# **Madison Public Schools AP Computer Science A Curriculum**

Written by:

Jason Erdreich

Reviewed by:

**Daniel Ross** 

Asst. Superintendent of Curriculum, Instruction, and Personnel

**Approval date:** 

August 20, 2019

## **Members of the Board of Education:**

Leslie Lajewski, President Heather Reddy, Vice President Sarah Fischer Johanna Habib David Irwin Thomas Piskula Abi Singh Pam Yousey

Madison Public Schools 359 Woodland Road Madison, NJ 07940 www.madisonpublicschools.org

## **Course Overview**

# **Description**

This year-long AP course embraces problem solving, hardware, algorithms and perspectives that help people utilize computers to solve real-world problems in everyday life. The AP Computer Science A course introduces students to computer science with fundamental topics that include problem solving, design strategies and methodologies, organization of data (data structures), approaches to processing data (algorithms), analysis of potential solutions, and the ethical and social implications of computing. The course emphasizes both object-oriented and imperative problem solving and design. These techniques represent proven approaches for development solutions that can scale up from small, simple problems to large, complex problems. Students will be prepared to take the AP Computer Science A exam and the end of the course.

## Goals

Students will be able to...

- Design and implement computer-based solutions to problems.
- Use and implement commonly used algorithms and data structures.
- Develop and select appropriate algorithms and data structures to solve new problems.
- Write solutions fluently an object-oriented paradigm
- Write, run, test and debug solutions in the Java programming language
- Read and understand programs consisting of several classes and interacting objects
- Read and understand a description of the design and development process
- Understand the ethical and social implications of computer use.

## **Materials**

#### Core:

- AP CS A Curricula and Modules, Edhesive
- Introduction to Programming using Java, David J. Eck
- Rep.it Programming IDE
- DrJava Programming IDE

#### **Supplemental:**

- Code Runner
- Khan Academy
- Code.org
- CompuScholar

#### Resources

Suggested activities and resources page

#### **Benchmark Assessments**

Benchmark assessments are at the end of each module and focus on the main ideas and anchor standards of the course.

# **Modifications and Adaptations for Special Needs Learners**

(Gifted and Talented Students, English Language Learners, Students with Special Needs, At-Risk Students, and Students with 504 Plans)

# Scope and Sequence (Pacing Guide)

Unit Number	Topic of Study	Duration (Weeks Taught)
1	Introduction to Java	4
2	Conditionals and Loops	3
3	Strings and One-Dimensional Arrays	5
4	Methods	4
5	User-Defined Classes	4
6	Advanced Classes	5
7	Algorithms - Searching and Sorting	3
8	Two-Dimensional Arrays	2
9	AP Exam Review	3

## **Unit 1 Overview**

**Unit Title:** Introduction to Java

#### **Unit Summary:**

In this introduction unit, students will learn the basics of programming in Java. The content of this unit emphasises on correct programming style and formatting as students experiment with creating their first programs. Students will be introduced to the resources they have access to for the duration of the course in order to assist with learning the content. This unit is intended to set a foundation of vocabulary and understanding for the following units.

Suggested Pacing: 10 lessons

# **Learning Targets**

#### **Unit Essential Questions:**

- What is code? What can we do with code?
- How is code used to solve everyday problems in our lives?
- How can we write code to interact with and control computers?

#### **Unit Enduring Understandings:**

- Basic Input and Output
- Variables
- Number Operations including +, -, \*, /, % and the AMth.java functions: static int abs(int x), static double abs(double x), static double pow(double base, double exponent), static double sqrt(double x), static double random() // returns a double in the range [0.0, 1.0)
- Data Types
- Comments and Program Design
- Error Correction

# **Evidence of Learning**

**Formative Assessments:** A variety of formative assessments will be used throughout the lesson, such as mini code challenges, group discussions, exit tickets

Summative Assessments: Lesson quizzes 1.1-1.9, Unit Quiz 1.1, Exam 1.1

**Alternative Assessments:** Assignment 1.1: Movie Ratings, Assignment 1.2: Timer Converter, Lesson mini coding activities, AP-style multiple choice practice

Objectives (Students will be able to)	Key Concepts (Students will know)	Suggested Assessments	Standards (NJSLS)
Write their first lines of code in Java  Use the system.out.print and system.out.println commands to print text and understand the difference between these commands  Encounter the String data type, and know that strings are specified using double quotes	Crucial vocabulary for working with Javascript  How to navigate through the programming IDE  How to use the system.out.print function in order to display messages and status from code  Vocabulary: Code, java, IDE, error, debug, print, input, output,	Create a "Hello World" program using the Java programming IDE  Lesson 1.1 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.1 quiz through Edhesive	8.2.12.E.4 Use appropriate terms in conversation (e.g., troubleshooting, peripherals, diagnostic software, GUI, abstraction, variables, data types and conditional statements).
Understand the purpose of escape characters in strings and write programs using several different escape characters  Understand the use and importance of comments in code	How to write strings in a programing using a Java coding language  When comments should be added to programs and how to add them  Vocabulary: String, comment, block, monospace	Escape the Characters assignment  Lesson 1.2 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.2 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.  8.2.12.E.4 Use appropriate terms in conversation (e.g., troubleshooting, peripherals, diagnostic software, GUI, abstraction, variables, data types and conditional statements).
Write programs which use user input  Gain some understanding of what happens when a variable is declared  Use string concatenation to create strings from multiple parts	How to declare a variable and use it to store values  When variables would be appropriately used  Vocabulary: Declaration, variables, scanner, concatenation, print, inputs	User input and variables assignment  Lesson 1.3 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.3 quiz through Edhesive	3B-DA-06 Select data collection tools and techniques to generate data sets that support a claim or communicate information.  3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.  A-SSE.1a Interpret expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context.
Write programs with variables of the int, double and char data types  Understand the importance of matching inputs to the correct data type	Different data types in terms of variable formats  How to determine which type of variable should be used  Vocabulary: Int, double, char, data type, ASCII, Unicode, runtime error	Data types assignment  Lesson 1.4 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.4 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.
Perform calculations with int and double values  Understand how integer division works in Java, and how to get a more precise value for a division if desired	How to complete arithmetic calculations in javascript coding applications  Applications for algebraic equations from math concepts in a programming language's functionality  Vocabulary: arithmetic calculations, operators, integers, unary. Variables, data types	Number calculations assignment  Lesson 1.5 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.5 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.  8.2.12.E.1 Demonstrate an understanding of the problem-solving capacity of computers in our world.  A-SSE.2 Use the structure of an expression to identify ways to rewrite it.
Perform casts between int and double data types in both directions	When data conversions will benefit the implementation of a program	Numeric casts assignment Lesson 1.6 coding activities through Edhesive	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.

	1	1	,
Understand the difference between a widening conversion and a narrowing conversion	How to use multiple forms of data conversions in a javascript programming language  Vocabulary: Conversions, widening conversion, narrowing conversion, casts, truncate	Lesson 1.6 quiz through Edhesive Assignment 1.1: Movie Ratings	8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).  9.3.IT-PRG.6 Program a computer applications using the appropriate programming language.
Understand the definition of modular division and be able to manually calculate the value of modular expressions (e.g. 7%3)  Use modular division in Java to solve problems	How to complete modular division calculations in order to determine remainders  What previously learned algebraic skills can be applied in coding arithmetic  Vocabulary: Modular Division, remainder, operator, change, percent function	Modular division assignment Lesson 1.7 coding activities through Edhesive Lesson 1.7 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.  8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).
Identify what the term concatenation means  Understand that the + operator causes strings to be concatenated and integers to be added, and that it is important therefore to know what type of data Java thinks it is working with	How to join two strings together through concatenation  How Java allocates memory when working with strings  What order of operations can be utilized to avoid interpreting strings as numbers  Vocabulary: Concatenation, strings, outputs, libraries, APIs, order of operations	String and number output assignment  Lesson 1.8 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.  3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.
Use commands from the Math class in Java  Understand that extra functionality can be added to programs by importing new commands	How to access math methods through importing libraries Vocabulary: Math class, import, libraries, package, function	Math functions assignment  Lesson 1.9 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.9 quiz through Edhesive  Unit 1.1 quiz	3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.  A-SSE.1a Interpret expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context.
Identify what the term roundoff error means and when/why it can occur  Explore a strategy to avoid round-off errors in calculations, and write code using this strategy	The difference between Java storing doubles and ints  When approximations are appropriate and necessary in coding applications  Vocabulary: Roundoff error, round, cast, calculations, double, int	Roundoff Error assignment Lesson 1.10 coding activities through Edhesive Lesson 1.10 quiz through Edhesive Unit 1.1 Exam Assignment 1.2: Time Converter	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.  8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).  9.3.IT-PRG.6 Program a computer applications using the appropriate programming language.

## **Unit 2 Overview**

**Unit Title:** Conditionals and Loops

#### **Unit Summary:**

In this unit, students will continue to develop their skills in computer programming through the utilization of the Javascript programming language. Students will be introduced to some of the basic constructs of programming, including conditionals and loops. In addition, students are introduced to debugging techniques and tracing code. In this unit, students will have the opportunity to apply their skills and understandings through solving real-world problems using intermediate coding techniques.

Suggested Pacing: 10 lessons

# **Learning Targets**

#### **Unit Essential Questions:**

- How can programming be optimized?
- What constructs exist that can increase efficiency in our programs?
- As code becomes more complex, what strategies can we use to troubleshoot problems that arise?

#### **Unit Enduring Understandings:**

- If Statements
- Boolean Operations
- DeMorgan's Law
- Short Circuit Evaluation
- While Loops
- Java constants Integer.MIN VALUE and Integer.MAX VALUE

# **Evidence of Learning**

**Formative Assessments:** A variety of formative assessments will be used throughout the lesson, such as mini code challenges, group discussions, exit tickets

Summative Assessments: Lesson quizzes 1.11-1.19, Unit Quiz 1.2, Exam 1.2

**Alternative Assessments:** Assignment 1.3: Crack the Code!, Lesson mini coding activities, AP-style multiple choice practice

Objectives (Students will be able to)	Key Concepts (Students will know)	Suggested Assessments	Standards (NJSLS)
Understand that programs can have commands which only run if certain conditions are true (e.g. based on the value of an inputted variable)  Write code using if statements in Java	Appropriate syntax for creating if statements within their programs  How to utilize if statements as gates to enable autonomy in programming applications  Vocabulary: Conditions, if statements, gates, comparisons	Simple ifs assignment  Lesson 1.11 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.11 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.  8.2.12.E.4 Use appropriate terms in conversation (e.g., troubleshooting, peripherals, diagnostic software, GUI, abstraction, variables, data types and conditional statements).
Understand the meaning of the operators ==, <, >, <=, >= and != in Java, and use these to create boolean statements comparing values	How to select the appropriate operator when creating boolean statements  How to use if statements to create comparisons between multiple values and variable types  Vocabulary: Operators, boolean statements, edge cases, boundary cases	Making decisions assignment  Lesson 1.12 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.12 quiz through Edhesive	8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).  A-SSE.1b Interpret expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context.
Write programs which use else and else if statements  Understand how Java interprets a structure with multiple conditional statements	Appropriate syntax to create else and else if statements following if functions  How to create longer blocks through the combination of boolean statements  Vocabulary: Else statements, else if statements, TRUE, FALSE	Else assignment  Lesson 1.13 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.13 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.
Understand the meaning of the boolean operators &&,   , and !  Write programs which use boolean operators to create compound boolean statements  Use truth tables to determine when boolean expressions are true or false	How to read and create truth tables  When complex boolean expressions should be used and how to create them  Vocabulary: Boolean operators, truth tables, OR, NOT	Booleans and Truth Tables assignment  Lesson 1.14 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.14 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects. F-IF.9 Compare properties of two functions each represented in a different way (algebraically, graphically, numerically in tables, or by verbal descriptions).
Identify how to use short-circuit evaluation to save time when evaluating boolean statements  Understand that Java uses short-circuit evaluation when evaluating boolean statements and how to take advantage of this	How to choose boolean statements in order to avoid coding errors  The functionality of short-circuit evaluation  Vocabulary: Short-circuit evaluation, compound boolean statements,	Short-circuit evaluation assignment Lesson 1.15 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.
Use De Morgan's law to write equivalent boolean statements  Identify the inverses of the statements $x = y$ , $x < y$ and $x > y$	How to use De Morgan's law in creating boolean statements that are equivalent Vocabulary: De Morgan's Law, Inverses	De Morgan's Law assignment Lesson 1.16 quiz through Edhesive Unit 1.2 quiz	A-SSE.3c Choose and produce an equivalent form of an expression to reveal and explain properties of the quantity represented by the expression.

Write code using while loops to repeat blocks of commands  Understand that a while loop repeats as long as a boolean condition is true  Identify what is meant by the scope of a variable	The concept of looping in coding applications  How to create autonomous repetition through the implementation of a while loop  Vocabulary: Loops, while command, variable scope, repetition blocks	While Loops assignment Lesson 1.17 coding activities through Edhesive Lesson 1.17 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.  3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.  3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.
Understand how to read and interpret code so that the results of running it can be determined	Skills and techniques needed to efficiently and accurately trace code  How and why a trace table is created  How to associate variables with outputs to determine program functionality through fundamental reasoning  Vocabulary: Code tracing, trace table troubleshooting, debugging, variable association	Tracing Code assignment  Lesson 1.18 quiz through  Edhesive	3B-AP-21 Develop and use a series of test cases to verify that a program performs according to its design specifications.
Practice tracing a while loop which performs a more complex function	How to apply previously learned tracing skills on while loop functions  Vocabulary: Mod operator, tracing code, while loops	More loops assignment  Lesson 1.19 quiz through  Edhesive	8.2.2.E.4 Debug an algorithm (i.e., correct an error).
Understand the purpose of flag variables in code and write code which uses flag variables  Write programs which find the maximum and minimum of values entered	How to use the Java constants Integer.MIN_VALUE and Integer.MAX_VALUE  When to use flag variables function and how to implement them in a program  Vocabulary: Flag variable, maximum value, minimum value, constants	Flag Variables assignment Lesson 1.20 coding activities through Edhesive Lesson 1.20 quiz through Edhesive Unit 1.2 exam Assignment 1.3: Crack the Code!	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.  3B-AP-21 Develop and use a series of test cases to verify that a program performs according to its design specifications.  8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).  9.3.IT-PRG.6 Program a computer applications using the appropriate programming language.

# **Unit 3 Overview**

**Unit Title:** Strings and One-Dimensional Arrays

#### **Unit Summary:**

In this unit, students will begin to transition from building coding techniques to working with advanced coding methods. Starting with designing classes and algorithms, students will develop advanced objects and data types using strings and arrays. Students will learn to create standard algorithms on data structures such as finding max, min, transversals, insertions, and deletions through coding arrays.

**Suggested Pacing:** 11 lessons

# **Learning Targets**

#### **Unit Essential Questions:**

- How can complex programs be optimized to run autonomously?
- How can large data sets be created and analyzed rapidly through the use of algorithms and arrays?
- What functions exist to analyze data sets for a real-world application in math and science?
- What framework exists to organize the structure of complex programs? Why is this framework important?

## **Unit Enduring Understandings:**

- Constructors
- Concatenation
- For Loops
- String methods: equals (), charAt( ), toUpperCase(), substring( )
- One-Dimensional Arrays
- Transversals, Insertion and Deletion with Arrays
- Arrays of Objects

# **Evidence of Learning**

**Formative Assessments:** A variety of formative assessments will be used throughout the lesson, such as mini code challenges, group discussions, exit tickets

Summative Assessments: Lesson quizzes 1.21-1.30, Unit Quiz 1.3, Exam 1.3

**Alternative Assessments:** Assignment 1.4: String Shortener, Assignment 1.5: Array Statistics, Assignment 1.6: Merge Arrays. Real-world Application: Algorithms and Arrays in Chatbots, Lesson mini coding activities, AP-style multiple choice practice

Objectives (Students will be able to)	Key Concepts (Students will know)	Suggested Assessments	Standards (NJSLS)
Identify the difference between primitive and class data types, and how Java stores these in computer memory  Understand the effect that this has when comparing class data vs comparing primitive data	How to create class functions in Java programming  How to access data allocated through primitive and class memory systems  Vocabulary: Strings, memory, class data, primitive data,	Class allocation assignment Lesson 1.21 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.
Understand that a string is made up of characters which can are stored with indices starting at 0 and increasing sequentially  Identify the purpose and behavior of several different functions from the String class and use these in code	How to develop a method to compare strings of data  The differences between comparative functions and when to use them to analyze data types  Vocabulary: Strings, class, character, call, method, comparisons	Lesson 1.22 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.22 quiz through Edhesive  Assignment 1.4: String Shortener	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.  F-IF.9 Compare properties of two functions each represented in a different way (algebraically, graphically, numerically in tables, or by verbal descriptions).  9.3.IT-PRG.6 Program a computer applications using the appropriate programming language.
Identify what an array data type is, and how to declare and initialize an array  Identify how to extract and edit data which is contained in an array  Understand how array elements are indexed	What an array function is and how to code it  How to access and utilize large amounts of data through the use of arrays  Vocabulary: Arrays, initializer list	Coding arrays assignment  Lesson 1.23 quiz through  Edhesive	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.  3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.
Understand the syntax of a for loop in Java  Write code which uses for loops to repeat commands, including code which loops through the values in an array	How to create a for loop using proper syntax  What repetition and autonomy can be achieved with for loops  Vocabulary: For Loop, array, i, list	For Loops assignment  Lesson 1.24 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.24 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.  8.2.12.E.4 Use appropriate terms in conversation (e.g., troubleshooting, peripherals, diagnostic software, GUI, abstraction, variables, data types and conditional statements).  CRP11 Use technology to enhance productivity.
Understand the meaning of the term "algorithm" and the features which make a good algorithm  Explore a simple mathematical algorithm and see how this can be translated into Java code	What are the elements of a good algorithm  How to create and program an algorithm in Java  How to interpret the sieve of eratosthenes function  Vocabulary: Algorithm, sieve of eratosthenes	Algorithms assignment Lesson 1.25 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-10 Use and adapt classic algorithms to solve computational problems.  8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).
Identify how algorithms can be used on arrays and how these can be coded in Java	How to solve complex problems using arrays by integrating algorithms	Algorithms on Arrays assignment	3B-AP-10 Use and adapt classic algorithms to solve computational problems.

	Vocabulary: Array algorithms, insertion, deletion	Lesson 1.26 quiz through Edhesive	8.2.2.E.4 Debug an algorithm (i.e., correct an error).
Understand how a linear search algorithm finds values in an array, and see an implementation of this algorithm in Java	How linear programming impacts all elements of a function  How to perform searches using algorithms in Java programming  Vocabulary: Linear search, algorithm, array, for loop	Searching algorithms assignment Unit 1.3 Quiz Assignment 1.5: Array Statistics	3B-AP-10 Use and adapt classic algorithms to solve computational problems.  8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).  9.3.IT-PRG.6 Program a computer applications using the appropriate programming language.
Understand that arrays can contain class data as well as primitive data  Analyze examples of code which uses arrays containing the String data type	How to optimize data types using arrays Vocabulary: Strings, arrays, loops, null	Arrays of Strings assignment Lesson 1.28 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.
Write code which accesses elements of a String array and applies String methods to these elements	How to access methods through an array  Simplify and optimize code through the changing of syntax in calling a string array  Vocabulary: Methods, string array	Accessing Methods assignment Lesson 1.29 coding activities through Edhesive Lesson 1.29 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.  A-SSE.1b Interpret expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context.
Create a program by writing code in Java by hand on paper  Understand the general ideas behind how free response code is marked on the AP exam	Strategies for creating a free response program  Techniques for writing code by hand  Vocabulary: Strings, algorithm, array, loop, error	Processing Arrays of Strings assignment  Lesson 1.30 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.30 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-23 Evaluate key qualities of a program through a process such as a code review.
Understand how numbers can be represented in binary and octal number systems  Identify how to convert numbers between binary, octal and decimal representations	How to make calculations and conversions using the binary number system  How to make calculations and conversions using the octal number system  Vocabulary: Binary system, octal system, decimal system	Binary & Octal assignment  Lesson 1.30.5 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.30.5 quiz through Edhesive  Assignment 1.6: Merge Arrays  Real-world Application: Algorithms and Arrays in Chatbots  Unit 1.3 exam	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.  8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).  9.3.IT-PRG.6 Program a computer applications using the appropriate programming language.

## **Unit 4 Overview**

**Unit Title:** Methods

#### **Unit Summary:**

In this unit, students continue to develop advanced programming skills as they begin to design their own custom functions. Students will be introduced to the complex concept of methods, as well as the different ways to code and utilize methods in their programs. Students will have the opportunity to design and test their own custom methods that can be used to solve problems through code. Recursion will also be introduced and direct comparisons between iteration and recursion are made within this unit as well.

**Suggested Pacing:** 7 lessons

# **Learning Targets**

#### **Unit Essential Questions:**

- How are programs unique? How are they similar?
- What do methods achieve when integrating them into a program?
- What are the various types of methods and when should they each be utilized?
- What techniques must be used to develop custom programming method functions?

### **Unit Enduring Understandings:**

- Void Methods
- Methods that Return a Single Value
- Overloading Methods
- Parameter Passing
- Primitive vs. Object Parameters
- Recursion

# **Evidence of Learning**

**Formative Assessments:** A variety of formative assessments will be used throughout the lesson, such as mini code challenges, group discussions, exit tickets

Summative Assessments: Lesson quizzes 1.31-1.37, Unit Quiz 1.4, Exam 1.4

**Alternative Assessments:** Assignment 1.7: Methods Sampler Platter, Lesson mini coding activities, AP-style multiple choice practice

Objectives (Students will be able to)	Key Concepts (Students will know)	Suggested Assessments	Standards (NJSLS)
Define the definition of a method in Java  Understand why methods can be a useful tool in programming  Identify the syntax for defining and calling a void method in Java	What methods do in a Java programming application  The differences between a void method and public method, as well as how and when to use each  Vocabulary:  Method, main, call, void methods, public methods	Void Methods assignment Lesson 1.31 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.  3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.
Define parameter in Javascript programming applications  Create void methods in Java which use parameters	The correct syntax of a method function  How to create a custom void method using parameters  Vocabulary: Parameter, void method, header, argument.	Parameters assignment  Lesson 1.32 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.32 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.  8.2.12.E.4 Use appropriate terms in conversation (e.g., troubleshooting, peripherals, diagnostic software, GUI, abstraction, variables, data types and conditional statements).
Understand the difference in the way java treats class type and primitive type parameters  Predict the values of variables after methods are called with those variables passed as parameters	Changing a method parameter after the method has completed has no effect  Changing a class parameter will carry throughout regardless of order  Vocabulary: Primitive parameters, class parameters, method, array	Primitive vs. Class assignment Lesson 1.33 coding activities through Edhesive Lesson 1.33 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.  3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.
Understand that methods can return values when called  Create methods which return values and write code which catches values returned from methods which are called	How to return variable values through the creation of a custom method in Java  Vocabulary: Return Statements	Return Methods assignment Lesson 1.34 coding activities through Edhesive Lesson 1.34 quiz through Edhesive Unit 1.4 Quiz Assignment 1.7: Methods Sampler Platter	3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.  8.2.12.E.1 Demonstrate an understanding of the problem-solving capacity of computers in our world.  8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).  9.3.IT-PRG.6 Program a computer applications using the appropriate programming language.
Understand the meaning of overloading in Java  Create overloaded methods which have the same name, but take different parameters and may behave differently	Overloading is a useful technique to make programming easier Vocabulary: Overloading, polymorphism, uniform interface	Overloaded Methods assignment  Lesson 1.35 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 1.35 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.  3B-AP-23 Evaluate key qualities of a program through a process such as a code review.

Understand that a method may call itself and that this is called recursion  Trace code which uses recursion and predict its results	How to queue methods through the use of recursion  What the last in first out method means in Java programming How to reverse the calling order of methods by the recursion process  Vocabulary: Recursion, tracing, last in first out	Intro to Recursion assignment Lesson 1.36 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.
Understand recursive methods which return values  Develop trace functions using recursive methods	How to apply previously learned skills of return methods with recursion techniques  Vocabulary: Recursion, tracing, returns	Recursive Functions With Returns assignment  Lesson 1.37 quiz through Edhesive  Unit 1.4 Exam	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.  A-SSE.1b Interpret expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context.

# **Unit 5 Overview**

**Unit Title:** User-Defined Classes

#### **Unit Summary:**

In this unit, students begin their second term of the AP Computer Science A course. Students transition from using classes and objects to designing and coding their own classes. This unit is also structured to serve as a review of the topics from Unit 1 as all of the programming techniques used in Term 1. In particular, basic arrays and ArrayLists are compared and contrasted. This unit also introduces the first of the AP Labs: Magpie that facilitates a discussion and reflection of the social, cultural and ethical implications of chatbots and artificial intelligence.

**Suggested Pacing:** 6 lessons

# **Learning Targets**

## **Unit Essential Questions:**

- What are the limitations when creating custom classes? What are the benefits that custom classes can provide to a program?
- How can we program functions to solve mathematical and scientific expressions?
- What social, cultural, and ethical concerns exist when developing mainstreamed programs?

## **Unit Enduring Understandings:**

- ArrayList Class
- java.util.List interface
- Constructors
- Encapsulation via private variables and accessor and mutator methods
- Private/Public
- Writing equals() toString() methods
- Static Variables and Methods
- Wrapper Classes

# **Evidence of Learning**

**Formative Assessments:** A variety of formative assessments will be used throughout the lesson, such as mini code challenges, group discussions, exit tickets

Summative Assessments: Lesson quizzes 2.1-2.6, Unit Quiz 2.1, Exam 2.1

**Alternative Assessments:** Assignment 2.1: Fraction, Assignment 2.2: Boxcar & Freight Train, AP Lab, Lesson mini coding activities, AP-style multiple choice practice

Objectives (Students will be able to)	Key Concepts (Students will know)	Suggested Assessments	Standards (NJSLS)
Understand that an ArrayList is used to hold multiple data as with an array, but that it can only hold class type data and not primitives  Write code which declares and adds data to an ArrayList  Identify some of the methods which can be called by objects of the ArrayList class	The different ArrayList methods built into Java programming languages  How to create an ArrayList using previously learning skills and abilities  Vocabulary: ArrayList, Scanner Class, list.add(e), list.add(i, e), list.set(i, e), list.get(i), list.remove(i)	ArrayList assignment  Lesson 2.1 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 2.1 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.  3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects
Write code which implements a for-each loop in Java  Understand the advantages and limitations of using a for-each loop versus a standard for loop	The differences between a primary for loop and the for-each loop functions  The proper syntax for creating a for-each loop in Java programming  Vocabulary: For-each loop, ArrayList	The For-Each Loop assignment Lesson 2.2 coding activities through Edhesive Lesson 2.2 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects  8.2.12.E.4 Use appropriate terms in conversation (e.g., troubleshooting, peripherals, diagnostic software, GUI, abstraction, variables, data types and conditional statements).
Determine how to properly define a new public class in Java and the conventions in doing this  Understand that classes require a constructor so that objects of that class can be created  Identify how to declare variables, create constructors and methods for a new class	The three components needed to declare class function  How to create custom class functions using principle techniques  Vocabulary: Class, constructor, method, Accessors, Mutators, ArraryList	The basics of Classes assignment Lesson 2.3 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.  3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects
Determine how to call other methods and constructors from within a class and understand the benefit of doing this  Identify an example of how multiple constructors may be implemented in a class	A class can have multiple constructors  How to use the overloading method in order to create multiple constructors easily  Vocabulary: Constructors, overloading, class, method	Constructors assignment  Lesson 2.4 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 2.4 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects  3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.
Understand the difference between static and instance variables and methods  Determine some uses of static variables and methods  Understand the modifier final prevents the value of a variable being changed	How to share variables through the use of static variable types  When to use static variables in comparison to instance variables in a program  Vocabulary: Static variables, instance variables, method, modifier	Static Vs. Instance assignment Lesson 2.5 coding activities through Edhesive Lesson 2.5 quiz through Edhesive AP Labs Introduction AP Labs 1: Magpie	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.  F-IF.9 Compare properties of two functions each represented in a different way (algebraically, graphically, numerically in tables, or by verbal descriptions).  9.3.IT-PRG.6 Program a computer applications using the appropriate programming language.

Identify strategies for answering questions on the AP Computer	The AP exam is a written paper	AP Exam Review assignment	3B-AP-23 Evaluate key qualities of a program
Science A exam	Techniques to work with code without the use of a computer	AP Review questions	through a process such as a code review.
Investigate worked examples of	•	Lesson 2.6 quiz through	8.2.12.E.3
both multiple choice and free	Vocabulary:	Edhesive	Use a programming language to solve
response AP style questions	Free responses, edge cases, trace		problems or accomplish a task (e.g.,
	code	Unit 2.1 Exam	robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).
		Assignment 2.2 Part 1: Boxcar	
			CRP5
		Assignment 2.2 Part 2: Freight Train	Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions

## **Unit 6 Overview**

**Unit Title:** Advanced Classes

#### **Unit Summary:**

In this unit students continue to work with class design by covering the more advanced topics including polymorphism, inheritance, abstraction and interfaces. By learning to these advanced techniques, students will be able to create complex programs that utilize many of the concepts they have learned in previous lessons to solve real-world problems. Students will continue working with the AP Labs in order to use code to solve real-world challenges.

**Suggested Pacing:** 6 lessons

# **Learning Targets**

## **Unit Essential Questions:**

- What complexity can be added to classes in order to provide more functionality in our code?
- How can we apply previously learned content to simplify our coding functions?
- What additional everyday problems are solved through the use of code?

#### **Unit Enduring Understandings:**

- Inheritance
- This vs. Super
- Abstract Classes
- Interfaces including the List and Comparable Interface

## **Evidence of Learning**

**Formative Assessments:** A variety of formative assessments will be used throughout the lesson, such as mini code challenges, group discussions, exit tickets

Summative Assessments: Lesson quizzes 2.7-2.12, Unit Quiz 2.2, Exam 2.2

**Alternative Assessments:** Assignment 2.3: Ultimate Frisbee, Assignment 2.4: Fraction Comparable, AP Lab, Lesson mini coding activities, AP-style multiple choice practice

Objectives (Students will be able to)	Key Concepts (Students will know)	Suggested Assessments	Standards (NJSLS)
Determine how to create a subclass of an existing class  Understand that public methods are inherited by the subclass of a class and can be accessed from within the class by using the keyword super	How to use the inheritance technique to create a subclass  The differences between the different forms of classes as well as the proper syntax for coding each format  Vocabulary: Inheritance, subclass, parent class, child class, super class extends	Inheritance assignment Lesson 2.7 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.  8.2.12.E.4 Use appropriate terms in conversation (e.g., troubleshooting, peripherals, diagnostic software, GUI, abstraction, variables, data types and conditional statements).
Understand that methods inherited by a subclass can be overwritten in the definition for that subclass  Identify an example of a child class in which methods from the parent class are overwritten	Methods in the subclass override counterparts in the superclass  The differences between overriding and overloading  Vocabulary: Override, subclass, superclass	Inheritance Overriding Methods assignment  Lesson 2.8 quiz through Edhesive  Assignment 2.3: Ultimate Frisbee  Unit 2.2 Quiz	3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.  8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).  9.3.IT-PRG.6 Program a computer applications using the appropriate programming language.
Understand the properties of an abstract class and learn how to extend an abstract class with a concrete class that can be instantiated.  Identify an example of an abstract class and a non-abstract subclass which extends it properly	Java will assume that all child classes without those coded methods are abstract until all abstract methods are coded by child classes Vocabulary: Abstract class, concrete class	Abstract Classes assignment Lesson 2.9 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects  3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.
Obtain a deeper understanding of complex class hierarchies and inheritance in constructors.  Investigate worked examples of AP Computer Science A exam questions on inheritance	Object of class A "is-a" object of class B only if class A inherits from class B  Is-A relationships only work in one way  When to utilize the Super constructor  Vocabulary: Is-A and Has-A relationships, super	Is-A and Has-A Relationships assignment  AP practice questions  Lesson 2.10 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.  3B-AP-23 Evaluate key qualities of a program through a process such as a code review.  A-SSE.3c Choose and produce an equivalent form of an expression to reveal and explain properties of the quantity represented by the expression.
Understand the purpose and behavior of an interface in Java Identify the similarities and differences between interfaces and abstract classes	Techniques for writing an interface and how they differ from an abstract class  Interfaces cannot be instantiated  Vocabulary: Interface, abstract class, purpose, behavior	Interfaces assignment  Lesson 2.11 quiz through Edhesive  Assignment 2.4: Fraction Comparable	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects  8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).  9.3.IT-PRG.6

			Program a computer applications using the appropriate programming language.
Understand why wrapper classes for primitive data types may be useful  Investigate code which makes use of the Integer and Double wrapper classes	Proper syntax for adding a wrapper class to a program  How to interpret both integer and double class data points  Vocabulary: Wrapper class, integer, double, primitive data type	Wrapper Classes assignment Lesson 2.12 coding activities through Edhesive  AP Lab 2: Elevens Lesson 2.12 quiz through Edhesive AP Practice Unit 2.2 Exam	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects  8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).

# **Unit 7 Overview**

Unit Title: Algorithms - Searching and Sorting

### **Unit Summary:**

In this unit, students will review previously learned concepts related to arrays from the first term. After reviewing, students will thoroughly cover the standard algorithms utilized in Javascript programming that will appear on the AP exam. Students will have the opportunity of solving real world problems by performing searching algorithms on both ordered and unordered lists.

**Suggested Pacing:** 6 lessons

# **Learning Targets**

#### **Unit Essential Questions:**

- What uses can a computer automated algorithm serve?
- What are the differences between analyzing data that is sorted in comparison to unsorted?

## **Unit Enduring Understandings:**

- Sequential and Binary Searches
- Selection, Insertion and Merge sort

## **Evidence of Learning**

**Formative Assessments:** A variety of formative assessments will be used throughout the lesson, such as mini code challenges, group discussions, exit tickets

Summative Assessments: Lesson quizzes 2.13-2.18, Unit Quiz 2.3, Exam 2.3

**Alternative Assessments:** Assignment 2.5: Game Wheel, Assignment 2.6: Sort Team Directory, Lesson mini coding activities, AP-style multiple choice practice

Objectives (Students will be able to)	Key Concepts (Students will know)	Suggested Assessments	Standards (NJSLS)
Review the definition of an algorithm and understand the need for algorithms in searching for and sorting data in arrays  Analyze the important properties we may wish to measure for algorithms and when these may be more or less important	In order to complete any computational sorting process using an array, an algorithm is required  Vocabulary: Algorithm, array, searching, sorting	Algorithms assignment Lesson 2.13 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-10 Use and adapt classic algorithms to solve computational problems.  3B-AP-11 Evaluate algorithms in terms of their efficiency, correctness, and clarity.  CRP11 Use technology to enhance productivity.
Review the steps in the Linear Search algorithm  Understand the advantages and disadvantages of using the linear search algorithm to find data in an array	How a linear algorithm sorts through data  Linear algorithms may be slow for large data sets  Vocabulary: Linear algorithm, searching, sorting, data set	Linear Search assignment  Lesson 2.14 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 2.14 quiz through Edhesive  Unit 2.3 Quiz  Assignment 2.5: Game Wheel	3B-AP-10 Use and adapt classic algorithms to solve computational problems.  3B-AP-11 Evaluate algorithms in terms of their efficiency, correctness, and clarity.  8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).  9.3.IT-PRG.6 Program a computer applications using the appropriate programming language.
Understand how the selection sort algorithm orders an array of data  Write code to implement the selection sort algorithm in Java  Understand the advantages and disadvantages of using the selection sort algorithm to order the elements of an array	While the selection sort algorithm is the simplest to program, it is also the slowest option  Vocabulary: Selection Sort, algorithm, array	Selection Sort assignment  Lesson 2.15 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 2.15 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-10 Use and adapt classic algorithms to solve computational problems.  3B-AP-11 Evaluate algorithms in terms of their efficiency, correctness, and clarity.
Understand how the insertion sort algorithm orders an array of data  Understand the advantages and disadvantages of using the insertion sort algorithm to order the elements of an array	The insertion sort algorithm makes comparisons as it searches through data  Vocabulary: Insertion Sort, algorithm, array	Insertion Sort assignment  AP practice  Lesson 2.16 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-10 Use and adapt classic algorithms to solve computational problems.  3B-AP-11 Evaluate algorithms in terms of their efficiency, correctness, and clarity.
Understand how the binary search algorithm finds a value in an ordered array of data  Write code to implement the binary search algorithm in Java  Understand the advantages and disadvantages of using the binary search algorithm to find data in an array	The binary search algorithm only works for sorted data sets Vocabulary: Binary Search, algorithm, array	Binary Search assignment  Lesson 2.17 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 2.17 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-10 Use and adapt classic algorithms to solve computational problems.  8.2.12.E.1 Demonstrate an understanding of the problem-solving capacity of computers in our world.
Understand how the merge sort algorithm orders an array of data	While the merge sort is complex to program, it is the fastests method of data sorting  Vocabulary:	Merge Sort assignment Lesson 2.18 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-11 Evaluate algorithms in terms of their efficiency, correctness, and clarity. 8.2.12.E.3

Understand the advantages and disadvantages of using the merge sort algorithm to order the elements of an array	Merge sort, algorithm, array	Unit 2.3 Exam  Assignment 2.6: Sort Team Directory	Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).
			9.3.IT-PRG.6 Program a computer applications using the appropriate programming language.

## **Unit 8 Overview**

**Unit Title:** Two-Dimensional Arrays

#### **Unit Summary:**

In this unit, students are introduced to the complex coding functions of two-dimensional arrays. As students learn how to program and create 2-D arrays, students will be introduced to new algorithms to utilize while learning how to apply previously learned skills and abilities in working with arrays. Students will have the opportunity to use 2-D arrays to solve real-world problems through the unit assignments and AP Lab activities within this unit.

**Suggested Pacing:** 3 lessons

## **Learning Targets**

#### **Unit Essential Questions:**

- What is the difference in the functionality and structure of a two-dimensional array in comparison to a one-dimensional alternative?
- What new problems can be solved with a two-dimensional array that were not previously achievable?

#### **Unit Enduring Understandings:**

- Two-Dimensional Arrays
- Algorithms on Two-Dimensional Arrays

## **Evidence of Learning**

**Formative Assessments:** A variety of formative assessments will be used throughout the lesson, such as mini code challenges, group discussions, exit tickets

Summative Assessments: Lesson quizzes 2.19-2.21, Unit Quiz 2.4, Exam 2.4

**Alternative Assessments:** Assignment 2.7: Battleship, Lesson mini coding activities, AP-style multiple choice practice, AP Lab

Objectives (Students will be able to)	Key Concepts (Students will know)	Suggested Assessments	Standards (NJSLS)
Understand how the two-dimensional array structure in Java may be represented by a table with rows and columns  Learn how to declare and initialize and access data from a two-dimensional array in Java	How 2-D arrays can process more data and different forms of data in comparison to standard arrays  Vocabulary: Two-Dimensional Arrays, table of data, array of arrays	2-D Arrays assignment  Lesson 2.19 quiz through  Edhesive  Unit 2.4 Quiz	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.  A-CED.2 Create equations in two or more variables to represent relationships between quantities; graph equations on coordinate axes with labels and scales.  CRP11 Use technology to enhance productivity.
Understand how common algorithms for 2-D arrays are implemented  Write a method which implements an algorithm for processing data in a 2-D array	What real-world data calculations can be completed using 2-D arrays  Vocabulary: Two-Dimensional Arrays, method, algorithm	2-D Array Algorithms assignment  Lesson 2.20 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 2.20 quiz through Edhesive	3B-AP-10 Use and adapt classic algorithms to solve computational problems.  3B-AP-11 Evaluate algorithms in terms of their efficiency, correctness, and clarity.  8.2.2.E.4 Debug an algorithm (i.e., correct an error).
Practice answering an AP Computer Science A free response question involving writing an entire class  Analyze a worked solution for this question and understand how a solution would be marked	How AP free response questions are scored  Techniques for declaring classes and methods on a free response format  Vocabulary: Free response, class, method, constructor, parameter	Tracing Code assignment  Lesson 2.21 coding activities through Edhesive  Lesson 2.21 quiz through Edhesive  AP Lab 3: Picture Lab  Unit 2.4 Exam  Assignment 2.7: Battleship	3B-AP-23 Evaluate key qualities of a program through a process such as a code review.  8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).  9.3.IT-PRG.6 Program a computer applications using the appropriate programming language.

## **Unit 9 Overview**

Unit Title: AP Exam Review

#### **Unit Summary:**

In this unit, students will review all previously learned content covered in this course in order to prepare them for the AP Computer Science A exam. Students will be given a diagnostic exam and practice AP problems to prepare them to take the AP Computer Science exam. A series of review videos are provided covering the major topics on the AP Exam. The goal of the unit is to allow students to synthesize the material covered throughout the year and review any areas that could use strengthening.

**Suggested Pacing:** 8 lessons

# **Learning Targets**

#### **Unit Essential Questions:**

- What are the core elements of the Javascript computer programming language?
- What are the skills and techniques required to write code by hand?
- What connections and patterns can be made between previously learned skills and content in writing code?
- How can code be used to solve everyday problems?

## **Unit Enduring Understandings:**

- Code is repetitive, patterns exist between all forms of syntax
- The ability to write code by hand without a computer is one that strengthens computational abilities
- Computer programming is intertwined in nearly every product, industry, and progression in our modern lives

# **Evidence of Learning**

**Formative Assessments:** A variety of formative assessments will be used throughout the lesson, such as mini code challenges, group discussions, exit tickets

**Summative Assessments:** Diagnostic Exam, review quizzes

**Alternative Assessments:** AP-style multiple choice practice

Objectives (Students will be able to)	Key Concepts (Students will know)	Suggested Assessments	Standards (NJSLS)
Use previously learned skills and abilities in writing Java to answer questions for solving real-world problems  Identify their strengths and weaknesses with reading and writing the Java coding language	The structure of the AP CS A Exam  Vocabulary: Programming Fundamentals, Data Structures, Logic, Algorithms, Object Oriented Programming, Recursion, Software Engineering	AP Diagnostics Exam AP practice questions	8.2.12.E.3 Use a programming language to solve problems or accomplish a task (e.g., robotic functions, website designs, applications, and games).  CRP2 Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
Identify fundamental syntax and programming functions needed to create a Java application  Create a program using Javascript coding skills	The fundamental concepts of the Javascript programming language  Vocabulary: Data types, numeric casts, modular division, math functions, while loops, for loop, parameters primitive vs class, overloaded methods, arrayList, for-each loop, interfaces	Programming Fundamentals review quiz  AP practice questions	3B-AP-12 Compare and contrast fundamental data structures and their uses.  3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.
Review the proper syntax and coding methods for previously learned skills and abilities in working with Data Structures in Java  Create a program using Javascript coding skills	The methods and techniques needed to program Data Structures in Javascript programming applications  Vocabulary: Tracing code, string functions, one-dimensional arrays, two-dimensional arrays, arrayList, arrays of strings	Data Structures review quiz  AP practice questions	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.  3B-AP-21 Develop and use a series of test cases to verify that a program performs according to its design specifications.
Review the proper syntax and coding methods for previously learned skills and abilities in working with Logic functions and decision making in Java  Create a program using Javascript coding skills	The methods and techniques needed to program Logic and autonomous decision making in Javascript programming applications  Vocabulary: Boolean, operators, truth tables, DeMorgan's law, math functions, Ifs, else	Logic review quiz  AP practice questions	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.  3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.
Review the proper syntax and coding methods for previously learned skills and abilities in working with the various forms of Algorithms in Java  Create a program using Javascript coding skills	The methods and techniques needed to program the various forms of Algorithms in Javascript programming applications  Vocabulary: DeMorgan's Law, tracing code, algorithms, parameters, primitive vs class, return methods, constructors	Algorithms review quiz  AP practice questions	3B-AP-10 Use and adapt classic algorithms to solve computational problems.  3B-AP-11 Evaluate algorithms in terms of their efficiency, correctness, and clarity.
Identify the core fundamental principles with object oriented programming systems  Review the proper syntax and coding methods for previously learned skills and abilities in working with the object-oriented structure of Java	Understand the fundamental principles with object-oriented programming structures Vocabulary: Inheritance, Overriding, abstract, Is-A, Has-A, interfaces	Object-Oriented programming review quiz  AP practice questions	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.  3B-AP-16 Demonstrate code reuse by creating programming solutions using libraries and APIs.

Review the proper syntax and coding methods for previously learned skills and abilities in working with the fundamentals of recursion techniques in Java  Create a program using Javascript coding skills	The methods and techniques needed to program the fundamentals of recursion techniques in Javascript programming applications  Vocabulary: Modular Division, Recursion, Recursive functions, Returns	Recursion review quiz  AP practice questions	3B-AP-21 Develop and use a series of test cases to verify that a program performs according to its design specifications.
Recognize code that correctly follows engineering principles  Create a program using Javascript coding skills	The methods and techniques needed to program using engineering principles in Javascript programming applications  Vocabulary: Inheritance, abstract classes, Is-A, Has-A, interfaces	Software Engineering review quiz  AP practice questions	3B-AP-14 Construct solutions to problems using student-created components, such as procedures, modules and/or objects.