ATTACHMENT 7

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Board's website at http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking-water/certlic/drinking-water/CCR.shtml)

| Wate | r Syste | m Name: | Kettleman City Elementary |
|----------------|----------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Wate | r Syste | em Number: _ | 1600048 |
| syste | m certi | ifies that the in | date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the nformation contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water. |
| Certi | fied by | : Name: | David East |
| | | Signatu | re: Je Mux Can |
| | | Title: | Superintendent |
| | | Phone N | Number: (559) 386-5702 Date: 6/26/18 |
| To su apply | mmar and fi | ize report deli III-in where ap | very used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete the below by checking all items that opropriate: |
| | CCR | was distributed | d by mail or other direct delivery methods. Specify other direct delivery methods used: |
| | "Good | d faith" efforts | were used to reach non-bill paying consumers. Those efforts included the following methods: |
| | X | Posting the C | CCR on the Internet at www.rsusd.org |
| | | Mailing the (| CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used) |
| | | Advertising t | the availability of the CCR in news media (attach copy of press release) |
| | | | of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, me of newspaper and date published) |
| | | Posted the C | CR in public places (attach a list of locations) |
| | | Delivery of a businesses, a | multiple copies of CCR to single-billed addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, nd schools |
| | | Delivery to o | community organizations (attach a list of organizations) |
| | | Other (attach | a list of other methods used) |
| | | ystems serving | at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following |
| | For p | rivately-owned | dutilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission |

2017Consumer Confidence Report

| Water System Name: | Kettle | eman City Elementary | Report | t Date: | June 26, 2018 | |
|--|---------|--|-------------|----------|-----------------|--------------------|
| | | ty for many constituents as required the period of January I - December | | d feder | al regulations. | This report shows |
| Este informe contiene in entienda bien. | nforma | ción muy importante sobre su agu | ıa potable. | Tradú | zcalo ó hable (| con alguien que lo |
| Type of water source(s) i | n use: | Groundwater | | | , | |
| Name & location of sour | ce(s): | Well #1 located at General Petroler | um Ave., Ke | ettleman | City, CA | |
| Drinking Water Source A | Assessn | nent information: Completed June | 2013, Avail | able at | KCEHS | |
| Time and place of regula | rly sch | eduled board meetings for public par | ticipation: | N/A; c | all to make app | pointment |
| For more information, co | ontact: | Patti Hernandez Noemi Cunn | ninghamph | one: (| 559)386-5702 | |
| | | TOTAL STORM THE TOTAL | DEDADE | | | |

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS): MCLs for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Variances and Exemptions: State Board permission to exceed an MCL or not comply with a treatment technique under certain conditions.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an *E. coli* MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

ND: not detectable at testing limit

ppm: parts per million or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

ppb: parts per billion or micrograms per liter (µg/L)

ppt: parts per trillion or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

ppq: parts per quadrillion or picogram per liter (pg/L)

pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the state Department of Public Health (Department) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Department regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The Department allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

| Microbiological Contaminants (complete if bacteria detected) | Highest No. of Detections | No. of months in violation | MCL | MCLG | Typical Source of Bacteria |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------|--------------------------------------|
| Total Coliform Bacteria | (In a mo.) | 2 | More than 1 sample in a month with a detection | 0 | Naturally present in the environment |
| Fecal Coliform or E. coli | (In the year) | 0 | A routine sample and a repeat sample detect total coliform and either sample also detects fecal coliform or <i>E. coli</i> | 0 | Human and animal fecal waste |
| E. coli (federal Revised Total Coliform Rule) | (from 4/1/16- 12/31/16) 0 | 0 | (a) | 0 | Human and animal fecal waste |

a) Routine and repeat samples are total coliform-positive and either is *E. coli*-positive or system fails to take repeat samples following *E. coli*-positive routine sample or system fails to analyze total coliform-positive repeat sample for *E. coli*.

| TABLE 2 - | TABLE 2 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|------------------------|-----|------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in the last sample set) | No. of samples collected | 90 th percentile level detected | No. sites exceeding AL | AL | PHG | Typical Source of Contaminant | | | | | |
| Lead (ppb) 6/15/17 | 5 | .008 | 0 | 15 | 2 | Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers; erosion of natural deposits | | | | | |
| Copper (ppm) 6/15/17 | 5 | 0.007 | 0 | 1.3 | 0.17 | Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives | | | | | |

| TABLE 3 – SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|-------------------|------------------------|------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL | PHG (MCLG) | Typical Source of Contaminant | | | | | |
| Sodium (ppm) | 10/2/17 | 188 | N/A | none | none | Salt present in the water and is generally naturally occurring | | | | | |
| Hardness (ppm) | 10/2/17 | 72.8 | N/A | none | none | Sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually naturally occurring | | | | | |

*Any violation of an MC or AL is asterisked. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL [MRDL] | PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG] | Typical Source of Contaminant |
|--|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Inorganic Contaminants | | | | | | |
| Arsenic (As) (ppb) Well 1 | 1/3/17 – 10/2/17 | 14.3 | 11 - 16 | 10 | 0.004 | Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, from glass and electronics production waste |
| Arsenic (As) (ppb) Arsenic Filter Stations | 1/3/17 – 12/22/17 | 0.12 | 0-3.8 | 10 | 0.004 | Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, from glass and electronics production waste |
| Cadmium (ppb) | 1/4/16 | 1.0 | N/A | 5 | 0.04 | Internal corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from electroplating and industrial chemical factories, and metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries and paints |
| Radioactive Contaminants | | | | | | |
| Total Radium 228 (pCi/L) | 10/7/15 | 0.71 | N/A | 2 | 0.019 | Erosion of natural deposits |
| (a) If reporting results for Ra-22 | 26 and Ra-2 | 28 as individ | ual constituents, | the PHG is 0 | .05 pCi/L for F | Ra-226 and 0.019 pCi/L for Ra-228. |
| Disinfection Byproducts, D | isinfectant | Residuals, | and Disinfect | ion Byprod | uct Precurso | rs |
| TTHMs (Total Trihalomethanes (ppb) Well 1 | 4/4/16 | 9.3 | N/A | 80 | N/A | By-product of drinking water disinfection |
| TTHMs (Total Trihalomethanes (ppb) Distribution site 901 | 6/6/16 | 3.2 | N/A | 80 | N/A | By-product of drinking water disinfection |
| Chlorine (ppm) | 1/3/17 - 12/22/17 | 0.18 | 0 – .56 | 4.0 (as Cl ₂) | 4 (as Cl ₂) | Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment |

| TABLE 5 – DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A <u>SECONDARY</u> DRINKING WATER STANDARD | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL | PHG (MCLG) | Typical Source of Contaminant | | | | |
| Iron (ppb) | 10/2/17 | 321 | N/A | 300 | None | Leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes | | | | |
| Manganese (ppb) | 10/2/17 | 33 | N/A | 50 | None | Leaching from natural deposits | | | | |
| Turbidity (Units) | 10/2/17 | 1.9 | N/A | 5 | None | Soil runoff | | | | |

| TABLE 5 – DETE | TABLE 5 – DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A <u>SECONDARY</u> DRINKING WATER STANDARD | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------|---------------------|-------|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL | PHG (MCLG) | Typical Source of Contaminant | | | | | |
| Color (Units) | 10/2/17 | 5 | N/A | 15 | None | Naturally-occurring organic materials | | | | | |
| Odor (Units) | 10/2/17 | 1 | N/A | 3 | None | Naturally-occurring organic materials | | | | | |
| Total Dissolved Solids (ppm) | 10/2/17 | 623 | N/A | 1,000 | None | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits | | | | | |
| Specific Conductance μS/cm | 10/2/17 | 965 | N/A | 1,600 | None | Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence | | | | | |
| Chloride (ppm) | 10/2/17 | 74.4 | N/A | 500 | None | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence | | | | | |
| Sulfate (ppm) | 10/2/17 | 280 | N/A | 500 | None | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes | | | | | |

There are no PHGs, MCLGs, or mandatory standard health effects language for these constituents because secondary MCLs are set on the basis of aesthetics.

The State allows us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of our data, though representative, are more than one year old.

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

<u>Iron:</u> was found at levels that exceed the MCL of 300ug/L. The high levels of iron are due to leaching of natural deposits and pose no known health effect. The iron MCL was set to protect you against unpleasant aesthetic effects (e.g., color, taste, and odor) and the staining of plumbing fixtures (e.g., tubs and sinks) and clothing while washing.

^{*}Any violation of an MCL, MRDL, or TT is asterisked. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

⁽a) Results of monitoring under former section 64450 (UCMR) need only be included for 5 years from the date of the last sampling or until any of the detected contaminants becomes regulated and subject to routine monitoring requirement, whichever comes first. Section 64450 was repealed effective October 18, 2007.

Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

| VIOLATION | N OF A MCL, MRDL, AI | L, TT, OR MONITORI | NG AND REPORTING REQ | UIREMENT |
|---|--|--------------------|--|--|
| Violation | Explanation | Duration | Actions Taken to Correct the Violation | Health Effects Language |
| Arsenic exceeded the maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 10 mg/L. | Arsenic from the well continues to test above the 10 mg/L. | On going | RO units to treat arsenic are installed and are monitored and tested monthly for arsenic at Point Of Use (POU) sites. Based on the test results collected from the POU sites the running annual average for arsenic was 0.12mg/L, a level below the MCL of 10mg/L. | Some people who drink water containing arsenic in excess of the MCL over many years may experience skin damage or circulatory system problems, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer. |

2017 ANNUAL WATER ANALYSES SUMMARY

The following water quality information is provided annually.

For further water system information or to inquire about the most recent water quality information available, please contact manager.

MICROBIOLOGICAL QUALITY

Minimum number of tests required per year is 12.

Number of water samples tested for the presence of coliform bacteria during the last year is $\underline{39}$.

Number of samples tested which failed to meet the microbiological drinking standard during the last year is $\underline{\mathbf{0}}$.

| Samj | Sampling results showing the detection of coliform bacteria | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Highest No. of Detections | No. of months in violation | MCL | | | | | | | |
| Total Coliform Bacteria | (In a mo.) <u>0</u> | 2 | More than 1 sample in a month with a detection | | | | | | | |
| Fecal Coliform or <i>E. coli</i> | (In the year) | 0 | A routine sample and a repeat sample detect total coliform and either sample also detects fecal coliform or <i>E. coli</i> | | | | | | | |
| E. coli (Federal Revised Total Coliform Rule) | (In the year) | 0 | (a) | | | | | | | |

⁽a) Routine and repeat samples are total coliform-positive and either is *E. coli*-positive or system fails to take repeat samples tollowing *E. coli*-positive routine sample or system fails to analyze total coliform-positive repeat sample for *E. coli*.

INORGANIC CHEMICAL QUALITY

Results of water samples analyses done to determine the presence or absence of inorganic chemical contamination. All values expressed in milligrams per liter (mg/l) unless otherwise indicated. Milligrams per liter are equivalent to parts per million (ppm). The symbol "<" means less than. The symbol "ND" means not detected.

| • | California | California | | | Level | Level | |
|---|---------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|----------|----------------|
| | MCL1 | MCL1 | PHGs ² | MCLGs ³ | Detected | Detected | Date |
| Inorganic Chemical | <u>(mg/l)</u> | (ug/l) | (ppb) | <u>(mg/l)</u> | <u>(mg/l)</u> | (ug/l) | <u>Sampled</u> |
| | | | | | Sys | #1600048 | -001 |
| | | | | | | Well 1 | |
| Aluminum (AI) | 0.2 | 200 | N/A | N/A | #VALUE! | <50 | 01/04/16 |
| Antimony (Sb) | 0.006 | 6 | 20 | | | <2.0 | 01/04/16 |
| Arsenic (As) | 0.01 | 10 | N/A | 0 | | 11 | 01/04/16 |
| Barium (Ba) | 1.0 | 1000 | N/A | 2 | | <100 | 01/04/16 |
| Beryllium (Be) | 0.004 | 4 | N/A | 0.004 | <0.001 | <1 | 01/04/16 |
| Cadmium (Cd) | 0.005 | 5 | N/A | 0.005 | <0.001 | 1.0 | 01/04/16 |
| Chromium (Cr) | 0.05 | 50 | N/A | 0.1 | <0.01 | <10 | 01/04/16 |
| Fluoride (F) | 2.0 | | | | <0.1 | | 01/04/16 |
| Lead (Pb) | | AL= 15 | N/A | 0.002 | | <1.0 | 01/04/16 |
| Mercury (inorganic) (Hg) | 0.002 | 2 | N/A | 0.1 | | <.20 | 01/04/16 |
| Nickel (Ni) | 0.10 | 100 | N/A | 0.05 | <0.01 | <10 | 01/04/16 |
| Selenium (Se) | 0.05 | 50 | | | | <2.0 | 01/04/16 |
| Silver (Ag) | 0.10 | 100 | N/A | 0.0005 | <0.01 | <10 | 01/04/16 |
| Thallium (TI) | 0.002 | 2 | 1000 | | | <1.0 | 01/04/16 |
| Nitrate (as nitrogen, N) (NO3-N) | 10 | | 10000 as | N | <0.4 | | 01/03/17 |
| Nitrite (as nitrogen, N) (NO ₂ -N) | 3 | | 10000 as | N | <0.40 | <400 | 01/04/16 |
| AL = Action Level | | | | | | | |

Inorganic Analysis (EPA Method 218.6) Chromium-Hexavalent(Cr+6)

N/A

Date <u>Sampled</u> <.20 10/02/17

GENERAL MINERAL QUALITY TEST RESULTS

| | Califo MCL ¹ | rnia MCL ¹ | PHGs ² | MCLGs ³ | Level Detected | Level Detected | Date |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| <u>Constituents</u> | <u>(mg/l)</u> | (ug/l) | (ppb) | <u>(mg/l)</u> | <u>(mg/l)</u> | (ug/l) | <u>Sampled</u> |
| pH (Unit) | | | | | 8.4 | | 10/02/17 |
| Total Alkalinity as CaCO3 | | | | | 92 | | 10/02/17 |
| Hydroxide (OH) | | | | | <1 | | 10/02/17 |
| Carbonate (CO3) | | | | | 1.0 | | 10/02/17 |
| Bicarbonate (HCO3) | | | | | 91 | | 10/02/17 |
| Calcium (Ca) | | | | | 21.9 | | 10/02/17 |
| Copper (Cu) | 1.0 | 1000 | 170 | | | <50 | 10/02/17 |
| Iron (Fe) | 0.3 | 300 | 1000 | | | 321 | 10/02/17 |
| Magnesium (Mg) | | | | | 4.4 | | 10/02/17 |
| Manganese (Mn) | 0.05 | 50 | | | | 33 | 10/02/17 |
| Sodium (Na) | | | | | 188 | | 10/02/17 |
| Zinc (Zn) | 5.0 | 5000 | | | | <50 | 10/02/17 |
| Total Hardness as CaCO3 | | | | | 72.8 | | 10/02/17 |
| Langlier Index (LI) | | | | | 0.3 | | 10/02/17 |
| Foaming Agents (MBAS) | 0.5 | 500 | | | <0.1 | | 10/02/17 |

| Constituents | California MCL ¹ PHGs ² MCLGs ² (mg/l) (ppb) (mg/l) | Level Detected Date (mg/l) Sampled Sys #1000199-001 Well 01 |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Turbidity | 5 units | 1.9 10/02/17 |
| Color | 15 units | 5 10/02/17 |
| Odor-Threshold at 60°C | 3 units | 1 10/02/17 |

| | Maximu | els Level Date | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| | Recommended | Upper | hort Term | Detected Sampled |
| Constituent, Units | | | | <u>(mg/l)</u> |
| Constituent, cine | | | | Sys #1000199-001 Well 01 |
| Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l | 500 | 1000 | 1600 | 623 10/02/17 |
| Specific Conductance, micromhos/c | n900-2200 | 1600 | 2200 | 965 10/02/17 |
| Chloride, mg/l | 250 | 500 | 600 | 74.4 10/02/17 |
| Sulfate, mg/l | 250 | 500 | 600 | 280 10/02/17 |

| | | | | | Well 1 | |
|--------------------|------|----|-----|---------|--------|----------|
| Quarterly Arsenic: | | | | | | |
| Arsenic (As) | 0.01 | 10 | N/A | 0 | 11 | 01/03/17 |
| Arsenic (As) | 0.01 | 10 | N/A | 0 | 15.0 | 04/03/17 |
| Arsenic (As) | 0.01 | 10 | N/A | 0 | 16 | 07/10/17 |
| Arsenic (As) | 0.01 | 10 | N/A | 0 _ | 15 | 10/02/17 |
| , | | | | Average | 14.3 | |

ORGANIC CHEMICAL QUALITY

Results of water sample analyses done to determine the presence of organic chemical contamination in the water supply.

Names and concentrations of any organic contaminants including pesticides, herbicides and other organic chemicals detected in the water supply source.

| С | alifornia | | | | Level | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|---|-------------------|-----------|----------------|
| Organic Chemical | MCL1 | PHGs ² | M | CLGs ³ | Detected | Date |
| (EPA Method 525.2) | (ug/l) | (ppb) | (| mg/l) | (in ug/I) | <u>Sampled</u> |
| , | | , | | | Well 1 | |
| Atrazine (AATREX) | 3 | | | | < 0.30 | 10/02/17 |
| Atraton (GESATAMIN) | N/A | | | | < 0.50 | 11/18/08 |
| Prometon (PROMITOL) | | | | | <0.50 | 11/18/08 |
| Secbumeton (SUMITOL, ETAZINE) | | | | | <0.50 | 11/18/08 |
| Terbutryn (IGRAN) | | | | | <0.50 | 11/18/08 |
| Methoxychlor | 30 | N/A | 4 | 0.04 | < 0.30 | 11/18/08 |
| Molinate (ORDRAM) | 20 | | | | < 0.50 | 11/18/08 |
| Simazine (Princep) | 4 | N/A | | 0.004 | < 0.30 | 11/18/08 |
| Thiobencarb (Bolero) | 70 | N/A | 4 | N/A | <0.50 | 10/02/17 |
| Alachlor (ALANEX) | 2 | | | | <0.20 | 10/02/17 |
| Di (2-ethylhexyl) Adipate | 400 | | | | <1.0 | 10/02/17 |
| Acenaphthylene | N/A | | | | <0.10 | 11/18/08 |
| Anthracene | N/A | | | | <0.10 | 11/18/08 |
| Benzo (a) Anthracene | N/A | | | | <0.20 | 11/18/08 |
| Benzo (b) Fluoranthene | N/A | | | | <0.30 | 11/18/08 |
| Benzo (k) Fluoranthene | N/A | | | | <0.30 | 11/18/08 |
| Benzo (a) Pyrene | 0.2 | | | | <0.10 | 11/18/08 |
| Benzo (ghi) Perylene | N/A | | | | <0.30 | 11/18/08 |
| Benzyl Butyl Phthalate | N/A | | | | <4.0 | 10/02/17 |
| delta - BHC | N/A | | | | <0.20 | 11/18/08 |
| chrysene | N/A | | | | <0.30 | 11/18/08 |
| Diethylhexylphthalate (DEHP) | 4 | | | | <3.0 | 11/18/08 |
| Dibenzo (a,h) Anthracene | N/A | | | | <0.30 | 11/18/08 |
| di-n-Butylphthalate | N/A | | | | <1.0 | 11/18/08 |
| Dimethylphthalate | N/A | | | | <1.0 | 11/18/08 |
| Fluorene | N/A | | | | <0.20 | 11/18/08 |
| Hexachlorobenzene | 1 | | | | <0.10 | 11/18/08 |
| Indeno (1,2,3-cd) Pyrene | N/A | | | | < 0.30 | 11/18/08 |
| Phenanthrene | N/A | | | | <0.10 | 11/18/08 |
| Pyrene | N/A | | | | 1/0/1900 | |
| gamma - BHC (Lindane) | 2 | | | | <0.10 | 11/18/08 |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | 50 | | | | <3.0 | 11/18/08 |
| bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate | 4 | | | | <3.0 | 10/02/17 |

| Volatile Organic Analysis(VOC) | Califo | rnia | | | Level | |
|--|----------|--------|-------------------|--------------------|----------|----------|
| (EPA Method 524.2 & 502.2) | MCL1 | MCL1 | PHGs ² | MCLGs ³ | Detected | Date |
| Constituents | (mg/l) | (ug/l) | (ppb) | (mg/l) | (ug/l) | Sampled |
| Constituents | 11119/11 | 199/11 | (PP=) | 11113111 | Well 1 | |
| Total Trihalomethanes (THM'S/TTHM) | | 80 | N/A | N/A | 9.3 | 04/04/16 |
| Bromodichloromethane | | 00 | | | 0.56 | 04/04/16 |
| Bromoform | | | | | 6.8 | 04/04/16 |
| Chloroform (Trichloromethane) | | | | | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Dibromochloromethane | | | | | 1.9 | 04/04/16 |
| Benzene | 0.001 | 1 | 0.15 | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 0.0005 | 0.5 | 0.1 | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,2 Dichlorobenzene (o-DCB) | 0.6 | 600 | 660 | | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene (p-DCB) | 0.005 | 5 | 6 | | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane (1,1-DCA) | 0.005 | 5 | 3 | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane (1,2-DCA) | 0.0005 | 0.5 | 0.4 | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene (1,1-DCE) | 0.006 | 6 | 10 | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene (c-1,2-DCE) | 0.006 | 6 | 100 | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene (t-1,2-DCE) | 0.01 | 10 | 60 | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Dichloromethane (Methylene Chloride) | 0.005 | 5 | 4 | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 0.005 | 5 | | | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Total 1,3-Dichloropropene | 0.0005 | 0.5 | 0.2 | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Ethyl Benzene | 0.3 | 300 | 300 | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE) | 0.013 | 13 | 13 | | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Monochlorobenzene (Chlorobenzene) | 0.07 | 70 | 200 | 1 | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Styrene | 0.1 | 100 | 100 | 0.1 | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 0.001 | 1 | 0.1 | | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Tetrachloroethylene (PCE) | 0.005 | 5 | 0.06 | 0 | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Toluene | 0.15 | 150 | 150 |) | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 0.01 | 5 | 5 | j | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane (1,1,1-TCA) | 0.2 | 200 | 1000 | 0 | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane (1,1,2-TCA) | 0.005 | 5 | 0.3 | } | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Trichloroethylene (TCE) | 0.005 | 5 | 0.8 | 3 0 | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11) | 0.15 | 150 | 700 |) | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113) | 1.2 | 1200 | 4000 |) | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Vinyl Chloride (VC) | 0.0005 | 0.5 | 0.05 | 5 0 | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Total Xylenes (m,p, & o) | 1.75 | 1750 | 1800 |) | <1.0 | 04/04/16 |
| tert-Amyl Methyl Ether (TAME) | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Bromobenzene | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Bromochloromethane | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Bromomethane (Methyl Bromide) | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| tert-Butyl Alcohol (TBA) | | | | | <10 | 04/04/16 |
| n-Butylbenzene | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| sec-Butylbenzene | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| tert-Butylbenzene | N\A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Chloroethane | N\A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether | | | | | <10 | 04/04/16 |
| Chloromethane (Methyl Chloride) | N\A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | N\A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Dibromomethane | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene (m-DCB) | | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane (Freon 12) | 0.0005 | 5 | N// | A N/A | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| | | | | | | |

| Volatile Organic Analysis(VOC)(Cont.) | Califor | | | • | Level | |
|---|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| (EPA Method 524.2 & 502.2) | MCL ¹ | MCL1 | | MCLGs ³ | Detected | Date |
| Constituents | <u>(mg/l)</u> | <u>(ug/l)</u> | (ppb) | <u>(mg/l)</u> | (ug/l) | Sampled |
| | N1/A | | | | <u>Well 1</u> <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether (ETBE) | N/A N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | N/A N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| Isopropyltolyona | N/A | | | | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| p-Isopropyltoluene Naphthalene | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| n-Propylbenzene | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1.2.3-Trichloropropane | N/A | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | N/A | | | | < 0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | | | | | <0.50 | 04/04/16 |
| (EPA Method 551.1) Disinfection: Byproducts, | С | alifornia | | | Level | |
| Residuals, Precursors | | MCL1 | PHGs ² | MCLGs ³ | Detected | Date |
| Constituents | | (ug/l) | | | (ug/l) | Sampled |
| OONSTRUCTION | | 1-3-1 | | | | -901 OHB@R3 |
| Bromodichloromethane | | | | | 0.54 | 06/06/16 |
| Bromoform | | | | | 1.60 | 06/06/16 |
| Chloroform (Trichloromethane) | | | | | ND | 06/06/16 |
| Dibromochloromethane | | | | | 1.10 | 06/06/16 |
| Total Trihalomethanes (THM'S/TTHM) | | 80 | N/A | N/A | 3.20 | 06/06/16 |
| Haloacetic Acids (five)(HAA5) | | 60 | | | ND | 06/06/16 |
| Monobromoacetic Acid | | | | | ND | 06/06/16 |
| Dichloroacetic Acid | | | | | ND | 06/06/16 |
| Trichloroacetic Acid | | | | | ND | 06/06/16 |
| Monocloroacetic Acid | | | | | ND | 06/06/16 |
| Dibromoacetic Acid | | | | | ND | 06/06/16 |
| | _ | | | | Laval | |
| | C | California | | MCLGs ³ | Level | Data |
| EDB/DBCP | | MCL1 | PHGs ² | | Detected | |
| EPA Method 504.1 | NDL 1 | <u>(ug/l)</u> | (ug/l) | <u>(ug/l)</u> | (ug/l) | Sampled |
| Enter all data for the year (needed for CC | ;R's) | 0.0 | NI/A | 0.0017 | <u>Well 1</u> ND | 07/06/16 |
| Dibromochloropropane (DBCP) | | 0.2 | N/A N/A | 0.0017 0.01 | ND ND | 07/06/16 |
| Ethylenedibromide (EDB) | | 0.05 | IN/A | 0.01 | ND | 07/00/10 |
| | RADIOLO | OGICAL | QUALIT | <u>Y</u> | Level | |
| | Max. | Level All | owed | | Detected | Date |
| | | (in pC/I) | | | <u>(in pC/I)</u> | Sampled |
| | | | | | Well 1 | |
| Gross Alpha | | 15 | | | ND | 10/03/16 |
| Uranium | | 20 | | | | |
| Total Radium 228 | | 2 | | | 0.71 | 10/07/15 |
| Tatal De Pero 000 | | 2 | | | | |
| Total Radium 226 | | 3 | | | Level | |
| Method EPA 314 Max | Level Alic | awad . | | | Detected | I Date |
| | | Jweu | | | (ug/l) | Sampled |
| <u>Parameter</u> Perchlorate | <u>(ug/l)</u> 6 | | | | <4.0 | 03/10/15 |
| i Giornorate | 5 | | | | ,,, | |
| EPA 200.8 ICPMS Metals | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 3.3 | 03/22/11 |
| Arsenic III Arsenic Total ICAP/MS | | | | | 13 | 03/22/11 |
| Arsenic V | | | | | 10 | 03/22/11 |
| Albertic v | | | | | 10 | COLLETT |

ARSENIC ANALYSIS <u>Arsenic Filter Stations</u>

| A-200.8 |
|---------|
| 1 |

| Client Sample ID | | Arsenic (ug/l) | Date <u>Sampled</u> |
|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------|------------------------|
| 1 POU 4 E/S Gym Fountan | | 3.8 | 01/03/17 |
| 2 POU 2 Cafeteria Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 02/22/17 |
| 3 POU 3 Cafeteria Kitchen | <2.0 | 0 | 02/22/17 |
| 4 POU 5 Girls RR DW Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 03/06/17 |
| 5 POU 6 Boys RR DW Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 03/06/17 |
| 6 POU 1 Classroom 1-4 Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 04/03/17 |
| 7 POU 4 E/S Gym Fountan | <2.0 | 0 | 04/03/17 |
| 8 POU 2 Cafeteria Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 05/01/17 |
| 9 POU 3 Cafeteria Kitchen | <2.0 | 0 | 05/01/17 |
| 10 POU 5 Girls RR DW Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 06/07/17 |
| 11 POU 6 Boys RR DW Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 06/07/17 |
| 12 POU 1 Classroom 1-4 Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 07/10/17 |
| 13 POU 4 E/S Gym Fountan | <2.0 | 0 | 07/10/17 |
| 14 POU 2 Cafeteria Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 08/01/17 |
| 15 POU 3 Cafeteria Kitchen | <2.0 | 0 | 08/01/17 |
| 16 POU 7 Café inside | <2.0 | 0 | 08/10/17 |
| 17 POU 8 Library inside | <2.0 | 0 | 08/10/17 |
| 18 POU 9 Hall Custodian Office | <2.0 | 0 | 08/10/17 |
| 19 POU 5 Girls RR DW Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 09/06/17 |
| 20 POU 6 Boys RR DW Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 09/06/17 |
| 21 POU 9 Hall Custodian Office | <2.0 | 0 | 09/06/17 |
| 22 POU 1 Classroom 1-4 Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 10/02/17 |
| 23 POU 4 E/S Gym Fountan | <2.0 | 0 | 10/02/17 |
| 24 POU 5 Girls RR DW Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 10/02/17 |
| 25 POU 6 Boys RR DW Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 10/02/17 |
| 26 POU 7 Café inside | <2.0 | 0 | 10/02/17 |
| 27 POU 9 Hall Custodian Office | <2.0 | 0 | 10/02/17 |
| 28 POU 2 Cafeteria Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 11/01/17 |
| 29 POU 3 Cafeteria Kitchen | <2.0 | 0 | 11/01/17 |
| 30 POU 8 Library inside | <2.0 | 0 | 11/01/17 |
| 31 POU 1 Classroom 1-4 Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 12/22/17 |
| 32 POU 5 Girls RR DW Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 12/22/17 |
| 33 POU 6 Boys RR DW Fountain | <2.0 | 0 | 12/22/17 |
| | Average | 0.12 | |

LEAD AND COPPER ANALYSIS First Draw Samples

| Constituent | Lead (Pb) Action L | evel (AL) 1 | 5 ug/l | | Method: | EPA-200.8 | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|---------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| Constituent | Copper (Cu) Action | n Level (AL | .) 1.3 mg/l | | Method: | EPA-200.8 | | |
| Enter all data for th | e year (needed for CCR's |) | | | | | | |
| | | Copper | Copper | Lead | | Date | | |
| Client Sa | mple ID | <u>(mg/l)</u> | (ug/l) | <u>(ug/l</u> | | Sampled | | |
| 1 Nurse's | Sink | ####### | ND | ND | | 06/15/17 | | |
| 2 Room 1- | 4 | 0.01 | 10 | 5.8 | | 06/15/17 | enter 2 high | est values |
| 3 Library | | ####### | ND | ND | | 06/15/17 | for lead and | copper |
| 4 Room 11 | | ######## | ND | 10 | | 06/15/17 | Copper | Lead |
| 5 Teacher | s Lounge | 0.0032 | 3.2 | ND | | 06/15/17 | <u>(mg/l)</u> | <u>(ug/l</u> |
| | · · | | | | | | 0.0032 | 0.0 |
| | | | | | | | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| | | | | | | 90th percen | tile-> 0.007 | 0.0079 |

| Chlorine Residual | Date | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|-------------|------|
| | Sampled | | |
| | | <u>Time</u> | |
| Site 701 Classroom 1-4 | 1/3/17 | 12:05 | |
| Site 702 Cafeteria Fountain | 1/3/17 | 12:10 | |
| Site 1 - OHB @ Room 3 | 1/3/17 | 12:00 | 0.56 |
| Site 2 - OHB @ Boy's Gym RR | 2/22/17 | 10:20 | 0.08 |
| Site 705 Girl's RR Fountain | 3/6/17 | 12:15 | |
| Site 706 Boy's RR Fountain | 3/6/17 | 12:17 | |
| Site 3 - OHB @ Room 7 | 3/15/17 | 11:50 | 0.1 |
| Site 4-OHB @ Room 6 | 4/3/17 | 12:10 | 0.1 |
| Site 701 Classrooms 1-4 | 4/3/17 | 12:00 | |
| Site 702 Cafeteria Fountain | 4/3/17 | 12:05 | |
| Site 1 - OHB @ Room 3 | 5/1/17 | 12:00 | 0.1 |
| Site 703 Cafeteria Kitchen | 5/1/17 | 12:10 | |
| Site 704 E. Side of Gym | 5/1/17 | 12:15 | |
| Site 705 Girl's RR Fountain | 6/7/17 | 10:30 | |
| Site 706 Boy's RR Fountain | 6/7/17 | 10:35 | |
| Site 701 Classrooms 1-4 | 7/10/17 | 10:25 | |
| Site 702 Cafeteria Fountain | 7/10/17 | 10:30 | |
| Site 3 - OHB @ Room 7 | 7/10/17 | 10:15 | 0.19 |
| Site 4 - OHB @ Room 6 | 8/1/17 | 11:40 | 0.13 |
| Site 703 Cafeteria Kitchen | 8/1/17 | 11:50 | |
| Site 704 E. Side of Gym | 8/1/17 | 11:55 | |
| Site 707 Café Inside | 8/10/17 | 11:40 | |
| Site 708 Library Inside | 8/10/17 | 11:45 | |
| Site 709 Hall Custodian's Office | 8/10/17 | 11:50 | |
| Site 705 Girl's RR Fountain | 9/6/17 | 11:50 | |
| Site 706 Boy's RR Fountain | 9/6/17 | 11:55 | |
| Site 709 Hall Custodian's Office | 9/6/17 | 12:00 | |
| Site 1 - OHB @ Room 3 | 9/6/17 | 12:05 | 0.1 |
| Site 2-OHB @ Boys Gym RR | 10/2/17 | 11:00 | 0.13 |
| Site 701 Classrooms 1-4 | 10/2/17 | 11:10 | |
| Site 702 Cafeteria Fountain | 10/2/17 | 11:15 | |
| Site 707 Café Inside | 10/2/17 | 11:20 | |
| Site 703 Cafeteria Kitchen | 11/1/17 | 11:20 | |
| Site 704 E.Side of Gym | 11/1/17 | 11:25 | |
| Site 708 Library Inside | 11/1/17 | 11:30 | |
| Site 3 - OHB @ Room 7 | 11/1/17 | 11:10 | 0.11 |
| Site 705 Girl's RR Fountain | 12/22/17 | 8:50 | |
| Site 706 Boy's RR Fountain | 12/22/17 | 8:45 | |
| Site 701 Classrooms 1-4 | 12/22/17 | 8:40 | |
| | | Average | 0.18 |
| | | | |

¹MCL Maximum Contaminant Level

Keith Markman

²PHGs Public Health Goals

³MCLGs Maximum Contaminant Level Goals (Federal)

Please call if you have any questions. (559) 584-8322

Sincerely,

Keith M. Backman,

Dellavalle Laboratory, Inc.