l can analyze properties of<br>materials.                               |  |
| I can identify variables.                                   | I can identify failure points.                   |  | I can evaluate matter. I can justify<br>the best solution to a problem. |  |

### Forces and Interactions:

A successful student can explore how forces act on objects with strength and direction and can be measured. A successful student can explore how electric and magnetic forces affect objects within contact or not in contact at all, and how the gravitational force of the Earth pulls objects.

| STEAM                                |   |  |   |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| LEVEL 1                              | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                       |
|                                      | unbalanced forces on an object.                                   | can plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence of the effects of balanced and unbalanced forces on the motion of an object. | I can graph and analyze the<br>results of an investigation<br>involving balanced and<br>unbalanced forces on an object's<br>motion.   | 3-PS2-1; 3-PS2-2; 3-PS2-<br>3; 3-PS2-4; 5-PS2-1 |
| l can observe an object's motion.    | •   | motion to provide evidence that  | I can graph and analyze the<br>results of repeated observations<br>and measurements of an object's<br>motion to predict future motion.  |   |
|                                      | two objects that are not in contact but have electric or magnetic | electric or magnetic interactions<br>between two objects not in  | I can compile and analyze data<br>to show the cause and effect<br>relationships of electric or<br>magnetic interactions between<br>two objects not in contact with<br>each other. |   |
| I can use magnets to solve problems. |   | I can define a simple design<br>problem that can be solved by<br>applying scientific ideas about<br>magnets.                           | I can evaluate the effectiveness<br>of using magnets to solve design<br>problems by applying scientific<br>ideas.   |   |
|                                      |   | l can support an argument that<br>the gravitational force exerted by<br>Earth on objects is directed down.                             | I can compile and analyze data on<br>the effects of gravity on different<br>objects.  |   |

# Energy:

A successful student can explore the relationships between energy and objects, sound, light, and heat. Successful students can explore the production, transference, and transformation of energy. Students will explore the ways that energy and fuel are derived from natural sources and how use of that energy and fuel affect the environment.

| STEAM  |   |  |   |   |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| I can give examples of objects that have differing speeds.               | I can organize and group objects<br>that have differing speeds.                             | I can use evidence to construct<br>an explanation relating the speed<br>of an object to the energy of that<br>object.                                    | I can devise investigations to explain the effect of energy on and object's speed.  | 4-PS3-1; 4-PS3-2; 4-PS3-<br>3; 4-PS3-4; 4-PS4-2;<br>4-ESS3-1; 5-PS3-1 |
| I can show how sound, light, heat, and electric currents produce energy. | I can show and describe how<br>sound, light, heat, and electric<br>currents produce energy. | I can make observations to<br>provide evidence that energy can<br>be transferred from place to place<br>by sound, light, heat, and electric<br>currents. | place by sound, light, heat, and  |   |
| I can make two objects collide.  | I can describe the effect of two objects colliding.   | I can ask questions and predict<br>outcomes about the changes in<br>energy that occur when objects<br>collide.   | I can investigate the changes<br>in energy that occur when<br>objects collide by compiling and<br>organizing data.  |   |
| I can identify devices that create energy.                               | I can describe the initial and final<br>forms of energy devices create.                     | form to another.   | I can use a device that converts<br>energy from one form to another<br>to solve a problem and evaluate<br>why that device is scientifically<br>suited to solve that problem.  |   |
| to be seen by the human eye.   | I can describe and explain how<br>objects need light to be seen by<br>the human eye.        | I can develop a model to describe<br>that light reflecting from objects<br>and entering the eye allows<br>objects to be seen.                            | I can create a model that describes how light reflects from objects to the human eye to be seen, and I can design light experiments using the model to compare the effects of differing lights on the ability of humans to see objects. |   |

| STEAM  |  |                                   |   |           |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3                           | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| l can list natural resources.  | I can describe solar energy, wind<br>energy, nuclear energy, water<br>energy, and fossil fuels and how<br>humans use each one. | affect the environment.           | I can use multiple resources to create a graph that describes and analyzes the environmental effects of using each of the energy sources. I can generate recommendations for the use of each energy source. |           |
| l can give examples of how<br>animals use their food to stay<br>alive. | I can describe how plants that<br>animals eat get energy from the<br>sun to grow.  | energy in animals' food (used for | I can use design a model or visual<br>representations of the chain of<br>energy events that occur between<br>the sun, plants, and animals.  |           |

## Structure and Function:

A successful student can explore how light reflection is processed by the eye to make sense of an object. The successful student can investigate how plants and animals use internal and external structures to aid in growth, survival, behavior and reproduction. Successful students can explore how animals use their perceptions, memories and senses to guide their actions.

| STEAM  |  |  |  |                          |
|--|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                |
| I can describe the internal and external structures of plants and animals. | l can explain how animals and<br>plants use their internal and<br>external structures. | I can construct an argument that plants and animals have internal and external structures that function to support survival, growth, behavior, and reproduction. | I can create and present a<br>model that shows how plants<br>and animals use their internal<br>and external structures for<br>survival, growth, behavior and<br>reproduction.  | 4-LS1-1;4-LS1-2; 4-PS4-2 |
|  | I can describe how animals use<br>their senses to react to their<br>environments.      | senses, process the information  | I can create and present a model that shows how animals react to and survive in their environments by using their senses, their brain, and their behavioral output mechanisms. |                          |



| STEAM   |   |   |   |           |
|---------|---|---|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
|         | objects need light to be seen by the human eye. | and entering the eye allows objects to be seen. | I can create a model that describes how light reflects from objects to the human eye to be seen, and I can design light experiments using the model to compare the effects of differing lights on the ability of humans to see objects. |           |

Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystem:

A successful student can explore the connections between energy, the sun, plants, air, water, organisms, fungi, bacteria, and decomposers. Successful students can explore the interdependence of ecosystems, the web of life, healthy organisms and the environment.

| STEAM  |  |                                  |   |                           |
|--|--|----------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3                          | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                 |
|  | through investigations using air,                            |                                  | I can compile and analyze<br>investigation data to determine<br>the extent that plants use water,<br>air, light and soil for growth.      | 5-LS1-1; 5-LS2-1; 5-PS3-1 |
|  | between plants, animals, and decomposers in the environment. |                                  | the model that show how the   |                           |
| I can give examples of how animals use their food to stay alive. | animals eat get energy from the sun to grow.                 | body repair, growth, motion, and | I can use design a model or visual<br>representations of the chain of<br>energy events that occur between<br>the sun, plants and animals. |                           |

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Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems:

A successful student can explore how being part of a group helps animals obtain food, defend themselves, cope with changes, and survive in a variety of habitats. Successful students can explore how fossils provide evidence about organisms and how some plants and animals are no longer found on Earth.

| STEAM   |   |   |  |                                      |
|---|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                            |
| I can identify animals that live in groups.                           | l can collect data that explains<br>the different reasons why some<br>animals live in groups.   | I can construct an argument that<br>some animals form groups that<br>help members survive.  | I can create a model or representation to argue that the causal evidence of belonging to a group has the effect of animals being able to obtain food, defend themselves, and cope with changes in order to survive.  | 3-LS2-1; 3-LS4-1<br>3-LS4-3; 3-LS4-4 |
| I can label fossil samples as to<br>what living organism it once was. | I can classify fossil samples based on common characteristics.  | I can analyze and interpret data<br>from fossils to provide evidence<br>of the organisms and the<br>environments in which they lived<br>long ago.               | I can compile the data from fossils<br>to propose that fossil features<br>provide evidence of the types of<br>organisms that lived long ago and<br>the environments that they lived<br>in.   |                                      |
| I can list the needs of organisms (plants and animals).               | I can compare the features<br>of different habitats and the<br>organisms that live there.   | I can construct an argument with evidence that in a particular habitat some organisms can survive well, some survive less well, and some cannot survive at all. | I can organize the evidence<br>to show the cause and<br>effect relationship between<br>environments and organisms that<br>survive and organisms that survive<br>less well, and organisms that<br>cannot survive at all.  |                                      |
| I can make a list of environmental problems in the world.             | I can use the list of environmental<br>problems in the world to describe<br>the effect that these problems<br>have on plants and animals. |   | I can construct a presentation that addresses an environment, a change that happened in that environment, how the change affected the plants/animals, a solution to the problem and its effect on the plants/animals, and how that solution now affects other plants/animals. Is this solution the best? |                                      |



## Inheritance and Variation of Traits:

A successful student can explore how reproduction is essential to the continued existence of every kind of organism and how plants and animals inherit characteristics from their parents and other characteristics are the result of the environment.

| STEAM  |   |   |   |                                      |
|--|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                            |
| I can list the stages that an organism goes through.   | I can describe the stages of birth, growth, reproduction and death.   | I can develop models to describe<br>that organisms have unique<br>and diverse life cycles but all<br>have in common birth, growth,<br>reproduction and death.   | I can use the model of an<br>organism's' life cycle to produce<br>a written explanation to predict<br>the outcomes if these stages are<br>interrupted and what patterns can<br>be predicted in life cycle stages.                                   | 3-LS1-1; 3-LS3-1<br>3-LS3-2; 3-LS4-2 |
| I can list commonalities between<br>adult animals and their babies<br>and also adult plants and their<br>babies. | I can compare the traits of adult<br>and baby animals and the traits of<br>adult and baby plants to discover<br>patterns. | and animals have traits inherited from parents and that variation   | I can organize the data about the traits that are passed from adult to baby animals and plants. I can devise a presentation to discuss the patterns of similarities and differences of traits between parents, children and siblings are inherited. |                                      |
| I can give examples of<br>environmental factors that affect<br>organisms' growth.                                | I can describe the effect of<br>environmental factors on the<br>growth of organisms.                                      | I can use evidence to support<br>the explanation that traits can be<br>influenced by the environment.   | I can analyze the variations within<br>an organism's family to organize<br>those that are influenced by the<br>environment and the effect of the<br>environment on individuals.   |                                      |
| I can name the internal and external features of plants and animals that help them survive in an environment.    | I can describe how internal and<br>external features of plants and<br>animals help them survive in an<br>environment.     | I can use evidence to construct<br>an explanation for how the<br>variations in characteristics<br>among individuals of the same<br>species may provide advantages<br>in surviving, finding mates, and<br>reproducing. | I can explain the cause-effect<br>relationships of characteristics<br>that are found in a plant or animal<br>family that lead to surviving,<br>finding mates, and reproducing.  |                                      |

Inheritance and Variation of Traits Weather and Climate:

A successful student can explore how scientists use weather patterns to make predictions and how climate and rainfall help shape the land and affect the types of living things found in a region.

| STEAM   |  | •  |  |                                |
|---|--|--|--|--------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                      |
| I can collect weather condition data over time.                       | I can describe the weather<br>conditions that are commonly<br>found in each season in my<br>climate. | graphical displays to describe<br>typical weather conditions<br>expected during a particular |  | 3-ESS2-1; 3-ESS2-2<br>4-ESS2-1 |
| I can read informational texts about differing climates in the world. | I can describe differences in<br>climates around the world.  | information to describe climates in different regions of the world.                          | I can make a display to explain<br>how patterns in climate can be<br>used to make predictions about<br>typical weather conditions.               |                                |
| I can list natural factors that affect erosion.                       | I can explain the effects of each<br>natural factor on the rate of<br>erosion.                       | evidence of the effects of weathering or the rate of erosion                                 | I can design a visual<br>representation to compare the<br>effects of weathering or the rate<br>of erosion by water, ice, wind, or<br>vegetation. |                                |



## Earth's Systems:

A successful student can explore how rock, soil, water, ice, air and humans interact in multiple ways to affect Earth's surface materials and processes. Successful students can further explore how weather patterns are influenced by the interaction of wind and clouds with landforms. Successful students can further explore Earth's salt and freshwater resources and the volcanoes and earthquake patterns and occurrences.

| STEAM   |  |   |   |   |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                 |
| I can list natural factors that affect erosion.   | l can explain the effects of each<br>natural factor on the rate of<br>erosion.   | evidence of the effects of weathering or the rate of erosion  | effects of weathering or the rate   | 4-ESS2-1; 4-ESS2-2,<br>5-ESS2-1; 5-ESS2-2 |
| I can use maps to locate Earth's<br>features such as mountains,<br>boundaries, earthquakes,<br>volcanoes, and ocean structures. | I can point out similarities<br>between features found in like<br>geographical regions.  | from maps to describe patterns of   | I can design a visual display to<br>describe how Earth's features<br>occur in patterns that reflect<br>information about how they are<br>formed or occur. |   |
| I can define and give examples<br>of geosphere, biosphere,<br>hydrosphere and atmosphere<br>systems.                            | I can describe examples of<br>how geosphere, biosphere,<br>hydrosphere and atmosphere<br>systems affect climate, weather,<br>landforms and ecosystems. | I can develop a model using<br>an example to describe ways<br>the geosphere, biosphere,<br>hydrosphere and/or atmosphere<br>interact. | I can use a model to explain how<br>earth's systems interact together<br>to affect the Earth's surface<br>materials and processes.                        |   |
| I can use resources to find<br>sources of freshwater and<br>saltwater on Earth.   | l can sort reservoirs of water on<br>Earth into freshwater or saltwater<br>categories.   | water and fresh water in various  | I can organize and analyze data to<br>show where on Earth freshwater<br>and salt water reservoirs are and<br>what they have in common.                    |   |

STEAM PERFORMANCE-BASED ASSESSMENT

# **Human Sustainability:**

A successful student can explore how humans interact with natural hazards, natural energy and fuel resources, and how their activities in agriculture, industry and everyday life impact land, vegetation, streams, oceans, air, and outer space. Successful students can explore actions that help protect Earth's resources and environment.

| STEAM   |   |  |   |   |
|---|---|--|---|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                 |
| I can list weather-related hazards.   | l can explain the effects of<br>weather-related hazards on<br>society.  | of a design solution that reduces<br>the impacts of a weather-related  | I can critique design solutions that<br>reduce the impact of a weather-<br>related hazard as to the benefits<br>and the risks for society.  | 3-ESS3-1, 4-ESS3-1,<br>4-ESS3-2, 5-ESS3-1 |
| I can list natural resources.   | I can describe solar energy, wind<br>energy, nuclear energy, water<br>energy and fossil fuels and how<br>humans use each one. | energy and fuels are derived from  | I can use multiple resources to create a graph that describes and analyzes the environmental effects of using each of the energy sources. I can generate recommendations for the use of each energy source.           |   |
| I can list and describe natural<br>hazards such as earthquakes,<br>tsunamis, volcanoes, floods,<br>landslides, etc. |   | the impacts of natural Earth processes on humans.  | I can evaluate and make a recommendation about which of two different solutions effectively reduces the impact of natural Earth processes by alleviating the effect and also staying within constraints and criteria. |   |
| and the impact that the usage has   |   | I can obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment. | resource and the environment  |   |



### Extended - Chemical Reactions:

A successful student can investigate the mixing of two or more different substances and how a new substance with different properties is formed, and when substances are heated, cooled, or mixed, the total weight of the substance does not change.

| STEAM  |   |  |                                  |                  |  |
|--|---|--|----------------------------------|------------------|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4                          | STANDARDS        |  |
| I can measure and graph solids,<br>liquids and gases | I can read graphs containing<br>solid, liquid and gaseous data/<br>measurements | I can measure and graph quantities to provide evidence that regardless of the type of change that occurs when heating, cooling, or mixing substances, the total weight of matter is conserved. | l can analyze and compare graphs | 5-PS1-2; 5-PS1-4 |  |
| I can identify substances                            | I can explain properties of<br>substances                                       | I can conduct an investigation to<br>determine whether the mixing of<br>two or more substances results in<br>new substances.   | problem                          |                  |  |

### Extended - Waves:

A successful student can explore the relationships between movement of water and the creation of waves. The student will investigate how digitized information is transmitted between devices and how light reflection is processed by the eye to make sense of an object.

| STEAM   |  |   |   |                           |
|---|--|---|---|---------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                 |
| I can identify wave behaviors like waves, wave amplitude, wavelengths and motions of objects. | I can describe patterns found in wavelengths and amplitude.  |   | I can analyze the wave model<br>to explain how the relevant<br>relationships between<br>components of the model cause<br>objects to move.   | 4-PS4-1, 4-PS4-2, 4-PS4-3 |
| I can show how objects need light to be seen by the human eye.                                | I can describe and explain how<br>objects need light to be seen by<br>the human eye.                   | I can develop a model to describe<br>that light reflecting from objects<br>and entering the eye allows<br>objects to be seen. | I can create a model that describes how light reflects from objects to the human eye to be seen, and I can design light experiments using the model to compare the effects of differing lights on the ability of humans to see objects. |                           |
| I can list high-tech objects that are used to communicate over long distances.                | I can describe situations where<br>high-tech objects are needed to<br>communicate over long distances. | I can generate and compare<br>multiple solutions that use<br>patterns to transfer information.                                | I can generate a plan to use the<br>best solution for transmitting<br>digital information over long<br>distances. The solution should fit<br>within set criteria and constraints<br>and safety measures.                                |                           |



#### Extended - Natural Selection and Evolution:

A successful student can explore how reproduction is essential to the continued existence of every kind of organism. Successful students can explore life cycles of plants and animals and how many characteristics are inherited from parents. Successful students can explore how species survive or do not survive and how fossils provide evidence about organisms from long ago.

| STEAM  |   |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| I can list commonalities between<br>adult animals and their babies<br>and also adult plants and their<br>babies. | I can compare the traits of adult<br>and baby animals and the traits of<br>adult and baby plants to discover<br>patterns. | I can analyze and interpret data to<br>provide evidence that plants and<br>animals have traits inherited from<br>parent and that variation of these<br>traits exists in a group of similar<br>organisms.             | traits that are passed from adult to baby animals and plants. I can   | 3-LS3-1, 3-LS4-1, 3-LS4-<br>2., 3-LS4-3, 3-LS4-4 |
| I can label fossil samples as to what living organism it once was.   | I can classify fossil samples based on common characteristics.  | I can analyze and interpret data<br>from fossils to provide evidence<br>of the organisms and the<br>environments in which they lived<br>long ago.  | I can compile the data from fossils<br>to propose that fossil features<br>provide evidence of the types of<br>organisms that lived long ago and<br>the environments that they lived<br>in.                              |  |
| I can name the internal and external features of plants and animals that help them survive in an environment.    | I can describe how internal and<br>external features of plants and<br>animals help them survive in an<br>environment.     | I can use evidence to construct<br>an explanation for how the<br>variations in characteristics<br>among individuals of the same<br>species may provide advantages<br>in surviving, finding mates and<br>reproducing. | I can explain the cause-effect<br>relationships of characteristics<br>that are found in a plant or animal<br>family that lead to surviving,<br>finding mates and reproducing.   |  |
| I can list the needs of organisms<br>(plants and animals).   | I can compare the features<br>of different habitats and the<br>organisms that live there.                                 | I can construct an argument with evidence that in a particular habitat some organisms can survive well, some survive less well, and some cannot survive at all.  | I can organize the evidence<br>to show the cause and<br>effect relationship between<br>environments and organisms that<br>survive and organisms that survive<br>less well, and organisms that<br>cannot survive at all. |  |

| STEAM                  |  |         |  |           |
|------------------------|--|---------|--|-----------|
| LEVEL 1                | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| problems in the world. | problems in the world to describe<br>the effect that these problems<br>have on plants and animals. |         | that addresses an environment,<br>a change that happened in that |           |

## Extended - Space Systems:

A successful student can explore patterns of day and night, shadows, and positions of the sun, moon, and stars throughout a day, month, and year and how these patterns are affected by orbits, and rotations of the moon around Earth and Earth around sun.

| STEAM    |   |  |  |                               |
|----------|---|--|--|-------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                     |
|          | I can make comparisons between<br>the distance and brightness of the<br>sun and stars by using flashlights<br>to demonstrate the differences in<br>distance and brightness. | differences in the apparent<br>brightness of the sun compared<br>to other stars is due to their            | I can use scientific reasoning to<br>explain how size and distance of<br>the sun and other stars affect the<br>apparent brightness that is seen<br>on Earth. | 5-ESS1-1; 5-ESS1-25-<br>PS2-1 |
|          | in the different seasons based on<br>patterns as a result of the Earth's<br>rotation.   | changes in length and direction<br>of shadows, day and night, and<br>the seasonal appearance of some       | differences in the timing of observable changes in shadows,  |                               |
| gravity. |   | l can support an argument that<br>the gravitational force exerted by<br>Earth on objects is directed down. | l can compile and analyze data on<br>the effects of gravity on different<br>objects.   |                               |



## Extended - History of Earth:

A successful student can explore how rock formations reveal information about the presence of earth forces and the order in which rock layers were formed.

| STEAM        |   |  |  |           |
|--------------|---|--|--|-----------|
| LEVEL 1      | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| environment. | about fossils to describe the ordering of the rock layers and | fossils in rock layers to support<br>an explanation for changes in a<br>landscape over time. | I can design a model that<br>supports an argument that the<br>organization of rock layers and<br>presence of fossils are due to<br>Earth's forces, presence of water<br>and other factors. | 4-ESS1-1  |

# **Special**

## **Dance**

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.   | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|--|---|---|--|---|
| Dance  | 0<br>0<br>0   |   |  |   |
| Creating   | •<br>•<br>•   |   |  |   |
| I can communicate through creative movement by applying dance skills and language to Explore, Plan, and Revise learning through dance.   | I am not yet able to<br>communicate through creative<br>movement by applying dance<br>skills and language to Explore,<br>Plan, and Revise learning<br>through dance.            |   | I can communicate through<br>creative movement by applying<br>dance skills and language<br>to Explore, Plan, and Revise<br>learning through dance.                                   | I can communicate through<br>creative movement by applying<br>dance skills and language to<br>Explore, Plan, Revise, Excel in<br>dance and learning.  |
| Performing   |   |   |  |   |
| I can demonstrate the ability to apply skills and understanding of how dance communicates through Expression, Embodiment, and Presentation of artistic ideas and work for a performance. | I can begin to demonstrate the ability to apply skills and understanding of how dance communicates through expression, embodiment, and presentation of artistic ideas and work. | I can begin to demonstrate the ability to apply skills and understanding of how dance communicates through expression, embodiment, and presentation of artistic ideas and work. | I can demonstrate the ability to apply skills and understanding of how dance communicates through expression, embodiment, and presentation of artistic ideas and work a performance. | I can demonstrate and explain<br>my ability to apply skills and<br>understanding of how dance<br>communicates through<br>expression, embodiment, and<br>presentation of artistic ideas<br>and work for a performance. |
| I can communicate through<br>creative movement by<br>applying dance skills and<br>language to Explore, Plan,<br>and Revise learning through<br>dance.                                    | I can Analyze, Interpret, and<br>Select dance works for a<br>performance.   | l am not yet able to analyze,<br>interpret, and select dance<br>works for a performance.  | l can analyze, interpret, and<br>select dance works for at least<br>one performance.   | l can analyze, interpret, and<br>select dance works for more<br>than one performance.   |
| I can communicate through<br>creative movement by<br>applying dance skills and<br>language to Explore, Plan,<br>and Revise learning through<br>dance.                                    | I can Realize, Develop, and<br>Refine dance works for<br>performance.   | l am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine a dance<br>work for a performance.   | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine at least one dance<br>work for performance that<br>communicates.   | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine multiple dance works for<br>performance that communicate.   |



| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|--|--|--|---|---|
| Dance  |  |  |   |   |
| Responding                                       |  |  |   |   |
|  | I am not yet able to respond<br>to dance by analyzing,<br>interpreting, and critiquing how<br>dance conveys meaning. | I can begin to respond to dance<br>by analyzing, interpreting, and<br>critiquing how dance conveys<br>meaning. |   | I can demonstrate and explain<br>my ability to apply skills and<br>understanding of how dance<br>communicates through<br>expression, embodiment, and<br>presentation of artistic ideas<br>and work for a performance. |
| I can Perceive and Analyze dance.                | I am not yet able to perceive<br>and analyze dance.  | I can begin to perceive and analyze dance.   | apply skills and understanding of how dance communicates through expression, embodiment, and presentation | I can demonstrate and explain<br>my ability to apply skills and<br>understanding of how dance<br>communicates through<br>expression, embodiment, and<br>presentation of artistic ideas<br>and work for a performance. |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of dance.     | I am not yet able to interpret intent and meaning of dance.  | To a limited degree, I can interpret intent and meaning of dance.  | I can analyze, interpret, and<br>select dance works for at least<br>one performance.                      | I can analyze, interpret, and<br>select dance works for more<br>than one performance.   |
| I can Apply criteria to evaluating dance pieces. | I am not yet able to apply<br>criteria to evaluating dance<br>pieces.  | To a limited degree, I can apply criteria to evaluating dance pieces.  | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine at least one dance<br>work for performance that<br>communicates.    | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine multiple dance works for<br>performance that communicate.   |

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.                | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| Dance   | •  |  |  |   |
| Connecting  |  |  |  |   |
| context to dance by Synthesizing, and Relating knowledge and personal experience to works of dance through and during the | external context to dance by synthesizing, and relating knowledge and personal | to dance by synthesizing,<br>and relating knowledge and<br>personal experience to works<br>of dance through and during | personal meaning and<br>external context to dance<br>by synthesizing, and relating<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to at least one work<br>of dance through and during | I can successfully connect personal meaning and external context to dance by synthesizing, and relating knowledge and personal experience to multiple works of dance through and during the learning process. |
| dance related ideas, work,  | societal, cultural, and historical contexts to dance related ideas,            | societal and cultural contexts<br>to dance related ideas, work,  | and historical contexts to dance<br>related ideas, work, and creative<br>movement.   |   |



# **Media Arts**

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| Media Arts  | •  |  |   |   |
| Creating  | •  |  |   |   |
| I can Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific media arts form to Conceive, Develop, and Construct artistic ideas and work. | l am not yet able to generate,<br>conceptualize, and organize<br>media arts ideas.   | I can create but not able to<br>communicate by applying the<br>skills and language of a specific<br>media arts form to conceive,<br>develop, and construct artistic<br>ideas and work. | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of a specific media<br>art form to conceive, develop,<br>and construct artistic ideas and<br>work. | I can create and communicate<br>in multiple media art forms by<br>applying the skills and language<br>of that form to conceive,<br>develop, and construct artistic<br>ideas and work. |
| I can Generate,<br>Conceptualize, and Organize<br>media arts ideas.   | I am not yet able to<br>communicate through creative<br>movement by applying dance<br>skills and language to Explore,<br>Plan, and Revise learning<br>through dance. | I can generate and<br>conceptualize, but not<br>independently organize an idea<br>into a media art work.   | l can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize ideas in at least<br>one media art form.   | l can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize ideas through<br>various media art forms.  |
| I can Refine and Complete<br>media art ideas.   | I am not yet able to refine and<br>complete ideas into media art<br>work   | I can begin to refine but not<br>complete ideas into media art<br>work.  | I can refine and complete ideas<br>into media art work.   | I can refine and complete ideas<br>through multiple media art<br>forms.   |
| language to Explore, Plan, and Revise learning through  | communicate through creative   | I can begin to communicate<br>through creative movement<br>by applying dance skills and<br>language to Explore and Revise<br>learning through dance.                                   | I can communicate through<br>creative movement by applying<br>dance skills and language<br>to Explore, Plan, and Revise<br>learning through dance.                        | I can communicate through<br>creative movement by applying<br>dance skills and language to<br>Explore, Plan, Revise, Excel in<br>dance and learning.                                  |

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Media Arts Performing   |  |  |  |  |
| I can demonstrate the ability to Apply the skills and understanding of how the media arts communicate ideas and work through Integration, Practice, and Presentation. | I am not yet able to integrate<br>forms and content, practice,<br>and present media art works.                                       | I can begin to integrate forms<br>and content, practice, and<br>present media art works.   | I can integrate forms and<br>content, practice, and present<br>through at least one media art<br>form.                                 | I can integrate forms and<br>content, practice, and present<br>through more than one media<br>art form.  |
| I can Analyze and Interpret<br>media art works.   | I cannot yet analyze and<br>interpret media art works.   | I can analyze and interpret<br>media art works to a limited<br>extent.   | l can analyze and interpret<br>comfortably in at least one<br>media art work.  | l can analyze and interpret<br>multiple forms of media art<br>works for presentation.  |
| I can Realize, Develop, and<br>Refine media art works for<br>presentation.  | I am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine media art<br>works for presentation.  | I can realize and begin to<br>develop, but not refine media<br>art works for presentation.   | I can realize, develop, and refine<br>in at least one media art form<br>for presentation.  | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine in multiple media art<br>forms for presentation that that<br>communicates.                                     |
| Responding  |  |  |  |  |
| I can respond to the media arts by Perceiving, Interpreting and Evaluating how media artworks convey meaning.   | I am not yet able to respond<br>to media arts by Perceiving,<br>Interpreting and Evaluating<br>how media artworks convey<br>meaning. | I can begin to respond to<br>media arts by Perceiving, and<br>Evaluating but not Interpreting<br>how media artworks convey<br>meaning. | I can successfully respond to<br>the media arts by Perceiving,<br>Interpreting and Evaluating<br>how media artworks convey<br>meaning. | I can successfully respond to<br>various forms of the media arts<br>by Perceiving, Interpreting and<br>Evaluating how these forms<br>convey meaning. |
| I can Perceive and Analyze<br>the media.  | I am not yet able to perceive<br>and analyze the media.  | I can begin to perceive and<br>analyze the media.  | I can with confidence perceive<br>and analyze at least one form of<br>media.   | I can perceive and analyze<br>various forms of media.  |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of media artworks.   | I am not yet able to interpret intent and meaning of media artworks.   | To a limited degree, I can interpret intent and meaning of media artworks.   | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of at least one form of<br>media artwork.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of multiple media art<br>forms.  |
| I can apply criteria to<br>Evaluating media artworks  | I am not yet able to apply<br>criteria to evaluating media<br>artworks.  | I can apply criteria to evaluating media artworks.   | I can apply criteria to evaluating<br>media artworks.  | I can create criteria for and<br>apply criteria to evaluating<br>multiple media art form.  |



| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.   | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.   | <b>STRONG EVIDENCE - 4</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| Media Arts   |  | •   |  |   |
| Responding   |  |   |  | ā<br>•<br>•   |
| I can respond to the media arts by Perceiving, Interpreting and Evaluating how media artworks convey meaning.                            | I am not yet able to respond<br>to media arts by Perceiving,<br>Interpreting and Evaluating<br>how media artworks convey<br>meaning.                                     | I can begin to respond to<br>media arts by Perceiving, and<br>Evaluating but not Interpreting<br>how media artworks convey<br>meaning.                        | the media arts by Perceiving,<br>Interpreting and Evaluating<br>how media artworks convey  | I can successfully respond to<br>various forms of the media arts<br>by Perceiving, Interpreting and<br>Evaluating how these forms<br>convey meaning.                      |
| I can Perceive and Analyze<br>the media.   | I am not yet able to perceive<br>and analyze the media.  | I can begin to perceive and analyze the media.  | l can with confidence perceive<br>and analyze at least one form of<br>media.   | l can perceive and analyze<br>various forms of media.   |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of media artworks.  | I am not yet able to interpret intent and meaning of media artworks.   | To a limited degree, I can interpret intent and meaning of media artworks.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of at least one form of<br>media artwork.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of multiple media art<br>forms.   |
| I can apply criteria to<br>Evaluating media artworks   | I am not yet able to apply<br>criteria to evaluating media<br>artworks.  | I can apply criteria to evaluating<br>media artworks.   | I can apply criteria to evaluating<br>media artworks.  | I can create criteria for and<br>apply criteria to evaluating<br>multiple media art form.   |
| Connecting   |  |   |  |   |
| I can Connect personal meaning and external context to media arts by Synthesizing and Relating through and during the artmaking process. | I am not yet able to connect<br>personal meaning and external<br>context to media arts by<br>synthesizing and relating<br>through and during the art-<br>making process. | I can begin to connect personal<br>meaning and external context<br>to media arts by synthesizing<br>and relating through and<br>during the art-making process | I can successfully connect<br>personal meaning and<br>external context to media arts<br>by synthesizing and relating<br>through and during the art-<br>making process. | I can successfully connect personal meaning and external context to more than one media arts form by synthesizing and relating through and during the art-making process. |
| I can Synthesize and Relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to artistic ideas<br>for media art works.                            | I am not yet able to synthesize<br>and relate knowledge and<br>personal experience to artistic<br>ideas for media art works.   | I can relate knowledge and<br>personal experience to artistic<br>ideas for media art works but<br>not synthesize those into a<br>media art work.              | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to artistic ideas for<br>media art works.  | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to artistic ideas<br>through multiple forms of<br>media art works.                                    |
| I can Apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>ideas media art work.   | l am not yet able to apply<br>societal, cultural, and historical<br>contexts to media art work.  | I can apply at least one of the<br>following, societal, cultural, and/<br>or historical contexts to media<br>art work.  | l can apply societal, cultural, and<br>historical contexts to at least<br>one form of media art work.  | I can apply societal, cultural, and<br>historical contexts to more than<br>one form of media art.   |

# Music

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Music Creating I can create and communicate by applying the skills and language of music to Imagine, Plan, and Make musical ideas and work | I am not yet able to create and<br>communicate by applying the<br>skills and language of music to<br>imagine, plan, and make musical<br>ideas and work. | language of music to imagine   | L can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of music to imagine,<br>plan, and make musical ideas<br>and work. | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of music to imagine,<br>plan, and make musical ideas<br>and work, while creating work<br>that shows the culmination<br>of a process of creation and<br>communication. |
| I can Generate, Develop, and<br>Organize musical ideas.  | I am not yet able to generate,<br>develop, and organize musical<br>ideas.   | I am beginning to develop the<br>skills and knowledge needed<br>to generate, develop, and<br>organize musical ideas. | l can generate, develop, and<br>organize musical ideas.  | I can generate, develop, and<br>organize musical ideas for more<br>than one musical genre.   |
| I can create by applying the<br>skills and language of music<br>to Evaluate, Refine, and<br>Present musical ideas and<br>work.             | I am not yet able to create by<br>applying the skills and language<br>of music to evaluate, refine, and<br>present musical ideas and work.              |  | I can create by applying the<br>skills and language of music to<br>evaluate, refine, and present<br>musical ideas and work.              | I can create by applying the skills and language of music to evaluate, refine, and present original musical ideas and work using expertise, context, and expressive intent to influence creative choices.                                    |
| , 11, 0  | l am not yet able to reflect upon<br>and refine musical ideas and<br>work.  | I can reflect upon but not yet<br>able to independently refine<br>musical ideas and work.                            | l can reflect upon and refine<br>musical ideas and work.   | I can reflect upon and refine<br>musical ideas and work for<br>more than one musical genre.  |
| I can Present original musical ideas and work  | I am not yet able to present<br>original musical ideas and work.  | I am experimenting with<br>creating and presenting original<br>musical ideas and work.                               | l can present original musical<br>ideas and work.  | I can create and present more<br>than one original musical idea<br>and work.   |



| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.                             | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Music   |   |   |   |   |
| Performing  |   |   |   | 3<br>6<br>6   |
| communicate musical ideas and work through Selection,     |   | communicate musical ideas<br>and work through selection,<br>analysis, and interpretation. | to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate musical ideas<br>and work through selection,<br>analysis, and interpretation of at | I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate musical ideas and<br>work through selection, analysis,<br>and interpretation of more than<br>one musical genre. |
|   | l am not yet able to select<br>musical works based on<br>interest, knowledge, technical<br>skill and context. | select musical works based on   | I can select musical works<br>based on interest, knowledge,<br>technical skill and context.                                       | I can select and perform<br>musical works based on<br>interest, knowledge, technical<br>skill and context.  |
| I can Analyze the structure and context of musical works. |   | I am beginning to analyze<br>the structure and context of<br>musical works.               | I can analyze the structure and context of musical works.   | I can analyze and demonstrate<br>the structure and context of<br>musical works.   |
| I can Develop personal interpretations of musical works.  | I am not yet able to develop<br>personal interpretations of<br>musical works.                                 | l am beginning to develop<br>personal interpretations of<br>musical works.                |   | I can develop personal<br>interpretations of musical works<br>and perform based on those<br>interpretations.  |

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.   | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| Music  |  | •   |   |   |
| Performing   |  |   |   |   |
| communicate through the process of Rehearsing,                             | apply skills and effectively<br>communicate through the<br>process of Rehearsing,<br>Evaluating, Refining, and | the ability to apply skills and<br>effectively communicate<br>through the process of<br>Rehearsing, Evaluating, | to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate through the<br>process of Rehearsing,<br>Evaluating, Refining, and | I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate through the<br>process of Rehearsing,<br>Evaluating, Refining, and<br>Performing musical works. |
| I can Evaluate and Refine<br>personal and ensemble<br>performances.        | I am not yet able to evaluate<br>and refine personal and<br>ensemble performances.                             | evaluate and refine personal  | l can evaluate and refine<br>personal and ensemble<br>performances.   | I can evaluate and refine<br>personal and ensemble<br>performances of various genre.  |
| I can Perform expressively and accurately with appropriate interpretation. | I am not yet able to perform expressively and accurately with appropriate interpretation.                      | I am beginning to perform expressively and accurately with appropriate interpretation.                          | accurately with appropriate interpretation.   | I can perform various genre<br>of music expressively and<br>accurately with appropriate<br>interpretation.  |



| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | <b>LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2</b> Degree to which competency has been met.             | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.              | <b>STRONG EVIDENCE - 4</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| Music  |   |  |   |   |
| Responding   |   |  |   |   |
| I can respond to music<br>by Selecting, Analyzing,<br>Interpreting and Evaluating,<br>how music conveys meaning. | I am not yet able to respond to<br>music by selecting, analyzing,<br>interpreting and evaluating, how<br>music conveys meaning. | how to analyze, interpret  | Selecting, analyzing, interpreting and evaluating, how music conveys meaning. | I can successfully respond<br>to multiple music genre by<br>selecting, analyzing, interpreting<br>and evaluating, how music<br>conveys meaning and provide<br>compelling rationale. |
| I can Select musical works for<br>a variety of purposes.   | I am not yet able to select<br>musical works for a variety of<br>purposes.  | I can select a musical work or<br>works for at least one purpose.                | I can select musical works for a<br>variety of purposes.                      | I can select musical works for a variety of purposes and provide rationale for selection.   |
| I can Perceive and Analyze<br>musical works.   | I am not yet able to perceive<br>and analyze musical works.   | To a limited degree, I can<br>perceive and analyze musical<br>works.             | I can perceive and analyze<br>musical works.                                  | I can perceive and analyze<br>musical works and provide<br>rationale.   |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of musical works.   | I am not yet able to interpret<br>intent and meaning of musical<br>works.   | I am beginning to interpret intent and meaning of musical works.                 | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of musical works.                       | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of musical works and<br>provide rationale.  |
| I can Apply criteria to evaluating musical works.  | l am not yet able to apply<br>criteria to evaluating musical<br>works.  | I am beginning to learn how<br>to apply criteria to evaluating<br>musical works. | I can apply criteria to evaluating<br>musical works.                          | l can create and apply criteria to evaluating musical works.  |

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met. | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met. | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| Music  |  | •   |   |  |
| Connecting   |  | •   |   |  |
| context to music through and   | context to music through and   | personal meaning and external context to music through and    | to music through and during the music learning process.                 | I can connect, personal<br>meaning and external context<br>to music through and during<br>the music learning and making<br>process.          |
| experience to musical ideas  | I am not yet able to evaluate<br>and I am not yet able to<br>synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to musical ideas<br>and work. refine personal and<br>ensemble performances. | and relate knowledge and                                      | knowledge and personal experience to musical ideas and                  | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to musical ideas and<br>work in and through the music<br>making process. |
| I can Apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>musical ideas and work. | contexts to musical ideas and  |   | historical contexts to musical ideas and work.                          | I can apply societal, cultural, and<br>historical contexts to musical<br>ideas and work of various<br>genre.                                 |

# **GRADE BAND**

## PE

## Scope and Sequence for K-12 Physical Education

#### **LEGEND**

#### E = Emerging.

Students participate in deliberate practice tasks that will lead to skill and knowledge acquisition.

#### PE STANDARD 1. Motor skills and movement Grade 3 Grade 4 Grade 5 patterns Α Hopping Galloping Α $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ Running Α $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ Sliding Α $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ Skipping Α $\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$ Leaping M Α Jumping and Α M $\rightarrow$ Landing Spring and E, M step Α • Jump rope M Balance Μ $\rightarrow$ Α Weight Transfer M $\rightarrow$ Rolling Ε M $\rightarrow$ Curling and M Α stretching Twisting and M bending Throwing Underhand M

## M = Maturing.

Students can demonstrate the critical elements of the motor skills/knowledge components of the grade-level outcomes, which will continue to be refined with practice.

| PE<br>STANDARD 1.<br>Motor skills<br>and movement<br>patterns | Grade 3 | Grade 4       | Grade 5       |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Catching  | E       | M             | Α             |
| Dribbling/ball<br>control                                     |         |               |               |
| • Hands   | E       | М             | Α             |
| • Feet  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | M             |
| • With implement  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| Kicking   | E       | М             |               |
| Volleying   |         |               |               |
| Underhand   | Е       | М             | Α             |
| Overhead  |         | Е             | $\rightarrow$ |
| Striking - with short implement                               | E       | М             | Α             |
| Striking - with long implement                                | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| Combining<br>locomotors and<br>manipulatives                  |         | E             | $\rightarrow$ |
| Combining jumping, landing, locomotors and manipulatives      |         |               | E             |

### A = Applying.

Students can demonstrate the critical elements of the motor skills/knowledge components of the grade-level outcomes within a variety of physical activity environments.

| PE<br>STANDARD 1.<br>Motor skills<br>and movement<br>patterns | Grade 3 | Grade 4       | Grade 5       |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Combining<br>balance and<br>weight transfers                  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Shooting on goal  |         |               | Е             |
| Passing and receiving   |         |               |               |
| • Hands   |         |               | Е             |
| • Feet  |         | E             | $\rightarrow$ |
| • Lead pass   |         |               | E             |

M

Overhand

| PE<br>STANDARD 2.<br>Motor skills<br>and movement<br>patterns | Grade 3 | Grade 4       | Grade 5       |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Movement<br>concepts,<br>principles and<br>knowledge          | E       | M             | $\rightarrow$ |
| Strategies and tactics  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |

| PE<br>STANDARD 3.<br>Health-<br>enhancing<br>level of fitness<br>and physical<br>activity | Grade 3 | Grade 4       | Grade 5       |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Physical activity knowledge   | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| Engages in physical activity  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| Fitness knowledge   | Е       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| Assessment and program planning   | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| Nutrition   | Е       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |

| PE<br>STANDARD 4.<br>Responsible<br>personal and<br>social behavior | Grade 3 | Grade 4       | Grade 5       |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Demonstrating personal responsibility                               | M       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Accepting<br>feedback   | М       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Working with others   | М       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Following rules and etiquette                                       | E       | $\rightarrow$ | M             |
| Safety  | М       | $\rightarrow$ | А             |

| PE<br>STANDARD 5.<br>Recognizes<br>the value<br>of physical<br>activity | Grade 3 | Grade 4       | Grade 5       |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| For health  | Е       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| For challenge   | E       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| For self-<br>expression/<br>enjoyment                                   | E       | $\rightarrow$ | M             |
| For social interaction  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |



# **Theatre**

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.           | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| Theatre  | •  |   |  |   |
| Creating   | Degree to which competency<br>has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.                                | Degree to which competency<br>has been met.  | Degree to which competency<br>has been met.   |
| the skills and language of theatre through Envisioning,                                | I am not yet able to create<br>and communicate by applying<br>the skills and language of<br>theatre through envisioning,<br>conceptualizing, developing,<br>and rehearsing artistic ideas<br>and work. |   | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of theatre through<br>envisioning, conceptualizing,<br>developing, and rehearsing<br>artistic ideas through at least<br>one theatrical performance. | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of theatre through<br>envisioning, conceptualizing,<br>developing, and rehearsing<br>artistic ideas through more than<br>one theatrical performance. |
| I can Organize artistic ideas for theatre.   | I am not yet able to organize artistic ideas for theatre.  | I can begin to organize artistic ideas for theatre.                     | I can organize artistic ideas for<br>theatre.  |   |
| I can Refine and Complete<br>artistic ideas through a<br>theatrical performance.       | I am not yet able to refine and<br>complete artistic ideas through<br>a performance.   | I can begin to refine but not<br>complete ideas into media art<br>work. | I can refine and complete<br>artistic ideas successfully for a<br>theatrical performance.  | I can refine and complete<br>artistic ideas successfully<br>for more than one theatrical<br>performance.  |
| applying dance skills and<br>language to Explore, Plan,<br>and Revise learning through | I am not yet able to<br>communicate through creative<br>movement by applying dance<br>skills and language to Explore,<br>Plan, and Revise learning<br>through dance.                                   |   | I can communicate through<br>creative movement by applying<br>dance skills and language<br>to Explore, Plan, and Revise<br>learning through dance.   | I can communicate through<br>creative movement by applying<br>dance skills and language to<br>Explore, Plan, Revise, Excel in<br>dance and learning.  |

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| Theatre   | •<br>•   | •<br>•   |  |   |
| Performing  | •<br>•<br>•  | •  |  | •   |
| I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how theatre communicates through Selection, Preparation, Sharing, and Presentation of artistic ideas and work. | I am not yet able to<br>demonstrate the ability to apply<br>the skills and understanding<br>of how theatre communicates<br>through selection, preparation,<br>sharing, and presentation of<br>artistic ideas and work. |  | understanding of how theatre<br>communicates through<br>selection, preparation, sharing,                                     | I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how theatre communicates through selection, preparation, sharing, and presentation of artistic ideas and work through more than one performance. |
| I can Reflect on, Interpret,<br>and Select artistic works for<br>presentation.  | I am not yet able to reflect on,<br>interpret, and select artistic<br>works for presentation.  | I am not yet able to reflect on,<br>interpret, and select artistic<br>works for presentation.                                | I can reflect on, begin to<br>interpret, but not select an<br>artistic work for presentation<br>based on a specific purpose. | I can reflect on, interpret,<br>and select artistic works for<br>presentation based on a<br>specific purpose for each work.   |
| I am not yet able to reflect on, interpret, and select artistic works for presentation.   | I am not yet able to refine and<br>complete artistic ideas through<br>a performance.   | I can reflect on, begin to<br>interpret, but not select an<br>artistic work for presentation<br>based on a specific purpose. | I can reflect on, interpret,<br>and select an artistic work<br>for presentation based on a<br>specific purpose.              | l can reflect on, interpret,<br>and select artistic works for<br>presentation based on a<br>specific purpose for each work.   |
| I can Realize, Develop, and<br>Refine artistic works for<br>presentation.   |  | I can realize and develop, but<br>not refine artistic works for<br>presentation.   | artistic works for presentation.   | I can realize, develop, and refine<br>multiple artistic works for a<br>performance that successfully<br>communicates.   |



| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.             | <b>LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2</b> Degree to which competency has been met. | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>STRONG EVIDENCE - 4</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| Theatre   | •   |  |  |   |
| Responding  |   |  |  |   |
| I can respond to theatre by<br>Reflecting, Interpreting, and<br>Evaluating how productions<br>convey meaning. | Interpreting, and Evaluating how productions convey meaning.                | Interpreting, and Evaluating   | I can respond to theatre by<br>Reflecting, Interpreting, and<br>Évaluating how at least one<br>production conveys meaning. | I can respond to theatre by<br>Reflecting, Interpreting, and<br>Evaluating how productions<br>convey meaning.                                 |
| I can Perceive and Evaluate theatrical work.  | I am not yet able to perceive<br>and evaluate theatrical work.              |  | I can perceive and evaluate<br>theatrical work.  | I can perceive and evaluate<br>theatrical work and<br>provide compelling rationale to<br>support.   |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of theatrical work.  | I am not yet able to interpret<br>intent and meaning of theatrical<br>work. |  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of theatrical work.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of theatrical work<br>and provide compelling and<br>creative support for alternative<br>interpretation. |
| I can apply criteria when evaluating theatrical work.   | I am not yet able to apply<br>criteria when evaluating<br>theatrical work.  | I can begin to apply criteria<br>when evaluating theatrical<br>work. | I can apply criteria when<br>evaluating theatrical work.   | I can create and apply criteria<br>for evaluating theatrical work.  |

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met. | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met. | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| Theatre  | •   | •   |   |   |
| Connecting   |   | •   |   |   |
|  | personal meaning and external context to theatre by             | to theatre by empathizing, interrelating, and researching     | personal meaning and<br>external context to theatre by<br>empathizing, interrelating, and<br>researching works. | I can successfully connect personal meaning and external context to multiple theatrical pieces by empathizing, interrelating, and researching those works.      |
| I can Synthesize and Relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to theatrical ideas<br>and work. |   | relate knowledge and personal experience to theatrical ideas  | knowledge and personal experience to ideas and at least   | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to multiple theatrical<br>ideas and works.  |
|  |   |   | historical contexts to theatrical ideas and work.   | I can apply societal, cultural, and<br>historical contexts to theatrical<br>ideas and work and successfully<br>perform the role of a character<br>in that work. |



# **Visual Arts**

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | gree to which competency Degree to which competency  |   |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| Visual Arts   | •  |  |  |   |
| Creating  | •  |  |  |   |
| I can create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific visual arts form to Investigate, Plan, and Make artistic ideas and work. | l am not yet able to create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific visual art form to investigate, plan, and Make and wo l can create but not able to communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific visual art form to investigate, plan, and make artistic ideas and work. |  | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of theatre through<br>envisioning, conceptualizing,<br>developing, and rehearsing<br>artistic ideas through at least<br>one theatrical performance. | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of theatre through<br>envisioning, conceptualizing,<br>developing, and rehearsing<br>artistic ideas through more than<br>one theatrical performance. |
| I can Generate,<br>Conceptualize, and Organize<br>artistic ideas.   | I am not yet able to generate,<br>conceptualize, and organize<br>artistic ideas.   |  | l can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize artistic ideas.   | l can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize multiple artistic<br>ideas.  |
| I can Refine and Complete artistic ideas.   | I am not yet able to refine and<br>complete artistic ideas.  | I can create and communicate<br>in multiple visual art forms by<br>applying the skills and language<br>of a specific visual art form to<br>investigate, plan, and make<br>artistic ideas and work.                         | I can refine and complete<br>artistic ideas.   | l can refine and complete<br>multiple artistic ideas.   |
| specific visual arts form to<br>Reflect, Refine, and Continue   | of a specific visual art form  | the skills and language skills (elements) but not the skills a specific visual art form the language (principles) a specific viellecting, refining, and g with artistic ideas through reflecting, refining, and continuing |  | I can create in multiple visual art<br>forms by applying the skills and<br>language of that visual art form<br>through reflecting, refining, and<br>continuing with artistic ideas<br>and work.                             |

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.   | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.   | <b>STRONG EVIDENCE - 4</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| Visual Arts   | •   | •   |  |  |
| Presenting  |   |   |  |  |
| I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the visual arts communicate through Selection, Analyzation, and Sharing of artistic ideas and work for presentation. | the visual arts communicate<br>through Selection, Analyzation,<br>and Sharing of artistic ideas and<br>work for presentation. | understanding of how the<br>visual arts communicate<br>but not able to apply this to<br>Selection, Analyzation, and | ability to apply the skills and<br>understanding of how the visual<br>arts communicate through<br>Selection, Analyzation, and<br>Sharing of artistic ideas and | I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how multiple visual arts forms communicate through Selection, Analyzation, and Sharing of artistic ideas and work for presentation. |
| I can Interpret artistic works for presentation.  | l am not yet able to interpret<br>artistic works for presentation.  | l can interpret at least one<br>artistic work for presentation.   | I can interpret more than one artistic work for presentation.  | l can interpret multiple artistic<br>works for presentation.   |
| I can Realize, Develop, and<br>Refine artistic works for<br>presentation.   | •   | I can realize and develop, but<br>not refine artistic works for<br>presentation.                                    |  | I can realize, develop, and refine<br>multiple artistic works for an<br>exhibition that communicates.  |



| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.                          | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.                          | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.                       | <b>STRONG EVIDENCE - 4</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| Visual Arts   |  | •<br>•   |   |   |
| Responding  | •  | 0<br>0<br>0  |   | ;<br>•<br>•   |
| how artworks convey   | visual arts by Perceiving,   | the visual arts by Perceiving,<br>Analyzing, and Interpreting how                      | the visual arts by Perceiving,<br>Analyzing, and Interpreting how<br>artworks convey meaning. | I can successfully respond to<br>the visual arts by Perceiving,<br>Analyzing, and Interpreting how<br>artworks convey meaning. and<br>provide compelling rationale. |
| I can Interpret intent and<br>meaning of artistic work.                 | I am not yet able to interpret<br>intent and meaning of artistic<br>work.                |  |   | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of artistic work and<br>provides compelling rationale to<br>support.  |
| I can apply criteria to<br>Analyzing and Interpreting<br>artistic work. | I am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine artistic<br>works for presentation. | To a limited degree, I can apply criteria to analyzing and interpreting artistic work. |   | I can apply criteria to analyzing<br>and interpreting artistic work<br>and provide additional support<br>for my interpretation.                                     |

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.   | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>STRONG EVIDENCE - 4</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| Visual Arts   | •   |   |  |   |
| Connecting  | •   |   |  | ē<br>•  |
| arts by Relating, Perceiving,   | I am not yet able to connect, personal meaning and external context to the visual arts by Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing, and Interpreting to works of art through and during the artmaking process. | context to the visual arts by<br>Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing,   | personal meaning and external<br>context to the visual arts by<br>Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing,             | I can successfully connect, personal meaning and external context to multiple visual arts by Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing, and Interpreting to works through and during the art-making process.          |
| I can Synthesize and Relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to artistic ideas<br>and artistic work. | I am not yet able to create a<br>work of art that communicates<br>about events in home, school,<br>or community life.   | I can create a work of art that<br>begins to communicate about<br>events in home, school, or<br>community life. | I can create a work of art that<br>clearly communicates about<br>events in home, school, or<br>community life. | I can create works of art that<br>clearly communicates in-depth<br>about events in home, school,<br>and/or community life.  |
| I can Apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>artistic ideas and artistic<br>work.       | I am not yet able to compare<br>and contrast details in art works<br>from different times or places<br>to determine their uses.   | different times or places but<br>am not able to determine their   | explain how these details help reveal information about the  | I can compare and contrast<br>multiple details in art works<br>from different times<br>or places and thoroughly<br>explains how these details help<br>reveal information about the<br>work and its context. |

NAVIGATING CHANGE:
KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band 3-5

# **Essential Elements (EE)**

# Assessment

# **Executive Summary**

This section of the guidance document seeks to support educators as they consider ways to develop, refine and/or implement a comprehensive, balanced and cohesive approach to meaningfully assess student learning in a competency-based model. When thinking about mastery, a multiple-measures approach can be useful and may include a variety of assessments, ranging from the use of rubrics that focus on the depth of a student's understanding to nationally normed assessments by age and/or ability to state accountability assessment systems. What follows as guidance to consider may be best conceptualized by thinking of it from the perspective of assessing student learning.

ш

GRADE BAND

of Rubrics

# Performance-Based Assessment and the Use

- Continuity and Comprehensive Approach: The gradeband teams from Phase I of this project developed both the competencies and a set of performance-based "I can ..." rubrics.
  - SECD, specials, electives and CTE are also included for your consideration and inclusion in assessing broader STEAM and Humanities competencies.
- Interpretation of Performance Levels: These rubrics contain four performance levels that include "I can ..." statements that intend to reflect the various stages of what students know and are able to do through progressive depths of each competency. Ideally, students move to and through each of the levels from left to right, but this may take place at different times for each student. Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) is included as a familiar reference to help support the development of instruction in a leveled manner.
  - Level 1 may be thought of as introducing or beginning/DOK;
     Recall and Reproduce
  - Level 2 may be thought of as developing or emerging/DOK:
     Application and Reasoning
  - Level 3 may be thought of as demonstrating or creating/DOK: Strategic Thinking
  - Level 4 may be thought of as extending or enriching/DOK: Extended Thinking

**NOTE:** Levels 1-4 are not intended to predict Kansas State Assessment scores.



# **Levels Explanation**

Webb's Depth of Knowledge: Use to Align "A successful student can ..." Statements to Appropriate Performance Level

| Performance Level | I can  |                          |
|-------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Level 1           | <ul> <li>Recall and Reproduction</li> <li>Recall a fact, term, definition, principle or concept; perform a simple procedure.</li> <li>Items typically specify what the student is to do, which is often to carry out some procedure that can be performed mechanically.</li> <li>Recall of a fact, information, definition, term or performance of a process or procedure.</li> </ul>  |                          |
| Level 2           | <ul> <li>Basic Application of Skills and Concepts</li> <li>Apply conceptual knowledge: <ul> <li>Use provided information to select appropriate procedures for a task.</li> <li>Perform two or more steps with decision points along the way.</li> <li>Solve routine problems; organize or display data.</li> <li>Interpret or use simple graphs.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Items require students to make some decisions as to how to approach the question or problem. These actions imply more than one mental or cognitive process/step.</li> <li>Includes the engagement of some mental processing beyond recalling or reproducing a response.</li> </ul>   |                          |
| Level 3           | <ul> <li>Strategic Thinking</li> <li>Apply reasoning, using evidence, and developing a plan to approach or solve abstract, complex or nonroutine problems; interpret information and provide justification when more than one approach is possible.</li> <li>Items require students to justify the responses they give and may have more than one possible answer.</li> <li>Requires deep understanding as exhibited through planning, using evidence, and more demanding cognitive reasoning. The cognitive demands are complex and abstract.</li> </ul>  | This<br>is the<br>target |
| Level 4           | <ul> <li>Extended Thinking</li> <li>Perform investigations or apply concepts and skills that require research and problem solving across content areas or multiple sources.</li> <li>Items require students to bring together skill and knowledge from various domains. Due to the complexity of cognitive demand, this level often requires an extended period to answer. A DOK 4 is first a DOK 3 with added connections.</li> <li>Requires high cognitive demand and is very complex. Students are expected to make connections and relate ideas within the content or among areas - and have to select or devise one approach among many alternatives on how the situation can be solved.</li> </ul> |                          |

## **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

Information Technology

AFNR Agriculture, Foods and Natural LPSCS Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Resources Security AC Architecture and Construction MA Media Arts BC **Business Career** MATH Math **BC.BMAE** Business Management, **MNFR** Manufacturing Administration and MUS Music Entrepreneurship Physical Education PE BC.F Finance Science SCI Marketing BC.M Earth and Space Science SCI.ESS DNC Dance SCI.LS Life Science Family and Consumer Sciences **FACS** SCI.PS Physical Science English Language Arts ELA Social-Emotional Character SECD Engineering **ENG** Development HB Health and Biosciences STM **STEAM** ΗE Health THR Theatre History, Government and Social HGSS TRAN Transportation Studies WL World Languages Humanities HUM

VA

## **Grade Bands:**

P Pre-K to 2nd grade

IM 3rd to 5th grade

MS 6th to 8th grade

HS 9th to 12th grade

Visual Arts

ΙT



# **EE ELA**

## **PRIORITY:** A successful student can write to inform/explain and express themselves clearly.

| ELA  |   |   |   |   |            |
|--|---|---|---|---|------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| I can select a topic and write<br>about it including one fact or<br>detail.          | my attention to objects or  | share about (may be from a  | to describe the topic.  | I can select a topic for<br>writing an informational<br>text and then find<br>information that is either<br>tactile, visual, or multimedia<br>for use when writing the<br>text. | EE.W.3.2.a |
| l can list words, facts, or<br>details related to the topic.                         | it is referred to by name.  |   |   | l can identify facts and<br>details related to topic<br>from a set of choices.  | EE.W.4.2.b |
|  | I can describe the effects and<br>impacts that natural hazards<br>have on society         | topic using facts and details<br>to describe the topic.   | text and convey information<br>about it including visual,<br>tactual, or multimedia | I can introduce an informational topic while writing and extend by writing about ideas and information related to the topic.  | EE.W.5.2.a |
| I can provide facts, details, or<br>other information related to<br>the topic.       | to classify the positive and<br>negative impacts that human<br>activity has on the Earth. | details, such as the people,<br>places, things and events,<br>that occur within a specific                    |   | l can put facts or details<br>identified about a topic into<br>writing.   | EE.W.5.2.b |
| in a sentence.   | are used to write words, not numbers, punctuation, or                                     | can indicate knowledge that<br>when a word is capitalized<br>the first letter in the word is<br>in uppercase. | l can capitalize the first letter<br>of sentences.                                  | l can capitalizes the correct<br>words when writing a title.  | EE.L.4.2.a |
| drawing on knowledge of letter-sound relationships, and/or common spelling patterns. | are used to write words, not<br>numbers, punctuation, or                                  |   |   | I can spell words with<br>inflectional endings (e.g.,<br>walked, eats, sleeping).   | EE.L.4.2.d |

# GRADE BAND 3-5

# **PRIORITY:** A successful student can narrate real or imagined events by describing details and in a clear sequence.

| ELA   |  |         |  |  |           |  |
|---|--|---------|--|--|-----------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET                                       | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2 | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |  |
| support, produce writing that expresses more than one | I can sustain my own<br>attention to objects, pictures,<br>or multimedia for more than<br>a fleeting moment. |         | I can write more than one<br>idea about a topic. | I can produce a complete thought in writing. Up to this point, students may produce writing that requires some interpretation or context to understand (e.g., frg lgs = frogs use their legs to jump). By this node students are able to create a complete thought (e.g., Frogs jump). The produced thought may not be grammatically correct (i.e., The frogs can jump), but still conveys a complete thought or idea. |           |  |



## **PRIORITY:** I can with guidance and support, produce writing that expresses more than one idea.

| ELA   |                               |  |  |   |           |
|---|-------------------------------|--|--|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1                       | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| I can answer who and what<br>questions to demonstrate<br>understanding of details in<br>a text. | characteristic of the object, | I can answer questions<br>posed by others asking who<br>and what about the key<br>details in a familiar narrative. | characters and what each   | I can answer questions<br>posed by others asking<br>who, what, where, when,<br>why, and how about the<br>details in a narrative.        | EE.RL.3.1 |
| I can use details from the text<br>to recount what the text says.                               | encounter familiar people,    | l can identify the explicitly-<br>stated actions of characters<br>in a story.                                      |  | l can recount key details of<br>a story.  | EE.RL.4.1 |
| I can identify words in the text to answer a question about explicit information.               |                               | I can identify the key<br>elements in a story (main<br>characters, setting, and major<br>events.).                 | to questions asking<br>about explicit information<br>contained in a narrative by | I can find specific details<br>in a narrative to answer<br>questions asking about<br>information explicitly stated<br>in the narrative. | EE.RL.5.1 |

# **PRIORITY:** A successful student can determine the central message, moral or theme and be able to form a summary of the text.

| ELA                                      |  |  |  |   |           |
|--|--|--|--|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET                          | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| events in stories from diverse cultures. | I can correctly look at the scene demonstrating a possible event and ignore the scene demonstrating an impossible event based on an understanding that objects still exist despite not being seen (i.e., object permanence). | I can represent a conceptual<br>connection between a detail<br>and an event in a familiar<br>text.                   | events in stories from fables, folktales, or diverse cultures.   | various cultures, such as   | EE.RL.3.2 |
| of the text when it is explicitly        | I can recognize when I<br>encounter familiar people,<br>objects, places, and events.   | I can identify the concrete<br>details, such as individuals,<br>events, or ideas in familiar<br>informational texts. | I can identify the overall<br>general topic of any brief<br>(no more than a paragraph)<br>familiar informational text. | I can identify the theme of a story, which includes a short, concise sentence about the overall meaning of the narrative. | EE.RL.4,2 |
|  | encounter familiar people,   | I can identify the concrete<br>details mentioned in<br>beginner level informational<br>texts.                        | idea for a paragraph in an informational text that lacks   | I can determine the<br>details that provide for the<br>foundation of the theme in<br>a narrative.                         | EE.RL.5,2 |



# **PRIORITY:** A successful student can compare and contrast 2 or more characters, settings or events in a text.

| ELA  |  |   |                                       |   |           |
|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3                               | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| I can identify the feelings of<br>characters in a story.                   | I can use or identify feeling<br>words related to self, such as<br>happy sad, tired, worried, or<br>angry. | I can identify the feelings of<br>characters when explicitly<br>stated in familiar stories. | of specific characters in narratives. | I can identify how a<br>character's actions make<br>them feel OR can identify<br>how the character's desires<br>or feelings lead to an<br>action. | EE.RL.3.3 |
| I can use details from the text<br>to describe characters in the<br>story. | •  | elements in a story, including  |                                       | a narrative to describe<br>characters, setting, and   | EE.RL.4.3 |
|  | •  |   | characters in a familiar story.       | l can contrast different<br>characters in a familiar<br>story using specific key<br>details.  | EE.RL.5.3 |

**PRIORITY:** A successful can determine words in a text, the meaning of words used in the text, and story elements that change at the beginning, middle, and end.of the text.

| ELA  |  |  |  |  |                       |
|--|--|--|--|--|-----------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS             |
| I can determine words and<br>phrases that complete literal<br>sentences in a text.   | I can pay attention to<br>either the entire object, a<br>characteristic of the object,<br>or an action in which the<br>object can perform after<br>some verbal label has been<br>attached to it. | connected to a use (describe people who are friendly).   | I can ascertain which words<br>or phrases fit the meaning<br>of literal sentences in a text<br>and can complete those<br>sentences by choosing the<br>best ones. | l can identify simple<br>semantic definitions for<br>unambiguous words in a<br>text.   | EE.RL.3.4             |
| I can list words, facts, or details related to the topic.  | ·  | or phrases fit the meaning   | words in a text.   | I can understand that<br>words can have multiple<br>meanings that may<br>include a concrete and<br>psychological meaning (e.g.,<br>"sweet"). | EE.RL.4.4             |
| I can introduce a topic and write to convey information about it including visual, tactual or multimedia information as appropriate. | encounter familiar people,   | I can identify simple semantic<br>definitions for unambiguous<br>words in a text.              | of domain specific words and   |  | EE.RL.5.4             |
| the topic.   | indicating I am attending to<br>the text (story, information,  | occur at the beginning and   |  | and end of an unfamiliar   | EE.RL.3.5<br>extended |
| in a sentence.   |  | middle, and end of a familiar,<br>linear story.  | elements of stories in a text,<br>including main character,<br>setting initiating and  | I can identify an element of<br>the story that undergoes<br>change(s) from beginning<br>to end (e.g., character or<br>setting).              | EE.RL.4.5             |
| I can spell words phonetically<br>drawing on knowledge of<br>letter-sound relationships,<br>and/or common spelling<br>patterns.      | either an entire object, a<br>characteristics of the object<br>or an action in which the   | elements of stories in a text,<br>including main character,<br>setting, initiating, resolution | or or setting in the story<br>that undergoes change(s)   | I can use information<br>about structure to make<br>determinations about the<br>text.  | EE.RL.5.5             |



# **PRIORITY:** A successful student can compare and contrast the treatment of similar themes and topics and patterns and events in multicultural literature.

| ELA             |  |  |  |  |                       |  |  |
|-----------------|--|--|--|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS             |  |  |
| series.         | I can pay attention to<br>either the entire object, a<br>characteristic of the object,<br>or an action in which the<br>object can perform after<br>some verbal label has been<br>attached to it. | I can represent a conceptual<br>connection between a detail<br>and an event in a familiar<br>text.                     | elements, such as characters,                                  | narratives to compare  | EE.RL.3.9             |  |  |
|                 |  | I can identify and recall how<br>characters' actions affect the<br>consequences that occur in<br>the story afterwards. | narratives on similar topics<br>or specific themes are similar | I can find the similarities<br>and differences between<br>two narratives with a<br>similar theme or topic. | EE.RL.5.9<br>extended |  |  |

**PRIORITY:** A successful can determine words in a text, the meaning of words used in the text, and story elements that change at the beginning, middle, and end.of the text.

| ELA   |   |   |  |  |                       |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS             |  |  |
| I can answer who and what<br>questions to demonstrate<br>understanding of details in<br>a text. |   | I can identify the concrete<br>details, such as individuals,<br>events, or ideas in familiar<br>informational texts.  | I can answer questions<br>posed by others regarding<br>the concrete details of an<br>informational text.   | l can identify words<br>or details to answer a<br>question about explicit<br>information presented in<br>the text.                           | EE.RI.3.1             |  |  |
| I can identify explicit details<br>in an informational text.                                    | I can indicate an object when it is referred to by name.              | I can identify the explicitly-<br>stated actions of characters<br>in a story.   | I can recount events from a<br>narrative using details.  | I can identify words<br>or details to answer a<br>question about explicit<br>information presented in<br>the text.                           | EE.RI.4.1             |  |  |
| I can identify words in the text to answer questions about explicit information.                | communicate my preference   | I can answer questions<br>posed by others regarding<br>the concrete details of an<br>informational text.  | I can identify words or<br>details to answer a question<br>about explicit information<br>presented in the text.  | I can find specific details<br>in an informational text to<br>answer questions asking<br>about information explicitly<br>stated in the text. | EE.RI.5.1             |  |  |
| I can locate information in print or digital sources.   | some function or action typically associated with it (object action). | I can identify a detail from either the text itself or the illustration provided with the text (the goal here is to promote the understanding the structurally informational texts often contain images that support the text and provide information). | I can locate information<br>by using the text features<br>including bold, italics, and<br>underlined text, headings,<br>captions, icons, graphics or<br>illustrations, text boxes, table<br>of contents, and glossaries. | a text by using the specific<br>text features, which can<br>include bold print, captions,<br>and subheadings.                                | EE.RI.5.7<br>extended |  |  |



# **PRIORITY:** A successful student can explain relationships or interactions based on specific information in historical, scientific or technical text.

| ELA  |  |  |   |   |           |
|--|--|--|---|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| questions to demonstrate understanding of details in a text.                   | scene demonstrating a possible event and ignore            | l can represent a conceptual<br>connection between a detail<br>and an event in a familiar<br>text. |   | l can identify explicit details<br>in an informational text.  | EE.RI.3.2 |
|  |  | details, such as individuals,  | (no more than a paragraph)  | I can determine which<br>words contained in an<br>informational text relate to<br>the topic of the text.  | EE.RI.4.2 |
| I can identify the main idea of<br>a text when it is not explicitly<br>stated. | encounter familiar people,<br>objects, places, and events. |  | idea for a paragraph in an informational text that lacks and explicit statement of the topic. | I can determine which<br>details contained within<br>a paragraph of an<br>informational text provide<br>an important contribution<br>to the paragraph's main<br>idea. | EE.RI.5.2 |

Ш

GRADE BAND

3-5

# **PRIORITY:** A successful student can integrate information from multiple texts to write or speak about a subject knowledgeably.

| ELA   |                               |   |   |   |                       |
|---|-------------------------------|---|---|---|-----------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1                       | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS             |
| I can identify common elements in two stories.                                    | characteristic of the object, | I can identify the concrete<br>details, such as individuals,<br>events, or ideas in familiar<br>informational texts.              | informational texts on the same topic are similar in  | I can compare<br>informational texts on the<br>same topic based on the<br>specific details used to<br>discuss the topic.              | EE.RI.3.9             |
| I can compare details<br>presented in two texts on the<br>same topic.             | •                             | I can determine when two different informational texts on the same topic based on the specific details used to discuss the topic. | texts on the same topic based on the specific details | I can compare and contrast<br>informational texts on the<br>same topic based on the<br>specific details used to<br>discuss the topic. | EE.RI.4.9             |
| I can compare and contrast<br>details gained from two texts<br>on the same topic. |                               | I can compare informational<br>texts on the same topic<br>based on the specific details<br>used to discuss the topic.             | informational texts on the same topic based on the    |   | EE.RI.5.9<br>extended |

## **PRIORITY:** A successful student can read and comprehend grade level informational text.

| ELA  |  |   |   |   |            |
|--|--|---|---|---|------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| I can use sentence level<br>context to determine which<br>word is missing from a<br>content area text. | receptive understanding of the object words that accompany familiar games or routines. | is given using positives,<br>relative clauses, within a<br>conjunction, or a direct | missing in a written sentence<br>by using the surrounding<br>words in the sentence and<br>the meaning of the sentence | I can identify what word is missing within a text by using the surrounding words and sentences and their meaning as clues to the meaning of the missing word. | EE.L.5.4.a |
| I can demonstrate<br>understanding of words that<br>have similar meanings.                             | encounter familiar people,<br>objects, places, and events                              | opposite meanings (e.g., cold,<br>hot, up, down).                                   | two words have the same   | I can cease to<br>overgeneralize words. I can<br>use the proper extension<br>of word meaning.   | EE.L.5.5.c |

# **PRIORITY:** A successful student can explain relationships or interactions based on specific information in historical, scientific or technical text.

### ELA

| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
|--|--|--|--|--|-----------|
| I can order two events from a<br>text as first, and next.  | I can identify the next step or<br>event in a sequence from a<br>familiar routine. |  |  |  | EE.RI.3.3 |
| I can identify an explicit<br>detail that is related to an<br>individual, event, or idea<br>in a historical, scientific, or<br>technical text. | it is referred to by name.   | I can identify concrete details,<br>such as individuals, events, or<br>ideas in familiar informational<br>texts. | concrete detail is related to<br>an individual, event, or idea<br>discussed in an informational<br>text. | between the key details,<br>such as the individuals, | EE.RI.4.3 |
| l can compare two individuals, events, or ideas in a text.   | j  | details mentioned in   | between the key details, such<br>a the individuals, events,<br>or ideas located within an                |  | EE.RI.5.3 |



## PRIORITY: A successful student can describe the overall structure of events, ideas, concepts, or information in text.

| ELA   |   |   |  |  |                                       |
|---|---|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                             |
| I can with guidance and<br>support, use text features<br>including headings and<br>keywords to locate<br>information in a text. | movement, sound, facial expression, or gaze) indicating I desire a specific object in my immediate environment, such as food                            | I can identify illustrations<br>or tactile graphics/objects<br>that reflect aspects of a<br>familiar text, such as setting,<br>characters, or action if it is<br>a story or a person, place,<br>thing, or idea if it is an<br>informational text.                               | by using the text features   | a text by using the specific<br>text features, which can<br>include bold print, captions,<br>and subheadings.  | EE.RI.3.5                             |
| I can identify elements<br>that are characteristic of<br>informational texts.   | understanding that objects<br>differ in the physical<br>characteristics and can make<br>judgments of similarity or<br>differences based on the          |   | informational texts. These<br>elements in the presentation<br>of information which is<br>organized using text features | I can determine if an informational text is providing information about events, giving directions, or providing information on a topic.  | EE.RI.4.5                             |
| I can determine if a text<br>tells about events, gives<br>directions, or provides<br>information on a topic.                    | either the entire object, a characteristic of the object, or an action in which the object can perform after some verbal label has been attached to it. | I can identify a detail in an informational text from either the text itself or the illustration provided with the text (the goal here is to promote the understanding the structurally informational texts often contain images that support the text and provide information) |  | I can understand how the<br>title indicates information<br>about or fits the structure<br>of an informational text.  | EE.RI.5.5                             |
| I can determine the point of view of the narrator.  | encounter familiar people,  | I can determine who the<br>narrator is in a story when I<br>am reading.   | point of view for the narrator of a story.   | I can describe what the narrator or current speaker is thinking or feeling by identifying relevant words or phrases, such as "I ruminated on the missed opportunity at catching the thief on that fateful night at the mansion". | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |

# **PRIORITY:** A successful student can determine words and their meanings included in a variety of text formats (e.g., domain specific, literal phrases, etc.).

| _ | A        |
|---|----------|
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GRADE BAND

3-5

| LEARNING TARGET                           | LEVEL 1                       | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4                  | STANDARDS             |
|---|-------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| phrases that complete literal             | characteristic of the object, | between multiple concrete facts or details in a literature  | other.  |                          | EE.RI.3.8<br>extended |
| I can determine meaning of words in text. |                               | points are that the author of   | I can provide the reasons an<br>author includes (i.e., details)<br>that support the points of an<br>informational text. | points made by an author | EE.RI.4.8<br>extended |
|   | encounter familiar people,    | I can find two points made by<br>an author of an informational<br>text that relate to each other. | points made by an author in<br>an informational text relate<br>of the reasons supporting it.                            | , ,                      | EE.RI.5.8<br>extended |



# **PRIORITY:** A successful student can determine which words are used in a variety of texts that convey meaning (e.g., emotional, opposites, etc.).

| ELA  |  |   |  |  |            |  |
|--|--|---|--|--|------------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |  |
| I can determine the literal<br>meaning of words and<br>phrases in context. | I can pay attention to<br>either the entire object, a<br>characteristic of the object,<br>or an action in which the<br>object can perform after<br>some verbal label has been<br>attached to it. | I can determine when two<br>words have the same, similar,<br>or different meanings or<br>whether meanings of a<br>single word are the same or<br>different. | I can determine the literal<br>meaning of words and<br>phrases using the context in<br>which they are located. | I can ascertain which words<br>or phrases fit the meaning<br>of literal sentences in a text<br>and can complete those<br>sentences by choosing the<br>best ones. | •          |  |
| l can identify words that<br>describe personal emotional<br>states.        | I can pay attention to<br>either the entire object, a<br>characteristic of the object,<br>or an action in which the<br>object can perform after<br>some verbal has been<br>attached to it.       | I can exhibit an<br>understanding of feeling<br>words.  | I can identify feeling words to<br>describe myself.  | I can describe the internal<br>(motivations, feelings) and<br>external traits (appearance)<br>of a character.  | EE.L.3.5.c |  |
| l can demonstrate an<br>understanding of opposites.                        | I can recognize when I<br>encounter familiar people,<br>objects, places, and events.   | I can provide real-life<br>examples of words<br>connected to use (describe<br>people who are friendly).   |  |  | •          |  |

## **EE** Mathematics

A successful student will fluently add, subtract, multiply, and divide multi-digit numbers.

## Mathematics

| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                              |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| I can use repeated addition<br>to find the total number of<br>objects and determine the<br>sum. |   | sets. I can recognize the (+, -,                                 | I can determine the<br>unknown in an addition and<br>subtraction equation. | l can solve join and<br>separate problems.                              | EE.3.OA.4                              |
|   |   | l can demonstrate the<br>concept of addition and<br>subtraction. |  | and subtraction word  | EE.3.OA.8;<br>EE.4.OA.3;<br>EE.4.NBT.4 |
| I can perform repeated addition to find the total number of objects and determine the sum.      | l can recognize subset,<br>separateness, and set. | l can represent repeated<br>addition with an equation.           |  | l can demonstrate the concept of multiplication.                        | EE.3.OA.1-2.                           |
| I can demonstrate the connection between repeated addition and multiplication.                  |   |  | I can demonstrate the<br>concept of multiplication.                        | I can multiply by 1, 2, 3, 4,<br>and 5                                  | EE.4.OA.1-2                            |
| I can multiply whole numbers up to 5x5.   |   | l can solve repeated addition<br>problems.                       | and 5.   | I can apply the relationship<br>between multiplication and<br>division. |  |
| I can illustrate the concept of<br>division using fair and equal<br>share.                      |   | l can partition sets.  | I can partition sets into equal<br>subsets.                                | I can demonstrate the<br>concept of division.                           | EE.5.NBT.6-7                           |



A successful student can explain and make generalizations about the patterns in a place value system, use this understanding and the properties of operations to perform single and multi-digit arithmetic, including whole numbers and decimals, and understand how concepts of area, perimeter, and volume relate to multiplication and addition.

| Mathematics   |  |  |  |  |             |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|-------------|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1                                | LEVEL 2                                | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |  |  |
| I can identify arithmetic patterns.   | I can recognize same and<br>different. | l can recognize patterns.              | I can recognize repeating patterns, symbolic patterns, and growing patterns.     | I can extend a symbolic<br>pattern by applying the<br>rule. I can recognize the<br>pattern rule in a growing<br>pattern. | EE.3.OA.9   |  |  |
| I can determine the area<br>of a square or rectangle by<br>counting units of measure<br>(unit squares). | I can recognize some and separateness. | l can explain unit square and<br>area. | I can calculate area by<br>counting unit squares or<br>tiling.                   | I can solve word problems<br>involving area of rectangles.   | EE.4.MD.3   |  |  |
| I can measure mass or volume using standard tools.  | I can recognize different and same.    | mass using informal units.             | in cups, mass in ounces, and   | I can estimate liquid<br>volume in cups, mass<br>in ounces, and mass in<br>pounds.                                       | EE.4.MD.2.b |  |  |
| I can determine the volume of a rectangular prism by counting units of measure (unit cubes).            |  | composition of cube units              | I can calculate volume of a<br>right rectangular prism by<br>packing unit cubes. | I can solve word problems<br>involving volume of<br>rectangular prisms.  | EE.5.MD.4-5 |  |  |

**GRADE BAND** 

3-5

#### A successful student can generate, analyze, and explain numerical patterns and relationships.

#### **Mathematics LEARNING TARGET** LEVEL 2 LEVEL 4 LEVEL 1 LEVEL 3 **STANDARDS** I can recognize separateness I can recognize multiple tens I can explain value for ones I can explain the FF 3 NBT 2 L can demonstrate understanding of place value and set. of something and compose and tens. relationship between numbers based on tens. rounding and place value. to tens. I can explain value for hundreds. I can recognize before and I can skip count by 10s I can count by tens using I can count to 30. I can skip count by 10s EE.3.NBT.3 models such as objects, base after. starting at a multiple of 10. ten blocks, or money. I can count dimes and 10 dollar bills. I can compare 2 quantities I can compare 2 numerals up I can compare 2 numerals EE.4.NBT.2 I can compare whole I can recognize set and numbers to 10 using symbols: separateness. up to 10 using models. to 10 using symbols. up to 100 using symbols. I can order 2 one digit (<,>,=). numerals from least to greatest and greatest to · least. I can round any whole I can recognize ten and I can round whole numbers I can round whole numbers EE.4.NBT.3 I can use perceptual subitizing (visual recognition something, multiple tens of from 0-30 to the nearest ten. : 0-100 to the nearest ten. number 0-30 to the nearest ten. of pattern such as dots on a something, and decompose : die). numbers based on tens. I can use repeated patterns I can recognize attribute I can recognize symbolic I can recognize the core unit I can extend a pictorial EE.4.OA.5. to make predictions. values and arrange objects patterns, repeated patterns, in a repeated pattern. or symbolic pattern by in pairs. and pictorial patterns. applying the rule. I can recognize separateness I can compare 2 quantities can compare numbers up can compare 2 quantities I can compare 2 numerals EE.5.NBT.1: up to 100 using symbols. to 99 using base ten models. and set. up to 10 using models. up to 100 using symbols. **:** EE.5.NBT.3 :I can order 2 one digit numerals from least to greatest and greatest to · least. I can identify and extend I can order objects, classify, I can predict an element EE.3.NF.1-3 I can recognize repeating I can extend a symbolic numerical patterns. and contrast objects. patterns, growing patterns, pattern by applying the rule. in a symbolic pattern by symbolic patterns, and applying the rule. shrinking patterns.



A successful student will demonstrate an understanding of fractions (concepts of fractional/decimal parts, estimating, equivalency, ordering) and all four operations with fractions by applying understandings of whole numbers through the use of visual models to represent and explain concepts.

| Mathematics  |  |  |  |   |              |
|--|--|--|--|---|--------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS    |
|  | l can recognize some,<br>separateness, and<br>wholeness. | l can partition shapes.  |  | I can recognize fraction,<br>whole on an area model,<br>and one half on an area<br>model. | EE.3.NF.1-3  |
| I can identify models of on-<br>half (1/2) and one-fourth (1/4)  | l can recognize separateness<br>and wholeness.           | l can partition shapes into<br>equal parts.  | I can recognize one half and<br>one fourth on an area model.                         |   | EE.4.NF.1-2. |
| I can differentiate between whole and half.  | l can recognize wholeness<br>and separateness.           | I can recognize parts of a<br>given whole or a unit. I can<br>explain unit fraction. | I can recognize fraction. I can<br>recognize one half and whole<br>on an area model. |   | EE.4.NF.3    |
| I can identify models of<br>halves (1/2, 2/2) and fourths<br>(1/4, 2/4, 3/4, 4/4).                                 | separateness.  | I can recognize one fourth<br>and one half on a set model<br>and area model.         | I can recognize fourths and<br>halves on a set model and<br>area model.              | I can recognize proper<br>fractions with a set and an<br>area model.                      | EE.5.NF.1.   |
| I can identify models of thirds (1/2, 2/3, 3/3) and tenths (1/10, 2/10, 3/10, 4/10, 5/10, 6/10, 7/10, 8/10, 9/10). |  | I can recognize one third and<br>on tenth on an area model.                          | tenths on an area model.   | l can recognize proper<br>fractions with an area<br>model.                                | EE.5.NF.2.   |

A successful student can demonstrate an understanding of measurement concepts (time, length, and/or money) by constructing reasonable estimates and solving problems involving all four operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division).

### Mathematics

| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1                                  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS    |
|--|--|--|---|---|--------------|
| I can tell time to the hour on a digital clock.  | I can attend and recognize<br>different. | I can recognize the hour and<br>minute on a digital clock.                       | I can tell time to the hour on<br>a digital clock.  | I can tell time to the half<br>hour and quarter hour on<br>a digital clock. | EE.3.MD.1    |
| I can measure length of<br>objects using standard tools,<br>such as rulers, yardsticks,<br>and meter sticks. | l can recognize attribute<br>values.     | I can measure length using informal units.                                       | l can use an appropriate tool<br>to measure length in inches<br>and in feet.                                    | I can compare lengths of<br>2 or more objects using<br>standard tools.      | EE.3.MD.4    |
|  | l can attend and recognize<br>different. | I can recognize the hour and<br>minute hand on an analog<br>clock.               |   | I can tell time to the half<br>hour and quarter hour on<br>an analog clock. | EE.4.MD.2.a. |
| I can identify coins (penny,<br>nickel, dime, quarter) and<br>their values.                                  | I can attend.                            | l can recognize money.   |   |   | EE.4.MD.2.d  |
| I can tell time using an analog<br>or digital clock to the half or<br>quarter hour.                          |  | I can recognize the hour and<br>minute hand on a clock.                          | l can tell time to the quarter<br>hour and half hour.   | l can represent time.   | EE.5.MD.1.a  |
|  | I can recognize attribute<br>values.     | of 2 lengths or masses and   | I can measure using length in<br>inches and feet and mass in<br>pounds and ounces using an<br>appropriate tool. | inches or feet and mass in  | EE.5.MD.1.b  |
| I can indicate relative value of collections of coins.   | l can recognize attribute<br>values.     | I can recognize and state the<br>value of a penny, nickel, dime,<br>and quarter. |   | l can count mixed coins.  | EE.5.MD.1.c  |



A successful student can collect, represent, and interpret data with multiple categories and solve problems using the data.

| Mathematics  |                            |   |   |   |             |
|--|----------------------------|---|---|---|-------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1                    | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4                                       | STANDARDS   |
| the state of the s | values and arrange objects |   | I can use bar graphs and<br>picture graphs to read the<br>data. | l can use graphs to read<br>between the data. | EE.3.MD.3   |
| l can interpret data from a<br>picture or bar graph.   | objects.                   | I can use bar graphs and<br>picture graphs to read the<br>data. | I can use graphs to read<br>between the data.                   | I can use graphs to read<br>beyond the data.  | EE.4.MD.4.b |
| I can represent and interpret<br>data on a picture, line plot, or<br>bar graph.  | •                          | graphs, and line plots to read the data.                        |   | I can use graphs to read<br>beyond the data   | EE.5.MD.2   |

A successful student can create, identify, and distinguish between lines, angles and shapes based on their properties and defining attributes using a coordinate plane.

## Mathematics

| Matriciliatics  |  |   |  |  |            |  |
|---|--|---|--|--|------------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |  |
|   | I can recognize unit,<br>wholeness, and parts of a<br>given whole or a unit. | I can partition a circle into<br>2, 3, or 4 equal parts. I can<br>partition a rectangle into 2, 3,<br>or 4 equal parts.   | I can partition any shape into<br>equal parts. | l can recognize one tenth,<br>one third, one half, and one<br>fourth on an area model.   | EE.3.G.2   |  |
| I can recognize parallel lines<br>and intersecting lines.   | l can recognize attribute<br>values.   |   |  | I can recognize<br>perpendicular lines/line<br>segments. I can recognize<br>parallel line segments in a<br>two-dimensional figure. | EE.4.G.1   |  |
| I can recognize angles in geometric shapes.   | l can recognize attribute<br>values.   | I can recognize line, ray, and<br>line segment.   | I can recognize angle.                         | l can make direct<br>comparison of 2 angles.   | EE.4.MD.5  |  |
| l can identify angles as larger<br>and smaller.   | l can recognize attribute<br>values, different, and same.                    |   | l can make direct comparison<br>of 2 angles.   | I can order more than<br>2 angles using direct<br>comparison.  | EE.4.MD.6  |  |
| I can sort 2D figures and identify the attributes (angles, number of sides, corners, coor) they have in common. | I can recognize same and<br>different.                                       | I can describe attributes of shapes.  |  | l can explain attribute<br>relationships between<br>shapes.  | EE.5.G.1-4 |  |
| I can identify common 3D shapes.  | I can notice what is new.  | I can match the same 3D shapes with same size and different orientation, different size and different orientation, same size and same orientation, and different size and same orientation. | •  | I can use geometric shapes<br>to describe objects. I can<br>describe attributes of<br>shapes.                                      | EE.5.MD.3  |  |

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## **EE Science**

## Structures and Properties of Matter:

A successful student can explore how any type of matter can be divided into small particles too small to be seen, but still exist, and how measurements of properties can be used to identify materials, even when mixed or changed.

| Science  | Structures and Properties of Matter  |   |  |            |  |
|--|--|---|--|------------|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |  |
| from liquid to solid or from solid to liquid of the same material. | I can compare the weight of an<br>object before and after it changes<br>from a liquid to a solid and from a<br>solid to a liquid |   | I can read graphs containing<br>solid, liquid and gaseous data/<br>measurements. | EE.5-PS1-2 |  |
|  | I can classify materials by physical<br>properties. (e.g., weight, shape,<br>texture, buoyancy, color, or<br>magnetism).         | I can make observations and<br>measurements to identify materials<br>based on their properties (e.g.,<br>weight, shape, texture, buoyancy,<br>color, or magnetism). | l can compare properties of<br>materials.  | EE.5-PS1-3 |  |

#### Forces and Interactions:

A successful student can explore how forces act on objects with strength and direction and can be measured. A successful student can explore how electric and magnetic forces affect objects within contact or not in contact at all, and how the gravitational force of the Earth pulls objects.

| Science | Forces and Interacti   | ons     |   |           |
|---------|--|---------|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
|         | l can predict the direction an<br>object will go when dropped. |         | I can demonstrate and describe<br>that gravity forces objects down<br>through multiple trials and<br>differing objects. |           |

## Energy:

A successful student can explore the relationships between energy and objects, sound, light, and heat. Successful students can explore the production, transference, and transformation of energy. Students will explore the ways that energy and fuel are derived from natural sources and how use of that energy and fuel affect the environment.

| Science   | Energy                          |                                  |   |           |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2                         | LEVEL 3                          | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| I can identify simple models that show that plants need sunlight to grow. | that plants capture energy from | that energy in animals' food was | I can describe how plants that<br>animals eat get energy from the<br>sun to grow. |           |

#### Structure and Function:

A successful student can explore how light reflection is processed by the eye to make sense of an object. The successful student can investigate how plants and animals use internal and external structures to aid in growth, survival, behavior, and reproduction. Successful students can explore how animals use their perceptions, memories, and senses to guide their actions.

| Science   | Structure and Function |         |  |            |
|---|------------------------|---------|--|------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2                | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| I can distinguish things that grow from things that don't grow. |                        | •       | l can describe the internal and external structures of plants. | EE.5.LS1-1 |



## Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems:

A successful student can explore the connections between energy, the sun, plants, air, water, organisms, fungi, bacteria, and decomposers. Successful students can explore the interdependence of ecosystems, the web of life, healthy organisms, and the environment.

| Science   | Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems                 |  |  |            |  |
|---|---|--|--|------------|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |  |
| I can distinguish things that grow from things that don't grow.           | I can provide evidence that plants grow.                      | I can provide evidence that<br>plants need air and water to<br>grow. | I can collect plant growth data<br>through investigations using air,<br>light, water, and soil.        |            |  |
| foods.  | shows the movement of matter                                  | the movement of matter (e.g., plant growth, eating,                  | I can summarize the<br>relationship between plants,<br>animals, and decomposers in<br>the environment. | EE.5,LS2-1 |  |
| I can identify simple models that show that plants need sunlight to grow. | I can use models that show that plants need sunlight to grow. | that energy in animals' food was                                     |  | EE.5-PS3-1 |  |

Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems:

A successful student can explore how being part of a group helps animals obtain food, defend themselves, cope with changes, and survive in a variety of habitats. Successful students can explore how fossils provide evidence about organisms and how some plants and animals are no longer found on Earth.

| Science                               | Interdependent Relatio | nships in Ecosystems |         |           |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1                               | LEVEL 2                | LEVEL 3              | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
| Not applicable to Essential Elements. |                        |                      |         |           |



#### Inheritance and Variation of Traits:

A successful student can explore how reproduction is essential to the continued existence of every kind of organism and how plants and animals inherit characteristics from their parents and other characteristics are the result of the environment.

| Science                               | Inheritance and Variation | on of Traits |         |           |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1                               | LEVEL 2                   | LEVEL 3      | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
| Not applicable to Essential Elements. |                           |              |         |           |

#### Weather and Climate:

A successful student can explore how scientists use weather patterns to make predictions and how climate and rainfall help shape the land and affect the types of living things found in a region.

| Science                               | Weather and Climate |         |         |           |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---------|---------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1                               | LEVEL 2             | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
| Not applicable to Essential Elements. |                     |         |         |           |

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## Earth's Systems:

A successful student can explore how rock, soil, water, ice, air and humans interact in multiple ways to affect Earth's surface materials and processes. Successful students can further explore how weather patterns are influenced by the interaction of wind and clouds with landforms. Successful students can further explore Earth's salt and freshwater resources and the volcanoes and earthquake patterns and occurrences.

| Science | Earth's Systems   |   |         |           |
|---------|---|---|---------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
|         | (hydrosphere) affects people in a region (e.g., floods, droughts, | I can develop a model showin<br>how water (hydrosphere) affe<br>the living things (biosphere)<br>found in a region. |         |           |

## **Human Sustainability:**

A successful student can explore how humans interact with natural hazards, natural energy and fuel resources, and how their activities in agriculture, industry and everyday life impact land, vegetation, streams, oceans, air, and outer space. Successful students can explore actions that help protect Earth's resources and environment.

| Science | Human Sustainability           |  |                            |             |
|---------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------|
| LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2                        | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4                    | STANDARDS   |
|         | people can use to help protect | I can use information to describe<br>how people can help protect the<br>Earth's resources and how that<br>affects the environment. | environmental problem that | EE.5-ESS3-1 |

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## Space Systems:

A successful student will explore patterns of day and night, shadows, and positions of the sun, moon, and stars throughout a day, month, and year and how these patterns are affected by orbits and rotations of the moon around Earth and Earth around sun.

| Science  | Space Systems   |                                  |  |           |
|--|---|----------------------------------|--|-----------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3                          | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| I can iorder events in daily routine including sunrise and | I can recognize patterns about<br>the length of daylight hours over<br>time (e.g., week-to-week, month- | data on a picture, line or bar   | I can show how shadows change<br>throughout the day based on the |           |
| sunset.  |   | in the length of daylight hours. |  |           |



NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band 3-5

Implementation

# GRADE BAND 3-5

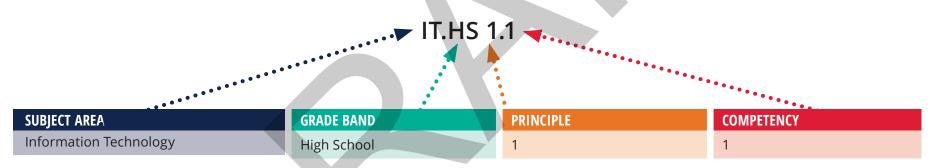
## **Competency Codes Narrative**

To ensure teachers can make connections from the instructional examples to the competencies, a simple competency coding system has been developed. Each instructional example contains a section titled "Competency Codes Addressed." Under that heading, competencies across all subject matter areas related to the instructional example will be listed. For instance, one of the instructional examples for the 9-12 grade band is:

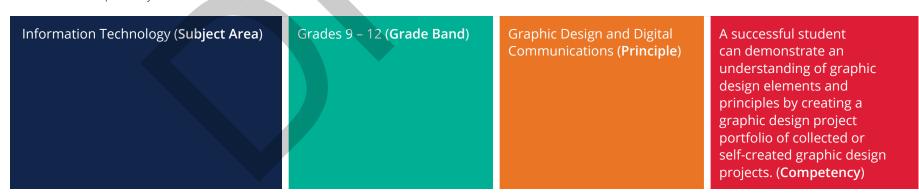
Instructional Example:

| INSTRUCTION EXAMPLE   | COMPETENCY CODES ADDRESSED  |
|---|---|
| Podcast and/or Documentary Film with Marketing Plan (ELA. HGSS,       | ELA.HS: 1.1, 3.1-3.5, 5.1, BC.M.HS 1.1, IT.HS 1.1, HUM.HS: 1.1, 2.1, 3.1, 5.1 |
| Science, Speech, Business, Broadcasting, Graphic Design, Media Center |   |
| Specialist, other subject areas as appropriate)                       |   |

As you can see, there are competencies across multiple subject areas involved in this cross-curricular learning activity. Each competency has a code that leads back to the competencies listed at the beginning of each grade band. Below is the competency code IT.HS 1.1 with what each part of a code denotes:



Here is the competency in its full form, color-coded to match above:





## **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

**AFNR** Agriculture, Foods and Natural LPSCS Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Resources Security AC Architecture and Construction Media Arts MA BC **Business Career** MATH Math **BC.BMAE** Business Management, Manufacturing **MNFR** Administration and MUS Music

SCI.ESS

SCI.PS

**SECD** 

STM

THR

WL

VA

TRAN

Entrepreneurship Physical Education PE BC.F Finance

SCI Science Marketing BC.M

DNC Dance Life Science SCI.LS

Family and Consumer Sciences **FACS** 

ELA English Language Arts

**ENG** Engineering

Health and Biosciences HB

ΗE Health

History, Government and Social HGSS

Studies

HUM Humanities

ΙT Information Technology

## **Grade Bands:**

Pre-K to 2nd grade

3rd to 5th grade IM

6th to 8th grade MS

HS 9th to 12th grade

Earth and Space Science

Social-Emotional Character

Physical Science

Development

Transportation

Visual Arts

World Languages

**STEAM** 

Theatre

NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

Grade Band

3-5

# Philosophy:

The 2020 school year will provide all educators a number of unique challenges in terms of reaching students during a possible educational disruption. The following document provides guidance in helping prepare for potential disruptions to the 2020-21 academic year.

This document supports instruction and the individual strengths of every educator in the state of Kansas while offering strategies, competencies and guidance in engaging students and celebrating their learning. While this is not a definitive step by step guide, we hope it may serve as a resource to approach the current challenges upon us.

The upcoming school year will be taught in an on-site, hybrid and/or remote learning environment. We recommend that educators prepare early for the possibility of an educational disruption and therefore plan activities that incorporate all curricular areas.

Throughout this document there will be three learning environments that are referenced:

- On-site Learning Environment: students and teachers will be in school with or without social distancing practices put into place.
- Hybrid Learning Environment: students would be spending part of their time in the classroom and part of their time learning virtually from home.
- Remote Learning Environment: students would be doing all of their learning from home and not entering the school building at all.

The Implementation teams philosophy is that there are multiple learning environments that can lead to student success during an educational disruption. All learning environments in this document are focused around using the Navigating Change 2020 competencies and rubrics from KSDE. The competencies were created to work for all models of instruction but work best in a competency based system.

Competency based education is a compilation of strategies used to ensure equity for all students and allows mastery to be shown based upon progression of learning, not seat time. Students are empowered daily through their rigorous learning experiences and assessment is meaningful and timely. This system is a shift from the traditional education model. When looking at using competencies, districts should be aware that their whole system cannot shift from traditional to full blown competency based in the matter of days, weeks, or even months. A shift from a traditional system to a competency based system takes ample time, professional development, and a complete understanding for a successful implementation to occur. However, schools can explore and use elements of a competency based system during an educational disruption, Kansas Redesign, or a traditional setting. In a competency based education system teachers should not feel compelled to follow a particular scope and sequence, but should instead choose an instructional path that provides high quality learning opportunities for all students. A competency based system also shifts away from traditional grading and looks at progression towards mastery for each student and their work with each competency. This would be accomplished using a rubric system, such as the one KSDE has created.

Implementation of a competency based education system includes teachers collaborating with other teachers. We encourage teachers to collaborate with other professionals in their departments, crosscurricularly, from other districts, or across the nation to develop high quality instruction that could occur in a variety of environments. This includes providing students a voice and choice in their learning, that is multidisciplinary, with clear milestones of learning, and an attainable producible body of work demonstrating mastery of skills.

#### Guiding Statements:

- Collaboration is Key
- · Consistency, Connection, Progress
- Students have voice and choice in place, pace, and path
- Competencies not Checklists
- Plan Early

**NOTE:** Examples of the Navigating Change 2020 staff and student surveys are located in the appendices.

NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

Grade Band

3-5

## **Grading Considerations:**

Ultimately, grading will be determined by each school district's Boards of Education. Contemplating translating from Competency Scores to a local grading system on a particular student product, school districts might want to consider the following example. Within the Competency Rubrics there are variances of grading possibilities utilizing differing mathematical calculations (For example, a 3.5 competency score might translate to a traditional grade of B+). Listed below is one possible example. Please note, that the KSDE competency based educational system does not rely on a traditional A, B, C grading system, but instead seeks to have students progress toward mastery of learning and skills through multiple exposures.

## Accommodations/Modifications

At times it is necessary to provide students with accommodations or modifications to ensure equal access to the general education curriculum and opportunity to demonstrate mastery of concepts. In these scenarios, it is important for educational teams to work collaboratively to determine what individualized accommodations or modifications are necessary for the student to be successful. To assist with this understanding, definitions of an accommodation and modification are provided below.

#### **Accommodation:**

A change to instruction, testing, or presentation of materials to support access to the general education curriculum. Students with gaps, deficiencies, and exceptionalities who utilize accommodations are expected to demonstrate mastery. Areas in which you may utilize accommodations are environmental, presentation, assistive technology, assignments, reinforcement, and testing adaptations. Accommodations adapt learning for students but do not:

- Change the content of instruction
- Change the learning expectations
- Reduce the requirements of the academic task

#### **Modification:**

A change to instruction, testing, or curriculum that alters the content of the academic competency or demonstration of student mastery. Areas in which you may consider a modification to curriculum, adaptation of materials, grades, appropriate expectations, change in testing protocols. Modifications change learning for students by:

- Changing the learning expectation(s) for the student
- Reducing task requirement(s)
- Inquiry Learning/Project Based Learning



## Inquiry Learning/Problem-Based Learning (PBL)

## General Overview of Inquiry Learning/PBL:

Activating student curiosity and inquiry by a problem or question that is meaningful to the student. A teaching method in which students gain knowledge and skills by working for an extended period of time to investigate and respond to an authentic, engaging, and complex question, problem, or challenge.

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Authentic, real life, meaningful driving questions
- Active engagement through hands-on activities
- Scaffold student thinking/learning
- Feedback and Revision throughout
- Inquiry Process

## Social-Emotional Character Development (SECD)

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Student collaboration
- Team Building
- Time-Management
- Perseverance
- Communication

## Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners

- CTF
- Specials
- Student Support Teams
- ELL Teachers
- Community
- Field Experts

#### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Driving question introduced
- Student utilize various platforms to research (groups, individually, in-person, remotely)
- Project milestones/assessments threaded throughout
- Feedback, Revision, Reflection
- Presentations of work

## **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

 Present to a public and authentic audience (community members, experts, etc.)

## Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

## **Personalized Learning**

## General Overview of Personalized Learning:

Personalized Learning places the whole child at the center of instruction. It is informed by strong educator/student/family/community relationships to provide equity and choice in time, place, path, pace, and demonstration of learning.

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Use Universal Design for Learning (UDL) to understand how students learn and develop learner agency (voice, choice, engagement, motivation, ownership, purpose, self-efficacy)
- Flexible content and tools to allow for a differentiated place, pace, and path
- Instruction aligned to specific student needs and learning goals
- Frequent data collection to inform instructional decisions and groupings
- Use Universal Design for Learning (UDL) to understand how students learn and develop learner agency (voice, choice, engagement, motivation, ownership, purpose, self-efficacy)
- Flexible content and tools to allow for a differentiated place, pace, and path
- Instruction aligned to specific student needs and learning goals
- Frequent data collection to inform instructional decisions and groupings

#### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Student voice and choice
- Students knowing themselves as learners
- Time-management
- Perseverance
- Ownership of learning and outcomes
- Sense of purpose
- Growth mindset
- Goal setting

## Elements of Collaboration/Collaboration Partners

- Grade bands of teachers (K-2, 3-5, 6-8, 9-12)
- Student Support Teams
- ELL Teachers
- Librarians
- PLC teams
- Teaching partners
- Specials teachers (PE, Music, Art)

#### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students and teacher identify learning goals, deadlines, and objectives for individual students
- Work through a series of targeted instruction
- Frequent data collection through teacher observation and questioning
- Meet with students 1:1 and together reflect, goal set, and determine next steps

## **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Complete goal information in personalized binder
- Videos productions (Chatterpix, Screencastify, green screen, Flipgrid, etc.)
- Discussions with teachers
- Completed projects

## Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

## **Nature-Based Outdoor Learning**

## General Overview of Nature-Based Outdoor Learning:

Outdoor learning (also known as forestry learning or nature based classrooms) shifts to embracing nature while exploring learning concepts, skills, and SEL. Child-initiated purposeful and imaginative play, whole brain learning, environmental stewardship, and teaching across the curriculum are all elements of this learning model. Significant time in nature is at the core of the curriculum where teachers implement high-quality, early childhood practices as well as high quality environmental education practices. Outdoor learning can help promote a healthy lifestyle, enable students to understand how nature supports life, appreciate sustainability as a community practice, and develop empathy for all forms of life.

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Student exploration with adult support
- Allow students to problem solve while exploring the environment
- Scaffold questioning to support student inquiry

#### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Self-regulation/self-discipline
- Communication (verbal and non-verbal)
- Collaboration and team building
- Self-confidence and self-efficacy
- Negotiating skills
- Sense of curiosity
- Listening skills
- Creativity

## Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners

- All content/subject areas
- Guest community speakers
- Kansas Department of Wildlife, Parks and Tourism
- Kansas Farm Bureau
- Student support teams
- ELL teachers
- Local County extension offices
- 4H and Scouting Programs
- Nature Centers and Zoos

#### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students explore the natural environment around them through inquiry and use information to answer an essential question
- Hands-on activities/exploration
- Teacher observes students play, exploration, questioning, and communication
- Extensions, enrichment, and real-world applications of skills and concepts

## Showcase of Student Learning

(End Product)

- Photos/videos
- Journals
- Drawings/pictures
- Construction projects
- Dramatic Performances
- Nature Based Solutions to real world problems

## Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed grade-level competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

# Flipped/Blended Learning

# General Overview of Flipped/Blended Learning:

Blended learning combines multiple educational opportunities. Learning usually occurs on-site while using technology to facilitate some of the learning activities. However, this could also be used in a hybrid learning environment. There is an element of student control over time, place, and pace. Learning in this model may resemble rotations, flex modules, small groups, and Universal Design for Learning (UDL).

### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Scaffold student thinking/learning through videos, direct teaching, and assessment
- Provide time for student-teacher conversations and check-ins
- Incorporate consistent and tight feedback loops

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Identify personal strengths and weaknesses
- Achieve school goals
- Perseverance
- Communication
- Ownership of learning and outcomes
- Growth Mindset
- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Grade bands of teachers (K-2, 3-5, 6-8, 9-12)
- Student Support Teams
- ELL Teachers
- Librarians
- PLC teams
- Teaching partners

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Student is given scaffolds to support learning/thinking
- Student has voice and choice in place,

- pace and path of learning
- Teacher is monitoring student progress through check-ins, feedback cycles and assessment
- Students progress through learning goals at their own pace with support from the teacher
- Exit Tickets
- Projects
- Mini-assessments
- Collaborative Activities
- Learning games with reflection

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support

# **Play-Based Learning**

### General Overview of Play-Based Learning:

An intentional combination of child-directed play and teacher guidance. Guided play involves teachers' setting up the environment to nudge children toward a learning goal while still providing children with choices (Serious Fun: How Guided Play Extends Children's Learning, p.3). Students organize and make sense of their social world as they actively engage with people, objects, and the environment.

### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Examine how students work through the learning process (observing, communicating, measuring, reasoning, visual representation, etc.)
- Intentionally plan for competency-based outcomes
- Model play behaviors and ask openended questions
- Watch for child-initiated interests and observe child-environment interactions
- Use context-based assessments with play settings and utilize data to plan/create play environments

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Self-regulation
- Communication
- Role-playing
- Problem-solving
- Verbal and non-verbal cues
- Listening
- Conflict resolution
- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Specials (PE, Music, Art, Theater, etc.)
- Community Members
- Multiple content/subject areas

#### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Stations/areas are set up around the classroom and are open for student exploration
- Teacher scaffolds student learning/ thinking through conversation and questioning
- Teacher observes student learning through peer conversation and questioning
- Students record observations, learning, and thinking

### **Showcase of Student Learning**

(End Product)

- Performance projects
- Videos
- Drawings/visual representations
- Oral explanations/demonstrations
- Teach peers

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support

# **Co-Teaching**

### **General Overview of Co-Teaching:**

Co-teaching is two or more people sharing responsibility for teaching some or all of the students assigned to a classroom. It involves the distribution of responsibility among teachers for planning, instruction, and assessment for a classroom. Co-teaching is a creative way to connect with and support others in order to reach all types of learners. Partners must establish trust and effective communication while working together to be creative in order to overcome challenges and conflicts. There are several possible models of co-teaching: One teach, one observes; One teach, one assist; Parallel teaching; Station teaching; Alternative teaching; Team teaching

### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Clearly define roles and responsibilities and plan together
- Discuss the big picture issues or critical concepts that lead into differentiated activities and assessments
- Reflect on practices and make changes for future lessons

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Grade level team teachers/PLC
- ELL teachers
- Student support teams
- Specials (PE, Music, Art, Theater, etc.)

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Present a major concept/question
- Have smaller activities, stations, etc. for students to work through to gain a better understanding of the concept
- Students may work with one or both teachers

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

# **Differentiated Learning**

## General Overview of Differentiated Instruction:

Differentiated Instruction is building lessons that include various approaches so that all students can learn effectively, according to their needs. Teachers develop materials that meet all students where they are. Teachers must know their students, their needs, similarities, differences, etc. in order to provide the right instruction for each student. The method focuses on content, process, and product.

### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Classroom climate and learning environment are set up to be conducive for independent learning
- Determine what a student needs to learn and how they will access appropriate information
- Scaffold activities, projects, etc. for student access and let students own the knowledge
- Students summatively show what they have learned and are allowed to choose how they show their learning
- Allow for students to help one another when they need assistance

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Collaboration
- Self-regulation
- Time management
- Communication
- Listening
- Self-directed learning

# Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners

- Student Support Teams
- ELL Teachers
- Cross-Curricular Teachers
- Grade Band Teacher Teams

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students explore a topic through different learning experiences set up by the teacher
- Students work to own the knowledge, ideas, and skills necessary to master the content
- Summative assessment

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Dramatic Performances
- Create a mural/painting/drawing
- Write a letter
- Any student created product that contains required elements

## Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.



# **Small Group/Cooperative Learning**

### General Overview of Small Group/ Cooperative Learning:

- Elements of High Quality Instruction
- Teachers can personalize learning and work more closely with each student
- Frequent and immediate feedback
- Opportunity to teach and reteach specific skills to specific groups of students
- Student confidence is built through collaboration and working towards achieving a similar goal

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)Teamwork

- Collaboration
- Listening and Speaking
- Time management
- Self-Regulation
- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Student Support Teams
- ELL teachers
- Grade Band Teacher Teams

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students are taught/introduced to a topic as a whole group and then break into small groups to continue learning and understanding
- Teacher is working with one group while others are working with peers or individually on meaningful work
- Students complete tasks one at a time
- This process may be repeated several times in one week

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.



NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band 3-5

# Implementation - Instructional Examples

### PERSONALIZED LEARNING OR SMALL GROUP, COOPERATIVE

Instructional Example:

### Examining Historical Events and Different Cultures Through Shared Literature

Competency Codes Addressed:

ELA: ELA.IM 1.3, ELA.IM 2.1,ELA.IM 2.2,ELA.IM 3.1, ELA.IM 3.2,ELA.IM 3.3, ELA.IM 3.5, ELA.IM 4.1, ELA. IM ELA.IM.4.2, ELA.IM 4.4, ELA.IM 4.5, ELA.IM 4.6, ELA.IM 4.7

HGSS: HGSS.IM 1.1, HGSS.IM 2.1, HGSS.IM 2.2, HGSS.IM 4.1, HGSS.IM 4.2

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Students read a grade appropriate literature selection about a historically significant event. A teacher may choose to connect with a class of students in another part of the country or world for a shared reading experience.
- Students explore the historical significance of events in the book as well as the impact on the families in the book's setting.
- Students compare and contrast other selfselected historical events.
- Students explore primary and secondary resources through research, and create their own first person account based upon their chosen historical event.

**SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Empathy Students put themselves in the shoes of others.
- Social Awareness: Age appropriate understanding of racial or regional stereotypes, appreciation/respect for different cultures, identification of cause and effect in a historical context.
- Communication and Interpersonal Skills as students work in interest groups, lead book studies/discussions, and justify their reasoning.
- Problem-solving.

### **Elements of Cross-Curricular Collaboration**

- Reading
- Social Studies
- SEL
- Library

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Members of the community
- Librarian
- Tech Integration
- Specials teachers
- Counselor
- Partner teachers

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Identify details, infer and summarize.
- Explore point of view and theme.
- Recognize the difference between firstperson and second-person accounts.
- Examine how historical events affect story characters and make connections to the present.
- Explain how regional and geographical factors affect the everyday lives of people as they live through conflict, and transfer that understanding to other historical events, such as the Trail of Tears, as well as current day events.

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Students create a project to teach others how a historical event has affected a group of citizens. Students choose their method of presentation (story, play, video, song, poem, technology project, etc.).
- Students create and share an original first person account or historical based narrative from their research of an event or region. This could be through writing, speaking or technology.
- Students conduct interviews and compile a collection of first person accounts from family or community members who have experienced a historically significant event.



### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

When on-site, be intentional about teaching free online resources, such as the State Library site, as well as other technology tools available through your district

### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

### Ноте:

Students complete initial read of texts. Teacher recording of read alouds/shared texts available to students as needed, students research other historical events and cultures, develop questions from their research, and work on components of their project with support from parents or peers via shared docs.

### On-site:

Close reading via teacher and student-led book discussions, direct instruction of map and globe skills, teacher-guided discussion groups about significance of other historical events, teacher checkpoints with students on their projects.

### **Remote Learning Environment**

Prerecorded mini lessons, collection of print and digital resources for students to explore at home, small-group interactive technology sessions to help students structure their project steps, final projects are shared online.

## INQUIRY LEARNING/PROJECT BASED LEARNING

Instructional Example:

# Examining a Community Problem

Competency Codes Addressed: Opinion and Informational Writing

ELA: ELA.IM 1.1, ELA.IM 1.2, ELA.IM 2.1, ELA.IM 2.2, ELA.IM 3.2, ELA.IM 4.1, ELA.IM 4.3, ELA.IM 4.7

HGSS: HGSS.IM 3.1, HGSS.IM 3.2

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Students are introduced to high-quality children's literature in which kids make a difference in their communities.
- Students identify a problem in their school or community and design solutions to address the problems.
- Students engage in teacher led and student led discussions, read literature and informational texts, write and communicate.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Students solicit the feedback from others and engage in active listening and effective communication.
- Students examine the impact of helping others.
- Citizenship, perseverance, examining different points of view.

## Elements of Cross-Curricular Collaboration

- Reading
- Writing
- Research
- Communication
- Problem solving
- Engineering design thinking
- Civic engagement

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- City council,
- Business leaders
- School administration if problem identified is in school building
- Student council
- Librarians
- Teacher partners
- Parents

### Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

- Identify problems.
- Brainstorm solutions.
- Conduct interviews.
- Research, conduct surveys.
- Write (opinion and informational)/ design a method for modeling and communicating solutions.
- Present to authentic audience.
- · Reflect.

# Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

- Students present solutions to city council or other authentic group - in person, via interactive technology sessions, or by prerecorded video.
- Students present solutions to a broader audience via newspaper or social media (letters to editor, newspaper submissions).
- Students use a technology tool to create a visual method to showcase their solutions (student voice and choice).
- Accommodation/

# Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed grade-level competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies, and exceptions some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# GRADE BAND 3-5

# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

When on-site, be intentional about teaching free online resources such as the State Library site as well as other technology tools available through your district.

Invite community leaders into your classroom.

### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Teacher explicitly teaches design thinking when students are on site. Students practice the process under teacher guidance. Teacher guides inquiry based group discussions and helps students organize their ideas and next steps.

Project components are developed at home with the teacher supporting students with research material, check points, and problem-solving.

Students work collaboratively with peers when on site or with their team and teacher together via interactive technology sessions.

### Remote Learning Environment

Direct instruction via prerecorded or synchronous interactive technology sessions, small group brainstorming among learners in shared Google Doc, teacher consults with small groups via interactive technology to guide their design thinking.

Instructional Example:

### Children's Business Fair

Competencies Codes Addressed: ELA: ELA.IM 1.1, ELA.IM 1.2, ELA.IM 1.3, ELA.IM 2.1, ELA.IM 2.2, ELA.IM 3.1, ELA.IM 3.2, ELA.IM 3.3, ELA.IM 4.1, ELA.IM 4.3, ELA.IM 4.4, ELA.IM 5.1 HGSS: HGSS.IM 5.1, HGSS.IM 5.2

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Students are introduced to high quality children's literature where entrepreneurship is a theme.
- Students engage in discussions about the vocabulary and business concepts encountered in the text.
- Students can debate as they read about the different business strategies presented in the book and the pros and cons of each.
- Students create their own business after doing some 'market research' and participate in a Business Fair to showcase their business plan and product or service.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Communication skills
- Responsible decision making and problem solving
- Interpersonal Skills
- Social Awareness

### **Elements of Cross-Curricular Collaboration**

- Math
- Art
- Library
- Science
- Who might be your collaboration partners?
- Community business leaders.
- Art teacher with product design, marketing.
- Librarian with researching business plans.
- Science/engineering depending on the product being created.
- Workflow (Milestones of Learning)
- Reading, discussion, conduct market research (survey, interviews).
- Create a business plan and product or design a service based on the needs of their consumers.
- Present business at business fair.
- Reflect.

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

 Business plan and example of product or service with supporting evidence of the need for this business presented at business fair or in an electronic presentation.

### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed grade-level competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered

systems of support.

### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4)

# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

When on-site, be intentional about teaching free online resources such as the State Library site, as well as other technology tools available through your district.

Invite local entrepreneurs, business owners and experts in the field to your classroom.

### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Students read sections of text either at home or on-site, depending on materials.

Teacher explicitly teaches vocabulary when students are on site. Teacher guides inquiry based group discussions and helps students organize their ideas and next steps. Students engage in discussions both on site and at home through an interactive medium.

Project components are developed at home with the teacher supporting students with research material, check points, and problemsolving.

Students work collaboratively with peers when on-site or with their team and teacher together via interactive technology sessions.

Invite local entrepreneurs, business owners and experts in the field to your classroom.

### **Remote Learning Environment**

Students read sections of text at home.

Teacher explicitly teaches vocabulary and guides inquiry based group discussions and helps students organize their ideas and next steps through either pre-recorded lessons or synchronous interactive technology sessions.

Students engage in discussions with others at home through an interactive medium.

Students work collaboratively with their team and teacher together via interactive technology sessions

Student project will be a video showing their business plan and product that will be posted to a school site for parents and other members of the school and community to view

Invite local entrepreneurs, business owners, experts in the field to your classroom.

Instructional Example:

### **Debate and Advocacy**

Competency Codes Addressed: ELA: ELA.IM 1.1, ELA.IM 1.2, ELA.IM 1.3, ELA.IM 2.1, ELA.IM 2.2, ELA.IM 4.2, ELA.IM 4.3,ELA.IM 4.5, ELA.IM 4.6, ELA.IM 4.7 HGSS: HGSS.IM 1.1, HGSS.IM 1.2, HGSS.IM 2.1,HGSS.IM 2.2

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Students explore events before, during and after the American Revolution or other historical event.
- Groups of students choose an event from that time period to research in-depth, explore multiple perspectives and then hold a debate about that event from the perspective of the Patriots or the Loyalists (as an example).
- Students transfer their knowledge of how to debate a topic to a current debatable issue of their choosing, following the same format of researching that topic in groups and then holding a debate over their gathered reasons and evidence.
- Students write a letter or find another avenue (social media, interview, video) to show their advocacy for the issue they debated.

# GRADE BAND 3-5

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Students demonstrate respectful communication skills and active listening.
- Students describe how words, voice tone/volume, and body language affect communication.
- Responsible decision-making.
- Conflict resolution.
- Problem-solving/critical thinking.
- Self-management.
- Interpersonal skills.
- Social awareness.

### Elements of Cross-Curricular Collaboration

- Science
- Math
- Research

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Community members
- Parents
- Libraran

### Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

- Read and discuss events leading up to, during and after the American Revolution.
- Direct Instruction over the debate process, determining reasons, gathering evidence to support reasons.
- Determining the main idea and details is a sub-lesson of this concept.
- Use the debate framework to research one event during that time.
- Hold a debate with group members researching the same event.
- Choose a current debatable issue to research and then hold a debate.

 Use gained knowledge to advocate for their position on the current issue in their chosen format.

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

 Final debate and evidence of advocacy (letter, social media, interview, video).

### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

When on-site, be intentional about teaching free online resources, such as the State Library site, as well as other technology tools available through your district.

### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Students read text either at home or on-site, depending on materials.

Teacher explicitly teaches vocabulary when students are on site. Teacher models a debate and also has it recorded to use for students to refer to whether they are at home or at school.

Students work collaboratively with peers when on site or with their team and teacher together via interactive technology sessions.

Students hold their debates on site or through synchronous interactive technology sessions.

Project components are developed at home with the teacher supporting students with research material, check points, and problem solving.

### **Remote Learning Environment**

Teacher provides students with texts to read at home.

Teacher explicitly teaches vocabulary, models a debate and has it recorded to use for students to refer to.

Students work collaboratively with peers and teacher together via interactive technology sessions

Students hold their debates through synchronous interactive technology meetings.

Project components are developed at home with the teacher supporting students with research material, check points, and problem solving

Instructional Example:

### Rights and Responsibilities: Instructing Students to Have Civil Conversations While Learning About Government, History, and Law

Competency Codes Addressed: ELA: ELA.IM 1.2, ELA.IM 2.1, ELA.IM 2.2, ELA.IM 4.2, ELA.IM ELA.IM 4.3, ELA.IM 4.5, ELA.IM 5.1 HGSS: HGSS.IM 3.1, HGSS.IM 3.2

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

 Driving/Essential Question: How can students apply the knowledge they have about our government, community and school to engage in civil conversations and advocate their role as a citizen/ community member?

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Decision-making
- Self awareness
- Problem-solving
- Self-management

# Elements of Cross-Curricular Collaboration

- ELA
- Writing
- HGSS

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Grade-level partner
- Vertical teams
- Specialists (Title/instructional coach)
- Community and business partners
- Librarian

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Teacher pre-assesses students.
- Teacher explicitly teaches vocabulary.
- Students drive what learning opportunities they need as well as tools to acquire to successfully showcase their learning. (visiting local service agencies, watching elections, being present at a local school board meeting, making phone calls, researching past campaigns).
- Teacher facilitates.
- Students work collaboratively with peers with checkpoints to see if they must pivot their learning.
- Teacher checks for learning and understanding to see if she needs to intervene at several points.
- Students explore a local cause, service or election (voice and choice, pace, place and path).
- Teacher assesses based on the showcase of student learning (students are only assessed individually).

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Students gain knowledge of the democratic process and apply the knowledge to their own school or classroom to organize a mock election or mock city council meeting and/or develop a student government within their classroom.
- Study the different local public and human service agencies you have in your community and visit them.
- Students design and organize a fundraiser or an awareness campaign for their charity or agency.

### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

### Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

When on-site, be intentional about teaching free online resources, such as the State Library site, as well as other technology tools available through your district.

### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Students read text either at home or on-site, depending on materials.

Teacher explicitly teaches vocabulary when students are on-site or has it recorded to use for students to refer to whether they are at home or at school.

Students work collaboratively with peers when on-site or with their team and teacher together via interactive technology sessions.

Students hold their mock election, fundraiser

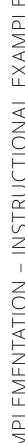
or awareness campaign on-site or through synchronous interactive technology sessions.

Project components are developed at home with the teacher supporting students with research material, check points and problemsolving.

### **Remote Learning Environment**

Students can virtually tour the local agencies to gain knowledge and still organize a virtual fundraiser

Students can virtually watch all the elections/ debates current and past ones. They could have virtual elections using a variety of technology methods and platforms.



### FLIPPED/BLENDED LEARNING

Instructional Example:

### Choices of Consequences: Examining leaders in history and the consequences of their actions.

Competency Codes Addressed: ELA: ELA.IM 1.1, ELA.IM 1.2, ELA.IM 2.1, ELA.IM 2.2, ELA.IM 4.3, ELA.IM4.4, ELA.IM 4.6, ELA.IM 4.7, ELA.IM 5.1

HGSS: HGSS.IM 1.1, HGSS.IM 1.2, HGSS.IM 2.1, HGSS.IM 2.2

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Driving Question: Which leader in history do I think is the strongest?
- Students research leaders from events in history to discover who they believe made the most impactful choices with the fewest consequences.
- Students write an opinion paper on this chosen leader and include evidence to defend their conclusions.
- Students orally report their findings in a speech to an audience.

**SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Decision-making
- Self awareness
- · Problem-solving
- Self-management
- Elements of Cross-Curricular Collaboration
- ELA
- Writing
- HGSS

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Grade level partner
- Vertical teams
- Specialists
- HGSS teachers from Middle and High School
- Community and business partners
- Librarians
- Workflow (Milestones of Learning)
- Teachers pre-assess students on their thoughts on the essential question as well as essential vocab.
- Students gain information on leaders, events, fact and opinion, choices, and consequences (using technologies and experiences available in your district and community).
- Teacher checks for understanding.
- Students write their speeches (speeches need to include: distinctions in regards to their leader and the events they were responsible for and the choices their leader made as well as consequences that derived from those decisions).

- Students may work in collaborative groups if they choose.
- Teacher is available as facilitator.
- Students drive projects and have a say in voice and choice and pace, place and path.
- Teacher sets checkpoints.
- Students determine how to showcase their learning (voice, time, props, visuals).
- Class data can be collected and analyzed to determine class popularity of a particular leader.
- Teacher assesses learning based on showcase of learning (from the individual only, not as a group).

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Two students debate their opinions after giving their speeches while the class asks probing questions. Data can be collected pre/post debate to see if the debate changed the class data.
- Students can be creative in ways to gain support on their "opinion" to try and change opinions of others to change the class data.

### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will

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require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

### Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Teachers should pre-teach any platforms that you would want students to know and be able to use if and when remote learning were to take place.

When on-site, be intentional about teaching free online resources, such as the State Library site, as well as other technology tools available through your district.

### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Students read text either at home or on-site, depending on materials.

Teacher explicitly teaches vocabulary when students are on-site or has it recorded to use for students to refer to whether they are at home or at school.

Students work collaboratively with peers when on-site or with their team and teacher together via interactive technology sessions.

Students hold their speeches and debates through synchronous interactive technology sessions.

Project components are developed at home with the teacher supporting students with research material, check points, and problem-solving.

### Remote Learning Environment

Students need access to the internet. Follow the same plan as Hybrid learning.



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### PERSONALIZED LEARNING

*Instructional Example:* 

### Poetry and Prose Poetry, Poetry Poetry

Competency Codes Addressed: ELA: ELA.IM 3.4, ELA.IM 4.4,ELA.IM 5.1 \*possible PE, Music, Art

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Students engage in a 'Poetry Book
   Tasting,' where they interact with a variety
   of types of poetry (haiku, free verse,
   narrative poetry etc.) and create their
   own 'to read' lists.
- Students discover, through the whole class read alouds, different types of poetry and characteristics of each which can be posted on anchor charts in the room.
- Students engage in discussions with their peers in partners or small groups about the types of poetry they are reading using the common vocabulary.
- Students choose a piece of poetry (or an original poem they write themselves) to memorize and/or and present during a Poetry Slam presentation.
- Students include a visual and incorporate movement and/or music that fits with the piece of poetry being presented.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Communication Skills
- Self-awareness
- Self -management
- Interpersonal Skills

## Elements of Cross-Curricular Collaboration

- Reading
- PE
- Music
- Art
- Library

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Librarians
- PE teachers
- Music teachers
- Art teachers
- Parents

### Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

 Poetry Tasting (could be done in the library), create a 'to read' list, poetry discussion with partners or in small groups, one poetry piece selected to memorize or write themselves, create visual, music and or movement to accompany the presentation.

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

 Poetry Slam presentation. The presentation will incorporate movement, music and a visual as well as the student presenting their memorized piece of poetry.

### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).



# Learning Environment Considerations

# On-Site Learning Environment Considerations

When on-site, be intentional about teaching free online resources, such as the State Library site, as well as other technology tools available through your district.

# Hybrid Learning Environment Considerations

### On-site:

Book Tasting, students create to read lists and gather books to read. Teacher shares read-alouds and provides direct instruction of characteristics of types of poetry, which will be recorded and posted for students at home to view. Students will work with their partners or groups in person or through interactive technology sessions to discuss what they are reading. Teacher supports students with research material, check points and problem-solving on project for Poetry Slam.

### Ноте:

Students read poetry from their lists.
Students view videos of read-alouds and instruction of poetry characteristics.
Students will work with their partners or groups through interactive technology sessions to discuss what they are reading.
Project components are developed at home with the teacher supporting students with research material, check points and problem-solving.

# Remote Learning Environment Considerations

Prerecorded mini lessons, collection of print and digital resources for students to explore at home, small group interactive technology sessions to discuss their reading. Teachers help students structure their project steps, final projects are shared online.



NAVIGATING CHANGE:
KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band 3-5

# Implementation – STEAM Instructional Examples

# **STEAM**

### **INQUIRY-BASED LEARNING, PBL**

Instructional Example:

# Earth's Systems: Blended Learning, Inquiry Learning, Personalized Learning, Co-Teaching, Cooperative Learning Groups

Competency Codes Addressed: Science: SCI.ESS.IM 4.4 ELA: ELA.IM 4.3, ELA.IM 4.6, ELA.IM 2.1, ELA.IM 2.2 History, Government, Social Studies: HGSS.IM 4.1 Math: MATH.IM 3.1

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Individual Student Goal Setting using Competency Scale with reflection time after to compare goal to final mastery level.
- In a blended model style, teachers use easy video tools to offer explicit directions that students could use to review goals and directions.
- Offer ongoing feedback as students are creating the product.
- End product is student choice.
- Grades are individual, not one grade per group.
- Scaffolding activities.
- Relevant: Student connections (self and world).
- Inquiry-based with guided questions.
- Student centered.
- Hands -on, active learning.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Collaboration with other students during discussion time.
- Self-reflection.
- Resilience and perseverance.
- Good citizenship and social responsibilities.
- Communication, multiple perspectives.
- Student voice and choice in place, pace and path.

# Cross-Curricular Collaboration Opportunities

- ELA reading informational text.
- ELA speaking and listening during presentation and discussions.
- Math: Interpreting data from maps, calculations percentages of fresh water/salt water. Changing percentages to fractions.
- · Geography: Regions of the world.

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Meteorologists connect with video conferencing.
- Science teacher working with math teacher.
- Cohort/House leaders/parents/caretakers, etc.
- Librarian
- Special education teacher
- ELL teacher
- Paraprofessionals
- Art teacher

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Students goal set using competency scale.
- Explicit directions and vocabulary building.
- Material exploration using things such as hyperdocs, videos, playlist, Multimedia text sets, books, web documents.
- Apply information in science journal this could be a graphic organizer, notesketch taking or more.
- Brainstorm book outline and ideas.
- Plan storyboard.
- Create model.
- Film presentations and attach QR codes to model then students can gallery walks and create a museum video tours.
- Reflect.
- Reevaluate student goal setting.

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

• Students create and present a model (could be 3D) showing the Earth and its features and how the Earth's systems interact.



### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Scale shows progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4) Refer to KSDE competency scale to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency.

# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Technology access, collaboration with educational peers, flexibility with interruptions and technology issues, sharing resources with fellow students, Share final products and presentations with families, school and community through communication tools already established, reflection time.

### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

*In-Class* 

 Teach research skills, check-ins to assess progress, instruct how to structure projects. Work on final product

### Home/Digital

- Online sessions to brainstorm models, collaboration time to discuss information, collaborative work time.
- Use tools that allow collaboration to work on the product.
- Ongoing feedback digitally and sessions throughout process.
- Share final products with families, school and community through communication tools already established.

### Remote Learning Environment

- Instructional consideration: Mini-lessons (prerecorded videos or Zoom/Google Hangout lessons).
- Zoom collaborative work time.
- Student practice: Handouts/resources are digital (such as Google Docs).
- Provide guidance for parental editing and project suggestions.
- Share final products with families, school and community through communication tools already established.
- Ongoing: Student check-ins to monitor progress.

# PBL UTILIZING BLENDED LEARNING, INQUIRY LEARNING, PERSONALIZED LEARNING, CO-TEACHING, COOPERATIVE LEARNING GROUPS

Instructional Example:

# Human Sustainability How do humans impact the environment and what actions can we take to protect it?

Students explore and design solutions on how humans interact with natural hazards, natural energy and fuel resources and how they impact the land. They will create an action plan to help protect the earth and its resources.

Competency Codes Addressed: Science: SCI.ESS.IM 4.5 Math: MATH.IM.4.2, MATH.IM.4.1 ELA: ELA.IM 1.1, ELA.IM 1.2, ELA.IM 4.1

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Use the competency scale to plan, student goal set and reflect.
- Use different modalities and scaffolded activities to connect concepts for learners such as explicit vocabulary teaching, video tools for reteaching, tech accessibility tools for writing and reading
- Offers ongoing feedback as students are creating their item
- Student-led with ongoing feedback based on student work
- Utilize collaborative partners

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Cohort/House Leaders/Parents/ Caretakers/etc.
- Collaboration with other students
- Self-reflection
- Resilience and perseverance
- Good citizenship and social responsibilities
- Communication, Multiple Perspectives
- Student Voice and Choice in Place, Pace, and Path

# Cross-Curricular Collaboration Opportunities

- Science and Math > Data
- Science and ELA > Writing Process
- Science and Technology
- Science and Art > Design
- Science and Music > Sound

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Science Teacher working w/ Math Teacher
- Cohort / House Leaders
- Librarian
- Special Education Teacher
- ELL Teacher
- Paras
- Art and Music Teachers
- Meteorologist/ National Weather Service guest speakers or field trip
- Conservation guest speakers or field trip

• Recycling guest speakers or field trip

### Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

- Have individuals or as a group work through the Hyperdoc in Resources.
- Allow ample time for research and project development. Guide students by offering a variety of tools for the final product whether it be digital or analog.
- Make sure the student or group is using their time wisely and accomplishing one objective at a time.
- Individuals or groups will compile all information and put it in a presentation format of their choice to share.

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Digital Tools: Slides, PowerPoint, Adobe Spark, Keynote, \$BookCreator, Flipgrid.
- Style: eBook, Comic, Play, Newscast, Infographic, poster.
- Combination: Flipgrid screen recording to explain their presentation
- Analog: Play, Demonstration, Live-Broadcast, Infographic, poster, onepager.
- Publish and share.

### Accommodation/Modification

**Considerations** (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need

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access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed grade-level competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies, and exceptions some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Scale shows progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4) Refer to KSDE competency scale to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency.

# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Technology access, collaboration with educational peers, flexibility with interruptions and technology issues, sharing resources with fellow students, share

final products with families, school and community through communication tools already established, reflection time.

### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

### In-class

 Teach research skills, check-ins to assess progress, instruct how to structure projects. Work on final product

### Home/Digital

Online sessions to apply data to predictions, an extension of collaboration time to discuss data, brainstorm tips breakout rooms in digital video tools to collaborate.

Use tools that allow collaboration to work on the product.

Ongoing feedback digitally and sessions throughout process.

Share final products with families, school and community through communication tools already established.

### Remote Learning Environment

Instructional consideration: Mini-lessons (prerecorded videos or Zoom/Google Hangout lessons).

Student Practice: Handouts/resources are digital (such as Google Docs).

Provide guidance for parental editing and project suggestions.

Share final products with families, school and community through communication tools already established.

On-going students check in for progress. This can be done through office hours and/or \_\_\_ dates.

### **PBL MODEL**

Instructional Example:

### Meal Planning with a Budget

Competency Codes Addressed:

Math: MATH.IM 1.1

ELA: ELA.IM 2.1, ELA.IM 4.6.

History, Government, Social Studies: HGSS.IM 5.1

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- High engagement
- Real-world situation.
- Relevant student connections (self and world).
- Collaborative groups.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Empathy
- Work ethic
- Perseverance

# Cross-Curricular Collaboration Opportunities

- ELA
- Social studies

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Driving Question: How does math impact daily budgeting?
- Students and/or students plan for and create a meal for various group sizes within a specific budget. (This could be for a specific group, or just in general.)
- Students and/or student teams decide on amounts of ingredients/food needed for various group sizes within a specific budget.

- Students and/or student teams add, subtract, multiply, or divide to get ingredient/food quantities needed for various group sizes within a specific budget.
- Other options:
- · Create a menu for their meal.
- · Create an advertisement for their meal.
- Decide on a profit margin if they were a business.

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Grocery store (local)
- Family and consumer science class
- SPED, ELL
- Cohort/house leaders/parents/ caretakers/etc.

### Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

- Make an actual meal for a group reflecting an accurate amount of ingredients/food for that size of group, and staying within a given budget.
- Journal and/or video of their process as they show how they figured out the amount of ingredients/food they needed for their group size while staying within budget.
- Menu.
- Advertisement.
- Chart showing profit margin of each food item.

### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency, scale shows progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4). Refer to KSDE competency scale to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency.



# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Collaboration could happen via collaborative tools of your district's choosing, video calls, etc.

If space and guidelines allow, the actual meal could take place at a school building or community building.

### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Collaboration could happen via collaborative tools of your district's choosing, video calls, etc.

If space and guidelines allow, the actual meal could take place at a school building or community building.

### Remote Learning Environment

Collaboration could happen via collaborative tools of your district's choosing, video calls, etc.

End product/meal would need to be a virtual meal instead of in-person.



### **PBL**

Instructional Example:

### Place Value Creating an Wild Animal Field Guide

Explore place value by breaking down mathematical facts about animals in a habitat and compare the facts of the animals.

Competency Codes Addressed:

Math: MATH.IM 1.2 ELA: ELA.IM 1.2, ELA.IM 2.2

Science: SCI.LS.IM 3.1, SCI.LS.IM 3.2 SCI.LS.IM

3.3, SCI.LS.IM 3.4

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Pose purposeful questions.
- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Connect mathematical concepts and representations.
- Individual student goal setting using competency scale with reflection time after to compare goal to final mastery level.
- In a blended model style, teachers use easy video tools to offer explicit directions that students could use to review goals and directions.
- Offer ongoing feedback as students are working through the lessons and producing final product.
- Grades are individual.
- Scaffolding activities.
- Use visual context and manipulatives.
- Preteach vocabulary.

- Scaffolded language supports.
- Slower speech and simple sentences.
- Visual supports.
- Sentence frames/sentence starters.
- Build background knowledge (visuals, read aloud, video).
- Collaborative group supporting each other.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Collaboration with other students.
- Self-reflection.
- Resilience and perseverance.
- Good citizenship and social responsibilities.
- Communication, multiple perspectives.
- Student voice and choice in place, pace and path.

# Cross-Curricular Collaboration Opportunities

- Math > Place Value
- ELA > Informational Writing, Presenting information
- Science and Technology
- Art > Illustrations
- PE > Movement

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Science Teacher working w/ Math Teacher
- Cohort/House Leaders/Parents/Care-Takers/Etc...
- Librarian
- Special Education Teacher
- ELL Teacher

- Paras
- Art and Music Teachers
- Interview or visit to a Zoologist

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Driving Question: How does data impact human interaction with animals?
- Students select a habitat and research animals from that habitat.
- Students compare and order the size/ weight of each animal.
- Students show the weight, height, and lifespan of each animal in word form, standard form, rounded form and as a place value model.
- Students write an expository outline for each animal.
- Students reflect on their learning and growth throughout the project with a digital presentation or a live presentation.

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product) Students reflect on their learning and growth throughout the project with a digital or live presentation.

- Digital Tools: Slides, PowerPoint, Adobe Spark, Keynote, \$BookCreator, Flipgrid.
- Style: Actual Model of Product, eBook, Comic, Play, Newscast, Infographic, poster.
- Combination: Flipgrid screen recording to explain their learning.
- Analog: Science fair, play, demonstration, live broadcast, infographic, poster, onepager.
- Produce and share.



### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Scale shows progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4). Refer to KSDE competency scale to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency.

# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Technology access, collaboration with educational peers, flexibility with interruptions and technology issues, sharing resources with fellow students, share final products with families, school and community through communication tools already established, reflection time.

### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

### In-class

Teach research skills, check-ins to assess progress, instruct how to structure projects. Work on final product.

### Home/Digital

Online sessions to apply data to predictions, an extension of collaboration time to discuss data, brainstorm tips Breakout rooms in digital video tools to collaborate, research different animals.

Use tools that allow collaboration to work on the product.

Ongoing feedback digitally and sessions throughout process.

Share final products with families, school, and community through communication tools already established.

### **Remote Learning Environment**

Instructional consideration: Mini-lessons (prerecorded videos or Zoom/Google Hangout lessons).

Student practice: Handouts/resources are digital (such as Google Docs).

Provide guidance for parental editing and project suggestions.

Share final products with families, school and community through communication tools already established.

On-going students check in for progress. This can be done through office hours and/or \_\_\_ dates.

# PBL UTILIZING BLENDED LEARNING, INQUIRY LEARNING, PERSONALIZED LEARNING, CO-TEACHING, COOPERATIVE LEARNING GROUPS

Instructional Example:

### Cooking w/ STEAM

Create a party using class' favorite modified family recipes

Competency Codes Addressed: Math: MATH.IM 3.1

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Plans using the competency scale.
- Individual student goal setting using competency scale with reflection time after to compare goal to final mastery level.
- In a blended model style, teachers use easy video tools to offer explicit directions that students could use to review goals and directions.
- Uses different learning modalities for students: reading passages, videos, etc.
- Offers ongoing feedback as students are creating their item.
- End Product is student choice.
- Grades are individual, not one grade per group.
- Scaffolded activities.
- Pose purposeful questions.
- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Connect mathematical concepts and representations.
- Individual student goal setting using

competency scale with reflection time after to compare goal to final mastery level.

- In a blended model style, teachers use easy video tools to offer explicit directions that students could use to review goals and directions.
- Offer ongoing feedback as students are creating the product of their choice digital or analog.
- End product is student choice.
- Grades are individual, not one grade per group.
- Utilize bilingual faculty/support staff,
- Use visual context and manipulatives,
- Utilizes language translation tool such Google Translate,
- Intentional diverse teaming among students for peer support
- Collaborative group supporting each other,
- Utilizes digital tools such as Immersive Reader in Edge Browser Microsoft or text to speech.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Collaboration with other students.
- Self-reflection.
- Resilience and perseverance.
- Good citizenship and social

responsibilities.

- Communication, multiple perspectives.
- Student voice and choice in place, pace and path.
- Empathy.
- · Work ethic.
- Creativity.

## Elements of Cross-Curricular Collaboration

- Math > Humanities
- Math > FACS
- Math > Technology
- Math > Art
- Math > Music (if part of the party)

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Experts in catering field
- Cohort/House leaders/parents/ caretakers/etc.
- Teachers: Math, FACS, ELL, SPED, paras, art

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Student Goal Setting based on competency scales.
- Explore Equivalent Fractions. You could use videos, hyperdocs, Multimedia Text Sets, Articles, Playlist.
- Bring in favorite family recipes (with exact measurements).

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- Plan the party (invitations, decor, music, etc., to accommodate the number attending.
- Assessment is explaining how their recipe was altered to accommodate the numbers attending the party.
- Reflect on learning by explaining how the recipes now can feed the number of people invited.
- Reevaluate goal setting:
- \*\* An extension could be to create ONE supply list for the party) Evaluate the recipes and apply them to an actual party > reevaluate goal setting.

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Students have a working document of choice that has the complete party planned from invitations to recipes converted for the number of people coming.
- Math Journal could be used for the extension discussion.

### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority.

To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Scale shows progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4). Refer to KSDE competency scale to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency.

# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Technology access, collaboration with educational peers, flexibility with interruptions and technology issues, sharing resources with fellow students, Share final products with families, school, and community through communication tools already established, reflection time.

### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

### In-class

Teach research skills, check-ins to assess progress, instruct how to structure projects. Work on final product.

### Home/Digital

Online sessions to apply data to predictions, an extension of collaboration time to discuss data, brainstorm tips Breakout rooms in digital video tools to collaborate.

Use tools that allow collaboration to work on the product.

Ongoing feedback digitally and sessions throughout process.

Share final products with families, school, and community through communication tools already established.

### **Remote Learning Environment**

Instructional consideration: Mini-lessons (pre-recorded videos or Zoom/Google Hangout lessons).

Student practice: Handouts/resources are digital (such as Google Docs).

Provide guidance for parental editing and project suggestions.

Share final products with families, school, and community through communication tools already established.

# BLENDED LEARNING, INQUIRY LEARNING, PERSONALIZED LEARNING, CO-TEACHING, COOPERATIVE LEARNING GROUPS

Instructional Example:

# Students will design a tiny house for a client using all four operations with time, length and money.

Competency Codes Addressed: Math: MATH.IM.4.1 ELA: ELA.IM 1.1, ELA.IM 2.1 Design Process

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Pose driving questions.
- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Connect mathematical concepts and representations.
- Individual student goal setting using competency scale with reflection time after to compare goal to final mastery level.
- In a blended model style, teachers use easy video tools to offer explicit directions that students could use to review goals and directions.
- Offer ongoing feedback as students are creating the product.
- End product is student choice.
- Grades are individual, not one grade per group.
- Scaffolding activities.

**SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Collaboration with other students
- Self-reflection
- Resilience and perseverance
- Good citizenship and social responsibilities
- Communication, multiple perspectives
- Student voice and choice in place, pace and path.

# Cross-Curricular Collaboration Opportunities

• ELA: opinion writing, speaking

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Math teacher working with ELA teacher
- Cohort / House Leaders
- Librarian/media specialist
- Special Education teacher
- ELL teacher
- Paras
- Architect
- Local lumber store
- Parents

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Driving Question>meet with client to discuss wants of house > work collaboratively to design a house with all criteria.
- Use operation with length, and money when designing house.
- Create a timeline to create house. >

write an opinion paper giving reasons to support cost and design of the house > present tiny house project to the client.

- Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)
- End product will be a 3D project of the tiny house.
- This could be made of index cards or a material of their choosing.
- Presentation of projects to client can be in person on digital.

### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need

consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Scale shows progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4) Refer to KSDE competency scale to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency.



# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Cohorts have the same materials for learning labs. Technology access, Collaboration with peer teachers, flexibility with interruptions and technology issues, sharing resources with fellow students, share final product with families, school, and community through communication tools already established, reflection time.

### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

In-class

 Teach mini lessons with time, money, and length, check-ins to assess progress, instruct how to structure projects. Work on final product.

### Home/Digital

 online sessions to apply data to predictions, an extension of collaboration time to discuss data, brainstorm tips.
 Breakout rooms in digital video tools to collaborate.

Use tools that allow collaboration to work on the product.

Ongoing feedback digitally and sessions throughout process.

Share final products with families, school, and community through communication tools already established.

### Remote Learning Environment

Instructional Consideration: Mini-lessons (pre-recorded videos or Zoom/Google Hangout lessons).

Student Practice: Handouts/resources are digital (such as Google Docs).

Provide guidance for parental editing and project suggestions.

Share final products with families, school, and community through communication tools already established.

On-going students check in for progress during scheduled times.



# CO-TEACHING, INQUIRY LEARNING OR OUTDOOR LEARNING

Instructional Example:

# **Energy Sources and Transformations**

Students may choose any digital or analog method of presenting a project that contains these objectives.

- Identify at least five sources of energy.
- Explain how natural resources are being used for energy and fuel and the effects this has on the environment.
- Describe how energy can be converted from one form to another. Ex: solar to electrical, wind to electrical.
- Extension activity: for Level 4 Learners: Calculate the savings of using other forms of energy.

Competency Codes Addressed:

Science: SCI.PS.IM 2.4

ELA: ELA.IM 1.3, ELA.IM 2.1, ELA.IM 2.2, ELA.IM

4.3, ELA.IM 4.4

Math: MATH.IM.4.1, MATH.IM.4.2

Social Emotional: SECD.IM 1.4, SECD.IM 4.7, SECD.IM 5.4, SECD.IM 6.1, SECD.IM 6.3 Visual Arts: VA.IM 3.1, VA.IM 3.2

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Pose purposeful questions.
- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Connect mathematical concepts and representations.
- Individual student goal setting using competency scale with reflection time after to compare goal to final mastery level.
- In a blended model style, teachers use easy video tools to offer explicit directions that students could use to review goals and directions.
- Offer ongoing feedback as students are creating the product of their choice digital or analog.
- Scaffolding activities.
- Use visual context and manipulatives.
- Intentional diverse teaming among students for peer support.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Cohort/House leaders/parents/ caretakers/etc.
- Collaboration with other students.
- Self-reflection, resilience, and perseverance.
- Good citizenship, social responsibilities, communication, and multiple perspectives.
- student voice and choice in place, pace and path.
- promoting and encouraging students to keep an open mindset.

### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Science
- Math
- ELA
- Technology
- Art
- PE
- Music

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Science/Math/ELA/Technology, Art, PE and Music
- Cohort/House Leaders/Parents/Care-Takers/Etc...
- Special Education Teacher/ELL Teacher/ Paras
- Wind, Solar plant, or Electric Company guest speakers or field trip

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Student goal setting using competency scale.
- Have individuals or as a group work through the Hyperdoc in Resources.
- Allow ample time for research and project development.
- Guide students by offering a variety of tools for the final product whether it be digital or analog.
- Check for grade level specific content area vocabulary used throughout the project.
- Individuals or groups will compile all information and put it in a presentation format of their choice to share.

# GRADE BAND

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Digital Tools: Slides, PowerPoint, Flipgrid
- Style: eBook, Comic, Play, Newscast, Infographic, poster
- Analog: Play, Demonstration, Live-Broadcast, Infographic, poster, Publish and Share: Presentation style will be Student's Choice
- End Product will be analog or digital and must contain the objectives listed above.

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Technology Access, Collaboration with Educational Peers, Flexibility with interruptions and technology issues, sharing resources with fellow students, Share final products with families, school, and community through communication tools already established, reflection time, and etc.

### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

In-class

Teach research skills, check-ins to assess progress, instruct how to structure projects. Work on final product

### Home/Digital

Online sessions to apply data to predictions, an extension of collaboration time to discuss data, brainstorm tips. Breakout rooms in digital video tools to collaborate.

Use tools that allow collaboration to work on the product.

Ongoing feedback digitally and sessions throughout process.

Share final products with families, school, and community through communication tools already established

### **Remote Learning Environment**

Instructional Consideration: Mini-lessons (pre-recorded videos or Zoom/Google Hangout lessons).

Student Practice: Handouts/resources are digital (such as Google Docs).

Provide guidance for parental editing and project suggestions.

Share final products with families, school, and community through communication tools already established.

On-going students check in for progress. This can be done through office hours and/or \_\_\_ dates.



NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band 3-5

# Implementation - Special Instructional Examples

## **Special**

## PHYSICAL EDUCATION/HEALTH INQUIRY BASED/PERSONALIZED LEARNING

Instructional Example:

# Creating a "How-To" video of essential skills needed in Physical Education

Competency Codes Addressed: PE: PE.IM 1.1, PE.IM 1.2, PE.IM 2.1, PE.IM 2.2, PE.IM 2.3, PE.IM 2.4, PE.IM 2.4

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Video instruction designed for universal appeal.
- Adequate explanation for students and support people.
- Multiple methods for return demonstration (i.e. video, written, completed competency logs).

## **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Demonstrated turn-taking.
- Responding appropriately to disappointment (losing).
- Persevering through difficult tasks.
- Following multi-step instructions.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Incorporate math concepts (i.e. distance, velocity, trajectory, shapes) that pertain to games played or watched on video.
- Reading/language arts incorporate rules

and strategies written at grade level.

## Who might be your collaboration partners?

- FI A
- Math
- Community-based fitness/health centers
- OT/PT for suggestions in teaching new motor skills.

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- All targeted skills reduced to specific components to be taught and assessed separately.
- Complete the entire motor skills as a distinct isolated skill.
- Incorporate the skill into a game or recreational activity.
- Demonstrate the ability to recall and perform the skill spontaneously in different contexts over time.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

• Demonstrate in person or during virtual instruction.

#### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks
for the various learning environments,
consideration for students who will need
access to instruction that will prepare

them to meet, achieve, or exceed grade-level competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies, and exceptions some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

## Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

- Provide examples of quality skill components reduced to the simplest components.
- Ask for a return demonstration of each component until mastered.
- Visual and auditory cues are used including foot patterns on the ground and or touch cues for body positioning in space.
- Reduce competing visual and auditory

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- stimuli while learning a new skill.
- Proactively prepare students with reliable technology for hybrid or remote learning.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

- Use students and the teacher to provide a model of each component of the skill.
   Teach the most challenging or any new components while on-site.
- The use of virtual instruction, video demonstration, real time instruction to insure students have a good model to emulate.
- Use time away to practice skill components using portable visual supports (i.e. foot patterns on the floor).

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

- Use students and the teacher to provide a model of each component of the skill.
- Use slow motion virtual instruction for each component of the skill (if possible).
- Use video demonstration, real time instruction to insure students have a good model to emulate.
- Use portable visual supports (i.e. foot patterns on the floor) if possible to supplement the instruction.
- Students can submit video clips of them demonstrating targeted skills.

#### (2-3) Resources:

Age-appropriate skill demonstration.

Business partnerships to provide reliable locations for activity outside of school.

Written, oral, and/or video instruction to teach new motor skills.



#### PERSONALIZED LEARNING

Instructional Example:

# Creating a journal of daily habits that represents themselves as a healthy individual

Competencies Addressed:
PE: IM4.1, PE IM4.2, PE IM4.3
Health:HLTH.IM.1.7, HLTH.IM.1.6, HLTH.IM.1.5,
HLTH.IM.1.4, HLTH.IM.1.3, HLTH.IM.1.2
SECD: SECD.IM 2.3, SECD.IM 2.4, SECD.IM 4.10

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Providing examples of quality habits (pictures, video clips, written examples).
- Students can record oral responses rather than write.
- Support for struggling students.

## **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Self motivation
- Responsibility
- Problem-solving
- Positive attitude
- Goal-Setting
- Elements of Collaboration
- Writing
- Social Emotional learning
- Who might be your collaboration partners?
- ELA, counselor
- Community-based recreation/fitness centers
- Workflow (Milestones of Learning)
- Logging daily habits (nutrition/activity/ physical/mental health habits).
- Research of healthier options.
- · Application of healthier options.
- Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)
- Journal or video that represents beginning to end transformation and application of quality habits.
- Produce an oral or written summary of a numeric, graph, or visual representation of the achievement.

#### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4.

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## Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

- Provide examples of quality habits and give the students time to log and research realistic habits that they intend to apply to their daily life.
- Present a foundation of expectations and provide a template that is user friendly for students and assistants working with the students.
- Design activities that promote fitness and nutrition to teach practical habits that are consistent with a healthy life.
- Proactively prepare students with reliable technology for hybrid or remote learning.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

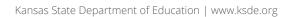
- Students supported in completing the log or using technology to record their success.
- The use of virtual instruction, video demonstration, real time instruction to insure students have a deep understanding of targeted health habits.
- Provide timely and meaningful feedback to students as targets are attempted/ met.
- Students can compare/contrast healthy living and what changes peers could make.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

- Providing timely feedback to students seeking help and requesting options.
- Sharing ideas that could be incorporated between peers.
- Including family members and/or caretakers.
- Individualized support for struggling students.

#### (2-3) Resources:

- Current health data on activities and nutrition converted to a level appropriate for students.
- Business partnerships to provide reliable locations for activity outside of school.
- Journal system for in-person and remote learning.



## Music

#### **CO-TEACHING**

## Instructional Example: Folk Dance Analyzation/Create B Section given A Section

Competency Codes Addressed: Music: MUS.IM 1.1, MUS.IM 2.1,MUS.IM 2.2 MUS.IM 3.1, MUS.IM 3.2, MUS.IM 3.3,MUS.IM 4.1, MUS.IM 4.2

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Student voice and choice in project selection.
- Flexibility in project product.

## **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Student voice and choice.
- Students knowing themselves as learners.
- Time-management.
- Perseverance.
- Ownership of learning and outcomes.
- Sense of purpose.
- Growth mindset.
- Goal setting.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Music: Form, analysis, elements of music
- PE: Rhythm, dance forms, body awareness

## Who might be your collaboration partners?

- PE teacher
- Local dance teachers/troups

#### Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

- Analyze piece of music through dance
- Transfer analyzation of dance to musical form
- Given the A section dance, student creates a B section

## Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

- Demonstration of dance
- Video of student performing dance
- Students teach others their dance

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

## Learning Environment Considerations:

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

• Constant support by teachers.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

- Teacher support
- Parent/guardian support
- Access to technology

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

- Teacher support
- Parent/guardian support
- Access to technology

## GRADE BAND

#### **OUTDOOR CLASSROOM**

Instructional Example:

#### **Acoustics**

Competency Codes Addressed: Music: MUS.IM 1.1,MUS.IM 2.1, MUS.IM 2.2,MUS. IM 6.1, MUS.IM 6.2,

Science: SCI.PS.IM 2.4

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

Students engage in exploration of acoustic properties in a variety of ways

- Places: Which places are conducive to music making?
- **Objects:** What found objects are best for music making?
- Body percussion: Which parts of my body are best for music making?
- Body position: Does it make a difference if I am standing up or laying down?

## **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- On-site: Students work together to sing or play in canon to discover which places outside work for resonance
- Blended: Students explore at home where there are resonant areas, then share with a small group
- Remote: Students explore around their home/park/socially-distanced place and prepare a presentation.
- Student voice and choice.
- Students knowing themselves as learners.
- Perseverance.
- Ownership of learning and outcomes.

- Sense of purpose.
- Growth mindset.
- · Goal setting.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Music:
- How is sound made?
- What are resonant properties?
- Music history Gregorian chant
- Science:
- How is sound made?
- What is the relationship between sound and space?
- Humanities:
  - Public performance
  - Ancient Grecian amphitheatres

## Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Grade-level teachers
- Engineers
- Music makers musicians, instrument designers

#### Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

- Prior knowledge:
  - Vocabulary
    - Acoustics
    - Vibration
    - Sound wave
    - Canon
- Students:
  - · Describe how sound is made.
  - Explain their preference for various places to perform using musical vocabulary.

- Perform as part of an ensemble (onsite and hybrid only).
- Explain musical choices instrument selection, place, instrument design.

## Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

- Variety of technology presentations:
  - Slide show
  - Movie
  - Other multimedia presentation

#### Performance for teachers/class

Students teach others how to create instruments

#### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

## Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

- Teacher support.
- Variety of spaces and materials to create sound.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

- Teacher support.
- Access to materials.
- Access to technology.
- Parent/guardian support.

#### Remote Learning Environment

- Access to materials.
- Access to technology.
- Parent/guardian support.



## GRADE BAND

### Art

#### **OUTDOOR CLASSROOM**

Instructional Example:

# Materials in Art - How do artists work? How do objects, places, and design shape lives and communities?

Students explore the impact of materials and place on artistic process and product. Students explore multiple materials, techniques and compositional approaches, using innovative thinking to generate new ideas, connect to and expand on existing ideas, and create personally satisfying work. Students articulate how their work was influenced by available materials and physical location.

Competency Codes Addressed: Visual Arts: VA.IM.1.1, VA.IM.1.2, VA.IM. 2.1, VA.IM.3.1, VA.IM.3.2, VA.IM. 4.1, VA.IM. 4.2, VA.IM. 4.3, VA.IM. 5.1

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Pose purposeful, open-ended questions.
- Active student engagement.
- Encouragement to play and experiment without fear of "failure" reflection on all artistic behaviors can offer insight.
- In a blended model style, teachers use easy video tools to explain concepts, introduce artists or offer explicit directions for media, techniques or processes for creation.
- Offer feedback as students are creating.

- End product is student choice with presentation.
- Hands on, active learning.
- Using different learning modalities for students: reading passages, videos, images, etc.

## **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Communication skills.
- Self-regulation.
- Growth mindset.
- Problem-solving.
- Soliciting feedback and being an active listener.
- Demonstrating respect for the perspectives of others.
- Collaboration and conflict resolution strategies.
- Goal-setting, planning and organization of time and materials.
- Perseverance.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Instruction could include connections to mathematical concepts (symmetry, pattern, line/angle/shape) and/or social studies (Native American and Colonial available media, culture and styles of artwork).
- Who might be your collaboration partners?
- Local nurseries or recycling centers or other business partners (materials)

- Classroom teachers
- Nature centers or museums who feature nature art
- Caregivers or families at home
- Workflow (Milestones of Learning)
- Students:
- Perceive and analyze works of constructed and natural environments.
   Some possible connections include assemblage/recycled/trash art, sand mandalas, Andy Goldsworthy, Patrick Dougherty, Christo, etc. (Responding/ Connecting)
- Explore/experiment with:
- Outdoor spaces for creating artwork.
- Nontraditional classroom materials (natural materials like wood/stone/leaves, fibers, sidewalk chalk, natural pigments).
- Techniques for working with materials.
- Compositional elements (such as symmetry, movement, rhythm/pattern).
- Demonstrate safe use of materials. (Creating)
- Create outdoor works on school grounds or at home. (Creating)
- Reflect on how this site-specific artwork:
- Interacts with surrounding objects and places
- Shapes, defines or enhances one's life (Responding and Connecting)
- Could be presented differently using evolving technology
- Might be preserved and protected.
- This can be self-reflection, peer critique

or class critique during creation of the project and again after work has been refined. (Creating/Presenting)

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Written/spoken/recorded criticism of outdoor artists or artwork example(s) viewed in class
- Outdoor artwork (temporary or permanent).
- Artist statement where students reflect on materials, process and presentation.
- Possible digital presentation: photographs or video that could be displayed, shared on social media or added to a digital portfolio.

#### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies, and exceptions some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

## Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

- Consider available space and materials and alternate plans for weather.
- Possible grouping of students for collaboration.
- Can multiple classes repurpose the same materials used for temporary installations?

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

 Available space, technology and materials to learn, create and submit artwork
 Where and how will instruction be delivered?

#### Where and how will creation occur?

- Creation could be individual or collaborative. If collaborative, how will you support communication of group members when learning is occurring asynchronously?
- Ways to communicate timeline and help students track work progress to deadline.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

- How to support students in finding/ adapting to available space and materials.
- Some students may not have natural materials available. Alternate materials at home could include Legos, blocks, laundry, recyclables and other materials not available at school. Providing a wide range of choices and examples is essential to accommodate individual student resources. Focus the lesson on the process of HOW and WHAT you created was guided by the MATERIALS and SPACE you had available.
- Creation would be individual rather than collaborative OR collaborative with family/ caregivers.
- Ways to communicate timeline and help students track work progress to deadline.

GRADE BAND

3-5

#### **CO-TEACHING**

Instructional Example:

#### **Amusement Park Ride Design**

Students explore the science of energy and force, coupled with the arts of storytelling and visual design, to create memorable amusement park ride designs.

Competency Codes Addressed: ELA: ELA.IM.1.1, ELA.IM.1.2 Science: SCI.IM.1.1, SCI.PS.IM.2.3, SCI.PS.IM.2.4 Visual Arts: VA.IM.1.1, VA.IM.1.2, VA.IM. 2.1, VA.IM. 4.1, VA.IM. 4.2, VA.IM. 4.3, VA.IM. 5.1

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Pose purposeful, open-ended questions.
- Active student engagement.
- Provide planning documents to help students structure the design process.
- Create structured opportunities for ongoing feedback and reflection as students are planning/creating.
- In a blended model style, teachers use easy video tools to explain concepts, introduce artists or offer explicit directions for media, techniques or processes that students could use for creation.
- Pace of learning is student led with teacher check-ins.
- Scaffolding activities.
- Hands on, active learning.
- Using different learning modalities for students: reading passages, videos, images etc.

## **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Communication skills.
- Self-regulation.
- · Growth mindset.
- · Problem-solving.
- Soliciting feedback and being an active listener.
- Demonstrating respect for the perspectives of others.
- Collaboration and conflict resolution strategies.
- Goal-setting, planning and organization of time and materials.
- Perseverance.

#### Co-elements of Collaboration

- Art
- Science
- Engineering Design
- ELA
- Media Arts
- Who might your collaboration partners be?
- Classroom/STEAM/technology integration teachers
- Theme park or entertainment venue (arcade, mini golf)
- Engineering firms
- Parents/community members with training in this field

#### Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

#### Students:

- Study the topics of energy and force through science activities and then identify these forces/movements in amusement park rides.
- Watch amusement park ride videos and analyze why certain motions/forces were engineered for the theme/story of each ride. Could possibly interview or connect with ride designers or engineers.
- Analyze how artistic choices in ride design (color/pattern, design, scale) tell a story or set a mood for riders. (Responding/Connecting)
- Articulate in planning documents how they will proceed from ideas to creation. Employ the engineering design process to design and test a miniature model of a ride vehicle to withstand a chosen force. (Creating)
- Choose a theme or story for the ride and design artistic elements that contribute to the ride vehicle's design and movement to tell the "story." (Creating)
- Reflect on choices of media, subject, etc. and how they contribute to the work's meaning and value. This can be self-reflection or paired critique or class critique during creation of the project and again after work has been refined. (Creating, Responding)

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Constructed miniature ride vehicle model (paper, cardboard, other art supplies)
- Live demonstration or recording of a ride vehicle model "in action"
- Description of how ride design and chosen story connect to chosen force(s) to create a cohesive ride experience
- Design layout board (drawn or digitally created) for a "pitch" to the theme park company for a new ride. The layout should show a color scheme and imagery chosen to enhance the ride story/theme (Creating)
- Artist statement or presentation (written, spoken or recorded) to accompany the design board that explains the "pitch" of how design choices (color, shape, pattern, etc.) were made and how they contribute to visually telling the ride story/theme (Presenting)

#### Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

- Constructed miniature ride vehicle model (paper, cardboard, other art supplies)
- Live demonstration or recording of a ride vehicle model "in action"
- Description of how ride design and chosen story connect to chosen force(s) to create a cohesive ride experience
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- Artist statement or presentation (written, spoken or recorded) to accompany the design board that explains the "pitch" of

how design choices (color, shape, pattern, etc.) were made and how they contribute to visually telling the ride story/theme (Presenting)

#### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies, and exceptions some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

## Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

- Ability for students to collaborate in person: cooperative groups with individual accountability/grading or individual work.
- Building schedule to accommodate teacher collaboration and co-teaching.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Part cooperative groups when at school and part individual when remote - Where and how will instruction be delivered? Where and how will creation occur?

Ways to communicate timeline and help students track work progress to deadline.

Availability of supplies and/or digital media to create and submit artwork in each setting.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

- May need more time/support to complete individually.
- Ways to communicate timeline and help students track work progress to deadline.
- Availability of supplies and/or digital media to create and submit artwork.
- Alternate materials at home could include Legos, blocks, recyclables and other materials not available at school. Providing a wide range of choices and examples is essential to accommodate individual student resources.

## GRADE BAND 3-5

## Counseling

#### PERSONALIZED LEARNING

Instructional Example:

#### Self-Efficacy

Competencies Addressed: SECD: SECD.IM 1.1, SECD.IM 1.2, SECD.IM1.4, SECD.IM 2.3, SECD.IM 2.4, SECD.IM 2.5, SECD. IM 2.6, SECD.IM 2.7, SECD.IM 2.8, SECD.IM 3.3, SECD.IM 3.4, SECD.IM 3.5, SECD.IM 3.6, SECD. IM 4.5, SECD.IM 4.6, SECD.IM 4.7, SECD.IM 4.8, SECD.IM 4.9, SECD.IM 4.10, SECD.IM 5.2, SECD. IM 5.3, SECD.IM 5.4, SECD.IM 6.6

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Teacher assesses student learning styles/intelligence strengths through the implementation of a survey.
- Teacher works with students to identify and set personal goals (education, skill development, interpersonal, intrapersonal, behavioral, etc.).
- Student has voice and choice in place, pace and path of learning.
- Teacher conducts individual conferences with students for needed direct instruction and to monitor student progress.
- Students work on their own personalized choice board (menu, playlist, etc.) to reach their own goals.

**SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Student voice and choice.
- Students knowing themselves as learners.
- Time-management.
- Perseverance.
- Ownership of learning and outcomes.
- Sense of purpose.
- Growth mindset.
- Goal setting.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Classroom teachers
- Student support teams
- ELL teachers
- Specials teachers (PE, Music, Art)
- SPED

## Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Classroom teachers
- Student support teams
- ELL teachers
- Specials teachers (PE, Music, Art)
- SPED
- Parents/caregivers

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Students and teacher identify learning styles, set learning goals (short and long term), deadlines, and objectives for individual students.
- Work through a series of specific details

- regarding self-efficacy, learning styles, and multiple intelligences.
- Frequent data collection through teacher observation and questioning.
- Meet with students 1:1 and reflect, reassess goal set, and determine next steps.
- Students progress through learning goals at their own pace with support from the teacher.
- Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)
- By hand (complete goal information in personalized binder).
- Digital (learning management system, personalized folder, etc.)/

#### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery

of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

## Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

- Building schedule to accommodate teacher collaboration and personalized learning.
- Students complete initial learning style/ multiple intelligence survey.
- Teacher direct instruction.
- Ability for students to collaborate in person: cooperative groups with individual accountability or individual work.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

#### On-site:

- Teacher guided discussions regarding learning styles/multiple intelligences.
- Be intentional on how to set measurable goals.
- Small group/individual help for understanding.

#### Home:

- Teacher will provide a playlist of learning styles/multiple intelligences sites for students and parent/caregivers to explore.
- Students will meet weekly with teacher(s) and parents/caregivers to evaluate goal progress.
- Set office hours conducive to parent/ caregiver work schedules for answering questions.
- Technology.

#### Remote Learning Environment

- Prerecorded mini lessons, collection of print and digital resources for students to explore at home
- Weekly check-in with students and parents/caregivers to evaluate goal progress.
- Set office hours conducive to parents/ caregivers work schedules for answering questions.

## GRADE BAND 3-5

#### **CO-TEACHING**

Instructional Example:

#### Mindset

Competencies Addressed: SECD: SECD.IM 2.4. SECD.IM 2.5, SECD.IM 3.3, SECD.IM 3.5, SECD.IM 4.8, SECD.IM 4.9, SECD. IM 4.10

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Clearly define roles and responsibilities and plan together.
- Discuss the big picture issues or critical concepts that lead into differentiated activities and assessments.
- Reflect on practices and make changes for future lessons.
- Model and practice skills.
- Model high-quality student-to-student conversations.
- Ask and answer open-ended questions.
- Students participate in collaborative work with peers.
- Technology Integration.

## **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Achieve school goals.
- Perseverance.
- Communication.
- Ownership of learning and outcomes.
- Growth mindset.

#### Elements of Cross-Curricular Collaboration Schoolwide Monthly Mindset Themes

- September: Learning, everybody does it.
- October: The brain is like a muscle, it grows.
- November: I am part of a group, ask for help.
- December: Challenge Yourself...it's important!
- January: Accepting feedback.
- February: Goal setting
- March: Learning from Mistakes
- · April: The Power of Yet
- May: I Got This!

Lessons/activities planned each month for the theme in collaboration with partners.

Teachers plan a "Growth Mindset" day, each semester, to provide activities for students to develop a growth mindset.

## Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Classroom teachers.
- ELL teachers
- Student support teams
- Specials (PE, Music, Art, Theater, etc)
- Parents/caregivers
- SPED

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

#### Students:

- Define mindset.
- Explain difference between growth and fixed mindset.

- Examine their own mindsets.
- Explore each monthly theme as they occur.
- Develop a monthly mindset entry to explore the various monthly themes and document their learning.

#### Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

- Digital (Google Slides, PicCollage, SeeSaw, Google Draw, Book Creator).
- By hand (journal entry).
- Video Creation Using Various platforms (iMovie, FlipGrid, Green Screen, etc.).

## Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially

designed instruction and/or tiered systems of

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

support.

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

## Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

- Building schedule to accommodate teacher collaboration and co-teaching
- Ability for students to collaborate in person: cooperative groups with individual accountability or individual work

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

#### On site:

- Teacher guided discussions regarding mindset.
- Small group/individual help for understanding.

#### Home

- Teacher will provide a playlist of mindset sites for students and parent/caregivers to explore the monthly themes.
- Students will complete a monthly journal entry regarding the theme of the month with the help of parents/caregivers.
- Set office hours conducive to parent/ caregiver work schedules for answering questions.
- Technology

#### Remote Learning Environment

- Pre-recorded mini lessons
- Teacher created collection of print and digital resources for students to explore at home to guide journal entries.
- Provide a format for sharing journal entries.
- Set office hours conducive to parent/ caregiver work schedules for answering questions.



NAVIGATING CHANGE:
KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band 6 - 8



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# Grade Band 6 3

# **Access and Equity**

We recognize that our communities are diverse and so are the needs and aspirations of the students we serve. Incorporating an access and equity lens into how you plan and deliver instruction, services, and support, not only makes it more safe, meaningful, and effective but ensures that you are doing so in a way that thoughtfully engages and includes individuals and communities who have been historically excluded. We strongly encourage you to incorporate an access and equity lens focused on all students as you incorporate the guidance contained in this document.

# Grade Band 6-8

## What does the Law Require?

If a school district has elected to provide the general education curriculum this school year via multiple learning environments (e.g., on-site, hybrid, and remote), then the district must ensure that each student has equal access to the same opportunities. This includes students with disabilities and students of every race, color, and national origin. School district officials have discretion to make educational decisions based on local health needs and concerns. Compliance with national, state, and local health recommendations should not create civil rights concerns. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504) prohibits disability discrimination by schools receiving federal financial assistance. Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Title II) prohibits disability discrimination by public entities, including schools. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Title VI) prohibits race, color, and national origin discrimination by schools receiving federal funds. As school leaders respond to evolving conditions, they should be mindful of the requirements of Section 504, Title II, and Title VI, to ensure that all students are able to study and learn in an environment that is safe and free from discrimination.

School districts should continually discuss and evaluate whether any education learning environment it is implementing is discriminatory, either on its face or as implemented, results in discrimination to a specific group of students protected by federal anti-discrimination laws.

For students with disabilities and an IEP this includes a free appropriate public education (FAPE). School districts must provide a FAPE to students with disabilities and an IEP consistent with the need to protect the health and safety of students with disabilities and those individuals providing education, specialized instruction, and related services to these students. In this unique and everchanging environment, these exceptional circumstances may affect how all educational and related services and supports are provided. FAPE may include, as appropriate, special education and related services provided through an on-site learning environment, a hybrid learning environment, or a remote learning environment.

## GRADE BAND 6-8

#### What are Ways I Can Do That?

1. Establish a plan and schedule to reflect and evaluate on whether the education and services being provided are effective for diverse students. Analyze relevant data on engagement and academics to determine whether students of color, English language learners, immigrant students, students with disabilities, students who are gifted, students who qualify for free and reduced lunch, among others, are learning. This should be discussed and evaluated separately by learning environment (e.g. in-person, hybrid, and remote learning environment). If any of these groups are not succeeding within the given learning environment, the instructional approach might need to be more culturally responsive. This should be done individually, by all educators, and collectively at the building and district level on a set schedule throughout the school year. Individuals and groups should work to identify success gaps for certain students or groups or students, determine why this success gap is occurring, and action plan to mitigate the gap and prevent future gaps from occurring.

- 2. Work and study collaboratively within your building or district to understand inequity by design and its impact on student instruction. Identify resources that will be helpful to each educator and collectively, as a building and district, in confronting and addressing access and equity. This is a significant and important task and is not just accomplished by KSDE providing a few resources, but the following resources are shared as a starting point for continuing this important work within each classroom (on-site, hybrid, or remote), building, and district.
  - a. Clinton, J. (2020). Supporting Vulnerable Children in the Face of a Pandemic: A paper prepared for the Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment. Centre for Program Evaluation, Melbourne Graduate School of Education, The University of Melbourne. <a href="https://www.dese.gov.au/system/files/doc/other/clinton\_supporting\_vulnerable\_children\_final.pdf">https://www.dese.gov.au/system/files/doc/other/clinton\_supporting\_vulnerable\_children\_final.pdf</a>
  - **b.** New Jersey Department of Education Internal Equity Team list of resources, <a href="https://www.nj.gov/education/equity/resources/">https://www.nj.gov/education/equity/resources/</a>
  - **c.** Culturally Reponsive Teaching and The Brain by Zaretta Hammond, https://crtandthebrain.com/
  - d. Coaching for Equity by Elena Aguilar (forthcoming)
  - **e.** Excellence Through Equity: Five Principles of Courageous Leadership to Guide Achievement for Every Student by Alan M. Blankstein and Pedro Noguera with Lorena Kelly

- 3. Across all learning environments, ensure educators are focused on building and maintaining relationships with students. There are many positive stories about how this occurred during continuous learning in the spring of 2020. This will be more critical as we move into the 2020–21 school year. But we can't stop at building and maintaining relationships. Educators then must use those relationships as an entry point into positive and meaningful instruction for all students.
- **4.** Maintain equitable access to your school's offered programs and practices. Implement programs and practices that provide equal access and enable all students to thrive academically, athletically, socially, and emotionally.
- 5. Demonstrate inclusive teaching and learning. Examine and revise your curriculum and teaching practices as necessary to ensure that you are effective in reaching every student. Train your teachers to recognize and to understand the range of needs, social-emotional and academic, among your students and to hone their skills in building and sustaining an inclusive classroom.

- **6.** Encourage self-reflection and exploration. Teach individuals to self-reflect, question their cultural viewpoints and assumptions, and to modify them when appropriate. Commit to exploring your school's unique cultures to better understand the encounters of people from diverse backgrounds and to challenging your own practices.
- 7. Have meaningful interaction and dialogue. Challenge everyone to interact meaningfully with the entire school community and to learn from each other, honoring differences. Create a safe environment allowing for expression of differences in ways that encourage dialogue and education rather than alienation.
- **8.** Encourage community involvement and service: Use the above practices to instill a consciousness of social justice, an ethic of citizenship, and a commitment to service. Teach and practice responsibility towards and engagement in your school, your larger community, and the world.

## Grade Band 6-8

## Competencies

Kansans should be proud of everything accomplished while navigating unprecedented times and facing unique educational challenges in the response to COVID-19.

A Continuous Learning Task Force commissioned by the Kansas State Department of Education (KSDE) developed meaningful ways to help Kansas school districts successfully complete the 2019-2020 school year with social-emotional support and grace for all stakeholders among its top priorities.

As schools contemplate options and await more specific guidance for the safe return of students and staff in the fall of 2020, instructional planning within districts should include considerations for the possibility of interruptions to learning because of COVID-19. To provide resources and guidance, Kansas Commissioner of Education Dr. Randy Watson assembled the Learning for the Future Task Force. With more time to prepare, this team was charged with developing a comprehensive way to ensure academic rigor and that schools can assess student learning in meaningful and actionable ways.

What follows is the result of recent collaboration among nearly 100 Kansas teachers, administrators, service centers, educational consultants, KSDE program directors and more. The goal was to review and analyze nearly 30 years of work among current Kansas Standards and, in 30 days, develop a competency-based model in PreK-2, 3-5, 6-8 and 9-12 grade bands that is also organized by broader themes of Humanities and STEAM.

This work has the potential to change the way we meet students' needs for the next 30 years and beyond by allowing students to demonstrate mastery of their learning in a variety of ways.

In a competency-based model, students move through the curriculum in a personalized way at their own pace, which is also aligned to their individual plan of study. Students progress or advance by demonstrating mastery when they are ready, not based on seat time or calendars.

Competencies themselves are often broadly stated and may include groups of related standards within and between subject areas, resulting in an instructional learning environment that does not focus on teaching singular skills. This, in turn, provides for a variety of opportunities for students to demonstrate their learning in ways that are meaningful and relevant to them by exploring passions and asking their own questions as problem-solving prompts. To accomplish this, each student receives the differentiated support he or she needs to be successful and, after demonstrating mastery on his or her schedule, moves on to the next level.

This resource and accompanying guidance seeks to provide you and your leadership team with the foundation for planning and implementing a competency-based curriculum, instruction and assessment model for your school district, Pre-K-12, that will focus on rigor, accountability and an unwavering commitment to personalizing learning for students.



#### **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

Law, Public Safety, Corrections and **AFNR** Agriculture, Foods and Natural **LPSCS** Resources Security Architecture and Construction AC MA Media Arts BC **Business Career** MATH Math Manufacturing **BC.BMAE** Business Management, **MNFR** Administration and

MUS Music Entrepreneurship PΕ Physical Education

Science SCI Marketing BC.M

Earth and Space Science SCI.ESS DNC Dance

Life Science SCI.LS **FACS** Family and Consumer Sciences

SCI.PS Physical Science ELA English Language Arts

Social-Emotional Character **SECD** Engineering **ENG** 

Development

Transportation

Visual Arts

World Languages

TRAN

WL

VA

Health and Biosciences STM STEAM

ΗE Health THR Theatre

History, Government and Social

Studies

Finance

HUM Humanities

BC.F

HB

HGSS

Information Technology IT

#### **Grade Bands:**

Pre-K to 2nd grade 3rd to 5th grade IM MS 6th to 8th grade HS 9th to 12th grade

## GRADE BAND 6-8

#### **ELA**

| <b>ELA Classification</b>       | COMPETENCY   | CODE | STANDARDS   |
|---------------------------------|--|------|---|
| Text Complexity                 | A successful student can interpret an author's purpose and intent in complex text. |      | W6.9, 7.9, 8.9, RL6.2, 7.2,<br>8.2, RL6.5,7.5, 8.5, RL6.6,<br>7.6, 8.6, RL6.13, 7.13, 8.13,<br>RI6.5, 7.5, 8.5, RI6.6, 7.6,<br>8.6, RI6.9,7.9, 8.9, RI6.13,<br>7.13, 8.13                                   |
| Clear, Concise<br>Communication | A successful student can adapt speech and writing to enhance or refine a message.  |      | W6.4, 7.4, 8.4, W6.10.a,<br>7.10.a, W7.10.c, W6.10.g,<br>W6.11, W6.12, 7.12, 8.12,<br>SL6.1.c, 7.1.c, 8.1c, SL7.3,<br>SL6.6, 7.6, 8.6, SL7.7.a  |
| Vocabulary                      | A successful student can interpret, acquire and use words precisely.               |      | SL6.6, 7.6, 8.6, SL6.8, 7.8,<br>8.8, SL7.7a, RL6.4, 7.4, 8.4,<br>RL7.11, 8.11, RL7.11.b,<br>8.11.b, RL7.11.c, 8.11.c,<br>RL7.11.d, 8.11.d, RI7.11.a,<br>RI7.11.b, RI7.11.d, RI7.12.a,<br>RI7.12.b, RI7.12.c |
| Argument                        | A successful student can produce a well-developed argument.                        |      | W6.1, 7.1, 8.1, SL6.1b,<br>SL6.1.c, 7.1.c, 8.1.c, SL6.1.d,<br>7.1.d, 8.1.c, SL7.3, SL8.4,<br>SL6.8, 7.8, 8.8, RI6.8, 8.8  |
| Credibility and                 |  |      |   |
| Relevance                       | A successful student can:  |      |   |
|                                 | Analyze sources for credibility and relevance.                                     |      | W6.1, 7.1, 8.1, W6.7, 7.7, 8.7, W6.9, 7.9, 8.9, W6.8, 7.8, 8.8, RL6.1, 7.1, 8.1, RI6.2, 7.2, 8.2, RI6.3, 8.3, RI6.4, 8.4  |

### **HGSS**

**PRIORITY:** A successful student will recognize and draw conclusions about significant historical, economic, and political choices and the resulting consequences.

| <b>HGSS Classification</b>   | COMPETENCY  | CODE | STANDARD |
|--|---|------|----------|
| Choices Have<br>Consequences   | <ul> <li>A successful student can:</li> <li>(Priority) Recognize and draw conclusions about significant historical, economic and political choices and the resulting consequences.</li> <li>(Extended) Investigate examples of choices, asking questions and making claims about their consequences on contemporary issues.</li> </ul>            |      |          |
| Individuals Have Rights<br>and Responsibilities  | <ul> <li>A successful student can:</li> <li>(Priority) Recognize and draw conclusions about the rights and responsibilities of people.</li> <li>(Extended) Investigate the rights and responsibilities of individuals, making claims and using evidence to make connections to contemporary issues.</li> </ul>                                    |      |          |
| Societies are Shaped<br>by the Identities,<br>Beliefs and Practices of<br>Individuals and Groups | <ul> <li>A successful student can:</li> <li>(Priority) Recognize and draw conclusions about the ways societies are shaped through identities, beliefs and practices of individuals and groups.</li> <li>(Extended) Investigate the way societies are shaped and make claims supported with evidence and argument.</li> </ul>                      |      |          |
| Societies Experience<br>Continuity and Change<br>Over Time                                       | A successful student can:  • (Priority) Recognize and draw conclusions about societal continuity and change over time  • (Extended) Apply understanding of continuity and change to investigate contemporary issues using evidence and argument.  | ž.   |          |
| Relationships Among<br>People, Places, Ideas<br>and Environments are<br>Dynamic                  | <ul> <li>A successful student can:</li> <li>(Priority) Recognize and draw conclusions about historical, economic and geographic relationships impacting individuals and communities.</li> <li>(Extended) Investigate and connect historical, economic and geographic relationships to contemporary issues using evidence and argument.</li> </ul> |      |          |

## **Mathematics**

| MATHEMATICS CLASSIFICATION | COMPETENCY   | CODE | STANDARDS  |
|----------------------------|--|------|--|
| Mathematical Practices     | <ul> <li>A successful student can demonstrate the ability to use the eight mathematical practices fluidly across skills and concepts:</li> <li>Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.</li> <li>Reason abstractly and quantitatively.</li> <li>Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.</li> <li>Model with mathematics.</li> <li>Use appropriate tools strategically.</li> <li>Attend to precision.</li> <li>Look for and make use of structure.</li> <li>Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.</li> </ul> |      |  |
| Ratios and Proportions     | A successful student can understand and analyze proportional relationships and use them to make sense of and solve problems using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.   |      | 6.RP.A1-3<br>7.RP.A1-3<br>7.SP.C5<br>+7.G.A1<br>+7.SP.C6-8                           |
| Number Systems             | A successful student can apply number sense and mathematical operations within number systems to solve problems using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.   |      | 6.NS.A1<br>6.NS.B2-3<br>6.NS.C5-8<br>7.NSA1-3<br>8.NS.A1-2<br>+8EE.A2-3              |
| Expressions and Equations  | A successful student can create, interpret, use and analyze patterns o<br>algebraic structures to make sense of problems using the Standards<br>for Mathematical Practice.   | f    | 6.NS.B4<br>6.EE.A1-3<br>6.EE.B4-8<br>7.EE.A1-3<br>7.EE.B4a-b<br>8.EE.A1<br>8.EE.B4-7 |
| Functions                  | A successful student can use functions to interpret and analyze a variety of contexts using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.   |      | 8.F.A1-2<br>+8.F.A3<br>8.F.A4<br>+8.F.A5   |

| MATHEMATICS CLASSIFICATION | COMPETENCY  | CODE | STANDARDS  |
|----------------------------|---|------|--|
| Geometry                   | <ul> <li>A successful student can prove, understand and model geometric<br/>concepts using appropriate tools and theorems to solve problems<br/>and apply logical reasoning using the Standards for Mathematical<br/>Practice.</li> </ul> |      | 6.G.A1-4<br>+7.G.A2-3<br>7.GB4-6<br>8.G.A1-6<br>+8.G.B7-9<br>+8.G.C10-12 |
| Statistics                 | A successful student can use a variety of data analysis and statistics strategies to analyze, develop and evaluate inferences based on data using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.  |      | 6.SP.A1-3<br>6.SP.B4-5<br>7.SP.A1-2<br>+7.SP.B3-4<br>8.SP.A1-3           |

## **Science**

| Science Classification | COMPETENCY  | )E | STANDARDS  |
|------------------------|---|----|--|
| Physical Science       | A successful student can:  • Understand the structure, properties and interactions of matter at the molecular scale.                              |    | MS-PS1-1<br>MS-PS1-3<br>MS-PS1-4                         |
|                        | Understand chemical reactions at the molecular scale.   | •  | MS-PS1-2<br>MS-PS1-5<br>MS-PS1-6                         |
|                        | Understand the relationships among forces and motion and interactions between objects and within systems of objects.                              |    | MS-PS2-1<br>MS-PS2-2<br>MS-PS2-3<br>MS-PS2-4<br>MS-PS2-5 |
|                        | Understand how energy is defined, transferred, transformed and conserved by objects and within systems.   |    | MS-PS3-1<br>MS-PS3-2<br>MS-PS3-3<br>MS-PS3-4<br>MS-PS3-5 |
|                        | <ul> <li>Understand characteristic properties of waves and electromagnetic radiation and how<br/>they behave and transmit information.</li> </ul> |    | MS-PS4-1<br>MS-PS4-2<br>MS-PS4-3                         |

| Science Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE | STANDARDS  |
|------------------------|---|------|--|
| Life Science           | <ul> <li>A successful student can:</li> <li>Understand the relationship between an organisms' structures, their organization and its life functions, including information processing.</li> </ul> |      | MS-LS1-1<br>MS-LS1-2<br>MS-LS1-3<br>MS-LS1-8             |
|                        | Understand how organisms use matter and energy and how it flows through an ecosystem.   |      | MS-LS1-6<br>MS-LS1-7<br>MS-LS2-1<br>MS-LS2-3<br>MS-LS2-4 |
|                        | <ul> <li>Understand how organisms interact within an environment to obtain matter and<br/>energy.</li> </ul>  |      | MS-LS2-2<br>MS-LS2-5                                     |
|                        | Understand how organisms within an ecosystem use matter and energy to grow, develop and reproduce.  |      | MS-LS1-4<br>MS-LS1-5<br>MS-LS3-1<br>MS-LS3-2<br>MS-LS4-5 |
|                        | Understand why the relationship between the environment and genetic variation within a species affects survival and reproduction over time.   |      | MS-LS4-1<br>MS-LS4-2<br>MS-LS4-3<br>MS-LS4-4<br>MS-LS4-6 |

| Science Classification  | COMPETENCY  | CODE | STANDARDS  |
|-------------------------|---|------|--|
| Earth and Space Science | A successful student can:     Understand the properties and predictable patterns of objects and phenomena in the universe and our solar system.   |      | MS-ESS1-1<br>MS-ESS1-2<br>MS-ESS1-3              |
|                         | Understand how Earth's conditions and processes and life on Earth have changed over time.   |      | MS-ESS1-4<br>MS-ESS2-2<br>MS-ESS2-3              |
|                         | Understand how Earth materials and the major systems of Earth interact over time.   |      | MS-ESS2-1<br>MS-ESS2-4<br>MS-ESS3-1              |
|                         | Understand the factors and processes that regulate climate and weather on Earth.  |      | MS-ESS2-5<br>MS-ESS2-6<br>MS-ESS3-5              |
|                         | <ul> <li>Understand how natural hazards can be predicted and how human activities affect<br/>Earth systems.</li> </ul>  |      | MS-ESS3-2<br>MS-ESS3-3<br>MS-ESS3-4              |
| Engineering Design      | <ul> <li>A successful student can:</li> <li>Use engineering designs to define problems, develop solutions and optimize solutions to a problem in physical science, life science and Earth and space science.</li> </ul> |      | MS-ETS1-1<br>MS-ETS1-2<br>MS-ETS1-3<br>MS-ETS1-4 |

## Measuring Social-Emotional Character Development

Social-emotional character development (SECD) is paramount to student learning and school improvement. When students are supported to enhance their social and emotional learning (SEL) skills, they also improve their academic and career outcomes.<sup>1</sup>

#### SECD + SEL = SEG

SECD are the Social Emotional Character Development standards for Kansas schools. SEL is the process by which children and adults learn how to understand and manage emotions, develop care and concern for others, set and achieve positive goals, and make responsible decisions. Together SECD and SEL result in SEG, social emotional growth.

Kansas schools have started to develop and track students' social and emotional learning as an indicator of student success within accountability models. In Kansas K-12 education, SECD is embedded into the Kansas Education Systems Accreditation (KESA) and Kansas School Redesign. The following information can help guide Kansas schools as they seek ways to measure that growth.

#### **SEL** is Strengths Based

SEL assessment requires a strengths-based approach: that is, assessment focuses on knowledge and use of skills that are actively taught and supported in the school setting. These SEG measures and the goal of assessment is distinct from screening for risk for mental and behavioral health needs. A strengths-based approach proactively builds on the strengths and skills individuals possess to foster further development of competencies, just as educators do for any other academic content area. In parallel, the assessment of adult-driven SEL practices

must be strengths based, focusing on methods for being proactive in holistically supporting young people's social, emotional, and academic development.

Assessment of social and emotional competencies helps paint a fuller picture of youth's capabilities and needs, while assessment of adult SE competencies and practices, as well as school climate and culture, paint a fuller picture of the support youth are given to gain and express these competencies. As widespread implementation of SEL practices gains traction, SEL data are increasingly available in multiple forms. Available data speak to culture and climate of settings, effective implementation of SEL programs and practices, and growth in individuals' development of social and emotional competencies.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Farrington et al.

<sup>2012;</sup> Gayl, 2017; Heckman, 2008; West et al.

<sup>2016).</sup> These skills may also be malleable and amenable to intervention (Durlak, Weissberg, Dymnicki, Taylor, and Schellinger, 2011; What Works Clearinghouse, 2007

Measuring SEL, CASEL 2019

#### Data and Measuring SECD

Regarding data, Kansas school communities are encouraged to:<sup>3</sup>

- Be proficient in collecting, interpreting and analyzing data;
- Utilize multiple measures;
- Implement programs that are evidenced based:
- Become aware of all the sources of data available; and
- Be able to show how intentional interventions increase skill acquisition.

Schools should capitalize on their local experts, such as counselors, social workers, school psychologists, and early childhood educators, who are uniquely trained in social emotional development and the impact of community context in nurturing development. These professionals are positioned to help educational communities build capacity in adult SEL competencies, teaching, and measuring SECD.

## Three Types of Collectable Data

There are essentially three types of increasingly rigorous SECD data that schools may collect: Process Data, Perception Data, and Outcome Data.

## **PROCESS DATA:** What was done for whom?

- Evidence that the social emotional learning lessons occurred;
- How the social emotional learning lesson or activity was conducted;
- How many students were involved in core lessons (Tier 1);
- How many students also received Tier 2 or Tier 3 intervention

#### Examples of process data:

- 33 staff were trained in the ABC SEL curriculum
- 3 lessons on bullying were taught in every class, 6-8th grade;
- 98% of key elements on the lesson plan were addressed (good fidelity of implementation);
- 201 of 204 students participated in the core lesson(s) and 3 were absent;
- 15 students participated in small group assertive skills intervention as well;
- 5 students participated in Cognitive Behavioral Intervention for Trauma in Schools (CBITS)

# **PERCEPTION DATA:** What do people think they know, believe or can do? How do they feel their environment supports or impedes them?

- Measures perception of climate and culture;
- Measures what students or adults are perceived to have gained in knowledge, skills, attitudes or beliefs

#### Examples of perception data:

- 89% of students reported seeing bullying at school on the Kansas Communities That Care Survey;
- 78% of students said that adults do "nothing" or "I'm not certain" in response to bullying;
- After training, 92% of teachers said they felt confident delivering the curriculum;
- After the bullying lessons, 69% of students believed they could implement one strategy to combat bullying (student perception, belief);
- After the bullying lessons, 95% of students said bullying is unacceptable (attitude);
- After assertive skills lessons, 89%
   of teachers felt that students were
   implementing strategies to be upstanders
   and reduce bullying (teacher perception of
   student skills);
- After teaching conflict resolution lessons, 78% of teachers said they were more likely to address conflict and potential bullying situations (teacher perception of adult skills);

<sup>3</sup>Adapted from Dr. Sharon Sevier, Chair of the Board, American School Counselor Association, Rockwood R-VI School District, Lafayette High School, Missouri; Data and Advocacy: A Step by Step Approach. 2014.



**OUTCOME DATA:** What is the impact on development, learning and wellbeing? Are we seeing growth in knowledge and performance/behaviors?

- Demonstrates a change in knowledge and/or skill in action;
- Demonstrates whether the program has/has not impacted the student's ability to utilize new knowledge, attitudes, behaviors, skills;
- Demonstrates whether or not change has occurred in climate and culture

Examples of Outcome data:

- Immediate Examples (pre/post):
- Before the bullying lessons 56% of students could correctly report
  the signs of bullying and after the bullying lessons, 98% of students
  correctly reported the signs of bullying (demonstrated knowledge
  increase);
- After the bullying lessons, 95% of students effectively demonstrated one strategy to address bullying (skill performance);

Intermediate Examples (quarter/semester/year):

- "Before the bullying lessons 50 cases of bullying were reported for the quarter; after the lessons, there were only 10 cases for the quarter."
- 82% of staff showed growth on the Adult SE Competency Self-Assessment from first to second semester.
- Long-range Examples (showing impact over time, i.e. CORE data):
- "On the Kansas Communities That Care survey, 20% fewer students reported witnessing bullying this year over last year. This correlated with decreases in depression and not feeling safe at school, and an increase in average GPA for these grade levels."

## Measuring Growth: Three Key Categories of SECD Data

Social emotional growth (SEG) results from the interplay of (a) proactive teaching and learning of social emotional skills and competencies, (b) a supportive culture and climate, and (c) a clear improvement cycle used by schools. We can teach skills, but if the culture allows little opportunity for practice throughout the day, and the climate is negative and deficit-focused or we ignore addressing mental health concerns, those skills may be difficult for students to put into action. Therefore, these three key categories of SECD Data are recommended when developing a robust approach to measuring SEG locally:

- 1. **VALIDATED STRENGTHS-BASED MEASURES**. For example, these often come with an evidence-based Social Emotional Learning curriculum to show attainment of knowledge, skills and behaviors that are being taught. These measures are usually either in the form of *perception data* or *outcome data* focused on knowledge or performance of skills/behavior.
- 2. **CULTURE AND CLIMATE**. Validated School Climate Data. For example, the Kansas Communities That Care survey obtains student perception data about school climate; likewise, the Kansas Family Engagement Survey obtains caregiver *perception data* about school climate. School Culture Data is often represented by "On-Track" Indicators such as: attendance, office discipline referrals and suspensions/expulsions, and course grades. Evidence of strong implementation of SEL curriculum may also be considered in this category.
- 3. **CLEAR IMPROVEMENT CYCLE DATA**. A responsive school has a consistent, system-wide process for reviewing Strengths-based Skill Measures against Culture and Climate data while screening for risk to get students additional supports they may need. A clear improvement cycle results in adaptations at the individual level to support students in need, and adjustments at the systems level to ensure a healthy culture and climate that fosters equity, learning and wellbeing.

Here is a listing of commonly collected SECD data sources and how they may relate to these three key categories.

| Commonly Collected Data <sup>4</sup>                        | SOURCES AND CATEGORY  | CATEGORY                |
|---|---|-------------------------|
| SECD/SEL skill mastery                                      | Self, Teacher, Parent, Peer or Observer Rating or Other Assessment Tools commonly provided in evidence-based SEL curricula and programs   | Strengths-based Measure |
| SEL Fidelity of Implementation and Adult Competencies tools | Commonly provided in evidence-based SEL curricula and programs  | Culture and climate     |
| Absenteeism   | School records  | Culture and climate     |
| Retention in grade  | School records  | Culture and climate     |
| Suspensions,<br>Office Discipline Referrals                 | School records  | Culture and climate     |
| Grades,<br>Academic performance                             | School records, state assessments and other content formative assessments   | Culture and climate     |
| School climate perceptions                                  | Kansas Communities That Care Survey (KCTC), Family Engagement Survey (FES) or other student, family and/or staff survey   | Culture and climate     |
| School engagement   | School Surveys or Tools, such as the KCTC or Psychological Sense of School Membership<br>Scale (PSSM)   | Culture and climate     |
| Behavioral or<br>mental health risk                         | Universal Screeners, such as: • BASC-BESS (Behavior Assessment System for Children-Behavioral and Emotional Screening System) SAEBRS (Social, Academic, Emotional Behavior Risk Screener) | Clear improvement cycle |
|   | <ul> <li>SRSS-IE (Student Risk Screening Scale – Internalizing and Externalizing)</li> </ul>  |                         |
|   | SDQ (Strength and Difficulties Questionnaire)   |                         |
|   | <ul> <li>The Ages and Stages Questionnaires (ASQ-3 and ASQ-SE2)</li> </ul>  |                         |
|   | Mental health screeners such as:     SCAS (Spanse Children's Applicate Scale)   |                         |
|   | <ul><li>SCAS (Spence Children's Anxiety Scale)</li><li>Self, Teacher, Parent, Peer or Observer Rating or Survey</li></ul>   |                         |
|   | • Diagnostic tools as needed  |                         |

<sup>4</sup> Adapted from Hanover Research, 2018.

#### Measuring Employability Skills

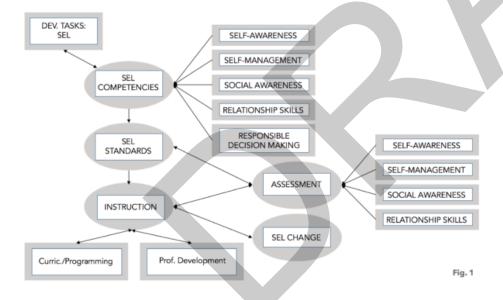
It is important that schools and districts measure the essential employability skills and knowledge that students gain from Work-Based Learning (WBL) experiences and give students an opportunity to document and reflect on their learning. The assessment and reflection process is critical in that it:

- Helps students make personal connections to their experiences.
- Guides the learning process and deepens/extends the learning from the WBL experience.
- Allows students to see how academic and technical skills are applied in authentic settings.
- Provides a tool for students to self-assess their employability skills and areas of improvement.
- Promotes the need for and completion of postsecondary training.

Additionally, measurement of student learning from WBL experiences provides schools and districts with data that inform continuous improvement of the quality of WBL experiences for all students. Schools and districts can use this data for multiple purposes aimed at improving the system at all levels. This includes measuring graduating students' career readiness; systematically determining gaps in employability skills acquisition to improve WBL experiences and academics at the student level and/or schoolwide; and reviewing the quality of WBL experiences across individual business and industry partners.

Please find the complete guide to measuring employability and work-based learning at: Measuring Employability Skills.5

How Assessing SECD/SEL Flows with the Overall SECD/SEL Program<sup>6</sup>



## GRADE BAND 6-8

#### Resources

The following resources align with the State Board Goal of "Measuring SECD/SEL Locally" and provide examples of how to collect SECD/SEL data at the district, building and student levels.

#### Measuring SECD Toolkit<sup>7</sup>

This document summarizes examples of how to collect and utilize SECD data to drive decision making. Please check back closer to the beginning of school as it will be revised and posted.

#### Kansas Communities That Care Survey 8

The Kansas Communities That Care (KCTC) is the best tool for assessing student perceptions around SEL and all Kansas schools are encouraged to utilize it.

#### Assessment Guide for SEL (CASEL)9

CASEL is the preeminent authority for developing, implementing and measuring SEL.

#### Measuring Employability Skills<sup>5</sup>

For the first time KSDE has developed a document that helps schools learn how to assess and measure student employability and work-based learning skills.

#### <u>Likert Scale for SECD Student Growth</u>

#### Measure<sup>10</sup>

An example of how to measure individual student SECD skills.

### Reflecting on Adult SE Competencies Personal Assessment and Reflection Tool 11

This tool from CASEL provides a framework and process for staff to reflect on their own social and emotional growth.

#### Trauma-informed Toolkit<sup>12</sup>

This toolkit will help schools address trauma experienced by student, staff and families as a result of the current pandemic crisis.

Trauma, Toxic Stress, and Caregiver Well-Being: Practices for Fostering Resilience in Children/Youth and Caregivers (TASN)<sup>13</sup>
This TASN document addresses how to provide assistance for trauma, toxic stress, resilience and caregiver wellbeing.

<sup>7</sup> https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/CSAS/Content%20Area%20(M-Z)/School%20Counseling/Soc\_Emot\_Char\_Dev/Measuring%20SECD%20Toolkit.pdf?ver=2017-02-16-094209-983

<sup>8 &</sup>lt;a href="http://kctcdata.org/">http://kctcdata.org/</a>

<sup>9 &</sup>lt;u>https://measuringsel.casel.org/access-assessment-guide/</u>

<sup>10</sup> https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/CSAS/Content%20Area%20(M-Z)/School%20Counseling/Soc\_Emot\_Char\_Dev/Likert%20Scale%20for%20SECD%20Student%20Growth%20Measure\_pdf?ver=2015-02-24-121600-343

<sup>11</sup> https://schoolguide.casel.org/focus-area-2/learn/reflecting-on-personal-sel-skills/

<sup>12 &</sup>lt;a href="https://www.transformingeducation.org/trauma-informed-sel-toolkit/">https://www.transformingeducation.org/trauma-informed-sel-toolkit/</a>

<sup>13 &</sup>lt;u>https://ksdetasn.org/smhi</u>

# **SECD**

SECD Classification COMPETENCY CODE **STANDARDS** 

#### Character **Development: Core Principles**

#### A successful student can:

- Understand and demonstrate appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and the impact it has on others in all communities.
- Create clear and consistent expectations of good character in all settings.
- Analyze the characteristics of caring relationships, hurtful relationships, and identify trusting adults.
- Practice active listening.
- Utilize multiple media and technologies:
  - Ethically and respectfully.
  - Evaluate its effectiveness.
  - Assesses its impact.
- Differentiate behavior as bullying or not and can model positive peer interactions that are void of bullying behaviors.
- Analyze how a bystander can be part of the problem or part of the solution by becoming an "upstander."
- Apply empathic concern and tries to understand the perspective or point of view of others.

#### Responsible Decision-Making and Problem-Solving

- Manage safe and unsafe situations.
- Monitor how responsible decision-making affects progress toward achieving goals.
- Recognize the consequences of sexting and sexual behavior, including sexual consent and the inability of minors to give consent.
- Recognize how, when and who to ask for help.
- Monitor factors that will inhibit or advance effective time management.
- Analyze their daily schedule of school work and activities for effectiveness and efficiency.
- Construct and model classroom expectations and routines.
- Compare and contrast behaviors that do or do not support positive classroom management.
- Identify specific feelings about a problem and apply appropriate self-regulation skills.
- Identify, state and demonstrate problem-solving processes.
- Understand resiliency and how to make adjustments and amendments to the plan.

SECD Classification COMPETENCY CODE STANDARDS

# Personal Development: Self-Awareness

#### A successful student can:

- A successful student can:
- Critically reflect on common emotions and effective behavioral responses.
- Recognize common stressors and the degree of emotion experienced (for example, in face-to-face or electronic communication.
- Analyze personality traits, personal strengths, weaknesses, interests and abilities.
- Identify resources for problem-solving (additional print and electronic resources or specific subject problem-solving models).
- Identify external supports (for example, friends, inspirational characters in literature, historical figures and media representations).
- Recognize how behavioral choices impact success.
- Identify self-enhancement, self-preservation and self-help strategies.

#### Self-Management

- Identify multiple techniques to manage stress and maintain confidence.
- Recognize the impact of personal care.
- Practice effective communication (for example, listening, reflecting and responding).
- Recognize logical fallacies, bias, hypocrisy, contradiction, distortion and rationalization.
- Demonstrate and describe personal responsibilities to self, others and the environment (for example, friends, family, school, community, state, country, culture and the world).
- Analyze the personal impact of helping others.
- Analyze experiences that shape their perspective and demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings and situations.
- Utilize external supports and describe common and creative strategies for overcoming or mitigating obstacles.
- Analyze the factors that lead to the achievement of school and personal goals, including the effect personal habits and meaningful practice have on that achievement.

#### Social Development: Social Awareness

- Identify a range of emotions in others based on verbal and nonverbal cues in different situations.
- Demonstrate respect and empathy for other people's perspectives.
- Practice strategies for accepting and respecting similarities and differences, including "perspective taking" as a strategy.
- Demonstrate a growth mindset and a willingness to integrate diverse points of view.

#### SECD Classification COMPETENCY CODE STANDARDS

#### Interpersonal Skills

- Monitor how facial expressions, body language and tone impact interactions and can determine when and how to respond to the needs of others, demonstrating empathy, respect and compassion.
- Engage in advocacy and/or refusal skills during times of bullying, harassment, intimidation or abusive behavior.
- Identify appropriate and inappropriate uses of social and other media and the potential repercussions and implications.
- Understand how safe and risky behaviors affect relationships, one's health and well-being and understands effective responses.
- Respond in a healthy manner to peer pressure against self and others.
- Evaluate how self-regulation and relationships impact life.
- Identify the impact of social media in relationships.
- Identify the role and needs of self and others when managing and resolving conflict in a constructive manner.
- Practice active listening and respectful communication skills.
- Reflect on previous experiences to gain conflict management skills.

# **Humanities**

Academic subject areas that describe, study or inform the human experience, which includes, but is not limited to, literature, history, philosophy, visual arts and performing arts.

| Humanities     | COMPETENCY   |
|----------------|--|
| Classification | COMPETENCY CODE STANDARDS  |
| ELA            | A successful student can:  • ·Interpret an author's purpose and intent in complex text.  |
|                | Adapt speech and writing to enhance or refine a message.   |
|                | • ·Interpret, acquire and use words precisely.   |
|                | • ·Produce a well-developed argument.  |
|                | Analyze sources for credibility and relevance.   |
| HGSS           | A successful student can:  |
|                | <ul> <li>Investigate examples of choices, asking questions and making claims about their consequences<br/>on contemporary issues.</li> </ul>                     |
|                | <ul> <li>Investigate the rights and responsibilities of individuals, making claims and using evidence to<br/>make connections to contemporary issues.</li> </ul> |
|                | <ul> <li>Investigate the way societies are shaped and make claims supported with evidence and<br/>argument.</li> </ul>   |
|                | <ul> <li>Understanding of continuity and change to investigate contemporary issues using evidence<br/>and argument.</li> </ul>                                   |
|                | <ul> <li>Investigate and connect historical, economic and geographic relationships to contemporary<br/>issues using evidence and argument.</li> </ul>            |
|                |  |



| Humanities<br>Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE | STANDARDS |
|------------------------------|---|------|-----------|
| SECD                         |   |      |           |
| Character Development:       | A successful student can:   |      |           |
| Core Principles              | <ul> <li>Understand and demonstrate appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and the impact it has on others in all communities</li> <li>Create clear and consistent expectations of good character in all settings.</li> <li>Analyze the characteristics of caring relationships, hurtful relationships, and identify trusting adults.</li> </ul> |      |           |

#### Responsible Decision-Making and Problem-Solving

- Practice active listening.
- Utilize multiple-media and technologies ethically, respectfully, evaluate its effectiveness and assesses its impact.
- Differentiate behavior as bullying or not and can model positive peer interactions that are void of bullying behaviors.
- Analyze how a bystander can be part of the problem or part of the solution by becoming an "upstander."
- Apply empathic concern and tries to understand the perspective or point of view of others.
- Manage safe and unsafe situations.
- Monitor how responsible decision making affects progress towards achieving goals.
- Recognize the consequences of sexting and sexual behavior, including sexual consent and the inability of minors to give consent.
- · Recognize how, when and who to ask for help.
- Monitor factors that will inhibit or advance effective time management.
- Analyze their daily schedule of school work and activities for effectiveness and efficiency.
- Construct and model classroom expectations and routines.
- Compare and contrast behaviors that do or do not support positive classroom management.
- Identify specific feelings about a problem and apply appropriate self-regulation skills.
- Identify, state and demonstrate problem-solving processes.
- Understand resiliency and how to make adjustments and amendments to the plan.

| 0-8                          |   |      |           |
|------------------------------|---|------|-----------|
| Humanities<br>Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE | STANDARDS |
| SECD                         |   |      |           |
| Personal Development:        | A successful student can:   |      |           |
| Self-Awareness               | <ul> <li>Critically reflect on common emotions and effective behavioral responses</li> <li>Recognize common stressors and the degree of emotion experienced (for example, in to-face or electronic communication).</li> <li>Analyze personality traits, personal strengths, weaknesses, interests and abilities.</li> <li>Identify resources for problem-solving (additional print and electronic resources or spe subject problem-solving models)</li> <li>Recognize how behavioral choices impact success</li> <li>Identify self-enhancement, self-preservation and self-help strategies.</li> </ul>  |      |           |
| Self-Management              | <ul> <li>Identify multiple techniques to manage stress and maintain confidence</li> <li>Recognize the impact of personal care.</li> <li>Practice effective communication (for example, listening, reflecting and responding).</li> <li>Recognize logical fallacies, bias, hypocrisy, contradiction, distortion and rationalization.</li> <li>Demonstrate and describe personal responsibilities to self, others and the environmen example, friends, family, school, community, state, country, culture and the world).</li> <li>Analyze the personal impact of helping others.</li> <li>Analyze experiences that shape their perspective and demonstrate empathy in a variet settings and situations.</li> <li>Utilize external supports and describe common and creative strategies for overcoming</li> </ul> | y of |           |

• Analyze the factors that lead to the achievement of school and personal goals, including the

effect personal habits and meaningful practice have on that achievement.

mitigating obstacles.

| Humanities<br>Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE         | STANDARD: |
|------------------------------|---|--------------|-----------|
| SECD                         |   |              |           |
| Social Development:          | A successful student can:   |              |           |
| Social Awareness             | <ul> <li>Identify a range of emotions in others based on verbal and non-verbal cues in different situations.</li> <li>Demonstrate respect and empathy for other people's perspectives.</li> <li>Practice strategies for accepting and respecting similarities and differences, including "perspective-taking" as a strategy.</li> <li>Demonstrate a growth mindset and a willingness to integrate diverse points of view.</li> </ul>  |              |           |
| Interpersonal Skills         | <ul> <li>Monitor how facial expressions, body language and tone impact interactions and can determine when and how to respond to the needs of others, demonstrating empathy, r and compassion.</li> <li>Engage in advocacy and/or refusal skills during times of bullying, harassment, intimidatic abusive behavior.</li> <li>Understand how safe and risky behaviors affect relationships, one's health and well-beir and understands effective responses.</li> <li>Identify the role and needs of self and others when managing and resolving conflict in a constructive manner.</li> <li>Respond in a healthy manner to peer-pressure against self and others.</li> <li>Evaluate how self-regulation and relationships impact your life.</li> <li>Identify the impact of social media in relationships.</li> <li>Identify the role and needs of self and others when managing and resolving conflict in a constructive manner.</li> <li>Practice active listening and respectful communication skills.</li> <li>Reflect on previous experiences to gain conflict management skills.</li> </ul> | on or<br>ng, |           |

# GRADE BAND 6-8

# **STEAM**

Academic subject areas that facilitate inquiry, creation and analysis, which includes, but is not limited to, science, technology, engineering, the arts and mathematics. Arts integration enhances expression, dialogue and critical thinking.

STEAM Classification

**COMPETENCY** 

CODE

**STANDARDS** 

#### **Mathematics**

- Make sense of problems and:
  - Persevere in solving them.
  - Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
  - Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
  - Model with mathematics.
  - Use appropriate tools strategically.
  - Attend to precision.
  - Look for and make use of structure.
  - Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.
- Understand and analyze proportional relationships and use them to make sense of and solve problems using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.
- Apply number sense and mathematical operations within number systems to solve problems using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.
- Create, interpret, use and analyze patterns of algebraic structures to make sense of problems using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.
- Use functions to interpret and analyze a variety of contexts using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.
- Prove, understand and model geometric concepts using appropriate tools and theorems to solve problems and apply logical reasoning using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.
- Use a variety of data analysis and statistics strategies to analyze, develop and evaluate inferences based on data using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

STEAM Classification COMPETENCY CODE STANDARDS

#### Science

- Use engineering designs to define problems, develop solutions and optimize solutions to a problem in physical science, life science, and Earth and space science.
- Understand the structure, properties and interactions of matter at the molecular scale.
- Understand chemical reactions at the molecular scale.
- Understand the relationships among forces and motion and interactions between objects and within systems of objects.
- Understand how energy is defined, transferred, transformed and conserved by objects and within systems.
- Understand characteristic properties of waves and electromagnetic radiation and how they behave and transmit information.
- Understand the relationship between an organisms' structures, their organization and its life functions, including information processing.
- Understand how organisms use matter and energy and how it flows through an ecosystem.
- Understand how organisms interact within an environment to obtain matter and energy.
- Understand how organisms within an ecosystem use matter and energy to grow, develop and reproduce.
- Understand why the relationship between the environment and genetic variation within a species affects survival and reproduction over time.
- Understand the properties and predictable patterns of objects and phenomena in the universe and our solar system.
- Understand how Earth's conditions and processes and life on Earth have changed over time.
- Understand how Earth materials and the major systems of Earth interact over time.
- Understand the factors and processes that regulate climate and weather on Earth.
- Understand how natural hazards can be predicted and how human activities affect Earth systems.

**STANDARDS** 

#### STEAM Classification COMPETENCY CODE **SECD Character Development:** A successful student can: **Core Principles** Understand and demonstrate appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and the impact it has on others in all communities Create clear and consistent expectations of good character in all settings. Analyze the characteristics of caring relationships, hurtful relationships, and identify trusting adults. Practice active listening. • Utilize multiple-media and technologies ethically, respectfully, evaluate its effectiveness and assesses its impact. Differentiate behavior as bullying or not and can model positive peer interactions that are void of bullying behaviors. • Analyze how a bystander can be part of the problem or part of the solution by becoming an "upstander." • Apply empathic concern and tries to understand the perspective or point of view of others. Manage safe and unsafe situations. Responsible Decision-• Monitor how responsible decision making affects progress towards achieving goals. Making and Problem- Recognize the consequences of sexting and sexual behavior, including sexual consent and the Solving inability of minors to give consent. Recognize how, when and who to ask for help. • Monitor factors that will inhibit or advance effective time management. Analyze their daily schedule of school work and activities for effectiveness and efficiency. Construct and model classroom expectations and routines. • Compare and contrast behaviors that do or do not support positive classroom management. Identify specific feelings about a problem and apply appropriate self-regulation skills.

#### Personal Development:

#### Self-Awareness

#### A successful student can:

Critically reflect on common emotions and effective behavioral responses

• Identify, state and demonstrate problem-solving processes.

- Recognize common stressors and the degree of emotion experienced (for example, in faceto-face or electronic communication).
- Analyze personality traits, personal strengths, weaknesses, interests and abilities.

• Understand resiliency and how to make adjustments and amendments to the plan.

- Identify resources for problem-solving (additional print and electronic resources or specific subject problem-solving models)
- Recognize how behavioral choices impact success
- Identify self-enhancement, self-preservation and self-help strategies.



**STANDARDS** 

| STEAM Classification | COMPETENCY  | CODE |
|----------------------|---|------|
| SECD                 |   |      |
| Self-Management      | <ul> <li>Identify multiple techniques to manage stress and maintain confidence</li> <li>Recognize the impact of personal care.</li> <li>Practice effective communication (for example, listening, reflecting and responding).</li> <li>Recognize logical fallacies, bias, hypocrisy, contradiction, distortion and rationalization.</li> <li>Demonstrate and describe personal responsibilities to self, others and the environment (for example, friends, family, school, community, state, country, culture and the world).</li> <li>Analyze the personal impact of helping others.</li> <li>Analyze experiences that shape their perspective and demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings and situations.</li> <li>Utilize external supports and describe common and creative strategies for overcoming or mitigating obstacles.</li> <li>Analyze the factors that lead to the achievement of school and personal goals, including the effect personal habits and meaningful practice have on that achievement.</li> </ul>   |      |
| Social Development:  | A successful student can:   |      |
| Social Awareness     | <ul> <li>Identify a range of emotions in others based on verbal and non-verbal cues in different situations.</li> <li>Demonstrate respect and empathy for other people's perspectives.</li> <li>Practice strategies for accepting and respecting similarities and differences, including "perspective-taking" as a strategy.</li> <li>Demonstrate a growth mindset and a willingness to integrate diverse points of view.</li> </ul>  |      |
| Interpersonal Skills | <ul> <li>Monitor how facial expressions, body language and tone impact interactions and can determine when and how to respond to the needs of others, demonstrating empathy, respect and compassion.</li> <li>Engage in advocacy and/or refusal skills during times of bullying, harassment, intimidation or abusive behavior.</li> <li>Understand how safe and risky behaviors affect relationships, one's health and well-being, and understands effective responses.</li> <li>Identify the role and needs of self and others when managing and resolving conflict in a constructive manner.</li> <li>Respond in a healthy manner to peer-pressure against self and others.</li> <li>Evaluate how self-regulation and relationships impact your life.</li> <li>Identify the impact of social media in relationships.</li> <li>Identify the role and needs of self and others when managing and resolving conflict in a constructive manner.</li> <li>Practice active listening and respectful communication skills.</li> <li>Reflect on previous experiences to gain conflict management skills.</li> </ul> |      |

# **Specials**

### Specials Classification COMPETENCY CODE STANDARDS

#### **Agriculture**

(Agriculture, Foods and Natural Resources - AFNR)

#### A successful student can:

- A successful student can analyze how issues, trends, technologies and public policies impact systems in the Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources (AFNR) Career Cluster.
- A successful student can evaluate the nature and scope of the AFNR Career Cluster and the role of AFNR in society and the economy.
- A successful student can examine and summarize the importance of health, safety and environmental management systems in AFNR workplaces.
- A successful student can demonstrate stewardship of natural resources in AFNR activities.
- A successful student can describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the AFNR Career Pathways.
- A successful student can analyze the interaction among AFNR systems in the production, processing and management of food, fiber and fuel and the sustainable use of natural resources.

# Architecture and Construction

- A successful student can use vocabulary, symbols and formulas common to architecture and construction.
- A successful student can use architecture and construction skills to create and manage a project.
- A successful student can comply with regulations and applicable codes to establish and manage a legal and safe workplace.
- A successful student can evaluate the nature and scope of the Architecture and Construction Career Cluster and the role of architecture and construction in society and the economy
- A successful student can describe the roles, responsibilities and relationships found in the architecture and construction trades and professions, including labor/management relationships.
- A successful student can read, interpret and use technical drawings, documents and specifications to plan a project.
- A successful student can describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the Architecture and Construction Career Pathways.



| Specials Classification | COMPETENCY | CODE | STANDARDS  |
|-------------------------|------------|------|------------|
| Ducciais Classification | CONTLILING | CODE | CANAARIAIC |

#### **Business Career Field:**

#### A successful student can:

Business Management, Administration and Entrepreneurship

- A successful student can explore opportunities in the various business careers.
- A successful student can construct a solution to managing customer relations.

Finance

• A successful student can estimate mathematical concepts, skills and strategies to manage personal financial resources.

Marketing

- A successful student can research and explain the importance of branding to achieve desired outcomes.
- A successful student can assess processes to determine customer needs and wants.

#### **Dance**

- Communicate learning through creative movement by applying dance skills and language to Explore, Plan and Revise learning through dance by:
  - Exploring, planning and revising ideas.
  - Refining and completing ideas.
- Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and understanding of how dance communicates through Expression, Embodiment and Presentation of their artistic ideas and work for presentation by:
  - Analyzing, interpreting, and selecting dance works for presentation.
  - Realizing, developing and refining dance works for presentation.
- Respond to dance by <u>Analyzing</u>, <u>Interpreting</u> and <u>Critiquing</u> how artworks convey meaning by:
  - Perceiving and analyzing dance. Interpreting intent and meaning of dance.
  - Applying criteria to artistic work.
- Connect, personal meaning and external context to dance by Synthesizing and Relating to works of dance through and during the learning process by:
  - Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to dance.
  - Applying societal, cultural and historical contexts to dance ideas and artistic work.

CODE

**STANDARDS** 

| Specials Classification    | COMPETENCY  |
|----------------------------|---|
| Engineering                | A successful student can:   |
|                            | Use STEM concepts and processes to solve problems involving design and/or production.   |
|                            | Display and communicate STEM information.   |
|                            | Apply processes and concepts for the use of technological tools in STEM.  |
|                            | Apply the elements of the design process.   |
|                            | Apply the knowledge learned in STEM to solve problems.  |
|                            | <ul> <li>Apply the knowledge learned in the study of STEM to provide solutions to human and societal<br/>problems in an ethical and legal manner.</li> </ul>  |
| <b>Family and Consumer</b> |   |
| Sciences (FACS)            | A successful student can:   |
| Wellness                   | • Practice sound communication and conflict resolution with peers and in family settings.   |
|                            | <ul> <li>Analyze food sourcing (e.g. Farm to fork, producer vs purchaser) and basic food preparation with<br/>safety and sanitation practices with accuracy.</li> </ul>   |
|                            | <ul> <li>Demonstrate understanding of lifelong wellness through personal decision-making across the<br/>wellness triangle and identify strategies for promoting wellness in others.</li> </ul>  |
| Sustainability             | <ul> <li>Demonstrate willingness to practice social responsibility related to goods and services, including<br/>care of clothing, household possessions, money management, shared ownership with family<br/>members and community property.</li> </ul>                                      |
| Global Connectiveness      | • Investigate interconnectivity of the world through study of cultures, and lifestyles of people and families (e.G. The food chain, housing access clothing and household goods manufacturing).   |
|                            | <ul> <li>Demonstrate positive people skills with peers, family members and community citizens to create a better society through personal actions (i.E. Leadership, cooperation, decision-making, goal- setting, problem-solving, creativity, management and critical thinking).</li> </ul> |
| Technology                 | Analyze how technology can help and hurt humans across the lifespan.  |
|                            | Illustrate the role of technology and use of equipment in ks fcs field careers.   |



| Specials Classification                   | COMPETENCY   | CODE         | STANDARDS |
|---|--|--------------|-----------|
| Health                                    | A successful student can:  |              |           |
| Health Competencies                       | Comprehend concepts related to health promotion and disease prevention to enhance health.  | PE.MS<br>6.1 |           |
|   | <ul> <li>Analyze the influence of family, peers, culture, media, technology, and other factors on health<br/>behaviors.</li> </ul>   |              |           |
|   | Demonstrate the ability to access valid information, products, and services to enhance health.   |              |           |
|   | • Demonstrate the ability to use interpersonal communication skills to enhance health and avoid or reduce health risks.  |              |           |
|   | Demonstrate the ability to use decision-making skills to enhance health.   |              |           |
|   | Demonstrate the ability to use goal-setting skills to enhance health.  |              |           |
|   | • Demonstrate the ability to practice health-enhancing behaviors and avoid or reduce health risks.   |              |           |
|   | • Demonstrate the ability to advocate for personal, family, and community health.  |              |           |
| Information                               |  |              |           |
| Technology                                | A successful student can:  |              |           |
| Graphic Design and Digital Communications | • Explore present and future uses of graphic design by looking at the present market and predicting trends (i.e. magazines, logos, hang tags, store signage, product and packaging design).        |              |           |
|   | • critique photographic works (including content, composition, and the ability to convey a message or tell a story in a single image).   |              |           |
| Computer Science                          | <ul> <li>Develop and implement a process to evaluate existing computing devices and recommend<br/>improvements to design based on analysis of how other users interact with the device.</li> </ul> |              |           |
|   | <ul> <li>Design algorithms in natural language, flow and control diagrams, comment within code and/or<br/>pseudocode to solve complex problems.</li> </ul>   |              |           |
|   |  |              |           |

#### Specials Classification COMPETENCY

CODE

**STANDARDS** 

#### **Media Arts**

- Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific media arts form to Conceive, Develop and Construct artistic ideas and work by:
  - Generating, conceptualizing and organizing media arts ideas.
  - Refining and completing media ideas.
  - Reflecting upon the process, refining and continuing artistic ideas.
- Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the media arts communicate through their Integration, Practice and Presentation of their artistic ideas and work by:
  - Analyzing, interpreting, and selecting artistic works for presentation.
  - Realizing, developing and refining artistic works for presentation.
- Respond to the media arts by Perceiving, <u>Interpreting</u> and <u>Evaluating</u> how media artworks convey meaning by:
  - Perceiving and analyzing the media.
  - Interpreting intent and meaning of media artworks.
  - Applying criteria to evaluating media artworks.
- Connect personal meaning and external context to the media arts by Synthesizing and Relating through and during the art-making process by:
  - Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to artistic ideas and artistic work.
  - Applying societal, cultural and historical contexts to artistic ideas and artistic work.

Specials Classification COMPETENCY CODE STANDARDS

#### Music

- Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of music to Imagine, Plan and Make musical ideas and work by:
  - Generating, developing, and organizing musical ideas.
- Create by applying the skills and language of music to Evaluate, Refine and Present musical ideas and work by:
  - Reflecting upon and refining musical ideas and work.
  - Presenting original musical ideas and work.
- Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate musical ideas and work through Selection, Analysis and Interpretation by:
  - Selecting musical works based on interest, knowledge, technical skill and context.
  - Analyzing the structure and context of musical works.
  - Developing personal interpretations of musical works.
- Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate through the process of Rehearsing, Evaluating, Refining and Performing musical works by:
  - Evaluating and refining personal and ensemble performances.
  - Performing expressively and accurately with appropriate interpretation.
- Respond to music by Selecting, <u>Analyzing</u>, <u>Interpreting</u> and Evaluating how music conveys meaning by:
  - Selecting musical works for a variety of purposes. Perceiving and analyzing musical works.
  - Interpreting intent and meaning of musical works.
  - Applying criteria to evaluating musical works.
- Connect personal meaning and external context to music through and during the music learning process by:
  - Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to musical ideas and work.
  - Applying societal, cultural and historical contexts to musical ideas and work.

| Specials Classification                          | COMPETENCY  | CODE         | STANDARDS  |
|--|---|--------------|--|
| Physical Education                               |   |              |  |
| (PE)   | A successful student can:   |              |  |
| Rhythms  | • Demonstrate a variety of rhythmic movements while following a pattern with or without a leader and create a routine independently, with a partner or small group.   | PE.MS<br>1.1 | S1. M1   |
| Games and Sports                                 | <ul> <li>Throw an object, demonstrating a mature motor pattern to a moving target during drills and lead-<br/>up games and catch an object, demonstrating a mature motor pattern during drills and lead-up<br/>games.</li> </ul>  | PE.MS<br>2.1 | S1.M2 and<br>M18, S1. M21  |
|  | • Strike an object, demonstrating a mature motor pattern toward a target while under control during drills or lead-up games and volley an object, demonstrating a mature motor pattern during drills or lead-up games, as well as attempt the two-hand overhand pass (set).   | PE.MS<br>2.2 | S1, M12, M13,<br>M14, M15,<br>M19 and M21,<br>S1. M16 and<br>M17 |
|  | • Dribble with hands, demonstrating a mature motor pattern, while changing speeds and directions during drills or lead-up games.  |              | S1. M8   |
|  | • Dribble with feet, demonstrating a mature motor pattern, while changing speeds and directions during drills or lead-up games.   |              | S1. M9   |
| Applies Knowledge                                | Create or reduce space during drills or lead-up games through approach or retreat.  |              | S2. M1, M2,<br>M3, M4, M5<br>and M7                              |
|  | • Vary speed, direction and positioning in order to anticipate the relationship between the object and target during drills or lead-up games.   |              | S2.M8 and M9   |
|  | Select an offensive or defensive tactic during drills or lead-up games.   |              | S2. M10, M12<br>and M13  |
| Knowledge and Skills                             | • Identify the health-related components of fitness and name an activity that improves each one.  |              | S3.M1  |
|  | Create SMART goals and develop a personal fitness program.  |              | <u>S3.M15 and</u><br><u>M16</u>                                  |
|  | Describe the relationship between poor nutrition and health risk factors.   |              | S3, M17  |
|  | Recognize situations that produce stress and perform stress-reducing activities.  |              | S3, M18  |
| Responsibility and Value of<br>Physical Activity | <ul> <li>Show respect to equipment, facilities, self, and others; accept feedback appropriately; provide encouragement to classmates of varying skill levels and participate cooperatively; respond appropriately to conflict; understand the rules and etiquette for physical activities and games; come to class prepared; and participate safely and appropriately.</li> </ul> |              | S4, M1, M2,<br>M3, M4, M5,<br>M6 and M7                          |
|  | Explain the importance of benefits gained through lifelong participation in physical activity.  |              | S5. M2 and<br>M4   |

Specials Classification COMPETENCY CODE **STANDARDS** 

#### **Visual Arts**

#### Visual Arts Competencies

- Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific visual arts form to Investigate, Plan and Make artistic ideas and work by:
  - Generating, conceptualizing, and organizing artistic ideas.
  - Refining and completing artistic ideas.
- Create by applying the skills and language of a specific visual arts form to Reflect, Refine and Continue with artistic ideas and work by:
  - Reflecting upon the process, refining and continuing artistic ideas.
- Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the visual arts communicate through their Selection, Analyzation and Sharing of their artistic ideas and work for presentation by:
  - Analyzing, interpreting, and selecting artistic works for presentation.
  - Realizing, developing and refining artistic works for presentation.
- Respond to the visual arts by Perceiving, Analyzing and Interpreting how artworks convey meaning
  - Perceiving and analyzing artistic work. Interpreting intent and meaning of artistic work.
  - Applying criteria to artistic work.
- Connect personal meaning and external context to the visual arts by Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing, and Interpreting works of art through and during the art-making process by:
  - Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to artistic ideas and artistic work.
  - Applying societal, cultural and historical contexts to artistic ideas and artistic work.



# **Special Education**

In general, it is expected that children with disabilities will achieve these competencies with the support of special education services, related services and supplementary aids and services specified in an Individualized Education Program (IEP) or 504 Plan. In addition, IEP teams have authority to modify curriculum and to set educational goals to enable children with disabilities to make appropriate educational progress in light of each child's unique circumstances. The modified curriculum and educational goals set by an IEP team for an individual child with a disability might be different than the outcomes expected of other students. When, and to the extent, educational goals specified in an IEP are different than the competencies described in this document, the successful student can achieve the educational goals specified in their IEP.

# Students in Special Education and the Competencies

Navigating Change 2020: Kansas' Guide to Competency-Based Learning and School Safety Operations (2015) is designed to lead the way we meet students' needs by allowing students to demonstrate mastery of their learning in a variety of ways. Therefore, all students in Special Education will access core grade-band competencies.

Students in Special Education need to be able to access instruction that will prepare them to meet grade-level competencies. Access to core content (Tier 1) is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. To address skill deficits needed to access core content (Tier 1), some students will also require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or a tiered system of support.

Kansas Multi-Tiered System of Supports and Alignment (2015) is an evidenced-based framework used in Kansas schools for organizing and providing a tiered instructional continuum to support learning for all students, including students with disabilities. Kansas MTSS and Alignment supports access to core instruction for all students with differentiated instruction as needed to enable every learner to achieve high standards. Tiered interventions, in addition to core instruction, are recommended when it is necessary to address skill deficits. We contend all students are general education students, including students with the most significant cognitive disabilities

Furthermore, students should not be hindered in learning grade-band content. For example, a student who has learning gaps either due to their disability and/or lack of exposure will not be limited solely to the attainment of prerequisite skills. Therefore, high-quality instruction, accommodations, and modifications should provide the differentiation needed for students to access this grade-level content. High-quality instruction involves a scaffold or strategy to access or attach new learning. High-quality instruction does not repeatedly focus on the same skill, lesson content or information introduced in the general education classroom.

Moreover, standards guide the goals for Individualized Education Programs (IEPs). IEP goals require specially designed instruction to address the learning gap and advance the student's current level of functioning. Therefore, Special Education goals should not replace the grade-level curriculum taught in the general education classroom.

Some students will require accommodations in order to demonstrate mastery of the competencies. Accommodations are changes in procedures or materials that ensure equitable access to instructional and assessment content. Accommodations may be embedded (digitally-provided) or nonembedded (locally provided). These are generally available for students for whom there is a documented need on an IEP, Section 504 plan or Individual Learning Plan (ILP) Accommodations should be individualized for each student; more does not equate to better. Some examples are listed Table 1 below:



Table 1: Common Accommodations and Categories

| COMMON ACCOMMODATIONS                                   | CATEGORIES   |
|---|--|
| Provide Access to Grade-Level<br>Content                |  |
| Adjust Level of Material                                | • Reduce complexity to student's ability level (text, vocabulary, sentence structure, questions, simplify directions, etc.   |
| Provide Tools for Organization of<br>Information        | <ul> <li>Organize information presented, such as provide a detailed model to follow during multiple-step procedures (e.g.</li> <li>task schedule, process, prewriting, graphic organizer, etc.</li> <li>Provide digital and non-digital tools to facilitate student organization</li> <li>Use graph paper, paper with vertical lines or raised-line paper for alignment of problems</li> </ul>   |
| Provide More Opportunities for<br>Practice/Exposure     | <ul> <li>Multiple exposures until mastery</li> <li>Front load prerequisite information</li> <li>Code text to enhance background knowledge</li> <li>Provide questions or cues to student in advance</li> <li>Reinforce directions (students repeat, number list for multiple steps, etc.</li> <li>Additional time for verbal response, assignments, and assessments</li> <li>Allow for processing with peers before production</li> <li>Consistent, distributed practice with vocabulary (academic vocab, Tier 2 vocabulary words)</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Text sets (multiple pieces of text on same topic to deepen understanding)</li> </ul> |
| Focus information to key<br>Information/Skills          | <ul> <li>Chunk assignments/assessments</li> <li>Highlight or emphasize critical information</li> <li>Eliminate repetitive practice when mastery is shown</li> <li>Reduce volume of writing and copying in favor of quality</li> <li>Reduce number of choices on multiple choice assessments</li> <li>Spelling is not penalized</li> </ul>  |
| Vary and Pair Modalities when<br>Presenting Information | <ul> <li>Pair visual, auditory, and tactile cues</li> <li>Orally assess understanding</li> <li>Offer student voice and choice (Visual, Auditory, Kinesthetic/Tactile)</li> </ul>   |

Detailed information about the use of accommodations for instruction and assessment of all students can be found in the How to Select, Administer and Evaluate Use of Accommodations for Instruction and Assessment of all Students (2020) guidance document located at <a href="https://www.ksdetasn.org/resources/2283">https://www.ksdetasn.org/resources/2283</a>

One way to ensure students have access to core (Tier 1) content is to intentionally create a plan for differentiating the content to meet the student's needs. The National Center on Intensive Intervention has created a planning template built on the seven dimensions of intervention intensity (<a href="https://intensiveintervention.org/sites/default/files/Student\_Intervention\_Plan\_508.pdf">https://intensiveintervention.org/sites/default/files/Student\_Intervention\_Plan\_508.pdf</a>).

This template assists with planning and documenting the dimensions of intervention for small groups and individual students. The Taxonomy of Intervention Intensity (2017) developed by the National Center on Intensive Intervention identified seven dimensions that support educators in evaluating and building intervention intensity: strength, dosage, alignment, attention to transfer, comprehensiveness, behavioral support, and individualization (<a href="https://intensiveintervention.org/taxonomy-intervention-intensity">https://intensiveintervention.org/taxonomy-intervention-intensity</a>).

It is important to recognize students who receive Special Education Services and Supports have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content areas (Tier 1) with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports make it possible for them to do so.

# Students who Have the Most Significant Disabilities

All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Students who have the most significant cognitive disabilities mostly take the alternate assessments and may need content aligned to alternate academic achievement standards. These standards are aligned with the general education content standards with reduced depth, breadth, and complexity. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the learning targets and measurement tables for this population align to the alternate academic achievement standards.

Students who have the most significant cognitive disabilities, who are eligible for an alternate assessment, work from the alternate academic achievement standards. The DLM Essential Elements (2020) allow students access to instruction aligned to grade level academic content. Goals and instruction listed in the IEP for these students are linked to the enrolled grade level DLM Essential Elements (2020). Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. Students who demonstrate mastery of level 3 or 4 competencies may not be appropriately challenged when working from the Essential Elements. Providing a continuum between the level 4 skill on the Essential Elements Competency Rubric and the level 1 skill on the Competency Rubric (2019) for each grade band will assist those students in the transition to the Kansas competencies/state standards.

Students who have a most significant cognitive disability must have access to grade level academic standards. This can be accomplished through the Kansas MTSS Alignment for all students. In this delivery system, supplemental special education supports simplify, magnify, and modify what is taught in the general education classroom. For students receiving Tier 1 support with their general education peers, the instruction should be focused on priority learning targets. Navigating Change 2020: Kansas Guide to Competency-Based Learning and School Safety Operations (2015) has identified the primary or essential learning targets in the Competency Rubrics. The Essential Elements Competency Rubrics (2017) provide learning targets aligned to the Essential Elements. While the learning targets differ in depth, breadth, and complexity, the overarching competencies remain the same. Using the identified primary learning targets, students who have a most significant cognitive disability can be educated in an inclusive environment during core (Tier 1) instruction. Tier 2 and Tier 3 instruction should focus on providing the additional instruction essential for closing the gap for students. Instruction could be delivered in homogenous small groups or in some cases, individualized instruction, as intensity of need increases.

## References

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NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band 6 - 8

# **Assessment**

# **Executive Summary**

This section of the guidance document seeks to support educators as they consider ways to develop, refine and/or implement a comprehensive, balanced and cohesive approach to meaningfully assess student learning in a competency-based model. When thinking about mastery, a multiple-measures approach can be useful and may include a variety of assessments, ranging from the use of rubrics that focus on the depth of a student's understanding to nationally normed assessments by age and/or ability to state accountability assessment systems. What follows as guidance to consider may be best conceptualized by thinking of it from the perspective of assessing student learning.

GRADE BAND

# Performance-Based Assessment and the Use of Rubrics

- Continuity and Comprehensive Approach: The grade-band teams from Phase I of this project developed both the competencies and a set of performance-based "I can ..." rubrics.
  - SECD, specials, electives and CTE are also included for your consideration and inclusion in assessing broader STEAM and Humanities competencies.
- Interpretation of Performance Levels: These rubrics contain four performance levels that include "I can ..." statements that intend to reflect the various stages of what students know and are able to do through progressive depths of each competency. Ideally, students move to and through each of the levels from left to right, but this may take place at different times for each student. Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) is included as a familiar reference to help support the development of instruction in a leveled manner.
  - Level 1 may be thought of as introducing or beginning/DOK: Recall and Reproduce
  - Level 2 may be thought of as developing or emerging/DOK: Application and Reasoning
  - **Level 3** may be thought of as demonstrating or creating/DOK: Strategic Thinking
  - Level 4 may be thought of as extending or enriching/DOK: Extended Thinking

**NOTE:** Levels 1-4 are not intended to predict Kansas State Assessment scores.





# **Levels Explanation**

Webb's Depth of Knowledge: Use to Align "A successful student can ..." Statements to Appropriate Performance Level

| Performance Level | I can  |                    |
|-------------------|--|--------------------|
| Level 1           | <ul> <li>Recall and Reproduction</li> <li>Recall a fact, term, definition, principle or concept; perform a simple procedure.</li> <li>Items typically specify what the student is to do, which is often to carry out some procedure that can be performed mechanically.</li> <li>Recall of a fact, information, definition, term or performance of a process or procedure.</li> </ul>  |                    |
| Level 2           | <ul> <li>Basic Application of Skills and Concepts</li> <li>Apply conceptual knowledge: <ul> <li>Use provided information to select appropriate procedures for a task.</li> <li>Perform two or more steps with decision points along the way.</li> <li>Solve routine problems; organize or display data.</li> <li>Interpret or use simple graphs.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Items require students to make some decisions as to how to approach the question or problem. These actions imply more than one mental or cognitive process/step.</li> <li>Includes the engagement of some mental processing beyond recalling or reproducing a response.</li> </ul>   |                    |
| Level 3           | <ul> <li>Strategic Thinking</li> <li>Apply reasoning, using evidence, and developing a plan to approach or solve abstract, complex or nonroutine problems; interpret information and provide justification when more than one approach is possible.</li> <li>Items require students to justify the responses they give and may have more than one possible answer.</li> <li>Requires deep understanding as exhibited through planning, using evidence, and more demanding cognitive reasoning. The cognitive demands are complex and abstract.</li> </ul>  | This is the target |
| Level 4           | <ul> <li>Extended Thinking</li> <li>Perform investigations or apply concepts and skills that require research and problem solving across content areas or multiple sources.</li> <li>Items require students to bring together skill and knowledge from various domains. Due to the complexity of cognitive demand, this level often requires an extended period to answer. A DOK 4 is first a DOK 3 with added connections.</li> <li>Requires high cognitive demand and is very complex. Students are expected to make connections and relate ideas within the content or among areas - and have to select or devise one approach among many alternatives on how the situation can be solved.</li> </ul> |                    |

## **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

AFNR Agriculture, Foods and Natural LPSCS Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Resources Security Architecture and Construction Media Arts AC MA BC **Business Career** MATH Math **BC.BMAE** Business Management, Manufacturing **MNFR** Administration and MUS Music Entrepreneurship Physical Education PE BC.F Finance Science SCI BC.M Marketing Earth and Space Science SCI.ESS DNC Dance SCI.LS Life Science Family and Consumer Sciences **FACS** SCI.PS Physical Science English Language Arts ELA SECD Social-Emotional Character **ENG** Engineering Development HB Health and Biosciences STM STEAM HE Health Theatre THR History, Government and Social HGSS Transportation TRAN Studies WL World Languages HUM Humanities VA Visual Arts Information Technology ΙT

#### **Grade Bands:**

P Pre-K to 2nd grade

IM 3rd to 5th grade

MS 6th to 8th grade

HS 9th to 12th grade

# **ELA**

#### A successful student can interpret an author's purpose and intent in complex text.

| ELA  |  |  |  |  |                      |
|--|--|--|--|--|----------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS            |
| The student can summarize a text.  | I can retell a text without<br>adding personal opinions<br>or judgments.                         | I can collapse key details<br>into categories that<br>produce big ideas to focus<br>the summary.     | My summary covers the beginning, middle, and end big ideas of a text.  My summary does not contain specific details.  I can summarize a text without adding personal opinions or judgments.  | l can combine multiple<br>pieces of text into a<br>focused summary about a<br>topic.   | W6.9, W7.9, W8.9     |
| The student can explain how the theme in narrative text is represented through literary elements.                          | I can retell a text without<br>adding personal opinions<br>or judgments.                         | I can identify a theme presented in a text.  I can identify details that help convey a stated theme. | I can summarize how the stated theme develops over the course of the text.  I can summarize the relationship between the theme and literary elements (e.g., characters, setting, plot).  | Critique author's<br>effectiveness of message<br>using literary elements -<br>intentionality in purpose  | RL6.2, RL7.2, RL8.2  |
| The student can compare two pieces of text and will analyze how each text's structure contributes to its meaning and style | within a text.  I can identify how a specific part (e.g., sentence, chapter, scene, stanza) fits |  | I can compare and contrast how the overall structure of two or more different texts contributes to differing developments of theme.  I can identify how a specific part (e.g., sentence, chapter, scene, stanza) builds on earlier parts of the text.  I can explain how structure contributes to the text's meaning or style. | I can analyze the overall structure of two or more different texts.  I can defend how those structures contribute to each text's meaning or style. | RL6.5, RL 7.5, RL8.5 |

| ELA   |  |   |  |   |                           |
|---|--|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                 |
| The student can analyze how variations in the characters' and reader's perspective create effects (e.g., humor, suspense).          | I can identify the<br>perspective of a narrator<br>or speaker in a text.   | I can identify how characters' perspectives change over the course of a text.  I understand how the author's use of point-ofview may create reader bias on specific characters/actions. | I can analyze how the<br>author uses perspective to<br>create irony for effect.  | I can evaluate how the<br>author developed the text<br>through the perspectives<br>of multiple characters.and<br>created irony for effect.  | RL6.6, RL7.6, RL8.6       |
| The student can read and comprehend high quality dramas, prose and poetry of appropriate quantitative and qualitative complexity.   | With teacher scaffolds,<br>I can elect, read, and<br>interpret increasingly<br>complex literary texts at<br>grade level (vocabulary,<br>background knowledge,<br>verbal reasoning, and/or<br>structure). | With peer support, I can elect, read, and interpret increasingly complex literary texts at grade level (vocabulary, background knowledge, verbal reasoning, and/or structure)           | I can elect, read, and<br>interpret increasingly<br>complex literary texts at<br>grade level independently.  | I can elect, read, and<br>interpret increasingly<br>complex literary texts<br>above grade level.  | RL6.13, RL7.13,<br>RL8.13 |
| The student can use knowledge of text structures or text features to enhance comprehension.   |  | I can identify the structure<br>and features used within a<br>specific paragraph and the<br>role of specific sentences<br>in developing an idea or<br>key concept.                      | of structure and text  | I can analyze and interpret<br>why the author structured<br>elements within the text in<br>a certain manner and the<br>impact of that structure on<br>meaning.  | RL6.5, RL 7.5, RL8.5      |
| The student can analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to opposing viewpoints and/or evidence to achieve his/her purpose. | I can identify the author's<br>purpose or position used<br>in a text and find explicit<br>details that support it.   | I can identify instances where the author distinguishes his /her purpose or position from that of others in the text by using explicit and implicit details.                            | I can explain how the author achieves his/her purpose or position by locating where the author acknowledges and/or responds to opposing evidence or viewpoints with explicit and implicit details. | I can analyze the author's purpose or position in a text and evaluate his/her effectiveness in acknowledging and responding to opposing evidence or viewpoints by the use of explicit and implicit details. | RI6.6, RI7.6, RI8.6       |

| ELA  | I  |  |  |  |                           |
|--|--|--|--|--|---------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                 |
| The student can analyze the same event or topic depicted by different authors  | I can compare one author's presentation of an event or topic with that of another author's presentation of an event or topic identify where they differ on facts.                        | I can distinguish how<br>author's emphasize<br>different factual evidence<br>to advance a different<br>interpretation.   | I can differentiate when authors produce different interpretations of the same event or topic to advance a purpose or position.  | I can analyze conflicting information on the same event or topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation. | RI6.9, RI7.9, RI8.9       |
| The student can read and comprehend high quality and engaging informational text of appropriate quantitative and qualitative complexity. | With teacher scaffolds, I can elect, read, and interpret increasingly complex informational texts at grade level (vocabulary, background knowledge, verbal reasoning, and/or structure). | With peer support, I can elect, read, and interpret increasingly complex informationals texts at grade level (vocabulary, background knowledge, verbal reasoning, and/or structure).         | I can elect, read, and interpret increasingly complex informational texts at grade level independently.  | I can elect, read, and<br>interpret increasingly<br>complex informational<br>texts above grade level.  | RI6.13, RI7.13,<br>RI8.13 |
| English Learner (E   | L)   |  |  |  |                           |
|  | •  | A successful Level 2 EL student can read simple paragraphs and stories to produce writing that contains simple sentence patterns and includes simple conventions with scaffolding as needed. | A successful Level 3 EL student can use reading strategies to comprehend a variety of texts (story, drama, poems, etc.) and produce writing that develops a topic appropriate for the task that includes basic conventions and vocabulary. | A successful Level 4 EL student can analyze texts and produce grade appropriate writing using academic words, phrases, and conventions.      |                           |

# The successful student can adapt speech and writing to enhance or refine a message.

| ELA  |   |  |   |   |  |
|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| The student can pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas.               | l can ask clarifying<br>questions to a speaker<br>within a collegial<br>discussion. | In a discussion, I can affirm<br>a speaker's contribution<br>and then contribute<br>additional evidence and<br>observations. | In a discussion, I can disagree using appropriate language and offer a contradictory claim with supporting evidence. Moreover, I can ask questions that allows the speaker to elaborate their position. | In a discussion, I can enter<br>and exit the discussion<br>using appropriate<br>language and supporting<br>evidence. I can also pose<br>questions that engage<br>others in new claims<br>related to the topic.                              | SL.6.1c, SL.7.1c,<br>SL.8.1c, SL6.3,<br>SL7.3, SL8.3 |
| I can adapt speech<br>and writing to a variety<br>of contexts and tasks,<br>demonstrating command<br>of formal English when<br>indicated or appropriate. | I can identify formal<br>settings that require<br>formal English.                   | I can adapt my use of<br>informal English within<br>formal settings.   | I can evaluate my<br>audience and choose<br>the appropriate form of<br>English (formal or informal)<br>to best convey my<br>message.  | I can vary word choice,<br>sentence construction, and<br>pronoun usage to enhance<br>delivery of my message in<br>various contexts and with<br>different tasks.   | SL.6.6, SL7.6, SL7.7                                 |
|  |   | I can develop a topic that<br>responds to my audience's<br>needs and provides<br>organization to assist the<br>reader.       | I can write in a style that<br>develops and organizes<br>information that responds<br>to audience needs.<br>Transitional language to<br>guide the reader is used.                                       | I can write in a unique style that connects, elaborates, and/or refines ideas to produce clear, coherent writing. Transitional language guides the reader, but it also assists the reader in making connections and clarifying information. | W6.4, W7.4, W8.4                                     |
| The student can write for<br>a ranges of discipline-<br>specific tasks, purposes<br>and audiences with varying<br>time frames.                           | I can adjust my writing to<br>consider my audience                                  | I can adjust my writing to<br>achieve my purpose for<br>targeted audiences.  | I can use discipline-specific<br>content to enhance my<br>message and achieve<br>my purpose for various<br>audiences.   | Within short or extended time frames, I can maintain consistency using discipline-specific content to enhance my message and achieve my purpose for various audiences.  | ELA.W6.12, ELA<br>W7.12, ELA.W8.12                   |

| ELA  |  |   |   |  |   |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| The student can communicate ideas concisely  | I can identify repetitive<br>language.   | I can identify and revise<br>wordy or repetitive<br>language  | I can produce a clear,<br>concise message by<br>revising wordy and<br>repetitive language and/or<br>combining sentences.  | I can construct concise<br>sentences using clauses<br>and phrases to reduce<br>repetiveness and<br>wordiness.                                  | ELA.W.6.10a, ELA.<br>W7.10a, ELA.SL7.7a                       |
| The student can maintain consistency in tone.  | I can establish a tone, but<br>it varies in appropriateness  |   | I can establish and<br>maintain a formal tone<br>that fits my purpose.  | I can vary my tone to<br>reflect my intent for<br>different purposes and<br>audiences.   | W.6.10g, RL 6.4, RL<br>7.4, RL 8.4, RI 6.4, RI<br>7.4, RI 8.4 |
| The student can enhance meaning through the effective use of sentence structure and transitions to signal relationships amongst ideas. | I can use appropriate<br>coordinating conjunctions<br>to signal the relationship<br>between independent<br>clauses.                              | I can use subordinating<br>conjunctions in complex<br>sentences to signal<br>temporal and relational<br>transitions.                        | I can combine sentences to enhance the relationship between ideas and include transitions that support logical connections amongst text to address the needs of the audience. | I can use transitional adverbs in various sentence structures to show the relationships between my sentences and paragraphs.                   | W7.10c, SL6.7a,<br>.SL7.7, W 6.1c,<br>W7.1c, W8.1c            |
| EL   |  |   |   |  |   |
|  | EL student can use speech, gestures, or manipulate pictures, single-word, or simple phrases from pictures or text to demonstrate and communicate | student can attempt to<br>demonstrate understanding<br>of text or task to produce<br>writing or speech that has<br>simple sentence patterns | student can produce clear<br>and coherent writing or<br>speech that develops<br>a topic appropriate for<br>the task that includes<br>basic conventions and                    | A successful Level 4 EL<br>student can produce clear<br>and cohesive writing or<br>speech for a targeted<br>audience or purpose. (EL<br>R.8.4) |   |

## A successful student can interpret, acquire and use words precisely.

| ELA  |  |   |   |  |   |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| The student can express a message and adapt to variety of contexts maintaining formal English. | I can express a clear<br>message with words that<br>convey an idea.  | I can express a clear<br>message using descriptive<br>words and mostly formal<br>language.  | I can adapt and express<br>clear, concise ideas using<br>formal English and precise<br>words in a variety of<br>contexts.   |  | SL6.6, SL7.6, SL8.6,<br>SL6.8, SL7.8, SL8.8   |
| The student can use language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely.                     | I can express ideas that<br>are sometimes difficult to<br>follow due to wordiness or<br>redundancy.  | I can select and use<br>descriptive words<br>to convey ideas with<br>some wordiness and<br>redundancy.  | I express ideas with concise words by recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.   | I express clear, concise<br>ideas with carefully<br>selected precise words.  | W6.10a, W7.10a  |
| The student can determine the meaning of words and phrases as used in text.                    | I can determine the<br>meanings of words and<br>phrases using context.   | I can determine the<br>meanings of words and<br>phrases using definitions<br>(denotative), meaningful<br>parts of words, and<br>associations (connotative)<br>along with context. | I can determine the meanings of words using my knowledge of language (figurative, connotative, denotative, multiple meanings, Greek and Latin affixes and roots).                             | I can determine the meanings of words and use words concisely and precisely taking advantage of the nuances in their meaning in different contexts to strengthen my ideas.   | RL6.4, RL7.4, RL8.4,<br>RL7.11b, RL8.11b,<br>RL7.11c, RL8.11c,<br>RI7.11a, RI7.11b,<br>RI7.12a, RI7.12b,<br>RI7.12c |
| The student can verify the meanings of words and acquire them for later use.                   | I can determine the<br>meanings of words and<br>phrases from text using<br>definitions.  | I can determine the<br>meanings of words and<br>phrases by monitoring my<br>understanding and using<br>definitions/context clues.   | I can determine the<br>meaning of words or<br>phases as I read by<br>monitoring and verifying<br>their meaning and use<br>them various settings.  | I can determine the<br>meaning of words or<br>phrases through a variety<br>of monitoring strategies<br>and apply them for effect<br>in various settings.   | RL7.11d, RL8.11d,<br>RI7.11d  |
| EL   |  |   |   |  |   |
|  | A successful Level 1 EL student can use speech, gestures, or manipulate pictures, single-word, or simple phrases from pictures or text to demonstrate and communicate understanding. | A successful level 2 EL student can attempt to demonstrate understanding of words and language to comprehend text.  | A successful Level 3 EL student can use strategies to comprehend and demonstrate understanding of author's word choice and use of figurative language using basic conventions and vocabulary. | A successful Level 4 EL student can use knowledge of language and its conventions when reading to aid comprehension of texts to analyze complex ideas and demonstrate understanding of author's word choice, tone, and use of figurative language. |   |



## A successful student can produce a well-developed argument.

| ELA  |   |   |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1                                   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| The student can analyze, reflect, and research to prepare claims or evidence.                      | •   | I can research and combine information from several sources to develop an argument with limited evidence to support the claim(s). | information to formulate and prepare a well-   | I can research and analyze information to formulate a credible, evidence-based argument and claims to defend against potential counterarguments or misinformation.       | RI6.8, RI7.8                                       |
| The student can pose and answer questions with relevant evidence, observation and ideas.           | l can answer questions<br>using evidence. | I can pose and answer<br>questions using evidence,<br>ideas, and observations.  | I can pose and address<br>questions using relevant<br>evidence, observations and<br>ideas.   | I can pose and address<br>questions using precise<br>relevant evidence and<br>elaborate on observations<br>and ideas.  | SL6.1d, SL7.1d,<br>SL8.1d, SL6.8, SL7.8,<br>SL8.8  |
| The student can effectively present an argument (audience/task).                                   | I can write and present an<br>argument.   | I can identify and revise<br>wordy or repetitive<br>language.   | relevant evidence, sound   | in a focused manner an   | W6.1, W7.1, W8.1,<br>SL8.4, SL6.8, SL7.8,<br>SL8.8 |
| The student can identify opposing claims to my argument and defend claims using a counterargument. | I can write and present an<br>argument.   | I can identify and revise<br>wordy or repetitive<br>language.   | relevant evidence, sound<br>reasoning and well-chosen<br>details specific to audience  | I can write and present in a focused manner an argument and claims using relevant evidence, sound reasoning and well-chosen details specific to audience and task.       | SL6.1b, SL6.1c,<br>SL7.1c, SL8.1c                  |
|  | or demonstrating                          | I can identify opposing<br>claims and justify my own<br>position and if warranted<br>modify my own view.                          | I can respond to questions<br>and identify opposing<br>arguments/claims and<br>counter with relevant<br>evidence to defend my<br>view. | I can identify and anticipate counterarguments to prepare a defense or rebuttal that is responsive to other's questions and comments to defend and elaborate on my view. | SL7.3  |

## A successful student can analyze sources for credibility and relevance.

| ELA   |   |   |   |  |  |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| The student can conduct research to answer a question.              | question using multiple<br>sources.   | I can conduct research<br>to answer a question<br>using multiple sources<br>and generate additional<br>questions to help focus my<br>research.          | focus the research.   | I can conduct short/ long research from a self generated question and as the research unfolds refine my question and inquiry through additional focused questions and examination of multiple sources. | W6.7, W7.7, W8.7,<br>RL6.1, RL7.1, RL8.1,<br>RI6.2, RI7.2, RI7.3 |
|   | I can locate information<br>from multiple print and<br>digital sources that relate to<br>a given topic. | I can locate relevant<br>information from multiple<br>print and digital sources<br>that relate to a given topic.  | I can locate relevant information from multiple print and digital sources and quote or paraphrase key information.  | I can locate supporting information from multiple print and digital sources and quote or paraphrase key information from credible sources to answer my research question(s).                           | W6.7, W7.7, W8.7,<br>RL6.1, RL7.1, RL8.1,<br>RI6.2, RI7.2, RI7.3 |
| The student can determine the credibility and relevance of sources. |   | I can gather relevant<br>information from multiple<br>sources on a given topic.   | I can gather relevant<br>information from multiple<br>sources and assess the<br>credibility of each source.   | I can develop criteria to determine the relevance and credibility of sources and select and defend this evidence based on these criteria.  | RL6.1, RL7.1, RL8.1,<br>RI6.3, RI8.3, RI6.4,<br>RI8.4            |
| effectiveness of my   |   | I can determine the effectiveness of my evidence by identifying if there was evidence from multiple sources to answer my question.                      | I can evaluate the effectiveness of my evidence by reflecting on the quality of the sources relevance evidence found to answer my question.   |  | W6.1, W7.1, W8.1,<br>W6.9, W7.9, W8.9,<br>RI6.8, RI7.8, RI8.8    |
| EL  |   |   |   |  |  |
|   | student can point to a<br>picture and/or<br>single word in response                                     | A successful Level 2 EL<br>student can locate or give<br>a detail<br>from a simple text in<br>response to a direct text-<br>dependent question. (R.7.1) | A successful Level 3 EL student can cite one piece of relevant evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. (R.7.1/8.1) | A successful Level 4 EL student can cite several pieces of evidence, both explicit and implicit, to support analysis and help to determine its relevance and effectiveness of the text. (R.8.1)        |  |

### **HGSS**

A successful student will recognize and draw conclusions about significant historical, economic, and political choices and the resulting consequences.

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|---|--|--|--|---|-----------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |  |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.                                   | l can recall facts to prove<br>what l know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.                   | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning. | I can apply what I know to<br>new and different situations<br>and topics.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can source, contextualize, corroborate, and analyze discipline specific text including primary and secondary sources. | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.   | of evidence from different   | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                      | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can use critical thinking and social studies practices to carry out research and inquiry.                             | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | with the ability to plan similar inquiries.  | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                         | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can ask significant questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument.       | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions.                      | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to multi-part<br>questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking. | and address them with  | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations. | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
|   | I can identify the short and<br>long term consequences of<br>a choice.                                 |  |  | of choices and apply<br>that knowledge in new   | 1,4       |  |

HGSS

#### A successful student will recognize and draw conclusions about the rights and responsibilities of people.

| HGSS  |  |  |  |   |           |
|---|--|--|--|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.                             | l can recall facts to prove<br>what l know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.   |  | I can apply what I know to<br>new and different situations<br>and topics.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| and analyze discipline  | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.                         | of evidence from different disciplines to build  | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                      | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can use critical thinking and social studies practices to carry out research and inquiry.                       | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | artifacts of my research,<br>with the ability to plan<br>similar inquiries.  | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                         | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can ask significant questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument. | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions.                      | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to multi-part<br>questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking.                       | and address them with  | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations. | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can describe and discuss the rights and responsibilities of individuals and groups in shaping public policy     | I can list examples of individuals and groups that have shaped public policy.                          | I can describe the reasons<br>why individuals and groups<br>have helped shape public<br>policy.                              | I can evaluate the<br>effectiveness of different<br>attempts by individuals<br>and groups to shape public<br>policy. | I can design and organize<br>solutions intended to affect<br>changes in local, state, or<br>national public policy.                         | 2         |
| The student can discuss how perspectives shape the world we live in   |  | I can describe why others<br>hold opposing perspectives<br>because I know how to<br>think about things in<br>different ways. | I can apply my<br>understanding of opposing<br>perspectives in both<br>historical and contemporary<br>settings.      | I can accept and hold<br>opposing perspectives on<br>issues because I know how<br>to think in different ways.                               | 2         |

A successful student will recognize and draw conclusions about the ways societies are shaped through identities, beliefs, and practices of individuals and groups.

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| HGSS   |  |  |  |   |           |  |
|--|--|--|--|---|-----------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |  |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.            | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.                   | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning. | I can apply what I know to<br>new and different situations<br>and topics.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
|  | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.   | of evidence from different   | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                      | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
|  | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | artifacts of my research,<br>with the ability to plan<br>similar inquiries.                            | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                         | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
|  | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions.                      | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to multi-part<br>questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking. | and address them with accurate evidence-based explanations of my thinking.                             | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations. | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
|  | policy is created by a variety of means.   | l can produce examples<br>of impact made by some<br>stakeholders on public<br>policy.                  | variety of stakeholders on   | I can collaborate with other<br>stakeholders to help create<br>and shape public policy to<br>improve my life and the<br>lives around me.    | 2         |  |
| The student can describe aspects of personal identity and respect differences in the identities of others. |  | I can describe the identity<br>of myself and others<br>without judgement.                              | and of others on the   | I can recognize and correct<br>misconceptions that others<br>may have about my identity<br>and the identity of others.                      | 3         |  |

#### A successful student will recognize and draw conclusions about societal continuity and change over time.

| HGSS  |  |  |  |   |           |
|---|--|--|--|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history. | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  |  | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning. | I can apply what I know to<br>new and different situations<br>and topics.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| and analyze discipline  | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | of evidence from different   | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                      | 1,2,3,4,5 |
|   | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   |  | artifacts of my research,<br>with the ability to plan<br>similar inquiries.                            | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                         | 1,2,3,4,5 |
|   |  | respond to multi-part<br>questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking.                            | and address them with  | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations. | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| demonstrate historical  | historic time period or era.   |  | contrast historic issues with contemporary issues using  |   | 3         |
|   | I can list examples of<br>continuity and change over<br>time.  |  | and change over time using<br>the perspectives of different<br>individuals and groups.                 |   | 4         |

A successful student will recognize and draw conclusions about historical, economic, and geographic relationships impacting individuals and communities.

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|---|--|--|--|--|-----------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |  |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.                                   | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.                 | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning.                                       | I can apply what I know<br>to new and different<br>situations and topics.  | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can source, contextualize, corroborate, and analyze discipline specific text including primary and secondary sources. | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate multiple pieces<br>of evidence from different<br>disciplines to build<br>meaning.                            | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can use critical thinking and social studies practices to carry out research and inquiry.                             | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | I can produce evidence<br>and artifacts of my<br>research, with the ability to<br>plan similar inquiries.                                    | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.  | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can ask geographic questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument.        | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions.                      |  | I can pose and respond<br>to questions about a<br>topic and address them<br>with accurate evidence-<br>based explanations of my<br>thinking. | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations.                    | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can use technology and other representations to explain relationships between people, places, and ideas.              | I can effectively<br>communicate information<br>using a single format.                                 | I can effectively<br>communicate information<br>in two or more formats                               | I can use a wide variety of mediums to create effective communication that conveys information and emotion to a specific audience.           | I can design an effective<br>communication strategy<br>that conveys information,<br>concepts, and emotion to<br>a variety of audiences in<br>multiple formats. | 5         |  |
| The student can analyze and interpret geographic information.   | I can identify geographic<br>relationships.  | I can organize<br>relationships into patterns<br>that make sense to me.                              | I can make inferences<br>about the important<br>differences and similarities<br>of relationships that occur<br>across time periods.          | I can develop evidence-<br>based solutions to<br>contemporary issues using<br>a variety of geography<br>related tools.   | 6         |  |

## **EXTENDED:** A successful student will investigate examples of choices, asking questions, and making claims about consequences on contemporary issues. -

#### HGSS

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|---|--|--|--|---|-----------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |  |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.                                   | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.                 | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning.                                       | l can apply what l know<br>to new and different<br>situations and topics.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can source, contextualize, corroborate, and analyze discipline specific text including primary and secondary sources. | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate multiple pieces<br>of evidence from different<br>disciplines to build<br>meaning.                            | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                      | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can use critical thinking and social studies practices to carry out research and inquiry.                             | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | I can produce evidence<br>and artifacts of my<br>research, with the ability to<br>plan similar inquiries.                                    | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                         | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can ask significant questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument.       | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions.                      |  | I can pose and respond<br>to questions about a<br>topic and address them<br>with accurate evidence-<br>based explanations of my<br>thinking. | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations. | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| ,   | I can recognize and list<br>short-term consequences<br>of choices that impact<br>myself.               | I can recognize and list<br>short-term consequences<br>of choices that impact<br>others.             | I can infer the short<br>and long term impact<br>of people's' choices<br>by examining those<br>choices from different<br>perspectives.       | I can develop, describe,<br>and support a plan<br>outlining effective choices<br>based on possible positive<br>outcomes.                    | 1         |  |

# **EXTENDED:** A successful student will investigate the rights and responsibilities of individuals, making claims and usig evidence to make connections to contemporary issues.

| HGSS  |  |  |  |  |           |
|---|--|--|--|--|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.                                   | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.                               | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning.                                       | I can apply what I know<br>to new and different<br>situations and topics.  | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can source, contextualize, corroborate, and analyze discipline specific text including primary and secondary sources. | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.               | I can independently<br>evaluate multiple pieces<br>of evidence from different<br>disciplines to build<br>meaning.                            | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                               | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can use critical thinking and social studies practices to carry out research and inquiry.                             | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | I can produce evidence<br>and artifacts of my<br>research, with the ability to<br>plan similar inquiries.                                    | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                                  | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can ask significant questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument.       | l can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions.                      |  | I can pose and respond<br>to questions about a<br>topic and address them<br>with accurate evidence-<br>based explanations of my<br>thinking. | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations.          | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can use fact-based criteria and evidence to assess differing viewpoints.  | I cán identify multiple<br>opinions on a specific<br>issue.  | I can compare and<br>contrast multiple opinions<br>on a specific issue.  | I can use fact based<br>evidence to take a position<br>on a specific issue while<br>evaluating multiple<br>opinions.                         | I can take a fact based position on a specific issue while evaluating multiple opinions, communicating that position to policy makers.               | 3         |
| The student can demonstrate the connection to personal interest, civic virtue, and democratic principles in their own life.       | I can describe the<br>importance of civic virtue<br>in individuals.                                    | I can identify and<br>summarize examples of<br>individuals demonstrating<br>civic virtues in historic<br>settings. | l can analyze similarities<br>and differences of past<br>demonstrations of civic<br>virtue with my own<br>personal examples.                 | I can apply intentional democratic principles to take action in my school and in out-of-school civic contexts in order to benefit myself and others. | 2         |

# **EXTENDED:** A successful student will investigate the way societies are shaped and make claims supported with evidence and argument.

#### HGSS

| HGSS  |  |  |   |   |           |
|---|--|--|---|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.                                     | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.   | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning.  | I can apply what I know<br>to new and different<br>situations and topics.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can source, contextualize, corroborate, and analyze discipline specific text including primary and secondary sources.   | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.                                       | I can independently<br>evaluate multiple pieces<br>of evidence from different<br>disciplines to build<br>meaning.                                   | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                      | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can use critical thinking and social studies practices to carry out research and inquiry.                               | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | I can produce evidence<br>and artifacts of my<br>research, with the ability to<br>plan similar inquiries.   | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                         | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can ask significant questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument.         | l can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions.                      | questions with an  | I can pose and respond<br>to questions about a<br>topic and address them<br>with accurate evidence-<br>based explanations of my<br>thinking.        | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations. | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can identify the relevance of particular sources to a particular inquiry.   | I can locate sources that<br>help answer questions.  | I can locate and identify<br>sources that answer<br>questions.   | I can locate and identify<br>sources that best answer<br>questions and lead to<br>understanding.  | I can locate and identify<br>multiple diverse sources<br>that best answer questions<br>and lead to understanding.                           | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can investigate other people's histories and lived experiences, respectfully ask questions, and listen nonjudgmentally. | I can locate sources<br>that describe individual<br>experiences.                                       | I can locate and use<br>credible sources<br>demonstrating the<br>impact of individual<br>past experience on the<br>development of society. | I can use evidence to draw<br>my own conclusions about<br>the impact of multiple<br>people's' past experiences<br>on the development of<br>society. | I can use evidence of<br>people's' past experiences<br>to predict the possible<br>impact on future societal<br>events.                      | 3         |



# **EXTENDED:** A successful student will apply understanding of continuity and chagne to investigate contemporary issues using evidence and argument.

| HGSS  |  |  |   |   |           |  |
|---|--|--|---|---|-----------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |  |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.   | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.                           | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning.  | I can apply what I know<br>to new and different<br>situations and topics.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can source, contextualize, corroborate, and analyze discipline specific text including primary and secondary sources.                               | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.           | I can independently<br>evaluate multiple pieces<br>of evidence from different<br>disciplines to build<br>meaning.   | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                        | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can use critical thinking and social studies practices to carry out research and inquiry.   | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | I can produce evidence<br>and artifacts of my<br>research, with the ability to<br>plan similar inquiries.   | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                           | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can ask significant questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument.                                     | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions.                      | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to multi-part<br>questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking.         | I can pose and respond<br>to questions about a<br>topic and address them<br>with accurate evidence-<br>based explanations of my<br>thinking.                | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can examine examples of continuity and change with diverse partners and content, building on the ideas of others, and expressing their own clearly. | I can list detailed examples<br>of continuity and change.  | I can summarize a variety<br>of opionions of why and<br>how things change and<br>remain the same over<br>time. | I can uncover multiple<br>sources of evidence<br>documenting continuity<br>and change in order to<br>support a personal opinion<br>on a contemporary issue. | I can examine examples of<br>fact-based perspectives of<br>continuity and change to<br>predict future events and<br>plan realistic responses. | 4         |  |

## Extended - A successful student will investigate and connect historical, economic, and geographic relationships to contemporary issues using evidence and argument.

HGSS

| пизэ  |  |  |   |   |           |
|---|--|--|---|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.                                   | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.                             | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning.                              | I can apply what I know<br>to new and different<br>situations and topics.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can source, contextualize, corroborate, and analyze discipline specific text including primary and secondary sources. | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.             | I can independently<br>evaluate multiple pieces<br>of evidence from different<br>disciplines to build<br>meaning.                   | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.          | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can use critical thinking and social studies practices to carry out research and inquiry.                             | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | I can produce evidence<br>and artifacts of my<br>research, with the ability to<br>plan similar inquiries.                           | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.             | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can ask economic questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument.          | I can pose and respond to<br>basic informational type<br>questions.                                    | I can pose and respond<br>to multi-part questions<br>with an explanation of my<br>thinking.                      | I can make evidence-based<br>inferences connecting<br>past relationships and<br>contemporary events.                                | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts and apply<br>evidence-based answers<br>to real world situations.  | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can discuss how perspectives shape the world we live in   | l can describe different<br>historical perspectives.   | I can explain how different<br>historical perspectives<br>shaped a specific historical<br>period.                | I can compare and contrast my understanding of how past events were influenced by different perspectives to current points of view. | I can apply my<br>understanding of multiple<br>perspectives to predict<br>future relationships.                                 | 3         |
| The student can explain how economic decisions affect the well-being of individuals, businesses, and society.                     | I can list major economic<br>decisions made in history.  | I can provide examples<br>of how past economic<br>decisions impacted<br>individuals, businesses,<br>and society. | I can analyze past<br>economic impacts<br>and compare them to<br>contemporary events.   | I can provide alternative<br>solutions to current<br>economic problems, using<br>fact-based evidence to<br>support my thinking. | 1         |

### **EL HGSS**

It is important to recognize that students who receive ESOL Services have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports makes it possible for them to do so. Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the measurement tables for this population align to The Kansas Standards for English Learners. These standards create a foundation upon which successful English language instruction is built. The premise of these standards is supporting individual students to gain a level of proficiency with the English language that allows them to be highly successful in obtaining grade level academic standards in as short of time as possible. Both social English and academic English are required to attain mastery of the English language and of school success. These standards below frame expectations of "what students need to know and be able to do" from a level 1 to level 4 of English fluency and how that relates to a mastery level.

**Special Note:** These standards are grade banded and overarching. Some competencies are designed with the end in mind. Therefore, a student in 6th -7th grade may be at a level 1 or 2, but is expected to progress to a level 3 or 4 by grade 8.

| HGSS  | EL  |   |  |          |
|---|---|---|--|----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD |
|   | with some prompting and guidance.                               | content-related text with some<br>errors and some dis-fluency<br>while relying on strategies such<br>as pictures, context to confirm<br>understanding and rereading | A successful level 4 EL student can read on-level content-specific text with purpose and understanding with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression by rereading when necessary with some errors and self-correction. | EL RF.4  |
| can point to a picture and/or<br>single word in response to a<br>direct text-dependent question | can locate or give a detail from a simple text in response to a | can identify details in response to an explicit text-   | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can identify details in response<br>to explicit or implicit text-<br>dependent questions.   | EL R.1   |

| HGSS  | EL  |  |   |                    |
|---|---|--|---|--------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD           |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting the reasoning with prompting and support.        | A successful level 2 EL can identify a reason using a simple word or phrase with prompting and support.   | A successful level 3 EL student can identify and begin to explain two or more reasons using simple sentences with minimal support.                                     | A successful level 4 EL student can explain the reasoning of responses and distinguish between relevant and irrelevant information.                           | EL R. 8            |
| A successful level 1 EL student can read a few key content-specific words and/or phrases with prompting and support.              | A successful level 2 EL can use content-specific vocabulary words from simple text to better comprehend with prompting and support.   | A successful level 3 student can use knowledge about content-specific words and language to comprehend basic text with minimal support.                                | A successful level 4 EL can<br>apply knowledge about<br>content-specific language<br>and how it functions to better<br>comprehend text.                       | EL R.7.10 and 8.10 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture and/ or content-specific word in a simple text with prompting and support. | A successful level 2 EL student can read simple sentences and/or paragraphs within a modified text and begin to utilize text features to aid in comprehension with prompting and support. | A successful level 3 EL student can apply reading strategies and understanding of text features in near grade-level text with minimal support and guidance.            | A successful level 4 EL can read<br>and comprehend high quality<br>informational text.  | EL R.13            |
| A successful level 1 EL student can produce writing that includes a lot of copied text, much of it with errors.                   | A successful level 2 EL student can produce writing that shows the usage of simple words and/or sentence frames, limited mechanics, and capitalization with prompting and support.        | A successful level 3 EL student can produce writing that includes use of mostly correct capitalization, punctuation, and mostly correct spelling with minimal support. | A successful level 4 EL student can demonstrate correct use of capitalization and punctuation. Demonstrate correct spelling with only limited evident errors. | EL W.11            |
| can copy, write and/or draw key<br>words or phrases to express<br>thoughts with prompting and                                     | can write key words within  | can write complete sentences<br>to form a paragraph for a<br>discipline-specific task  | A successful level 4 EL student can write well-organized, cohesive paragraphs appropriate for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.  | EL W.12            |

| HGSS  | EL  |   |   |          |
|---|---|---|---|----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD |
| A successful level 1 EL student can nod for "yes" and "no", draw, and point to identify information with prompting and support or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings. | can produce one/two word<br>responses or a simple sentence<br>with limited comprehension<br>when asked explicit questions   | coming prepared and ready to<br>express ideas. Follow the rules<br>of discussion, acknowledging<br>others' information with<br>minimal support. | A successful level 4 EL student can fully participate and/ or engage in collaborative discussions, expressing ideas clearly, building on others' ideas. Come to discussions prepared, explicitly drawing on the information. Follow the rules of discussion, acknowledging other's information. | SL .1    |
| A successful level 1 EL student can offer single-word responses that indicate agreement or disagreement (yes/no) and/or information from diverse media.                           | A successful level 2 EL student can produce simple sentences based on facts learned when engaging with information from diverse media with prompting and support. | details clarify a topic of study.   | A successful level 4 EL student can summarize information presented in diverse media formats and explain connection between information and a discipline-specific task.   | EL SL.2  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can provide a basic written, drawn, or spoken explanation about the information given with prompting and support.                                 | A successful level 2 EL student can identify the reasoning with prompting and support.  | A successful level 3 EL student can produce simple sentences using one piece of evidence to support reasoning with minimal support.             | can produce complete<br>sentences using multiple  | EL SL.3  |

| HGSS  | EL  |  |  |                     |  |
|---|---|--|--|---------------------|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD            |  |
| can draw or point to pictures to<br>sequence ideas logically and/<br>or present facts and details<br>to support main ideas with   | can produce one/two words or<br>phrases to present information<br>about a familiar topic, text, and/<br>or opinion by sequencing ideas<br>logically. Provide facts and  | that is focused with some reasoning, organization,   | A successful level 4 EL student can present clear and logical information supported by facts, details, examples and is presented with appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation. | EL SL.6.4, 7.4, 8.4 |  |
| can copy, write and/or draw key<br>words or phrases to express<br>thoughts with prompting and<br>support. Invented spelling may   | A successful level 2 EL student can write key words within sentence frames relying on pictures and background knowledge for a specific task with prompting and support. |  | can write well-organized,<br>cohesive paragraphs<br>appropriate for a range of   | EL W.12             |  |
| A successful level 1 EL can nod for 'yes" or "no", draw, and/or point to pictures of common items found within a school and/or home environment. Repeat key discipline-specific terms with prompting and support or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings. | A successful level 2 EL student can acquire key content specific vocabulary to add to a personal vocabulary bank with prompting and support.                            | A successful level 3 EL student can acquire and produce grade-appropriate academic and domain-specific words and phrases with minimal prompting and support. | A successful level 4 EL student can acquire and apply grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases accurately.   | EL SL. 8            |  |

### **Mathematics**

A successful student can understand and analyze proportional relationships and use them to make sense of and solve problems.

| Mathematics   |   |  |   |  |                                       |  |  |
|---|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                             |  |  |
| The student can express and use ratios and rates in real-world and mathematical problems.                 | I can use ratio language to describe a part-to-part and part-to-whole relationship.  I can use given ratio tables to solve ratio problems.  I can find missing values in tables whose x value increases by one.   | equivalent ratios relating   | I can use ratio and rate<br>reasoning to solve real-<br>world and mathematical<br>problems.   | I can use ratio reasoning to<br>convert units of measure.  I can manipulate and<br>transform units of<br>measure appropriately<br>when multiplying and<br>dividing quantities. | 6.RP.1, 6.RP.3a,<br>6.RP.3c           |  |  |
| The student can solve real-<br>world problems involving<br>percentages.                                   | I can write percents using visual models (ex. percent bars, number lines, or 10x10 grids).  I can write percents as a rate per 100. (ex. 34% is 34/100)  I can write ratios/rates as percents. (ex 1 to 4 is 25%) | I can find the percentage<br>of a quantity.  I can find the whole when<br>given a part and the<br>percent.   | I can solve real-world problems by finding the percentage of a quantity and by finding the whole when given a part and the percent. | I can solve real-world<br>and mathematical multi-<br>step problems involving<br>percentages in a context<br>based on my interests.   | 6.RP.3b                               |  |  |
| The student can use the probability of a chance event to determine the likelihood of the event occurring. | I can express the<br>probability of a chance<br>event as a ratio, fraction,<br>or percent.  | I can use the probability of<br>a chance event to describe<br>the likelihood of something<br>happening.<br>I can explain my result in<br>terms of the event. |   | I can find compound<br>probability of events and<br>interpret its real-world<br>meaning in a context<br>based on my interests.   | 7.SP.C5, 7.SP.C6,<br>7.SP.C7, 7.SP.C8 |  |  |

I can describe the

factor for area.

interests.

I can create a scale drawing in real-world contexts based on my

relationship between a

geometric figure and its

scale drawing using scale

#### **Mathematics** LEVEL 1 LEVEL 2 LEVEL 3 LEVEL 4 **LEARNING TARGET STANDARDS** I can solve real-world The student can express I can express a unit rate I can locate the unit rate I can compute unit rates 6.RP.3, 7.RP.2a, and use unit rates in realwith a numerator or on a graph. associated with ratios of problems involving 7.RP.2c, 7.RP.3 world and mathematical denominator of 1. proportional relationships fractions. problems. I can explain the unit rate represented verbally, I can compute unit rates graphically, numerically I can compute unit rates using points (0,0) and (1,r). associated with whole in a real-world contexts in tables, or algebraically, numbers. I can determine a based on my interests. and identify connections proportional relationship, between representations. recognizing that every pair I can explain what the of numbers in a table or point (x,y) on a graph of a proportional relationship graph has the same unit means in the terms of the rate. situation. The student can solve : I can determine whether I can create a table, using : 6.RP.3, 7.RP.2a, : I can represent I can use proportional problems involving a graph to determine/ proportional relationships relationships to solve 7.RP.2c, 7.RP.3 two guantities are in a proportional relationships. proportional relationship prove that the values are using equations. multi-step ratio and percent problems in a realusing a table and graph. proportional. : I can use proportional world context based on my I can create a graph and relationships to solve interests. use a table to determine/ multistep ratio and prove that the values are percent problems. proportional.

I can compute actual

from a scale drawing.

I can reproduce a scale

drawing using a different

lengths and areas

scale.

: I can describe the

factor for length.

relationship between a

scale drawing using scale

geometric figure and its

The student can use

proportional reasoning to

scale drawings. (Extended)

solve problems involving

L can describe the

reasoning.

relationship between a

geometric figure and its

scale drawing using ratio

7.G.1

#### A successful student can apply number sense and mathematical operations within number systems to solve problems.

| Mathematics  |  |   |  |  |                |
|--|--|---|--|--|----------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS      |
| I can solve problems involving division of fractions and interpret the meaning of the quotient as related to the context of the problem. | fractions to a visual model.   | I can divide by fractions between 0 and 1 including:  a whole number by a fraction,  a mixed number by a whole number and a fraction.   | I can solve a division<br>problem involving fractions<br>and draw a model to show<br>my solution in a real-world<br>context. |  | 6.NS.1, 7.NS.3 |
| The student can fluently (effectively, accurately, and flexibly) divide whole numbers in context.  | I can recognize division as repeated subtraction using whole numbers without remainders.  I can divide multidigit numbers without remainders using a concrete or pictorial representation. | I can divide multi-digit whole numbers using multiple methods. (i.e. partial quotients, area model, standard algorithm, traditional algorithm.)  I can express the remainder of a quotient as a whole number. | the quotient expressed as  | I can write a remainder of the quotient expressed as a fraction.  I can demonstrate division of whole numbers in realworld contexts based on my interests. | 6.NS.2, 7.NS.3 |

### Mathematics

| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                    |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| The student can fluently (effectively, accurately, and flexibly) add and subtract rational numbers expressed as decimals in context.    | I can estimate the sum and difference of decimals.  I can calculate the sum or difference of decimals with the same place value using an efficient algorithm. |   | I can calculate the sum or difference of decimals with varying place value and whole numbers using an efficient algorithm.  I can add and subtract decimals in real-world contexts.  I can write the solution in terms of the context. | I can demonstrate<br>addition and subtraction<br>of decimals and whole<br>numbers in real-world<br>contexts based on my<br>interests. | 6.NS.3, 7.NS.3                               |
| The student can fluently (effectively, accurately, and flexibly) multiply and divide rational numbers expressed as decimals in context. | I can estimate the product<br>and quotient for decimals<br>greater than 1.  | I can estimate the product<br>and quotient for decimals<br>between 0 and 1.  I can find the product<br>and quotient of decimals<br>using pictures or visual<br>representations.                           | I can calculate the product and quotient of decimals using an efficient algorithm.  I can multiply and divide decimals in real-world contexts.  I can write the solution in terms of the context.                                      | I can demonstrate<br>multiplication and division<br>of decimals in real-world<br>contexts based on my<br>interests.                   | 6.NS.3, 7.NS.3                               |
| The student can extend understanding of the real number system to integers and absolute values.   |   | I can understand that the distance from a whole number to zero is the same distance as its opposite to zero on a number line.  I can locate integer coordinate pairs as a location on a coordinate plane. | I can use integers to represent quantities in real-world contexts.  I can explain the meaning of zero in real-world contexts.  I can use absolute value to represent and compare numbers.  |   | 6.NS.5, 6.NS.6,<br>6.NS.7, 6.NS.8,<br>7.NS.1 |

| Mathematics   |   |   |   |   |  |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                    |
|   | I can model addition and<br>subtraction of same-sign<br>integers using a visual<br>representation.  | I can model addition and<br>subtraction of different-<br>sign integers using a visual<br>representation.  | I can develop and use an<br>algorithm to calculate the<br>sum and difference of<br>integers.  | I can demonstrate addition<br>and subtraction of integers<br>in real-world contexts<br>based on my interests.       |  |
|   | I can model zero<br>pairs using a visual<br>representation.   | I can use integers to find<br>a distance between two<br>points.   | I can add and subtract integers in real-world contexts. I can write the solution in terms of the context.   |   |  |
| The student can fluently (effectively, accurately, and flexibly) multiply and divide rational numbers expressed as decimals in context. | I can estimate the product<br>and quotient for decimals<br>greater than 1.  | I can estimate the product<br>and quotient for decimals<br>between 0 and 1.<br>I can find the product<br>and quotient of decimals<br>using pictures or visual<br>representations.                         | I can calculate the product and quotient of decimals using an efficient algorithm.  I can multiply and divide decimals in real-world contexts.  I can write the solution in terms of the context. | I can demonstrate<br>multiplication and division<br>of decimals in real-world<br>contexts based on my<br>interests. | 6.NS.3, 7.NS.3                               |
| The student can extend understanding of the real number system to integers and absolute values.   | I can locate integers as a point on the number line.  I can identify opposites on a number line or coordinate system.  I can use negatives to describe quantities having opposite directions or values. | I can understand that the distance from a whole number to zero is the same distance as its opposite to zero on a number line.  I can locate integer coordinate pairs as a location on a coordinate plane. | I can use integers to represent quantities in real-world contexts.  I can explain the meaning of zero in real-world contexts.  I can use absolute value to represent and compare numbers.         |   | 6.NS.5, 6.NS.6,<br>6.NS.7, 6.NS.8,<br>7.NS.1 |

### Mathematics

| Mathematics  |   |   |  |   |                |
|--|---|---|--|---|----------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS      |
| The student can add and subtract rational numbers expressed as integers in context.              | I can model addition and subtraction of same-sign integers using a visual representation.  I can model zero pairs using a visual representation.  | I can model addition and subtraction of different-sign integers using a visual representation.  I can use integers to find a distance between two points.                       | I can develop and use an algorithm to calculate the sum and difference of integers.  I can add and subtract integers in real-world contexts.  I can write the solution in terms of the context.      | l can demonstrate addition<br>and subtraction of integers<br>in real-world contexts<br>based on my interests.   |                |
| The student can multiply<br>and divide rational<br>numbers expressed as<br>integers in context.  | I can represent multiplication and division of integers using a visual model. I can connect repeated addition of a negative number to multiplication.  I can connect repeated subtraction of a negative number to division. | I can estimate the product<br>and quotient for decimals<br>between 0 and 1.  I can find the product<br>and quotient of decimals<br>using pictures or visual<br>representations. | I can develop and use an algorithm to calculate the product and quotient of integers.  I can multiply and divide integers in real-world contexts.  I can write the solution in terms of the context. | I can demonstrate<br>multiplication and division<br>of integers in real-world<br>contexts based on my<br>interests.   | 7.NS.1, 7.NS.3 |
| The student can identify and use irrational numbers in context.                                  | I can identify irrational<br>numbers.   | I can use rational numbers<br>to approximate irrational<br>numbers on the number<br>line.   | l can use approximations<br>of irrational numbers in<br>real-world situations.   | l can use perfect squares<br>to estimate a square root.   | 8.NS.1, 8.NS.2 |
| The student can use scientific notation to express very small and very large numbers. (Extended) | I can convert between<br>standard form and<br>scientific notation with a<br>single-digit whole number<br>times a whole-number<br>power of 10.   | I can convert between<br>standard form and<br>scientific notation with a<br>single-digit whole number<br>times an integer power of<br>10.                                       | I can convert between<br>standard form and<br>scientific notation with a<br>decimal times an integer<br>power of 10.   | I can estimate quantities in scientific notation to express how many times larger or smaller one quantity is compared to another.  I can use scientific notation given a context. | 8.EE.2, 8.EE.3 |

## A successful student can create, interpret, use, and analyze patterns of algebraic structures to make sense of problems.

| Mathematics  |   |   |  |   |                             |
|--|---|---|--|---|-----------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                   |
| The student can write and evaluate numerical and algebraic expressions using rational numbers.   | I can write numerical expressions with one or two operations.  I can evaluate numerical expressions without exponents.  | I can write algebraic expressions with one or two operations.  I can evaluate algebraic expressions without exponents.  I can write and evaluate numerical expressions with whole number exponents. | I can write and evaluate<br>numerical expressions with<br>whole number exponents<br>and parentheses.  I can write and evaluate<br>algebraic expressions with<br>whole number exponents<br>and parentheses. | l can write and evaluate<br>numerical and algebraic<br>expressions in real-world<br>problems.   | 6.EE.1, 6.EE.2a,<br>6.EE.2c |
| The student can add and subtract algebraic expressions.  | I can add and subtract<br>linear expressions with<br>whole number coefficients.   | I can add and subtract<br>linear expressions with<br>integer coefficients.  | I can add and subtract<br>linear expressions with<br>rational coefficients.  | I can apply the properties<br>of operations to algebraic<br>expressions in real-world<br>contexts based on my<br>interests.                     | 7.EE.1                      |
| The student can find the greatest common factor and least common multiple for two whole numbers. | I can find all factors of a<br>number less than or equal<br>to 100.<br>I can find a given number<br>of multiples for a number<br>less than or equal to 12.          | I can find common factors<br>of two numbers less than<br>or equal to 100.<br>I can find multiples of<br>two numbers less than or<br>equal to 12.  | I can find the greatest common factor of two numbers less than or equal to 100.  I can find the least common multiple of two whole numbers less than or equal to 12.                                       | I can express a sum of<br>two whole numbers with<br>a common factor as a<br>multiple of a sum of two<br>whole numbers with no<br>common factor. | 6.NS.4                      |
| distributive property  | I can use the distributive property to expand linear expressions with whole number coefficients.  I can recognize equivalences between expanded and factored forms. | I can use the distributive property to expand linear expressions with integer coefficients.  I can apply the distributive property to factor linear expressions with whole number coefficients.     | I can use the distributive property to expand linear expressions with rational coefficients.  I can apply the distributive property to factor linear expressions with integer coefficients.                | I can apply the distributive<br>property to solve real-<br>world problems.  | 7.EE.1                      |

| Mathematics   |  |   |   |   |                                    |
|---|--|---|---|---|------------------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                          |
| The student can identify and generate equivalent expressions by applying the properties of operations.  | I can identify parts of<br>an expression using<br>mathematical terms.  | I can identify equivalent<br>expressions.<br>I can identify and use<br>variables when writing<br>algebraic expressions.   | I can generate equivalent expressions. I can rewrite expressions to show how quantities are related in a problem solving context.   | I can justify why two<br>expressions are<br>equivalent.                                     | 6.EE.2b, 6.EE.3,<br>6.EE.5, 7.EE.2 |
| The student can evaluate multi-step expressions to solve mathematical problems.   | I can evaluate multi-step<br>numerical expressions<br>with integers, common<br>fractions (with<br>denominators of 2<br>through 10, 25, 50, or<br>100), or decimals (to the<br>hundredths place). | I can evaluate multi-step<br>algebraic expressions with<br>integers, common fractions<br>(with denominators of<br>2 through 10, 25, 50, or<br>100), or decimals (to the<br>hundredths place).   | I can evaluate and solve<br>multi-step mathematical<br>problems with any rational<br>numbers.   | I can evaluate and solve<br>multi-step real-world<br>problems with any rational<br>numbers. | 7.EE.A.3                           |
| The student can write one-variable equations and inequalities for mathematical and realworld problems and determine solutions through substitution and solving. | I can distinguish between equations and inequalities with integer coefficients.  I can use substitution to determine whether a given number makes an equation true.                              | to determine whether a<br>given number makes an<br>inequality true.<br>I can solve one-variable<br>equations.   | I can identify and use variables when writing one-variable equations and inequalities.  I can graph solutions to one-variable inequalities on a number line.                                | I can interpret the solution<br>sets to one-variable<br>inequalities.                       | 6.EE.4, 6.EE.6,<br>6.EE.7, 7.EE.4b |
|   | I can use the distributive property to expand linear expressions with whole number coefficients.  I can recognize equivalences between expanded and factored forms.                              | I can use the distributive property to expand linear expressions with integer coefficients.  I can apply the distributive property to factor linear expressions with whole number coefficients. | I can use the distributive property to expand linear expressions with rational coefficients.  I can apply the distributive property to factor linear expressions with integer coefficients. | I can apply the distributive<br>property to solve real-<br>world problems.                  | 7.EE.4, 8.EE.7                     |



| Mathematics   |  |  |  |  |                |
|---|--|--|--|--|----------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS      |
| The student can represent and solve equations in real-world and mathematical problems.    | I can solve equations in the form px + q = r (where p, q, and r are integers).  I can solve one- and two-step linear equations in one variable with integer coefficients and with the same variable appearing on one side of the equal sign. | I can represent and solve equations in the form of px + q = r and p(x + q) = r (where p, q, and r are rational numbers) in problem situations.  I can solve multi-step linear equations in one variable with rational coefficients and with the variable appearing on one side of the equal sign (includes situations with one solution, infinitely many solutions, or no solution). | I can solve and produce examples of multi-step linear equations in one variable with rational coefficients and with variables appearing on both sides of the equal sign (includes situations with one solution, infinitely many solutions, or no solutions) in real-world contexts.  I can fluently (effectively, accurately, and flexibly) solve equations in the form of px + q = r and p(x + q) = r (where p, q, and r are rational numbers). | I can solve and produce examples of linear equations in one variable and with the variable appearing on both sides of the equal sign in real-world contexts based on my interests. | 7.EE.4, 8.EE.7 |
| The student can represent and solve inequalities in real-world and mathematical problems. | I can solve one- and two-<br>step linear inequalities in<br>one variable with integer<br>coefficients and with the<br>same variable appearing<br>on one side of the<br>inequality sign.  | I can represent and solve one-step linear inequalities in problem situations.  I can solve multi-step linear inequalities in one variable with integer coefficients and with variable appearing on one side of the inequality sign.  | px + q > r and px + q <<br>r (where p, q, and r are  | I can use graphs, tables,<br>or context to analyze<br>two-step equations that<br>represent relationships<br>between dependent and<br>independent variables.                        | 7.EE.A.3       |

#### Mathematics

| Mathematics   |  |  |  |  |                           |
|---|--|--|--|--|---------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                 |
| The student can represent and analyze quantitative relationships between dependent and independent variables. | I can identify a table of values that represent a relationship between two variables of the forms y = kx and y = x +/- c with rational numbers.  I can plot points corresponding to equations on a coordinate plane. | I can use variables to represent and analyze two quantities that change in relationship to each other of the forms y = kx and y = x +/- c with rational numbers.  I can use graphs and tables to represent two quantities that change in relationship to each other. | I can use graphs, tables, or context to analyze the relationship between dependent and independent variables and relate them to a linear equation.   | I can use graphs, tables,<br>or context to analyze<br>two-step equations that<br>represent relationships<br>between dependent and<br>independent variables.  | 6.EE.8                    |
| The student can understand the connections between proportional relationships, lines, and linear equations.   | I can graph a proportional relationship on a coordinate plane.  I can identify the slope and y-intercept given a graph.  | I can compare two different proportional relationships represented in the same way.  I can use any two coordinate points to calculate the slope of a line.  I can generate the equation y = mx or y = mx + b of a line given a graph.                                | I can compare two different proportional relationships represented in different ways.  I can identify the relationship between proportional and non-proportional linear relationships as a result of a vertical translation.  I can determine the slope and y-intercept of a line.  I can generate the equation y = mx or y = mx + b of a line represented in a variety of ways. | I can use similar triangles to explain why the slope is the same between any two distinct points on a nonvertical line in a coordinate plane.  I can describe the relationship between proportional and nonproportional relationships.  I can use proportional relationships to identify other points on the line. | 8.EE.4, 8.EE.5,<br>8.EE.6 |
| The student can solve equations involving square and cube roots.  |  | I can solve equations of the form x^2 = p by calculating the square root of a whole number perfect square (solutions between 0 and 15).  | I can solve equations of the form x^2 = p and x^3 = p by calculating the square root or cube root of a whole number perfect square or cube in a formula and in real-world context.   | I can solve equations of the form x^2 = p and x^3 = p by calculating the square root or cube root of a whole number perfect square or cube in a formula and in real-world context.   | 8.EE.1                    |

### A successful student can use functions to interpret and analyze a variety of contexts.

| Mathematics   |  |   |   |  |              |  |
|---|--|---|---|--|--------------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS    |  |
| The student can define and evaluate a function.                                       | I can identify whether an input-output pair satisfies a function.  | I can produce input-output<br>pairs for a given function.   | I can define a function as<br>a rule that assigns exactly<br>one output to each input.  | I can evaluate a function<br>to solve mathematical and<br>real-world problems.   | 8.F.1        |  |
| The student can recognize<br>and compare linear<br>functions.                         | I can identify whether a<br>relationship (algebraic or<br>numerical in tables) is a<br>function.   | I can recognize the same linear function represented in different ways.  I can compare properties of two linear functions represented in the same way.  I can identify whether a function is linear from its graph. | I can compare properties of two linear functions represented in a variety of ways. *I can recognize that linear equations of the form y = mx + b is a function. | I can apply properties of<br>functions to determine if<br>a function is linear or not<br>linear.   | 8.F.2, 8.F.3 |  |
| The student can use functions to model and describe relationships between quantities. | I can construct a graph or table to model a linear relationship between two quantities.  I can find the rate of change of a linear relationship displayed in a graph or table. | I can create a function<br>to represent a linear<br>relationship between two<br>quantities (from a graph,<br>verbal description, or<br>coordinate values).  | I can determine the rate<br>of change and initial value<br>of a linear function (from a<br>graph, verbal description,<br>or coordinate values).                 | I can interpret the rate of<br>change and initial value of<br>a linear function in terms<br>of the situation it models<br>and its graph or table of<br>values. | 8.F.4, 8.F.5 |  |

A successful student can prove, understand, and model geometric concepts using appropriate tools and theorems to solve problems and apply logical reasoning.

#### **Mathematics** LEVEL 2 LEVEL 3 LEARNING TARGET LEVEL 1 LEVEL 4 **STANDARDS** The student can solve real-: I can draw polygons in a I can develop and use a I can use the area I can apply the area (and 6.G.1, 6.G.3, 7.G.6 perimeter) of triangles and world and mathematical coordinate plane when formula to find the area of of triangles and problems involving area of : given coordinates for the all triangles. quadrilaterals to solve realquadrilaterals to solve realworld problems including 2-D polygons. vertices. world problems. I can use composition and 2-D composite shapes. I can use two coordinates decomposition of triangles to determine the length of and quadrilaterals to develop a formula and use the side. it to find the area of special I can find the area of a quadrilaterals (including parallelograms, kites and polygon created on the coordinate plane. trapezoids) I can decompose a quadrilateral into two triangles. A student can solve real-I can explain the can express the ratio of Lean apply my knowledge I can find the perimeter 7.G.4, 7.G.6, 8.G.10 circumference to diameter of circumference of circles and areas of two world and mathematical relationship between as π. radius and diameter. problems involving to develop and use the dimensional composite circumference and area of formula for the area of figures with circles and I can define circumference. semicircles to solve realcircles. : circles. world problems. I can apply the formula to find the area of a circle in I can find the perimeter real-world contexts. and areas of two dimensional composite figures with circles and semicircles to solve realworld problems based on my interests. A student can solve real-: I can develop a general I can explain the I can find the volume of I can find the volume of 6.G.2, 7.G.5, 7.G.6 world and mathematical rule for finding the volume relationship between the prisms and cylinders to prisms and cylinders to volume formula for prisms solve real-world problems. problems involving volume of a prism. solve real-world problems of prisms and cylinders. and cylinders. based on my interests. I can find the volume of a prism that has fraction L can find the volume of measurements. prisms and cylinders.

| Mathematics   |  |   |   |  |                                  |
|---|--|---|---|--|----------------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                        |
| problems involving volume of pyramids and cones. (Extended) | of a pyramid.  I can find the volume of a pyramid that has fraction  | I can explain the<br>relationship between<br>the volume formula for<br>pyramids and cones.<br>I can find the volume of<br>pyramids and cones.         | I can find the volume of<br>pyramids and cones to<br>solve real-world problems.         | I can find the volume of<br>pyramids and cones to<br>solve real-world problems<br>based on my interests.         | 8.G.10, 8.G.11,<br>8.G.12        |
| world and mathematical                                      | represent prisms. I can develop a general  | I can explain the<br>relationship between the<br>surface area for prisms<br>and cylinders.<br>I can find the surface area<br>of prisms and cylinders. | I can find the surface area<br>of prisms and cylinders to<br>solve real-world problems. | I can find the surface area<br>of prisms and cylinders to<br>solve real-world problems<br>based on my interests. | 6.G.4, 7.G.5, 7.G.6              |
|   | I can create nets of rectangles and triangles to represent pyramids.  I can develop a general rule for finding the surface area of pyramids. | I can explain the relationship between the surface area for pyramids and cones.  I can find the surface area of pyramids and cones.                   | I can find the surface area<br>of pyramids and cones to<br>solve real-world problems.   | I can find the surface area<br>of pyramids and cones to<br>solve real-world problems<br>based on my interests.   | 6.G.4, 8.G.10,<br>8.G.11, 8.G.12 |

#### **Mathematics LEARNING TARGET** LEVEL 1 LEVEL 2 LEVEL 3 LEVEL 4 **STANDARDS** I can draw angles of a 8.G.1, 8.G.2, 8.G.3, The student can apply I can measure angles in I can write and solve I can write and solve degrees using a protractor. specified measure using a concepts of angle an equation to find an equation to find 8.G.4, 8.G.5 measurements and angle protractor and a straight unknown angles and/or unknown angles and/or relationships. I can calculate the measure \*edge. calculate missing angle calculate missing angle of a larger angle composed : measurements when : measurements when of non-overlapping parts. parallel lines are cut by a parallel lines are cut by a I can calculate the angle measure by decomposing transversal on a diagram. transversal on a diagram in a larger angle into non-I can classify a real-world problem based supplementary, overlapping smaller angles. I can apply facts about on my interests. angle relationships to a :complementary, vertical, adjacent, and I can find an unknown angle multi-step problem in order. I can apply facts about : corresponding angles, in a visual representation by to find the measure of an angle relationships to a multi-step problem in order including parallel lines cut using the the relationship unknown angle. to find the measure of an by a transversal. between types of angles unknown angle within a I can explain the real-world context. relationship between :supplementary, complementary, vertical, adjacent, and corresponding angles, including parallel lines cut :by a transversal. The student can apply I can model examples I can describe when the : I can justify whether three can solve real-world 8.G.5, 8.G.6 given measures of angles or side lengths or three properties of triangles to and non-examples of problems involving triangle solve problems. triangles with given specific sides determine: angle measures form a side lengths and angle triangle using a sketch and measures of angles or · a unique triangle : measurement. sides using manipulatives, a more than one triangle reasoning. :ruler and protractor and/or: · no triangle. I can make inferences about technology. I can describe the the relationship between :I can develop the relationship between the the measures of interior understanding that the sum measures of interior and and exterior angles of a of the interior angles in a exterior angles of a triangle. triangle to find the measure triangle are 180 degrees. of missing angles.

| Mathematics                                       |  |  |                          |  |                     |
|---|--|--|--------------------------|--|---------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET                                   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3                  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS           |
| Pythagorean theorem to solve real-world problems. | I can draw right triangles<br>given measures of the legs | I can determine whether a triangle is a right triangle given side lengths.  I can model an informal proof of the Pythagorean Theorem and its converse. | Theorem to describe this | I can apply the Pythagorean theorem to solve real-world problems based on my interests.  I can calculate the distance between any two points in a two-dimensional coordinate system. | 8.G.7, 8.G.8, 8.G.9 |

A successful student can use a variety of data analysis and statistics strategies to analyze, develop and evaluate inferences based on data.

# Mathematics LEARNING TARGET

| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                               |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| The student can apply concepts of statistical measures of center and variability to summarize and describe one-variable data distributions. | I can calculate measure<br>of centers or measures of<br>variability for a given data<br>set. | I can use measure of<br>centers or measures of<br>variability to summarize<br>and describe one-variable<br>distributions in a context. | I can independently collect,<br>display, and analyze a set<br>of one-variable data in<br>relation to their context.  | I can describe, interpret,<br>and note any striking<br>deviations from the overall<br>pattern with reference to<br>the context in which the<br>data are gathered based<br>on my own statistical<br>question. | 6.SP.1, 6.SP.2,<br>6.SP.3, 6.SP.4,      |
| The student can use random sampling to draw inferences about a population.  | I can recognize when<br>a sample population<br>is representative of a<br>population.         | I can use given statistics<br>to gain information about<br>a population through a<br>sample population.                                | I can justify if a random<br>sample is representative of<br>a population.  I can generate data from<br>a random sample to<br>draw inferences about a<br>population.                    | I can generate data from<br>a random sample to draw<br>inferences about two<br>populations based on my<br>own statistical question.  | 7.SP.1, 7.SP.2,<br>7.SP.3, 7.SP.4       |
| The student can interpret patterns of association in two-variable data.   | I can construct scatter<br>plots for given two-variable<br>data sets.                        | data, describing patterns.<br>(Patterns could include  | I can use a straight line to<br>model linear association<br>relationships between<br>two quantitative variables,<br>informally judging<br>closeness of the data<br>points to the line. |  | 8.SP.1, 8.SP.2,<br>8.SP.3, 8.F.3, 8.F.5 |

### **EL Mathematics**

It is important to recognize that students who receive ESOL Services have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports makes it possible for them to do so. Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the measurement tables for this population align to The Kansas Standards for English Learners. These standards create a foundation upon which successful English language instruction is built. The premise of these standards is supporting individual students to gain a level of proficiency with the English language that allows them to be highly successful in obtaining grade level academic standards in as short of time as possible. Both social English and academic English are required to attain mastery of the English language and of school success. These standards below frame expectations of "what students need to know and be able to do" from a level 1 to level 4 of English fluency and how that relates to a mastery level.

**Special Note:** These standards are grade banded and overarching. Some competencies are designed with the end in mind. Therefore, a student in 6th -7th grade may be at a level 1 or 2, but is expected to progress to a level 3 or 4 by grade 8.

| Mathematics   | EL  |  |  |          |
|---|---|--|--|----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD |
| can echo read a numerical math sentence or paragraph with support and guidance.                 | for accuracy and<br>understanding with some<br>prompting and support. | can read near grade level  | A successful level 4 EL student can read on-level numerical word problems with purpose and understanding with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression by rereading when necessary with some errors and self-correction. | EL RF.4  |
| can point to a picture and/or<br>single word in response to a<br>direct text-dependent question | can locate or give a detail from a simple text in response            | A successful level 3 EL student can identify details in response to an explicit text-dependent question with minimal guidance and support. | A successful level 4 EL student can identify details in response to explicit or implicit text-dependent questions.   | EL R.1   |

| Mathematics  | EL  |  |   |           |  |  |
|--|---|--|---|-----------|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD  |  |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture or illustration depicting the reasoning with prompting and support.   | A successful level 2 EL can identify a reason using a simple word or phrase with prompting and support.   | A successful level 3 EL student can identify and begin to explain two or more reasons using simple sentences with minimal support.   | A successful level 4 EL student can explain the reasoning of responses and distinguish between relevant and irrelevant information.                           | EL R. 8   |  |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student<br>can read a few key math words<br>and/or<br>phrases with prompting and<br>support  | A successful level 2 EL can use<br>math vocabulary words<br>from text to better<br>comprehend the math related<br>text with prompting and<br>support.   | A successful level 3 student can use knowledge about math words and language to comprehend basic text with minimal support.  | A successful level 4 EL can<br>apply knowledge about<br>math language and how<br>it functions to better<br>comprehend text.                                   | EL R.8.10 |  |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can sort common objects into categories with some prompting and support. Attempt to identify real-life connections between math words and their uses with prompting and support. | A successful level 2 EL student can begin to recognize similar attributes and sort common objects into categories with prompting and support. Identify real-life connections between math words and their uses. | can begin to recognize and   | A successful level 4 EL can<br>explain relationships between<br>math vocabulary and real-life<br>applications.  | EL R 6.12 |  |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can produce writing that includes a lot of copied text, much of it with errors.  | can produce writing that  | A successful level 3 EL student can produce writing that includes mostly correct use of capitalization, punctuation, and mostly correct spelling with minimal support.         | A successful level 4 EL student can demonstrate correct use of capitalization and punctuation. Demonstrate correct spelling with only limited evident errors. | EL W.11   |  |  |
| can copy, write and/or draw key<br>words or phrases to<br>express thoughts with<br>prompting and support.  | A successful level 2 EL student can write key words within sentence frames relying on pictures and background knowledge for a specific task with prompting and support.   | A successful level 3 EL student can write complete sentences to form a paragraph for a discipline-specific task and audience over an extended time frame with minimal support. | A successful level 4 EL student can write well-organized, cohesive paragraphs appropriate for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.  | EL W.12   |  |  |

| Mathematics   | EL  |   |  |          |  |
|---|---|---|--|----------|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD |  |
| can nod for "yes" and "no",<br>draw, and point to identify<br>information with prompting<br>and support or remain in silent<br>period absorbing surroundings. | can produce one/two word<br>responses or a simple<br>sentence with limited<br>comprehension when asked  |   | A successful level 4 EL student can fully participate and/or engage in collaborative discussions, expressing ideas clearly, building on others' ideas. Come to discussions prepared, explicitly drawing on the information. Follow the rules of discussion, acknowledging others' information. | SL .1    |  |
| can offer single-word responses that indicate   | A successful level 2 EL student can produce simple sentences based on facts learned when engaging with information from diverse media with prompting and support. | A successful level 3 EL student can explain how the ideas and details clarify a topic of study.                                     | A successful level 4 EL student can summarize information presented in diverse media formats and explain connection between information and a disciplinespecific task.   | EL SL.2  |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can provide a basic written, drawn, or spoken explanation about the information given with prompting and support.             | A successful level 2 EL student can identify the reasoning with prompting and support.  | A successful level 3 EL student can produce simple sentences using one piece of evidence to support reasoning with minimal support. | A successful level 4 EL<br>student can produce complete<br>sentences using multiple<br>pieces of evidence to evaluate<br>and support reasoning.  | EL SL.3  |  |

|  | _  |  |  |          |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|----------|--|--|
| Mathematics  | EL   |  |  |          |  |  |
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD |  |  |
| for 'yes" or "no", draw, and/or<br>point to pictures of common<br>items found within a school    | can acquire key content-<br>specific vocabulary to add to<br>personal vocabulary bank with<br>prompting and support. | A successful level 3 EL student can acquire and produce grade-appropriate academic and domain-specific words and phrases with minimal prompting and support.                   | A successful level 4 EL student can acquire and apply grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases accurately.                   | EL SL. 8 |  |  |
| can copy, write and/or draw key words or phrases to express thoughts with prompting and support. |  | A successful level 3 EL student can write complete sentences to form a paragraph for a discipline-specific task and audience over an extended time frame with minimal support. | A successful level 4 EL student can write well-organized, cohesive paragraphs appropriate for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. | EL W.12  |  |  |

### **Science**

A successful student can understand the structure, properties, and interactions of matter at the molecular scale.

| Science   |  |  |   |   |           |
|---|--|--|---|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| Develop models to describe the atomic composition of simple molecules and extended structures.                                      | l can identify parts of an<br>atom.                      | l can identify atomic and<br>molecular structures.                   | l can use models to<br>describe atomic and<br>molecular structures.   | l can use models to relate<br>chemical properties to<br>atomic and<br>molecular structures  | MS PS1-1  |
| Extended: Gather and make sense of information to describe that synthetic materials come from natural resources and impact society. |  | I can organize information<br>about the properties of<br>substances. | I can relate collected information about the properties of designed materials to their properties.                                | I can collect and synthesize<br>information about the<br>properties of designed<br>materials to evaluate<br>potential impacts,  | MS PS1-3  |
| 1   | motion of a solid, liquid, or gas at the particle level. | the particle level with the  | I can use a model to<br>describe how substances<br>change at the particle level<br>with the temperature of<br>the system changes. | I can develop a model that predicts and describes changes in particle motion, temperature, and state of a pure substance at the particle level when thermal energy is added or removed. | MS PS1-4  |

### A successful student can understand chemical reactions at the molecular scale.

| Science   |   |  |   |  |                     |
|---|---|--|---|--|---------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS           |
| Develop models to<br>describe the atomic<br>composition of simple<br>molecules and extended<br>structures.  | I can identify parts of an atom.  | I can identify atomic and<br>molecular structures.   | I can analyze data to<br>identify a chemical<br>reaction occurred.  | l can support an<br>argument with evidence<br>that a chemical reaction<br>occurred.                                  | MS PS1-2            |
| Gather and make sense<br>of information to describe<br>that synthetic materials<br>come from natural<br>resources and impact<br>society. (Extended)         | l can identify properties<br>of substances.   | I can organize<br>information about the<br>properties of substances.   | I can use a model to<br>describe how mass is<br>conserved in a chemical<br>reaction at the atomic<br>level. | I can develop and use<br>models to explain how<br>mass is conserved in<br>chemical reactions at the<br>atomic level. | MS PS1-6, MS PS 3-3 |
| Develop a model that predicts and describes changes in particle motion, temperature, and state of a pure substance when thermal energy is added or removed. | I can describe the relative<br>motion of a solid, liquid,<br>or gas at the particle<br>level. | I can describe how<br>substances change at<br>the particle level with<br>the temperature of the<br>system changes.                         | I can design a device that<br>uses changes in thermal<br>energy.  | I can design and optimize<br>a device that uses<br>changes in thermal<br>energy.                                     | MS PS1-4            |
| Develop models to<br>describe the atomic<br>composition of simple<br>molecules and extended<br>structures.  | I can identify parts of an atom.  | I can identify if a chemical reaction occurred.  | l can analyze data to<br>identify a chemical<br>reaction occurred.  | I can support an<br>argument with evidence<br>that a chemical reaction<br>occurred.                                  | MS PS1-2            |
| Gather and make sense of information to describe that synthetic materials come from natural resources and impact society. (Extended)                        | l can identify properties<br>of substances.   | I can describe how<br>mass is conserved in a<br>chemical reaction.   | I can use a model to<br>describe how mass is<br>conserved in a chemical<br>reaction at the atomic<br>level. | I can develop and use<br>models to explain how<br>mass is conserved in<br>chemical reactions at the<br>atomic level. | MS PS1-5            |
| Develop a model that predicts and describes changes in particle motion, temperature, and state of a pure substance when thermal energy is added or removed. | motion of a solid, liquid,<br>or gas at the particle  | I can describe how<br>modifying factors (type<br>of material, quantity, etc.)<br>to change the amount<br>of thermal energy<br>transferred. | I can design a device that<br>uses changes in thermal<br>energy.  | I can design and optimize<br>a device that uses<br>changes in thermal<br>energy.                                     | MS PS1-6, MS PS 3-3 |

A successful student understands the relationships among forces and motion and interactions between objects and within systems of objects.

| Science  |   |  |  |   |                    |
|--|---|--|--|---|--------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS          |
| Apply Newton's Third Law to design a solution to a problem involving the motion of two colliding objects.  | I can describe the forces<br>exerted two objects<br>collide.                | I can describe how<br>modifying factors (mass,<br>speed) effect the forces<br>exerted when two objects<br>collide. | I can design a device that<br>involves the motion of<br>two colliding objects.                               | I can design and optimize<br>a device that involves the<br>motion of two colliding<br>objects.                    | MS PS2-1           |
| Plan an investigation to provide evidence that the change in an object's motion depends on the sum of the forces on the object and the mass of the object.   | I can define unbalanced<br>forces and describe how<br>it affects motion.    | I can observe and record<br>the changes in motion of<br>unbalanced forces.   | I can investigate the<br>changes in motion of<br>unbalanced forces.  | I can investigate and<br>analyze data from the<br>changes in motion of<br>unbalanced forces.                      | MS PS2-2           |
| Construct and present arguments using evidence to support the claim that gravitational interactions are attractive and depend on the masses of interacting objects. (Extended)   | I can identify the<br>relationship between<br>mass and gravity.             | gravity is an attractive   | I can use evidence to<br>argue for the gravitational<br>interaction between<br>objects of various<br>masses. | I can evaluate evidence to<br>argue for the gravitational<br>interaction between<br>objects of various<br>masses. | •                  |
| Ask questions about data to determine the factors that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces.  Conduct an investigation and evaluate the experimental design to provide evidence that fields exist between objects exerting forces on each other even though the objects are not in contact. | I can describe the effects<br>of electric or magnetic<br>fields on objects. | I can describe the effects<br>of electric and magnetic<br>fields on objects.                                       | I can collect evidence<br>for the effects of electric<br>and magnetic fields on<br>objects.                  | I collect evidence to<br>explain the effects of<br>electric and magnetic<br>fields on objects.                    | MS PS2-3, MS-PS2-5 |

### A successful student can understand how energy is defined, transferred, transformed, and conserved by objects and within systems.

| Science  |  |   |  |  |                      |
|--|--|---|--|--|----------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS            |
| Construct and interpret graphical displays of data to describe the relationships of kinetic energy to the mass of an object and to the speed of an object.   | I can describe the<br>relationship of kinetic<br>energy to the mass and<br>speed of objects. | I can explain the<br>relationship of kinetic<br>energy to the mass and<br>speed of objects.                               | I can interpret data to<br>describe the relationship<br>of kinetic energy to<br>the mass and speed of<br>objects.          | I can generate, collect,<br>and interpret data to<br>explain the relationship<br>of kinetic energy to<br>the mass and speed of<br>objects. | MS-PS3-1             |
| Develop a model to describe that when the arrangement of objects interacting at a distance changes, different amounts of potential energy are stored in the system.  | I can identify potential<br>energy in different<br>systems.                                  | I can describe the<br>relationship between the<br>distance between two<br>objects and its potential<br>energy.            | I can develop a model to<br>describe the interactions<br>of objects in a system<br>based upon potential<br>energy.         | I can develop models to<br>explain the interactions of<br>objects in a system based<br>upon different forms of<br>potential energy.        | MS-PS3-2             |
| Plan an investigation to determine the relationships among the energy transferred, the type of matter, the mass, and the change in the average kinetic energy of the particles as measured by the temperature of the sample. | temperature and kinetic<br>energy.   | I can describe how the<br>type of matter and mass<br>effect the temperature<br>change or amount of<br>energy transferred. | I can investigate a<br>change in temperature<br>or amount of energy<br>transferred based on the<br>type of matter or mass. | I can investigate and<br>analyze a change in<br>temperature and amount<br>of energy transferred<br>based on the type of<br>matter or mass. | MS-PS3-4<br>MS-PS3-5 |
| Construct, use, and present arguments to support the claim that when the kinetic energy of an object changes, energy is transferred to or from the object.   |  |   |  |  |                      |

A successful student can understand characteristic properties of waves and electromagnetic radiation and how they behave and transmit information.

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| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1                                 | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
|------------------|---|---|--|--|-----------|
| Use mathematical | I can identify various wave properties. | I can identify various wave properties and behavior.                | I can use mathematical<br>representations to<br>describe wave properties |  | MS-PS4-1  |
|                  | •                                       | I can observe how waves<br>interact with different<br>media.        | describe wave interactions with different media.                         | I can collect data and<br>develop models that<br>describe wave interactions<br>with different media.   | MS-PS4-2  |
|                  |   | I can describe the reliability<br>of digital and analog<br>signals. |  | I can use evidence to<br>support an argument for<br>the reliability of digital over<br>analog signals. | MS-PS4-3  |

### A successful student can understand engineering designs to define problems, develop solutions, and optimize solutions to a problem in life science.

#### Science

| Science  |   |   |  |   |            |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|---|------------|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |  |  |
| Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions. | I can identify components<br>of a design.                           | I can describe potential<br>impacts of a design.                      | I can describe the potential<br>impacts of a design in<br>order to define criteria and<br>constraints. | I can evaluate the potential<br>impacts of a design in<br>order to prioritize criteria<br>and constraints.                  | MS-ETS1-1  |  |  |
| Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.  | I can identify competing<br>designs to solve a specific<br>problem. | I can compare competing<br>designs to solve a specific<br>problem.    | I can evaluate competing<br>designs to solve a specific<br>problem using criteria and<br>constraints.  | I can support an argument<br>for the best design to solve<br>a specific problem using<br>criteria and constraints.          | MS-ETS1-2  |  |  |
| Analyze data from tests to determine similarities and differences among several design solutions to identify the best characteristics of each that can be combined into a new solution to better meet the criteria for success.                                      | I can use my observations<br>to compare design<br>solutions.        | I can use test data to compare design solutions.                      | I can analyze test data to<br>compare design solutions.  | I can analyze test data to<br>support an argument for<br>an optimal design.   | MS-ETS1-3  |  |  |
|  | I can identify possible improvements to a design.                   | I can explain how to<br>improve a design through<br>repeated testing. | I can develop a model to<br>optimize a design through<br>repeated testing.                             | I can analyze and<br>synthesize data in order<br>to develop a model that<br>optimizes a design through<br>repeated testing. | MS-ETS-1-4 |  |  |

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| Science   |  |   |  |   |                      |
|---|--|---|--|---|----------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS            |
| Conduct an investigation to provide evidence that living things are made of cells; either one cell or many different numbers and types of cells.                      | I can recognize that living<br>things are made of cells. | I can distinguish between<br>living and nonliving based<br>on living things are made<br>of cells. | I can use data from<br>investigations as evidence<br>that living things are made<br>of cells.  | I can use models and data<br>from investigations as<br>evidence that living things<br>are made of cells.    | MS-LS1-1             |
| Develop and use a model<br>to describe the function<br>of a cell as a whole and<br>ways the parts of cells<br>contribute to the function.                             | I can identify parts of cells.                           | I can describe how cells<br>or parts of cells work<br>together.                                   | I can develop models to<br>describe how cells or parts<br>of cells work together.              | I can develop models to<br>support an argument for<br>how cells or parts of cells<br>work together.         | MS-LS1-2             |
| Priority: Use argument supported by evidence for how the body is a system of interacting subsystems composed of groups of cells.                                      | I can identify interacting<br>groups of cells.           | I can describe how<br>interacting groups of cells<br>work together.                               | I can support an argument<br>for how interacting groups<br>of cells perform life<br>functions. | I can support an argument<br>with evidence of how<br>interacting groups of cells<br>perform life functions. | MS-LS1-3<br>MS-LS1-8 |
| Extended: Gather and synthesize information that sensory receptors respond to stimuli by sending messages to the brain for immediate behavior or storage as memories. |  |   |  |   |                      |

#### A successful student can understand how organisms use matter and energy and how it flows through an ecosystem.

| Science   |   |   |  |   |                                  |
|---|---|---|--|---|----------------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                        |
| Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for the role of photosynthesis in the cycling of matter and flow of energy into and out of organisms.  | I can explain how<br>photosynthesis moves<br>matter and energy from<br>one organism to another. | I can explain how<br>photosynthesis moves<br>matter and energy through<br>organisms in cycles.            | I can use evidence to<br>explain how photosynthesis<br>moves matter and energy<br>through organisms in<br>cycles.                  | I can collect and use<br>evidence to explain how<br>photosynthesis moves<br>matter and energy through<br>organisms in cycles.                           | MS-LS1-6                         |
| Extended: Develop a model to describe how food is rearranged through chemical reactions forming new molecules that support growth and/ or release energy as this matter moves through an organism. (Extended) | l can explain why energy is<br>needed in organisms.   | I can explain how energy<br>is used in organisms via<br>cellular respiration.                             | chemical reactions involving food molecules (sugar) to   | I can collect data to develop<br>a model of chemical<br>reactions involving food<br>molecules (sugar) to explain<br>how energy is used in<br>organisms. |                                  |
|   |   | I can describe how<br>organisms within an<br>ecosystem depend upon<br>living and nonliving<br>components. | I can develop a model that describes how organisms within an ecosystem depend upon the cycling of living and nonliving components. |   | MS-LS2-1<br>MS-LS2-3<br>MS-LS2-4 |

#### A successful student can understand how organisms interact within an environment to obtain matter and energy.

| Science          |  |   |   |  |           |  |
|------------------|--|---|---|--|-----------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |  |
|                  | I can identify different<br>interactions of organisms. | I can identify different<br>interactions of organisms<br>in ecosystems. | I can explain interaction patterns among organisms in ecosystems.                               |  | MS-LS2-2  |  |
| competing design | ecosystems.  | I can describe the effects<br>of human actions upon<br>biodiversity.    | I can evaluate solutions<br>that minimize the effects<br>of human actions upon<br>biodiversity. | I can evaluate and refine<br>solutions that minimize the<br>effects of human actions<br>upon biodiversity or upon<br>ecosystem services. | MS-LS2-5  |  |

A successful student can understand engineering designs to define problems, develop solutions, and optimize solutions to a problem in life science.

#### Science

| Science  |  |   |  |  |                       |  |
|--|--|---|--|--|-----------------------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS             |  |
| Extended: Use argument based on empirical evidence and scientific reasoning to support an explanation for how characteristic animal behaviors and specialized plant structures affect the probability of successful reproduction of animals and plants respectively.   | l can identify various<br>animal behaviors or plant<br>structures that affect<br>reproduction. | I can describe why<br>animal behaviors or<br>plant structures affect<br>reproduction. | I can use evidence to<br>support the claim that<br>animal behaviors or<br>plant structures affect<br>reproduction.   | I can gather and use<br>evidence to support<br>the claim that animal<br>behaviors or plant<br>structures affect<br>reproduction. | MS-LS1-4              |  |
| Develop and use a model to describe why asexual reproduction results in offspring with identical genetic information and sexual reproduction results in offspring with genetic variation.  | l can define asexual and<br>sexual reproduction.   | I can identify differences<br>in offspring based on<br>reproduction type.             | I can use a model to<br>describe why genetic<br>variation occurs or does<br>not occur based on<br>reproduction type. | I can develop and use a<br>model to describe why<br>genetic variation occurs or<br>does not occur based on<br>reproduction type. | MS-LS3-2              |  |
| Priority: Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for how environmental and genetic factors influence the growth of organisms.  Extended: Develop and use a model to describe why structural changes to genes (mutations) located on chromosomes may affect proteins and may result in harmful, beneficial, or neutral effects to the structure and function of the organism. | I can identify that genetic<br>and environmental factors<br>affect organisms.                  | I can explain how genetic<br>and environmental factors<br>affect organisms.           | I can use evidence to<br>explain how genetic and<br>environmental factors<br>affect organisms.                       | I can use models and<br>evidence to explain how<br>genetic and environmental<br>factors affect organisms.                        | MS-LS1-5,<br>MS-LS3-1 |  |

| Science  |   |  |                      |   |           |
|--|---|--|----------------------|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET                                | LEVEL 1                                   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3              | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| synthesize information about technologies that | about how humans influence inheritance of | I can gather information<br>about how humans<br>influence the inheritance<br>of traits in organisms. | humans influence the | I can gather, synthesize,<br>and communicate<br>information about how<br>humans influence the<br>inheritance of traits in<br>organisms. | MS-LS4-5  |

A successful student can understand why the relationship between the environment and genetic variation within a species affects survival and reproduction over time.

| Science   |  |   |  |  |           |  |  |
|---|--|---|--|--|-----------|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |  |  |
|   | I can identify patterns of<br>relatedness of organisms<br>and fossils based on<br>anatomy. | I can explain patterns of<br>relatedness of organisms<br>and fossils based on<br>anatomy. | I can analyze data to<br>explain patterns of<br>relatedness of organisms<br>and fossils based on<br>anatomy. | I can investigate and<br>analyze data to explain<br>patterns of relatedness<br>of organisms and fossils<br>based on anatomy. | MS-LS4-1  |  |  |
| Apply scientific ideas to construct an explanation for the anatomical similarities and differences among modern organisms and between modern and fossil organisms to infer evolutionary relationships. Analyze displays of pictorial data to compare patterns of similarities in the embryological development across multiple species to identify relationships not evident in the fully formed anatomy. |  |   |  |  |           |  |  |

### Science

| LEARNING TARGET                                    | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
|--|--|---|--|--|-----------|
| describes how genetic<br>variations of traits in a | specific traits will lead to increases or decreases in |   | I can use evidence to<br>explain why specific traits<br>will lead to increases or<br>decreases in survival or<br>reproduction chances. | I can use evidence and<br>models to explain why<br>specific traits will lead to<br>increases or decreases in<br>survival or reproduction<br>chances. | MS-LS4-4  |
| representations to support                         | traits within populations over time.                   | I can predict changes in<br>traits within populations<br>over time. | I can use mathematical<br>relationships to explain<br>changes in traits within<br>populations over time.                               | I can analyze data and use<br>mathematical relationships<br>to explain changes in traits<br>within populations over<br>time.                         | •         |



## A successful student can understand engineering designs to define problems, develop solutions, and optimize solutions to a problem in life science.

| Science  |   |   |  |   |           |
|--|---|---|--|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions. | I can identify components<br>of a design.                           | I can describe potential<br>impacts of a design.                      | I can describe the potential<br>impacts of a design in<br>order to define criteria and<br>constraints. | I can evaluate the potential<br>impacts of a design in<br>order to prioritize criteria<br>and constraints.                  | MS-ETS-1  |
| Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.  | I can identify competing<br>designs to solve a specific<br>problem. | I can compare competing<br>designs to solve a specific<br>problem.    | I can evaluate competing<br>designs to solve a specific<br>problem using criteria and<br>constraints.  | I can support an argument<br>for the best design to solve<br>a specific problem using<br>criteria and constraints.          | MS-ETS1-2 |
| determine similarities and   | I can use my observations<br>to compare design<br>solutions.        | l can use test data to<br>compare design solutions.                   | I can analyze test data to<br>compare design solutions.  | I can analyze test data to<br>support an argument for<br>an optimal design.   | MS-ETS1-3 |
|  | I can identify possible<br>improvements to a design.                | I can explain how to<br>improve a design through<br>repeated testing. | I can develop a model to<br>optimize a design through<br>repeated testing.                             | I can analyze and synthesize<br>data in order to develop<br>a model that optimizes a<br>design through repeated<br>testing. | MS-ETS1-4 |

SCIENCE PERFORMANCE-BASED ASSESSMENT

# universe a

A successful student can understand the properties and predictable patterns of objects and phenomena in the universe and our Solar System.

| Science   |   |                           |   |   |           |  |
|---|---|---------------------------|---|---|-----------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2                   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |  |
| a model of the Earth-sun-   | pertain to the positioning of the Earth, Sun, and |                           | I can use a model to<br>explain patterns involving<br>the Sun and the Moon<br>based upon their relative<br>positions. | I can use a model to explain patterns and make predictions involving the Sun and the Moon based upon their relative positions.      | MS-ESS1-1 |  |
| use a model to describe   | motion of objects on Earth.                       | affects motion within the | I can model how gravity<br>explains motion within the<br>Solar System and within<br>galaxies.                         | I can gather information<br>to develop a model of how<br>gravity explains motion<br>within the Solar System<br>and within galaxies. | MS-ESS1-2 |  |
| <b>Extended:</b> Analyze and interpret data to determine scale properties of objects in the solar system. |   |                           | I can analyze data to<br>determine the properties<br>of objects in the Solar<br>System.                               | I can analyze data to<br>explain the differences in<br>the properties of objects in<br>the Solar System.                            | MS-ESS1-3 |  |

#### A successful student can understand how Earth's conditions and processes and life on Earth have changed over time.

| Science   |  |   |   |  |           |  |
|---|--|---|---|--|-----------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET                                     | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |  |
|   | I can identify the natural<br>processes that record<br>Earth's history.    | I can use rock formations<br>and fossils to describe<br>Earth's history.                            | I can use rock formations<br>and fossil evidence to<br>explain Earth's history.                                     | I can synthesize<br>information from rock<br>formations and fossil<br>evidence to explain Earth's<br>history.                        | MS-ESS1-4 |  |
| based on evidence for how geoscience processes have |  | I can identify geological<br>processes that create<br>geological features.                          | I can explain how<br>geological processes of<br>different time and spatial<br>scales create geological<br>features. | I can gather evidence to<br>explain how geological<br>processes of varying time<br>and spatial scales create<br>geological features. | MS-ESS2-2 |  |
| data on the distribution                            | I can identify how Earth's<br>layers interact to cause<br>plate tectonics. | I can use rock formations<br>and fossils to describe<br>evidence of past tectonic<br>plate motions. | fossils evidence as data to provide evidence of past  | I can analyze and interpret<br>data to develop models<br>that provide evidence<br>of past tectonic-plate<br>motions.                 | MS-ESS2-3 |  |

#### A successful student can understand how Earth materials and the major systems of Earth interact over time.

| Science                 |   |  |  |   |           |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET         | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
|                         | l can identify the process<br>by which Earth cycles its<br>materials.       | I can describe the role of<br>energy in the cycling of<br>Earth's materials.                               | I can model and describe<br>the role of energy in the<br>cycling of Earth's materials.                         | I can model and use<br>evidence to explain the<br>role of energy in the<br>cycling of Earth's materials.            | MS-ESS2-1 |
| describe the cycling of | I can identify the process<br>and steps by which Earth<br>cycles its water. | I can describe the roles of<br>energy and gravity in the<br>water cycle.                                   | I can develop a model<br>to describe the roles of<br>energy and gravity in the<br>water cycle.                 | I can develop and use a<br>model to explain the roles<br>of energy and gravity in the<br>water cycle.               | MS-ESS3-1 |
|                         | I can observe Earth's<br>uneven distribution of<br>natural resources.       | I can describe how Earth's<br>processes are related to<br>the uneven distribution of<br>natural resources. | I can use evidence<br>from Earth's processes<br>to explain the uneven<br>distribution of natural<br>resources. | I can evaluate evidence<br>from Earth's uneven<br>processes to explain the<br>distribution of natural<br>resources. | MS-ESS2-3 |



#### A successful student can understand the factors and processes that regulate climate and weather on Earth.

| Science  |                              |   |  |   |           |
|--|------------------------------|---|--|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1                      | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
|  |                              | of air masses to changes in weather.  | I can gather evidence<br>of the interaction of air<br>masses to explain changes<br>in weather.   | I can gather and evaluate<br>evidence of the interaction<br>of air masses to explain<br>changes in weather.   | MS-ESS2-5 |
| to describe how unequal heating and rotation of the  | list some factors that drive | and Earth's rotation<br>produce differences in<br>atmospheric and oceanic<br>circulation patterns that<br>lead to different climates. | describe how heat and<br>Earth's rotation produce  | I can use evidence to<br>develop a model that<br>explains how heat and<br>Earth's rotation produce<br>differences in atmospheric<br>and oceanic circulation<br>patterns that lead to<br>different climates. | MS-ESS2-6 |
| Ask questions to clarify<br>evidence of the factors<br>that have caused the rise<br>in global temperatures<br>over the past century. |                              | activities and/or natural processes that impact earth's global temperature.   | I can observe patterns in data that connect the changes in natural processes and/or human activities related to greenhouse gas production. | I can ask questions<br>to clarify evidence of<br>the factors that have<br>caused the rise in global<br>temperatures over the<br>past century.   | MS-ESS3-5 |

### A successful student can understand how natural hazards can be predicted and how human activities affect Earth systems.

#### Science

| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
|--|---|--|--|--|-----------|
| Collect data to provide evidence for how the motions and complex interactions of air masses result in changes in weather conditions. | •   |  | I can gather evidence<br>of the interaction of air<br>masses to explain changes<br>in weather.   | I can evaluate strategies<br>to minimize dangers<br>from natural hazards<br>through forecasting and<br>technology.                     | MS-ESS3-2 |
|  | differs from weather and list some factors that drive differences in climate. | I can describe how heat<br>and Earth's rotation<br>produce differences in<br>atmospheric and oceanic<br>circulation patterns that<br>lead to different climates. | I can use a model to describe how heat and Earth's rotation produce differences in atmospheric and oceanic circulation patterns that lead to different climates. | l can design and refine<br>a method to monitor or<br>minimize human impacts<br>on the environment.                                     | MS-ESS3-3 |
| Ask questions to clarify evidence of the factors that have caused the rise in global temperatures over the past century.             | Earth's heating and cooling patterns.   | activities and/or natural processes that impact earth's global temperature.  | I can observe patterns in data that connect the changes in natural processes and/or human activities related to greenhouse gas production.                       | I can gather and use evidence to argue that population growth increases the use of natural resources and causes environmental changes. | MS-ESS3-4 |

| Science   |  |  |  |  |           |
|---|--|--|--|--|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| Analyze and interpret data on natural hazards to forecast future catastrophic events and inform the development of technologies to mitigate their effects. (Extended) | hazards that Earth                                     | I can describe<br>characteristics of natural<br>hazards.   | l can identify data patterns<br>about natural hazards.   | I can evaluate strategies<br>to minimize dangers<br>from natural hazards<br>through forecasting and<br>technology.                     | MS-ESS3-2 |
| to design a method for  | I can describe human<br>impacts on the<br>environment. | I can describe human<br>impacts on the<br>environment and list<br>potential methods to<br>minimize the impact. | I can design a method<br>to monitor or minimize<br>human impacts on the<br>environment.  | I can design and refine<br>a method to monitor or<br>minimize human impacts<br>on the environment.                                     | MS-ESS3-3 |
| supported by evidence for how increases in human  | increase in the use of natural resources impacts       | increases the use of<br>natural resources and<br>causes environmental  | I can use evidence to<br>argue that population<br>growth increases the use<br>of natural resources and<br>causes environmental<br>changes. | I can gather and use evidence to argue that population growth increases the use of natural resources and causes environmental changes. | MS-ESS3-4 |

### A successful student can understand engineering designs to define problems, develop solutions, and optimize solutions to a problem in Earth and space science.

#### Science

| Science  |  |   |  |   |           |
|--|--|---|--|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions. | I can identify components<br>of a design.                    | I can describe potential<br>impacts of a design.                      | I can describe the potential<br>impacts of a design in<br>order to define criteria and<br>constraints. | I can evaluate the potential<br>impacts of a design in order<br>to prioritize criteria and<br>constraints.                  |           |
| Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.  |  | I can compare competing<br>designs to solve a specific<br>problem.    | I can evaluate competing<br>designs to solve a specific<br>problem using criteria and<br>constraints.  | I can support an argument<br>for the best design to solve<br>a specific problem using<br>criteria and constraints.          | MS-ETS1-2 |
| determine similarities and   | I can use my observations<br>to compare design<br>solutions. | I can use test data to<br>compare design solutions.                   | I can analyze test data to<br>compare design solutions.  | I can analyze test data to<br>support an argument for an<br>optimal design.   | MS-ETS1-3 |
|  | I can identify possible improvements to a design.            | I can explain how to<br>improve a design through<br>repeated testing. | I can develop a model to<br>optimize a design through<br>repeated testing.                             | I can analyze and<br>synthesize data in order<br>to develop a model that<br>optimizes a design through<br>repeated testing. | MS-ETS1-4 |

#### **EL Science**

It is important to recognize that students who receive ESOL Services have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports makes it possible for them to do so. Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the measurement tables for this population align to The Kansas Standards for English Learners. These standards create a foundation upon which successful English language instruction is built. The premise of these standards is supporting individual students to gain a level of proficiency with the English language that allows them to be highly successful in obtaining grade level academic standards in as short of time as possible. Both social English and academic English are required to attain mastery of the English language and of school success. These standards below frame expectations of "what students need to know and be able to do" from a level 1 to level 4 of English fluency and how that relates to a mastery level.

**Special Note:** These standards are grade banded and overarching. Some competencies are designed with the end in mind. Therefore, a student in 6th -7th grade may be at a level 1 or 2, but is expected to progress to a level 3 or 4 by grade 8.

| Science   | EL   |   |  |          |
|---|--|---|--|----------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD |
| can echo read a content-<br>related sentence or paragraph<br>with support and guidance.         | can read simple and decodable content-related text while relying on picture clues for accuracy and understanding with some prompting and guidance. | can read near grade level<br>content-related text with some<br>errors and some dis-fluency<br>while relying on strategies such<br>as pictures, context to confirm | A successful level 4 EL student can read on-level content-specific text with purpose and understanding with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression by rereading when necessary with some errors and self-correction. | EL RF.4  |
| can point to a picture and/or<br>single word in response to a<br>direct text-dependent question | can locate or give a detail from<br>a simple text in response to a<br>direct text-dependent question   | A successful level 3 EL student can identify details in response to an explicit text-dependent question with minimal guidance and support.                        | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can identify details in<br>response to explicit or implicit<br>text-dependent questions.  | EL R.1   |
| can point to a picture or illustration depicting the  | A successful level 2 EL can identify a reason using a simple word or phrase with prompting and support   | can identify and begin to   | A successful level 4 EL student can explain the reasoning of responses and distinguish between relevant and irrelevant information.  | EL R. 8  |

| Science  | EL   |   |   |                    |
|--|--|---|---|--------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARD           |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture and/ or content-specific word in a simple text with prompting and support.                                  | A successful level 2 EL student can read simple sentences and/or paragraphs within a modified text and begin to utilize text features to aid in comprehension with prompting and support.                  | can apply reading strategies<br>and understanding of text<br>features in near grade-level<br>text with minimal support and  | A successful level 4 EL can read<br>and comprehend high quality<br>informational text.  | EL R.13            |
| A successful level 1 EL student can read a few key content-specific words and/or phrases with prompting and support.   | A successful level 2 EL can use content-specific vocabulary words from simple text to better comprehend with prompting and support.  | A successful level 3 student can use knowledge about content-specific words and language to comprehend basic text with minimal support.   | A successful level 4 EL can<br>apply knowledge about<br>content-specific language<br>and how it functions to better<br>comprehend text.   | EL R.7.10 and 8.10 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can produce writing that includes a lot of copied text, much of it with errors.  | A successful level 2 EL student can produce writing that shows the usage of simple words and/or sentence frames, limited mechanics, and capitalization with prompting and support.                         |   | A successful level 4 EL student can demonstrate correct use of capitalization and punctuation. Demonstrate correct spelling with only limited evident errors.   | EL W.11            |
| A successful level 1 EL student can copy, write and/or draw key words or phrases to express thoughts with prompting and support. Invented spelling may be evident. | can write key words within   | A successful level 3 EL student can write complete sentences to form a paragraph for a discipline-specific task and audience over an extended time frame with minimal support.                                  | A successful level 4 EL student can write well-organized, cohesive paragraphs appropriate for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.  | EL W.12            |
| can nod for "yes" and "no",  | A successful level 2 EL student can produce one/two word responses or a simple sentence with limited comprehension when asked explicit questions with prompting and support. Follow rules for discussions. | A successful level 3 EL student can participate in collaborative discussion, coming prepared and ready to express ideas. Follow the rules of discussion, acknowledging others' information with minimal support | A successful level 4 EL student can fully participate and/ or engage in collaborative discussions, expressing ideas clearly, building on others' ideas. Come to discussions prepared, explicitly drawing on the information. Follow the rules of discussion, acknowledging other's information. | SL.1               |



| Science   | EL   |  |  |          |  |
|---|--|--|--|----------|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARD |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can offer single-word responses that indicate agreement or disagreement (yes/no) and/or information from diverse media.   | can produce simple   | can explain how the ideas and details clarify a topic of study.  | A successful level 4 EL student can summarize information presented in diverse media formats and explain connection between information and a discipline- specific task. | EL SL.2  |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can provide a basic written, drawn, or spoken explanation about the information given with prompting  |  |  | A successful level 4 EL student can produce complete sentences using multiple pieces of evidence to evaluate and support reasoning.                                      | EL SL.3  |  |
| A successful level 1 EL can nod for 'yes" or "no", draw, and/or point to pictures of common items found within a school and/or home environment. Repeat key discipline-specific terms with prompting and support or remain in silent period absorbing surroundings. | prompting and support.   | A successful level 3 EL student can acquire and produce grade-appropriate academic and domain-specific words and phrases with minimal prompting and support.                   | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can acquire and apply<br>grade-appropriate general<br>academic and domain-specific<br>words and phrases accurately.                   | EL SL. 8 |  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can copy, write and/or draw key words or phrases to express thoughts with prompting and support. Invented spelling may be evident.  | sentence frames<br>relying on pictures and<br>background knowledge | A successful level 3 EL student can write complete sentences to form a paragraph for a discipline-specific task and audience over an extended time frame with minimal support. | A successful level 4 EL student can write well-organized, cohesive paragraphs appropriate for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.             | EL W.12  |  |

### **Humanities**

A successful student will recognize and draw conclusions about significant historical, economic, and political choices and the resulting consequences.

#### Humanities

| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
|---|--|--|--|---|-----------|
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.                                   | l can recall facts to prove<br>what l know.  | l can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what l<br>know.                   | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning.                                       | l can apply what I know<br>to new and different<br>situations and topics.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can source, contextualize, corroborate, and analyze discipline specific text including primary and secondary sources. | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.   | I can independently<br>evaluate multiple pieces<br>of evidence from different<br>disciplines to build<br>meaning.                            | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                      | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can use critical thinking and social studies practices to carry out research and inquiry.                             | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | I can produce evidence<br>and artifacts of my<br>research, with the ability to<br>plan similar inquiries.                                    | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                         | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can ask significant questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument.       | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions.                      | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to multi-part<br>questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking. | I can pose and respond<br>to questions about a<br>topic and address them<br>with accurate evidence-<br>based explanations of my<br>thinking. | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations. | 1,2,3,4,5 |
|   | I can identify the short and<br>long term consequences of<br>a choice.                                 |  | I can compare the short<br>and long term impacts of<br>different choices related<br>to the same topic or event<br>and explain their causes.  | I can analyze the impact<br>of choices and apply<br>that knowledge in new<br>situations.  |           |



#### A successful student will recognize and draw conclusions about the rights and responsibilities of people.

| Humanities  |  |  |  |   |           |
|---|--|--|--|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.                                     | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.                   | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning.                                       | I can apply what I know<br>to new and different<br>situations and topics.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can source, contextualize, corroborate, and analyze discipline specific text including primary and secondary sources.   | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.   | I can independently<br>evaluate multiple pieces<br>of evidence from different<br>disciplines to build<br>meaning.                            | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                      | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can use critical thinking and social studies practices to carry out research and inquiry.                               | l can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed  | I can produce evidence<br>and artifacts of my<br>research, with the ability to<br>plan similar inquiries.                                    | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                         | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can ask significant questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument.         | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions.                      | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to multi-part<br>questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking. | I can pose and respond<br>to questions about a<br>topic and address them<br>with accurate evidence-<br>based explanations of my<br>thinking. | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations. | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can describe<br>and discuss the rights<br>and responsibilities of<br>individuals and groups in<br>shaping public policy | I can list examples of individuals and groups that have shaped public policy.                          | I can describe the reasons<br>why individuals and groups<br>have helped shape public<br>policy.        | I can evaluate the<br>effectiveness of different<br>attempts by individuals<br>and groups to shape<br>public policy.                         | I can design and organize<br>solutions intended to<br>affect changes in local,<br>state, or national public<br>policy.                      | 2         |
| The student can discuss how perspectives shape the world we live in.  | I can accept or believe<br>something because I<br>understand it.                                       | •  | I can apply my<br>understanding of<br>opposing perspectives<br>in both historical and<br>contemporary settings                               | I can accept and hold<br>opposing perspectives on<br>issues because I know how<br>to think in different ways.                               | 2         |

A successful student will recognize and draw conclusions about the ways societies are shaped through identities, beliefs, and practices of individuals and groups.

#### Humanities LEVEL 3 LEVEL 1 LEVEL 2 **LEVEL 4 STANDARDS LEARNING TARGET** I can apply what I know to The student can I can recall facts to prove I can demonstrate how I can demonstrate what 1,2,3,4,5 new and different situations demonstrate content : what I know. facts support specific I know by interpreting concepts to prove what I information in different and topics. knowledge in economics, ways to build meaning. geography, government, know. and history. The student can source. I can organize evidence I can independently I can independently I can apply information 1,2,3,4,5 contextualize, corroborate, provided for me that evaluate evidence evaluate multiple pieces gathered from multiple and analyze discipline supplies needed that supplies needed of evidence from different ipieces of evidence to solve specific text including information to build information to build disciplines to build problems both past and primary and secondary \*meaning. meaning. meaning. present. sources. The student can use critical •I can organize research I can describe how my I can produce evidence and I can plan future inquiries, 1,2,3,4,5 thinking and social studies artifacts of my research, understanding that each resources provided to me. :research was completed. with the ability to plan practices to carry out inquiry may require research and inquiry. similar inquiries. different research strategies. significant questions, make I can pose and accurately I can pose and accurately I can pose and respond I can pose sophisticated 1,2,3,4,5 respond to multi-part claims, and support them respond to basic to guestions about a topic auestions on abstract with corroborated, relevant informational type auestions with an and address them with concepts/big ideas and evidence and argument. questions. explanation of my thinking. accurate evidence-based : apply evidence-based explanations of my thinking. answers to real world : situations. I can collaborate with other 2 The student can describe I can explain that public I can produce examples I can produce examples policy is created by a variety of impact made by some and cite evidence of and discuss the power and stakeholders to help create impact of citizens, political of means. stakeholders on public impact made by a wide and shape public policy to parties, media, and interest variety of stakeholders on improve my life and the : policy. public policy and how they groups of creating public : lives around me. policy. influence society. The student can describe lacan describe the identity of can describe the identity I can recognize and correct 3 I can analyze and explain aspects of personal identity myself and others. of myself and others the impact of my identity misconceptions that others and of others on the and respect differences in without judgement. may have about my identity the identities of others. development of societies. and the identity of others.

#### A successful student will recognize and draw conclusions about societal continuity and change over time.

| Humanities   |  |   |  |   |           |
|--|--|---|--|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.  | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.                      | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning.                                   | I can apply what I know to<br>new and different situations<br>and topics.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can source, contextualize, corroborate, and analyze discipline specific text including primary and secondary sources.                        | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.      | I can independently<br>evaluate multiple pieces<br>of evidence from different<br>disciplines to build<br>meaning.                        | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                      | 1,2,3,4,5 |
|  | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me  | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.  | artifacts of my research,<br>with the ability to plan<br>similar inquiries.  | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                         | 1,2,3,4,5 |
|  | informational type   | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to multi-part<br>questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking.    | I can pose and respond<br>to questions about a topic<br>and address them with<br>accurate evidence-based<br>explanations of my thinking. | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations. | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can demonstrate historical knowledge about a time period or era by highlighting the significance and/or recounting an appropriate narrative. | concepts about an historic time period or era.   | I can compare and contrast<br>issues from a historic time<br>period or era with those of<br>present time. | contrast historic issues with  | I can use my understanding<br>of past and present issues<br>to predict their possible<br>future impact on society.                          | 3         |
| specific instances of  | I can list examples of<br>continuity and change over<br>time.  | I can list and summarize<br>reasons for continuity and<br>change over time.                               | and change over time using<br>the perspectives of different<br>individuals and groups.   |   | 4         |

### GRADE BAND 6-8

### A successful student will recognize and draw conclusions about historical, economic, and geographic relationships impacting individuals and communities.

#### Humanities

| Harrianicies   |  |  |  |  |           |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|-----------|--|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |  |  |  |
| The student can<br>demonstrate content<br>knowledge in economics,<br>geography, government,<br>and history.                | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.                   |  | l can apply what l know to<br>new and different situations<br>and topics.  | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |  |  |
| and analyze discipline<br>specific text including  | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.   |  | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |  |  |
|  | l can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | artifacts of my research,<br>with the ability to plan<br>similar inquiries.      | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.  | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |  |  |
| The student can ask geographic questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument. | informational type   | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to multi-part<br>questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking. | and address them with accurate evidence-based explanations of my thinking.       | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations.                    | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |  |  |
|  | I can effectively<br>communicate information<br>using a single format.                                 | I can effectively<br>communicate information<br>in two or more formats                                 | effective communication<br>that conveys information<br>and emotion to a specific | I can design an effective<br>communication strategy<br>that conveys information,<br>concepts, and emotion to<br>a variety of audiences in<br>multiple formats. | 5         |  |  |  |
|  | l can identify geographic relationships.   | I can organize relationships<br>into patterns that make<br>sense to me.                                | differences and similarities of relationships that occur                         | I can develop evidence-<br>based solutions to<br>contemporary issues using<br>a variety of geography<br>related tools.   | 6         |  |  |  |

### **EXTENDED:** A successful student will investigate examples of choices, asking questions, and making claims about consequences on contemporary issues.

| Humanities  |  |  |  |   |           |  |
|---|--|--|--|---|-----------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |  |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.                                   | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.                 | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning.                                       | I can apply what I know<br>to new and different<br>situations and topics.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can source, contextualize, corroborate, and analyze discipline specific text including primary and secondary sources. | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate multiple pieces<br>of evidence from different<br>disciplines to build<br>meaning.                            | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                      | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can use critical thinking and social studies practices to carry out research and inquiry.                             | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | I can produce evidence<br>and artifacts of my<br>research, with the ability to<br>plan similar inquiries.                                    | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                         | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can ask significant questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument.       | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions                       | questions with an  | I can pose and respond<br>to questions about a<br>topic and address them<br>with accurate evidence-<br>based explanations of my<br>thinking. | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations. | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |
| The student can discuss how choices affect the well-being of individuals, businesses, and society.                                | I can recognize and list<br>short-term consequences<br>of choices that impact<br>myself.               | I can recognize and list<br>short-term consequences<br>of choices that impact<br>others.             | I can infer the short<br>and long term impact<br>of people's' choices<br>by examining those<br>choices from different<br>perspectives.       | I can develop, describe,<br>and support a plan<br>outlining effective choices<br>based on possible positive<br>outcomes.                    | 1         |  |

**EXTENDED:** A successful student will investigate the rights and responsibilities of individuals, making claims and usig evidence to make connections to contemporary issues.

#### Humanities

| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS     |
|---|--|--|--|---|---------------|
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.                                   | l can recall facts to prove<br>what l know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.                               | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning.                                       | I can apply what I know<br>to new and different<br>situations and topics.   | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| The student can source, contextualize, corroborate, and analyze discipline specific text including primary and secondary sources. | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.               | I can independently<br>evaluate multiple pieces<br>of evidence from different<br>disciplines to build<br>meaning.                            | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                              | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| The student can use critical thinking and social studies practices to carry out research and inquiry.                             | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | I can produce evidence<br>and artifacts of my<br>research, with the ability to<br>plan similar inquiries.                                    | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                                 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| The student can ask significant questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument.       | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions.                      | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to multi-part<br>questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking.             | I can pose and respond<br>to questions about a<br>topic and address them<br>with accurate evidence-<br>based explanations of my<br>thinking. | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations.         | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| The student can use fact-based criteria and evidence to assess differing viewpoints.  | I can identify multiple<br>opinions on a specific<br>issue.  | I can compare and<br>contrast multiple opinions<br>on a specific issue.  | I can use fact based<br>evidence to take a position<br>on a specific issue while<br>evaluating multiple<br>opinions.                         | I can take a fact based position on a specific issue while evaluating multiple opinions, communicating that position to policy makers.              | 3             |
| The student can demonstrate the connection to personal interest, civic virtue, and democratic principles in their own life.       | I can describe the<br>importance of civic virtue<br>in individuals.                                    | I can identify and<br>summarize examples of<br>individuals demonstrating<br>civic virtues in historic<br>settings. | I can analyze similarities<br>and differences of past<br>demonstrations of civic<br>virtue with my own<br>personal examples.                 | I can apply intentional democratic principles to take action in my school and in out-ofschool civic contexts in order to benefit myself and others. | 2             |

### **EXTENDED:** A successful student will investigate the way societies are shaped and make claims supported with evidence and argument.

| Humanities  |  |  |   |   |           |
|---|--|--|---|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.                                     | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.   | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning.  | I can apply what I know<br>to new and different<br>situations and topics.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can source, contextualize, corroborate, and analyze discipline specific text including primary and secondary sources.   | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.                                       | I can independently<br>evaluate multiple pieces<br>of evidence from different<br>disciplines to build<br>meaning.                                   | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                      | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can use critical thinking and social studies practices to carry out research and inquiry.                               | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | I can produce evidence<br>and artifacts of my<br>research, with the ability to<br>plan similar inquiries.   | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                         | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can ask significant questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument.         | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions                       | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to multi-part<br>questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking.                                     | I can pose and respond<br>to questions about a<br>topic and address them<br>with accurate evidence-<br>based explanations of my<br>thinking.        | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations. | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can identify the relevance of particular sources to a particular inquiry.   | I can locate sources that<br>help answer questions.  | I can locate and identify<br>sources that answer<br>questions.   | I can locate and identify<br>sources that best answer<br>questions and lead to<br>understanding.  | I can locate and identify<br>multiple diverse sources<br>that best answer questions<br>and lead to understanding.                           | 1,2,3,4,5 |
| The student can investigate other people's histories and lived experiences, respectfully ask questions, and listen nonjudgmentally. | I can locate sources<br>that describe individual<br>experiences.                                       | I can locate and use<br>credible sources<br>demonstrating the<br>impact of individual<br>past experience on the<br>development of society. | I can use evidence to draw<br>my own conclusions about<br>the impact of multiple<br>people's' past experiences<br>on the development of<br>society. | I can use evidence of<br>people's' past experiences<br>to predict the possible<br>impact on future societal<br>events.                      | 3         |

## **EXTENDED:** A successful student will apply understanding of continuity and chagne to investigate contemporary issues using evidence and argument. -

#### Humanities

| Humanities  |  |   |   |   |           |  |  |
|---|--|---|---|---|-----------|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |  |  |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.   | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.                        | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning.            | l can apply what l know to<br>new and different situations<br>and topics.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |  |
|   | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.        | I can independently<br>evaluate multiple pieces<br>of evidence from different<br>disciplines to build<br>meaning. | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                        | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |  |
|   | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.  |   | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                           | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |  |
| claims, and support them  | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions.                      | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to multi-part<br>questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking.      | and address them with accurate evidence-based explanations of my thinking.  | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations.   | 1,2,3,4,5 |  |  |
| The student can examine examples of continuity and change with diverse partners and content, building on the ideas of others, and expressing their own clearly. | I can list detailed examples of continuity and change.   | I can summarize a variety of<br>opionions of why and how<br>things change and remain<br>the same over time. |   | I can examine examples of<br>fact-based perspectives of<br>continuity and change to<br>predict future events and<br>plan realistic responses. | 4         |  |  |



## **EXTENDED:** A successful student will apply understanding of continuity and chagne to investigate contemporary issues using evidence and argument.

| Humanities  |  |  |   |   |               |  |  |
|---|--|--|---|---|---------------|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS     |  |  |
| The student can demonstrate content knowledge in economics, geography, government, and history.   | I can recall facts to prove<br>what I know.  | I can demonstrate how<br>facts support specific<br>concepts to prove what I<br>know.                           | I can demonstrate what<br>I know by interpreting<br>information in different<br>ways to build meaning.  | I can apply what I know<br>to new and different<br>situations and topics.   | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |  |  |
| The student can source, contextualize, corroborate, and analyze discipline specific text including primary and secondary sources.                               | I can organize evidence<br>provided for me that<br>supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning. | I can independently<br>evaluate evidence<br>that supplies needed<br>information to build<br>meaning.           | I can independently<br>evaluate multiple pieces<br>of evidence from different<br>disciplines to build<br>meaning.   | I can apply information<br>gathered from multiple<br>pieces of evidence to solve<br>problems both past and<br>present.                      | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |  |  |
| The student can use critical thinking and social studies practices to carry out research and inquiry.   | I can organize research<br>resources provided to me.   | I can describe how my<br>research was completed.   | I can produce evidence<br>and artifacts of my<br>research, with the ability to<br>plan similar inquiries.   | I can plan future inquiries,<br>understanding that each<br>inquiry may require<br>different research<br>strategies.                         | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |  |  |
| The student can ask significant questions, make claims, and support them with corroborated, relevant evidence and argument.                                     | I can pose and accurately<br>respond to basic<br>informational type<br>questions.                      | questions with an  | I can pose and respond<br>to questions about a<br>topic and address them<br>with accurate evidence-<br>based explanations of my<br>thinking.                | I can pose sophisticated<br>questions on abstract<br>concepts/big ideas and<br>apply evidence-based<br>answers to real world<br>situations. | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |  |  |
| The student can examine examples of continuity and change with diverse partners and content, building on the ideas of others, and expressing their own clearly. | I can list detailed examples<br>of continuity and change.  | I can summarize a variety<br>of opionions of why and<br>how things change and<br>remain the same over<br>time. | I can uncover multiple<br>sources of evidence<br>documenting continuity<br>and change in order to<br>support a personal opinion<br>on a contemporary issue. | fact-based perspectives of<br>continuity and change to<br>predict future events and   | 4             |  |  |

# GRADE BAND 6-8

### **STEAM**

A successful student can understand and analyze proportional relationships and use them to make sense of and solve problems.

| STEAM   |   |  |   |  |  |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| Mathematics   | •   |  |   |  | •  |
| and use ratios and rates in   | describe a part-to-part and part-to-whole relationship.               | quantities.  | I can use ratio and rate<br>reasoning to solve real-world<br>and mathematical problems. | reasoning to convert units of measure.   | 6.RP.A1, 6.RP.A2,<br>6.RP.A3, 7.RP.A1,<br>7.RP.A2, 7.RP.A3,<br>7.SP.C5, (7.G.A1, 7.SP. |
|   |   | I can find missing values in<br>tables whose x values do not<br>increase by one. |   |  | C6, 7.SP.C7, 7.SP.C8 extended)   |
|   | visual models (ex. percent<br>bars, number lines, or 10x10<br>grids). |  | problems by finding the<br>percentage of a quantity and<br>by finding the whole when    | I can solve real-world<br>and mathematical<br>multi-step problems<br>involving percentages<br>in a context based on<br>my interests. |  |
| The student can use the probability of a chance event to determine the likelihood of the event occurring. | of a chance event as a ratio,<br>fraction, or percent.                | the likelihood of something  | to describe the likelihood of something happening.                                      | I can find compound<br>probability of events<br>and interpret its real-<br>world meaning in a<br>context based on my<br>interests.   |  |



| STEAM  |  |   |  |   |           |  |
|--|--|---|--|---|-----------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |  |
|  | I can express a unit rate with<br>a numerator or denominator<br>of 1.<br>I can compute unit rates<br>associated with whole<br>numbers. |   | associated with ratios of<br>fractions.  I can compute unit rates in a<br>real-world contexts based on<br>my interests.                          | I can solve real-<br>world problems<br>involving proportional<br>relationships<br>represented<br>verbally, graphically,<br>numerically in tables,<br>or algebraically,<br>and identify<br>connections between<br>representations. |           |  |
| The student can solve problems involving proportional relationships.                           | I can determine whether<br>two quantities are in a<br>proportional relationship<br>using a table and graph.                            | I can create a table, using a graph to determine/ prove that the values are proportional.  I can create a graph and use a table to determine/ prove that the values are proportional. | I can represent proportional relationships using equations.  I can use proportional relationships to solve multistep ratio and percent problems. | I can use proportional<br>relationships to solve<br>multi-step ratio and<br>percent problems<br>in a real-world<br>context based on my<br>interests.  |           |  |
| Extend: The student can use proportional reasoning to solve problems involving scale drawings. | scale drawing using ratio  | I can describe the<br>relationship between a<br>geometric figure and its scale<br>drawing using scale factor for<br>length.   | and areas from a scale<br>drawing.   | I can describe the relationship between a geometric figure and its scale drawing using scale factor for area.  I can create a scale drawing in real-world contexts based on my interests.   |           |  |

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### A successful student can apply number sense and mathematical operations within number systems to solve problems.

#### STEAM

| STEAIVI  |  |  |   |   |   |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| Mathematics  | •  | <del>6</del><br>•<br>•   |   |   | •<br>•<br>•   |
| and interpret the meaning of<br>the quotient as related to the<br>context of the problem.                  | fractions to a visual model.<br>I can divide fractions   | I can divide by fractions between 0 and 1 including: a whole number by a fraction, a mixed number by a whole number and a fraction.  | I can solve a division problem<br>involving fractions and draw<br>a model to show my solution<br>in a real-world context. | division of fractions in<br>real-world contexts.  | 6.NS.A1, 6.NS.B2,<br>6.NS.B3, 6.NS.C5,<br>6.NS.C6, 6.NS.C7,<br>6.NS.C8, 7.NSA1,<br>7.NS.A2, 7.NS.A3,<br>8.NS.A1, 8.NS.A2,<br>(8.EE.A2, 8.EE.A3<br>extended) |
| The student can fluently<br>(effectively, accurately,<br>and flexibly) divide whole<br>numbers in context. | whole numbers without remainders.  I can divide multi-digit numbers without remainders using a concrete or pictorial | I can divide multi-digit<br>whole numbers using<br>multiple methods. (i.e.<br>partial quotients, area<br>model, standard algorithm,<br>traditional algorithm.)<br>I can express the remainder<br>of a quotient as a whole<br>number. | I can write a remainder of<br>the quotient expressed as a<br>decimal.   | I can write a remainder of the quotient expressed as a fraction. I can demonstrate division of whole numbers in realworld contexts based on my interests. |   |
|  | and quotient for decimals<br>greater than 1.   | I can estimate the product<br>and quotient for decimals<br>between 0 and 1.<br>I can find the product<br>and quotient of decimals<br>using pictures or visual<br>representations.  |   | I can demonstrate<br>addition and<br>subtraction of<br>decimals and whole<br>numbers in real-<br>world contexts based<br>on my interests.                 |   |



| STEAM  |  |   |  |  |           |
|--|--|---|--|--|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| Mathematics  | •  |   |  |  | •         |
| understanding of the real<br>number system to integers<br>and absolute values. | point on the number line.  | I can understand that the distance from a whole number to zero is the same distance as its opposite to zero on a number line.  I can locate integer coordinate pairs as a location on a coordinate plane. | represent quantities in real-world contexts.  I can explain the meaning of zero in real-world contexts.  I can use absolute value to represent and compare numbers.                                  | I can solve problems involving integers in real-world contexts based on my interests.  I can explain the meaning of zero in real-world contexts based on my interests. |           |
| subtract rational numbers  |  | I can model addition and<br>subtraction of different-<br>sign integers using a visual<br>representation.<br>I can use integers to find a<br>distance between two points.                                  | algorithm to calculate the<br>sum and difference of<br>integers.<br>I can add and subtract   | I can demonstrate<br>addition and<br>subtraction of<br>integers in real-world<br>contexts based on my<br>interests.  |           |
| and divide rational numbers expressed as integers in context.                  | I can represent multiplication and division of integers using a visual model.  I can connect repeated addition of a negative number to multiplication.  I can connect repeated subtraction of a negative number to division. |   | I can develop and use an algorithm to calculate the product and quotient of integers.  I can multiply and divide integers in real-world contexts.  I can write the solution in terms of the context. | I can demonstrate<br>multiplication and<br>division of integers in<br>real-world contexts<br>based on my<br>interests.   |           |

quantity is compared:

I can use scientific notation given a context.

to another.

#### **STEAM** LEVEL 2 LEVEL 3 LEVEL 4 **LEARNING TARGET** LEVEL 1 **STANDARDS Mathematics** The student can identify and I can identify irrational I can use approximations of Extension: I can use I can use rational numbers irrational numbers in realperfect squares to use irrational numbers in :numbers. to approximate irrational numbers on the number line. world situations. context. estimate a square root. Extended: :I can convert between :I can convert between I can convert between : I can estimate standard form and scientific standard form and scientific quantities in scientific The student can use standard form and scientific scientific notation to express inotation with a single-digit inotation with a single-digit notation with a decimal times notation to express whole number times a whole- whole number times an how many times very small and very large an integer power of 10. numbers. \*number power of 10. integer power of 10. larger or smaller one



# A successful student can create, interpret, use, and analyze patterns of algebraic structures to make sense of problems.

| STEAM  |   |   |   |   |  |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| Mathematics  | •   | •   |   |   | •  |
| The student can write and evaluate numerical and algebraic expressions using rational numbers.   | operations. I can evaluate numerical expressions without exponents.             | I can write algebraic expressions with one or two operations.  I can evaluate algebraic expressions without exponents.  I can write and evaluate numerical expressions with whole number exponents. | I can write and evaluate numerical expressions with whole number exponents and parentheses.  I can write and evaluate algebraic expressions with whole number exponents and parentheses.    | evaluate numerical<br>and algebraic<br>expressions in real-<br>world problems.  | 6.EE.1, 6.EE.2, 6.EE.3,<br>6.EE.4, 6.EE.5, 6.EE.6,<br>6.EE.7, 6.EE.8,<br>7.EE.1, 7.EE.2, 7.EE.3,<br>7.EE.4, 8.EE.1, 8.EE.4,<br>8.EE.5, 8.EE.6, 8.EE.7,<br>6.NS.4 |
| The student can add and subtract algebraic expressions.  | I can add and subtract linear<br>expressions with whole<br>number coefficients. | I can add and subtract linear<br>expressions with integer<br>coefficients.  | I can add and subtract linear<br>expressions with rational<br>coefficients.   | I can apply the<br>properties of<br>operations to<br>algebraic expressions<br>in real-world contexts<br>based on my<br>interests. |  |
| The student can find the greatest common factor and least common multiple for two whole numbers. | I can find a given number of  | I can find common factors<br>of two numbers less than or<br>equal to 100.<br>I can find multiples of two<br>numbers less than or equal<br>to 12.  | to 100.<br>I can find the least common<br>multiple of two whole   | I can express a sum of two whole numbers with a common factor as a multiple of a sum of two whole numbers with no common factor.  |  |
| The student can use the distributive property to factor and expand algebraic expressions.        | •   | I can use the distributive property to expand linear expressions with integer coefficients.  I can apply the distributive property to factor linear expressions with whole number coefficients.     | I can use the distributive property to expand linear expressions with rational coefficients.  I can apply the distributive property to factor linear expressions with integer coefficients. | I can apply the<br>distributive property<br>to solve real-world<br>problems.  |  |

### STEAM

| SILAW  |   |  |   |   |           |
|--|---|--|---|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| Mathematics The student can identify and generate equivalent expressions by applying the properties of operations.                         | I can identify parts of<br>an expression using<br>mathematical terms.   | I can identify equivalent<br>expressions.<br>I can identify and use<br>variables when writing<br>algebraic expressions.  | I can generate equivalent expressions. I can rewrite expressions to show how quantities are related in a problem solving context.                           | I can justify why two<br>expressions are<br>equivalent.   |           |
| to solve mathematical problems.  | I can evaluate multi-step<br>numerical expressions with<br>integers, common fractions<br>(with denominators of<br>2 through 10, 25, 50, or<br>100), or decimals (to the<br>hundredths place).   | I can evaluate multi-step algebraic expressions with integers, common fractions (with denominators of 2 through 10, 25, 50, or 100), or decimals (to the hundredths place).  | *I can evaluate and solve<br>multi-step mathematical<br>problems with any rational<br>numbers.  | l can evaluate and<br>solve multi-step real-<br>world problems with<br>any rational numbers.  |           |
| one-variable equations and inequalities for mathematical and real-world problems and determine solutions through substitution and solving. |   | number makes an inequality<br>true.<br>I can solve one-variable<br>equations.  | variables when writing  | I can interpret the<br>solution sets to one-<br>variable inequalities.  |           |
| and solve equations in real-<br>world and mathematical<br>problems.  | I can solve equations in the form px + q = r (where p, q, and r are integers).  I can solve one- and twostep linear equations in one variable with integer coefficients and with the same variable appearing on one side of the equal sign. | I can represent and solve equations in the form of px + q = r and p(x + q) = r (where p, q, and r are rational numbers) in problem situations.  I can solve multi-step linear equations in one variable with rational coefficients and with the variable appearing on one side of the equal sign (includes situations with one solution, infinitely many solutions, or no solution). | with rational coefficients and<br>with variables appearing on<br>both sides of the equal sign<br>(includes situations with<br>one solution, infinitely many | of linear equations in one variable and with the variable appearing on both sides of the equal sign in real-world contexts based on my interests. |           |

| STEAM   |  |   |   |  |             |
|---|--|---|---|--|-------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| Mathematics   |  | •   |   |  | 0<br>0<br>0 |
| problems.   | one variable with integer<br>coefficients and with the<br>same variable appearing on | I can represent and solve one-step linear inequalities in problem situations.  I can solve multi-step linear inequalities in one variable with integer coefficients and with variable appearing on one side of the inequality sign. | inequalities in the form px + q > r and px + q < r (where p, q, and r are rational numbers) in problem situations. I can solve multi-step linear inequalities in one variable | I can solve and produce examples of linear inequalities in one variable and with the variable appearing on both sides of the inequality signs in real-world contexts based on my interests |             |
| The student can represent and analyze quantitative relationships between dependent and independent variables. | with rational numbers.  I can plot points corresponding to equations                 | represent and analyze two<br>quantities that change in  | variables and relate them to<br>a linear equation.  | I can use graphs, tables, or context to analyze two-<br>step equations that represent relationships between dependent and independent variables.   |             |

### STEAM

| SILAW   |  |  |   |   |           |
|---|--|--|---|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| Mathematics   | •  | •  |   |   |           |
| The student can understand the connections between proportional relationships, lines, and linear equations. | I can graph a proportional relationship on a coordinate plane.  I can identify the slope and y-intercept given a graph.  | of a line. I can generate the equation   | proportional relationships represented in different ways.  I can identify the relationship between proportional and non-proportional linear relationships as a result of a vertical translation.  I can determine the slope and y-intercept of a line.  I can generate the equation | I can use similar triangles to explain why the slope is the same between any two distinct points on a non-vertical line in a coordinate plane.  I can describe the relationship between proportional and nonproportional relationships.  I can use proportional relationships to identify other points on the line. |           |
| The student can represent and solve equations in real-world and mathematical problems.                      | I can solve equations in the form px + q = r (where p, q, and r are integers).  I can solve one- and two-step linear equations in one variable with integer coefficients and with the same variable appearing on one side of the equal sign. | rational numbers) in problem situations.  I can solve multi-step linear equations in one variable with rational coefficients and with the variable appearing on one side of the equal sign (includes situations with one solution, infinitely many | with variables appearing on<br>both sides of the equal sign<br>(includes situations with<br>one solution, infinitely many   | of linear equations in one variable and with the variable appearing on both sides of the equal sign in real-world contexts based on my interests.   |           |

## A successful student can use functions to interpret and analyze a variety of contexts.

| STEAM   |  |   |  |   |   |
|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| Mathematics   |  | •   |  |   | •   |
| The student can define and evaluate a function.                                       | I can identify whether an<br>input-output pair satisfies a<br>function.  | I can produce input-output<br>pairs for a given function.   | •  | I can evaluate a<br>function to solve<br>mathematical and<br>real-world problems.   | 8.F.A1, 8.F.A2, 8.F.B4<br>(8.F.A3 & 8.F.B5<br>extended) |
| The student can recognize and compare linear functions.                               | I can identify whether a<br>relationship (algebraic or<br>numerical in tables) is a<br>function.   | I can recognize the same<br>linear function represented<br>in different ways.<br>I can compare properties<br>of two linear functions<br>represented in the same way | represented in a variety of ways. I can recognize that linear equations of the form y = mx | I can apply properties<br>of functions to<br>determine if a<br>function is linear or<br>not linear.   |   |
|   |  | I can identify whether a<br>function is linear from its<br>graph.   |  | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •   |   |
| The student can use functions to model and describe relationships between quantities. | I can construct a graph or table to model a linear relationship between two quantities.  I can find the rate of change of a linear relationship displayed in a graph or table. | I can create a function<br>to represent a linear<br>relationship between two<br>quantities (from a graph,<br>verbal description, or<br>coordinate values).          | a linear function (from a  | I can interpret the rate of change and initial value of a linear function in terms of the situation it models and its graph or table of values. |   |

A successful student can prove, understand, and model geometric concepts using appropriate tools and theorems to solve problems and apply logical reasoning.

#### STEAM

| STEAIVI  |   |  |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| Mathematics The student can solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area of 2-D polygons.       | I can draw polygons in a coordinate plane when given coordinates for the vertices.  I can use two coordinates to determine the length of the side.  I can find the area of a polygon created on the coordinate plane.  I can decompose a quadrilateral into two | I can develop and use a  | I can use the area of triangles<br>and quadrilaterals to solve<br>real-world problems.  | l can apply the area   | 6.G.A1, 6.G.A2,<br>6.G.A3, 6.G.A4,<br>7.G.B4, 7.G.B5,<br>7.G.B6, 8.G.A1,<br>8.G.A2, 8G.A3, 8.G.A4,<br>8.G.A5, 8.GA6,<br>(7.G.A2, 7.G.A3,<br>8.G.B7, 8.G.B8,<br>8.G.B9, 8.G.C10,<br>8.G.C11, 8.G.C12<br>extended) |
| A student can solve real-<br>world and mathematical  | triangles.  I can explain the relationship between radius and diameter.  I can define circumference.  | I can express the ratio of circumference to diameter as π.   | develop and use the formula<br>for the area of circles.<br>I can apply the formula to<br>find the area of a circle in<br>real-world contexts. | I can find the perimeter and areas of two dimensional composite figures with circles and semicircles to solve real-world problems.  I can find the perimeter and areas of two dimensional composite figures with circles and semicircles to solve real-world problems based on my interests. |  |
| A student can solve real-<br>world and mathematical<br>problems involving volume of<br>prisms and cylinders. | I can develop a general rule<br>for finding the volume of a<br>prism.<br>I can find the volume of<br>a prism that has fraction<br>measurements.   | I can explain the relationship<br>between the volume formula<br>for prisms and cylinders.<br>I can find the volume of<br>prisms and cylinders. | l can find the volume of<br>prisms and cylinders to solve<br>real-world problems.   | I can find the volume<br>of prisms and<br>cylinders to solve<br>real-world problems<br>based on my<br>interests.   |  |



| STEAM  |  |   |   |  |           |
|--|--|---|---|--|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| Mathematics Extended:  | I can develop a general rule   | I can explain the relationship  |   | I can find the volume  |           |
| world and mathematical problems involving volume of  | for finding the volume of a pyramid.   | for pyramids and cones.   | pyramids and cones to solve real-world problems.  | of pyramids and<br>cones to solve real-<br>world problems  |           |
| pyramids and cones.  | I can find the volume of a pyramid that has fraction measurements.   | I can find the volume of pyramids and cones.  |   | based on my<br>interests.  |           |
| A student can solve real-<br>world and mathematical<br>problems involving surface<br>area of prisms and cylinders. | I can create nets of rectangles and triangles to represent prisms.   | between the surface area for prisms and cylinders.  | I can find the surface area of<br>prisms and cylinders to solve<br>real-world problems.   | area of prisms and<br>cylinders to solve<br>real-world problems  |           |
|  | I can develop a general rule<br>for finding the surface area of<br>prisms.   | I can find the surface area of prisms and cylinders.  |   | based on my<br>interests.  |           |
| measurements and angle relationships.  | I can calculate the measure<br>of a larger angle composed<br>of non-overlapping parts.<br>I can classify supplementary,<br>complementary, vertical,<br>adjacent, and corresponding<br>angles, including parallel lines | edge. I can calculate the angle measure by decomposing a larger angle into non- overlapping smaller angles. | missing angle measurements<br>when parallel lines are cut by<br>a transversal on a diagram.<br>I can apply facts about angle<br>relationships to a multi-step | missing angle<br>measurements when<br>parallel lines are cut   |           |
|  |  |   | angle.  | I can apply facts<br>about angle<br>relationships to a<br>multi-step problem<br>in order to find<br>the measure of an<br>unknown angle within<br>a real-world context. |           |

### STEAM

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|---|--|---|--|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| Mathematics   | •  |   |  | •   |           |
| The student can apply properties of triangles to solve problems.                                | with given specific measures of angles or sides using manipulatives, a ruler and protractor and/or technology.  I can develop the understanding that the sum of the interior angles in a | determine: a unique triangle more than one triangle no triangle.  I can describe the relationship between the measures of interior and  | side lengths or three angle                      | l can solve real-<br>world problems<br>involving triangle side<br>lengths and angle<br>measurement.   |           |
| Extended: A student can develop and apply the Pythagorean theorem to solve real-world problems. | I can draw right triangles<br>given measures of the legs   | triangle is a right triangle<br>given side lengths.<br>I can model an informal proof<br>of the Pythagorean Theorem<br>and its converse. | I can use the formula I<br>developed to find the | I can apply the Pythagorean theorem to solve real-world problems based on my interests. I can calculate the distance between any two points in a two-dimensional coordinate system. |           |

A successful student can use a variety of data analysis and statistics strategies to analyze, develop and evaluate inferences based on data.

| STEAM   |   |  |   |   |   |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| Mathematics The student can apply concepts of statistical measures of center and variability to summarize and describe one-variable data distributions. | I can calculate measure<br>of centers or measures of<br>variability for a given data set. | I can use measure of centers<br>or measures of variability<br>to summarize and describe<br>one-variable distributions in<br>a context.   | I can independently collect,<br>display, and analyze a set of<br>one-variable data in relation<br>to their context.   | note any striking deviations from the   | 6.SP.A1, 6.SP.A2, 6.SP.<br>A3, 6.SP.B4, 6.SP.<br>B5, 7.SP.A1, 7.SP.A2,<br>8.SP.A1, 8.SP.A2, 8.SP.<br>A3, (7.SP.B3, 7.SP.B4<br>extended) |
| The student can use random sampling to draw inferences about a population.  | I can recognize when<br>a sample population<br>is representative of a<br>population.      | I can use given statistics to<br>gain information about a<br>population through a sample<br>population.  | I can justify if a random sample is representative of a population.  I can generate data from a random sample to draw inferences about a population.                                | I can generate data<br>from a random<br>sample to draw<br>inferences about two<br>populations based<br>on my own statistical<br>question.   |   |
| The student can interpret patterns of association in two-variable data.   | I can construct scatter plots<br>for given two-variable data<br>sets.                     | I can interpret scatter plots for two-variable data, describing patterns. (Patterns could include clustering, outliers, positive or negative association, linear association). | I can use a straight line to<br>model linear association<br>relationships between<br>two quantitative variables,<br>informally judging closeness<br>of the data points to the line. | I can generate a statistical question and use statistics to answer my question.  I can use a model from a linear association to solve problems.  I can interpret the slope and intercept of a linear model given a context. |   |

### A successful student can understand the structure, properties, and interactions of matter at the molecular scale.

| STEAM                 |  |  |   |   |                                 |
|-----------------------|--|--|---|---|---------------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET       | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                       |
| Mathematics           |  |  |   |   | •                               |
| MS PS1-1<br>Essential | I can identify parts of an atom.   | I can identify atomic and<br>molecular structures.   | I can use models to describe atomic and molecular structures.   | I can use models to<br>relate<br>chemical properties<br>to atomic and<br>molecular structures   | MS-PS1-1, MS-PS1-3,<br>MS-PS1-4 |
| MS PS1-3<br>Extend    | I can identify properties of substances.   | I can organize information<br>about the properties of<br>substances.                                   | I can relate collected<br>information about the<br>properties of designed<br>materials to their properties.                       | I can collect<br>and synthesize<br>information about<br>the properties of<br>designed materials<br>to evaluate potential<br>impacts,  |                                 |
| MS PS1-4<br>Essential | I can describe the relative<br>motion of a solid, liquid, or<br>gas at the particle level. | I can describe how substances change at the particle level with the temperature of the system changes. | I can use a model to describe<br>how substances change at<br>the particle level with the<br>temperature of the system<br>changes. | I can develop a model that predicts and describes changes in particle motion, temperature, and state of a pure substance at the particle level when thermal energy is added or removed. |                                 |

#### A successful student can understand chemical reactions at the molecular scale.

| STEAM                           |  |   |  |   |   |  |
|---------------------------------|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| LEARNING TARGET                 | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3                                  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                                     |  |
| Science                         |  | •   |  |   | •   |  |
| MS PS1-2<br>Essential           | I can list indicators of a<br>chemical reaction.   | I can identify if a chemical<br>reaction occurred.  |  | argument with   | MS-PS1-2, MS-PS1-5,<br>MS-PS1-6,<br>MS PS 3-3 |  |
| MS PS1-5<br>Essential           | I can state the Law of<br>Conservation of Mass.  | I can describe how mass<br>is conserved in a chemical<br>reaction.  | a chemical reaction at the atomic level. | I can develop and<br>use models to<br>explain how mass<br>is conserved in<br>chemical reactions at<br>the atomic level. | *** *** *** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **        |  |
| MS PS1-6<br>MS PS 3-3<br>Extend | I can describe how thermal<br>energy can be transferred<br>from one substance to<br>another. | I can describe how modifying<br>factors (type of material,<br>quantity, etc.) to change the<br>amount of thermal energy<br>transferred. | uses changes in thermal                  | I can design and<br>optimize a device<br>that uses changes in<br>thermal energy.  |   |  |

A successful student understands the relationships among forces and motion and interactions between objects and within systems of objects.

#### **STEAM LEARNING TARGET** LEVEL 2 LEVEL 3 LEVEL 4 LEVEL 1 **STANDARDS** Science I can describe how modifying I can design a device that MS PS2-1 I can describe the forces I can design and MS-PS2-1, MS-PS2-2, factors (mass, speed) effect involves the motion of two optimize a device that MS-PS2-3, MS-PS2-4, Essential exerted two objects collide. the forces exerted when two colliding objects. involves the motion • MS-PS2-5 objects collide. of two colliding objects. I can investigate the changes I can investigate and MS PS2-2 I can define unbalanced I can observe and record Essential forces and describe how it the changes in motion of in motion of unbalanced analyze data from the affects motion. unbalanced forces. changes in motion of forces. unbalanced forces. MS PS 2-4 I can identify the relationship: I can recognize that gravity is: I can use evidence to I can evaluate argue for the gravitational Extend between mass and gravity. an attractive force between evidence to argue objects of various masses, interaction between objects for the gravitational of various masses. interaction between objects of various : masses. MS PS2-3 I can describe the effects of I can describe the effects of I can collect evidence for I collect evidence to MS-PS2-5 electric or magnetic fields on electric and magnetic fields the effects of electric and explain the effects of on objects. magnetic fields on objects. electric and magnetic Essential objects. fields on objects.

A successful student can understand how energy is defined, transferred, transformed, and conserved by objects and within systems.

| STEAM                             |  |   |   |   |           |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|---|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET                   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| Science                           |  |   |   |   | •<br>•    |
| MS PS2-1<br>Essential             |  | I can explain the relationship<br>of kinetic energy to the mass<br>and speed of objects.                                  |   |   |           |
| MS-PS3-2<br>Essential             | •  | I can describe the<br>relationship between the<br>distance between two objects<br>and its potential energy.               | I can develop a model to<br>describe the interactions of<br>objects in a system based<br>upon potential energy. | I can develop<br>models to explain<br>the interactions of<br>objects in a system<br>based upon different<br>forms of potential<br>energy. |           |
| MS-PS3-4<br>MS-PS3-5<br>Essential | relationship between<br>temperature and kinetic<br>energy. | I can describe how the<br>type of matter and mass<br>effect the temperature<br>change or amount of energy<br>transferred. | temperature or amount of  | I can investigate and analyze a change in temperature and amount of energy transferred based on the type of matter or mass.               |           |

A successful student can understand characteristic properties of waves and electromagnetic radiation and how they behave and transmit information.

| STEAM                 |   |   |   |   |                                 |
|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---------------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET       | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                       |
| Science               | •   | •   |   |   | •                               |
| MS-PS4-1<br>Essential | I can identify various wave properties.                                 | I can identify various wave properties and behavior.          | I can use mathematical<br>representations to describe<br>wave properties and<br>behavior. |   | MS-PS4-1, MS-PS4-2,<br>MS-PS4-3 |
| MS-PS4-2<br>Essential | I can describe wave interactions (reflection, absorption, transmitted). | I can observe how waves interact with different media.        | I can develop models to<br>describe wave interactions<br>with different media.            | I can collect data<br>and develop models<br>that describe wave<br>interactions with<br>different media.   |                                 |
| MS-PS4-3<br>Extend    | I can describe the digital or analog signals.                           | I can describe the reliability of digital and analog signals. | I can support a claim for<br>the reliability of digital over<br>analog signals.           | I can use evidence to<br>support an argument<br>for the reliability of<br>digital over analog<br>signals. |                                 |

A successful student can understand engineering designs to define problems, develop solutions, and optimize solutions to a problem in life science.

| STEAM                   |   |  |   |   |   |
|-------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|
| LEARNING TARGET         | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| Science                 |   | •  |   |   | •   |
| MS-ETS1-1<br>Essential  | I can identify components of a design.                              | I can describe potential<br>impacts of a design.                   | I can describe the potential impacts of a design in order to define criteria and constraints. | potential impacts of  | MS-ETS1-1, MS-<br>ETS1-2, MS-ETS1-3,<br>MS-ETS1-4 |
| MS-ETS1-2<br>Essential  | I can identify competing<br>designs to solve a specific<br>problem. | I can compare competing<br>designs to solve a specific<br>problem. | I can evaluate competing designs to solve a specific problem using criteria and constraints.  | I can support an argument for the best design to solve a specific problem using criteria and constraints. |   |
| MS-ETS1-3<br>Essential  | •   | l can use test data to<br>compare design solutions.                | l can analyze test data to compare design solutions.  | l can analyze test<br>data to support an<br>argument for an<br>optimal design.                            | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0    |
| MS-ETS-1-4<br>Essential | I can identify possible improvements to a design.                   | I can explain how to improve a design through repeated testing.    | I can develop a model to<br>optimize a design through<br>repeated testing.                    | I can , and synthesize<br>data to develop a<br>model to optimize<br>a design through<br>repeated testing. | **************************************            |

A successful student can understand the relationship between an organisms' structures, their organization, and its life functions, including information processing.

#### **STEAM LEARNING TARGET** LEVEL 2 LEVEL 3 LEVEL 4 LEVEL 1 **STANDARDS** Science MS-LS1-1 can recognize that living I can distinguish between I can use data from I can use models MS-LS1-1, MS-LS1-2, investigations as evidence things are made of cells. living and nonliving based and data from MS-LS1-3, MS-LS1-8 Essential on living things are made of that living things are made investigations as of cells. cells. evidence that living things are made of cells. can identify parts of cells. MS-LS1-2 I can describe how cells or I can develop models to I can develop models describe how cells or parts of to support an Essential parts of cells work together. cells work together. argument for how cells or parts of cells work together. I can support an argument MS-LS1-3 can identify interacting I can describe how :I can support an MS-LS1-8 for how interacting groups of argument with groups of cells. interacting groups of cells Essential :work together. cells perform life functions. evidence of how interacting groups of cells perform life functions.

A successful student can understand how organisms use matter and energy and how it flows through an ecosystem.

| STEAM   |   |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET                               | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| Science                                       |   | •  |  |  | •  |
| MS-LS1-6<br>Essential                         | I can explain how<br>photosynthesis moves<br>matter and energy from one<br>organism to another. | I can explain how<br>photosynthesis moves<br>matter and energy through<br>organisms in cycles. | how photosynthesis moves   | evidence to explain  | MS-LS1-6, MS-LS1-7,<br>MS-LS2-1, MS-LS2-3,<br>MS-LS2-4 |
| MS-LS1-7<br>Extend                            | I can explain why energy is<br>needed in organisms.   | l can explain how energy is<br>used in organisms via cellular<br>respiration.                  | food molecules (sugar) to explain how energy is used in organisms. | I can collect data to<br>develop a model of<br>chemical reactions<br>involving food<br>molecules (sugar) to<br>explain how energy is<br>used in organisms.           |  |
| MS-LS2-1<br>MS-LS2-3<br>MS-LS2-4<br>Essential | an ecosystem an organism  | I can describe how organisms within an ecosystem depend upon living and nonliving components.  | describes how organisms within an ecosystem depend                 | I can collect data<br>to develop models<br>that explain how<br>organisms within an<br>ecosystem depend<br>upon the cycling of<br>living and nonliving<br>components. |  |

### A successful student can understand how organisms interact within an environment to obtain matter and energy.

| STEAM                 |  |   |   |  |                    |
|-----------------------|--|---|---|--|--------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET       | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS          |
| Science               | •  |   |   |  | •                  |
| MS-LS2-2<br>Essential | I can identify different<br>interactions of organisms.                 | I can identify different<br>interactions of organisms in<br>ecosystems. |   | I can make<br>generalized<br>hypotheses about<br>interaction patterns<br>among organisms in<br>ecosystems.                   | MS-LS2-2, MS-LS2-5 |
| MS-LS2-5<br>Extend    | I can identify some effects<br>of human interactions on<br>ecosystems. | l can describe the effects<br>of human actions upon<br>biodiversity.    | I can evaluate solutions<br>that minimize the effects<br>of human actions upon<br>biodiversity. | I can evaluate and refine solutions that minimize the effects of human actions upon biodiversity or upon ecosystem services. |                    |

A successful student can understand how organisms within an ecosystem use matter and energy to grow, develop, and reproduce.

| STEAM                             |  |  |   |   |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|
| LEARNING TARGET                   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| Science                           |  | •  |   |   | •  |
| MS-LS1-4<br>Extend                | behaviors or plant structures                          | I can describe why animal<br>behaviors or plant structures<br>affect reproduction. | I can use evidence to<br>support the claim that animal<br>behaviors or plant structures<br>affect reproduction. | evidence to support   | MS-LS1-4, MS-LS1-5,<br>MS-LS3-1, MS-LS3-2,<br>MS-LS4-5 |
| MS-LS3-2<br>Essential             | l can define asexual and<br>sexual reproduction.       |  |   |   |  |
| MS-LS1-5<br>MS-LS3-1<br>Essential | environmental factors affect                           | I can explain how genetic and<br>environmental factors affect<br>organisms.        | explain how genetic and   | I can use models and<br>evidence to explain<br>how genetic and<br>environmental factors<br>affect organisms.                                  |  |
| MS-LS4-5<br>Extend                | about how humans influence<br>inheritance of traits in | about how humans influence   | I can gather and synthesize information about how humans influence the inheritance of traits in organisms.      | I can gather,<br>synthesize, and<br>communicate<br>information about<br>how humans<br>influence the<br>inheritance of traits in<br>organisms. |  |

time.

A successful student can understand why the relationship between the environment and genetic variation within a species affects survival and reproduction over time.

#### **STEAM LEARNING TARGET** LEVEL 3 LEVEL 4 LEVEL 1 LEVEL 2 **STANDARDS** Science I can analyze data to explain MS-LS4-1 I can investigate I can identify patterns of I can explain patterns of MS-LS4-1, MS-LS4-2, MS-LS4-2 relatedness of organisms and: relatedness of organisms and: patterns of relatedness of and analyze data MS-LS4-3, MS-LS4-4, MS-LS4-3 fossils based on anatomy. organisms and fossils based to explain patterns MS-LS4-6 fossils based on anatomy. Essential on anatomy. of relatedness of organisms and fossils based on anatomy. I can recognize that specific :I can predict that specific MS-LS4-4 I can use evidence to explain: I can use evidence why specific traits will lead Extend traits will lead to increases traits will lead to increases and models to or decreases in survival or or decreases in survival or to increases or decreases explain why specific reproduction chances. reproduction chances. in survival or reproduction traits will lead :chances. to increases or decreases in survival or reproduction chances. I can identify changes in traits: I can predict changes in traits. I can predict changes in traits: I can analyze data MS-LS4-6 Essential within populations over time. within populations over time. within populations over time. and use mathematical relationships to explain changes in traits within populations over

A successful student can understand engineering designs to define problems, develop solutions, and optimize solutions to a problem in life science.

| STEAM                             |   |  |  |   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|
| LEARNING TARGET                   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| Science<br>MS-ETS1-1<br>Essential | I can identify components of<br>a design.                     | l can describe potential<br>impacts of a design.                   | I can describe the potential<br>impacts of a design in<br>order to define criteria and<br>constraints. |   | MS-ETS1-1, MS-<br>ETS1-2, MS-ETS1-3,<br>MS-ETS1-4   |
| MS-ETS1-2<br>Essential            | I can identify competing designs to solve a specific problem. | I can compare competing<br>designs to solve a specific<br>problem. | I can evaluate competing designs to solve a specific problem using criteria and constraints.           | I can support an argument for the best design to solve a specific problem using criteria and constraints. |   |
| MS-ETS1-3<br>Essential            | I can use my observations to compare design solutions.        | l can use test data to<br>compare design solutions.                | I can analyze test data to compare design solutions.   | I can analyze test<br>data to support an<br>argument for an<br>optimal design.                            |   |
| MS-ETS-1-4<br>Essential           | I can identify possible improvements to a design.             | I can explain how to improve a design through repeated testing.    | I can develop a model to<br>optimize a design through<br>repeated testing.                             | I can , and synthesize<br>data to develop a<br>model to optimize<br>a design through<br>repeated testing. | 2<br>2<br>3<br>4<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>6<br>7<br>7 |

A successful student can understand the properties and predictable patterns of objects and phenomena in the universe and our Solar System.

| STEAM                  |  |  |  |  |           |
|------------------------|--|--|--|--|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET        | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| Science                | •  | •  |  |  | •         |
| MS-ESS1-1<br>Essential | I can define axis, rotation,<br>and revolution as they<br>pertain to the positioning of<br>the Earth, Sun, and Moon. | I can identify patterns<br>involving the Sun and the<br>Moon based upon their<br>relative positions. | I can use a model to explain<br>patterns involving the Sun<br>and the Moon based upon<br>their relative positions. | I can use a model to explain patterns and make predictions involving the Sun and the Moon based upon their relative positions. |           |
| MS-ESS1-2<br>Extend    | I can define gravity and identify how it affects motion of objects on Earth.   | I can recognize how gravity<br>affects motion within the<br>Solar System and within<br>galaxies.     | I can model how gravity<br>explains motion within the<br>Solar System and within<br>galaxies.                      | I can gather information to develop a model of how gravity explains motion within the Solar System and within galaxies.        |           |
| MS-ESS1-3<br>Extend    | I can list the objects that<br>make up our solar system.   | I can identify properties of<br>objects in the Solar System.   | I can analyze data to<br>determine the properties of<br>objects in the Solar System.                               | I can analyze data<br>to explain the<br>differences in the<br>properties of objects<br>in the Solar System.                    |           |

A successful student can understand how Earth's conditions and processes and life on Earth have changed over time.

| STEAM                  |   |  |   |   |           |
|------------------------|---|--|---|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET        | LEVEL 1                                   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
| Science                |   | •  |   |   | •         |
| MS-ESS1-4<br>Extend    | processes that record Earth's             |  | l can use rock formations<br>and fossil evidence to explain<br>Earth's history. |   |           |
| MS-ESS2-2<br>Essential |   | I can identify geological<br>processes that create<br>geological features. |   | I can gather evidence<br>to explain how<br>geological processes<br>of varying time and<br>spatial scales create<br>geological features. |           |
| MS-ESS2-3<br>Essential | layers interact to cause plate tectonics. | of past tectonic plate<br>motions.   | rock formations and fossils evidence as data to provide                         | I can analyze and interpret data to develop models that provide evidence of past tectonic-plate motions.                                |           |

### A successful student can understand how Earth's conditions and processes and life on Earth have changed over time.

| STEAM                          |   |   |   |   |           |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---|-----------|--|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET                | LEVEL 1                                   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |  |  |  |
| Science<br>MS-ESS1-4<br>Extend | processes that record Earth's             | I can use rock formations<br>and fossils to describe Earth's<br>history.                            | I can use rock formations<br>and fossil evidence to explain<br>Earth's history.   | I can synthesize<br>information from rock<br>formations and fossil<br>evidence to explain<br>Earth's history.                           |           |  |  |  |
| MS-ESS2-2<br>Essential         | geologic processes have in                | I can identify geological<br>processes that create<br>geological features.                          | I can explain how geological<br>processes of different time<br>and spatial scales create<br>geological features.                          | I can gather evidence<br>to explain how<br>geological processes<br>of varying time and<br>spatial scales create<br>geological features. |           |  |  |  |
| MS-ESS2-3<br>Essential         | layers interact to cause plate tectonics. | I can use rock formations and<br>fossils to describe evidence<br>of past tectonic plate<br>motions. | I can analyze and interpret<br>rock formations and fossils<br>evidence as data to provide<br>evidence of past tectonic-<br>plate motions. | I can analyze and<br>interpret data to<br>develop models that<br>provide evidence of<br>past tectonic-plate<br>motions.                 |           |  |  |  |

### A successful student can understand the factors and processes that regulate climate and weather on Earth.

| STEAM                             |   |   |   |  |                                     |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET                   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                           |
| Science<br>MS ESS2-5<br>Essential | I can identify the patterns in<br>weather conditions impacted<br>by air masses (temperature,<br>air pressure, humidity, wind<br>speed). | of air masses to changes in                             | interaction of air masses to  |  | MS-ESS2-5, MS-<br>ESS2-6, MS-ESS3-5 |
| MS ESS2-6<br>Essential            | differs from weather and<br>list some factors that drive<br>differences in climate.   | and oceanic circulation patterns that lead to different | Earth's rotation produce<br>differences in atmospheric<br>and oceanic circulation<br>patterns that lead to different<br>climates. | I can use evidence to<br>develop a model that<br>explains how heat<br>and Earth's rotation<br>produce differences<br>in atmospheric and<br>oceanic circulation<br>patterns that lead to<br>different climates. | •                                   |
| MS ESS3-5<br>Essential            |   | processes that impact earth's global temperature.       | changes in natural processes<br>and/or human activities<br>related to greenhouse gas  | I can questions to<br>clarify evidence of<br>the factors that have<br>caused the rise in<br>global temperatures<br>over the past century.  |                                     |

## A successful student can understand how natural hazards can be predicted and how human activities affect Earth system.

| STEAM                  |  |   |  |  |                                     |  |
|------------------------|--|---|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET        | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                           |  |
| Science                | •  | 0<br>0<br>0   |  |  | •                                   |  |
| MS-ESS3-2<br>Extend    |  | l can describe characteristics<br>of natural hazards.   | l can identify data patterns<br>about natural hazards. | I can evaluate strategies to minimize dangers from natural hazards through forecasting and technology.                                 | MS-ESS3-2, MS-<br>ESS3-3, MS-ESS3-4 |  |
| MS-ESS3-3<br>Essential | impacts on the environment.                          |   |  | I can design and<br>refine a method to<br>monitor or minimize<br>human impacts on<br>the environment.                                  |                                     |  |
| MS-ESS3-4<br>Extend    | increase in the use of natural resources impacts the | I can describe how<br>population growth increases<br>the use of natural resources<br>and causes environmental<br>changes. | increases the use of natural                           | I can gather and use evidence to argue that population growth increases the use of natural resources and causes environmental changes. |                                     |  |

A successful student can understand engineering designs to define problems, develop solutions, and optimize solutions to a problem in Earth and space science.

| STEAM                   |   |  |   |   |   |
|-------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|
| LEARNING TARGET         | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| Science                 |   | •  |   |   | •   |
| MS-ETS1-1<br>Essential  | I can identify components of<br>a design.                           | I can describe potential<br>impacts of a design.                   | I can describe the potential impacts of a design in order to define criteria and constraints. | I can evaluate the potential impacts of a design in order to prioritize criteria and constraints.         | MS-ETS1-1, MS-<br>ETS1-2, MS-ETS1-3,<br>MS-ETS1-4 |
| MS-ETS1-2<br>Essential  | I can identify competing<br>designs to solve a specific<br>problem. | I can compare competing<br>designs to solve a specific<br>problem. | I can evaluate competing designs to solve a specific problem using criteria and constraints.  | I can support an argument for the best design to solve a specific problem using criteria and constraints. |   |
| MS-ETS1-3<br>Essential  | I can use my observations to compare design solutions.              | l can use test data to<br>compare design solutions.                | I can analyze test data to compare design solutions.  | I can analyze test<br>data to support an<br>argument for an<br>optimal design.                            |   |
| MS-ETS-1-4<br>Essential | I can identify possible improvements to a design.                   | I can explain how to improve a design through repeated testing.    | I can develop a model to optimize a design through repeated testing.                          | I can develop a model<br>to optimize a design<br>through repeated<br>testing.                             |   |

#### A successful student can analyze sources for credibility and relevance.

#### **STEAM** LEVEL 3 LEARNING TARGET LEVEL 1 LEVEL 2 LEVEL 4 **STANDARDS** ELA I can conduct research to : I can conduct short research :I can conduct research I can conduct short/long I can conduct short/ :W6.1, 7.1, 8.1 research to answer a to answer a question using to answer a question long research from **:** W6.7, 7.7, 8.7 answer a question. question (including selfmultiple sources. using multiple sources a self generated :W6.9, 7.9, 8.9 and generate additional generated questions) question and as the W6.8, 7.8, 8.8 auestions to help focus my drawing on multiple sources :research unfolds RL6.1, 7.1, 8.1 and generate related refine my question RI6.2, 7.2, 8.2 research. questions to further focus and inquiry through •RI6.3, 8.3 the research. additional focused :RI6.4, 8.4 auestions and :examination of multiple sources. can locate evidence that : I can locate information from : I can locate relevant : I can locate relevant : I can locate supporting: information from supports my research from • multiple print and digital information from multiple information from multiple multiple sources and types sources that relate to a given print and digital sources that print and digital sources and : multiple print and digital sources and (print and digital) of sources. topic. relate to a given topic. guote or paraphrase key information. quote or paraphrase key information from credible sources to : answer my research question(s). I can gather information from I can gather relevant I can gather relevant I can develop criteria I can determine the information from multiple information from multiple to determine the credibility and relevance of : multiple sources on a given topic. sources on a given topic. sources and assess the relevance and sources. credibility of each source. credibility of sources and select and defend this evidence based on these criteria. I can analyze and reflect • I can determine the :I can determine the I can evaluate the :I can evaluate the on the effectiveness of my \*effectiveness of my evidence effectiveness of my evidence effectiveness of my evidence effectiveness of my evidence in supporting my by determining if evidence by identifying if there was by reflecting on the quality : evidence by analyzing : I found answered my evidence from multiple of the sources relevance the quality of sources position. evidence found to answer my and relevance of question. sources to answer my evidence to my auestion. auestion. question and reflect on the potential need for additional information to fully :address my question.

### A successful student can interpret, acquire and use words precisely.

| STEAM  |   |   |   |  |   |
|--|---|---|---|--|---|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| ELA  |   |   |   |  | •   |
| adapt to variety of contexts<br>maintaining formal English.              | I can express a clear<br>message with words that<br>convey an idea.                                 | mostly formal language.   | clear, concise ideas using<br>formal English and precise<br>words in a variety of contexts.   | concise ideas in<br>formal English and<br>adapt in the moment<br>the words to fit a<br>variety of contexts<br>and audiences.   | RL6.4, 7.4, 8.4<br>RL7.11, 8.11<br>RL7.11.b, 8.11.b<br>RL7.11.c, 8.11.c<br>RL7.11.d, 8.11.d<br>RI7.11.a<br>RI7.11.b<br>RI7.11.d<br>RI7.12.a<br>RI7.12.b<br>RI7.12.c |
| I can use language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely.         | I can express ideas that<br>are sometimes difficult to<br>follow due to wordiness or<br>redundancy. | I can select and use<br>descriptive words to convey<br>ideas with some wordiness<br>and redundancy. | I express ideas with concise<br>words by recognizing and<br>eliminating wordiness and<br>redundancy.  | l express clear, concise<br>ideas with carefully<br>selected precise<br>words.   |   |
| I can determine the meaning<br>of words and phrases as<br>used in text.  | I can determine the<br>meanings of words and<br>phrases using context.                              | (denotative), meaningful parts of words, and  | I can determine the<br>meanings of words using<br>my knowledge of language<br>(figurative, connotative,<br>denotative, multiple<br>meanings, Greek and Latin<br>affixes and roots). | I can determine the meanings of words and use words concisely and precisely taking advantage of the nuances in their meaning in different contexts to strengthen my ideas. |   |
| I can verify the meanings of<br>words and acquire them for<br>later use. | I can determine the<br>meanings of words and<br>phrases from text using<br>definitions.             | phrases by monitoring my  | I can determine the meaning<br>of words or phases as I read<br>by monitoring and verifying<br>their meaning and use them<br>various settings.                                       |  |   |

#### A successful student can interpret an author's purpose and intent in complex text.

#### **STEAM** LEVEL 3 LEARNING TARGET LEVEL 1 LEVEL 2 LEVEL 4 **STANDARDS** ELA The student can summarize : I can retell a I can collapse key details into . My summary covers the I can combine PRIORITY categories that produce big beginning, middle, and end a text without adding : multiple pieces of RL6.2, 7.2, 8.2 a text. big ideas of a text. personal opinions or ideas to focus the summary. text into a focused RL6.5,7.5, 8.5 judgments. summary about a RL6.6, 7.6, 8.6 My summary does not RL6.13, 7.13, 8.13 topic. contain specific details. RI6.5, 7.5, 8.5 RI6.6, 7.6, 8.6 I can summarize a text :RI6.9,7.9, 8.9 without adding RI6.13, 7.13, 8.13 personal opinions or •W6.9, 7.9, 8.9 judgments. : I can identify the structure The student can use •I can explain how the I can interpret the impact of :I can analyze and and features used within a structure and text features knowledge of text structures :text structure and text interpret why the specific paragraph and the author or text features to enhance features organize a text and on meaning. role of specific sentences structured elements comprehension. contribute to the whole. in developing an idea or key within the text in a concept. certain manner and the impact of that structure on meaning. The student can analyze how !I can identify the author's :I can identify instances where :I can explain how the author :I can analyze the the author acknowledges purpose or position used in the author achieves his/her purpose or author's purpose and responds to opposing a text and find explicit details distinguishes his /her position by locating where or position in a text purpose or position from viewpoints and/or evidence that support it. the author and evaluate his/ to achieve his/her purpose. that of others in the text by : acknowledges and/or her effectiveness using explicit and implicit responds to : in acknowledging details. opposing evidence or and responding to viewpoints with explicit and opposing evidence or implicit details. viewpoints by the use of explicit and implicit details.

| STEAM   |         |  |   |  |           |
|---|---------|--|---|--|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| ELA   |         | •  |   |  | •         |
| The student can analyze the same event or topic depicted by different authors |         | I can distinguish how author's<br>emphasize different factual<br>evidence to advance a<br>different interpretation.  | I can differentiate when<br>authors produce different<br>interpretations of the same<br>event or topic to advance a<br>purpose or position. | I can analyze conflicting information on the same event or topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation. |           |
|   |         | With peer support, I can elect, read, and interpret increasingly complex informationals texts at grade level (vocabulary, background knowledge, verbal reasoning, and/or structure). | I can elect, read, and interpret increasingly complex informational texts at grade level independently.                                     |  |           |

#### The successful student can adapt speech and writing to enhance or refine a message.

#### **STEAM** LEVEL 3 LEARNING TARGET LEVEL 1 LEVEL 2 LEVEL 4 **STANDARDS** ELA The student can pose I can ask clarifying questions : In a discussion, I can affirm a : In a discussion, I can disagree: In a discussion, I • PRIORITY to a speaker within a collegial speaker's contribution and using appropriate language questions that elicit can enter and exit :W6.4, 7.4, 8.4 and offer a contradictory the discussion using elaboration and respond discussion. then contribute additional :W6.10.a, 7.10.a to others' questions and evidence and observations. claim with supporting appropriate language • W7.10.c evidence. Moreover, I can comments with relevant and supporting :W6.10.g observations and ideas. ask questions that allows the evidence. I can also •W6.12, 7.12, 8.12 speaker to elaborate their pose guestions that \$\$L6.1.c, 7.1.c, 8.1c position. engage others in new SL6.6, 7.6, 8.6 claims related to the SL7.7.a :SL 8.1d topic. The student can produce I can develop a topic with I can develop a topic that I can write in a style that I can write in a unique clear and coherent writing in interesting facts, anecdotes develops and organizes responds to my audience's style that connects, which the development, and examples that respond needs and provides information that responds elaborates, and/ to audience needs. or refines ideas organization, and style are to my audience's needs. . organization to assist the Transitional language to reader. to produce clear, appropriate. guide the reader is used. coherent writing. Transitional language guides the reader, : but it also assists the reader in making connections and clarifying information. I can adjust my writing to The student can write for :I can adjust my writing to I can use discipline-specific : Within short or a ranges of disciplinecontent to enhance my consider my audience achieve my purpose for extended time frames. specific tasks, purposes and targeted audiences. message and achieve :I can maintain audiences with varying time my purpose for various consistency using frames. audiences. discipline-specific : content to enhance my message and achieve my purpose for various audiences. I can identify repetitive The student can :I can identify and revise I can produce a clear, concise: I can construct communicate ideas concisely language. wordy or repetitive language : message by revising wordy concise sentences and repetitive language and/ using clauses and or combining sentences. phrases to reduce repetiveness and :wordiness.

GRADE BAND
6-8

| STEAM           |  |  |  |         |           |
|-----------------|--|--|--|---------|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
| ELA             |  | •  |  |         | •<br>•    |
|                 | to signal the relationship between independent | sentences to signal temporal and relational transitions. | between ideas and include<br>transitions that support<br>logical connections amongst<br>text to address the needs of |         |           |

| STEAM   |  |           |
|---|--|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 3  | STANDARDS |
| SECD Character Development: Core Principles             | Understand and demonstrate appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and the impact it has on others   | SECD.MS 1 |
|   | in all communities., Create clear and consistent expectations of good character in all settings., Analyze the characteristics of caring relationships, hurtful relationships, and identify trusting adults., Practice active listening., Utilize multiple media and technologies:, Ethically and respectfully., Evaluate its effectiveness., Assesses its impact., Differentiate behavior as bullying or not and can model positive peer interactions that are void of bullying behaviors., Analyze how a bystander can be part of the problem or part of the solution by becoming an "upstander.", Apply empathic concern and tries to understand the perspective or point of view of others.   |           |
| Responsible Decision-<br>Making and Problem-<br>Solving | Manage safe and unsafe situations., Monitor how responsible decision-making affects progress toward achieving goals., Recognize the consequences of sexting and sexual behavior, including sexual consent and the inability of minors to give consent., Recognize how, when and who to ask for help., Monitor factors that will inhibit or advance effective time management., Analyze their daily schedule of school work and activities for effectiveness and efficiency., Construct and model classroom expectations and routines., Compare and contrast behaviors that do or do not support positive classroom management., Identify specific feelings about a problem and apply appropriate self-regulation skills., Identify, state and demonstrate problem-solving processes., Understand resiliency and how to make adjustments and amendments to the plan.  | SECD.MS 2 |
| Self-Awareness  | Critically reflect on common emotions and effective behavioral responses., Recognize common stressors and the degree of emotion experienced (for example, in face-to-face or electronic communication., Analyze personality traits, personal strengths, weaknesses, interests and abilities., Identify resources for problem-solving (additional print and electronic resources or specific subject problem-solving models)., Identify external supports (for example, friends, inspirational characters in literature, historical figures and media representations)., Recognize how behavioral choices impact success., Identify self-enhancement, self-preservation and self-help strategies.   | SECD.MS 3 |
| Self-Management   | Identify multiple techniques to manage stress and maintain confidence., Recognize the impact of personal care., Practice effective communication (for example, listening, reflecting and responding)., Recognize logical fallacies, bias, hypocrisy, contradiction, distortion and rationalization., Demonstrate and describe personal responsibilities to self, others and the environment (for example, friends, family, school, community, state, country, culture and the world)., Analyze the personal impact of helping others., Analyze experiences that shape their perspective and demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings and situations., Utilize external supports and describe common and creative strategies for overcoming or mitigating obstacles., Analyze the factors that lead to the achievement of school and personal goals, including the effect personal habits and meaningful practice have on that achievement. | SECD.MS 4 |

| STEAM- SECD     |  |           |
|-----------------|--|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET | LEVEL 3  | STANDARDS |
|                 |  |           |
|                 | Identify multiple techniques to manage stress and maintain confidence., Recognize the impact of personal care., Practice effective communication (for example, listening, reflecting and responding)., Recognize logical fallacies, bias, hypocrisy, contradiction, distortion and rationalization., Demonstrate and describe personal responsibilities to self, others and the environment (for example, friends, family, school, community, state, country, culture and the world)., Analyze the personal impact of helping others., Analyze experiences that shape their perspective and demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings and situations., Utilize external supports and describe common and creative strategies for overcoming or mitigating obstacles., Analyze the factors that lead to the achievement of school and personal goals, including the effect personal habits and meaningful practice have on that achievement. | SECD.MS 4 |

## **Specials**

### **Dance**

This rubric measures the degree to which each competency has been met. Sufficient evidence is intended to indicate that a student has met the competency. Strong evidence indicates that a student has gone above and beyond the competency. While limited evidence indicates they have not quite met the competency, no evidence indicates the student has not yet made progress in meeting the competency.

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.   | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| Dance I can communicate through creative movement by applying dance skills and language to Explore, Plan, and Revise learning through dance.   | I am not yet able to<br>communicate through creative<br>movement by applying dance<br>skills and language to Explore,<br>Plan, and Revise learning<br>through dance. | through creative movement   | I can communicate through<br>creative movement by applying<br>dance skills and language to<br>Explore, Plan, Revise, Excel in<br>dance and learning.   | I can communicate through<br>creative movement by applying<br>dance skills and language to<br>Explore, Plan, Revise, Excel in<br>dance and learning.  |
| Performing  I can demonstrate the ability to apply skills and understanding of how dance communicates through Expression, Embodiment, and Presentation of artistic ideas and work for a performance. | demonstrate the ability to apply<br>skills and understanding of how<br>dance communicates through<br>expression, embodiment, and                                     | I can begin to demonstrate<br>the ability to apply skills and<br>understanding of how dance<br>communicates through<br>expression, embodiment, and<br>presentation of artistic ideas<br>and work. | I can demonstrate the ability to<br>apply skills and understanding<br>of how dance communicates<br>through expression,<br>embodiment, and presentation<br>of artistic ideas and work a<br>performance. | I can demonstrate and explain<br>my ability to apply skills and<br>understanding of how dance<br>communicates through<br>expression, embodiment, and<br>presentation of artistic ideas<br>and work for a performance. |
| I can Analyze, Interpret, and<br>Select dance works for a<br>performance.  | I am not yet able to analyze,<br>interpret, and select dance<br>works for a performance.   | I can Analyze, Interpret, but<br>not select dance works for a<br>performance.   | I can analyze, interpret, and<br>select dance works for at least<br>one performance.   | I can analyze, interpret, and<br>select dance works for more<br>than one performance.   |
| I can Realize, Develop, and<br>Refine dance works for<br>performance.  | I am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine a dance<br>work for a performance.  | I can realize and develop, but<br>not refine a dance work for<br>performance.   | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine at least one dance<br>work for performance that<br>communicates.   | I can realize, develop,<br>and refine multiple dance<br>works for performance that<br>communicate.  |

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>STRONG EVIDENCE - 4</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| Dance   |  |  |  | •<br>•<br>•   |
| Responding  |  |  |  |   |
| I can respond to dance<br>by Analyzing, Interpreting,<br>and Critiquing how dance<br>conveys meaning.                 | I am not yet able to respond<br>to dance by analyzing,<br>interpreting, and critiquing how<br>dance conveys meaning.                         | I can begin to respond<br>to dance by analyzing,<br>interpreting, and critiquing how<br>dance conveys meaning.   | I can respond to dance by<br>analyzing, interpreting, and<br>critiquing how dance conveys<br>meaning.  | I can successfully respond<br>to dance by analyzing,<br>interpreting, and critiquing how<br>dance conveys meaning and<br>provide compelling rationale<br>through demonstration.   |
| I can Perceive and Analyze dance.   | l am not yet able to perceive<br>and analyze dance.  | I can begin to perceive and analyze dance.   | l can perceive and analyze<br>dance.   | I can perceive and analyze<br>dance and apply that<br>knowledge to communicating<br>through an original creative<br>movement.   |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of dance.  | I am not yet able to interpret intent and meaning of dance.  | To a limited degree, I can interpret intent and meaning of dance.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of dance.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of dance and<br>apply that knowledge to<br>communicating through an<br>original creative dance piece.   |
| I can Apply criteria to evaluating dance pieces.  | I am not yet able to apply<br>criteria to evaluating dance<br>pieces.  | To a limited degree, I can apply criteria to evaluating dance pieces.  | l can apply criteria to evaluating<br>dance pieces.  | l can create and apply criteria<br>for evaluating dance pieces.   |
| Connecting  |  |  |  | •   |
| experience to works of dance  | personal meaning and<br>external context to dance<br>by synthesizing, and relating<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to works of dance | I can begin to connect personal meaning and external context to dance by synthesizing, and relating knowledge and personal experience to works of dance through and during the learning process. | I can successfully connect personal meaning and external context to dance by synthesizing, and relating knowledge and personal experience to at least one work of dance through and during the learning process. | I can successfully connect personal meaning and external context to dance by synthesizing, and relating knowledge and personal experience to multiple works of dance through and during the learning process.           |
| I can Apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>dance related ideas, work,<br>and creative movement. | work, and creative movement.   | I can apply historical but not societal and cultural contexts to dance related ideas, work, and creative movement.  DRAFT 3 07/09/2020   | related ideas, work, and creative<br>movement.   | I can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to dance<br>related ideas, work, and creative<br>movement and demonstrate<br>how these details help reveal<br>information about the work and<br>its context. |

# **Media Arts**

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.                                      | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.                                    | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Media Arts  | 0<br>0<br>0  |  |  |  |
| Creating  | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0   |  |  |  |
| language of a specific media<br>arts form to Conceive, Develop,<br>and Construct artistic ideas | skills and language of a specific<br>media arts form to conceive,<br>develop, and construct artistic | communicate by applying the<br>skills and language of a specific<br>media arts form to conceive, | by applying the skills and<br>language of a specific media<br>art form to conceive, develop,<br>and construct artistic ideas and | I can create and communicate in multiple media art forms by applying the skills and language of that form to conceive, develop, and construct artistic ideas and work. |
| I can Generate, Conceptualize,<br>and Organize media arts ideas                                 |  | conceptualize, but not   | I can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize ideas in at least<br>one media art form.  | I can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize ideas through<br>various media art forms.   |
| I can Refine and Complete<br>media art ideas  | I am not yet able to refine and<br>complete ideas into media art<br>work.                            | I can begin to refine but not<br>complete ideas into media art<br>work.                          | I can refine and complete ideas<br>into media art work.  | I can refine and complete ideas<br>through multiple media art<br>forms.  |

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.                                | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Media Arts  |  | •  |  |  |
| Producing   |  |  |  | •  |
| I can demonstrate the ability to Apply the skills and understanding of how the media arts communicate ideas and work through Integration, Practice, and Presentation. | I am not yet able to integrate<br>forms and content, practice,<br>and present media art works. | I can begin to integrate forms<br>and content, practice, and<br>present media art works.   | I can integrate forms and<br>content, practice, and present<br>through at least one media art<br>form.                                 | I can integrate forms and<br>content, practice, and present<br>through more than one media<br>art form.  |
| I can Analyze and Interpret media art works.  | l cannot yet analyze and<br>interpret media art works.   | I can analyze and interpret<br>media art works to a limited<br>extent.   | l can analyze and interpret<br>comfortably in at least one<br>media art work.  | l can analyze and interpret<br>multiple forms of media art<br>works for presentation.  |
| I can Realize, Develop, and<br>Refine media art works for<br>presentation.  | I am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine media art<br>works for presentation.      | I can realize and begin to<br>develop, but not refine media<br>art works for presentation.   | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine in at least one media art<br>form for presentation.  | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine in multiple media art<br>forms for presentation that<br>that communicates.                                     |
| Responding  |  |  |  |  |
| I can respond to the media arts   | to media arts by Perceiving,   | I can begin to respond to<br>media arts by Perceiving, and<br>Evaluating but not Interpreting<br>how media artworks convey<br>meaning. | I can successfully respond to<br>the media arts by Perceiving,<br>Interpreting and Evaluating<br>how media artworks convey<br>meaning. | I can successfully respond to<br>various forms of the media arts<br>by Perceiving, Interpreting and<br>Evaluating how these forms<br>convey meaning. |
| I can Perceive and Analyze the media.   | l am not yet able to perceive<br>and analyze the media.  | I can begin to perceive and analyze the media.   | l can with confidence perceive<br>and analyze at least one form<br>of media.   | l can perceive and analyze<br>various forms of media.  |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of media artworks.   | I am not yet able to interpret intent and meaning of media artworks.                           | To a limited degree, I can interpret intent and meaning of media artworks.   | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of at least one form of<br>media artwork.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of multiple media art<br>forms.  |
| I can apply criteria to Evaluating media artworks.  | I am not yet able to apply<br>criteria to evaluating media<br>artworks.                        | I can apply criteria to evaluating<br>media artworks.  | I can apply criteria to evaluating<br>media artworks.  | I can create criteria for and<br>apply criteria to evaluating<br>multiple media art form.  |

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.                        | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.                             | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.                                       | <b>STRONG EVIDENCE - 4</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| Media Arts   | 0<br>0<br>0  | 0<br>0<br>0   |   |  |
| Connecting   |  | •   |   | 8<br>•<br>•  |
| to media arts by Synthesizing and Relating through and                                 | personal meaning and external<br>context to media arts by<br>synthesizing and relating | meaning and external context<br>to media arts by synthesizing<br>and relating through and | •   | I can successfully connect personal meaning and external context to more than one media arts form by synthesizing and relating through and during the artmaking process. |
|  | personal experience to artistic  | personal experience to artistic   | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to artistic ideas for<br>media art works. | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to artistic ideas<br>through multiple forms of<br>media art works.                                   |
| I can Apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to ideas<br>media art work. | societal, cultural, and historical   | following, societal, cultural, and/   | l can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to at<br>least one form of media art<br>work.      | l can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to more<br>than one form of media art.  |

# Music

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Music   |   |  |  |  |
| Creating I can create and communicate by applying the skills and language of music to Imagine, Plan, and Make musical ideas and work. | I am not yet able to create and<br>communicate by applying the<br>skills and language of music to<br>imagine, plan, and make musical<br>ideas and work. | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of music to imagine<br>and plan but not yet make<br>musical ideas and work. | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of music to imagine,<br>plan, and make musical ideas<br>and work. | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of music to imagine,<br>plan, and make musical ideas<br>and work, while creating work<br>that shows the culmination<br>of a process of creation and<br>communication. |
| I can Generate, Develop, and<br>Organize musical ideas.   | I am not yet able to generate,<br>develop, and organize musical<br>ideas.   | I am beginning to develop the<br>skills and knowledge needed<br>to generate, develop, and<br>organize musical ideas.                               | l can generate, develop, and<br>organize musical ideas.  | I can generate, develop, and<br>organize musical ideas for more<br>than one musical genre.   |
| I can create by applying the<br>skills and language of music<br>to Evaluate, Refine, and<br>Present musical ideas and<br>work.        | I am not yet able to create by<br>applying the skills and language<br>of music to evaluate, refine, and<br>present musical ideas and work.              | of music to evaluate, refine,  | I can create by applying the<br>skills and language of music to<br>evaluate, refine, and present<br>musical ideas and work.              | I can create by applying the skills and language of music to evaluate, refine, and present original musical ideas and work using expertise, context, and expressive intent to influence creative choices.                                    |
| I can Reflect upon and Refine musical ideas and work.   | I am not yet able to reflect upon<br>and refine musical ideas and<br>work.  | I can reflect upon but not yet<br>able to independently refine<br>musical ideas and work.  | l can reflect upon and refine<br>musical ideas and work.   | I can reflect upon and refine<br>musical ideas and work for<br>more than one musical genre.  |
| I can Present original musical ideas and work.  | l am not yet able to present<br>original musical ideas and work.  | I am experimenting with<br>creating and presenting original<br>musical ideas and work.   | l can present original musical<br>ideas and work.  | l can create and present more<br>than one original musical idea<br>and work.   |

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| Music   |   |  |  |   |
| Performing  | •   | •  |  |   |
| I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate musical ideas<br>and work through Selection,<br>Analysis, and Interpretation.                   | I am not yet able to<br>demonstrate the ability to<br>apply skills and effectively<br>communicate musical ideas and<br>work through selection, analysis,<br>and interpretation.                   | ability to apply skills and communicate musical ideas and work through selection, analysis, and interpretation.  | I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate musical ideas<br>and work through selection,<br>analysis, and interpretation of at<br>least one musical genre. | I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate musical ideas and<br>work through selection, analysis,<br>and interpretation of more than<br>one musical genre. |
| I can Select musical<br>works based on interest,<br>knowledge, technical skill and<br>context.  | I am not yet able to select<br>musical works based on<br>interest, knowledge, technical<br>skill and context.   | I am beginning to learn how to<br>select musical works based on<br>interest, knowledge, technical<br>skill and context.  | I can select musical works<br>based on interest, knowledge,<br>technical skill and context.  | I can select and perform<br>musical works based on<br>interest, knowledge, technical<br>skill and context.  |
| I can Analyze the structure and context of musical works.   | I am not yet able to analyze<br>the structure and context of<br>musical works.  | I am beginning to analyze<br>the structure and context of<br>musical works.  | l can analyze the structure and context of musical works.  | l can analyze and demonstrate<br>the structure and context of<br>musical works.   |
| I can Develop personal interpretations of musical works.  | I am not yet able to develop<br>personal interpretations of<br>musical works.   | I am beginning to develop<br>personal interpretations of<br>musical works.   | l can develop personal<br>interpretations of musical<br>works.   | I can develop personal<br>interpretations of musical works<br>and perform based on those<br>interpretations.  |
| I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate through the<br>process of Rehearsing,<br>Evaluating, Refining, and<br>Performing musical works. | I am not yet able to<br>demonstrate the ability to<br>apply skills and effectively<br>communicate through the<br>process of Rehearsing,<br>Evaluating, Refining, and<br>Performing musical works. | I am beginning to demonstrate<br>the ability to apply skills and<br>effectively communicate<br>through the process of<br>Rehearsing, Evaluating,<br>Refining, and Performing<br>musical works. | I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate through the<br>process of Rehearsing,<br>Evaluating, Refining, and<br>Performing musical works.                | I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate through the<br>process of Rehearsing,<br>Evaluating, Refining, and<br>Performing musical works.                 |
| I can Evaluate and Refine<br>personal and ensemble<br>performances.   | I am not yet able to evaluate<br>and refine personal and<br>ensemble performances.  | I am beginning to learn how to<br>evaluate and refine personal<br>and ensemble performances.   | l can evaluate and refine<br>personal and ensemble<br>performances.  | l can evaluate and refine<br>personal and ensemble<br>performances of various genre.  |
| I can Perform expressively and accurately with appropriate interpretation.  | I am not yet able to perform expressively and accurately with appropriate interpretation.   | I am beginning to perform<br>expressively and accurately<br>with appropriate interpretation.   | l can perform expressively and accurately with appropriate interpretation.   | I can perform various genre<br>of music expressively and<br>accurately with appropriate<br>interpretation.  |

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.   | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| Music  | •   |   |   |   |
| Responding   | •   |   |   |   |
| I can respond to music<br>by Selecting, Analyzing,<br>Interpreting and Evaluating,<br>how music conveys meaning. | I am not yet able to respond to<br>music by selecting, analyzing,<br>interpreting and evaluating, how<br>music conveys meaning. |   | I can respond to music by<br>Selecting, analyzing, interpreting<br>and evaluating, how music<br>conveys meaning.      | I can successfully respond<br>to multiple music genre by<br>selecting, analyzing, interpreting<br>and evaluating, how music<br>conveys meaning and provide<br>compelling rationale. |
| I can Select musical works for a variety of purposes.  | I am not yet able to select<br>musical works for a variety of<br>purposes.  | I can select a musical work or works for at least one purpose.  | I can select musical works for a variety of purposes.   | I can select musical works for a<br>variety of purposes and provide<br>rationale for selection.   |
| l can Perceive and Analyze<br>musical works.   | l am not yet able to perceive<br>and analyze musical works.   | To a limited degree, I can<br>perceive and analyze musical<br>works.  | I can perceive and analyze<br>musical works.  | l can perceive and analyze<br>musical works and provide<br>rationale.   |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of musical works.   | I am not yet able to interpret intent and meaning of musical works.   | I am beginning to interpret<br>intent and meaning of musical<br>works.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of musical works.   | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of musical works and<br>provide rationale.  |
| I can Apply criteria to evaluating musical works.  | l am not yet able to apply<br>criteria to evaluating musical<br>works.  | I am beginning to learn how<br>to apply criteria to evaluating<br>musical works.  | I can apply criteria to evaluating<br>musical works.  | I can create and apply criteria to evaluating musical works.  |
| Connecting   |   |   | •   |   |
| I can Connect personal meaning and external context to music through and during the music learning process.      | I am not yet able to connect, personal meaning and external context to music through and during the music learning process.     | I can begin to connect,<br>personal meaning and external<br>context to music through and<br>during the music learning<br>process. | I can connect, personal<br>meaning and external context<br>to music through and during<br>the music learning process. | I can connect, personal<br>meaning and external context<br>to music through and during<br>the music learning and making<br>process.   |
| I can Synthesize and Relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to musical ideas<br>and work.                | I am not yet able to synthesize<br>and relate knowledge and<br>personal experience to musical<br>ideas and work.                | I am beginning to synthesize<br>and relate knowledge and<br>personal experience to musical<br>ideas and work.                     | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to musical ideas and<br>work.                     | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to musical ideas and<br>work in and through the music<br>making process.  |
| I can Apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>musical ideas and work.                         | •   | I am beginning to relate and<br>apply societal, cultural, and<br>historical contexts to musical<br>ideas and work.                | l can apply societal, cultural, and<br>historical contexts to musical<br>ideas and work.                              | I can apply societal, cultural, and<br>historical contexts to musical<br>ideas and work of various<br>genre.  |

# PE

### Scope and Sequence for K-12 Physical Education

### **LEGEND**

### E = Emerging.

Students participate in deliberate practice tasks that will lead to skill and knowledge acquisition.

### M = Maturing.

Students can demonstrate the critical elements of the motor skills/knowledge components of the grade-level outcomes, which will continue to be refined with practice.

### A = Applying.

Students can demonstrate the critical elements of the motor skills/knowledge components of the grade-level outcomes within a variety of physical activity environments.

| PE<br>STANDARD 1.<br>Motor skills<br>and movement<br>patterns | Grade 6 | Grade 7       | Grade 8       |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Hopping   | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Galloping   | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Running   | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Sliding   | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Skipping  | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Leaping   | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Jumping and<br>Landing  | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Spring and step   | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Jump stop   | E       | М             | Α             |
| Jump rope   |         |               |               |
| Balance   | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Weight Transfer   | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Rolling   | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |

| PE<br>STANDARD 1.<br>Motor skills<br>and movement<br>patterns | Grade 6 | Grade 7       | Grade 8       |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Curling and stretching  | А       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Twisting and bending  | А       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Throwing  |         |               |               |
| <ul> <li>Underhand</li> </ul>                                 | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| <ul> <li>Overhand</li> </ul>                                  | A       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Catching  | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Dribbling/ball control  |         |               |               |
| • Hands   | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| • Feet  | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| • With implement  | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Kicking   | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Volleying   |         |               |               |

| PE<br>STANDARD 1.<br>Motor skills<br>and movement<br>patterns     | Grade 6 | Grade 7       | Grade 8       |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| <ul> <li>Underhand</li> </ul>                                     | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| • Set   |         | Е             | $\rightarrow$ |
| Striking - with short implement                                   | А       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| <ul> <li>Fore/<br/>backhand</li> </ul>                            | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| Striking - with<br>long implement                                 | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| • Fore/<br>backhand   |         | E             | $\rightarrow$ |
| Combining<br>locomotors and<br>manipulatives                      | М       | $\rightarrow$ | Α             |
| Combining<br>jumping, landing,<br>locomotors and<br>manipulatives | М       | А             | $\rightarrow$ |

| PE<br>STANDARD 1.<br>Motor skills<br>and movement<br>patterns | Grade 6 | Grade 7       | Grade 8       |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Combining<br>balance and<br>weight transfers                  | М       | $\rightarrow$ | Α             |
| Serving   |         |               |               |
| • Underhand   | E       | М             | Α             |
| • Overhand  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Shooting on goal  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| Passing and receiving   |         |               |               |
| • Hands   | E       | М             | $\rightarrow$ |
| • Feet  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| • With implement  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| • Forearm pass  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| • Lead pass   | E       | М             | $\rightarrow$ |
| Give and go   | E       | М             | $\rightarrow$ |
| Offensive skills  |         |               |               |
| • Pivots  | E       | М             | Α             |
| • Fakes   | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| • Jab step  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| • Screen  |         |               | E             |
| Defensive skills  |         |               |               |
| • Drop step   | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| Defensive or<br>athletic stance                               | E       | $\rightarrow$ | M             |

| PE<br>STANDARD 2.  |         |               |               |
|--|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Concepts and   |         |               |               |
| Strategies   | Grade 6 | Grade 7       | Grade 8       |
| Movement<br>concepts,<br>principles and<br>knowledge                                       | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Strategies and tactics   | M       | $\rightarrow$ | Α             |
| Communication (games)  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| Creating space (invasion)  |         |               |               |
| <ul> <li>Varying<br/>pathways,<br/>speed,<br/>direction</li> </ul>                         | E       | M             | А             |
| <ul> <li>Varying type of<br/>pass</li> </ul>   | E       | M             | A             |
| <ul> <li>Selecting<br/>appropriate<br/>offensive<br/>tactics with<br/>object</li> </ul>    | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| <ul> <li>Selecting<br/>appropriate<br/>offensive<br/>tactics without<br/>object</li> </ul> | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| <ul> <li>Using width<br/>and length of<br/>the field/court</li> </ul>                      | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| • Playing with one player up (e.g., 2 v 1)   | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| Reducing space<br>(invasion)   |         |               |               |
| <ul> <li>Changing size<br/>and shape of<br/>defender's<br/>body</li> </ul>                 | E       | M             | Α             |

| PE<br>STANDARD 2.  |         |               |               |
|--|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Concepts and Strategies  | Grade 6 | Grade 7       | Grade 8       |
| <ul> <li>Changing<br/>angle to gain<br/>competitive<br/>advantage</li> </ul>                                 | E       | $\rightarrow$ | M             |
| <ul> <li>Denying the<br/>pass/player<br/>progress</li> </ul>   | E       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| <ul> <li>Playing with on<br/>player down<br/>(e.g., 1 v 2)</li> </ul>  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Transition<br>(invasion)   | E       | М             | Α             |
| Creating space (net/wall)  |         |               |               |
| <ul> <li>Varying force,<br/>angle and/<br/>or direction<br/>to gain<br/>competitive<br/>advantage</li> </ul> | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| <ul> <li>Using offensive<br/>tactic/ shot<br/>to move<br/>opponent out<br/>of position</li> </ul>            | Е       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Reducing space (net/wall)  |         |               |               |
| Returning to home position   | E       | $\rightarrow$ | M             |
| <ul> <li>Shifting to<br/>reduce angle<br/>for return</li> </ul>  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Target   |         |               |               |
| <ul> <li>Selecting<br/>appropriate<br/>shot/ club</li> </ul>   | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |

| PE<br>STANDARD 2.<br>Concepts and<br>Strategies           | Grade 6 | Grade 7       | Grade 8       |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| <ul> <li>Applying blocking strategy</li> </ul>            | E       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| <ul> <li>Varying speed<br/>and trajectory</li> </ul>      | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |
| Fielding/striking   |         |               |               |
| <ul> <li>Applying<br/>offensive<br/>strategies</li> </ul> |         | E             | $\rightarrow$ |
| <ul> <li>Reducing open<br/>spaces</li> </ul>              | E       | $\rightarrow$ | М             |

| PE<br>STANDARD 3.<br>Health-<br>enhancing<br>level of fitness<br>and physical<br>activity | Grade 6 | Grade 7       | Grade 8       |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Physical activity knowledge   | М       | $\rightarrow$ | А             |
| Engages in physical activity  | М       | $\rightarrow$ | Α             |
| Fitness knowledge   | М       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Assessment and program planning   | М       | $\rightarrow$ | А             |
| Nutrition   | E       | М             | $\rightarrow$ |
| Stress<br>management  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |

| PE<br>STANDARD 4.<br>Responsible<br>personal and<br>social behavior | Grade 6 | Grade 7       | Grade 8       |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Demonstrating personal responsibility                               | A       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Accepting<br>feedback   | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Working with others   | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| Following rules and etiquette                                       | М       | Α             | $\rightarrow$ |
| Safety  | Α       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |

| PE<br>STANDARD 5.<br>Recognizes<br>the value<br>of physical<br>activity | Grade 6 | Grade 7       | Grade 8       |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
|   | Grade o | Grade /       | o. aac o      |
| For health  | Е       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| For challenge   | Е       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| For self-<br>expression/<br>enjoyment                                   | E       | $\rightarrow$ | M             |
| For social interaction  | E       | $\rightarrow$ | $\rightarrow$ |

# **Theatre**

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.   | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.                   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| Theatre  |  |   |   |   |
| Creating   |  |   |   | •   |
| theatre through Envisioning,<br>Conceptualizing, Developing,                     | I am not yet able to create<br>and communicate by applying<br>the skills and language of<br>theatre through envisioning,<br>conceptualizing, developing,<br>and rehearsing artistic ideas<br>and work. | communicate by applying the skills and language of theatre by envisioning, conceptualizing, developing, and rehearsing artistic ideas and work. |   | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of theatre through<br>envisioning, conceptualizing,<br>developing, and rehearsing<br>artistic ideas through more than<br>one theatrical performance. |
| I can Organize artistic ideas for theatre.                                       | I am not yet able to organize<br>artistic ideas for theatre.   | I can begin to organize artistic ideas for theatre.   | l can organize artistic ideas for<br>theatre.   | * · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |
| I can Refine and Complete<br>artistic ideas through a<br>theatrical performance. | I am not yet able to refine and<br>complete artistic ideas through<br>a performance.   | not complete artistic ideas   | I can refine and complete<br>artistic ideas successfully for a<br>theatrical performance. | I can refine and complete<br>artistic ideas successfully<br>for more than one theatrical<br>performance.  |

| Specials   | NO EVIDENCE - 1   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4   |
|--|---|---|---|---|
|  | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.  |
| Theatre  |   |   |   |   |
| Performing I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how theatre communicates through Selection, Preparation, Sharing, and Presentation of artistic ideas and work. | the skills and understanding of how theatre communicates                                      | understanding of how theatre<br>communicates through<br>preparation and sharing, but<br>not through selection and<br>presentation of artistic ideas | understanding of how theatre<br>communicates through<br>selection, preparation, sharing,<br>and presentation of artistic<br>ideas and work through at least | I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how theatre communicates through selection, preparation, sharing, and presentation of artistic ideas and work through more than one performance. |
| I can Reflect on, Interpret,<br>and Select artistic works for<br>presentation.   | I am not yet able to reflect on,<br>interpret, and select artistic<br>works for presentation. |   |   | I can reflect on, interpret,<br>and select artistic works for<br>presentation based on a<br>specific purpose for each work.   |
| I can Realize, Develop, and<br>Refine artistic works for<br>presentation.  | I am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine artistic<br>works for presentation.      | I can realize and develop, but<br>not refine artistic works for<br>presentation.  | artistic works for presentation.  | I can realize, develop, and refine<br>multiple artistic works for a<br>performance that successfully<br>communicates.   |

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.        | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| Theatre   | •   | •<br>•<br>•  |  |   |
| Responding I can respond to theatre by Reflecting, Interpreting, and Evaluating how productions convey meaning. | I am not yet able to respond<br>to theatre by Reflecting,<br>Interpreting, and Evaluating<br>how productions convey<br>meaning. |  | I can respond to theatre by<br>Reflecting, Interpreting, and<br>Evaluating how at least one<br>production conveys meaning. | I can respond to theatre by<br>Reflecting, Interpreting, and<br>Evaluating how productions<br>convey meaning.                                 |
| I can Perceive and Evaluate<br>theatrical work.   | I am not yet able to perceive<br>and evaluate theatrical work.  | •  | I can perceive and evaluate<br>theatrical work.  | I can perceive and evaluate<br>theatrical work and<br>provide compelling rationale to<br>support.   |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of theatrical work.  | I am not yet able to interpret<br>intent and meaning of theatrical<br>work.   |  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of theatrical work.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of theatrical work<br>and provide compelling and<br>creative support for alternative<br>interpretation. |
| I can apply criteria when evaluating theatrical work.   | I am not yet able to apply<br>criteria when evaluating<br>theatrical work.  | I can begin to apply criteria<br>when evaluating theatrical<br>work. | I can apply criteria when<br>evaluating theatrical work.   | I can create and apply criteria<br>for evaluating theatrical work.  |

|  |   | T   |   |   |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.   | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.                            | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.  |
| Theatre  |   | •   |   |   |
| Connecting   |   |   |   | \$<br>•<br>•  |
| I can connect personal<br>meaning and external<br>context to theatre by<br>Empathizing, Interrelating,<br>and Researching works. | I am not yet able to connect<br>personal meaning and<br>external context to theatre by<br>empathizing, interrelating, and<br>researching works. | to theatre by empathizing,  | personal meaning and external context to theatre by   | I can successfully connect<br>personal meaning and external<br>context to multiple theatrical<br>pieces by empathizing,<br>interrelating, and researching<br>those works. |
| I can Synthesize and Relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to theatrical ideas<br>and work.                             | I am not yet able to synthesize<br>and relate knowledge and<br>personal experience to<br>theatrical ideas and work.                             | I can begin to synthesize and<br>relate knowledge and personal<br>experience to theatrical ideas<br>and work. | experience to ideas and at least  | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to multiple<br>theatrical ideas and works.  |
| and historical contexts to   | I am not yet able to apply<br>societal, cultural, and historical<br>contexts to theatrical ideas and<br>work.                                   |   | l can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>theatrical ideas and work. | I can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>theatrical ideas and work and<br>successfully perform the role of<br>a character in that work.           |

# **Visual Arts**

| Specials  | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.                                       | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3 Degree to which competency has been met.   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Visual Arts   |  |   |  |  |
| Creating  |  |   |  | 8  |
| specific visual arts form to<br>Investigate, Plan, and Make       | I am not yet able to create and<br>communicate by applying the<br>skills and language of a specific<br>visual art form to investigate,<br>plan, and make artistic ideas<br>and work. | communicate by applying the<br>skills and language of a specific<br>visual art form to investigate, | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of a specific visual art<br>form to investigate, plan, and<br>make artistic ideas and work.       | I can create and communicate<br>in multiple visual art forms by<br>applying the skills and language<br>of a specific visual art form to<br>investigate, plan, and make<br>artistic ideas and work. |
| I can Generate,<br>Conceptualize, and Organize<br>artistic ideas. | I am not yet able to generate,<br>conceptualize, and organize<br>artistic ideas.   |   | I can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize artistic ideas.   | I can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize multiple artistic<br>ideas.   |
| I can Refine and Complete artistic ideas.                         | l am not yet able to refine and complete artistic ideas.   | l can refine but not complete<br>artistic ideas.  | l can refine and complete<br>artistic ideas.   | l can refine and complete<br>multiple artistic ideas.  |
| Reflect, Refine, and Continue                                     | of a specific visual art form  | through reflecting, refining, and   | I can create by applying<br>the skills and language of<br>a specific visual art form<br>through reflecting, refining, and<br>continuing with artistic ideas<br>and work. | I can create in multiple visual art<br>forms by applying the skills and<br>language of that visual art form<br>through reflecting, refining, and<br>continuing with artistic ideas<br>and work.    |

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.   | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4 Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| Visual Arts  | •  |   |   |  |
| Presenting I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the visual arts communicate through Selection, Analyzation, and Sharing of artistic ideas and work for presentation. | I am not yet able to apply the<br>skills and understanding of how<br>the visual arts communicate<br>through Selection, Analyzation,<br>and Sharing of artistic ideas and<br>work for presentation. | I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the visual arts communicate but not able to apply this to Selection, Analyzation, and Sharing of artistic ideas and work for presentation. | I can demonstrate the<br>ability to apply the skills and<br>understanding of how the visual<br>arts communicate through<br>Selection, Analyzation, and<br>Sharing of artistic ideas and<br>work for presentation. | I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how multiple visual arts forms communicate through Selection, Analyzation, and Sharing of artistic ideas and work for presentation. |
| I can Interpret artistic works for presentation.   | l am not yet able to interpret<br>artistic works for presentation.   | l can interpret at least one<br>artistic work for presentation.   | l can interpret more than one<br>artistic work for presentation.  | l can interpret multiple artistic<br>works for presentation.   |
| I can Realize, Develop, and<br>Refine artistic works for<br>presentation.  | I am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine artistic<br>works for presentation.   | I can realize and develop, but<br>not refine artistic works for<br>presentation.  | L can realize, develop, and refine artistic works for presentation.   | I can realize, develop, and refine<br>multiple artistic works for an<br>exhibition that communicates.  |
| Responding I can successfully respond to the visual arts by Perceiving, Analyzing, and Interpreting how artworks convey meaning.   | I am not yet able to successfully<br>respond to the visual arts by<br>Perceiving, Analyzing, and<br>Interpreting how artworks<br>convey meaning.   | I can begin to respond to<br>the visual arts by Perceiving,<br>Analyzing, and Interpreting how<br>artworks convey meaning.  | I can demonstrate the<br>ability to apply the skills and<br>understanding of how the visual<br>arts communicate through<br>Selection, Analyzation, and<br>Sharing of artistic ideas and<br>work for presentation. | I can successfully respond to<br>the visual arts by Perceiving,<br>Analyzing, and Interpreting how<br>artworks convey meaning. and<br>provide compelling rationale.  |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of artistic work.   | I am not yet able to interpret<br>intent and meaning of artistic<br>work.  | I can begin to interpret intent<br>and meaning of artistic work.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of artistic work.   | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of artistic work and<br>provides compelling rationale to<br>support.   |
| I can apply criteria to<br>Analyzing and Interpreting<br>artistic work.  | I am not yet able to apply<br>criteria to analyzing and<br>interpreting artistic work.   | To a limited degree, I can<br>apply criteria to analyzing and<br>interpreting artistic work.  | I can apply criteria to analyzing<br>and interpreting artistic work.  | I can apply criteria to analyzing<br>and interpreting artistic work<br>and provide additional support<br>for my interpretation.  |

| Specials   | <b>NO EVIDENCE - 1</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2 Degree to which competency has been met.  | <b>SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   | <b>STRONG EVIDENCE - 4</b> Degree to which competency has been met.   |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| Visual Arts  | •<br>•<br>•   | 0<br>0<br>0  |   |   |
| Connecting   | •   | •  |   | •   |
| I can successfully connect, personal meaning and external context to the visual arts by Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing, and Interpreting to works of art through and during the art-making process. | I am not yet able to connect, personal meaning and external context to the visual arts by Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing, and Interpreting to works of art through and during the artmaking process. | personal meaning and external<br>context to the visual arts by<br>Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing,<br>and Interpreting to works of                         | I can successfully connect, personal meaning and external context to the visual arts by Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing, and Interpreting to works of art through and during the artmaking process. | I can successfully connect, personal meaning and external context to multiple visual arts by Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing, and Interpreting to works through and during the art-making process.          |
| I can Synthesize and Relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to artistic ideas<br>and artistic work   | I am not yet able to create a<br>work of art that communicates<br>about events in home, school,<br>or community life.   | I can create a work of art that<br>begins to communicate about<br>events in home, school, or<br>community life.  | I can create a work of art that<br>clearly communicates about<br>events in home, school, or<br>community life.  | I can create works of art that<br>clearly communicates in-depth<br>about events in home, school,<br>and/or community life.  |
| I can Apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>artistic ideas and artistic work  | I am not yet able to compare<br>and contrast details in art works<br>from different times or places<br>to determine their uses.   | I can compare and contrast<br>details in art works from<br>different times or places but<br>am not able to determine their<br>uses based on their context. | I can compare and contrast<br>details in art works from<br>different times or places and<br>explain how these details help<br>reveal information about the<br>work.                                 | I can compare and contrast<br>multiple details in art works<br>from different times<br>or places and thoroughly<br>explains how these details help<br>reveal information about the<br>work and its context. |

# **World Language Competencies and Performance Indicators**

The Kansas World Language Standards are competency-based and not linked to a specific grade or age of student. These standards incorporate the recommendations of the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages (ACTFL) and align with the 7 Rose Capacities passed by Kansas legislators. The acquisition of a second language is not a function of a certain number of courses, but it does require consistent and sustained practice to reach each level of proficiency. Students who actively read, speak, write, listen, and interact with others in the target language can usually expect to reach Novice High after 240 hours of language study. Novice High is not a functional level of proficiency. In order to reach minimal functional proficiency, Intermediate Mid, a student needs approximately four hundred and eighty hours of interaction with the language. There are many factors that influence an individual's ability to learn a second language: motivation, individual aptitude for learning languages, similarity of the language to the speaker's own first language, etc.

The following competencies are based on these general time parameters based on the Foreign Service Institute's experience of teaching languages and the ACTFL's guidance on the subject as well.

Proficiency is what an individual can do with the language in the setting of that language. Performance is what a student can do in class with structured and scaffolded activities.

The Kansas World Language standards emphasize what students can do with the language, not on what the students can not yet do with the language.



| Specials | COMPETENCY |
|----------|------------|
| 147 111  |            |

### **World Languages**

### Communication

### Novice learners can:

- Communicate through speaking, signing, or writing on very familiar topics using a variety of words and phrases that they have practiced and memorized.
- Recognize some familiar words and phrases when they hear them spoken.
- Recognize some words or characters. They can understand some learned or memorized words when they read.
- Can write lists and memorized phrases on familiar topics

### Culture

### Novice learners can:

- Use culturally appropriate expressions for greetings, leave-takings, and common classroom or social interactions.
- Use the target language to investigate, explain and reflect on the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the cultures studied.
- · Appreciate and sometimes participate in some games, rituals, and celebrations of the cultures studied.
- Identify tangible products of the culture such as toys, dress, homes, art, music, monuments, currency, and famous people.

### Comparisons

### Novice learners can:

- Observe and compare formal and informal registers of language
- Recognize similarities and differences between the sound and writing systems in the language they are learning and their own.
- Inventory idiomatic expressions in both their native language and the language being learned and talk about how idiomatic expressions work in general.

### Communities

### Novice learners can:

- Attempt to interact in the target language with members of their community.
- Identify professions that require proficiency in the target language
- Exchange basic information about themselves, their studies, or their family, with speakers of the target language and/or students in other classes, in face-to-face or virtual settings, such as social media, instant messaging, and video conferencing.



# Grade Band 6 - 8

# **Essential Elements (EE)**

# Assessment

# **Executive Summary**

This section of the guidance document seeks to support educators as they consider ways to develop, refine and/or implement a comprehensive, balanced and cohesive approach to meaningfully assess student learning in a competency-based model. When thinking about mastery, a multiple-measures approach can be useful and may include a variety of assessments, ranging from the use of rubrics that focus on the depth of a student's understanding to nationally normed assessments by age and/or ability to state accountability assessment systems. What follows as guidance to consider may be best conceptualized by thinking of it from the perspective of assessing student learning.

# Performance-Based Assessment and the Use of Rubrics

- Continuity and Comprehensive Approach: The grade-band teams from Phase I of this project developed both the competencies and a set of performance-based "I can ..." rubrics.
  - SECD, specials, electives and CTE are also included for your consideration and inclusion in assessing broader STEAM and Humanities competencies.
- Interpretation of Performance Levels: These rubrics contain four performance levels that include "I can ..." statements that intend to reflect the various stages of what students know and are able to do through progressive depths of each competency. Ideally, students move to and through each of the levels from left to right, but this may take place at different times for each student. Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) is included as a familiar reference to help support the development of instruction in a leveled manner.
  - Level 1 may be thought of as introducing or beginning/DOK: Recall and Reproduce
  - Level 2 may be thought of as developing or emerging/DOK: Application and Reasoning
  - **Level 3** may be thought of as demonstrating or creating/DOK: Strategic Thinking
  - Level 4 may be thought of as extending or enriching/DOK: Extended Thinking

**NOTE:** Levels 1-4 are not intended to predict Kansas State Assessment scores.



# **Levels Explanation**

Webb's Depth of Knowledge: Use to Align "A successful student can ..." Statements to Appropriate Performance Level

| Performance Level | I can  |                          |
|-------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Level 1           | <ul> <li>Recall and Reproduction</li> <li>Recall a fact, term, definition, principle or concept; perform a simple procedure.</li> <li>Items typically specify what the student is to do, which is often to carry out some procedure that can be performed mechanically.</li> <li>Recall of a fact, information, definition, term or performance of a process or procedure.</li> </ul>  |                          |
| Level 2           | <ul> <li>Basic Application of Skills and Concepts</li> <li>Apply conceptual knowledge: <ul> <li>Use provided information to select appropriate procedures for a task.</li> <li>Perform two or more steps with decision points along the way.</li> <li>Solve routine problems; organize or display data.</li> <li>Interpret or use simple graphs.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Items require students to make some decisions as to how to approach the question or problem. These actions imply more than one mental or cognitive process/step.</li> <li>Includes the engagement of some mental processing beyond recalling or reproducing a response.</li> </ul>   |                          |
| Level 3           | <ul> <li>Strategic Thinking</li> <li>Apply reasoning, using evidence, and developing a plan to approach or solve abstract, complex or nonroutine problems; interpret information and provide justification when more than one approach is possible.</li> <li>Items require students to justify the responses they give and may have more than one possible answer.</li> <li>Requires deep understanding as exhibited through planning, using evidence, and more demanding cognitive reasoning. The cognitive demands are complex and abstract.</li> </ul>  | This<br>is the<br>target |
| Level 4           | <ul> <li>Extended Thinking</li> <li>Perform investigations or apply concepts and skills that require research and problem solving across content areas or multiple sources.</li> <li>Items require students to bring together skill and knowledge from various domains. Due to the complexity of cognitive demand, this level often requires an extended period to answer. A DOK 4 is first a DOK 3 with added connections.</li> <li>Requires high cognitive demand and is very complex. Students are expected to make connections and relate ideas within the content or among areas - and have to select or devise one approach among many alternatives on how the situation can be solved.</li> </ul> |                          |

# Subject Area Abbreviations:

| AFNR    | Agriculture, Foods and Natural<br>Resources | LPSCS   | Law, Public Safety, Corrections a<br>Security |
|---------|---|---------|---|
| AC      | Architecture and Construction               | MA      | Media Arts                                    |
| ВС      | Business Career                             | MATH    | Math  |
| BC.BMAE | Business Management,                        | MNFR    | Manufacturing                                 |
|         | Administration and Entrepreneurship         | MUS     | Music   |
| BC.F    | Finance                                     | PE      | Physical Education                            |
| BC.M    | Marketing                                   | SCI     | Science                                       |
| DNC     | Dance                                       | SCI.ESS | Earth and Space Science                       |
| FACS    | Family and Consumer Sciences                | SCI.LS  | Life Science                                  |
| ELA     | English Language Arts                       | SCI.PS  | Physical Science                              |
| ENG     | Engineering                                 | SECD    | Social-Emotional Character<br>Development     |
| НВ      | Health and Biosciences                      | STM     | STEAM   |
| HE      | Health                                      | THR     | Theatre                                       |
| HGSS    | History, Government and Social<br>Studies   | TRAN    | Transportation                                |
| HUM     | Humanities                                  | WL      | World Languages                               |
| IT      | Information Technology                      | VA      | Visual Arts                                   |

### **Grade Bands:**

P Pre-K to 2nd gradeIM 3rd to 5th gradeMS 6th to 8th gradeHS 9th to 12th grade

# **EE ELA**

I can be a sucessful student can adapt speech and writing to enhance or refine a message.

### **EE** ELA

| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
|---|--|--|--|---|------------|
| I can spell untaught words<br>phonetically, drawing on<br>letter-sound relationships<br>and common spelling<br>patterns.  |  | I can use spelling patterns<br>(rhymes) in familiar words<br>to spell new words.   | I can use letter sounds<br>knowledge to spell words<br>phonetically by including<br>letters that represent<br>sounds from different<br>words.                                      | I can spell words with<br>inflectional endings (e.g.,<br>walked, eats, sleeping).   | EE.L.6.2.B |
| I can introduce a topic<br>and write to convey ideas<br>and information about it<br>including visual, tactual, or<br>multimedica information as<br>appropriate. | I can uses eye-gaze, physical<br>movement, gestures, or<br>vocalizations to indicate<br>choice when given a choice<br>of two objects.                | writing an informational text<br>and then find information<br>that is either tactile, visual,  | I can introduce an informational topic while writing and extend by writing about ideas and information related to the topic.   | I can produce an informational piece of writing in which the topic is clearly introduced and the details about the topic (may be visual, tactual, or multimedia) are presented within a clear organizational structure. | EE.W.6.2.a |
| I can provide facts, details<br>or other information related<br>to the topic.   | the letter of my first name<br>in words I hear and see and<br>can correctly represent this<br>letter when spelling words<br>that start with the same | I can select a topic and use drawing, dictating, or writing to compose a message with at least one fact or detail about the selected topic (may require some interpretation as I may not be using phonetic spelling or complete simple sentences). | I can identify facts and<br>details related to topic<br>from a set of choices.<br>Now I am able to provide<br>written facts, details, and/<br>or informational about the<br>topic. | I can put facts or details<br>identified about a topic into<br>writing.   | EE.W.6.2.b |
| I can use end punctuation when writing a sentence or question.  | I can comprehend that<br>all objects have some<br>functions or action typically<br>associated with it (object<br>action).                            | I can demonstrate an<br>understanding that some<br>type of punctuation<br>needs to occur after each<br>sentence and can recognize<br>the different types.  | I can appropriately use<br>the various types of end<br>punctuation in my writing.  | I can demonstrate an<br>understanding that commas<br>are a common form of<br>punctuation.   | EE.L.7.2.a |

### **EE** ELA

| EE ELA  |   |  |   |   |            |
|---|---|--|---|---|------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| I can spell words,<br>phonetically, drawing on<br>knowledge of letter-sound<br>relationships and/or<br>common spelling patterns.                                | I can recognize the sound of<br>the letter of my first name<br>in words I hear and see and<br>can correctly represent this<br>letter when spelling words<br>that start with the same<br>letter. | I can use spelling patterns<br>(e.g., rhymes) in familiar<br>words to spell new words.   | I can use letter-sound<br>knowledge to spell words<br>phonetically by including<br>letters that represent<br>sounds from the word.  | I can spell words with<br>inflectional endings (e.g.,<br>walked, eats, sleeping).   | EE.L.7.2.b |
| I can introduce a topic<br>and write to convey ideas<br>and information about it<br>including visual, tactual, or<br>multimedica information as<br>appropriate. | I can comprehend that<br>all objects have some<br>functions or action typically<br>associated with it (object or<br>action).  | I can select a topic for<br>writing in an informational<br>text and then find<br>information that is either<br>tactile, visual, or multimedia<br>for use when writing the<br>text. | I can introduce an informational topic while writing and extend by writing about ideas and information related to the topic.  | I can produce an informational piece of writing in which the topic is clearly introduced and the details about the topic (may be visual, tactual, or multimedia) are presented within a clear organizational structure. | EE.W.7.2.a |
| I can provide facts, details,<br>or other information related<br>to the topic.  |   | I can add information to writing (writing is meant inclusively here - writing, drawing, or dictation) that helps to strengthen the overall message).                               | I can identify facts and<br>details related to topic<br>from a set of choices.<br>Now I am able to provide<br>written facts, details, and/or<br>information about topic.    | I can put facts or details<br>identified about a topic into<br>writing.   | EE.W.7.2.b |
| I can select domain-specific vocabulary to use in writing about a topic.  | I can demonstrate<br>understanding that specific<br>members comprise a broad<br>category.   | I can identify words in<br>speech or text that are<br>domain-specific words (i.e.,<br>words that are specific to a<br>content are or discipline).                                  | I can select domain-specific<br>words to use for writing<br>about a topic.  | I can include domain-<br>specific<br>vocabulary when writing an<br>informative text.  | EE.W.7.2.d |
| I can write one or more facts or details related to the topic.  | I can determine some of<br>the relevant words for<br>describing people, places,<br>things, or events familiar to<br>the student.  | I can provide written facts,<br>details, and/or information<br>about a topic.  | I can put facts or details<br>identified about a topic into<br>writing.   | I can develop a topic with<br>facts<br>or details related to the<br>topic   | EE.W.8.2.b |
| I can write complete<br>thoughts as appropriate.  | I can produce single word<br>utterances.  | I can use two words<br>together when producing a<br>written text.  | I can create a complete<br>thought (e.g. Frogs jump)<br>may not be grammatically<br>correct (i.e., The frogs can<br>jump), but still convey as<br>complete thought or idea. | I can write coherent,<br>semantically accurate,<br>and grammatically correct<br>simple sentences.   | EE.W.8.2.c |

| <b>EE</b> ELA   |  |  |   |   |            |  |
|---|--|--|---|---|------------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |  |
| I can use domain specific vocabulary related to the topic.  | I can determine if the<br>member belongs in the<br>category when supplied<br>with a member of a<br>category.                     | I can select domain-specific<br>words to use for writing<br>about a topic.   | I can include domain-<br>specific vocabulary when<br>writing an informational<br>text.  | I can use domain-specific vocabulary to strengthen claims in informative writing (student is both able to write claims at this stage and can appropriately make use of domain specific vocabulary to enhance claims.    | EE.W.8.2.d |  |
| I can provide a closing.  | I can identify the end or<br>completion of a routine.  | I can write concluding<br>sentence, statement, or<br>section of a written text<br>to bring together all the<br>information presented in<br>the text. | I can produce conclusion<br>for the text I am writing.  | I can create a writing piece<br>that<br>includes a conclusion that is<br>relevant to the main topic of<br>the piece.  | EE.W.8.2.F |  |
| I can introduce a topic clearly and write to convey ideas and information about it including visual, tactual, or multimedia information as appropriate. | I can use eye-gaze, physical<br>movement, gesture, or<br>vocalization to indicated<br>choice.                                    | that is either tactile, visual,  | I can introduce an informational topic while writing and extend it by writing about ideas and information related to the topic.   | I can produce an informational piece of writing in which the topic is clearly introduced and the details about the topic (may be visual, tactual, or multimedia) are presented within a clear organizational structure. | EE.W.8.2.a |  |
| I can write one or more facts or details related to the topic.  | I can determine some of<br>the relevant words for<br>describing people, places,<br>things, or events familiar to<br>the student. | I can provide written facts,<br>details, and/or information<br>about a topic.  | I can put facts or details<br>identified about a topic into<br>writing.   | I can develop a topic with<br>facts<br>or details related to the<br>topic   | EE.W.8.2.b |  |
| I can write complete<br>thoughts as appropriate.  | I can produce single word utterances.  | I can use two words<br>together when producing a<br>written text.  | I can create a complete<br>thought (e.g. Frogs jump)<br>may not be grammatically<br>correct (i.e., The frogs can<br>jump), but still convey as<br>complete thought or idea. | I can write coherent,<br>semantically accurate,<br>and grammatically correct<br>simple sentences.   | EE.W.8.2.c |  |

tactual, or multimedia

information as appropriate.

the details about the topic

within a clear organizational

(may be visual, tactual, or multimedia) are presented

structure.

#### **EE** ELA LEVEL 3 LEVEL 2 LEVEL 1 LEVEL 4 **STANDARDS LEARNING TARGET** I can determine if the EE.W.8.2.d I can use domain specific I can select domain-specific : I can include domain-I can use domain-specific vocabulary related to the member belongs in the words to use for writing specific vocabulary when vocabulary to strengthen claims in informative writing topic. category when supplied about a topic. writing an informational with a member of a text. (student is both able to write claims at this stage category. and can appropriately make use of domain specific vocabulary to enhance claims. I can provide a closing. I can identify the end or I can write concluding I can produce conclusion I can create a writing piece EE.W.8.2.F completion of a routine. sentence, statement, or for the text I am writing. section of a written text includes a conclusion that is to bring together all the relevant to the main topic of: information presented in the piece. the text. I can use eye-gaze, physical I can select a topic for I can introduce a topic I can introduce an EE.W.8.2.a : I can produce an writing an informational text: informational topic while informational piece of clearly and write to convey movement, gesture, or ideas and information : vocalization to indicated and then find information writing and extend it by writing in which the topic about it including visual, that is either tactile, visual, writing about ideas and is clearly introduced and choice.

information related to the

topic.

or multimedia for use when

writing the text.

# GRADE BAND 6-8

## A successful student can interpret, acquire and use words precisely.

| EE ELA   |   |   |   |   |                       |
|--|---|---|---|---|-----------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS             |
| I can identify the meaning of simple similes.  | l can understand adjectives<br>in others speech.  | I can understand that<br>words can have multiple<br>meanings that may<br>include a concrete and<br>psychological meaning (e.g.,<br>"sweet").        | I can determine the<br>meaning of similes and<br>metaphors.   | I can interpret figures<br>of speech (or phrases<br>that go beyond a literal<br>interpretation)<br>including idioms,<br>metaphors, and similes.   | EE.L.6.5.a            |
| I can demonstrate<br>understanding of words<br>by identifying other words<br>with similar and different<br>meanings. | I can make generalizations<br>about the category to novel<br>instances of that category<br>using my categorical<br>knowledge.                               | I can identify two adjectives<br>or two verbs with a largely<br>opposite meaning.   | I can determine which words relate to a target word by having similar or different meanings. This includes words varying in how similar or different in meaning they are to target. | I can determine the<br>synonyms and antonyms of<br>a target word based on the<br>similarities and differences<br>in their meaning.  | EE.L.6.5.b            |
| I can determine how<br>word choice changes the<br>meaning of a text.   | I can understand adjectives<br>in others speech.  | I can understand that<br>words might have a slightly<br>different meaning or use<br>depending on the specific<br>context in which they are<br>used. | I can ascertain how the<br>meaning of a narrative is<br>influenced by the author's<br>choice of words.  | I can infer word meaning using semantic clues in the sentence or paragraph, including restatement, illustrations or examples, similes, metaphors, personification, summary, and cause/effect. | EE.RL.6.4<br>extended |
| I can determine the<br>meaning of simple idioms<br>and figures of speech as<br>they are used in a text.              | I can demonstrate an<br>understanding of names of<br>objects or people who are<br>not immediately present.  | I can determine the<br>meaning of multiple<br>meaning words using the<br>surrounding context of a<br>word in a text.                                | I can determine the<br>meaning of frequently<br>occurring or transparent<br>simple idioms and figures<br>of speech when reading a<br>narrative.                                     | I can identify the commonly<br>understood cultural and/<br>or emotional meaning of<br>words and phrases in a<br>text.   | EE.RL.7.4<br>extended |
| I can determine connotative<br>meanings of words and<br>phrases in a text.   | I can determine when<br>two words have the<br>same, similar, or different<br>meanings or whether<br>meanings of a single word<br>are the same or different. | I can determine the<br>meaning of frequently<br>occurring or transparent<br>simple idioms and figures<br>of speech.                                 | I can identify the commonly<br>understood cultural and/<br>or emotional meaning of<br>words and phrases used<br>in text.  | I can ascertain the figurative<br>meanings of words and<br>phrases in narratives,<br>such as common idioms,<br>analogies, and figures of<br>speech.   | EE.RL.8.4             |
| I can demonstrate<br>understanding of the use of<br>multiple meaning words   | I can understand adjectives<br>in others speech.  | I can use the surrounding<br>context of a word in a text<br>to determine the meaning<br>of multiple meaning words.                                  | I can demonstrate an<br>understanding of the use of<br>a multiple meaning word.   | I can identify the intended<br>meaning of multiple<br>meaning words in a text   | EE.L.8.5.a            |

GRADE BAND

6-8

# A successful student can interpret an author's purpose and intent in complex text.

| <b>EE</b> ELA   |   |   |   |  |                    |
|---|---|---|---|--|--------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS          |
| I can identify details in a<br>text that are related to the<br>theme or central idea.                   | I can pair an object<br>with a picture, tactile<br>graphic or other symbolic<br>representation of the<br>object.  | I can identify what the<br>overall goal or main idea<br>of a single episode is in a<br>narrative by inferring from<br>the characters, settings,<br>and actions. | I can ascertain how the<br>meaning of a narrative is<br>influenced by the author's<br>choices of words.   | I can determine the<br>events that provide for the<br>foundation of the theme in<br>a narrative  | EE.RL.6.2          |
| I can determine the<br>structure of a text (e.g.,<br>story, poem, or drama).                            | I can recognize when I<br>encounter familiar people,<br>objects, places, and events.                              | I can determine the<br>events that come at the<br>beginning, middle, and end<br>of a text.  | I can use information<br>about structure to make<br>determinations about what<br>comes next in text.  | I can compare the<br>structure of two or more<br>texts (e.g., stories, poems,<br>or dramas).   | EE.RI.6.5          |
| I can determine how the title fits the structure of the text.   | I can demonstrate<br>receptive understanding<br>of action words that<br>accompany familiar games<br>and routines. | I can determine if an informational text is providing information about events, giving directions, or providing information on a topic.                         | I can understand how the<br>title indicates information<br>about or fits the structure<br>of an informational text.   | I can identify details that<br>are related to the main<br>idea of a text.  | EE.RI.6.5          |
| I can determine the<br>meaning of simple idioms<br>and figures of speech as<br>they are used in a text. | I can recognize when I<br>encounter familiar people,<br>objects, places, and events.                              | I can determine who the<br>narrator is in a story I am<br>reading.  | I can describe what<br>the narrator or current<br>speaker is thinking or<br>feeling by identifying<br>relevant words or phrases,<br>such as "I ruminated on<br>the missed opportunity<br>at catching the thief on<br>that fateful night at the<br>mansion." | I can compare the points<br>of views of two characters<br>or narrators in a text.  | EE.RL.6.6 extended |
| I can identify words or<br>phrases in the text that<br>describe or show the<br>author's point of view.  | I can demonstrate receptive understanding of action words that accompany familiar games and routines.             | I can identify the<br>relationships between<br>multiple concrete facts or<br>details in a literature of<br>informational text.                                  | I can identify words or<br>phrases for determining<br>the author's point of view<br>of an informational text.   | I can identify the author's point of view or purpose for writing an informational text on the topic at hand. The point of view of an author is his/her physical or mental relationship with a specific event or area of a general topic. | EE.RI.6.6 extended |

| <b>EE</b> ELA  |   |   |  |  |                    |
|--|---|---|--|--|--------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS          |
| I can compare and contrast how two texts describe the same events.                               | I can identify actions<br>associated with the routine<br>as a result of experience<br>with a routine.   | I can identify information<br>that indicates the<br>temporal order of ideas<br>or events presented in an<br>informational text.                                 | I can identify similarities<br>and differences in multiple<br>perspectives of accounts<br>on a single event or topic.  | I can discover the similarities and differences in how two different informational texts on the same topic present the details to the reader. This presentation would include the specific details that are presented, how the details are arranged, and what is drawn from the details. | EE.Rl.6.9 extended |
| I can identify events in a<br>text that are related to the<br>theme or central idea.             | I can pair an object<br>with a picture, tactile<br>graphic or other symbolic<br>representation of the<br>object.  | I can identify what the<br>overall goal or main idea<br>of a single episode is in a<br>narrative by inferring from<br>the characters, settings,<br>and actions. | I can determine the events that provide for the foundation of the theme in a narrative.  |  | EE.RL.7.2          |
| I can determine how a fact,<br>step, or event fits into the<br>overall structure of the<br>text. | I can comprehend that<br>all objects have some<br>functions or action typically<br>associated with it (object<br>action)  |   | I can identify how a fact,<br>step, or event fits into text<br>taking the structure of the<br>text into account.   | I can determine how a<br>keyword, phrase, sentence,<br>or paragraph contributes<br>to the overall structure of<br>an informational text.   | EE.RI.7.5          |
| I can compare the<br>structure of two or more<br>texts (e.g., stories, poems,<br>or dramas).     | I can differentiate between<br>text and pictures by pairing<br>an object with a picture,<br>tactile graphic or other<br>symbolic representation of<br>the object. | determinations about what comes next in a text.   | I can compare the<br>structure of two or more<br>texts (stories, poems,<br>dramas).  | I can compare and<br>contrast the structure of<br>two or more texts (e.g.,<br>stories, poems, or dramas).  | EE.RL.7.5 extended |
| I can determine an author's purpose or point of view.  | I can identify people<br>associated with the routine<br>as a result of experience<br>with a routine.  | I can compare and contrast informational texts on the same topic based on the specific details used to discuss the topic.                                       | I can identify the author's point of view or purpose for writing (authors physical or mental relationship with a specific event or area of a general topic). | I can pick out examples in<br>an informational text or<br>a presentation on a topic<br>describing or supporting<br>the author's or presenter's<br>point of view on the topic.  | EE.RI.7.6 extended |

chronological presentation

of events.

#### **EE** ELA LEARNING TARGET LEVEL 1 LEVEL 2 LEVEL 3 LEVEL 4 **STANDARDS** I can compare and I can use categorical I can compare and I can determine how I can compare the EE.RI.7.9 extended contrast how different knowledge can make contrast informational informational texts relate arguments and the texts on the same topic generalizations about the texts on the same topic to each other based on supporting claims, reasons, category to novel instances based on the specific and evidence made by present the details. the central ideas, theme, or arguments and the authors of two different of that category. details used to discuss the concepts included in them. : informational texts on the topic. same topic. FF.RI.8.2 I can identify the next step I can identify a theme of : I can relate an event with I can relate two or more I can recount an event a story - short, concise details about specific related to the theme or or event in a sequence events with details about from a familiar routine. sentence about the overall : characters and settings central idea, including specific characters and details about character meaning of the narrative. that help the reader to settings that help the and setting. infer the theme or central reader to infer the theme idea or central idea of a narrative. I can identify the I can recall and describe I can ascertain the logical EE.RI.8.3 I can recount events in the : I can identify the next step order they were presented or event in sequence from relationship between events and details in relationship or interaction in the text. a familiar routine. multiple concrete facts or the same order as they between two or more details. appeared in text. individuals, events, ideas, or other details in an informational text. I can compare and I can understand I can compare the : I can compare and I can identify where a EE.RL.8.5 extended contrast the structure of adjectives in others structure of two or more contrast the structure of text deviates from a

two or more texts.

texts (stories, poems, or

dramas).

two or more texts.

speech.

| <b>EE</b> ELA   |   |  |  |  |                    |
|---|---|--|--|--|--------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS          |
| I can identify people<br>associated with the routine<br>as a result of experience<br>with a routine.                  | associated with the routine as a result of experience |  | I can pick out examples in informational text or a presentation on a topic describing or supporting the author;s or presenter's point of view on topic.  | I can determine<br>the examples the<br>author provides in an<br>informational text on<br>a topic that indicate or<br>suggest his/her purpose<br>for writing the text.  | EE.RI.8.6 extended |
| contrast themes, patterns   | l can understand<br>adjectives in others<br>speech.   | I can determine when a<br>character changes in how<br>he/she feels emotionally<br>over the course of and in<br>response to the events in<br>a story. | different narratives are<br>the same and different in<br>terms of their theme, plot,   | I can identify similarities<br>in how different<br>informational texts on the<br>same topic<br>handle and/or explain<br>alternative<br>viewpoints.   | EE.RL.8.9 extended |
| I can identify where two<br>different texts on the<br>same topic differ in their<br>interpretation of the<br>details. | or may not be the same as what other people are       | I can determine the<br>specific points that an<br>author or speaker uses<br>that corroborate and<br>support a claim.                                 | I can compare and contrast how similar themes and topics are addressed in texts using different forms or from different genres, such as between stories and poems and between historical novels and fantasy stories. | I can compare and contrast how similar themes and topics are addressed in texts using different forms or from different genres, such as between stories and poems and between historical novels and fantasy stories. | EE.RI.8.9 extended |

# A successful student can produce a well-developed argument.

| <b>EE</b> ELA   |  |   |   |  |                    |
|---|--|---|---|--|--------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS          |
| I can distinguish claims in a text supported by reason. | I can demonstrate an understanding that objects differ in the physical characteristic and can make judgments of similarity or difference based on the physical characteristics of objects. |   | author supports with  | I can determine the<br>specific points that an<br>author or speaker uses<br>that corroborate and<br>support a claim. | EE.RI.6.8 extended |
|   | I can have an association with a certain event and anticipate what is to come with the appropriate response to well-known interactions with another individual (concept of instantaneity.  | I can determine how key<br>word, phrase, sentence, or<br>paragraph contributes to<br>the overall structure of an<br>informational text.                       |   | I can describe the overall<br>text structure used in an<br>informational text.                                       | EE.RI.7,8 extended |
| author in an informational                              | thoughts or views may or may not be the same as  | I can identify an explicitly<br>made argument (overtly<br>stated) - similar to<br>locating the main idea in<br>persuasive text-central<br>argument presented. | I can identify an explicitly<br>made argument (overtly<br>stated) - similar to<br>locating the main idea in<br>persuasive text-central<br>argument presented. | I can identify an argument<br>as an association between<br>a claim and its evidence.                                 | EE.RI.8.8          |



# A successful student can analyze sources for credibility and relevance.

| <b>EE</b> ELA   |   |  |  |  |           |
|---|---|--|--|--|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| I can determine what a<br>text says explicitly as well<br>as what simple inferences<br>must be drawn.             | I can demonstrate<br>receptive understanding<br>of action words that<br>accompany familiar games<br>and routines. | I can identify the concrete<br>details, such as, characters,<br>objects, settings, and<br>major events that are<br>specifically stated in the<br>text. | •  | I can analyze a narrative to identify where it expresses information explicitly and where inferences should be made to determine the implicit information underlying the explicit information. | EE.RL.6.1 |
| I can analyze a text to<br>determine what it says<br>explicitly as well as what<br>inferences should be<br>drawn. |   | details, such as, characters,<br>objects, settings, and<br>major events that are   | between explicitly stated information and  | I can determine both explicit information and can identify within the text where an inference is needed (they still don't necessarily have to be able to make the inference).                  | EE.RI.6.1 |
|   | •   |  |  | I can determine which key<br>details in an informational<br>text support the main<br>idea of the whole text or a<br>section of it.   | EE.RI.6.2 |
| I can identify a detail<br>that elaborates upon<br>individuals, events, or<br>ideas introduced in a text.         |   | I can determine whether a<br>concrete detail is related<br>to an individual, event,<br>or idea discussed in an<br>informational text.                  | I can determine when<br>specific details provided<br>in an informational text<br>expand and elaborate on<br>other details in the same<br>text. | I can identify details that<br>are related to the main<br>idea of a text.  | EE.RI.6.3 |

# **EE** ELA

| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS          |
|---|---|--|--|---|--------------------|
| I can analyze text to identify where information is explicitly stated and where inferences must be drawn. | I can differentiate between<br>the text and picture by<br>paring an object with a<br>picture, tactile graphic,<br>or other symbolic<br>representation of the<br>object. | I can produce responses to questions asking about explicit information contained in a narrative by determining specific words related to or compromising of information. | I can ascertain how<br>the meaning of an<br>informational text is<br>altered by the specific<br>word choices the author<br>makes.  | I can determine how word<br>choice in an informational<br>text is used to persuade or<br>inform.                | EE.RI.6.4 extended |
| I can determine the main<br>idea of a passage and<br>details or facts related to it.                      | I can demonstrate a<br>receptive understanding<br>of the property words that<br>describe the objects that<br>accompany familiar games<br>or routines.                   | I can determine which<br>details in a paragraph of<br>an informational text are<br>important.  | I can analyze a narrative to identify where it expresses information explicitly and where inferences should be made to determine the implicit information underlying the explicit information.   | I can analyze a narrative<br>to identify what it is stating<br>explicitly and implicitly.                       | EE.RL.7.1          |
| I can analyze text to identify where information is explicitly stated and where inferences must be drawn. | I can differentiate between<br>the text and picture by<br>paring an object with a<br>picture, tactile graphic,<br>or other symbolic<br>representation of the<br>object. | I can produce responses to questions asking about explicit information contained in a narrative by determining specific words related to or compromising of information. | I can analyze a narrative to identify where it expresses information explicitly and where inferences should be made to determine the implicit information underlying the explicit information.   | I can analyze a narrative<br>to identify what it is stating<br>explicitly and implicitly.                       | EE.RL.7.1          |
| I can analyze text to identify where information is explicitly stated and where inferences must be drawn. | I can differentiate between<br>text and pictures by pairing<br>an object with a picture,<br>tactile graphic or other<br>symbolic representation of<br>the object.       | I can identify words<br>or details to answer a<br>question about explicit<br>information presented in<br>the text.   | I can determine both<br>explicit information and<br>can identify within the<br>text where an inference<br>is needed (they still don't<br>necessarily have to be able<br>to take the inferences). | I can determine the<br>difference between<br>what an informational<br>text states explicitly and<br>implicitly. | EE.RI.7.1          |
| I can determine two or<br>more central ideas in a<br>text.  | I can pair an object<br>with a picture, tactile<br>graphic, or other symbolic<br>representation of the<br>object.   | I can identify the main idea for a paragraph in an informational text that lacks an explicit statement of the topic.   | I can determine more<br>than one main idea in an<br>informational text.  | I can summarize the<br>information in a<br>familiar informational text.   | EE.RI.7.2          |

| <b>EE</b> ELA   |   |   |   |   |                    |
|---|---|---|---|---|--------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS          |
| I can determine how two individuals, events, or ideas in a text are related.      | I can use categorical<br>knowledge, can make<br>generalizations about<br>the category to move<br>instances of that category.  | I can find two points<br>made by an author of an<br>informational text that<br>relate to each other.  | I can determine the<br>specific relationship<br>between two or more<br>individuals, events, ideas,<br>or other details in an<br>informational text. | I can provide a description<br>of the interaction<br>or relationship between<br>any two or details<br>in an informational text.                         | EE.RI.7.3          |
| I can determine how words<br>or phrases are used to<br>persuade or inform a text. | l can understand<br>adjectives in speech.   | I can use the surrounding<br>context of a phrase to<br>determine the meaning of<br>an unknown phrase.   | I can determine how word<br>choice in an informational<br>text is used to persuade or<br>inform.  | I can identify the<br>commonly understood<br>cultural and/or emotional<br>meaning of words and<br>phrases in a text.                                    | EE.RI.7.4 extended |
| I can cite text to support inferences from stories and poems.                     | I can identify the objects<br>that are used in a routine.   | I can identify details about<br>characters, objects, setting<br>and major events that<br>come from information<br>not specifically stated in a<br>narrative text. | I can identify and cite the<br>explicit information stated<br>in the text supporting the<br>inferences made while<br>reading a narrative text.      | I can determine which<br>citations refer to explicit<br>information and which<br>citations refer to inferred<br>information in a narrative<br>text      | EE.RL.8.1          |
| I can cite text to<br>support inferences from<br>informational text.              | I can identify the objects<br>that are used in a routine<br>as a result of experience<br>with routines.   | I can use information and<br>details explicitly mentioned<br>in the text for citing.  | I can use information<br>and details inferred from<br>the information explicitly<br>mentioned in the text for<br>citing.                            | I can determine which<br>citations refer to explicit<br>information and which<br>citations refer to inferred<br>information in an<br>informational text | EE.RI.8.1          |
| I can provide a summary<br>of a familiar informational<br>text.                   | I can demonstrate understanding when information is not pertinent to the current task and can prevent this information from affecting decisions and performance, allowing me to focus on the relevant task information. | I can determine more<br>than one idea in an<br>informational text.  | I can summarize the<br>information in a familiar<br>informational text.   | I can summarize an<br>informational text,<br>including relevant<br>details and descriptive<br>information.  | EE.RI.8.2          |

## **EE** ELA

| LEARNING TARGET                                      | LEVEL 1                                       | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
|--|---|--|--|---|-----------|
| order they were presented                            | from a familiar routine.                      | l can identify the<br>relationship between<br>multiple concrete facts or<br>details.                       | order as they appeared in text.  | I can ascertain the logical<br>relationship or interaction<br>between two or more<br>individuals, events, ideas,<br>or other details in an<br>informational text.     | EE.RI.8.3 |
| connotative meanings of words and phrases in a text. | two words have the same, similar or different | I can determine the literal<br>meaning of words and<br>phrases using context in<br>which they are located. | commonly understood<br>cultural and/or emotional<br>meaning of words and | I can determine the figurative meaning of words and phrases as the author intended in an informational text, such as common idioms, analogies, and figures of speech. | EE.RI.8.4 |

# **EE Mathematics**

Ratios and Proportional Relationships:

A successful student can understand and analyze proportional relationships and use them to make sense of and solve problems using the Standards for Mathematical Practices.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics   | Ratios and Proportional Relationships  |         |  |  |             |  |
|---|--|---------|--|--|-------------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2 | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |  |
|   | I can recognize wholeness,<br>a unit, and parts of a given<br>whole or a unit. |         | I can recognize and represent many to 1 ratios.    | •  | EE.6.RP.1   |  |
| 1   | I can recognize<br>separateness, set and<br>subset.                            | •       | I can recognize and represent many to many ratios. | l can explain rates as ratios.                               | EE.7.RP.1-3 |  |
| I can describe the probability of events occurring as possible or impossible. | l can recognize attribute<br>values.   |         | l can classify events as<br>possible or impossible | l can recognize probability<br>as the likelihood of an event |             |  |

# GRADE BAND

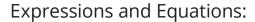
### The Number System:

A successful student can apply number sense and mathematical operations within number systems to solve real-world problems using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics   | The Number System  | Γhe Number System  |  |   |                    |
|---|--|--|--|---|--------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS          |
| I can understand that positive and negative numbers are used together to describe quantities having opposite directions or value (e.g., temperature above and below zero. | I can recognize<br>separateness and set.                                     | I can recognize opposite<br>numbers.   | I can use positive and<br>negative numbers in<br>real-world context<br>(temperature above and<br>below zero) | I can relate the meaning of<br>0 to positive and negative<br>numbers in real-world<br>contexts and explain<br>inequalities from real-<br>world contexts.  | EE.6.NS.5-8        |
| I can compare the relationship between two unit fractions.  | I can recognize wholeness,<br>unit, and parts of a given<br>whole or a unit. | I can recognize fraction,<br>unit fraction, numerator,<br>and denominator.   | l can explain relationships<br>between unit fractions.   | I can explain numerator and denominator, compare fractions using models, decompose a fraction into a sum of unit fractions with the same denominator, and add fractions with common denominators. | EE.6.NS.1          |
| I can apply the concept of<br>fair share and equal shares<br>to divide.   | I can recognize<br>separateness, set, and<br>subset.                         | I can explain repeated<br>subtraction; represent<br>repeated subtraction<br>with an equation; and<br>represent repeated<br>subtraction with a model. | I can demonstrate the concept of division.   | I can divide by 1,2,3,4,5,or<br>10.   | EE.6.NS.2 Extended |
| I can apply the concept of fair share and equal shares to divide.   |  | I can demonstrate the concept of multiplication.   | I can multiply by 1, 2, 3, 4,<br>and/or 5.   | I can apply the relationship<br>between multiplication<br>and division and divide by<br>1,2,3,4,and/or 5.   | EE.6.NS.3 Extended |

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics  | The Number System                                    |  |   |   |                         |
|--|--|--|---|---|-------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS               |
| I can add fractions with<br>like denominators (halves,<br>thirds, fourths, and tenths)<br>with sums less than or<br>equal to one.          | l can recognize<br>separateness and set.             | I can explain the concept<br>of addition and subtraction<br>of fractions and<br>decompose a fraction into<br>a sum of unit fractions with<br>the same denominator. | I can add fractions with common denominators.   | I can add or subtract<br>fractions with<br>denominators of 10 and<br>100.                       | EE.7.NS.1               |
| I can solve multiplication problems with products to 100.  | l can recognize<br>separateness and set.             | l can recognize<br>separateness and set.   | l can demonstrate the concept of multiplication.  | l can multiply by<br>1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,and 10.  | EE.7. NS.2.a            |
| I can express a fraction with a denominator of 10 as a decimal.  | I can recognize<br>separateness, and set.            | I can recognize tenths and<br>one tenth in a set model.  | I can explain the decimal<br>point and represent<br>a fraction with a<br>denominator of 10 as a<br>decimal. | I can explain place value<br>for tenths and compare<br>two decimals to tenths<br>using symbols. | EE.7. NS.2.c-d          |
| I can compare quantities<br>represented as decimals<br>in real world examples to<br>tenths.  | I can recognize<br>separateness, set, and<br>subset. | I can represent a decimal<br>to tenths as a fraction.  | I can compare two<br>decimals to tenths using<br>symbols.   | I can compare two<br>decimals to hundredths<br>using symbols.                                   | EE.7.NS.3               |
| I can solve division problems with divisors up to five and also with a divisor of 10 without remainders.                                   | I can recognize<br>separateness, set, and<br>subset. | I can demonstrate the concept of division.   | I can divide by 1,2,3,4,5,<br>and/or 10   | I can explain the<br>relationship between<br>multiplication and division.                       | EE.7.NS.2.b<br>Extended |
| I can subtract fractions<br>with like denominators<br>(halves, thirds, fourths, and<br>tenths) with minuends less<br>than or equal to one. | I can recognize<br>separateness and subset.          | I can decompose a fraction into a sum of unit fractions with the same denominator and explain the concept of addition and subtraction of fractions.                | I can subtract fractions<br>with common<br>denominators.  | I can add or subtract<br>fractions with<br>denominators of 10 and<br>100.                       | EE.8.NS.1               |

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics | The Number System                        |   |   |   |              |  |
|-----------------------|--|---|---|---|--------------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET       | LEVEL 1                                  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS    |  |
|                       | separateness and subset.                 | I can decompose a fraction into a sum of unit fractions with the same denominator and explain the concept of addition and subtraction of fractions. | l can subtract fractions<br>with common<br>denominators.      | l can add or subtract<br>fractions with<br>denominators of 10 and<br>100. | EE.8.NS.1    |  |
|                       | l can recognize<br>separateness and set. |   | with a denominator of 100                                     | I can compare two<br>decimals to hundredths<br>using symbols.             | EE.7. NS.2.a |  |
|                       | l can recognize<br>separateness.         | to the tenths and   | l can compare two<br>decimals to hundredths<br>using symbols. | l can compare two<br>decimals to thousandths<br>and beyond using symbols. | EE.8.NS.2.b  |  |



A successful student can create, interpret, use, and analyze patterns of algebraic structures to make sense of problems using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics  | Expressions and Equations  |  |   |  |                         |  |
|--|--|--|---|--|-------------------------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS               |  |
| I can identify equivalent number sentences.  | l can combine and<br>compare sets.   | l can represent addition<br>and subtraction with<br>equations. | I can evaluate if equations<br>are true or false and<br>recognize equivalent<br>algebraic expressions.  | l can use properties of<br>addition to create an<br>equivalent algebraic<br>expression.                    | EE.6.EE.1-2             |  |
| I can apply the properties<br>of addition to identify<br>equivalent numerical<br>expressions.                    | I can combine and<br>compare sets.   |  | I can recognize equivalent<br>algebraic expressions and<br>use properties of addition<br>to create an equivalent<br>algebraic expression.   | I can use properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions involving addition and subtractions. | EE.6.EE.3               |  |
| I can apply the concept of<br>fair share and equal shares<br>to divide.  | I can partition and combine sets I can match an equation to a real-world problem in which variables are used to represent numbers. |  | l can represent real-world<br>problems as equations.  | I can solve real-world<br>problems using equations<br>with non-negative rational<br>numbers.               | EE.6.EE.5-7<br>Extended |  |
| I can use the properties<br>of operations as<br>strategies to demonstrate<br>that expressions are<br>equivalent. |  |  | I can use properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions involving subtraction and use properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions involving addition. | I can recognize growing<br>and shrinking patterns.   | EE.7.EE.1               |  |

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| <b>EE</b> Mathematics   | Expressions and Equations                       |   |  |  |           |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|-----------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |  |
| I can identify an arithmetic sequence of whole numbers with a whole number common difference.     | l can classify, contrast, and<br>order objects. | l can recognize growing<br>and shrinking patterns.  | l can recognize arithmetic<br>sequences.         | I can recognize the<br>recursive rule for<br>arithmetic sequences.   | EE.7.EE.2 |  |
|   |   | I can demonstrate<br>the concept of<br>multiplication;explain<br>multiplication problems,<br>and explain product. | I can recognize exponents.                       | I can explain product of powers property of exponents; apply zero exponent property; explain power of product property of exponents; and explain quotient of powers property of exponents. | EE.8.EE.1 |  |
| I can solve simple algebraic<br>equations with one<br>variable using addition and<br>subtraction. | l can partition and<br>combine sets             | I can determine the<br>unknown in an addition<br>equation and subtraction<br>equation.                            | l can solve linear equations<br>in one variable. | l can solve linear<br>inequalities in one variable.  | EE.8.EE.7 |  |
| I can identify a geometric<br>sequence of whole<br>numbers with a whole<br>number common ratio.   | l can classify, contrast, and<br>order objects. | I can recognize shrinking<br>and growing patterns.  | l can recognize geometric<br>sequences.          | I can recognize the<br>recursive rule for<br>geometric sequences.  | EE.8.EE.2 |  |



### **Functions:**

A successful student can use functions to interpret and analyze a variety of contexts using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics  | Functions   |  |  |  |                   |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|-------------------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS         |  |
| I can identify the missing<br>number that completes<br>another ordered pair when<br>given a function table<br>with at least 2 complete<br>ordered pairs. | l can arrange objects in<br>pairs and order objects | I can extend a symbolic<br>pattern by applying the<br>rule and can explain<br>coordinate pairs (ordered<br>pairs). | l can generate ordered<br>pairs from 2 distinct<br>numerical patterns.   | l can recognize covariation<br>and correspondence<br>(function). | EE.8.F.1-3        |  |
| I can determine the values<br>or rule of a function using<br>a graph or a table.   |   | covariation.   | I can describe the function<br>rule from the list of<br>ordered pairs given in a<br>table and describe the<br>function rule from a given<br>graph. | l can recognize function.  | EE.8.F.4 Extended |  |

# GRADE BAND

### Geometry:

A successful student can prove, understand, and model geometric concepts using appropriate tools and theorems to solve problems and apply logical reasoning using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics  | Geometry   |  |   |   |                   |
|--|--|--|---|---|-------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS         |
| I can solve real world and<br>mathematical problems<br>about area using unit<br>squares.                     | l can recognize some and<br>separateness.        | I can calculate area by<br>counting unit squares<br>and calculate area of a<br>rectangle with tiling.                              | I can solve word problems<br>involving area of<br>rectangles.                                       | I can relate tiling and formula as methods for calculating area of a rectangle. I can calculate area for rectangles with formula. | EE.6.G.1          |
| I can solve real world and<br>mathematical problems<br>about volume using unit<br>cubes.                     | l can recognize<br>separateness and<br>enclosure | I can calculate volume<br>by counting unit cubes<br>and calculate volume of a<br>right rectangular prism by<br>packing unit cubes. | I can solve world problems<br>involving volume of<br>rectangular prism.                             | I can calculate volume of<br>right rectangular prisms<br>with formula.  | EE.6.G.2 Extended |
| I can match two similar<br>geometric shapes that are<br>proportional in size and in<br>the same orientation. | l can attend and notice<br>what is new.          | I can match 2D or 3D shapes that are same size and orientation.  | l can match 2D or 3D<br>shapes that are different<br>size same orientation.                         | I can match the same<br>2D and 3D shapes with<br>different size and different<br>orientations.                                    | EE.7.G.1          |
| I can recognize geometric shapes with given conditions.  | I can recognize same and<br>different.           | I can describe attributes of shapes.   | I can recognize shapes<br>with specific attributes.   | I can classify shapes with specified attributes.  | EE.7.G.2          |
| I can determine the perimeter of a rectangle by adding the measures of the sides.                            | l can recognize attribute<br>valués.             | I can explain length and perimeter.  | I can calculate perimeter<br>by counting unit lengths on<br>grid or adding all the side<br>lengths. | l can use coordinates to<br>calculate perimeters of<br>polygons   | EE.7.G.4          |
| I can recognize angles that<br>are acute, obtuse, and<br>right.  | l can recognize attribute<br>values.             | I can recognize angle.   | I can recognize obtuse,<br>acute, and right angles.   | I can compare angles to a<br>right angle.   | EE.7.G.5          |



| <b>EE</b> Mathematics   | Geometry                               |  |  |   |           |
|---|--|--|--|---|-----------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1                                | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS |
|   | l can recognize attribute<br>values.   | l can explain<br>transformations.  | I can recognize translation,<br>reflection, and rotation.  | I can explain the properties<br>of lines and line segments<br>in transformation; explain<br>the properties of angles<br>in transformations; and<br>explain the properties<br>of parallel lines in<br>transformations. | EE.8.G.1  |
| I can identify shapes that are congruent.   | I can recognize same and<br>different. | I can describe attributes<br>of shapes; analyze shapes<br>to identify common<br>attributes; and explain<br>attribute relationship<br>between shapes. | I can recognize congruent<br>figures.  | I can explain the relationship between congruent figures and transformation and use a sequence of transformations to describe congruence of 2 given figures.  | EE.8.G.2  |
| I can identify similar<br>shapes with and without<br>rotation.  | I can recognize same and different.    | I can recognize similar figures and rotation.  | I can explain the<br>relationship between<br>similar figures and<br>transformations.   | I can use a sequence<br>of transformations to<br>describe similarity of 2<br>given figures.   | EE.8.G.4  |
| I can compare any angle to<br>a right angle and describe<br>the angle as greater than,<br>less than, or congruent to<br>a right angle.  | I can recognize attribute<br>values.   | I can recognize obtuse,<br>acute, and right angles.  | I can compare angles to a<br>right angle.  | I can explain<br>complementary angles.  | EE.8.G.5  |
| I can use the formulas<br>for perimeter, area, and<br>volume to solve real<br>world and mathematical<br>problems (limited to<br>perimeter and area of<br>rectangles and volume of<br>rectangular prisms). | l can recognize attribute<br>values.   | I can explain volume,area,<br>length, and perimeter.   | I can calculate volume of right rectangular prisms with formula; calculate area for rectangles with formula; and calculate the perimeter of parallelograms with formula. | I can solve word problems<br>involving volume or<br>rectangular prisms, area of<br>rectangles. and perimeter<br>of polygons.  | EE.8.G.9  |

# GRADE BAND

### Statistics:

A successful student can use a variety of data analysis and statistics strategies to analyze, develop and evaluate inferences based on data using the Standards for Mathematical Practice.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics  | Statistics                           | Statistics  |         |  |           |  |  |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|---------|--|-----------|--|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1                              | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |  |  |
| I can summarize data<br>distributions shown in<br>graphs or tables.  | •                                    | I can recognize outliers,<br>peaks in a data distribution,<br>symmetric distribution, and<br>analyze the overall shape of<br>the data distribution. |         | I can use the overall shape<br>of data distributions to<br>recognize appropriate<br>measures of center or<br>spread. | EE.6.SP.5 |  |  |
|  | l can classify and order<br>objects. | peaks in a data distribution,   |         | I can draw inferences by<br>comparing two data sets.   | EE.7.SP.3 |  |  |
| I can construct a graph or<br>table from given categorical<br>data and compare data<br>categorized in the graph or<br>table. | l can classify and order<br>objects. | picture graphs, line plots<br>and tally charts to read the<br>data.   |         | charts to read beyond the  | EE.8.SP.4 |  |  |

# **EE Science**

A successful student can understand the structure, properties, and interactions of matter at the molecular scale.

| <b>EE</b> Science                       |                  |         |         |           |
|---|------------------|---------|---------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1                                 | LEVEL 2          | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
| Not applicable to Essential<br>Elements | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |         |         |           |

A successful student can understand chemical reactions at the molecular scale.

| <b>EE</b> Science  |  |  |                                 |             |
|--|--|--|---------------------------------|-------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4                         | STANDARDS   |
| examples of change (e.g. state of matter, color, temperature, and odor). | odor, and state of matter) of<br>substances before and after<br>chemical changes have occurred | on the properties (e.g., color,<br>texture, odor, and state of matter)<br>of substances before and after<br>chemical changes have occurred | evidence to explain patterns of | EE.MS-PS1-2 |

A successful student can understand how energy is defined, transferred, transformed, and conserved by objects and within systems.

| <b>EE</b> Science   |   |   |   |             |
|---|---|---|---|-------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| used to minimize or maximize thermal energy transfer (e.g., | materials, and predict their ability<br>to maximize or minimize thermal<br>energy transfer. | (e.g., foam cup, insulated box, or<br>thermos) to either minimize<br>or maximize thermal energy | I can investigate and predict<br>the temperatures of two liquids<br>before and after combining<br>to show uniform energy<br>distribution. | EE.MS-PS3-3 |

# GRADE BAND 6-8

A successful student can understand characteristic properties of waves and electromagnetic radiation and how they behave and transmit information.

| <b>EE</b> Science                       |         |         |         |           |
|---|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1                                 | LEVEL 2 | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
| Not applicable to Essential<br>Elements |         |         |         |           |

A successful student can understand the relationship between an organisms' structures, their organization, and its life functions, including information processing.

| <b>EE</b> Science |  |  |   |             |
|-------------------|--|--|---|-------------|
| LEVEL 1           | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| animals.          | I can use a model to<br>demonstrate how organs are<br>connected in major organ<br>systems. | a structure (e.g., organs and organ systems) and its related | I can use a model to illustrate the organization and interaction of major organs into systems (e.g., circulatory, respiratory, digestive, sensory) in the body to provide specific functions. | EE,MS-LS1-3 |

A successful student can understand how organisms use matter and energy and how it flows through an ecosystem.

| <b>EE</b> Science                    |         |         |         |           |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1                              | LEVEL 2 | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
| Not applicable to Essential Elements |         |         |         |           |

A successful student can understand how organisms interact within an environment to obtain matter and energy.

| <b>EE</b> Science |  |   |   |             |
|-------------------|--|---|---|-------------|
| LEVEL 1           | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| eat.              | what they eat (e.g, herbivore, omnivore, carnivore). | webs to identify producers<br>and consumers in aquatic and<br>terrestrial ecosystems. | I can use a graphical representation to explain the dependence of an animal population on other organisms for food and their environment for shelter. | EE.MS-LS2-2 |

A successful student can understand how organisms within an ecosystem use matter and energy to grow, develop, and reproduce.

| <b>EE</b> Science                        |  |   |  |             |
|--|--|---|--|-------------|
| LEVEL 1                                  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| I can match organisms to their habitats. | I can identify factors that influence growth of organisms. | that environmental resources<br>(e.g., food, light, space, water) | I can explain how the traits of<br>particular species that allow<br>them to survive in their specific<br>environments. | EE.MS-LS1-5 |

A successful student can understand why the relationship between the environment and genetic variation within a species affects survival and reproduction over time.

| <b>EE</b> Science                    |         |         |         |           |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1                              | LEVEL 2 | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
| Not applicable to Essential Elements |         |         |         |           |

GRADE BAND

A successful student can understand the properties and predictable patterns of objects and phenomena in the universe and our Solar System.

| <b>EE</b> Science                       |         |         |         |           |
|---|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1                                 | LEVEL 2 | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
| Not applicable to Essential<br>Elements |         |         |         |           |

A successful student can understand how Earth's conditions and processes and life on Earth have changed over time.

| <b>EE</b> Science                   |   |                            |  |              |
|-------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|--------------|
| LEVEL 1                             | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3                    | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS    |
| weather conditions from day to day. | processes (e.g., wind, rain,<br>runoff) that have an impact<br>on landforms (e.g., landslides,<br>erosion such as gullies). | processes that occur daily | I can can recognize the role<br>that geologic processes have in<br>changing Earth's surface. | EE.MS-ESS2-2 |

A successful student can understand how Earth materials and the major systems of Earth interact over time.

| <b>EE</b> Science                    |         |         |         |           |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1                              | LEVEL 2 | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
| Not applicable to Essential Elements |         |         |         |           |

A successful student can understand the factors and processes that regulate climate and weather on Earth.

| <b>EE</b> Science   |   |         |  |              |
|---|---|---------|--|--------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS    |
| information (e.g, radar, map) to identify weather conditions. | I can interpret basic weather information (e.g, radar, map) to compare weather conditions (either over several days at the same location or different locations on the same day). |         | I can relate the interaction of air<br>masses to changes in weather. | EE.MS-ESS2-6 |

A successful student can understand how natural hazards can be predicted and how human activities affect Earth systems.

| <b>EE</b> Science          |         |                             |   |              |
|----------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|---|--------------|
| LEVEL 1                    | LEVEL 2 | LEVEL 3                     | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS    |
| local environment that are |         | and minimize a human impact | I can analyze data to determine<br>the effects of a conservation<br>strategy on the level of a natural<br>resource. | EE.MS-ESS3-3 |



NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band 6-8

Implementation

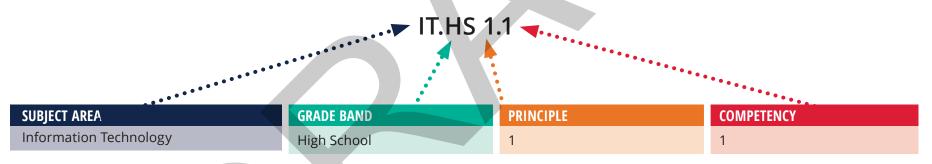
# **Competency Codes Narrative**

To ensure teachers can make connections from the instructional examples to the competencies, a simple competency coding system has been developed. Each instructional example contains a section titled "Competency Codes Addressed." Under that heading, competencies across all subject matter areas related to the instructional example will be listed. For instance, one of the instructional examples for the 9-12 grade band is:

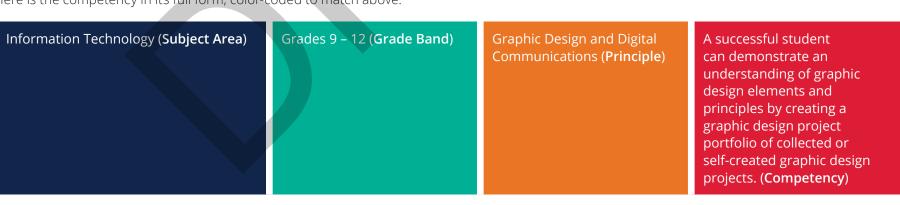
Instructional Example:

| INSTRUCTION EXAMPLE   | COMPETENCY CODES ADDRESSED  |
|---|---|
| Podcast and/or Documentary Film with Marketing Plan (ELA. HGSS, Science, Speech, Business, Broadcasting, Graphic Design, Media Center Specialist, other subject areas as appropriate) | ELA.HS: 1.1, 3.1-3.5, 5.1, BC.M.HS 1.1, IT.HS 1.1, HUM.HS: 1.1, 2.1, 3.1, 5.1 |

As you can see, there are competencies across multiple subject areas involved in this cross-curricular learning activity. Each competency has a code that leads back to the competencies listed at the beginning of each grade band. Below is the competency code IT.HS 1.1 with what each part of a code denotes:



Here is the competency in its full form, color-coded to match above:





### **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

AFNR Agriculture, Foods and Natural **LPSCS** Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security Resources Architecture and Construction AC Media Arts MA BC **Business Career** Math MATH Manufacturing **BC.BMAE** Business Management, **MNFR** Administration and

**SCI.ESS** 

MUS Music Entrepreneurship

Physical Education PΕ BC.F Finance

SCI Science Marketing BC.M

Earth and Space Science DNC Dance

Life Science SCI.LS Family and Consumer Sciences **FACS** 

SCI.PS Physical Science **ELA** English Language Arts

**SECD** Social-Emotional Character **ENG** Engineering

Development

Health and Biosciences STEAM STM

THR Theatre HGSS

History, Government and Social Transportation TRAN

Studies

WL World Languages HUM Humanities

VA Visual Arts Information Technology

### **Grade Bands:**

Pre-K to 2nd grade

3rd to 5th grade IM

6th to 8th grade MS

HS 9th to 12th grade

HB

HE

ΙT

Health

# Grade Band 6-8

# Philosophy:

The 2020 school year will provide all educators a number of unique challenges in terms of reaching students during a possible educational disruption. The following document provides guidance in helping prepare for potential disruptions to the 2020-21 academic year.

This document supports instruction and the individual strengths of every educator in the state of Kansas while offering strategies, competencies and guidance in engaging students and celebrating their learning. While this is not a definitive step by step guide, we hope it may serve as a resource to approach the current challenges upon us.

The upcoming school year will be taught in an on-site, hybrid and/or remote learning environment. We recommend that educators prepare early for the possibility of an educational disruption and therefore plan activities that incorporate all curricular areas.

Throughout this document there will be three learning environments that are referenced:

- On-site Learning Environment: students and teachers will be in school with or without social distancing practices put into place.
- **Hybrid Learning Environment:** students would be spending part of their time in the classroom and part of their time learning virtually from home.
- Remote Learning Environment: students would be doing all of their learning from home and not entering the school building at all.

The Implementation teams philosophy is that there are multiple learning environments that can lead to student success during an educational disruption. All learning environments in this document are focused around using the Navigating Change 2020 competencies and rubrics from KSDE. The competencies were created to work for all models of instruction but work best in a competency based system.

**Competency based education** is a compilation of strategies used to ensure equity for all students and allows mastery to be shown based upon progression of learning, not seat time. Students are empowered daily through their rigorous learning experiences and assessment is meaningful and timely. This system is a shift from the traditional education model. When looking at using competencies, districts should be aware that their whole system cannot shift from traditional to full blown competency based in the matter of days, weeks, or even months. A shift from a traditional system to a competency based system takes ample time, professional development, and a complete understanding for a successful implementation to occur. However, schools can explore and use elements of a competency based system during an educational disruption, Kansas Redesign, or a traditional setting. In a competency based education system teachers should not feel compelled to follow a particular scope and sequence, but should instead choose an instructional path that provides high quality learning opportunities for all students. A competency based system also shifts away from traditional grading and looks at progression towards mastery for each student and their work with each competency. This would be accomplished using a rubric system, such as the one KSDE has created.

Implementation of a competency based education system includes teachers collaborating with other teachers. We encourage teachers to collaborate with other professionals in their departments, crosscurricularly, from other districts, or across the nation to develop high quality instruction that could occur in a variety of environments. This includes providing students a voice and choice in their learning, that is multidisciplinary, with clear milestones of learning, and an attainable producible body of work demonstrating mastery of skills.

### **Guiding Statements:**

- Collaboration is Key
- Consistency, Connection, Progress
- Students have voice and choice in place, pace, and path
- Competencies not Checklists
- Plan Early

**NOTE:** Examples of the Navigating Change 2020 staff and student surveys are located in the appendices.

# Grade Band **6-8**

# **Grading Considerations:**

Ultimately, grading will be determined by each school district's Boards of Education. Contemplating translating from Competency Scores to a local grading system on a particular student product, school districts might want to consider the following example. Within the Competency Rubrics there are variances of grading possibilities utilizing differing mathematical calculations (For example, a 3.5 competency score might translate to a traditional grade of B+). Listed below is one possible example. Please note, that the KSDE competency based educational system does not rely on a traditional A, B, C grading system, but instead seeks to have students progress toward mastery of learning and skills through multiple exposures.

## Accommodations/Modifications

At times it is necessary to provide students with accommodations or modifications to ensure equal access to the general education curriculum and opportunity to demonstrate mastery of concepts. In these scenarios, it is important for educational teams to work collaboratively to determine what individualized accommodations or modifications are necessary for the student to be successful. To assist with this understanding, definitions of an accommodation and modification are provided below.

### **Accommodation:**

A change to instruction, testing, or presentation of materials to support access to the general education curriculum. Students with gaps, deficiencies, and exceptionalities who utilize accommodations are expected to demonstrate mastery. Areas in which you may utilize accommodations are environmental, presentation, assistive technology, assignments, reinforcement, and testing adaptations. Accommodations adapt learning for students but do not:

- Change the content of instruction
- Change the learning expectations
- Reduce the requirements of the academic task

### **Modification:**

A change to instruction, testing, or curriculum that alters the content of the academic competency or demonstration of student mastery. Areas in which you may consider a modification to curriculum, adaptation of materials, grades, appropriate expectations, change in testing protocols. Modifications change learning for students by:

- Changing the learning expectation(s) for the student
- Reducing task requirement(s)
- Inquiry Learning/Project Based Learning



# Inquiry Learning/Problem-Based Learning (PBL)

# General Overview of Inquiry Learning/PBL:

Activating student curiosity and inquiry by a problem or question that is meaningful to the student. A teaching method in which students gain knowledge and skills by working for an extended period of time to investigate and respond to an authentic, engaging, and complex question, problem, or challenge.

### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Authentic, real life, meaningful driving questions
- Active engagement through hands-on activities
- Scaffold student thinking/learning
- Feedback and Revision throughout
- Inquiry Process

# Social-Emotional Character Development (SECD)

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Student collaboration
- Team Building
- Time-Management
- Perseverance
- Communication

# Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners

- CTE
- Specials
- Student Support Teams
- ELL Teachers
- Community
- Field Experts

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Driving question introduced
- Student utilize various platforms to research (groups, individually, in-person, remotely)
- Project milestones/assessments threaded throughout
- Feedback, Revision, Reflection
- Presentations of work

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

 Present to a public and authentic audience (community members, experts, etc.)

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

# **Personalized Learning**

# General Overview of Personalized Learning:

Personalized Learning places the whole child at the center of instruction. It is informed by strong educator/student/family/community relationships to provide equity and choice in time, place, path, pace, and demonstration of learning.

### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Use Universal Design for Learning (UDL) to understand how students learn and develop learner agency (voice, choice, engagement, motivation, ownership, purpose, self-efficacy)
- Flexible content and tools to allow for a differentiated place, pace, and path
- Instruction aligned to specific student needs and learning goals
- Frequent data collection to inform instructional decisions and groupings
- Use Universal Design for Learning (UDL) to understand how students learn and develop learner agency (voice, choice, engagement, motivation, ownership, purpose, self-efficacy)
- Flexible content and tools to allow for a differentiated place, pace, and path
- Instruction aligned to specific student needs and learning goals
- Frequent data collection to inform instructional decisions and groupings

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Student voice and choice
- Students knowing themselves as learners
- Time-management
- Perseverance
- Ownership of learning and outcomes
- Sense of purpose
- Growth mindset
- Goal setting

# Elements of Collaboration/Collaboration Partners

- Grade bands of teachers (K-2, 3-5, 6-8, 9-12)
- Student Support Teams
- ELL Teachers
- Librarians
- PLC teams
- Teaching partners
- Specials teachers (PE, Music, Art)

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students and teacher identify learning goals, deadlines, and objectives for individual students
- Work through a series of targeted instruction
- Frequent data collection through teacher observation and questioning
- Meet with students 1:1 and together reflect, goal set, and determine next steps

# Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

- Complete goal information in personalized binder
- Videos productions (Chatterpix, Screencastify, green screen, Flipgrid, etc.)
- Discussions with teachers
- Completed projects

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

# **Nature-Based Outdoor Learning**

# General Overview of Nature-Based Outdoor Learning:

Outdoor learning (also known as forestry learning or nature based classrooms) shifts to embracing nature while exploring learning concepts, skills, and SEL. Child-initiated purposeful and imaginative play, whole brain learning, environmental stewardship, and teaching across the curriculum are all elements of this learning model. Significant time in nature is at the core of the curriculum where teachers implement high-quality, early childhood practices as well as high quality environmental education practices. Outdoor learning can help promote a healthy lifestyle, enable students to understand how nature supports life, appreciate sustainability as a community practice, and develop empathy for all forms of life.

### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Student exploration with adult support
- Allow students to problem solve while exploring the environment
- Scaffold questioning to support student inquiry

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Self-regulation/self-discipline
- Communication (verbal and non-verbal)
- Collaboration and team building
- Self-confidence and self-efficacy
- Negotiating skills
- Sense of curiosity
- Listening skills
- Creativity

# Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners

- All content/subject areas
- Guest community speakers
- Kansas Department of Wildlife, Parks and Tourism
- Kansas Farm Bureau
- Student support teams
- ELL teachers
- Local County extension offices
- 4H and Scouting Programs
- Nature Centers and Zoos

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students explore the natural environment around them through inquiry and use information to answer an essential question
- Hands-on activities/exploration
- Teacher observes students play, exploration, questioning, and communication
- Extensions, enrichment, and real-world applications of skills and concepts

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Photos/videos
- Journals
- Drawings/pictures
- Construction projects
- Dramatic Performances
- Nature Based Solutions to real world problems

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

# Flipped/Blended Learning

# General Overview of Flipped/Blended Learning:

Blended learning combines multiple educational opportunities. Learning usually occurs on-site while using technology to facilitate some of the learning activities. However, this could also be used in a hybrid learning environment. There is an element of student control over time, place, and pace. Learning in this model may resemble rotations, flex modules, small groups, and Universal Design for Learning (UDL).

### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Scaffold student thinking/learning through videos, direct teaching, and assessment
- Provide time for student-teacher conversations and check-ins
- Incorporate consistent and tight feedback loops

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Identify personal strengths and weaknesses
- Achieve school goals
- Perseverance
- Communication
- Ownership of learning and outcomes
- Growth Mindset
- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Grade bands of teachers (K-2, 3-5, 6-8, 9-12)
- Student Support Teams
- ELL Teachers
- Librarians
- PLC teams
- Teaching partners

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Student is given scaffolds to support learning/thinking
- Student has voice and choice in place, pace and path of learning
- Teacher is monitoring student progress through check-ins, feedback cycles and assessment
- Students progress through learning goals at their own pace with support from the teacher

- Exit Tickets
- Projects
- Mini-assessments
- Collaborative Activities
- Learning games with reflection

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

# **Play-Based Learning**

### General Overview of Play-Based Learning:

An intentional combination of child-directed play and teacher guidance. Guided play involves teachers' setting up the environment to nudge children toward a learning goal while still providing children with choices (Serious Fun: How Guided Play Extends Children's Learning, p.3). Students organize and make sense of their social world as they actively engage with people, objects, and the environment.

### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Examine how students work through the learning process (observing, communicating, measuring, reasoning, visual representation, etc.)
- Intentionally plan for competency-based outcomes
- Model play behaviors and ask openended guestions
- Watch for child-initiated interests and observe child-environment interactions
- Use context-based assessments with play settings and utilize data to plan/create play environments

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Self-regulation
- Communication
- Role-playing
- Problem-solving
- Verbal and non-verbal cues
- Listening
- Conflict resolution
- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Specials (PE, Music, Art, Theater, etc.)
- Community Members
- Multiple content/subject areas

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Stations/areas are set up around the classroom and are open for student exploration
- Teacher scaffolds student learning/ thinking through conversation and questioning
- Teacher observes student learning through peer conversation and questioning
- Students record observations, learning, and thinking

### **Showcase of Student Learning**

(End Product)

- Performance projects
- Videos
- Drawings/visual representations
- Oral explanations/demonstrations
- Teach peers

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

# **Co-Teaching**

### **General Overview of Co-Teaching:**

Co-teaching is two or more people sharing responsibility for teaching some or all of the students assigned to a classroom. It involves the distribution of responsibility among teachers for planning, instruction, and assessment for a classroom. Co-teaching is a creative way to connect with and support others in order to reach all types of learners. Partners must establish trust and effective communication while working together to be creative in order to overcome challenges and conflicts. There are several possible models of co-teaching: One teach, one observes; One teach, one assist; Parallel teaching; Station teaching; Alternative teaching; Team teaching

### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Clearly define roles and responsibilities and plan together
- Discuss the big picture issues or critical concepts that lead into differentiated activities and assessments
- Reflect on practices and make changes for future lessons

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Grade level team teachers/PLC
- ELL teachers
- Student support teams
- Specials (PE, Music, Art, Theater, etc.)

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Present a major concept/question
- Have smaller activities, stations, etc. for students to work through to gain a better understanding of the concept
- Students may work with one or both teachers

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

### Accommodations/Modifications/ Considerations

# **Differentiated Learning**

# General Overview of Differentiated Instruction:

Differentiated Instruction is building lessons that include various approaches so that all students can learn effectively, according to their needs. Teachers develop materials that meet all students where they are. Teachers must know their students, their needs, similarities, differences, etc. in order to provide the right instruction for each student. The method focuses on content, process, and product.

### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Classroom climate and learning environment are set up to be conducive for independent learning
- Determine what a student needs to learn and how they will access appropriate information
- Scaffold activities, projects, etc. for student access and let students own the knowledge
- Students summatively show what they have learned and are allowed to choose how they show their learning
- Allow for students to help one another when they need assistance

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Collaboration
- Self-regulation
- Time management
- Communication
- Listening
- Self-directed learning

# Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners

- Student Support Teams
- FII Teachers
- Cross-Curricular Teachers
- Grade Band Teacher Teams

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students explore a topic through different learning experiences set up by the teacher
- Students work to own the knowledge, ideas, and skills necessary to master the content
- Summative assessment

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Dramatic Performances
- Create a mural/painting/drawing
- Write a letter
- Any student created product that contains required elements

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

# **Small Group/Cooperative Learning**

### General Overview of Small Group/ Cooperative Learning:

- Elements of High Quality Instruction
- Teachers can personalize learning and work more closely with each student
- Frequent and immediate feedback
- Opportunity to teach and reteach specific skills to specific groups of students
- Student confidence is built through collaboration and working towards achieving a similar goal

### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)Teamwork

- Collaboration
- Listening and Speaking
- Time management
- Self-Regulation
- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Student Support Teams
- ELL teachers
- Grade Band Teacher Teams

### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students are taught/introduced to a topic as a whole group and then break into small groups to continue learning and understanding
- Teacher is working with one group while others are working with peers or individually on meaningful work
- Students complete tasks one at a time
- This process may be repeated several times in one week

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations



NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band 6 - 8

# Implementation - Instructional Examples

Instructional Example:

### Brief But Spectacular Interviews

Competency Codes Addressed: VA.MS 1.5, ELA.MS 1, HGSS.MS 3, SECD.MS 5, SECD.MS 6

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Essential question: Why is it important for people to share their ideas and passions with others?
- Appropriate materials available for all students.
- Remember, this is an interview not a presentation. While the end product is a three- to four-minute segment, the actual piece begins as an indepth interview. The interviews are conducted as conversations for 30-45 minutes and yield the most interesting and relevant points in the final edit. This eliminates the pressure of having to be "spectacular" in a short amount of time a tall order for even the most seasoned guests.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Social Awareness
  - a. Recognize the thoughts, feelings, and perspective of others.
  - b. Demonstrate awareness of cultural issues and a respect for human dignity and differences.
- Interpersonal Skills
  - a. Demonstrate communication and social skills to interact effectively.

### **Elements of Collaboration**

- ELA, Social Studies,
- Art, Film, Media Arts,
- Journalism, School Counselor

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Teachers of ELA, Social Studies, Art, Film, Media Arts, Journalism
- Family, friends, community members
- Local TV station, school district director of communications
- School counselors could provide supplementary material on empathy or respecting human dignity and differences.

### Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

- Introduce assignment by showing a few Brief but Spectacular videos from PBS News Hour.
- Together as a class note the purpose of the segments, commonalities across all segments, video practices, the feeling you are left with at the end of each segment.
- Discuss and practice how to give an in-depth interview and encourage rambling.
- Practice editing a piece down to three to four minutes.
- Learn about simple video editing tools, music, additional footage that will enhance the final product.
- Determine target of interview and reach out.
- Conduct in-depth video interview.
- Transcribe interview.

- Edit down to the main points and collaborate with ELA to discuss story themes.
- Collaborate with media arts, art and journalism teachers to edit and produce video (or end product if doing a display or preparing to share information in person).
- Reflect on the essential question.

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Brief but spectacular 3-4 minute video product
- Low tech options could include art display of findings, a news article, or a one-on-one discussion of findings with teachers
- Showcase student work to the community via social media, local TV station, or community presentation.

# Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

GRADE BAND 6 - 8

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

#### Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

ntroduction, practice interviews and editing to find themes can be done in class as in the hybrid model. Consider inviting interviewees to the school building to video. Coordinate with the media center for access to technology.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

#### Remote:

Assign videos for students to watch before coming to class and provide discussion questions as preparation materials.

#### On-site:

Conduct a class discussion regarding the videos, in small groups of two to three students can practice conducting 20-minute, in-depth interviews, in ELA practice finding themes in qualitative interviews and discuss how to edit the work

#### Remote:

Conduct video interview, transcribe interview, create brief but spectacular video, upload video to classroom site.

#### Remote Learning Environment

Consider pairing students through video using technology such as zoom breakout rooms to practice interviews. Consider doing a video of yourself, put together a brief timeline and start rambling, proceed through all of the editing and production steps.



#### Play and character Analysis/ Monologue Performance

Competency Codes Addressed:
Opinion and Informational Writing
ELA.MS 2, ELA. MS 3, ELA.MS 4, ELA.MS 5
THR.MS 1, THR.MS 2, THR. MS 3, THR.MS 4
SECD.MS 5, SECD.MS 6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Technology Integration
- Research and analysis skills
- Writing for a global audience
- Student Choice and Voice
- Creativity

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Respect for others.
- Sharing your voice while respecting other voices.
- Presenting in front of an audience.
- Self-confidence in personal opinions and research.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- ELA: Analysis
- HGSS: Time Period in History

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- ELA teachers
- History teachers

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Lesson on analysis and what to expect when analyzing a play.
- Play selection of the students choice.
- Actual reading of the show.
- Analysis of the show and characters.
- Pick a monologue from the show for performance.
- Use the character analysis and play analysis to guide character development and the character itself.
- Perform the monologue for the class.
- Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)
- Final analysis of the play and its characters.
- Final monologue scene.

#### Accommodation/Modification

Considerations (per KSDE guidance)
As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

On-site considerations would include class time used for direct instruction (lecture), creation of the final products that show mastery. Could also include time for peer critique and feedback. Final performance would be in front of their peers and would be critiqued by peers and the teacher.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Hybrid considerations would include both class time and videos used for direct instruction (lecture), creation of the final products that show mastery. Peer critique and feedback could be given via shared documents via google drive. Final performance would be in front of their peers and would be critiqued by peers and the teacher. Final performance would be via recording or in person with critiques to follow suite.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

Remote considerations would include video lectures, creation of the final products that show mastery. Peer critique and feedback could be given via shared documents via google drive. Final performance would be in front of their peers and would be critiqued by peers and the teacher. Final performance would be via recording with critiques to follow suite.

#### Art and the Self

Competencies Codes Addressed: ELA.MS 2.1, ELA.MS 2.2, ELA.MS 2.3, ELA.MS 3.1, ELA.MS 4.1, ELA.MS 4.3 VA.MS 1.1, VA.MS 1.2, VA.MS 2.1, VA.MS 3.1, VA.MS 3.2, VA.MS 4.1, VA.MS 4.2, VA.MS 4.3, VA.MS 5.1, VA.MS 5.2 SECD. MS 5, SECD. MS 4

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Pose purposeful, open-ended questions.
- Hands-on learning for active student engagement.
- In a blended model style, teachers use easy video tools to explain concepts, introduce artists or offer explicit directions for media, techniques or processes that students could use for creation.
- Provide planning documents to help students structure the design process, recording, organizing, and clarifying their ideas.
- Create structured opportunities for ongoing feedback and reflection as students are planning/creating.
- Pace of learning is student-led with teacher checking in periodically.
- End product involves a high level of student choice and is relevant (connection to self and world)

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Self-Awareness: Understanding and expressing personal thoughts, mindsets, and emotions in constructive ways.
  - a. Understand and analyze thoughts, mindsets, and emotions.
  - b. Identify and assess personal qualities and external supports
- Self-Management: Understanding and practicing strategies for managing thoughts and behaviors, reflecting on perspectives, and setting and monitoring goals.
  - a. Understand and practice strategies for managing thoughts and behaviors, such as resiliency.
  - b. Reflect on perspectives and emotional responses.
  - c. Set, monitor, adapt, and evaluate goals to achieve in school and life.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

 Strong connections exist between the artistic process, synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to artistic ideas and artistic work (VA.MS 5.1), writing, and mental health.

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- ELA teachers
- School Counselors
- Family members
- Community members (Guest artists, mental health experts, writers, poets)



#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Students will perceive and analyze works of art (Responding/Connecting).
- Drawing and writing prompts may be used to increase student comfort levels with expressing personal ideas and emotions.
- Students complete scaffolding assignments such as brainstorming symbols and colors that can be used to represent ideas.
- Teacher presents guidelines and parameters of the project, encouraging student choice and creativity.
- Students create sketches to generate and refine artistic ideas.
- Students refine and complete the final project.
- Students photograph the completed project or prepare it to hang for presentation.
- Students write an artist statement, analyzing their artistic choices and reflecting on the artistic process, challenges, and successes.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

 Business plan and example of product or service with supporting evidence of the need for this business presented at business fair or in an electronic presentation.

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare

them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. Progression Toward Mastery

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4)

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Students may work in teams to collaborate, critique ongoing projects, sketches, or final presentations. Consider recording live demonstrations to post on YouTube, Google Classroom or another online platform in the case of a disruption. Field trips or guest speakers (writers, artists) may be possible with planning. On-site counseling team is a valuable resource.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Create videos for demonstrations, introducing new content, and art analysis.

Consider "flipping" the classroom: Provide students with introductory knowledge at home before/after attending school for the hands-on activities.

Community partners (writers, artists, or other guest speakers) may visit with students via Zoom or Google Hangouts.

Consider sending critical materials with students ahead of time in "art kits" so projects may be completed at home. Provide specific and timely feedback to projects and assignments in person, in writing, or via online platforms or email.

GRADE BAND

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#### **Remote Learning Environment**

Create videos for demonstrations, introducing new content, and art analysis. Recordings may be shared via online platforms such as Google Classroom. Videos may be used as scaffolding exercises, enrichment, or prompts for discussion. Students may photograph completed projects and share via email or online tools..

#### Instructional Example:

#### Compare Modes of Transportation (Car, Train, Bus and Plane) by Planning Family Trip

Competency Codes Addressed:
BC.F.MS 2.1, TRAN.MS 1.1, TRAN.MS 3.1, SCI.MS 16.2
HGSS.MS 3.3, HGSS.MS 5.1
MATH.MS 1.1, MATH.MS 2.5
SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD.MS 3, SECD.MS 4, SECD.MS 5, SECD.MS 6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Quality sources/credible source
- Note taking and organization
- Collaboration
- Use of Technology

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Appropriate Use of Media/Technology
- Effective Time Management
- Positive Classroom Behavior
- Recognize strengths/weaknesses in self
- Effective Communication
- Demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings and situations
- Respect and Empathy for others
- Active Listening and respectful communication skills
- Identify Impact of Behavioral Choices

### Cross-Curricular Collaboration Opportunities

- Science
- Math
- Research

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- **CTE and Math:** Use of math skills to figure distance
- **CTE and HGSS:** Stop at historical venues, map skills
- **CTE and SECD:** Plan for events/stops that other family members would enjoy

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Research four modes of transportation.
- Brainstorm/research desired stops along the way
- Figure distance traveled by each.
- First recording/draft.
- Peer editing.
- Revise.
- Finalize and create the final recording.
- Publish to community/stakeholders

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Digital Presentations
- By Hand (physical model/representation)
- Video Creation Using Various platforms (iMovie, FlipGrid, Loom, etc.)

#### Accommodations/Modifications for ELL

- Sources in native language.
- Translation Applications and Software
- Build essential background knowledge: vocabulary, context, etc.
- Provide visuals: pictures or video
- Student Group Assistance
- Extended work time

#### **Progression toward Mastery**

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Media Center Access, Collaboration with Educational Peers, Student access to computers and printers, Flexibility with interruptions and technology issues, sharing checked out resources/technology with fellow students, time for final presentations.

Model research process (evaluating resources, note taking, outlining, drafting, revising, etc.).

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

In-class – Teach research skills, check-ins to assess progress, instruct how to structure research and use technology appropriately.

#### Home/Digital:

- Students should complete research, outline, and revision outside the classroom.
- Guidance on how to do this should be provided in some form, this could be through handouts.
- Invite parents/community members to online final presentations. Parents can also help with the editing process (with guidance).

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

- Instructional Consideration: Mini-lessons
- Student Practice: Handouts/resources are digital

### Remote Learning Environment Considerations

- Instructional Consideration: Mini-lessons
- Student Practice: Handouts/resources are digital
- Provide guidance for parental editing and project suggestions
- Invite parents/stakeholders to online final presentations
- Have weekly students check in for progress. This can be done through office hours and/or submission of homework.

#### Develop a marketing plan for a newly developed product that will be marketed and sold online

Competency Codes Addressed:
BC.MS 3.1, BC.M.MS 3.2, IT.MS 1.1, IT.MS 1.2
MATH.MS 6.1, MATH.MS 3.9, MATH.MS 3.8,
MATH.MS 1.1,2,4
ELA.MS 2 (all)
SCI.MS 10.2
HGSS.MS 1.5 HGSS.MS 4.4, HGSS.MS 4.5
SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD.MS 3, SECD.MS 4,
SECD.MS 5, SECD.MS 6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Quality sources/credible source
- Note taking and organization
- Collaboration
- Use of Technology
- Project Based Learning Model
- Student Led Inquiry
- Verbal Communication
- Written Communication

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Appropriate Use of Media/Technology
- Effective Time Management
- Positive Classroom Behavior
- Recognize strengths/weaknesses in self
- Effective Communication
- Elements of Collaboration
- CTE and Math: Calculate costs associated with advertising
- CTE and HGSS: Research history of

products similar to this one and how the economy has affected these type of sales

- CTE and SECD: Discuss marketing techniques and how they can be used to trigger emotions, thoughts, decisions, etc.
- CTE and Science: Conduct research about the ingredients in the project and if it is safe for our environment.

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- SPED
- Technology Instructors (computers course)
- Media Center (research/databases)
- School Counselors
- Other Content Area Teachers
- Community Members

#### Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

- Research four modes of transportation.
- Brainstorm/research desired stops along the way
- Figure distance traveled by each.
- First recording/draft.
- Peer editing.
- Revise.
- Finalize and create the final recording.
- Publish to community/stakeholders

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Digital Presentations
- By Hand (physical model/representation)
- Video Creation Using Various platforms (iMovie, FlipGrid, Loom, etc.)



#### Accommodations/Modifications for ELL

- Sources in native language.
- Translation Applications and Software
- Build essential background knowledge: vocabulary, context, etc.
- Provide visuals: pictures or video
- Student Group Assistance
- Extended work time

#### **Progression toward Mastery**

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Media Center Access, Collaboration with Educational Peers, Student access to computers and printers, Flexibility with interruptions and technology issues, sharing checked out resources/technology with fellow students, time for final presentations.

 Model research process (evaluating resources, note taking, outlining, drafting, revising, etc.).

#### In-class:

Teach research skills, check-ins to assess progress, instruct how to structure research and use technology appropriately.

#### Home/Digital:

Students should complete research, outline, and revision outside the classroom.

- Guidance on how to do this should be provided in some form, this could be through handouts.
- Invite parents/community members to online final presentations. Parents can also help with the editing process (with guidance).

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

- Instructional Consideration: Mini-lessons
- Student Practice: Handouts/resources are digital

### Remote Learning Environment Considerations

- Instructional Consideration: Mini-lessons
- Student Practice: Handouts/resources are digital
- Provide guidance for parental editing and project suggestions
- Invite parents/stakeholders to online final presentations
- Have weekly students check in for progress. This can be done through office hours and/or submission of homework.

#### Develop a marketing plan for a newly developed product that will be marketed and sold online

Competency Codes Addressed:
BC.MS 3.1, BC.M.MS 3.2, IT.MS 1.1, IT.MS 1.2
MATH.MS 6.1, MATH.MS 3.9, MATH.MS 3.8,
MATH.MS 1.1,2,4
ELA.MS 2 (all)
SCI.MS 10.2
HGSS.MS 1.5 HGSS.MS 4.4, HGSS.MS 4.5
SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD.MS 3, SECD.MS 4,
SECD.MS 5, SECD.MS 6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Quality sources/credible source
- Note taking and organization
- Collaboration
- Use of Technology
- Project Based Learning Model
- Student Led Inquiry
- Verbal Communication
- Written Communication

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Appropriate Use of Media/Technology
- Effective Time Management
- Positive Classroom Behavior
- Recognize strengths/weaknesses in self
- Effective Communication

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- **CTE and Math:** Calculate costs associated with advertising
- CTE and HGSS: Research history of products similar to this one and how the economy has affected these type of sales
- CTE and SECD: Discuss marketing techniques and how they can be used to trigger emotions, thoughts, decisions, etc.
- CTE and Science Conduct research about the ingredients in the project and if it is safe for our environment

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- SPED
- Technology Instructors (computers course)
- Media Center (research/databases)
- School Counselors
- Other Content Area Teachers
- Community Members

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Brainstorm ideas
- Create a Business Plan/Proposal
- Develop product and sample if needed
- Finalize cost, profit margin and financials
- Oral Presentation to launch marketing plan
- Finalize business plan (including marketing strategy)
- Final Evaluation of business, inventory, financials



#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Digital (Google Slides, PPT, Prezi, Zoom,Google Tour, etc)
- By Hand (physical model/representation)
- Video Creation Using Various platforms (iMovie, FlipGrid, Loom, etc.)

#### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies, and exceptionailites some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

- Allow for individual, small group, large group, and full group opportunities and collaboration
- Provide differentiated support for each student to reach grade-level standards.
- Model research process (evaluating resources, note taking, outlining, drafting, revising, etc.)

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

#### On-Site:

- Ensure students have resources and/or software to use remotely.
- Allow for individual and small group collaboration.
- Provide lesson and content support to the group in order to reach content standards.
- Provide individual lessons and content support for each student to reach content standards.

#### Remote:

- Provide support to students via Zoom or email as they independently work on projects.
- Provide students time to facilitate with each other via apps, zoom, or other online components.
- Provide extra time and support for

- students who need it.
- Provide opportunities for students to Zoom, in classes, with other stakeholders or project contributors.

#### Remote Learning Environment

- Provide differentiated online support.
- Utilize interactive and collaborative online platforms or applications.
- Provide extra time and support for students who need it.
- Provide timely and effective feedback.
- Set up student opportunity to engage with community.

Energy exploration:
Compare models of energy,
how they were captured
and utilized - both
historically and currently.
Creation of energy
producing mechanisms
and research displays creation of turbine, trifold,
movie, presentation, essay.

Competency Codes Addressed: ENG.MS 1-6, FACS.MS 4.1, ELA.MS 2.3, ELA.MS 2.5 8, ELA.MS 4.1, ELA.MS 4.2, ELA.MS 4.3, ELA. MS 5, MATH.MS 3.8, MATH.MS 3.10, SCI..MS 6, SCI.MS 15.1, SCI.MS 15.3, SCI.MS 16.1 HGSS.MS 1, HGSS.MS 2.4, HGSS.MS 4.5, HGSS.MS 5.6 SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD.MS 3, SECD.MS 4, SECD.MS 5, SECD.MS 6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Quality sources/credible sources
- Note taking and organization
- Collaboration
- Use of Technology
- Understanding of the content and material ideas.

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Appropriate Use of Media/Technology
- Effective Time Management
- Positive Classroom Behavior
- · Recognize strengths/weaknesses in self
- Effective Communication

- Demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings and situations
- Respect and Empathy for others
- Active Listening and respectful communication skills
- Growth Mindset to Integrate Diverse Points of View
- Identify the Role/Needs of Self/Others when Managing and Solving Conflict

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- CTE and Math: Calculate output based on wind speed, pitch of the blades increasing output
- CTE and Science: Energy consumption versus output of different types of energy sources. Explore weather patterns/ natural resources for placement of wind turbines, oil derricks, etc.
- CTE and English: Research Solar, Wind, Nuclear and Fossil Fuel energy usage.
   Analyze the efficiency, effectiveness, cost/benefit, and develop a stance for the most effective.
- CTE and History: Research historical milestones in energy creation. Hydroelectricity through nuclear, solar, and wind energy. When they were developed, why. Explore maps and why certain areas utilize energy sources.

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

#### Community:

 Nearby wind farms/oil fields/farmers/ energy producers, city manager, lumberyards, contractors (construction), power companies, colleges with energy programs

#### In School:

- Tech Instructors
- Media Center
- Content area teachers
- SPED
- Counselors (job aspect)

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Two students debate their opinions after giving their speeches while the class asks probing questions. Data can be collected pre/post debate to see if the debate changed the class data.
- Students can be creative in ways to gain support on their "opinion" to try and change opinions of others to change the class data.

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Research modes of energy production
- Brainstorm/research history and geographic usages through history Look specifically at renewable energy opportunities
- Sketch an outline/blueprints, write a rough draft(non-construction), or create a presentation OR create a wind turbine
- Analyze the systems and come to a conclusion on the most efficient system

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

 Social media demonstrations, community showcase night, completed projects displayed in collaborative businesses.

#### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Discuss the various types of energy and their history. Go through the curriculum lessons (20 lessons can be adapted) Explore the positive and negative aspects of each type of energy. Progress with the construction of a wind turbine - creation of blades, base, and "gears". Test the model to determine the most efficient blade design, gear ratio and blade pitch.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Research and design takes place at home. Instruction and planning of projects takes place outside of school through virtual meetings, readings, and webquests. Construction and distribution of supplies at school.

3D printed parts - create at home, print at school. Construction of wind tunnels, testing of the pitch and output takes place at school.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

Adaptation of project - discover how much energy is produced by revolutions per minute versus output, create video, create blade design, research different tower designs, compare various types of energy (solar, fossil fuels, wind, nuclear). Instruction on research skills, regular check-ins and small group meetings to ensure project advancement and answer questions.

Pre-recorded lessons, informational packets sent via email/mail, utilization of digital turn in platform (Google classroom, canvas, etc.).

#### Career Exploration Choice Board: Students having voice and choice in Career Exploration

Competency Codes Addressed:
AFNR.MS 5.1, BC.BMAE.MS 1.1, AC.MS 7.1, MNFR.
MS 4.1, TRAN.MS 6.1, LPSCS.MS 5.1, FACS.MS,
ENG.MS, IT.MS
ELA.MS 2, ELA.MS 3, ELA.MS 5
SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD.MS 3, SECD.MS 4,
SECD.MS 5, SECD.MS 6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Quality sources/credible source
- Note taking and organization
- Collaboration
- Use of Technology

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Appropriate Use of Media/Technology
- Effective Time Management
- Positive Classroom Behavior
- Recognize strengths/weaknesses in self
- Effective Communication
- Demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings and situations
- Respect and Empathy for others
- Active Listening and respectful communication skills
- Growth Mindset to Integrate Diverse Points of View
- Identify the Role/Needs of Self/Others when Managing and Solving Conflict
- Conflict Management

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- CTE and ELA--Constructing short presentations
- CTE and Math--Determining yearly salary and/or hourly wages

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- SPFD
- Technology Instructors (computers course)
- Media Center (research/databases)
- School Counselors
- Other Content Area Teachers
- Community Members

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Determine choices on choice board.
- Research career opportunities.
- Create Presentations.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Social media demonstrations, community showcase night, completed projects displayed in collaborative business
- Digital (Google Slides, PPT, Prezi, Zoom,Google Tour)
- By Hand (physical model/representation)
- Video Creation Using Various platforms (iMovie, FlipGrid, Loom, etc.)

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority.

To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

### On-Site Learning Environment Considerations

Media Center Access, Collaboration with Educational Peers, Student access to computers and printers, Flexibility with interruptions and technology issues, sharing checked out resources/technology with fellow students, time for final presentations, access to College and Career Readiness Software.

### Hybrid Learning Environment Considerations

In-class – Teach research skills, check-ins to assess progress, instruct how to structure research and use technology appropriately, instruct how to access and use College and Career Readiness Software to research Career Exploration associated with the 7 Career Fields and 16 Career Clusters.

#### Home/Digital:

- Students should complete their Career Exploration Choice Board outside the classroom.
- Guidance on how to do this should be provided in some form, this could be through handouts, Digital/online/virtual Meetings, videos.
- Invite parents/community members to online final presentations. Parents can also help with the editing process (with guidance).

### Remote Learning Environment Considerations

Instructional Consideration: Mini-lessons (pre-recorded videos or Digital/online/virtual Meeting lessons).

Student Practice: Handouts/resources are digital (such as Google Docs).

Provide guidance for parental editing and project suggestions

Invite parents/stakeholders to online final presentations

Have weekly students check in for progress. This can be done through office hours and/or submission of homework.

#### Instructional Example:

# Corn Plastic: Discuss the use of petroleum based and renewable plastics. Create and modify ratios to create different properties of plastic.

Competency Codes Addressed: ENG.MS 1-6, HGSS, Math Science, FACS, SECD. MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD.MS 3, SECD.MS 4, SECD. MS 5, SECD.MS 6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Quality sources/credible sources
- Note taking and organization
- Collaboration
- Use of Technology
- Understanding of the content and material ideas

### **SECD Incorporation** (*Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills*)

- Appropriate Use of Media/Technology
- Effective Time Management
- Positive Classroom Behavior
- Recognize strengths/weaknesses in self
- Effective Communication
- Demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings and situations
- Respect and Empathy for others
- Active Listening and respectful communication skills
- Reflect on Common Emotions and Responses

### Cross-Curricular Collaboration Opportunities

- **CTE and Math:** Determine Ratios, calculate production need to meet needs
- CTE and Science Soil science what nutrients are needed to grow corn, water consumption.
- CTE and English: Research use of plastics, analyze and defend stance of renewables vs. petroleum based.
- CTE and History: Research historical milestones with use of plastics, how the evolution of materials has changed, changes in demand.

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Community: Local producers, grain elevators
- In School:
- Tech Instructors
- Media Center
- Content area teachers
- SPED
- Counselors (job aspect)

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Research models of production.
- Brainstorm/research history and geographic usages throughout history.
- Look specifically at renewable.
- Analyze the systems and come to a conclusion on the most efficient system

# GRADE BAND 6-8

#### Accommodation/Modification EL

- Sources in native language.
- Translations for software.
- Vocabulary, videos, guides all translated.
- Additional meeting times and guidance.
- Extended time.

### Accommodation/Modification for SPED

Text Select: Provide text in a lower lexile that is still on topic, provide text in larger font, provide text with images.

Speech-to-text - Google Docs.

Text reader – Applications to read text/

Reduced work – Focus less sources or preselected sources by instructor.

Reduction of required research sections.

Extended Time – Provide students more time to complete the assignment.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4). Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency.

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Discuss the various types of plastics and their use.. Utilize framework from Kansas Corn website.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

esearch and design takes place at home. Instruction and planning of project takes place outside of school through virtual meetings, readings, and webquests. Construction and distribution of supplies at school.

Plastics can be created with basic kitchen supplies at home, may require parental supervision

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

Adaptation of project - Focus on corn production as well as uses. Including, but not limited to, plant/soil science, land use, impacts of refuse.

Pre-recorded lessons, informational packets sent via email/mail, utilization of digital turn in platform (Google classroom, canvas, etc.).

# 3 Act Math Inquiry-Based Learning

Competency Codes Addressed: Math.M. 1 (all), Math.MS 2 (all), Math.MS 3 (all), Math.MS 4 (all), Math.MS 5 (all), Math.MS 6 (all) ELA.MS 2, ELA.MS 4 SECD MS. 2, SECD MS.3, SECD.MS 4,

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- High levels of student engagement.
- Student inquiry.
- ELA/Writing integration.
- · Low floor, high ceiling.
- Multiple methods/opportunities for problem-solving.
- Promotes a mathematical mindset.

#### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Student voice and choice.
- Increases student confidence toward mathematics.
- Perseverance and GRIT.
- Self-reflection.
- Responding to feedback by modifying work.
- Students learn from their mistakes in a safe way/environment.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Writing/ELA
- Science

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- ELA
- Science

- Special Education Teachers
- EL Support Staff
- Content PLC
- Grade-Level PLC

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Have individuals or as a group work through Act One: Students watch a video or view image(s) provided for Act One using the Notice and Wonder protocol. Using their noticings and wonderings, students collectively brainstorm questions they have regarding the video or image(s) and determine which of those questions can be answered using mathematics.
- Act Two: Students brainstorm and identify information needed to answer the questions that can be answered mathematically.
- Act Three: Student groups share out their findings (answers and reasoning).
   Teacher presents the actual answer to the students by revealing the final video or image(s).
- Sequel: Students reflect on their estimates made in Act One. Students reflect on their mathematics learning as a result of this work.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Presentation of final answer with supporting data and evidence
- Student conversations and collaboration

#### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments,

consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4). Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Technology access, collaboration with educational peers, flexibility with interruptions amd technology issues, sharing resources with fellow students, share final products with families, school and community through communication tools already established, reflection time.

### On-Site Learning Environment Considerations

Utilize vertical nonpermanent surfaces (whiteboards) during student collaboration and work time. Have students make their "just right" predictions on a post-it note that one or two students then sort from least to greatest. Student collaboration is key. The teacher should make note of all student questions (notices and wonderings) on the whiteboard as they are shared out.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Students can view the Act One video or image(s) remotely, making note of their notices and wonders as they view the video. Students can also complete the Sequel phase of this work remotely. This leaves the final steps of Act One (sharing questions and revealing the actual question), Act Two, and Act Three to be completed in-person.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

This work is highly collaborative. In the event that it must occur in a fully remote learning environment, teachers must consider and identify ways for students to collaborate virtually with one another to ensure student learning is fully maximized. This collaboration could be done in small-group virtual meetings (breakouts following whole-group introductions) or via email between students assigned to a specific group.

#### Instructional Example:

### Park Design Project Meal Planning with a Budget

Competency Codes Addressed: MATH.MS 5.1, MATH.MS 5.2, MATH.MS 5.3, MATH.MS 5.4, MATH.MS 5.5, MATH.MS 5.6 SECD.MS 2, SECD.MS 4, SECD.MS 6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Student choice.
- High levels of student engagement.
- Clear expectations.
- Freedom to ask questions.
- Teacher feedback.
- Accountability.
- Options for cross-curricular work and collaboration.
- Ability to answer essential questions.
- Precise language/vocabulary.

### **SECD Incorporation** (*Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills*)

- Time management
- Student voice and choice
- Decision-making
- Problem-solving
- Perseverance
- Organizational skills
- Communication

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- ELA Write a narrative describing the park using precise language
- SCI Solve problems or explain the forces and motion or engineering designs of different parts of the park equipment,

- or use this as an opportunity to make observations for life science activities
- HGSS Explain how a new park will impact the surrounding community, research the history of the community that the park would be in
- ART Designing the look of the park
- PE Visit a nearby park for reference
- TECHNOLOGY Design a digital version of the park

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- SPED and EL Teachers
- Cross-Curricular Collaboration Teachers

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Hook: Students can identify familiar shapes that they find in playground equipment, or alternatively, they can describe their favorite park while explaining the shapes of the playground equipment or park features
- Students learn about finding the area and volume of different shapes that will be used in the park project
- Students are given time to brainstorm and sketch out what they want to do for their park
- Students will complete a final design of their park layout to include specific park or playground equipment (ex. slides, swings, merry-go-round, sandbox, paths)
- Students will find the area or volume of the equipment in their park (slides as triangles, merry-go-round as a circle, volume of a sandbox, etc.), and can answer questions to find other desired information (i.e. composite area/volume)

- Students can write a narrative using specific language or vocabulary terms explaining the shapes of the equipment and their areas/volumes.
- Students can present their final product

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Physical or digital park design (paper, poster, Google, Microsoft, Photoshop, Paint, Desmos, etc.)
- Calculations for area problems (worksheet, lined paper, etc.)
- Written/typed narrative of park layout using precise language
- Presentation of final product to peers or family

#### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Look at pictures/videos of parks and ask students to call out what familiar shapes they see, shapes could then be drawn on top of the image to make it stand out to each student. Alternatively, ask students to share a description of their favorite park and prompt them to describe the setting using geometry vocabulary. Use the shapes that your students will be learning about to determine which shapes need to be used in the park project. Choose how you want students to share their final project (paper, digital, 3D, etc.), how many area or volume calculations are needed and how they will be displayed, and any additional questions students need to answer (i.e. Find the composite area...), and expectations for the written paper or presentation. This project could be given for individual students, partners, or even groups. A guick internet search will provide many examples of similar geometry park projects or worksheets that could be used to meet various needs. You can also adapt the theme to meet the interests of students like a city map, amusement park, video game map, or house blueprint...

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Milestones of learning can be broken up to meet the needs of the class. The initial hook can be done from home by sharing thoughts or images in a discussion board. Students who don't have access to technology could do a quick draw/write at home using the same prompt and then share when they're back in class. Brainstorming, the final design, and the written narrative could also be done from home either digitally or on paper. Class time can be dedicated to instructional time, finding the area/volume of the different pieces of park equipment, and answering questions and presenting the final product. Activities done in class can be recorded and made available to students to review if they are stuck on their work at home. Use the shapes that your students will be learning about to determine which shapes need to be used in the park project. Choose how you want students to share their final project (paper, digital, 3D, etc.), how many area or volume calculations are needed and how they will be displayed, and any additional guestions students need to answer (i.e. Find the composite area ...), and expectations for the written paper or presentation. This project could be given for individual students, partners, or even groups. A quick internet search will provide many examples of similar geometry park projects or worksheets that could be used to meet various needs. You can also adapt the theme to meet the interests of students like a city map,

amusement park, video game map or house blueprint.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

Students with access to technology: Hook and brainstorm time can be done through a discussion board online or submitted electronically. "Class time" can be held through video conferences with the whole class or individual students/groups. Recordings of the class sessions can be recorded so that students can review them if they get stuck at home. Park design and questions can be done completely digitally and submitted through your platform of choice. Students could also work on paper and submit images of their work.

Students without access to technology: Instructions, work, and examples could be sent home through the mail with a return envelope and stamp. Phone conferences can be made to answer questions or work with students.

Use the shapes that your students will be learning about to determine which shapes need to be used in the park project. Choose

how you want students to share their final project (paper, digital, 3D, etc.), how many area or volume calculations are needed and how they will be displayed, and any additional questions students need to answer (i.e. Find the composite area...), and expectations for the written paper or presentation. This project could be given for individual students, partners, or even groups. A quick internet search will provide many examples of similar geometry park projects or worksheets that could be used to meet various needs. You can also adapt the theme to meet the interests of students like a city map, amusement park, video game map, or house blueprint.

#### **Mystery Powders**

Competency Codes Addressed: SCI.MS 2.1 ELA.MS 1, ELA.MS 2, ELA.MS 4 HGSS.MS 4 SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD.MS 3, SECD.MS 4, SECD.MS 5, SECD.MS 6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Question(s):
- How can we determine the ingredients in a dry cookie mix by using physical and chemical properties and/or changes?
- How is chemistry used to solve crimes?

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Core development: Create caring community.
- Responsible decision making and problem-solving.
- Self -Awareness: Understanding and expressing personal thoughts, mindsets, and emotions in constructive ways.
- Self-management: Understanding and practicing strategies for managing thoughts, behaviors, reflecting on perspectives, and setting and monitoring goals.
- Social awareness.
- Interpersonal skills.
- Students show the weight, height, and lifespan of each animal in word form, standard form, rounded form and as a place value model.

- Students write an expository outline for each animal.
- Students reflect on their learning and growth throughout the project with a digital presentation or a live presentation.

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product) Students reflect on their learning and growth throughout the project with a digital or live presentation.

- Digital Tools: Slides, PowerPoint, Adobe Spark, Keynote, \$BookCreator, Flipgrid.
- Style: Actual Model of Product, eBook, Comic, Play, Newscast, Infographic, poster.
- Combination: Flipgrid screen recording to explain their learning.
- Analog: Science fair, play, demonstration, live broadcast, infographic, poster, onepager.
- Produce and share.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- ELA story elements, creative writing, peer editing, read mystery, comparecontrast mystery story and movie adaptation
- HGSS role of science in crime investigations, development of FBI, CSI, etc
- FACS careers in Forensic Chemistry or related fields

#### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- SPED and ELL Teachers
- Guest speakers community and/or via Zoom
- Core Teachers
- Essential Teachers design and modeling, art, multimedia, speech/drama, music, FACS

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Engage:
  - Teacher or invited guest tells a story about the Mystery of Cookie Mix Case (change the setting to fit the time of year or current events - KC Wolf's Good Luck cookies, Cupid's Friendship cookies, etc)
  - Class brainstorms how chemistry could help solve a mystery or crime.
- Explore:
  - Go over safety and procedures for labs, allow small groups to test specified known samples
  - Research agreed upon aspects of chemistry (physical vs chemical properties and change) or science in solving crimes, history of agencies, techniques.
- Explain:
  - Use additional mini-lessons and resources for students to understand basic chemistry concepts - textbook, activities, videos, etc
  - Have students share data gathered and compare observations from identified samples.
- Elaborate:
  - Have students test samples of mixes and either in lab groups or individually complete a CER graphic organizer.
  - Create a presentation of how chemistry is utilized in solving mysteries or crimes.
- Evaluation:
  - Each student writes a summary based on CER and identifies the mix believed to be the correct cookie mix.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- See Elaborate in Workflow -- Completion of CER chart and identify correct mixture
- Presentation of forensic history and chemistry concepts to class via choice list which could include, but not limited to original: trifold, science fair project trifold, news reporter video segment, create a model (physical or via app/program), and include explanations, slide presentation, original game (board, computer program), etc
- And/or see Evaluation in Workflow

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

*In-Class Science:* 

5E Model (engage, explore, explain, elaborate, evaluate)

Whole class participate in mini-lessons; small lab groups or individually: stations, activities, guided practice

Present in either small groups or whole class findings of identified samples

Research time online - in class, at home

Create rough draft forensic chemistry presentations and/or written story/article/report and share with one or two peers or teacher for informal feedback

Create and share final presentations and/or written story/article/report - self reflections on rubrics, peer questions/comments at end of presentation, teacher feedback on rubrics

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

In-Class Science:

See above with modifications as needed and use district approved platform for instruction and resources (ie, Google Classroom, SeeSaw, etc)

Virtual Meeting Science:

Possibly more direct instruction, discussion - (some aspects of explore, explain, elaborate, and evaluate)

At-Home:

Use of district approved platform for instructions and resources

Teacher created assignment, videos, online resources for all students to access

Have small groups conduct partial testing at home with supplies on hand to share with class via online meeting or in class

Research using technology, taking notes from a variety of sources (text, video, etc)

Create rough draft and peer or adult edit for feedback

Creation of end product

Share information with approved audience - in class, family members, invited support staff or community members, etc. and use treacher provided feedback form or rubrics

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

See Hybrid Learning and consider modifying all 5 E steps for more direct instruction and/ or allow for more time in each step.

Unless all students have access to materials for labs, activities - consider demonstration videos or online class meetings.

Consider kits of consumable items in plastic bags that paras or volunteers could put together for pick up/ drop off sites.

Provide printout of basic documents, readings, etc.

Instructional Example:

#### Redacted Poetry (Blackout/ Erasure/Found)

Competency Codes Addressed: ELA.MS 1.2, ELA.MS 1.5, ELA.MS 2.2, ELA.MS 2.3, ELA.MS 2.4, ELA.MS 2.5, ELA.MS 3.1, ELA.MS 3.2, ELA.MS 3.4

SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD.MS 3, SECD.MS 4

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Strategic thinking
- Word economy
- Speaking and listening skills
- Exploration of language and vocabulary

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Active Listening
- Effective Communication
- Apply Empathy and Understanding to others perspectives
- Recognize strengths/weaknesses of self
- Effective Time Management

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- ELA and HGSS Excerpts from articles, textbooks, magazines, newspapers, etc.
- ELA and Science Excerpts from articles, textbook, magazine, newspaper, etc.
- ELA and VA Completed work

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

• Teachers of: science, HGSS, visual arts, media center, technology, SPED, EL

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Introduce form and examples of redacted poetry
- Determine topic/purpose (allow flexibility/ choice)
- Provide source material for students (page or
- pages from novel, textbook, magazine, newspaper, etc)
- Students present completed work orally
- Students present completed work visually (in visual arts or tech-based format)

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Student reads completed work (online/ recording or in class)
- Display work (online collection or in class)

#### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression toward Mastery**

Student reads completed work (online/recording

# GRADE BAND

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

- Media Center Access
- Collaboration with Educational Peers
- Student access to computers and printers
- Student access to visual art supplies
- Flexibility with interruptions and technology issues
- Time for final presentation

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

In class:

Direct instruction, check-ins to assess progress, allows for verbal peer collaboration/feedback, visual art display.

#### Home/Digital:

Source material should be available online for editing/redacting, oral presentation may be done live or as a video performance, visual presentation can be completed using available technology, or the oral and visual presentations may be completed together as a "poster" or slide show that combines each student reading the poem during a visual presentations.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

Instructional Consideration: Mini-lessons (pre-recorded videos or Zoom/Google Hangout).

Student Practice: Handouts/resources are digital (such as Google Docs, video links).

Provide guidance for parental editing and project suggestions.

Invite parents to online final presentations.

Have regular students check in for progress. This can be done through office hours and/or submission of homework.



#### Menu System for Colonial America

Competency Codes Addressed: HGSS.MS 1.1, HGSS.MS 1.2, HGSS.MS 1.3 HGSS. MS 2.1, HGSS.MS 2.2,, HGSS.MS 3.1, HGSS.MS 3.2, HGSS.MS 3.3, HGSS.MS 5.1, HGSS.MS 5.2, HGSS.MS 5.3, HGSS.MS 5.4, HGSS.MS 5.5, HGSS. MS 5.6

ELA.MS 1.1, ELA.MS 1.8, ELA.MS 1.9, ELA.MS 2.2, ELA.MS 2.3, ELA.MS 2.5, ELA.MS 3.1, ELA.MS 3.2, ELA.MS 3.3, ELA.MS 4.1, ELA.MS 4.2, ELA.MS 4.3, ELA.MS 5.1, ELA.MS 5.2, ELA.MS 5.3, ELA.MS 5.4 SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD. MS 3, SECD.MS 4, SECD.MS 6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Student voice and choice on the tasks they choose to complete and how they show their mastery of the competencies.
- Students set and track their own learning goals.
- Rubrics that show what it will require to produce proficient work for each menu option.
- Students must choose at least 1
   assignment in each major category government, geography, economics and
   culture. To achieve proficiency for the unit
   student must complete any combination
   of assignments that will equal at least
   800 points.

#### Government

- Research Project (300 possible)
- Book Review (100 possible)

- Article Review (50 possible
- Game Creation (200 possible)
- Unit Test (100 possible)
- Concept Map of unit test content (50 possible)
- Geography
- Research Project (300 possible)
- Book Review (100 possible)
- Article Review (50 possible)
- Game Creation (200 possible)
- Unit Test (100 possible)
- Concept Map of unit test content (50 possible

#### **Economics**

- Research Project (300 possible)
- Book Review (100 possible)
- Article Review (50 possible)
- Game Creation (200 possible)
- Unit Test (100 possible)
- Concept Map of unit test content (50 possible)

#### Culture

- Research Project (300 possible)
- Book Review (100 possible)
- Article Review (50 possible)
- Game Creation (200 possible)
- Unit Test (100 possible)
- Concept Map of unit test content (50 possible)

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Appropriate Use of Media/Technology
- Effective Time Management
- Positive Classroom Behavior
- Recognize strengths/weaknesses in self
- Effective Communication

- Demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings and situations
- Respect and Empathy for others
- Active Listening and respectful communication skills

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

 Could work with music or art teachers to study the contemporary art that was popular at the time and explain how it reflected society as a whole. Could work with the PE teacher to replicate and teach other students the games that were popular among children during the time period.

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

• Library-Media Specialist; Art; Music; Dance; PE

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

 This instructional framework could cover a significant period of time. It could be modified by reducing the number of points needed/offered. You could also scaffold this by giving more specific topics for each of the main categories or by providing certain resources to students thus limiting the scope of each activity.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

 Could include: Research paper, video, podcast, timeline, prototype, model, digital story, multimedia presentation, newscast, music, blog, etc.

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

On-site considerations would include access to the library, primary source documents via the internet, other internet research availability and/or sources distributed by the teacher for some topics/areas within the larger subject of Colonial America. Class time would be used for direct instruction (lecture), research by individual students, creation

of the final products that show mastery. Could also include time for peer critique and feedback.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

Consideration would have to be given to the accessibility of internet resources for research purposes. Students without internet access at home could use on-site time for research and creation of products to show mastery of the competencies. On-site time would best be used for group activities and discussion of the particular topics of government, geography, economics and culture. It would also be necessary for teachers to meet with students (especially those without regular internet access) to give feedback on the progress and help guide their research in the proper direction.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

Access to research and project creation tools would be of primary concern during remote learning. It may be necessary to provide hard copies of sources and documents to students that have no, or limited, access to the internet. Meetings in small groups or individually with students via technology would help to provide feedback on product, maintain progress toward completion and allow for discussion of challenging content. Students would be able to either share their work with their peers via technology, or perhaps there could be a class webpage or google document where student work could

be displayed and shared. This could also be shared with families and other stakeholders. Lectures and other direct instruction could be provided asynchronously online, or during "Zoom" type meetings.

#### **Scavenger Hunt Project**

Competency Codes Addressed:
HGSS MS 1.1, HGSS MS 1.3, HGSS MS 2.4, HGSS
MS 3.5, HGSS MS 5.4
ELA MS 1.1, ELA MS 4.1, ELA MS 1.9
SCI MS 7.3, SCI MS 8.2, SCI MS 10.2, SCI MS 9.1
SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD. MS 3, SECD.MS 4, SECD.MS 6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Using prior knowledge
- Research skills
- Problem-solving
- Quality note taking
- Collaboration
- Public speaking

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Appropriate Use of Media/Technology
- Effective Time Management
- Positive Classroom Behavior
- Recognize strengths/weaknesses in self
- Effective Communication
- Demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings and situations
- Respect and Empathy for others
- Active Listening and respectful communication skills

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- ELA/ HGSS Excerpts from articles, textbooks, magazines, newspapers, etc.
- HGSS and Science Excerpts from articles, textbook, magazine, newspaper, etc.
- HGSS and Music music from a given time period
- HGSS and Art artwork and artists from a given time period

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- SPED
- ELL
- ELA
- Science
- Music
- Art
- Technology

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Read, discuss and research a time period in history or an era
- Students find articles, stories, music, artifacts from that time period
- Demonstrate a task from the given time period
- Present your findings to class or electronically

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- In class: Create a presentation to share with the class. Use a choice board to give students options for different types of presentations. Share items you found and a task you can demonstrate.
- Digital: Create a powerpoint or slide

show. One slide for each item you located or task you can demonstrate.

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Traditional instruction over a time period using note taking, lecture, research, text, etc.

Students locate a determined number of artifacts and demonstrate a determined number of demonstrations from the time period studied.

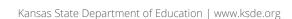
#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

In class: Instruction, note taking, lecture, research, text, etc.

Outside class: Project will be submitted via Google Slides or PowerPoint. Students will create a slideshow with one slide per entry. On each slide, they will include a selfie of themselves with the artifact, item or a self of them performing a task. Each slide can include video. Final presentation will be using zoom and share out with class.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

Project will be submitted via google slides or powerpoint. Students will create a slideshow with one slide per entry. On each slide, they will include a selfie of themselves with the artifact, item or a self of them performing a task. Each slide can include video. Final presentation will be using zoom and share out with class.



#### Museum Exhibit

Competency Codes Addressed:

ELA.MS 1.9, ELA.MS 2.3, ELA.MS 2.5, ELA.MS 2.6, ELA.MS 3.1, ELA.MS 4.1, ELA.MS 4.2, ELA.MS 4.3, ELA.MS 4.5, ELA.MS 5.1, ELA.MS 5.2, ELA.MS 5.3, ELA.MS 5.4

SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD. MS 3, SECD.MS 4 SECD.MS 5, SECD.MS 6 VA.MS 1.1, VA.MS 1.2

HGSS.MS - All

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Quality sources/credible source.
- Research writing: Note taking and organization.
- MLA formatting.
- · Work Cited page.
- Producing a well-developed argument.
- Supporting an argument with evidence from texts.
- Authentic Audience (Museum Curators if possible).
- -Students select an event or person from history, research, and create a presentation to persuade a museum to have an exhibit for that event/person because of their impact on the state/ country. Students can design the museum exhibit as well. For an authentic audience - present to local museum employees.

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Relationships with Others
- Active Listening
- Effective Communication
- Apply Empathy and Understanding to others perspectives
- Recognize strengths/weaknesses in self
- Conflict management skills
- Growth Mindset to integrate diverse points of view
- Effective Time Management

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- HGSS: the topic could be a famous person or a famous event from history or current events.
- Science: the topic could be a famous scientist, scientific discovery, or part of scientific history.
- Art: design the museum exhibit, either digitally or physically.

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- HGSS teacher
- Science teacher
- Library/Media Specialist
- Museum employees as experts and authentic audience
- Art teacher
- SPED teacher
- EL teacher

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Presearching: students gather basic information about potential research topics.
- Students select research topic/person, write research question.
  - As students research, lessons on the following topics:
  - Search techniques, including keyword searches.
  - Citing sources.
- Taking notes and avoiding plagiarism.
- Analyzing sources for credibility and relevance.
- Students research, determine their reason and evidence.
- Students prepare a showcase of student learning.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Presentation
- Video
- Write a paper
- Create a brochure
- Design the museum exhibit (virtually or physically)

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require

MPLEMENTATION - INSTRUCTIONAL EXAMPLES

additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Allow student choice in working independently or in a group, determine how much teacher guidance is necessary for topic selection. Determine how much guidance students will need to complete the research. If time or research skills are a concern, consider pre-selecting sources or sites for students to use in their research.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

- On-Site: check-ins with students, lessons on research skills, students find resources and print for home reading if applicable.
- Remote: students continue research and developing an argument, students practice or work on their showcase of learning.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

Consider student access to resources while off-site. Provide resources to students who need them.

Instruction: Lessons can be 1) filmed and uploaded to a shared platform 2) demonstrated during a live virtual lesson.

Student work: students work on their research and note-taking in Google Docs or Slides, using Google Classroom for teachers to check in frequently. Presentations can be given virtually or recorded and shared.



#### Archaeology dig

Competencies Addressed: HGSS.MS 3, HGSS.MS 4, HGSS.MS 5 ELA.MS 2.1, ELA.MS 2.5 SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD.MS 5, SECD.MS 6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Hands-on learning.
- Open-ended questions.
- Analyzing primary sources (artifacts can be bought, made, or pictures).
- Support an argument with evidence.
- Draw conclusions based on evidence.

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Accepting and Respecting Similarities and Differences.
- Growth Mindset to Integrate Diverse Points of View.
- Active Listening and Respectful Communication Skills
- Effective Time Management.
- Apply Empathy and Understanding to Others' Perspectives.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

 Art – to help students make a reproduction of an artifact, to help determine possible tools and materials that were used in making the original artifacts

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- SpEd
- FI

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Students are placed in groups and given a selection of artifacts -these can be buried in a container of sand ("dig site") or simply given to the students
- Students will choose roles (leader, digger, scribe, artisan) and then use appropriate tools to undercover the artifacts (if using a dig site; if not, adjust as needed)
- As artifacts are uncovered, students work together to fill out their "paperwork for the museum". This contains questions about what students think the artifact is for, made from, etc. It also includes areas for drawing the artifact.
- Students write questions they have about the artifacts and/or the civilization that created them.
- These questions can be used as the basis for PBL activities or for teacher directed instruction.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- This will depend on how you run the dig.
- If you use it as an introduction to a unit, the paperwork will be the end product.
- If it is used as the springboard for a driving question, the PBL will determine the end product.
- If this is used as a culminating activity, students could choose one or more related artifacts and use knowledge gained from the unit to explain its

purpose, construction, significance, etc. Students could even create a reproduction of the artifact(s) they chose.

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support. Progression Toward Mastery

#### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4.

# GRADE BAND 6-8

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

- Access to artifacts: buying, making, or borrowing items. These could be real, replicas, or something modern that students can 'imagine' are artifacts. If this isn't possible, consider printing off pictures of artifacts or collecting images onto a document.
- Dig site materials: see resources.
- Placing students into groups.
- Time for activity and clean up (you will also need to time to rebury items if you have multiple classes in one day).

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

- In class complete the dig and numbering artifacts, upload pictures of each artifact so that group members can complete paperwork at home.
- At home complete paperwork and questions.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

- Record someone digging the site and have students watch, then fill in paperwork (can collaborate on a Google Doc, break out groups on Zoom, etc.).
- Take pictures or video of artifacts from all angles and post/email for students to look over in order to complete paperwork.

#### Instructional Example:

#### **Create Commercial**

Competency Codes Addressed: ELA.MS 5.2 HGSS.MS 3.2, HGSS.MS 5.1 SCI.MS 11, SCI.MS 1, Math.MS (All competencies could be addressed) SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD.MS 3, SECD.MS 4, SECD.MS 5, SECD.MS 6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Quality sources/credible source
- Research writing: note taking and organization
- Collaboration
- Use of Technology

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Appropriate Use of Media/Technology.
- Effective Time Management.
- Positive Classroom Behavior.
- Recognize strengths/weaknesses in self.
- Effective Communication.
- Demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings and situations.
- Respect and Empathy for others.
- Active Listening and respectful communication skills.
- Identify Bullying Behavior.
- Bystander vs. Upstander.Relationships with Others.
- Conflict Management Skills.
- Appropriate and Inappropriate Uses of Social Media.
- Identify and Understand Safe and Risky

Behaviors, Including the Impact.

- Respond to Peer Pressure.
- Personal Care.
- Personal Impact on Helping Others.

#### Cross-Cirricular of Collaboration

- SPED
- Technology Instructors (computers course)
- Media Center (research/databases)
- School Counselors
- Other Content Area Teachers
- Community Members (Local TV Network)

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- SPED
- Technology Instructors (computers course)
- Media Center (research/databases)
- School Counselors
- Other Content Area Teachers
- Community Members (Local TV Network)

#### Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

- 1) Brainstorm Specific Topic, 2)
  Completed Research (Concept Flow Chart
  or notes), 3) Outline/Section Creations,
   4) First Recording/Draft, 5) Peer Editing,
  - 6) Revise 7) Finalize and Create Final Recording, 8) Publish to Community/ Stakeholders

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Digital (Google Slides, Canva, PPT, Prezi, Zoom, Google Tour)
- By Hand (physical model/representation)
- Video Creation Using Various platforms

(iMovie, FlipGrid, Loom, etc.)

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations:

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

Media Center Access, Collaboration with Educational Peers, Student access to computers and printers, Flexibility with interruptions and technology issues, sharing checked out resources/technology with fellow students, time for final presentations.

Model research process (evaluating resources, note taking, outlining, drafting, revising, etc.)

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

#### In-class:

 Teach research skills, check-ins to assess progress, instruct how to structure research and use technology appropriately.

#### Home/Digital:

 Students should complete research, outline, and revision outside the classroom. Guidance on how to do this should be provided in some form, this

- could be through handouts, Meet/Zoom Meetings, Loom videos .
- Invite parents/community members to online final presentations. Parents can also help with the editing process (with guidance).

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

- Instructional Consideration: Mini-lessons (pre-recorded videos or Zoom/Google Meet lessons).
- Student Practice: Handouts/resources are digital (such as Google Docs).
- Provide guidance for parental editing and project suggestions.
- Invite parents/stakeholders to online final presentations.
- Have weekly students check in for progress. This can be done through office hours and/or submission of homework.

GRADE BAND

6-8

#### Instructional Example:

#### **Resiliency Units**

Competency Codes Addressed: LA.MS 2 (all), ELA.MS 3 (all), ELA.MS 4 (all), ELA.MS 5 (all) HGSS.MS 1.1 SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD.MS 3, SECD.MS 4, SECD.MS 5, SECD.MS 6,

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Pre Assessment
- Model and practice skills
- Model high-quality student-to-student conversations
- Ask and answer open-ended questions
- Students participate in collaborative work with peers
- Technology Integration

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Good Character Expectations
- Appropriate Use of Media/Technology
- Effective Time Management
- Self-Regulation
- Resiliency
- Identify External Supports
- Identify Self-Help Strategies
- Identify techniques to manage stress
- Effective Communication
- Utilize External Supports to Overcome Obstacles
- Analyze factors that lead to achievements
- Respect and Empathy for Others
- Active Listening and Respectful Communication Skills

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- SECD and HGSS Research famous person and describe what experiences have caused them to be resilient
- SECD and ELA Use writing process to explain importance of growth mindset in school and life
- SECD and PE Discuss how mindfulness could be used before athletic event
- SECD and Art Create self portraits before and after using coping skills

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

 School Counselors, Technology teacher, homeroom teachers, ELA teachers, SPED teacher, PE/Art/Music teachers

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Pre-assess to determine what skill(s), ex: Emotional Regulation, Personal Safety, Problem Solving Skills, Coping Skills, Growth Mindset, Mindfulness, Self Care, Relationships with Peers, students need to work on
- Model and practice skills using minilessons, including respectful discussion skills
- Give opportunities for practicing skills using a variety of ways (role playing, centers, in class discussions, online discussions, working with a group, etc.)
- Assess understanding of skills.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Digital (Google Slides, Canva, PPT, Prezi, Zoom,Google Tour)
- By Hand (physical model/representation)
- Video Creation Using Various platforms (iMovie, FlipGrid, Loom, etc.)

#### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

- Students are going to have experienced trauma from this crisis, start with the very basics.
- Access to media center.
- Small group learning for each component.
- Individual learning/session if needed.
- Modeling research process (evaluating resources, note taking, outlining, drafting, revising, etc.).

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

- In person: Same as on-site.
- Home/digital:
- Record lessons given in person to post online for students at home.
- Check-in for understanding.

#### Remote Learning Environment

- Provide additional information/support for parents.
- Meet with small groups to allow students opportunity to practice skills.
- Instructional Consideration: Mini-lessons (pre-recorded videos or Zoom/Google Meet lessons).
- Student Practice: Handouts/resources are digital (such as Google Docs).
- Provide guidance for parental editing and project suggestions.
- Invite parents/stakeholders to online final presentations.
- Have weekly students check in for progress. This can be done through office hours and/or submission of homework.



GRADE BAND

Instructional Example:

# High-Quality Collaborative Conversations

Competency Codes Addressed: ELA.MS 1 (all), ELA.MS 2 (all), ELA.MS 3 (all), ELA.MS 4 (all)

HGSS.MS 1 (all), HGSS.MS 3 (all), HGSS.MS 4 (all) SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD.MS 3, SECD.MS 4, SECD.MS 5, SECD.MS 6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Model high-quality student-to-student conversations
- Ask and answer open-ended questions
- Students support claims by citing text evidence
- Students access complex texts
- Students participate in collaborative work with peers
- Students apply peer-led conversations to a piece of writing to showcase learning and understanding of the text/topic/ concept

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Appropriate Use of Media/Technology
- Effective Time Management
- Positive Classroom Behavior
- Recognize strengths/weaknesses in self
- Effective Communication
- Demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings and situations
- Respect and Empathy for others
- Active Listening and respectful communication skills
- Relationship with Others
- Growth Mindset to Integrate Diverse Points of View

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Social Studies Utilize articles, textbooks, magazines, newspapers, etc. connected to Social Studies content/learning
- Science Utilize articles, textbook, magazine, newspaper, etc. connected to Science content/learning

### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- Social Studies (HGSS)
- Science
- Special Education Team
- EL Support Staff
- Content PLC
- Grade-Level PLC
- Speech and Debate/Forensics

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Model cooperative learning and collaborative conversation routines
- Discuss the purpose of open-ended, textdependent questions
- Pose and respond to open-ended questions in small groups
- Students share out conversations and citation of text evidence to support responses
- Apply knowledge from student conversations and share outs to quick write about the text

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Summary of group conversations
- Small group presentations to whole class
- Individual quick writes

#### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies, and exceptions some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

• Students are able to access the text collaboratively either on paper or electronically. Students will be provided background information related to the text being accessed and will be given essential ideas/questions to consider while reading the text. This essential idea/ question will directly correlate with the text and prepare students to answer questions related to the grade-level standards. Students will access the text collaboratively as a whole group, in small groups, or indivdiually. After accessing the text, students will be provided openended questions (one at a time) related to the text and the grade-level standards being addressed. Students will respond to these questions collaboratively in small groups preparing a response to share with the whole class. Following small group discussions, a spokesperson/ representative from each group will share their group's answer to the openended question presented. Groups then respond to, ask questions of, and clarify the responses of other small groups. Students express their learning in relation to the essential idea/question in written form to illustrate their level of understanding/mastery.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

- Digital/Virtual Students are able to access the text independently either on paper or electronically. Students will be provided background information related to the text being accessed and will be given essential ideas/questions to consider while reading the text (recorded video or live virtual meeting). This essential idea/question will directly correlate with the text and prepare students to answer questions related to the grade-level standards. Students will access the text collaboratively as a whole group, in small groups, or indivdiually.
- In-Person After accessing the text, students will be provided open-ended questions (one at a time) related to the text and the grade-level standards being addressed. Students will respond to these questions collaboratively in small groups preparing a response to share with the whole class. Following small group discussions, a spokesperson/representative from each group will share their group's answer to the openended question presented. Groups then respond to, ask questions of, and clarify the responses of other small groups.
- Either Setting Students express their learning in relation to the essential idea/

question in written form to illustrate their level of understanding/mastery.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

This work is highly collaborative. In the event that it must occur in a fully remote learning environment, teachers must consider and identify ways for students to collaborate virtually with one another to ensure student learning is fully maximized. This collaboration could be done in small-group virtual meetings (breakouts following wholegroup introductions), via email between students assigned to a specific group, through a discussion board platform within a learning management system, or even within a running Google Doc. Small group size should not exceed three to five students.

#### Instructional Example:

#### **Digital Storytelling**

Competency Codes Addressed:
HGSS.MS 1.1 HGSS.MS 1.2 HGSS.MS 1. 3 HGSS.
MS 1.4 HGSS.MS 1.5 HGSS.MS 2.1 HGSS.MS 2.2
HGSS.MS 2.3HGSS.MS 2.4 HGSS.MS 2.5 HGSS.
MS 2.6 GSS.MS 3.1 HGSS.MS 3.2 HGSS.MS 3.3
HGSS.MS 3.4 HGSS.MS 3.5 HGSS.MS 3.6 HGSS.
MS 4.1 HGSS.MS 4.2 H GSS.MS 4.3 HGSS.MS 4.4
HGSS.MS 4.5 HGSS.MS 4.6 HGSS.MS 5.1 HGSS.
MS 5.2 HGSS.MS 5.3 HGSS.MS 5.4 HGSS.MS 5.5
HGSS.MS 5.6 HGSS.MS 5.7
ELA.MS 1.1 ELA.MS 1.3 ELA.MS1.5 SECD.MS 5,
SECD.MS 6
ELA.MS1.7 ELA.MS1.8 ELA.MS1.9 ELA.MS2.2 ELA.
MS2.3 ELA.MS2.4

ELA.MS2.5 ELA.MS2.6 ELA.MS 2.7 ELA.MS2.9 ELA.MS3.1 ELA.MS3.2 ELA.MS3.3 ELA.MS3.4 ELA.MS3.5 ELA.MS4.1 ELA.MS4.2 ELA.MS4.3ELA.MS4.4 SECD.MS 1, SECD.MS 2, SECD.MS 3, SECD.MS 4,

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Technology Integration
- Research and analysis skills
- Writing for a global audience
- Student Choice and Voice
- Creativity
- Celebration of student learning and success

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Appropriate Use of Media/Technology
- Effective Time Management
- Positive Classroom Behavior

- Recognize strengths/weaknesses in self
- Effective Communication
- Demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings and situations
- Respect and Empathy for others
- Active Listening and respectful communication skills
- Understand Behavioral Choices Impact Success

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Use topics from multiple disciplines to create magic in the classroom.
- Incorporate art and music from the time period.
- PE- Play games or dances unique to the era you are studying.
- Technology/ STEAM integrated into the final project

# Who might be your collaboration partners?

- HGSS teachers
- ELA teachers
- MTSS interventionist
- SPED/FL teachers
- Tech/STEAM teachers
- Tech Integration
- Music, PE and Art Teachers
- Guest Speakers from the Global Classroom

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Using choice board select project
- Research your topic
- Create a storyboard
- Establish mini deadlines for project
- Analyze and reflect on what could be improved
- Red Carpet Debut to celebrate learning

#### Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

• Student Choice and Voice Board

#### Accommodation/Modification Considerations (per KSDE guidance)

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies, and exceptions some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression Toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# Learning Environment Considerations

#### **On-Site Learning Environment**

This model is student driven. Teachers will facilitate learning by utilizing mini-lessons to establish a foundation of learning. Emphasis will be on developing or refining research skills, improving writing techniques, and empowering students to think deeply and creatively. It will be essential to frequently provide meaningful feedback and create opportunities for students to collaborate with peers. The teacher will introduce the project and then establish mini benchmarks to ensure that the students are learning, actively engaged in the process, and have the opportunity to experience educational magic through student choice and voice.

#### **Hybrid Learning Environment**

A similar process will occur as the classroom model. It will just be adapted to fit the needs of a hybrid environment. While in the classroom, teachers will facilitate learning through mini lessons on specific topics and provide feedback/reflection opportunities. While at home/away from the teacher students will work to research, create, reflect and improve their final product. This model will still be student driven. Teachers will facilitate learning by utilizing mini-lessons which can be given in person or a digital/ text resource to establish a foundation of learning. Emphasis will be on developing or refining research skills, improving writing techniques, and empowering students to think deeply and creatively. It will be essential to frequently provide meaningful feedback and create opportunities for students to collaborate with peers. The teacher will introduce the project and then establish mini benchmarks to ensure that the students are learning, actively engaged in the process, and have the opportunity to experience educational magic through student choice and voice.

#### **Remote Learning Environment**

A similar process will occur as both the classroom and hybrid models. It will just be adapted to fit the needs of a remote learning environment. Teachers will facilitate learning through mini lessons. The delivery method can vary such as presenting live on a group meeting, pre-record your lesson for students to watch later, one on one video conference or phone call, or providing a hard copy text source. These mini lessons will be short (approximately five minutes) on specific topics. While independently working students will research, analyze, create, reflect and improve their final product. This model will still be student driven. Emphasis will be on developing or refining research skills, improving writing techniques, and empowering students to think deeply and creatively. It will be essential to frequently provide meaningful feedback and create opportunities for students to collaborate with peers. The teacher will introduce the project and then establish mini benchmarks to ensure that the students are learning, actively engaged in the process, and have the opportunity to experience educational magic through student choice and voice.

NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band 9-12



| Access and Equity | 788 |
|-------------------|-----|
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| Mathematics       | 796 |
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| Career and Technical       |      |
|----------------------------|------|
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| EL Mathematics             | _875 |
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| EL Science              | 886 |
|-------------------------|-----|
| Humanities              | 889 |
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# Grade Band 912

# **Access and Equity**

We recognize that our communities are diverse and so are the needs and aspirations of the students we serve. Incorporating an access and equity lens into how you plan and deliver instruction, services, and support, not only makes it more safe, meaningful, and effective but ensures that you are doing so in a way that thoughtfully engages and includes individuals and communities who have been historically excluded. We strongly encourage you to incorporate an access and equity lens focused on all students as you incorporate the guidance contained in this document.

Grade Band
9-12

# What does the Law Require?

If a school district has elected to provide the general education curriculum this school year via multiple learning environments (e.g., on-site, hybrid, and remote), then the district must ensure that each student has equal access to the same opportunities. This includes students with disabilities and students of every race, color, and national origin. School district officials have discretion to make educational decisions based on local health needs and concerns. Compliance with national, state, and local health recommendations should not create civil rights concerns. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504) prohibits disability discrimination by schools receiving federal financial assistance. Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Title II) prohibits disability discrimination by public entities, including schools. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Title VI) prohibits race, color, and national origin discrimination by schools receiving federal funds. As school leaders respond to evolving conditions, they should be mindful of the requirements of Section 504, Title II, and Title VI, to ensure that all students are able to study and learn in an environment that is safe and free from discrimination.

School districts should continually discuss and evaluate whether any education learning environment it is implementing is discriminatory, either on its face or as implemented, results in discrimination to a specific group of students protected by federal anti-discrimination laws.

For students with disabilities and an IEP this includes a free appropriate public education (FAPE). School districts must provide a FAPE to students with disabilities and an IEP consistent with the need to protect the health and safety of students with disabilities and those individuals providing education, specialized instruction, and related services to these students. In this unique and everchanging environment, these exceptional circumstances may affect how all educational and related services and supports are provided. FAPE may include, as appropriate, special education and related services provided through an on-site learning environment, a hybrid learning environment, or a remote learning environment.

# 9-12

### What are Ways I Can Do That?

1. Establish a plan and schedule to reflect and evaluate on whether the education and services being provided are effective for diverse students. Analyze relevant data on engagement and academics to determine whether students of color, English language learners, immigrant students, students with disabilities, students who are gifted, students who qualify for free and reduced lunch, among others, are learning. This should be discussed and evaluated separately by learning environment (e.g. in-person, hybrid, and remote learning environment). If any of these groups are not succeeding within the given learning environment, the instructional approach might need to be more culturally responsive. This should be done individually, by all educators, and collectively at the building and district level on a set schedule throughout the school year. Individuals and groups should work to identify success gaps for certain students or groups or students, determine why this success gap is occurring, and action plan to mitigate the gap and prevent future gaps from occurring.

- 2. Work and study collaboratively within your building or district to understand inequity by design and its impact on student instruction. Identify resources that will be helpful to each educator and collectively, as a building and district, in confronting and addressing access and equity. This is a significant and important task and is not just accomplished by KSDE providing a few resources, but the following resources are shared as a starting point for continuing this important work within each classroom (on-site, hybrid, or remote), building, and district.
  - a. Clinton, J. (2020). Supporting Vulnerable Children in the Face of a Pandemic: A paper prepared for the Australian Government Department of Education, Skills and Employment. Centre for Program Evaluation, Melbourne Graduate School of Education, The University of Melbourne. <a href="https://www.dese.gov.au/system/files/doc/other/clinton\_supporting\_vulnerable\_children\_final.pdf">https://www.dese.gov.au/system/files/doc/other/clinton\_supporting\_vulnerable\_children\_final.pdf</a>
  - **b.** New Jersey Department of Education Internal Equity Team list of resources, <a href="https://www.nj.gov/education/equity/resources/">https://www.nj.gov/education/equity/resources/</a>
  - **c.** Culturally Reponsive Teaching and The Brain by Zaretta Hammond, <a href="https://crtandthebrain.com/">https://crtandthebrain.com/</a>
  - **d.** Coaching for Equity by Elena Aguilar (forthcoming)
  - **e.** Excellence Through Equity: Five Principles of Courageous Leadership to Guide Achievement for Every Student by Alan M. Blankstein and Pedro Noguera with Lorena Kelly

- 3. Across all learning environments, ensure educators are focused on building and maintaining relationships with students. There are many positive stories about how this occurred during continuous learning in the spring of 2020. This will be more critical as we move into the 2020–21 school year. But we can't stop at building and maintaining relationships. Educators then must use those relationships as an entry point into positive and meaningful instruction for all students.
- **4.** Maintain equitable access to your school's offered programs and practices. Implement programs and practices that provide equal access and enable all students to thrive academically, athletically, socially, and emotionally.
- 5. Demonstrate inclusive teaching and learning. Examine and revise your curriculum and teaching practices as necessary to ensure that you are effective in reaching every student. Train your teachers to recognize and to understand the range of needs, social-emotional and academic, among your students and to hone their skills in building and sustaining an inclusive classroom.

- **6.** Encourage self-reflection and exploration. Teach individuals to self-reflect, question their cultural viewpoints and assumptions, and to modify them when appropriate. Commit to exploring your school's unique cultures to better understand the encounters of people from diverse backgrounds and to challenging your own practices.
- 7. Have meaningful interaction and dialogue. Challenge everyone to interact meaningfully with the entire school community and to learn from each other, honoring differences. Create a safe environment allowing for expression of differences in ways that encourage dialogue and education rather than alienation.
- **8.** Encourage community involvement and service: Use the above practices to instill a consciousness of social justice, an ethic of citizenship, and a commitment to service. Teach and practice responsibility towards and engagement in your school, your larger community, and the world.

Grade Band
9-12

# Competencies

Kansans should be proud of everything accomplished while navigating unprecedented times and facing unique educational challenges in the response to COVID-19.

A Continuous Learning Task Force commissioned by the Kansas State Department of Education (KSDE) developed meaningful ways to help Kansas school districts successfully complete the 2019-2020 school year with social-emotional support and grace for all stakeholders among its top priorities.

As schools contemplate options and await more specific guidance for the safe return of students and staff in the fall of 2020, instructional planning within districts should include considerations for the possibility of interruptions to learning because of COVID-19. To provide resources and guidance, Kansas Commissioner of Education Dr. Randy Watson assembled the Learning for the Future Task Force. With more time to prepare, this team was charged with developing a comprehensive way to ensure academic rigor and that schools can assess student learning in meaningful and actionable ways.

What follows is the result of recent collaboration among nearly 100 Kansas teachers, administrators, service centers, educational consultants, KSDE program directors and more. The goal was to review and analyze nearly 30 years of work among current Kansas Standards and, in 30 days, develop a competency-based model in PreK-2, 3-5, 6-8 and 9-12 grade bands that is also organized by broader themes of Humanities and STEAM.

This work has the potential to change the way we meet students' needs for the next 30 years and beyond by allowing students to demonstrate mastery of their learning in a variety of ways.

In a competency-based model, students move through the curriculum in a personalized way at their own pace, which is also aligned to their individual plan of study. Students progress or advance by demonstrating mastery when they are ready, not based on seat time or calendars.

Competencies themselves are often broadly stated and may include groups of related standards within and between subject areas, resulting in an instructional learning environment that does not focus on teaching singular skills. This, in turn, provides for a variety of opportunities for students to demonstrate their learning in ways that are meaningful and relevant to them by exploring passions and asking their own questions as problem-solving prompts. To accomplish this, each student receives the differentiated support he or she needs to be successful and, after demonstrating mastery on his or her schedule, moves on to the next level.

This resource and accompanying guidance seeks to provide you and your leadership team with the foundation for planning and implementing a competency-based curriculum, instruction and assessment model for your school district, Pre-K-12, that will focus on rigor, accountability and an unwavering commitment to personalizing learning for students.

#### **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

Law, Public Safety, Corrections and **AFNR** Agriculture, Foods and Natural **LPSCS** Resources Security Architecture and Construction Media Arts AC MA BC Math **Business Career** MATH **BC.BMAE** Business Management, Manufacturing **MNFR** Administration and MUS Music Entrepreneurship Physical Education PE BC.F Finance Science SCI BC.M Marketing Earth and Space Science SCI.ESS DNC Dance Life Science SCI.LS Family and Consumer Sciences **FACS** SCI.PS Physical Science English Language Arts ELA SECD Social-Emotional Character Engineering **ENG** Development HB Health and Biosciences STM STEAM HE Health Theatre THR History, Government and Social HGSS Transportation TRAN Studies

WL

VA

#### **Grade Bands:**

| Р  | Pre-K to 2nd grade |
|----|--------------------|
| IM | 3rd to 5th grade   |
| MS | 6th to 8th grade   |
| HS | 9th to 12th grade  |

Information Technology

Humanities

HUM

ΙT

World Languages

Visual Arts

| <b>ELA Classification</b>                    | COMPETENCY   | CODE       | STANDARDS   |
|--|--|------------|---|
| Understand<br>Viewpoints                     | A successful student can work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making in order to seek to understand different viewpoints.   | ELA.HS 1.1 | SL.11-12.1, SL.11-12.4,<br>SL.11-12.6   |
| Summarization and<br>Analysis                | A successful student can provide an objective summary and analyze documents of historical and literary significance including how the text addresses related themes and concepts and how it interacts and builds on one another to produce a complex account.  | ELA.HS 2.1 | RI.11-12.9, W.11-12.7,<br>W.11-12.7, W.11-12.8,<br>W.11-12.9, RL.11-12.1,<br>RL.11-12.6, RL.11-12.9,<br>RL.11-12.13, RI.11-12.1,<br>RI.11-12.13       |
| Research Diverse<br>Perspectives             | A successful student can: Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources. Synthesize comments, claims and evidence made on all sides of an issue. , Resolve contradictions when possible. Identify fallacious reasoning, exaggerated or distorted evidence. Determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task. | ELA.HS 3.1 | RI.11-12.3, W.11-12.6,<br>SL.11-12.2, SL.11-12.5,<br>RL.11-12.2, RL.11-12.5,<br>RL.11-12.7, RL.11-12.10,<br>RI.11-12.2, RI.11-12.6,<br>RI.11-12.7     |
| Vocabulary                                   | A successful student can interpret words and phrases as they are used in text or documents, including determining technical, connotative and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.   | ELA.HS 4.1 | RI.11-12.4, SL.11-12.3,<br>SL.11-12.7, SL.11-12.8,<br>RL.11-12.4, RL.11-12.4,<br>RL.11-12.11, RL.11-12.12,<br>RI.11-12.8, RI.11-12.11,<br>RI.11-12.12 |
| Write Informative/<br>Argumentative<br>Texts | A successful student can write informative and argumentative texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization and analysis of content in order to summarize, advocate and/or solve problems.   | ELA.HS 5.1 | W.11-12.1, W.11-12.4,<br>W.11-12.5, W.11-12.10,<br>W.11-12.11, W.11-12.12,<br>RI.11-12.5, W.11-12.3   |
| Writing Techniques                           | A successful student can use a variety of writing techniques such as pacing, description, reflection and multiple plot lines to develop experiences, events, and/or characters and text structures, such as cause and effect, compare/contrast, etc. to produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization and style are appropriate to task, purpose and audience.   | ELA.HS 6.1 | W.11-12.4, W.11-12.5,<br>W.11-12.3, W.11-12.10,<br>W. 11-12.11, W.11-12.12,<br>RL.11-12.3, RI.11-12.10  |

## **HGSS**

| <b>HGSS Classification</b>                       | COMPETENCY   | CODE           | STANDARDS     |
|--|--|----------------|---------------|
| Recognizing                                      | The successful student can recognize information and concepts contained in history, government and social studies.   | HGSS.HS<br>1.1 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| Evaluating                                       | The successful student can evaluate information and concepts contained in history, government and social studies.  | HGSS.HS<br>2.1 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| Analyzing  | The successful student can analyze the context of information and concepts contained in history, government and social studies.  | HGSS.HS<br>3.1 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| Drawing Conclusions                              | The successful student can draw conclusions about information and concepts contained in history, government and social studies.  | HGSS.HS<br>4.1 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| Researching                                      | The successful student can research topics and concepts contained in history, government and social studies.   | HGSS.HS<br>5.1 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| Making Connections and Relevance                 | The successful student can make connections and find relevance between topics and concepts contained in history, government, social studies and their world.             | HGSS.HS<br>6.1 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| Making Claims and<br>Supporting with<br>Evidence | The successful student can make a claim about topics and concepts contained in history, government and social studies and support that claim with evidence and argument. | HGSS.HS<br>7.1 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |

## **Mathematics**

| Mathematics Classification | COMPETENCY   | CODE        | STANDARDS   |
|----------------------------|--|-------------|---|
| Numbers and Quantities     | A successful student can apply and interpret units while modeling problems, formulas, graphs and data to ensure a sensible outcome.  | MATH.HS 1.1 | N.Q.1, N.Q.2,<br>N.Q.3  |
| Algebra Concepts           | A successful student can:  |             |   |
|                            | <ul> <li>Write and interpret appropriate equivalent forms of an expression to explain different<br/>properties of the quantities represented in real-world context.</li> </ul> | MATH.HS 2.1 | A.SSE.1,<br>A.SSE.2,<br>A.SSE.3,<br>A.CED.4   |
|                            | Model, solve, identify, interpret and apply systems of equations/inequalities to explain authentic or hypothetical situations using math as the authority.                     | MATH.HS 2.2 | A.REI.1,<br>A.REI.2,<br>A.REI.3,<br>A.REI.5,<br>A.REI.6,<br>A.REI.9,<br>AREI.10,<br>A.CED.1,<br>A.CED.2,<br>A.CED.3                         |
| Functions                  | A successful student can solve, analyze and apply linear, quadratic, exponential functions using different representations to explain situations using math as the authority.  | MATH.HS 3.1 | F.IF.1, F.IF.2,<br>F.IF.4, F.IF.5,<br>F.IF.6, F.IF.7,<br>F.IF.8, F.IF.9,<br>F.BF.1,<br>F.BF.2,<br>F.LQE.<br>F.LQE.2,<br>A.APR.1,<br>A.APR.2 |

| Mathematics Classification | COMPETENCY   | CODE        | STANDARDS   |
|----------------------------|--|-------------|---|
| Geometry Concepts          | A successful student can:  |             |   |
|                            | <ul> <li>Apply geometric shapes, measurements and properties by validating/communicating/<br/>proving arguments and modeling to describe objects and then apply to solve and design<br/>problems.</li> </ul> | MATH.HS 4.1 | G.CO.1,<br>G.CO.2,<br>G.CO.3,<br>G.CO.4,<br>G.CO.7,<br>G.CO.8,<br>G.CO.9,<br>G.CO.10,<br>G.MG.1,<br>G.MG.2,<br>G.MG.3,<br>G.GMD.1,<br>G.GMD.2 |
|                            | <ul> <li>Use algebraic concepts by explaining arguments and creating proofs to validate<br/>geometric concepts and apply in a real-world context.</li> </ul>   | MATH.HS 4.2 | G.GPE.1,<br>G.GPE.6,<br>G.GPE.7,<br>G.GPE.8   |
|                            | Demonstrate understanding of similarity and trigonometric ratios by constructing and explaining to validate geometric concepts and apply in a real-world context.  | MATH.HS 4.3 | G.SRT.1,<br>G.SRT.2,<br>G.SRT.3,<br>G.SRT.4,<br>G.SRT.5,<br>G.SRT.6,<br>G.SRT.7,<br>G.SRT.8,<br>G.SRT.9,<br>G.C.1                             |
| Probability and Statistics | A successful student can summarize, model, interpret and predict data using different representations to make informed, justifiable decisions.   | MATH.HS 5.1 | S.ID.1,<br>S.ID.2,<br>S.ID.4, S.ID.6  |

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# Science

| Science Classification  | COMPETENCY  | CODE              | STANDARDS  |
|---|---|-------------------|--|
| Physical Science:   | A successful student can:   |                   |  |
| Structure and Properties of<br>Matter and Chemical Reactions  | <ul> <li>Apply atomic-level knowledge of the structure and properties of matter to<br/>predict and investigate the outcomes of chemical reactions in terms of both<br/>matter and energy.</li> </ul>  | SCI.PS.HS<br>1.1  | HS-PS1.1, HS-PS1.3, HS-<br>PS1.8, HS-PS2.6, HS-PS1.2,<br>HS-PS1.4, HS-PS1.5, HS-<br>PS1.6, HS-PS1.7                              |
| Forces and Interactions   | • Describe the relationships among forces and motion to predict and investigate interactions between objects within systems of objects.   | SCI.PS.HS<br>1.2  | HS-PS2.1, HS-PS2.2, HS-<br>PS2.3, HS-PS2.4, HS-PS2.5   |
| Energy and Waves  | <ul> <li>Apply knowledge of energy transfer, transformation and conservation<br/>to evaluate and question energy use and consumption on Earth, and<br/>examine waves and electromagnetic radiation as a method of sending and<br/>storing information in the 21st century to ask questions about methods of<br/>communication.</li> </ul>   | SCI.PS.HS<br>1.3  | HS-PS3.1, HS-PS3.2, HS-PS3.3, HS-PS3.4, HS-PS3.5, HS-PS4.1, HS-PS4.2, HS-PS4.3, HS-PS4.4, HS-PS4.5                               |
| Engineering Design  | <ul> <li>Use engineering design by defining and analyzing problems to develop and<br/>optimize solutions to relevant problems in p/l/&amp;es science.</li> </ul>  | SCI.PS.HS<br>1.4  | HS-ETS1.1, HS-ETS1.2, HS-<br>ETS1.3, HS-ETS1.4   |
| Life Science:   | A successful student can:   |                   |  |
| Structure and Function, Matter<br>and Energy in Organisms and<br>Ecosystems and Interdependent<br>Relationships in Ecosystems | <ul> <li>Articulate how atomic- and molecular-level structures fuel chemical reactions that support and maintain life within an organism to justify how organisms live and grow. The student also can explain, using evidence, the interaction of living and nonliving components in an environment by examining the living and nonliving components responsible for matter cycling to predict humans' effects on matter cycling OR to formulate conclusions about the importance of relationships in maintaining stable ecosystems.</li> </ul> | SCI.LS.HS<br>1.1  | HS-LS1.1, HS-LS1.2, HS-LS1.3, HS-LS1.5, HS-LS1.6, HS-LS1.7, HS-LS2.3, HS-LS2.4, HS-LS2.5, HS-LS2.6, HS-LS2.7, HS-LS2.8, HS-LS4.6 |
| Inheritance and Variation of<br>Traits and Natural Selection and<br>Evolution   | <ul> <li>Outline how genetic traits are inherited and how genetic variation is affected to apply these tenets to genetic diversity amongst a population and make informed decisions about the maintenance of genetic diversity of the species on Earth.</li> </ul>  | SCI.LS.HS<br>1.2  | HS-LS1.4, HS-LS3.1, HS-<br>LS3.2, HS-LS3.3, HS-LS4.1,<br>HS-LS4.2, HS-LS4.3, HS-<br>LS4.4, HS-LS4.5                              |
| Earth and Space Science:  | A successful student can:   |                   |  |
| Space System  | <ul> <li>Pose and evaluate arguments to explain phenomena in the universe,<br/>processes/life cycles in stars and the predictable patterns of movement of solar<br/>system objects.</li> </ul>  | SCI.ESS.HS<br>1.1 | HS-ESS1.1, HS-ESS1.2, HS-<br>ESS1.3, HS-ESS1.4   |

#### **Science Classification**

#### **COMPETENCY**

CODE

#### **STANDARDS**

History of Earth, Earth's Systems, Weather and Climate and Human Sustainability

 Communicate how the Earth's materials, features and processes have changed over time to describe and predict the effect of human activity and use of natural 1.2 resources on weather regulation, Earth systems and climate.

SCI.ESS.HS

HS-ESS1.5, HS-ESS1.6, HS-ESS2.1, HS-ESS2.2, HS-ESS2.3, HS-ESS2.5, HS-ESS2.6, HS-ESS2.7

# **Measuring Social-Emotional Character Development**

Social-emotional character development (SECD) is paramount to student learning and school improvement. When students are supported to enhance their social and emotional learning (SEL) skills, they also improve their academic and career outcomes.1

#### SECD + SEL = SEG

SECD are the Social Emotional Character Development standards for Kansas schools. SEL is the process by which children and adults learn how to understand and manage emotions, develop care and concern for others, set and achieve positive goals, and make responsible decisions. Together SECD and SEL result in SEG, social emotional growth.

Kansas schools have started to develop and track students' social and emotional learning as an indicator of student success within accountability models. In Kansas K-12 education, SECD is embedded into the Kansas Education Systems Accreditation (KESA) and Kansas School Redesign. The following information can help guide Kansas schools as they seek ways to measure that growth.

### **SEL** is Strengths Based

SEL assessment requires a strengths-based approach: that is, assessment focuses on knowledge and use of skills that are actively taught and supported in the school setting. These SEG measures and the goal of assessment is distinct from screening for risk for mental and behavioral health needs. A strengths-based approach proactively builds on the strengths and skills individuals possess to foster further development of competencies, just as educators do for any other academic content area. In parallel, the assessment of adult-driven SEL practices

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must be strengths based, focusing on methods for being proactive in holistically supporting young people's social, emotional, and academic development.

Assessment of social and emotional competencies helps paint a fuller picture of youth's capabilities and needs, while assessment of adult SE competencies and practices, as well as school climate and culture, paint a fuller picture of the support youth are given to gain and express these competencies. As widespread implementation of SEL practices gains traction, SEL data are increasingly available in multiple forms. Available data speak to culture and climate of settings, effective implementation of SEL programs and practices, and growth in individuals' development of social and emotional competencies.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Farrington et al.

<sup>2012;</sup> Gayl, 2017; Heckman, 2008; West et al.

<sup>2016).</sup> These skills may also be malleable and amenable to intervention (Durlak, Weissberg, Dymnicki, Taylor, and Schellinger, 2011; What Works Clearinghouse, 2007

#### Data and Measuring SECD

Regarding data, Kansas school communities are encouraged to:<sup>3</sup>

- Be proficient in collecting, interpreting and analyzing data;
- Utilize multiple measures;
- Implement programs that are evidenced based:
- Become aware of all the sources of data available; and
- Be able to show how intentional interventions increase skill acquisition.

Schools should capitalize on their local experts, such as counselors, social workers, school psychologists, and early childhood educators, who are uniquely trained in social emotional development and the impact of community context in nurturing development. These professionals are positioned to help educational communities build capacity in adult SEL competencies, teaching, and measuring SECD.

# Three Types of Collectable Data

There are essentially three types of increasingly rigorous SECD data that schools may collect: Process Data, Perception Data, and Outcome Data

# **PROCESS DATA:** What was done for whom?

- Evidence that the social emotional learning lessons occurred;
- How the social emotional learning lesson or activity was conducted;
- How many students were involved in core lessons (Tier 1);
- How many students also received Tier 2 or Tier 3 intervention

#### Examples of process data:

- 33 staff were trained in the ABC SEL curriculum
- 3 lessons on bullying were taught in every class, 6-8th grade;
- 98% of key elements on the lesson plan were addressed (good fidelity of implementation);
- 201 of 204 students participated in the core lesson(s) and 3 were absent;
- 15 students participated in small group assertive skills intervention as well;
- 5 students participated in Cognitive Behavioral Intervention for Trauma in Schools (CBITS)

# **PERCEPTION DATA:** What do people think they know, believe or can do? How do they feel their environment supports or impedes them?

- Measures perception of climate and culture;
- Measures what students or adults are perceived to have gained in knowledge, skills, attitudes or beliefs

#### Examples of perception data:

- 89% of students reported seeing bullying at school on the Kansas Communities That Care Survey;
- 78% of students said that adults do "nothing" or "I'm not certain" in response to bullying;
- After training, 92% of teachers said they felt confident delivering the curriculum;
- After the bullying lessons, 69% of students believed they could implement one strategy to combat bullying (student perception, belief);
- After the bullying lessons, 95% of students said bullying is unacceptable (attitude);
- After assertive skills lessons, 89%
   of teachers felt that students were
   implementing strategies to be upstanders
   and reduce bullying (teacher perception of
   student skills);
- After teaching conflict resolution lessons, 78% of teachers said they were more likely to address conflict and potential bullying situations (teacher perception of adult skills);

<sup>3</sup>Adapted from Dr. Sharon Sevier, Chair of the Board, American School Counselor Association, Rockwood R-VI School District, Lafayette High School, Missouri; Data and Advocacy: A Step by Step Approach. 2014.



**OUTCOME DATA:** What is the impact on development, learning and wellbeing? Are we seeing growth in knowledge and performance/behaviors?

- Demonstrates a change in knowledge and/or skill in action;
- Demonstrates whether the program has/has not impacted the student's ability to utilize new knowledge, attitudes, behaviors, skills;
- Demonstrates whether or not change has occurred in climate and culture

Examples of Outcome data:

- Immediate Examples (pre/post):
- Before the bullying lessons 56% of students could correctly report
  the signs of bullying and after the bullying lessons, 98% of students
  correctly reported the signs of bullying (demonstrated knowledge
  increase);
- After the bullying lessons, 95% of students effectively demonstrated one strategy to address bullying (skill performance);

Intermediate Examples (quarter/semester/year):

- "Before the bullying lessons 50 cases of bullying were reported for the quarter; after the lessons, there were only 10 cases for the quarter."
- 82% of staff showed growth on the Adult SE Competency Self-Assessment from first to second semester.
- Long-range Examples (showing impact over time, i.e. CORE data):
- "On the Kansas Communities That Care survey, 20% fewer students reported witnessing bullying this year over last year. This correlated with decreases in depression and not feeling safe at school, and an increase in average GPA for these grade levels."

# Measuring Growth: Three Key Categories of SECD Data

Social emotional growth (SEG) results from the interplay of (a) proactive teaching and learning of social emotional skills and competencies, (b) a supportive culture and climate, and (c) a clear improvement cycle used by schools. We can teach skills, but if the culture allows little opportunity for practice throughout the day, and the climate is negative and deficit-focused or we ignore addressing mental health concerns, those skills may be difficult for students to put into action. Therefore, these three key categories of SECD Data are recommended when developing a robust approach to measuring SEG locally:

- 1. **VALIDATED STRENGTHS-BASED MEASURES**. For example, these often come with an evidence-based Social Emotional Learning curriculum to show attainment of knowledge, skills and behaviors that are being taught. These measures are usually either in the form of *perception data* or *outcome data* focused on knowledge or performance of skills/behavior.
- 2. **CULTURE AND CLIMATE**. Validated School Climate Data. For example, the Kansas Communities That Care survey obtains student perception data about school climate; likewise, the Kansas Family Engagement Survey obtains caregiver *perception data* about school climate. School Culture Data is often represented by "On-Track" Indicators such as: attendance, office discipline referrals and suspensions/expulsions, and course grades. Evidence of strong implementation of SEL curriculum may also be considered in this category.
- 3. CLEAR IMPROVEMENT CYCLE DATA. A responsive school has a consistent, system-wide process for reviewing Strengths-based Skill Measures against Culture and Climate data while screening for risk to get students additional supports they may need. A clear improvement cycle results in adaptations at the individual level to support students in need, and adjustments at the systems level to ensure a healthy culture and climate that fosters equity, learning and wellbeing.

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Here is a listing of commonly collected SECD data sources and how they may relate to these three key categories.

| Commonly Collected Data <sup>4</sup>                        | SOURCES AND CATEGORY  | CATEGORY                |
|---|---|-------------------------|
| SECD/SEL skill mastery                                      | Self, Teacher, Parent, Peer or Observer Rating or Other Assessment Tools commonly provided in evidence-based SEL curricula and programs   | Strengths-based Measure |
| SEL Fidelity of Implementation and Adult Competencies tools | Commonly provided in evidence-based SEL curricula and programs  | Culture and climate     |
| Absenteeism   | School records  | Culture and climate     |
| Retention in grade  | School records  | Culture and climate     |
| Suspensions,<br>Office Discipline Referrals                 | School records  | Culture and climate     |
| Grades,<br>Academic performance                             | School records, state assessments and other content formative assessments   | Culture and climate     |
| School climate perceptions                                  | Kansas Communities That Care Survey (KCTC), Family Engagement Survey (FES) or other student, family and/or staff survey   | Culture and climate     |
| School engagement   | School Surveys or Tools, such as the KCTC or Psychological Sense of School Membership<br>Scale (PSSM)   | Culture and climate     |
| Behavioral or<br>mental health risk                         | <ul> <li>Universal Screeners, such as:</li> <li>BASC-BESS (Behavior Assessment System for Children-Behavioral and Emotional Screening System) SAEBRS (Social, Academic, Emotional Behavior Risk Screener)</li> <li>SRSS-IE (Student Risk Screening Scale – Internalizing and Externalizing)</li> <li>SDQ (Strength and Difficulties Questionnaire)</li> <li>The Ages and Stages Questionnaires (ASQ-3 and ASQ-SE2)</li> </ul> | Clear improvement cycle |
|   | <ul> <li>Mental health screeners such as:</li> <li>SCAS (Spence Children's Anxiety Scale)</li> <li>Self, Teacher, Parent, Peer or Observer Rating or Survey</li> <li>Diagnostic tools as needed</li> </ul>  |                         |

<sup>4</sup> Adapted from Hanover Research, 2018.

## Measuring Employability Skills

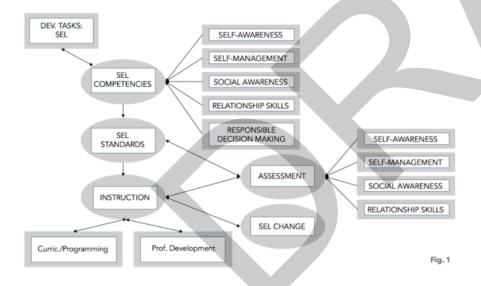
It is important that schools and districts measure the essential employability skills and knowledge that students gain from Work-Based Learning (WBL) experiences and give students an opportunity to document and reflect on their learning. The assessment and reflection process is critical in that it:

- Helps students make personal connections to their experiences.
- Guides the learning process and deepens/extends the learning from the WBL experience.
- Allows students to see how academic and technical skills are applied in authentic settings.
- Provides a tool for students to self-assess their employability skills and areas of improvement.
- Promotes the need for and completion of postsecondary training.

Additionally, measurement of student learning from WBL experiences provides schools and districts with data that inform continuous improvement of the quality of WBL experiences for all students. Schools and districts can use this data for multiple purposes aimed at improving the system at all levels. This includes measuring graduating students' career readiness; systematically determining gaps in employability skills acquisition to improve WBL experiences and academics at the student level and/or schoolwide; and reviewing the quality of WBL experiences across individual business and industry partners.

Please find the complete guide to measuring employability and work-based learning at: Measuring Employability Skills.5

How Assessing SECD/SEL Flows with the Overall SECD/SEL Program<sup>6</sup>



<sup>5</sup> https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/CSAS/CSAS%20Home/Plan\_Of\_Study/Employability%20Skills\_Measuring%20and%20Reflecting%20Student%20Learning%20062020.pdf?ver=2020-06-02-094312-770

<sup>6</sup> Denham, 2015.

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#### Resources

The following resources align with the State Board Goal of "Measuring SECD/SEL Locally" and provide examples of how to collect SECD/SEL data at the district, building and student levels.

#### Measuring SECD Toolkit<sup>7</sup>

This document summarizes examples of how to collect and utilize SECD data to drive decision making. Please check back closer to the beginning of school as it will be revised and posted.

#### Kansas Communities That Care Survey 8

The Kansas Communities That Care (KCTC) is the best tool for assessing student perceptions around SEL and all Kansas schools are encouraged to utilize it.

#### Assessment Guide for SEL (CASEL)9

CASEL is the preeminent authority for developing, implementing and measuring SFI

#### Measuring Employability Skills<sup>5</sup>

For the first time KSDE has developed a document that helps schools learn how to assess and measure student employability and work-based learning skills.

# <u>Likert Scale for SECD Student Growth</u> <u>Measure</u><sup>10</sup>

An example of how to measure individual student SECD skills.

# Reflecting on Adult SE Competencies Personal Assessment and Reflection Tool 11

This tool from CASEL provides a framework and process for staff to reflect on their own social and emotional growth.

#### Trauma-informed Toolkit<sup>12</sup>

This toolkit will help schools address trauma experienced by student, staff and families as a result of the current pandemic crisis.

Trauma, Toxic Stress, and Caregiver Well-Being: Practices for Fostering Resilience in Children/Youth and Caregivers (TASN)<sup>13</sup>
This TASN document addresses how to provide assistance for trauma, toxic stress, resilience and caregiver wellbeing.

#### KSDE/TASN Suicide Prevention/Response/ Postvention Toolkit<sup>14</sup>

Teen suicide has been an issue for Kansas schools and as a result of the current crisis has become even more so. This is a comprehensive guide for schools in how to deal with suicidal ideation.

#### National Center for School Crisis and Bereavement<sup>15</sup>

The current crisis has compounded the issues of grief and bereavement, both from typical social-emotional perspectives (i.e. student/family death) but also from current crisis perspectives (i.e. family loss of jobs, student/family displacement etc. This site addresses the many components and levels of crisis, grief and bereavement.

## Kansans Can Competency Framework<sup>16</sup> offers numerous free tools and resources.

• <u>PreK-12 College and Career Competency</u> <u>Sequence<sup>17</sup></u>

- $7 \qquad \underline{\text{https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/CSAS/Content\%20Area\%20(M-Z)/School\%20Counseling/Soc\_Emot\_Char\_Dev/Measuring\%20SECD\%20Toolkit.pdf?ver=2017-02-16-094209-983}{\text{https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/CSAS/Content\%20Area\%20(M-Z)/School\%20Counseling/Soc\_Emot\_Char\_Dev/Measuring\%20SECD\%20Toolkit.pdf?ver=2017-02-16-094209-983}{\text{https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/CSAS/Content\%20Area\%20(M-Z)/School\%20Counseling/Soc\_Emot\_Char\_Dev/Measuring\%20SECD\%20Toolkit.pdf?ver=2017-02-16-094209-983}{\text{https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/CSAS/Content\%20Area\%20(M-Z)/School\%20Counseling/Soc\_Emot\_Char\_Dev/Measuring\%20SECD\%20Toolkit.pdf?ver=2017-02-16-094209-983}{\text{https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/CSAS/Content\%20Area\%20(M-Z)/School\partials/20Area\partials/20Are$
- 8 <a href="http://kctcdata.org/">http://kctcdata.org/</a>
- 9 <u>https://measuringsel.casel.org/access-assessment-guide/</u>
- 10 https://www.ksde.org/Portals/0/CSAS/Content%20Area%20(M-Z)/School%20Counseling/Soc\_Emot\_Char\_Dev/Likert%20Scale%20for%20SECD%20Student%20Growth%20Measure.pdf?ver=2015-02-24-121600-343
- 11 https://schoolguide.casel.org/focus-area-2/learn/reflecting-on-personal-sel-skills/
- 12 https://www.transformingeducation.org/trauma-informed-sel-toolkit/
- 13 https://ksdetasn.org/smhi
- 14 https://www.ksde.org/Agency/Division-of-Learning-Services/Student-Staff-Training/Prevention-and-Responsive-Culture/Suicide-Awareness-and-Prevention/Kansas-Suicide-Prevention-Response-and-Postvention-Toolkit
- 15 <a href="https://www.schoolcrisiscenter.org/">https://www.schoolcrisiscenter.org/</a>
- 16 <a href="http://www.cccframework.org/">http://www.cccframework.org/</a>
- 17 <u>https://ksdetasn.org/competency/prek-12-kansas-competency-sequence</u>



## **SECD**

| SECD Classification             | COMPETENCY   | CODE        |
|---------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Character Development:          | A successful student can:  |             |
| Core Principles                 | <ul> <li>Recognize and exhibit appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and the impact it has on others in the<br/>virtual community.</li> </ul>                                | SECD.HS 1.1 |
|                                 | Expectations of good character in a virtual setting.   | SECD.HS 1.2 |
|                                 | <ul> <li>Hold self and others accountable appropriately for demonstrating behaviors of good character<br/>throughout all school activities and in the community.</li> </ul>    | SECD.HS 1.3 |
|                                 | • Evaluate characteristics of caring relationships, hurtful relationships and can identify trusting adults.  | SECD.HS 1.4 |
|                                 | • Utilize multiple media and technologies ethically and respectfully evaluate its effectiveness and assess its impact.   | SECD.HS 1.5 |
|                                 | • Evaluate the active listening skills of all parties involved before, after and during conversations.   | SECD.HS 1.6 |
|                                 | Conclude how to act in accordance with the principle of respect for all human beings.  | SECD.HS 1.7 |
|                                 | Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of bullying interventions and reporting strategies.   | SECD.HS 1.8 |
|                                 | <ul> <li>Appraise and evaluate behavior as relational aggression and/or bullying, and can model positive peer<br/>interactions that are void of bullying behaviors.</li> </ul> | SECD.HS 1.9 |
| Responsible Decision-Making and |  |             |
| Problem-Solving                 | <ul> <li>Evaluate situations that are safe and unsafe and how to avoid unsafe practices.</li> </ul>  | SECD.HS 2.1 |
|                                 | <ul> <li>Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills<br/>lead to goal achievement.</li> </ul>                          | SECD.HS 2.2 |
|                                 | • Recognize: How, when and who to ask for help. Can utilize resources available. Can advocate for personal needs.  | SECD.HS 2.3 |
|                                 | <ul> <li>Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible<br/>obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.</li> </ul>              | SECD.HS 2.4 |
|                                 | Analyze the purpose and impact of classroom and schoolwide activities, policies and routines.  | SECD.HS 2.5 |
|                                 | • Interpret and evaluate the importance of personal roles and responsibilities in the overall school climate.  | SECD.HS 2.6 |
|                                 | • Identify personal feelings and the feelings of others involved with a problem and apply appropriate self-regulation and empathy skills.                                      | SECD.HS 2.7 |
|                                 | • Identify, analyze and demonstrate problem-solving processes, including applying improvement strategies to future projects and situations.                                    | SECD.HS 2.8 |
|                                 | Use resiliency to reflect on past problems, identify ways to improve and implement change.   | SECD.HS 2.9 |

**SECD Classification COMPETENCY** CODE Personal Development: A successful student can: Self-Awareness Analyze complex emotions and effective behavioral responses. SECD.HS 3.1 Recognize direct and indirect positive and negative reactions to emotions and stress (for example, SECD.HS 3.2 fight or flight response; voice volume; tonal quality; shallow/rapid breathing; rapid heart rate; crossed arms; facial distortions; sweating;, substance abuse; insomnia; social withdrawal; depression; socially inappropriate displays of emotion; bullying; and risk-taking behaviors). SECD.HS 3.3 Evaluate the effects of various personal qualities (for example, honesty and integrity). Evaluate external supports and resources for problem-solving (additional print and electronic resources SECD.HS 3.4 or specific subject problem solving models). Evaluate how behavior choices affect goal success. SECD.HS 3.5 Analyze self-reflection, self-enhancement, self-preservation and self-help strategies. SECD.HS 3.6 Identify and evaluate techniques to successfully manage emotions, stress, personal care and maintain Self-Management SECD.HS 4.1 confidence. Analyze the accuracy of facts/information/interpretation and evaluate logical and emotional appeals. SECD.HS 4.2 Apply effective listening skills in a variety of settings and situations and recognize barriers to effective SECD.HS 4.3 listening. Analyze the consequences/outcomes of logical fallacies, bias, hypocrisy, contradiction ambiguity, SECD.HS 4.4 distortion and rationalization. Analyze civil/democratic, environmental and personal responsibilities to self and others (for example, SECD HS 4.5 friends, family, school, community, state, country, culture and world). Demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings, contexts and situations. SECD.HS 4.6 • Predict the potential outcome of impulsive behavior. SECD.HS 4.7 • Evaluate factors, like personal habits and meaningful practice, and how those factors lead to the SECD.HS 4.8 achievement of school and personal goals. Analyze and activate strategies used previously to overcome obstacles. SECD.HS 4.9

| SECD Classification  | COMPETENCY  | CODE        |
|----------------------|---|-------------|
| Social Development:  | A successful student can:   |             |
| Social Awareness     | • Evaluate a range of emotions in others based on verbal and nonverbal cues in different situations.  | SECD.HS 5.1 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Practice empathy for others and can differentiate between the factual and emotional content of a<br/>person's communication.</li> </ul>  | SECD.HS 5.2 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Challenge personal perspective with cognitive dissonance to enhance a growth mindset and recognize<br/>how personal perspective and biases impact interactions with others.</li> </ul> | SECD.HS 5.3 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Evaluate how advocacy for the rights of others contributes to the common good.</li> </ul>  | SECD.HS 5.4 |
| Interpersonal Skills | • Engage in coregulation to create positive group dynamics, and evaluate how societal and cultural norms and mores affect personal interactions, decisions and behaviors.                       | SECD.HS 6.1 |
|                      | • Respond appropriately when self and/or others are threatened with physical or emotional harm.   | SECD.HS 6.2 |
|                      | • Present oneself professionally and exhibit proper etiquette, as well as practices constructive strategies in social and other media.  | SECD.HS 6.3 |
|                      | Identify consequences of safe and risky behaviors.  | SECD.HS 6.4 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Practice refusal strategies and reporting of unhealthy behaviors and relationships.</li> </ul>   | SECD.HS 6.5 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Practice strategies for maintaining self-regulation and positive relationships.</li> </ul>   | SECD.HS 6.6 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Define the impact of social media on reputation and relationships.</li> </ul>  | SECD.HS 6.7 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Develop an understanding of relationships within the context of networking and careers.</li> </ul>   | SECD.HS 6.8 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Apply effective and appropriate conflict resolution and mediation skills to prevent and resolve conflict in<br/>a constructive manner.</li> </ul>                                      | SECD.HS 6.9 |

# **Humanities**

Academic subject areas that describe, study or inform the human experience, which includes, but is not limited to, literature, history, philosophy, visual arts and performing arts.

| <b>Humanities Classification</b>            | COMPETENCY  | CODE       |
|---|---|------------|
| Communicating Effectively and Appropriately | A successful student can effectively and appropriately communicate their beliefs, ideas and emotions to different audiences in a number of ways.  | HUM.HS 1.1 |
| Thinking Critically                         | A successful student can apply empathy, creativity, critical thinking and problem-solving skills to contemporary social issues using past learning, literacy practices, multiple perspectives and metacognitive strategies. | HUM.HS 2.1 |
| Life Experiences and Decision<br>Making     | A successful student can apply their life experiences, knowledge and skills to make individual decisions or to participate in group decision-making that is intended to improve their lives and the lives of others.        | HUM.HS 3.1 |
| Supporting a Claim with Evidence            | A successful student can critique and analyze literature, history, art and the humanities and make a claim and support the claim with evidence and argument.  | HUM.HS 4.1 |
| Building Meaning                            | A successful student can build meaning from life and literacy experiences and work with others to support positions or propose solutions to cultural dilemmas.  | HUM.HS 5.1 |
| Critiquing and Analyzing                    | A successful student can comprehend, analyze and critique literature, art and complex discipline specific texts.  | HUM.HS 6.1 |

## **STEAM**

Academic subject areas that facilitate inquiry, creation and analysis, which includes, but is not limited to, science, technology, engineering, the arts and mathematics. Arts integration enhances expression, dialogue and critical thinking.

| STEAM Classification               | COMPETENCY  | CODE       |
|------------------------------------|---|------------|
| Construct and<br>Utilize Models    | A successful student can construct, manipulate and use models and/or artifacts by using the appropriate tools to understand, refine, solve and evaluate problems and/or solutions.  | STM.HS 1.1 |
| Analyzing and<br>Interpreting Data | A successful student can analyze and interpret data by critically reviewing and evaluating information and making use of structures to generate new findings that can be communicated within and outside of their discipline. | STM.HS 2.1 |
| Communication and Collaboration    | A successful student can engage in collaborative discourse by constructing clear communication and/or arguments related to the subject matter to convey findings and present understandings with evidence.                    | STM.HS 3.1 |
| Problem Solving and Application    | A successful student can persevere in solving problems by making sense of, and defining, problems and asking questions to apply learning through the planning and carrying out of investigations or inquiries.                | STM.HS 4.1 |

# GRADE BAND 9-12

# **Specials**

| <b>Specials Classification</b>                     |   | CODE           | STANDARDS |
|--|---|----------------|-----------|
| Agriculture  | A successful student can:   |                |           |
| Agriculture, Foods<br>and Natural Resources (AFNR) | • Analyze how issues, trends, technologies and public policies impact systems in the Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources (AFNR) Career Cluster.   | AFNR.HS<br>1.1 |           |
|  | • Evaluate the nature and scope of the AFNR Career Cluster and the role of AFNR in society and the economy.   | AFNR.HS<br>2.1 |           |
|  | • Examine and summarize the importance of health, safety and environmental management systems in AFNR workplaces.   | AFNR.HS<br>3.1 |           |
|  | Demonstrate stewardship of natural resources in AFNR activities.  | AFNR.HS<br>4.1 |           |
|  | • Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the AFNR Career Pathways.   | AFNR.HS<br>5.1 |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Analyze the interaction among AFNR systems in the production, processing and management of food,<br/>fiber and fuel and the sustainable use of natural resources.</li> </ul>       | AFNR.HS<br>6.1 |           |
| Architecture and                                   |   |                |           |
| Construction                                       | A successful student can:   |                |           |
|  | • Use vocabulary, symbols and formulas common to architecture and construction.   | AC.HS 1.1      |           |
|  | Use architecture and construction skills to create and manage a project.  | AC.HS 2.1      |           |
|  | • Comply with regulations and applicable codes to establish and manage a legal and safe workplace.  | AC.HS 3.1      |           |
|  | • Evaluate the nature and scope of the Architecture and Construction Career Cluster and the role of architecture and construction in society and the economy.                               | AC.HS 4.1      |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Describe the roles, responsibilities and relationships found in the architecture and construction trades<br/>and professions, including labor/management relationships.</li> </ul> | AC.HS 5.1      |           |
|  | Read, interpret and use technical drawings, documents and specifications to plan a project.   | AC.HS 6.1      |           |
|  | • Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the Architecture and Construction Career Pathways.  | AC.HS 7.1      |           |

| Specials Classification                    |  | CODE               | STANDARDS 🗀 |
|--|--|--------------------|-------------|
| Business Career Field<br>Competencies      | A successful student can:  |                    | OMPETENCI   |
| Business Management,<br>Administration and | • Investigate the impact of economics, economic systems and entrepreneurship on careers and business   | BC.BMAE.<br>HS 1.1 | PET         |
| Entrepreneurship                           | • Investigate, create and implement solutions in managing effective business customer relationships.   | BC.BMAE.<br>HS 1.2 | W<br>O<br>O |
| Finance                                    | • Connect and apply mathematical concepts, tools, strategies and systems to plan, monitor, manage and maintain the use of financial resources.   | BC.F.HS<br>1.1     | ALS         |
| Marketing                                  | Create marketing strategies and processes to determine and meet client needs and wants.  | BC.M.HS<br>1.1     | SPECIALS    |
| Dance                                      | A successful student can:  |                    |             |
| Explore, Plan and Revise                   | • Communicate learning through creative movement by applying dance skills and language to Explore, Plan and Revise learning through dance by exploring, planning, and revising ideas.  | DNC.HS<br>1.1      |             |
|  | • Communicate learning through creative movement by applying dance skills and language to Explore, Plan and Revise learning through dance by refining and completing ideas.  | DNC.HS<br>1.2      |             |
| Expression, Embodiment and Presentation    | • Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and understanding of how dance communicates through Expression, Embodiment and Presentation of their artistic ideas and work for presentation by analyzing, interpreting and selecting dance works for presentation.                         | DNC.HS<br>2.1      |             |
|  | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and understanding of how dance communicates through<br/>Expression, Embodiment and Presentation of their artistic ideas and work for presentation by realizing,<br/>developing, and refining dance works for presentation.</li> </ul> | DNC.HS<br>2.2      |             |
| Analyzing, Interpreting and Critiquing     | • Respond to dance by Analyzing, Interpreting and Critiquing how artworks convey meaning by perceiving and analyzing dance.  | DNC.HS<br>3.1      |             |
|  | <ul> <li>Respond to dance by Analyzing, Interpreting and Critiquing how artworks convey meaning by<br/>interpreting intent and meaning of dance.</li> </ul>  | DNC.HS<br>3.2      |             |
|  | <ul> <li>Respond to dance by Analyzing, Interpreting and Critiquing how artworks convey meaning by applying<br/>criteria to artistic work.</li> </ul>  | DNC.HS<br>3.3      |             |

| <b>Specials Classification</b> |  | CODE           | STANDARDS |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------|-----------|
| Engineering                    | A successful student can:  |                |           |
|                                | Use STEM concepts and processes to solve problems involving design and/or production.  | ENG.HS<br>1.1  |           |
|                                | Display and communicate STEM information.  | ENG.HS<br>2.1  |           |
|                                | Apply processes and concepts for the use of technological tools in STEM.   | ENG.HS<br>3.1  |           |
|                                | Apply the elements of the design process.  | ENG.HS<br>4.1  |           |
|                                | Apply the knowledge learned in STEM to solve problems.   | ENG.HS<br>5.1  |           |
|                                | Apply the knowledge learned in the study of STEM to provide solutions to human and societal problems in an ethical and legal manner.   | ENG.HS<br>6.1  |           |
| Family and Consumer            |  |                |           |
| Sciences (FACS)                | A successful student can:  |                |           |
| Wellness                       | <ul> <li>Solve practical problems using communication, conflict resolution and empathy skills in personal and<br/>FCS career applications.</li> </ul>  | FACS.HS<br>1.1 |           |
|                                | <ul> <li>Produce healthy and nutritious food products that align to family needs and/or industry standards with<br/>sound food safety and sanitation practices demonstrated.</li> </ul>                  | FACS.HS<br>1.2 |           |
|                                | • Enhance the wellness in others through role modeling and career roles and responsibilities (i.e. Family, community and work settings).   | FACS.HS<br>1.3 |           |
| Sustainability                 | <ul> <li>Analyze current and innovative ways to practice financial and social responsibility through family,<br/>community and work-related decision-making.</li> </ul>                                  | FACS.HS<br>2.1 |           |
| Global Connectiveness          | <ul> <li>Compare and contrast benefits and challenges of global interactions when solving issues related to food, clothing, shelter, etc.</li> <li>to meet family and related industry needs.</li> </ul> | FACS.HS<br>3.1 |           |
| Technology                     | • Examine the role of technology and equipment to improve the quality of life of individuals and families, be they his or her own or those supported through related services.                           | FACS.HS<br>4.1 |           |
|                                | <ul> <li>Demonstrate appropriate and safe use of technology and equipment aligned to KS FCS field career<br/>applications.</li> </ul>  | FACS.HS<br>4.2 |           |

| <b>Specials Classification</b> |   | CODE           | STANDARDS 🖺      |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------|------------------|
| Community                      | <ul> <li>Organize, implement and evaluate a plan to improve the local community by applying sound FCS related<br/>technical knowledge, skills and practices to meet (a) selected human need(s) (i.e. Parenting, lifespan<br/>human interactions, geriatric services, community resource support, and careers working in people<br/>centered fields).</li> </ul> | FACS.HS<br>5.1 | O<br>N<br>L<br>L |
| Health                         | A successful student can:   |                | A<br>W<br>O      |
| Health Competencies            | • Comprehend concepts related to health promotion and disease prevention to enhance health.   | HE.HS 1.1      | Ō                |
|                                | • Analyze the influence of family, peers, culture, media, technology, and other factors on health behaviors.  | HE.HS 2.1      | $\cup$           |
|                                | • Demonstrate the ability to access valid information, products, and services to enhance health.  | HE.HS 3.1      | $\sim$           |
|                                | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to use interpersonal communication skills to enhance health and avoid or<br/>reduce health risks.</li> </ul>   | HE.HS 4.1      | PECIAL           |
|                                | Demonstrate the ability to use decision-making skills to enhance health.  | HE.HS 5.1      | Щ                |
|                                | Demonstrate the ability to use goal-setting skills to enhance health.   | HE.HS 6.1      | S                |
|                                | • Demonstrate the ability to practice health-enhancing behaviors and avoid or reduce health risks.  | HE.HS 7.1      |                  |
|                                | • Demonstrate the ability to advocate for personal, family, and community health.   | HE.HS 8.1      |                  |
| Health and Biosciences         | A successful student can:   |                |                  |
| Creative and Critical Thinking | Work creatively with others to develop solutions, products and services.  | HB.HS 1.1      |                  |
| Communication                  | • Apply concepts of effective verbal and nonverbal communication in the healthcare industry.  | HB.HS 2.1      |                  |
| Safety                         | Analyze environmental safety practices within the healthcare setting.   | HB.HS 3.1      |                  |

Teamwork

• Develop innovative solutions and initiatives as part of a diverse team.

HB.HS 4.1



| Specials Classification                      |   | CODE      | STANDARDS |
|--|---|-----------|-----------|
| Health Information for Healthcare            | Apply basic computer literacy skills to health science occupations.   | HB.HS 5.1 |           |
| Information<br>Technology                    | A successful student can:   |           |           |
| Graphic Design and<br>Digital Communications | • Demonstrate an understanding of graphic design elements and principles by creating a graphic design project portfolio of collected or self-created graphic design projects. | IT.HS1.1  |           |
| <u> </u>                                     | • Demonstrate an understanding of ethical and legal issues associated with copyright law and intellectual property.   | IT.HS 1.2 |           |
| Computer Science                             | • Compare levels of abstraction and interactions between application software, system software and hardware layers.   | IT.HS 2.1 |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Create prototypes that use algorithms to solve computational problems by leveraging prior student<br/>knowledge and personal interests.</li> </ul>                   | IT.HS 2.2 |           |
| Information Technology                       | <ul> <li>Evaluate the scalability and reliability of networks by describing the relationship between routers,<br/>switches, servers, topology and addressing.</li> </ul>      | IT.HS 3.1 |           |

CODE

Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security

**Specials Classification** 

A successful student can-

| F | successful student can.  |                 |
|---|--|-----------------|
| • | Formulate ideas, proposals and solutions to ensure effective and efficient delivery of law, public safety, corrections and/or security services.   | LPSCS.HS<br>1.1 |
| • | Assess and implement measures to maintain safe and healthy working conditions in a law, public safety, corrections and/or security environment.  | LPSCS.HS<br>2.1 |
| • | State the rationale for various rules and laws designed to promote safety and health in the workplace.   | LPSCS.HS<br>3.1 |
| • | Analyze the various laws, ordinances, regulations and organizational rules that apply to careers in law, public safety, corrections and security.  | LPSCS.HS<br>4.1 |
| • | Describe various career opportunities and means to those opportunities in each of the Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security Career Pathways.  | LPSCS.HS<br>5.1 |
| • | Analyze the nature and scope of the Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security Career Cluster and the role law, public safety, corrections and security play in society and the economy. | LPSCS.HS<br>6.1 |

| Specials Classification                |   | CODE           | STANDARDS |
|--|---|----------------|-----------|
| Manufacturing                          | A successful student can:   |                |           |
| 5                                      | • Evaluate the nature and scope of the Manufacturing Career Cluster and the role of manufacturing in society and in the economy.  | MNFR.HS<br>1.1 |           |
|  | Analyze and summarize how manufacturing businesses improve performance.   | MNFR.HS<br>2.1 |           |
|  | • Comply with federal, state and local regulations to ensure worker safety and health and environmental work practices.   | MNFR.HS<br>3.1 |           |
|  | • Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the Manufacturing Career Pathways.  | MNFR.HS<br>4.1 |           |
|  | Describe government policies and industry standards that apply to manufacturing.  | MNFR.HS<br>5.1 |           |
|  | Demonstrate workplace knowledge and skills common to manufacturing.   | MNFR.HS<br>6.1 |           |
| Media Arts                             | A successful student can:   |                |           |
| Conceive, Develop and<br>Construct     | <ul> <li>Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific media arts form to Conceive,<br/>Develop, and Construct artistic ideas and work by generating, conceptualizing, and organizing media<br/>arts ideas.</li> </ul>   | MA.HS 1.1      |           |
|  | • Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific media arts form to Conceive, Develop, and Construct artistic ideas and work by refining and completing media ideas.  | MA.HS 1.2      |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific media arts form to Conceive,<br/>Develop, and Construct artistic ideas and work by reflecting upon the process, refining and continuing<br/>artistic ideas.</li> </ul>                                  | MA.HS 1.3      |           |
| Integration, Practice and Presentation | • Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the media arts communicate through their Integration, Practice and Presentation of their artistic ideas and work by analyzing, interpreting, and selecting artistic works for presentation.                        | MA.HS 2.1      |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the media arts communicate<br/>through their Integration, Practice and Presentation of their artistic ideas and work by realizing,<br/>developing, and refining artistic works for presentation.</li> </ul> | MA.HS 2.2      |           |
|  |   |                |           |

| Specials Classification                   |  | CODE      | STANDARDS 🖺 |
|---|--|-----------|-------------|
| Perceiving, Interpreting and Evaluating   | <ul> <li>Respond to the media arts by Perceiving, Interpreting and Evaluating how media artworks convey<br/>meaning by perceiving and analyzing the media.</li> </ul>  | MA.HS 3.1 | O<br>Z      |
| Ç   | <ul> <li>Respond to the media arts by Perceiving, Interpreting and Evaluating how media artworks convey<br/>meaning by interpreting intent and meaning of media artworks.</li> </ul>   | MA.HS 3.2 | )ETI        |
|   | <ul> <li>Respond to the media arts by Perceiving, Interpreting and Evaluating how media artworks convey<br/>meaning by applying criteria to evaluating media artworks.</li> </ul>  | MA.HS 3.3 | W O         |
| Synthesizing and<br>Relating - Media Arts | • Connect personal meaning and external context to the media arts by Synthesizing and Relating through and during the art-making process by synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to artistic ideas and artistic work.   | MA.HS 4.1 | ALS (       |
|   | • Connect personal meaning and external context to the media arts by Synthesizing and Relating through and during the art-making process by applying societal, cultural, and historical contexts to artistic ideas and artistic work.  | MA.HS 4.2 | SPECL       |
|   | <ul> <li>Connect personal meaning and external context to dance by Synthesizing and Relating to works of dance through and during the learning process by synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to dance applying societal, cultural, and historical contexts to dance ideas and artistic work.</li> </ul> | MA.HS 4.3 | O1          |

| Specials Classification                              |   | CODE          | STANDARDS |
|--|---|---------------|-----------|
| Music  | A successful student can:   |               |           |
| Imagine, Plan and Make                               | <ul> <li>Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of music to Imagine, Plan and Make<br/>musical ideas and work by generating, developing and organizing musical ideas</li> </ul>   | MUS.HS<br>1.1 |           |
| Evaluate, Refine<br>and Present                      | <ul> <li>Create by applying the skills and language of music to Evaluate, Refine and Present musical ideas and<br/>work by reflecting upon and refining musical ideas and work</li> </ul>   | MUS.HS<br>2.1 |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Create by applying the skills and language of music to Evaluate, Refine and Present musical ideas and<br/>work by presenting original musical ideas and work</li> </ul>  | MUS.HS<br>2.2 |           |
| Selection, Analysis, and<br>Interpretation           | • Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate musical ideas and work through Selection, Analysis and Interpretation by selecting musical works based on interest, knowledge, technical skill and context                                | MUS.HS<br>3.1 |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate musical ideas and work through<br/>Selection, Analysis and Interpretation by analyzing the structure and context of musical works</li> </ul>                                       | MUS.HS<br>3.2 |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate musical ideas and work through<br/>Selection, Analysis and Interpretation by developing personal interpretations of musical works</li> </ul>                                       | MUS.HS<br>3.3 |           |
| Rehearsing, Evaluating,<br>Refining and Performing   | • Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate through the process of Rehearsing, Evaluating, Refining and Performing musical works by evaluating and refining personal and ensemble performances.                                       | MUS.HS<br>4.1 |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate through the process of Rehearsing,<br/>Evaluating, Refining and Performing musical works by performing expressively and accurately with<br/>appropriate interpretation.</li> </ul> | MUS.HS<br>4.2 |           |
| Selecting, Analyzing,<br>Interpreting and Evaluating | • Respond to music by Selecting, Analyzing, Interpreting and Evaluating how music conveys meaning by selecting musical works for a variety of purposes.   | MUS.HS<br>5.1 |           |
|  | • Respond to music by Selecting, Analyzing, Interpreting and Evaluating how music conveys meaning by perceiving and analyzing musical works.  | MUS.HS<br>5.2 |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Respond to music by Selecting, Analyzing, Interpreting and Evaluating how music conveys meaning by<br/>interpreting intent and meaning of musical works, applying criteria to evaluating musical works.</li> </ul>                                     | MUS.HS<br>5.3 |           |
| Connect  | <ul> <li>Connect personal meaning and external context to music through and during the music learning<br/>process by synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to musical ideas and work.</li> </ul>  | MUS.HS<br>6.1 |           |
|  | <ul> <li>Connect personal meaning and external context to music through and during the music learning<br/>process by applying societal, cultural, and historical contexts to musical ideas and work.</li> </ul>   | MUS.HS<br>6.2 |           |

| Specials Classification                       |   | CODE      | STANDARDS                 | ES                |
|---|---|-----------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| PE  | A successful student can:   |           |                           |                   |
| Lifetime and Fitness<br>Activities            | <ul> <li>Throw an object, demonstrating a mature motor pattern to a moving target in offensive and defensive<br/>situations, and catch an object, demonstrating a mature motor pattern in offensive and defensive<br/>situations.</li> </ul>  | PE.HS 1.1 | S1.H1                     | SPECIALS COMPETEN |
|   | <ul> <li>Strike an object, demonstrating a mature motor pattern while under control to change its direction in<br/>drills and lead-up games and volley an object, demonstrating a mature motor pattern with a forearm<br/>pass, and/or set while under control in lead-up games.</li> </ul>                               | PE.HS 1.2 | S1. H1                    | COMF              |
|   | • Dribble with hands, demonstrating a mature motor pattern using control while changing speeds and directions in drills and lead-up games.  | PE.HS 1.3 | S1. H1                    | LS (              |
|   | <ul> <li>Dribble with feet, demonstrating a mature motor pattern, using control while changing speeds and<br/>directions in drills or lead-up games.</li> </ul>   | PE.HS 1.4 | S1. H1                    | ECIA<br>ECIA      |
| Dance and Rhythms                             | • Demonstrate a variety of complex rhythmic movements with or without a leader and create a routine independently, with a partner or a small group.   | PE.HS 2.1 | S1. H2                    | SPE               |
|   | Choreograph a dance or give a performance.  | PE.HS 2.2 | S1. H2                    |                   |
| Movement Concepts and Knowledge               | • Create a practice plan to improve performance for self-selected skills while applying terminology related with exercise and participation in activity.  | PE.HS 3.1 | S2. H1,H3                 |                   |
| Ü   | • Use movement concepts and principles to analyze and improve performance of self and/or others in a selected skill.  | PE.HS 3.2 | S2.H2                     |                   |
|   | • Use strategies and tactics effectively during game play in net/wall and/or target games.  | PE.HS 3.3 | S2. H5                    |                   |
| Wellness                                      | • Develop and implement a fitness plan using the five health-related components of fitness while working in their target heart rate zone to improve their health; Using a variety of activities; and using available technology to self-monitor aerobic intensity.  | PE.HS 4.1 | S3. H7, H8,<br>H9, H10    |                   |
|   | <ul> <li>Create three short-term goals to support one long-term goal related to the five health-related<br/>components of fitness, and incorporate a plan that includes activities for improvement, log of activities<br/>and timeline for improvement</li> </ul>   | PE.HS 4.2 | S3. H11,<br>H12           |                   |
|   | • Design and implement a nutrition plan to maintain an appropriate energy balance for a healthy, active lifestyle and create a snack plan for before, during and after exercise that addresses nutrition needs for each phase.  | PE.HS 4.3 | S3. H8, H13               |                   |
|   | • Identify stress-management strategies (relaxation techniques, deep breathing, aerobic exercise, etc.) To reduce stress in order to respond to stress using appropriate methods and apply stress-management strategies (mental imagery, meditation, relaxation techniques, etc.) To reduce stress.                       | PE.HS 4.4 | S3. H14                   |                   |
| Responsibility and Value of Physical Activity | <ul> <li>Participate safely and appropriately; show respect to equipment, facilities, self and others; understand the rules and etiquette for physical activity and games while responding appropriately to conflict or feedback; encourage classmates of varying skill levels; and participate cooperatively.</li> </ul> | PE.HS 5.1 | S4. H1, H2,<br>H3, H4, H5 |                   |
|   | <ul> <li>Respect differences between self and others; examine moral and ethical conduct in specific competitive<br/>situations; be a leader in physical activity settings; and accept other's cultural diversity and body types by<br/>working with others.</li> </ul>  | PE.HS 5.2 | S4. H1, H2,<br>H3, H4, H5 |                   |
| Variable Description I.                       | DDAFT 2.07/00/2000  |           | 010                       |                   |

# 9-12

| <b>Specials Classification</b>                             |  | CODE       | STANDARDS             |
|--|--|------------|-----------------------|
|  | • Analyze the health benefits of self-selected lifetime physical activities using resources (technology, fliers, ads, etc.) Within the community.  | PE.HS 5.3  | S5. H1, H2,<br>H3, H4 |
|  | <ul> <li>Choose activities that are appropriately challenging for an individual; identify the uniqueness of creative<br/>dance as a means of self-expression; and evaluate opportunities for social interaction and social<br/>support in a self-selected physical activity or dance.</li> </ul> | PE.HS 5.4  | S5. H1, H2,<br>H3, H4 |
| Theatre  | A successful student can:  |            |                       |
| Envisioning, Conceptualizing,<br>Developing and Rehearsing | <ul> <li>Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of theatre through Envisioning,<br/>Conceptualizing, Developing and Rehearsing artistic ideas and work by envisioning, conceptualizing and<br/>organizing artistic ideas.</li> </ul>   | THR.HS 1.1 |                       |
|  | <ul> <li>Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of theatre through Envisioning,<br/>Conceptualizing, Developing and Rehearsing artistic ideas and work by refining and completing artistic<br/>ideas.</li> </ul>   | THR.HS 1.2 |                       |
| Selection, Preparation,<br>Sharing and Presentation        | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how theatre communicates through<br/>Selection, Preparation, Sharing and Presentation of their artistic ideas and work by reflecting,<br/>interpreting and selecting artistic works for presentation.</li> </ul>       | THR.HS 2.1 |                       |
|  | • Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how theatre communicates through Selection, Preparation, Sharing and Presentation of their artistic ideas and work by realizing, developing and refining artistic works for presentation.                                     | THR.HS 2.2 |                       |
| Reflecting, Interpreting,<br>Analyzing and Evaluating      | <ul> <li>Respond to theatre by Reflecting, Interpreting, Analyzing, and Evaluating how productions convey<br/>meaning by perceiving and evaluating theatrical work.</li> </ul>   | THR.HS 3.1 |                       |
|  | <ul> <li>Respond to theatre by Reflecting, Interpreting, Analyzing, and Evaluating how productions convey<br/>meaning by interpreting intent and meaning of theatrical work.</li> </ul>  | THR.HS 3.2 |                       |
|  | <ul> <li>Respond to theatre by Reflecting, Interpreting, Analyzing, and Evaluating how productions convey<br/>meaning by applying criteria when evaluating theatrical work.</li> </ul>   | THR.HS 3.3 |                       |
| Empathizing, Interrelating and Researching                 | <ul> <li>Connect personal meaning and external context to theatre by Empathizing, Interrelating and<br/>Researching works; synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experience to artistic ideas and<br/>artistic work.</li> </ul>   | THR.HS 4.1 |                       |
|  | • Connect personal meaning and external context to theatre by Empathizing, Interrelating and Researching works; applying societal, cultural and historical contexts to artistic ideas and artistic work.   | THR.HS 4.2 |                       |

| <b>Specials Classification</b> |   | CODE           | STANDARDS $\stackrel{\smile}{\sqcup}$ |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Transportation                 | A successful student can:   |                |                                       |
|                                | • Describe the nature and scope of the Transportation, Distribution and Logistics Career Cluster and the role of transportation, distribution and logistics in society and the economy. | TRAN.HS<br>1.1 |                                       |
|                                | • Describe the application and use of new and emerging advanced techniques to provide solutions for transportation, distribution and logistics problems.                                | TRAN.HS<br>2.1 | MPE                                   |
|                                | • Describe the key operational activities required of successful transportation, distribution and logistics facilities.   | TRAN.HS<br>3.1 | COI                                   |
|                                | • Identify governmental policies and procedures for transportation, distribution and logistics facilities.  | TRAN.HS<br>4.1 | YLS                                   |
|                                | • Describe transportation, distribution and logistics employee rights and responsibilities and employers' obligations concerning occupational safety and health.                        | TRAN.HS<br>5.1 |                                       |
|                                | • Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the Transportation, Distribution and Logistics Career Pathways.                                     | TRAN.HS<br>6.1 | SPE                                   |

| <b>Specials Classification</b>                      |  | CODE      | STANDARDS |
|---|--|-----------|-----------|
| Visual Arts   | A successful student can:  |           |           |
| Investigate, Plan and Make                          | • Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific visual arts form to Investigate, Plan and Make artistic ideas and work by generating, conceptualizing, and organizing artistic ideas.   | VA.HS 1.1 |           |
|   | • Create and communicate by applying the skills and language of a specific visual arts form to Investigate, Plan and Make artistic ideas and work by refining and completing artistic ideas.   | VA.HS 1.2 |           |
| Reflect, Refine and Continue                        | • Create by applying the skills and language of a specific visual arts form to Reflect, Refine and Continue with artistic ideas and work by reflecting upon the process, refining, and continuing artistic ideas.  | VA.HS 2.1 |           |
| Selection, Analyzation<br>and Sharing               | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the visual arts communicate<br/>through their Selection, Analyzation and Sharing of their artistic ideas and work for presentation by<br/>analyzing, interpreting and selecting artistic works for presentation.</li> </ul>      | VA.HS 3.1 |           |
|   | <ul> <li>Demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how the visual arts communicate<br/>through their Selection, Analyzation and Sharing of their artistic ideas and work for presentation by<br/>Realizing, developing and refining artistic works for presentation.</li> </ul>         | VA.HS 3.2 |           |
| Perceiving, Analyzing and Interpreting              | <ul> <li>Respond to the visual arts by Perceiving, Analyzing and Interpreting how artworks convey meaning by<br/>perceiving and analyzing artistic work.</li> </ul>  | VA.HS 4.1 |           |
| ·   | <ul> <li>Respond to the visual arts by Perceiving, Analyzing and Interpreting how artworks convey meaning by<br/>interpreting intent and meaning of artistic work.</li> </ul>  | VA.HS 4.2 |           |
|   | <ul> <li>Respond to the visual arts by Perceiving, Analyzing and Interpreting how artworks convey meaning by<br/>Applying criteria to artistic work.</li> </ul>  | VA.HS 4.3 |           |
| VISUAL ARTS   | A successful student can:  |           |           |
| Relating, Perceiving<br>Analyzing, and Interpreting | <ul> <li>Connect personal meaning and external context to the visual arts by Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing and<br/>Interpreting to works of art through and during the art-making process by synthesizing and relating<br/>knowledge and personal experience to artistic ideas and artistic work.</li> </ul> | VA.HS 5.1 |           |
|   | <ul> <li>Connect personal meaning and external context to the visual arts by Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing and<br/>Interpreting to works of art through and during the art-making process by applying societal, cultural and<br/>historical contexts to artistic ideas and artistic work.</li> </ul>         | VA.HS 5.2 |           |
|   |  |           |           |

# **World Language Competencies**

The Kansas World Language Standards are competency-based and not linked to a specific grade or age of student. These standards incorporate the recommendations of the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages (ACTFL) and align with the 7 Rose Capacities passed by Kansas legislators. The acquisition of a second language is not a function of a certain number of courses, but it does require consistent and sustained practice to reach each level of proficiency. Students who actively read, speak, write, listen, and interact with others in the target language can usually expect to reach Novice High after 240 hours of language study. Novice High is not a functional level of proficiency. In order to reach minimal functional proficiency, Intermediate Mid, a student needs approximately four hundred and eighty hours of interaction with the language. There are many factors that influence an individual's ability to learn a second language: motivation, individual aptitude for learning languages, similarity of the language to the speaker's own first language, etc. Students taking two years of standards-based language courses can expect to reach the Novice High proficiency level. This is not a functional proficiency level. The functional proficiency level of Intermediate Mid is being attained by Kansas high school students after four years/480 hours of study as annual awards of the Seal of Biliteracy show.

The following competencies are based on these general time parameters of the U.S. State Department's Foreign Service Institute and their 70 years of experience teaching languages. ACTFL has similar guidelines for time to proficiency.

The Kansas World Language standards emphasize what students can do with the language, not on what the students can not yet do with the language.

#### **Specials Classification** CODE World Languages Communication Novice Learners can: • Communicate through speaking, signing, or writing on very familiar topics using a variety of words and phrases WL.N.HS 1.1 that they have practiced and memorized • Recognize some familiar words and phrases when they hear them spoken. WL.N.HS 1.2 Recognize some words or characters. They can understand some learned or memorized words when they WL.N.HS 1.3 read. Can write lists and memorized phrases on familiar topics WL.N.HS 1.4 Intermediate Learners can: • Start, maintain, and end a conversation on a variety of familiar topics. WL.I.HS 1.1 Talk about their daily activities and personal preferences WL.I.HS 1.2 Use the language to handle tasks related to their personal needs. WL.I.HS 1.3 Understand basic information in ads, announcements, and other types of recordings. **WL.I.HS 1.4** Understand messages related to their everyday life. **WL.I.HS 1.5** Understand simple personal questions. **WL.I.HS 1.6** Make a presentation about their personal and social experiences **WL.I.HS 1.7** • Make a presentation on a topic they have learned about or researched. **WL.I.HS 1.8** Make a presentation about common interests and issues and state their viewpoint. WL.I.HS 1.9

SPECIALS COMPETENCIES

| Specials Classification |   | CODE        |
|-------------------------|---|-------------|
| World Languages         |   |             |
| Culture                 | Novice Learners can:  |             |
|                         | <ul> <li>Use culturally appropriate expressions for greetings, leave-takings, and common classroom or social<br/>interactions.</li> </ul>                               | WL.N.HS 2.1 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Use the target language to investigate, explain and reflect on the relationship between the practices and<br/>perspectives of the cultures studied.</li> </ul> | WL.N.HS 2.2 |
|                         | • Appreciate and sometimes participate in some games, rituals, and celebrations of the cultures studied.  | WL.N.HS 2.3 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Identify tangible products of the culture such as toys, dress, homes, art, music, monuments, currency, and<br/>famous people.</li> </ul>                       | WL.N.HS 2.4 |
|                         | Intermediate learners can:  |             |
|                         | • Observe, analyze, and exchange information on patterns of behavior typical of their peer group in the culture.  | WL.I.HS 2.1 |
|                         | Participate in practices such as games, sports, and entertainment.  | WL.I.HS 2.2 |
|                         | • Create "cultural triangles" of practices, products, and perspectives and suggest factors in their relationships.  | WL.I.HS 2.3 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Perform samples of expressive products of the culture such as poetry, music, art, dance, storytelling, and<br/>drama.</li> </ul>                               | WL.I.HS 2.4 |
| Connections             | Novice Learners can:  |             |
|                         | • Read or listen to stories from the target culture and compare them to familiar stories from the same genre.   | WL.N.HS 3.1 |
|                         | • Present short biographical sketches of people who have had a positive influence locally or globally.  | WL.N.HS 3.2 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Identify and label maps of cities, states, or countries with civic and geographic features where the target<br/>language is used.</li> </ul>                   | WL.N.HS 3.3 |
|                         | Intermediate learners can:  |             |
|                         | Read, view, compare, and classify different text types and genres.  | WL.I.HS 3.1 |
|                         | Write original poems, stories, and plays using their understanding of the characteristics of these genres.  | WL.I.HS 3.2 |
|                         | Describe and compare key characteristics of target language countries.  | WL.I.HS 3.3 |
|                         | • Use their knowledge of geography to create maps of countries where the target language is spoken.   | WL.I.HS 3.4 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Maintain a blog comparing attitudes and reactions to current events of global importance in target language<br/>countries.</li> </ul>                          | WL.I.HS 3.5 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Use sources intended for same-age speakers of the target language to prepare presentations on familiar<br/>topics.</li> </ul>                                  | WL.I.HS 3.6 |
|                         | <ul> <li>Research how a major figure from history, science, or the arts is described in the target language and use it to<br/>expand what they already know.</li> </ul> | WL.I.HS 3.7 |
|                         |   |             |



| <b>Specials Classification</b> |   | CODE        |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------|
| World Languages                |   |             |
| Comparisons                    | Novice Learners can:  |             |
|                                | Observe and compare formal and informal registers of language   | WL.N.HS 4.1 |
|                                | Recognize similarities and differences between the sound and writing systems in the language they are learning and their own.   | WL.N.HS 4.2 |
|                                | Inventory idiomatic expressions in both their native language and the language being learned and talk about how idiomatic expressions work in general.  | WL.N.HS 4.3 |
|                                | Intermediate learners can:  |             |
|                                | Compare syntax functions (e.G. Word order, inflections, and verb tense) to express meaning in both their native language and the language being learned.  | WL.I.HS 4.1 |
|                                | Identify patterns and explain discrepancies between the sound and writing systems in both their native language and the language being learned.   | WL.I.HS 4.2 |
|                                | Document and contrast verbal and nonverbal behavior in daily activities among peers or mixed groups in the target cultures to their own.  | WL.I.HS 4.3 |
|                                | Hypothesize about the relationship between cultural perspectives and expressible products (i.E. Music, visual arts, and forms of literature) by analyzing selected products from the target cultures.   | WL.I.HS 4.4 |
| Communities                    | Novice Learners can:  |             |
| Communicies                    | Attempt to interact in the target language with members of their community.   | WL.N.HS 5.1 |
|                                | Identify professions that require proficiency in the target language  | WL.N.HS 5.2 |
|                                | <ul> <li>Exchange basic information about themselves, their studies, or their family, with speakers of the target<br/>language and/or students in other classes, in face-to-face or virtual settings, such as social media, instant<br/>messaging, and video conferencing.</li> </ul> | WL.N.HS 5.3 |
|                                | Intermediate learners can:  |             |
|                                | • Communicate on a personal level with speakers of the language in person or via email, video chats, or other appropriate media.  | WL.I.HS 5.1 |
|                                | Write and illustrate stories to present to others.  | WL.I.HS 5.2 |
|                                | • Discuss steps to becoming a professional in a field requiring the ability to communicate in the target language   | WL.I.HS 5.3 |

# **Career and Technical Education (CTE) Competency**

| <b>CTE Classification</b> | COMPETENCY   | PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Agriculture               | (Agriculture, Foods, and Natural Resources, AFNR)  |   |
| Competency 1:             | Analyze how issues, trends, technologies and public policies impact systems in the Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources Career Cluster.   | <ol> <li>Research, examine and discuss issues and trends that impact AFNR systems on local, state, national, and global levels.</li> <li>Examine technologies and analyze their impact on AFNR systems.</li> <li>Identify public policies and examine their impact on AFNR systems.</li> </ol>  |
| Competency 2:             | Evaluate the nature and scope of the Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources Career Cluster and the role of agriculture, food and natural resources (AFNR) in society and the economy. | <ol> <li>Research and use geographic and economic data to solve problems in AFNR systems.</li> <li>Examine the components of the AFNR systems and assess their impact on the local, state, national, and global society and economy.</li> </ol>   |
| Competency 3:             | Examine and summarize the importance of health, safety and environmental management systems in AFNR workplaces.  | <ol> <li>Identify and explain the implications of required regulations to maintain and improve safety, health, and environmental management systems.</li> <li>Develop and implement a plan to maintain and improve health, safety and environmental compliance and performance.</li> <li>Apply health and safety practices to the AFNR workplace.</li> <li>Use appropriate protective equipment and demonstrate safe and proper use of AFNR tools and equipment.</li> </ol> |
| Competency 4:             | Demonstrate stewardship of natural resources in AFNR activities.   | <ol> <li>Identify and implement practices to steward natural resources in different<br/>AFNR systems.</li> <li>Assess and explain the natural resource related trends, technologies and<br/>policies that impact AFNR systems.</li> </ol>   |
| Competency 5:             | Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources career pathways.   | <ol> <li>Evaluate and implement the steps and requirements to pursue a career opportunity in each of the AFNR career pathways.</li> <li>Examine and choose career opportunities that are matched to personal skills, talents, and career goals in an AFNR pathway of interest.</li> </ol>   |
| Competency 6:             | Analyze the interaction among AFNR systems in the production, processing and management off food, fiber and fuel and the sustainable use of natural resources.;                        | <ol> <li>Examine and explain foundational cycles and systems of AFNR.</li> <li>Analyze and explain the connection and relationships between different AFNR systems on a national and global level.</li> </ol>   |



| <b>CTE Classification</b>              | COMPETENCY  | PERFORMANCE INDICATORS   |
|--|---|--|
| FACS                                   |   |  |
| Competency 1: Wellness                 | A. Solve practical problems using communication, conflict resolution and empathy skills in personal, and FCS career applications.   | <ul> <li>a. Evaluate the significance of family and its impact on the wellbeing of individuals and society.</li> <li>b. Evaluate the effects of parenting roles and responsibilities on strengthening the wellbeing of individuals and families across the lifespan.</li> <li>c. Evaluate the significance of family and its effect on the well-being of individuals and society.</li> <li>d. Integrate knowledge, skills and practices required for careers in early childhood, early childhood careers and human services.</li> </ul>  |
|  | B. Produce healthy and nutritious food products which align to family needs and/or industry standards with sound food safety and sanitation practices demonstrated.           | <ul><li>a. Demonstrate nutrition, health and wellness practices that enhance individual and family well being.</li><li>b. Integrate knowledge skills and practices required for careers linked with food and nutrition science, food production and culinary services.</li></ul>   |
|  | C Enhance the wellness in others through role modeling and career roles and responsibilities (i.e. family, community and work settings).                                      | <ul><li>a. Demonstrate respectful and caring relationships in the family, workplace and community.</li><li>b. Analyze factors that influence human growth and development.</li></ul>   |
| Competency 2:<br>Sustainability        | Analyze current and innovative ways to practice financial and social responsibility through family, community and work-related decision making.                               | a. Evaluate the relationship between human capital and impact on ability to obtain and manage resources effectively.   |
| Competency 3: Global<br>Connectiveness | Compare and contrast benefit and challenges of global interactions when solving issues related to food, clothing, shelter and etc. to meet family and related industry needs. | <ul> <li>a. Evaluate management practices related to human, economic and environmental resources in a local, regional, national and global context.</li> <li>b. Build foundational knowledge and skills related to Family and Consumer Sciences careers including fashion, apparel, housing, consumer, personal and family finance, lifespan development, culinary services, food and nutritional science, hospitality, and human and social services.</li> </ul>  |
| Competency 4:<br>Technology            | Examine the role of technology and equipment to improve the quality of life of individuals, and families, be they your own or those supported through related services.       | <ul> <li>a. Enhance knowledge, skills, practices required in family, work and community settings.</li> <li>b. Demonstrate appropriate and safe use of technology and equipment aligned to Kansas FCS field career applications. Fashion, apparel, housing, consumer, personal and family finance, lifespan development, culinary services, food and nutritional science, hospitality, and human and social services.</li> <li>c. Demonstrate technical knowledge, skills and practices successfully which align to Family and Consumer Sciences careers including. Fashion, apparel, housing, consumer, personal and family finance, lifespan development, culinary services, food and nutritional science, hospitality, and human and social services.</li> </ul> |

#### CTE Classification COM

#### COMPETENCY

#### PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

#### **FACS**

#### Competency 5:

Organize, implement and evaluate a plan to improve the local community by applying sound FCS related technical knowledge, skills and practices to meet (a) selected human need(s) (i.e. parenting, lifespan human interactions, geriatric services, community resource support, and careers working in people centered fields).

- a. Demonstrate personal effective skills including collaboration, empathy, inter and intrapersonal and others needed to create a better quality of life for self, family and the community.
- b. Synthesize knowledge, skills and practices in leading and advocating for the needs of people.
- c. Demonstrate knowledge, skills and practices required for career readiness in family and consumer sciences fields.

#### **CTE Classification**

#### COMPETENCY

#### PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

#### Business Career Field Competencies

#### Business Management, Administration, and Entrepreneurship

- Investigate the impact of economics, economic systems, and entrepreneurship on careers in Business.
- a. Distinguish between economic goods and services.
- b. Explain the concept of economic resources.
- c. Describe the concepts of economics and economic activities.
- d. Explain the principles of supply and demand.
- e. Determine economic utilities created by business activities.
- f. Describe the functions of prices in markets.
- g. Explain the types of economic systems.
- 2. Investigate, create and implement solutions in managing effective business customer relationships.
- a. Perform customer service activities to support customer relationships and encourage repeat business.
- b. Process customer orders.
- c. Process customer returns.
- d. Utilize technology to facilitate customer relationship management.

| CTE Classification                    | COMPETENCY   | PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| Business Career<br>Field Competencies |  |   |
| Finance                               | Connect and apply mathematical concepts, tools, strategies, and systems to plan, monitor, manage, and maintain the use of financial resources. | <ul> <li>a. Describe the nature and scope of finance.</li> <li>b. Explain the role of finance in business.</li> <li>c. Discuss the role of ethics in finance.</li> <li>d. Explain legal considerations for finance.</li> <li>e. Discuss trends in the current financial environment.</li> <li>f. Apply data and measurements to solve a problem.</li> <li>g. Construct charts/tables/graphs from functions and data.</li> <li>h. Analyze cost/profit relationships to guide business decision making.</li> <li>i. Analyze data to make business decisions.</li> </ul> |
| Marketing                             | Create marketing strategies and processes to determine and meet client needs and wants.  | <ul> <li>a. Explain the nature and scope of the selling function.</li> <li>b. Demonstrate a customer-service mindset.</li> <li>c. Determine customer/client needs.</li> <li>d. Analyze product information to identify product features and benefits.</li> <li>e. Select target market.</li> <li>f. Conduct market analysis.</li> <li>g. Describe a company's unique selling proposition.</li> <li>h. Develop a marketing product or service mix to respond to market opportunities.</li> <li>i. Explain key factors in building a clientele.</li> </ul>              |



| <b>CTE Classification</b>     | COMPETENCY  | PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| Architecture and Construction |   |   |
| Competency 1:                 | Use vocabulary, symbols and formulas common to architecture and construction.   | <ol> <li>Recognize and employ universal construction signs and symbols to function<br/>safely in the workplace.</li> <li>Use effective communication skills and strategies (listening, speaking, reading,<br/>writing and graphic communications) to work with clients and colleagues.</li> </ol>                                 |
| Competency 2:                 | Use architecture and construction skills to create and manage a project.  | <ol> <li>Safely use and maintain appropriate tools, machinery, equipment and resources to accomplish construction project goals.</li> <li>Apply the techniques and skills of modern drafting, design, engineering and construction to projects.</li> </ol>  |
| Competency 3:                 | Comply with regulations and applicable codes to establish and manage a legal and safe workplace.; .   | <ol> <li>Apply building codes, laws and rules in the project design.</li> <li>Implement testing and inspection procedures to ensure successful completion of a construction project</li> </ol>  |
| Competency 4:                 | Evaluate the nature and scope of the Architecture and Construction Career Cluster and the role of architecture and construction in society and the economy.         | <ol> <li>Identify the diversity of needs, values and social patterns in project design, including accessibility standards.</li> <li>Manage relationships with internal and external parties to successfully complete construction projects.</li> </ol>  |
| Competency 5:                 | Describe the roles, responsibilities and relationships found in the architecture and construction trades and professions, including labor/management relationships. | <ol> <li>Describe contractual relationships between all parties involved in the building process.</li> <li>Describe the approval procedures required for successful completion of a construction project.</li> </ol>  |
| Competency 6:                 | Read, interpret and use technical drawings, documents and specifications to plan a project.   | <ol> <li>Justify design solutions through the use of research documentation and analysis of data.</li> <li>Compare and contrast the building systems and components required for a construction project.</li> </ol>   |
| Competency 7:                 | Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the Architecture and Construction Career Pathways.                                | <ol> <li>Evaluate and implement the steps and requirements to pursue a career opportunity in the Architecture and Construction career pathway.</li> <li>Examine and choose career opportunities that are matched to personal skills, talents, and career goals in an Architecture and Construction strand of interest.</li> </ol> |



| <b>CTE Classification</b> | COMPETENCY  | PERFORMANCE INDICATORS   |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Engineering               |   |  |
| Competency 1:             | Apply engineering skills in a project that requires project management, process control and quality assurance.  | <ol> <li>Use Engineering and Mathematics concepts and processes to solve problems involving design and/or production.</li> <li>Understand the steps and apply the elements of the engineering design process.</li> </ol>   |
| Competency 2:             | Use technology to acquire, manipulate, analyze and report data.   | <ol> <li>Apply processes and concepts for the use of technological tools in Engineering<br/>and Mathematics fields.</li> <li>Apply critical thinking skills to review information, explain statistical analysis, and<br/>to translate, interpret and summarize research and statistical data.</li> </ol> |
| Competency 3:             | Describe and follow safety, health and environmental standards related to engineering and mathematics workplaces.                                       | <ol> <li>Apply the knowledge learned in the study of Engineering and Mathematics to<br/>provide solutions to human and societal problems in an ethical and legal manner.</li> <li>Recognize and follow safety rules for using lab tools and machines.</li> </ol>   |
| Competency 4:             | Understand the nature and scope of the Engineering and Mathematics Career Cluster and their role in society and the economy.                            | <ol> <li>Apply science and mathematics concepts to the development of plans, processes<br/>and projects that address real-world problems.</li> <li>Analyze the impact that engineering and mathematics has on society.</li> </ol>  |
| Competency 5:             | Demonstrate an understanding of the breadth of career opportunities and means to those opportunities in the Engineering and Mathematics Career Pathway. | <ol> <li>Describe engineering and explain how engineers participate in or contribute to<br/>the invention and innovation of products.</li> <li>Understand Manufacturing and its processes.</li> </ol>  |
| Competency 6:             | Demonstrate technical skills needed in a chosen Engineering and Mathematics field.  | <ol> <li>Describe the elements of design and apply this concept to the design process<br/>using CAD software.</li> <li>Use sketches as a communication tool, including thumbnail, perspective,<br/>isometric, and orthographic sketches.</li> </ol>  |



| <b>CTE Classification</b> | COMPETENCY   | PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Manufacturing             |  |   |
| Competency 1:             | Evaluate the nature and scope of the Manufacturing Career Cluster and the role of manufacturing in society and in the economy. | <ol> <li>Develop procedures to create products that meet customer needs.</li> <li>Employ project management processes using data and tools to deliver quality, value-added products</li> </ol>  |
| Competency 2:             | Analyze and summarize how manufacturing businesses improve performance.  | <ol> <li>Demonstrate maintenance skills and proficient operation of equipment to<br/>maximize manufacturing performance.</li> <li>Coordinate work teams when producing products to enhance production process<br/>and performance.</li> </ol>   |
| Competency 3:             | Comply with federal, state and local regulations to ensure worker safety and health and environmental work practices.          | <ol> <li>Develop safety plans for production processes that meet health, safety and environmental standards.</li> <li>Conduct job safety and health analysis for manufacturing jobs, equipment, and processes.</li> <li>Demonstrate the safe use of manufacturing equipment to ensure a safe and healthy environment</li> </ol> |
| Competency 4:             | Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the Manufacturing Career Pathways.           | <ol> <li>Evaluate and implement the steps and requirements to pursue a career opportunity in the Manufacturing career pathway.</li> <li>Examine and choose career opportunities that are matched to personal skills, talents, and career goals in a Manufacturing strand of interest.</li> </ol>                                |
| Competency 5:             | Describe government policies and industry standards that apply to manufacturing.   | <ol> <li>Implement an effective, predictive and preventive maintenance schedule to<br/>maintain manufacturing equipment, tools, and workstations.</li> <li>Monitor, promote and maintain a safe and productive workplace using<br/>techniques and solutions that ensure safe production of products.</li> </ol>                 |
| Competency 6:             | Demonstrate workplace knowledge and skills common to manufacturing.  | <ol> <li>Diagnose equipment problems and effectively repair manufacturing equipment.</li> <li>Demonstrate critical thinking skills and the ability to solve problems using those skills.</li> </ol>   |



| <b>CTE Classification</b> | COMPETENCY  | PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Transportation            |   |   |
| Competency 1:             | Describe the nature and scope of the Transportation, Distribution and Logistics Career Cluster and the role of transportation, distribution and logistics in society and the economy. | <ol> <li>Identify the infrastructure needed to move people, goods, and equipment from one location to another (highways, bridges, airways, waterways, railways).</li> <li>Describe and identify tools, techniques, and systems used to plan, staff, lead, and organize human resources as it relates to the pathway.</li> <li>Demonstrate an understanding of the concepts and processes needed to move, store/house, locate, and/or transfer people, goods, and services.</li> </ol>   |
| Competency 2:             | Describe the application and use of new and emerging advanced techniques to provide solutions for transportation, distribution and logistics problems.                                | <ol> <li>Evaluate and assess all aspects of facilities and facility planning for efficient and effective processing/handling of people, goods, and services in the industry (housing, storage, maintenance, parts).</li> <li>Demonstrate an understanding of business fundamentals, uses and application of technologies, communications, and basic management functions.</li> <li>Identify environmental conditions that would impact various aspects of the industry.</li> </ol>  |
| Competency 3:             | Describe the key operational activities required of successful transportation, distribution and logistics facilities.   | <ol> <li>Design a/an processing center/office/shop.</li> <li>Identify where to place equipment for effective and efficient processing.</li> <li>Recognize the importance of space and location of equipment.</li> </ol>   |
| Competency 4:             | Identify governmental policies and procedures for transportation, distribution and logistics facilities.  | <ol> <li>Understand how guidelines, rules, regulations, and laws control transportation-industry practices and how they are overseen by local, state, federal, and international agencies.</li> <li>Determine the effects of government regulations on stock handling techniques and warehousing.</li> <li>Describe the production and use of industry-generated documents, records, and forms as well as related management skills used in overall compliance measures.</li> </ol>   |
| Competency 5:             | Describe transportation, distribution and logistics employee rights and responsibilities and employers' obligations concerning occupational safety and health.                        | <ol> <li>Demonstrate safety practices pertaining to the transportation industry, including requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Air Quality Management Districts (AQMDs), and other regulatory agencies.</li> <li>Conform to federal, state, and local regulations and manufacturers' specifications when handling, storing, and disposing of chemicals and equipment, including necessary certifications.</li> <li>Determine the safe and correct application and use for chemicals used in the industry.</li> </ol> |

#### PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

#### Transportation

Competency 6:

Describe career opportunities and means to achieve those opportunities in each of the Transportation, Distribution and Logistics Career Pathways.

- 1. Integrate multiple sources of career information from diverse formats to make informed career decisions, solve problems, and manage personal career plans.
- 2. Research the scope of career opportunities available and the requirements for education, training, certification, and licensure.
- 3. Integrate changing employment trends, societal needs, and economic conditions into career planning.





| <b>CTE Classification</b>                          | COMPETENCY   | PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  |
|--|--|---|
| Law, Public Safety,<br>Corrections and<br>Security |  |   |
| Competency 1:                                      | Formulate ideas, proposals and solutions to ensure effective and efficient delivery of law, public safety, corrections and/or security services. | <ol> <li>Describe how federal, state, and local laws and regulations affect public safety operations.</li> <li>Explain the importance of individual liberties and civil rights provided in the Constitution and how public safety workers should safeguard these rights when interacting with the public.</li> <li>Prepare a chart showing the organizational chain of command and other administrative systems to assign tasks and responsibilities for maximum effectiveness.</li> </ol>  |
| Competency 2:                                      | Assess and implement measures to maintain safe and healthy working conditions in a law, public safety, corrections and/or security environment.  | <ol> <li>Know the principles of emergency communications management and the importance of technological interoperability for information sharing among public safety agencies and for effective public address/warning systems.</li> <li>Identify the skills required to deal effectively with emergency situations.</li> <li>Become familiar with personal safety procedures to meet prescribed regulations and situations.</li> <li>List the key elements of an action plan.</li> <li>Understand the safety and health issues related to serving persons with disabilities.</li> <li>Demonstrate the techniques for restraining individuals without violating their individual rights or jeopardizing safety.</li> <li>Practice basic emergency lifesaving techniques in order to apply those skills as needed in emergencies.</li> <li>Implement procedures for emergency response and know the requirements for handling hazardous materials—in normal and emergency situations—to avoid health and environmental risks (e.g., airborne and blood-borne pathogens, contamination).</li> <li>Explain the management of crisis negotiations to promote the safety of individuals and the public.</li> </ol> |
| Competency 3:                                      | State the rationale for various rules and laws designed to promote safety and health in the Workplace.   | <ol> <li>Investigate the historical beginnings of law enforcement, courts, and corrections.</li> <li>Demonstrate strategies and requirements for individuals and organizations to employ to respond to unethical and illegal actions in a variety of workplace situations.</li> <li>Discuss the benefits of developing strong relationships between business and law, public safety, and security sectors.</li> </ol>   |

#### **CTE Classification**

#### COMPETENCY

#### PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security

Competency 4:

Analyze the various laws, ordinances, regulations and organizational rules that apply to careers in law, public safety, corrections and security.

- 1. Evaluate the impact of ethics, confidentiality, character, and credibility on law, public safety, and corrections careers. Justify the importance of personal traits such as integrity, respect, responsibility, confidentiality, and ethical behavior in the workplace and the impact they can have on career success.
- 2. Understand the selection process for many public safety occupations that require certifications, reading and writing assessments, psychological evaluations, medical evaluations, and probationary periods.
- 3. Understand the necessity of maintaining strong academic records, high levels of physical fitness, and positive personal history to successfully pursue a career in a public safety.

Competency 5:

Describe various career opportunities and means to those opportunities in each of the Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security Career Pathways.

- 1. State the major types of occupations found in the pathway and the number of those occupations that require background-investigation security clearance and personal records free of disqualifying information.
- 2. Survey the history of public safety agencies in the United States and their influence on the current systems.
- 3. Identify a range of personal choices and conduct that would disqualify an individual from public safety occupations and describe ways to avoid such behaviors.
- 4. Understand the characteristics and benefits of teamwork, leadership, and citizenship in the school, community, and workplace settings.
- 5. Compile a personal portfolio specific to the expectations for employment in a public safety career.

#### PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security

Competency 6:

Analyze the nature and scope of the Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security Career Cluster and the role law, public safety, corrections and security play in society and the economy.

- 1. Recognize issues particular to policing and other public safety occupations, including accountability, codes of ethical conduct, jurisdiction, and civil rights of individuals.
- 2. Describe the public safety agency role in saving lives, protecting lives and property, reducing the vulnerability of critical infrastructure, identifying key resources, and maintaining order.
- 3. Describe public safety agency roles in preventing terrorism, enhancing security, managing border security, securing cyberspace, and preparing for and responding to emergencies and disasters.
- 4. Identify the major public safety agencies at the international, national, state, and local levels, as well as scenarios (including response to catastrophic events with multiple casualties) that call for a referral to a higher-level agency or collaboration with other public safety agencies.
- 5. Create a scenario that includes a potential threat from terrorism, a hostage situation, or danger at a school site, describing who should respond and actions that should be taken.



#### PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

#### Information Technology

# Competency 1: Graphic Design and Digital Communications

- 1. Demonstrate design principles in a graphic design project.
- a. Students should identify the applications of color, line, shape, texture, size, and value in samples of graphic work.
- b. Analyze the use of color, line, shape, texture, size, and value in samples of graphic work.
- c. Incorporate color, line, shape, texture, size, and value in student-generated graphic work.
- d. Demonstrate the elements of design through manual sketching.
- e. Demonstrate the elements of design through digital sketching.
- 2. Create a portfolio of graphic design projects.
- a. Students should research and compare the various types of personal portfolios.
- b. Develop graphics portfolios that include traditional and digital works.
- c. Recognize that portfolios are dynamic and require maintenance.

#### Competency 2: Computer Science

 Compare levels of abstraction and interactions between application software, system software, and hardware layers. At its most basic level, a computer is composed of physical hardware and electrical impulses. Multiple layers of software are built upon the hardware and interact with the layers above and below them to reduce complexity. System software manages a computing device's resources so that software can interact with hardware. For example, text editing software interacts with the operating system to receive input from the keyboard, convert the input to bits for storage, and interpret the bits as readable text to display on the monitor. System software is used on many different types of devices, such as smart TVs, assistive devices, virtual components, cloud components, and drones. For example, students may explore the progression from voltage to binary signal to logic gates to adders and so on. Knowledge of specific, advanced terms for computer architecture, such as BIOS, kernel, or bus, is not expected at this level.

2. Create prototypes that use algorithms to solve computational problems by leveraging prior student knowledge and personal interests.

A prototype is a computational artifact that demonstrates the core functionality of a product or process. Prototypes are useful for getting early feedback in the design process, and can yield insight into the feasibility of a product. The process of developing computational artifacts embraces both creative expression and the exploration of ideas to create prototypes and solve computational problems. Students create artifacts that are personally relevant or beneficial to their community and beyond. Students should develop artifacts in response to a task or a computational problem that demonstrate the performance, reusability, and ease of implementation of an algorithm.

Information Technology

IT Competency 3: Information Technology

Evaluate the scalability and reliability of networks, by describing the relationship between routers, switches, servers, topology, and addressing.

Each device is assigned an address that uniquely identifies it on the network. Routers function by comparing IP addresses to determine the pathways packets should take to reach their destination. Switches function by comparing MAC addresses to determine which computers or network segments will receive frames. Students could use online network simulators to experiment with these factors.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS



# **9-12**Health and BioSciences

| CTE Classification                                 | COMPETENCY  | PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  |
|--|---|---|
| Health and BioScience                              |   |   |
| Competency 1: Creative and Critical Thinking       | Work creatively with others to develop solutions, products and services                   | <ol> <li>Determine the best resolution for a problem, decision, or opportunity based on given criteria.</li> <li>Design a product or service that could fulfill a human need or desire</li> </ol> |
| Competency 2:<br>Communication                     | Apply concepts of effective verbal and nonverbal communication in the healthcare industry | Demonstrate techniques for overcoming communication barriers in a healthcare setting  |
| Competency 3: Safety                               | Analyze environmental safety practices within the healthcare setting                      | Assess workplace conditions with regard to personal and environmental health and safety.  |
| Competency 4: Teamwork                             | Develop innovative solutions and initiatives as part of a diverse team                    | Synthesize the experiences of a diverse group to develop innovative solutions to a given problem in healthcare.   |
| Competency 5: Health<br>Information for Healthcare | Apply basic computer literacy skills to health science occupations                        | Identify types of data collected and protocols for collecting healthcare data.  |

# **Special Education**

In general, it is expected that children with disabilities will achieve these competencies with the support of special education services, related services and supplementary aids and services specified in an Individualized Education Program (IEP) or 504 Plan. In addition, IEP teams have authority to modify curriculum and to set educational goals to enable children with disabilities to make appropriate educational progress in light of each child's unique circumstances. The modified curriculum and educational goals set by an IEP team for an individual child with a disability might be different than the outcomes expected of other students. When, and to the extent, educational goals specified in an IEP are different than the competencies described in this document. the successful student can achieve the educational goals specified in their IEP.

# Students in Special Education and the Competencies

Navigating Change 2020: Kansas' Guide to Competency-Based Learning and School Safety Operations (2015) is designed to lead the way we meet students' needs by allowing students to demonstrate mastery of their learning in a variety of ways. Therefore, all students in Special Education will access core grade-band competencies.

Students in Special Education need to be able to access instruction that will prepare them to meet grade-level competencies. Access to core content (Tier 1) is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. To address skill deficits needed to access core content (Tier 1), some students will also require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or a tiered system of support.

Kansas Multi-Tiered System of Supports and Alignment (2015) is an evidenced-based framework used in Kansas schools for organizing and providing a tiered instructional continuum to support learning for all students, including students with disabilities. Kansas MTSS and Alignment supports access to core instruction for all students with differentiated instruction as needed to enable every learner to achieve high standards. Tiered interventions, in addition to core instruction, are recommended when it is necessary to address skill deficits. We contend all students are general education students, including students with the most significant cognitive disabilities

Furthermore, students should not be hindered in learning grade-band content. For example, a student who has learning gaps either due to their disability and/or lack of exposure will not be limited solely to the attainment of prerequisite skills. Therefore, high-quality instruction, accommodations, and modifications should provide the differentiation needed for students to access this grade-level content. High-quality instruction involves a scaffold or strategy to access or attach new learning. High-quality instruction does not repeatedly focus on the same skill, lesson content or information introduced in the general education classroom.

Moreover, standards guide the goals for Individualized Education Programs (IEPs). IEP goals require specially designed instruction to address the learning gap and advance the student's current level of functioning. Therefore, Special Education goals should not replace the grade-level curriculum taught in the general education classroom.

Some students will require accommodations in order to demonstrate mastery of the competencies. Accommodations are changes in procedures or materials that ensure equitable access to instructional and assessment content. Accommodations may be embedded (digitally-provided) or nonembedded (locally provided). These are generally available for students for whom there is a documented need on an IEP, Section

SPECIAL EDUCATION COMPETENCIES

504 plan or Individual Learning Plan (ILP) Accommodations should be individualized for each student; more does not equate to better. Some examples are listed Table 1 below:

Table 1: Common Accommodations and Categories

| Common Accommodations                                   | CATEGORIES   |
|---|--|
| Provide Access to Grade-Level Content                   | <ul> <li>Human reader</li> <li>Text to speech/digital text (e.g. Kansas Infinitext)</li> <li>Speech to text</li> <li>Provide smaller numbers in math with grade level skills</li> <li>Build background knowledge</li> <li>Provide manipulatives (number line, two color chips, base ten blocks, etc.</li> <li>Use of facts charts, formulas or word banks to facilitate processing</li> <li>Reducing auditory and visual background (increase white space, highlight key concepts)</li> <li>Provide note taking assistance or notes (provide outline, cloze notes, etc.)</li> <li>Orally assess understanding</li> </ul>   |
| Adjust Level of Material                                | • Reduce complexity to student's ability level (text, vocabulary, sentence structure, questions, simplify directions, etc.   |
| Provide Tools for Organization of Information           | <ul> <li>Organize information presented, such as provide a detailed model to follow during multiple-step procedures (e.g., task schedule, process, prewriting, graphic organizer, etc.</li> <li>Provide digital and non-digital tools to facilitate student organization</li> <li>Use graph paper, paper with vertical lines or raised-line paper for alignment of problems</li> </ul>   |
| Provide More Opportunities for Practice/Exposure        | <ul> <li>Multiple exposures until mastery</li> <li>Front load prerequisite information</li> <li>Code text to enhance background knowledge</li> <li>Provide questions or cues to student in advance</li> <li>Reinforce directions (students repeat, number list for multiple steps, etc.</li> <li>Additional time for verbal response, assignments, and assessments</li> <li>Allow for processing with peers before production</li> <li>Consistent, distributed practice with vocabulary (academic vocab, Tier 2 vocabulary words)</li> <li>Small group instruction</li> <li>Text sets (multiple pieces of text on same topic to deepen understanding)</li> </ul> |
| Focus information to key Information/<br>Skills         | <ul> <li>Chunk assignments/assessments</li> <li>Highlight or emphasize critical information</li> <li>Eliminate repetitive practice when mastery is shown</li> <li>Reduce volume of writing and copying in favor of quality</li> <li>Reduce number of choices on multiple choice assessments</li> <li>Spelling is not penalized</li> </ul>  |
| Vary and Pair Modalities when<br>Presenting Information | <ul> <li>Pair visual, auditory, and tactile cues</li> <li>Orally assess understanding</li> <li>Offer student voice and choice (Visual, Auditory, Kinesthetic/Tactile)</li> </ul>   |

Detailed information about the use of accommodations for instruction and assessment of all students can be found in the How to Select, Administer and Evaluate Use of Accommodations for Instruction and Assessment of all Students (2020) guidance document located at <a href="https://www.ksdetasn.org/resources/2283">https://www.ksdetasn.org/resources/2283</a>

One way to ensure students have access to core (Tier 1) content is to intentionally create a plan for differentiating the content to meet the student's needs. The National Center on Intensive Intervention has created a planning template built on the seven dimensions of intervention intensity (https://intensiveintervention.org/sites/default/files/Student\_Intervention\_Plan\_508.pdf).

This template assists with planning and documenting the dimensions of intervention for small groups and individual students. The Taxonomy of Intervention Intensity (2017) developed by the National Center on Intensive Intervention identified seven dimensions that support educators in evaluating and building intervention intensity: strength, dosage, alignment, attention to transfer, comprehensiveness, behavioral support, and individualization (<a href="https://intensiveintervention.org/taxonomy-intervention-intensity">https://intensiveintervention.org/taxonomy-intervention-intensity</a>).

It is important to recognize students who receive Special Education Services and Supports have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content areas (Tier 1) with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports make it possible for them to do so.

## Students who Have the Most Significant Disabilities

All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Students who have the most significant cognitive disabilities mostly take the alternate assessments and may need content aligned to alternate academic achievement standards. These standards are aligned with the general education content standards with reduced depth, breadth, and complexity. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the learning targets and measurement tables for this population align to the alternate academic achievement standards.

Students who have the most significant cognitive disabilities, who are eligible for an alternate assessment, work from the alternate academic achievement standards. The DLM Essential Elements (2020) allow students access to instruction aligned to grade level academic content. Goals and instruction listed in the IEP for these students are linked to the enrolled grade level DLM Essential Elements (2020). Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. Students who demonstrate mastery of level 3 or 4 competencies may not be appropriately challenged when working from the Essential Elements. Providing a continuum between the level 4 skill on the Essential Elements Competency Rubric and the level 1 skill on the Competency Rubric (2019) for each grade band will assist those students in the transition to the Kansas competencies/state standards.

Students who have a most significant cognitive disability must have access to grade level academic standards. This can be accomplished through the Kansas MTSS Alignment for all students. In this delivery system, supplemental special education supports simplify, magnify, and modify what is taught in the general education classroom. For students receiving Tier 1 support with their general education peers, the instruction should be focused on priority learning targets. Navigating Change 2020: Kansas Guide to Competency-Based Learning and School Safety Operations (2015) has identified the primary or essential learning targets in the Competency Rubrics. The Essential Elements Competency Rubrics (2017) provide learning targets aligned to the Essential Elements. While the learning targets differ in depth, breadth, and complexity, the overarching competencies remain the same. Using the identified primary learning targets, students who have a most significant cognitive disability can be educated in an inclusive environment during core (Tier 1) instruction. Tier 2 and Tier 3 instruction should focus on providing the additional instruction essential for closing the gap for students. Instruction could be delivered in homogeneous small groups or in some cases, individualized instruction, as intensity of need increases.

# GRADE BAND 9-12

## References

Kansas State Department of Education. (2020). How to select, administer and evaluate use of accommodations for instruction and assessment of all students. <a href="https://www.ksdetasn.org/resources/2283">https://www.ksdetasn.org/resources/2283</a>

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National Center on Intensive Interventions. (2017). Taxonomy of intervention intensity: Academics, American Institute of Research. <a href="https://intensiveintervention.org/taxonomy-intervention-intensity">https://intensiveintervention.org/taxonomy-intervention-intensity</a>

Dynamic Learning Maps Alternative Assessment Consortium. (2020). Dynamic learning maps alternative assessment, The University of Kansas. https://dynamiclearningmaps.org/supplementary aids and services specified in an Individualized Education Program (IEP) or 504 Plan. In addition, IEP teams have authority to modify curriculum and to set educational goals to enable children with disabilities to make appropriate educational progress in light of each child's unique circumstances. The modified curriculum and educational goals set by an IEP team for an individual child with a disability might be different than the outcomes expected of other students. When, and to the extent, educational goals specified in an IEP are different than the competencies described in this document, the successful student can achieve the educational goals specified in their IEP.

NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band 9 1 2

# **Assessment**

# **Executive Summary**

This section of the guidance document seeks to support educators as they consider ways to develop, refine and/or implement a comprehensive, balanced and cohesive approach to meaningfully assess student learning in a competency-based model. When thinking about mastery, a multiple-measures approach can be useful and may include a variety of assessments, ranging from the use of rubrics that focus on the depth of a student's understanding to nationally normed assessments by age and/or ability to state accountability assessment systems. What follows as guidance to consider may be best conceptualized by thinking of it from the perspective of assessing student learning.

**GRADE BAND** 

# Performance-Based Assessment and the Use of Rubrics

- Continuity and Comprehensive Approach: The gradeband teams from Phase I of this project developed both the competencies and a set of performance-based "I can ..." rubrics.
  - SECD, specials, electives and CTE are also included for your consideration and inclusion in assessing broader STEAM and Humanities competencies.
- Interpretation of Performance Levels: These rubrics contain four performance levels that include "I can ..." statements that intend to reflect the various stages of what students know and are able to do through progressive depths of each competency. Ideally, students move to and through each of the levels from left to right, but this may take place at different times for each student. Webb's

Depth of Knowledge (DOK) is included as a familiar reference to help support the development of instruction in a leveled manner.

- **Level 1** may be thought of as introducing or beginning/DOK: Recall and Reproduce
- Level 2 may be thought of as developing or emerging/DOK:
   Application and Reasoning
- **Level 3** may be thought of as demonstrating or creating/DOK: Strategic Thinking
- **Level 4** may be thought of as extending or enriching/DOK: Extended Thinking

**NOTE:** Levels 1-4 are not intended to predict Kansas State Assessment scores.



## **Levels Explanation**

Webb's Depth of Knowledge: Use to Align "A successful student can ..." Statements to Appropriate Performance Level

| Performance Level | I can  |                    |
|-------------------|--|--------------------|
| Level 1           | <ul> <li>Recall and Reproduction</li> <li>Recall a fact, term, definition, principle or concept; perform a simple procedure.</li> <li>Items typically specify what the student is to do, which is often to carry out some procedure that can be performed mechanically.</li> <li>Recall of a fact, information, definition, term or performance of a process or procedure.</li> </ul>  |                    |
| Level 2           | <ul> <li>Basic Application of Skills and Concepts</li> <li>Apply conceptual knowledge: <ul> <li>Use provided information to select appropriate procedures for a task.</li> <li>Perform two or more steps with decision points along the way.</li> <li>Solve routine problems; organize or display data.</li> <li>Interpret or use simple graphs.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Items require students to make some decisions as to how to approach the question or problem. These actions imply more than one mental or cognitive process/step.</li> <li>Includes the engagement of some mental processing beyond recalling or reproducing a response.</li> </ul>   |                    |
| Level 3           | <ul> <li>Strategic Thinking</li> <li>Apply reasoning, using evidence, and developing a plan to approach or solve abstract, complex or nonroutine problems; interpret information and provide justification when more than one approach is possible.</li> <li>Items require students to justify the responses they give and may have more than one possible answer.</li> <li>Requires deep understanding as exhibited through planning, using evidence, and more demanding cognitive reasoning. The cognitive demands are complex and abstract.</li> </ul>  | This is the target |
| Level 4           | <ul> <li>Extended Thinking</li> <li>Perform investigations or apply concepts and skills that require research and problem solving across content areas or multiple sources.</li> <li>Items require students to bring together skill and knowledge from various domains. Due to the complexity of cognitive demand, this level often requires an extended period to answer. A DOK 4 is first a DOK 3 with added connections.</li> <li>Requires high cognitive demand and is very complex. Students are expected to make connections and relate ideas within the content or among areas - and have to select or devise one approach among many alternatives on how the situation can be solved.</li> </ul> |                    |

## **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

AFNR Agriculture, Foods and Natural LPSCS Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Resources Security Architecture and Construction Media Arts AC MA BC **Business Career** MATH Math **BC.BMAE** Business Management, Manufacturing **MNFR** Administration and MUS Music Entrepreneurship Physical Education PE BC.F Finance Science SCI BC.M Marketing Earth and Space Science SCI.ESS DNC Dance SCI.LS Life Science Family and Consumer Sciences **FACS** SCI.PS Physical Science English Language Arts ELA SECD Social-Emotional Character **ENG** Engineering Development HB Health and Biosciences STM STEAM HE Health Theatre THR History, Government and Social HGSS Transportation TRAN Studies WL World Languages HUM Humanities VA Visual Arts ΙT Information Technology

#### **Grade Bands:**

P Pre-K to 2nd grade

IM 3rd to 5th grade

MS 6th to 8th grade

HS 9th to 12th grade



# **ELA**

Competency 1

A successful student can work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision making in order to seek to understand different viewpoints.

| ELA   |  |   |   |   |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| I can demonstrate appropriate grammar and usage when speaking and writing.  | I can use various types of phrases<br>and clauses to convey specific<br>meaning and add variety and<br>interest to writing or presentations.   | I can recognize patterns of word<br>changes that indicate different<br>meanings or parts of speech<br>(e.g., analyze, analysis, analytical;<br>advocate, advocacy) [HUMANITIES<br>1].   |   | SL.11-12.1,<br>SL.11-12.4,<br>SL.11-12.6            |
| I can work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, establishing clear goals and deadlines with individual roles as needed. | I can identify and respond to<br>diverse perspectives in text and as<br>presented in discussion, holding<br>myself accountable to the establish<br>rules for collegial discussions and<br>decision-making. | I can respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify my own views and understanding, making new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented [HUMANITIES 4 and 5]. | I can propel conversations by posing<br>and responding to questions,<br>engaging others in discussion,<br>questioning to clarify and/or verify<br>conclusions, and relating the current<br>discussion to broader themes or<br>larger ideas. |   |
| I can engage in a variety of<br>discussions by listening and sharing<br>acquired and prior knowledge of<br>grade 9-10 topics and texts.                   |  | I can synthesize comments, claims,<br>and evidence for all sides of an issue<br>[HUMANITIES 2].   | I can identify credible sources,<br>make informed decisions, and<br>solve problems while evaluating<br>the credibility and accuracy of given<br>sources.  | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |
| I can describe expectations for civil and democratic discussion and decision-making.  | I can reference evidence from texts<br>and research to support comments<br>and ideas.  | I can recognize that issues<br>generate alternative and opposing<br>perspectives [HUMANITIES 4].  | I can evaluate a speaker's use of evidence and rhetoric by assessing:  Stance Premises Links among ideas Word choice Points of emphasis Tone  |   |
| I can participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussion (one-on-one, in groups, and teacherled).   | l can determine goals, deadlines,<br>and individual roles for discussion<br>groups.  |   | I can evaluate discussions and<br>decision-making processes and<br>collaborate to develop guidelines for<br>discussion.   |   |

| ELA   |  |                                  |  |              |
|---|--|----------------------------------|--|--------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3                          | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS    |
| ENGLISH LEARNER (EL)*   |  |                                  |  |              |
| A successful level 1 EL student can<br>nod responses, point to answers or<br>remain in silent period absorbing<br>surroundings. | A successful level 2 EL student can respond in very simple sentences when addressed and can show engagement even with limited participation. | participate in the discussion by | A successful level 4 EL student can participate in conversations through multiple exchanges building on others' ideas or expressing their own. | EL.SL.9-12.1 |
|   |  |                                  | I can describe expectations for civil<br>and democratic discussion and<br>decision-making [HUMANITIES 5].                                      |              |

For each competency, there is a correlating EL Standard. It applies to all learning targets for that standard. Each EL standard has been broken down into 4 Levels. An EL student who has mastered Level 4 then moves to the Gen.Ed. Level 1 for the competency and begins to work toward Level 3.

A successful student can provide an objective summary and analyze documents of historical and literary significance including how the text addresses related themes and concepts and how it interacts and builds on one another to produce a complex account.

| ELA  |                                   |         |  |  |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2                           | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| I can compare and contrast the representation of a subject in two different mediums. | claims.                           |         | history and literature for their significant themes and concepts.                                      | RI.11-12.9,<br>W.11-12.7,<br>W.11-12.7,<br>W.11-12.8,<br>W.11-12.9,<br>RL.11-12.1, |
| I can figure out the structure of the text and the order of events.                  | view or purpose in a text.        |         | I can identify a unique point of view or cultural experience.  | RL.11-12.6,<br>RL.11-12.9,<br>RL.11-12.13,<br>RI.11-12.1,                          |
| literary material.   | and transforms source material in |         | I can show how the order of events<br>and manipulation of time create<br>mystery, tension or surprise. | RI.11-12.1,<br>RI.11-12.13   |
| EL   |                                   |         | •  | •  |

| ELA   |   |  |   |                      |
|---|---|--|---|----------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS            |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to or recall a main idea in a paragraph.              | EL student can identify a main idea and one or more supporting details                                      | supporting piece of evidence from the text.  | 9-10 Level 4: A successful Level 4<br>El student can distinguish between<br>relevant and irrelevant evidence<br>to support the claim in a text and<br>determine if evidence is sufficient.                  | EL.RI/L.9-10.8       |
| A successful level 1 EL student can identify the U.S. and world when provided a map or a globe. | EL student can give a few sentences to explain something important in the U.S. or the world after listening | 3 EL student can explain the importance of a text after multiple interactions with a U.S. and/or World text. | 11-12 Level 4: A successful Level 4 El student can give the fundamental purpose, arguments or premises that are important for understanding an important U.S. and/or World text after repeated interaction. | EL.RI/ L.11-<br>12.8 |

A successful student can respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; identify fallacious reasoning, exaggerated or distorted evidence; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.

| ELA  |   |  |   |   |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| l can objectively summarize a text.  | I can compare and contrast a<br>subject presented through various<br>mediums.   | I can make specific references to<br>passages and events from a text<br>to prove what the text says directly<br>as well as the meaning I can infer<br>indirectly [HUMANITIES 1].   | I can evaluate the argument and<br>specific claims in terms of:<br>1. Reasoning and evidence (is it<br>valid and sufficient?), and<br>2. False statements and fallacious<br>reasoning.  | RI.11-12.3,<br>W.11-12.6,<br>SL.11-12.2,<br>SL.11-12.5,<br>RL.11-12.5,<br>RL.11-12.5, |
|  |   | I can gather relevant information<br>from various appropriate and<br>credible print and electronic<br>sources [HUMANITIES 2].  | I can determine the connections<br>between the author's main points.  | RL.11-12.7,<br>RL.11-12.10,<br>RI.11-12.2,<br>RI.11-12.6,<br>RI.11-12.7               |
| l can identify sources to answer a question.   |   | I can synthesize multiple sources<br>of information to answer a central<br>question, recognizing when to<br>narrow or broaden a search as well<br>as how to discern between valid<br>and invalid evidence [HUMANITIES<br>4]. | I can engage in an inquiry process<br>to build understanding and<br>respond in a meaningful way,<br>synthesizing information from<br>multiple sources and perspectives,<br>and avoiding over reliance on one<br>text or source. |   |
| I can cite information from print and digital sources.   | I can make specific references to<br>passages and events from a text<br>to prove what the text says directly<br>as well as the meaning I can infer<br>indirectly. | I can locate information from a variety of print and digital sources, evaluate the credibility and accuracy of sources, and integrate information to create an original representation of understanding [HUMANITIES 2].      | I can integrate information effectively from print and digital sources without plagiarizing, determining the strengths and limitations of sources that address a given task, audience, and purpose.                             |   |
| EL   |   |  |   |   |
| A successful level 1 EL student can<br>point to a single word in response<br>to a direct text-dependent question | locate or give a detail from a simple   | A successful level 3 EL student can identify details in response to an explicit text-dependent question.   | A successful level 4 EL student can cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text say explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.  | EL.RI/L.9-12.1  |

A successful student can respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; identify fallacious reasoning, exaggerated or distorted evidence; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.

| ELA  |   |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| l can objectively summarize a text.                    | I can compare and contrast a<br>subject presented through various<br>mediums.   | I can make specific references to<br>passages and events from a text<br>to prove what the text says directly<br>as well as the meaning I can infer<br>indirectly [HUMANITIES 1].   | valid and sufficient?), And   | RI.11-12.3,<br>W.11-12.6,<br>SL.11-12.2,<br>SL.11-12.5,<br>RL.11-12.2,<br>RL.11-12.5,<br>RL.11-12.7, |
|  |   | I can gather relevant information<br>from various appropriate and<br>credible print and electronic<br>sources [HUMANITIES 2].  | l can determine the connections<br>between the author's main points.  | RL.11-12.10,<br>RI.11-12.2,<br>RI.11-12.6,<br>RI.11-12.7   |
| l can identify sources to answer a<br>question.        | broaden a topic and incorporating multiple sources of information.  | I can synthesize multiple sources<br>of information to answer a central<br>question, recognizing when to<br>narrow or broaden a search as well<br>as how to discern between valid<br>and invalid evidence [HUMANITIES<br>4]. | I can engage in an inquiry process<br>to build understanding and<br>respond in a meaningful way,<br>synthesizing information from<br>multiple sources and perspectives,<br>and avoiding over reliance on one<br>text or source. |  |
| I can cite information from print and digital sources. | I can make specific references to<br>passages and events from a text<br>to prove what the text says directly<br>as well as the meaning I can infer<br>indirectly. | I can locate information from a variety of print and digital sources, evaluate the credibility and accuracy of sources, and integrate information to create an original representation of understanding [HUMANITIES 2].      | I can integrate information<br>effectively from print and digital<br>sources without plagiarizing,<br>determining the strengths and<br>limitations of sources that address<br>a given task, audience, and<br>purpose.           |  |
| FI   |   | •  | •   |  |

| ELA   |                                       |                                   |  |                |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|----------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2                               | LEVEL 3                           | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS      |
| point to a single word in response to a direct text-dependent | locate or give a detail from a simple | explicit text-dependent question. | A successful level 4 EL student can cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text say explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. | EL.RI/L.9-12.1 |

A successful student can interpret words and phrases as they are used in text or documents, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

| ELA   |  |  |  |   |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| I can figure out the meaning of<br>words and phrases as they are<br>used in context.  | I can figure out the connotative<br>meanings of words and phrases as<br>they are used in the text.                             | meanings of words and phrases as they are used in the text | choice including figurative words,<br>words with strong connotation, and<br>technical words and its effect on<br>meaning and tone. | RI.11-12.4,<br>SL.11-12.3,<br>SL.11-12.7,<br>SL.11-12.8,<br>RL.11-12.4,<br>RL.11-12.11,<br>RL.11-12.12,<br>RI.11-12.12,<br>RI.11-12.11,<br>RI.11-12.11, |
| EL  |  |  |  |   |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture to match the picture to a word or phrase from a text that was read aloud to the student. | A successful level 2 EL student can<br>match tone words and/or phrases<br>from designated read aloud text<br>with definitions. |  | point out words and phrases used   | EL.RI/L.9-12.4  |

A successful student can write informative and argumentative texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization and analysis of content in order to summarize, advocate and/or solve problems.

| ELA  |   |  |   |   |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
| I can provide a concluding<br>statement or section that follows<br>from and supports the argument<br>presented.  | I can establish and maintain a<br>formal style and objective tone<br>while attending to the norms and<br>conventions of the discipline in<br>which they are writing.  | I can use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims [HUMANITIES 1].                      | distinguish the claim(s) from<br>alternate or opposing claims,<br>and create an organization that<br>establishes clear relationships  | W.11-12.1,<br>W.11-12.4,<br>W.11-12.5,<br>W.11-12.10,<br>W.11-12.11,<br>W.11-12.12,<br>RI.11-12.5,<br>W.11-12.3 |
| I can establish and maintain a<br>formal style and objective tone<br>while attending to the norms and<br>conventions of the discipline in<br>which they are writing.                                       | I can write arguments to support<br>claims that analyze substantive<br>topics using valid reasoning and<br>appropriate evidence.  | I can develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns [HUMANITIES 2 and 4].                                 | I can write an informative piece<br>that examines and convey complex<br>ideas clearly and accurately by<br>selecting, organizing, and analyzing<br>content.   | VV.11-12.J  |
| I can provide a concluding<br>statement or section that follows<br>from and supports the information<br>or explanation presented (e.g.,<br>articulating implications or the<br>significance of the topic). | I can use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.   | I can develop the topic with well-<br>chosen, relevant, and sufficient<br>facts, extended definitions,<br>concrete details, quotations<br>or other information and<br>examples appropriate to the<br>audience's knowledge of the topic<br>[HUMANITIES 3].            | I can write and edit work so that it conforms to the guidelines in a style manual (e.g., MLA Handbook, Turabian's Manual for Writers) appropriate for the discipline and writing type.  |   |
| I can use precise language and<br>domain-specific vocabulary to<br>manage the complexity of the topic.   | I can demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing and use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses. | I can introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension [HUMANITIES 1]. | I can apply knowledge of language to understand:  How language functions differently in different contexts  How to make effective choice for meaning or soul  Comprehend more fully when reading or writing  Write and edit work according to style manual guidelines, appropriate for the discipline and writing type. |   |

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| ELA     |  |  |                                     |           |
|---------|--|--|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4                             | STANDARDS |
|         | produce writing that shows some organization with regard to task and audience. | A successful level 3 EL student can produce writing that begins to develop an idea with organization included that is relevant to the task and audience. | but does still needs revision to be |           |

A successful student can use a variety of writing techniques such as pacing, description, reflection and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters, and text structures, such as, cause and effect, compare/contrast, etc. to produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

| ELA   |  |   | Lancer a  |  |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| I can identify and analyze complex characters.  | I can show how a complex<br>character develops throughout the<br>text.   | I can show how a complex<br>character interacts with other<br>characters [HUMANITIES 4].  | with other characters advance the   | W.11-12.4, W.11-12.5, W.11-12.3, W.11-12.11, W.11-12.12, RL.11-12.3, RI.11-12.10 |
| technique, choosing appropriate   | by setting out a problem, situation or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view,                 | I can use a variety of techniques<br>to sequence events so that they<br>build on one another to create a<br>coherent whole [HUMANITIES 1<br>and 2].                         | I can show how the complex<br>character and his/her interactions<br>with other characters develop the<br>theme.                                   |  |
| writing that is appropriate for the   | as, dialogue, pacing, description,<br>reflection, and multiple plot lines, to<br>develop experiences, events, and/ | I can use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters [HUMANITIES 1]. | I can provide a conclusion that<br>follows from and reflects on what is<br>experienced, observed or resolved<br>over the course of the narrative. |  |
| I can continually work on my writing abilities through the writing process and trying new approaches that focus on the purpose and audience of the writing. | process – including planning,<br>drafting, editing, and revising – to  | I can select the most appropriate<br>medium to produce writing<br>products and display information<br>dynamically [HUMANITIES 1 and 3].                                     | I can evaluate the effectiveness of<br>my final product for its ability to<br>fulfill the task and appeal to the<br>intended audience.            |  |
| EL  |  |   |   |  |

| ELA                              |  |                                    |  |           |
|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|-----------|
| LEVEL 1                          | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3                            | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS |
| produce writing that consists of | organization with regard to task and audience. | can produce writing that begins to | A successful level 4 EL student can produce writing that is easy to read, but does still needs revision to be clear and concise. |           |

# **HGSS**

# Recognizing

The successful student can recognize information and concepts contained in history, government, and social studies.

| HGSS  |   |   |  |                            |
|---|---|---|--|----------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                  |
| I can recall facts from memory or retells the topic story or narrative.       | I can demonstrate how the facts<br>support specific concepts or big<br>ideas of the topic.          | I can demonstrate different ways facts might be interpreted to build meaning around the concepts or topic [HUMANITIES 1, 2, 4].                           | I can apply the facts, concepts, big<br>ideas, meaning of the topic to new<br>or different issues and topics.  | Standards 1, 2,<br>3, 4, 5 |
| I can recognize resources that might supply needed information.               | I can categorize resources that will supply needed information.                                     | I can categorize and evaluate various sources and appropriately use them to build meaning around the topic [HUMANITIES 2, 4, 5].                          | I can categorize, evaluate, and<br>appropriately use sources across<br>the breadth of the topic building<br>meaning for today.   |                            |
| I can identify critical thinking,<br>inquiry and social studies practices.    | I can use inquiry and social studies practices to gather information around the topic.              | I can apply critical thinking,<br>metacognitive strategies, and social<br>studies practices to information on<br>the topic/inquiry [HUMANITIES 3].        | I can use critical thinking,<br>metacognitive strategies, and<br>social studies practices to create a<br>framework for critically considering<br>and evaluating information. |                            |
| I can pose and accurately respond<br>to basic informational type<br>questions | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to multi-part questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking. | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to questions about concepts/big<br>ideas with an explanation of my<br>thinking [HUMANITIES 1, 3, 4].                 | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to sophisticated questions which<br>require the application of concepts/<br>big ideas to a more universal<br>setting.                   |                            |
| I can accept or believe something because I understand it.                    | I can accept or believe something if<br>I think about it in a particular way.                       | I can accept or believe something<br>because I know how to think<br>about things in different ways<br>[HUMANITIES 4, 5].                                  | I can hold opposing positions<br>on issues because I understand<br>that I am learning how to think in<br>different ways.   |                            |
| I can gather resources provided.  | I can describe how the research/<br>inquiry was completed   | l can produce evidence and<br>artifacts of research/inquiry<br>[HUMANITIES 1, 2].   | I can create a way to do research/<br>inquiry in the future.   | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0      |
| I can communicate information/<br>facts in a single format.                   | I can effectively communicate<br>information and concepts in two or<br>more formats                 | I can create effective<br>communication that conveys<br>information, concepts and emotion<br>to the audience in two or more<br>formats [HUMANITIES 1, 3]. | I can design effective<br>communication strategies that<br>convey information, concepts and<br>emotion to different audiences in<br>two or more formats.                     |                            |



# Evaluating

The successful student can evaluate information and concepts contained in history, government, and social studies.

| HGSS  |   |   |  |                            |
|---|---|---|--|----------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                  |
| I can recall facts from memory or retells the topic story or narrative.       | I can demonstrate how the facts<br>support specific concepts or big<br>ideas of the topic.          | I can demonstrate different ways<br>facts might be interpreted to build<br>meaning around the concepts or<br>topic [HUMANITIES 1, 2, 4].                  | I can apply the facts, concepts, big ideas, meaning of the topic to new or different issues and topics.  | Standards 1, 2,<br>3, 4, 5 |
| I can recognize resources that might supply needed information.               | I can categorize resources that will supply needed information.                                     | I can categorize and evaluate<br>various sources and appropriately<br>use them to build meaning around<br>the topic [HUMANITIES 2, 4, 5].                 | I can categorize, evaluate, and<br>appropriately use sources across<br>the breadth of the topic building<br>meaning for today.   |                            |
| I can identify critical thinking, inquiry and social studies practices.       | I can use inquiry and social studies practices to gather information around the topic.              | I can apply critical thinking,<br>metacognitive strategies, and social<br>studies practices to information on<br>the topic/inquiry [HUMANITIES 3].        | I can use critical thinking,<br>metacognitive strategies, and<br>social studies practices to create a<br>framework for critically considering<br>and evaluating information. |                            |
| I can pose and accurately respond<br>to basic informational type<br>questions | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to multi-part questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking. | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to questions about concepts/big<br>ideas with an explanation of my<br>thinking [HUMANITIES 1, 3, 4].                 | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to sophisticated questions which<br>require the application of concepts/<br>big ideas to a more universal<br>setting.                   |                            |
| I can accept or believe something<br>because I understand it.                 | I can accept or believe something if<br>I think about it in a particular way.                       | I can accept or believe something<br>because I know how to think<br>about things in different ways<br>[HUMANITIES 4, 5].                                  | I can hold opposing positions<br>on issues because I understand<br>that I am learning how to think in<br>different ways.   |                            |
| I can gather resources provided.  | l can describe how the research/<br>inquiry was completed   | l can produce evidence and<br>artifacts of research/inquiry<br>[HUMANITIES 1, 2].   | l can create a way to do research/<br>inquiry in the future.   |                            |
| facts in a single format.   |   | I can create effective<br>communication that conveys<br>information, concepts and emotion<br>to the audience in two or more<br>formats [HUMANITIES 1, 3]. | I can design effective<br>communication strategies that<br>convey information, concepts and<br>emotion to different audiences in<br>two or more formats.                     |                            |

# Analyzing

The successful student can analyze the context of information and concepts contained in history, government, and social studies.

| HGSS  |   |  |  |                            |
|---|---|--|--|----------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                  |
| I can recall facts from memory or retell the topic story or narrative.        | I can demonstrate how the facts<br>support specific concepts or big<br>ideas of the topic.          | I can demonstrate different ways<br>facts might be interpreted to build<br>meaning around the concepts or<br>topic [HUMANITIES 1, 2, 4].               | I can apply the facts, concepts, big ideas, meaning of the topic to new or different issues and topics.  | Standards 1, 2,<br>3, 4, 5 |
| I can recognize resources that might supply needed information.               | I can categorize resources that will supply needed information.                                     | I can categorize and evaluate various sources and appropriately use them to build meaning around the topic [HUMANITIES 2, 4, 5].                       | I can categorize, evaluate, and<br>appropriately use sources across<br>the breadth of the topic building<br>meaning for today.   |                            |
| I can identify critical thinking, inquiry and social studies practices.       | I can use inquiry and social studies practices to gather information around the topic.              | studies practices to information on the topic/inquiry [HUMANITIES 3].  | I can use critical thinking,<br>metacognitive strategies, and<br>social studies practices to create a<br>framework for critically considering<br>and evaluating information. |                            |
| I can pose and accurately respond<br>to basic informational type<br>questions | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to multi-part questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking. | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to questions about concepts/big<br>ideas with an explanation of my<br>thinking [HUMANITIES 1, 3, 4].              | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to sophisticated questions which<br>require the application of concepts/<br>big ideas to a more universal setting.                      |                            |
| I can accept or believe something<br>because I understand it.                 |   | because I know how to think<br>about things in different ways  | I can hold opposing positions<br>on issues because I understand<br>that I am learning how to think in<br>different ways.   |                            |
| I can gather resources provided.  | l can describe how the research/<br>inquiry was completed   | l can produce evidence and artifacts<br>of research/inquiry [HUMANITIES<br>1, 2].  | l can create a way to do research/<br>inquiry in the future.   |                            |
| I can communicate information/<br>facts in a single format.                   | I can effectively communicate<br>information and concepts in two or<br>more formats                 | I can create effective communication<br>that conveys information, concepts<br>and emotion to the audience in two<br>or more formats [HUMANITIES 1, 3]. | communication strategies that convey information, concepts and   |                            |



# **Drawing Conclusions**

The successful student can draw conclusions about information and concepts contained in history, government, and social studies.

| HGSS  |  |   |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |  |  |
| I can recall facts from memory or retells the topic story or narrative.       | I can demonstrate how the facts<br>support specific concepts or big<br>ideas of the topic. | I can demonstrate different ways<br>facts might be interpreted to build<br>meaning around the concepts or<br>topic [HUMANITIES 1, 2, 4].                  | I can apply the facts, concepts, big ideas, meaning of the topic to new or different issues and topics.  | Standards 1, 2,<br>3, 4, 5   |  |  |
| I can recognize resources that might supply needed information.               | I can categorize resources that will supply needed information.                            | I can categorize and evaluate<br>various sources and appropriately<br>use them to build meaning around<br>the topic [HUMANITIES 2, 4, 5].                 | I can categorize, evaluate, and<br>appropriately use sources across<br>the breadth of the topic building<br>meaning for today.   | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •  |  |  |
| I can identify critical thinking, inquiry and social studies practices.       |  | I can apply critical thinking,<br>metacognitive strategies, and social<br>studies practices to information on<br>the topic/inquiry [HUMANITIES 3].        | I can use critical thinking,<br>metacognitive strategies, and<br>social studies practices to create a<br>framework for critically considering<br>and evaluating information. | **************************************   |  |  |
| I can pose and accurately respond<br>to basic informational type<br>questions |  | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to questions about concepts/big<br>ideas with an explanation of my<br>thinking [HUMANITIES 1, 3, 4].                 | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to sophisticated questions which<br>require the application of concepts/<br>big ideas to a more universal<br>setting.                   | 7<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |  |  |
| I can accept or believe something because I understand it.                    | I can accept or believe something if<br>I think about it in a particular way.              | I can accept or believe something<br>because I know how to think<br>about things in different ways<br>[HUMANITIES 4, 5].                                  | I can hold opposing positions<br>on issues because I understand<br>that I am learning how to think in<br>different ways.   |  |  |  |
| I can gather resources provided.  | l can describe how the research/<br>inquiry was completed                                  | l can produce evidence and<br>artifacts of research/inquiry<br>[HUMANITIES 1, 2].   | l can create a way to do research/<br>inquiry in the future.   | Standards 1, 2,<br>3, 4, 5   |  |  |
| I can communicate information/<br>facts in a single format.                   | I can effectively communicate<br>information and concepts in two or<br>more formats        | I can create effective<br>communication that conveys<br>information, concepts and emotion<br>to the audience in two or more<br>formats [HUMANITIES 1, 3]. | I can design effective<br>communication strategies that<br>convey information, concepts and<br>emotion to different audiences in<br>two or more formats.                     |  |  |  |



# Researching

The successful student can research topics and concepts contained in history, government, and social studies.

| HGSS  |   |  |  |   |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| I can recall facts from memory or retells the topic story or narrative.       | I can demonstrate how the facts<br>support specific concepts or big<br>ideas of the topic.          | I can demonstrate different ways<br>facts might be interpreted to build<br>meaning around the concepts or<br>topic [HUMANITIES 1, 2, 4].           | I can apply the facts, concepts, big ideas, meaning of the topic to new or different issues and topics.  | Standards 1,<br>2, 3, 4, 5  |
| l can recognize resources that might supply needed information.               | I can categorize resources that will supply needed information.                                     | I can categorize and evaluate<br>various sources and appropriately<br>use them to build meaning around<br>the topic [HUMANITIES 2, 4, 5].          | I can categorize, evaluate, and<br>appropriately use sources across<br>the breadth of the topic building<br>meaning for today.   | •   |
| I can identify critical thinking, inquiry and social studies practices.       | I can use inquiry and social studies practices to gather information around the topic.              | I can apply critical thinking,<br>metacognitive strategies, and social<br>studies practices to information on<br>the topic/inquiry [HUMANITIES 3]. | I can use critical thinking,<br>metacognitive strategies, and<br>social studies practices to create a<br>framework for critically considering<br>and evaluating information. |   |
| I can pose and accurately respond<br>to basic informational type<br>questions | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to multi-part questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking. | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to questions about concepts/big<br>ideas with an explanation of my<br>thinking [HUMANITIES 1, 3, 4].          | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to sophisticated questions which<br>require the application of concepts/<br>big ideas to a more universal setting.                      | Standards 1,<br>2, 3, 4, 5  |
| I can accept or believe something because I understand it.                    | I can accept or believe something if I<br>think about it in a particular way.                       | I can accept or believe something<br>because I know how to think<br>about things in different ways<br>[HUMANITIES 4, 5].                           | I can hold opposing positions on<br>issues because I understand that I<br>am learning how to think in different<br>ways.   |   |
| I can gather resources provided.  | I can describe how the research/<br>inquiry was completed   | I can produce evidence and artifacts<br>of research/inquiry [HUMANITIES<br>1, 2].  | I can create a way to do research/<br>inquiry in the future.   | •   |
| I can communicate information/<br>facts in a single format.                   | I can effectively communicate<br>information and concepts in two or<br>more formats                 |  | I can design effective<br>communication strategies that<br>convey information, concepts and<br>emotion to different audiences in<br>two or more formats.                     | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |



# Making Connections and Relevance

The successful student can make connections and find relevance between topics and concepts contained in history, government, social studies, and their world.

| HGSS  |   |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                                      |
| I can recall facts from memory or retells the topic story or narrative.       | I can demonstrate how the facts<br>support specific concepts or big<br>ideas of the topic.          |  | I can apply the facts, concepts, big ideas, meaning of the topic to new or different issues and topics.  | Standards 1,<br>2, 3, 4, 5                     |
| I can recognize resources that might supply needed information.               | I can categorize resources that will supply needed information.                                     |  | I can categorize, evaluate, and<br>appropriately use sources across<br>the breadth of the topic building<br>meaning for today.   | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •          |
| I can identify critical thinking, inquiry and social studies practices.       | I can use inquiry and social studies practices to gather information around the topic.              | metacognitive strategies, and social   | I can use critical thinking,<br>metacognitive strategies, and<br>social studies practices to create a<br>framework for critically considering<br>and evaluating information. | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0      |
| I can pose and accurately respond<br>to basic informational type<br>questions | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to multi-part questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking. | ideas with an explanation of my  | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to sophisticated questions which<br>require the application of concepts/<br>big ideas to a more universal<br>setting.                   | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •          |
| I can accept or believe something because I understand it.                    | I can accept or believe something if I<br>think about it in a particular way.                       | I can accept or believe something<br>because I know how to think<br>about things in different ways<br>[HUMANITIES 4, 5]. | I can hold opposing positions on<br>issues because I understand that I<br>am learning how to think in different<br>ways.   | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0          |
| I can gather resources provided.  | l can describe how the research/<br>inquiry was completed   |  | I can create a way to do research/<br>inquiry in the future.   | •  |
| I can communicate information/<br>facts in a single format.                   | I can effectively communicate<br>information and concepts in two or<br>more formats                 | and emotion to the audience in two or more formats [HUMANITIES 1, 3].  | communication strategies that convey information, concepts and   | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 |



## Making Claims and Supporting with Evidence

The successful student can make a claim about topics and concepts contained in history, government, and social studies and support that claim with evidence and argument.

| HGSS  |   |  |  |                            |
|---|---|--|--|----------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                  |
| I can recall facts from memory or retells the topic story or narrative.       | I can demonstrate how the facts<br>support specific concepts or big<br>ideas of the topic.          |  | I can apply the facts, concepts, big<br>ideas, meaning of the topic to new<br>or different issues and topics.  | Standards 1,<br>2, 3, 4, 5 |
| I can recognize resources that might supply needed information.               | I can categorize resources that will supply needed information.                                     | use them to build meaning around   | I can categorize, evaluate, and<br>appropriately use sources across<br>the breadth of the topic building<br>meaning for today.   |                            |
| I can identify critical thinking, inquiry and social studies practices.       | I can use inquiry and social studies practices to gather information around the topic.              | I can apply critical thinking,<br>metacognitive strategies, and social<br>studies practices to information on<br>the topic/inquiry [HUMANITIES 3].     | I can use critical thinking,<br>metacognitive strategies, and<br>social studies practices to create a<br>framework for critically considering<br>and evaluating information. |                            |
| I can pose and accurately respond<br>to basic informational type<br>questions | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to multi-part questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking. | ideas with an explanation of my  | I can pose and accurately respond<br>to sophisticated questions which<br>require the application of concepts/<br>big ideas to a more universal<br>setting.                   |                            |
| I can accept or believe something because I understand it.                    | I can accept or believe something if I<br>think about it in a particular way.                       | I can accept or believe something<br>because I know how to think<br>about things in different ways<br>[HUMANITIES 4, 5].                               | I can hold opposing positions on<br>issues because I understand that I<br>am learning how to think in different<br>ways.   |                            |
| I can gather resources provided.  | I can describe how the research/<br>inquiry was completed   | l can produce evidence and artifacts<br>of research/inquiry [HUMANITIES<br>1, 2].  | I can create a way to do research/<br>inquiry in the future.   |                            |
| I can communicate information/<br>facts in a single format.                   | I can effectively communicate<br>information and concepts in two or<br>more formats                 | I can create effective communication<br>that conveys information, concepts<br>and emotion to the audience in two<br>or more formats [HUMANITIES 1, 3]. | communication strategies that convey information, concepts and   |                            |

# **EL HGSS**

It is important to recognize that students who receive ESOL Services have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports makes it possible for them to do so. Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the measurement tables for this population align to The Kansas Standards for English Learners. These standards create a foundation upon which successful English language instruction is built. The premise of these standards is supporting individual students to gain a level of proficiency with the English language that allows them to be highly successful in obtaining grade level academic standards in as short of time as possible. Both social English and academic English are required to attain mastery of the English language and of school success. These standards below frame expectations of "what students need to know and be able to do" from a level 1 to level 4 of English fluency and how that relates to a mastery level.

**Special Note:** These standards are grade banded and overarching. Some competencies are designed with the end in mind. Therefore, a student in 9th -10th grade may be at a level 1 or 2, but is expected to progress to a level 3 or 4 by grades 11 and 12.

| HGSS  | EL   |  |  |               |
|---|--|--|--|---------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS     |
| can echo read a numerical math problem to approximate the model | read decodable word problems<br>while relying on picture clues for<br>accuracy and understanding with<br>some prompting and support. | read near grade level text with<br>some errors and some dis-fluency<br>while relying on strategies such<br>as pictures, context to confirm | A successful level 4 EL student can read on-level texts with purpose and understanding with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression by rereading when necessary with some errors and self-correction.     | EL.RF.11-12.4 |
| point to a picture and/or a single                              | highlight key information in the text  | cite textual evidence in response to   | A successful level 4 EL student can cite textual evidence in response to explicit or implicit text-dependent questions.  | EL.R.11-12.1  |
| identify various text features and                              | produce a single word or phrase to explain an important concept found in text.   | produce complete sentences to<br>explain the purpose or argument<br>when considering historical and/or<br>geographical context.            | A successful level 4 EL student can present the fundamental purpose, arguments, or premises that are important for one to understand after repeated interaction with historical and/or geographical content. | EL.R.11-12.8  |

| HGSS   | EL  |   |  |                   |
|--|---|---|--|-------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS         |
| A successful level 1 EL student can offer single-word responses that can indicate agreement or disagreement (yes/no), draw, and/or point to pictures.        | A successful level 2 EL student can use content vocabulary words from text to better comprehend the text and write about it.  | •   | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can use knowledge about content<br>language and how it functions to<br>better comprehend historical and/<br>or geographical content.  | EL.R.11-<br>12.10 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can<br>use context clues or reference<br>material to understand HGSS<br>vocabulary.  | determine the meaning of unknown<br>words and phrases by using context<br>clues or consulting reference   | determine the meaning of unknown<br>words and phrases by using context<br>clues or consulting reference   | A successful level 4 EL student can determine the meaning of unknown words and phrases by using context clues or consulting reference material to understand or verify the meaning, part of speech or etymology of the word or phrase. | EL.R.11-<br>12.11 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture or sight word in a simple paragraph.  |   | A successful level 3 EL student can use reading strategies, modified text to read appropriate nonfiction.   | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend appropriate nonfiction at the lower range of the grade-level band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for Grade 11-12.  | EL.R.11-<br>12.13 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can produce writing that consists of copied text or simple words about science topics with a lot of support and scaffolding. | •   | •   | A successful level 4 EL student can<br>produce organized writing that<br>develops an idea, and is appropriate<br>for task and purpose.   | EL.W.11-12.4      |
|  | A successful level 2 EL student can demonstrate ability to use written expression through simple sentences. A mix of words and drawings or illustrations may be used. | A successful level 3 EL student can write complete sentences to form a paragraph for a discipline-specific task and audience over an extended time frame. | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can write well-organized cohesive<br>paragraphs appropriate to task,<br>purpose and audience.   | EL.W.11-<br>12.12 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can offer single-word responses that indicate agreement or disagreement (yes/no).  | A successful level 2 EL student can respond in simple sentences when addressed and show engagement even with limited participation. Follow the rules of discussion.   |   | A successful level 4 EL student can follow the format of the discussion and participate in conversations through multiple exchanges building on others' ideas or expressing their own.   | EL.SL.11-12.1     |

| HGSS  | EL  |   |  |               |
|---|---|---|--|---------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS     |
| engage with media to comprehend a topic through pictures.   | engage with the media to learn                                | can combine multiple sources of information.  | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can combine multiple sources and<br>formats of information to make<br>decisions and solve problems. Know<br>to utilize credible sources and data.                 | EL.SL.11-12.2 |
| provide a basic written, drawn,   | identify the speaker's main point of                          | identify the speaker's main point of view and emphasis and some contextual words used.                        | A successful level 4 EL student can identify the speaker's point of view, reasoning and evidence, contextual words, point of emphasis and ask questions around the speaker's reasoning.              | EL.SL.11-12.3 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can<br>draw a picture or provide a basic<br>description of a historical text. | can produce reasoning within a                                | A successful level 3 EL student can present information from one point of view supported with clear evidence. | A successful level 4 EL student can present information that supports evidence and that is clear and appropriate to purpose.   | EL.SL.11-12.4 |
| can offer single-word responses   | acquire and produce high-frequency social studies vocabulary. | can acquire and produce grade-<br>appropriate academic and domain-  | A successful level 4 EL student can acquire and use grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases accurately. Demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge. | EL.SL.11-12.8 |

# 9-12

# **Mathematics**

Competency 1:

A successful student can apply and interpret units while modeling problems, formulas, graphs, and data to ensure a sensible outcome.

| Mathematics  |  |  |  |                           |
|--|--|--|--|---------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                 |
| I can recognize and label appropriate units based on given information.                      | units and am able to distinguish   |  | I can apply units in a problem for<br>the purpose of real-world design<br>and context. | N.Q.1,<br>N.Q.2,<br>N.Q.3 |
| I can define appropriate quantities for the purpose of descriptive modeling.                 | l can choose and interpret units<br>consistently in formulas.                          |  |  |                           |
| I can use estimation at a basic level to understand whether or not an answer is appropriate. | of accuracy on measurement when  | I can draw appropriate conclusions with a necessary level of accuracy depending on the real-world context [STEAM 3]. |  |                           |
| I can identify place value and use rounding accurately.                                      | I can choose and interpret the scale<br>and the origin in graphs and data<br>displays. |  |  |                           |

Competency 2

A successful student can write and interpret appropriate equivalent forms of an expression to explain different properties of the quantities represented in real-world context.

| Mathematics   |  |   |         |                                 |
|---|--|---|---------|---------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS                       |
| I can interpret parts of an expression, such as terms, factors, coefficients, and like terms. | I can interpret expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context.  I can rewrite expressions by combining like terms. | I can rewrite expressions by factoring, completing the square, and using exponent rules [STEAM 1,4] | •       | A.SSE.1,<br>A.SSE.2,<br>A.SSE.3 |



A successful student can model, solve, identify, interpret, and apply equations/inequalities and systems of equations/inequalities to explain authentic or hypothetical situations using math as the authority.

| Mathematics   |  |  |   |  |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| I can solve equations in one variable.  | l can solve linear inequalities.   | I can explain and justify each step<br>in solving an equation/inequality<br>[STEAM 2, 4]   | I can apply my solutions of<br>equations/inequalities to aid in<br>decision making.   | A.REI.1,<br>A.REI.2,<br>A.REI.3,<br>A.REI.5,             |
|   |  | I can solve for a given variable in<br>a formula or equation/inequality<br>[STEAM 4]   |   | A.REI.5,<br>A.REI.6,<br>A.REI.8,<br>A.REI.9,<br>AREI.10, |
| I can solve a quadratic equation by interpreting a graph.   |  | I can solve quadratic equations by factoring, completing the square, and by using the quadratic formula [STEAM 4]  |   | A.CED.1,<br>A.CED.2,<br>A.CED.3,<br>A.CED.4              |
| I can identify solutions to a system of equations/inequalities by observing a graph.  | I can interpret solutions to a system<br>of equations/equalities by utilizing a<br>graph.                        | I can solve a system of equations/<br>inequalities [linear, quadratic, and/<br>or absolute value) by any method<br>[STEAM 4]                                   | I can solve a system of equations/<br>inequalities [polynomial, rational,<br>exponential, and/or logarithmic) by<br>any method. | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •                    |
| I can read a word problem in a<br>mathematical context and Identify<br>key words/numbers in the problem,<br>omitting unnecessary info.              | I can construct an equation or<br>mathematical representation of<br>information gathered from a word<br>problem. | I can solve a word problem and interpret the solution(s) [STEAM 1, 2, 4]   | l can apply my solutions to word problems to aid in decision making.  |  |
| I can identify multiple<br>representations of a mathematical<br>situation [graphs, tables, word<br>problems, equations) in one or two<br>variables. | situation to determine which   |  | I can create a model in the appropriate representation based on my own investigation and inquiry.                               |  |
|   | I can identify key aspects of multiple<br>representations of a mathematical<br>situation.                        | I can analyze key aspects from<br>multiple representation of a<br>mathematical situation to aid in<br>decision-making in a real world<br>context [STEAM 1, 3]. |   | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0           |

A successful student can solve, analyze and apply Linear, Quadratic, Exponential functions using different representations to explain situations using math as the authority.

| Mathematics  |   |   |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| I can identify the domain and range as the input and output of a function.                                   | I can describe the domain and range in the context of a graph.  | I can find the domain and range and<br>state them using function notation<br>[STEAM 1,3]  |  | F.IF.1, F.IF.2,<br>F.IF.4, F.IF.5,<br>F.IF.6, F.IF.7,<br>F.IF.8, F.IF.9, |
| I can Identify the type of function through multiple representations.  | I can identify key features of<br>basic functions (linear, quadratic,<br>absolute value). Key features include<br>interceptions, and increasing and | I can graph basic functions (linear,<br>quadratic, and absolute value<br>functions) [STEAM 2]   | l can graph advanced functions<br>(rational, exponential, cube root,<br>logarithmic, piece-wise, polynomial,<br>and trigonometric.   | F.BF.1, F.BF.2,<br>F.LQE.1,<br>F.LQE.2,<br>A.APR.1,                      |
|  | mins (vertices), and increasing and decreasing intervals.   | I can analyze the key features of<br>basic functions to aid in decision<br>making. Key features include<br>intercepts, symmetries, max and<br>mins (vertices), and increasing and<br>decreasing intervals [STEAM 1, 3, 4] | I can analyze the key features<br>in advanced functions to aid in<br>decision making. Key features<br>include relative maximums and<br>minimums, end behavior, and<br>periodicity. | → A.APR.2  |
|  |   | I can compare properties of<br>two functions using a variety of<br>representations (algebraically,<br>graphically, tables, and verbal<br>description) [STEAM 1, 3]  | I can combine multiple functions<br>to model complex real world<br>relationships.  | 7  |
| I can identify slope as the constant rate of change of a function.   | I can calculate the average rate of change of a function.   | I can interpret the average rate of change of a function [STEAM 1, 3]   | I can analyze the average rate<br>of change of a function to aid in<br>decision making.  |  |
| I can identify the different forms of a<br>linear function (point-slope, slope-<br>intercept, and standard). | I can interpret key aspects of the<br>different forms of a linear function.   | l can write linear functions in<br>different but equivalent forms<br>(point-slope, slope-intercept, and<br>standard) [STEAM 2]  | I can write polynomial functions<br>in different but equivalent forms<br>to find zeros, extreme values,<br>symmetry, etc.  |  |
| I can identify a polynomial by its number of terms.  | I can add and subtract polynomials.   | l can multiply polynomials [STEAM<br>4]   | I can factor higher degree<br>polynomials and identify that some<br>polynomials are prime.   |  |
| I can identify a pattern as arithmetic or geometric.   | I can continue the pattern of a arithmetic or geometric sequence.   | I can write an arithmetic sequence<br>equation given the pattern [STEAM<br>1]   | I can write a geometric sequence<br>equation given the pattern.  |  |

9-12

#### Competency 5:

A successful student can apply geometric shapes, measurements and properties by validating/ communicating/ proving arguments and modeling to describe objects and then apply to solve and design problems.

| Mathematics   |  |   |   |  |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| I can identify rigid transformations.                           | I can model and describe rigid<br>transformations.   |   | I can recognize rigid<br>transformations as functions that<br>take points in the plane as inputs<br>and give other points as outputs. | G.CO.1,<br>G.CO.2,<br>G.CO.3,<br>G.CO.4,<br>G.CO.7,  |
|   |  | transformations of how a shape is mapped to its image [STEAM 2, 4].   |   | G.CO.7,<br>G.CO.8,<br>G.CO.9,<br>G.CO.10,            |
| I can identify key aspects of lines<br>and angle relationships. | I can determine measured<br>angle relationships (congruent,<br>supplementary, complimentary)<br>based on the geometric angle<br>relationships. | I can find missing angle measures<br>based on their geometric<br>relationships given a diagram<br>[STEAM 1, 4].   | I can use geometric shapes, their<br>measures, and their properties to<br>describe objects.   | G.MG.1,<br>G.MG.3                                    |
| I can identify the characteristics of a triangle.               | I can categorize triangles based<br>on side lengths and/or angle<br>measures.  | I can construct arguments about<br>one triangle using theorems<br>[STEAM 2, 4].   | l can apply geometric methods to solve design problems.   | G.CO.1,<br>G.CO.2,<br>G.CO.3,<br>G.CO.4,             |
|   |  | I can construct arguments<br>about the relationships between<br>two congruent triangles using<br>theorems (SSS, SAS, ASA, AAS, and<br>HL) [STEAM 2, 4]. |   | G.CO.7,<br>G.CO.8,<br>G.CO.9,<br>G.CO.10,<br>G.MG.1, |
| I can define congruence in the context of plane figures.        | I can compare and contrast<br>congruent and non-congruent<br>plane figures.  | I can construct arguments about<br>plane figures using Theorems<br>[STEAM 2, 4].  |   | G.IVIG.5   |
| I can identify the key aspects of a quadrilateral.              | l can categorize quadrilaterals<br>based on characteristics.   | l can construct arguments about<br>quadrilaterals using theorems<br>[STEAM 2, 4].   |   |  |



A successful student can use algebraic concepts by explaining arguments and creating proofs to validate geometric concepts and apply in a real world context.

| Mathematics  |  |   |  |  |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| I can define slope, distance, and midpoint.                                | I can write and use midpoint and<br>distance formulas.   | I can use coordinates to prove<br>simple geometric theorems<br>algebraically; using slope, distance,<br>midpoint formulas [STEAM 2, 4]. |  | G.GPE.1,<br>G.GPE.6,<br>G.GPE.7,<br>G.GPE.8,<br>G.GMD.1, |
| I can define and identify parallel and perpendicular lines.                | I can recognize the relationship<br>between the slopes of parallel and<br>perpendicular lines. | I can prove the slope criteria for<br>parallel and perpendicular lines<br>and use them to solve geometric<br>problems [STEAM 2, 4].     |  | G.GMD.1,<br>G.GMD.2,G.<br>MG.2                           |
| I can recall area formulas of basic polygons.                              | I can find the missing parts of a<br>polygon based on its perimeter and/<br>or area.           | I can use coordinates to compute<br>perimeters of polygons and areas<br>of triangles and rectangles [STEAM<br>1, 4].                    |  | •  |
| I can compute the perimeter of regular polygons.                           | I can compute the perimeter<br>of irregular polygons and the<br>circumference of a circle.     | 1, 41.  |  | •  |
| I can recall volume formulas of basic 3D solids (prisms, pyramids, cones). | solids (prisms, pyramids, cones).  | I can explain volume formulas of<br>basic 3D solids and use them to<br>solve problems [STEAM 1, 2, 4].                                  | I can apply concepts of density and<br>displacement based on area and<br>volume in modeling situations.        | •  |
| I can recognize a conic section as a circle based on an equation.          | l can compare circles based on their equations.  | I can write the equation of a circle<br>centered at the origin given the<br>radius [STEAM 1].   | I can write the equation of a circle<br>not centered at the origin given the<br>radius or graph of the circle. | •  |
|  |  |   | l can write equations of conic<br>sections, given key characteristics or<br>a graph.                           | •  |
|  |  | I can graph a circle given the center<br>and the radius in coordinate plane<br>[STEAM 1].   | I can use the center and radius to<br>graph the circle in the coordinate<br>plane.                             | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •                    |
|  |  |   | I can graph the conic sections given<br>key characteristics and equations.                                     | •  |



A successful student can demonstrate understanding of similarity and trigonometric ratios by constructing and explaining to validate geometric concepts and apply in a real-world context.

| Mathematics  |   |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| I can define and identify dilations.   | I can compare and contrast dilations with rigid transformations.  | I can use geometric constructions<br>to verify the properties of dilations<br>given a center and scale factor<br>[STEAM 1].  |   | G.SRT.1,<br>G.SRT.2,<br>G.SRT.3,<br>G.SRT.4,             |
|  | I can recognize transformations as<br>functions and describe the effects<br>of dilations on two-dimensional<br>figures.   | [STEAMT].  |   | G.SRT.5,<br>G.SRT.6,<br>G.SRT.7,<br>G.SRT.8,<br>G.SRT.9, |
| I can recognize similarity in two<br>geometric figures, including the<br>similarity of all circles.      | I can understand the meaning of similarity of 2-Dimensional figures as the equality of corresponding pairs of angles and the proportionality of all corresponding pairs of sides. | I can describe a sequence of transformations that exhibits the similarity between two similar figures [STEAM 2, 4].  I can construct arguments about triangles using the concept of similarity [STEAM 2, 4]. |   | G.C.1  |
|  |   | I can use congruence and<br>similarity criteria for triangles<br>to solve problems and to prove<br>relationships in geometric figures.<br>[STEAM 4]  |   |  |
| I can identify the parts of a right triangle.  | I can identify the relationships<br>between the legs of a right triangle<br>and the non-right angles.   | I can use basic trigonometric ratios<br>and the Pythagorean Theorem<br>to solve right triangles in applied<br>problems [STEAM 4].  | I can use the Law of Sines and Law<br>of Cosines to solve any triangle. |  |
| I can recall the trigonometric ratios<br>in relationship to the sides and<br>angles of a right triangle. | I can explain and use the relationships between the sine and cosine of complementary angles.  |  |   |  |



A successful student can summarize, model, interpret, and predict data using different representations to make informed, justifiable decisions.

| Mathematics  |         |   |   |                                   |
|--|---------|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2 | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS                         |
| I can identify different data<br>set representations (dot plots,<br>histograms, frequency tables, and<br>box plots). | •       |   | l can evaluate/explain reports based<br>on data.                        | S.ID.1, S.ID.2,<br>S.ID.4, S.ID.6 |
|  | •       | I can interpret the slope and intercept of a linear model in the context of data. [STEAM 3] | l can make informed decisions in a<br>real world context based on data. |                                   |

# **EL Mathematics**

It is important to recognize that students who receive ESOL Services have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports makes it possible for them to do so. Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the measurement tables for this population align to The Kansas Standards for English Learners. These standards create a foundation upon which successful English language instruction is built. The premise of these standards is supporting individual students to gain a level of proficiency with the English language that allows them to be highly successful in obtaining grade level academic standards in as short of time as possible. Both social English and academic English are required to attain mastery of the English language and of school success. These standards below frame expectations of "what students need to know and be able to do" from a level 1 to level 4 of English fluency and how that relates to a mastery level.

**Special Note:** These standards are grade banded and overarching. Some competencies are designed with the end in mind. Therefore, a student in 9th -10th grade may be at a level 1 or 2, but is expected to progress to a level 3 or 4 by grades 11 and 12.

| Mathematics   | EL   |  |   |                   |
|---|--|--|---|-------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS         |
| problem to approximate the model                                    | read decodable word problems<br>while relying on picture clues for<br>accuracy and understanding with<br>some prompting and support. | read near grade level text with<br>some errors and some dis-fluency<br>while relying on strategies such<br>as pictures, context to confirm | A successful level 4 EL student can read on-level texts with purpose and understanding with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression by rereading when necessary with some errors and self-correction.    | EL.RF.11-12.4     |
|   | A successful level 2 EL student can highlight key information in the text to direct text-dependent questions.                        |  | cite textual evidence in response to  | EL.R.11-12.1      |
| identify various components of the word problem and utilize them to | produce a single word or phrase to explain an important component of   | produce complete sentences to explain the purpose or argument  | A successful level 4 EL student can<br>present the fundamental purpose,<br>arguments, or premises that are<br>important for one to understand<br>after repeated interaction with<br>mathematical practices. | EL.R.11-12.8      |
| that can indicate agreement or                                      | A successful level 2 EL student can use mathematical vocabulary words from text to better comprehend the text and write about it.    | use knowledge about mathematical language to comprehend basic story  | use knowledge about mathematical  | EL.R.11-<br>12.10 |

GRADE BAND
9-12

| Mathematics   | EL  |   |  |                   |
|---|---|---|--|-------------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS         |
| A successful level 1 EL student can use context clues or reference material (mathematical dictionary) to understand words.  | determine the meaning of unknown<br>words and phrases by using context<br>clues or consulting reference   | material to understand or verify the  | determine the meaning of unknown   | EL.R.11-<br>12.11 |
|   | A successful level 2 EL student can<br>read simple paragraphs and story<br>problems.  | A successful level 3 EL student can use reading strategies, modified text to read appropriate nonfiction.   |  | EL.R.11-<br>12.13 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can produce writing that consists of copied text or simple words about mathematical topics with a lot of support and scaffolding.                 | A successful level 2 EL student can produce writing that shows some organization with regard to task and audience.  | can produce writing that begins to develop an idea with organization  | A successful level 4 EL student can<br>produce organized writing that<br>develops an idea, and is appropriate<br>for task and purpose.   | EL.W.11-12.4      |
| A successful level 1 EL student can draw or illustrate to express thoughts. Copy and/or write words/ phrases for a purpose over short time frames. Invented spelling may be used. | A successful level 2 EL student can demonstrate ability to use written expression through simple sentences. A mix of words and drawings or illustrations may be used.           | A successful level 3 EL student can write complete sentences to form a paragraph for a discipline-specific task and audience over an extended time frame. | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can write well-organized cohesive<br>paragraphs appropriate to task,<br>purpose and audience.   | EL.W.11-<br>12.12 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can offer single-word responses that indicate agreement or disagreement (yes/no).   | A successful level 2 EL student can<br>respond in simple sentences when<br>addressed and show engagement<br>even with limited participation.<br>Follow the rules of discussion. |   | A successful level 4 EL student can follow the format of the discussion and participate in conversations through multiple exchanges building on others' ideas or expressing their own. | EL.SL.11-12.1     |
| engage with media to comprehend   | A successful level 2 EL student can engage with the media to learn information about a topic. Express facts learned in a few words and/or simple sentences.                     | A successful level 3 EL student can combine multiple sources of information.  | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can combine multiple sources and<br>formats of information to make<br>decisions and solve problems. Know<br>to utilize credible sources and data.   | EL.SL.11-12.2     |

| Mathematics   | EL  |   |  |               |
|---|---|---|--|---------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS     |
| provide a basic written, drawn,                                     | identify the speaker's main point of view or emphasis.          | identify the speaker's main point of view and emphasis and some     | A successful level 4 EL student can identify the speaker's point of view, reasoning and evidence, contextual math words, point of emphasis and ask questions around the speaker's reasoning.         | EL.SL.11-12.3 |
| draw a picture or provide a basic description of a story problem or | can produce reasoning around<br>how to solve a story problem or | can present information from one point of view supported with clear | A successful level 4 EL student can present information that supports evidence and that is clear and appropriate to purpose.   | EL.SL.11-12.4 |
| can offer single-word responses                                     | acquire and produce high-frequency math words.                  | can acquire and produce grade-                                      | A successful level 4 EL student can acquire and use grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases accurately. Demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge. | EL.SL.11-12.8 |

# GRADE BAND 9-12

# **Science**

# Physical Science

Competency 1:

A successful student can apply atomic-level knowledge of the structure and properties of matter to predict and investigate the outcomes of chemical reactions in terms of both matter and energy.

| Science Physical Science   |   |   |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| I can identify the different types of subatomic particles.                         | I can predict chemical and atomic properties using the periodic table.  | I can explain chemical and atomic<br>properties by examining the<br>relative placement of elements on   | I can predict how elements will<br>react with one another given their<br>placement on the periodic table.  | <i>HS-PS1-1</i> ,<br>HS-PS1-3,<br><i>HS-PS1-8</i> ,                  |
| I can describe chemical and atomic properties.                                     |   | the periodic table.   | placement on the periodic table.   | HS-PS2-6,<br>HS-PS-1-2,<br><b>HS-PS-1-4</b> ,                        |
| I can identify the forces between particles that hold substances together.         | I can measure or record different<br>bulk properties of matter and its<br>physical changes.                                 | l can investigate different bulk<br>properties of matter and its<br>physical changes [STEAM 4].   | I can investigate and evaluate<br>different bulk properties of matter<br>and its physical changes in a real-<br>world application.                   | <b>HS-PS-1-5</b> ,<br><b>HS-PS-1-6</b> , HS-<br>PS-1-7<br>Italicized |
| I can describe molecular properties of designed materials.                         | •   | l can evaluate the function of a<br>designed material based upon its<br>molecular properties [STEAM 4].   | l can propose the use of a material<br>to solve a real-world problem<br>based on that material's molecular<br>properties.                            | standards are<br>considered<br>extended<br>standards<br>within the   |
| I can describe the chemical properties that can change during a chemical reaction. |   | I can collect and use evidence<br>to explain changes in chemical<br>reaction rates [STEAM 2].   | I can conduct a chemical reaction<br>in which I am able to control the<br>reaction rate by manipulating<br>multiple variables within the             | competency.  |
| I can identify changes in chemical reaction rates.                                 |   |   | reaction.  | •  |
| I can recognize that mass is conserved during chemical reactions.                  | I can use mathematical<br>representations to support an<br>argument for the conservation of<br>mass in a chemical reaction. | I can use evidence and<br>mathematical representations<br>to support an argument for the<br>conservation of mass in a chemical<br>reaction [STEAM 1 and 2]. | I can plan, conduct, and<br>communicate the results of a<br>chemical reaction that supports<br>that mass is conserved during a<br>chemical reaction. |  |



A successful student can describe the relationships among forces and motion to predict and investigate interactions between objects within systems of objects.

| Science   | Physical Science  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| I can recall Newton's second law of motion.                           | l can compare the effects of forces<br>on an object's motion. | I can analyze evidence that<br>supports Newton's second law of<br>motion [STEAM 2) | motion to a real-world situation to solve a problem.   | HS-PS2-1,<br><i>HS-PS2-2</i> ,<br>HS-PS2-3, <i>HS-</i>       |
| I can use Newton's second law of motion to describe force and motion. |   |  | •  | PS2-4, HS-PS2-5<br>Italicized<br>standards are<br>considered |
|   | •   | representations to explain the conservation of momentum. [STEAM 1].                | t communicate me resums or   | extended<br>standards<br>within the<br>competency.           |
| I can describe forces that act at a distance.                         | distance.   | representations to describe and predict forces that act at a distance              | I can design and use a model and<br>mathematical representations to<br>describe and predict forces that act<br>at a distance in everyday life. |  |

A successful student can apply knowledge of energy transfer, transformation, and conservation to evaluate and question energy use and consumption on Earth; examine waves and electromagnetic radiation as a method of sending and storing information in the 21st century to ask questions about methods of communication.

| Science  | Physical Science   | Physical Science  |  |   |  |  |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |  |  |
| motions to describe their energy.  |  | I can use the position and motion<br>of objects to develop and use<br>models that explain the changes in<br>energy [STEAM 1]. | energy change due to an object's' position and motion to a real-world scenario.  | HS-PS3-1,<br>HS-PS3-2,<br>HS-PS3-3, <b>HS-</b><br><b>PS3-4, HS-PS3-5</b> ,<br>HS-PS4-1,     |  |  |
| I can describe the various ways in which energy can be converted from one form to another. | I can describe a design that involves<br>the conversion of energy. |   | Thumple conversions of energy.   | HS-PS4-2,<br>HS-PS4-3, <b>HS-</b><br><b>PS4-4</b> , HS-PS4-5<br>Italicized<br>standards are |  |  |
|  |  | representations and models to explain how waves behave in   | collect data on how waves behave   | considered extended standards within the competency.  |  |  |
|  | the advantages of using digital information over analog.           |   | I can formulate my own opinion<br>about the use of digital and/or<br>analog information and express my<br>opinion clearly and respectfully to<br>others. |   |  |  |



## **Engineering Design**

A successful student can use engineering design by defining and analyzing problems to develop and optimize solutions to relevant problems in physical, life, and Earth and space science.

| Science   | Engineering Design  |  |   |  |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
|   |   | problems in the context of a larger problem [STEAM 3 and 4].               | implement solutions to smaller problems in the context of a larger  | HS-ETS1-1,<br>HS-ETS1-2,<br>HS-ETS1-3, HS-<br>ETS1-4<br>Italicized |
| I can identify the needs and trade-<br>offs of an engineering design. | I can prioritize the needs and trade-<br>offs of an engineering design. | trade-offs of an engineering design<br>to evaluate a solution to a complex | trade-offs of an engineering design<br>to optimize a solution to a complex<br>real-world problem.                         | standards are<br>considered<br>extended<br>standards<br>within the |
|   |   | the most appropriate solution to a   | I can design, refine, and use models<br>to effectively argue for the most<br>appropriate solution to a design<br>problem. | competency.  |

### Life Science

A successful student can articulate how atomic- and molecular-level structures fuel chemical reactions that support and maintain life within an organism to justify how organisms live and grow; explain, using evidence, the interaction of living and nonliving components in an environment by examining the living and nonliving components responsible for matter cycling to predict humans' effects on matter cycling or to formulate conclusions about the importance of relationships in maintaining stable ecosystems.

| Science   | ience Life Science   |  |   |  |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS  |
| I can describe the structure and basic function of DNA.   | I can describe how DNA sequences<br>relate to specialized cell functions.  | I can use evidence to explain<br>how DNA sequences relate to<br>specialized cell functions [STEAM<br>2].                                   | I can collect evidence to explain<br>how DNA sequences relate to<br>specialized cell functions.                                       | HS-LS1-1,<br><i>HS-LS1-2</i> ,<br>HS-LS1-3,<br>HS-LS1-5, HS-<br>LS1-6, <i>HS-LS1-7</i> , |
| I can describe the transformation in plants of light into chemical energy.                          |  | I can use models and data to<br>explain the transformation in<br>plants of light into chemical energy<br>[STEAM 1 and 3].                  | photosynthesis and cellular   | HS-LS2-3, HS-<br>LS2-4, <i>HS-LS2-5</i> ,<br>HS-LS2-1,<br>HS-LS2-2,<br>HS-LS2-6, HS-     |
| I can describe how matter and<br>energy found in food molecules are<br>used in organisms.           | I can use models to explain how<br>matter and energy found in food<br>molecules are used in organisms.                         | I can evaluate models that explain<br>how matter and energy found<br>in food molecules are used in<br>organisms [STEAM 1 and 3].           | in Sustaining me on Euren.  | LS2-7, <b>HS-LS2-8</b> ,<br>HS-LS4-6<br>Italicized<br>standards are                      |
| I can define biodiversity.  | I can describe factors affecting<br>biodiversity and ecosystem<br>populations.   | I can use mathematical<br>representations to explain<br>factors affecting biodiversity and   | I can analyze data and use<br>mathematical representations to<br>explain factors affecting biodiversity                               | considered extended standards within the   |
| I can recall the factors that affect<br>biodiversity and ecosystem<br>populations.                  |  | ecosystem populations [STEAM 1].   | and ecosystem populations.  | competency.  |
| I can identify physical or biological<br>changes that affect ecosystem<br>conditions and stability. | I can use models to illustrate<br>complex physical or biological<br>changes that affect ecosystem<br>conditions and stability. | I can evaluate evidence of complex<br>physical or biological changes that<br>affect ecosystem conditions and<br>stability [STEAM 2 and 3]. | I can gather and evaluate evidence<br>of complex physical or biological<br>changes that affect ecosystem<br>conditions and stability. |  |
| I can identify the impacts humans have on the environment and biodiversity.                         | I can identify a design that<br>minimizes human impacts on the<br>environment and biodiversity.                                | I can evaluate designs that<br>minimize human impacts on the<br>environment and biodiversity<br>[STEAM 4].                                 | I can design a solution to a local<br>problem where humans impact the<br>environment and biodiversity.                                |  |

A successful student can outline how genetic traits are inherited and how genetic variation is affected to apply these tenets to genetic diversity amongst a population and make informed decisions about the maintenance of genetic diversity of the species on Earth.

| Science  | Life Science  |   |  |   |
|--|---|---|--|---|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| I can describe the processes of cellular division.   |   | I can use models to explain<br>differences in the complexity of<br>organisms caused by cellular<br>divisions [STEAM 1].                           | cellular divisions.  | HS-LS1-4,<br>HS-LS3-1,<br>HS-LS3-2,<br>HS-LS3-3,<br>HS-LS4-1, |
| I can define genetic variation.  | l can make a claim about the<br>causes of inheritable genetic<br>variation.               | I can use evidence to make and<br>defend a claim about the causes<br>of inheritable genetic variation<br>[STEAM 2].                               | I can use evidence and models to   | HS-LS4-2,<br>HS-LS4-3, HS-<br>LS4-4, HS-LS4-5                 |
| I can describe genetic variation within the individuals of a population.                                 | I can use DNA data to describe<br>genetic variation in individuals and<br>in populations. | I can use DNA data to defend a<br>claim with evidence for the cause of<br>genetic variation in individuals and<br>in populations [STEAM 2 and 3]. | I can use DNA data to evaluate<br>evidence for the cause of genetic<br>variation in individuals and in<br>populations. |   |
| I can define Natural Selection,<br>Genetic Drift, Mutations, and Gene<br>Flow as evolutionary processes. | •   | I can use evidence to explain that<br>ecological and genetic factors result<br>in evolutionary processes [STEAM<br>2].                            | I can evaluate evidence for<br>ecological and genetic factors that<br>result in evolutionary processes.                |   |
| I can recall the process of natural selection.   | I can describe the adaptation<br>of populations through natural<br>selection.             | I can use evidence to support the<br>adaptation of populations through<br>natural selection [STEAM 2].  | I can use models and evidence<br>to support the adaptation of<br>populations through natural<br>selection.             |   |



# **Earth and Space Science**

A successful student can pose and evaluate arguments to explain phenomena in the universe, processes/life cycles in stars, and the predictable patterns of movement of solar system objects.

| Science  | Earth and Space Science  |  |   |   |  |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |  |
| I can identify the relationship<br>between star properties and<br>released energy. | I can develop a model to explain<br>the relationship between star<br>properties and released energy. | star properties and released energy [STEAM 1 and 2].                                   | I can apply my knowledge of<br>the relationship between star<br>properties and released energy to<br>draw conclusions about the current<br>and future state of our Sun. | HS-ESS1-1,<br>HS-ESS1-2,<br><i>HS-ESS1-3</i> , HS-<br>ESS1-4<br>Italicized<br>standards are |  |
| I can summarize the big bang theory.   | I can use astronomical evidence to support the big bang theory.                                      | I can synthesize astronomical<br>evidence to support the big bang<br>theory [STEAM 2]. | I can use models to explain the big<br>bang theory.   | considered<br>extended<br>standards   |  |
| I can describe the present orbital motions of objects in the Solar System.         | I can use mathematical representations to predict orbital motions of objects in the Solar System.    | explain predictions of orbital   | I can draw conclusions about how<br>the orbital motions of objects in the<br>Solar System affect the Earth and<br>life on Earth.  | within the competency.  |  |

A successful student can communicate how the Earth's materials, features, and processes have changed over time to describe and predict the effect of human activity and use of natural resources on weather regulation, Earth systems, and climate.

| Science   | Earth and Space Science  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| I can recall the Theory of Plate<br>Tectonics.  |  | I can use tectonic-plate movements<br>to evaluate evidence for the ages<br>of different materials on Earth.<br>(STEAM 2].                                | and models to evaluate evidence for the ages of different materials  | HS-ESS1-5,<br>HS-ESS1-6,<br><i>HS-ESS2-1</i> ,<br>HS-ESS2-2,<br><i>HS-ESS2-3</i> , |
| I can identify physical processes<br>on Earth's surface and within Earth<br>that shape the Earth's features over<br>time and space. |  | I can use models to explain how<br>physical processes on Earth's<br>surface and within Earth shape<br>Earth's features over time and<br>space [STEAM 1]. | Earth's surface and within Earth shape Earth's features over time  | HS-ESS2-5,<br>HS-ESS2-6,<br>HS-ESS2-7,<br>HS-ESS2-4,<br>HS-ESS2-5,                 |
| I can define a feedback cycle.  | l can identify a feedback cycle in<br>Earth's systems.   | l can analyze data to claim that<br>Earth's systems are connected<br>through feedback cycles [STEAM 3].  | connected through feedback cycles.   |  |
| I can describe the steps in the water cycle.  | I can describe the effects of the water cycle on Earth's systems.  | I can plan an investigation of the<br>effects of the water cycle on Earth's<br>systems [STEAM 4].  | I can use data from my planned<br>investigation to evaluate and model<br>the effects of the water cycle on<br>Earth's systems. | HS-ESS3-5, HS-<br>ESS3-6<br>Italicized<br>standards are<br>considered              |
| I can describe the effects of natural resources or natural hazards on human activity.   | I can use evidence to explain the<br>effects of natural resources or<br>natural hazards on human activity. | I can use evidence and models<br>to explain the effects of natural<br>resources or natural hazards on<br>human activity [STEAM 1 and 2].                 | I can design, refine, and implement<br>a solution that is designed to<br>reduce impacts on natural systems<br>locally.         | extended<br>standards<br>within the<br>competency.                                 |
| I can describe a solution that reduces human impacts on natural systems.  | I can evaluate a solution that is<br>designed to reduce impacts on<br>natural systems.                     | I can refine a solution that is<br>designed to reduce impacts on<br>natural systems [STEAM 4].   |  |  |

# **EL Science**

It is important to recognize that students who receive ESOL Services have equitable access to all instructional opportunities and activities offered to their peers. Their participation in core content with individualized accommodations, modifications, and supports makes it possible for them to do so. Access to challenging academic content aligned with grade-level standards is a priority so learning gaps do not widen. All students are taught academic content for their enrolled grade level. Competencies for this population are the same as for students following the general education curriculum. However, the measurement tables for this population align to The Kansas Standards for English Learners. These standards create a foundation upon which successful English language instruction is built. The premise of these standards is supporting individual students to gain a level of proficiency with the English language that allows them to be highly successful in obtaining grade level academic standards in as short of time as possible. Both social English and academic English are required to attain mastery of the English language and of school success. These standards below frame expectations of "what students need to know and be able to do" from a level 1 to level 4 of English fluency and how that relates to a mastery level.

**Special Note:** These standards are grade banded and overarching. Some competencies are designed with the end in mind. Therefore, a student in 9th -10th grade may be at a level 1 or 2, but is expected to progress to a level 3 or 4 by grades 11 and 12.

| Science  | EL   |  |  |               |
|--|--|--|--|---------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS     |
|  | read decodable word problems<br>while relying on picture clues for<br>accuracy and understanding with<br>some prompting and support. | read near grade level text with<br>some errors and some dis-fluency<br>while relying on strategies such<br>as pictures, context to confirm | A successful level 4 EL student can read on-level texts with purpose and understanding with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression by rereading when necessary with some errors and self-correction. | EL.RF.11-12.4 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture and/or a single word in response to a direct text-dependent question. | highlight key information in the text  | •  | cite textual evidence in response to   | EL.R.11-12.1  |
| A successful level 1 EL student can identify various text features and utilize them to comprehend text.                      | produce a single word or phrase to explain an important concept found  | produce complete sentences to explain the purpose or argument when explaining scientific content and phenomena.                            | A successful level 4 EL student can present the fundamental purpose, arguments, or premises that are important for one to understand after repeated interaction with scientific content and phenomena.   | EL.R.11-12.8  |

| Science  | EL   |   |  |                   |
|--|--|---|--|-------------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS         |
| A successful level 1 EL student can offer single-word responses that can indicate agreement or disagreement (yes/no), draw, and/or point to pictures.  | A successful level 2 EL student can use content vocabulary words from text to better comprehend the text and write about it.   | A successful level 3 EL student<br>can use knowledge about content<br>language to comprehend basic<br>scientific content and phenomena.                   | A successful level 4 EL student can use knowledge about content language and how it functions to better comprehend scientific content and phenomena.                                   | EL.R.11-<br>12.10 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can use context clues or reference material to understand science vocabulary.  | ontext clues or reference determine the meaning of unknown determine to understand science words and phrases by using context words  |   |  | EL.R.11-<br>12.11 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can point to a picture or sight word in a simple paragraph.  | A successful level 2 EL student can read simple paragraphs.  | use reading strategies, modified text   | A successful level 4 EL student can read and comprehend appropriate nonfiction at the lower range of the grade-level band of quantitative and qualitative complexity for Grade 11-12.  | EL.R.11-<br>12.13 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can produce writing that consists of copied text or simple words about science topics with a lot of support and scaffolding.   | produce writing that consists of copied text or simple words about science topics with a lot of support produce writing that shows some organization with regard to task and audience. |   | A successful level 4 EL student can produce organized writing that develops an idea, and is appropriate for task and purpose.  | EL.W.11-12.4      |
| A successful level 1 EL student can draw or illustrate to express thoughts. Copy and/or write words/ phrases for a purpose over short time frames. Invented spelling may be used.  A successful level 2 EL student can demonstrate ability to use written expression through simple sentences. A mix of words and drawings or illustrations may be used. |  | A successful level 3 EL student can write complete sentences to form a paragraph for a discipline-specific task and audience over an extended time frame. | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can write well-organized cohesive<br>paragraphs appropriate to task,<br>purpose and audience.   | EL.W.11-<br>12.12 |
| A successful level 1 EL student can offer single-word responses that indicate agreement or disagreement (yes/no).  | A successful level 2 EL student can respond in simple sentences when addressed and show engagement even with limited participation. Follow the rules of discussion.                    | A successful level 3 EL student can participate in the discussion by exchanging ideas and comments and responding to and/or asking questions.             | A successful level 4 EL student can follow the format of the discussion and participate in conversations through multiple exchanges building on others' ideas or expressing their own. | EL.SL.11-12.1     |
| A successful level 1 EL student can engage with media to comprehend a topic through pictures.  | A successful level 2 EL student can<br>engage with the media to learn<br>information about a topic. Express<br>facts learned in a few words and/or<br>simple sentences.                | A successful level 3 EL student can combine multiple sources of information.  | A successful level 4 EL student<br>can combine multiple sources and<br>formats of information to make<br>decisions and solve problems. Know<br>to utilize credible sources and data.   | EL.SL.11-12.2     |

| Science   | EL   |   |  |               |
|---|--|---|--|---------------|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS     |
| provide a basic written, drawn,   | identify the speaker's main point of view or emphasis.           | identify the speaker's main point of view and emphasis and some contextual science words used.    | A successful level 4 EL student can identify the speaker's point of view, reasoning and evidence, contextual science words, point of emphasis and ask questions around the speaker's reasoning.      | EL.SL.11-12.3 |
| draw a picture or provide a basic   | can produce reasoning around a scientific concept or phenomenon. | can present information from one point of view supported with clear                               | A successful level 4 EL student can present information that supports evidence and that is clear and appropriate to purpose.   | EL.SL.11-12.4 |
| can offer single-word responses that indicate agreement or acquire and produce high-frequency science vocabulary. |  | can acquire and produce grade-<br>appropriate academic and domain-<br>specific words and phrases. | A successful level 4 EL student can acquire and use grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases accurately. Demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge. | EL.SL.11-12.8 |

# **Humanities**

Academic subject areas that describe, study or inform the human experience, which includes, but is not limited to, literature, history, philosophy, visual arts and performing arts.

| STEAM   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  |
|---|--|--|---|--|
|   | By effectively utilizing lit   | erature, history, art and v  | various humanities I can .  | ••   |
| Competency 1:  Communicating Effectively and Appropriately  | <ul> <li>Pose and accurately respond to<br/>questions from maps, models,<br/>and diagrams.</li> </ul>  | Pose and accurately respond to<br>questions using maps, models<br>and diagrams, including use of<br>scale, graphs and tables.  | <ul> <li>Represent information using<br/>maps, models and diagrams,<br/>including use of scale, graphs<br/>and tables.</li> </ul>   | Evaluate and represent information using maps, models and diagrams, including use of scale, graphs and tables based on the needs of a specific audience.   |
| The successful student can effectively and appropriately communicate their beliefs, ideas, and emotions to different audiences in a number of ways. | <ul> <li>Pose and accurately respond<br/>to basic questions from<br/>information/facts about history,<br/>art, literature, music, and social<br/>studies.</li> </ul> | Pose and accurately respond<br>to multi-part questions with an<br>explanation of my thinking.  | <ul> <li>Pose and accurately respond<br/>to sophisticated questions<br/>which require the application of<br/>concepts/big ideas about history,<br/>art, literature, music, and social<br/>studies to a more universal<br/>setting in relation to my own<br/>belief, ideas, and emotions.</li> </ul> |  |
|   | <ul> <li>Identify the task and audience<br/>for whom I am writing and/or<br/>presenting.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Determine information, beliefs,<br/>ideas, and emotions that will<br/>appeal to the given audience<br/>and are appropriate to<br/>effectively complete the task.</li> </ul>         | Create effective communication<br>that conveys information, ideas,<br>beliefs, and emotions in two or<br>more formats.  | <ul> <li>Evaluate the effectiveness of<br/>communication strategies used<br/>to convey information, ideas,<br/>beliefs, and emotions according<br/>to the task and audience.</li> </ul>  |
|   | Retell a story using speech and/<br>or writing.  | <ul> <li>Use narrative techniques, such<br/>as dialogue, pacing, description,<br/>reflection, and multiple plot lines,<br/>to develop experiences, events,<br/>and/or characters.</li> </ul> | • Select precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters and to tailor the narrative to a given audience.   | <ul> <li>Provide a conclusion that follows<br/>from and reflects on the beliefs,<br/>ideas, and emotions from what<br/>is experienced, observed, or<br/>resolved over the course of the<br/>narrative.</li> </ul>  |
|   | Make an oral presentation<br>that provides basic facts and<br>information about a given topic<br>or concept.   | • Make an oral presentation on how the facts support specific concepts or big ideas of history, art, literature, music, and social studies.  | Create an oral presentation that demonstrates different ways facts might be interpreted to build meaning around the concepts of history, art, literature, music, and social studies and that conveys my own beliefs, ideas, and emotions regarding the given concepts.                              | <ul> <li>Create an oral presentation<br/>that demonstrates different<br/>ways facts might be interpreted<br/>to build meaning around<br/>the concepts of history, art,<br/>literature, music, and social<br/>studies based on the beliefs and<br/>emotions of a given audience.</li> </ul> |

| STEAM   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   |
|---|--|--|--|---|
|   | By effectively utilizing lit   | erature, history, art and v  | various humanities I can .   |   |
| Competency 2:  Supporting a Claim with Evidence  The successful student can comprehend,   | <ul> <li>Provide a concluding statement<br/>or section that follows from<br/>and supports the argument<br/>presented.</li> </ul>                                   | Establish and maintain a formal<br>style and objective tone while<br>attending to the norms and<br>conventions of the discipline in<br>which they are writing.                         | Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. | • Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. |
| critique, and analyze literature, history, art, and the humanities and make a claim and support the claim with evidence and argument. | Gain facts and information from<br>texts about literature, history,<br>art, and the humanities   | <ul> <li>Construct meaning and<br/>understanding of specific texts<br/>about literature, history, art,<br/>and the humanities.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Construct meaning and<br/>understanding by recognizing<br/>the different cultural, social,<br/>political, etc.</li> <li>contexts through which it is<br/>created.</li> </ul>                                      | <ul> <li>Create meaning and understanding by recognizing the different cultural, social, political, etc.</li> <li>contexts through which it is created and how and to whom it is disseminated.</li> </ul>       |
|   | <ul> <li>Recognize components of<br/>literature, history, art, and<br/>humanities.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Comprehend the components<br/>and vocabulary of literature,<br/>history, art, and humanities to<br/>gather information around the<br/>topic.</li> </ul>                       | <ul> <li>Comprehend the components<br/>of literature, history, art, and<br/>humanities to apply critical<br/>thinking and meta-cognitive<br/>practices to construct meaning.</li> </ul>                                    | Use my understandings<br>to create a framework for<br>analyzing and critiquing<br>literature, history, art, and<br>humanities using critical<br>thinking, meta-cognition, and<br>other strategies.              |
|   | <ul> <li>Recognize and analyze<br/>particular key works of art<br/>(literature, music, visual arts,<br/>and other mediums) from<br/>Western traditions.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Identify ways in which individual<br/>artists and specific works of art<br/>and other mediums to reflect<br/>and critique the cultures from<br/>which they emerge.</li> </ul> | Develop a broad grasp of<br>the genres and styles used<br>in modern art, literature and<br>other mediums.  | <ul> <li>Articulate personal sensibilities<br/>of taste, and be aware of the<br/>diverse cultural responses and<br/>approaches that exist between<br/>people and the arts.</li> </ul>                           |
|   | Recognize ways in which<br>individual beliefs and values<br>impact the creator.  | <ul> <li>Identify bias and ways in<br/>which the beliefs, values, and<br/>experiences impact the creator.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Analyze ways in which individual<br/>experience, personality, beliefs,<br/>values, concepts of personal<br/>freedom and responsibility,<br/>impact the creator and the<br/>critique.</li> </ul>                   | Draw conclusions about<br>the ways in which individual<br>experiences, personality,<br>beliefs, values, concepts<br>of personal freedom and<br>responsibility, impact the<br>creator and the critique.          |



| STEAM   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  |
|---|---|---|---|--|
|   | By effectively utilizing lit  | erature, history, art and v   | various humanities I can .  |  |
| Competency 4:  Building Meaning The successful student can build meaning from life and literacy               | <ul> <li>Recognize the choices,<br/>consequences, causes<br/>and effects from personal and<br/>literacy experiences.</li> </ul> | • Explain how choices,<br>consequences, causes,<br>and effects from personal and<br>literacy experiences affect the<br>positions I support or oppose.               | Discuss how choices,<br>consequences, causes,<br>and effects from<br>personal and literacy<br>experiences affect the positions<br>I support or oppose.  | Discuss how choices,<br>consequences, causes,<br>and effects from personal<br>and literacy<br>experiences affect the positions<br>I take and the solutions I<br>propose.   |
| experiences and work<br>with others to support<br>positions or propose<br>solutions to cultural<br>dilemmas." | <ul> <li>Recognize ways in which<br/>individual beliefs and values<br/>impact culture.</li> </ul>                               | <ul> <li>Recognize bias and ways in<br/>which the beliefs, values, and<br/>experiences impact the culture.</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Analyze ways in which individual<br/>experiences, personality,<br/>beliefs, values, concepts<br/>of personal freedom and<br/>responsibility, impact the<br/>cultural dilemma.</li> </ul> | Draw conclusions about<br>the ways in which individual<br>experience, personality, beliefs,<br>values, concepts of personal<br>freedom and responsibility,<br>impact the cultural dilemma<br>and possible solutions.             |
|   | Figure out the central idea<br>and the meaning of words and<br>phrases as they are used in<br>context.                          | <ul> <li>Identify a theme its<br/>development, and figure out<br/>the connotative meanings of<br/>words and phrases as they are<br/>used in the context.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Gather relevant information<br/>from life, history, literature. art,<br/>music and the humanities to<br/>propose solutions to cultural<br/>dilemmas.</li> </ul>                          | Determine the importance<br>and value of information,<br>experiences, history, art, music,<br>and the humanities as it applies<br>to solving cultural dilemmas.  |
|   | <ul> <li>Recognize life experiences from<br/>literature, history, art, and the<br/>humanities.</li> </ul>                       | <ul> <li>Recognize life experiences from<br/>literature, history, art, and the<br/>humanities and use it to solve<br/>problems.</li> </ul>                          | <ul> <li>Work cooperatively with other<br/>to recognize life experiences<br/>from literature, history, art, and<br/>the humanities.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Solve problems by recognizing<br/>life experiences from literature,<br/>history, art, and the humanities.</li> </ul>  |
|   | Gain facts and<br>information about literature,<br>history, art, and the humanities.  | <ul> <li>Construct meaning<br/>and understanding<br/>from texts, literature, history,<br/>art, and the humanities on<br/>cultural dilemmas.</li> </ul>              | <ul> <li>Recognize the different cultural,<br/>social, political, etc.</li> <li>contexts through which the<br/>text, literature, history, art, and<br/>music was created.</li> </ul>              | <ul> <li>Construct meaning and<br/>understanding by recognizing<br/>the different cultural, social,<br/>political, etc.</li> <li>contexts through which it is<br/>created and how and to whom<br/>it is disseminated.</li> </ul> |

| STEAM  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| By effectively utilizing literature, history, art and various humanities I can   |   |  |   |  |
| Competency 5:  Life Experiences and Decision Making  The successful student can apply their life experiences, knowledge, and skills to make individual decisions or to participate in group decision-making that is intended to improve their lives and the lives of others. | <ul> <li>Apply life experiences,<br/>knowledge, and skills to the<br/>decision-making process.</li> </ul>               | Integrate my life experiences,<br>knowledge, and skills, and those<br>of others, to make an individual<br>or group decision.   | <ul> <li>Apply and connect my life<br/>experiences, knowledge,<br/>skills and those of others, in a<br/>relatable context and generate<br/>solutions that benefit the<br/>whole.</li> </ul>             | <ul> <li>Apply and connect my life<br/>experiences, knowledge, and<br/>skills with those of others in a<br/>relatable context and generate<br/>solutions that benefit the<br/>whole, recognizing bias and<br/>analyzing how life experiences<br/>impact decision making and<br/>leadership.</li> </ul> |
|  | Think critically about an event<br>or information in order to<br>understand it.   | Think critically about an event<br>or information in order to take<br>relevant action.   | • Empathize with the life experience and knowledge of others and integrate that with my own to make an informed decision and take relevant action.  | <ul> <li>Incorporate information gained<br/>from my life experiences,<br/>knowledge, and that of others<br/>in order to make a decision<br/>and take relevant action that<br/>benefits the whole.</li> </ul>   |
|  | Recognize issues of equality,<br>justice, and responsibility.   | Look at issues of equality,<br>justice, and responsibility from<br>multiple perspectives.  | • Use my understanding of the components of literature, history, art, and humanities to apply critical thinking and metacognitive practices to construct meaning around decision making and leadership. | <ul> <li>Create and carry out a well-<br/>substantiated plan to address<br/>issues of equality, justice, and<br/>responsibility after examining<br/>the issues from multiple<br/>perspectives.</li> </ul>  |
|  | Understand that individual life<br>experience and knowledge<br>plays a role in individual and<br>group decision-making. | <ul> <li>Use my understanding of the<br/>components of literature,<br/>history, art, and humanities<br/>to apply critical thinking<br/>around decision making and<br/>leadership.</li> </ul> | Construct meaning about<br>leadership and decision making<br>from literature, history, art and<br>the humanities an use that<br>understanding to create sound<br>decision making models.                | <ul> <li>Use my understanding of the<br/>components of literature,<br/>history, art, and humanities to<br/>apply critical thinking and meta-<br/>cognitive practices to construct<br/>meaning around decision<br/>making and leadership.</li> </ul>  |
|  | Describe expectations for civil<br>and democratic discussion and<br>decision-making.                                    | <ul> <li>Recognize that issues generate<br/>alternative and opposing<br/>perspectives.</li> </ul>  | Understand opposing positions<br>on issues and evaluate the use<br>of evidence of rhetoric.   | <ul> <li>Understand opposing positions<br/>on issues, even when it<br/>contradicts my personal point<br/>of view, because I understand<br/>that I am learning how to think<br/>in different ways.</li> </ul>   |



# **STEAM**

Academic subject areas that facilitate inquiry, creation and analysis, which includes, but is not limited to, science, technology, engineering, the arts and mathematics. Arts integration enhances expression, dialogue and critical thinking.

| STEAM   | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4   |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| Construct and Utilize Models  A student can construct, manipulate, and use models and/or artifacts by using the appropriate tools to understand, refine, solve, and evaluate problems and/or solutions. | make sense of a problem and/  | I can determine which model<br>is best suited for making sense<br>of a problem and/or finding a<br>solution.   |  | I can create a new model based<br>on data collected through<br>individual investigation and<br>inquiry. |
|   | l can identify key aspects of a<br>model.   | I can manipulate the key<br>aspects of multiple models to<br>see how different variables<br>affect outcomes.   | I can analyze multiple models<br>to determine which is best<br>suited for a specific purpose<br>and/or to solve a problem. |   |
|   | or prior knowledge to describe<br>a phenomenon or to design a<br>solution.                          | I can use a simple, partial<br>model based on observations<br>or prior knowledge to describe<br>a phenomenon or to design<br>a solution AND recognize the<br>limitations of a model. | I can refine an existing model to<br>make it more accurate for my<br>specific context.                                     |   |
|   | I can identify/select a simple<br>model (with possible flaws) that<br>is able to showcase data.     | I can list different options for<br>mostly complete models with<br>minor errors to showcase data.  | I can create a model using<br>provided data and existing<br>model structures.  |   |
| Computer Science  | I can identify necessary<br>considerations for modeling<br>computer science systems or<br>problems. | J can describe some aspects<br>of a model developed for an<br>existing system.   | I can create a model of an<br>existing system or problem<br>using available computer<br>science modeling tools             |   |

| STEAM  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| Communication and Collaboration  A successful student can engage in collaborative discourse by constructing clear communication and/ or arguments related to the subject matter to convey findings and present understandings with evidence. | I can identify methods for<br>producing clear, reasoned, and<br>coherent written and visual<br>communication. | visual communication that are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.                       | I can apply techniques for ensuring clarity, logic, and coherence to edit written and visual communications.  I can compose clear and coherent written documents appropriate for task, purpose, and audience. | I can compose clear and coherent written documents and visuals that are adapted to the audience needs in both formal and informal settings for a specific or novel situation. |
|  | I can list ideas and/or<br>perspectives related to the<br>topic for further discussion.                       |   | discussions with my peers to  | I can collaborate with my<br>peers to create a presentation<br>that proposes an evidence-<br>based solution to a real-world<br>problem.                                       |
|  | l can identify a problem which<br>requires collaboration to be<br>solved.                                     | I can locate evidence that is<br>relevant to the problem I am<br>trying to solve with my peers. |   | рговієті.   |
|  |   | opinions in a discussion with   | l can analyze arguments to find their similarities and/or differences.  |   |
|  | I can determine the main argument of a text.  | on presented findings/data.   | I can effectively support an<br>argument with valid and<br>reliable evidence collected by<br>myself or others.  | I can analyze the validity<br>and reliability of my peers'<br>arguments based on the<br>evidence presented.   |
|  | I can recognize when<br>collaborative work would be<br>beneficial to solve a problem.                         | I can organize a group with<br>the intent to solve a complex<br>problem.                        | I can work collaboratively with<br>my peers to solve a complex<br>problem.  | I can work collaboratively with<br>my peers to solve a real-<br>world relevant problem of our<br>choosing.  |

| STEAM   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| Interpreting Data  A successful student can analyze and interpret data by critically reviewing and evaluating information and making use of structures to | I can classify the types of information (e.g., data, research, procedures, regulations, etc.) and resources (e.g., human, financial, technology, time, etc.) that may be used to make workplace and community decisions. | decisions.   | I can synthesize information<br>and resources regarding<br>decisions made in the<br>workplace and community to<br>determine why those decisions<br>were made. | I can synthesize information<br>and resources and apply those<br>findings to workplace and<br>community situations in order<br>to make positive decisions. |
| outside of their discipline.  | I can choose resources that support my topic of inquiry.   | I can identify bias within a<br>source.                                      | I can assess the validity<br>and reliability of data and<br>information by evaluating its<br>source, publisher, and print<br>date.                            | I can integrate multiple valid<br>and reliable sources into my<br>findings.  |
|   | l can identify relevant data<br>selections from various<br>representations.  | l can summarize multiple<br>data selections from various<br>representations. | I can use information from data<br>selections to draw conclusions<br>about a problem or topic.  | I can synthesize my conclusions<br>to present a new finding or<br>my own ideas about a topic or<br>problem.  |
|   |  |  | l can analyze multiple data<br>selections from various<br>representations.  | рговієті.  |

| STEAM  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| Application  | to solve problems in the community                                    |  | I can apply technical concepts<br>to<br>solve problems in the<br>community and reflect upon<br>results achieved.                              | I can evaluate and defend<br>decisions applied in the<br>workplace and community<br>situations.  |
| defining, problems and asking<br>questions to apply learning<br>through the planning and | I can recognize when I need<br>help solving a problem.                | for solving a problem.   | I can analyze my options and<br>determine the appropriate<br>course of action.  | I can persevere in solving a problem through intrinsic motivation.                               |
| carrying out of investigations or inquiries.   | l can determine if l need more<br>information.                        | solve the problem.   | I can ask content-appropriate<br>questions related to a specific<br>task or situation to help me<br>further my ability to solve a<br>problem. | I can create solutions by utilizing information.   |
|  | I can define a problem based<br>on provided data and/or<br>questions. |  | I can carry out an investigation<br>to help me answer questions<br>and/or to solve a presented<br>problem.                                    | I can plan and carry out novel investigations based on my own questions and identified problems. |
|  | l can ask questions about<br>provided data and/or problems.           |  | problem.  | problems.  |
|  | I can list possible steps toward solving a problem.                   |  |   |  |
| Computer Science   | structures in existing computer                                       | I can demonstrate the process<br>of writing pseudocode to lay<br>out an algorithm. | I can develop pseudocode<br>and algorithms for solving<br>a problem using computing<br>systems.   | I can evaluate the results of<br>computer algorithms and<br>modify the algorithm as<br>needed.   |

# **Specials**

Dance
This rubric measures the degree to which each competency has been met. Sufficient evidence is intended to indicate that a student has met the competency. Strong evidence indicates that a student has gone above and beyond the competency. While limited evidence indicates they have not quite met the competency, no evidence indicates the student has not yet made progress in meeting the competency.

| Special  | NO EVIDENCE - 1  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2   | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4   |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| DANCE COMPETENCIES   | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.  |
| Creating   | 0<br>0<br>0<br>0   |  |  |   |
|  | I am not yet able to<br>communicate through creative<br>movement by applying dance<br>skills and language to Explore,<br>Plan, and Revise learning<br>through dance. | I can begin to communicate<br>through creative movement<br>by applying dance skills and<br>language to Explore and Revise<br>learning through dance. | I can communicate through<br>creative movement by applying<br>dance skills and language<br>to Explore, Plan, and Revise<br>learning through dance.   | I can communicate through<br>creative movement by applying<br>dance skills and language to<br>Explore, Plan, Revise, Excel in<br>dance and learning.  |
| Performing   |  |  |  |   |
| apply skills and understanding<br>of how dance communicates<br>through Expression,<br>Embodiment, and Presentation | expression, embodiment, and  |  | I can demonstrate the ability to<br>apply skills and understanding<br>of how dance communicates<br>through expression,<br>embodiment, and presentation<br>of artistic ideas and work a<br>performance. | I can demonstrate and explain<br>my ability to apply skills and<br>understanding of how dance<br>communicates through<br>expression, embodiment, and<br>presentation of artistic ideas<br>and work for a performance. |
|  |  | I can Analyze, Interpret, but<br>not select dance works for a<br>performance.  | I can analyze, interpret, and<br>select dance works for at least<br>one performance.   | I can analyze, interpret, and<br>select dance works for more<br>than one performance.   |
| I can Realize, Develop, and<br>Refine dance works for<br>performance.  | I am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine a dance<br>work for a performance.  | l can realize and develop, but<br>not refine a dance work for<br>performance.  | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine at least one dance<br>work for performance that<br>communicates.   | l can realize, develop,<br>and refine multiple dance<br>works for performance that<br>communicate.  |

| Special  | NO EVIDENCE - 1   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4   |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| DANCE COMPETENCIES                               | Degree to which competency has been met.                    | Degree to which competency has been met.                              | Degree to which competency has been met.                                    | Degree to which competency has been met.  |
|  | interpreting, and critiquing how                            | by analyzing, interpreting, and critiquing how dance conveys meaning  | by analyzing, interpreting,<br>and critiquing how dance<br>conveys meaning. | I can successfully respond<br>to dance by analyzing,<br>interpreting, and critiquing how<br>dance conveys meaning and<br>provide compelling rationale<br>through demonstration. |
| I can Perceive and Analyze<br>dance.             | l am not yet able to perceive<br>and analyze dance.         |   | dance.  | I can perceive and analyze<br>dance and apply that<br>knowledge to communicating<br>through an original creative<br>movement.   |
| I can Interpret intent and<br>meaning of dance.  | I am not yet able to interpret intent and meaning of dance. |   | meaning of dance.   | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of dance and<br>apply that knowledge to<br>communicating through an<br>original creative dance piece.                                     |
| I can Apply criteria to evaluating dance pieces. |   | To a limited degree, I can apply criteria to evaluating dance pieces. |   | l can create and apply criteria<br>for evaluating dance pieces.   |



| Special   | NO EVIDENCE - 1  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4   |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| DANCE COMPETENCIES                                      | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency<br>has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency<br>has been met.   |
| Connecting  | 0<br>0<br>0  | 0<br>0<br>0   |   |   |
| to dance by Synthesizing,<br>and Relating knowledge and | personal meaning and<br>external context to dance<br>by synthesizing, and relating<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to works of dance | meaning and external context<br>to dance by synthesizing,<br>and relating knowledge and | external context to dance<br>by synthesizing, and relating<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to at least one work | I can successfully connect personal meaning and external context to dance by synthesizing, and relating knowledge and personal experience to multiple works of dance through and during the learning process.           |
| dance related ideas, work, and                          | societal, cultural, and historical   |   | and historical contexts to<br>dance related ideas, work, and<br>creative movement.                                      | I can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>dance related ideas, work,<br>and creative movement and<br>demonstrate how these details<br>help reveal information about<br>the work and its context. |



# Health

The performance indicators articulate specifically what students should know or be able to do in support of each standard by the conclusion of the grade spans. The performance indicators serve as a blueprint for organizing student assessment.

| Special   |  |
|---|--|
| HEALTH COMPETENCY   | PERFORMANCE INDICATORS   |
| A successful student can comprehend concepts related to health promotion and disease prevention to enhance health.                  | <ul> <li>Predict how healthy behaviors can affect health status.</li> <li>Describe the interrelationships of emotional, intellectual, physical, and social health.</li> <li>Analyze how environment and personal health are interrelated.</li> <li>Analyze how genetics and family history can impact personal health.</li> <li>Propose ways to reduce or prevent injuries and health problems.</li> <li>Analyze the relationship between access to health care and health status.</li> <li>Compare and contrast the benefits of and barriers to practicing a variety of healthy behaviors.</li> <li>Analyze personal susceptibility to injury, illness, or death if engaging in unhealthy behaviors.</li> <li>Analyze the potential severity of injury or illness if engaging in unhealthy behaviors.</li> </ul>  |
| A successful student can analyze the influence of family, peers, culture, media, technology, and other factors on health behaviors. | <ul> <li>Analyze how the family influences the health of individuals.</li> <li>Analyze how the culture supports and challenges health beliefs, practices, and behaviors.</li> <li>Analyze how peers influence healthy and unhealthy behaviors.</li> <li>Evaluate how the school and community can affect personal health practice and behaviors.</li> <li>Evaluate the effect of media on personal and family health.</li> <li>Evaluate the impact of technology on personal, family, and community health.</li> <li>Analyze how the perceptions of norms influence healthy and unhealthy behaviors.</li> <li>Analyze the influence of personal values and beliefs on individual health practices and behaviors.</li> <li>Analyze how some health risk behaviors can influence the likelihood of engaging in unhealthy behaviors.</li> <li>Analyze how public health policies and government regulations can influence health promotion and disease prevention.</li> </ul> |
| A successful student can demonstrate the ability to access valid information, products, and services to enhance health.             | <ul> <li>Evaluate the validity of health information, products, and services.</li> <li>Use resources from home, school, and community that provide valid health information.</li> <li>Determine the accessibility of products and services that enhance health.</li> <li>Determine when professional health services may be required.</li> <li>Access valid and reliable health products and services.</li> </ul>  |

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|       |      |

| Special  |  |
|--|--|
| HEALTH COMPETENCY  | PERFORMANCE INDICATORS   |
| A successful student can demonstrate the ability to use interpersonal communication skills to enhance health and avoid or reduce health risks. | <ul> <li>Use skills for communicating effectively with family, peers, and others to enhance health.</li> <li>Demonstrate refusal, negotiation, and collaboration skills to enhance health and avoid or reduce health risks.</li> <li>Demonstrate strategies to prevent, manage, or resolve interpersonal conflicts without harming self or others.</li> <li>Demonstrate how to ask for and offer assistance to enhance the health of self and others.</li> </ul>   |
| A successful student can demonstrate the ability to use decision-making skills to enhance health.  | <ul> <li>Examine barriers that can hinder healthy decision making.</li> <li>Determine the value of applying a thoughtful decision-making process in health-related situations.</li> <li>Justify when individual or collaborative decision making is appropriate.</li> <li>Generate alternatives to health-related issues or problems.</li> <li>Predict the potential short-term and long-term impact of each alternative on self and others.</li> <li>Defend the healthy choice when making decisions.</li> <li>Evaluate the effectiveness of health-related decisions.</li> </ul> |
| A successful student can demonstrate the ability to use goal-setting skills to enhance health.   | <ul> <li>Assess personal health practices and overall health status.</li> <li>Develop a plan to attain a personal health goal that addresses strengths, needs, and risks.</li> <li>Implement strategies and monitor progress in achieving a personal health goal.</li> <li>Formulate an effective long-term personal health plan.</li> </ul>   |
| A successful student can demonstrate the ability to practice health-enhancing behaviors and avoid or reduce health risks.                      | <ul> <li>Analyze the role of individual responsibility for enhancing health.</li> <li>Demonstrate a variety of healthy practices and behaviors that will maintain or improve the health of self and others.</li> <li>Demonstrate a variety of behaviors to avoid or reduce health risks to self and others.</li> </ul>   |
| A successful student can demonstrate the ability to advocate for personal, family, and community health.                                       | <ul> <li>Utilize accurate peer and societal norms to formulate a health-enhancing message.</li> <li>Demonstrate how to influence and support others to make positive health choices.</li> <li>Work cooperatively as an advocate for improving personal, family, and community health.</li> <li>Adapt health messages and communication techniques to a specific target audience.</li> </ul>  |



# **Media Arts**

This rubric measures the degree to which each competency has been met. Sufficient evidence is intended to indicate that a student has met the competency. Strong evidence indicates that a student has gone above and beyond the competency. While limited evidence indicates they have not quite met the competency, no evidence indicates the student has not yet made progress in meeting the competency.

| Special  | NO EVIDENCE - 1   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2   | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4   |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| MEDIA ARTS COMPETENCIES  | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.  |
| Creating   |   |  |   |   |
| I can Create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of a specific media<br>arts form to Conceive, Develop,<br>and Construct artistic ideas and<br>work. | I am not yet able to create and<br>communicate by applying the<br>skills and language of a specific<br>media arts form to conceive,<br>develop, and construct artistic<br>ideas and work. | skills and language of a specific media arts form to conceive,                             | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of a specific media<br>art form to conceive, develop,<br>and construct artistic ideas and<br>work. | I can create and communicate<br>in multiple media art forms by<br>applying the skills and language<br>of that form to conceive,<br>develop, and construct artistic<br>ideas and work. |
| I can Generate, Conceptualize, and Organize media arts ideas.  | I am not yet able to generate,<br>conceptualize, and organize<br>media arts ideas.  | conceptualize, but not   | I can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize ideas in at least<br>one media art form.   | I can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize ideas through<br>various media art forms.  |
| l can Refine and Complete<br>media art ideas   | l am not yet able to refine and<br>complete ideas into media art<br>work.   | l can begin to refine but not<br>complete ideas into media art<br>work.                    | l can refine and complete ideas<br>into media art work.   | I can refine and complete ideas<br>through multiple media art<br>forms.   |
| Producing  |   |  |   |   |
| I can demonstrate the ability to Apply the skills and understanding of how the media arts communicate ideas and work through Integration, Practice, and Presentation.      | I am not yet able to integrate<br>forms and content, practice, and<br>present media art works.  | I can begin to integrate forms<br>and content, practice, and<br>present media art works.   | I can integrate forms and<br>content, practice, and present<br>through at least one media art<br>form.  | I can integrate forms and<br>content, practice, and present<br>through more than one media<br>art form.   |
| I can Analyze and Interpret<br>media art works.  | I cannot yet analyze and interpret media art works.   | I can analyze and interpret<br>media art works to a limited<br>extent.                     | I can analyze and interpret<br>comfortably in at least one<br>media art work.   | I can analyze and interpret<br>multiple forms of media art<br>works for presentation.   |
| I can Realize, Develop, and<br>Refine media art works for<br>presentation.   | I am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine media art<br>works for presentation.   | I can realize and begin to<br>develop, but not refine media<br>art works for presentation. | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine in at least one media art<br>form for presentation.   | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine in multiple media art<br>forms for presentation that<br>communicates.   |



| Special   | NO EVIDENCE - 1  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2   | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4   |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| MEDIA ARTS COMPETENCIES   | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.  |
| Responding  |  |  |  | 99 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |
| by Perceiving, Interpreting and   | I am not yet able to respond<br>to media arts by Perceiving,<br>Interpreting and Evaluating<br>how media artworks convey<br>meaning.                                     |  | I can successfully respond to<br>the media arts by Perceiving,<br>Interpreting and Evaluating<br>how media artworks convey<br>meaning.                                 | I can successfully respond to<br>various forms of the media arts<br>by Perceiving, Interpreting and<br>Evaluating how these forms<br>convey meaning.                      |
| I can Perceive and Analyze the media.   | l am not yet able to perceive<br>and analyze the media.  | I can begin to perceive and<br>analyze the media.  | I can with confidence perceive<br>and analyze at least one form<br>of media.   | l can perceive and analyze<br>various forms of media.   |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of media artworks.   | I am not yet able to interpret<br>intent and meaning of media<br>artworks.   |  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of at least one form of<br>media artwork.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of multiple media art<br>forms.   |
| I can apply criteria to Evaluating media artworks.  | I am not yet able to apply<br>criteria to evaluating media<br>artworks.  | l can apply criteria to evaluating<br>media artworks.  | I can apply criteria to evaluating<br>media artworks.  | l can create criteria for and<br>apply criteria to evaluating<br>multiple media art form.   |
| Connecting  |  |  |  |   |
| I can Connect personal meaning and external context to media arts by Synthesizing and Relating through and during the art-making process. | I am not yet able to connect<br>personal meaning and external<br>context to media arts by<br>synthesizing and relating<br>through and during the art-<br>making process. | I can begin to connect personal<br>meaning and external context<br>to media arts by synthesizing<br>and relating through and<br>during the art-making process. | I can successfully connect<br>personal meaning and external<br>context to media arts by<br>synthesizing and relating<br>through and during the art-<br>making process. | I can successfully connect personal meaning and external context to more than one media arts form by synthesizing and relating through and during the art-making process. |
| I can Synthesize and Relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to artistic ideas for<br>media art works.                             | I am not yet able to synthesize<br>and relate knowledge and<br>personal experience to artistic<br>ideas for media art works.   | I can relate knowledge and<br>personal experience to artistic<br>ideas for media art works but<br>not synthesize those into a<br>media art work.               | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to artistic ideas for<br>media art works.  | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to artistic ideas<br>through multiple forms of<br>media art works.                                    |
| I can Apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to ideas<br>media art work.  | I am not yet able to apply<br>societal, cultural, and historical<br>contexts to media art work.  | I can apply at least one of the<br>following, societal, cultural, and/<br>or historical contexts to media<br>art work.   | I can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to at<br>least one form of media art<br>work.   | l can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to more<br>than one form of media art.   |



# Music

This rubric measures the degree to which each competency has been met. Sufficient evidence is intended to indicate that a student has met the competency. Strong evidence indicates that a student has gone above and beyond the competency. While limited evidence indicates they have not quite met the competency, no evidence indicates the student has not yet made progress in meeting the competency.

| Special   | NO EVIDENCE - 1   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4   |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| MUSIC COMPETENCIES  | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.  |
| Creating I can create and communicate by applying the skills and language of music to Imagine, Plan, and Make musical ideas and work. | I am not yet able to create and<br>communicate by applying the<br>skills and language of music to<br>imagine, plan, and make musical<br>ideas and work. | language of music to imagine<br>and plan but not yet make   | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of music to imagine,<br>plan, and make musical ideas<br>and work. | I can create and communicate by applying the skills and language of music to imagine, plan, and make musical ideas and work, while creating work that shows the culmination of a process of creation and communication. |
| I can Generate, Develop, and<br>Organize musical ideas.   | I am not yet able to generate,<br>develop, and organize musical<br>ideas.   | I am beginning to develop the<br>skills and knowledge needed to<br>generate, develop, and organize<br>musical ideas.                    |  | l can generate, develop, and<br>organize musical ideas for more<br>than one musical genre.  |
| I can create by applying the<br>skills and language of music to<br>Evaluate, Refine, and Present<br>musical ideas and work.           | applying the skills and language of music to evaluate, refine, and  | I am beginning to create by<br>applying the skills and language<br>of music to evaluate, refine, and<br>present musical ideas and work. | evaluate, refine, and present  | I can create by applying the skills and language of music to evaluate, refine, and present original musical ideas and work using expertise, context, and expressive intent to influence creative choices.               |
|   |   | I can reflect upon but not yet<br>able to independently refine<br>musical ideas and work.   | l can reflect upon and refine<br>musical ideas and work.   | I can reflect upon and refine<br>musical ideas and work for<br>more than one musical genre.   |
| I can Present original musical ideas and work.  | l am not yet able to present<br>original musical ideas and work.  | I am experimenting with<br>creating and presenting original<br>musical ideas and work.  | l can present original musical<br>ideas and work.  | I can create and present more<br>than one original musical idea<br>and work.  |



| Special   | NO EVIDENCE - 1   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4   |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MUSIC COMPETENCIES  | Degree to which competency<br>has been met.   | Degree to which competency<br>has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency<br>has been met.   |
| Performing  |   |   |   |   |
| I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate musical ideas and<br>work through Selection, Analysis,<br>and Interpretation.                   | I am not yet able to<br>demonstrate the ability to<br>apply skills and effectively<br>communicate musical ideas and<br>work through selection, analysis,<br>and interpretation. | through selection, analysis, and  | to apply skills and effectively communicate musical ideas   | I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate musical ideas and<br>work through selection, analysis,<br>and interpretation of more than<br>one musical genre. |
|   |   |   | l can select musical works<br>based on interest, knowledge,<br>technical skill and context.   | I can select and perform musical<br>works based on interest,<br>knowledge, technical skill and<br>context.  |
| l can Analyze the structure and context of musical works.   | I am not yet able to analyze the<br>structure and context of musical<br>works.  | I am beginning to analyze the<br>structure and context of musical<br>works.   | I can analyze the structure and context of musical works.   | l can analyze and demonstrate<br>the structure and context of<br>musical works.   |
| I can Develop personal interpretations of musical works.  | I am not yet able to develop<br>personal interpretations of<br>musical works.   | I am beginning to develop<br>personal interpretations of<br>musical works.  | l can develop personal<br>interpretations of musical<br>works.  | I can develop personal<br>interpretations of musical works<br>and perform based on those<br>interpretations.  |
| I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate through the<br>process of Rehearsing,<br>Evaluating, Refining, and<br>Performing musical works. | I am not yet able to demonstrate the ability to apply skills and effectively communicate through the process of Rehearsing, Evaluating, Refining, and Performing musical works. | I am beginning to demonstrate<br>the ability to apply skills and<br>effectively communicate<br>through the process of<br>Rehearsing, Evaluating, Refining,<br>and Performing musical works. | I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate through the<br>process of Rehearsing,<br>Evaluating, Refining, and<br>Performing musical works. | I can demonstrate the ability<br>to apply skills and effectively<br>communicate through the<br>process of Rehearsing,<br>Evaluating, Refining, and<br>Performing musical works.                 |
| I can Evaluate and Refine personal and ensemble performances.   | l am not yet able to evaluate<br>and refine personal and<br>ensemble performances.  | I am beginning to learn how to<br>evaluate and refine personal<br>and ensemble performances.  | l can evaluate and refine<br>personal and ensemble<br>performances.   | l can evaluate and refine<br>personal and ensemble<br>performances of various genre.  |
| I can Perform expressively and accurately with appropriate interpretation.  | l am not yet able to perform<br>expressively and accurately with<br>appropriate interpretation.   | I am beginning to perform expressively and accurately with appropriate interpretation.  | I can perform expressively and accurately with appropriate interpretation.  | I can perform various genre<br>of music expressively and<br>accurately with appropriate<br>interpretation.  |

| Special  | NO EVIDENCE - 1   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4  |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| MUSIC COMPETENCIES   | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.   |
| Responding   |   | •   |   |  |
| I can respond to music<br>by Selecting, Analyzing,<br>Interpreting and Evaluating,<br>how music conveys meaning. | I am not yet able to respond to<br>music by selecting, analyzing,<br>interpreting and evaluating,<br>how music conveys meaning.         |   | I can respond to music<br>by Selecting, analyzing,<br>interpreting and evaluating,<br>how music conveys meaning.      | I can successfully respond<br>to multiple music genre<br>by selecting, analyzing,<br>interpreting and evaluating,<br>how music conveys meaning<br>and provide compelling<br>rationale. |
| I can Select musical works for a variety of purposes.  | I am not yet able to select<br>musical works for a variety of<br>purposes.  | I can select a musical work or works for at least one purpose.  | I can select musical works for a variety of purposes.   | I can select musical works for a variety of purposes and provide rationale for selection.  |
| l can Perceive and Analyze<br>musical works.   | l am not yet able to perceive<br>and analyze musical works.   | To a limited degree, I can<br>perceive and analyze musical<br>works.  | l can perceive and analyze<br>musical works.  | I can perceive and analyze<br>musical works and provide<br>rationale.  |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of musical works.   | I am not yet able to interpret<br>intent and meaning of musical<br>works.   |   | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of musical works.   | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of musical works and<br>provide rationale.   |
| I can Apply criteria to evaluating musical works.  | I am not yet able to apply<br>criteria to evaluating musical<br>works.  | I am beginning to learn how<br>to apply criteria to evaluating<br>musical works.  | l can apply criteria to evaluating<br>musical works.  | l can create and apply criteria<br>to evaluating musical works.  |
| Connecting   |   |   |   |  |
| I can Connect personal meaning and external context to music through and during the music learning process.      | I am not yet able to connect,<br>personal meaning and external<br>context to music through and<br>during the music learning<br>process. | I can begin to connect,<br>personal meaning and external<br>context to music through and<br>during the music learning<br>process. | I can connect, personal<br>meaning and external context<br>to music through and during<br>the music learning process. | I can connect, personal<br>meaning and external context<br>to music through and during<br>the music learning and making<br>process.  |
| I can Synthesize and Relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to musical ideas<br>and work.                | I am not yet able to synthesize<br>and relate knowledge and<br>personal experience to musical<br>ideas and work.                        |   | l can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to musical ideas<br>and work.                     | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to musical ideas<br>and work in and through the<br>music making process.   |
| l can Apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>musical ideas and work.                         | I am not yet able to apply<br>societal, cultural, and historical<br>contexts to musical ideas and<br>work.                              | I am beginning to relate and<br>apply societal, cultural, and<br>historical contexts to musical<br>ideas and work.                | l can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>musical ideas and work.                              | I can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>musical ideas and work of<br>various genre.   |

# GRADE BAND 9-12

#### PE

# Scope and Sequence for K-12 Physical Education LEGEND

#### E = Emerging.

Students participate in deliberate practice tasks that will lead to skill and knowledge acquisition.

| PE STANDARD 1.  Motor skills and movement patterns | HIGH<br>SCHOOL |
|--|----------------|
| Hopping  | А              |
| Galloping  | А              |
| Running  | А              |
| Sliding  | А              |
| Skipping   | А              |
| Leaping  | А              |
| Jumping and Landing                                | А              |
| Spring and step                                    | А              |
| Jump stop  | Α              |
| Balance  | А              |
| Weight Transfer                                    | А              |
| Rolling  | A              |
| Curling and stretching                             | А              |
| Twisting and bending                               | А              |
| Throwing   |                |
| Underhand  | А              |
| Overhand   | А              |

#### M = Maturing.

Students can demonstrate the critical elements of the motor skills/knowledge components of the grade-level outcomes, which will continue to be refined with practice.

| PE STANDARD 1.<br>Motor skills and movement<br>patterns  | HIGH<br>SCHOOL |
|--|----------------|
| Catching   | A              |
| Dribbling/ball control                                   |                |
| • Hands  | А              |
| • Feet   | A              |
| With implement   | A              |
| Kicking  | А              |
| Volleying  |                |
| Underhand  | А              |
| • Set  | М              |
| Striking - with short implement                          | А              |
| Fore/backhand  | А              |
| Striking - with long implement                           | А              |
| Fore/backhand  | М              |
| Combining locomotors and manipulatives                   | А              |
| Combining jumping, landing, locomotors and manipulatives | A              |

#### A = Applying.

Students can demonstrate the critical elements of the motor skills/knowledge components of the grade-level outcomes within a variety of physical activity environments.

| PE STANDARD 1.  Motor skills and movement patterns | HIGH<br>SCHOOL |
|--|----------------|
| Combining balance and weight transfers             | A              |
| Serving  |                |
| Underhand  | Α              |
| Overhand   | М              |
| Passing and receiving                              |                |
| Forearm pass                                       | Α              |

| PE STANDARD 2. Concepts and strategies.   | HIGH<br>SCHOOL |
|---|----------------|
| Movement concepts, principles and knowledge   | Α              |
| Strategies and tactics  | Α              |
| Communication (games)   | Α              |
| Creating space (net/wall)   |                |
| <ul> <li>Varying force, angle and/or direction to gain competitive advantage</li> </ul> | А              |
| Using offensive tactic/shot to<br>move opponent out of position                         | М              |
| Reducing space (net/wall)   |                |
| Returning to home position  | Α              |
| Shifting to reduce angle for return   | М              |
| Target  |                |
| Selecting appropriate shot/club   | Α              |
| <ul> <li>Applying blocking strategy</li> </ul>  | М              |
| <ul> <li>Varying speed and trajectory</li> </ul>  | Α              |

| PE STANDARD 3.  Health-enhancing level of fit- ness and physical activity. | HIGH<br>SCHOOL |
|--|----------------|
| Physical activity knowledge  | Α              |
| Engages in physical activity   | Α              |
| Fitness knowledge  | Α              |
| Assessment and program planning  | Α              |
| Nutrition  | Α              |
| Stress management  | М              |

| PE STANDARD 4. Responsible personal and social behavior. | HIGH<br>SCHOOL |
|--|----------------|
| Demonstrating personal responsibility                    | Α              |
| Accepting feedback                                       | Α              |
| Working with others                                      | Α              |
| Following rules and etiquette                            | Α              |
| Safety   | Α              |

| PE STANDARD 5. Recognizes the value of physical activity. | HIGH<br>SCHOOL |
|---|----------------|
| For health  | Α              |
| For challenge   | Α              |
| For self-expression/enjoyment                             | Α              |
| For social interaction                                    | Α              |



### **Theatre**

This rubric measures the degree to which each competency has been met. Sufficient evidence is intended to indicate that a student has met the competency. Strong evidence indicates that a student has gone above and beyond the competency. While limited evidence indicates they have not quite met the competency, no evidence indicates the student has not yet made progress in meeting the competency.

| Special   | NO EVIDENCE - 1  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4   |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| THEATRE COMPETENCIES  | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.  |
| Creating  I can create and communicate by applying the skills and language of theatre through Envisioning, Conceptualizing, Developing, and Rehearsing artistic ideas and work. | I am not yet able to create<br>and communicate by applying<br>the skills and language of<br>theatre through envisioning,<br>conceptualizing, developing, and<br>rehearsing artistic ideas and<br>work. | skills and language of theatre<br>by envisioning, conceptualizing,  | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of theatre through<br>envisioning, conceptualizing,<br>developing, and rehearsing<br>artistic ideas through at least<br>one theatrical performance.                  | I can create and communicate<br>by applying the skills and<br>language of theatre through<br>envisioning, conceptualizing,<br>developing, and rehearsing<br>artistic ideas through more than<br>one theatrical performance. |
| I can Organize artistic ideas for theatre.  | l am not yet able to organize<br>artistic ideas for theatre.   | I can begin to organize artistic ideas for theatre.   | l can organize artistic ideas for theatre.  |   |
| I can Refine and Complete<br>artistic ideas through a<br>theatrical performance.  | I am not yet able to refine and<br>complete artistic ideas through<br>a performance.   | I can begin to refine but<br>not complete artistic ideas<br>for a successful theatrical<br>performance.   | I can refine and complete<br>artistic ideas successfully for a<br>theatrical performance.   | I can refine and complete<br>artistic ideas successfully<br>for more than one theatrical<br>performance.  |
| understanding of how theatre<br>communicates through<br>Selection, Preparation, Sharing,  | of how theatre communicates through selection, preparation,  | I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how theatre communicates through preparation and sharing, but not through selection and presentation of artistic ideas and work. | I can demonstrate the<br>ability to apply the skills and<br>understanding of how theatre<br>communicates through<br>selection, preparation, sharing,<br>and presentation of artistic<br>ideas and work through at least<br>one performance. | I can demonstrate the ability to apply the skills and understanding of how theatre communicates through selection, preparation, sharing, and presentation of artistic ideas and work through more than one performance.     |

| Special  | NO EVIDENCE - 1  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4   |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| THEATRE COMPETENCIES   | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency<br>has been met.   |
| I can Reflect on, Interpret,<br>and Select artistic works for<br>presentation.   | l am not yet able to reflect on,<br>interpret, and select artistic<br>works for presentation.  | I can reflect on, begin to interpret, but not select an artistic work for presentation based on a specific purpose.                       | l can reflect on, interpret,<br>and select an artistic work<br>for presentation based on a<br>specific purpose.                               | I can reflect on, interpret,<br>and select artistic works for<br>presentation based on a specific<br>purpose for each work.   |
| I can Realize, Develop, and<br>Refine artistic works for<br>presentation.  | l am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine artistic<br>works for presentation.   |   | l can realize, develop, and refine artistic works for presentation.   | l can realize, develop, and refine<br>multiple artistic works for a<br>performance that successfully<br>communicates.   |
| Responding   | 0<br>0<br>0  |   |   |   |
| I can respond to theatre by<br>Reflecting, Interpreting, and<br>Evaluating how productions<br>convey meaning.                    | I am not yet able to respond<br>to theatre by Reflecting,<br>Interpreting, and Evaluating<br>how productions convey<br>meaning.                | I can begin to respond<br>to theatre by Reflecting,<br>Interpreting, and Evaluating<br>how productions convey<br>meaning.                 | I can respond to theatre by<br>Reflecting, Interpreting, and<br>Evaluating how at least one<br>production conveys meaning.                    | I can respond to theatre by<br>Reflecting, Interpreting, and<br>Evaluating how productions<br>convey meaning.   |
| I can Perceive and Evaluate theatrical work.   | l am not yet able to perceive<br>and evaluate theatrical work.   | I can begin to perceive and<br>evaluate theatrical work.  | l can perceive and evaluate<br>theatrical work.   | I can perceive and evaluate<br>theatrical work and provide<br>compelling rationale to<br>support.   |
| I can Interpret intent and meaning of theatrical work.   | I am not yet able to interpret<br>intent and meaning of<br>theatrical work.  | To a limited degree, I can interpret intent and meaning of theatrical work.   | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of theatrical work.   | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of theatrical work<br>and provide compelling and<br>creative support for alternative<br>interpretation.                             |
| I can apply criteria when evaluating theatrical work.  | l am not yet able to apply<br>criteria when evaluating<br>theatrical work.   | I can begin to apply criteria<br>when evaluating theatrical<br>work.  | l can apply criteria when<br>evaluating theatrical work.  | I can create and apply criteria<br>for evaluating theatrical work.  |
| Connecting   |  |   |   |   |
| I can connect personal<br>meaning and external context<br>to theatre by Empathizing,<br>Interrelating, and Researching<br>works. | Lam not yet able to connect<br>personal meaning and<br>external context to theatre by<br>empathizing, interrelating, and<br>researching works. | I can begin to connect personal<br>meaning and external context<br>to theatre by empathizing,<br>interrelating, and researching<br>works. | I can successfully connect<br>personal meaning and<br>external context to theatre by<br>empathizing, interrelating, and<br>researching works. | I can successfully connect<br>personal meaning and external<br>context to multiple theatrical<br>pieces by empathizing,<br>interrelating, and researching<br>those works. |

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|-----|------|------|
| O.  | 4    | 7    |
|     |      |      |

| Special  | NO EVIDENCE - 1                          | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2                     | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3                                 | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4   |
|--|--|--|---|---|
| THEATRE COMPETENCIES   | Degree to which competency has been met. | Degree to which competency has been met. | Degree to which competency has been met.                | Degree to which competency has been met.  |
| I can Synthesize and Relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to theatrical ideas<br>and work. | personal experience to                   | relate knowledge and personal            | knowledge and personal experience to ideas and at least | I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to multiple<br>theatrical ideas and works.  |
| I can Apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>theatrical ideas and work.          | contexts to theatrical ideas and         | societal, cultural, and historical       | theatrical ideas and work.                              | I can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>theatrical ideas and work and<br>successfully perform the role of<br>a character in that work. |





# **Visual Arts**

This rubric measures the degree to which each competency has been met. Sufficient evidence is intended to indicate that a student has met the competency. Strong evidence indicates that a student has gone above and beyond the competency. While limited evidence indicates they have not quite met the competency, no evidence indicates the student has made no effort in meeting the competency.

| Special  | NO EVIDENCE - 1   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2   | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4  |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| VISUAL ARTS COMPETENCIES   | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.   |
| Creating   |   |  |   | Langerate and communicate  |
| language of a specific visual arts form to Investigate, Plan, and                        | skills and language of a specific visual art form to investigate,   | skills and language of a specific visual art form to investigate,  | language of a specific visual art form to investigate, plan, and                              | I can create and communicate<br>in multiple visual art forms by<br>applying the skills and language<br>of a specific visual art form to<br>investigate, plan, and make<br>artistic ideas and work. |
| 9  | •   |  | I can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize artistic ideas.                                | l can generate, conceptualize,<br>and organize multiple artistic<br>ideas.   |
| I can refine and complete artistic ideas.  | l am not yet able to refine and complete artistic ideas.  | l can refine but not complete<br>artistic ideas.   | l can refine and complete<br>artistic ideas.  | l can refine and complete<br>multiple artistic ideas.  |
| skills and language of a specific visual arts form to Reflect, Refine, and Continue with | applying the skills and language<br>of a specific visual art form<br>through reflecting, refining, and<br>continuing with artistic ideas<br>and work. | skills (elements) but not<br>the language (principles)<br>of a specific visual art form<br>through reflecting, refining, and | the skills and language of<br>a specific visual art form<br>through reflecting, refining, and | I can create in multiple visual<br>art forms by applying the skills<br>and language of that visual<br>art form through reflecting,<br>refining, and continuing with<br>artistic ideas and work.    |

| Special  | NO EVIDENCE - 1  | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2   | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3  | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| VISUAL ARTS COMPETENCIES   | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.   | Degree to which competency has been met.   |
| understanding of how the visual arts communicate through Selection, Analyzation, | skills and understanding of how<br>the visual arts communicate<br>through Selection, Analyzation,<br>and Sharing of artistic ideas | ability to apply the skills and<br>understanding of how the<br>visual arts communicate<br>but not able to apply this to<br>Selection, Analyzation, and |  | I can demonstrate the<br>ability to apply the skills and<br>understanding of how multiple<br>visual arts forms communicate<br>through Selection, Analyzation,<br>and Sharing of artistic ideas<br>and work for presentation. |
| I can interpret artistic works for presentation.                                 | l am not yet able to interpret<br>artistic works for presentation.   | l can interpret at least one<br>artistic work for presentation.  | l can interpret more than one<br>artistic work for presentation.   | l can interpret multiple artistic<br>works for presentation.   |
| I can realize, develop, and refine artistic works for presentation.              | I am not yet able to realize,<br>develop, and refine artistic<br>works for presentation.   | not refine artistic works for  | l can realize, develop, and<br>refine artistic works for<br>presentation.  | I can realize, develop, and<br>refine multiple artistic<br>works for an exhibition that<br>communicates.   |
| Analyzing, and Interpreting how  | visual arts by Perceiving,   |  | I can successfully respond to<br>the visual arts by Perceiving,<br>Analyzing, and Interpreting how<br>artworks convey meaning. | I can successfully respond to<br>the visual arts by Perceiving,<br>Analyzing, and Interpreting how<br>artworks convey meaning. and<br>provide compelling rationale.  |

| Special   | NO EVIDENCE - 1   | LIMITED EVIDENCE - 2  | SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE - 3   | STRONG EVIDENCE - 4  |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| VISUAL ARTS COMPETENCIES  | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.  | Degree to which competency has been met.   |
| I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of artistic work.   | I am not yet able to interpret<br>intent and meaning of artistic<br>work.   | I can begin to interpret intent<br>and meaning of artistic work.  | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of artistic work.   | I can interpret intent and<br>meaning of artistic work and<br>provides compelling rationale<br>to support.   |
| I can apply criteria to analyzing and interpreting artistic work.   | I am not yet able to apply<br>criteria to analyzing and<br>interpreting artistic work.  | To a limited degree, I can apply criteria to analyzing and interpreting artistic work.                          | I can apply criteria to analyzing<br>and interpreting artistic work.  | I can apply criteria to analyzing<br>and interpreting artistic work<br>and provide additional support<br>for my interpretation.  |
| Connecting  |   |   |   |  |
| Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing,<br>and Interpreting to works of<br>art through and during the art-         | I am not yet able to connect, personal meaning and external context to the visual arts by Relating, Perceiving, Analyzing, and Interpreting to works of art through and during the artmaking process. | to the visual arts by Relating,<br>Perceiving, Analyzing, and<br>Interpreting to works of art                   |   | I can successfully connect,<br>personal meaning and external<br>context to multiple visual<br>arts by Relating, Perceiving,<br>Analyzing, and Interpreting to<br>works through and during the<br>art-making process. |
| I can synthesize and relate<br>knowledge and personal<br>experience to artistic ideas and<br>artistic work. | I am not yet able to create a<br>work of art that communicates<br>about events in home, school,<br>or community life.   | I can create a work of art that<br>begins to communicate about<br>events in home, school, or<br>community life. | I can create a work of art that<br>clearly communicates about<br>events in home, school, or<br>community life.  | I can create works of art that<br>clearly communicates in-depth<br>about events in home, school,<br>and/or community life.   |
| l can apply societal, cultural,<br>and historical contexts to<br>artistic ideas and artistic work           | works from different times or   | different times or places but<br>am not able to determine their   | I can compare and contrast<br>details in art works from<br>different times or places and<br>explain how these details help<br>reveal information about the<br>work. | I can compare and contrast multiple details in art works from different times or places and thoroughly explains how these details help reveal information about the work and its context.                            |

DRAFT 3 07/09/2020

NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band 9 - 1 2

# **Essential Elements (EE)**

# Assessment

# **Executive Summary**

This section of the guidance document seeks to support educators as they consider ways to develop, refine and/or implement a comprehensive, balanced and cohesive approach to meaningfully assess student learning in a competency-based model. When thinking about mastery, a multiple-measures approach can be useful and may include a variety of assessments, ranging from the use of rubrics that focus on the depth of a student's understanding to nationally normed assessments by age and/or ability to state accountability assessment systems. What follows as guidance to consider may be best conceptualized by thinking of it from the perspective of assessing student learning through three buckets:

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# Performance-Based Assessment and the Use of Rubrics

- Continuity and Comprehensive Approach: The grade-band teams from Phase I of this project developed both the competencies and a set of performance-based "I can ..." rubrics.
  - SECD, specials, electives and CTE are also included for your consideration and inclusion in assessing broader STEAM and Humanities competencies.
- Interpretation of Performance Levels: These rubrics contain four performance levels that include "I can ..." statements that intend to reflect the various stages of what students know and are able to do through progressive depths of each competency. Ideally, students move to and through each of the levels from left to right, but this may take place at different times for each student. Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) is included as a familiar reference to help support the development of instruction in a leveled manner.
  - Level 1 may be thought of as introducing or beginning/DOK:
     Recall and Reproduce
  - Level 2 may be thought of as developing or emerging/DOK: Application and Reasoning
  - Level 3 may be thought of as demonstrating or creating/DOK: Strategic Thinking
  - Level 4 may be thought of as extending or enriching/DOK: Extended Thinking

**NOTE:** Levels 1-4 are not intended to predict Kansas State Assessment scores.





# **Levels Explanation**

Webb's Depth of Knowledge: Use to Align "A successful student can ..." Statements to Appropriate Performance Level

| Performance Level | I can  |                          |
|-------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Level 1           | <ul> <li>Recall and Reproduction</li> <li>Recall a fact, term, definition, principle or concept; perform a simple procedure.</li> <li>Items typically specify what the student is to do, which is often to carry out some procedure that can be performed mechanically.</li> <li>Recall of a fact, information, definition, term or performance of a process or procedure.</li> </ul>  |                          |
| Level 2           | <ul> <li>Basic Application of Skills and Concepts</li> <li>Apply conceptual knowledge:</li> <li>Use provided information to select appropriate procedures for a task.</li> <li>Perform two or more steps with decision points along the way.</li> <li>Solve routine problems; organize or display data.</li> <li>Interpret or use simple graphs.</li> <li>Items require students to make some decisions as to how to approach the question or problem. These actions imply more than one mental or cognitive process/step.</li> <li>Includes the engagement of some mental processing beyond recalling or reproducing a response.</li> </ul>   |                          |
| Level 3           | <ul> <li>Strategic Thinking</li> <li>Apply reasoning, using evidence, and developing a plan to approach or solve abstract, complex or nonroutine problems; interpret information and provide justification when more than one approach is possible.</li> <li>Items require students to justify the responses they give and may have more than one possible answer.</li> <li>Requires deep understanding as exhibited through planning, using evidence, and more demanding cognitive reasoning. The cognitive demands are complex and abstract.</li> </ul>  | This<br>is the<br>target |
| Level 4           | <ul> <li>Extended Thinking</li> <li>Perform investigations or apply concepts and skills that require research and problem solving across content areas or multiple sources.</li> <li>Items require students to bring together skill and knowledge from various domains. Due to the complexity of cognitive demand, this level often requires an extended period to answer. A DOK 4 is first a DOK 3 with added connections.</li> <li>Requires high cognitive demand and is very complex. Students are expected to make connections and relate ideas within the content or among areas - and have to select or devise one approach among many alternatives on how the situation can be solved.</li> </ul> |                          |

#### **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

**AFNR** Agriculture, Foods and Natural Law, Public Safety, Corrections and **LPSCS** Resources Security ACArchitecture and Construction Media Arts MA BC **Business Career** Math MATH **BC.BMAE** Business Management, **MNFR** Manufacturing Administration and MUS Music Entrepreneurship Physical Education PΕ BC.F Finance Science SCI BC.M Marketing Earth and Space Science SCI.ESS DNC Dance SCI.LS Life Science Family and Consumer Sciences **FACS** SCI.PS Physical Science ELA English Language Arts SECD Social-Emotional Character **ENG** Engineering Development HB Health and Biosciences STM STEAM ΗE Health THR Theatre **HGSS** History, Government and Social Transportation **TRAN** Studies WL World Languages HUM Humanities VA Visual Arts Information Technology ΙT

#### **Grade Bands:**

P Pre-K to 2nd grade

IM 3rd to 5th grade

MS 6th to 8th grade

HS 9th to 12th grade

# **EE ELA**

A successful student can work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision making in order to seek to understand different viewpoints using the Standards for Mathematical Practices.

| <b>EE</b> ELA   |  |   |   |         |                                |
|---|--|---|---|---------|--------------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS                      |
|   | needs to others (verbal, gestures, communication | I can communicate<br>directly with supportive<br>adults or peers while<br>participating in multiple turn<br>communication exchanges | information on the topic;<br>working with adults and<br>peers to set rules for<br>discussions; relate the<br>topic of discussion to<br>broader themes or ideas; |         | EE.SL.9-10.1;<br>EE.SL.11-12.1 |
| I can present a logically<br>organized argument<br>with claims, reasons, and<br>evidence. |  | I can present an argument<br>on a topic.  | organized claims, reasons,  |         | EE.SL.9-10.4;<br>EE.SL.11-12.4 |
|   |  | I can communicate with<br>complete thoughts (may not<br>be grammatically correct).  | and tasks using complete  | •       | EE.SL.9-10.6;<br>EE.SL.11-12.6 |

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A successful student can provide an objective summary and analyze documents of historical and literary significance including how the text addresses related themes and concepts and how it interacts and builds on one another to produce a complex account using the Standards for Mathematical Practices.

#### **EE** ELA

| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                      |  |
|--|--|--|---|--|--------------------------------|--|
| I can determine which<br>citations demonstrate what<br>the text says explicitly as<br>well as inferences drawn<br>from the text. | l can identify elements in<br>a story (characters, other<br>key details in the text) when<br>asked.                  | I can use information and<br>details explicitly mentioned<br>in the text for citing.   |   |  | EE.RL.9-10.1,<br>EE.RL.11-12.1 |  |
| I can determine which<br>citations demonstrate what<br>the text says explicitly as<br>well as inferentially.                     | l can identify the concrete<br>details, such as individuals,<br>events, or ideas in familiar<br>informational texts. | I can use information and<br>details inferred from the<br>information and details<br>explicitly mentioned in the<br>text for citing. | information and which   |  | EE.RI.9-10.1;<br>EE.11-12.1    |  |
| I can determine the central<br>idea of the text and select<br>details to support it.   | •  | I can summarize the<br>information in a familiar<br>informational text.  | I can pick out details that<br>are relevant and contribute<br>to the understanding of<br>central idea of informational<br>text.                           | •  | EE.RI.9-10.2;<br>EE,RI.11-12.2 |  |
| to the theme or central  | I can identify the next step<br>or event in a sequence from<br>a familiar routine.                                   | I can determine details that<br>provide for foundation of<br>the theme in a narrative.   | I can relate 2 or more<br>events with details about<br>specific characters and<br>settings that help the reader<br>to infer the theme or central<br>idea. | events of the text which are related to the theme or | EE.RL.9-10.2;<br>EE.RL.11-12.2 |  |

A successful student can respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; identify fallacious reasoning, exaggerated or distorted evidence; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task using the Standards for Mathematical Practices.

| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                      |
|---|--|---|--|--|--------------------------------|
| I can determine logical<br>connections between<br>individuals, ideas, or events<br>in a text. | I can identify actions<br>associated with the routine,<br>as a result of experience<br>with a routine.   | facts or details in a literature or informational text.   | relationship or interaction<br>between two or more   | I can determine how<br>individuals,ideas, or events<br>change over the course of<br>the text.                        | EE.RI.9-10.3;<br>EE.RI.11-12.3 |
| I can determine how<br>characters change or<br>develop over the course of<br>a text.          | I can demonstrate an understanding that categories are broad and contain varying subgroups differing on their characteristics (furniture= chairs, tables, couches, etc). | (motivations, feelings) and   | I can determine the changes<br>or development that occurs<br>in a specific character in a<br>narrative.                                    |  | EE.RL.9-10.3;<br>EE.RL.11-12.3 |
| I can locate sentences that<br>support an author's central<br>idea or claim.                  | I can make generalizations<br>about the category to novel<br>instances of that category<br>when my categorical<br>knowledge.   |   |  | I can determine whether the<br>structure of a text enhances<br>an author's claim.                                    |                                |
| I can identify where a<br>text deviates from a<br>chronological presentation<br>of events.    |  | the story that undergoes change(s) from beginning to  | I can identify where a<br>text deviates from a<br>chronological presentation<br>of events.   | I can determine how the<br>author's choice of where to<br>end the story contributes to<br>the meaning.               | EE.RL.9-10.5;<br>EE.RL.11-12.5 |
| I can determine how the specific claims support the argument made in an informational text.   | thinking or viewing may or<br>may not be the same as<br>what other people see or<br>think.   | I can determine specific<br>evidence used to support<br>a claim regarding either<br>an informational or literary<br>text or the topic of a<br>presentation. | I can analyze how specific<br>evidence supports claims<br>that form an argument in<br>an informational text or<br>presentation on a topic. | I can determine whether<br>the claims and reasoning<br>enhance the author's<br>argument in an informational<br>text. | EE.RI.9-10.8;<br>EE.RI.11-12.8 |

A successful student can interpret words and phrases as they are used in text or documents, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone using the Standards for Mathematical Practices.

| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                        |  |  |  |
|---|--|---|---|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| I can determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text, including common idioms, analogies, and figures of speech. | I can determine some of<br>the relevant words for<br>describing people, places,<br>things, or events familiar to<br>me.                | emotional meaning of words  | common idioms, analogies,   | I can determine how<br>words or phrases in a<br>text including words with<br>multiple meanings and<br>figurative language, impacts<br>the meaning of the text. | EE.RI.9-10.4;<br>EE.RI.11-12.4   |  |  |  |
| I can determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including idioms, analogies, and figures of speech.      | I can determine some of<br>the relevant words for<br>describing people, places,<br>things, or events familiar to<br>me.                | occurring or transparent  | meanings of words and<br>phrases in narratives<br>(common idioms, analogies,  |  | EE.RL.9-10.4;<br>EE.RL.11-12.4   |  |  |  |
| I can use context to determine the meaning of unknown words.  | I can demonstrate a receptive understanding of the property words that describe the objects that accompany familiar games or routines. | is missing in a written<br>sentence by using the<br>surrounding words in the<br>sentence and the sentence's | I can infer word meaning using semantic clues in the sentence or paragraph, including restatement, illustrations or examples, similes, metaphors, personification, summary, cause/effect. |  | EE.L.9-10.4.a;<br>EE.L.11-12.a   |  |  |  |
| I can determine the intended meaning of multiple meaning words.   | I can make generalizations<br>about the category to novel<br>instances of that category<br>when using my categorical<br>knowledge.     | I can use the surrounding<br>context of word in text<br>to determine meaning of<br>multiple meaning words.  | I can determine the<br>intended meaning of<br>multiple meaning words.   | •  | EE.L.9-10.4.b;<br>EE.L.11-12.4.b |  |  |  |

A successful student can write informative and argumentative texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization and analysis of content in order to summarize, advocate and/or solve problems using the Standards for Mathematical Practices.

| EE ELA   |   |   |  |  |                              |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|------------------------------|--|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                    |  |
| I can integrate ideas and information in writing including introducing the topic, providing facts or details, and providing a closing. | no questions about my preferences; use functional words to describe common persons, places, objects, or events; produce utterances comprising of two words; demonstrate an understanding that categories are broad and contain varying subgroups differing on their characteristics; and identify | I can introduce a topic and convey information about it including visual, tactual, or multimedia information as appropriate; put facts or details identified about a topic into writing; produce a complete thought in writing (may not be grammatically correct but still conveys a complete thought or idea); use domain-specific vocabulary in informative writing.; and write a concluding sentence, statement, or section of a written text to bring together all the information presented in the text. | I can introduce a topic clearly and use a clear organization to write about it including visual, tactual, or multimedia information as appropriate; develop the topic with facts or details; use complete, simple sentences as appropriate; use domain specific vocabulary when writing claims related to a topic of study or text; and provide a closing or concluding statement. | I can write to share information supported by details: introduce a topic clearly and write an informative or explanatory text that conveys ideas, concepts, and information including visual, tactual, or multimedia information as appropriate; develop the topic with relevant facts, details, or quotes; use complete, simple sentences, as well as compound and other complex sentences as appropriate; use domain specific vocabulary when writing claims related to a topic of study or text; and provide a closing or concluding statement. | EE.W.9-10.2;<br>EE.W.11-12.2 |  |
| I can apply knowledge of word chunks when spelling.  | in words I hear and see and can correctly represent the   | I can accurately select (from<br>a complete alphabet array<br>on a keyboard or other<br>AT device) or write the<br>correct initial sound that<br>corresponds with a word.   | I can spell most single-<br>syllable words correctly and<br>apply knowledge of word<br>chunks in spelling longer<br>words.   | I can spell most single-<br>syllable words correctly and<br>apply knowledge of word<br>chunks in spelling longer<br>words.   | EE.L.9-10.2.c                |  |

A successful student can use a variety of writing techniques such as pacing, description, reflection and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters, and text structures, such as cause and effect, compare/contrast, etc. to produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience using the Standards for Mathematical Practices.

| <b>EE</b> ELA  |   |   |   |  |                              |
|--|---|---|---|--|------------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS                    |
| I can integrate ideas and information in writing including introducing the topic, providing facts or details, and providing a closing. | preferences; use functional words to describe common persons, places, objects, or events; produce utterances comprising of two words; demonstrate an understanding that categories are broad and contain varying subgroups differing on their | I can introduce a topic and convey information about it including visual, tactual, or multimedia information as appropriate; put facts or details identified about a topic into writing; produce a complete thought in writing (may not be grammatically correct but still conveys a complete thought or idea); use domain-specific vocabulary in informative writing.; and write a concluding sentence, statement, or section of a written text to bring together all the information presented in the text. | or multimedia information as appropriate; develop the topic with facts or details; use complete, simple sentences as appropriate; use domain specific vocabulary when writing claims related to a topic of study or text; and provide a closing or concluding | I can write to share information supported by details: introduce a topic clearly and write an informative or explanatory text that conveys ideas, concepts, and information including visual, tactual, or multimedia information as appropriate; develop the topic with relevant facts, details, or quotes; use complete, simple sentences, as well as compound and other complex sentences as appropriate; use domain specific vocabulary when writing claims related to a topic of study or text; and provide a closing or concluding statement. | EE.W.9-10.2;<br>EE.W.11-12.2 |
| I can apply knowledge of<br>word chunks when spelling.   | in words I hear and see and   | I can accurately select (from<br>a complete alphabet array<br>on a keyboard or other<br>AT device) or write the<br>correct initial sound that<br>corresponds with a word.   | I can spell most single-<br>syllable words correctly and<br>apply knowledge of word<br>chunks in spelling longer<br>words.  | I can spell most single-<br>syllable words correctly and<br>apply knowledge of word<br>chunks in spelling longer<br>words.   | EE.L.9-10.2.c                |

# **EE Mathematics**

Students must be engaged with the eight Standards for Mathematical Practice throughout the instruction of the mathematical content:

- 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- 4. Model with mathematics.
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.
- 7. Look for and make use of structure.
- 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

#### Competency 1

A successful student can use a variety of writing techniques such as pacing, description, reflection and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters, and text structures, such as cause and effect, compare/contrast, etc. to produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience using the Standards for Mathematical Practices.

| <b>EE</b> Mathematics   |         |   |                          |  |            |
|---|---------|---|--------------------------|--|------------|
| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2                                       | LEVEL 3                  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS  |
| I can express quantities to<br>the appropriate precision of<br>measurement. |         | problems involving addition, subtraction, and | answers with a degree of | l can solve multi-step<br>problems with rational<br>numbers. | EE.N-Q.1-3 |



#### Competency 2

A successful student can write and interpret appropriate equivalent forms of an expression to explain different properties of the quantities represented in real-world context.

#### **EE** Mathematics

| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3                                  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS              |
|--|---------|--|--|--|------------------------|
| I can solve one-step inequalities.   |         | l can solve linear equalities<br>in one variable.  |  | l can explain solution to<br>a linear inequality in one<br>variable. | EE.A-CED.2-4           |
|  | sets.   |  | problems as equation and as expressions. |  | EE.A-SSE.1<br>Extended |
| I can solve simple algebraic<br>equations with one variable<br>using multiplication and<br>division. | sets.   | unknown in a division and multiplication equation. |  | I can solve linear inequalities<br>in one variable.                  | EE.A-SSE.3<br>Extended |



#### Competency 3

A successful student can model, solve, identify, interpret, and apply systems of equations/ inequalities to explain authentic or hypothetical situations using math as the authority.

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| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1                           | LEVEL 2          | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS      |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------|---|---|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| I can interpret the meaning of a point on the graph of a line.   |                                   |                  | I can analyze linear function<br>graphs. I can interpret a<br>point on the graph of a<br>linear function.           | I can solve real-world<br>problems by interpreting<br>linear function graphs. | EE.A-REI.10-12 |  |  |  |  |  |
| I can create an equation<br>involving one operation with<br>one variable, and use it to<br>solve a real-world problem. | sets.                             |                  | problems using equations  | l can solve rational<br>equations in one variable.                            | EE.A-CED.1     |  |  |  |  |  |
| L  | I can combine and partition sets. | in one variable. | I can solve linear inequalities<br>in 1 variable. I can represent<br>solutions of inequalities on a<br>number line. | to a linear inequality in one   | A-CED.2-4      |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Competency 4

#### No text.

|       |       | 4.0  |
|-------|-------|------|
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| LE Mathematics   |   |  |   |   |                         |
|--|---|--|---|---|-------------------------|
| LEARNING TARGET  | LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS               |
| I can select the appropriate graphical representation (first quadrant) given a situation involving constant rate of change.                                    | l can order objects and<br>arrange objects in pairs.    | I can recognize covariation,<br>direction of covariation, and<br>describe the rate of change<br>in a graph.    | l can represent real world<br>problems as graphs.   | I can solve real-world<br>problems by interpreting<br>linear function graphs. | EE.F-BF.1               |
| I can use the concept of function to solve problems.   | I can order objects and<br>arrange objects in pairs.    | I can describe the rate of change in a table and graph.  | I can solve real-world<br>problems by interpreting<br>linear function graphs and<br>tables.               | •   | EE.F-IF.1-3<br>Extended |
| I can construct graphs that<br>represent linear functions<br>with different rates of<br>change and interpret which<br>is faster/slower, higher/<br>lower, etc. | I can order objects and arrange objects in pairs.       |  | I can compare two functions<br>with different rate of<br>change. I can analyze linear<br>function graphs. | •   | EE.F-IF.4-6<br>Extended |
| I can determine an arithmetic sequence with whole numbers when provided a recursive rule.  | I can classify, contrast<br>objects, and order objects. | I can recognize arithmetic<br>sequences and recognize<br>the recursive rule for<br>arithmetic sequences.       | I can extend an arithmetic<br>sequence by applying the<br>recursive rule.                                 |   | EE.F-BF.2<br>Extended   |
| I can model a simple linear function such as y=mx to show that these functions increase by equal amounts over equal intervals.                                 | I can order objects and arrange objects in pairs.       | I can recognize covariation,<br>direction of covariation, and<br>determine slope based on<br>coordinate pairs. | I can explain average rate<br>of change and determine<br>rate of change of linear<br>functions.           | •   | EE.F-LE.1-3<br>Extended |

#### Competency 5

#### No text.

| Viathe  | matics |
|---------|--------|
| viatile | matics |
|         |        |

| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS               |
|---|--|---|--|--|-------------------------|
| figure and a rotation, reflection, or translation of  | I can contrast objects,<br>arrange objects in pairs,<br>and compare objects for<br>sameness. I can match 2D<br>and 3D shapes with the<br>same size and different<br>orientation. | I can recognize translation,<br>rotation, reflection, and<br>congruent figures. | and transformation.  | I can use a sequence of<br>transformations to describe<br>congruence of 2 given<br>figures.  | EE.G-CO.4-5             |
| I can explain the attributes<br>of perpendicular lines,<br>parallel lines, and line<br>segments; angles, and<br>circles | l can recognize same,<br>different, and attribute<br>values.   |   | I can define circle, explain<br>angle, explain perpendicular<br>lines/line segments, and<br>explain parallel lines/line<br>segments. | I can explain straight angles,<br>adjacent angles, and vertical<br>angles.   | EE.G-CO.1<br>Extended   |
| I can identify corresponding<br>congruent and similar parts<br>of shapes.   | l can recognize same and<br>different.   | l can recognize congruent<br>and similar figures.                               |  | I can explain the relationship<br>between congruent figures<br>and transformation. I can<br>explain the relationship<br>between similar figures and<br>transformation. | EE.G-CO.6-8<br>Extended |
| I can use properties of<br>geometric shapes to<br>describe real-life objects.   |  |   |  |  | EE.G-MG.1-3<br>Extended |



#### Competency 6

A successful student can use algebraic concepts by explaining arguments and creating proofs to validate geometric concepts and apply in a real-world context.

#### **EE** Mathematics

| LEARNING TARGET | LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2 | LEVEL 3  | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS              |
|-----------------|---------|---------|--|---------|------------------------|
| · ·             | values. | -       | involving perimeter of polygons. I can solve world |         | EE.G-GPE.7<br>Extended |

#### Competency 7

A successful student can demonstrate understanding of similarity and trigonometric ratios by constructing and explaining to validate geometric concepts and apply in a real world context.

#### **EE** Mathematics

| LEARNING TARGET                       | LEVEL 1 | LEVEL 2 |  | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4 | STANDARDS |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|--|---------|---------|-----------|
| Not applicable to Essential Elements. |         |         |  |         |         |           |

#### Competency 8

A successful student can summarize, model, interpret, and predict data using different representations to make informed, justifiable decisions.

| N | // つthe | amatice |
|---|---------|---------|
|   |         | ematics |
|   |         |         |

| LEARNING TARGET   | LEVEL 1                              | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4                                      | STANDARDS   |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|-------------|
| I can identify when events are independent or dependent.  |                                      |  | I can determine if 2<br>events are dependent or<br>independent. | l can explain compound<br>events.            | EE.S-CP.1-5 |
|   | objects.                             | picture graphs, line graphs and pie charts to read data. |   | l can use graphs to read<br>beyond the data. | EE.S-ID.1-2 |
| I can calculate the mean of<br>a given data set (limit the<br>number of data points to<br>fewer than five). | I can recognize attribute<br>values. | I can summarize data by the<br>number of observations.   | l can calculate mean.   | I can summarize data by<br>measurement.      | EE.S-ID.4   |

### **EE Science**

#### **Physical Science**

A successful student can apply atomic-level knowledge of the structure and properties of matter to predict and investigate the outcomes of chemical reactions in terms of both matter and energy.

| <b>EE</b> Science                    | Physical Science |                                 |  |             |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|--|-------------|
| LEVEL 1                              | LEVEL 2          | LEVEL 3                         | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |
| occurred during a chemical reaction. |                  | evidence to explain patterns of | I can describe the chemical<br>properties that can change during a<br>chemical reaction. | EE.HS-PS1-2 |

A successful student can describe the relationships among forces and motion to predict and investigate interactions between objects within systems of objects.

| <b>EE</b> Science                        | Physical Science                   |                                      |                                   |             |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| LEVEL 1                                  | LEVEL 2                            | LEVEL 3                              | LEVEL 4                           | STANDARDS   |
|  |                                    | I can evaluate the effectiveness of  |                                   | EE.HS-PS2-3 |
|  |                                    | safety devices and design a solution | to minimize it describe force and |             |
| collision (e.g., floor mats, helmets, or | determine which best minimizes the | that could minimize the force of a   | motion.                           |             |
| steel-toed boots).                       | force of a collision.              | collision.                           |                                   | •           |
|  |                                    |                                      |                                   |             |

A successful student can apply knowledge of energy transfer, transformation, and conservation to evaluate and question energy use and consumption on Earth; examine waves and electromagnetic radiation as a method of sending and storing information in the 21st century to ask questions about methods of communication.

| <b>EE</b> Science   | Physical Science   |                                    |  |             |  |
|---|--|------------------------------------|--|-------------|--|
| LEVEL 1   | LEVEL 2  | LEVEL 3                            | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |  |
| I can compare relative difference in<br>temperature (warmth, coldness) of<br>two liquids. | of two liquids of different<br>temperatures before and after | temperatures of two liquids before | I can describe the relationship<br>between temperature and energy<br>distribution. | EE.HS-PS3-4 |  |

#### Life Science

A successful student can articulate how atomic- and molecular-level structures fuel chemical reactions that support and maintain life within an organism to justify how organisms live and grow; explain, using evidence, the interaction of living and nonliving components in an environment by examining the living and nonliving components responsible for matter cycling to predict humans' effects on matter cycling or to formulate conclusions about the importance of relationships in maintaining stable ecosystems.

| <b>EE</b> Science | Life Science |         |   |             |
|-------------------|--------------|---------|---|-------------|
| LEVEL 1           | LEVEL 2      | LEVEL 3 | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS   |
|                   | ·            |         | I can recall the major organs within<br>the human body. | EE.HS-LS1-2 |

A successful student can outline how genetic traits are inherited and how genetic variation is affected to apply these tenets to genetic diversity amongst a population and make informed decisions about the maintenance of genetic diversity of the species on Earth.

| <b>EE</b> Science            | Life Science  |                              |  |             |  |  |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|-------------|--|--|
| LEVEL 1                      | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3                      | LEVEL 4  | STANDARDS   |  |  |
| needs for familiar wildlife. | between population size and<br>available resources for food<br>and shelter from a graphical | to explain the dependence of | I can identify environmental<br>changes that affect an animal<br>population over time. | EE.HS.LS2-2 |  |  |
| their various environments.  | environment that require special traits to survive.   |                              | I can identify how species adapt in<br>order to survive.                               | EE.HS,LS4-2 |  |  |



### **Earth Space Science**

A successful student can pose and evaluate arguments to explain phenomena in the universe, processes/life cycles in stars, and the predictable patterns of movement of solar system objects.

| <b>EE</b> Science | Earth Space Science   |                                  |                       |              |
|-------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| LEVEL 1           | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3                          | LEVEL 4               | STANDARDS    |
| seasons.          | I can use a model of Earth and sun<br>to show how Earth's positions in its<br>orbit around the Sun correspond<br>with the four seasons. | Sun to show how Earth's tilt and | orbit around the sun. | EE.HS-ESS1-4 |

A successful student can communicate how the Earth's materials, features, and processes have changed over time to describe and predict the effect of human activity and use of natural resources on weather regulation, Earth systems, and climate.

| <b>EE</b> Science  | Earth Space Science   |   |   |              |
|--|---|---|---|--------------|
| LEVEL 1  | LEVEL 2   | LEVEL 3   | LEVEL 4   | STANDARDS    |
| I can recognize strategies to<br>manage objects (e.g., dispose,<br>repurpose, or recycle). | I can describe the factors that<br>would favor one strategy to<br>conserve, recycle or reuse<br>resources over another.   | I can construct an argument for<br>a strategy to conserve, recycle, or<br>reuse resources.                      | l can evaluate a strategy to<br>conserve, recycle, or reuse<br>resources. | EE.HS-ESS3-2 |
| local (e.g., class or school-wide) conservation strategy.                                  | I can organize data on the effects of<br>conservation strategies (e.g., using<br>less energy, using rechargeable<br>batteries, recycling or repurposing<br>materials. | I can analyze data to determine the<br>effects of a conservation strategy on<br>the level of a natural resource |   | EE.HS-ESS3-3 |

NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band 912

Implementation



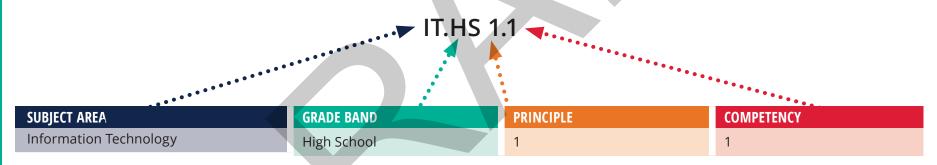
# **Competency Codes Narrative**

To ensure teachers can make connections from the instructional examples to the competencies, a simple competency coding system has been developed. Each instructional example contains a section titled "Competency Codes Addressed." Under that heading, competencies across all subject matter areas related to the instructional example will be listed. For instance, one of the instructional examples for the 9-12 grade band is:

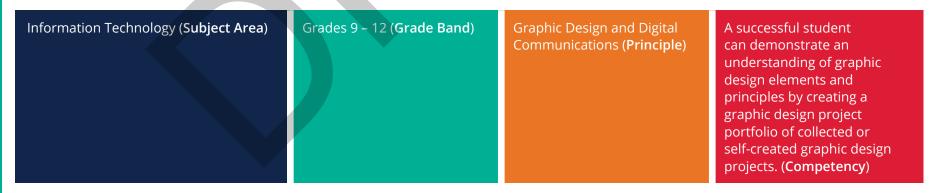
Instructional Example:

| INSTRUCTION EXAMPLE   | COMPETENCY CODES ADDRESSED  |
|---|---|
| Podcast and/or Documentary Film with Marketing Plan (ELA. HGSS, Science, Speech, Business, Broadcasting, Graphic Design, Media Center Specialist, other subject areas as appropriate) | ELA.HS: 1.1, 3.1-3.5, 5.1, BC.M.HS 1.1, IT.HS 1.1, HUM.HS: 1.1, 2.1, 3.1, 5.1 |

As you can see, there are competencies across multiple subject areas involved in this cross-curricular learning activity. Each competency has a code that leads back to the competencies listed at the beginning of each grade band. Below is the competency code IT.HS 1.1 with what each part of a code denotes:



Here is the competency in its full form, color-coded to match above:



#### **Subject Area Abbreviations:**

**AFNR** Agriculture, Foods and Natural **LPSCS** Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security Resources AC Architecture and Construction Media Arts MA BC **Business Career** MATH Math **BC.BMAE** Business Management, **MNFR** Manufacturing Administration and MUS Music Entrepreneurship Physical Education PΕ BC.F Finance SCI Science Marketing BC.M Earth and Space Science SCI.ESS DNC Dance Life Science SCI.LS **FACS** Family and Consumer Sciences SCI.PS Physical Science ELA English Language Arts Social-Emotional Character **SECD ENG** Engineering Development Health and Biosciences HB **STM** STEAM ΗE Health THR Theatre History, Government and Social HGSS TRAN Transportation Studies WL World Languages HUM **Humanities** 

VA

#### **Grade Bands:**

| Р  | Pre-K to 2nd grade |
|----|--------------------|
| IM | 3rd to 5th grade   |
| MS | 6th to 8th grade   |
| HS | 9th to 12th grade  |

Information Technology

IT

Visual Arts

NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

Grade Band
9-12

# Philosophy:

The 2020 school year will provide all educators a number of unique challenges in terms of reaching students during a possible educational disruption. The following document provides guidance in helping prepare for potential disruptions to the 2020-21 academic year.

This document supports instruction and the individual strengths of every educator in the state of Kansas while offering strategies, competencies and guidance in engaging students and celebrating their learning. While this is not a definitive step by step guide, we hope it may serve as a resource to approach the current challenges upon us.

The upcoming school year will be taught in an on-site, hybrid and/or remote learning environment. We recommend that educators prepare early for the possibility of an educational disruption and therefore plan activities that incorporate all curricular areas.

Throughout this document there will be three learning environments that are referenced:

- On-site Learning Environment: students and teachers will be in school with or without social distancing practices put into place.
- Hybrid Learning Environment: students would be spending part of their time in the classroom and part of their time learning virtually from home.
- Remote Learning Environment: students would be doing all of their learning from home and not entering the school building at all.

The Implementation teams philosophy is that there are multiple learning environments that can lead to student success during an educational disruption. All learning environments in this document are focused around using the Navigating Change 2020 competencies and rubrics from KSDE. The competencies were created to work for all models of instruction but work best in a competency based system.

Competency based education is a compilation of strategies used to ensure equity for all students and allows mastery to be shown based upon progression of learning, not seat time. Students are empowered daily through their rigorous learning experiences and assessment is meaningful and timely. This system is a shift from the traditional education model. When looking at using competencies, districts should be aware that their whole system cannot shift from traditional to full blown competency based in the matter of days, weeks, or even months. A shift from a traditional system to a competency based system takes ample time, professional development, and a complete understanding for a successful implementation to occur. However, schools can explore and use elements of a competency based system during an educational disruption, Kansas Redesign, or a traditional setting. In a competency based education system teachers should not feel compelled to follow a particular scope and sequence, but should instead choose an instructional path that provides high quality learning opportunities for all students. A competency based system also shifts away from traditional grading and looks at progression towards mastery for each student and their work with each competency. This would be accomplished using a rubric system, such as the one KSDE has created.

Implementation of a competency based education system includes teachers collaborating with other teachers. We encourage teachers to collaborate with other professionals in their departments, cross-curricularly, from other districts, or across the nation to develop high quality instruction that could occur in a variety of environments. This includes providing students a voice and choice in their learning, that is multi-disciplinary, with clear milestones of learning, and an attainable producible body of work demonstrating mastery of skills.

#### **Guiding Statements:**

- Collaboration is Key
- Consistency, Connection, Progress
- Students have voice and choice in place, pace, and path
- Competencies not Checklists
- Plan Early

**NOTE:** Examples of the Navigating Change 2020 staff and student surveys are located in the appendices.

NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

Grade Band
9-12

# **Grading Considerations:**

Ultimately, grading will be determined by each school district's Boards of Education. Contemplating translating from Competency Scores to a local grading system on a particular student product, school districts might want to consider the following example. Within the Competency Rubrics there are variances of grading possibilities utilizing differing mathematical calculations (For example, a 3.5 competency score might translate to a traditional grade of B+). Listed below is one possible example. Please note, that the KSDE competency based educational system does not rely on a traditional A, B, C grading system, but instead seeks to have students progress toward mastery of learning and skills through multiple exposures.

#### Accommodations/Modifications

At times it is necessary to provide students with accommodations or modifications to ensure equal access to the general education curriculum and opportunity to demonstrate mastery of concepts. In these scenarios, it is important for educational teams to work collaboratively to determine what individualized accommodations or modifications are necessary for the student to be successful. To assist with this understanding, definitions of an accommodation and modification are provided below.

#### **Accommodation:**

A change to instruction, testing, or presentation of materials to support access to the general education curriculum. Students with gaps, deficiencies, and exceptionalities who utilize accommodations are expected to demonstrate mastery. Areas in which you may utilize accommodations are environmental, presentation, assistive technology, assignments, reinforcement, and testing adaptations. Accommodations adapt learning for students but do not:

- Change the content of instruction
- Change the learning expectations
- Reduce the requirements of the academic task

#### **Modification:**

A change to instruction, testing, or curriculum that alters the content of the academic competency or demonstration of student mastery. Areas in which you may consider a modification to curriculum, adaptation of materials, grades, appropriate expectations, change in testing protocols. Modifications change learning for students by:

- Changing the learning expectation(s) for the student
- Reducing task requirement(s)
- Inquiry Learning/Project Based Learning



# Inquiry Learning/Problem-Based Learning (PBL)

# General Overview of Inquiry Learning/PBL:

Activating student curiosity and inquiry by a problem or question that is meaningful to the student. A teaching method in which students gain knowledge and skills by working for an extended period of time to investigate and respond to an authentic, engaging, and complex question, problem, or challenge.

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Authentic, real life, meaningful driving questions
- Active engagement through hands-on activities
- Scaffold student thinking/learning
- Feedback and Revision throughout
- Inquiry Process

# Social-Emotional Character Development (SECD)

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Student collaboration
- Team Building
- Time-Management
- Perseverance
- Communication

# Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners

- CTE
- Specials
- Student Support Teams
- ELL Teachers
- Community
- Field Experts

#### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Driving question introduced
- Student utilize various platforms to research (groups, individually, in-person, remotely)
- Project milestones/assessments threaded throughout
- Feedback, Revision, Reflection
- Presentations of work

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

 Present to a public and authentic audience (community members, experts, etc.)

#### Accommodations/Modifications/ Considerations

# **Personalized Learning**

# General Overview of Personalized Learning:

Personalized Learning places the whole child at the center of instruction. It is informed by strong educator/student/family/community relationships to provide equity and choice in time, place, path, pace, and demonstration of learning.

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Use Universal Design for Learning (UDL) to understand how students learn and develop learner agency (voice, choice, engagement, motivation, ownership, purpose, self-efficacy)
- Flexible content and tools to allow for a differentiated place, pace, and path
- Instruction aligned to specific student needs and learning goals
- Frequent data collection to inform instructional decisions and groupings
- Use Universal Design for Learning (UDL) to understand how students learn and develop learner agency (voice, choice, engagement, motivation, ownership, purpose, self-efficacy)
- Flexible content and tools to allow for a differentiated place, pace, and path
- Instruction aligned to specific student needs and learning goals
- Frequent data collection to inform instructional decisions and groupings

#### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Student voice and choice
- Students knowing themselves as learners
- Time-management
- Perseverance
- Ownership of learning and outcomes
- Sense of purpose
- Growth mindset
- Goal setting

# Elements of Collaboration/Collaboration Partners

- Grade bands of teachers (K-2, 3-5, 6-8, 9-12)
- Student Support Teams
- ELL Teachers
- Librarians
- PLC teams
- Teaching partners
- Specials teachers (PE, Music, Art)

#### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students and teacher identify learning goals, deadlines, and objectives for individual students
- Work through a series of targeted instruction
- Frequent data collection through teacher observation and questioning
- Meet with students 1:1 and together reflect, goal set, and determine next steps

# Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

- Complete goal information in personalized binder
- Videos productions (Chatterpix, Screencastify, green screen, Flipgrid, etc.)
- Discussions with teachers
- Completed projects

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

# **Nature-Based Outdoor Learning**

# General Overview of Nature-Based Outdoor Learning:

Outdoor learning (also known as forestry learning or nature based classrooms) shifts to embracing nature while exploring learning concepts, skills, and SEL. Child-initiated purposeful and imaginative play, whole brain learning, environmental stewardship, and teaching across the curriculum are all elements of this learning model. Significant time in nature is at the core of the curriculum where teachers implement high-quality, early childhood practices as well as high quality environmental education practices. Outdoor learning can help promote a healthy lifestyle, enable students to understand how nature supports life, appreciate sustainability as a community practice, and develop empathy for all forms of life.

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Student exploration with adult support
- Allow students to problem solve while exploring the environment
- Scaffold questioning to support student inquiry

#### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Self-regulation/self-discipline
- Communication (verbal and non-verbal)
- Collaboration and team building
- Self-confidence and self-efficacy
- Negotiating skills
- Sense of curiosity
- Listening skills
- Creativity

# Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners

- All content/subject areas
- Guest community speakers
- Kansas Department of Wildlife, Parks and Tourism
- Kansas Farm Bureau
- Student support teams
- ELL teachers
- Local County extension offices
- 4H and Scouting Programs
- Nature Centers and Zoos

#### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students explore the natural environment around them through inquiry and use information to answer an essential question
- Hands-on activities/exploration
- Teacher observes students play, exploration, questioning, and communication
- Extensions, enrichment, and real-world applications of skills and concepts

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Photos/videos
- Journals
- Drawings/pictures
- Construction projects
- Dramatic Performances
- Nature Based Solutions to real world problems

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

through specially-designed instruction and/or

tiered systems of support.

# Flipped/Blended Learning

# General Overview of Flipped/Blended Learning:

Blended learning combines multiple educational opportunities. Learning usually occurs on-site while using technology to facilitate some of the learning activities. However, this could also be used in a hybrid learning environment. There is an element of student control over time, place, and pace. Learning in this model may resemble rotations, flex modules, small groups, and Universal Design for Learning (UDL).

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Scaffold student thinking/learning through videos, direct teaching, and assessment
- Provide time for student-teacher conversations and check-ins
- Incorporate consistent and tight feedback loops

#### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Identify personal strengths and weaknesses
- Achieve school goals
- Perseverance
- Communication
- Ownership of learning and outcomes
- Growth Mindset
- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners.
- Grade bands of teachers (K-2, 3-5, 6-8, 9-12)
- Student Support Teams
- ELL Teachers
- Librarians
- PLC teams
- Teaching partners

#### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Student is given scaffolds to support learning/thinking
- Student has voice and choice in place, pace and path of learning
- Teacher is monitoring student progress through check-ins, feedback cycles and assessment
- Students progress through learning goals at their own pace with support from the teacher
- Exit Tickets
- Projects
- Mini-assessments
- Collaborative Activities
- Learning games with reflection

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

# **Play-Based Learning**

#### General Overview of Play-Based Learning:

An intentional combination of child-directed play and teacher guidance. Guided play involves teachers' setting up the environment to nudge children toward a learning goal while still providing children with choices (Serious Fun: How Guided Play Extends Children's Learning, p.3). Students organize and make sense of their social world as they actively engage with people, objects, and the environment.

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Examine how students work through the learning process (observing, communicating, measuring, reasoning, visual representation, etc.)
- Intentionally plan for competency-based outcomes
- Model play behaviors and ask openended questions
- Watch for child-initiated interests and observe child-environment interactions
- Use context-based assessments with play settings and utilize data to plan/create play environments

#### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Self-regulation
- Communication
- Role-playing
- Problem-solving
- Verbal and non-verbal cues
- Listening
- Conflict resolution
- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Specials (PE, Music, Art, Theater, etc.)
- Community Members
- Multiple content/subject areas

#### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Stations/areas are set up around the classroom and are open for student exploration
- Teacher scaffolds student learning/ thinking through conversation and questioning
- Teacher observes student learning through peer conversation and questioning
- Students record observations, learning, and thinking

#### **Showcase of Student Learning**

(End Product)

- Performance projects
- Videos
- Drawings/visual representations
- Oral explanations/demonstrations
- Teach peers

#### Accommodations/Modifications/ Considerations

# **Co-Teaching**

#### General Overview of Co-Teaching:

Co-teaching is two or more people sharing responsibility for teaching some or all of the students assigned to a classroom. It involves the distribution of responsibility among teachers for planning, instruction, and assessment for a classroom. Co-teaching is a creative way to connect with and support others in order to reach all types of learners. Partners must establish trust and effective communication while working together to be creative in order to overcome challenges and conflicts. There are several possible models of co-teaching: One teach, one observes; One teach, one assist; Parallel teaching; Station teaching; Alternative teaching; Team teaching

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Clearly define roles and responsibilities and plan together
- Discuss the big picture issues or critical concepts that lead into differentiated activities and assessments
- Reflect on practices and make changes for future lessons

#### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Grade level team teachers/PLC
- ELL teachers
- Student support teams
- Specials (PE, Music, Art, Theater, etc.)

#### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Present a major concept/question
- Have smaller activities, stations, etc. for students to work through to gain a better understanding of the concept
- Students may work with one or both teachers

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

#### Accommodations/Modifications/ Considerations

# **Differentiated Learning**

# General Overview of Differentiated Instruction:

Differentiated Instruction is building lessons that include various approaches so that all students can learn effectively, according to their needs. Teachers develop materials that meet all students where they are. Teachers must know their students, their needs, similarities, differences, etc. in order to provide the right instruction for each student. The method focuses on content, process, and product.

#### **Elements of High Quality Instruction**

- Classroom climate and learning environment are set up to be conducive for independent learning
- Determine what a student needs to learn and how they will access appropriate information
- Scaffold activities, projects, etc. for student access and let students own the knowledge
- Students summatively show what they have learned and are allowed to choose how they show their learning
- Allow for students to help one another when they need assistance

#### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Collaboration
- Self-regulation
- Time management
- Communication
- Listening
- Self-directed learning

# Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners

- Student Support Teams
- FII Teachers
- Cross-Curricular Teachers
- Grade Band Teacher Teams

#### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students explore a topic through different learning experiences set up by the teacher
- Students work to own the knowledge, ideas, and skills necessary to master the content
- Summative assessment

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Dramatic Performances
- Create a mural/painting/drawing
- Write a letter
- Any student created product that contains required elements

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations

# **Small Group/Cooperative Learning**

#### General Overview of Small Group/ Cooperative Learning:

- Elements of High Quality Instruction
- Teachers can personalize learning and work more closely with each student
- Frequent and immediate feedback
- Opportunity to teach and reteach specific skills to specific groups of students
- Student confidence is built through collaboration and working towards achieving a similar goal

#### **SECD Incorporation**

(Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)Teamwork

- Collaboration
- Listening and Speaking
- Time management
- Self-Regulation
- Elements of Collaboration/Possible Collaboration Partners
- Student Support Teams
- ELL teachers
- Grade Band Teacher Teams

#### Workflow

(Milestones of Learning)

- Students are taught/introduced to a topic as a whole group and then break into small groups to continue learning and understanding
- Teacher is working with one group while others are working with peers or individually on meaningful work
- Students complete tasks one at a time
- This process may be repeated several times in one week

# **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

# Accommodations/Modifications/Considerations



NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Grade Band 912

# Implementation - Instructional Examples

#### MUSIC/ART/WORLD LANGUAGES/PE

Instructional Example:

#### **CULTalks (Cultural Talks)**

CULTalks Explained:

"CULTalks" are open ended cultural projects based on the concept of a passion project or genius projects.

Competency Codes Addressed:

World Languages: WL.N.HS 2.1, WL.N.HS 2.2, WL.N.HS 2.3, WL.N.HS 2.4, WL.I.HS 2.1, WL.I.HS 2.2, WL.I.HS 2.3, WL.I.HS 2.4

Dance: DNC.HS 1.1, DNC.HS 1.2, DNC.HS 2.1, DNC.HS 2.2, DNC.HS 3.1, DNC.HS 3.2

SECD: SECD.HS 1.1, SECD.HS1.2, SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS 2.4, SECD.HS2.8, SECD. HS 2.9, SECD.HS 3.4, SECD.HS 3.6, SECD.HS 4.4, SECD.HS 4.5, SECD.HS 4.6, SECD.HS 5.2, SECD. HS 5.3, SECD.HS 5.4, SECD.HS 6.1, SECD.HS 6.3, SECD.HS 6.6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- · Student choice.
- Timely, specific, and varied feedback.
- Analysis and evaluation of sources.
- Opportunities to revise based on new learning.
- Scaffolding and breaking down tasks into manageable chunks.
- Solving complex problems.
- Real-world relevance and transfer.
- Student collaboration.
- Connecting knowledge across content areas.
- Analysis of primary and secondary sources.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Recognize and exhibit appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and the impact it has on others in a virtual community.
- Expectations of good character in a virtual setting.
- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Recognize:
  - How, when and who to ask for help.
  - · Can utilize resources available.
  - Can advocate for personal needs.
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.
- Identify, analyze, and demonstrate problem-solving processes, including applying improvement strategies to future projects and situations.
- Use resiliency to reflect on past problems, identify ways to improve and implement change.
- Evaluate external supports and resources for problem-solving (additional print and electronic resources or specific subject problem solving models).
- Analyze self-reflection, self-enhancement, self-preservation and self-help strategies
- Analyze the consequences/outcomes of logical fallacies, bias, hypocrisy, and contradiction ambiguity, distortion and rationalization.
- Analyze civil/democratic, environmental

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- and personal responsibilities to self and others.
- Demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings, contexts and situations.
- Practice empathy for others and can differentiate between the factual and emotional content of a person's communication.
- Challenge personal perspective with cognitive dissonance to enhance a growth mindset and recognize how personal perspective and biases impact interactions with others.
- Evaluate how advocacy for the rights of others contributes to the common good.
- Engage in coregulation to create positive group dynamics, and evaluate how societal and cultural norms and mores affect personal interactions, decisions and behaviors.
- Present oneself professionally and exhibit proper etiquette, as well as practices constructive strategies in social and other media.
- Practice strategies for maintaining selfregulation and positive relationships.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- History
- Music
- Dance
- Literature
- CTE-FACS, Business, AFNR, etc.
- Other World Languages

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

9-12

- Peers
- Teachers
- Parents and/or guardians
- Local community members or organizations
- Students and/or organizations from other states or countries (representing target cultures)

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Teacher assigns a scope for the project (single country, multiple countries, or complete freedom).
- Student identifies a topic of interest (they may have to identify a country first depending on the teacher's decision).
- Students research their topic of interest.
- Students identify a product to demonstrate their learning.
- Student present their final product.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Students determine their own products to showcase learning. Some examples include:
  - A student performs a cultural appropriate dance and presents about its history and cultural importance.
  - A student researches a historical aspect of the culture and develops their own marketing campaign for that element.

# Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student progression toward mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show progression toward mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

# **Learning Environment Considerations** (Onsite, Hybrid, or Remote)

It is important to front load, organize, and implement elements of high-quality instruction so that students are better able to transition between all learning environments. Additionally, educators should anticipate and plan resources/materials and design options for a day-to-day transition from one learning environment to the next. Educators should consistently communicate with students and parents using a single platform with clear and streamlined expectations. It is imperative that educators target planning of workflow and the showcase of learning in anticipation of a transition from one learning environment to the next on any given day.

#### Instructional Example:

#### **Creative Dance**

Students will create a dance based upon the history, traditions, customs, and cultures of a culture/ethnic group of their choosing.

Competency Codes Addressed: PE: PE.HS 2.1 and PE.HS 5.3

Health: HE.HS 2.1, HE.HS 4.1, HE.HS 6.1

Music: MUS.HS 5.1, MUS.HS 6.1

Dance: DNC.HS 1.1, DNC.HS 1.2, DNC.HS 2.1,

DNC.HS 2.2 HGSS: HGSS.HS 6.1

Humanities: HUM.HS 1.1, HUM.HS 5.1

SECD: SECD.HS 1.5, SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.4,

SECD.HS 4.5, SECD.HS 4.6

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Student voice and choice throughout instruction process.
- · Clear relevance.
- Meaningful historical and culture research and analysis.
- Scaffolded process builds from pattern recognition to creation.
- Varied opportunities and methods to learn.
- Timely, specific and varied feedback.
- Productive practice.
- Student collaboration.
- Evaluation of sources.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Utilize multiple media and technologies ethically and respectfully evaluate its effectiveness and assess its impact.
- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and

- assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.
- Amylase civil/democratic, environmental and personal responsibilities to self and others.
- Demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings, contexts and situations.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Physical Education
- Music
- History
- World Languages

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Dance Instructors
- Music Instructors (Vocal and Instrumental)
- Community Dance Professionals or Experts
- Museum Personnel and Other Historical Reference Professionals
- Community and Family Members

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Selections and research of historical and cultural influences
- Musical selection
- Investigation of Dance movements that fit cultural context
- Dance movement selection and routine/ pattern building
- Appropriate music selection
- Dance steps and movements have cultural meaning/context

 Student is proficient at the dance and is able to teach the dance to another person

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- A dance, performed by the student, can be taught to others in the class or community
- Final Dance Performance, Teaching, and Explanatory Product

# Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

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9-12

#### **Learning Environment Considerations**

(On-site, Hybrid, or Remote) It is important to front load, organize, and implement elements of high-quality instruction so that students are better able to transition between all learning environments. Additionally, educators should anticipate and plan resources/materials and design options for a day-to-day transition from one learning environment to the next. Educators should consistently communicate with students and parents using a single platform with clear and streamlined expectations. It is imperative that educators target planning of workflow and the showcase of learning in anticipation of a transition from one learning environment to the next on any given day.

Instructional Example:

# Inquiry Based Visual Art Presentations

Inquiry based visual art presentations can be used to create ongoing learning activities in an art classroom that provide students an opportunity to share, debate and/or converse with each other about a number of issues/questions pertaining to art that do not necessarily have a right or wrong answer, but are often opinion based, much like art itself.

Competency Codes Addressed:
Visual Arts: VA.HS 3.1, VA.HS 4.1, VA.HS 4.2,
VA.HS 4.3, VA.HS 5.1, VA.HS 5.2
ELA: ELA.HS 1.1, ELA.HS 3.1, ELA.HS 3.2, ELA.HS
3.3, ELA.HS 3.4, ELA.HS 5.1
HGSS: HGSS.HS 4.1, HGSS.HS 5.1, HGSS.HS 6.1,
HGSS.HS 7.1
Media Arts: MA.HS 3.2, MA.HS 4.1, MA.HS 4.2
Humanities: HUM.HS 1.1, HUM.HS 2.1, HUM.HS
4.1, HUM.HS 6.1
STEAM: STM.HS 3.1, STM.HS 4.1
SECD: SECD.HS 1.6, SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.3,
SECD.HS 2.4, SECD.HS 2.8, SECD.HS 3.4, SECD.
HS 4.2, SECD.HS 4.3

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Student voice and choice throughout instruction.
- Focus on relevance.
- Inquiry driven.
- Student collaboration.
- Active student engagement.
- Cross-curricular connections.
- Productive practice in recognizing, reflecting and recalling pertinent patterns
- Scaffolded instruction from simple to complex.
- Authentic audience.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Evaluate the active listening skills of all parties involved before, after and during conversations.
- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Recognize:
  - · How, when and who to ask for help.
  - · Can utilize resources available.
  - Can advocate for personal needs.
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.
- Identify, analyze, and demonstrate problem-solving processes, including applying improvement strategies to future projects and situations.
- Evaluate external supports and resources for problem-solving (additional print and electronic resources or specific subject

- problem solving models).
- Analyze the accuracy of facts/ information/interpretation and evaluate logical and emotional appeals.
- Apply effective listening skills in a variety of settings and situations and recognize barriers to effective listening.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Arts
- Language arts
- Social Studies

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Peers
- Other schools
- Local, regional and contemporary artists

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Teacher presents an example presentation to model expectations and requirements.
- Students select, or propose an inquiry question to build their presentation around.
- Students present their work to their peers.
- Classmates can be assessed by their participation in the conversation (questions, thoughts, debates and/or feedback)
- Students are encouraged to ask additional questions that branch from their original.
- Research is encouraged to help guide their conversation and support their thoughts and conclusions.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Student created presentation of 5 slides (minimum) and 2 images (minimum) to answer the inquiry based question they selected or were assigned to share knowledge and issues that artists address
- Student will have a conversation about their artist/presentation to show understanding

## Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

#### **Learning Environment Considerations**

(On-site, Hybrid, or Remote) It is important to front load, organize, and implement elements of high-quality instruction so that students are better able to transition between all learning environments. Additionally, educators should anticipate and plan resources/materials and design options for a day-to-day transition from one learning environment to the next. Educators should consistently communicate with students and parents using a single platform with clear and streamlined expectations. It is imperative that educators target planning of workflow and the showcase of learning in anticipation of a transition from one learning environment to the next on any given day.

#### Instructional Example:

#### Compose a Jingle

Students in music classes will compose a jingle for a local business or school clubs/ organizations.

Competency Codes Addressed:

Music: MUS.HS 1.1, MUS.HS 2.1, MUS.HS 2.2,

MUS.HS 4.1, MUS.HS 4.2 Business Career: BC.HS.M 1.1

Humanities: HUM.HS 1.1 and HUM.HS 2.1 STEAM: STM.HS 3.1 and STM.HS 4.1

SECD: SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS

2.4, SECD.HS 6.3

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Student voice and choice throughout instruction process.
- Clearly defined learning goals.
- Purposeful practice.
- Clear, specific, and timely feedback.
- Active student engagement.
- Student collaboration.
- Cross-curricular connections.
- Relevance to real world and real audience.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Recognize:
  - · How, when and who to ask for help.
  - · Can utilize resources available.
  - · Can advocate for personal needs.
- Utilize time and materials to complete

- assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.
- Present oneself professionally and exhibit proper etiquette, as well as practices constructive strategies in social and other media.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Business
- Music
- CTE classes

#### **Possible Collaboration Partners**

- Local businesses and business owners
- Club Sponsors
- Community Members
- Jingle writers
- Local radio
- Advertising groups

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Students make connections with "client" to discover what they need in their jingle.
- Working with groups (or individually) students will brainstorm ideas for client.
- Students rough draft of jingle.
- Groups will work together to rehearse and record their jingle to present as their final product.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

 Students will produce a final recording of their jingle and share with their peers and potential client.

# Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks

for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

#### **Learning Environment Considerations**

(On-site, Hybrid, or Remote) It is important to front load, organize, and implement elements of high-quality instruction so that students are better able to transition between all learning environments. Additionally, educators should anticipate and plan resources/materials and design options for a day-to-day transition from one learning environment to the next. Educators should consistently communicate with students and parents using a single platform with clear and streamlined expectations. It is imperative that educators target planning of workflow and the showcase of learning in anticipation of a transition from one learning environment to the next on any given day.

Instructional Example:

# Bringing Toys to Life with Photography

Students will create a series of related photographs by giving life to inanimate toys (or household objects) by incorporating them into make believe narratives inspired by the work of contemporary photographers.

Competency Codes Addressed:
Media Arts: MA.HS 1.1, MA.HS 1.2, MA.HS 1.3,
MA.HS 2.1, MA.HS 2.2, MA.HS 3.1, MA.HS 4.1
Theatre: THR.HS 2.1, THR.HS 2.2, THR.HS 4.2
HGSS: HGSS.HS 5.1, HGSS.HS 6.1
Visual Arts: VA.HS 1.1, VA.HS 2.1, VA.HS 3.1, VA.HS 3.2, VA.HS 4.3, VA.HS 5.1
Humanities: HUM.HS 1.1, HUM.HS 2.1
STEAM: STM.HS 1.1, STM.HS 4.1
SECD: SECD.HS 1.5, SECD.HS 1.6, SECD.HS 2.1,
SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS 2.4, SECD.HS 3.4, SECD.
HS 3.5, SECD.HS 4.6, SECD.HS 4.7

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Student choice.
- Purposeful practice.
- Cross-curricular connections.
- Scaffolding from simple to complex to support higher order thinking.
- · Active student engagement.
- Analysis of visual texts.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Utilize multiple media and technologies ethically and respectfully evaluate its effectiveness and assess its impact.
- Evaluate the active listening skills of all parties involved before, after and during conversations.
- Evaluate situations that are safe and unsafe and how to avoid unsafe practices.
- Recognize:
  - · How, when and who to ask for help.
  - Can utilize resources available.
  - Can advocate for personal needs.
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.
- Evaluate external supports and resources for problem-solving (additional print and electronic resources or specific subject problem solving models).
- Evaluate how behavior choices affect goal success.
- Demonstrate empathy in a variety of settings, contexts and situations.
- Predict potential outcome of impulsive behavior.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Social Studies
- Language Arts
- Theater
- Art teachers
- Business

#### **Possible Collaboration Partners**

- Family Members
- Peers
- Area Photographers
- Community members
- Website designers

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Students will gather props.
- Students will brainstorm potential ideas (visual and writing) in their sketchbook.
- Students will photograph their object(s) using a variety of shots (birds-eye, worms-eye, rule of thirds).
- Students will edit photos with a digital editing program of choice.
- Students will create a presentation on a webpage that can be used as a professional online portfolio.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

• Students will submit a series of photos that illustrate their understanding of photography. They will use online sites (a digital website platform instead of online sites) to showcase their photos.

# Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve, or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To address significant gaps and deficiencies, some students will require additional support through specially-designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

#### **Learning Environment Considerations**

(On-site, Hybrid, or Remote) It is important to front load, organize, and implement elements of high-quality instruction so that students are better able to transition between all learning environments. Additionally, educators should anticipate and plan resources/materials and design options for a day-to-day transition from one learning environment to the next. Educators should consistently communicate with students and parents using a single platform with clear and streamlined expectations. It is imperative that educators target planning of workflow and the showcase of learning in anticipation of a transition from one learning environment to the next on any given day.



# **CTE Instructional Examples**

Instructional Example:

#### **Agriscience Fair**

Students use scientific principles and emerging technologies to solve complex problems related to agriculture, food and natural resources.

Competency Codes Addressed:
Agriculture, Foods, and Natural Resources: AFNR.
HS 1.1, AFNR.HS 3.1, AFNR.HS 6.1
Business Career: BC.BMAE.HS 1.2
Information Technology: IT.HS 1.3
ELA: ELA.HS 5.1

Math: MATH.HS 3.1 and MATH.HS 5.1 SECD: SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS 2.4, SECD.HS 2.9, SECD.HS 6.1, SECD.HS 6.3 Humanities: HUM.HS 2.1, HUM.HS 4.1, HUM.HS 6.1

STEAM: STM.HS 1.1, STM.HS 2.1, STM.HS 3.1, STM. HS 4.1

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Student voice and choice throughout instruction.
- Inquiry-driven.
- Active student engagement.
- Scaffolding in designing and conducting a scientific investigation.
- Analyze and interpret samples.
- Complex problem-solving.
- Evaluating and analyzing sources in research.
- Demonstrate authentic communication in a variety of settings.
- Authentic audience.

Cross-curricular connections.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.
- Engage in coregulation to create positive group dynamics, and evaluate how societal and cultural norms and mores affect personal interactions, decisions and behaviors.
- Present oneself professionally and exhibit proper etiquette, as well as practices constructive strategies in social and other media.
- Recognize:
  - How, when and who to ask for help.
  - Can utilize resources available.
  - Can advocate for personal needs.
- Use resiliency to reflect on past problems, identify ways to improve and implement change.

#### Elements of Collaboration

- Math: Topic options-statistical data processes
- Science: Topic options-scientific method, running experiments, problem solving
- ELA: Drafts of manuscript

• **Business and Digital Media:** Laying out graphs and presentation of results.

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Community members
- 4-H groups
- Local ag agencies and groups
- State departments for agriculture
- Veterinarians

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Brainstorm Topics in Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources
- Research Proposal or research plan due for approval
- Complete introduction, review of literature, materials, and methods
- Research Proposal
- Set a clear hypothesis, variables, and procedures.
- Conduct Experiment
- Conclude Experiment and Analyze the data

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Complete Written Report and Display
- Complete Written report of project
- Scientific Process, findings and evaluation
- Display Board (trifold) with results
- Presentation and Interview over project

# Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression toward Mastery**

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#### **Learning Environment Considerations**

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Instructional Example:

# Design, Build, and Promote a Miniature Golf Course

Students will design and build a miniature golf course for the school and/or community events through collaboration with groups and teachers.

Competency Codes Addressed: Business Career: BC.BMAE.HS 1.1, BC.BMAE.HS 1.2, BC.F.HS 1.1, BC.M.HS 1.1 Architecture and Construction: AC.HS 2.1, AC.HS 6.1

Engineering: ENG.HS 4.1 and ENG.HS 5.1 Information Technology: IT.HS 1.1 Math: MATH.HS 2.2, MATH.HS 4.1, MATH.HS 4.2 ELA: ELA.HS 3.2 and ELA.HS 5.1 SECD: SECD.HS 1.6, SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.4, SECD.H S 2.8, SECD.HS 3.5 SECD.HS 4.3, SECD. HS 6.1, SECD.HS 6.3, SECD.HS 6.6 Humanities: HUM.HS 1.1, HUM.HS 2.1, HUM.HS 6.1

STEAM: STM.HS 1.1, STM.HS 2.1, STM.HS 3.1,

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Student voice and choice throughout instruction.
- Inquiry-driven.
- Active student engagement.
- Scaffolding in designing and conducting a scientific investigation.
- Analyze and interpret samples.
- Complex problem solving.
- Evaluating and analyzing sources in research.
- Demonstrate authentic communication in a variety of settings.
- Authentic audience.
- Cross-curricular connections.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.
- Engage in coregulation to create positive group dynamics, and evaluate how societal and cultural norms and mores affect personal interactions, decisions and behaviors.
- Present oneself professionally and exhibit proper etiquette, as well as practices constructive strategies in social and other media.
- Identify, analyze and demonstrate problem-solving processes, including applying improvement strategies to future projects and situations.
- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.

- Evaluate the active listening skills of all parties involved before, after and during conversations.
- Evaluate how behavioral choices affect goal success.
- Apply effective listening skills in a variety of settings and recognize barriers to effective listening.
- Practice strategies for maintaining selfregulation and positive relationships.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Math: Geometry, economics of scale
- Science: Physics (motion vs design of project)
- English: Writing about experience or project
- CTE: AFRN, Manufacturing, Architecture and Construction, Technical Education, Engineering, Business/Computers

#### **Possible Collaboration Partners**

- Peers
- Community business partners in the industries of golf, architecture, construction, manufacturing, or information technology
- Elementary classes
- PE classes--instruction over best putting methods
- Community partners and members

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Brainstorm ideas for possible mini-golf holes. Decide on the overall theme of the course.
- Using drawing techniques design minigolf hole
- Include theme, dimensions, return

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- system and bill of materials
- Construct prototypes to analyze and present to class.
- Conduct a SWOT analysis of the mini golf course prototypes and evaluate overall material needs and budget.
- Create a marketing campaign for the mini-golf course.
- Complete final design drawing, bill of materials.
- Build Projects and complete any final design elements.
- Feedback, Reflection, and Revision of any needed elements.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Prototype of golf hole, Bill of Materials and design drawing.
- Using constructed project at school or in the community.
- Presentation of final project.
- Create written documentation of project.
- Complete civic engagement activity (following school guidelines).

# Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

#### **Learning Environment Considerations**

(On-site, Hybrid, or Remote) It is important to front load, organize, and implement elements of high-quality instruction so that students are better able to transition between all learning environments. Additionally, educators should anticipate and plan resources/materials and design options for a day-to-day transition from one learning environment to the next. Educators should consistently communicate with students and parents using a single platform with clear and streamlined expectations. It is imperative that educators target planning of workflow and the showcase of learning in anticipation of a transition from one learning environment to the next on any given day.



Instructional Example:

#### Animate A Children's Story

Use 3D creation suite software to animate a story.

Competency Codes Addressed: Information Technology: IT.HS 1.1, IT.HS 1.2 ELA: ELA.HS 3.2 and ELA.HS 5.1 SECD: SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS 2.4, SECD.HS 6.3

Humanities: HUM.HS 1.1, HUM.HS 6.1

STEAM: STM.HS 1.1

#### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Student choice.
- Inquiry-driven.
- Active student engagement.
- Scaffolding in designing and conducting a scientific investigation.
- Analyze and interpret samples.
- Complex problem-solving.
- Evaluating sources in research.
- Applying communication in a variety of settings.
- Authentic audience.
- Cross-curricular connections.

# **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Recognize:
  - How, when and who to ask for help.
  - Can utilize resources available.
  - Can advocate for personal needs.
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule
- Engage in coregulation to create positive group dynamics, and evaluate how societal and cultural norms and mores affect personal interactions, decisions and behaviors.
- Present oneself professionally and exhibit proper etiquette, as well as practices constructive strategies in social and other media.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- ELA Teacher
  - Book Selection, Drafting Letter, Final Edits
- Business/Computer Science Teacher
  - Assist in animation process
- Visual Arts
  - Brainstorm ideas for animation characters

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Digital Media Specialists at school or in the community.
- Authors/publishers of books to be animated.
- Pre-K-6th grade teachers and administration.

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Select a book collaborating with an ELA teacher to find appropriate content and grade level.
- Write a letter to gain approval from publisher/author to animate the book for educational purposes.
- Students will use Blender to animate a children's book that they will present at a "storytime" event.
- Students will delegate work in their group and assign tasks to each member.
- Students will animate the book as it is illustrated.
- Students will complete the animation after several reviews/peer critiques.
- Students will conduct a storytime for younger students/the community.

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Final 3D animated book.
- Students will show the animation and narrate the story for elementary students at other buildings or at the local library in a "storytime" event.

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression toward Mastery**

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#### Learning Environment Considerations



# Plan a Family Meal from Farm to Table

Students will plan a family meal, including ingredients, costs, and source of product. After initial planning, students will research the closest locally sourced food and replan their meal accordingly.

Competency Codes Addressed: Family and Consumer Sciences: FACS.HS 1.2, FACS.HS 1.3, FACS.HS.5.1 Agriculture Foods and Natural Resources: AFNR. HS 1.1, AFNR.HS 6.1

Business Career: BC.BMAE.HS 1.1 Math: Math.HS 1.1, Math.HS 5.1 ELA: ELA.HS 4.1, ELA.HS 6.1 STEAM: STM.HS 2.1, STM.HS 4.1 Humanities: HUM.HS 3.1

SECD: SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS 2.4, SECD.HS 6.1

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Pose purposeful questions.
- Provide scaffolding to build background knowledge.
- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Connect mathematical, statistical concepts.
- Project based instruction.
- High expectations for all.
- Real-world relevance.

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Engage in coregulation to create positive group dynamics, and evaluate how societal and cultural norms and mores affect personal interactions, decisions and behaviors.
- Recognize:
  - How, when and who to ask for help.
  - Can utilize resources available.
  - Can advocate for personal needs.
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule

### **Elements of Collaboration**

- AFNR: Finding sources of locally grown food, understanding where food comes from.
- Manufacturing/Distribution.
- Math: Topic options for statistical data processes.
- ELA: Menu plan description.
- Business and Digital Media: Laying out media of menu planning and mapping of food production locations.

### **Possible Collaboration Partners**

- Kansas Department of Agriculture
- Business and Industry Partners
- Local Food Producers
- Kansas Agritourism
- School Food Service Representative

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Plan family meal
- Research where food is sourced
- Find locally produced and processed foods
- Map locations and number of miles food travels from farm to plate
- Replan family meal with locally sourced ingredients
- Create a visual of menu, map of food sources

#### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Menu of the family meal
- Description of where products are sourced
- Map or digital example of where food is grown locally
- Extension
- Presentation on buying locally vs any source

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

### **Learning Environment Considerations**



### Video Game Design

Students will design, model, code, and build the game for distribution amongst peers and the community

Competency Codes Addressed:
Information Technology: IT.HS 1.1, IT.HS 1.2,
IT.HS 2.1, IT.HS 2.2
ELA: ELA.HS 5.1, ELA.HS 6.1
Humanities: HUM.HS 1.1, HUM.HS 3.1
STEAM: STM.HS 4.1
SECD: SECD.HS 1.1, SECD.HS 1.2, SECD.HS 1.5,
SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS 2.4 SECD.HS 6.1, SECD.HS 6.3, SECD.HS 6.8

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Student voice and choice throughout instruction process.
- Inquiry-driven.
- Active student engagement.
- Complex problem-solving.
- Demonstrate authentic communication in a variety of settings.
- Authentic audience.
- Cross-curricular connections.
- Scaffold knowledge and skills by building and expanding.
- Peer-to-peer feedback.

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Recognize and exhibit appropriate and inappropriate behaviors and the impact it has on others in the virtual community.
- Expectations of good character in a virtual setting.
- Utilize multiple media and technologies ethically and respectfully evaluate its effectiveness and assess its impact.
- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Recognize:
  - · How, when and who to ask for help.
  - Can utilize resources available.
  - Can advocate for personal needs.
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule
- Engage in coregulation to create positive group dynamics, and evaluate how societal and cultural norms and mores affect personal interactions, decisions and behaviors.
- Present oneself professionally and exhibit proper etiquette, as well as practices constructive strategies in social and other media.
- Develop an understanding of relationships within the context of networking and careers

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Core content teachers
  - Assist in information regarding to the game topic or genre.
- Visual Arts
  - Animation and visual details.
- FI A
  - Editing grammar, rules, content.

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Community partners may be able to assist in the games relevance or rating.
- Industry partners can assist with content, relevance, and technical issues.
- Students in school or across the United States.

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Learn the elements of industry standard computer science and develop a video game based on their understanding of the content.
- Brainstorm ideas for a game
- Create a game based on any number of topics/ideas
- Design, model, code, and build the game
- Students will debug the game
- Distribute final product amongst peers and the community.

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### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Students will launch their game in an exhibition/E3 style presentation that will allow others to play their game and critique it.
- After critique, final product will be fully released

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations

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### **Progression toward Mastery**

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### **Learning Environment Considerations**



### **Science and Math**

Instructional Example:

### **Roller Coaster**

Students design and create a roller coaster showing the conservation of momentum and energy and communicate the results of the calculations.

Competency Codes Addressed: Science: SCI.PS.HS 1.2, SCI.PS.HS 1.4 Math: MATH.HS 1.1, MATH.HS 2.1, MATH.HS 3.1 Architecture and Construction: AC.HS 2.1, AC.HS

Engineering: ENG.HS 1.1, ENG.HS 3.1, ENG.HS 4.1 ELA: ENG.HS 2.1, ELA.HS 5.1, ELA.HS 6.1

Humanities: HUM.HS 2.1

STEAM: STM.HS 1.1, STM.HS 2.1, STM.HS 4.1 SECD: SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS 2.4, SECD.HS 2.8, SECD.HS 3.4, SECD.HS 5.3, SECD. HS 6.1, SECD.HS 6.3, SECD.HS 6.6

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Pose purposeful questions.
- Provide meaningful background knowledge.
- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Mathematical connections and representations.
- Construct explanations and design solutions.
- Inquiry-based instruction.
- Student voice and choice throughout instructional process.
- Scaffolding in designing and conducting a scientific investigation.

- Analyze and interpret data.
- Complex problem-solving.
- Applying communication in a variety of settings.
- Authentic audience
- Cross-curricular connections

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset' and Soft Skills)

- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Recognize:
  - · How, when and who to ask for help.
  - Can utilize resources available.
  - Can advocate for personal needs.
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedules and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks in schedule.
- Identify, analyze and demonstrate problem-solving processes, including applying improvement strategies to future projects and situations.
- Evaluate external supports and resources for problem solving (additional print and electronic resources or specific subject problem solving models).
- Challenge personal perspective with cognitive dissonance to enhance a growth mindset and recognize how personal perspective and biases impact interactions with others.
- Engage in correlation to create positive group dynamics, and evaluate how

- societal and cultural norms and more affect personal interactions decisions and behaviors
- Present oneself professionally and exhibit proper etiquette, as well as practices constructive strategies in social and other media.
- Practice strategies for maintaining selfregulation and positive relationships.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Physics teachers (within school and from different schools/districts)
  - Content development of momentum and energy
- Physics with physical science teachers
  - Peer teaching
- Mathematics teachers
  - Polynomial graphs (vertical position vs time, horizontal position vs time, vertical vs horizontal position graphs)
- ELA teachers
  - Analysis, interpretation, conclusion, and writing of results
  - Reflection/Log/Prompt Writing
- Elective teachers
  - Design, creation, and printing

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Family and Community
  - Support at home
  - Presentations audience/panel
  - Engineers

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Direct instruction of potential energy, kinetic energy, and conservation of momentum
- Design proposal
  - Representation (drawing, graphs, etc.)
  - Conduct short research project in order to solve a problem
  - Design a solution
  - Writing prompts
- Mathematical modeling
  - Use of mathematical representations
  - Use of various communication, visual and technology platforms--in groups and individually and in person and virtually--to create a product and meet appropriate competencies.
  - Provide multiple media options (paper, popsicle sticks, k'nex, digital model, etc.)
- Analysis
  - Writing
  - Feedback, Reflection, and Revision
  - Interpret the scale, data, and key features of graphs and displays
  - Prediction and hypothesis to solve a problem

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Roller Coaster
  - Design (CAD drawing, paper-pencil, blueprint)
  - Product (variety of roller coasters such as virtual, concrete/tactile, 3D, etc.)
  - Graphs and diagrams
  - Writing (essay/prompts)
    - Essay/prompts
    - First person perspective of ride
  - Provide multiple virtual media options
  - Online roller coaster creator website
    - Hand-drawn/built roller coasters submitted virtually
  - Provide data for students with limited/ no internet access
  - Presentation of roller coaster designs and creations to the community
  - Reflection

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression toward Mastery**

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### **Learning Environment Considerations**

# **Exponential Growth of Pandemics**

Students will research pandemic data and create an exponential model of a pandemic of choice including graph, equation, writing component of historical context, description of health concerns, and visual art.

Competency Codes Addressed:

Math: MATH.HS 1.1, MATH.HS 2.1, MATH.HS 3.1,

MATH.HS 5.1

Science: SCI.LS.HS1.1, SCI.LS.HS1.2

HGSS: HGSS.HS 5.1, HGSS.HS 6.1, HGSS.HS 7.1 ELA: ELA.HS 3.2, ELA.HS 3.6, ELA.HS 5.1, ELA.HS

6.1

Media Arts: MA.HS 2.1, MA.HS 2.2

Visual Arts: VA.HS 3.2

Business Career Field: BC.HS.BMAE 1.1, BC.HS.

BMAE 1.2

Health and BioSciences: HB.HS 3.1, HB.HS 5.1

PE: PE.HS 4.1, PE.HS 4.2

STEAM: STM.HS1.1, STM.HS 2.1, STM.HS 3.1 Humanities: HUM.HS 1.1, HUM.HS 2.1, HUM.HS

4.1

SECD: SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS 2.8, SECD.HS 2.9, SECD.HS 3.4, SECD.HS 3.6, SECD. HS 4.5, SECD.HS 5.3, SECD.HS 6.1, SECD.HS 6.3, SECD.HS 6.6

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Teacher clarity (establish clear purpose and goals).
- Provide multiple entry points and solutions pathways.
- Pose purposeful questions.
- Connections of mathematical concepts and representations.

- Facilitate discourse and discussions.
- Support productive struggle.
- Elicit and use evidence of student thinking.
- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Provide timely and effective feedback.
- Construct explanations and design solutions.
- Inquiry-based instruction.
- Student voice and choice throughout instructional process.
- Scaffolding in designing and conducting a scientific investigation.
- Analyze and interpret data.
- Evaluating sources in research.
- Applying communication in a variety of settings.
- Authentic audience.
- Cross-curricular connections.

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Recognize:
- How, when and who to ask for help.
- Can utilize resources available.
- Can advocate for personal needs.
- Identify, analyze, and demonstrate problem-solving processes, including applying improvement strategies to future projects and situations.
- Use resiliency to reflect on past problems, identify ways to improve and implement change.
- Evaluate external supports and resources

- for problem-solving (additional print and electronic resources or specific subject problem solving models).
- Analyze self-reflection, self-enhancement, self-preservation and self-help strategies
- Analyze civil/democratic, environmental and personal responsibilities to self and others.
- Challenge personal perspective with cognitive dissonance to enhance a growth mindset and recognize how personal perspective and biases impact interactions with others.
- Engage in coregulation to create positive group dynamics, and evaluate how societal and cultural norms and mores affect personal interactions, decisions and behaviors.
- Present oneself professionally and exhibit proper etiquette, as well as practices constructive strategies in social and other media.
- Practice strategies for maintaining selfregulation and positive relationships.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Mathematics Teachers
  - Concept development of exponential and logarithmic functions
  - Project creation, guidance, presentation
- Science Teachers
  - Population growth of viruses/bacteria
- ELA/HGSS Teachers
  - Research historical context
  - Writing prompts
- Elective Teachers
  - Visual/Digital presentations
  - Public service announcement
  - Impact of pandemics on economics/

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#### **business**

- Sewing masks
- 3D protective shield printing
- Preventative measures

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Family and Community
  - Experts in the field of medicine (doctors, nurses, medical aide, etc.).
  - · Support at home.
  - Community presentation audience.
  - Data scientists as guest speakers and/ or panel members.

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Design rich tier 1 instruction that allows for multiple entry points and solution pathways and uses a range of approaches.
- Research
  - Historical context
  - Types of pandemics/viruses
  - Relevance and context of past and present response to pandemic impact on economics/business.
- Mathematical modeling
  - Use of mathematical representations.
  - Use of various communication, visual and technology platforms--in groups and individually and in person and virtually--to create a product and meet appropriate competencies.
- Create
  - Complex and authentic visual/digital art piece/presentations
  - Public service announcement video
- Analysis
  - Evaluate how various factors affect the speed and scope of a pandemic and

- explain some ways to flatten the curve
- Analysis of historical sources
- Analysis and interpretation of primary and secondary sources
- Analysis and interpretation data
- Writing prompts/interpretations
- Medical implications of virus and preliminary precautions
- Feedback, Reflection, and Revision
- Presentation of data and implications to the community

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Display/Presentation
- Graphs and diagrams
- Writing component of historical context and health implications
- Visual art and videos
- Slides
- Trifold
- Public service announcement
- Provide multiple media and virtual options
- Presentation
- Reflection

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

### **Learning Environment Considerations**

# Statistics - Political Beliefs and Candidate Preferences - Do they Align?

Students will learn how to summarize, model, interpret and predict data using different representations to make informed, justifiable political decisions.

Competency Codes Addressed:

Math: MATH.HS 1.1, MATH.HS 2.1, MATH.HS 5.1 ELA: ELA.HS 1.1, ELA.HS 3.3, ELA.HS 5.1

Science: SCI.ESS.HS 1.2

HGSS: HGSS.HS 1.1, HGSS.HS 2.1, HGSS.HS 3.1, HGSS.HS 4.1, HGSS.HS 5.1, HGSS.HS 6.1, HGSS.

HS 7.1

Business Career: BC.M.HS 1.1

Humanities: HUM.HS 1.1, HUM.HS 2.1, HUM.HS

4.1, HUM.HS 5.1

STEAM: STM.HS 2.1, STM.HS 3.1

SECD: SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS 2.4, SECD.HS 2.7, SECD.HS 2.8, SECD.HS 3.6, SECD. HS 4.2, SECD.HS 4.5, SECD.HS 5.3, SECD.HS 5.4, SECD.HS 6.3, SECD.HS 6.6

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Connect mathematical concepts and representations.
- Complex problem-solving.
- Facilitate discourse, discussion, arguments from evidence.
- Inquiry-based instruction.
- Student voice and choice throughout instructional process.
- Analyze and interpret data.
- Evaluating sources in research.

- Demonstrate authentic communication in a variety of settings.
- Authentic audience.
- Cross-curricular connections.

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Recognize:
  - · How, when and who to ask for help.
  - Can utilize resources available.
  - Can advocate for personal needs.
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.
- Identify personal feelings and the feelings of others involved with a problem and apply appropriate self-regulation and empathy skills.
- Identify, analyze, and demonstrate problem-solving processes, including applying improvement strategies to future projects and situations.
- Analyze self-reflection, self-enhancement, self-preservation and self-help strategies.
- Analyze the accuracy of facts / information / interpretation and evaluate logical and emotional appeals.
- Analyze civic / democratic, environmental and personal responsibilities to self and others (for example, friends, family, school, community, state, country, culture in the world).
- Challenge personal perspective with cognitive dissonance to enhance a

- growth mindset and recognize her personal perspective and biases impact interactions with others.
- Evaluate our advocacy for the rights of others contributes to the common good.
- Present oneself professionally and exhibit proper etiquette, as well as practices constructive strategies in social and other media.
- Practice strategies for maintaining selfregulation and positive relationships.

### Elements of Cross-Curricular Collaboration

- Mathematics Teachers
  - Methods of survey sample size and selection.
  - Graphing/Analysis of data.
- Government Teachers
  - Guide students concept of the various points on the 2-axis Political. Spectrum.
- Media/Business Teachers
  - Digital survey creation and distribution.
- FLA Teachers
  - Supports the writing in final analysis
  - Persuasive speech on a controversial topic in their survey.
- Psychology Teachers
  - Writing survey questions.
- Science Teachers
  - Environmental topics in politics.
- Video
  - Video feature story of results.
- All staff
  - · Serve as research adviser to students.

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### Who might be your collaboration partners?

- All staff serve as research advisers to students.
- Family and Community
  - Support at home.
  - Experts in the fields of politics and statistics.

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Provide the foundational work for statistics and survey content:
  - · Student-friendly questions.
  - Non-biased parameters (survey questions need to measure feelings and prejudices, not detailed opinions).
  - Study the Political Compass survey of propositions.
  - Content could be based on politics in the student's country of choice; Survey sent to students in chosen country.
- Statistical Methods
  - Define problem and research questions.
  - Define variables and research techniques.
    - · Identify sample.
    - Construct and conduct survey questions (paper or digital) with input from math teachers for appropriate sample size and nonbiased selection.
  - Collect results and data
    - Guide students to create surveys that will allow them to mathematically interpret results - 5 point likert scale.
    - Help students develop their own meaning of points on the 2-Axis

Political Spectrum.

- Statistically analyze and draw conclusion.
- Feedback, Reflection, and Revision.
- Construct presentation of results

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- All options should include a graphic model and analysis statements:
  - Video feature story of survey results.
  - Video voice-over showing results.
  - Slide Presentation of results.
  - Present Verbally.
- Additional presentation possibilities.
  - Present a persuasive speech.
  - Hold a debate on a particularly controversial topic from the project.

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

### Learning Environment Considerations (On-site, Hybrid, or Remote)

# High Ho, High Ho - It's off to SPACE We Go!

Students will write a children's storybook about the solar system and present it to students of the appropriate grade.

Competency Codes Addressed:

Science: SCI.ESS.HS 1.1, SCI.ESS.HS 1.2 HGSS: HGSS.HS 5.1, HGSS.HS 1.1 Math: MATH.HS 1.1, MATH.HS 2.1 ELA: ELA.HS 6.1, ELA.HS 5.1

Media Arts: MA.HS 1.1

Information Technology: IT.HS 1.1

Humanities HUM.HS 1.1 STEAM: STM.HS 3.1

SECD: SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS 2.4, SECD.HS 2.8, SECD.HS 2.9, SECD.HS 3.6, SECD. HS 5.3, SECD.HS 6.1, SECD.HS 6.3, SECD.HS 6.6

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Creativity in writing and illustration.
- Appropriate writing skill .
- Correct mathematical measurement and processes.
- Pose purposeful questions.
- Inquiry-based instruction.
- Student choice.
- Scaffolding in designing and conducting a scientific investigation.
- Analyze and interpret data.
- Evaluating sources in research.
- Applying communication in a variety of settings.
- Authentic audience.

Cross-curricular connections.

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Recognize:
  - How, when and who to ask for help.
  - · Can utilize resources available.
  - Can advocate for personal needs.
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.
- Identify, analyze, and demonstrate problem-solving processes, including applying improvement strategies to future projects and situations.
- Use resiliency to reflect on past problems, identify ways to improve and implement change.
- Analyze self-reflection, self-enhancement, self-preservation and self-help strategies
- Challenge personal perspective with cognitive dissonance to enhance a growth mindset and recognize how personal perspective and biases impact interactions with others.
- Engage in coregulation to create positive group dynamics, and evaluate how societal and cultural norms and mores affect personal interactions, decisions and behaviors.
- Present oneself professionally and exhibit proper etiquette, as well as practices constructive strategies in social and

other media.

• Practice strategies for maintaining selfregulation and positive relationships.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Core Teachers:
  - Science: Planets/Solar System characteristics
  - History: Research historical context of solar system
  - ELA:
    - Technical writing
    - Narrative story
  - Math: Calculations of distance/time/etc.
- Elective Teachers:
  - · Art/Digital media: Illustrations
  - Business: Cost of flight

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- School/District
  - Counseling department
  - Elementary schools/teachers
  - Transportation
- Family and Community
  - Support at home
  - Virtual reading
  - Authors

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Direct instruction of earth and space systems and story elements
- Story
  - Research the characteristics and historical context of the solar system and its planets.
  - Technical writing using the research of the planets and the solar system.
  - Write creative story book narrative incorporating appropriate science, vocabulary, and story elements.
    - Rough Draft
    - Final Draft
- Illustrations Sketch, digital or on paper
- Analysis:
  - Writing and Revision
  - · Feedback, Reflection, and Revision
- Presentation (on-site or virtual)
- Read to elementary students
- Print and bind the book (optional)
- Publication (optional)

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Children's book:
- Narrative story
- Pictures
- Analysis of solar system or planet detail
- Completed digital version of book
- Provide multiple media and virtual options
- Provide data for students with limited/no internet access
- Print and bind book (optional)
- Published book (optional)

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

### **Learning Environment Considerations**

# Geometry - Cereal Box Design

Students will create a cereal box, a marketing strategy, calculate profit margins, design a logo and graphics for box faces, and print a flat pattern of their box for constructing (folding) it in 3D.

Competency Codes Addressed:
Math: MATH.HS 1.1, MATH.HS 4.1
Family and Consumer Sciences: FACS.HS 1.2
Information Technology: IT.HS 1.1
Business Career Field: BC.M.HS 1.1
STEAM: STM.HS 1.1
Visual Art: VA.HS 1.1, VA.HS 1.2, VA.HS 2.1, VA.HS 3.1

Engineering: ENG.HS 3.1, ENG.HS 4.1 SECD: SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS 2.8, SECD.HS 3.4, SECD.HS 3.6, SECD.HS 5.3, SECD. HS 6.1, SECD.HS 6.6

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Pose purposeful questions.
- Provide multiple entry points and solutions pathways.
- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Connect mathematical concepts and representations.
- Complex problem-solving.
- Inquiry-based instruction.
- Student choice.
- Evaluating sources in research.
- Applying communication in a variety of settings.
- Authentic audience.
- Cross-curricular connections.

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Recognize:
  - · How, when and who to ask for help.
  - · Can utilize resources available.
  - Can advocate for personal needs.
- Identify, analyze, and demonstrate problem-solving processes, including applying improvement strategies to future projects and situations.
- Evaluate external supports and resources for problem-solving (additional print and electronic resources or specific subject problem solving models).
- Analyze self-reflection, self-enhancement, self-preservation and self-help strategies
- Challenge personal perspective with cognitive dissonance to enhance a growth mindset and recognize how personal perspective and biases impact interactions with others.
- Engage in coregulation to create positive group dynamics, and evaluate how societal and cultural norms and mores affect personal interactions, decisions and behaviors.
- Practice strategies for maintaining selfregulation and positive relationships.

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#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Math Teachers
  - Profit margins based on various surface area and volume.
- Business Teachers
  - Marketing strategy
- FACS Teacher
  - Nutrition labels
- Graphic Design Teacher
  - Logo and graphics
- Cereal box theme/concept collaborators
  - Counselors-Special Olympics theme create a cereal box for each Olympian
  - History-design a cereal box representative of you as a historical figure
  - Science-Design a cereal box representative of you as a notable scientist

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Family and Community
  - Support at home
  - Arts
  - Marketing organizations
  - Graphic design businesses

### Workflow (Milestones of Learning)

- Determine the theme options.
- Create cereal box graphics using digital or by hand.
- Create a marketing strategy for how the cereal boxes could be purchased by community members.
- Develop content of nutrition labels.
- Analyze various cereal boxes for design ideas.
- Frequent student check-ins for lessons

- and submission of milestones.
- Decide on a theme/concept.
- Determine dimensions of personal cereal box.
- Design cereal logo and graphics concepts.
- Rough draft of graphic concepts on each panel of box.
- Nutritional information panel complete.
- Digital design of box; print.

### Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

- Constructed (folded) Cereal Box
  - Provide multiple media and virtual options.
  - Print digital designs.

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### Progression toward Mastery

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

### **Learning Environment Considerations**

### **Humanities**

Instructional Example:

### **Evaluating News Sources**

Students study documents (magazine covers, scientific headlines, articles "trending" on social media, political cartoons, etc.) in which there are various viewpoints. The goal is for students to learn and put into practice some tips in order to think critically about the news they are consuming.

Competency Codes Addressed:

ELA: ELA.HS 1.1, ELS.HS 3.1, ELA.HS 3.2, ELA.HS 3.3, ELA.HS 3.4, ELA.HS 3.5, ELA.HS 3.6, HGSS: HGSS.HS2.1; HGSS.HS3.1; HGSS.HS4.1 Humanities: HUM.HS 2.1, HUM.HS 4.1, HUM.HS 6.1

SECD: SECD.HS 1.5, SECD.HS 1.6, SECD.HS 2.4, SEDC.HS 4.2, SEDC.HS 4.4, SECD.HS 4.5, SECD. HS 6.6

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Establish goals with student input.
- Directed questions.
- Connect content area concepts with information literacy skills.
- Facilitate discussion and pose directed questions that can help identify misinformation, disinformation, bias in materials.
- Support productive struggle.
- Encourage active student engagement and participation.
- Close reading of complex text.
- Comparative analysis of multiple documents.

- Inquiry-driven.
- Active student engagement.
- Cross-curricular connections.
- Analyze primary and secondary sources.

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Utilize multiple media and technologies ethically and respectfully evaluate effectiveness and assess its impact.
- Evaluate the active listening skills of all parties involved before, after, and during conversations
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.
- Analyze the accuracy of facts/ information/interpretation and evaluate logical and emotional appeals.
- Analyze the consequences/outcomes of logical fallacies, bias, hypocrisy, contradiction ambiguity, distortion and rationalization.
- Analyze civil/democratic, environmental and personal responsibilities to self and others
- Practice strategies for maintaining selfregulation and positive relationships.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Media Specialist
- HGSS Teacher
- ELA Teacher

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Marketing Professionals
- Political Leaders
- lournalists
- Lawyers

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Introduce directed questions for consideration in evaluating new stories and sources
- Students use questions to individually or in groups evaluate various documents for accuracy of information as well as motivation behind it.
- Discussion and reflection of analysis.
- Assess and reflect on previous work.
- Create questions for peers and experts.
- Whole group discussion, including expert input, about assessment of various documents.
- Students reflect in the form of journal, comic, or paper to demonstrate understanding.

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

 Students create an overarching reflection in the form of a journal entry, comic strip, or other small project that demonstrates understanding and application of important questions to consider as they critically evaluate documents

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

#### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

### Learning Environment Considerations



### "Make A Difference"

Students will identify an issue in their community or state that they believe needs to be fixed and will work through the process to create change for those they live with.

Competency Codes Addressed:

HGSS: HGSS.HS 1.1, HGSS.HS 2.1, HGSS.HS 3.1, HGSS.HS 4.1, HGSS.HS 5.1, HGSS.HS 6.1, HGSS. HS 7.1

ELA: ELA.HS 1.1, ELA.HS 3.1, ELA.HS 3.2, ELA.HS 3.3, ELA.HS 3.4, ELA.HS 3.5, ELA.HS 3.6, ELA.HS 4.1. ELA.HS 5.1

Math: Math.HS 1.1, Math.HS 2.2, Math.HS 5.1 Physical Science: SCI.PS.HS 1.4

SECD: SECD.HS 1.3, SECD.HS 1.6, SECD.HS 1.7, SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.4, SECD.HS 2.5, SECD. HS 2.7, SECD.HS 5.2, SECD.HS 5.4, SECD.HS 6.6, SECD.HS 6.9

FACS: FACS.HS 5.1

Business Career: BC.F. HS 1.1, BC.M.HS 1.1

Engineering: ENG.HS 6.1

Humanities: HUM.HS 1.1, HUM.HS 2.1, HUM. HS

3.1

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Establish goals with student choice and input.
- Connect learning to making a change for the better in your home/community/ state/country.
- Facilitate discourse and pose purposeful questions.
- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Inquiry-driven.
- Support trial and error.

- Scaffolding in designing and conducting a scientific investigation.
- Analyze and interpret samples.
- Complex problem solving.
- Demonstrate authentic communication in a variety of settings.
- Authentic audience.
- Cross-curricular connections.
- Analyze primary and secondary sources.
- Student voice and choice throughout instruction process.

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Hold self and others accountable appropriately for demonstrating behaviors of good character throughout all school activities and in the community.
- Evaluate the active listening skills of all parties involved before, after, and during conversations.
- Conclude how to act in accordance with the principle of respect for all human beings.
- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.
- Identify personal feelings and the feelings of others involved with a problem and apply appropriate self-regulation and empathy skills.
- Practice empathy for others and can differentiate between the factual and emotional content of a person's

communication.

- Evaluate how advocacy for the rights of others contributes to the common good.
- Practice strategies for maintaining selfregulation and positive relationships.
- Apply effective and appropriate conflict resolution and mediation skills to prevent and resolve conflict in a constructive manner.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- HGSS Teachers
- Language Arts teacher
- Math/Science teachers
- Arts
- CTE

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Peers, family, community.
- Lawmakers.
- Citizens impacted by issues.
- Organizations in the community for assistance.

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Brainstorm issues students see in their communities and how they could be bettered.
- Analyze problems/solutions and how other locations have dealt with problems
- Create possible solutions for the issue at hand.
- Interview stakeholders on how the problems impact them and what would happen if they were better.
- Contact and petition local government and lawmakers, or those involved with the issue, to discuss process of change.
- Create models/sketches of change

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- process.
- Work with local officials to implement change (if possible) or rework original plans to make feasible end product.
- Feedback, Reflection, and Revision.

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Problem identification and solution models
- Presentation to stakeholders to address issues and assist in forming a plan for fixing via letters, interviews, or community meetings
- Design, develop, and promote a solution for issue(s) being addressed using research in previous stages.
- Production of communication materials such as letters, emails, petitions, etc needed to meet the needs of each individual project.
- Present design ideas in a public forum (board meetings, petition, legislation) to address problems identified.

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

### **Learning Environment Considerations**

### **Political Campaign**

Create/Research (real life/fictitious) elements of a political campaign by researching past campaigns, look at platforms, design campaign advertising, write speeches and on air advertising.

Competency Codes Addressed:

HGSS: HGSS.HS 1.1, HGSS.HS 2.1, HGSS.HS 3.1, HGSS.HS 4.1, HGSS.HS 5.1, HGSS.HS 6.1, HGSS. HS 7.1

ELA: ELA.HS 1.1, ELA.HS 2.1, ELA.HS 3.1, ELA.HS 3.2, ELA.HS 3.3, ELA.HS 3.5, ELA.HS 3.6, ELA.HS 4.1, ELA.HS 5.1, ELA.HS 6.1

Math: Math.HS 1.1, Math.HS 2.1, Math.HS 2.2, Math.HS 5.1

SECD: SECD.HS 1.3, SECD.HS 1.6, SECD.HS 1.7, SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS 2.4, SECD. HS 2.6, SECD.HS 2.7, SECD.HS 2.8, SECD.HS 2.9, SECD.HS 3.1, SECD.HS 3.5, SECD.HS 4.2, SECD. HS 4.4, SECD.HS 4.5, SECD.HS 4.6, SECD.HS 5.4, SECD.HS 6.6, SECD 6.9

Business Career: BC.M.HS 1.1, BC.F.HS 1.1 Visual Arts: VA.HS 1.1, VA.HS 1.2, VA.HS 2.1, VA.HS 3.1, VA.HS 3.2, VA.HS 4.1, VA.HS 4.2, VA.HS 4.3, VA.HS 5.1, VA.HS 5.2

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Establish goals.
- Facilitate discourse and pose purposeful questions.
- Support trial and error.
- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Student voice and choice throughout instruction process.
- Inquiry-driven.
- Scaffolding in designing and conducting a

- scientific investigation.
- Analyze and interpret samples.
- Complex problem-solving.
- Evaluating sources in research.
- Demonstrate authentic communication in a variety of settings.
- Authentic audience.
- Cross-curricular connections.
- Analyze primary and secondary sources.

### **SECD Incorporation** (*Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills*)

- Hold self and others accountable appropriately for demonstrating behaviors of good character throughout all school activities and in the community.
- Evaluate the active listening skills of all parties involved before, after, and during conversations.
- Conclude how to act in accordance with the principle of respect for all human beings.
- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement
- Recognize:
  - How, when and who to ask for help.
  - · Can utilize resources available.
  - · Can advocate for personal needs.
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.
- Interpret and evaluate the importance of personal roles and responsibilities in the overall school climate.
- Identify personal feelings and the feelings of others involved with a problem and

- apply appropriate self-regulation and empathy skills.
- Identify, analyze, and demonstrate problem-solving processes, including applying improvement strategies to future projects and situations.
- Use resilience to reflect on past problems, identify ways to improve, and implement change
- Analyze complex emotions and effective behavioral responses.
- Evaluate how behavior choices affect goal success.
- Analyze the accuracy of facts/ information/interpretation and evaluate logical and emotional appeals
- Analyze civil/democratic, environmental and personal responsibilities to self and others (for example, friends, family, school, community, state, country, culture, and world).
- Evaluate how advocacy for the rights of others contributes to the common good.
- Practice strategies for maintaining selfregulation and positive relationships.
- Apply effective and appropriate conflict resolution and mediation skills to prevent and resolve conflict in a constructive manner.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Language arts
- Math
- HGSS
- Business
- Arts
- CTE areas

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#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Candidates past or present
- Campaign managers
- Advertising agencies (print, online, and on air)
- Local residents for ideas of what they want to see in campaigns/politicians
- Students running for offices like student council
- Media specialists

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Students will develop an understanding of past campaigns that were successful and failures to build their own campaigns for candidates.
- Create sample budgets for campaign costs.
- Create various campaign materials like mailers, flyers, billboards, etc
- Write and edit speeches and platforms for candidates.
- Project milestones/assessment threaded throughout in all content and projects
- Feedback, Reflection, and Revision.
- Could take further and design their own political party to use elements of successful parties and platforms.

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Students will use their projects to assist in a candidate running for office like STUCO or local elections.
  - Projects can also hold elections for fictitious candidates in schools or work with local candidates to assist in campaign material.
- Extensions: Could create a new political party using everything they learned and current climate to address issues they see as big ticket items (HGSS/ELA).
- Provide feedback and revisions to candidates running the campaigns.

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

### **Learning Environment Considerations**

### "Dystopian Obstacle Course"

After reading a dystopian novel like the Hunger Games or Maze Runner, students will create symbolic athletic challenges or an obstacle course, and discuss how the challenges show some of the literal/figurative obstacles the characters faced in the novel or how the obstacle course represents their journey.

Competency Codes Addressed: ELA: ELA.HS 2.1, ELA.HS 3.6, ELA.HS 4.1, ELA.HS 6.1

PE: PE.HS 5.1, PE.HS 3.3

Health: HE.HS 3.1, HE.HS 5.1

SECD: SECD.HS 1.3, SECD.HS 1.6, SECD.HS 1.7,

SECD.HS 2.2, SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS 2.4, SECD.

HS 2.6, SECD.HS 2.7, SECD.HS 2.8, SECD.HS 2.9,

SECD.HS 3.1, SECD.HS 3.5, SECD.HS 4.2, SECD.

HS 4.4, SECD.HS 4.5, SECD.HS 4.6, SECD.HS 5.4,

SECD.HS 6.1, SECD.HS 6.6, SECD 6.9

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Establish goals.
- Facilitate discourse and pose purposeful questions.
- Support trial and error.
- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Student collaboration and engagement.
- Timely, specific, and varied feedback.

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Hold self and others accountable appropriately for demonstrating behaviors of good character throughout all school activities and in the community
- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Evaluate the active listening skills of all parties involved before, after, and during conversations.
- Conclude how to act in accordance with the principle of respect for all human beings.
- Implement responsible decision-making skills when working toward a goal and assess how these skills lead to goal achievement.
- Recognize:
  - · How, when and who to ask for help.
  - · Can utilize resources available.
  - Can advocate for personal needs.
- Utilize time and materials to complete assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.
- Interpret and evaluate the importance of personal roles and responsibilities in the overall school climate.
- Identify personal feelings and the feelings of others involved with a problem and apply appropriate self-regulation and empathy skills.
- Identify, analyze, and demonstrate problem-solving processes, including applying improvement strategies to future projects and situations.

- Use resilience to reflect on past problems, identify ways to improve, and implement change
- Analyze complex emotions and effective behavioral responses.
- Evaluate how behavior choices affect goal success.
- Analyze the accuracy of facts/ information/interpretation and evaluate logical and emotional appeals
- Analyze civil/democratic, environmental and personal responsibilities to self and others (for example, friends, family, school, community, state, country, culture, and world).
- Evaluate how advocacy for the rights of others contributes to the common good.
- Practice strategies for maintaining selfregulation and positive relationships.
- Apply effective and appropriate conflict resolution and mediation skills to prevent and resolve conflict in a constructive manner.
- Engage in coregulation to create positive group dynamics, and evaluate how societal and cultural norms and mores affect personal interactions, decisions, and behaviors.

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- Language Arts teachers
- Physical Education teachers

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Peers, Family, and Community members
- Fitness centers



### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Students will read a dystopian text with considerations for feedback and discussion.
- Students will create symbolic athletic challenges (or a complete obstacle course).
- Write/show how these challenges are a literal or figurative representations of challenges that the characters faced in the text.
- Allow for individual, small group, large group, and full group opportunities and collaboration.
- Provide just-in-time interventions, and immediate and effective feedback.
- Project milestones/assessment threaded throughout in all content and projects
- Feedback, Reflection, and Revision
- Provide opportunities to engage with the community via videos, zooms, or other formats.

### Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

 Students create obstacles (in-person or virtually) for classmates to navigate as they narrate how it relates to the characters.

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

### **Learning Environment Considerations**

### **Poetry from Artwork**

Students create a poem after analyzing a specific piece of art that they will explain and share with peers.

Competency Codes Addressed: ELA: ELA.HS 2.1, ELA.HS 3.1, ELA.HS 4.1 HGSS: HGSS.HS 1.1, HGSS.HS 2.1, HGSS.HS 3.1 Visual Arts: VA.HS 1.1, VA.HS 3.1 SECD: SECD.HS 1.3, SECD.HS 2.3, SECD.HS 2.4, SEDC.HS 5.1

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Establish goals.
- Facilitate discourse and pose purposeful questions.
- Support trial and error.
- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Student choice and voice.
- Analyze and interpret samples.
- Applying communication in a variety of settings.
- Cross-curricular connections.
- Analyze primary and secondary sources.

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Hold self and others accountable appropriately for demonstrating behaviors of good character throughout all school activities and in the community.
- Recognize:
  - · How, when and who to ask for help.
  - · Can utilize resources available.
  - Can advocate for personal needs.
- Utilize time and materials to complete

- assignments on schedule and can anticipate the possible obstacles to completing tasks on schedule.
- Evaluate a range of emotions in others based on verbal and nonverbal cues in different situations

#### **Elements of Collaboration**

- ELA teachers
- Art teachers
- History teachers

#### Possible Collaboration Partners

- Community members
- Peers
- Local artists and writers

#### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Student will learn elements of poetry, structure, figurative language, and how to write these.
- Art, History, or ELA teachers provide art to analyze.
- Students would create a poem inspired by that artwork.

### **Showcase of Student Learning** (End Product)

- Analyze a piece of art for artistic, historical, or other elements.
- Create a poetry piece from the students point of view in regards to their analysis of the artwork.
- Share out the student poems in relation to art work on various media forms or orally.

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

### **Learning Environment Considerations**

# 9-12

### Instructional Example:

### **Shark Tank**

Students will select an invention from the 1920s to reinvent to today's standards and then pitch their design to a group of "investors".

Competency Codes Addressed:

ELA: ELA.HS 1.1, ELA.HS 3.2, ELA.HS 3.6, ELA.HS 6.1

HGSS: HGSS.HS 1.1, HGSS.HS 2.1, HGSS.HS 5.1, HGSS.HS 6.1

Humanities: HUM.HS 2.1, HUM.HS 4.1, HUM.HS

5.1, HUM.HS 6.1

Business Career: BC.BMAE.HS 1.1, BC.F.HS 1.1,

BC.M.HS 1.1

Information Technology: IT.HS 1.1

Visual Arts: VA.HS 3.1 Math: MATH.HS 2.1

SECD: SEDC.HS 1.3, SEDC.HS 2.3, SEDC.HS 2.6, SECD.HS 4.3, SECD.HS 6.1, SECD.HS 6.6, SECD.

HS 6.8, SECD.HS 6.9

### **Elements of High-Quality Instruction**

- Establish goals.
- Facilitate discourse and pose purposeful questions.
- Support trial and error.
- Active student engagement and collaboration.
- Student voice and choice throughout instruction process.
- Analyze and interpret.
- Demonstrate authentic communication in a variety of settings.
- Cross-curricular connections.
- Analyze primary and secondary sources.

### **SECD Incorporation** (Dispositions - Mindset and Soft Skills)

- Hold self and others accountable appropriately for demonstrating behaviors of good character throughout all school activities and in the community.
- Recognize:
  - How, when, and who to ask for help.
  - Can utilize resources available.
  - Can advocate for personal needs.
- Interpret and evaluate the importance of personal roles and responsibilities in the overall school climate.
- Apply effective listening skills in a variety of settings and situations and recognize barriers to effective listening.
- Develop an understanding of relationships within the context of networking and careers.
- Practice strategies for maintaining selfregulation and positive relationships.
- Apply effective and appropriate conflict resolution and mediation skills to prevent and resolve conflict in a constructive manner.
- Engage in coregulation to create positive group dynamics, and evaluate how societal and cultural norms and mores affect personal interactions, decisions, and behaviors.

### **Elements of Collaboration**

- History
- English Language Arts
- Business
- Arts

### **Possible Collaboration Partners**

- Additional Staff and Administration for support
- Business Owners
- Experts in the Field
- Community Leaders
- Parents

### **Workflow** (Milestones of Learning)

- Selection of product/service.
- Brainstorm and research inventions of past and present.
- Create an advertisement (billboard, flyer, pamphlet, etc.).
- Rehearse sales pitch.
- Present before panel.
- Reflect on project.

### Showcase of Student Learning (End Product)

- Working in pairs, students will research, develop, and promote a product or service from the 1920s showing innovation and improvements in their product.
  - Students present and defend their product in a "Shark Tank" like setting.
  - Judges will help evaluate their final product.

### Accommodation/Modification Considerations

As you plan your instructional frameworks for the various learning environments, consideration for students who will need access to instruction that will prepare them to meet, achieve or exceed gradelevel competencies should be a priority. To access and address gaps, deficiencies and exceptionalities, some students will require additional support through specially designed instruction and/or tiered systems of support.

### **Progression toward Mastery**

Refer to KSDE competency rubrics to monitor student Progression toward Mastery of each competency through multiple exposures. Level 3 is considered mastery of a competency. Rubrics show Progression toward Mastery with the levels of learning (1, 2, 3, 4).

### **Learning Environment Considerations**



NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

# Operations

# Operations

The intent of this section is to create a template to guide local discussion regarding reopening school. It is not a one-size-fits-all document. The recommendations in the document are based on many available resources.

Because there will continue to be new information regarding COVID-19, recommendations from national, state and local agencies will continue to evolve. Local school districts need to work with their local health departments and local stakeholders to ensure their protocols align with the most current scientific knowledge and community expectations. It is also reasonable to expect that the protocols schools implement will change as the local conditions change. Districts should modify policies and handbooks when adopting or changing procedures related to COVID-19.

One factor that districts need to consider in conjunction with the local health department is the degree of community spread of COVID-19. If there is very little community spread, schools may operate close to normal with some preventive measures in place, and an On-Site Learning Environment would be appropriate. If the prevalence of COVID-19 in the community increases, a district will need to increase preventive measures, which could include limiting the number of students at school, a Hybrid Learning Environment or shifting to a Remote Learning Environment where few or no students attend school on-site.

The Operations Taskforce Report is divided into eight sections: Health, Classrooms, Common Spaces, Transitions, Extra and Cocurricular, Facilities, Food Service and Transportation. The Health section contains information that is important for every aspect of school operations, whereas the other sections provide specific guidance for specific areas of school operations.

While COVID-19 is active within the state, schools will need to focus on student, staff and community health and safety, while providing the best educational opportunities possible. To accomplish this task, schools must maintain open communications with all parts of the school community; offer transparency by publicizing guidelines for conditions under which school operating statuses are determined; and ensure the community has easy access to updates and information about school reopening and possible facility closure.

Throughout this document there will be three learning environments that are referenced:

- On-site Learning Environment: students and teachers will be in school with or without social distancing practices put into place.
- **Hybrid Learning Environment:** students would be spending part of their time in the classroom and part of their time learning virtually from home
- Remote Learning Environment: students would be doing all of their learning from home and not entering the school building at all.

# **HEALTH**

The Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) is pleased to partner in the development of reopening guidance for schools in Kansas, which have experienced unprecedented challenges since March 2020.

As we look ahead to the 2020-2021 school year, it is anticipated that COVID-19 will continue to spread. A public health approach is key to addressing the impacts of COVID-19, as well as in charting our way forward.

When considering implementation of recommendations, school administrators should ensure a current understanding about COVID-19 transmission and how it affects children; perspective about how COVID-19 is impacting the community where the school(s) are located (including number of cases and prevalence in 18 and under demographic); and the practicality of establishing and maintaining COVID-19 prevention and control measures.

Schools are an essential part of the communities where they are located and have a significant impact on the health and wellbeing not only of the students, but also school staff members, parents and the broader community. Objectives throughout this pandemic are to optimize education, promote health and safety and mitigate risk for everyone who is part of the school community.

There are many simple actions (e.g. hand-washing, staying home when sick, disinfecting frequently touched surfaces) that can reduce the risk of COVID-19 exposure and spread during the school day, as well as at school-sponsored activities.

This section provides a multitude of recommendations from a public health perspective and includes information about important preparation which should take place prior to the start of the 2020-2021 school year; considerations for nurses and other school health personnel; recommendations for when to exclude students and staff because of symptoms; and strategies for symptom detection. This section also includes the latest guidance from Centers for Disease

Control and Prevention and KDHE about how to address what happens when a student and/or staff member tests positive and ensuring that contacts to the person testing positive are handled appropriately.

In the event a school does indeed have one case of COVID, school administrators need to work closely with their local health department to ensure that isolation and quarantine procedures are initiated and followed and that appropriate public information is shared.

You will notice throughout this section that protecting the health of the students, school staff members and anyone in the community who interacts with the school is not just the responsibility of the school administrator or school nurse - it is everyone's responsibility, including the students! It is anticipated there will be frequent updates to this section as the situation with COVID-19 is constantly evolving.

This guidance also includes important additional information that is included as appendices.

Appendix A: As we all know, children experience a multitude of conditions, including colds, influenza and allergies. Many of the symptoms of these conditions mimic the symptoms often experienced with COVID-19; many are different. It is important for school personnel to be aware of the symptoms and know how to respond. Appendix A provides a comparison of three common conditions with COVID-19 so school personnel can be more informed and recognize signs of COVID-19 as early as possible.

Appendix B: Isolation and Quarantine Graphic provides a short synopsis of KDHE's recommendations when members of the school community have tested positive for COVID-19 or when they are a close contact of someone who is. More detailed information for districts when they are faced with a positive case of COVID-19 are found in the exclusion-from-school section below.

Appendix C: Kansas COVID Workgroup for Kids: Recommendations for School Reopening

### Wearing Cloth Face Coverings, Masks and other

- Best practices suggests that visitors, staff, and students should wear
  masks or face coverings while inside school facilities unless it inhibits
  the person's ability to perform his or her job, inhibits a student's
  ability to participate in the educational process or is disruptive to the
  educational environment.
- Masks or face coverings are also recommended outside when social distancing is not possible.
- Students in pre-K-5th/6th grade should not be required to wear a mask at school, unless state, county, or local officials determine otherwise.

### **Adopt Hygiene Measures**

- All people are required to wash hands when they come to school and every hour.
  - Teach and reinforce hand-washing with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, and increase monitoring to ensure adherence among students and staff.
    - If soap and water are not readily available, hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol can be used (for staff and older children who can safely use hand sanitizer).
- Place hand hygiene stations at the entrances of the building.
- Encourage staff and students to practice social distancing whenever possible. Social distancing is defined as physical separation of a minimum of 6 feet
- Encourage students and employees to sanitize their backpacks and personal items at the beginning and end of the day and separate personal items into cubbies or baskets that are not shared with other students. Do not allow students to share lockers.
- Encourage staff and students to cover coughs and sneezes with a tissue. Used tissues should be thrown in the trash, and hands should be washed immediately with soap and water for at least 20 seconds.
- Encourage classes and employees to create their own hand signals

- to replace shaking hands, hugging or giving high-fives.
- Make sure that disinfectant and related supplies are available to all employees close to their workstations.
- Post signs at all entrances informing all who enter that they must:

   a) Not enter if they have a cough or fever;
   b) maintain a minimum of
   6-foot distance from one another;
   c) not shake hands or engage in any unnecessary physical contact.
- Post signs in highly visible locations (e.g., school entrances, restrooms) that promote everyday protective measures and describe how to stop the spread of germs (such as by properly washing hands and properly wearing a cloth face covering).
- Post signs in bathrooms with directions on how to effectively wash hands.
- Include messages about behaviors that prevent the spread of COVID-19 when communicating with staff and families (such as on school websites, in emails, and on school social media accounts).
- Employee handbooks and student handbooks should include information on how to recognize the signs of infection and directives not to come to school if sick.

### Considerations for nurse/health personnel

- Inventory and request necessary supplies for the health room and other building use. Examples: Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
   gloves, masks, face shields, gowns; touch-free thermometers; and sanitizers/cleanser, hand soap, tissues.
- Make sure, at minimum, surgical masks are available for health room staff members; any employee working with a medically fragile child; and any person exhibiting symptoms.
- A surgical mask plus face shield can be used during an interaction with students/staff that will likely aerosolize droplets. N95 masks should only be used by personnel who have been fit tested and as part of an established respiratory health program.
- Review health office/facility to minimize infection. Examples:
  - Provide a separate room for students/staff who might have

COVID-19 or other communicable disease and are waiting for pickup. The room needs to be disinfected frequently and restricted to authorized staff and students.

- Determine if an area separate from the nurse's office is necessary to care for students that need suctioning, tube feeding and nebulizers to minimize contact with potentially ill children.
- Ensure furniture and other surfaces can be easily disinfected.
- Ensure trash cans and other receptacles are no-touch.
- Examine equipment such as thermometers to determine if adjustments need to be made to increase sterilization and minimize chances of reinfection or if new equipment is needed.
- Explore telehealth options for district, staff members and family use.
- · Communicate with families.
- Review immunization records.
  - Notify all parents of students who are not immunized or have a legal exemption on file that the student will not be allowed to attend school until those immunizations have been completed or the first dose of an ongoing immunization is received.
  - Notify all parents of students who have a legal exemption on file that the student may be excluded from school if there is an incident of a disease for which they are not immunized in the school community.
- Contact all parents with students on health plans and determine if they need to be revised to address minimizing infection. Examples:
  - Examine the care of students with respiratory illnesses and the administration of nebulizer treatments or suctioning.
  - Revise medication schedules to minimize the number of students in the nurse's office at one time.
- Prepare lists of medical/dental resources to share with families.
- Prepare to provide daily health reports to the superintendent or central office.
- Communicate with state and local health departments.

- Verify where staff and students can be tested for COVID-19.
- Obtain current information and tools that help students, families and staff self-screen for COVID-19 illness.
- Notify the health department when student or staff absences exceed predetermined threshold

### **Exclusion from School**

Students and employees exhibiting symptoms of COVID-19 without other obvious explanations are prohibited from coming to school, and if they do come to school, they will be sent home immediately. School districts should be familiar with the symptoms of COVID-19 based on KDHE guidance (See Appendix A: Coronavirus vs. Cold vs. Flu vs. Allergies). The current known symptoms are:

- Fever (100.4 or higher).
- · Chills.
- Rigors.
- Muscle or body aches.
- Fatigue.
- Headache.
- Sore throat.
- Lower respiratory illness (cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing).
- New loss of taste or smell.
- Diarrhea

### **Temperature and Symptom Screening**

 Staff members should be screened daily by taking their temperature upon entry to a school facility. If possible, staff members should make a visual inspection of every student for signs of illness.
 Best practices support taking each student's temperature daily. Preferably the district uses no-touch thermometers and conducts the screening with a physical barrier between the staff member and the student. Alternatively, the staff member wears personal protective equipment (PPE).

• Work with the local health department to determine if it is appropriate to have families monitor student's temperatures at home.

### **Medical Inquiries**

- Given the nature of the pandemic, a school district will make additional medical inquiries of staff members and students than they otherwise would have. Please note that federal law typically limits the type of medical inquiries that can be made, but given the nature of the pandemic, more leeway has been given by federal agencies in this circumstance.
- If a parent tells the school that a student is ill, the school may ask the parent whether the student is exhibiting any symptoms of COVID-19. If an employee calls in sick or appears ill, the school will inquire as to whether the employee is experiencing any COVID-19 symptoms. The school may take the temperature of students, employees and visitors to school property on a random basis or in situations where there is reason to believe that the person may be ill. If someone is sneezing or coughing, he or she may be excluded to minimize the spread of bodily fluids, even if the person is not exhibiting signs of COVID-19. If a person is obviously ill, the school may make additional inquiries and may exclude the person from school property.

### **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

Some employees may be required to wear PPE when directed to
do so by the school's protocol or the employee's supervisor. In
addition, people who are coughing or sneezing due to reasons
other than potential COVID-19 infections (allergies, etc.) may be
asked to wear a cloth face covering, a mask or other PPE while on
school property to minimize dissemination of bodily fluids and may
be asked to leave.

### Defining a Case of COVID-19 Disease and the Infectious Period

A person is considered a case of COVID-19 disease if they have tested positive for the SARS-CoV-2 virus by a diagnostic test (PCR or antigen). Based on what we currently know, a case is considered infectious two days prior to the onset of symptoms through at least 10 days after the onset of symptoms. For cases that do not have symptoms, the infectious period is considered as two days prior to the date the sample was collected through a minimum of 10 days from the date the sample was collected. Cases must remain in isolation until they have met the criteria for release from isolation set by KDHE or the local health department (See Appendix C: Isolation and Quarantine Release graphic).

### **Defining a Close Contact**

 A person is considered a close contact of a case if they were within 6 feet of the case for 10 minutes or more or if they had exposure to secretions (for example, being coughed or sneezed on). Close contacts must remain in quarantine until they have met the criteria for release from quarantine set by KDHE or the local health department (See Appendix B: Isolation and Quarantine Release graphic).

### **Return to School After Exclusion**

Once a student or employee is excluded from the school environment, they may return if they satisfy the recommendations of KDHE or the local health department. Currently those guidelines are:

- Untested. Persons who have not received a test proving or disproving the presence of SARS CoV-2, the virus that causes COVID-19, but experience symptoms may return if the following conditions are met:
  - Ten (10) calendar days have passed since symptoms first appeared AND

- Fever free for 72 hours without the use of fever reducing medicine and other symptoms have improved (for example, when cough or shortness of breath have improved).
- Whichever criteria is longer. Meaning, a minimum of 10 days.
- Tested and awaiting results. Persons who are suspected of having COVID-19 disease and are awaiting test results should be isolated at home until test results are received.
- · Positive result.
  - Symptomatic cases may return if the following conditions are met:
    - Ten (10) calendar days have passed since symptoms first appeared AND
    - Fever free for 72 hours without the use of fever reducing medicine and other symptoms have improved (for example, when cough or shortness of breath have improved)
    - Whichever criteria is longer. Meaning, a minimum of 10 days.
  - Asymptomatic cases may return if the following conditions are met:
    - Ten (10) calendar days have passed since the date sample was collected AND
    - · Symptoms have not developed.
    - If symptoms develop during the 10-day isolation period, then follow the above criteria for symptomatic cases with a new isolation period starting from the day symptoms started.
- Negative result.
  - Known exposure to a COVID-19 case or travel from a location on the KDHE Travel-related Quarantine List People who are identified as close contacts of a COVID-19 case or have travelled from a location on the KDHE Travel-related Quarantine List must be quarantined for 14 days. A negative test result within the 14-day quarantine period does not affect the quarantine period and the person must finish their 14-day quarantine.

 No known exposure to a COVID-19 case or travel-related exposure. People who have not been identified as a close contact to a COVID-19 case and have not travelled from a location on the KDHE Travel-related Quarantine List may return to work/school.

### Other Students and Employees in the Household

- If a student or employee is excluded from school because of a
  positive COVID-19 test, other students and employees living in
  the same household are considered close contacts and will be
  excluded from school for a mandatory 14-day quarantine period,
  which begins after their last exposure to the case. If the household
  contacts continue to live in the same household as the case while
  the case is in isolation, the 14-day quarantine period for household
  contacts begins once the case is released from isolation by Public
  Health (See Appendix C: Isolation and Quarantine Release Graphic).
- If a student or employee is excluded from school on a 14-day mandatory quarantine period because they have been identified as a close contact of a case, then other students and employees living in the same household are considered contacts of a contact and do not need to be excluded from school unless they were also identified as a close contact of a case.

### **Travel-Related Quarantine**

 If a student or employee has recently traveled from a location on the KDHE Travel-related Quarantine List, the student or employee is subject to a mandatory 14-day quarantine starting from the day after they return to Kansas.

# School Response to Student or Employee in Isolation or Quarantine

 As soon as the school becomes aware of a student or employee that has been diagnosed with COVID-19 disease, the custodial staff will be informed so that all desks, lockers and workspaces of the

- person are thoroughly disinfected. If the school is not open when notification occurs, the custodial staff will wait 24 hours or as long as possible prior to disinfecting and instead will block off the area so that others do not have contact. However, if that is not possible or school is in session, the cleaning will occur immediately.
- School staff will immediately begin compiling a list of close contacts, including names, email addresses and phone numbers. Consider the two days prior to when the case started having symptoms or if the case was asymptomatic the two days prior to the date the sample was collected. Identify anyone who would have been within 6 feet for 10 minutes or more or would have had direct contact with secretions. Guardians of students who have been identified as close contacts and any staff identified as close contacts should be informed immediately. Close contacts must start a 14-day mandatory quarantine period starting from the day after the last contact with the case. The list of close contacts should be shared with the local health department for follow-up during the quarantine period.

### **Separation While in School**

• Each school must have a room or space separate from the nurse's office where students or employees who may have COVID-19 or another communicable disease will wait to be evaluated or for pick-up. Students will be given a mask to wear. Only essential staff and students assigned to the room may enter, all will sign in so that there is a record of the persons who entered the room, and the room will be disinfected several times throughout the day. Strict social distancing is required, and staff must wear appropriate PPE. Students who are ill will be walked out of the building to their parents.

### **Care Rooms for Students with Physical Needs**

 Each school will designate a location separate from the nurse's office for the care of students with special care needs, such as suctioning, tube feeding and nebulizers to minimize exposure to students who might be ill. The room will be disinfected frequently, and all staff members present will wear appropriate PPE. The student will be provided a mask.

### Confirmed Case of COVID-19 In the School Building

- When there is confirmation that a person infected with COVID-19 was in a school building, the school will contact the local health department immediately. As one option, the school will close the school building for a minimum of two to five days and work with the local health department to assess factors, such as the likelihood of exposure to employees and students in the building, the number of cases in the community and other factors that will determine when the building should reopen. While the school building is closed, all school activities will be cancelled or rescheduled, regardless of whether the activity was to take place in the building or another location, including extracurricular activities, before and after-school programs and field trips. Parents/students and employees will be encouraged to stay at home until more information is provided by the school or the health department.
- As another option, the school may remain open but block off areas
  where the person infected with COVID-19 was in the school building
  until the area has been cleaned thoroughly. The school should work
  with the local health department to assess for close contacts within
  students and staff and inform those who are exposed that they must
  start a mandatory 14-day quarantine period.
- The school will contact parents/students and employees and notify them that a person who tested positive for COVID-19 was in the building and encourage cooperation with the school and the local health department to trace contacts with the individual. The individual who tested positive will not be identified in communications to the school community at large.

# **CLASSROOMS**

### **Instructional Programing**

### General Guidance

- Practice and prepare to model proper hygiene practices, such as handwashing, using hand sanitizer and social distancing techniques, including alternatives to handshakes.
- Post signage in classrooms, hallways and entrances to communicate how to reduce the spread of COVID-19.
- Practice and prepare to model the proper wearing and disposal of personal PPE, including masks.
- Train staff in trauma-informed practices to strengthen the trauma-informed culture for students. Prepare to communicate effectively and empathetically with students about the pandemic and about the necessary changes to school life.
- Reduce class sizes as needed, and maintain adequate staffing levels for teaching and learning to occur in a safe and equitable manner (i.e. band, choir, physical education).
- Social distance as possible by increasing space between students during in-person instruction. Understand there may be times that it will be necessary to provide close individual contact to provide comfort, private discipline or personal instruction. When in close contact for long periods of time, staff should wear PPE, as feasible.
- Extra furniture should be removed from the classroom to increase the space available to provide distance between students.
- As much as possible, furnishings with fabric and other hard-to-clean coverings should be removed from the classroom.
- Arrange student furniture to have all students face in the same direction.
- · When possible, assign seats and require students to remain seated

in the classroom.

- Utilize outdoor spaces as appropriate.
- Prepare to accommodate students with disabilities, including students who may be nonverbal, so they are safe from harm.
- Support equitable access to continuous instruction by ensuring that all students have the required hardware, software and connectivity to be successful.
- Students who have underlying conditions or risk factors identified by the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) should be provided with opportunities to continue learning while prioritizing their health and safety.
- Staff members who have underlying conditions or risk factors identified by the CDC should communicate with their supervisor about appropriate protective measures and accommodations.
- Consider delaying academic instructional activity to start school
  with a focus on social and emotional learning activities that includes
  trauma screening and supports to help students and adults deal
  with grief, loss, etc. Assess students' capacity and readiness to learn
  and address gaps from previous year prior to focusing on academics
  and classroom plans. Socio-emotional supports should then be
  continued throughout the school year and be integrated into
  students' regular learning opportunities.
- Practice what different learning environments may look like as schools fluidly move from one learning environment to another in response to local transmission. Align school response to community response.
- Districts may consider adopting an alternate calendar for the school year (have multiple calendars ready for several scenarios).
- Districts might consider staggering the days students are attending

(half-day rotation, one-day rotation, two-day rotation, or A/B week) and stagger students' schedules.

### **Group Stability**

### Low Community Restrictions: On-site Learning Environment

- Establish stable groups, when possible (middle school/high school may be part of multiple stable groups).
- Students may travel in stable groupings, when feasible.
- Consider the use of stable groups as defined by local, state and CDC guidelines.
- Where possible, consider teachers rotating with the stable group staying in one location.

### Moderate Community Restrictions: Hybrid Learning Environment

- To reduce the risk of exposure to COVID-19, develop a schedule of stable groups so that some students are attending school on-site while others are attending remotely. On-site and remote learning groups can alternate, but stable groups should be maintained.
- Maintain hybrid learning/adjusted schedules so young students and most vulnerable students can be on-site.
- Students should stay in their locations and staff rotate in and out of classes.
- Remove unnecessary materials and furniture from classrooms to maximize classroom space.
- Implement stable groups, when possible (middle school/high school may be part of multiple cohort groups).
- Limit mixing of groups.

### High Community Restrictions: Remote Learning Environment

- Establish remote learning opportunities for most students.
- Maintain small at-risk groups of less than 10 on-site.
- Schedule at-risk population on-site.
- Abide by the max number of people allowed to congregate as determined by the administration, state, local governments and CDC guidelines.

• Students should remain with the core stable group as defined by the local, state and CDC guidelines.

### **Social Distancing**

#### General Guidance

Districts are encouraged to adopt policies for social distancing and gatherings and virtual instruction.

### Low Community Restrictions

• Distance, when feasible, following CDC recommendations.

### **Moderate Community Restrictions**

- Distance, when feasible, following CDC recommendations.
- Limit student interaction between students from separate stable groups.

### High Community Restrictions

- Distance, when feasible, following CDC recommendations.
- Limit student interaction between students from separate stable groups.
- Maintain 6 feet social distancing.

### **Instructional Materials**

### Low Community Restrictions

- Create individual materials/supply bags or kits.
- Wipe center/shared materials after each group.
- Shared digital devices wiped after use; 1:1 devices used as normal.
- Ensure hand-washing/sanitizer after shared use of items.
- Provide individual pencil sharpeners for each child or sharpened pencils to prevent use of shared pencil sharpeners.
- Supplies, manipulatives and technology should be cleaned and sanitized daily.

### **Moderate Community Restrictions**

• When feasible, no sharing of school supplies.

- If sharing is not preventable, wipe/clean between uses.
- All supplies, textbooks, manipulatives and technology should be cleaned and sanitized between each use.

### High Community Restrictions

- All students should have their own supplies.
- · Avoid sharing of materials.
- · If sharing is unavoidable, sanitize between each use.

### **Specialized Classes**

### Low Community Restrictions

- All supplies, including instruments, art supplies, tools, etc., should be cleaned and sanitized daily.
- Students should not share any supplies, including instruments, art supplies, tools, etc., where feasible.
- Allow a stable group of elementary students to move to specialized classes as a group with proper hygiene and cleaning routines.
- Moderate Community Restrictions
- All supplies, including instruments, art supplies, tools, etc., should be cleaned and sanitized between each use.
- Consider having the stable student groups remain in the classroom and specialized teachers can rotate into the classroom.
- To maximize classroom space, remove any unnecessary materials and furniture.
- High Community Restrictions
- Students should not share any supplies, including instruments, art supplies, tools, etc., where feasible.
- All supplies, including instruments, art supplies, tools, etc. should be cleaned and sanitized daily.

### **Support Groups**

Low Community Restrictions

- All supplies should be cleaned and sanitized daily.
- Within the school structure, minimize the movement of the specialized staff with proper hygiene and cleaning routines.

### *Moderate Community Restrictions*

- Teachers travel to classes/groups, when feasible (middle school/high school may be part of multiple cohort groups).
- All supplies are cleaned and sanitized between each use.
- Within the school structure, minimize the movement of studentswith proper hygiene and cleaning routines.

### High Community Restrictions

- Staff members travel to students.
- Students should not share any supplies when possible.
- No travel.

### **Financial Considerations**

- Potential increased need for textbooks and instructional supplies for individualized student contact.
- Increased staffing, increased cleaning supplies, and increase in staffing-hours to complete hygiene/cleaning routines.
- Increase in structures and signage to encourage proper social distancing, hygiene habits and school norms.

### Considerations for Early Childhood and Classrooms with Specialized Instruction

### All Levels of Community Restrictions

- The use of face coverings may not be feasible for staff memes and students in early childhood programs and for classrooms with medically fragile students and students with special needs, e.g. deaf and hard-of-hearing students who will struggle with muffling by masks and loss of ability to see face and lips.
- Consult with local health officials/medical experts and staff members regarding appropriate alternative face coverings, such as face

- shields, which allows visibility of face.
- Reinforce other healthy practices, including frequent hand-washing, avoiding touching mouth, nose and eyes as much as possible, and as much social/physical distancing as is practicable.

### **Classroom Visitors**

### All Levels of Community Restrictions

- Visitors should have limited access to building beyond the front office (consult local health department).
- Touchless hand sanitizers one for staff members and one for visitors.
- Visitors are highly encouraged to wear masks before entering.
- Clear signage on doors regarding fever, illness symptoms and mask.

### **Attendance Standards**

### General Guidance

- Districts are highly encouraged to look at their attendance policies and communicate how those might be relaxed and/or altered during various phases.
- Districts might also choose to postpone widely publicized awards, such as perfect attendance, when students and staff members should stay at home.

### Low Community Restrictions

- Consider creating a process to identify those students at high risk; schools might utilize their behavior/SEL protocols to tier students in order to provide an appropriate amount of support while in various phases.
- Consider assigning each student someone to check in on them; could be the classroom teacher, counselor or social worker.
- Establish weekly routines and procedures to check, monitor and assist students who are not attending in person.

 Utilize technology as much as possible to allow students not attending in person to still have equal access to education.

### **Moderate Community Restrictions**

- Districts might consider staggering the days students are attending (half-day rotation, one-day rotation, two-day rotation or A/B week).
- Districts should discuss what engagement looks like during remote learning and how attendance will be taken. Once consensus is reached, all stakeholders should be clear on expectations.
- Consider creating a process to identify those students at high risk; schools might utilize their behavior/SEL protocols to tier students in order to provide an appropriate amount of support while in various phases.
- Districts might ask for medical documentation for long-term illnesses.
- Consider assigning each student someone to check in on them; could be the classroom teacher, counselor or social worker.
- Establish weekly routines and procedures to check, monitor and assist students who are not attending in person.
- Utilize technology as much as possible to allow students not attending in person to still have equal access to education.

### High Community Restrictions

- Districts might consider staggering the days students are attending (half-day rotation, one-day rotation, two-day rotation or A/B week).
- Districts should discuss what engagement looks like during remote learning and how attendance will be taken. Once consensus is reached, all stakeholders should be clear on expectations.
- Consider creating a process to identify those students at high risk; schools might utilize their behavior/SEL protocols to tier students in order to provide an appropriate amount of support while in various phases.
- Consider assigning each student someone to check in on them; could be the classroom teacher, counselor or social worker.
- Establish weekly routines and procedures to check, monitor and

- assist students who are not attending in person.
- Utilize technology as much as possible to allow students not attending in person to still have equal access to education.
- Establish clear procedures for how schools will take attendance; might consider working with families and social workers/counselors in truancy.

### Discipline

### All Levels of Community Restrictions

- Consider protecting administrative staff with a clear barrier/sneeze guard.
- Consider having the administrator travel to the student who is struggling (rather than bringing the student to the office).
- If a student must come to the office, consider designating a space for the student to sit where he/she can be monitored but also a place where he/she, as well as office staff members, are distanced and protected.

### **Emergency Safety Interventions (ESI)**

### All Levels of Community Restrictions

• Restraint, as always, should be a very last resort. If a restraint is deemed necessary, consider a restraint that does not put the student and adult(s) face-to-face to limit exposure. Adults should wear a mask, as appropriate, and as they are able to.



### **COMMON SPACES**

Promoting Behaviors that Reduce Spread in Common Spaces

Schools may consider implementing several strategies to encourage behaviors that reduce the spread of COVID-19 for students and staff specific to common spaces. Common spaces may include but are not limited to: library, hallways, cafeteria, front office, gymnasiums, health room, front entry, auditorium, bathrooms, locker rooms, sports venues, parking lots, teacher lounges, break rooms, work rooms, conference rooms and multipurpose rooms.

### **Maintaining Healthy Environments in Common Spaces**

Schools should consider implementing several strategies to maintain healthy environments in Common Spaces. This can include closing or restricting the use of common spaces.

- Cleaning and Disinfection
  - Clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces (e.g., playground equipment, door handles, sink handles, drinking fountains) within common spaces at least daily or between use as much as possible.
- Shared Objects
  - Discourage sharing of items that are difficult to clean or disinfect.
  - To reduce touch points, have office staff record visitors to the building as opposed to using sign-in/out forms.
  - Keep each child's belongings separated from others' and in individually labeled containers, cubbies or areas.
  - Ensure adequate supplies to minimize sharing of high touch materials to the extent possible (e.g., assigning each student their own art supplies, equipment) or limit use of supplies and equipment by one group of children at a time and clean and disinfect between use.

- Avoid sharing electronic devices, toys, books, games or learning aids.
- Workspaces for students and staff members should be cleaned and disinfected between uses by different individuals.
- Modified Layouts
  - Space seating areas at least 6 feet apart when feasible.
  - Have students sit on only one side of tables, spaced apart, when feasible.
- Physical Barriers and Guides
  - Install physical barriers, such as sneeze guards and partitions, particularly in areas where it is difficult for individuals to remain at least 6 feet apart (e.g., reception desks).
  - Provide physical guides, such as tape on floors or sidewalks and signs on walls, to ensure that staff members and children remain at least 6 feet apart in lines and at other times (e.g. guides for creating one-way routes in hallways).
  - Add physical barriers, such as plastic flexible screens, between bathroom sinks, especially when they can't be at least 6 feet apart.
  - Have visitors schedule appointments in advance and remain outside the facility until appointment time/contact via phone. All visitors should answer "no" to the following questions prior to entering: Do you have a temperature over 100.4? Do you have symptoms of fever and cough, shortness of breath? Have you visited any of the restricted travel advisory locations on the KDHE list within 14 days? Have you had close contact with anyone in the past 14 days who has been diagnosed with COVID-19?
  - Limit the number of visitors to the front offices so as to keep social distancing standards.
  - Designate single entrance points and exit points.
- Multiuse Spaces
  - Multiuse spaces, such as dining halls, multipurpose rooms and

stage areas may stagger use and clean and disinfect between use.

### **Maintaining Healthy Operations**

Schools may consider implementing several strategies to maintain healthy operations in common spaces.

- Protections for Staff and Children at Higher Risk for Severe Illness from COVID-19
  - Consistent with applicable law, put in place policies to protect the privacy of people at higher risk for severe illness regarding underlying medical conditions.
  - Stock common areas with medical supply kits to address initial first-aid needs so as to reduce traffic to nurse offices.
- · Gatherings of staff and students
  - Limit the use of common spaces by multiple groups at one time.
     If students and staff members are in stable groups in classrooms,
     they should not come together in common spaces.
  - Pursue virtual group events, gatherings or meetings, if possible, and promote social distancing of at least 6 feet between people or groups if events are held. Limit group size to the extent possible.
  - Pursue virtual activities and events in lieu of student assemblies, special performances, school-wide parent meetings, and spirit nights, as possible.
- Visitors
  - Limit any nonessential visitors, volunteers and activities involving external groups or organizations as possible – especially with individuals who are not from the local geographic area (e.g., community, town, city, county).
  - Use virtual options for guest speakers.
  - Do not allow lunch guests.
- Parents
  - Limit parents coming into the building.
  - Establish procedures to allow parents to drop off or pick up students without entering the building.
  - Establish practices for parents to drop off student materials with

- minimal interaction with nonfamily members.
- Use virtual options for parent meetings and conferences whenever possible.
- Staggered Scheduling
  - Stagger arrival and drop-off times or locations by cohort or put in place other protocols to limit contact between cohorts and direct contact with parents as much as possible.
  - Alter bell schedules and release times between class periods to assist in minimizing foot traffic.
- Staff Training
  - Train staff on all safety protocols regarding safe use of common spaces.
  - Include proper use of cleaning supplies if cleaning and disinfection will be required of noncustodial staff.
  - Conduct training virtually or ensure that social distancing is maintained during training.
- Sharing Facilities
  - Require organizations that share or use the school facilities to also follow safe operations and social distancing.
  - Revise assemblies and performances to allow for social distancing.
  - Plan alternatives activities for graduation and other milestone events.

### **TRANSITIONS**

Transitions within schools include arrival, dismissal, movement in the hallways between classes, to and from lunch, specials, restroom breaks, and any other collective movement within the school. The recommendations below will help schools decide the best way to maintain health and safety for students and staff during transitions.

These recommendations are for On-Site and Hybrid Learning Environments. Some of the best ways to prevent the spread of viruses are through social distancing and hygiene practices including handwashing, use of hand sanitizer and masks where appropriate.

Effective social distancing during transitions will mean fewer people in the same spaces. Limiting the numbers of people and the numbers of transitions may help. Resources we drew on include: CDC Foundation, CDC and KDHE. These recommendations are based on current knowledge and understanding about COVID-19 and are subject to change or modification based on scientific evidence and the incidence of disease in each specific community.

### **Best Practices**

Students should travel between locations as little as possible. When traveling, procedures to decrease interaction between students should be considered. Traveling in groups should only occur with stable student cohorts as described for classroom settings.

- One-Way Traffic
  - If hallways are not wide enough for proper social distancing of students, one-way traffic should be considered, as well as possible staggered release times.
- Adhere to Social Distancing

- Visual cues in hallways may be necessary to assist students with proper social distancing: decals on the floor, tape, paint, carpet squares.
- Front Facing
  - Students should face forward during transitions to prevent faceto-face interaction.
- Alternate Days and Staggered Times
  - In order to adhere to smaller groups of students, schools may look at alternating schedules when attending on-site classes. This may include half days, block scheduling, alternating days and other hybrid models.
  - Schools may want to stagger arrivals, departures and transitions within the school to avoid larger gatherings.
- Open Doors as Possible to Reduce Spread of Germs on Doors
  - To reduce the number of interactions with door handles, door openers may be installed (manual/automatic).
  - Some schools may find leaving doors open to be the easiest way to reduce the shared common surface of door knobs and handles.
- Visitor Policies: i.e. masks, temp checks, etc.
  - Policies should be put in place to reduce exposure from outside individuals to staff and students for the purpose of mitigation.
- No Lockers
  - To decrease the number of students in hallways, lockers should be closed and locked.
  - If lockers must be an option, it is highly recommended that student transition time be staggered to allow for social distancing.

- Use Outside Spaces as Possible
  - If possible, transitions could take place outside of the building as well as cohort learning. Student safety and school security should be considered at all times.
- Restrooms
  - It's recommended that students use restrooms during instructional time to reduce the number of interactions in the hallway.
- Movement Between Buildings
  - Eliminate or minimize students traveling between buildings to receive services.
  - Minimize staff members traveling between buildings to provide student services.
  - Record dates and times when itinerant staff members work with specific students.
  - Record dates, times and locations for staff members working in multiple buildings (i.e. administrative and maintenance staff).



### EXTRA AND COCURRICULAR

The following reopening guidance for extra and cocurricular activities is suggested and/or best practices from reputable sources including the CDC, National Federation of State High School Associations (NFHS), Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE), and the Kansas High School Activities Association (KSHSAA). Each district will need to determine what is feasible in their settings and make adjustments accordingly. It is strongly encouraged that districts are in close communication with their local health department/health officers.

### Administrative Recommendations

- Provide COVID-19 education for coaches/sponsors, students, and parents.
  - Consider collaborating with athletic trainers, school nurses, and/ or local health officials.
- Post signage regarding COVID-19 prevention and safety.
- Post signs and symptoms of COVID-19 throughout all facilities.
- Maintain an attendance roster at all activities for contact tracing purposes.
- Conduct and document symptom & temperature monitoring as feasible.
  - Maintain documentation of the following as feasible:
  - Date/time.
  - Participant name.
  - Temperature.
  - Report of cough.
  - Report of sore throat.
  - Report of congestion, runny nose.
  - Report of headache.
  - Report of chills.
  - Report of fatigue.

- Report of new loss of taste/smell.
- Report of muscle weakness.
- Report of shortness of breath.
- · Report of nausea, vomiting, diarrhea.
- Report of close contact with someone diagnosed with COVID-19:
  - Individuals that exhibit any symptoms of COVID-19 or indicate contact with some with COVID-19 should be excluded from activities and reported to the health office following district procedures.
  - Provide coaches/sponsors with hand sanitizer, tissues, gloves, face shields and face coverings/masks as appropriate.
     Encourage highly visible stations with these supplies.
  - Communicate support for high-risk individuals to avoid participation in extra and cocurricular activities. High-risk individuals include those 65 years of age or older and people of any age with underlying medical conditions, including chronic lung disease, moderate to severe asthma, serious heart conditions, immunocompromised (i.e., cancer treatments, smoking, HIV, organ transplant), severe obesity, diabetes, chronic kidney disease/dialysis and liver disease.
  - Develop plans around scheduled practice/competitions/ performances during temporary school closures.
  - Develop plans around canceling contests/performances during regular season and/or parameters for premature ending to postseason events/competitions.

### **Communication Recommendations**

• Establish regular communication with relevant agencies at federal, state and local levels via district/school webpages, Twitter, Instagram, SchoolMessenger, Email, Text messages, local newspaper, local TV, etc. (translate all communications and provide translation services if

needed).

- Establish district/building extra & co-curricular committees to plan and oversee reopening process; committee members should represent all stakeholders within the district and community including a local public health representative.
- Hold regular meetings with minutes posted for all stakeholders to review
- Create contingency plans for extra & co-curricular reopening and potential renewed concerns regarding COVID-19.
- Develop a communication plan with local health officials should a staff/student exhibit signs/symptoms and/or have a positive COVID-19 test.
- Develop district/school/activity communication plans to notify parents/guardians of a staff member/student who reports coronavirus signs/symptoms and/or has a positive COVID-19 test observing all FERPA/HIPAA laws.
  - Provide frequent, clear and concise information and updates related to extra and cocurricular activities.
    - Communicate preventative measures the district is taking to keep extra and cocurricular students and staff members as safe as possible.
    - Communicate anticipated timelines for reopening and/or any potential change in current status quo related to extra and cocurricular activities.
    - Communicate changes in district/school policies, procedures and practices.
    - Communicate adjustments to busing students, drop-off and pick-up times.
    - Communicate/outline any changes in attendance and/ or enrollment policies as issues arise related to extra and cocurricular activities.
    - · Adjust academic, activities and athletic calendars as needed.
    - Friendly reminders to stay home if ill, instructions to prevent spread (i.e. COVID-19 Pillars of Safety).
  - Provide clear and concise facility policies/information.

- Maintaining healthy air quality information
- Communicate availability of supplies, including cloth face coverings/masks, gloves, hand sanitizer, etc.
- Communicate cleaning and disinfecting procedures for classrooms, locker rooms, gyms and weight room procedures.
- Provide information regarding appropriate/feasible social distancing on bus, van and/or cars if necessary.
- Post educational/informational signage in all buildings, buses, van, car and outdoor facilities.

### **Personal Hygiene Recommendations**

- Personal hygiene protocols for extracurricular activities should be consistent with protocols used in all other school settings.
- Use hand sanitizer/wash hands upon arrival, frequently during play/ practice, after activities.
- Maintain at least 6 feet of personal distance as much as possible.
- Strongly encourage cloth face coverings/masks.
  - Especially when at least 6 feet of personal distance is not feasible.
  - Not advised during high intensity workouts, playing instruments.
  - Students/staff members should always be allowed to wear a cloth face covering/mask if they prefer.
- Encourage alternatives to high fives and celebrations to minimize contact.
- Cough/sneeze into your elbow.
- Do not spit near others or onto surfaces used by others.
- · Cover open wounds.
- Clean/disinfect highly touched surfaces frequently.
- Shower, wash clothing, and clean gear immediately after play/ practice.

### **Equipment/Facilities Recommendations**

- Limit sharing of equipment and gear. Students should provide/be provided with their own clothing, shoes, water bottles, towels, etc. If gear is shared, clean/disinfect between individual use.
- Consider avoiding communal water stations. If water stations are used, consider signage reminding athletes of hand hygiene/avoid touching eyes, nose, mouth.
- Wash all clothing/towels after play/practice.
- When sharing implements (balls, equipment), don't touch eyes, nose or mouth, and use hand sanitizer frequently.
- Balls/equipment should be wiped and cleaned between practice sessions and during sessions as feasible.
- Consider storage of equipment and gear separately in order to avoid cross contamination and/or clean/disinfect equipment/gear pre/post use.
- Follow CDC recommendations for cleaning of community facilities.

### **Recommendations for Athletics**

- Follow all of the safety and prevention protocols practiced in school.
- Engage in individual work as much as possible.
- Encourage small group work as much as possible.
- Maintain at least 6 feet of distancing when not engaged in activities.
- Limit number of times athletes are face to face as much as possible.
- Limit length of time athletes are face to face as much as possible.
- Consider staggered start times.
- Encourage athletes to arrive/depart in individual cars.
- Avoid/limit shared equipment/gear.
- Stagger locker room schedule to avoid overcrowding.
- Considerations for safety regarding transportation when required.
- Wear cloth face coverings/masks when 6 feet of personal distance isn't feasible.
- Be aware of increased risk as participation moves from school, regional, state, and national levels.

- Consider live streaming as allowed.
- Higher risk activities present greater opportunities for spread of disease therefore consideration should be made for increased precautions as the risk increases.
- Per NFHS:
  - Higher Risk Activities: Wrestling, Football, Lacrosse, Cheer (stunting)
  - Moderate Risk Activities: Basketball, Volleyball, Baseball/Softball, Soccer, Gymnastics, Swim Relays, Pole Vault, High Jump, Long Jump
  - Lower Risk Activities: Individual Running Events, Sideline Cheer/ Dance, Cross Country
  - Note: Some activities listed above could move categories depending on mitigating measures (staggered start times, cleaning implements between use, spacing, etc.).

### **Recommendations for Performing Arts**

### General considerations

- Follow all of the safety and prevention protocols practiced in school.
- Refer to NFHS Performing Arts resources.
- Develop a plan for safety regarding transportation if required.
- · Assigned seating.
- Wear cloth face coverings/masks when 6 feet of personal distance isn't feasible.
  - Be aware of increased risk as participation moves from school, regional, state, and national levels.
  - Consider live streaming as allowed with appropriate licensing.

### Marching Band

- Refer to KSHSAA guidelines.
- Refer to NFHS information regarding instrument hygiene.
- Adhere to spacing requirements of 6 feet or greater for on-field performances.

### · Orchestra/Concert Bands

- Venue size/spacing in rehearsal should allow for at least 6 feet or greater of personal distance.
- Venue size/spacing in performances should allow for at least 6 feet or greater of personal distance.
- Develop procedures for cleaning/disinfecting of school owned and rental instruments.
- Choir/Music Education
- Refer to NFHS guidelines
- Cloth face coverings/mask usage as feasible.
- When masks are not feasible, utilize outdoor locations and/or large indoor locations allowing for increased personal distance of greater than 6 feet. Develop a plan for 10 feet of distance or more.
- Venue size/spacing during rehearsals should allow for increased personal distance. Develop a plan for 10 feet of distance or more.
- Venue size/spacing for performances should allow for increased personal distance. Develop a plan for 10 feet of distance or more.

### Theatre

- Maximum cast sizes based on size of stages to allow for personal distance of at least 6 feet.
- Venue size/spacing requirements in rehearsals should allow for personal distance of at least 6 feet.
- Size/spacing requirements for staging/choreography should allow for personal distance of at least 6 feet or 10 feet when singing.
- Technical theatre considerations:
  - Develop plans for shared tools (drills, saws, etc.).
  - Use cloth face coverings/masks when safety guidelines are in conflict with social distancing (e.g. ladders, lighting rigs, etc.).
  - Develop plans for individual microphone usage, storage, cleaning/disinfecting.
  - Develop plans for cleaning costumes and/or use of rental costumes.

- Develop plans for cleaning/disinfecting items handled by multiple students.
- Spacing for orchestra pits in musicals should allow for at least 6 feet of personal distance.
- Eliminate special on-stage moments or effects not compliant with 6 feet of personal distancing.
  - · Prohibit stage kissing or staged intimacy.
  - Omit flying rigs and other action requiring close physical contact between technician and actor.
  - Omit or mitigate staged combat.

### Audience Considerations

- Refer to COVID-19 Pillars of Safety
- · Refer to CDC guidance
- Provide hand sanitizer stations upon entry and exit at events.
- Consult with local health department to determine the allowable number of spectators/guests.
- Venue size/spacing for maximum audience size should allow for at least 6 feet of personal distance.
- · Consider streaming rights for allowing online audiences.
- Strongly encourage audience members to wear cloth face coverings/masks.
- Address audience traffic management (Arrival, Entrance, Intermission, Exit) to avoid crowding.
- Consider box office management/online sales
- · Address restroom safety issues, limit numbers
- Develop a plan for safety measures for concession services
- Develop a plan for safety measures for souvenir or other sales
- Prevent audiences from gathering in large groups to greet students after performances.

### **FACILITIES**

The following are recommendations regarding school facilities for safely reopening schools for the 2020-21 school year.

Building Related Recommendations and Considerations

### Clear Barrier/Sneeze Guard

- Clear barriers or sneeze guard can help prevent the spread of COVID-19 where 6-foot social distancing is difficult to achieve.
- Consider placing plastic or plexiglass shields at school offices/reception desk areas to separate secretarial and reception staff from visitors entering the school/building.
- Consider placing shields at other locations, such as cafeteria areas where students and food service workers come in close proximity (cashier's stations and open serving areas).
- Consider other locations where close public contact can be expected; such as concession or ticket taker areas if extracurricular activities are resumed.
- If barrier shields are not used, staff interacting with multiple noncohort students or the public should be encouraged to wear face shields and/ or facemasks.

*Financial/Cost impact:* Free standing, mounted and hanging shields of varying sizes are commercially available. Costs vary based on size and type. Some smaller standard size shields are available starting around \$60 to \$80 per shield. If practical, consider purchasing plexiglass sheets and fabricating your own shields to save costs.

<u>Possible Sources:</u> Multiple vendors can be found on line by searching Plexiglass shields or sneeze guards.

### **Hand-washing**

Hand-washing for 20 seconds or more is the preferred method for cleaning and sanitizing, and it is an important part of reducing the spread of disease.

- Ensure there are enough accessible sinks or hand-washing stations to accommodate frequent hand-washing by entire classes.
- Portable handwashing stations are an option if additional hand-washing locations are needed.

### **Hand sanitizer**

Hand sanitizer and/or hand sanitizer stations should be available in multiple locations throughout the school/building to encourage frequent use.

- Typical areas may include building entryways, classrooms, cafeterias, gymnasiums and offices.
- Consider placing signage at these locations to encourage use.
- At a minimum, hand sanitizer stations should be available at strategically identified locations that represent high traffic areas.

<u>Financial/Cost impact:</u> Shop around and check online ordering. High demand has sanitizer at high cost (recently around 40 cents per ounce). Consider purchasing bulk product supplies and refilling bottles with pumps or other dispenser types.

<u>Possible Sources:</u> Cleaning supply companies, local retail stores or online sources.

Other considerations: If alcohol-based hand sanitizing products are being used, the Kansas State Fire Marshal has issued guidance restricting the location and storage of alcohol-based, hand rub dispensers. Individual dispensers should be no larger than 68 ounces (2L). Various storage limitations also apply. Please refer to a notice from the Office of the State Fire Marshal dated May 13, 2020, for additional reference and guidance.

### **Social Distancing Markers**

Social distance markers such as floor decals or signage to encourage 6 feet of separation between occupants.

- Decals or signage to designate traffic flow patterns within the building.
   This may be especially helpful for public spaces such as corridors, cafeterias, front offices, etc.
- Signs encouraging frequent hand-washing and/or use of hand sanitizer may be placed strategically around the building.
- Specific COVID-19 related decals and signage are commercially available or could be self-made

*Financial/Cost Impact:* Commercially available decals are of varying sizes and costs. Average costs appear to start in the \$7 to \$10 per item range.

<u>Possible Sources:</u> Multiple online sources are available. Office supply retailers also offer these.

<u>Other Considerations:</u> On VCT or other flooring that have waxed surfaces, the decals may be "waxed in," placed with a coating or two of wax over the surface. This may be helpful where frequent sweeping or mopping occurs. Otherwise adhesively applied decals on floors will require close monitoring and attention during cleaning and housekeeping routines.

### **Trash Receptacles**

Trash receptacles can be high touch points with increased risk of speeding pathogens.

- Determine if the school district has the appropriate number and type (no-touch) of trash receptacles and that they are placed appropriately to minimize exposure.
- Monitor the frequency that trash receptacles are emptied. Changes to various procedures could require more frequent attention.

### **Ventilation**

The CDC and American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineers recommend that the introduction of outside air be increased in air handling operations for Covid-19 considerations. They also recommend using air filters with a Minimum Efficiency Rating Value (MERV) of 13 or higher. In addition, they recommend that ventilation be performed on a 24-hour, seven days per week basis.

- Consider increasing outside air ventilation.
- Check and change HVAC unit filters frequently.
- Opening available windows to increase available ventilation should be considered when weather conditions are favorable.

Other Considerations: The introduction of additional outside air will probably affect HVAC system performance and may result in increased cooling costs for air conditioning. Introducing additional volumes of hot/humid outside air will require that the air be cooled more to maintain the same temperature for occupants. Humidity removal may be more difficult to achieve. Be careful in considering the use of a higher MERV air filter. The higher the rating the more restrictive the filter is in allowing air to pass through the air handling unit. Too much filtration could affect system performance. It may be advisable to consult with an HVAC contractor that has familiarity in servicing or repairing your specific equipment or a controls contractor that installed the controls for your HVAC. Consider consultation with an engineer that may have been involved in designing or specifying the equipment used in the buildings.

If windows are opened, consider how much heat and humidity will be introduced into the available rooms. Also, be aware of any security issues open windows may introduce (maybe open second-floor windows only, etc.).

<u>Financial/Cost Impact:</u> More frequent filter changes will increase the regular maintenance costs. Moving to a higher MERV air filter will also cost more. Utility costs increases are likely if you choose to increase outside air ventilation and/or increase the operating time for ventilation.

### Modifying the use of Spaces

If school spaces are being used differently, consider how changes and modifications will affect safety.

- Update emergency evacuations or sheltering in place plans
- Consider any required ADA access be affected or newly required by revised use of spaces?
- Make sure all spaces have readily available intercom or phone communication.

 Make sure that all spaces have adequate emergency notification features such as audible fire alarms and strobes and required exit markings.

<u>Financial/Cost Impact:</u> Costs would be dependent on any necessary modifications to address American Disabilities Act (ADA) or make emergency services available.

<u>Other Considerations:</u> When considering changes that may affect emergency egress or sheltering features, consultation with and approval from the applicable fire prevention agency should be considered. First responders may want to reestablish plans on how they respond to emergency situations at the building; their route to the building, where they park equipment, where they enter, etc.

### **Building Water Systems**

Water in plumbing that has not been used for an extended time can become stagnant or stale and may contain elevated levels of waterborne pathogens or contaminants.

- Purge or flush water systems thoroughly; flush drinking fountains and sink faucets for a number of minutes to clear any standing water from the pipes.
- Clean and sanitize drinking fountains and drinking water sources.
- Consider whether drinking fountains will be left available for use (with frequent cleaning and sanitizing) or shut off or covered.
- Drinking fountains represent a potential frequent-use and high-touch point item for students and staff members.
- If the choice is made to turn off or cover water fountains, consideration for supplying other sources of water will be required.
- One option may be to provide bottled water or ask that students/staff members bring their own bottled water to school.
- Another option may be to modify existing drinking fountains with a bottle filler station.
- Fountains that already have a bottle filler station might be left active, with the fountain turned off or covered

<u>Other Considerations:</u> Establishing a regular schedule for fountain use with readily available hand-washing or hand sanitizer use; and immediate cleaning of the fountain touch points may be a viable and reasonable solution.

### Lockers

Lockers are high-touch point areas and can be a place of student congregation.

Consider not using lockers.

- If lockers are used, establish protocols for both academic and athletic lockers.
- Lockers should be cleaned and sanitized frequently.
- Assign lockers to maximize the distance between students using sets of lockers at the same time.
- Consider not allowing shared use of lockers by multiple students.

### Cleaning, Sanitizing and Housekeeping Recommendations and Considerations

### **Cleaning Protocols**

Recommend defining and establishing specific cleaning and disinfecting protocols for custodial staff at each individual building based on occupancy level and hours of use. In addition, if maintenance or other staff members are going to be responsible for cleaning and disinfecting, their protocols should be included.

- Define cleaning procedures including the frequency, equipment, materials and products to be used.
- Prioritize high-touch areas, such as door handles, handrails, counters and surfaces, tables, chairs, desks, drinking fountains, computer keyboards, work stations, etc.
- Prioritize common spaces used by different cohort groups, such as main office, health offices, isolation rooms, cafeteria, bathrooms, etc.

- Cover surfaces that are not easily cleaned.
  - Soft Surfaces/Fabrics: Eliminate or limit soft surfaces that are hard to clean. Clean after each use with EPA-approved products appropriate for surfaces.
- Use cleaning products that are listed as Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) Fighting Products.
- Evaluate how hygiene products like soap, paper towels, tissues and toilet paper are dispensed (no-touch) and how frequently they are replenished.
- Recommend that cleaning and sanitizing responsibilities and protocols be reviewed and clearly defined for athletic facilities, such as weight rooms, wrestling rooms, dance studios, etc.; and especially for the equipment that is contained and used in these facilities.
- Define what cleaning and disinfecting is to be performed by custodial staff, and what cleaning and disinfecting will be the responsibility of non-custodial staff.

*Einancial/Cost Impact:* Additional costs may be incurred if new, different or additional product purchases become necessary. In light of high demand, product costs have been higher than normal so shopping around may be beneficial. Labor costs may be affected if more-than-normal cleaning frequency is required from custodial staff (i.e. potential overtime costs).

<u>Possible Sources:</u> In addition to KDHE, cleaning product vendors and suppliers may also be a viable resource for information and suggestions regarding best practices.

### **Training**

Although cleaning procedures for touch points and sanitizing may be considered routine by the custodial staff, it is important to ensure that any one responsible for cleaning is properly and routinely trained.

- Review training procedure for newly hired custodial staff.
- Train all staff on new procedures and protocols.
- Retraining/recertify returning staff as needed.
- Refresher training is prudent to ensure that all of the procedures are

being followed thoroughly and effectively.

• Any noncustodial staff that has responsibility for cleaning and disinfecting should be properly trained before performing new duties.

<u>Possible Sources:</u> Training can be performed by knowledgeable and experienced in-house staff and supervisors. Cleaning product vendors and suppliers are typically willing to provide training as part of their regular services.

### Storage

The increased emphasis on cleaning and sanitation will require greater access to cleaning chemicals and supplies.

- Students should not have access to chemical supply storage.
- Cleaning products, materials and equipment should be stored in lockable rooms or areas.
- Ensure all cleaning products are properly labeled, and that Safety Data Sheets are readily available for reference and identification of hazards.
- Establish protocols for any school district staff (other than custodial or maintenance staff) that may have access to product.
- If noncustodial staff is granted access to and use of cleaning and disinfecting products, ensure that they have been trained on its use and possible hazards.

### **Disinfectant Sprayers or Foggers**

Consider purchasing/using electrostatic disinfectant sprayers or foggers to enhance effectiveness and coverage for disinfection procedures.

- Disinfection foggers can be used in conjunction with regular touch point cleaning as a means of increasing disinfection coverage for the custodial and housekeeping staff.
- At least one fogger would likely be required per school/building.
- Larger buildings such as middle schools or high schools may require more than one fogger to enhance completion of the disinfection process.

<u>Financial/Cost Impact:</u> A handheld battery-operated fogger unit will likely cost \$500 to \$1,000 each. Larger fogger units that cover larger areas in one fill will cost more. These units are in high demand and typically have a long lead time associated with purchase/receipt.

<u>Possible Sources:</u> Units can be purchased on-line from multiple vendors, through custodial product suppliers.

<u>Other Considerations:</u> Note that the use of an electrostatic disinfectant sprayer does not eliminate the need for touchpoint cleaning. The sprayer introduces more efficient sanitizing for whole spaces and should be used in conjunction with touch point cleaning.

### Grounds and Exterior Building Recommendations and Considerations

### Playground equipment

If used, exterior playground equipment should be cleaned and sanitized regularly.

- The CDC suggests that "it is impractical and an inefficient use of resources to spray disinfectants on outdoor areas."
- Alternate recess times to minimize the number of students from different groups using the same spaces at the same time.
- To minimize the use of playground equipment, encourage the use of other outdoor and natural spaces.
- High touch point surfaces should be cleaned after each use or at least daily.
- If touch points aren't cleaned after each use, students should wash hands or use hand sanitizer immediately following the use of the equipment.
- Consider limiting the use of playground equipment based on the ability to clean and sanitize regularly.

*Financial/Cost Impact:* Cost for cleaning and disinfecting products will be incurred, as well as labor necessary to clean if that option is chosen.

<u>Possible Sources:</u>Cleaning product suppliers and/or grounds equipment suppliers may provide a source of information. Products used may mirror those used for cleaning and sanitizing the interior of the building.

### **Building Access to Outside Groups or Individuals**

### School Facility Rentals

Districts should review facility rental policies and determine if facilities will be available to outside groups.

- Allowing outside groups to use school facilities can increase risk to students and staff.
- School spaces used by outside groups should be cleaned before and after any use.
- Properly trained individuals, preferably school district staff, should perform the cleaning of school spaces.

<u>Other Considerations:</u> The increased cleaning requirements will increase the cost of allowing school facility use by outside groups. As part of policy review, determine if additional charges may be levied on the outside user group as a Covid-19 cleaning related cost.

### **Outside Contractors and Vendors**

In many cases, having outside contractors and vendors come into school buildings is unavoidable.

- Before a contractor or vendor comes on-site, review expectations for preventive measures being required.
- Train building staff members to enforce and report any violations of preventative measures by contractors and vendors.
- Keep a log of the persons that enter the building with time and date as well as the locations in the building.
- · Establish Protocols for post work cleaning and sanitizing.

### **Construction Sites**

Most construction projects that occur while school is in session are typically separated from students even if they are occurring in the same building.

- Interaction between students and staff members and construction workers should be minimized.
- Specific expectations for behaviors and preventive measures should be addressed with on-site supervisors before students are in the building.
- Contractors should be expected to abide by current CDC and/or OSHA recommendations for the construction site.

Reference: "What Construction Workers Need to Know about COVID-19"



### **FOOD SERVICE**

### Introduction

It is important to ensure all children have access to school meals, regardless of the learning environment. For the health and wellbeing of students, continuation and adaptation of meal service in some form should remain a priority. The majority of the practices outlined below pertain to On-Site Learning Environments. At this time, USDA guidance on meal service integrated with remote and hybrid learning environments is limited.

Communication between administration and food service is key to ensure a safe student dining experience. Effective communication will allow food service time to determine how meals/snacks could be provided within the guidelines of KSDE/USDA.

Food services directors/designees are encouraged to meet with building administrators at least two weeks prior to the start of school to determine best practices to ensure students safe access to meals.

### **Remote and Hybrid Learning Environments**

When students are in remote or hybrid learning environments, schools would continue to claim and be reimbursed for meals based on the eligibility status of the student.

 All National School Lunch Program (NSLP) and School Breakfast Program (SBP) regulations would apply, unless a waiver is approved for a specific regulation.

### **USDA Regulations & Waivers**

Consult your local food service director with questions regarding state/federal regulations related to meal service.

• Lunch must be served between 10 a.m.-2 p.m.

- Breakfast must be offered at or near the beginning of the school day.
- Breakfast service is required of all public school buildings in Kansas unless a breakfast waiver is approved by the Kansas State Board of Education.
- A complete, reimbursable meal must be offered at each serving location including milk.
  - Water must be available during meals and snacks.
  - Drinking fountains, water jugs and coolers may be used to fill disposable cups. A new cup should be used each time.
  - An adult should monitor and sanitize fountains, water jugs and coolers as needed.
- All meal services require point of service accountability. Students must be charged for meals based on their eligibility status.

Current USDA waivers (through June 30, 2021) are listed below. The district's Authorized Representative would need to opt in through Kansas Nutrition Claiming and Information System (KN-CLAIM).

- Nationwide Waiver to Allow Non-Congregate Feeding in the NSLP, SBP, and CACFP.
- Nationwide Waiver to Allow Meal Service Time Flexibility in the NSLP, SBP and CACFP.
- Nationwide Waiver to Allow Parents and Guardians to Pick Up Meals for Children in the NSLP, SBP and CACFP.
- Nationwide Waiver to Allow Meal Pattern Flexibility in NSLP, SBP and CACFP.
- Nationwide Waiver to Allow Offer Versus Serve Flexibility for Senior High Schools in the NSLP.

If additional waivers become available, KSDE Child Nutrition and Wellness will communicate to school districts information regarding waiver elections. Updates are posted at <a href="https://www.kn-eat.org/SNP/SNP\_Menus/SNP">https://www.kn-eat.org/SNP/SNP\_Menus/SNP Whats New.htm</a>.

### **Free and Reduced Meal Applications**

Feeding America estimates that Kansas will see a 47.6% increase in child food insecurity statewide due to COVID-19. Many Kansas counties have a much higher projected percent increase in child food insecurity.

- Districts should frequently inform parents on how to apply for free and reduced meals.
- Sponsors are required to use Direct Certification to determine eligibility. The KN-CLAIM Direct Certification process makes it easier for sponsors to quickly and accurately directly certify students who receive Food Assistance/TAF or are foster children.
- Request flexibility in determining effective date of eligibility for Direct Certification on the Sponsor Application.
- Effective Date of Eligibility Determinations is a flexibility option available
  to Sponsors processing applications. Sponsors indicate on the
  Sponsor Application what they will use for the effective date of the free
  or reduced-price meal eligibility determinations.
- Districts should utilize all methods of receiving free and reduced applications. Examples: online, in person drop off, secure email or fax.

### **On-Site Meal Service**

- Require students to wash their hands prior to coming to the serving line. At a minimum, make hand sanitizer available prior to the serving line.
- An adult should be at the doorway of the serving area to control traffic, ensure 6-foot distancing and monitor students.
- Extend meal service periods to allow for fewer students in the serving area at one time.

- Proper dishwashing (per Kansas health code) is effective in killing viruses and bacteria. However, use of disposable serving trays and silverware may help with public perception regarding safety.
- Utilize additional sneeze guards or clear barriers on serving lines and cashier stations. Ensure sneeze guards are installed, positioned and working properly.
- Post signage to encourage social distancing in line and serving area.
- Serve single-use condiments.
- Utilize shorter menu cycles with higher participation meals. Plan to reevaluate cycles frequently dependent on food supply, staffing, and guidance from the local health department.
- If students are using self-service, have a staff member supervise to ensure:
  - Students take the first item they touch (example: milk cartons).
  - Handles of the reach-in refrigerator/freezer/cooler are disinfected on a regular basis. If temperatures can be maintained, consider leaving doors open during meal service.

### **Food Bar Considerations**

The use of food bars in school nutrition programs positively impacts the amount of fruits and vegetables students consume. Students are more likely to consume items that they serve themselves:

- Sponsors may continue use of salad bar/food bar with the following procedures in place (check with local health department):
  - Offer items packaged for individual consumption (preportioned by food service employees or individually wrapped as purchased).
  - Staff to monitor the bar and sanitize as necessary.
  - Sanitize the food bar between each serving group.
  - Stagger students with markings on the floor to allow for social distancing.
  - Offer more than one food bar or salad bar to encourage social distancing.

- If using serving utensils, they should be changed out frequently.
- Offer vs. Serve meal service (where students are allowed to make food choices) is feasible with the following considerations:
  - Develop procedures for students to communicate to staff members what items they would like on the tray (verbally, thumbs up/thumbs down, order sheets).
  - Utilize mobile ordering to allow students to decrease the amount of time in the meal service area.
  - Offer multiple, identical lines to speed up service.
  - Clean and sanitize the service line between each classroom/group.
- Create alternate serving locations to socially distance students.
  - Multiple service points in cafeteria and throughout building
  - Meal kiosks with online ordering for quick student pick-up of preordered meals.
- Innovative Breakfast Models such as Second Chance Breakfast, Grabn-Go Breakfast and Breakfast in the Classroom are still encouraged. Work with your food service director to determine strategies for implementation.

### **Other Meal Service Considerations**

Share tables may be used for unopened packaged food items that students do not consume. This allows other students to take food from share table to eat on-site. Share tables may safely continue with the following guidelines:

- Sanitize designated share table area between each serving group.
- Allow one student to access the share table at a time to limit exposure due to lines.
- If a student incorrectly places an open item on the share table, discard all items on the share table and sanitize the share table.
- If these steps are not feasible, discontinue use of a share table.

### A la Carte

- Can be offered if social distancing between students can be maintained.
- Modify the variety of items available as needed based on staffing, time, availability.
- Have students preorder a la carte options to prevent students standing in line.
- Have food service employee hand the item(s) or monitor students during self-service.

### Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program (FFVP) if applicable:

- Use all individually packaged or items wrapped for individual consumption.
- Create and follow written procedures for handwashing, glove use and mask use of school staff while serving students in the classroom.
- Sanitize student desks/tables prior to FFVP item distribution. Students should wash hands and return to classroom for snack.

### **On-Site Dining**

- Utilize a variety of spaces around the school to allow students more space while consuming meals/snacks (ex: cafeteria, auditorium, gym, classrooms, and outdoors as weather permits)
- If spaces other than the cafeteria are used for dining, consult with facilities personal to ensure proper cleaning and disinfection as well as refuse collection.
- Develop plans for the delivery and return of meal and cafeteria supplies such as trays and utensils.
- When using standard lunch tables, tape off the seats to allow for social distancing.
- If seats are removable, only place the appropriate number of seats around the table to ensure proper social distancing.

- Assign seating for contact tracing.
- Disinfect tables/seating areas between serving periods.
- Provide separate location for high risk students upon request.

### Food and Personnel Safety for all Learning Environments

Follow all county health department guidance, the Kansas Food Code and Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points (HACCP) Plan

- Limit comingling of food service staff between buildings and departments and maintain social distancing.
- Utilize sign-in and sign-out sheets in each kitchen, including maintenance, vendors and building staff members for contact tracing.
- Ensure ventilation is working properly, and utilize vents when staff is in the kitchen.
- Follow district human resources guidance for high-risk employees, temperature checks, PPE.
- Adopt HACCP Standard Operating Procedure #25 Viral Pandemic Response as a part of the school HACCP Food Safety Plan.

### **Food Service Staffing for all Learning Environments**

- Explore Professional development opportunities for food service staff, including online options.
- Evaluate meal service plan to determine staffing needs and adjust as changes occur.
- Utilize nonfood service building staff (classified and certified) to aid in meal service and/or distribution as needed.
- Develop a contingency plan for staffing in the event of exposure or illness, follow guidance from the local health department.
- Hiring:
  - Utilize technology for interviews when possible.

- Adapt onboarding or training to a virtual format.
- Ensure new hires receive COVID training in addition to traditional onboarding.

### **Working with Vendors in all Learning Environments**

- Communicate and/or post district requirements for vendors.
- Discuss company safety protocols regarding the health of vendor employees and customers (example: health screenings, temperature checks).
- Consolidate deliveries to reduce potential exposure.
- When signing invoices, the employee should use their own pen.
- Utilize technology instead of in-person visits to communicate with vendors.
- Require delivery drivers to sign in and sign out when delivering to kitchens.

### **Technology/Point of Sale for all Learning Environments**

- Check with software vendors about serving options within the accountability system.
  - Elementary may be able to have students come through the line in the classroom, and there is a feature in the software "sell by homeroom." The cashier can verify the student by seeing their picture without the student using the PIN Pad.
  - Middle school and high school students could scan their student ID.
  - Staff members could scan barcodes instead of using pin pads.
  - Students can verbally tell the cashier student ID or name to enter into POS.
- If sponsor uses biometric scanners or pin pads:
  - Disinfect between use.

- Students must use hand sanitizer after use of pin pad or biometric scanner.
- Utilize online ordering of meals and a la carte.
- Have students go through meal service line in an assigned order to expedite meal service and allow for contact tracing.
- Encourage online payments to reduce cash handling.
- Limit hand-to-hand contact by having students place the cash on counter.

### **Financial Sustainability**

Food Service Funds have been, and will continue to be, greatly impacted by the pandemic. Costs have increased on food, packaging and labor. Participation directly affects revenue in school meal programs. School districts should consider the following best practices to ensure financial sustainability:

- Promote school meals (as opposed to students bringing meals from home or open meal service periods)
- Use district funds to:
  - Purchase food service equipment (capital outlay)
  - Cover all or part of the indirect costs
  - Provide paid leave for food service employees
  - Cover the fee associated with online payments to encourage cashless transactions.
- Apply for grants.
- Join a purchasing cooperative.
- Follow procurement regulations to ensure best price.
- Update formal procurement/contract extensions with current vendors, within confines of procurement regulations.

- Ensure paid meal price, adult meal price, ala carte, catering costs are sufficient to cover the entire cost of production.
- Increase reimbursement through participation in other USDA Child Nutrition Programs (ex. after-school meals/snacks, breakfast, Child and Adult Care Food Program).
- Pre-cost meals to plan menu cycle.
- Food Service Management Company (FSMC)
  - In Kansas, all FSMC contracts are fixed price and not cost reimbursable.
  - Authorized representative must monitor the school district contract and reconcile billing to fixed prices agreed upon in the contract.

### **TRANSPORTATION**

The following are recommendations for transporting students in school buses, activity buses and school passenger vehicles. It is important to note that this is guidance only, and specific orders from the local/state health departments and the local board of education take precedence.

### **Sanitation (Recommended Guidance)**

- Frequently touched surfaces, including handrailing, student bus seats and surfaces in the driver cockpit commonly touched by the operator should be sanitized daily. Options for cleaning buses includes wiping down all high touch surfaces with CDC-approved disinfectants.
- High-touch areas, including the door entrance railings, should be cleaned between bus routes.
- Open bus doors and windows during cleaning to improve air circulation.
- Student hand sanitization before boarding the bus is recommended.

### **Student (Recommended Guidance)**

- Assigned seating for students on all routes.
- Have individuals from the same household sit together.
- Fill the bus seats at the back of the bus first, and then load to the front
  to avoid students walking past each other in the aisle. Within the scope
  of this process, school districts still need to be cautious about having
  students of various age groups sit together due to bullying and other
  issues.
- Unload students from the front of the bus first to avoid students walking past each other in the aisle.
- If the bus is not full, spread students out as much as possible.
- When possible, open the windows while transporting students to improve air circulation.

- Minimize loading times by prestaging students for bus transportation home.
- Masks are recommended for all students. If masks are required by the health department and/or the local school board, a plan needs to be in place on what occurs if a student shows up to the bus without a mask.
- If possible, transport medically fragile students in a separate vehicle.

### **Bus Stops**

 Social distancing between students is recommended at all bus stop areas.

### **Drivers (Recommended Guidance)**

- Masks are strongly recommended.
- Drivers should participate in a health pre-screener before each work shift.

### Capacity (Recommended Guidance)

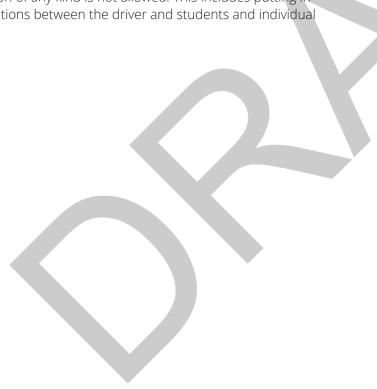
- If issued, group size should follow all local and/or state health department edicts.
- Group size on buses should follow school board policy where applicable.
- Through routing, minimize the amount of time that students are on a bus. Have students exit the bus as soon as possible to enter a school for staging into their classrooms (work with school to coordinate).
- Pre-stage bus for loading outside of the bus to minimize the amount of time that students are on the bus.

### **Activities and Athletics (Recommended Guidance)**

- Assigned seating for students on all trips.
- Fill the bus seats at the back of the bus first, and then load to the front to avoid students walking past each other in the aisle.
- Unload students from the front of the bus first to avoid students walking past each other in the aisle.
- If the bus is not full, spread students out as much as possible.
- Focus on transporting students who are competing. Work to lower the total number of students on a bus so that social distancing can occur, especially on long trips to competition.

### **Bus Modifications**

• Bus modification of any kind is not allowed. This includes putting in plexiglass partitions between the driver and students and individual student seats.





### **NAVIGATING CHANGE:**

KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

### **Acknowledgments**

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### **Appendix A**







# CORONAWRUS vs. COLD vs. FLU vs. ALLERGIES

| SYN        | SYMPTOMS                | COVID-19*                                  | COLD             | FLU                                    | ALLERGIES |
|------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|--|-----------|
|            | Fever                   | Common<br>(measured at 100 F<br>or higher) | Rare             | High (100-102 F),<br>can last 3-4 days | No        |
| Ŏŗ.        | Headache                | Sometimes                                  | Rare             | Intense                                | Sometimes |
| D TO DE    | General<br>aches, pains | Sometimes                                  | Slight           | Common, often<br>severe                | No        |
| A ZZZO     | Fatigue,<br>weakness    | Sometimes                                  | Slight           | Common, often<br>severe                | Sometimes |
| 092020     | Extreme<br>exhaustion   | Sometimes<br>(progresses<br>slowly)        | Never            | Common<br>(starts early)               | No        |
| <b>√</b> 3 | Stuffy nose             | Rare                                       | Common           | Sometimes                              | Common    |
|            | Sneezing                | Rare                                       | Common           | Sometimes                              | Common    |
| <b>3</b>   | Sore throat             | Rare                                       | Common           | Common                                 | No        |
| ري         | Cough                   | Common                                     | Mild to moderate | Common, can<br>become severe           | Sometimes |
|            | Shortness<br>of breath  | In more<br>serious infections              | Rare             | Rare                                   | Common    |
| So         | Runny nose              | Rare                                       | Common           | Sometimes                              | Common    |
|            | Diarrhea                | Sometimes                                  | No               | Sometimes**                            | No        |

For more information: www.kdheks.gov/coronavirus

<sup>\*</sup> Information is still evolving. \*\* Sometimes for children.

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### **Appendix B**





### RELEASING CASES AND CONTACTS FROM ISOLATION AND QUARANTINE

### **CASES**

Must be isolated for a minimum of 10 days after onset and can be released after afebrile and feeling well (without fever-reducing medication) for at least 72 hours, whichever is longer.



Note: Lingering cough should not prevent a case from being released from isolation.

### **Examples:**

- A case that is well on day 2, and afebrile and feeling well for 72 hours, can be released from isolation on day 10.
- A case that is well on day 6, and afebrile and feeling well for 72 hours, can be released from isolation on day 10.
- A case that is well on day 14, and afebrile and feeling well for 72 hours, can be released from isolation on day 17.

### HOUSEHOLD CONTACTS

<u>Must</u> be quarantined for 14 days after the case has been afebrile and feeling well (because exposure is considered ongoing within the house).

If a household contact develops symptoms, they should be tested.



This means that household contacts may need to remain at home longer than the initial case.

### **Examples:**

- A case is well 3 days after onset, case released from isolation on day 10, household contact must remain quarantined until day 24.
- A case is well 7 days after onset, case released from isolation on day 10, household contact must remain quarantined until day 24.
- A case is well 14 days after onset, case released from isolation on day 17, household contact must be quarantined until day 31.

### **NON-HOUSEHOLD CONTACTS**

Must be quarantined for 14 days from the date of last contact with the case.



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### **Appendix C**



# Kansas COVID Workgroup for Kids

# Recommendations for School Reopening

document. Recommendations will require updates as new evidence emerges. This document is updated as of July 8, As the information regarding COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) is rapidly evolving, KCWK intends for this to be a working 2020.





Contact: KansasCOVIDWorkgroup4Kids@gmail

This document has been endorsed by:







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2 As the information regarding SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) is rapidly evolving, KCWK intends for this to be a working document. Recommendations will require updates as new evidence emerges. This document is updated as of July 8, 2020.

### **Objective**

The main objective of this document is to provide general guidance for the reopening of Kansas schools in the logistical operations of running a school district. With that in mind, we hope this document can provide some pediatric physicians, child psychologists, and school nurses as members of the Kansas COVID Workgroup for KIDS. We acknowledge that we are not school educators and do not understand the legal considerations and COVID-19 pandemic. This document has been created and vetted with input of regional family medicine and general guidance and recommendations as we are able to interpret the medical literature and assist in stratifying risks related to disease transmission.

## COVID-19 and children

As of June 18, there have been over 116,176 confirmed cases of COVID-19 (or SARS-CoV-2) in children in the demonstrate that hospitalization (0.7-3.3% of all total hospitalizations) and death (0-0.6% of all COVID-19 United States. This represents about 6.2% (116,176/1,885,905) of all confirmed cases. Subset reports deaths) is uncommon in children.<sup>1</sup>

### Risk

considers that prolonged school closure and poor access to social and emotional support and the services that School-based transmission optimize the overall health and well-being of children in Kansas communities by promoting academic achievement and the services, safety and support that reopening schools provide. Modified policies and procedures to mitigate the risk of SARS-CoV-2 transmission among students and staff are essential and will remove all risk of infection and transmission of SARS-CoV-2. However, it is important to reopen schools to schools provide to children also hold significant risk for each student's well-being. The recommendations of community-associated seasonal respiratory viral infections is common, and it will not be possible to Reopening Kansas schools in fall 2020 during the COVID-19 pandemic is not without risk. The KCWK within this document support the calculated risk of reopening schools in fall 2020. be required for the foreseeable future.

### School reopening

semester after appropriately considering local disease prevalence, implementing recommended health safety actions and developing ongoing monitoring practices. Asymptomatic elementary-aged students are unlikely Elementary schools (pre-kindergarten-5th/6th grade) should be encouraged to reopen for the 2020 fall to be a significant source of community transmission of SARS-CoV-2.2-11

Middle and high schools may be at higher risk to transmit SARS-CoV-2 among students and staff but should disease prevalence, implementing recommended health safety actions and developing ongoing monitoring be encouraged to work toward reopening for the 2020 fall semester after appropriately considering local

For students who are unable to physically attend school during the 2020-2021 academic year due to student or family health risks or due to parent/caregiver preference, a public school option for remote distance



As the information regarding SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) is rapidly evolving, KCWK intends for this to be a working document.

Recommendations will require updates as new evidence emerges. This document is updated as of **July 8, 2020.** 

3

learning should be an option to ensure that all students within the state have access to appropriate education and academic success.

# Scheduled prolonged winter break and alternative schedules

during the typical winter viral season when expected seasonal respiratory viruses such as influenza and RSV recommend school districts to strongly consider a prolonged break to mitigate transmission of SARS-CoV-2 may also be prevalent in the community. This can improve the overall health of our community, decrease a Many colleges and universities have decided on a prolonged winter break from in-person learning. We potential winter re-emergence of COVID-19 and help relieve stress on the local health care system.

- Consider a prolonged winter break from Nov. 25, 2020, to Jan. 11, 2021.
- Students should plan to leave for winter break with all their belongings to allow for cleaning of the classrooms.
- Assure students have adequate supplies for distance learning over the prolonged break
- Consider virtual learning options or online testing formats to complete semester requirements and finals during this time period, if necessary. 3.
- Consider prolonged fall and spring breaks depending on community transmission of SARS-CoV-2. If community spread is low, consider shortening these breaks in order to achieve more days of inperson instruction and education with recommended prolonged winter break. 2
- and Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) travel recommendations and quarantine travel during the break, then they should follow Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) During prolonged breaks from school, communicate clear expectations that if students or families requirements and that all students should be back home by at least 1 week prior to returning to 3
- Consider alternative schedules and methods of fulfilling public education requirements if prolonged breaks from in-person education are required 4.
- Develop plans to continue support services, social services, therapies and meal provision during possible prolonged breaks from in-person education. ъ.
- Consider alternative school-year schedules to decrease student exposure while at school. Examples include 6.
- than eight classes per semester, which would decrease the number of peers each student is Trimester system, which can allow students to only have five classes per trimester rather exposed to during each school day;
- Alternative block schedules arranged so that students are in each block of classes for a week at a time, decreasing the number of peers that each student is exposed to during each week. 2

## School nurse support and nurse office recommendations

## School nurse positions

.. All school buildings should have an on-site, full-time nurse.



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If a school nurse placement is not possible, schools should have specific plans to address school health and safety standards. 2

# Personal protective equipment

- School nurses should protect themselves from SARS-CoV-2
- Meticulous hand hygiene should be practiced.
- School nurses should have adequate personal protective equipment (PPE) that includes disposable gowns, gloves, N95 masks, surgical masks, and face shields or other eye protection.
- Nurses should wear appropriate PPE when they are evaluating students or staff who become ill at

4.

- unable to wear a mask, who are unable to manage their secretions, or who are receiving nebulized Nurses should wear a N95 mask and eye protection when providing care for ill students who are therapy. 5
- School nurses and staff should be trained on the appropriate PPE donning and doffing techniques. 9

## Ill students or staff

- Processes need to be in place to screen for and evaluate ill students.
- When ill, students or staff should be separated from others during evaluation.
- Students seeking evaluation should be required to wear a mask. 3.
- Students waiting for parents to arrive should wait in a room that is separate from other students. 4.
- Staff who are ill should be sent home immediately. 5.

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Spaces where ill students or staff have been evaluated should be disinfected with approved disinfectants. 6.

# Partner with local medical homes

Facilitate partnerships with local health care professionals to ensure that students continue to receive care through their established medical homes through innovative care models.

# Return to school following illness

- Schools should follow CDC and KDHE guidance regarding qualifications for the return of students and faculty with possible or confirmed SARS-CoV-2 to the school setting.
- Modify return-to-school parameters following illness as per recommendations from the CDC and the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP). 2

## Students with asthma

2

- Students with asthma should provide their own personal labeled spacer and metered dose inhaler for school use. Ŧ.
- Nebulization therapy is considered an aerosol-generating procedure and should be avoided at school. If nebulization is unavoidable, a signed order from the student's physician/clinician should

indicate that nebulizer is required over spacer and metered dose inhaler.

If nebulization treatment is required at school, all other students should be relocated from the nurse's office and the number of staff present should be minimized þ.



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- The school nurse must wear adequate personal protective gear that includes an N95 mask, eye protection with goggles or face shield, gown and gloves during nebulization therapy. ن
- Nebulized therapy should be performed in a room that is well ventilated. d.
- to settle and then all surfaces wiped and disinfected with approved disinfectants. Appropriate PPE should be The area should be avoided for 60 minutes post therapy to allow particles worn while disinfecting the room. ė.

### Contact tracing

- School administrators and nurses should have adequate staff support to provide a robust contact tracing program for students or staff who test positive for SARS-CoV-2.
- Follow local, state and federal reporting guidelines in cooperation with the local and state health departments. 2

# General health safety actions for staff and students

# Screening prior to school entry

- According to CDC guidance dated June 3, 2020, for K-12 schools and childcare, "Schools and childcare programs are not expected to screen children, students or staff to identify cases of COVID-19. If a community (or more specifically, a school) has cases of COVD-19, local health officials will help identify those individuals and follow up on next steps."12
- potential crowding in lines and delayed entry and start times. In addition, temperature screening in Temperature screening of students upon arrival to school is not recommended and would cause young children is not a reliable screen as fever is present in  $\sim 50\%$  of infected children. $^{12}$ 2
- essential that students and staff who have symptoms of illness at school be recognized, removed While routine general screening for all students and staff is not recommended by the CDC, it is from the classroom and sent home as soon as possible 3
- Teachers and staff should be provided with education and information on the symptoms of COVID-19 in children so that appropriate and timely recognition may take place if a student develops symptoms during the school day. 4.
- exclusion policies for symptomatic students and staff should be implemented and enforced. 5
- Families should be empowered by placing the responsibility of screening on the parent/caregiver. receive clear communication on expectations of self-monitoring and the expectations of students Families should be provided a checklist for daily screening prior to school entry. Families should staying at home if they have a positive screen. 6.
- Examples of screening tools and questions ζ.
- Missouri Hospital Association https://www.mhanet.com/mhaimages/COVID-ScreeningForm.pdf 19/ a.
- /www.coronavirus.kdheks.gov/DocumentCenter/View/1229/COVID-19-Employee-Kansas Department of Health and Environment Health-Screening-Form--PDF---5-20-20 https:/ b.
- Phone applications such as Apple COVID-19 Application or UnitedHealth ProtectWell App Ċ.



As the information regarding SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) is rapidly evolving, KCWK intends for this to be a working document.

Recommendations will require updates as new evidence emerges. This document is updated as of **July 8, 2020** 

- Staff should also use a self-screening survey/checklist prior to coming to work and should stay home if they have a positive screen.  $\dot{\infty}$
- Consider posting a self-screening checklist at each entry point to the school. a,
- Testing and return-to-school guidelines should be determined in conjunction with the local and state health department recommendations. b.

# Limit non-essential visitors

- Strictly decrease the number of non-essential visitors on campus.
- Limit parent entry by modifying drop-off and pick-up procedures.

2

- Consider staggered drop-off and pick-up times to decrease the number of parents/caregivers on the schoolgrounds at any one time. 3.
- physically present at school, such as making masks and signs to promote health and safety and Encourage parent volunteerism and involvement in ways that do not require the parent to be helping teachers through home volunteer assignments.
- Utilize a parent portal to promote strong communication between parents and teachers through alternative and non-face-to-face conversations. ъ.
- Develop modified return-to-school procedures to limit the number of students, parents and families in the school. 6.
- Consider virtual, online or telephone enrollment.

a,

- significantly reduce the number of people in the school for enrollment events at one time. Organize staggered in-person enrollment with risk mitigation strategies in place to b.
- Consider virtual "Meet Your Teacher" events.

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- Modify parent/student/teacher conference protocols, Consider virtual conference formats Γ.
- alternative strategies to community-building and fund-raising that limit gathering of individuals and Limit all non-essential school-based events and outside events that use school property. Consider comply with physical distancing recommendations.  $\dot{\infty}$

# Promoting hand-hygiene practices

- hygiene, either with soap and water or with hand sanitizer containing at least 60% alcohol, is critical transmission. Viral shedding can also occur prior to symptom onset. Therefore, routine proper hand Respiratory viruses, including SARS-CoV-2, are primarily spread through respiratory droplet lessen the transmission of SARS-CoV-2and is one of the most effective methods to prevent spread. 13-15 ij
- students and staff should receive proper hand hygiene education and guidance that is consistent with their age and developmental skills. All 2
- Hands should be washed with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. a,
- all competence is demonstrated by the student. Hand sanitizer should contain at least 60% alcohol. Cover Consider supervised hand washing as developmentally appropriate until surfaces of hands and rub them together until they feel dry. b.
- student or staff coughs or sneezes into their hand, they then should wash hands or use hand sanitizer immediately afterward. ن
- Students and staff should be encouraged to cough or sneeze into their shirt sleeve. ф.



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- e. Hands should be washed after touching masks.
- The preferred method of hand drying is the use of single-use disposable paper towels rather than electric air-based hand dryers. 16 3
- 4. Consider incentives for good hand-washing behaviors for children.
- Hand sanitizer containing at least 60% alcohol should be readily available and easily visible for students and staff at each entry point of the school, as well as upon entry to each classroom. ъ.
- Formal education for all students and staff on limiting face touching and avoiding touching eyes, nose and mouth as much as possible. Education should be age appropriate and in a positive, non-judging 6.
- Age appropriate signage should be displayed throughout the school and classrooms as visual reminders for hand hygiene. ζ.
- Consider having routine hand hygiene breaks with hand sanitizer throughout the day in addition to the use upon school entry, prior to meals/snacks, following toileting or following cough/sneeze.  $\dot{\infty}$

# Masking/face shields/partitions:

detailed below. The CDC recommends use of non-medical grade cloth face coverings in public settings where accordance with current CDC recommendations, we recommend mask requirements for school systems as decrease all risk of viral transmission, but in addition to other mitigation efforts, masks can further reduce Due to the risk of SARS-CoV-2 transmission from asymptomatic and presymptomatic individuals, and in transmission of SARS-CoV-2 in a school or building. Other mitigation efforts include physical distancing, other physical distancing measures are difficult to maintain.<sup>17</sup> Using a non-medical grade mask will not effective hand hygiene, and routine cleaning and disinfecting. <sup>13-15,17</sup>

students or adults that are unaware that they are sick but may be at risk of spreading their infection to others Masks are more effective at decreasing transmission of viral particles when worn by the infected individual by decreasing the number of viral particles that they expel while coughing, sneezing, touching their face or performing other activities. This is especially important if there are asymptomatic or presymptomatic prior to the start of their symptoms.

and partitions. Face shields and partitions may substantially reduce the short-term exposure of individuals to we must balance the risk of viral transmission with the ability to provide a quality education to all children in transmission in conjunction with the use of masks as described below and by themselves as an alternative to correctly and not frequently manipulated. Wearing a well-fitting mask may also decrease the viral load of an the state of Kansas, which is also important for each student's long-term health and well-being. Face shields efficacy of cloth, non-medical grade masks. There is also very limited evidence on the efficacy of face shields and partitions may improve compliance and should be considered as a strategy for a barrier to viral droplet addition to a medical-grade mask in a health care setting and may not be as effective when used alone. Still, large infectious aerosol particles from a cough or sneeze, but smaller particles can remain airborne longer exposure to an individual when somebody near them coughs or sneezes. Still, there is limited data on the Masks potentially decrease high-risk touches to the face and inoculation of mucous membranes if worn and flow around the face shield or partition and are more easily inhaled. <sup>18</sup> Face shields are best used in a mask.

### Students

to be "super spreaders" or even significantly transmit SARS-CoV-2 to their peers and adults. Pre-K to 5th/6th grade - It is unlikely that children less than 12 years of age are at high risk likely increase disruption from education without providing a significant reduction in viral effective mask placement without manipulating the mask is low. 13 Masks in this age group 11 When children less than 12 years old are asked to wear masks, strict compliance to a,



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transmission. It may also lead to increased high-risk touches to face, which can increase the risk of transmission. We recommend that students less than 12 years old (pre-K-5th/6th grade) should not be required to wear a mask at school.

### Exceptions:

- Symptomatic or sick students should wear child-appropriate masks while in school and in the nurse's station awaiting parent pickup.
- masks if recommended by a primary care physician and developmentally Students with specific medical conditions may be encouraged to wear appropriate. 2
- Students whose family provides and prefers their student(s) wear masks. The school should not be responsible for assuring mask compliance.
- Kansas, there are many different arrangements of students aged 10-12 based on their school highest grade, it is reasonable to consider not requiring masks for 6th graders in that school. to treat these schools based on the safest and most effective masking policy for the students 6th-8th should require masks for all students. However, in schools in which 6th grade is the other districts have intermediate schools for only grades 5th-6th. It is our recommendation in that school. Under our recommendation, all traditional middle schools that hold grades ouilding. For example, some schools have pre-K through 12th grade in one building while - Among the many districts and school systems throughout the state of Middle school b.
- should be required to wear a mask. All teachers and staff should wear masks or face shields and high-risk staff should consider face shields in addition to mask in order to protect <u> High school</u> - Students older than 12 years old who have the developmental capability themselves. ن
- Consider mask breaks when students are outside and physically distanced .\_:

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- Provide or encourage students to bring paper sacks to store their masks in when not being worn (food and beverage breaks, mask breaks, etc.) :::
- between these age groups (exceptions can be made for sibling groups or students residing in efforts should be made to limit interactions between the traditional elementary grades with In schools that contain elementary students and also students greater than 12 years old, all students by decreasing shared spaces to limit interactions and use of objects and fomites the middle school and high school grade students, as well as physically separating these the same household). Ь.
- Education should be provided on proper wearing techniques, compliance and manipulation, and minimizing high-risk face touches. i.
- Age appropriate signage should be displayed throughout the school and classrooms as visual reminders for masking. Ŧ.
- All symptomatic students and staff must be masked until they have left the campus. فع
- Consider a student mask laundering program if facilities/resources are available. h.
- have on students at risk for truancy, behavior problems and poor academic achievement and School system should think critically about the effect that a universal masking program may develop non-punitive ways to enforce universal mask use without harming the student's social and academic development.



- unable to be performed while using a mask. (e.g. speech and language pathology sessions, Specialty masks with a clear window or face shields may be helpful when education is English speakers of other languages, classroom read alouds, etc.). .<u>.</u>
- should have a supply of cloth or disposable adult-sized masks to provide to adults that do not have should be required to wear masks or face shields when they enter elementary school. The school Staff, adults, school visitors, vendors - We recommend that all adults and visitors ≥ 12 years old their own mask on entering the building. 2
- mask and/or a face shield for improved protection from viral transmission on a case-by-case basis, <u>High-risk students and adults</u> - Students, families and staff should consider utilization of wearing a discussed with their primary care physician. 3
- when in the nurse's office. Also consider the increased usage of the school nurse during this time and adults, but if they are showing symptoms, increased caution should be used. They should be directed seating locations and partitions. Symptomatic students and adults should wear masks or face shields ways to mitigate spread of symptomatic students and adults while in this location, such as distanced nurses should have appropriate PPE available (masks, gown, gloves, eye protection) to protect them to the nurse's office immediately. School officials should examine their nursing office and consider consider increasing the overall space, seating, supplies and resources for the school nurse. School Nurse's office - Students with symptoms of COVID-19 may be less likely to spread the virus than from students or staff who become ill and symptomatic at school.
- While there is evidence supporting that face shields used alone are inferior to medical grade masks <sup>18</sup>, participating in classroom instruction that is unable to be performed while using a mask. (e.g. speech there is a paucity of literature comparing the use of face shields alone to non-medical grade masks. It language instruction, and for those who rely on nonverbal communication to learn. Each school and and language pathology sessions, English speakers of other languages, classroom read alouds, etc.). school district should consider alternative methods to ensure the safety of students and staff while Face shield and partitions - Masking can interfere with direct education, especially for speech and is reasonable to consider the use of face shields alone when masking interferes with speech and language instruction. ъ.

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- Partitions and physical barriers may be helpful in areas such as reception and employee workspaces where adherence to physical distancing may be difficult.
- Partitions and physical barriers can be used in addition to masks in areas that may be highrisk for viral transmission. b.

## Physical distancing:

each day and each week and to decrease the amount of "close contacts" with others as defined by the CDC and exposure to others if someone in the school has SARS-CoV-2, and hopefully decrease the transmission of the minutes starting from two days before illness onset (or, for asymptomatic clients, two days prior to positive specimen collection) until the time the patient has completed isolation. 19,20 This would decrease the overall virus. However, physical distancing in schools for young children may not be practical and may be harmful. Effort should be made to decrease the number of people that each student and staff interacts with during KDHE. A close contact is defined as someone who was within six feet of an infected person for at least 10 Close interactions are important for normal development. Suggestions for physical distancing include:



- Ensure that schools meet the state and federal guidance on the amount of space (square feet per student) and attempt to exceed these spacing recommendations.
- Classrooms should be arranged in an effort to maximize the amount of space between students by spacing desks, tables, centers and seating. 2
- Arrange desks 3-6 feet apart whenever feasible.
- If possible, all students should face the same direction. b.
- Teacher workspace and teaching area should maintain 6 feet from students whenever possible unless it is disruptive of the educational process. ن
- Work toward smaller class sizes and consider the use of alternative grouping of students into cohorts with fewer students per educator to be able to increase the physical space between students.
- Efforts should be made to decrease shared spaces among students, especially students who may not and shared spaces by grade level or classes to decrease exposure to other students or fomites from typically interact with each other during the school day. Consider designating hallways, restrooms these shared spaces.
- Minimize large gatherings and assemblies. Assembly content can be broadcasted to the home rooms as an alternative to large gatherings. 5
- Decrease use of shared spaces such as staff break rooms. 6.
- contact sports. Shared equipment should be avoided and if not avoidable should be cleaned between Encourage and continue modified sports and physical education classes. These activities should be modified according to available protocols with special consideration given to modification of highuses and at the conclusion of the activity. Γ.
- Modify student clubs, meetings, conferences, staff meetings and other similar events so that they can comply with physical distancing standards, decrease close contact exposure. Conduct meetings virtually as much as possible.  $\dot{\infty}$

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- students in school. This may also allow students to retain employment while gaining credit if they are may increase the graduation rate for students who may be at risk of dropping out of school, as well as Consider alternative-credit programs to decrease the number of students in high school buildings to grade students to gain high school credits for non-school activities with specific requirements. This improve physical distancing. Consider programs such as a "school flex program" for 11th and 12th possibly decreasing the density of students in high schools and aiding with physical distancing of helping to support their families during economic recession. 9.
- Student movement 10.
- Modify hallway "passing" periods to limit the number of students interacting in the hallway at one time. a.
- Consider designating one-way hallways during passing periods

.\_:

- Consider designating "lanes" in the hallway to direct the movement and of students in hallways. :=
- Eliminate or modify locker usage and assignment to reduce the need for hallway use in multiple areas of the building. b.
- Consider assigning lockers by student cohort.



- where students are not required to carry an unreasonable number of books and Mitigate harm to students who don't have access to locker by developing plans supplies throughout the day and between home and school. :=
- Modify student movement and out-of-classroom transitions to decrease exposures to other students. This can include having special classes such as non-vocal music and art in their home classroom. ن:
- Consider keeping students in the same classroom from class to class and have teachers move from room to room to decrease risk of transmission during passing periods and avoid students sitting at multiple desks throughout the course of the day. ਰ
- Consider having teachers teach more than one class for the same group of students to minimize contacts for both students and teachers. Ġ.
- Allow students to have "stretch breaks" in the classroom between class periods. Ŧ.

### 1. Meals

a,

- Hand hygiene should be performed prior to eating.
- Consider alternatives to traditional school cafeteria meals to decrease the possibility of viral transmission Ь.
- c. Decrease shared usage of high-traffic areas such as cafeterias.
- Consider having students eat breakfast and lunch in their classrooms or having lunch break outdoors, as weather permits, rather than gathering in the cafeteria. d.
- Consider staggered lunch periods to minimize the number of students present at once ė.
- f. Discourage sharing of food or drinks among students.

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- Discourage buffet-style serving, salad bars, and "grab-and-go" snack and beverage coolers. ьio
- Discontinue off-campus lunch periods (or open lunch policies) to limit exposure of students to others outside of the school. þ.
- Refer to CDC guidance on "What School Nutrition Professionals and Volunteers at Schools Need to Know" about COVID-19.21 .**.**:

# 12. Recess and outdoor activities

- Recess, structured and unstructured play, and physical activity are important to the physical and mental health of students. These activities should be encouraged with modifications. a,
- Cohort students and stagger recess periods to limit the number of students interacting together during recess at one time. þ.
- Students should perform hand hygiene prior to and following outdoor play periods. ن.
- Physical distancing should not be required for outdoor activities such as recess. ά.
- If community spread of SARS-CoV-2 is high, consider avoiding the use of shared playground equipment. e.

### Water Fountains

It is important for students to have access to water for hydration throughout the school day. However, public consider alternatives to public water fountains for providing access to drinking water to students and staff. water fountains are high risk for transmission of respiratory and gastrointestinal viruses. Schools should



- Utilize personal reusable water bottles with bottle filling stations around the school instead of fountains.  $\forall$
- Partner with parent teacher organizations/associations (PTO/A) to provide reusable water Consider adding reusable water bottles as an essential school item on student supply lists. bottles to students. a,
- Consider disposable paper cups at water filling stations if reusable water bottles are not available. Ъ.
- bottle filling stations. This should include strict education, signage and regulation that these water If there are no bottle filling stations available, then consider turning existing water fountains into fountains should not be used for direct drinking. ς
- If other options are available, consider turning off, removing or covering water fountains to prevent use. 3

# Cohort students and staff

Cohort students and staff to Jimit the mixing of students or staff and reduce the number of close contacts and decrease the risk of exposure if an infection occurs. Emphasis should be placed on cohorting students and staff at all grade levels to prevent cross exposure.

- Consider the following areas to implement cohorting:
- a. Core and elective classes
- b. Lockers and hallways
- c. Lunchrooms
- d. Restrooms

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- e. Safety drills
- Use outdoor space when possible

2.

connected, and have a trusted adult and peer in their assigned cohort. This may require flexibility Work with teachers/counselors/staff/students/parents to ensure that students feel safe, well early in the process to ensure these goals are met. 3

# Cleaning and disinfection

transmitted by touching a contaminated surface and then touching mucous membranes such as the mouth, document. There is risk of SARS-CoV-2 transmission from fomites in the school environment such as hightouch surfaces, shared equipment, writing utensils, tables and desks, among other objects. The virus is Detailed recommendations for environmental cleaning and disinfection are beyond the scope of this nose, eyes. A regular and detailed cleaning protocol may decontaminate surfaces.

- SARS-CoV-2 has been detected on a variety of surfaces and it is possible that infection can occur by touching contaminated surfaces and then touching one's eyes, nose or mouth. H;
- Develop a specific standard of excellence for cleaning and disinfection of each school within the state of Kansas. ς.
- Consider partnering with the County Health Department to establish the oversight team for effective Establish an oversight team to ensure that all schools are meeting the above standard of excellence. cleaning and disinfecting. 3.
- Emphasis should be placed on cleaning and disinfection of high-touch surfaces (door handles, sinks, faucet handles, light switches, bathrooms, handrails, etc.). 4.



- Consider elimination of high-touch surfaces rather than frequent cleaning. Consider leaving classroom doors open to eliminate the need for touching door handles. ъ.
- Develop safe and effective routines for cleaning and disinfection of toys and equipment between student uses (computer equipment, shared art supplies, shared play or gym equipment, etc.) 6.
- a. Promote handwashing before and after use of shared equipment.
- Utilize computer keyboard covers to facilitate cleaning between users b.
- 7. Please see CDC and KDHE guidance for more information:

a.

- https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/clean-disinfect/index.html
- https://www.coronavirus.kdheks.gov/DocumentCenter/View/991/Cleaning-and-Disinfecting-Your-Business-PDF---4-29-2020 b.

### Ventilation

district facilities leadership should consider updates to their fuel and energy conservation policies to conform to ASHRAE indoor air quality standards as well as the ASHRAE updated recommendations for air quality for Detailed recommendations for environmental ventilation are beyond the scope of this document. School schools and universities for COVID-19.22

- with functioning exterior windows as an option for decreasing airborne transmission and improving School facilities and operations teams should address options for intermittent airings for schools air quality within schools and classrooms.
- Weather permitting, the use of outdoor environments and opening of windows should be encouraged to improve air quality and ventilation. 2
- Specific attention should be placed on school ventilation and air conditioning maintenance to improve efficiency of the system and air quality 3

# Staff training of health and safety protocols

- All staff should receive adequate training on all health and safety protocols.  $\forall$
- All safety protocols should be easily accessible for staff to review as needed. 2
- Visual signage of various safety measures may assist in reinforcement and reminders.

## Contingency planning

- planning to maintain their ability to provide effective education and a safe and healthy environment In these unprecedented times, schools and school districts should undergo extensive contingency for students and staff, despite likely interruptions to the typical school day and variable staff
- Concider having a dietrict /cchool committee that can meet virtually to handle contingencies  $\sim$

- Due to the high prevalence of dyslexia, online education should include resources with read aloud/video instructions. 3
- Specific accommodations should be made for students with individualized education plans (IEP) and 504 plans during continual distance learning. 4
- Districts should support students and parents from households where English is not the primary language to be able to maximize academic achievement during continual distance learning. ъ.
- online learning. Coordinate within the community to achieve improved access. Consider partnership Develop strategies to provide internet access to students to maximize connectivity for continuous with community buildings, restaurants, churches and/or clinics to allow for open access to Wi-Fi networks. 6.
- The move to continual distance learning in spring 2020 led to sharp increases in incidents of internet and Wichita Police Department Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force report large increases in is a serious health risk to our community, when students are forced to navigate the online world with child exploitation in Kansas and nationwide. The National Center for Missing and Exploited Children enticement of children for sex acts and unsolicited obscene material sent to a child. While COVID-19 the number of reports made by CyberTip lines as well as electronic service providers such as child pornography, child sex tourism, child sex trafficking, child sexual molestation (non-family), online limited supervision, they are at risk of dangers that may leave long-term psychological impacts on themselves and the community.<sup>23</sup> Recommendations include: ~
- Provide developmentally appropriate education to parents and students of all age groups about risks of unsupervised internet use and ways to guard against these risks during distance learning. a.
- Train teachers and staff working with students through online learning platforms to be able to identify red flags, risk factors and warning signs of child exploitation and guard against Ъ.

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- Utilize appropriate safeguards on school-owned devices to limit student access to high risk online activity. Consider making safeguards available to parents for use on student-owned devices. ن
- Offer mental health support to students in online continual learning programs. <del>ن</del>
- Use consistent learning platforms within districts to limit the variability in accessed websites between sibling/household groups for education. Limit assignments requiring students to "link-out" from this platform. Ŀ
- Partner with primary care physicians to educate children and parents on media safety.

# Children with special health care needs

- Students who have chronic and/or complex medical conditions or are immunosuppressed and at risk for more serious illness from other infections may also have more serious illness with COVID-19.24
- show these children are not at higher risk of contracting infection but may be at higher risk of Registries of children with congenital heart disease, cancer and inflammatory bowel disease severe infection or adverse outcomes if they do become infected.<sup>24</sup> ςi
- that most of these students can attend school. This should be a shared decision between the As there is not convincing data at this time to suggest that the medical risk of these children from SARS-CoV-2 is different from the risk of other respiratory viruses, it is recommended student's family, their primary medical team and the school. ω.



- Work with parents and the student's primary care physicians to develop a safe, individualized school reentry plan for students with special health care needs on a case-by-case basis. 4.
- Staff should receive specialized training in providing care for children and youth with special health care needs such as transfers, toileting, diapering, feeding that may require additional and cleaning/disinfecting. ъ.

# Social and emotional support

Students: Since Kansas school closure in March 2020, children have been at an increased risk of experiencing trauma, exploitation, hunger, family stress, domestic violence, abuse and, anxiety. They may be grieving the loved ones from COVID-19 and grieving missed experiences.<sup>23, 25-28</sup> loss of

- Mental health support should be available to all students to help them cope with stress from the pandemic and be ready to learn.
- Administrators and educators should facilitate ways for students to identify trusted adults that can serve as a mentor to them through this academic year.
- School districts should be proactive in responding to the social and emotional well-being of their students. Recommendations include: ω.
- Trauma-informed care training for all teachers and staff.

Resource: https://www.nctsn.org/

De-escalation training for all teachers and staff. b.

Resource: http://www.livesinthebalance.org/educators-schools

- Increase the number and availability of mental health professionals in schools including options provided by telemedicine. ن
- Streamlined referral process for students and staff who require professional mental health services (e.g. students with suicidal ideation, significant trauma). ġ.
- Confidential options for students to ask for support services.
- Students undergoing transition years (grades 5 to 6, 8 to 9, 11 to 12) may have had to make decisions access to the usual information or services. It is important to have program flexibility for the first few regarding special programs or classes, registration or other educational options without having months of the year to allow for schedule changes. 4.
- hardships. Schools should develop outreach plans for students who do not return to school and when The COVID-19 Pandemic has exacerbated socioeconomic and emotional hardships that students and families face. It is expected that frequent changes, new procedures and ongoing uncertainty has and will continue to increase anxiety and stress in children, especially those who have a prior history of mental health conditions or trauma. Schools should be prepared for students who do not return to able and appropriate, intervene and provide accommodations to support students and families school due to social and emotional difficulties, poverty, food insecurity, homelessness or other experiencing these hardships. ъ.
- Increased educational support services should be available to identify and remediate any learning gaps that may have occurred during school closures. 6.
- Pre-pandemic education focuses should continue including bullying recognition and prevention, social emotional character development, dyslexia screening and intervention, among others. ζ.

staff and the additional stress and anxiety that comes with reopening of schools. Teachers and staff will have Staff: School districts and officials must recognize the continual impact that the pandemic may be having on



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family upon returning to work. Support resources should be available to assist with staff mental health needs mitigate SARS-CoV-2 transmission. Staff may also be worried about their own wellbeing or wellbeing of their new expectations as they educate students in new ways and implement new policies and procedures to as they return to work.

### Communication:

trusted source. Develop communication strategies that consider the needs of students, families, staff and the During uncertain times, students, family and staff will benefit from regular and clear communication from a community and delivers accurate information in an organized manner,

### Attendance

- KSDE should consider attendance requirement relief to decrease penalties for lower attendance to decrease the pressure on students and families to attend school if having signs of a viral infection.
- Distance learning attendance alternatives should be provided to help meet some requirements if there are prolonged exclusions from school to ensure continued educational growth. 2
- Discontinue awards for perfect attendance.

### Vaccinations

ω.

- Recommend strict compliance with KDHE Kansas School Immunization Requirements.  $\vdash$
- Recommend improved functionality and compliance of Kansas Immunization Registry. 2
- Recommend that all students and staff have the influenza immunization by the end of October unless medically contraindicated.
- Partner with the Health Department or local clinics to provide onsite immunization drives and incentives to improve the rate of influenza immunization among students and staff. a,

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- Work with local primary care physicians, pharmacies, immediate care clinics, and other immunization providers to keep up to date student immunization records. b.
- Recommend strong consideration for programs or incentives to encourage staff to obtain a SARS-CoV-2 immunization when a safe and effective immunization is made available. 4.
- incentives to improve the rate of SARS-CoV-2 immunization among students and staff when Partner with the Health Department to provide onsite SARS-CoV-2 immunization drive and available. a,
- Work with local primary care physicians to update student health records. þ.

# Preparticipation physicals:

- Students should continue to see their primary care physician for annual physical checkups and immunizations. Schools should require the same start-of-school medical paperwork and preparticipation physicals should still take place.
- Some primary care offices have been affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, which may lead to delayed appointments or completion of these requirements and if that is the case, then schools may consider extending deadlines for paperwork to ensure that students are able to attend school without a prolonged delay. 2



# School-based co- and extracurricular activities

development, mitigation of other risk behaviors and building of resiliency in students. We encourage students advises against continuing participation in moderate and high-risk activities unless modified. We encourage to continue to participate in these activities. However, with the risk of SARS-CoV-2 transmission, KCWK KCWK understands the value of extra- and co-curricular activities in social and emotional character schools to consider the following information in their school activities planning.

- Assemblies: Large group assemblies should be avoided. Use alternate ways to share information such as broadcasting content for assemblies through homerooms.
- Fields Trips: Limit all fields trips and non-essential travel for students and staff. If field trips or travel occurs, participants should comply with recommendations from local health officials as well as the CDC, KDHE and health and safety recommendations described above.
- Spectators should be limited to sporting events and performances so that physical distancing can be practiced effectively.

### Choir: 4.

- Singing is considered a high-risk activity as high rates of transmissions have been documented among grouped singers. a.
- In communities of sustained infections, in-person choir rehearsals should not resume, and virtual singing rehearsals should be considered. b.
- spaces (cafeteria/gym) or outside when able to allow for physical distancing between choir If communities do not have sustained spread, rehearsals should be conducted in larger nembers. Ċ

### Band: ς.

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a,

- Playing of brass and woodwind instruments is considered high-risk activity.
- Playing stringed and percussion instruments would be less of a risk. b.
- Consider ability for marching band to obey six-foot physical distancing formation. Ċ.
- (cafeteria/gym) or outside when able to allow for physical distancing between band Rehearsals involving higher risk instruments should be conducted in larger spaces ф.

### Sports 3.

- Sports Medicine Advisory Committee document titled "Guidance for opening up high school athletics and activities." 29 Consider recommendations from the National Federation of State High School Associations a.
- Efforts should focus on skill training rather than competition for this season b.
- If competition resumes, limit competition to specific geographical areas, such as within the same district or county, and promote intramural play for students who may not otherwise participate in sports to encourage social/emotional/character development and decrease Ċ.
- Efforts should be taken to minimize communing in locker rooms. <del>ن</del>



- A student who is febrile and/or showing symptoms should be excluded from participation in extracurricular activities, including practices, with parental notification of fever. Return to school and return to play should be determined per recommendations above. ė.
- If a student is febrile while offsite for a school sponsored activity, measures should be taken to isolate the student and transport home in a safe way to limit exposure to other students and staff. f.
- Risk stratification<sup>29</sup> فع

"Weightlifting – If low intensity (low weight, high reps) this can be considered low risk; if high intensity weightlifting requiring a spotter, this creates increased risk and should be considered a high risk activity.

- \*\*Denotes activities that could be lower risk if appropriate cleaning of equipment is done and masks are utilized by participants when recommended:
- Low Risk: Activities that can be done with physical distancing or individually with no sharing of equipment or ability to clean equipment in between use.
- Individual running events/cross country running (staggered starts)
- Throwing events
- Swimming (individual) 3
- Golf 4.
- \*Weightlifting

5.

Sideline cheer

9

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- Band (without aerosolization instruments) ζ.
- Board gaming activities (where exchange of equipment can be cleaned Video gaming 9  $\dot{\infty}$

between participants)

- equipment to reduce respiratory particles OR intermittent close contact OR group Moderate risk: Close contact between participants but ability to wear protective sports OR sports with equipment that cannot be cleaned between participants: :::
- \*\*Baseball
- \*\*Volleyball
- \*\*Softball 3
- \*\*Tennis 5

\*\*Gymnastics

4.

- \*\*Pole vault 6.
- \*\*High jump/\*\*long jump
- Basketball  $\dot{\infty}$
- Soccer 6
- Water polo 10.
- Ice or field hockey 11.



- Swimming relays 12.
- Crew rowing 13.
- 7-on-7 football 14.
- High risk: Close contact between participants and high likelihood of respiratory particle transmission without significant protective barriers: Ξ
- Football Ų.
- Lacrosse 2
- Basketball 3.
- Competitive cheer 4.
- Dance 5
- Wrestling 6.
- High-intensity weightlifting requiring a spotter
- KCWK recommends against resuming high risk activities unless significant modifications are made. ij.
- Mask wearing during extracurricular activities:

þ.

- Masks should be worn by children ≥ 12 years old who are participating in sports when they are not undergoing intense activity (masks should be worn when sitting on the bench or in the locker room).
- Coaches, officials, staff and contest personnel are highly recommended to wear masks and practice physical distancing. :::

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- Officials should utilize other means of noisemakers/alarms besides traditional whistles.  $\Xi$
- spectating at extracurricular events are highly recommended to wear masks and practice physical distancing. Adults and children ≥ 12 years old ï.

# Closure of school if high level of community or school-wide transmission

and/or sustained transmission within the community. If there is deemed to be substantial transmission as widespread and/or sustained transmission among students and/or staff at the school level or widespread in accordance with local and state health officials, develop emergency plans for school closure if there is defined by large-scale community transmission, then the school or district should consider closure for period of 1-2 weeks or longer based on local transmission.30

- If local health officials determine that there is substantial transmission of SARS-CoV-2, then they will provide guidance to administrators on the best course of action for childcare programs and schools.
- During extended school dismissals, extracurricular group activities, school-based programs and events should be discontinued. ۲i
- In the event of an unexpected or prolonged school closure, school systems should implement strategies to continue to: 3

Educate students through distance-learning formats.

a,

- Provide meals to students. b.



- . Provide essential services to students.
- d. Provide therapies to students in a distance-therapy format.
- e. Provide mental health services to students.
- Provide IEP/504 services to the best of the school's ability.

# Transportation recommendations

- STARTS taskforce: Consider Student Transportation Aligned for Return to School Task Force recommendations regarding student transportation.31
- 2. Transportation options:
- Districts should continue to provide transportation to and from school to students although parents should be encouraged to transport when able. This may reduce the number of students on each bus route and help physical distancing on buses. a,
- Consider flexible payment structures for transportation to encourage parents to transport students on days that they are able. b.
- Consider cohorting students to specific busses in order to limit the number of people with whom each student comes in contact. ن

## 3. Driver protection:

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- Driver should establish a safe zone surrounding self, for instance, no students sit in the first two rows of seats. Consider additional protective barrier such as plexiglass. a.
- b. Driver must wear a mask while transporting students.
- c. Driver's window should remain open if weather permits.

### Hand hygiene:

4.

- a. All buses should have hand sanitizer stations at the bus entry.
- All students should use hand sanitizer upon entering the bus and again upon departure of the bus. b.

# 5. Masking and physical distancing:

- Students ≥12 years old should wear a mask while on the bus in accordance to above masking recommendations. a,
- where to sit.

Students should have assigned seats on the bus. Consider marking of seats so students know

b.

- Students should sit one to a seat unless they are siblings. Siblings can be assigned seats together. Ċ.
- If spacing allows, consider seating students every other row to ensure physical distancing. ď.
- e. Allow windows to be open when weather permits.

### 6. <u>Cleaning</u>: 32,33

- a. Review KSDE COVID-19 school bus cleaning information.<sup>33</sup>
- All drivers should receive training for proper disinfection of the school bus. Ь.



- c. Each school bus should be disinfected following each run.
- d. High touch surfaces should be disinfected routinely.
- Clean the floors first. Cleaning the floors may cause contaminants to become airborne and and on surfaces. By cleaning the floors first, these pathogens can then be wiped down. Ġ.
- Vacuum floors over mopping floors. Pathogens can build up on mop and then be easily spread.
- g. Door and windows should remain open while cleaning.
- Use gloves if required to touch surfaces contaminated by body fluids.



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As the information regarding SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19) is rapidly evolving, KCWK intends for this to be a working document.

Recommendations will require updates as new evidence emerges. This document is updated as of **July 8, 2020** 

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NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

### **Appendix D**





### Navigating Change 2020: Family Survey

As we plan for the 2020-2021 school year, we would like to better understand your willingness and concerns surrounding your child(ren)'s return to school. We value your opinion and we understand that families may be in different places with their comfort level at this time.

Please know that we will continue to consider and plan accordingly for health and safety as additional guidelines and guidance are provided to us. This will include, but is not limited to, social distancing, the possibility of the use of masks by students and staff. Health screenings by nurse or office personal. We will provide you with updates on these considerations as more information becomes available to us from national, state, and local health and education officials and organizations.

Please complete a separate form for each child in your family because your comfort level for one situation/setting might be different than another.

| Student's Name:   |  |  |   |
|---|--|--|---|
| Student's School:   |  |  |   |
| Parent/Guardian:  |  |  |   |
| Phone:  | Email:   |  |   |
| Should we receive guidance from loca<br>to return to school with cautionary me<br>returning for the 2020-2021 school ye | easures in place, will your child be                                 | regular basis?                                   | out your child returning to school on a     |
| Yes, I have no concerns Yes, but I have concerns  | No, but I could change my mind based on the safety measures in place | Totally comfortable Very comfortable Comfortable | A little comfortable Not at all comfortable |
| No, I do not feel it is safe for my child to return to school   | I'm not sure   |  |   |

### **APPENDIX**

APPENDIX D

| Which of the following would make you feel more comfortable with your child returning to school or work? Check all that apply.   | How comfortable are you with your child participating in a daily symptom check for school safety?   |
|--|---|
| Public or district transportation safety measures in place Improved cleaning before and after school starts Guidance from local providers or health officials Social distancing in classrooms Being contacted if a student, teacher, or staff member gets sick Sufficient personal protective equipment (e.g., masks, gloves) for students, staff, and teachers Daily individual health checks Sufficient reduction in local COVID-19 cases Continue remote learning environment as long as possible Expand testing and tracing of COVID-19 Require all students, teachers, and staff to wear masks None of the above Other: | Extremely comfortable  Somewhat comfortable  Neither comfortable nor uncomfortable  Somewhat uncomfortable  Extremely uncomfortable  I need more information about the daily symptom check to answer  What additional safety precautions would make you feel more comfortable about your child returning to school? |
|  |   |

### **APPENDIX**

| Which of the following learning options, if availal   | It is possible that we may need to  |  |
|---|---|--|
| On-site Learning Environment: students social distancing practices put into place.  | institute an alternative schedule to reduce the number of students in the classroom or on campus. Please select |  |
| <b>Hybrid Learning Environment:</b> students classroom and part of their time learning v  | which days your child would need to be at school.   |  |
| Remote Learning Environment: students would be doing all of their learning from home and not entering the school building at all. |   | Monday<br>Tuesday  |
| If remote learning is still required, please share your experience with remote learning during the spring semester of             | Which of the following best describes your household situation regarding wireless internet?                     | Wednesday<br>Thursday  |
| 2020. Check all that apply.   | I have access to wireless internet  | Friday   |
| I had little to no problems with connectivity, devices, or my child's learning  | I only have wireless internet access<br>by using a cell phone   | I am unable to accommodate an alternate schedule   |
| I was happy with the level of instruction my child received   | I do not have access to wireless internet   | Can you provide your own transportation to school if we are not                          |
| The number of hours my child spent on class work was appropriate  | It is possible that students may be able to attend daily on a staggered schedule.                               | able to provide bus service due to soci<br>distance and/or other health guideline<br>Yes |
| I was disappointed in the level of instruction my child received  | Please select which time slot works best for you.  8:00AM – 11:30 AM  | No   |
| The number of hours my child spent on class work was inappropriate  | 12:00PM – 3:30PM  | Additional questions, comments or concerns:  |
| My child was unable to do work remotely, as we do not have a computer or device   | 4:00PM – 7:00PM  I am unable to accommodate a staggered daily schedule  |  |
| My child had difficulty connecting  |   |  |

NAVIGATING CHANGE: KANSAS' GUIDE TO LEARNING AND SCHOOL SAFETY OPERATIONS

### **Appendix E**



### Navigating Change 2020: Staff Survey

Should we receive guidance from local health authorities that it is

As we plan for the 2020-2021 school year, we would like to better understand your willingness and concerns surrounding your return to school. We value your opinion and we understand that staff members may be in different places with their comfort level at this time.

Please know that we will continue to consider and plan accordingly for health and safety as additional guidelines and guidance are provided to us. This will include, but is not limited to, social distancing, the possibility of the use of masks by students and staff. Health screenings by nurse or office personal. We will provide you with updates on these considerations as more information becomes available to us from national, state, and local health and education officials ad organizations

Which of the following would make you feel more comfortable.

| safe to return to school with cautionary measures in place, will you be returning to your school or work site for the 2020-2021 school | returning to your school or work site? Check all that apply.                                     |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| rear?  | Improved cleaning before and after school starts   |  |  |
| Yes, I have no concerns  | Guidance from local providers or health officials  |  |  |
| Yes, but I have concerns   | Social distancing in classrooms  |  |  |
| No, I do not feel safe in returning to school  | Being contacted if a student, teacher, or staff member gets sick                                 |  |  |
| No, but I could change my mind based on the safety measures in place   | Sufficient personal protective equipment (e.g., masks, gloves) for students, staff, and teachers |  |  |
| I'm not sure   | Daily individual health checks   |  |  |
|  | Sufficient reduction in local COVID-19 cases   |  |  |
| How comfortable do you feel about returning to your school or work iite on a regular basis?  | Continue remote learning environment as long as possible   |  |  |
| Totally comfortable  | Expand testing and tracing of COVID-19   |  |  |
| Very comfortable   | Require all students, teachers, and staff to wear masks  |  |  |
| Comfortable  | None of the above  |  |  |
| A little comfortable   |  |  |  |
| Not at all comfortable   |  |  |  |

| How comfortable are you with participating in a daily symptom check for school safety? | Which of the following learning options, if available, would be your preference?   | It is possible that students may be able to attend daily on a staggered schedule. |
|--|--|---|
| Extremely comfortable  | On-site Learning Environment: students and teachers will be in school  | Please select which time slot works best for                                      |
| Somewhat comfortable   | with or without social distancing practices put into place.  | you.<br>8:00AM – 11:30 AM   |
| Neither comfortable nor uncomfortable  | Hybrid Learning Environment:   | 12:00PM – 3:30PM  |
| Somewhat uncomfortable   | students would be spending part of their time in the classroom and part of   | 4:00PM - 7:00PM   |
| Extremely uncomfortable  | their time learning virtually from home.   | Additional questions, comments or concerns:                                       |
| I need more information about the daily symptom check to answer                        | Remote Learning Environment: students would be doing all of their learning from home and not entering  | Additional questions, comments of concerns.                                       |
| What additional safety precautions would make you feel more comfortable about          | the school building at all.  |   |
| returning to school or work site?  | How comfortable are you with leading inperson instruction and physically supervising students in an on-site learning environment?  Totally comfortable Very comfortable A little comfortable Not at all comfortable Not at all comfortable  Which of the following best describes your household situation regarding wireless internet?  I have access to wireless internet I only have wireless internet access by using a cell phone I do not have access to wireless internet |   |

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Janet Waugh
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Michael Wheeler Teacher Pittsburg USD 250

Jessica Younker Nutrition Hays USD 489 **Special Thanks** 

KSDE extends its sincere appreciation to the nearly 500 Kansas educators who donated their time to review the competencies, assessment rubrics and instructional frameworks in order to identify the professional development educators will need as a result of the guidance. These recommendations are guiding the work of KSDE and Kansas education service centers to create professional learning that supports educators in the implementation of this guidance.

For more information, contact:

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