ANDOVER CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Year Ended June 30, 2019

MENGEL METZGER BARR & CO. LLP

RAYMOND F. WAGER, CPA, P.C. DIVISION

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MENGEL METZGER BARR & CO. LLP

RAYMOND F. WAGER, CPA, P.C. DIVISION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Andover Central School District, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Andover Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Andover Central School District, New York, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress postemployment benefit plan, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–13 and 49–53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Andover Central School District, New York's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 14, 2019 on our consideration of the Andover Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Andover Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Raymond & Wager Con PC.

Rochester, New York October 14, 2019

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Andover Central School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

The following is a discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year, the total assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) exceeded its total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) by \$15,245,333 (net position) an increase of \$858,935 from the prior year.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$8,211,722 an increase of \$3,674,353 in comparison with the prior year.

General revenues which include Real Property Taxes, State and Federal Aid, Investment Earnings, and Miscellaneous accounted for \$9,013,458 or 90% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for services, Operating Grants and Contributions, and Capital Grants and Contributions accounted for \$1,046,256 or 10% of total revenues.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and plus deferred inflow of resources liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains five individual governmental funds; General Fund, Special Aid Fund, Debt Servicer Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and School Lunch Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, special aid fund, capital projects fund, and debt service fund which are reported as major funds. Data for the school lunch fund was aggregated into a single column and reported as a non-major fund.

The School District adopts and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

	Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements								
	Government-Wide	Fund Fina	incial Statements						
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds						
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies						
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net position statement of changes in fiduciary net position						
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus						
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can.						
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid						

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

Financial Analysis of the School District As A Whole

Net position

The District's combined net position were larger on June 30, 2019, than they were the year before, increasing by 6% to \$15,245,333 as shown in table below.

	Governmen	Total Variance		
ASSETS:	2019	<u>v arrance</u>		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 8,947,890	2018 \$ 5,077,734	\$ 3,870,156	
Capital Assets	13,773,026	11,318,893	2,454,133	
Total Assets	\$ 22,720,916	\$ 16,396,627	\$ 6,324,289	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			. (11==04)	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,914,657	\$ 2,030,250	\$ (115,593)	
LIABILITIES:				
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$ 8,330,496	\$ 2,903,721	\$ 5,426,775	
Other Liabilities	438,370	417,844	20,526	
Total Liabilities	\$ 8,768,866	\$ 3,321,565	\$ 5,447,301	
DEFENDED INFLOWS OF DESCRIPCES				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	O (21.254	Ø 5 10.014	Φ (0 5 540)	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 621,374	\$ 718,914	\$ (97,540)	
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 9,904,856	\$ 9,063,893	\$ 840,963	
Restricted For,				
Debt Service Reserve	1,142,476	1,124,098	18,378	
Capital Reserve	1,413,218	1,242,585	170,633	
Reserve for ERS	699,698	724,698	(25,000)	
Other Purposes	562,301	577,301	(15,000)	
Unrestricted	1,522,784	1,653,823	(131,039)	
Total Net Position	\$ 15,245,333	\$ 14,386,398	\$ 858,935	

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position (65%) reflects its net investment in capital assets used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's net investment in its capital assets, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There are four restricted net asset balances; Debt Service, Capital Reserve, Reserve for ERS, and Other Purposes which constitute 49% of total net position. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, of \$1,522,784 14%, may be used to finance future operations.

Key changes are as follows:

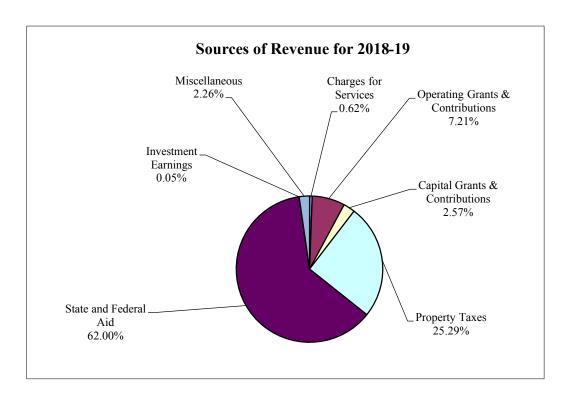
- Capital outlay and debt repayment exceeded depreciation.
- Issued \$5,245,000 in Bonds

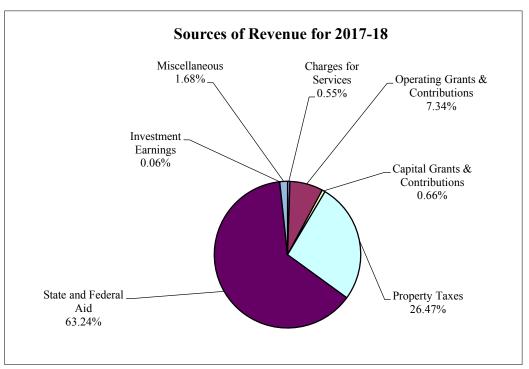
Changes in Net position

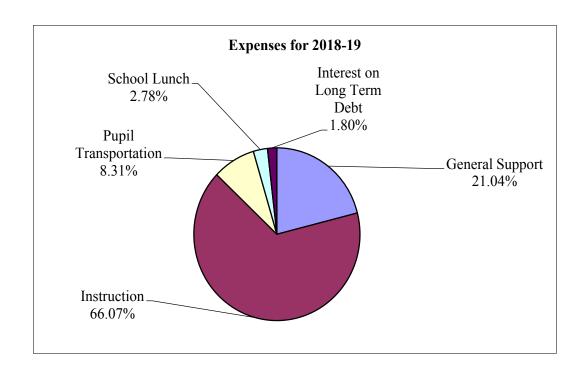
The District's total revenue increased 5% to \$10,059,714. State and federal aid 62% and property taxes 25% accounted for most of the District's revenue. The remaining 13% of the revenue comes from operating grants and contributions, capital grants and contributions, charges for services, investment earnings, and miscellaneous revenues.

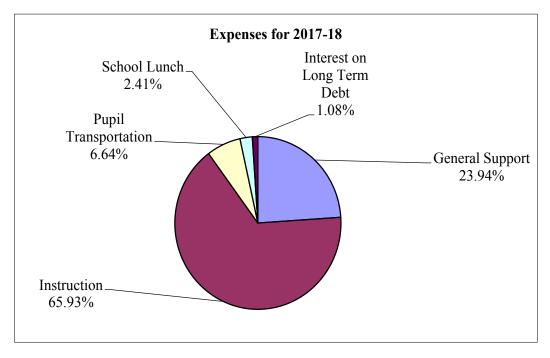
The total cost of all the programs and services increased .4% to \$9,200,779. The District's expenses are predominately related to education and caring for the students (Instruction) 66%. General support which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance and administration of the District accounted for 21% of the total costs. See table below:

					Total		
	Governmental Activities				<u>Variance</u>		
		<u>2019</u>		2018			
REVENUES:							
Program -							
Charges for Service	\$	62,467	\$	52,650	\$	9,817	
Operating Grants & Contributions		725,726		704,558		21,168	
Capital Grants & Contributions		258,063		63,500		194,563	
Total Program	\$	1,046,256	\$	820,708	\$	225,548	
General -							
Property Taxes	\$	2,543,809	\$	2,541,833	\$	1,976	
State and Federal Aid		6,237,069		6,072,603		164,466	
Investment Earnings		5,230		5,608		(378)	
Compensation for Loss		3,159		-		3,159	
Miscellaneous		224,191		161,577		62,614	
Total General	\$	9,013,458	\$	8,781,621	\$	231,837	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	10,059,714	\$	9,602,329	\$	457,385	
SPECIAL ITEM:							
Advance Refunding	\$		\$	30,000	\$	30,000	
EXPENSES:							
General Support	\$	1,935,400	\$	2,193,729	\$	(258,329)	
Instruction		6,079,146		6,040,769		38,377	
Pupil Transportation		764,626		608,566		156,060	
School Lunch		255,599		221,143		34,456	
Interest		166,008		98,005		68,003	
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	9,200,779	\$	9,162,212	\$	38,567	
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	\$	858,935	\$	470,117			
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		14,386,398		13,916,281			
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	15,245,333	\$	14,386,398			









Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$8,211,722 which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$4,537,369.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,374,662. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$176,652 compared with the prior year. See table below:

				Total
General Fund Balances:	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>V</u>	⁷ ariance
Nonspendable	\$ 64,403	\$ 39,613	\$	24,790
Restricted	2,675,217	2,544,584		130,633
Assigned	255,042	232,213		22,829
Unassigned	 380,000	381,600		(1,600)
Total General Fund Balances	\$ 3,374,662	\$ 3,198,010	\$	176,652

The District appropriated funds from the following reserves for the 2019-20 budget:

	<u>Total</u>
Retirement Contribution	\$ 25,000
Debt	270,000
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	15,000
Total	\$ 310,000

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$145,480. This change is attributable to \$145,267 for a voter approved bus purchase and \$213 for carryover encumbrances from the 2017-18 year.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

	Budget Variance Original Vs.	
Expenditure Items:	Amended	Explanation for Budget Variance
Pupil Transportation	\$145,267	Voter approved bus purchase

Revenue Items:	Budget Variance Amended Vs. Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Miscellaneous	\$181,096	Conservative budgeting of BOCES refund
Basic Formula	(\$436,516)	Actual basic formula aid received was lower than amount budgeted
Lottery Aid	\$222,452	Actual lottery aid received was higher than amount budgeted
Expenditure Items:	Budget Variance Amended Vs. Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Teaching – regular school	(\$134,712)	Changes in Teacher salaries due to retirement
Employee Benefits	(\$261,068)	Retirement contribution rates and Health Insurance premiums were less than anticipated
Debt Service - Interest	(\$87,582)	Favorable interest rates associated with new borrowing

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of the 2018-19 fiscal year, the District had invested \$13,773,026 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, work in process, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
\$ 1,393	\$	1,393
3,114,728		329,385
9,785,640		10,242,932
871,265		745,183
\$ 13,773,026	\$	11,318,893
	\$ 1,393 3,114,728 9,785,640 871,265	\$ 1,393 \$ 3,114,728 9,785,640 871,265

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the District had \$8,330,496 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding as follows:

Type	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 6,670,000	\$ 2,255,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	873,442	-
OPEB	460,013	438,091
Net Pension Liability	190,585	88,263
Compensated Absences	 136,456	 122,367
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 8,330,496	\$ 2,903,721

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

- Implementing the permanent tax cap while critical areas are rising above the rate of inflation, with limited mandate relief, could have a significant impact in the budgeting process.
- The fiscal condition of New York State and national economy will impact the revenues received for federal, state and grant funded programs.
- Special Education enrollment and aggregate costs are rapidly increasing while federal and state funding for students with disabilities remains stagnate.
- Uncertain health insurance rates and increasing personnel costs due to minimum wage will lead to increased program costs.
- The District continues to implement instructional programs to help surpass stringent mandated New York State academic standards.
- Adherence to a District Reserve Plan will lead to strong financial decision making.
- Utilization of fund balance.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Andover Central School District 31-35 Elm Street Andover, New York 14806 Attn: Jennifer Joyce

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	overnmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,218,756
Accounts receivable	398,659
Inventories	13,651
Net pension asset	316,824
Capital Assets:	
Land	1,393
Work in progress	3,114,728
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)	 10,656,905
TOTAL ASSETS	 22,720,916
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,914,657
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 46,776
Accrued liabilities	19,026
Unearned revenues	7,644
Due to other governments	2,332
Due to teachers' retirement system	320,885
Due to employees' retirement system	41,707
Long-Term Obligations:	
Due in one year	608,704
Due in more than one year	 7,721,792
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 8,768,866
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 621,374
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,904,856
Restricted For:	
Debt service	1,142,476
Reserve for employee retirement system	699,698
Capital reserves	1,413,218
Other purposes	562,301
Unrestricted	1,522,784
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 15,245,333

Statement of Activities For Year Ended June 30, 2019

									Ne	et (Expense)
									R	evenue and
									(Changes in
]	Progr	am Revenue	s		N	et Position
					O	perating	(Capital		
			Ch	arges for	G	rants and	Gı	rants and	Go	vernmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		ervices	Cor	ntributions	Cor	<u>tributions</u>		<u>Activities</u>
Primary Government -	•									
General support	\$	1,935,400	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(1,935,400)
Instruction		6,079,146		38,494		538,168		258,063		(5,244,421)
Pupil transportation		764,626		-		-		-		(764,626)
School lunch		255,599		23,973		187,558		-		(44,068)
Interest		166,008								(166,008)
Total Primary Government	\$	9,200,779	\$	62,467	\$	725,726	\$	258,063	\$	(8,154,523)
	Gener	al Revenues:								
	Prop	perty taxes							\$	2,543,809
	State	e and federal a	id							6,237,069
	Inve	stment earning	ţS.							5,230
	Con	npensation for l	loss							3,159
	Mis	cellaneous								224,191
	To	otal General R	Revenu	ies					\$	9,013,458
	Cha	nges in Net Po	sition						\$	858,935
	Net	Position, Begi	nning	of Year						14,386,398
	Net	Position, End	of Ye	ar					\$	15,245,333

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Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2019

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Inventories Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>\$</u>	General Fund 3,455,956 183,837 - 420,246 4,060,039	\$	Special Aid Fund 78,025 170,683 - 118,699 367,407	\$	Debt Service Fund 1,125,484 - 16,992 1,142,476	\$	Capital Projects Fund 3,545,122 30,862 148,865 3,724,849		onmajor nool Lunch Fund 14,169 13,277 13,651 65,089 106,186	\$ \$	Total overnmental Funds 8,218,756 398,659 13,651 769,891 9,400,957
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANG	CES											
Liabilities -												
Accounts payable	\$	29,603	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,173	\$	46,776
Due to other funds		293,182		361,174		-		48,523		67,012		769,891
Due to other governments		_		-		-		-		2,332		2,332
Due to TRS		320,885		-		-		-		-		320,885
Due to ERS		41,707		-		-		-		-		41,707
Unearned revenue		-		6,233						1,411		7,644
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	685,377	\$	367,407	\$		\$	48,523	\$	87,928	\$	1,189,235
Fund Balances -												
Nonspendable	\$	64,403	\$		\$		\$		\$	13,651	\$	78,054
Restricted	ф	2,675,217	Ф	-	Ф	1,142,476	Ф	3,676,326	Ф	13,031	φ	7,494,019
Assigned		255,042		_		1,142,470		3,070,320		4,607		259,649
Unassigned		380,000		_		_		_		-,007		380,000
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	3,374,662	\$		\$	1,142,476	\$	3,676,326	\$	18,258	\$	8,211,722
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	Ψ_	3,374,002	Ψ		Ψ	1,142,470	Ψ	3,070,320	Ψ	10,230	Ψ	0,211,722
FUND BALANCES	\$	4,060,039	\$	367,407	\$	1,142,476	\$	3,724,849	\$	106,186		
								, , ,				
		nts reported										
		nent of Net P										
		l assets used in				es are not fina	ıncıal	resources				12 772 026
	and therefore are not reported in the funds. 13,773,026						13,773,026					
Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds in the statement of net position												
	but no	t in the funds.										(19,026)
	The fo	llowing long-	term o	bligations ar	e no	t due and paya	able i	n the				
		t period and th										
		al bonds payal										(6,670,000)
	OPI	ЕВ										(460,013)
	Con	npensated abso	ences									(136,456)
	Una	mortized Bon	d Prer	nium								(873,442)
	Net	pension asset										316,824
	Defe	erred outflow -	pensi	ion								1,820,932
	Def	erred outflow	- OPE	EB								93,725
		pension liabili	-									(190,585)
	Defe	erred inflow - p	pensio	n								(577,910)
	Def	erred inflow -	OPE	3								(43,464)
	Net Po	osition of Gov	vernm	ental Activi	ities						\$	15,245,333

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES		General <u>Fund</u>	i	Special Aid <u>Fund</u>		Debt Service <u>Fund</u>		Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		onmajor ool Lunch <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	2,543,809	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	2,543,809
Charges for services	Ψ	38,494	Ψ	_	Ψ		Ψ	_	Ψ		Ψ	38,494
Use of money and property		3,821		_		1,386		_		23		5,230
Sale of property and compensation for loss		3,159		_		-		_				3,159
Miscellaneous		201,596		3,067		_		_		10,631		215,294
State sources		6,202,930		74,124		_		258,063		4,413		6,539,530
Federal sources		34,139		460,977		-		, -		183,145		678,261
Sales		_		-		-		_		23,973		23,973
Premium on obligations issued		-		-		885,406		-		-		885,406
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	9,027,948	\$	538,168	\$	886,792	\$	258,063	\$	222,185	\$	10,933,156
EXPENDITURES												
General support	\$	1,480,753	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,480,753
Instruction		4,287,987		485,638		-		-		-		4,773,625
Pupil transportation		568,890		1,399		-		-		-		570,289
Employee benefits		1,430,557		53,705		-		-		44,394		1,528,656
Debt service - principal		830,000		-		868,414		-		-		1,698,414
Debt service - interest		150,535		-		-		-		-		150,535
Cost of sales		-		-		-		-		123,808		123,808
Other expenses		-		-		-		-		79,317		79,317
Capital outlay								2,966,820				2,966,820
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	8,748,722	\$	540,742	\$	868,414	\$	2,966,820	\$	247,519	\$	13,372,217
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	ф	270.226	ф	(2.574)	ф	10.270	ф	(2.709.757)	Ф	(25.224)	ф	(2.420.061)
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	279,226	\$	(2,574)	\$	18,378	\$	(2,708,757)	\$	(25,334)	\$	(2,439,061)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers - in	\$	-	\$	2,574	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$	102,574
Transfers - out		(102,574)		-		-		-		-		(102,574)
Proceeds from obligations		-		-		-		5,245,000		-		5,245,000
BAN's redeemed from appropriations						-		868,414				868,414
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$	(102,574)	\$	2,574	\$		\$	6,213,414	\$		\$	6,113,414
				<u> 4,314</u>						<u> </u>		<u> </u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	176,652	\$	-	\$	18,378	\$	3,504,657	\$	(25,334)	\$	3,674,353
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,198,010				1,124,098	_	171,669		43,592	_	4,537,369
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	3,374,662	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,142,476	\$	3,676,326	\$	18,258	\$	8,211,722

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For Year Ended June 30, 2019

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	

\$ 3,674,353

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$ 2,966,820
Additions to Assets, Net	134,529
Depreciation	(647,216)

2,454,133

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments	\$ 1,698,414
Proceeds from Bond Issuance	(5,245,000)
Proceeds from BAN Redemption	(868,414)
Unamortized Bond Premium	(873,442)

(5,288,442)

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.

(15,473)

The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

(5,105)

(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System 58,235 Employees' Retirement System (4,677)

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences

(14,089)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

858,935

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

A G G TOTAL	P	Private Jurpose <u>Trust</u>	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	67,353	\$ 281,107
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	67,353	\$ 281,107
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 93,990
Extraclassroom activity balances		-	98,033
Other liabilities		-	89,084
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	-	\$ 281,107
NET POSITION			
Restricted for scholarships	\$	67,353	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	67,353	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose	
		<u>Trust</u>
ADDITIONS		
Contributions	\$	6,415
Investment earnings		263
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	6,678
DEDUCTIONS		
Other expenses	\$	5,855
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$	5,855
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	823
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		66,530
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	67,353

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Andover Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Andover Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of five members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

B. <u>Joint Venture</u>

The District is a component of the Cattaraugus-Allegany-Erie-Wyoming Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$1,577,477 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$726,388.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

1. Districtwide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

a. <u>Major Governmental Funds</u>

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - Used to account for the acquisition construction or major repair of capital facilities.

b. <u>Nonmajor Governmental</u> - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

c. <u>Fiduciary</u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measureable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and become a lien on August 27, 2018. Taxes are collected during the period September 1, 2018 to November 15, 2018.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Counties in which the District is located. The Counties pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the Counties for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note V for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

J. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable.

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. <u>Inventory and Prepaid Items</u>

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

L. Capital Assets

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$1,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

	Cap	italization	Depreciation	Estimated
<u>Class</u>	<u>Tł</u>	reshold	Method	Useful Life
Buildings	\$	50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	1,000	SL	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

M. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

N. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The government has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is the District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) and OPEB subsequent to the measurement date. The fourth item relates to OPEB reporting in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the actual and expected experience.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. First arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as unavailable revenue-property taxes. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is revenues from grants received that have met all other eligibility requirements except those related to time restrictions. The fourth item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect on the net changes of assumptions or other inputs.

O. Vested Employee Benefits

1. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Certain District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

P. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

Q. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

R. Equity Classifications

1. <u>District-Wide Statements</u>

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- **a.** <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- **b.** Restricted Net Position reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

	<u>Total</u>
Unemployment Costs	\$ 197,887
Tax Certiorari	47,690
Liability	216,254
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	100,470
Total Net Position - Restricted for	
Other Purposes	\$ 562,301

c. <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

2. Fund Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

a. Nonspendable Fund Balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes:

	<u>Total</u>
Inventory in School Lunch	\$ 13,651
Noncurrent Receivables	 64,403
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 78,054

Restricted Fund Balances – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

<u>Capital Reserve</u> - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

Name <u>of Reserve</u>	Maximum <u>Funding</u>	Total Funding Provided	Year to Date Balance
2015 Bus Purchase Reserve	\$ 600,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 213,365
2016 Capital Reserve	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 1,206,706	\$ 861,265
2017 Bus Purchase Reserve	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 338,578	\$ 338,588

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Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

<u>Liability Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §1709(8)(c), must be used to pay for property loss and liability claims incurred. Separate funds for property loss and liability claims are required, and this reserve may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater.

Repair Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-d, must be used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education, without voter approval, may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years.

<u>Retirement Contribution Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

<u>Tax Certiorari Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

<u>Workers' Compensation Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

Encumbrances - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund -	
Unemployment Costs	197,887
Retirement Contribution	699,698
Capital Reserve	1,413,218
Tax Certiorari	47,690
Liability	216,254
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	100,470
Capital Fund -	
Capital Projects	3,676,326
<u>Debt Service Fund -</u>	
Debt Service	1,142,476
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 7,494,019

The District appropriated and/or budgeted funds from the following reserves for the 2019-20 budget:

	<u>Total</u>
Retirement Contribution	\$ 25,000
Debt	270,000
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	 15,000
Total	\$ 310,000

- **c.** <u>Committed</u> Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2019.
- **d.** <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be \$16,000, and the Special Aid Fund to be \$6,000. The District reports the following significant encumbrances.

<u>General Fund -</u>	
Pupil Services	\$ 20,246
Special Aid Fund -	
Instructional	\$ 18,964

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 23,042
General Fund - Appropriated for Taxes	232,000
School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity	4,607
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 259,649

e. <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

S. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2019, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

GASB has issued Statement 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 5, 2018.

T. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which will effective for the periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will be effective for the periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB has issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019

GASB has issued Statement No. 90, Majority equity Interests – an amendment of GASB statements No. 14 and No. 61, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

GASB has issued statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

A. <u>Budgets</u>

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the 2018-19 fiscal year, the budget was increased by \$145,267 for the voter approved purchase of buses and vehicles.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. <u>Encumbrances</u>

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

III. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Credit risk: In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

Concentration of Credit risk: To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

Interest rate risk: The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates

The District's aggregate bank balances, included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging	
Financial Institution	 7,915,838
Total	\$ 7,915,838

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$7,494,019 within the governmental funds and \$67,353 in the fiduciary funds.

IV. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2019 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
	General	Sp	ecial Aid	(Capital	No	n-Major		
Description	Fund		Fund		Fund	:	Funds		Total
Accounts Receivable	\$ 135,357	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	135,357
Due From State and Federal	 48,480		170,683		30,862		13,277		263,302
Total Receivables	\$ 183,837	\$	170,683	\$	30,862	\$	13,277	\$	398,659

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

V. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

				Inter	fund					
	Receivables		I	Payables Revenues				Expenditures		
General Fund	\$	420,246	\$	293,182	\$	-	\$	102,574		
Special Aid Fund		118,699		361,174		2,574		-		
School Lunch Fund		65,089		67,012		-		-		
Debt Service Fund		16,992		-		-		-		
Capital Projects Fund		148,865		48,523		100,000				
Total	\$	769,891	\$	769,891	\$	102,574	\$	102,574		

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

VI. Long Term Assets

A. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

Type	Balance 7/1/2018		Additions		Deletions		Balance 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -							
Land	\$	1,393	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,393
Work in progress		329,385		2,966,820		181,477	3,114,728
Total Nondepreciable	\$	330,778	\$	2,966,820	\$	181,477	\$ 3,116,121
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -							
Buildings and Improvements	\$	18,500,976	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 18,500,976
Machinery and equipment		1,844,048		317,145		96,342	2,064,851
Total Depreciated Assets	\$	20,345,024	\$	317,145	\$	96,342	\$ 20,565,827
Less Accumulated Depreciation -							
Buildings and Improvements	\$	8,258,044	\$	457,292	\$	-	\$ 8,715,336
Machinery and equipment		1,098,865		189,924		95,203	1,193,586
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	9,356,909	\$	647,216	\$	95,203	\$ 9,908,922
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net							
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	10,988,115	\$	(330,071)	\$	1,139	\$ 10,656,905
Total Capital Assets	\$	11,318,893	\$	2,636,749	\$	182,616	\$ 13,773,026

Depreciation expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government Support	\$ 102,554
Instruction	398,754
Pupil Transportation	128,089
School Lunch	 17,819
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 647,216

VII. Long-Term Debt Obligations

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance <u>7/1/2018</u>	4	Additions	<u>r</u>	<u> eletions</u>	<u>(</u>	Balance 6/30/2019	 ie Within Ine Year
Governmental Activities:		_		_	·			
Bonds and Notes Payable -								
Serial Bonds	\$ 2,255,000	\$	5,245,000	\$	830,000	\$	6,670,000	\$ 520,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	-		873,442		-		873,442	54,590
Total Bonds and Notes Payable, net	\$ 2,255,000	\$	6,118,442	\$	830,000	\$	7,543,442	\$ 574,590
Other Liabilities -	 							
Net Pension Liability	\$ 88,263	\$	102,322	\$	-	\$	190,585	\$ -
OPEB	438,091		21,922		-		460,013	-
Compensated Absences	122,367		14,089		-		136,456	34,114
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 648,721	\$	138,333	\$	_	\$	787,054	\$ 34,114
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 2,903,721	\$	6,256,775	\$	830,000	\$	8,330,496	\$ 608,704

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

Original <u>Amount</u>	Issue <u>Date</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Amount Outstanding <u>6/30/2019</u>
\$ 1,435,000	2018	2025	2%-5%	\$ 1,425,000
\$ 5,245,000	2019	2035	3%-5%	5,245,000
				\$ 6,670,000
				873,442
				\$ 7,543,442
	Amount \$ 1,435,000	Amount Date \$ 1,435,000 2018	Amount Date Maturity \$ 1,435,000 2018 2025	Amount Date Maturity Rate \$ 1,435,000 2018 2025 2%-5%

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

	Serial	Bonds
Year	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2020	\$ 520,000	\$ 384,563
2021	575,000	291,300
2022	605,000	264,250
2023	635,000	235,700
2024	665,000	203,950
2025-29	2,030,000	626,500
2030-34	1,550,000	221,850
2035	90,000	3,600
Total	\$ 6,670,000	\$ 2,231,713

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$1,465,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2019 was composed of:

Interest Paid	\$ 150,535
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(3,553)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	19,026
Total Long-Term Interest Expense	\$ 166,008

VIII. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred	Deferred			
	Outflows	Inflows			
Pension	\$ 1,820,932	\$ 577,910			
OPEB	93,725	43,464			
Total	\$ 1,914,657	\$ 621,374			

IX. Pension Plans

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. Provisions and Administration

A 10 member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2019:

Contributions	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>				
2019	\$ 121,984	\$	320,885			

D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2019 for ERS and June 30, 2018 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

		ERS		TRS
Measurement date	Mai	rch 31, 2019	Jun	ne 30, 2018
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$	(190,585)	\$	316,824
District's portion of the Plan's total				
net pension asset/(liability)		0.0027%		0.0175%

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expenses of \$132,499 for ERS and \$229,025 for TRS. At June 30, 2019 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources				Deferred Inflows of Resources			
		ERS		TRS		ERS		TRS
Differences between expended and								
actual experience	\$	37,530	\$	236,760	\$	12,794	\$	42,887
Changes of assumptions		47,905		1,107,509		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan								
investments		-		-		48,915		351,699
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions		32,772		22,217		8,252		113,363
Subtotal	\$	118,207	\$	1,366,486	\$	69,961	\$	507,949
District's contributions subsequent to the		41.707		204.522				
measurement date		41,707	_	294,532				
Grand Total	\$	159,914	\$	1,661,018	\$	69,961	\$	507,949

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ERS		TRS
2019	\$ -	\$	300,702
2020	46,903		198,746
2021	(29,305)		5,876
2022	2,128		197,999
2023	28,520		130,689
Thereafter	 <u> </u>		24,525
Total	\$ 48,246	\$	858,537

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2018	June 30, 2017
Interest rate	7.00%	7.25%
Salary scale	4.20%	4.72%-1.90%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2010- March 31, 2015 System's Experience	July 1, 2009- June 30, 2014 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.50%	2.25%
COLA's	1.30%	1.50%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale AA.

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

	,	
	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
Asset Type -		
Domestic equity	4.55%	5.80%
International equity	6.35%	7.30%
Global equity	0.00%	6.70%
Private equity	7.50%	8.90%
Real estate	5.55%	4.90%
Absolute return strategies *	3.75%	0.00%
Opportunistic portfolios	5.68%	0.00%
Real assets	5.29%	0.00%
Bonds and mortgages	1.31%	0.00%
Cash	-0.25%	0.00%
Inflation-indexed bonds	1.25%	0.00%
Private debt	0.00%	6.80%
Real estate debt	0.00%	2.80%
High-yield fixed income securities	0.00%	3.50%
Domestic fixed income securities	0.00%	1.30%
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	0.90%
Short-term	0.00%	0.30%

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5% for ERS and 2.3% for TRS.

* Excludes equity-oriented long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and internal equity.

F. <u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7% for ERS and 7.25% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7% for ERS and 7.25% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (6% for ERS and 6.25% for TRS) or 1-percentagepoint higher (8% for ERS and 8.25% for TRS) than the current rate:

ERS Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	1% Decrease (6%)	Current Assumption (7%)	1% Increase (8%)
asset (liability)	\$ (833,268)	\$ (190,585)	\$ 349,314
TRS Employer's proportionate	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Assumption (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (2,176,635)	\$ 316,824	\$ 2,405,651

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)		
	ERS	TRS	
Measurement date	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018	
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 189,803,429	\$ 118,107,253	
Plan net position	182,718,124	119,915,517	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (7,085,305)	\$ 1,808,264	
Ratio of plan net position to the			
employers' total pension asset/(liability)	96.27%	101.53%	

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$41,707.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2019 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$320,885.

X. Postemployment Benefits

A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At March 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	\$ 7
Active Employees	79
Total	\$ 86

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$460,013 was measured as of July 1, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary Increases	4.15% percent, average, including inflation
Discount Rate	3.87 percent
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	8.00 percent for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50 percent

The discount rate was based on a yield for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2018 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2018 (RPH-2018 table is created based on RPH-2014 Total Dataset Mortality Table with 8 years of MP-2014 mortality improvement backed out, projected to 2015 using MP-2018 improvement).

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 438,091
Changes for the Year -	
Service cost	\$ 23,593
Interest	15,776
Differences between expected and actual experience	(13,660)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	33,622
Benefit payments	 (37,409)
Net Changes	\$ 21,922
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 460,013

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.56 percent in 2018 to 3.87 percent in 2019.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.87 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.87 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Discount					
	1%	Decrease		Rate	1%	Increase
	(<u>2.87%)</u>	(<u>3.87%)</u>	(<u>4.87%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$	496,138	\$	460,013	\$	426,496

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.0 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			He	ealthcare		
	1% Decrease		Cost Trend Rates		1% Increase	
	(7%		(8%		(9%
	Decreasing		Decreasing		Decreasing	
	<u>to 3</u>	<u>3.5%)</u>	<u>t</u>	<u> 4.5%)</u>	<u>t</u>	<u>o 5.5%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$	412,489	\$	460,013	\$	516,422

D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$41,517. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred O of Resou		red Inflows Resources
Differences between expended and		_	
actual experience	\$	29,886	\$ (13,846)
Changes of assumptions		26,430	(29,618)
Contributions after measurement date		37,409	 _
Total	\$	93,725	\$ (43,464)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2020	\$ 2,148
2021	2,148
2022	2,148
2023	2,148
2024	2,148
Thereafter	 2,112
Total	\$ 12,852

XI. Risk Management

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

B. Health Plan

The District incurs costs related to the Allegany/Cattaraugus Schools Medical Health Plan, Inc. (Plan) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to formulate, develop and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage. Membership in the Plan may be offered to only public school districts and BOCES. There is a required waiting period of one year from request of enrollment to actual enrollment date. Also, during the year prior to requested membership acceptance, the new member's experience rating should equal or better the experience rating of the group as then constituted.

Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan is subject to the following constraints:

- 1. If the member's experience rating is better than the group as a whole, upon one year's written notice and at the anniversary date of membership or
- 2. If the member's experience rating is below that of the group as a whole, upon one month's written notice.

Plan members include three BOCES and 19 districts with the Andover Central School District bearing an equal and proportionate share of the Plan's assets and claim liabilities. Pursuant to the Municipal Cooperative Agreement as signed by the participants, the Plan is a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessment shall be charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. If surplus funds exist at the end of any fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$848,290.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended June 30, 2018, revealed that the Plan is fully funded.

C. Workers' Compensation

The District is a member of the Cattaraugus-Allegany-Erie-Wyoming BOCES Self-Funded Workers' Compensation Plan (the Plan). Current membership of the Plan includes participants from various municipal entities. The Plan is administered by BOCES and utilizes a third party administrator who is responsible for processing claims, estimating liabilities and providing actuarial services. The Plan participants are charged an annual assessment which is allocated in light of comparative experience and relative exposure based on the estimated total liability of the participating members actuarially computed each year.

The Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance to limit exposure for claims paid.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the period in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$28,013.

D. <u>Unemployment</u>

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self insurance fund to pay these claims. The claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2018-19 fiscal year totaled \$0. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2019 was \$197,887 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2019, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

XII. Commitments and Contingencies

A. <u>Litigation</u>

There is no pending litigation against the District as of the balance sheet date.

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Required Supplementary Information

ANDOVER CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio

(Unaudited)

For Year Ended June 30, 2019

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Service cost	\$ 23,593	\$ 26,477	\$ 21,735
Interest	15,776	14,121	16,551
Differences between expected and actual experiences	33,622	(17,802)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(13,660)	(22,470)	35,579
Benefit payments	(37,409)	(38,406)	(35,234)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$ 21,922	\$ (38,080)	\$ 38,631
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$ 438,091	\$ 476,171	\$ 437,540
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 460,013	\$ 438,091	\$ 476,171
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 3,592,619	\$ 3,345,748	\$ 3,302,811
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	12.80%	13.09%	14.42%

¹⁰ years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information ANDOVER CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Unaudited)

For Year Ended June 30, 2019

NYSERS Pension Plan

		_ ,0	-1010			
	2019		2018	2017	<u>2016</u>	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0027%		0.0027%	0.0054%	0.0027%	0.0030%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 190,585	\$	88,263	\$ 505,180	\$ 437,988	\$ 137,357
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 794,608	\$	773,697	\$ 761,509	\$ 706,948	\$ 745,566
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	23.985%		11.408%	66.339%	61.955%	18.423%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.53%		98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%

NYSTRS Pension Plan

	<u> </u>	 Ttp I chipion I	1411			
	 <u>2019</u>	 <u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0175%	0.0166%		0.0156%	0.0154%	0.0160%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ (316,824)	\$ (126,074)	\$	167,563	\$ (1,601,644)	\$ (1,819,617)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,773,368	\$ 2,929,642	\$	2,690,272	\$ 2,427,940	\$ 2,325,061
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-11.424%	-4.303%		6.228%	-65.967%	-78.261%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.27%	100.66%		99.01%	110.46%	111.48%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information ANDOVER CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of District Contributions

(Unaudited)

For Year Ended June 30, 2019

NYSERS Pension Plan

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 121,984	\$ 129,815	\$ 120,120	\$ 122,713	\$ 149,859
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(121,984)	(129,815)	(120,120)	(122,713)	(149,859)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 794,608	\$ 773,697	\$ 761,509	\$ 706,948	\$ 745,566
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.35%	16.78%	15.77%	17.36%	20.10%

NYSTRS Pension Plan

	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2017</u>	2018	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 320,885	\$ 307,592	\$ 343,024	\$ 347,310	\$ 435,343
Contributions in relation to the contractually required					
contribution	(320,885)	(307,592)	(343,024)	 (347,310)	(435,343)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,773,368	\$ 2,929,642	\$ 2,690,272	\$ 2,427,940	\$ 2,325,061
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.57%	10.50%	12.75%	14.30%	18.72%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information

ANDOVER CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

${\bf Budget\ (Non\text{-}GAAP\ Basis)\ and\ Actual\ -\ General\ Fund}$

(Unaudited)

For Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original		Amended		Current Year's	er (Under) Revised
	Budget			Budget	•	Revenues	Budget
REVENUES							
Local Sources -							
Real property taxes	\$	2,059,321	\$	2,059,321	\$	2,072,787	\$ 13,466
Real property tax items		486,743		486,743		471,022	(15,721)
Charges for services		900		900		38,494	37,594
Use of money and property		1,800		1,800		3,821	2,021
Sale of property and compensation for loss		-		-		3,159	3,159
Miscellaneous		20,500		20,500		201,596	181,096
State Sources -							
Basic formula		5,219,462		5,219,462		4,782,946	(436,516)
Lottery aid		438,410		438,410		660,862	222,452
BOCES		736,077		736,077		726,388	(9,689)
Textbooks		17,891		17,891		25,192	7,301
All Other Aid -							
Computer software		4,674		4,674		5,567	893
Library loan		1,662		1,662		1,975	313
Federal Sources		5,000	-	5,000		34,139	29,139
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	8,992,440	\$	8,992,440	\$	9,027,948	\$ 35,508
Other Sources -							
Transfer - in	\$	270,000	\$	270,000	\$	_	\$ (270,000)
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER							
SOURCES	\$	9,262,440	\$	9,262,440	\$	9,027,948	\$ (234,492)
Appropriated reserves	\$	45,560	\$	190,827			
Appropriated fund balance	\$	232,000	\$	232,000			
Prior year encumbrances	\$	213	\$	213			
TOTAL REVENUES AND							
APPROPRIATED RESERVES/							
FUND BALANCE	\$	9,540,213	\$	9,685,480			

Required Supplementary Information

ANDOVER CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund (Unaudited)

For Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Current			
	Original	Amended	_	Year's	_		encumbered
	Budget	Budget	Expenditures		Encumbrances		Balances
EXPENDITURES							
General Support -							
Board of education	\$ 30,653	\$ 27,203	\$	19,658	\$	-	\$ 7,545
Central administration	203,590	203,590		193,591		-	9,999
Finance	183,078	184,543		167,182		-	17,361
Staff	120,139	132,195		124,662		-	7,533
Central services	955,866	894,266		834,473		2,498	57,295
Special items	157,128	154,265		141,187		-	13,078
Instructional -							
Instruction, administration and improvement	262,937	302,422		289,202		-	13,220
Teaching - regular school	2,052,368	2,044,668		1,909,956		250	134,462
Programs for children with							
handicapping conditions	1,011,021	1,008,739		945,894		-	62,845
Occupational education	228,888	264,888		255,236		-	9,652
Teaching - special schools	17,800	9,515		9,515		-	-
Instructional media	378,781	375,955		368,175		48	7,732
Pupil services	579,065	579,315		510,009		20,246	49,060
Pupil Transportation	491,407	636,674		568,890		-	67,784
Employee Benefits	1,691,875	1,691,625		1,430,557		-	261,068
Debt service - principal	830,000	830,000		830,000		-	-
Debt service - interest	 238,117	238,117		150,535		=	 87,582
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 9,432,713	\$ 9,577,980	\$	8,748,722	\$	23,042	\$ 806,216
Other Uses -							
Transfers - out	\$ 107,500	\$ 107,500	\$	102,574	\$		\$ 4,926
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND							
OTHER USES	\$ 9,540,213	\$ 9,685,480	\$	8,851,296	\$	23,042	\$ 811,142
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	\$	176,652			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 3,198,010	 3,198,010		3,198,010			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 3,198,010	\$ 3,198,010	\$	3,374,662			

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

Supplementary Information

ANDOVER CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget

And The Real Property Tax Limit

For Year Ended June 30, 2019

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget			\$ 9,540,000
Prior year's encumbrances			213
Original Budget			\$ 9,540,213
Budget revisions -			
Bus/vehicle purchase			145,267
FINAL BUDGET			\$ 9,685,480
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCUL	ATION	:	
2019-20 voter approved expenditure budget			\$ 9,500,000
Unrestricted fund balance:			
Assigned fund balance	\$	255,042	
Unassigned fund balance		380,000	
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$	635,042	
Less adjustments:			
Appropriated fund balance	\$	232,000	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance		23,042	
Total adjustments	\$	255,042	
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of			
Real Property Tax Law			 380,000
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE			 4.00%

Supplementary Information

ANDOVER CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Schedule of Project Expenditures

For Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Expenditures				Methods of Financing				
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended		Local	State		Fund	
Project Title	Appropriation	Appropriation	Years	<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	Balance	Obligations	Sources	Sources	<u>Total</u>	Balance	
Tennis Court / Wellness Center	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 98,946	\$ -	\$ 98,946	\$ 1,054	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ 1,054	
Capital Improvements	6,790,000	6,790,000	329,385	2,785,343	3,114,728	3,675,272	5,245,000	1,368,414	176,586	6,790,000	3,675,272	
Smart Schools	449,583	449,583	63,500	81,477	144,977	304,606	-	-	144,977	144,977	-	
Capital Outlay	100,000	100,000		100,000	100,000			100,000		100,000		
TOTAL	\$ 7,439,583	\$ 7,439,583	\$ 491,831	\$ 2,966,820	\$ 3,458,651	\$ 3,980,932	\$ 5,245,000	\$ 1,568,414	\$ 321,563	\$ 7,134,977	\$ 3,676,326	

Supplementary Information ANDOVER CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Net Investment in Capital Assets For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Capital assets, net		\$ 13,773,026
Add:		
Unspent bond proceeds	\$ 3,675,272	
		3,675,272
Deduct:		
Short-term portion of bonds payable	\$ 520,000	
Long-term portion of bonds payable	6,150,000	
Unamortized bond premium	873,442	
		 7,543,442
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$ 9,904,856

Supplementary Information

ANDOVER CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Grantor / Pass - Through Agency Federal Award Cluster / Program	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Grantor <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Agency <u>Number</u>	<u>Ex</u> 1	Total penditures
U.S. Department of Education:					
Direct Program:					
Small Rural Schools	84.358	N/A	S358A163540	\$	17,972
Indirect Programs:					
Passed Through NYS Education Department -					
Special Education Cluster IDEA -					
Special Education - Grants to					
States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-19-0036	\$	88,598
Special Education - Preschool					
Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	N/A	0033-19-0036		5,007
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA				\$	93,605
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-19-0080		17,770
21st Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	N/A	0187-19-7134		217,172
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-19-0080		102,149
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	0204-19-0080		10,000
Total U.S. Department of Education				\$	458,668
U.S. Department of Agriculture:					
Indirect Programs:					
Passed Through NYS Education Department (Child Nutrition S	ervices) -				
Food Service Equipment Assistance Grant	10.579	N/A	0005-18-0057	\$	2,309
Passed Through NYS Education Department -	10.075	1,712	0000 10 0007	Ψ	2,000
Child Nutrition Cluster -					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	N/A	\$	105,127
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash					,
Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A	N/A		12,440
National School Snack Program	10.555	N/A	N/A		26,637
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	N/A		38,941
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				\$	183,145
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				\$	185,454
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				\$	644,122

MENGEL METZGER BARR & CO. LLP

RAYMOND F. WAGER, CPA, P.C. DIVISION

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education Andover Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Andover Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Andover Central School District, New York's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 14, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Andover Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Andover Central School District, New York's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Andover Central School District, New York's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Andover Central School District, New York's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raymord & Wager CARPC.

Rochester, New York October 14, 2019

Andover Central School District, New York Schedule of Findings and Responses For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

I. Summary of the Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

a)	Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
b)	Internal control over financial reporting	
	 Material weaknesses identified Significant deficiency(ies) identified 	No No
c)	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	No

II. Financial Statement Findings

There were no current year findings and there were no prior year findings.