## 5 PERIOD

## Evaluation Rubric TRIMESTER

			441
Content Rubric	(5)	(3)	(1)
scheduled courses based on needs and	All students have equitable access to all scheduled courses based on needs and interests.	Most students have equitable access to all scheduled courses based on needs and interests.	Some students have equitable access to all scheduled courses based on needs and interests.
Students are able to balance their academic needs with academic exploration (credit recovery, AP, electives, career interests, etc.). Impact of absenteeism (not chronic) on	Most or all students are able to region for classes that support academic need exploration.  Absenteeism (not chronic) has minimal impact on achievement and students.	Some students are able to register for classes that support academic need and exploration.  Absenteeism (not chronic) has moderate impact on achievement and student learning.	Absenteeism (not chronic) has substantial impact on achievement and student learning.
achievement and student learning.  Impact on Students' Instructional Day     Students' management of schedule and workload.      Maximizes instructional time for learning	Most or all students can successfully manage and navigate daily demands of classing assignments, and responsibilities.  Research or experiential evidence strongly supports the instructional time allocation.	Some students can successfully manage and navigate daily demands of classwork, assignments, and respectively.  Research or experiential evidence inconsistently supports the instructional time allocations.	Few students can successfully manage and navigate daily demands of classwork, assignments, and responsibilities.  Research or experiential evidence does not support the instructional time allocations.
<ul> <li>and growth.</li> <li>Consistent instructional time supports student learning.</li> </ul>	Instructional time is consistent and fully supports student learning.	Instructional time is somewhat consistent and these not completely support student ining.	Instructional time is inconsistent and does not support student learning.  Some courses are continuous and meet some
Impact on Course Completion  Continuity of year-long courses  Ability to fulfill course outcomes and requirements.  Impact of student mobility on student achievement and credit completion.	All courses are continuous and meet all instructional sequence requirements.  Il requirements, commitments and demands for year-long courses are fulfilled.  Student mobility has minimal impact on student learning and credit completion.	Most courses are continuous and meet most instructional sequence requirements.  Most requirements, commitments and mands for year-long courses are fulfilled.	instructional sequence requirements.  Some requirements, commitments and demands for year-long courses are full.  Student mobility has substantial impact on student learning and credit completion.  State testing window partially aligns with
State Testing – Graduation Requirements  Alignment of state testing window with course completion.  Courses with required assessments have sufficient time to teach identified standards.  Opportunities to achieve standard through intervention and/or acceleration.	State testing window completely aligns wit course completion.  All courses with required assessments have sufficient time to teach identified standard.  All students have opportunities to achieve standard through intervention and/or acceleration.	State testing window mostly aligns with course completion  Most courses with required assessments have sufficient time to teach identified standar.  Most students have opportunities to achieve standard through intervention and/or acceleration.	course completion.  Some courses with required assessments have sufficient time to teach identified standards  Some students have opportunities to achieve standard through intervention and/or acceleration.