# Your Child at 2 Years\*

Child's Name Child's Age Today's Date



Milestones matter! How your child plays, learns, speaks, acts, and moves offers important clues about his or her development. Check the milestones your child has reached by age 2. Take this with you and talk with your child's doctor at every well-child visit about the milestones your child has reached and what to expect next.

## What Most Children Do by this Age:

#### Social/Emotional

- ☐ Copies others, especially adults and older children
- Gets excited when with other children
- ☐ Shows more and more independence
- ☐ Shows defiant behavior (doing what he has been told not to)
- ☐ Plays mainly beside other children, but is beginning to include other children, such as in chase games

#### Language/Communication

- ☐ Points to things or pictures when they are named
- ☐ Knows names of familiar people and body parts
- ☐ Says sentences with 2 to 4 words
- □ Follows simple instructions
- Repeats words overheard in conversation
- □ Points to things in a book

### Cognitive (learning, thinking, problem-solving)

- ☐ Finds things even when hidden under two or three covers
- □ Begins to sort shapes and colors
- ☐ Completes sentences and rhymes in familiar books
- □ Plays simple make-believe games
- □ Builds towers of 4 or more blocks
- ☐ Might use one hand more than the other
- ☐ Follows two-step instructions such as "Pick up your shoes and put them in the closet."
- □ Names items in a picture book such as a cat, bird, or dog

### Movement/Physical Development

- Stands on tiptoe
- Kicks a ball
- Begins to run
- $\ \square$  Climbs onto and down from furniture without help
- □ Walks up and down stairs holding on



- ☐ Throws ball overhand
- ☐ Makes or copies straight lines and circles

## You Know Your Child Best

Act early if you have concerns about the way your child plays, learns, speaks, acts, or moves, or if your child:

- Is missing milestones
- ☐ Doesn't use 2-word phrases (for example, "drink milk")
- ☐ Doesn't know what to do with common things, like a brush, phone, fork, spoon
- Doesn't copy actions and words
- □ Doesn't follow simple instructions
- Doesn't walk steadily
- □ Loses skills she once had

Tell your child's doctor or nurse if you notice any of these signs of possible developmental delay and ask for a developmental screening.

If you or the doctor is still concerned

- 1. Ask for a referral to a specialist and,
- Call your state or territory's early intervention program to find out if your child can get services to help. Learn more and find the number at cdc.gov/FindEl.

# DON'T WAIT. Acting early can make a real difference!



#### It's time for developmental screening!

At 2 years, your child is due for general developmental screening and an autism screening, as recommended for all children by the American Academy of Pediatrics. Ask the doctor about your child's developmental screening.



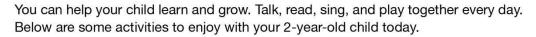
DeSoto Parish
Child Find: 318-872-6550 ext 2
Early Steps: 318-226-8038

CDC

Download CDC's Milestone Tracker App

Learn the Signs. Act Early.

## Help Your Child Learn and Grow





### What You Can Do for Your 2-Year-Old:

Encourage your child to help with simple chores at Help your child do puzzles with shapes, colors, or home, like sweeping and making dinner. Praise your farm animals. Name each piece when your child child for being a good helper. puts it in place. ☐ At this age, children still play next to (not with) each Encourage your child to play with blocks. Take turns other and don't share well. For play dates, give the building towers and knocking them down. children lots of toys to play with. Watch the children ☐ Do art projects with your child using crayons, paint, closely and step in if they fight or argue. and paper. Describe what your child makes and ☐ Give your child attention and praise when he follows hang it on the wall or refrigerator. instructions. Limit attention for defiant behavior. ☐ Ask your child to help you open doors and drawers Spend a lot more time praising good behaviors than and turn pages in a book or magazine. punishing bad ones. Once your child walks well, ask her to carry small Teach your child to identify and say body parts. things for you. animals, and other common things. Kick a ball back and forth with your child. When your Do not correct your child when he says words child is good at that, encourage him to run and kick. incorrectly. Rather, say it correctly. For example, "That is a ball." ☐ Take your child to the park to run and climb on equipment or walk on nature trails. Watch your Encourage your child to say a word instead of child closely. pointing. If your child can't say the whole word ("milk"), give her the first sound ("m") to help. Over time, you can prompt your child to say the whole sentence — "I want milk." Hide your child's toys around the room and let him

Milestones adapted from CARING FOR YOUR BABY AND YOUNG CHILD: BIRTH TO AGE 5, Fifth Edition, edited by Steven Shelov and Tanya Remer Altmann © 1991, 1993, 1998, 2004, 2009 by the American Academy of Pediatrics and BRIGHT FUTURES: GUIDELINES FOR HEALTH SUPERVISION OF INFANTS, CHILDREN, AND ADOLESCENTS, Third Edition, edited by Joseph Hagan, Jr., Judith S. Shaw, and Paula M. Duncan, 2008, Elk Grove Village, IL: American Academy of Pediatrics.

This milestone checklist is not a substitute for a standardized, validated developmental screening tool.



find them.

DeSoto Parish Child Find: 318-872-6550 ext 2 Early Steps: 318-226-8038

Learn the Signs. Act Early.





Centers for Disease Control and Prevention www.cdc.gov/actearly

1-800-CDC-INFO