

Transitions¹

conjunction. Writers use transitions to signal how ideas relate in a text. Transitions connect words, phrases, and clauses in sentences. A common type of transition is a

and phrases below the headings (e.g., "so" and "until") are the words and phrases writers use to signal the relationship or connection. The headings at the top of the chart (e.g., cause and effect and sequence) are the most common relationships or connections that transitions signal. The words

Cause and Effect	Sequence	Under Certain Conditions	Addition	Contrast
Give a reason:	in the (first, second, etc.)	• unless	• and	• but
because	place/thing	either/neither	 in addition/additionally 	however
• since	initially/first of all/at first	• or/nor	 as well/also/too 	 although/even though
• as	secondly/thirdly/lastly	• when	 further/furthermore 	 despite/in spite of
owing to (the fact)	• then	so long as	 moreover 	• while
 due to (the fact that) 	subsequently	• if/then	 not only, but also 	whereas
in that	next	in the event that	• in fact	• unlike
	before	given that	 such as/like 	 on the other hand
Give a result:	after/afterwards	 provided that 	 in particular/particularly 	• yet
• so	• until	• even if	especially/notably	 but even so
therefore	previously	only if	 specifically 	instead
consequently/as a	at present	 on the condition 	including	actually
consequence	eventually	• in case	 for example/for instance 	 nevertheless/nonetheless
as a result	at last		 that is/in other words 	conversely
• thus	in the end		similarly	• still
• hence	finally		 in the same way 	 notwithstanding
for this reason			equally	 regardless
			likewise	besides

¹ This handout is adapted from https://msu.edu/~jdowell/135/transw.html which falls under a Creative Commons BY 3.0 license. Original authors are Gregory M. Campbell, Michael Buckhoff and John A. Dowell. http://www.english-at-home.com/grammar/linking-words/



"This is something that can't be done in bed", Gregor said to himself, "so don't keep trying to do it". would stretch itself out; and if he finally managed to do what he wanted with that leg, all the others seemed to be set free and would move about painfully. continuously moving in different directions, and which he was moreover unable to control. If he wanted to bend one of them, then that was the first one that especially as he was so exceptionally broad. He would have used his arms and his hands to push himself up; but instead of them he only had all those little legs Example: "It was a simple matter to throw off the covers; he only had to blow himself up a little and they fell off by themselves. But it became difficult after that,

well, at present, be the most sensitive." could gather, he chose the wrong direction, hit hard against the lower bedpost, and learned from the burning pain he felt that the lower part of his body might like; it turned out to be too hard to move; it went so slowly; and finally, almost in a frenzy, when he carelessly shoved himself forwards with all the force he The first thing he wanted to do was get the lower part of his body out of the bed, but he had never seen this lower part, and could not imagine what it looked

- And: "And" signals an addition. In this example, "and" is used to list the steps Gregor needs to take to remove his covers
- But: "But" indicates a contrast. In this example, "but" signals that the remaining steps are not as easy as removing his covers
- Especially: "Especially" signals an addition. In this example, "especially" indicates that his difficulties are even greater due to his wide size
- Moreover: "Moreover" signals an addition. In this example, "moreover" indicates that in addition to having more legs, Gregor cannot control them
- tell show the order of events as Gregor stretched out his legs. Then: "Then" signals a sequence or order and shows how the action or idea continues into the next clause or sentence. In this example, "then" is used to
- step to getting out of the bed The first thing: "The first thing" signals a beginning. In this example, "the first thing" signals getting the lower part of his body out of the bed is the first
- And finally: "And finally" signals a sequence or order and shows how the action or idea ends. In this example, "and finally" is used to tell what happens when Gregor gets his lower part of his body out of the bed
- At present: "At present" signals a sequence or order and shows what is happening right now. In this example, "at present" is used to tell the pain that Gregor is experiencing in the moment.