ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER THREE

IVA, SOUTH CAROLINA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT June 30, 2021

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Board of Trustees Anderson County School District Number Three Iva, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anderson County School District Number Three ("the District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, as listed in the accompanying table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of Anderson County School District Number Three at June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Trustees Anderson County School District Number Three Page 2

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension liability and contribution schedules, and other postemployment benefits liability and contribution schedules as listed in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the financial statements, is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in the appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major Fund Financial Statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the provisions *Title 2 U.S.* Code of Federal Regulations *Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements of Anderson County School District Number Three. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Martin Smith and Company CPAS PA

Greenville, South Carolina November 22, 2021

This discussion and analysis of Anderson County School District Number Three's ("the District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the Notes to Financial Statements and the financial statements themselves to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

In the Statement of Net Position, the liabilities and deferred inflows of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the 2021 fiscal year by \$36,534,014. The District has invested \$5,280,496 in capital assets, net of related debt, and has restricted net position of \$6,289,129 relating to its custodial funds, debt obligations and capital projects. Therefore, the District reported a deficit balance in unrestricted net position of \$48,478,181.

Included in liabilities is the net pension obligation of \$34,688,977 and other post-employment benefit obligation of \$30,385,097.

In the Statement of Activities, the District's total net position increased by \$1,338,783 for the 2021 fiscal year, as compared to a decline of \$581,300 in the previous year.

The District had \$34,533,400 in expenses related to governmental activities; of these expenses \$19,587,722 was offset by program specific operating grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$15,591,272 provided the remaining funding for these programs.

Fund Financial Statements

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,601,792. This is a decline in the fund balances of \$255,037 from the previous year. This decrease was largely due to the District expending funds in its School Building Fund in this fiscal year for its planned capital expenditures.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$5,938,121.

The District's total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$250,051 during the current fiscal year, as capital additions exceeded depreciation expense.

The District's total long-term debt decreased by \$2,768,432 during the current fiscal year, as the District made its scheduled debt payments.

During the 2021 fiscal year, the District's governmental fund-type revenues were \$34,755,725, an increase of \$4,096,785 from the previous year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis serves as an introduction to the District's Financial Statements. The District's Financial Statements consist of three components:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
- Notes to the Financial Statements

In addition to the Financial Statements, this report contains Required Supplementary Information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the District.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements provide a broad overview of the District's overall financial status, in a manner similar to a private-sector enterprise.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, for some items, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (Governmental Activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (Business-Type Activities). However, all activities of the District are Governmental Activities, which include instruction, supporting services, and debt service.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements can be found at Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The remaining financial statements are Fund Financial Statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the Government-Wide Statements.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-Wide Financial Statements, Governmental Funds Financial Statements focus on near-term uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

Governmental Funds, continued

Because the focus of Governmental Funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for Governmental Funds with similar information presented for Governmental Activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains five individual Governmental Funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the General Fund, Special Projects Fund, EIA Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the School Building Fund, all of which are considered major funds.

Proprietary Fund

The District maintains one type of Proprietary Fund. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as Business-Type Activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The District uses an Enterprise Fund to account for its food service operation. Proprietary Funds provide the same type of information as the Government-Wide Financial Statements, only in more detail; therefore, the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements provide more detailed information for the food service operation, which is considered a major fund of the District.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Other information

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information. A required budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund which has a legally adopted budget to demonstrate its compliance with the budget. Required pension and OPEB plan schedules have been included which provide relevant information regarding the District's participation in the South Carolina Retirement System and the SCRHITF.

Budgets for the Special Revenue Funds-Special Projects Fund and Special Revenue Funds-EIA Fund are not legally adopted. Budgets for the School Building Fund and Debt Service Fund are legally adopted.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

Major Features of the District's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial Statements	
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire District government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position; Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet; Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Net Position; Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; Statement of Cash Flows
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods/services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon after	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows by \$36,534,014 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The following table provides a summary of the District's net position for 2021 compared to 2020:

Net Position

		Governmental Activities		Business-type	Activities	Total			
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Assets									
Current and Other Assets	\$	19,438,306 \$	19,650,064 \$	2,070,910 \$	1,265,436 \$	21,509,216 \$	20,915,500		
Capital Assets	_	26,271,079	26,025,613	402,624	398,039	26,673,703	26,423,652		
Total Assets	_	45,709,385	45,675,677	2,473,534	1,663,475	48,182,919	47,339,152		
Deferred Outflows	_	12,546,609	7,476,703			12,546,609	7,476,703		
Liabilities									
Long-term Liabilities		26,360,553	29,128,985	-	-	26,360,553	29,128,985		
Net Pension and									
OPEB Liability		65,074,074	57,569,222	-	-	65,074,074	57,569,222		
Other Liabilities	_	2,045,644	2,529,226	116,935	65	2,162,579	2,529,291		
Total Liabilities	_	93,480,271	89,227,433	116,935	65	93,597,206	89,227,498		
Deferred Inflows	_	3,666,336	3,807,032		<u>-</u>	3,666,336	3,807,032		
Net Position									
Net Investment in									
Capital Assets		4,877,872	1,702,599	402,624	398,039	5,280,496	2,100,638		
Restricted		6,663,671	7,165,732	-	-	6,663,671	7,165,732		
Unrestricted	_	(50,432,156)	(48,750,416)	1,953,975	1,265,371	(48,478,181)	(47,485,045)		
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$_	(38,890,613) \$	(39,882,085) \$	2,356,599 \$	1,663,410 \$	(36,534,014) \$	(38,218,675)		

Government Activities - Net position of the District's Governmental Activities increased (\$38,890,613) compared to (\$39,882,085). Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements changed from (\$48,750,416) at June 2020 to (\$50,432,156) at June 2021.

Business-Type Activities - The net position of Business-Type Activities increased \$693,189 (\$2,356,599 compared to \$1,663,410) for the year ended June 30, 2021. This increase in net position is due to increased revenue and continued improved control of expenses.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

The following table shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2021 compared to 2020:

Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities				Business-ty	ype	Activities	Total			
	2021		2020		2021		2020	2021	2020		
Revenues						_					
Program Revenues:											
Charges for Services \$	-	\$	15	\$	85,469	\$	163,483 \$	85,469 \$	163,498		
Operating Grants	19,600,768	1	7,461,369		2,366,253		1,784,280	21,967,021	19,245,649		
Capital Grants	-		-		-		-	-	_		
General Revenues:											
Property Taxes	12,913,733	1	1,438,867		-		-	12,913,733	11,438,867		
Other	2,572,539		1,991,373	_	17,969		2,324	2,590,508	1,993,697		
Total Revenues	35,087,040	3	30,891,624		2,469,691	_	1,950,087	37,556,731	32,841,711		
									_		
Program Expenses											
Instruction	19,018,926	1	7,825,295		-		-	19,018,926	17,825,295		
Support Services	14,240,206	1	2,719,245		-		-	14,240,206	12,719,245		
Community Services	63,903		42,347		-		-	63,903	42,347		
Intergovernmental	277,956		204,763		-		-	277,956	204,763		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	932,409		988,126		-		-	932,409	988,126		
Food Service	-		-		1,684,548		1,643,235	1,684,548	1,643,235		
_									_		
Total Expenses	34,533,400	3	31,779,776		1,684,548		1,643,235	36,217,948	33,423,011		
_											
Transfer (Food Service)	91,954		105,000		(91,954)		(105,000)	-	-		
·											
Changes in Net Position \$_	645,594	\$	(783,152)	\$	693,189	\$_	201,852 \$	1,338,783 \$	(581,300)		

Changes in Net Position - Overall, the District's net position increased in 2021, as revenues exceeded expenses (including depreciation of \$2,100,061) by \$1,338,783. Total revenue increased by \$4,715,020. When comparing 2021 to 2020, Program Revenues, which included Federal and State revenues, increased by \$2,643,343 due to higher allocations from the State of South Carolina in the Education Finance Act area, and an increase in the District's student enrollment. In addition, property taxes increased.

Instruction expenses increased \$1,193,631 and support services expenses increased \$1,520,961. The increase in instruction expenses reflected a "Step" raise (additional year of experience) and increase for teachers, teacher certificate upgrades; an increase in State health insurance premiums; and a rate increase in the employer portion of the State Retirement System rates, among other factors. The net increase in support services expenses reflected a "Step" and increase for non-teachers; and the non-teacher portion of State health insurance and retirement premiums increases, among other factors.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The analysis of Governmental Funds serves the purpose of looking at what resources came into the funds, how they were spent and what is available for future expenditures. Did the government generate enough revenue to pay for current obligations? What is available for spending at the end of the year?

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District's Governmental Funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12,601,792, as compared to \$12,856,829 for the prior year. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At June 30, 2021, the District's unassigned fund balance for all Governmental Funds was \$5,938,121 which solely represents the General Fund. The remainder includes funds restricted for custodial funds of \$374,542, restricted for capital projects of \$4,908,169 and restricted for debt service of \$1,380,960.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$5,938,121.

The District's General Fund balance increased by \$592,902 during the current fiscal year, compared to an increase of \$467,508 in the previous year. The District had an increase in revenues of \$702,923 for the year, and was able to control its expenses. The District continues to focus on careful cost management so as to maximize increases in fund balance.

The District's major funds include General Fund, as described above, Special Revenue-Special Projects, Special Revenue-EIA, Debt Service, and School Building.

The District's Special Revenue Funds, Special Projects and EIA, are used to account for revenues derived from the State of South Carolina and the Federal Government. These funds were spent appropriately as mandated by the legislation that allowed for their distribution. The EIA funds that were received during the year were expended during the current fiscal year; therefore, there was no fund balance at the end of the previous or current year. As of July 1, 2020, the School implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Certain agency funds previously accounted for activities that are not considered fiduciary in nature and are now reported in the Special Revenue Fund. Therefore, this fund did have a fund balance as of June 30, 2021.

The District's Debt Service Fund balance has remained relatively stable, increasing by \$441,702. The fiscal year ended 2021 Debt Service Fund balance is \$1,380,960, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. The District's debt millage rate continues to be static.

During the current fiscal year the District's School Building Fund decreased from \$6,226,474 to \$4,908,169. This decrease was expected as the District expended funds on capital items in accordance with its capital improvement plan.

Proprietary Funds

The District's only Proprietary Fund is the Food Service Fund. This program had net income of \$693,189 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to South Carolina law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2021, the District had \$26,673,703 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation. The total amount the District invested in capital asset additions during the 2021 fiscal year was \$2,408,097.

The following table shows fiscal 2021 balances compared to 2020:

		Governmental Activities			Business-Type	Activities	Total			
		2021	2020		2021	2020	2021	2020		
Land	\$	1,157,341 \$	1,043,161	\$	- \$	- \$	1,157,341 \$	1,043,161		
Buildings		18,597,791	19,725,122		-	-	18,597,791	19,725,122		
Improvements		6,161,898	4,933,352		-	-	6,161,898	4,933,352		
Equipment		229,353	270,566		402,624	398,039	631,977	668,605		
Construction in progress	_	124,696	53,412	_			124,696	53,412		
Totals	\$_	26,271,079 \$	26,025,613	\$	402,624 \$	398,039 \$	26,673,703 \$	26,423,652		

The Anderson Institute of Technology ("the Institute") is a joint project governed by an affiliation agreement between the District, Anderson County School District Four, and Anderson County School District Five ("Member Districts"). The District has approximately 14% interest in the Institute. The District's share of the operating cost has been recorded as expenditures in the General Fund. The District's share of the construction cost has been recorded as capital outlay in the Capital Projects Fund. The District's interest in the Institute is shown as investment in Anderson Institute of Technology on the Statement of Net Position. At June 30, 2021, the District's investment in the Institute of \$4,790,870 was comprised of land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and vehicles of \$144,392; \$4,174,605; \$742,325; and \$19,535, respectively. Accumulated depreciation on these assets was \$289,987 at June 30, 2021.

Long-term Debt and Capital Lease Obligations

At fiscal year-end, the District had \$26,360,553 in bonds and related bond premiums outstanding versus \$29,128,985 in the prior year, as shown in the following table:

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	_	Government	al Activities
		2021	2020
General Obligation Bonds:			
2015 Series	\$	9,590,000 \$	9,655,000
2016 Series		9,325,000	9,995,000
2019 Series		1,711,000	2,865,000
2020 Series		1,110,000	1,500,000
Qualified Energy Conservation notes payable: 2015 Issue 2016 Issue		3,232,446	3,571,531
Total bonds and notes payable	_	24,968,446	27,586,531
Premium, net of amortization	_	1,392,107	1,542,454
Total long-term obligations	\$_	26,360,553 \$	29,128,985

Economic Factors

The District is located in the southern part of Anderson County, South Carolina and contains the small towns of Iva and Starr. The District has a population of approximately 15,700 and operates one high school, one middle school, and three elementary schools.

Manufacturing is the largest employment sector in the District, followed by wholesale and retail. Wholesale and retail trade and services represent the fastest growing sectors of the District.

The District's tax base has shown slight growth over the past five years. The assessed value of taxable property within the District has increased 1% during that period, with manufacturing property showing a decline and real estate property increasing. Total property tax collections have historically been strong and increasing. Difficulties with manufacturing industries and textiles specifically, have been a drag on continued growth within the District.

In 2007, South Carolina enacted Act 388, which was effective for the District beginning July 1, 2007. Act 388 provides an exemption for one hundred percent of the fair market value of owner-occupied residential property, to the extent it is not already covered by other property tax relief exemptions, for all property taxes imposed for school operating purposes, but not including millage imposed for the repayment of general obligation debt for property tax years beginning after January 1, 2007. Act 388 also created a new Homestead Exemption Fund which is funded from an additional 1 cent sales tax imposed by Act 388.

Act 388 created three tiers of distribution to school districts. Tier one distributions equal the amounts that were received by the school districts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, relating to an earlier property tax relief provision for owner occupied residential property. In the case of the District, that amount was \$539,881.

Tier two distributions equal the amounts received by school districts for the school operating portion of the homestead exemption for the elderly, disabled, and blind. In the case of the District, that amount was \$302,684. Tiers one and two distributions are fixed and do not change.

Tier three distributions are state funded payments to school districts to replace revenues formerly derived from taxation by school districts of owner-occupied residential property. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, those distributions were expected to equal, dollar for dollar, the revenue that would have been collected by the school districts from property taxes for school operating purposes imposed by the school districts on owner occupied residential property for that fiscal year as if no reimbursed exemptions applied. Beginning with the 2008-2009 fiscal year, the tier three distributions will be the sum of the amount of the fiscal year 2007-2008 tier three distributions plus the tier three reimbursement increases. Act 388 requires the tier three reimbursements to be increased annually by (i) an inflation factor equal to the percentage increase in the previous year Consumer Price Index, Southeast Region, as published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, plus (ii) the percentage increase in the previous year in the population of the State as determined by the Office of Research and Statistics of the State Budget and Control Board. The tier three increases are aggregated for the entire state and the amount going to any particular school district is equal to an amount that is the district's proportionate share of the aggregated funds based on the school district's weighted pupil units as a percentage of the statewide weighted pupil units as determined annually pursuant to the EFA, with an adjustment for certain poverty factors to provide programs for the affected students. There are provisions in the tier three reimbursement that could, in any given year, result in a minimum increase of four percent to the extent funds are available in the Homestead Exemption Fund. There are also provisions that require the total tier three reimbursements to the school districts in a county to be not less than \$2,500,000. If the amount of tier three distributions other than those dependent upon balances in the Homestead Exemption Fund exceed amounts in the Homestead Exemption Fund, the excess is required to be paid from the general fund of the State. The District's reimbursement for fiscal 2021 for tier three was \$1,492,545.

Act 388 requires that, to the extent revenues in the Homestead Exemption Fund are insufficient to pay all required reimbursements to a school district; the State will pay the difference from its general fund. However, there can be no assurances that such funds will be appropriated in the event there is such an insufficiency or that the change in funding sources resulting from Act 388 will not have an adverse effect on the District's operations. The District recognizes that Act 388 places increased reliance on state funds to fund the general fund. This increased reliance at the state level is being funded by the additional one penny sales tax, which in the District's opinion is not as stable as property tax revenue which the sales tax replaced.

In addition, Act 388 removes the authority of governing bodies of school districts to increase operating millage in any year to meet the required local EFA inflation factor and the per pupil maintenance of effort requirement.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide those interested with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of the Executive Director of Finance, at Anderson County School District Number Three, 335 West Front Street, Iva, South Carolina 29655. In addition, this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report may be found on the District's website at http://www.acsd3.org.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents \$ 6,448,831 \$ 1,890,263 \$ 8,339,094 Accounts receivable 35,651		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Accounts receivable 35,651 - 35,651 Property taxes receivable, net 453,912 - 453,912 Due from other governmental units 7,622,633 108,324 7,730,937 Other receivables 91,315 18,082 109,397 Inventories and prepaid expenses - 49,335 49,335 Investories and prepaid expenses - 49,370,821 40,570,821 Investories and Prepaid expenses - 40,570,821 40,570,821 Investories and Prepaid expenses 9,597,608 - 9,597,608 Equipment 21,4696 4,260 2,897,296 Liquinent 2,44,609 3,666,333 2,412,40 Les accumulated depreciation 2,854,7310 34,988,97 4,606	<u>ASSETS</u>			
Accounts receivable net 35,651 - \$55,61 Property taxes receivable, net 453,912 453,912 7,30,937 Other receivables 91,315 18,082 10,30,937 Internal balances (4,060) 4,906 - Investories and prepaid expenses - 49,335 49,335 Investories and prepaid expenses - 49,305 49,335 Investories and prepaid expenses - 49,335 49,335 Investories and prepaid expenses - 49,335 49,335 Investories and prepaid expenses - 49,335 49,335 Investories and prepaid expenses - 49,308 249,335 Investories and Prepaid expenses - 49,308 249,335 Investories and Prepaid expenses - 40,570,821 40,570,821 Improvements other than buildings 9,597,608 - 9,597,608 Equipment 2,146,609 - 124,609 Legistories accumulated depreciation 2,854,7310 349,898 28,897,296	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,448,831	\$ 1,890,263	8,339,094
Property taxes receivable, net 453,912 bue from other governmental units 453,912 bue from other governmental units 453,013 bue from other governmental units 108,224 degrees 109,397 but 100,397 but 1	-		-	
Doe from other governmental units 7,622,633 108,324 7,730,987 Other receivables 91,315 18,082 109,397 Incental balances (4,906) 4,908 Investment in Anderson Institute of Technology 4,790,870 49,335 49,335 Investment in Anderson Institute of Technology 4,790,870 47,90,870 1,157,341 4,790,871 Buildings 40,570,821 40,570,821 1 40,570,821 Improvements other than buildings 9,597,608 9,597,608 124,696 124,735,334 48,1	Property taxes receivable, net	· ·	-	·
Other receivables 91,315 18,082 109,397 Internal balances (4,906) 4,906 4,908 Inventories and prepaid expenses - 49,335 49,335 Investment in Anderson Institute of Technology 4,790,870 - 4790,870 Capital assets: 3 - 1,157,341 - 1,157,341 Buildings 40,570,821 - 40,570,821 - 40,570,821 Improvements other than buildings 9,597,608 - 9,597,608 - 9,597,608 Equipment 3,367,923 752,610 4,120,533 - 124,696 - 124,696 - 124,696 - 124,696 - 124,696 - 124,696 - 124,696 - 124,696 - 124,696 - 124,696 - 124,696 - 124,696 - 124,696 - 124,696 - 126,737,033 - 126,737,033 - 122,370,133 - 122,370,133 - 122,370,133 <t< td=""><td>± •</td><td>-</td><td>108,324</td><td>·</td></t<>	± •	-	108,324	·
International balances (4,906) 4,935 4,935 Investment in Anderson Institute of Technology 4,790,870 - 4,790,870 Capital assets: 3,790,872 - 4,790,870 Land 1,157,341 - 40,570,821 Buildings 40,570,821 - 40,570,821 Improvements other than buildings 9,597,608 - 9,597,608 Equipment 3,367,923 752,610 4,120,533 Construction in progress 124,696 - 124,696 Less accumulated depreciation (28,547,310) 349,986) (28,897,296) Total capital assets, net of depreciation 45,700,385 2,473,534 48,182,919 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 12,370,133 - 12,370,133 Total deferred outflows of resources 12,546,609 - 12,546,609 Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 1,400,512 112,228 1,512,740 Uneamed income 601,529 4,70 60,266 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>18,082</td><td></td></tr<>			18,082	
Newstment in Anderson Institute of Technology	Internal balances	(4,906)	4,906	-
Investment in Anderson Institute of Technology 4,790,870 Capital assets: 1,157,341 - 1,157,0821 Buildings 40,570,821 - 40,570,821 Improvements other than buildings 9,597,608 - 9,597,608 Equipment 3,367,923 752,610 4,120,533 Construction in progress 124,696 - 124,696 Less accumulated depreciation (28,547,310) (349,986) (28,897,296) Total capital assets, net of depreciation 45,709,385 2,473,534 48,182,919 PEFERRED OUTELOWS OF RESOURCES 176,476 - 176,476 Deferred refunding charges 176,476 - 12,370,133 Total deferred outflows of resources 12,2546,609 -0 12,546,609 Logical field for pensions and OPEB 1,400,512 112,228 1,512,740 Accounts payable 1,400,512 112,228 1,512,740 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Due to state 2,42,822 2,42,822 Set pension liab	Inventories and prepaid expenses	-	49,335	49,335
Rand	Investment in Anderson Institute of Technology	4,790,870	-	4,790,870
Buildings 40,570,821 - 40,570,821 Improvements other than buildings 9,597,608 - 9,597,608 Equipment 3,367,923 752,610 4,120,533 Construction in progress 124,696 - 2,26,100 124,696 Less accumulated depreciation 26,271,079 402,624 26,673,703 Total capital assets, net of depreciation 26,271,079 402,624 26,673,703 Total assets 45,709,385 2,473,534 48,182,919 Deferred refunding charges Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 12,370,133 - 12,370,133 Total deferred outflows of resources 12,546,609 -0- 12,546,609 LIABILITIES 112,228 1,512,740 Locaunts payable 1,400,512 112,228 1,512,740 Unearned income 601,559 4,707 606,266 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Due to state 24,282 - 2,24,282 Net pension liability 34,688,977 - 3,368,97 Net pension liability 34,888,977	Capital assets:			
Improvements other than buildings 9,597,608 9,597,608 Equipment 3,367,923 752,610 4,120,533 Construction in progress 124,696 - 124,696 Less accumulated depreciation (28,547,310) (349,986) (28,897,296) Total capital assets, net of depreciation 26,271,079 402,624 26,673,703 Total assets 45,709,385 2,473,534 48,182,919 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred funding charges 176,476 - 176,476 Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 12,370,133 - 12,370,133 Total deferred outflows of resources 12,546,609 -0 12,546,609 LiABILITIES Accounts payable 1,400,512 112,228 1,512,740 Unearned income 601,559 4,707 606,6266 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Due to state 24,282 - 24,882 Net OPEB liability 30,385,097 - 3,666,377 D	Land	1,157,341	-	1,157,341
Equipment 3,367,923 752,610 4,120,538 Construction in progress 124,696 - 124,696 Less accumulated depreciation 2(8,547,310) (349,986) 2(28,897,296) Total capital assets, net of depreciation 26,271,079 402,624 26,673,703 Total assets 45,709,385 2,473,534 48,182,919 Deferred refunding charges 176,476 - 176,476 Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 12,370,133 - 12,370,133 Total deferred outflows of resources 12,546,609 -0 12,546,609 LABILITIES 14,00,512 112,228 1,512,740 Unearned income 601,559 4,707 606,266 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Due to state 24,282 - 24,282 Net OPEB liability 34,688,977 - 34,688,977 Net OPEB liability 34,688,977 - 36,66,37 Due within one year 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 <t< td=""><td>Buildings</td><td>40,570,821</td><td>-</td><td>40,570,821</td></t<>	Buildings	40,570,821	-	40,570,821
Construction in progress 124,696 - 124,696 Less accumulated depreciation (28,547,310) (349,986) (28,872,96) Total capital assets, net of depreciation 26,271,079 402,624 26,673,703 Total assets 45,709,385 2,473,534 48,182,919 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred refunding charges 176,476 - 176,476 Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 12,370,133 - 12,370,133 Total deferred outflows of resources 12,546,609 -0 12,546,609 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 1,400,512 112,228 1,512,740 Unearmed income 601,559 4,707 606,266 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Dut o state 24,282 - 24,282 Net pension liability 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Net OPEB liability 30,385,097 - 2,695,788 Due within one year 2,695,978 - 2,695,788	Improvements other than buildings	9,597,608	-	9,597,608
Less accumulated depreciation (28,547,310) (349,986) (28,897,296) Total capital assets, net of depreciation 26,271,079 402,624 26,673,703 Total assets 45,709,385 2,473,534 48,182,919 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 8 176,476 - 176,476 Deferred refunding charges 176,476 - 12,370,133 - 12,370,133 Total deferred outflows of resources 12,546,609 -0- 12,546,609 LABILITIES 112,228 1,512,740 Chearned income 601,559 4,707 606,266 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Out of state 24,282 - 24,282 Net pension liability 34,688,977 - 34,688,977 Net opes liability 34,688,977 - 36,689,78 Due within one year 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due in more than one year 2,3664,575 - 23,666,356 Total liabilities 93,480,271 116,935 93,597,206	Equipment	3,367,923	752,610	4,120,533
Total capital assets, net of depreciation 26,271,079 402,624 26,673,703 Total assets 45,709,385 2,473,534 48,182,919 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred refunding charges 176,476 - 176,476 Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 12,370,133 - 12,546,609 LAGE LITIES Accounts payable 1,400,512 112,228 1,512,740 Unearned income 601,559 4,707 606,266 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Due to state 24,282 - 24,282 Net pension liability 34,688,977 - 30,385,097 Net pension liabilities: 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Due in more than one year 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due in more than one year 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 - 3,666,336	Construction in progress	124,696	-	124,696
Total assets 45,709,385 2,473,534 48,182,919 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Beferred refunding charges 176,476 - 176,476 Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 12,370,133 - 123,70,133 Total deferred outflows of resources 12,546,609 -0 12,546,609 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 1,400,512 112,228 1,512,740 Unearned income 601,559 4,707 606,266 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Due to state 24,282 - 24,282 Net pension liability 30,385,097 - 34,688,977 Net OPEB liability 30,385,097 - 2,695,978 Due within one year 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due in more than one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 3,482,271 116,935 93,597,206 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Net prestricted inflows of resources 3,666,336 -0 3,666,336<	Less accumulated depreciation	(28,547,310)	(349,986)	(28,897,296)
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 176,476 - 176,476 Deferred refunding charges 12,370,133 - 12,370,133 Total deferred outflows of resources 12,546,609 -0 12,546,609 LABILITIES Accounts payable 1,400,512 112,228 1,512,740 Unearned income 601,559 4,707 606,266 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Due to state 24,282 - 24,282 Net pension liability 34,688,977 - 34,688,977 Net OPEB liability 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Long-term liabilities: 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due within one year 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due in more than one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 33,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inf	Total capital assets, net of depreciation	26,271,079	402,624	26,673,703
Deferred refunding charges 176,476 - 176,476 Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 12,370,133 - 12,370,133 Total deferred outflows of resources 12,546,609 -0- 12,546,609 LABILITIES Accounts payable 1,400,512 112,228 1,512,740 Une amed income 601,559 4,707 606,266 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Due to state 24,282 - 24,282 Net pension liability 34,688,977 - 34,688,977 Net OPEB liability 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Long-term liabilities 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due in more than one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 33,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Net rossition 4,978,7872	Total assets	45,709,385	2,473,534	48,182,919
Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 12,370,133 - 12,370,133 Total deferred outflows of resources 12,546,609 -0- 12,546,609 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 1,400,512 112,228 1,512,740 Unearned income 601,559 4,707 606,266 Ofter liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Due to state 24,282 - 24,282 Net pension liability 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Net pension liabilities: 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Long-term liabilities: 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due within one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 93,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 NET POSITION 4,97,872 402,624 5,280,496 Re	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 12,370,133 - 12,370,133 Total deferred outflows of resources 12,546,609 -0- 12,546,609 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 1,400,512 112,228 1,512,740 Unearned income 601,559 4,707 606,266 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Due to state 24,282 - 24,282 Net pension liability 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Net OPEB liability 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Long-term liabilities: 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due within one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 93,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Net investment in capital assets 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 <td>Deferred refunding charges</td> <td>176,476</td> <td>-</td> <td>176,476</td>	Deferred refunding charges	176,476	-	176,476
LIABILITIES Accounts payable 1,400,512 112,228 1,512,740 Unearned income 601,559 4,707 606,266 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Due to state 24,282 - 24,282 Net pension liability 34,688,977 - 34,688,977 Net OPEB liability 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Long-term liabilities: 2695,978 - 2,695,978 Due within one year 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due in more than one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 93,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Net rossition Net investment in capital assets 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: Custodial funds 374,542 - 374,542 <t< td=""><td></td><td>12,370,133</td><td></td><td>12,370,133</td></t<>		12,370,133		12,370,133
Accounts payable 1,400,512 112,228 1,512,740 Unearned income 601,559 4,707 606,266 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Due to state 24,282 - 24,282 Net pension liability 34,688,977 - 34,688,977 Net OPEB liability 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Long-term liabilities: Use within one year 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due in more than one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 93,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: Custodial funds 374,542 - 374,542 Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Debt service	Total deferred outflows of resources	12,546,609	-0-	12,546,609
Unearned income 601,559 4,707 606,266 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Due to state 24,282 - 24,282 Net pension liability 34,688,977 - 34,688,977 Net OPEB liabilities 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Long-term liabilities 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due within one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 93,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 -0 3,666,336 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: 2 374,542 - 374,542 Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 - 1,380,960 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960	<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Unearned income 601,559 4,707 606,266 Other liabilities 19,291 - 19,291 Due to state 24,282 - 24,282 Net pension liability 34,688,977 - 34,688,977 Net OPEB liabilities 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Long-term liabilities 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due within one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 93,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 -0 3,666,336 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: 2 374,542 - 374,542 Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 - 1,380,960 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960	Accounts payable	1,400,512	112,228	1,512,740
Due to state 24,282 - 24,282 Net pension liability 34,688,977 - 34,688,977 Net OPEB liability 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Long-term liabilities: - 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due within one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 93,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 -0 3,666,336 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: Custodial funds 374,542 - 374,542 Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014) <	Unearned income	601,559	4,707	606,266
Net pension liability 34,688,977 - 34,688,977 Net OPEB liability 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Long-term liabilities: 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due within one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 93,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 -0- 3,666,336 NET POSITION 8 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: 374,542 - 374,542 Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014)	Other liabilities	19,291	-	19,291
Net OPEB liability 30,385,097 - 30,385,097 Long-term liabilities: 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due within one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 93,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 -0- 3,666,336 NET POSITION 8 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: Custodial funds 374,542 - 374,542 Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014)	Due to state	24,282	-	24,282
Long-term liabilities: 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due within one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 93,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 -0- 3,666,336 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: 2 374,542 - 374,542 Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014)	Net pension liability	34,688,977	-	34,688,977
Due within one year 2,695,978 - 2,695,978 Due in more than one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 93,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 -0- 3,666,336 NET POSITION VARY,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: Custodial funds 374,542 - 374,542 Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014)	Net OPEB liability	30,385,097	-	30,385,097
Due in more than one year 23,664,575 - 23,664,575 Total liabilities 93,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 -0- 3,666,336 NET POSITION 8 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: 2 4,908,169 - 374,542 Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014)	Long-term liabilities:			
Total liabilities 93,480,271 116,935 93,597,206 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 -0- 3,666,336 Net an extracted inflows of resources 3,666,336 -0- 3,666,336 Net investment in capital assets 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: 2 374,542 - 374,542 Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014)	Due within one year	2,695,978	-	2,695,978
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 -0- 3,666,336 NET POSITION State of the control of	Due in more than one year	23,664,575	<u> </u>	23,664,575
Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB 3,666,336 - 3,666,336 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 -0- 3,666,336 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: 2 2 374,542 - 374,542 Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014)		93,480,271	116,935	93,597,206
Total deferred inflows of resources 3,666,336 -0- 3,666,336 NET POSITION 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: 20,000 20,000 374,542 20,000 20,000 374,542 20,000 <td><u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>			
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: Custodial funds 374,542 - 374,542 Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014)	Deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB	3,666,336		3,666,336
Net investment in capital assets 4,877,872 402,624 5,280,496 Restricted for: Custodial funds 374,542 - 374,542 Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014)	Total deferred inflows of resources	3,666,336	-0-	3,666,336
Restricted for: 374,542 - 374,542 Custodial funds 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Capital projects 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014)	NET POSITION			
Custodial funds 374,542 - 374,542 Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014)	Net investment in capital assets	4,877,872	402,624	5,280,496
Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014)	Restricted for:			
Capital projects 4,908,169 - 4,908,169 Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014)	Custodial funds	374,542	-	374,542
Debt service 1,380,960 - 1,380,960 Unrestricted (50,432,156) 1,953,975 (48,478,181) Total net position (deficit) \$ (38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (36,534,014)	Capital projects	4,908,169	-	4,908,169
Total net position (deficit) \$\(\begin{array}{c} (38,890,613) \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ 2,356,599 \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ (36,534,014) \\ \end{array}	Debt service	1,380,960	-	1,380,960
	Unrestricted	(50,432,156)	1,953,975	(48,478,181)
	Total net position (deficit) The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.		\$ 2,356,599	(36,534,014)

1,663,410

(38,890,613) \$ 2,356,599 \$ (76,091,472)

(37,872,797)

(39,536,207)

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER THREE IVA, SOUTH CAROLINA

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Revenue (Expense) and **Change in Net Position Program Revenues** Charges for **Operating** Capital **Business** -Grants and **Services** Grants and Governmental Type **Contributions Contributions** Activities **Activities Functions / Programs Expenses** and Sales **Total** Governmental Activities: Instruction 19,018,926 \$ 13,950,393 \$ (5,068,533)(5,068,533)14,240,206 5,638,982 Support services (8,601,224)(8,601,224)Community services 63,903 5,968 (57,935)(57,935)Intergovernmental 277,956 5,425 (272,531)(272,531)(932,409)Interest and other charges 932,409 (932,409)**Total Governmental Activities** 34,533,400 19,600,768 (14,932,632)(14,932,632)Business-Type Activities: Food service 1,684,548 85,469 2,366,253 767,174 767,174 Total Business-Type Activities 85,469 2,366,253 767,174 767,174 1,684,548 Total 85,469 \$ 21,967,021 \$ (14,932,632)36,217,948 \$ -0-767,174 (14,165,458)General revenues: Property taxes levied for: General purposes 10,609,030 10,609,030 Debt service 2,304,703 2,304,703 2,549,827 17,968 Miscellaneous 2,567,795 Unrestricted investment earnings 22,712 22,713 Transfers - food service 91.954 (91.954)15,578,226 (73,985)15,504,241 Total general revenues, special items, and extraordinary items Change in net position 645,594 693,189 1,338,783 Net position, beginning of year (39,882,085)1,663,410 (38,218,675)Restatement 345,878 345,878

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position (deficit), beginning of year, as restated

Net position (deficit), end of year

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

		General	 Special Revenue	 EIA	 Debt Service	 School Building	G	Total overnmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,044,251	\$ 404,065	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 515	\$	6,448,831
Accounts receivable		35,651	-	-	-	-		35,651
Property taxes receivable, net		453,912	-	-	-	-		453,912
Due from governmental agencies		-	957,541	-	1,380,960	5,284,132		7,622,633
Due from other funds		908,462	-	190,359	-	-		1,098,821
Other receivables		91,289	 26	 -	 -	 -		91,315
Total assets	\$	7,533,565	\$ 1,361,632	\$ 190,359	\$ 1,380,960	\$ 5,284,647	\$	15,751,163
LIABILITIES AND FUND BAL	ΑN	NCES						
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,400,179	\$ 333	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,400,512
Unearned income		-	411,200	190,359	-	-		601,559
Other liabilities		-	19,291	-	-	-		19,291
Due to state		-	24,282	-	-	-		24,282
Due to other funds		195,265	 531,984	 -	 -	 376,478		1,103,727
Total liabilities		1,595,444	 987,090	 190,359	 -0-	 376,478		3,149,371
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		-	-	-	-	-		-
Restricted		-	374,542	-	1,380,960	4,908,169		6,663,671
Committed		-	-	-	-	-		-
Assigned		-	-	-	-	-		-
Unassigned		5,938,121	 _	 -	 -	 -		5,938,121
Total fund balances		5,938,121	 374,542	 -	 1,380,960	 4,908,169		12,601,792
Total liabilities and fund balance	s\$	7,533,565	\$ 1,361,632	\$ 190,359	\$ 1,380,960	\$ 5,284,647	\$	15,751,163

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$	12,601,792
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because of the following:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in Governmental Funds. The cost of assets is \$54,818,389 and the accumulated depreciation is \$28,547,310.		26,271,079
The District's share of the investment in Anderson Institute of Technology is not recorded in the Governmental Funds but is recorded in the Statement of Activities.		4,790,870
Deferred outflows of resources related to refunding charges are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		176,476
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		12,370,133
Certain liabilities, including net pension and OPEB liability, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(65,074,074)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(26,360,553)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	-	(3,666,336)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities	\$	(38,890,613)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General	Special Revenue	EIA	Debt Service	School Building	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Local property taxes \$	7,441,787 \$	5 - \$	- \$	2,027,271 \$	5 - 3	\$ 9,469,058
Other local	64,925	671,028		553,377	2,127,485	3,416,815
Total local	7,506,712	671,028	-0-	2,580,648	2,127,485	12,885,873
State	14,796,714	2,099,683	1,585,970	288,814	-	18,771,181
Federal	-	2,890,607	-	-	-	2,890,607
Intergovernmental		104,938	-	103,126		208,064
Total revenues all sources	22,303,426	5,766,256	1,585,970	2,972,588	2,127,485	34,755,725
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction	12,524,681	2,949,205	749,543	-	-	16,223,429
Support services	9,966,472	2,052,224	161,503	-	2,055,896	14,236,095
Community services	18,867	42,156	-	-	-	61,023
Intergovernmental	17,148	284,975	12,000	-	-	314,123
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	2,618,085	-	2,618,085
Interest and other charges	-	-	-	912,801	-	912,801
Capital outlay	101,638	291,954	- -		389,894	783,486
Total expenditures	22,628,806	5,620,514	923,046	3,530,886	2,445,790	35,149,042
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		1.45.740	((2.024	(550,000)	(210.205)	(202 217)
OVER EXPENDITURES	(325,380)	145,742	662,924	(558,298)	(318,305)	(393,317)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in	662,924	49,359	-	1,000,000	-	1,712,283
Operating transfers out	(49,359)	(13,046)	(662,924)	-	(1,000,000)	(1,725,329)
Other	46,326	-	=	=	=	46,326
Transfer of indirect costs	258,391	(153,391)	- -	-		105,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	918,282	(117,078)	(662,924)	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	138,280
Net changes in fund balances	592,902	28,664	-0-	441,702	(1,318,305)	(255,037)
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020, as restated	5,345,219	345,878	-0-	939,258	6,226,474	12,856,829
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2021 \$	5,938,121	374,542 \$	-0\$	1,380,960	4,908,169	\$ 12,601,792

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total net change in fund balance - Governmental Funds	\$ (255,037)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
Capital outlays are reported in Governmental Funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense (\$2,100,061) is less than the capital outlays (\$2,345,527) in the period.	245,466
Capital outlays related to the Anderson Institute of Technology are reported in Governmental Funds as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, these costs are capitalized.	180,983
Governmental Funds report District pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension and OPEB benefits earned net of employer contributions is reported as pension and OPEB expense. This is the amount by which the costs of benefits earned (\$5,937,827) exceeds employer contributions (\$3,438,706).	(2,499,121)
Governmental Funds report certain non-employer OPEB contributions as revenue. However, in the Statement of Activities, such contributions are not recorded as revenue.	224,479
Bond premiums are revenues the year they are received in Governmental Funds, but are amortized over the lives of the bonds in the Statement of Activities.	150,347
Bond refunding charges are expenditures the year they are paid in Governmental Funds, but are amortized over the lives of the refunded bonds in the Statement of Activities.	(19,608)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	 2,618,085
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 645,594

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Enterprise Fund Food Services				
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,890,263				
USDA receivables	108,324				
Due from other funds	4,906				
Other receivables	18,082				
Inventories - supplies and materials	49,335				
Total current assets	2,070,910				
Noncurrent assets:					
Furniture and equipment	752,610				
Less accumulated depreciation	(349,986)				
Total noncurrent assets	402,624				
Total assets	2,473,534				
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	112,228				
Unearned income	4,707				
Total current liabilities	116,935				
Total liabilities	116,935				
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	402,624				
Unrestricted	1,953,975				
Total net position	\$ 2,356,599				

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Enterprise Fund Food Services			
OPERATING REVENUES				
Proceeds from sale of meals	\$ 85,468			
Total operating revenues	85,468			
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Food costs	736,935			
Salaries and wages	725,928			
Supplies and materials	91,885			
Depreciation	57,984			
Other operating costs	71,815			
Total operating expenses	1,684,547			
Operating income (loss)	(1,599,079)			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income	1			
USDA reimbursements	2,200,516			
USDA commodities received	165,737			
Other income	17,968			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,384,222			
Income (loss) before operating transfers	785,143			
Transfers in (out)	(91,954)			
Change in net position	693,189			
Total net position - July 1, 2020	1,663,410			
Total net position - June 30, 2021	\$ 2,356,599			

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Enterprise Fund Food Services			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Received from patrons	\$	73,635		
Payments to employees for services		(725,927)		
Operating transfer to other funds		(105,000)		
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(633,657)		
Net cash received from (used by) operating activities		(1,390,949)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from USDA reimbursements		2,567,047		
Transfer of funds from a governmental fund		13,046		
Cash received from miscellaneous sources		17,969		
Net cash received from (used for) noncapital financing activities	_	2,598,062		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of capital assets		(62,569)		
Net cash received from (used for) capital and related financing activities		(62,569)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest on investments		1		
Net cash received from (used by) investing activities		1		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,144,545		
Cash and cash equivalents - July 1, 2020		745,718		
Cash and cash equivalents - June 30, 2021	\$	1,890,263		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash				
received from (used by) operating activities:	¢.	(1.500.070)		
Operating income (loss) - Exhibit H	\$	(1,599,079)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash				
received from (used by) operating activities:		57.004		
Depreciation		57,984		
USDA commodities received		165,737		
Operating transfers out		(105,000)		
Change in assets and liabilities:		(17.250)		
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		(17,259)		
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(1,483)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		111,444		
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(8,719)		
Increase (decrease) in unearned income	_	5,426		
Net cash received from (used by) operating activities	\$	(1,390,949)		

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER THREE

IVA, SOUTH CAROLINA Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

Anderson County School District Number Three, South Carolina ("the District") is a school district created by the South Carolina Legislature to provide public education services to students of a specified geographical district of Anderson County, South Carolina. The District receives funding from local, state and federal sources and must comply with any requirements of the funding source entities. The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial accounting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below:

1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

a) Reporting Entity

The Board of Trustees ("the Board") of the District controls the District and has oversight responsibility over all activities related to public school education in the District.

The District's financial statements include the operations of all organizations for which the District's Board exercises oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility is demonstrated by financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. The District does not exercise oversight responsibility over any additional organizations.

b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental Activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from Business-Type Activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of Governmental and Enterprise Fund Financial Statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The accounts of the government are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation, Continued

The Government-Wide Statements are prepared using a different measurement focus from the manner in which Governmental Fund Financial Statements are prepared (see further detail below). Governmental Fund Financial Statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the Government-wide Statements and the Statements for Governmental Funds.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund-types are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The District's expendable financial resources and related assets and liabilities (except for those accounted for in the proprietary and expendable trust funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. Governmental Funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The following are the District's major governmental fund-types:

The General Fund - a major fund, is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to other funds are accounted for in the General Fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balance is considered a resource available for use.

Special Revenue Funds - are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District has two Special Revenue Funds:

- i) The Special Projects Fund, a major fund, is used to account for financial resources provided by federal, state, and local projects and grants.
- ii) The Education Improvement Act ("EIA") Fund, a major fund, is used to account for the revenue from the South Carolina Education Improvement Act of 1984 which is legally required by the state to be accounted for as a specific revenue source.

Debt Service Fund - a major fund, is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, all long-term debt principal, interest and related costs for the District.

School Building Fund - a major fund, is used to account for financial resources to be used for site acquisitions, construction, equipment, and renovation of all major capital facilities except for those financed in the Enterprise Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation, Continued

Proprietary fund-types are accounted for based on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The District applies all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") pronouncements, as well as the requirements for Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statements and Interpretations. In addition, the School District applies all FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, except for those that conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements in accounting and reporting for its operations. Proprietary fund-types include the following fund:

The Enterprise Fund is used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises or where the District has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. The Food Service Fund is the School District's only Enterprise Fund and is used to account for the United States Department of Agriculture's ("USDA") approved school breakfast and lunch programs.

d) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Custodial credit risk for cash deposits and investments is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits or investments might not be recovered. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for credit risk but follows the investment policy statutes of the state of South Carolina.

The District's bank cash, cash equivalents and investments balance (which was different from the District's book balances of \$8,339,094 because of outstanding checks, deposits in transit, and other reconciling items) of \$9,583,151 at June 30, 2021, was insured or fully collateralized.

Cash and savings accounts and certificates of deposit are placed with a banking institution and are protected by federal depository insurance ("FDIC") up to \$250,000 and collateral pledged by the bank for 100% of the amount in excess of \$250,000. The collateral generally consists of obligations of the United States and its agencies or general obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units. The collateral consists of investments that are insured or registered in the District's name or held by the District or its agents in the District's name.

Insured and collateralized amounts at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Insured	\$	250,000
Collateralized		4,989,231
Uncollateralized	_	
Total bank balance	\$	5,239,231

The District's cash investment objectives are preservation of capital, liquidity, and yield. The District reports its cash and investments at fair value, which is normally determined by quoted market prices.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

d) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments, Continued

The District is authorized to invest in securities as allowed by South Carolina statute. Those investments are restricted to:

- 1) Obligations of the United States and agencies thereof;
- 2) General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units;
- 3) Savings and loan associations to the extent that the same are secured by the Savings Association Insurance Fund of the FDIC; and
- 4) Certificates of deposit where the certificates are collaterally secured by securities of the type described in (1) and (2) above held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of the certificates of deposit so secured, including interest.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk for investments is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses form increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk for Investments: Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District does not have an investment policy for credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments: Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2021, none of the District's investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk for Investments: The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds and external investment pools are excluded from this disclosure requirement. None of the District's other security investments exceeded 5% of the total amount invested.

The District's investments consist of State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP") accounts with a total carrying value and fair market value of \$4,343,920 at June 30, 2021. The local government investment pool is a 2a7-like pool which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company but has a policy that it will operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The South Carolina Treasurer oversees the pool. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon quoted market prices. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. Financial statements for the LGIP may be obtained by writing the Office of the State Treasurer, Local Government Investment Pool, P.O. Box 11778, Columbia, SC 29211-1960.

Amounts due from county treasurer consist of funds held by the Anderson County Treasurer. The Treasurer receives monies from local, state, and federal sources on behalf of the District. The monies held by the Treasurer are uninsured but are collateralized with government investments held by the pledging institution's agent in the name of the Treasurer. The Treasurer invests these funds in investments authorized by state statute as described above. These monies are remitted to the District once a claim has been presented to the Treasurer.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District's proprietary fund-type considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

e) Receivables and Payables

On Fund Financial Statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the Governmental and Business-Type Activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between Governmental and Business-Type Activities, which are presented as "internal balances". All accounts and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and are expected to be collected within one year.

f) Inventories and Prepaid Assets

With the exception of the Proprietary Fund, the District has elected to account for disbursements for inventory items as expenditures at the time of purchase. Accordingly, no inventories have been recorded in the financial statements of these funds. The Proprietary Fund inventories are recorded at cost using the first-in, first-out method as of June 30, 2021.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

g) Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the Governmental Funds. These assets are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the Fund Financial Statements. Capital assets utilized by the Proprietary Funds are reported both in the Business-Type Activities column of the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective Fund Financial Statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District's infrastructure assets are immaterial and have been reported with the buildings and improvements. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Construction projects begin being depreciated once they are complete, at which time the complete costs of the project are transferred to the appropriate fixed asset category. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities			
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives			
Buildings	30 years	N/A			
Buildings / Improvements	10-30 years	N/A			
Furniture and Equipment	5-10 years	7 years			
Vehicles	10 years	N/A			

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

g) Capital Assets, continued

Investment in Anderson Institute of Technology: The Anderson Institute of Technology ("the Institute") is a joint project governed by an affiliation agreement between the District, Anderson County School District Four, and Anderson County School District Five ("Member Districts"). The Institute serves as the career and technology center for the Member Districts. The accounting and finance function will be performed by the Anderson County School District Five which will be reimbursed by the other Member Districts for their share of the costs. The District has approximately 14% interest in the Institute with Anderson County School District Four and Anderson County School District Five having approximately 16% and approximately 70% respectively. The District's share of the operating costs has been recorded as expenditures in the General Fund. The District's interest in the Institute is shown as investment in Anderson Institute of Technology on the Statement of Net Position and is also included in the net investment in capital assets in the net position section of the Statement of Net Position.

At June 30, 2021, the District's investment in the Institute of \$4,790,870 was comprised of land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and vehicles of \$144,392; \$4,174,605; \$742,325; 19,535, respectively. Accumulated depreciation on these assets was \$289,987 at June 30, 2021.

h) Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from Proprietary Funds are reported on the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from Governmental Funds are reported on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. Payments made within sixty days after year end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from Governmental Funds are not recognized as a liability in the Fund Financial Statements until due.

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Amortization of premiums and bond issuance costs are included in interest expense. Bond premiums are included with bonds payable and other long-term obligations. Bond issuance costs are included with other assets and are amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the Fund Financial Statements, governmental fund-types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

i) Pension Plan

In Government-Wide Financial Statements, pensions are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting, regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District recognizes a NPL, which represents the District's proportionate share of the excess of the TPL over the fiduciary net position of the qualified pension plan, measured as of the District's fiscal year-end. Changes in the NPL during the period are recorded as pension expense, or as deferred outflows or inflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in NPL that are recorded as deferred outflows or inflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified pension plan and recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred. Projected earnings on qualified pension plan investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

j) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

In Government-Wide Financial Statements, postemployment benefits other than pensions ("OPEB") are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting, regardless of the amount recognized as OPEB expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, the plans recognize benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

k) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has deferred charges on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and outflows related to pensions and OPEB plans. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. District contributions to the pension and OPEB plans subsequent to the measurement date and the net difference between expected and actual experience in the pension and OPEB plans are included as deferred outflows of resources. These deferred pension charges are either (a) recognized in the subsequent period as a reduction of the net pension and OPEB liability (which includes pension and OPEB contributions made after the measurement date) or (b) amortized in a systematic and rational way to pension and OPEB expense in future periods in accordance with GAAP.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments are included as deferred inflows of resources. These deferred credits are amortized in a systematic and rational way as a reduction to pension and OPEB expense in future periods in accordance with GAAP.

1) Compensated Absences

There is no vested or accumulated vacation or sick pay that is expected to be paid after year-end.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

m) Fund Equity

In the Fund Financial Statements, fund balance classifications depict the nature of the net resources reported in the Governmental Funds. Individual Governmental Funds may include nonspendable resources and amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned, or any combination of these classifications. The General Fund also includes unassigned amounts. The District considers that committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of these unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used. The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First, nonspendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes, if any, are determined. Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. Committed fund balance amounts are established by the District's Board through motions passed at the District's Board meetings. The District has no committed fund balance amounts. Assigned fund balance amounts are established by the District's administration.

Nonspendable Fund Balance - includes amounts which cannot be spent. This includes items that may not be in spendable form or that may be legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District's nonspendable fund balance represents amounts not in spendable form.

Restricted Fund Balance - includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the District's Board.

Assigned Fund Balance - includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance are established by the District's administration.

Unassigned Fund Balance - is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other Governmental Funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

n) Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Outstanding debt, which has not been spent, is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

o) Fair Value

The fair value measurement and disclosure framework provides for a three-tier fair value hierarchy that gives highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- **Level 1** Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the District can access at the measurement date.
- **Level 2** Inputs to the valuation methodology, other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability either directly or indirectly and include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets.
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets.
 - Inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology that are unobservable for an asset or liability and include:
 - Fair value is often based on developed models in which there are few, if any, observable inputs.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The valuation methodologies described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of future net realizable values or reflective of future fair values. The District believes that the valuation methods used are appropriate and consistent with GAAP. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. There have been no significant changes from the prior year in the methodologies used to measure fair value.

p) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenditures, or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

q) Implementation of GASB Statement No. 84

As of July 1, 2020, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this statement is to improve the identification of those activities to be considered as fiduciary activities for accounting and reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of the statement will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Greater consistency and comparability enhances the value provided by information reported in financial statements for assessing government accountability and stewardship. The impact to the District resulted in certain activities previously reported as fiduciary not being considered fiduciary under GASB 84. The effect of the implementation of this standard on beginning net position and fund balance is disclosed in Footnote 17.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

2) <u>STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u>

Budgetary Practices – Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management tool for the District. Budgets are presented in the basic financial statements section for the General Fund and all major Special Revenue Funds.

Each budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing the expenditures.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data as reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) In the fall of the preceding year, the District begins its budget process for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning on July 1.
- 2) After the District's budget committee reviews all requests and allocation requirements and related revenue, it presents a tentative proposed budget to the Superintendent for his review and adjustment.
- 3) The Superintendent then presents a proposed budget to the Board of Trustees which reviews it in a series of workshops and makes any additions or deletions it deems necessary.
- 4) Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.
- 5) The Board recommends the budget to the Anderson County Board of Education.

Each budget is prepared by function and object as dictated by the State of South Carolina adopted Program Oriented Budgeting and Accounting System and for management control purposes. This District's policies allow funds to be transferred between functions. However, the total budget cannot be increased beyond that level without approval of the Board in supplementary action. The legal level of control is at the fund level. During the year, the Board revised the budget.

3) <u>DUE FROM/DUE TO OTHER FUNDS</u>

Interfund balances at June 30, 2021, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

<u>Fund</u>	Receivable			Payable
Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	908,462	\$	195,265
Special Projects Fund		-		531,984
Education Improvement Act Fund		190,359		-
School Building Fund		-		376,478
Proprietary Fund:				
Enterprise Fund		4,906	_	-
	\$	1,103,727	\$_	1,103,727

The General Fund receivable is a result of Special Projects Fund owing the General Fund for claims that were filed but not yet received, the General Fund owing the Education Improvement Act Fund for amounts received for state claims on behalf of the Fund, and the School Building Fund owing the General Fund for payments made on its behalf.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

3) <u>DUE FROM/DUE TO OTHER FUNDS, Continued</u>

Transfers from and to other funds for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In			Transfers Out		
Governmental Funds:						
General Fund	\$	921,315	\$	49,359		
Special Projects Fund		49,359		166,437		
Education Improvement Act Fund		-		662,924		
School Building Fund		-		1,000,000		
Debt Service Fund		1,000,000		-		
Proprietary Fund:						
Enterprise Fund			_	91,954		
Totals	\$	1,970,674	\$_	1,970,674		

The General Fund received transfers from Special Projects Fund for indirect costs on federal programs and from Education Improvement Act Fund to cover salaries and benefits, indirect costs on federal programs, and to supplement operations as part of funding flexibility. The General Fund received transfers from the Enterprise Fund for indirect costs. The General Fund transferred funds to the Special Projects Fund to help support program services. The School Building Fund transferred funds to Debt Service Fund to assist in meeting debt service obligations.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

4) <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

A schedule of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					_			
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,043,161	\$	114,180	\$	- \$	5	1,157,341
Construction in progress	_	53,412		124,696	_	(53,412)	_	124,696
	_	1,096,573		238,876	_	(53,412)	_	1,282,037
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		40,349,480		221,341		-		40,570,821
Improvements other than buildings		7,729,222		1,868,386		-		9,597,608
Equipment	_	3,297,586	_	70,337	_	=		3,367,923
		51,376,288		2,160,064		-0-		53,536,352
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		20,624,358		1,348,672		-		21,973,030
Improvements other than buildings		2,795,870		639,840		=		3,435,710
Equipment		3,027,020		111,550		-		3,138,570
	-	26,447,248	_	2,100,062	_	-0-		28,547,310
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	24,929,040	_	60,002	_	-0-		24,989,042
Governmental Activities capital assets, net	\$_	26,025,613	\$_	298,878	\$_	(53,412) \$	\$_	26,271,079
Business-Type Activities:	_		_		_			
Furniture and equipment	\$	690,041	\$	62,569	\$	- \$	\$	752,610
Accumulated depreciation	_	295,002		54,984	_		_	349,986
Business-Type Activities capital assets, net	\$	395,039	\$	(54,984)	\$_	-0-	\$_	402,624
Depreciation was charged to functions/progra	ams	as follows:						
Governmental Activities: Instruction Support					\$	1,344,040 756,022		
Support					-	750,022		
Total depreciation expense - Governmental	Acti	vities			\$_	2,100,062		
Business-Type Activities: Food Service Fund					\$_	54,984		
Total depreciation expense - Business-Type	Act	ivities			\$_	54,984		

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

5) <u>LONG-TERM DEBT</u>

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2021:

General Obligation Bonds payable at beginning of year	\$	24,015,000
Borrowings Principal payments	=	(2,279,000)
General Obligation Bonds payable at end of year	_	21,736,000
Qualified Energy Conservation notes payable at beginning of year	_	3,571,531
Borrowings Principal payments	_	(339,085)
Qualified Energy Conservation note payable at end of year	_	3,232,446
Premium on bonds issued Amortization of premium	_	2,635,504 (1,243,397)
Total long-term obligations at end of year	\$_	26,360,553
General obligation bonds payable are comprised of the following issues:		
\$9,780,000 General Obligation Bonds, issued 2015, due in annual installments of \$25,000 to \$1,100,000 beginning 2016 and continuing through 2029, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 2.00% to 5.00%	\$	9,590,000
\$12,500,000 General Obligation Bonds, issued 2016, due in annual installments of \$600,000 to \$1,175,000 beginning 2017 and continuing through 2032, interest payable semi-annually at rates from 2.00% to 5.00%		9,325,000
\$4,029,000 General Obligation Bonds, issued 2019, due in annual installments of \$129,000 to \$1,164,000 beginning 2020 and continuing through 2025, interest payable semi-annually at 1.77%		1,711,000
\$1,500,000 General Obligation Bonds, issued 2020, due in annual installments of \$356,000 to \$390,000 beginning 2021 and continuing through 2024, interest payable semi-annually at 1.515%	_	1,110,000
	\$	21,736,000

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

5) <u>LONG-TERM DEBT, CONTINUED</u>

Qualified Energy Conservation notes payable are comprised of the following issue:

The District entered into an acquisition, use, and security agreement with US Bank in 2015 for a \$5,225,240 Qualified Energy Conservation Note Payable, due in annual installments of \$465,093 to \$497,292 beginning 2016 and continuing through 2030, interest at 4.31% subsidized 70% by the federal government.

\$ 3,232,446

\$ 3,232,446

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2022	\$	2,695,978	\$	940,097	\$	3,636,075
2023		2,774,917		747,580		3,522,497
2024		2,856,900		666,785		3,523,685
2025		2,188,929		566,634		2,755,563
Thereafter	_	14,451,722		4,751,169	_	19,202,891
	\$_	24,968,446	\$	7,672,265	\$_	32,640,711

Section 15 of Article X of the South Carolina state constitution allows school districts to incur a legal debt limit not to exceed 8% of the assessed value of all property within the school district (as of the date of debt issuance), unless approved by a majority vote in a referendum authorized by law. The District's computed debt limitation as of June 30, 2021, is \$3,445,875. The bond issue in 2009 was approved by majority vote in authorized referenda.

For the payment of principal and interest on the bonds as they mature, the full faith, credit and taxing power of the District is irrevocably pledged.

The various bond indentures contain significant limitations and restrictions on annual debt service requirements, maintenance of and flow of moneys through various restricted accounts, minimum amounts to be maintained in various sinking funds, and minimum revenue bond coverage. The District is in compliance with all such significant limitations and restrictions at June 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

6) <u>CHANGE IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT</u>

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2021:

		2020	_	Additions		Deletions		2021
Amount available in Debt Service Fund Amount to be provided for	\$	939,258	\$	441,702	\$	-	\$	1,380,960
retirement of long-term obligations	_	26,647,273		-	•	(3,059,787)	_	23,587,486
Total available and to be provided	\$_	27,586,531	\$	441,702	\$	(3,059,787)	\$_	24,968,446
Total long-term obligations	\$_	27,586,531	\$	441,702	\$	(3,059,787)	\$_	24,968,446

7) <u>EMPLOYER RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS</u>

The District participates in the State of South Carolina's retirement plans, which are administered by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority ("PEBA"), which was created July 1, 2012, and administers the various retirement systems and retirement programs managed by its Retirement Division. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors ("the PEBA Board"), appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as custodian, co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the systems and the trust funds. The Retirement System Investment Commission, created by the General Assembly in 2005, has exclusive authority to invest and manage the retirement trust funds' assets. The Commission, an eight-member board, serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary for the assets of the retirement trust funds. By law, the State Fiscal Accountability Authority ("SFAA"), which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the actuary of the Systems.

For purposes of measuring the NPL, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Systems and additions to/deductions from the Systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting as they are reported by the Systems in accordance with GAAP. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publicly available through PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Plan Descriptions – The South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits for teachers and employees of the state and its political subdivisions. SCRS covers employees of state agencies, public school districts, higher education institutions, other participating local subdivisions of government and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly at or after the 2012 general election.

The State Optional Retirement Program ("State ORP") is a defined contribution plan that is offered as an alternative to SCRS to certain newly hired employees of state agencies, institutions of higher education, public school districts, and individuals first elected to the General Assembly at or after the general election in November 2012. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into an account administered by one of four third party record keepers.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

7) <u>EMPLOYER RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

Plan Membership – Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below:

SCRS – Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

State ORP – As an alternative to membership in SCRS, newly hired state, public school, and higher education employees and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly at or after the November 2012 general election have the option to participate in the State ORP. Contributions to the State ORP are at the same rates as SCRS. A direct remittance is required from the employer to the member's account with the ORP service provider for the employee contribution and a portion of the employer contribution (5%). A direct remittance is also required to SCRS for the remaining portion of the employer contribution and an incidental death benefit contribution, if applicable, which is retained by SCRS.

Plan Benefits – Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current annual salary. A brief summary of benefit terms for each system is presented below:

SCRS – A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of 1% or \$500 every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

Funding Policy – Actuarial valuations are performed annually by an external consulting actuary to ensure applicable contribution rates satisfy the funding parameters specified in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Under these provisions, SCRS contribution requirements must be sufficient to maintain an amortization period for the financing of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") over a period that does not exceed the number of years scheduled in state statue. Legislation in 2017 increased, but also established a ceiling for SCRS employee contribution rates. Effective July 1, 2017, employee rates were increased to a capped rate of 9.00% for SCRS. The legislation also increased employer contribution rates beginning July 1, 2017, for SCRS by two percentage points and further scheduled employer contribution rates to increase by a minimum of one percentage point each year in accordance with state statute. However, the General assembly postponed the one percent increase in the SCRS employer contribution rates that was scheduled to go into effect beginning July 1, 2020. If the scheduled contributions are not sufficient to meet the funding periods set in state statute, the PEBA Board shall increase the employer contribution rates as necessary to meet the funding periods set for the applicable year. The maximum funding period of SCRS is scheduled to be reduced over a ten-year schedule from 30 years beginning fiscal year 2018 to 20 years by fiscal year 2028.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

7) <u>EMPLOYER RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

Funding Policy, continued

Additionally, the PEBA Board is prohibited from decreasing the SCRS contribution rates until the funded ratio is at least 85%. If the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the Systems for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the system (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than 85%, then the PEBA Board, effective on the following July first, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than 85%. If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio of less than 85%, then effective on the following July first, and annually thereafter as necessary, the PEBA Board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than 85%.

As noted above, both employees and the District are required to contribute to the plans at rates established and as amended by the PEBA. The District's contributions are actuarially determined but are communicated to and paid by the District as a percentage of the employees' annual eligible compensation.

Contribution Summary – Required employer and employee contribution rates for the past three years are as follows:

	SCRS and State ORP Rates				
	2021	2020	2019		
Employer Contribution Rate:^					
Retirement*	15.41%	15.41%	14.41%		
Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%		
	15.56%	15.56%	14.56%		
Employee Contribution Rate	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%		

[^] Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws.

The required contributions and percentages of amounts contributed by the District to the plans for the past three years were as follows:

Year Ended	SCRS Cor	SCRS Contributions			Contributions
June 30 ,	Required	% Contributed	<u> </u>	Required	% Contributed
2021	\$ 2,319,224	100%	\$	118,049	100%
2020	2,235,057	100%		121,634	100%
2019	2,011,596	100%		115,561	100%

In an effort to help offset a portion of the burden of the increased contribution requirement for employers, the State General Assembly ("State") funded 1 percent of the SCRS contribution increases for the year ended June 30, 2020. The State's budget appropriated these funds directly to the PEBA for the South Carolina Retirement System Trust Fund. The amount of funds appropriated by the State (nonemployer contributing entity) for the year ended June 30, 2020 (measurement date) to the District were approximately \$141,140 for the SCRS.

The District recognized contributions (on-behalf benefits) from the State of approximately \$141,140 for the year ended June 30, 2021. These contributions by the State are recognized as intergovernmental revenues and pension expenditures in the District's governmental fund financial statements.

^{*} Of the rate for the State ORP Plan, 5% of earnable compensation must be remitted by the employer directly to the ORP service provider to be allocated to the member's account with the remainder of the employer contribution remitted to the SCRS.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

7) EMPLOYER RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS, CONTINUED

Contribution Summary, continued

Eligible payrolls of the District covered under the plans for the past three years were as follows:

Year Ended			Total	
June 30,	 SCRS Payroll	State ORP Payroll	Payroll	
2021	\$ 14,905,034	\$ 1,117,883 \$	16,022,917	
2020	14,364,120	1,151,833	15,515,953	
2019	13,815,907	1,208,794	15,024,701	

Actuarial Assumptions – Actuarial valuations of the plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the Systems was most recently issued for the period ending June 30, 2019 for first use in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The June 30, 2020, total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information shown in this report were determined by the consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company ("GRS") and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2019. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plans' fiscal year end, June 30, 2020, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used to calculate the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020:

<u>SCRS</u>
Entry age normal
7.25%
3.0% to 12.5% (varies by service)
lesser of 1% or \$500 annually

^{*}Includes inflation at 2.25%

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table ("2016 PRSC"), was developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2016.

Assumptions used in the determination of the June 30, 2020 total pension liability are as follows:

Former Job Class	Males	Females
Educators	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 92%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 98%
General Employees and Members of the General Assembly	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 100%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

7) <u>EMPLOYER RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon 20-year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rate of return represents assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market-based inputs. Expected returns are net of investments fees.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2020 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the following table. For actuarial purposes, the 7.25% assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes a 5.00% real rate of return and a 2.25% inflation component.

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long Term Expected Portfolio Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	51.0%		
Global Public Equity	35.0%	7.81%	2.73%
Private Equity	9.0%	8.91%	0.80%
Equity Options Strategies	7.0%	5.09%	0.36%
Real Assets	12.0%		
Real Estate (Private)	8.0%	5.55%	0.44%
Real Estate (REITs)	1.0%	7.78%	0.08%
Infrastructure (Private)	2.0%	4.88%	0.10%
Infrastructure (Public)	1.0%	7.05%	0.07%
Opportunistic	8.0%		
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	7.0%	3.56%	0.25%
Other Opportunistic Strategies	1.0%	4.41%	0.04%
Credit	15.0%		
High Yield Bonds/Bank Loans	4.0%	4.21%	0.17%
Emerging Markets Debt	4.0%	3.44%	0.14%
Private Debt	7.0%	5.79%	0.40%
Rate Sensitive	14.0%		
Core Fixed Income	13.0%	1.60%	0.21%
Cash and Short Duration (Net)	1.0%	0.56%	0.01%
Total Expected Real Return	100.0%		5.80%
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes			2.25%
Total Expected Nominal Return			8.05%

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – The NPL is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's TPL determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that system's fiduciary net position. NPL totals, as of June 30, 2020, for SCRS are presented below:

			Employers'	Plan Fiduciary Net
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary Net	Net Pension	Position as a Percentage
System	Liability	Position	Liability (Asset)	of the Total Pension Liability
SCRS	\$ 51,844,187,763	\$ 26,292,418,682	\$25,551,769,081	50.7%

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

7) <u>EMPLOYER RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, continued

The TPL is calculated by the Systems' actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the Systems' financial statements. The NPL is disclosed in accordance with the requirement of GASB No. 67 in the Systems' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the plans' funding requirements.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$34,688,977 for its proportionate share of the PEBA's NPL. The NPL was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the TPL used to calculate the NPL was determined based on the most recent actuarial valuation report as of July 1, 2019 that was projected forward to the measurement date. The District's proportion of the NPL was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating South Carolina state and local governmental employers, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the District's proportion was 0.135760%, which was a decrease of 0.002592% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,683,736 for its proportionate share of the PEBA's pension expense. At June 30, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the PEBA's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net difference between expected and actual					
experience	\$	400,265	\$	131,174	
Assumption changes		42,500		-	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		2,923,179		371,514	
Changes in proportionate share and differences					
between employer contributions and proportionate					
share of total plan employer contributions		49,441		608,394	
District contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		2,437,273		-	
	_		_		
	\$_	5,852,658	\$_	1,111,082	

\$2,437,273 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to the PEBA subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the PEBA will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources				
2022	\$ 331,734				
2023	578,755				
2024	742,683				
2025	651,131				
	\$2,304,303				

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

7) <u>EMPLOYER RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS, CONTINUED</u>

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the system's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

Pension Liability Sensitivity – The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the NPL, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Discount						
Asset Class		1% Decrease (6.25%)	_	Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)		
District's proportionate share of the	¢	42,002,722	¢.	24 (99 077	Ф 27 755 240		
Net Pension Liability:	•	42,992,733	\$	34,688,977	\$ 27,755,240		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plans administered by PEBA is available in the separately issued CAFR containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the SCRS. The CAFR is publicly available through the PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

8) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS

The PEBA is the state agency responsible for the administration and management of the state's employee insurance programs, other post-employment benefits trusts, and retirement systems.

The laws of the State and the policies and procedures specified by the State for State agencies are applicable to all activities of the PEBA. By law, the SFAA also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions in administering the State Health Plan and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB"). See Note 8 for more details on the PEBA and the SFAA.

PEBA – Insurance Benefits issues audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the OPEB Trust Funds. This information is publicly available through the PEBA – Insurance Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA – Insurance Benefits, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, OPEB Trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Plan Descriptions – The Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Funds ("OPEB Trusts"), collectively refers to the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund ("SCRHITF") and the South Carolina Long-Term Disability Insurance Trust Fund ("SCLTDITF"), which were established by the State of South Carolina as Act 195, which became effective in May 2008. The SCRHITF was created to fund and account for the employer costs of the State's retiree health and dental plans. The SCLTDITF was created to fund and account for the employer costs of the State's Basic Long-Term Disability Income Benefit Plan.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

8) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS, CONTINUED

Plan Descriptions, continued

In accordance with Act 195, the OPEB Trusts are administered by the PEBA – Insurance Benefits and the State Treasurer is the custodian of the funds held in trust. The Board of Directors of PEBA has been designated as the Trustee.

The OPEB Trusts are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans. Article 5 of the State Code of Laws defines the two plans and authorizes the Trustee to at any time adjust the plans, including its benefits and contributions, as necessary to insure the fiscal stability of the plans. In accordance with the South Carolina Code of Laws and the annual Appropriations Act, the State provides post-employment health and dental and long-term disability benefits to retired State and school district employees and their covered dependents.

Plan Benefits – The SCRHITF is a healthcare plan that covers retired employees of the State of South Carolina, including all agencies and public-school districts. The SCRHITF provides health and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees. Generally, retirees are eligible for the health and dental benefits if they have established at least ten years of retirement service credit. For new hires beginning employment May 2, 2008 and after, retirees are eligible for benefits if they have established 25 years of service for 100% employer funding and 15-24 years of service for 50% employer funding.

The SCLTDITF is a long-term disability plan that covers employees of the State of South Carolina, including all agencies and public-school districts and all participating local governmental entities. The SCLTDITF provides disability payments to eligible employees that have been approved for disability. Since the employer contribution/premium paid and the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the SCLTDITF are not material to the District, no SCLTDITF OPEB amounts have been recorded in these financial statements and only limited note disclosures have been provided related to these benefits.

Funding Policy – Section 1-11-710 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended, requires the postemployment and long-term disability benefits to be funded through non-employer and employer contributions for active employees and retirees to the PEBA – Insurance Benefits. Non-employer contributions consist of an annual appropriation by the General Assembly and the statutorily required transfer from PEBA – Insurance Benefits reserves.

The SCRHITF is funded through participating employers that are mandated by State statute to contribute at a rate assessed each year by the Department of Administration Executive Budget Office on active employee covered payroll. The covered payroll surcharge for the year ended June 30, 2020, was 6.25%. The South Carolina Retirement System collects the monthly covered payroll surcharge for all participating employers and remits it directly to the SCRHITF. Other sources of funding for the SCRHITF include the implicit subsidy, or age-related subsidy inherent in the healthcare premium structure. The implicit subsidy represents a portion of the health care expenditures paid on behalf of the employer's active employees. For purposes of GASB Statement No. 75, this expenditure on behalf of the active employee is reclassified as a retiree health care expenditure so that the employer's contributions towards the plan reflect the underlying age-adjusted, retiree benefit costs. Non-employer contributions include the mandatory transfer of accumulated PEBA – Insurance Benefits' reserves and the annual appropriation budgeted by the General Assembly. It is also funded through investment income.

The covered payroll surcharge rates for the past three years were as follows:

	Year Ended June 30,				
	2021	2020	2019		
Employer Contribution Rate:^	6.25%	6.25%	6.05%		

[^] Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

8) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS, CONTINUED

Funding Policy, continued

The required payroll surcharge, percentages of amounts contributed, and eligible payroll by the District covered by the SCRHITF for the past three years were as follows:

Year Ended	l _	Contri		
June 30,		Required	% Contributed	Eligible Payroll
2021	\$	1,001,433	100%	\$ 16,022,917
2020		969,747	100%	15,515,953
2019		908,994	100%	15,024,701

The State (via state appropriations) and the PEBA – Insurance Benefits (via state statute to transfer amounts above 140% of incurred but not reported claims) contributed to the SCRHITF on behalf of the District approximately \$224,479 for the year ended June 30, 2020 (measurement period). The contributions from these non-employer contributing entities are recognized as state revenues and intergovernmental expenditures in the District's governmental fund financial statements.

In accordance with part (b) of paragraph 69 of GASB Statement No. 75, participating employers should recognize revenue in an amount equal to the employer's proportionate share of the change in the collective net OPEB liability arising from contributions to the OPEB plan during the measurement period from non-employer contributing entities for purposes other than the separate financing of specific liabilities to the OPEB plan. Therefore, employers should classify this revenue in the same manner as it classifies grants from other entities.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Trusts, and additions to and deductions from the OPEB Trusts fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the OPEB Trusts. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Therefore, benefit and administrative expenses are recognized when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

Actuarial Assumptions – Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of the District's Contributions, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about the District's net OPEB liability, funded status of the OPEB Plan, and the District's contributions to the OPEB Plan.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plans (as understood by the employer and plan participants) and include the types of benefits provided at the time the valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information were determined by the consulting actuary and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the OPEB plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 using generally accepted actuarial principles.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

8) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS, CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions, continued

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation for SCRHITF:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2019 **Actuarial Cost Method:** Entry Age Normal

Inflation: 2.25%

Notes:

Investment Rate of Return: 2.75%, net of OPEB Plan investment expense; including inflation

Single Discount Rate: 2.45% as of June 30, 2020

Demographic Assumptions: Based on the experience study performed for the South

Carolina Retirement Systems for the 5-year period ending

June 30, 2015

Mortality: For healthy retirees, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina

Mortality Table for Males and the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table for Females are used with fully generational mortality projections based on Scale AA from the year 2016. Multipliers are applied to the base tables

based on gender and employment type.

Health Care Trend Rate: Initial trend starting at 6.40% and gradually decreasing to

an ultimate trend rate of 4.00% over a period of 15 years

Retiree Participation: 79% for retirees who are eligible for funded premiums

59% participation for retirees who are eligible for partial funded premiums 20% participation for retirees who are eligible for non-funded premiums The discount rate changed from 3.13% as of June 30, 2019 to 2.45% as of

June 30, 2020; updates were also made to the healthcare trend rate assumption,

including an adjustment to reflect the repeal of the "Cadillac Tax."

Long-term Expected Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return represents assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market-based inputs. The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2018 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. This information is summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real <u>Rate of Return</u>	Allocation Weighted Long- Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Domestic Fixed Income	80.00%	0.60%	0.48%
Cash	20.00%	0.35%	0.07%
Total	100.00%		0.55%
Expected Inflation			2.25%
Total Return			2.80%
Investment Return Assumption			2.75%

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

8) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS, CONTINUED

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – The net OPEB Liability ("NOL") is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total OPEB liability ("TOL") determined in accordance with GASB No. 74 less its fiduciary net position.

The following table represents the components of the NOL as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date, as well as the three prior years:

SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE TRUST FUND

Fiscal Year Ending	Total OPEB Liability	Pla	n Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
June 30, 2020	\$ 19,703,745,672	\$	1,652,299,185	\$ 18,051,446,487	8.39%
June 30, 2019	\$ 16,516,264,617	\$	1,394,740,049	\$ 15,121,524,568	8.44%
June 30, 2018	\$ 15,387,115,010	\$	1,216,530,062	\$ 14,170,584,948	7.91%
June 30, 2017	\$ 14,659,610,970	\$	1,114,774,760	\$ 13,544,836,210	7.60%

The TOL is calculated by the Trusts' actuary, and each Trust's fiduciary net position is reported in the Trust's financial statements. The NOL is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB No. 74 in the Trusts' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Trusts' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 74 and 75 and are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the Trusts' funding requirements.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$30,385,097 for its proportionate share of the NOL for the SCRHITF. The NOL was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the TOL for the SCRHITF used to calculate the NOL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 that was projected forward to the measurement date. The District's proportion of the NOL was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the SCRHITF relative to the projected contributions of all participating South Carolina state and local governmental employers, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the District's proportion was 0.168325%, which was a decrease of 0.003468% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,242,981 for its proportionate share of the PEBA's OPEB expense for SCRHITF. At June 30, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the PEBA's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to SCRHITF from the following sources:

		ferred Outflows of Resources		ferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between expected and actual	_		_	
experience	\$	869,042	\$	691,978
Assumption changes		4,521,682		1,210,090
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		70,872
Changes in proportionate share and differences				
between employer contributions and proportionate				
share of total plan employer contributions		125,318		582,314
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	1,001,433	_	
	_		_	
	\$	6,517,475	\$_	2,555,254

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

8) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUNDS, CONTINUED

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB, continued

\$1,001,433 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date to the SCRHITF will be recognized as a reduction of the NOL in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the SCRHITF will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources					
2022	\$ 356,184					
2023	340,664					
2024	609,973					
2025	664,344					
Thereafter	989,623					
	\$2,960,788					

Discount Rate – The discount rate of 2.45% was used to measure the TOL for the SCRHITF. The accounting policy for this plan is to set the discount rate equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. Due to the plan's investment and funding policies, the difference between a blended discount rate and the municipal bond rate would be less than several basis points (several hundredths of one percent).

OPEB Liability Sensitivity – The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the NOL calculated using a single discount rate of 2.45%, as well as what the District's NOL would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	Discount				
	_	1% Decrease (1.45%)	_	Rate (2.45%)	1% Increase (3.45%)
District's proportionate share of the					
SCRHITF net OPEB liability	\$	36,255,520	\$	30,385,097	\$ 25,694,190

Regarding the sensitivity of the SCRHITF's NOL to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates, the following table presents the District's proportionate share of the SCRHITF's NOL, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the District's NOL would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	Current Healthcare					
	_	1% Decrease	C	ost Trend Rate	1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the						
SCRHITF net OPEB liability	\$	24,593,820	\$	30,385,097	\$ 37,990,711	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Plans administered by PEBA is available in the separately issued financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority, Insurance Benefits and Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Funds. This information is publicly available through the Insurance Benefits' link on the PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA – Insurance Benefits, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER THREE

IVA, SOUTH CAROLINA Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2021

9) <u>DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN</u>

The District, through the South Carolina Deferred Compensation Commission, offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, disability, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Investments are managed by the plan's program administrator under a variety of investment options or a combination thereof. The participants make the choice of investment(s) option(s). Investments are carried at their market value. The District's administrative involvement is limited to transmitting amounts withheld from payroll to the program administrator.

10) POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides death benefits to employees through the group life insurance program for members of the SCRS, which is explained further in Note 7. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of credited service are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the budgeted salary of the deceased member. The District has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly covered payroll. The District does not determine the number of eligible participants. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District made contributions to the State for death benefits representing 0.15% of covered payroll.

Upon death of a retiree, a benefit will be paid to the designated beneficiary of an amount based on years of credit services as follows:

10 to 19 years of service credits	\$2,000
20 to 27 years of service credits	4,000
28 or more years of service credits	6,000

11) RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees' and natural disasters. The District carries commercial insurance for such risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District has elected to be self-insured for unemployment taxes, whereby it would reimburse the South Carolina Department of Employment and Workforce for actual claims paid attributable to service in the employ of the District. No separate liability for unemployment claims has been established due to the insignificant amounts of the expenditures.

12) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. Although the District has been audited in accordance with provisions of the Uniform Guidance, these programs are still subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the District's management believes such disallowances, if any, would not be significant.

In 2007, South Carolina enacted Act 388, which was effective for the District beginning July 1, 2007. Act 388 provides an exemption for one hundred percent of the fair market value of owner-occupied residential property, to the extent it is not already covered by other property tax relief exemptions, for all property taxes imposed for school operating purposes, but not including millage imposed for the repayment of general obligation debt for property tax years beginning after January 1, 2007. Act 388 also created a new Homestead Exemption Fund which is funded from an additional 1 cent sales tax imposed by Act 388.

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER THREE

IVA, SOUTH CAROLINA Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

12) <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES, CONTINUED</u>

Act 388 created three tiers of distribution to school districts. Tier one distributions equal the amounts that were received by the school districts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, relating to an earlier property tax relief provision for owner occupied residential property. In the case of the District, that amount was \$539,881.

Tier two distributions equal the amounts received by school districts for the school operating portion of the homestead exemption for the elderly, disabled, and blind. In the case of the District, that amount was \$302,684. Tiers one and two distributions are fixed and do not change.

Tier three distributions are state funded payments to school districts to replace revenues formerly derived from taxation by school districts of owner-occupied residential property. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, those distributions were expected to equal, dollar for dollar, the revenue that would have been collected by the school districts from property taxes for school operating purposes imposed by the school districts on owner occupied residential property for that fiscal year as if no reimbursed exemptions applied. Beginning with the 2008-2009 fiscal year, the tier three distributions will be the sum of the amount of the fiscal year 2007-2008 tier three distributions plus the tier three reimbursement increases. Act 388 requires the tier three reimbursements to be increased annually by (i) an inflation factor equal to the percentage increase in the previous year Consumer Price Index, Southeast Region, as published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, plus (ii) the percentage increase in the previous year in the population of the State as determined by the Office of Research and Statistics of the State Budget and Control Board. The tier three increases are aggregated for the entire state and the amount going to any particular school district is equal to an amount that is the district's proportionate share of the aggregated funds based on the school district's weighted pupil units as a percentage of the statewide weighted pupil units as determined annually pursuant to the EFA, with an adjustment for certain poverty factors to provide programs for the affected students. There are provisions in the tier three reimbursement that could, in any given year, result in a minimum increase of four percent to the extent funds are available in the Homestead Exemption Fund. There are also provisions that require the total tier three reimbursements to the school districts in a county to be not less than \$2,500,000. If the amount of tier three distributions other than those dependent upon balances in the Homestead Exemption Fund exceed amounts in the Homestead Exemption Fund, the excess is required to be paid from the General Fund of the State. The District's reimbursement for fiscal year 2021 for tier three was \$1,492,545.

Act 388 requires that, to the extent revenues in the Homestead Exemption Fund are insufficient to pay all required reimbursements to a school district; the State will pay the difference from its general fund. However, there can be no assurances that such funds will be appropriated in the event there is such an insufficiency or that the change in funding sources resulting from Act 388 will not have an adverse effect on the District's operations. The District recognizes that Act 388 places increased reliance on state funds to fund the General Fund. This increased reliance at the state level is being funded by the additional one penny sales tax, which in the District's opinion is not as stable as property tax revenue which the sales tax replaced. In addition, Act 388 removes the authority of governing bodies of school districts to increase operating millage in any year to meet the required local EFA inflation factor and the per pupil maintenance of effort requirement.

13) PROPERTY TAXES

Anderson County, South Carolina ("the County") is responsible for levying and collecting sufficient property taxes to meet its funding obligation to the District. This obligation is established each year by the Anderson County Board of Education and does not necessarily represent taxes levied or collected. Property taxes are levied and billed by the County on real and personal properties on October 1 based on assessed values at established millage rates. These taxes are due without penalty through January 15. Penalties are added to taxes based on the date paid as follows:

January 16 through February 1 3% of tax February 2 through March 15 10% of tax

After March 15 15% of tax, plus collection costs

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER THREE

IVA, SOUTH CAROLINA Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

13) PROPERTY TAXES, CONTINUED

Current year real and personal taxes become delinquent on March 16. Unpaid property taxes become a lien against the property as of June 1, of the calendar year following the levy date. The levy date for motor vehicles is the first day of the month in which the motor vehicle license expires. These taxes are due by the last day of the same month.

Taxes receivable includes an allowance for uncollectible taxes. An allowance for uncollectible amounts is not necessary for other receivable accounts.

14) **OPERATING LEASES**

The District has operating leases for copiers and printers used in its schools, with total lease expense under these agreements of \$83,693 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Future lease obligations under these operating lease agreements are \$83,693 annually for the next two fiscal years.

15) TAX ABATEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, requires governments that forgo revenue in connection with tax abatements to disclose certain information relating to that fact. For purposes of this statement, a tax abatement is defined as a reduction in tax revenue that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitles in exchange for the individual or entity's promise to take a specific action that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or citizens of the governments.

The District's property tax revenues were reduced under agreements entered into by Anderson County. These agreements are broadly described as fee in lieu of tax programs and infrastructure credit programs. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District's property tax revenues were reduced by \$5,208,721 and \$196,568 for fee in lieu and infrastructure credit programs, respectively.

16) OTHER INFORMATION

In December 2019, an outbreak of novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") originated in China and spread to other countries, including the U.S. In March 2020, the World Health Organization characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic. In addition, multiple jurisdictions in the U.S. declared a state of emergency, and limited most aspects of business, education, travel, and personal physical interactions. Beginning in March 2020 and continuing for portions of the 2020-2021 school year, the District's schools were forced to move to remote educational offerings and cancel certain other programs. These necessary actions did cause District-related revenue to decrease and additional expenses to be incurred.

In response to the pandemic, Congress passed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("the CARES Act") which introduced aid to effected organizations. Follow-up legislation to the CARES Act provides funding to state schools and other entities for COVID-19 related expenditures. The District determined its eligibility for funding under various programs, applied for, and received additional funding through several programs. This funding did serve to mitigate the financial impact of expenditures the District had made or will be making.

With the substantial improvements in experience with COVID-19 regionally and nationally, the District has resumed normal school operations in the fall of 2021. However, there remains some uncertainty. Future significant impacts could include continued possible adjustments to the District's operations and calendar and could include disruptions or restrictions on employees' ability to work. Changes in the operating environment may also increase operating costs. Management of the District is carefully monitoring this situation and has budgeted so as to enable the District to maintain its financial stability.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

17) ADOPTION OF NEW STANDARD

As of July 1, 2020, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Certain agency funds previously accounted for activities that are not considered fiduciary in nature and are now reported in the Special Revenue Fund.

The District restated the net position and fund balance of the fund as indicated below to appropriately reflect the July 1, 2020, balances, as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities	Special Revenue Fund
Net position at July 1, 2020, as previously reported	\$	(39,882,085)	\$ -
Reclassification of student activity funds as Special Revenue Funds	_	345,878	345,878
Net position at July 1, 2020, as restated	\$	(39,536,207)	\$ 345,878

18) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the District has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 22, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no such events requiring recording or disclosure for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability June 30, 2021

Year	District's proportion of the net pension liability	sh	District's roportionate are of the net nsion liability	District's covered- employee payroll	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of the covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2021	0.135760%	\$	34,688,977	\$ 15,515,953	223.57%	50.70%
2020	0.138352%	\$	31,591,501	\$ 15,024,701	210.26%	54.40%
2019	0.139971%	\$	31,363,011	\$ 14,910,454	210.34%	54.10%
2018	0.139057%	\$	31,303,967	\$ 14,458,571	216.51%	53.30%
2017	0.139114%	\$	29,714,545	\$ 13,820,879	215.00%	52.90%
2016	0.140715%	\$	26,687,278	\$ 13,573,205	196.62%	57.00%
2015	0.142579%	\$	24,547,377	\$ 13,333,681	184.10%	59.90%

Note to Schedule:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th of the preceding year (measurement date).

Schedule of District Contributions - Pension Plan June 30, 2021

Year	Contractually required ar contributions		Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		Contribution deficiency (excess)		District's covered- employee payroll		Contributions as percentage of covered-employee payroll
2021	\$	2,437,273	\$	2,437,273	\$	-0-	\$	16,022,917	15.21%
2020	\$	2,356,691	\$	2,356,691	\$	-0-	\$	15,515,953	15.19%
2019	\$	2,127,157	\$	2,127,157	\$	-0-	\$	15,024,701	14.16%
2018	\$	1,966,876	\$	1,966,876	\$	-0-	\$	14,910,454	13.19%
2017	\$	1,621,910	\$	1,621,910	\$	-0-	\$	14,458,571	11.22%
2016	\$	1,488,140	\$	1,488,140	\$	-0-	\$	13,820,879	10.77%
2015	\$	1,437,626	\$	1,437,626	\$	-0-	\$	13,573,205	10.59%

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability June 30, 2021

SCRHITF Year	District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	sha	District's roportionate are of the net PEB liability	District's covered- employee payroll	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of the covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2021	0.168325%	\$	30,385,097	\$ 15,515,953	195.83%	8.39%
2020	0.171793%	\$	25,977,721	\$ 15,024,701	172.90%	8.44%
2019	0.172901%	\$	24,501,083	\$ 14,910,454	164.32%	7.91%
2018	0.171456%	\$	23,223,434	\$ 14,458,571	160.62%	7.60%

Note to Schedule:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th of the preceding year (measurement date).

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER THREE IVA, SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of District Contributions - OPER Plan

Schedule of District Contributions - OPEB Plan June 30, 2021

SCRHITF Year	rel <u>CRHITF</u> Contractually co required		ontributions in relation to the contractually Contribution required deficiency contributions (excess)		District's covered- employee payroll		Contributions as percentage of covered-employee payroll		
2021	\$	1,001,433	\$	1,001,433	\$	-0-	\$	16,022,917	6.25%
2020	\$	969,747	\$	969,747	\$	-0-	\$	15,515,953	6.25%
2019	\$	908,994	\$	908,994	\$	-0-	\$	15,024,701	6.05%
2018	\$	820,075	\$	820,075	\$	-0-	\$	14,910,454	5.50%

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES			(cma, crasic)
1000 Revenue from local sources			
1200 Revenue from local governmental units other than LEAs			
1210 Ad valorem taxes-including delinquent (dependent) \$	5,850,000 \$	6,258,513 \$	
1280 Revenue in lieu of taxes (independent and dependent)	500,000	1,183,274	683,274
1500 Earnings on investments			
1510 Interest on investments	30,000	11,217	(18,783)
1900 Other revenue from local sources			
1990 Miscellaneous local revenue			
1994 Receipt of legal settlements	-	30,039	30,039
1999 Revenue from other local sources	20,000	23,669	3,669
Total local sources	6,400,000	7,506,712	1,106,712
3000 Revenue from state sources			
3100 Restricted state funding			
3130 Special programs			
3131 Handicapped transportation	-	635	635
3132 Home schooling (no carryover provision)	-	622	622
3160 School bus driver salary (incl hazard condition trans)	262,000	344,983	82,983
3162 Transportation workers' compensation	18,000	18,255	255
3180 Fringe benefits employer contrib (no carryover)	3,963,000	3,965,906	2,906
3186 State aid to classrooms - teacher salary increase	470,000	478,218	8,218
3189 Teacher step increase	-	108,693	108,693
3190 Miscellaneous restricted state grants			
3199 Other restricted state grants	-	16,643	16,643
3300 State Aid to classrooms - Education Finance Act (EFA)			
3310 Full-time programs			
3311 Kindergarten	399,000	311,960	(87,040)
3312 Primary	945,000	972,299	27,299
3313 Elementary	1,777,000	1,768,010	(8,990)
3314 High school	302,000	680,281	378,281
3315 Trainable mentally handicapped	_	4,207	4,207
3316 Speech handicapped (part-time)	405,000	398,885	(6,115)
3317 Homebound	9,000	2,326	(6,674)

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

		Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
3320 Part-time programs	Φ.	16000 Ф	12.500	(2.402)
3321 Emotionally handicapped	\$	16,000 \$	13,508 5	
3322 Educable mentally handicapped		56,000	42,730	(13,270)
3323 Learning disabilities		712,000	574,569	(137,431)
3324 Hearing handicapped		45,000	36,090	(8,910)
3325 Visually handicapped		38,000	43,720	5,720
3326 Orthopedically handicapped		22,000	25,242	3,242
3327 Pre-career and career technology		1,232,000	787,272	(444,728)
3330 Miscellaneous EFA programs				
3331 Autism		161,000	189,853	28,853
3332 High achieving students		109,000	104,537	(4,463)
3334 Limited english proficiency		21,000	23,984	2,984
3350 Residential Treatment Facilities (RTF)				
3351 Academic assistance		255,000	238,460	(16,540)
3352 Pupils in poverty		753,000	716,433	(36,567)
3353 Dual credit enrollment		18,000	14,580	(3,420)
3392 NBC excess EFA formula		-	20,660	20,660
3800 State revenue in lieu of taxes				
3810 Reimburse for local residential prop tax relief (Tier 1))	540,000	539,881	(119)
3820 Homestead exemption (Tier 2)		303,000	302,684	(316)
3825 Reimbursement for property tax relief (Tier 3)		1,395,000	1,492,545	97,545
3830 Merchant's inventory tax		7,500	7,510	10
3840 Manufacturer's depreciation reimbursement		250,000	354,035	104,035
3890 Other state prop tax rev (incl motor veh tax)		30,000	54,358	24,358
3900 Other state revenue				
3993 PEBA on-behalf		141,000	141,140	140
3999 Revenue from other state sources		1,000	1,000	
Total state sources	_	14,655,500	14,796,714	141,214
Total revenues all sources		21,055,500	22,303,426	1,247,926

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
EXPENDITURES			
100 Instruction			
110 General instruction			
111 Kindergarten programs			
100 Salaries	\$ 625,959 \$	638,151	. , ,
200 Employee benefits	300,282	317,343	(17,061)
300 Purchased services	9,332	3,754	5,578
400 Supplies and materials	5,237	4,299	938
112 Primary programs			
100 Salaries	1,474,516	1,491,889	(17,373)
200 Employee benefits	626,505	669,868	(43,363)
300 Purchased services	23,262	19,394	3,868
400 Supplies and materials	34,189	14,891	19,298
113 Elementary programs			
100 Salaries	3,016,116	2,887,753	128,363
200 Employee benefits	1,275,508	1,252,123	23,385
300 Purchased services	124,608	62,740	61,868
400 Supplies and materials	29,805	40,553	(10,748)
114 High school programs			
100 Salaries	1,599,000	1,522,657	76,343
200 Employee benefits	639,512	606,263	33,249
300 Purchased services	65,489	26,016	39,473
400 Supplies and materials	35,297	58,034	(22,737)
600 Other objects	11,500	11,116	384
115 Career and Technology Education programs			
100 Salaries	565,693	514,560	51,133
140 Terminal payments	-	1,145	(1,145)
200 Employee benefits	266,172	222,565	43,607
300 Purchased services (other than tuition)	38,585	24,448	14,137
400 Supplies and materials	21,092	35,700	(14,608)
500 Capital outlay	174	-	174
116 Career and Technology Education (Voc) programs-mid	school		
100 Salaries	60,409	61,131	(722)
200 Employee benefits	29,706	30,013	(307)
400 Supplies and materials	2,000	1,686	314

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

		Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
120 Exceptional programs	_			
121 Educable mentally handicapped				
100 Salaries	\$	100,632 \$	81,890 \$	18,742
200 Employee benefits		52,117	43,897	8,220
122 Trainable mentally handicapped				
100 Salaries		28,461	26,882	1,579
200 Employee benefits		15,155	13,595	1,560
300 Purchased services		1,456	-	1,456
123 Orthopedically handicapped				
100 Salaries		23,181	23,459	(278)
200 Employee benefits		10,283	10,847	(564)
124 Visually handicapped				
100 Salaries		18,870	23,861	(4,991)
200 Employee benefits		9,431	12,065	(2,634)
125 Hearing handicapped				
100 Salaries		21,164	26,499	(5,335)
200 Employee benefits		11,972	11,995	(23)
300 Purchased services		-	10,742	(10,742)
400 Supplies and materials		-	190	(190)
126 Speech handicapped				
100 Salaries		105,190	113,761	(8,571)
200 Employee benefits		41,910	38,779	3,131
300 Purchased services		925	76,570	(75,645)
127 Learning disabilities				
100 Salaries		494,884	547,508	(52,624)
200 Employee benefits		225,420	253,093	(27,673)
300 Purchased services		2,956	4,851	(1,895)
128 Emotionally handicapped				
100 Salaries		7,578	7,843	(265)
200 Employee benefits		3,925	3,995	(70)
300 Purchased services		631	-	631

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

		Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
130 Preschool programs	_	Budget	Actual	(Ciliavorable)
131 Preschool handicapped speech (5-yrolds)				
100 Salaries	\$	4,209 \$	4,286	\$ (77)
200 Employee benefits	•	1,268	1,671	(403)
135 Preschool handicapped speech (3- and 4-yrolds)				
100 Salaries		1,578	1,607	(29)
200 Employee benefits		476	627	(151)
137 Preschool handicapped self-contained (3- and 4-yrold	s)			
100 Salaries		25,941	27,737	(1,796)
200 Employee benefits		13,953	17,184	(3,231)
139 Early childhood programs				
100 Salaries		13,038	17,423	(4,385)
200 Employee benefits		5,592	16,207	(10,615)
140 Special programs				
141 Gifted and talented academic				
100 Salaries		61,145	64,728	(3,583)
200 Employee benefits		27,269	29,440	(2,171)
300 Purchased services		2,625	-	2,625
400 Supplies and materials		6,151	-	6,151
145 Homebound				
100 Salaries		18,000	2,363	15,637
200 Employee benefits		5,476	698	4,778
300 Purchased services		-	3,246	(3,246)
147 CERDEP				
100 Salaries		104,125	106,099	(1,974)
200 Employee benefits		50,904	52,677	(1,773)
149 Other special programs				
100 Salaries		9,000	11,638	(2,638)
200 Employee benefits		2,678	3,449	(771)
160 Other exceptional programs				
161 Autism				
100 Salaries		163,052	145,399	17,653
200 Employee benefits		88,862	80,162	8,700

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

		Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
162 Limited english proficiency	_			
100 Salaries	\$	57,423 \$	58,263	(840)
200 Employee benefits		23,235	24,579	(1,344)
300 Purchased services		339	112	227
400 Supplies and materials		1,140	-	1,140
180 Adult/continuing education programs				
188 Parenting/family literacy				
100 Salaries		-	309	(309)
200 Employee benefits		-	92	(92)
400 Supplies and materials		-	1,857	(1,857)
190 Instructional pupil activity				
660 Instructional pupil activity	_	<u> </u>	2,414	(2,414)
Total instruction	_	12,743,568	12,524,681	218,887
200 Support services				
210 Pupil services				
212 Guidance services				
100 Salaries		457,055	450,065	6,990
200 Employee benefits		181,432	176,575	4,857
300 Purchased services		-	16,534	(16,534)
400 Supplies and materials		8,435	8,621	(186)
213 Health services				
100 Salaries		165,903	151,936	13,967
200 Employee benefits		74,212	80,080	(5,868)
300 Purchased services		38,751	37,402	1,349
400 Supplies and materials		10,692	7,076	3,616
600 Other objects		2,500	-	2,500
214 Psychological services				
300 Purchased services		-	3,066	(3,066)
217 Career specialist services				
100 Salaries		5,366	5,993	(627)
200 Employee benefits		3,102	3,273	(171)
400 Supplies and materials		145	-	145

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

		Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
220 Instructional staff services				
221 Improvement of instruction curriculum development				
100 Salaries	\$	295,294 \$	334,408	\$ (39,114)
200 Employee benefits	Ψ	129,323	141,845	(12,522)
300 Purchased services		36,282	20,827	15,455
400 Supplies and materials		18,278	4,119	14,159
600 Other objects		1,168	1,078	90
222 Library and media services				
100 Salaries		309,410	309,841	(431)
200 Employee benefits		129,848	125,552	4,296
300 Purchased services		7,946	12,998	(5,052)
400 Supplies and materials		26,713	25,715	998
223 Supervision of special programs				
100 Salaries		106,843	109,806	(2,963)
200 Employee benefits		41,995	42,816	(821)
300 Purchased services		5,611	1,891	3,720
400 Supplies and materials		3,162	1,436	1,726
600 Other objects		2,175	2,085	90
224 Improvement of instruction inserv and staff training				
300 Purchased services		5,295	1,326	3,969
400 Supplies and materials		2,447	379	2,068
600 Other objects		176	176	-
230 General administrative services				
231 Board of education				
100 Salaries		-	539,140	(539,140)
200 Employee benefits		-	64,997	(64,997)
300 Purchased services		20,282	20,195	87
318 Audit services		32,958	29,000	3,958
400 Supplies and materials		543	-	543
600 Other objects		67,724	83,128	(15,404)
232 Office of the Superintendent				
100 Salaries		166,219	167,024	(805)
200 Employee benefits		55,635	56,521	(886)
300 Purchased services		4,947	15,376	(10,429)
400 Supplies and materials		8,669	16,294	(7,625)
500 Capital outlay		181	-	181
600 Other objects		14,101	13,891	210

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

140 Terminal leave - 637 (200 Employee benefits 592,318 631,470 (39,	768) 637) 152) 157) 273) 773)
140 Terminal leave - 637 (200 Employee benefits 592,318 631,470 (39,	637) 152) 157) 273) 773)
200 Employee benefits 592,318 631,470 (39,	152) 157) 273) 773)
	157) 273) 773)
200 Durchased services 26 022 47 170 (21	273) 773)
300 Purchased services 26,022 47,179 (21,	773)
400 Supplies and materials 16,004 21,277 (5,	ŕ
600 Other objects 1,860 2,633 (
250 Finance and operations services	
251 Student transportation (federal/district mandated)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	723)
	244)
	000
-	
252 Fiscal services	220)
	328)
	(21)
	533)
11	851
	000
600 Other objects 850 1,226 (376)
254 Operation and maintenance of plant	
100 Salaries 658,370 675,814 (17,	444)
200 Employee benefits 337,483 330,917 6,	566
300 Purchased services 443,578 389,926 53,	652
	515
	050
	940
500 Capital outlay 33,743 48,948 (15,	205)
255 Student transportation (state mandated)	
	924)
200 Employee benefits 372,489 347,948 24,	
	410
	927
25 (F. 1 '	
256 Food services 100 Salaries 49,234 18,569 30,	((5
	665 405
	495 574)
- 5/4 (J / →)
258 Security	
	823)
400 Supplies and materials 6,228 1,376 4,	852

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
260 Central support services	 		
262 Planning			
300 Purchased services	\$ 500 \$	-	\$ 500
263 Information services			
300 Purchased services	14,378	12,316	2,062
400 Supplies and materials	10,556	4,099	6,457
500 Capital outlay	295	-	295
600 Other objects	176	176	-
264 Staff services			
100 Salaries	40,800	_	40,800
200 Employee benefits	17,335	-	17,335
300 Purchased services	26,060	69,041	(42,981)
400 Supplies and materials	3,163	1,261	1,902
266 Technology and data processing services			
100 Salaries	225,292	239,752	(14,460)
200 Employee benefits	86,752	95,421	(8,669)
300 Purchased services	88,671	85,386	3,285
400 Supplies and materials	11,126	50,421	(39,295)
500 Capital outlay	10,545	-	10,545
600 Other objects	351	351	-
270 Support services - pupil activity			
271 Pupil service activities			
100 Salaries	174,635	186,949	(12,314)
200 Employee benefits	52,182	52,124	58
600 Other objects	 15,000	13,983	1,017
Total support services	 9,358,489	10,068,110	(709,621)
300 Community services			
360 Welfare services			
100 Salaries	-	14	(14)
200 Employee benefits	-	4	(4)
390 Other community services			
300 Purchased services	355	461	(106)
400 Supplies and materials	=	2,388	(2,388)
600 Other objects	 16,000	16,000	
Total community services	 16,355	18,867	(2,512)

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

			Variance Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
400 Other charges			(2
410 Intergovernmental expenditures			
412 Payments to other governmental units			
720 Transits \$	12,500 \$	7,400 \$	5,100
417 Payments to nonprofit entities (other than for First Steps)			
720 Transits	6,348	9,748	(3,400)
Total intergovernmental expenditures	18,848	17,148	1,700
Total expenditures	22,137,260	22,628,806	(491,546)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
5300 Sale of fixed assets	-	1,725	1,725
5900 Miscellaneous sources			
5999 Other financing sources	-	44,601	44,601
Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds			
5230 Transfer from Special Revenue EIA Fund	688,000	662,924	(25,076)
5280 Transfer from other funds indirect cost	157,000	258,391	101,391
5260 Transfer from Food Service Fund (excl indirect cost)	98,000	-	(98,000)
421-710 Transfer to Special Revenue Fund	(46,000)	(49,359)	(3,359)
Total other financing sources (uses)	897,000	918,282	21,282
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER			
EXPENDITURES \$=	(184,760)	592,902 \$	777,662
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020		5,345,219	
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2021	\$	5,938,121	

Special Revenue Fund

REVENUES	_	Title I (201/202)	 IDEA (203/204)]	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	_	CATE (207/208)		Adult Education (243)		Other Designated Restricted tate Grants* (900s)		Other Special Revenue Programs* (200s/800s)		Student Activity Funds (700s)	Total	_
1000 Revenue from local sources 1500 Earnings on investments																	
1510 Interest on investments	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 5	\$	-	\$	459 \$	459	
1700 Pupil activities																	
1710 Admissions		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		61,400	61,400	
1720 Bookstore sales		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		21,264	21,264	
1730 Pupil org membership dues and fees		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		28,182	28,182	
1740 Student fees		-	-		-		-		-		-		5,301		69,881	75,182	
1790 Other pupil activity income		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		244,930	244,930	
1900 Other revenue from local sources																	
1920 Contrib and donations from private sources		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		11,826	11,826	
1930 Special needs transportation-Medicaid		-	-		-		-		-		-		172,727		-	172,727	
1990 Miscellaneous local revenue																	
1999 Revenue from other local sources	_	-	 -			_	-	-		_		_	55,058	. —		55,058	_
Total local sources	_	-	 -			_	-			_		_	233,086		437,942	671,028	_
2000 Intergovernmental revenue																	
2300 Paymts from nonprofits(for First Steps)																	
2310 Paymts from nonprofits (not First Steps)		_	_		_		-		-		67		104,871		-	104,938	
Total integovernmental revenue	_					_		-			67		104,871			104,938	_
Total integovernmental revenue	-		 			-		-		_	07	_	104,671	. —	 -	104,936	-
3000 Revenue from state sources																	
3100 Restricted state funding																	
3110 Occupational education																	
3118 EEDA career specialists		-	-		-		-		-		142,428		-		-	142,428	
3120 General education																	
3127 Student health/fitness-PE teachers		-	-		-		-		-		22,140		-		-	22,140	

^{*} See Schedule 7 for a listing of LEA subfund codes for each program.

Special Revenue Fund

	Title I (201/202)	IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	CATE (207/208)	Adult Education (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants* (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs* (200s/800s)	Student Activity Funds (700s)	Total
3130 Special programs									
3134 CERDEP - full day 4K \$	_	\$ -	\$ - 9	5 -	\$ - \$	487,708 \$	- \$	_	\$ 487,708
3135 Reading coaches	-	-	-	_	-	154,441	_	-	154,441
3136 Student health/fitness - nurses	-	-	-	_	-	100,076	_	-	100,076
3143 GEER CERDEP summer	-	-	-	-	-	8,322	-	-	8,322
3199 Other restricted state grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,179	-	5,179
3600 Education Lottery Act revenue									
3670 School safety-facil/infrastr upgrades	-	-	-	-	-	220,240	-	-	220,240
3900 Other state revenue									
3994 PEBA nonemployer contributions	-	-	-	-	-	224,479	-	-	224,479
3995 CRF per pupil funding	-	-	-	-	-	-	652,652	-	652,652
3999 Revenue from other state sources						82,018		-	82,018
Total state sources						1,441,852	657,831	_	2,099,683
4000 Revenue from federal sources									
4200 Occupational education									
4210 Perkins, Title I-CATE-basic state grants	-	-	-	39,178	-	-	-	-	39,178
4300 Elementary and Secondary Educ Act of 1965 (ESEA)									
4310 Title I, Basic State Grant (carryover prov)	912,480	-	-	-	-	-	88,472	-	1,000,952
4312 Rural and low-inc school prog, Title V	78,461	-	-	-	-	-	51,700	-	130,161
4343 McKinney-Vento educ for homeless	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,779	-	17,779
4341 Lang instr ltd english prof/immig, Title III	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,247	-	3,247
4351 Supporting effective instruction	-	-	-	-	-	-	110,739	-	110,739
4500 Programs for children with disabilities									
4510 Individ with Disabilities Educ Act (IDEA)	-	758,662	-	-	-	-	-	-	758,662
4520 Presch grants children w/disabil (IDEA)	-	-	28,274	-	-	-	-	-	28,274

^{*} See Schedule 7 for a listing of LEA subfund codes for each program.

Special Revenue Fund

	-	Title I (201/202)	IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	CATE (207/208)	Adult Education (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants* (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs* (200s/800s)	Student Activity Funds (700s)	Total
4900 Other federal sources 4975 ESSER I (CARES Act) 4977 ESSER II 4990 Other federal revenue	\$	- \$ -	- -	\$ - \$	S - -	\$ - -	\$ - 5	\$ 429,700 \$ 236,061	- \$ -	429,700 236,061
4997 Title IV - SSAE	_		-	<u> </u>				135,854	-	135,854
Total federal sources	_	990,941	758,662	28,274	39,178			1,073,552		2,890,607
Total revenues all sources	_	990,941	758,662	28,274	39,178		1,441,919	2,069,340	437,942	5,766,256
EXPENDITURES										
100 Instruction 110 General instruction 111 Kindergarten programs										
100 Salaries		-	-	-	-	-	17,111	26,092	-	43,203
200 Employee benefits		-	-	-	-	-	5,029	7,807	-	12,836
400 Supplies and materials		385	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	385
112 Primary programs										
100 Salaries		282,183	-	-	-	-	-	123,962	-	406,145
200 Employee benefits		128,271	-	-	-	-	-	48,273	-	176,544
400 Supplies and materials		-	-	-	-	-	-	508	-	508
113 Elementary programs										
100 Salaries		-	-	-	-	-	16,867	205,276	-	222,143
200 Employee benefits		-	-	-	-	-	6,345	66,259	-	72,604
300 Purchased services		35,954	-	-	-	-	-	16,297	-	52,251
400 Supplies and materials		123,876	-	-	-	-	-	270,530	-	394,406

^{*} See Schedule 7 for a listing of LEA subfund codes for each program.

Special Revenue Fund

	_	Title I (201/202)		IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	CATE (207/208)		Adult Education (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Student Activity Funds (700s)		Total
114 High school programs													
100 Salaries	\$	_	\$	- :	\$ - 5	5 -	\$	- \$	6,879 \$	- \$	_	\$	6,879
200 Employee benefits	*	_	•	_	_	_	•	-	9,534	-	_	*	9,534
300 Purchased services				_	_	_		_	-	68,789	_		68,789
400 Supplies and materials		-		-	-	-		-	-	100,286	-		100,286
115 Career and Technology Educ programs													
300 Purchased services		-		-	-	12,548		-	-	-	-		12,548
116 CATE (vocational) prog-mid school													
300 Purchased services		_		-	_	768		-	_	_	_		768
400 Supplies and materials		-		-	-	6,619		-	-	-	-		6,619
120 Exceptional programs													
121 Educable mentally handicapped													
100 Salaries		-		20,738	-			-	-	686	-		21,424
200 Employee benefits		-		10,645	-			-	-	(216)	-		10,429
400 Supplies and materials		-		599	-	-		-	-	-	-		599
122 Trainable mentally handicapped													
100 Salaries		-		2,492	-	-		-	-	49,636	-		52,128
200 Employee benefits		-		1,173	-	-		-	-	19,599	-		20,772
300 Purchased services		-		(1,751)	-	-		-	-	-	-		(1,751)
400 Supplies and materials		-		1,713	-	-		-	-	-	-		1,713
123 Orthopedically handicapped													
100 Salaries		-		9,771	-	-		-	-	-	-		9,771
200 Employee benefits		-		4,962	-	-		-	-	-	-		4,962
300 Purchased services		-		119	-	-		-	-	57	-		176
400 Supplies and materials		-		488	-	-		-	-	-	-		488

Special Revenue Fund

	 Title I (201/202)	 IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	CATE 207/208)	_	Adult Education (243)	_	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	_	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	1	Student Activity Funds (700s)	 Total
124 Visually handicapped													
100 Salaries	\$ _	\$ 11,917	\$ - 5	\$ _	\$	- :	\$	- :	\$	- \$	S	_	\$ 11,917
200 Employee benefits	_	6,470	-	_		_		-		_		_	6,470
300 Purchased services	-	12,242	-	-		-		-		-		-	12,242
125 Hearing handicapped													
100 Salaries	-	10,200	-	-		-		-		-		-	10,200
200 Employee benefits	-	6,544	-	-		-		-		-		-	6,544
400 Supplies and materials	-	5,245	-	-		-		-		-		-	5,245
126 Speech handicapped													
100 Salaries	-	1,243	-	-		-		-		4,706		-	5,949
200 Employee benefits	-	1,240	-	-		-		-		1,400		-	2,640
300 Purchased services	-	853	-	-		-		-		2,108		-	2,961
400 Supplies and materials	-	474	-	-		-		-		-		-	474
127 Learning disabilities													
100 Salaries	-	155,983	-	-		-		-		32,729		-	188,712
200 Employee benefits	-	76,754	-	-		-		-		9,737		-	86,491
300 Purchased services	-	15,781	-	-		-		-		198		-	15,979
400 Supplies and materials	-	11,302	-	-		-		-		2,554		-	13,856
128 Emotionally handicapped													
200 Employee benefits	-	56	-	-		-		-		-		-	56
130 Preschool programs													
135 Preschool hndicap speech (3-4-yr-olds) 400 Supplies and materials	-	-	160	-		-		-		-		-	160

Special Revenue Fund

	_	Title I (201/202)		DEA 3/204)	Н	Preschool andicapped (205/206)	CATE (207/208)		Adult Education (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Studen Activit Funds (700s)	y	Total
137 Preschool hndicap self-cont (3-4-yr-olds)			•			16.461		Φ.				A		
100 Salaries	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,461 \$	-	\$	- \$	- 5	-	\$	Ψ	16,461
200 Employee benefits		-		-		7,823	-		-	-	-	•		7,823
400 Supplies and materials		-		-		2,494	-		-	-	-	•		2,494
139 Early childhood programs														
100 Salaries		-		-		-	-		-	55,721	2,675	-	,	58,396
200 Employee benefits		-		-		-	-		-	15,065	796	-	,	15,861
300 Purchased services		-		-		-	-		-	761	-	-		761
400 Supplies and materials		-		-		-	-		-	10,538	4,920			15,458
140 Special programs 147 CERDEP														
100 Salaries		_		_		_	_		_	332,993	_			332,993
200 Employee benefits		_		_		-	-		_	162,441	_	-		162,441
400 Supplies and materials		-		-		-	-		-	596	-			596
160 Other exceptional programs 161 Autism														
100 Salaries		-		29,804		-	-		-	-	360			30,164
200 Employee benefits		-		15,061		-	-		-	-	29			15,090
300 Purchased services		-		12,525		-	-		-	-	25,735	-		38,260
162 Limited english proficiency														
100 Salaries		-		-		-	-		-	-	3,252	-	,	3,252
200 Employee benefits		-		-		-	-		-	-	967	-		967
300 Purchased services		-		-		-	-		-	-	380	-		380
400 Supplies and materials		-		-		-	-		-	-	599		r	599
170 Summer school programs 171 Primary summer school														
100 Salaries		-		-		-	-		-	_	16,502			16,502
200 Employee benefits		-		-		-	-		-	-	4,965			4,965

Special Revenue Fund

	Title I (201/202)	IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	CATE (207/208)	Adult Education (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Student Activity Funds (700s)	Total
172 Elementary summer school									
100 Salaries	\$ - \$	-	\$ - \$	-	\$ - \$	- \$		- 9	
200 Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,417	-	2,417
600 Other objects	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,263	-	3,263
180 Adult/continuing education programs 188 Parenting/family literacy									
100 Salaries	31,119	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	31,119
200 Employee benefits	11,716	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	11,716
400 Supplies and materials	3,395	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,395
190 Instructional pupil activity 300 Purchased services 660 Pupil activity	5,000	- -	- -	- -	-	- -	- -	- 83,652	5,000 83,652
Total instruction	621,899	424,643	26,938	19,935	_	639,880	1,132,258	83,652	2,949,205
200 Support services 210 Pupil services 212 Guidance services 100 Salaries 200 Employee benefits	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	73,544 29,259	3,074 915		76,618 30,174
213 Health services		26.925				(4.250	25 744		126.020
100 Salaries	-	26,835 10,412	-	-	-	64,259 35,817	35,744 13,081	-	126,838 59,310
200 Employee benefits 300 Purchased services	-	15,060	-	-	-		4,818	-	
	-		-	-	-	-		-	19,878
400 Supplies and materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,159	-	11,159
214 Psychological services 300 Purchased services	-	48,674	-	-	-	-	1,600	-	50,274

Special Revenue Fund

	Title I (201/202)	IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	CATE (207/208)	Adult Education (243)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Student Activity Funds (700s)	Total
220 Instructional staff services									
221 Improvement of instr curriculum develop									
100 Salaries	193,596	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,826 \$	\$ - \$	107,376 \$	134,515 \$	-	\$ 449,313
200 Employee benefits	82,964	-	-	5,197	-	47,065	44,667	-	179,893
300 Purchased services	-	8,110	-	-	-	-	3,159	-	11,269
222 Library and media services									
100 Salaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,398	-	8,398
200 Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,499	-	2,499
223 Supervision of special programs									
100 Salaries	30,608	99,414	-	-	-	-	4,263	-	134,285
200 Employee benefits	19,008	41,595	-	-	-	-	1,380	-	61,983
300 Purchased services	449	913	-	-	-	-	7,466	-	8,828
400 Supplies and materials	271	666	-	-	-	-	2,246	-	3,183
224 Improvement of instruction inserv and staff training									
100 Salaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,000	-	6,000
200 Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,760	-	1,760
300 Purchased services	-	-	-	220	-	-	29,426	-	29,646
400 Supplies and materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,154	-	2,154
230 General administrative services									
232 Office of the Superintendent									
400 Supplies and materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,367	-	7,367
600 Other objects	-	-	-	-	-	-	320	-	320
233 School administration									
100 Salaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,167	-	12,167
200 Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,620	-	3,620

Special Revenue Fund

	Tit (201	le I /202)	IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	CA' (207/		Adult Educatio (243)	R	Other esignated destricted ate Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Student Activity Funds (700s)	 Total
250 Finance and operations services												
251 Student transport (fed/district mandated)												
100 Salaries	\$	- \$	32,653	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ - \$	-	\$ 32,653
200 Employee benefits		-	20,129	-		-	-		-	-	-	20,129
300 Purchased services		-	487	-		-	-		-	-	-	487
254 Operation and maintenance of plant												
300 Purchased services		-		-		-	-		-	137	-	137
400 Supplies and materials		-	-	-		-	-		-	92,326	-	92,326
500 Capital outlay		-	-	-		-	-		-	38,904	-	38,904
255 Student transportation (state mandated)												
100 Salaries		-	-	-		-	-		-	25,108	-	25,108
200 Employee benefits		-	-	-		-	-		-	10,227	-	10,227
400 Supplies and materials		-	-	-		-	-		-	400	-	400
600 Other objects		-	-	-		-	-		-	1,680	-	1,680
258 Security												
300 Purchased services		-	-	-		-	-		1,316	-	-	1,316
400 Supplies and materials		-	-	-		-	-		14,042	80,823	-	94,865
500 Capital outlay		-	-	-		-	-		204,882	45,288	-	250,170
260 Central support services												
263 Information services												
100 Salaries		-	-	-		-	-		-	49,516	-	49,516
200 Employee benefits		-	-	-		-	-		-	19,523	-	19,523
300 Purchased services		-	-	-		-	-		-	7,115	-	7,115
400 Supplies and materials		-	-	-		-	-		-	4,982	-	4,982
264 Staff services												
300 Purchased services		-	-	-		-	-		-	107	-	107

Special Revenue Fund

	_	Title I (201/202)	 IDEA (203/204)	Prescl Handica (205/2	pped	CATE (207/208)	I	Adult Education (243)	1 _	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	 Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Student Activity Funds (700s)		Total
266 Technology/data processing services 300 Purchased services 400 Supplies and materials	\$	-	\$ - -	\$	- - -	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$ 21,972 \$ 10,415	- -	\$	21,972 10,415
270 Support services - pupil activity271 Pupil service activities600 Other objects	_	-	 -		<u>-</u>	-		-		-	 4,199	358,131		362,330
Total support services	_	326,896	 304,948			19,243	_	-		577,560	 754,520	358,131	_	2,341,298
300 Community services 360 Welfare services 100 Salaries 200 Employee benefits		987 488	-		-	-		-		<u>-</u>	1,037 444	-		2,024 932
400 Supplies and materials 500 Capital outlay		1,782	-		-	-		-		-	14,418 2,880	- -		16,200 2,880
390 Other community services 600 Other objects	_	-	 -					-		-	 23,000	-		23,000
Total community services	_	3,257	 -		_	_	_	-		-	 41,779	-	_	45,036

Special Revenue Fund

	-	Title I (201/202)	_	IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	CATE (207/208)		Adult Education (243)		Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	_	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Student Activity Funds (700s)		Total
400 Other charges 410 Intergovernmental expenditures 411 Payments to SDE															
720 Transits	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - 9	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,329 \$	-	\$	36,329
414 Medicaid payments to SCDE 720 Transits 419 Payments to PEBA nonemployer contrib		-		-	-	-		-		-		24,167	-		24,167
720 Transits		-	_	-			_		_	224,479	_		-	_	224,479
Total intergovernmental expenditures	-	-	_	-		_				224,479	_	60,496	-	_	284,975
Total expenditures	-	952,052	_	729,591	26,938	39,178	_		_	1,441,919	_	1,989,053	441,783	_	5,620,514
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 5210 Transfer from General Fund (excludes IC)		-		-	-	-		-		-		-	49,359		49,359
5270 Transfer from Pupil Activity Fund 421-710 Transfer to Special Revenue Fund		-		-	-	-		-		-		16,854	(16,854)		16,854 (16,854)
425-710 Transfer to Food Service Fund		-		-	-	-		-		-		(13,046)	-		(13,046)
431-791 Special Revenue Fund indirect costs	-	(38,889)	_	(29,071)	(1,336)		_		_	-	_	(84,095)	-	_	(153,391)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(38,889)	_	(29,071)	(1,336)		_		-	-	_	(80,287)	32,505		(117,078)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	-0-		-0-	-0-	-0-	_	-0-		-0-		-0-	28,664		28,664
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020, as restated	-	-0-	_	-0-	-0-	-0-	_	-0-		-0-	_	-0-	345,878	_	345,878
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2021	\$	-0-	\$_	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$_	-0-	\$_	-0- \$	374,542	\$	374,542

Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Program Classifications For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

LEA Subfund Code	Program		Revenue	Revenue Code
OTHER F	RESTRICTED STATE GRANTS			
928	EEDA career specialists	\$	142,428	3118
937	Student health/fitness-PE teachers	•	22,140	3127
924	CERDEP - full day 4K		496,030	3134
935	Reading coaches		154,441	3135
936	Student health/fitness - nurses		100,076	3136
970	School safety-facil/infrastr upgrades		220,240	3670
994	PEBA nonemployer contributions		224,479	3994
982	School-based family services		82,018	3999
	·	\$	1,441,852	
OTHER S	PECIAL REVENUE PROGRAMS			
828	Student fees	\$	5,301	1740
270	Special needs transportation-Medicaid	Ψ	172,727	1930
807	E-Rate		9,285	1999
809	Michelin Tire grant		6	1999
812	SHARE Headstart		4,490	1999
815	Bosch grant		13,805	1999
821	Miscellaneous local donations		2,099	1999
822	AG Arena		1,373	1999
866	Foothills special needs		1,000	1999
876	Santee Cooper scholarship		23,000	1999
829	Paymts from nonprofits(for First Steps)		104,871	2300
823	DSS child care provides		5,179	3199
217	CRF per pupil funding		652,652	3995
237	Title I - Targeted school improvement		88,472	4310
251	Rural and low-inc school prog, Title V		51,700	4312
232	McKinney-Vento educ for homeless		17,779	4343
264	Lang instr ltd english prof/immig, Title III		3,247	4341
267	Supporting effective instruction		110,739	4351
220	ESSER I (CARES Act)		429,700	4975
225	ESSER II		236,061	4977
250	Title IV - SSAE	-	135,854	4997
		\$	2,069,340	

Special Revenue Fund Summary Schedule for Designated State Restricted Grants For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

							Special Revenue			Special		
								Interfund	(Other Fund		Revenue
]	Revenu	e						Transfers		Transfers		Fund
Subfund	Code	Programs	_	Revenues		Expenditure	S	In/(Out)		In/(Out)	_	Unearned
0.4.0	• • • • •		_		_				_		Φ.	• • • •
919	3193	Education license plates	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- :	\$	2,028
928	3118	EEDA career specialists		142,428		142,428		-		-		-
937	3127	Student health/fitness-PE teachers		22,140		22,140		-		=		3,672
924	3134	CERDEP - full day 4K		496,030		496,030		-		-		7,437
935	3135	Reading coaches		154,441		154,441		-		-		86,797
936	3136	Student health/fitness - nurses		100,076		100,076		-		-		5,029
970	3670	School safety-facil/infrastr upgrades		220,240		220,240		-		-		=
994	3994	PEBA nonemployer contributions		224,479		224,479		-		-		-
982	3999	School-based family services		82,018	_	82,018	-				_	
		TOTALS	\$	1,441,852	\$	1,441,852	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$_	104,963

Education Improvement Act

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - All Programs For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES

3000 Revenue from state sources		
3500 Education improvement act		
3502 ADEPT	\$	2,772
3518 Adoption list of formative assessment		12,481
3519 Grade 10 assessments		8,437
3526 Refurbishment of science kits		18,047
3528 Industry certifications/credentials		7,429
3529 Career and Technology Education		61,639
3532 National Board sal supplemnt (no carryover)		65,807
3538 Students at risk of school failure		483,740
3550 Teacher salary increase (no carryover)		533,186
3555 Teacher salary fringe (no carryover)		129,738
3557 Summer reading program		15,306
3577 Teacher supplies (no carryover provision)		51,150
3595 EEDA - supplies and materials		2,060
3597 Aid to districts		153,198
3599 Other EIA		40,980
Total state sources		1,585,970
		_
Total revenues all sources	_	1,585,970
EXPENDITURES		
100 Instruction		
110 General instruction		
111 Kindergarten programs		
100 Salaries		1,000
200 Employee benefits		77
400 Supplies and materials		2,475
100 Supplies and materials		_, . , c
112 Primary programs		
100 Salaries		58,999
200 Employee benefits		32,463
400 Supplies and materials		17,875
100 Supplies and materials		17,070
113 Elementary programs		
100 Salaries		204,585
200 Employee benefits		82,648
300 Purchased services		37,677
400 Supplies and materials		27,513
11		. ,

Education Improvement Act

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - All Programs For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

114 High school programs	
100 Salaries	\$ 111,432
200 Employee benefits	45,193
300 Purchased services	20,717
400 Supplies and materials	13,435
115 Career and Technology Education programs	
300 Purchased services	6,521
400 Supplies and materials	38,539
500 Capital outlay	7,429
116 Career and Technology Education (Voc) prog-mid school	
400 Supplies and materials	1,574
120 Exceptional programs	
127 Learning disabilities	
100 Salaries	7,500
200 Employee benefits	2,193
128 Emotionally handicapped	
400 Supplies and materials	6,050
140 Special programs	
147 CERDEP	
400 Supplies and materials	1,650
149 Other special programs	
300 Purchased services	18,420
170 Summer school programs	
171 Primary summer school	
100 Salaries	451
200 Employee benefits	112
400 Supplies and materials	 3,015
Total instruction	 749,543
200 Support services	
210 Pupil services	
212 Guidance services	
100 Salaries	2,150
200 Employee benefits	640
300 Purchased services	7,838
400 Supplies and materials	2,200

Education Improvement Act

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - All Programs For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

213 Health services 100 Salaries 200 Employee benefits 400 Supplies and materials	\$ 2,001 595 36
220 Instructional staff services 221 Improvement of instruction curriculum development 100 Salaries 200 Employee benefits	60,113 26,993
222 Library and media services 400 Supplies and materials	1,100
224 Improvement of instruction inserv and staff training 100 Salaries 200 Employee benefits 300 Purchased services 400 Supplies and materials	1,000 293 5,382 3,039
250 Finance and operations services 254 Operation and maintenance of plant 100 Salaries 200 Employee benefits 400 Supplies and materials	1,211 378 931
255 Student transportation (state mandated) 100 Salaries 200 Employee benefits	3,527 1,192
260 Central support services 266 Technology and data processing services 300 Purchased services	40,049
270 Support services - pupil activity 271 Pupil service activities 660 Pupil activity	835
Total support services	161,503

Education Improvement Act

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - All Programs For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

410 Intergovernmental expenditures 412 Payments to other governmental units 720 Transits \$ 12,000 Total other charges 12,000 Total expenditures 923,046 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 420-710 Transfer to General Fund (excludes indirect costs) (662,924) Total other financing sources (uses) (662,924) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES -0- FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 -0-	400 Other charges	
720 Transits \$ 12,000 Total other charges 12,000 Total expenditures 923,046 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 420-710 Transfer to General Fund (excludes indirect costs) (662,924) Total other financing sources (uses) (662,924) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES -0-	410 Intergovernmental expenditures	
Total other charges 12,000 Total expenditures 923,046 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 420-710 Transfer to General Fund (excludes indirect costs) (662,924) Total other financing sources (uses) (662,924) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES -0-	412 Payments to other governmental units	
Total expenditures 923,046 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 420-710 Transfer to General Fund (excludes indirect costs) Total other financing sources (uses) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 -0-	720 Transits	\$ 12,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 420-710 Transfer to General Fund (excludes indirect costs) Total other financing sources (uses) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES -0- FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 -0-	Total other charges	12,000
Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 420-710 Transfer to General Fund (excludes indirect costs) Total other financing sources (uses) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES -0- FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 -0-	Total expenditures	923,046
420-710 Transfer to General Fund (excludes indirect costs) (662,924) Total other financing sources (uses) (662,924) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES -0- FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 -0-	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
420-710 Transfer to General Fund (excludes indirect costs) (662,924) Total other financing sources (uses) (662,924) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES -0- FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 -0-	Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds	
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES -0- FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 -0-		(662,924)
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 -0-	Total other financing sources (uses)	(662,924)
	EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-0-
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2021 \$ -0-	FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020	-0-
	FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2021	\$

Education Improvement Act Summary Schedule by Program For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

					\mathbf{E}	A Intefun	ıd (Other Fund		
PROGRAM	_	Revenues	_ [Expenditures		Transfers In/(Out)		Transfers In/(Out)		EIA Fund Unearned
3500 Education Improvement Act										
3502 ADEPT	\$	2,772	\$	2,772	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,396
3518 Adoption list of formative assessment		12,481		12,481		-		_		-
3519 Grade 10 assessments		8,437		8,437		-		_		4,332
3526 Refurbishment of science kits		18,047		18,047		-		-		15,341
3528 Industry certifications/credentials		7,429		7,429		-		-		12,572
3529 Career and Technology Education		61,639		61,639		-		-		83,113
3532 National Board sal supplemnt (no carryover))	65,807		65,807		-		-		-
3538 Students at risk of school failure		483,740		483,740		-		-		-
3550 Teacher salary increase (no carryover)		533,186		-		-		(533,186)		-
3555 Teacher salary fringe (no carryover)		129,738		_		-		(129,738)		-
3557 Summer reading program		15,306		15,306		-		-		12,533
3577 Teacher supplies (no carryover provision)		51,150		51,150		-		-		-
3595 EEDA - supplies and materials		2,060		2,060		-		-		-
3597 Aid to districts		153,198		153,198		-		-		36,700
3599 Other EIA	-	40,980		40,980	_	-		-	_	24,372
TOTALS	\$	1,585,970	\$	923,046	\$_	-0-	\$	(662,924)	\$_	190,359

Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES

1000 Revenue from local sources		
1200 Revenue from local governmental units other than LEAs		
1210 Ad valorem taxes-including delinquent (dependent)	\$	1,753,179
1280 Revenue in lieu of taxes (independent and dependent)		274,092
1500 Earnings on investments		
1510 Interest on investments		1,853
1900 Other revenue from local sources		
1990 Miscellaneous local revenue		
1999 Revenue from other local sources	_	551,524
Total local sources		2,580,648
2000 Intergovernmental revenue		
2100 Payments from other governmental units	_	103,126
Total intergovernmental revenue		103,126
3000 Revenue from state sources		
3800 State revenue in lieu of taxes		
3820 Homestead exemption (Tier 2)		116,967
3830 Merchant's inventory tax		1,155
3840 Manufacturer's depreciation reimbursement		156,821
3890 Other state propy tax rev (incl motor veh tax)	_	13,871
Total state sources	_	288,814
Total revenues all sources		2,972,588
EXPENDITURES		
500 Debt services		
610 Redemption of principal		2,618,085
620 Interest		902,069
690 Other objects (includes fees for servicing bonds)	_	10,732
Total debt services	_	3,530,886
Total expenditures	_	3,530,886

Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)

Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 5250 Transfer from Capital Projects Fund	\$ 1,000,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,000,000
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	441,702
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020	 939,258
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2021	\$ 1,380,960

School Building Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES

1510 Interest on investments \$ 9,642 1900 Other revenue from local sources 1990 Miscellaneous local revenue 1999 Revenue from other local sources 2,117,843 Total local sources 2,127,485 Total revenues all sources 2,127,485 Total revenues all sources 2,127,485 Total revenues all sources 2,127,485 EXPENDITURES 200 Support services 253 Facilities acquisition and construction 300 Purchased services 100,280 Support services 200 Capital outlay 110 Land 114,180 Support services 2,108,405 Support services 3,5449 Geod Construction services 2,828 Geod Other objects 2,828 Geod Other objects 2,828 Geod Other objects 2,828 Geod Central support services 2,445,790 Total support services 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 Total capenditures 1,000,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 1,000,000 EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,318,305 FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 5,226,474 FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 5,490,816	1000 Revenue from local sources		
1900 Other revenue from local sources 1990 Miscellaneous local revenue 1999 Revenue from other local sources 2,117,843 2,127,485	1500 Earnings on investments	Ф	0.640
1999 Riscellaneous local revenue 1999 Revenue from other local sources 2,117,843 Total local sources 2,127,485 Total revenues all sources 2,127,485 EXPENDITURES 220 Support services 250 Finance and operations services 250 Finance and operations services 250 Finance and operations services 250 Capital outlay 114,180 250 Construction services 2,108,405 250 Construction services 2,245,790 250 Construction services 2,245,790 2,228	1510 Interest on investments	\$	9,642
1999 Revenue from other local sources			
Total local sources			
Total revenues all sources	1999 Revenue from other local sources	-	2,117,843
EXPENDITURES 200 Support services 250 Finance and operations services 253 Facilities acquisition and construction 300 Purchased services 500 Capital outlay 510 Land 520 Construction services 2,108,405 530 Improvements other than buildings 540 Equipment 540 Equipment 60,457 550 Vehicles 690 Other objects 690 Other objects 2,828 266 Technology and data processing services 400 Supplies and materials 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund Total other financing sources (uses) (1,000,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020	Total local sources	-	2,127,485
200 Support services 250 Finance and operations services 253 Facilities acquisition and construction 300 Purchased services 100,280 500 Capital outlay 114,180 510 Land 114,180 520 Construction services 2,108,405 530 Improvements other than buildings 19,400 540 Equipment 60,457 550 Vehicles 35,449 600 Other objects 690 Other objects 690 Other objects 2,828 266 Technology and data processing services 266 Technology and data processing services 2,445,790 Total support services 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,318,305) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	Total revenues all sources		2,127,485
250 Finance and operations services 253 Facilities acquisition and construction 300 Purchased services 100,280 500 Capital outlay 114,180 510 Land 114,180 520 Construction services 2,108,405 530 Improvements other than buildings 19,400 540 Equipment 60,457 550 Vehicles 35,449 600 Other objects 690 Other objects 690 Other objects 2,828 266 Technology and data processing services 400 Supplies and materials 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,000,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) EUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	EXPENDITURES		
253 Facilities acquisition and construction 300 Purchased services 100,280 500 Capital outlay 510 Land 114,180 520 Construction services 2,108,405 530 Improvements other than buildings 19,400 540 Equipment 60,457 550 Vehicles 35,449 600 Other objects 690 Other objects 690 Other objects 2,828 260 Central support services 266 Technology and data processing services 400 Supplies and materials 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,300,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	200 Support services		
300 Purchased services 100,280 500 Capital outlay 114,180 510 Land 2,108,405 520 Construction services 2,108,405 530 Improvements other than buildings 19,400 540 Equipment 60,457 550 Vehicles 35,449 600 Other objects 2,828 690 Other objects 2,828 266 Technology and data processing services 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1,000,000 Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,000,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	250 Finance and operations services		
500 Capital outlay 114,180 510 Land 114,180 520 Construction services 2,108,405 530 Improvements other than buildings 19,400 540 Equipment 60,457 550 Vehicles 35,449 600 Other objects 2,828 690 Other objects 2,828 266 Technology and data processing services 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 Total support services 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1 Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,000,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474			
510 Land 114,180 520 Construction services 2,108,405 530 Improvements other than buildings 19,400 540 Equipment 60,457 550 Vehicles 35,449 600 Other objects 2,828 690 Other objects 2,828 266 Technology and data processing services 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,000,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	300 Purchased services		100,280
520 Construction services 2,108,405 530 Improvements other than buildings 19,400 540 Equipment 60,457 550 Vehicles 35,449 600 Other objects 2,828 690 Other objects 2,828 266 Technology and data processing services 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) U1,000,000 Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,000,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474			
530 Improvements other than buildings 19,400 540 Equipment 60,457 550 Vehicles 35,449 600 Other objects 2,828 690 Other objects 2,828 266 Technology and data processing services 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 11nterfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,000,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	510 Land		114,180
540 Equipment 60,457 550 Vehicles 35,449 600 Other objects 2,828 690 Other objects 2,828 260 Central support services 4,791 266 Technology and data processing services 4,791 400 Supplies and materials 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5 Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,000,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	520 Construction services		2,108,405
550 Vehicles 35,449 600 Other objects 2,828 260 Central support services 266 Technology and data processing services 400 Supplies and materials 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 0,000,000 Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds (1,000,000) A23-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474			
600 Other objects 690 Other objects 260 Central support services 266 Technology and data processing services 400 Supplies and materials 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 2,828			
690 Other objects 2,828 260 Central support services 266 Technology and data processing services 400 Supplies and materials 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 1 Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds (1,000,000) 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,318,305) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	550 Vehicles		35,449
260 Central support services 266 Technology and data processing services 400 Supplies and materials 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	600 Other objects		
266 Technology and data processing services 400 Supplies and materials 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,000,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020	690 Other objects		2,828
400 Supplies and materials 4,791 Total support services 2,445,790 Total expenditures 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds (1,000,000) 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,000,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	260 Central support services		
Total support services Total expenditures 2,445,790 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020	266 Technology and data processing services		
Total expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 2,445,790 (1,000,000) (1,000,000) 6,226,474	400 Supplies and materials		4,791
Total expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 2,445,790 (1,000,000) (1,000,000) 6,226,474		-	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020	Total support services		2,445,790
Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds 423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	Total expenditures	_	2,445,790
423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,000,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	
423-710 Transfer to Debt Service Fund (1,000,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,000,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds		
Total other financing sources (uses) (1,000,000) EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474			(1,000,000)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,318,305) FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	723-710 Transfer to Deot Service Fund	-	(1,000,000)
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020 6,226,474	Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(1,000,000)
	EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,318,305)
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2021 \$ 4,908,169	FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2020	-	6,226,474
	FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2021	\$	4,908,169

Food Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Retained Earnings For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES

1000 Revenue from local sources		
1500 Earnings on investments		
1510 Interest on investments	\$	1
1600 Food services		
1630 Special sales to pupils		52,925
1640 Lunch sales to adults		22,451
1650 Breakfast sales to adults		56
1660 Special sales to adults		10,036
1900 Other revenue from local sources		
1990 Miscellaneous local revenue		
1999 Revenue from other local sources		17,968
Total revenue from local sources	_	103,437
4000 Revenue from federal sources		
4800 USDA reimbursement		
4810 School lunch, after school snacks, and spec milk progs		1,422,012
4830 School breakfast program (carryover provision)		778,504
4900 Other federal sources		
4991 USDA commodities (food distrib prog) (carryover provision)	_	165,737
Total revenue from federal sources	_	2,366,253
Total revenues all sources	_	2,469,690
EXPENSES		
250 Finance and operations services		
256 Food services		
100 Salaries		612,121
200 Employee benefits		113,806
300 Purchased services (excludes energy costs)		63,694
400 Supplies and materials (includes energy costs)		828,820
500 Capital outlay		63,915
600 Other objects		2,191
Total expenses		1,684,547
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds		
5220 Transfer from Special Revenue Fund (excl indirect cost)		13,046
432-791 Food Service Fund indirect costs		(105,000)
	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(91,954)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES		693,189
RETAINED EARNINGS, July 1, 2020	_	1,663,410
RETAINED EARNINGS, June 30, 2021	\$_	2,356,599

Schedule of Due to State Department of Education/Federal Government June 30, 2021

				Amount Due to State	
	Project	Revenue		Department of Education	n/ Staus of Amounts
Program	Number	Code	Description	Federal Government	Due to Grantors
CERDEP GEER Summer		3143	Unspent allocation	\$ 24,282.00	Paid 10/10/2021

Schedule of Capital Assets Used in Governmental Operations by Function For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

								C	onstructio	n	
Function		Land	 Buildings	I	mprovements	Eq	uipment	_ <u>I</u>	n Progres	S	Totals
Crescent High School	\$	651,890	\$ 16,032,254	\$	4,664,817 \$		1,235,108	\$	124,696	\$	22,708,765
Starr-Iva Middle School		23,477	4,225,615		981,168		464,608		-		5,694,868
Iva Elementary School		25,982	2,252,401		1,332,680		538,156		-		4,149,219
Starr Elementary School		224,746	3,705,149		1,402,399		306,718		-		5,639,012
Flat Rock Elementary Schoo	1	225,915	14,118,682		693,854		189,414		-		15,227,865
Administration		5,331	236,720		522,690		633,919		-		1,398,660
Totals	\$_	1,157,341	\$ 40,570,821	\$	9,597,608 \$	3	3,367,923	\$	124,696	\$	54,818,389

Function	_	Capital Assets July 1, 2020	 Additions	 Disposals/ Transfers	Capital Assets June 30, 2021
Crescent High School	\$	20,533,274	\$ 2,218,903	\$ (43,412) \$	22,708,765
Starr-Iva Middle School		5,694,868	-	-	5,694,868
Iva Elementary School		4,149,219	-	-	4,149,219
Starr Elementary School		5,639,012	-	-	5,639,012
Flat Rock Elementary School	ol	15,191,994	35,871	_	15,227,865
Administration		1,364,194	 34,466	 	1,398,660
Totals	\$	52,572,561	\$ 2,289,240	\$ (43,412) \$	54,818,389

Location Reconciliation Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Location ID	Location Description	Education Level	Cost Type		Total Expenditures			
00	District Office	Non-school	Central	\$	4,014,254			
01	District Office	Non-school	Central		65,000			
02	Iva Elementary	Elementary school	School		4,526,859			
03	Starr Elementary	Elementary school	School		4,535,715			
04	Starr-Iva Middle	Middle school	School		5,379,942			
05	Crescent High	High school	School		9,243,819			
06	District Office	Non-school	Central		4,000,290			
08	Flat Rock Elementary	Elementary school	School		3,992,861			
10	District Office	Non-school	Central		4,230			
15	District Office	Non-school	Central		1,069,259			
20	District Office	Non-school	Central	_	1,361			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/DISBURSEMENTS FOR ALL FUNDS \$								
The above e	The above expenditures are reconciled to the District's financial statements as follows:							
	General Fund			\$	22,628,806			
	Special Revenue Fu	ands (includes EIA)			6,543,560			
	Debt Service Fund	,			3,530,886			
	Capital Projects Fu	nd			2,445,790			
	Proprietary Fund			_	1,684,548			
TOTAL EX	XPENDITURES/DISBURSEMI	ENTS FOR ALL FUNDS		\$	36,833,590			

Highlights

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The table on this page presents pupil cost based on the average daily attendance of 2,442. This table may be compared with the District's objectives and with other state and national statistics on schools:

	Per Pupil Cost (General Fund Expenditure Based on 2020-2021 Average Daily Attendance					
Instruction	\$	5,128.86				
Pupil services		385.18				
Instructional staff services		465.31				
Administration		1,298.62				
Finance and operations		1,641.56				
Central support		228.59				
Pupil activities		103.63				
Community service		7.73				
Intergovernmental		7.02				
Debt service	_	<u> </u>				
Total	\$	9,266.50				

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER THREE IVA, SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements	
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant weakness(es) identified 	YesXNo
that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	YesXNo
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesXNo
Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: • Material weakness(es) identified? • Significant weakness(es) identified	YesXNo
that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	YesXNo
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	YesXNo
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Numbers 84.010	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Title I
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No

ANDERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER THREE IVA, SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section II - Financial Statement Findings					
None.					
-	Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs				
None.					

Schedule of Prior Year Findings For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I - Financial Statement Findings					
None.					
	Section II – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs				
None.					

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

LEA	Federal Grantor/		Federal	Pass Through	T-4-1
Subfund Code	Pass-Through Grantor Program Title		CFDA Number	Grantor's Number	Total Expenditures
Couc		-	Tumber	Tumber	Expenditures
	U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
	Passed through SDE:				
201	Title I grant to LEAs		84.010	20 Title I Reg \$	78,462
201	Title I grant to LEAs		84.010	21 Title I Reg	912,480
237	Title I grant to LEAs - Targeted school improvement		84.010	19 Title I TSI	80,407
237	Title I grant to LEAs - Targeted school improvement		84.010	20 Title I TSI	8,065
		Total 84.010)	-	1,079,414
207	CATE (Subprogram 02)		84.048	20 CATE	86
207	CATE (Subprogram 04)		84.048	20 CATE	220
207	CATE (Subprogram 06)		84.048	20 CATE	2,881
207	CATE (Subprogram 11)		84.048	20 CATE	12,057
207	CATE (Subprogram 02)		84.048	21 CATE	18,937
207	CATE (Subprogram 06)		84.048	21 CATE	4,997
		Total 84.048	3	-	39,178
	Special Education Cluster:				
203	IDEA		84.027	20 IDEA	19,285
203	IDEA		84.027	21 IDEA	699,340
203	IDEA Supplemental		84.027	19 IDEA SUPPL	40,037
205	Handicapped preschool grants		84.173	20 PRE	6,146
205	Handicapped preschool grants		84.173	21 PRE	19,474
205	Handicapped preschool grants Supplemental		84.173	20 PRE SUPPL	2,654
	Total Special Education Cluster			786,936	
210	Student Support and Academic Enrichment, Title IV S	SSAE	84.424	19 SSAE	104
210	Student Support and Academic Enrichment, Title IV S		84.424	20 SSAE	51,046
210	Student Support and Academic Enrichment, Title IV S		84.424	21 SSAE	84,704
		Total 84.424	4	-	135,854
251	Rural and low-income school program, Title VI		84.358	19 REAP	1,560
251	Rural and low-income school program, Title VI		84.358	20 REAP	2,164
251	Rural and low-income school program, Title VI		84.358	21 REAP	47,976
-	1 8 /	Total 84.358		- -	51,700
220	ESSER Fnuds [CARES Act]		84.425D	20 ESSER	429,700
225	ESSER II		84.425D	21 ESSER	236,061
		Total 84.367			665,761
232	McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children ar	nd Youth Pro	84.196A	21 VENTO	17,779

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

LEA Subfund Code	Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass Through Grantor's Number	E	Total xpenditures
267	Supporting effective instruction	84.367A	19 SEI		1,911
267	Supporting effective instruction	84.367A	20 SEI		30,866
267	Supporting effective instruction	84.367A	21 SEI		77,962
-01	Supporting Control Institution	Total 84.367A	21 521		110,739
	Passed through Anderson County School District 5:				
264	Language instr for limited english proficient/immi	grant students, T. 84.365	18 Title III		3,247
	TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCAT	TION			2,890,608
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
	Passed through SDE:				
	Child Nutrition Cluster:				
	Non-cash assistance (commodities):				
600's	National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$	165,737
	Cash assistance:				
600's	National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A		1,395,849
600's	Summer food service program for children	10.559	N/A		26,163
600's	School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A		778,504
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					2,366,253
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					2,366,253
	TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDED			\$	5,256,861

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

(1) General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of Anderson County School District Number Three, for the year ended June 30, 2021. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the schedule.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the District's financial statements.

(3) Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures are reported in the District's financial statements as expenditures in the Special Revenue Fund and Proprietary Fund.

(4) Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports except for timing differences relating to revenues and expenditures received or made subsequent to the filing of federal financial reports.

(5) Indirect Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimus cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Anderson County School District Number Three Iva, South Carolina

We have audited the financial statements of the Governmental Activities, the Business-Type Activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anderson County School District Number Three ("the District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal controls, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Smith and Company CPAS PA

Greenville, South Carolina November 22, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Anderson County School District Number Three Iva, South Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Program

We have audited the compliance of Anderson County School District Number Three ("the District") with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>United States Office</u> of <u>Management and Budget Compliance Supplement</u> that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's major federal programs are identified in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Anderson County School District Number Three complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, by the District's internal controls on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Board of Trustees Anderson County School District Number Three Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance, continued

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Given these limitations, we noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing on internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Smith and Company CPAs PA

Greenville, South Carolina November 22, 2021