OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Oakwood Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Leon</u> County	145-907 Co Dist. No.
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual f		
school district on the day of	, 2016.	
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Board	d President
If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's re	port, the reason(s) for disapproving	it is(are):
(attach list as necessary)		

SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Marlin R. Smith, CPA J. W. Lambright, CPA

Cheri E. Kirkland, CPA David N. Hopkins, CPA P. O. Box 912 505 E. Tyler Athens, Texas 75751 (903) 675-5674 FAX (903) 675-5676 smithlambright.com

Unmodified Opinions on Basic Financial Statements Accompanied by Required Supplementary Information and Other Information

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of School Trustees Oakwood Independent School District 631 North Holly Street Oakwood, Texas 75855

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oakwood Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of August 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule - general fund, schedule of district's proportionate share of the net pension liability - TRS, schedule of district contributions - TRS, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedule - general fund, schedule of district's proportionate share of the net pension liability-TRS, schedule of district contributions - TRS, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules (except for Exhibit J-3) and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statement themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedule - general fund, schedule of district's proportionate share of the net pension liability - TRS, schedule of district contributions - TRS, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules (except for Exhibit J-3) and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Exhibit J-3 (Fund Balance and Cash Flow Calculation Worksheet) which is marked UNAUDITED has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2016 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P. C.

Smith, Lambright - associates, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Athens, Texas

December 5, 2016



Oakwood Independent School District

631 North Holly Street * Oakwood, Texas * 75855

Management's Discussion and Analysis

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Oakwood Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report and the District's Basic Financial Statements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements report the District's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the district.

The notes to the financial statements provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The sections labeled Required TEA Schedules and Compliance, Internal Control and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations is located in this section. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the US Department of Education to assist children with disabilities from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider non-financial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we report only the District's Governmental activity, since the District has no business activities.

Governmental activities-Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds-not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act from the US Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities).

Governmental funds-Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and basic services it provides.

We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds (reported in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances) in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The District continues to use GASB Statement #34 this year. Our analysis of comparative balances and changes will present both current and prior years data and discuss significant changes in the accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activity increased from \$4,472,096 to \$4,716,019.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - were \$983,232 at August 31, 2016. This increase in governmental net position was the result of several factors. The District's revenues were in excess of the expenditures by \$358,757 and the District recorded total depreciation in the amount of \$237,899.

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$695,628, which is above last year's total of \$336,871. Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget. The budget amendments were necessary due to moving funds from departments/programs that did not need all appropriated resources to programs with additional needs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2016, the District had \$9,840,092 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This amount represents a net increase over last year due to additional investment in capital assets.

Debt

At the end of the year, the District had \$2,854,000 of bonds outstanding.

For more detail about capital assets and debt, please refer to the notes in the audit report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEARS BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2015-2016 budget and tax rates. The factors include the needs of the students, staff and taxpayers of the District.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Oakwood Independent School District, 631 North Holly Street, Oakwood, Texas 75855.

Table I Oakwood Independent School District

NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 2015		Governmental Activities 2016
Current and other assets	\$ 1049717	\$	1426649
Capital assets	5401293		5163394
Total Assets	6451010		6,590,043
Deferred Outflows-TRS	 39,159	_	172,358
Long-term liabilities	1840284		1871343
Other liabilities	133167		150683
Total liabilities	\$ 1973451	\$	2022026
Deferred Inflow-TRS	 44,622		24,356
Net Assets:			
Net Investments in Capital Assets	\$ 9706881	\$	3619380
Restricted	49061		113407
Unrestricted	716154		983,232
Total net position	\$ 4472096	\$	4716019

Table II Oakwood Independent School District

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		Governmental Activities 2015		Governmental Activities 2016
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	17109	\$	12106
Operating grants and contributions		360217		414720
General Revenues:				
Maintenance and operations taxes		777812		1055167
Debt service taxes		153818		211762
State aid — formula grants		918984		962239
Grants and contributions not restricted to specififunctions Investments earnings Miscellaneous	ic	1162 154 48579		0 454 73249
Total Revenue	\$	1900509	\$	2302871
			_	
Expenses:				
Instruction, curriculum and media services	\$	1217329	\$	1358270
Instructional and school leadership		85786		144011
Student support services		205976		205066
Child nutrition		121395		121925
Co-curricular activities		137274		129282
General administration		193476		196810
Plant maintenance, security & data processing		246508		271679
Debt services		9062		8314
Capital Outlay				
Intergovernmental Charges		37562		31061
Total Expenses	\$	2254368	\$	2485774
Increase in net assets before transfers and special items	\$	23467	\$	243923
Transfers		0		0
Prior Period Adjustments – GASB 68		(165272)		0
Net Position, September 1		4613901		4472096
Net Position, August 31	\$	4472096	\$	4716019
			-	

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2016

Data		Primary Government
Contro		Governmental
Codes		Activities
ASSI	ETS	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 640,632
1120	Current Investments	107,452
1220	Property Taxes Receivable (Delinquent)	611,235
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(30,561)
1240	Due from Other Governments	97,891
	Capital Assets:	
1510	Land	30,850
1520	Buildings, Net	4,827,082
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	305,462
1000	Total Assets	6,590,043
DEFI	ERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS	172,358
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	172,358
LIAB	ILITIES	
2110	Accounts Payable	10,170
2140	Interest Payable	336
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings	3,765
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	66,429
2200	Accrued Expenses	1,650
2300	Uncarned Revenue Noncurrent Liabilities	68,333
2501	Due Within One Year	150,939
2502	Due in More Than One Year	1,393,075
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	327,329
2000	Total Liabilities	2,022,026
DEF	ERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS	24,356
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	24,356
NÉT	POSITION	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,619,380
820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs	37,927
850	Restricted for Debt Service	75,480
900	Unrestricted	983,232
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 4,716,019

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

Data				Program	Revenu	ies		Position
Control		1		3		4	_	6
Codes					C	Operating	_	Primary Gov.
Cones				Charges for		rants and		Governmental
		Expenses		Services	Со	ntributions		Activities
Primary Government:								
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:								
11 Instruction	\$	1,315,350	\$	-	\$	230,554	\$	(1,084,796)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		40,069		-		28,289		(11,780)
13 Curriculum and Staff Development		2,315		-		1,454		(861)
23 School Leadership		144,011		•		12,941		(131,070)
31 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		54,103		-		5,274		(48,829)
33 Health Services		4,421		•		2 504		(4,421)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		146,542		7 744		3,594		(142,948)
35 Food Services 36 Extracurricular Activities		121,925 129,282		7,744 4,362		111,408 3,953		(2,773) (120,967)
41 General Administration		196,810		4,302		9,501		(120,307)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		220,874		_		7,752		(213,122)
52 Security and Monitoring Services		9,930		-		1,132		(9,930)
53 Data Processing Services		40,875		_		-		(40,875)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long Term Debt		8,064						(8,064)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		250		_		_		(250)
93 Payments related to Shared Services Arrangements		19,892		-		-		(19,892)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		31,061		-		-		(31,061)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	2,485,774	\$	12,106	\$	414,720	L.w.	(2,058,948)
Data							_	
Control								
Codes General R Taxes:	leven	ues:						
	oper	ty Taxes, Lev	/ied	for General F	игроз	es		1,055,167
				for Debt Serv				211,762
		Formula Gra						962,239
IE lnvest	ment	Earnings						454
MI Misce	llane	ous Local and	d Ir	itermediate Re	venue	:		73,249
TR Total Ge	enera	l Revenues						2,302,871
CN		Change in N	let l	Position				243,923
NB Net Positi	ion - l	Beginning						4,472,096
NE Net Positi	ionE	Ending					\$	4,716,019

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

Data		(0 General		50 Debt Service	Other	,	Total Governmental
Control Codes		Fund		Fund	Funds		Funds
ASSETS				., ,			
1110 Cash and Cash E	quivalents	\$ 576,158	\$	72,107	\$ (7,633)	S	640,632
1120 Investments - Cu	rrent	107,452		-	-		107,452
1220 Property Taxes -	Delinquent	558,321		52,914	-		611,235
	ncollectible Taxes (Credit)	(27,916)	ı	(2,645)			(30,561)
1240 Receivables from	n Other Governments	37,685		3,373	 56,833		97,891
1000 Total Assets		\$ 1,251,700	\$	125,749	\$ 49,200	S	1,426,649
LIABILITIES							
2110 Accounts Payabl	e	\$ 5,484	\$	-	\$ 4,686	\$	10,170
	ns and Withholdings Payable	3,765		-	-		3,765
2160 Accrued Wages		60,344		-	6,085		66,429
2200 Accrued Expend		1,148		•	502		1,650
2300 Unearned Reven	ues	68,333		-	-		68,333
2000 Total Liabilities		 139,074		-	11,273		150,347
DEFERRED INFLO	OWS OF RESOURCES	 					
	venue - Property Taxes	530,405		50,269	-		580,674
2600 Total Deferred In	flows of Resources	 530,405	_	50,269	 -		580,674
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted Fund Ba	alance:						
•	e Funds Grant Restriction	-			37,927		37,927
	Long-Term Debt	-		75,480	-		75,480
3600 Unassigned Fun	d Balance	 582,221	.,		 		582,221
3000 Total Fund Balan	ces	582,221		75,480	 37,927		695,628
4000 Total Liabilities,	Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 1,251,700	\$	125,749	\$ 49,200	\$	1,426,649

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 695,628
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$9,840,092. and the accumulated depreciation was (\$4,438,799). In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The long term debt was \$1,694,412. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase (decrease) net position.	3,706,881
2 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2016 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	150,398
3 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$327,369, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS in the amount of \$24,356 and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS in the amount of \$172,358. This amounted to a decrease in Net Position.	(179,327)
4 The 2016 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(237,899)
5 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.	580,338
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,716,019

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Contro			Caranal		D (1.0)		Out.	_	Total
Codes			General Fund	1	Debt Service Fund		Other Funds	Ú	Sovernmental Funds
5500	REVENUES:	\$	1 122 204	s	211 163	\$	7,744	ų.	1 352 111
5700 5800	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	J)	1,133,204 1,040,301	.5	211,163 4,616	Ъ	28,060	Ф	1,352,111 1,072,977
5900	State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues		1,040,301		4,010		266,595		266,595
5020	Total Revenues		2,173,505		215,779		302,399		2,691,683
	EXPENDITURES:								
C	Current:								
0011	Instruction		995,026		-		155,101		1,150,127
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		-		-		28,289		28,289
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		861		-		1,454		2,315
0023	School Leadership		135,625		-		-		135,625
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		48,555		-		•		48,555
0033	Health Services		74		•		-		74
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		99,441		-		-		99,441
0035	Food Services		106.034		-		110,244		110,244
0036	Extracurricular Activities		105,034		-		•		105,034 190,212
0041	General Administration		190,212 202,508		-		-		202,508
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		9,930		-		_		9,930
0052 0053	Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services		40,875		_		-		40,875
	Debt Service:		40,075						10,012
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt		-		150,398				150,398
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt		-		8,096		-		8,096
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees				250		-		250
	ntergovernmental:								
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		19.892		-		-		19,892
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		31,061		-		-		31,061
6030	Total Expenditures	_	1,879,094		158,744		295,088		2,332,926
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		294,411		57,035		7,311		358,757
	Expenditures								
70.10	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Other Resources				134,471		_		134,471
7949	Other (Uses)				(134,471)		_		(134,471)
8949									
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				-		-	_	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		294,411		57,035		7,311		358,757
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		287,810		18,445		30,616		336,871
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	582,221	\$	75,480	\$	37,927	\$	695,628

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 358,757
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2016 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	150,398
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(237,899)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue carned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.	659
The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2015 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$28,602. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in the net pension liability for the district. This caused a decrease in the change in net position in the amount of \$27,421. The District's proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$29,173. The net result is to increase (decrease) the change in net position.	(27,992)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 243,923

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

	Agency Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 26,967
Total Assets	\$ 26,967
LIABILITIES	
Due to Student Groups	\$ 26,967
Total Liabilities	\$ 26,967

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Oakwood Independent School District ("The District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other authoritative sources identified in GASB Statement No. 56; and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes, for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public, has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, significantly influence operations, and has primary accountability for fiscal matters. As such, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by *GASB Statement No. 14*, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. There are no component units included within the reporting entity. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the District's nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. Direct costs are identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues of the District include charges for services and operating grants and contributions. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples includes tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from /to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental and enterprise funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are nonoperating.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The Agency funds apply the accrual basis of accounting but do not have a measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The total net position is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

The fiduciary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable.

The Agency funds apply the accrual basis of accounting but do not have a measurement focus as they report only assets and liabilities.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District's accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which are comprised of each fund's assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses.

The District reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

- 1. General Fund The general fund is the District's primary operating fund and is always reported as a major fund. It accounts for all financial resources expect those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- 2. Special Revenue Funds The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
- 3. **Debt Service Fund** The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.
- 4. Capital Projects Fund The proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions are accounted for in a capital projects fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

5. Agency Funds - The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in agency funds. The District's Agency Fund is the student activity fund.

E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and highly liquid investments such as certificates of deposits, money market funds, local government investment pools, Treasury bills, and commercial paper that have a maturity from time of purchase of three months or less.

F. INVENTORIES

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures. Inventory on the balance sheet, when present, is recorded at cost and represents supplies and materials purchased for the subsequent school year. Food service commodities are recorded at fair market value as supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services.

G. PREPAYMENTS

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50
Vehicles	8 - 10
Furniture and Equipment	8 - 10

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

I. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS / DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

GASB No. 63 and GASB No. 65 provide guidance on financial reporting related to deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. The objective of these statements is to improve financial reporting by standardizing the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's net position.

In addition to assets, the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow or resource (revenue) until that time.

J. LONG TERM DEBT

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as current year debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. FUND BALANCE

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

1. Nonspendable fund balance - includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form' criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable.

- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed
 on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors,
 contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions
 of enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- 4. Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by the Board or by other officials to which the Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the Board delegates the responsibility to assign funds to the Superintendent or his/her designee.
- 5. Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The District will utilize funds in the following spending order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned.

L. USE OF ESTIMATES

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. DATA CONTROL CODES

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

N. TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes, for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deduction from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments of the system are reported at fair value.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Exhibit C-2 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The details of capital assets and long-term debt at the beginning of the year were as follows:

Capital Assets at the Beginning of the year	Historic	al Cost	 umulated preciation		Value at the nning of the Year	Cl	nange in Net Assets
Land Buildings & Improvements Furniture & Equipment Vehicles	1 2	30 850 916 643 212 791 679 808	\$ 2 913 575 952 877 572 347	\$	30 850 5 003 068 259 914 107 461		
Totals	\$ 98	340 092	\$ 4 438 799				
Change in Net Position						<u>\$</u>	5 401 293
Long-term Liabilities at the Beginning of the Year				Begi	vable at the nning of the Year		
Bonds Payable				\$	1 694 412		
Change in Net Position							(1 694 412)
Net Adjustment to Net Position						\$	3 706 881

B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Exhibit C-4 provides a reconciliation between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the changes in net position of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capital outlays and debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. This adjustment affects both the net asset balance and the change in net position. The details of this adjustment are as follows:

	Amount	Adjustments to Changes in Net Assets	Adjustments to Net Position		
Current Year Capital Outlay:					
Buildings & Improvements Furniture & Equipment	\$	\$	\$		
Total Capital Outlay	0_	0	0		
Debt Payments:					
Bond Principal	150 398				
Total Principal Payments	<u>\$ 150 398</u>	150 398	150 398		
Total Adjustment to Net Position		\$ 150 398	\$ 150 398		

C. EXPLANATION OF OTHER DIFFERENCES

Another element of the reconciliation on Exhibits C-2 and C-4 is described as various other reclassifications and eliminations necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. This adjustment is the result of several items. The details for this element are as follows:

	,A 	Amount	_	ustments to ange in Net Assets		djustments to Net Position
Adjustments to Revenue and Deferred Revenue:			_		_	
Taxes Collected from Prior Year Levies Uncollected taxes(assumed collectible) from	\$	79 972	\$	(79 942)	\$	
Current Year Levy Uncollected Taxes (assumed collectible) from		80 569		80 569		80 569
Prior Year Levy		500 105				500 105
Accrued Interest on Debt:						
Prior Year		368		368		
Current Year		336		(336)		(336)
						<u></u>
Total			\$	659	\$	580 338

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Fund). The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 and the other two reports are in Exhibits J-4 and J-5.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- Prior to August 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September I. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. The budget was amended as necessary during the year.

Each budget is controlled at the organizational level by the administration, appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations at the revenue and expenditure function /object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

	_	st 31, 2016 d Balance
Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund Nonappropriated Budget Funds	\$	25 675 12 252
All Special Revenue Funds	\$	37 927

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The District made expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts in the general fund in amounts that are immaterial to the total budget. The variance in the Child Nutrition Program was due to an audit adjustment to record commodity revenue and expenditures, with no net effect.

C. ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is used in all governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are commitments that do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, but are reported as assignments of fund balances. Since appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year, outstanding encumbrances are appropriately provided for in the subsequent fiscal year's budget to provide for the liquidation of the prior commitments. There were no outstanding encumbrances at the end of the fiscal year that were subsequently provided for in the 2016-2017 budget.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Public funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar - weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

State statutes and Board policy authorize the District to invest in 1) Obligations of, or guaranteed by, governmental entities as permitted by Government Code 2256.009.; 2) Certificates of deposit and share certificates as permitted by Government Code 2256.010.; 3) Fully collateralized repurchase agreements permitted by Government Code 2256.0115.; 5) Banker's acceptances as permitted by Government Code 2256.012.; 6) Commercial paper as permitted by Government Code 2256.013.; 7) No load money market mutual funds and no load mutual funds as permitted by Government Code 2256.014.; 8) A guaranteed investment contract as an investment vehicle for bond proceeds, provided it meets the criteria and eligibility requirements established by Government Code 2256.015.; and 9) Public funds investment pools as permitted by Government Code 2256.016.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted an investment policy. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies. The risks that the District may be subject are:

a. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits, including checking, money market accounts and certificates of deposit, may not be returned to it.

The funds of the District must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. During 2015-2016 the District's combined deposits were fully insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities pledged to the District and held by the District's agent.

The largest combined balances of cash, savings and time deposit accounts amounted to \$1,206,281 and occurred on February 12, 2016. The amount of bond or market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$1,46,912. The total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$500 000.

b. Custodial Credit Risk - Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Any investment that is both uninsured and unregistered is exposed to custodial credit risk if the investment is held by the counterparty, or if the investment is held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the investor government. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk.

- c. Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk occurs when potential purchasers of debt securities do not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates rise. Investments with interest rates that are fixed for longer periods are likely to be subject to more variability in their fair values as a result of future changes in interest rates.
- d. Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration risk is defined as positions of five percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. This is the issuer of the underlying investment, and not a pool. This does not apply to U.S. Government securities.

CASH DEPOSITS

At August 31, 2016, the amount of the District's cash balance in checking accounts was \$667,599.

INVESTMENTS - CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District's investments - cash equivalents at August 31, 2016, are shown below:

Investment Type	Cost		F	air Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
First Public / Lone Star Investment Pool	\$	107 452	\$	107 464	.112329
Total Investments	\$	107 452	\$	107 464	

INVESTMENTS - OTHER

The District's investments - other at August 31, 2016, are shown below:

	Cost	Fair Value	Weighed Average Maturity (Years)
N/A	<u>\$</u>	\$	•
Total Investments	<u>\$</u>	\$	=

Local government investment pools operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Local government investment pools use amortized cost rather than market value to report net position to compute share prices. Accordingly the market value of the position in these pools is the same as the value of the shares in each pool, which approximates the carrying amount. The investment pools are organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows for proprietary fund types, if any, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid by February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Delinquent taxes not paid by June 30 are subject to penalty and interest charges plus delinquent collection fees for attorney costs. Property taxes are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible taxes are periodically reviewed and written off by the District as provided by specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

The assessed value of the property tax roll on January 1, 2015 upon which the levy for the 2015-2016 fiscal year was based, was \$102,729,227. The tax rates assessed for the year ended August 31, 2016 to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$1.04 and \$.2044 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.2444 per \$100 valuation. Current tax collections for the year ended August 31, 2016 were 92.6% of the year end adjusted tax levy. As of August 31, 2016, property taxes receivable totaled \$555,321 and \$52,914 for the General and Debt Service Funds respectively.

C. RECEIVABLES FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2016 are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Receivables from Other Governments.

	_	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Other Funds		Total
State Entitlements State Grants	\$	37 685	\$		\$		\$	37 685
Federal Grants Other District				3 373		56 833		56 833 3 373
Total	\$	37 685	\$	3 373	\$	56 833	<u>\$</u>	97 891

D. INTERFUND BALANCE'S AND TRANSFERS

Totals

Interfund balances at August 31, 2016 consisted of the following individual fund amounts:

Fund	Due From	Due to
General Fund:		
Debt Service Fund	<u>\$</u>	\$
Debt Service Fund:		
General Fund	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Totals	\$ 0	<u>\$</u> 0
Interfund transfers for the year ended August 31, 2016 consist	sted of the following indi	
<u>Fund</u>	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Fund:		•
Debt Service Fund	<u>\$</u>	\$
Debt Service Fund:	Ф	Ф
General Fund	\$	\$

E. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at August 31, 2016, were as follows:

		General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Other Funds	Total		
Property Taxes (Net) Other Governments	\$ —	530 405 37 685	\$	50 269 3 373	\$	56 833	\$	580 674 97 891	
Totals	\$	571 855	<u>\$</u>	53 642	<u>\$</u>	56 833	<u>\$</u>	682 330	

Payables at August 31, 2016, were as follows:

		General Fund	_	Debt Service Fund	*********	Other Funds	Total		
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Payroll Deductions	\$	5 484 60 344 3 765	\$		\$	4 686 6 086	\$	10 170 66 430 3 765	
Totals	<u>\$</u>	69 593	<u>\$</u>	0	\$	10 772	<u>s</u>	80 365	

F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended August 31, 2016, was as follows:

			Beginning Balance	_	Additions		etirements/ djustments			Ending Balance
	preciable Capital Assets		40.044	•		•				20.050
Lan		\$	30 850	\$		\$			\$	30 850
	nstruction in Progress	_	20.050	_		_		_		20.850
5	ubtotal Nondepreciable Assets		30 850	_				_		30 850
Denrec	ciable Capital Assets									
	lding & Improvements		7 916 643							7 916 643
	niture & Equipment		1 212 791							1 212 791
Veh	nicles		679 808					_		679 808
S	ubtotal Depreciable Assets		9 809 242					_		9 809 242
Т	otal at Historical Cost		9 840 092					_		9 840 092
Less A	ccumulated Depreciation for:									
Bui	ldings & Improvements		2 913 575		175 986					3 089 561
	niture & Equipment		952 877		26 378					979 255
Veh	nicles		572 347		35 53 <u>5</u>			_		607 882
T	otal Accumulated									
	Depreciation		4 438 799	_	237 899			_		<u>4 676 698</u>
Govern	mental Activities Capital									
Ass	ets, Net	\$	5 401 293	\$	(237 899)	\$)	<u>s</u>	5 163 394
Depreciat	ion expense was charged to go	vern	mental functi	ons	as follows:					
11	Instruction						\$ 1		697	
12	Instructional Resources and	Med	dia Services						3 762	
23	School Leadership								2 904	
31	Guidance, Counseling and I	Evalu	iation Service	es					904	
33	Health Services								1347	
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation								232	
	35 Food Services								7 251	
36									2 390 2 974	
41 51									. 974 1438	
	·	auo	113							_
Total	Depreciation Expense						\$ 2	37	7 899) =

G. BONDS PAYABLE

Bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the Long-Term Debt Account Group, and current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

A summary of changes in bonds payable for the year ended August 31, 2016 is as follows:

	Interest Rate	Amounts Original	Amounts Outstanding		n.d.d	0	Amounts		Interest Current
<u>Description</u>	Payable	Issue	9/1/15	<u>Issued</u>	 Retired		8/31/16	_	Year
Unlimited Tax	0.5%	\$ 4 500 000	\$ 3 132 000	\$	\$ 278 000	\$	2 854 000	\$	14 965
Qualified School									
Construction									
Bonds									
Series 2010									
OCTION 2010									
Less:									
Allocated to									
Buffalo ISD			(1 437 588)		(127 602)	1	1 309 986)		(6 869)
Dullaio ISD			11 437 3007		 (127 002)		1 207 7007	_	(0.007)
Totals			\$ 1 694 412	\$ (\$ 150 398	\$	1 544 014	\$	8 096
10.015			+ , .,		 	_		-	

Debt service requirements for Oakwood ISD are as follows:

			Genera	l Obligations		- <u></u>	
Year Ended August 31	Principal		<u></u>	nterest	Total Requirements		
2017	\$	150 939	\$	7 343	\$	158 282	
2018		151 480		6 587		158 067	
2019		152 562		5 827		158 389	
2020		153 103		5 062		158 165	
2021		154 185		4 294		158 479	
2022 - 2026	-	781 745		9 810		791 555	
Totals	\$	1 544 014	\$	38 923	\$	1 582 937	

Debt service requirements for Buffalo ISD are as follows:

		General Obligations										
Year Ended August 31		Principal	I:	nterest	Re	Total quirements						
2017	\$	128 061	\$	6 230	\$	134 291						
2018		128 520		5 588		134 108						
2019		129 438		4 943		134 381						
2020		129 897		4 295		134 192						
2021		130 815		3 643		134 458						
2022-2026		663 255		8 323		671 578						
Totals	<u>\$</u>	1 309 986	\$	33 022	\$	1 343 008						

Total combined debt service requirements are as follows:

Totals	\$ 2 854 000	\$ 71 945	\$ 2 925 945

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2016.

The final decision of the State Commissioner of Education in TEA Docket No. 095-R6-0711, Barbara S. Johnson, et al. V. Oakwood Independent School District detached territory consisting of the former Lone Star Rural High School District from Oakwood ISD and annexed it to Buffalo ISD with an effective date of July 1, 2013. Under Section 13.004, Texas Education Code, the Commissioners' Courts of Leon and Freestone Counties agreed to an equitable allocation of indebtedness, taking into consideration the value of the properties involved and the taxable values of the districts involved. The agreed allocation is shown above.

H. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended August 31, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Reduction	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Payable General Obligation Bonds	\$ 3,132,000 \$		\$ 278 000	\$ 2 854 000	\$ 279 000
Ocatoral Conganul Donas	Ψ 5 152 000 4	,	Ψ 270 000	2 2 03 1 000	2.7000
Less: Allocated to					
Buffalo ISD	(1 437 588)		(127 602)	(1 309 986)	(128 061)
Total Governmental					
Activities Long-term		_			
Liabilities	\$ 1694412 \$	0	\$ 150 398	\$ 1544014	\$ 150 939

I. UNEARNED REVENUE AND UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Unearned revenue at the fiscal year-end consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Funds	<u>.</u>	Total
State Foundation	\$ 68 333	\$	\$	<u>\$</u>	68 333

Unavailable revenue at the fiscal year end consisted of the following:

Net Property Taxes	\$ 530 405	\$ 50 269	\$ \$ 580 674
4 +	 		

J. FUND BALANCE

Fund Balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned. The individual fund balances of the District are:

Fund Balance	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Funds	<u>Total</u>	
Nonspendable:			_		
Prepaid Items	\$	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$	
Total Nonspendable					
Restricted:					
Federal Grants			37 927	37 927	
State Grants		75 400		75 490	
Debt Service		75 480		75 480	
Total Restricted		75 480	37 927	113 407	
Committed:					
Total Committed					
Assigned:					
Ü					
Total Assigned					
Unassigned	582 221			582 221	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 582 221	\$ 75 480	\$ 37 927	\$ 695 628	

K. LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES OF REVENUES

During the current year, local and intermediate sources of revenues consisted of the following:

	_	General Fund	<u>S</u>	Debt ervice Fund		Other Funds		Total
Property Taxes	\$	1 061 613	\$	204 689	\$		\$	1 266 302
Penalties, Interest & Other								
Tax Related Income		41 116		6 474				47 590
Food Sales						7 744		7 744
Investment Income		454						454
Co-curricular Student								
Activities		4 362						4 362
Other		25 659			_		_	25 659
Totals	<u>\$</u>	1 133 204	<u>\$</u>	211 163	<u>\$_</u>	7 744	<u>\$</u>	1 352 111

L. JOINT VENTURE SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENT

The District participates in a shared services arrangement for special education services with four other school districts. Although a portion of the shared services arrangement is attributable to the District's participation, the District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the district have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement. The District made payments to the fiscal agent of \$12,631.

M. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2014.

Net Pension Liability	<u>Total</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$ 163,887,375,172
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(128,538,706,212)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 35,348,668,960
Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability	78.43%

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2016 and 2017.

Contribution Rates

2015	2016
6.7%	7.2%
6.8%	6.8%
6.8%	6.8%
\$	28,602
\$	79,212
ons \$	58,100
	6.7% 6.8% 6.8% \$\$

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance
 (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for
 certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other
 employees.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2015
valuation Date	August 31, a

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age, Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 8.00%

Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 8.00%

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases Including Inflation 3.5% to 9.5%

Payroll Growth Rate 2.5%

Benefit Changes During the Year None

Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2015 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Return Geometric Basis	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return *
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%
Private Equity	13%	7.0%	1.1%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	0.7%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.0%	0.1%
Cash	ι%	-0.2%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.9%	0.0%
Real Assets	16%	5.1%	1.1%
Energy and Natural Resources	3%	6.6%	0.2%
Commodities	0%	1.2%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5%	6.7%	0.3%
Inflations Expectations			2.2%
Alpha			1.0%
Total	100%		8.7%

^{*}The Expected Contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2014 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Return Geometric Basis	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return *
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	7.0%	1.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	7.3%	1.1%
Emerging Markets	9%	8.1%	0.9%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	5.4%	0.2%
Private Equity	13%	9.2%	1.4%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	2.9%	0.3%
Absolute Return	0%	4.0%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	5.2%	0.2%
Cash	1%	2.0%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	3.1%	0.0%
Real Assets	16%	7.3%	1.5%
Energy and Natural Resources	3%	8.8%	0.3%
Commodities	0%	3.4%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5%	8.9%	0.4%
Alpha			1.0%
Total	100%		8.7%

^{*}The Expected Contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the 2015 Net Pension Liability.

	 Decrease in scount Rate (7.0%)	Dia	scount Rate (8.0%)	 Increase in count Rate (9.0%)
District's proportionate share of the net				
pension liability:	\$ 512,862	\$	327,329	\$ 172,791

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2015, the District reported a liability of \$327,329 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	327,329
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District		693,382
Total	2	1,020,711

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2014 thru August 31, 2015.

At August 31, 2015 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .0009260%, which was an increase (decrease) of .0003799% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2014.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - The following are changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period:

Economic Assumptions

- 1. The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.00% to 2.50%.
- 2. The ultimate merit assumption for long-service employees was decreased from 1.25% to 1.00%.
- 3. In accordance with the observed experience, there were small adjustments in the service-based promotional/longevity component of the salary scale.
- 4. The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 2.50%.

Mortality Assumptions

- The post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- 6. The post-retirement mortality tables for disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- 7. The pre-retirement mortality tables for active employees were updated to use 90% of the recently published RP-2014 mortality table for active employees. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.

Other Demographic Assumptions

- 8. Previously, it was assumed 10% of all members who had contributed in the past 5 years to be an active member. This was an implicit rehire assumption because teachers have historically had a high incidence of terminating employment for a time and then returning to the workforce at a later date. This methodology was modified to add a more explicit valuation of the rehire incidence in the termination liabilities, and therefore these 10% are no longer being counted as active members.
- 9. There were adjustments to the termination patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations. The termination patterns were adjusted to reflect the rehire assumption. The timing of the termination decrement was also changed from the middle of the year to the beginning to match the actual pattern in the data.
- 10. Small adjustments were made to the retirement patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations.
- 11. Small adjustments to the disability patterns were made for members consistent with experience and future expectations. Two separate patterns were created based on whether the member has 10 years of service or more.
- 12. For members that become disabled in the future, it is assumed 20% of them will choose a 100% joint and survivor annuity option.

Actuarial Methods and Policies

13. The method of using celled data in the valuation process was changed to now using individual data records to allow for better reporting of some items, such as actuarial gains and losses by source.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$98,796 and revenue of \$98,796 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2015, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of			eferred flows of
	R	esources	R	esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	1,876	\$	12,580
Changes in actuarial assumptions		7,886		11,678
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		47,176		
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions				
and the proportionate share of contributions		86,818		98
Total as of August 31, 2015 measurement date	\$	143,756	\$	24,356
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		28,602		
Total as of fiscal year end	\$	172,358	\$	243,563

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expens	se Amount
2017	\$	21,565
2018		21,565
2019		21,565
2020		32,713
2021		12,438
Thereafter		9,554

Long-Term Liability Disclosure

	Beginning Balance		Additions]	Retirements	Ending Balance
Net Pension Liability	\$ 145.872	\$	208,877	<u>\$</u>	27 420 \$	327 329

N. HEALTH CARE

During the year ended August 31, 2016 employees of the Oakwood Independent School District were covered by the state sponsored health insurance plan. The District paid premiums of \$225 per month per employee to the plan and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents.

All premiums were paid to TRS-ActiveCare, the statewide health coverage program for public education employees administered by Aetna. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and TRS ActiveCare is renewable September 1 of each year and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for Aetna are available for the most recent year and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

O. SCHOOL DISTRICT RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-Sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care Retired Plan provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS Web site at www.trs.state.tx.us, by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling 1-800-223-8778.

Medicare Part D:

Federal Government Retiree Drug Subsidy - Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. On-behalf payments must be recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by the District. The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payrol! to the entire payroll reported by all reporting entities. The amount allocated on-behalf for the year ended August 31, 2016 is estimated by TRS at \$3,239.

P. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vacations are to be taken within the same year they are earned, and any unused days at the end of the year are forfeited. Therefore, no liability has been accrued in the accompanying general purpose financial statements. Employees of the District are entitled to sick leave based on category/class of employment. Sick leave is allowed to be accumulated but does not vest for most employees. Therefore, a liability for unused sick leave has not been recorded in the accompanying general purpose financial statements for these employees.

Q. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

Commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements for equipment provided for minimum future rental payments as of August 31, 2016, as follows:

Year Ended August 31	 Total
2017	\$ 6 362
2018	3 491
2019	3 491
2020	 2 618
Total Minimum Rentals	\$ 15 962
Rental Expenditures in Fiscal Year 2016	\$ 12 313

R. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable at August 31, 2016 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

S. RISK MANAGEMENT

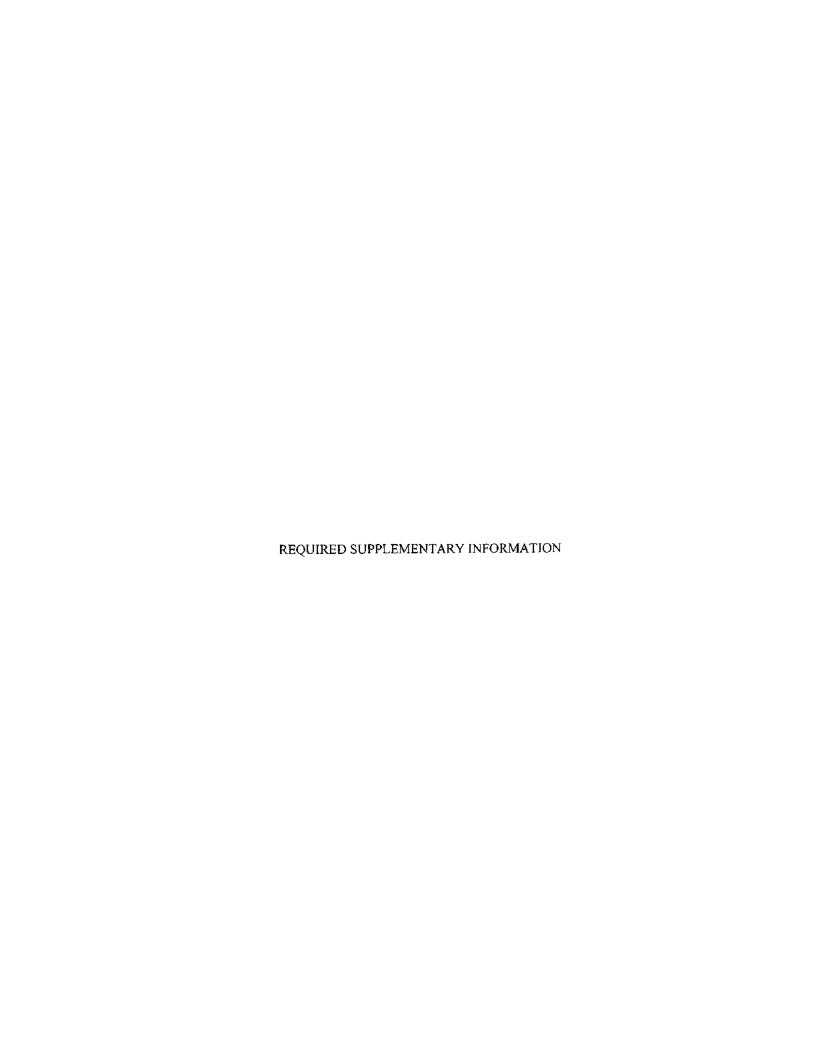
The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. During fiscal year 2016 the district purchased commercial insurance from the TASB Risk Management Fund to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

T. DETACHMENT AND ANNEXATION

The final decision of the State Commissioner of Education in TEA Docket No. 095-R6-0711, Barbara S. Johnson, et al. V. Oakwood Independent School District detached territory consisting of the former Lone Star Rural High School District from Oakwood ISD and annexed it to Buffalo ISD with an effective date of July 1, 2013. Under Section 13.004. Texas Education Code, the Commissioners' Courts of Leon and Freestone Counties agreed to an equitable allocation of indebtedness, taking into consideration the value of the properties involved and the taxable values of the districts involved. The allocation of debt is described in Note G.

U. LEGAL ISSUES

The District is involved in a complaint matter, the outcome of which is unknown as of the audit report date.



OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Code	Codes		Original		Final			(Negative)	
	REVENUES:								
5700 5800	Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$	918,669 1,036,845	\$	918,669 1,036,845	\$	1,133,204 1,040,301	\$	214,535 3,456
5020	Total Revenues		1,955,514		1,955,514		2,173,505		217,991
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		1,038,144		1,056,848		995,026		61,822
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		500		500		-		500
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		2,000		2,000		861		1,139
	School Leadership		131,963		145,889		135,625		10,264
0031			58,169		58,170		48,555		9,615
0033	Health Services		250		250		74		176
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		105,384		102,876		99,441		3,435
0036	Extracurricular Activities		117,206		117,206		105,034		12,172
0041	General Administration		185,127		185,127		190,212		(5,085
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		199,968		199,968		202,508		(2.540
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		10,000		10,000		9,930		70
0053	Data Processing Services		53,500		53,500		40,875		12,625
	Intergovernmental:								
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	١.	25,000		25,000		19,892		5,108
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		28,553		31,061		31,061		
6030	Total Expenditures		1,955,764		1,988,395		1,879,094	V-8-1	109,301
200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(250)		(32.881)		294,411		327,292
100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		287,810		287,810		287,810		<u>-</u>
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	287,560	\$	254,929	\$	582,221	\$	327,292

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

	 2016	 2015
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.000926%	0.0005461%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 327,329	\$ 145,872
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District	693,382	676,567
Total	\$ 1,020,711	\$ 822,439
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 1,038,470	\$ 1,136,224
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	31.52%	12.84%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	78,43%	83.25%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2015 for Year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for 2015.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only two years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2016

		2015		
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	28,602	\$ 27,421	
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(27,421)		
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-0-	\$ -0-	
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,098,895	\$ 1,038,470	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		2.60%	2.64%	

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31, 2014 for Fiscal Year 2015 and August 31, 2015 for Fiscal Year 2016.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only two years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

MASTER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Changes of Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of Assumptions

The following are changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected the measurement of the total pension liability during the prior measurement period.

Economic Assumptions

- 1. The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.00% to 2.50%.
- 2. The ultimate merit assumption for long-service employees was decreased from 1.25% to 1.00%.
- 3. In accordance with the observed experience, there were small adjustments in the service-based promotional/longevity component of the salary scale.
- 4. The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 2.50%.

Mortality Assumptions

- 5. The post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- 6. The post-retirement mortality tables for disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- 7. The pre-retirement mortality tables for active employees were updated to use 90% of the recently published RP-2014 mortality table for active employees. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.

Other Demographic Assumptions

- 8. Previously, it was assumed 10% of all members who had contributed in the past 5 years to be an active member. This was an implicit rehire assumption because teachers have historically had a high incidence of terminating employment for a time and then returning to the workforce at a later date. This methodology was modified to add a more explicit valuation of the rehire incidence in the termination liabilities, and therefore these 10% are no longer being counted as active members.
- 9. There were adjustments to the termination patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations. The termination patterns were adjusted to reflect the rehire assumption. The timing of the termination decrement was also changed from the middle of the year to the beginning to match the actual pattern in the data.
- 10. Small adjustments were made to the retirement patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations.
- 11. Small adjustments to the disability patterns were made for members consistent with experience and future expectations. Two separate patterns were created based on whether the member has 10 years of service or more.
- 12. For members that become disabled in the future, it is assumed 20% of them will choose a 100% joint and survivor annuity option.

Actuarial Methods and Policies

13. The method of using celled data in the valuation process was changed to now using individual data records to allow for better reporting of some items, such as actuarial gains and losses by source.



OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

_			211		240	244		255		
Data		E	ESEA I, A National			Care	er and	ESEA II,A		
Contro		Ir	nproving	Bro	akfast and	Technical -		Training and		
Codes			ic Program	Lunch Program		Basic Grant		Recruiting		
	ASSETS									
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(23,889)	\$	27,275	\$	_	\$	(23,271)	
1240	Receivables from Other Governments		29,335		4,227		-		23,271	
1000	Total Assets	\$	5,446	\$	31,502	\$	-	\$		
	LIABILITIES									
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	4,686	\$	-	\$	-	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		4,966		1,119		-		-	
2200	Accrued Expenditures		480		22		-		-	
2000	Total Liabilities	_	5,446		5,827		-		-	
	FUND BALANCES									
	Restricted Fund Balance:									
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		25,675				-	
3000	Total Fund Balances		*		25,675		-		-	
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,446	\$	31,502	\$	-	\$		

	410		Total					
	State	Nonmajor						
Te	extbook	Gov	ernmental					
	Fund		Funds					
\$	12,252	\$	(7,633)					
	-		56,833					
\$	12,252	\$	49,200					
20,700								
\$	-	\$	4,686					
	-		6,085					
	-		502					
	-		11,273					
	12,252		37,927					
	12,252		37,927					
\$	12,252	\$	49,200					

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

			211		240		244		255	
Data		ESEA I, A National		Career and		ESEA II,A				
Control			proving	Brea	akfast and	Tec	hnical -	Training and		
Codes		Basi	Program	Lunc	h Program	Bas	ic Grant	Re	cruiting	
	REVENUES:									
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$	7,744	\$	-	\$	-	
5800	State Program Revenues		-		3,523		-		-	
5900	Federal Program Revenues		128,779		105,783		1,864		30,169	
5020	Total Revenues		128,779		117,050		1,864		30,169	
	EXPENDITURES:									
С	urrent:									
0011	Instruction		100,490		-		1,864		28,715	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		28,289		-		-		-	
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		-		-		-		1,454	
0035	Food Services		-		110,244		-		-	
6030	Total Expenditures		128,779		110,244		1,864		30,169	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		-		6,806		-		-	
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-		18,869				-	
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	_	\$	25,675	\$	-	\$	-	

	410		Total					
	State	Nonmajor						
T	extbook	Gov	rernmental					
	Fund	Funds						
\$	-	\$	7,744					
	24,537		28,060					
			266,595					
	24,537		302,399					
	24,032		155,101					
	-		28,289					
	-		1,454					
	- · · · · ·		110,244					
	24,032		295,088					
	505		7,311					
	11,747	30,61						
\$	12,252	\$	37,927					



OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

TO THE STATE OF TH	(1)	(2)	(3) Assessed/Appraise		
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax I	Value for School			
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes		
2007 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various		
008	1.040000	0.000000	136,990,2	:60	
009	1.040000	0.000000	169,014,8	77	
010	1.040000	0.000000	190,650,6	90	
911	1.040000	0.185000	172,322,3	80	
012	1.040000	0.179000	166,543,0	58	
013	1.040000	0.178000	165,603,7	85	
014	1.040000	0.204400	82,392,6	73	
015	1.040000	0.204400	75,745,0	01	
316 (School year under audit)	1.040000	0.204400	102,729,2	27	
000 TOTALS					

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2015	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections		(32) Debt Service Collections		(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2016								
\$ 219,010	\$ -	\$ 5,201	\$	-	\$	(24,060) \$	189,749								
31,935	•	5,083		-		(1,020)	25,832								
32,114	-	5,227		-		(693)	26,194								
35,140	-	2,214		-		(395)	32,531								
46,479	-	3,118		555		(465)	42,341								
52,174	-	7,764		1,336		8,904	51,978								
56,931	-	8,945		1,531		6,691	53,146								
59,538	-	11,948		2,348		2,674	47,916								
77,255	-	18,830		3,701		3,701		3,701		3,701		3,701		2,015	56,739
-	1,278,362	993,283		195,218		(5,052)	84,809								
\$ 610,576	\$ 1,278,362	\$ 1,061,613	\$	204,689	\$	(11,401) \$	611,235								

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FUND BALANCE AND CASH FLOW CALCULATION WORKSHEET GENERAL FUND AS OF AUGUST 31, 2016

UNAUDITED

1	Total General Fund Balance as of 8/31/16 (Exhibit C-1 object 3000 for the General Fund Only)		\$ 582,221
2	Total Non-Spendable Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - for the General Fund Only)	\$ -	
3	Total Restricted Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - for the General Fund Only)	-	
4	Total Committed Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - for the General Fund Only)	-	
5	Total Assigned Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - for the General Fund Only)	-	
6	Estimated amount needed to cover fall cash flow deficits in the General Fund (Net of borrowed funds and funds representing deferred revenues.)	-	
7	Estimate of two month's average cash disbursements during the fiscal year.	392,674	
8	Estimate of delayed payments from state sources (58xx).	-	
9	Estimate of underpayment from state sources equal to variance between Legislative Payment Estimate (LPE) and District Planning Estimate (DPE) or District's calculated earned state aid amount.	-	
10	Estimate of delayed payments from federal sources (59xx)	56,833	
11	Estimate of expenditures to be reimbursed to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund (uses of General Fund cash after bond referendum and prior to issuance of bonds)		
12	Optimum Fund Balance and Cash Flow (Lines 2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10+11)		 449,507
13	Excess (Deficit) Unassigned Fund Balance (Line 1 minus Line 12)		\$ 132,714

Explanation of need for and/or projected use of net positive Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance:

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

	Control		Budgeted Amounts				Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
Code	S		Driginal		Final		(Negative)	
	REVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	S	8,150 1,000 100,784	\$	8,150 1,000 100,784	\$ 7,744 3,523 105,783	\$	(406) 2,523 4,999
5020	Total Revenues		109,934		109,934	117,050		7,116
	EXPENDITURES: Food Services Data Processing Services		109,474 460		109,474 460	110,244 -		(770) 460
6030	Total Expenditures		109,934		109,934	110,244		(310)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		-			6,806		6,806
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		18,869		18,869	18,869		-
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	18,869	\$	18,870	\$ 25,675	\$	6,805

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Cont	rol	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)			/ariance With Final Budget Positive or
Code	'S		Original		Final			(Negative)	
	REVENUES:								
5700 5800	Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$	158,173	\$	145,341 4,518	\$	211,163 4,616	\$	65,822 98
5020	Total Revenues		158,173		149,859		215,779		65,920
	EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt		278,000		278,000		150,398		127,602
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt		16,350		16,350		8,096		8,254
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		250		250		250		•
6030	Total Expenditures		294,600		294,600		158,744		135,856
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(136,427)	_	(144,741)		57,035		201,776
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
7915	Transfers In		-		14,788		-		(14,788)
7949	Other Resources		149,259		134,471		134,471		-
8949	Other (Uses)		-		<u> </u>		(134,471)		(134,471)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		149,259		149,259		-		(149,259)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		12,832		4,518		57,035		52,517
0100	Fund Balance - September I (Beginning)	-	18,444		18,444		18,445	LYBATT	<u> </u>
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	31,276	\$	22,962	\$	75,480	\$	52,518

COMPLIANCE. INTERNAL CONTROL AND FEDERAL AWARDS

SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Marlin R. Smith, CPA J. W. Lambright, CPA

Cheri E. Kirkland, CPA David N. Hopkins, CPA P. O. Box 912 505 E. Tyler Athens, Texas 75751 (903) 675-5674 FAX (903) 675-5676 smithlambright.com

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of School Trustees Oakwood Independent School District 631 North Holly Street Oakwood, Texas 75855

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2016 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P. C.

Smith, Lambright - associated, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Athens, Texas

December 5, 2016

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:			
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodii	fied	
Internal control over financial reporting:			
 Material weakness(es) identified? 		_ yes <u>X</u>	no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 		_ yes <u>X</u>	none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		_ yes <u>X</u>	N/A
Federal Awards:	N/A		
Internal control over major programs:			
 Material weakness(es) identified? 		_ yes	no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 		_ yes	none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 CFR 200.516(a)		_ yes	no
Identification of major programs: CFDA Number Name of Federal Program or Cl	uster		
N/A			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,00	0	
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?	X	_ yes	no
District Contact Person	Jackie Tl Superinte		

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016	
II. <u>Financial Statement Findings</u>	

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

III. Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

N/A

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

N/A

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)
(1)	* *			(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	<u></u>	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Federal	
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number	Exp	enditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed Through State Department of Education				
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	16-610101145907	\$	128,779
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84,048	16-ESC Region 6		1.864
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher/Principal Training	84.367A	16-694501145907		30,169
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			\$	160,812
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			\$	160,812
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture				
*School Breakfast Program	10.553		\$	35,486
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555			63,333
*National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance	10.555			6,964
Total CFDA Number 10.555				70,297
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				105,783
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture	:		\$	105,783
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			\$	105,783
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	266,595

^{*}Clustered Programs

OAKWOOD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

- For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's
 Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. Special revenue funds are used to account for
 resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial
 assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund.
- The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in the General Fund or in a Special Revenue Fund which are Governmental Fund types.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

- The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions of the Period of Availability of Federal Funds.
- The National School Breakfast and Lunch Programs and the USDA donated commodities are accounted for in the nonmajor governmental funds. The Impact Aid, if any, is accounted for in the General Fund. Expenditures are not specifically attributable to these revenue sources and are shown on this schedule in an amount equal to revenue for balancing purposes only. The revenue for indirect costs is recognized in the General Fund.
- The expenditures shown on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) does not equal to total federal revenues shown on Exhibit C-3 by the amount of federal revenue recorded in various funds as shown below. These amounts are not subject to the Single Audit Act and are not required to be included in the SEFA.

Amount reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards \$	266,595		
Other	0		
Federal Program Revenue Reported on Exhibit C-3 \$	266 595		