MILBURN CAIN & CO. A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 4237 GROVE AVENUE GURNEE, ILLINOIS 60031

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NIPPERSINK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 McHENRY COUNTY, ILLINOIS AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

TABLE OF CONTENTS

JUNE 30, 2009

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-2
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Management's Discussion and Analysis (M D & A)	3-11
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
District-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	12
Statement of Activities	13
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Government Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	16-17
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	19
Notes to Financial Statements	20-34
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - HISTORICAL PENSION INFORMATION	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund - Analysis of Employer Contributions and Funding Progress (Unaudited)	35
COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES	
General Funds - Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	36
Educational Account - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	37-41

TABLE OF CONTENTS

JUNE 30, 2009

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES (continued)	PAGE
Operations and Maintenance Account - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	42
Transportation Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual	43
IMRF Fund/Social Security - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	4 4
Bond and Interest Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	45
Capital Projects Fund - Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	46
Site and Construction Account - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	47
Fire Prevention and Safety Account - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	48
Tort Immunity Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	49
Working Cash Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	50
SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES	
Student Activity Funds - Summary of Cash Receipts and Disbursements	51-52
Schedule of Debt Certificates and Interest Payable	53-54
Computation of Per Capita Tuition Charge	55
FEDERAL COMPLIANCE REPORT:	
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	56-57

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Nippersink School District No. 2 Richmond, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of

NIPPERSINK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2

as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Nippersink School District No. 2 as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 14, 2009 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. See pages 56 and 57. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis, historical pension information, and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-11 and pages 37-50 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary schedules on pages 51-55 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

MILBURN CAIN & CO. Certified Public Accountants

Milhun Cain & Co.

Gurnee, Illinois August 28, 2009

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2009

Management of Nippersink School District No. 2 (the District) presents this narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The information presented here should be considered in conjunction with the financial statements presented elsewhere in this report.

This discussion and analysis is designed to:

- 1. Assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues,
- 2. Provide an overview of the District's financial activity.
- 3. Identify changes in the District's financial position (its ability to cope with the next and subsequent year challenges),
- 4. Identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budgets), and
- 5. Identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since Management's Discussion and Analysis (M D & A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements beginning on page 11.

Financial Highlights

- The District's net assets increased \$1,309,000 for the year.
- Nippersink reduced its long-term debt and contracts payable by \$76,435.
- The District's fund balances (as shown on the fund financial statements) were increased by \$1,088,000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Nippersink School's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components:

- 1. District-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements and.
- Notes to financial statements.

In addition, this report also includes other supplementary information which is presented after the notes to financial statements.

District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Nippersink School's finances presented in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the asset total and the liabilities total reported as the District's net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years (e.g., earned but unused vacation or sick pay).

The district-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). Governmental activities include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, and certain other activities and expenses such as non-programmed charges, interest and fees, and unallocated depreciation.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

Nippersink's fund financial statements provide additional detail about the District's funds, focusing on its "major" funds not the District as a whole. For purposes of this report, the District considers all of its governmental funds as major funds. Funds are accounting devices used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required by state law, by Board covenants, or by contractual agreements. Still other funds are established to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debt) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues for their intended purposes.

Nippersink has two categories of funds:

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds. These funds generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flows in and out of the District and (2) the balances which are left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future for District purposes. Because the information contained in the fund financial statements does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, a reconciliation statement follows the governmental funds financial statements to explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

The basic fund financial statements can be found at pages 14-18 of this report.

• <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Nippersink is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the student activity funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and only by those to whom the assets belong. The assets are excluded from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance operations.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 19 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and also the fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 20-34 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each fund as required supplementary information. This information can be found on pages 36-50 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

<u>Net Assets</u> - Nippersink's net assets were \$1.3 million larger at June 30, 2009 than they were the year before, increasing by almost 8.9% to \$16.0 million. The following table presents a summary of the District's net assets at year-end:

Table 1 Statement of Net Assets As of June 30, 2009 and 2008

		Amount (I1	n Mil	
		2009		2008
Assets				
Current and Other Assets	\$	17.6	\$	15.7
Capital Assets (Net)		10.9		10.8
Total Assets	\$	28.5	\$	26.5
Liabilities				
Long-term Debt Outstanding	\$.3	\$.4
Other Liabilities		12.2	·	11.4
Total Liabilities	\$	12.5	\$	11.8
Net Assets				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	10.6	\$	10.3
Restricted	*	4.0	4	4.3
Unrestricted		1.4		1
Total Net Assets	\$ _	16.0	\$	14.7

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Assets.

- The District retired almost \$.1 million in debt.
- The District purchased a little over \$.5 million new capital assets.
- Depreciation expense of almost \$.4 million was charged against income.
- The District had no tax warrants payable at year-end.

<u>Changes in Net Assets</u> - The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 were \$15.6 million. The total cost of all programs and services were \$14.3 million. Revenues exceeded expenses, increasing net assets by \$1.3 million. Operating and capital grants and charges for governmental activities totaled \$3.6 million. The following table presents a summary of changes in net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 and 2008:

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

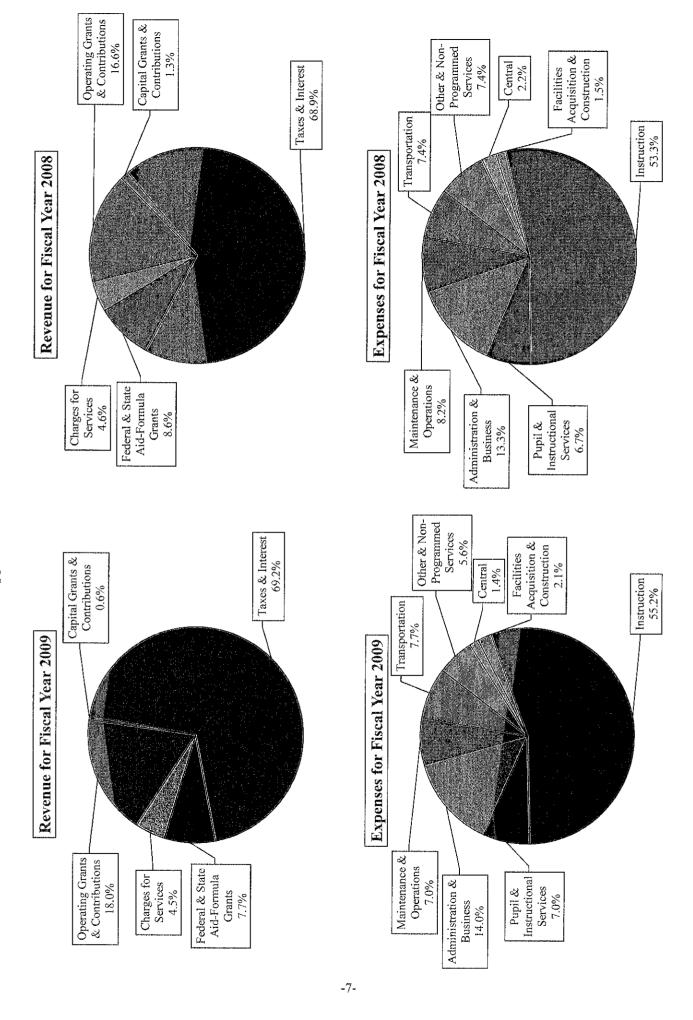
		overnmen (In Mi		
		2009		2008
Revenue				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$.7	\$.7
Operating Grants and Contributions		2.8		2.5
Capital Grants and Contributions		.1		.2
General Revenue				
Taxes and Interest		10.8		10.4
Federal and State Aid - Formula Grants		1.2		1.3
Total Revenue (In Millions)	\$ _	15.6	\$ _	15.1
Expenses				
Instruction	\$	7.9	\$	7.2
Pupil and Instructional Services		1.0	•	.9
Administration and Business		2.0		1.8
Central		.2		.3
Maintenance and Operations		1.0		1,1
Transportation		1,1		1.0
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		.3		.2
Other and Payments to Other Districts and Governments		.8 .8		1.0
Total Expenses (In Millions)	\$	14.3	\$ _	13.5
Change in Net Assets	\$	1.3	\$	1.6
Net Assets				
July 1	_	14.7	-	13.1
June 30	¢.	4.6.6	4	
June 50	\$	<u> 16.0</u>	\$ _	14.7

Summary and Highlights

- Total revenues increased \$.5 million while total expense increased \$.8 million as compared to the previous year.
- Net assets increased \$1.3 million as compared to a \$1.6 million increase last year.

The charts which appear on the following page provide a comparative display of the composition of revenues and expenses as a percentage of the total for 2009 and 2008:

Nippersink School District #2



Net Cost of Governmental Activities - The following schedule presents the cost of five major and all other District activities: instruction, pupil and instructional services, administration and business, maintenance and operations, transportation and all other costs including depreciation and excluding capital outlay and debt service - principal only. This schedule also shows each activity's net cost; i.e., total cost less fees and intergovernmental aid allocable to each activity. The net is equivalent to the financial burden borne by the District's taxpayers to support each of these functions.

	20	09	200	08
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
Instruction	7.9	5.8	7.2	5.1
Pupil and Instructional Services	1.0	.7	.9	.7
Administration and Business	2.0	1.6	1.8	1.4
Maintenance and Operations	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1
Transportation	1.1	.4	1.0	.3
All Other	_1.3	1.3	1.5	1.4
Total Cost (In Millions)	<u>14.3</u>	<u>10.8</u>	<u>13.5</u>	<u>10.0</u>

Summary and Highlights

- The cost of all governmental activities for the year was \$14.3 million.
- \$.7 million of the cost was paid for by user fees for the District's programs.
- Federal and state subsidies to specific programs totaled \$2.7 million which includes \$1.1 million in state on-behalf payments paid directly to TRS.
- Most of the costs (\$10.5 million) however, were paid by the District's taxpayers.
- Replacement taxes, investment earnings, and federal and state aid-formula grants totaled \$1.6 million.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Nippersink School's financial performance is reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds appearing on pages 16 and 17 of this report. Total revenues were \$15.6, which is \$.4 million more than the amount posted last year. Total expenditures were \$14.5 million compared to \$13.5 million a year ago, increasing by \$1.0 million, or 7.4%. Current year revenues exceeded expenditures by \$1.1 million. The excess of revenue over expenditures of \$1.1 million brought the total fund balance for all funds combined to \$5.5 million at year-end.

Educational Account (Pages 37-41) - Property taxes produced \$8.2 million in revenue for the Educational Account during fiscal 2009, or 66% of all of the fund's revenue. State sources accounted for 22% of revenue at \$2.7 million, including \$1.1 million in on-behalf pension payments. Without the on-behalf pension payments, state revenues were \$1.6 million, accounting for 13% of total revenue. Federal sources provided \$.7 million, or 5.6% of total Educational Fund revenue. Fees, earnings on investments, and other local sources of revenue produced \$.9 million, or 7.2% of total revenue. Thus, property taxes and other local revenues combined accounted for \$9.1 million, or more than 73% of Educational Account revenues.

Total Educational Account expenditures were \$11.3 million, which is \$.5 million more than the amount posted last year. Of the \$11.3 million, \$7.5 million, or 66%, was used for direct instruction and teachers' pensions; \$3.0 million paid for instructional support services, administration, utilities, food service, legal and financial services, and liability insurance; and \$.8 million was used to pay for tuition paid to other school districts.

After taking into account the revenues of \$12.4 million, the expenditures of \$11.3 million, the Educational Account posted an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$1.1 million. The fund also received a \$.1 million transfer from the Tort Immunity Fund. Thus, the fund balance increased for the year to \$.8 million.

Operations and Maintenance Account (Page 42) - As with the Educational Account, the Operations and Maintenance Account's largest source of revenue comes from property taxes which account for \$1,393,000 out of total fund revenues of \$1,411,000, or 98.8% of total fund revenue. Other local revenue sources account for \$18,000, or 1.2%. The total revenue of \$1,411,000 is \$82,000 more than the amount that was posted last year. The increase is due to higher property taxes.

Total expenditures of \$1,314,000 were \$25,000 more than prior year expenditures of \$1,289,000. The fund also transferred \$46,000 to the Debt Service Fund. Revenues exceeded expenditures and other financing sources by \$50,000, increasing the fund balance to \$85,000.

<u>Transportation Fund (Page 43)</u> - Expenditures for transportation exceeded revenues by \$115,000. Local sources accounted for \$295,000, or 32% of total revenue while state sources accounted for \$632,000, or 68%.

Total expenditures of \$1,042,000 for 2009 is \$57,000 higher than the 2008 total, primarily due to an increase in purchased services.

The net result for the year is that the fund balance was decreased by \$115,000 to \$332,000 at the end of 2009.

IMRF/Social Security Fund (Page 44) - IMRF/Social Security Fund revenues for 2009 were \$407,000 compared to \$374,000 in 2008. Expenditures of \$273,000 were \$11,000 more than the 2008 cost of \$262,000. The fund received \$134,000 more than it spent, increasing its fund balance to \$424,000 at June 30, 2009.

<u>Debt Service - Bond and Interest Fund (Page 45)</u> - Debt service funds are intended to be self-liquidating. This means that over time, revenues received from taxes should equal required expenditures. Except for timing differences where taxes are collected prior to required disbursements, the theory says there should be no accumulation of fund balances. However, accumulations do often occur when tax collections are higher than expected or when interest earnings are retained in the fund. Because of the revenue timing differences, however, analysis of annual operating results is generally not useful for the reader.

For 2009, the District's Bond and Interest Fund revenues totaled \$500, and there were \$77,000 in expenditures. The fund also received a transfer of \$77,000. The net result for the year is the fund balance increased \$500 to \$38,000.

Site and Construction Account (Page 47) - Revenues of \$161,000 were comprised of investment earnings of \$89,000 and contributions and donations of \$72,000. Revenues were \$192,000 less than the previous year's total of \$353,000 due to a decrease in contributions, donations and fees received.

Expenditures of \$381,000 were \$313,000 more than the previous year's total of \$68,000. The fund also transferred \$30,000 to the Debt Service Fund. Thus, the fund decreased its fund balance by \$250,000 to \$3,019,000.

Fire Prevention and Safety Account (Page 48) - The account had revenues of \$86,400, consisting of interest income of \$6,800 and property taxes of \$79,600, and had no expenditures, resulting in a fund balance increase of \$86,400 to \$295,300.

Tort Immunity Fund (Page 49) - Revenues totaled \$113,000, consisting of property taxes. Total expenditures were \$103,000. The fund transferred \$54,700 to the Education Fund which was its deficit fund balance carried by the Education Fund in the previous year. At year-end, the fund balance was a deficit of \$45,000.

Working Cash Fund (Page 50) - The Working Cash Fund revenues totaled \$109,000. There were no expenditures so its fund balance increased \$109,000 to \$550,000.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (Page 37-42) - The District budgeted general fund expenditures to total \$12.6 million. Net results of operations were expected to result in a general fund increase in fund balance of \$.8 million. Actual results for the year produced a fund balance increase of \$1.2 million.

Total actual revenues of \$13.8 million were \$.4 million more than the total budgeted revenues of \$13.4 million. Actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues mainly because state and federal aid was higher than expected. Total expenditures for the General Fund of \$12.6 million were the same as budgeted expenditures due to efforts by management to control costs.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital Assets</u> - At June 30, 2009, Nippersink's net capital assets totaled \$10,903,000 in a broad range of capital assets. These assets, which are listed in Note 3 of the notes to financial statements according to five categories (land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, and food service equipment) include the District's land and buildings, lab facilities, computer and audio-visual equipment, furniture and other classroom, and administrative equipment.

During the year, the District invested \$528,000 in additions to its capital assets. The following schedule presents capital asset balances net of depreciation at June 30, 2009 rounded to the nearest \$1,000:

Land	\$ 792,000
Buildings	9,532,000
Improvements Other Than Buildings	28,000
Equipment	548,000
Food Service Equipment	3,000
Totals	\$ 10 903 000

<u>Long-term Debt</u> - At year-end, Nippersink School's long-term debt obligations consisted of the following amounts:

Debt Certificates	\$ 335,000
Contracts Payable	2,454
Total	\$ <u>337,454</u>

Summary and Highlights

- Concerted efforts by management to control costs and an increase in revenues resulted in a current year increase of \$1.3 million in net assets.
- Property taxes continue to be the District's largest single source of revenues at \$10.5 million with locally generated fees, charges and interest earnings generating \$1.0 million. Contributions and donations account for \$.1 million in revenues. State and federal aid provided \$4.0 million in revenue which included \$1.1 million in State on-behalf payments. Thus, almost 75% of revenue comes from local sources.
- The District added \$528,000 in capital assets.
- The District reduced its bonded debt and contracts payable by \$76.435.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

Nippersink's population has increased 3% annually over the last several years due to substantial home construction activity in the Richmond and Spring Grove areas. This has placed increasing demands on the District's educational facilities and programs as student enrollments have increased with the growth in the population.

Despite the recent economic downturn, the District expects student enrollments to flatten briefly, then to grow, creating demand for additional classroom space and educational staff.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with an accurate overview of Nippersink School's finances and to demonstrate its accountability for the money it receives. Readers who have questions about this report or need additional financial information should contact the District's Business Manager at 10006 Main St.., Richmond, Illinois 60071.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2009

	GovernmentalActivities
Assets	Ф 14 14 0 A
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	\$ 11,110,477
	5 504 504
Property Taxes	5,784,704
Due From Other Governments	687,945
Interest	36,363
Other	39,793
Capital Assets	
Land	791,988
Depreciable Buildings, Property and Equipment, Net	<u>10,110,879</u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>28,562,149</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 133,004
Salaries and Wages Payable	759,981
Deferred Revenue	11,283,361
Non-current Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	62,454
Due in More Than One Year	<u>275,000</u>
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>12,513,800</u>
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$ 10,565,413
Restricted	•
Transportation	331,558
Bond and Interest	38,145
IMRF and Social Security	424,280
Capital Projects	3,314,518
Tort Immunity	(45,145)
Unrestricted (Deficit)	1,419,580
Total Net Assets	\$ <u>16,048,349</u>

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

				P1	rog	ram Revenue	s	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
						Operating	Capital	
			C	harges for	(Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
	_	Expenses		Services	<u>C</u>	ontributions	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction								
Regular Programs	\$	5,717,973	\$	176,789	\$	73,250	\$	\$ (5,467,934)
Special Education Programs		927,674		4,134		750,206		(173,334)
Other Instructional Programs		179,312		77,288				(102,024)
State Retirement Contributions		1,056,063				1,056,063	~~=	
Support Services								
Pupils		586,326				147,611		(438,715)
Instructional Staff		380,660				109,346		(271,314)
General Administration		492,840						(492,840)
School Administration		852,275						(852,275)
Business		677,976		402,700				(275,276)
Central		249,578					ML L	(249,578)
Transportation		1,041,559		8,809		631,501		(401,249)
Operations and Maintenance		1,040,858		4,000				(1,036,858)
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		219,619		,			72,063	(147,556)
Other		22,180					,	(22,180)
Non-Programmed Charges		818,348				-		(818,348)
Interest and Fees		16,640						(16,640)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	14,279,881	\$ _	673,720	\$	2,767,977	\$72,063	\$ (10,766,121)
General Revenues								
Taxes								
Real Estate Taxes, Levied for General Pur	pose	es						\$ 10,508,269
Personal Property Replacement Taxes	-							119,721
State and Federal Aid - Formula Grants								1,201,252
Investment Earnings								<u>245,</u> 831
								\$ 12,075,073
Change in Net Assets								\$ 1,308,952
Net Assets - July 1, 2008								14,739,397
Net Assets - June 30, 2009								\$ <u>16,048,349</u>

NIPPERSINK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	General	Transportation	IMRE/Social Security	Debt Service	ervice	Capital Projects	Working Cash		Tort	Total
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,319,656	\$ 201,276	6-9	€	38,145 \$		\$ 590	\$ 269	13,718	\$ 11,110,477
Property Taxes Due From Other Governments Interest Other	5,275,622 375,122 3,950 39,793	151,679 312,823 85	198,996			43,834	52	52,648 3,692	61,925	5,784,704 687,945 36,363 39,793
Total Assets	\$ 12,014,143	\$	\$ 812,430	∨	38,145 \$	3,400,021	\$ 652	<u> </u>	75,643	\$ 17,659,282
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Salaries Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 94,558 759,981 10,290,370 \$ 11,144,909	\$ 38,446 295,859 \$ 334,305	\$ 388,150 \$	es es		85,50 <u>3</u>	\$ 102 \$ 102	\$ \$ 102.691		\$ 133,004 759,981 11,283,361 \$ 12,176,346
Fund Balance Fund Balance Reserved For Transportation For IMRF and Social Security For Debt Service For Capital Projects Undesignated Total Fund Balances	\$	\$ 331,558	\$ 424,280 \$ 424,280	es es	38,145 	3,314,518	\$ 550		 (45.145)	\$ 331,558 424,280 38,145 3,314,518 1,374,435 \$ 5,482,936
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 12,014,143	\$ 665,863	\$ 812,430	↔	38,145 \$	3,400,021	\$	<u>653,037</u> \$ _	75,643	\$ 17,659,282

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2009

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 5,482,936
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because: The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture, and equipment) purchased or constructed is reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The Statement of Net Assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole. Cost of Capital Assets Depreciation Expense to Date \$ 15,889,799 (4,986,932)	10,902,867
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities both current and long-term are reported in the Statement of Net Assets. Balances at June 30, 2009 are: Debt Certificates Payable Contracts Payable \$ (335,000) (2,454)	(337,454)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 16,048,3 <u>49</u>

NIPPERSINK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Tort

Working

Capital

IMRF/Social

	General	Transportation	Security	Debt Service	Projects	Cash	Immunity_	Total
Revenues								
Property Taxes	\$ 9,583,490	\$ 275,537 \$	361,484	-	\$ 79,631	\$ 95,636 \$	112,491	\$ 10,508,269
Replacement Taxes	84,547		35,174	ļ		-		119,721
Interest	114,207	11,106	10,478	482	95,754	13,768	36	245,831
Other Local Sources	640'29	8,809	-	-	72,063	1	· Control Cont	751,471
State Aid	2,660,404	631,501	1		1		1	3,291,905
Federal Aid	671,636		1					671,636
Total Revenues	\$ 13,784,883	\$ 926,953	407,136	\$ 482	\$ 247,448	\$ 109,404 \$	112,527	\$ 15,588,833
Expenditures								
Current								
Instruction								
Regular Programs	\$ 5,386,047	\$	66,132	<u> </u>	\$7	\$	-	\$ 5,452,179
Special Programs	891,120		42,935		}		!	934,055
Other Instructional Programs	176,526		2,786		-	1		179,312
State Retirement Contributions	1,056,063		1		1			1,056,063
Support Services								
Pupils	562,939	1	23,387]	1	586,326
Instructional Staff	370,731	-	9,929	-	7		-	380,660
General Administration	378,681		11,240	1	1	ļ	102,919	492,840
School Administration	817,065	-	35,210	-	1	1	1	852,275
Business	500,700		71,136	-		1		571,836
Central	391,889		10,151			1		402,040
Transportation		1,041,559				1	}	1,041,559
Operations and Maintenance	1,039,919	1			1	1	-	1,039,919
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	219,619	1	l		358,471			578,090
Other	1		1		22,180	ļ	1	22,180
Non-Programmed Charges	818,348	1		1			1	818,348
Debt Service				1				1
Trincipal		!	-	76,435		- contract of the contract of		76,435
interest and Other								•
l otal Expenditures	\$ 12,609,647	\$ 1.041,559 \$	272,906	93,075	\$ 380,651 \$	\$	102,919	\$ 14,500,757

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 NIPPERSINK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2 (continued)

Fund Balances - July 1, 2008 (297,910) 446,164 290,050 37,663 3,477,951 440,942 4,394,860	IMRF/Social Capital Working Security Debt Service Projects Cash	Total \$ 1,088,076 \$ 1,088,076 4,394,860	Tort Immunity 9,608 (54,753)	Cash 109,404 \$ 109,404 \$ 109,404 \$	Capital Projects (133,203) \$ (30,230) (163,433) \$ 3,477,951	Debt Service (92,593) \$ 93,075 \$ 482 \$ \$	Security 1 134,230	Transportation		Excess or (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Transfers From/(To) Other Funds Excess or (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources and Expenditures and Other (Uses) Fund Balances - July 1, 2008
	\$ 134,230 \$ (92,593) \$ (133,203) \$ 109,404 \$ \$ \]	\$ 5,482,9	(45,145)	550,346 \$	\$ 331,558 \$ 424,280 \$ 38,145 \$ 3,314,518 \$ 550,346 \$ (45,145) \$ 5,482,936	38,145 \$	424,280 \$	331,558 \$	\$ 869,234 \$	Fund Balances - June 30, 2009
	\$ 134,230 \$ (92,593) \$ (133,203) \$ 109,404 \$ 	\$ 1,088,076			(163,433) \$		134,230 \$	(114,606) \$	\$ 1,167,144 \$	Excess or (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources and Expenditures and Other (Uses)
\$ 1,167,144 \$ (114,606) \$ 134,230 \$ 482 \$ (163,433) \$ 109,404 \$	\$ 134,230 \$ (92,593) \$ (133,203) \$ 109,404 \$	İ	(54,753)	-	(30,230)	93,075	!		(8,092)	Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Transfers From/(To) Other Funds
mds (8,092) ————————————————————————————————————		\$ 1,088,076	_	109,404 \$	(133,203) \$		134,230 \$	(114,606) \$	\$ 1,175,236 \$	xeess or (Dencioney) or Revenues Over Expenditures
\$ 1,175,236 \$ (114,606) \$ 134,230 \$ (92,593) \$ (133,203) \$ 109,404 \$ \$ mds	IMRF/Social Capital Working Tort Security Debt Service Projects Cash Immunity	Total	Tort	Working Cash	Capital Projects	Debt Service	- -a		1	or Motivionary of

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 1,088,076

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the current period.

Depreciation Expense Capital Outlays \$ (383,850) ___528,291

144,441

Repayment of bonds, debt certificates, and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.

76,435

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$ <u>1,308,952</u>

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2009

Accepte	Student Activity Fund
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$136,301
	<u> </u>
Liabilities	
Due to Student Groups and PTO's	\$ 136,301

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Nippersink School District No. 2 (District) conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to local educational agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows.

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The definition of a component unit is a legally separate organization for which the District is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District. The District also may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the District regardless of whether the organization has (1) a separately elected governing board, (2) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government or (3) a jointly appointed board. There are no component units, as defined by GASB, which are included in the District's reporting entity. Even though there are local government agencies within the geographic area served by the District, these agencies have been excluded from the report because they are legally separate and the District is not financially accountable for them.

Also, the District is not included as a component unit in any other governmental reporting entity, as defined by GASB pronouncements.

B. Basis of Presentation

District-wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The governmental activities column reports activities that are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues instead.

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the District in the governmental fund financial statements are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose, and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Separate financial statements are provided for all governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the district-wide financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental funds are used to account for the District's general government activities. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual, i.e., when they are both "measurable and available." "Measurable" means that the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences, claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Also, in accordance with GASB No. 24, on-behalf payments (payments made by a third party for the benefit of the district, such as payments made by the state to the Teachers' Retirement System) have been recognized in the financial statements.

Property taxes, replacement taxes, certain state and federal aid, and interest on investments are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the District and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant and accordingly, when such funds are received they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

Governmental funds include the following major funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund consists of the following:

Educational Account - This account is used for most of the instructional and administrative aspects of the District's operations. The revenue consists primarily of state government aid and local property taxes.

Operations and Maintenance Account - This account is used for expenditures made for repair and maintenance of District property. Revenue consists primarily of local property taxes and rental income.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those accounted for in the Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds, or Fiduciary Funds) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Each of the District's Special Revenue Funds has been established as a separate fund in accordance with the fund structure required by the State of Illinois for local educational agencies. These funds account for local property taxes restricted to specific purposes. A brief description of the District's Special Revenue Funds follows:

Transportation Fund - This fund accounts for all revenue and expenditures made for student transportation. Revenue is derived primarily from local property taxes and state reimbursement grants.

IMRF/Social Security Fund - This fund accounts for the District's portion of pension contributions to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, payments to Medicare for certified employees, and payments to the Social Security System for non-certified employees. Revenue to finance the contributions is derived primarily from local property taxes and personal property replacement taxes.

Tort Immunity Fund - This fund accounts for the District's insurance and risk management activities. Revenue is derived primarily from property taxes.

Working Cash Fund - This fund accounts for financial resources held by the District to be used as temporary interfund loans for working capital requirements to the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund's Transportation Fund. Money loaned by the Working Cash Fund to other funds must be repaid. As allowed by the School Code of Illinois, this fund may be permanently abolished and become a part of the Educational Account within the General Fund or it may be partially abated to the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Funds.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. A brief description of the District's Debt Service Fund is as follows:

Bond and Interest Fund - This fund accounts for the periodic principal and interest payments on the bond issues and capital lease obligations of the District. The primary revenue source is local property taxes levied specifically for debt service.

Capital Projects Fund

Site and Construction Account - For financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Subdivider's land cash ordinance payments are accounted for in this fund.

Fire Prevention and Safety Account - For this fund, the use of the revenue is restricted to approved Life Safety projects.

<u>Fiduciary Fund Types (Trust and Agency Funds)</u> - Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds) are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Agency Funds - The Agency Funds includes Student Activity Funds, Convenience Accounts and Other Agency Funds. These funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of the results of operations. Although the Board of Education has the ultimate responsibility for Activity Funds, they are not local education agency funds. Student Activity Funds account for assets held by the District which are owned, operated and managed generally by the student body, under the guidance and direction of adults or a staff member, for educational, recreational or cultural purposes. Convenience Accounts account for assets that are normally maintained by a local education agency as a convenience for its faculty, staff, etc.

When restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District follows procedures mandated by Illinois State law and District Board policy to establish the budgetary data reflected in its financial statements. The modified accrual basis budgeted amounts in this report are the result of full compliance with the following procedures:

For each fund, total fund expenditures disbursed may not legally exceed the budgeted amounts. The budget lapses at the end of each fiscal year.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Prior to July 1, the Superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on that date. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures disbursed and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- 5. The Board of Education may not legally spend more than budgeted expenditures by fund. However, it may make transfers between the various items in any fund not exceeding in the aggregate 10% of the total of such fund as set forth in the budget.
- 6. The Board of Education may amend the budget (in other ways) by the same procedures required of its original adoption.

The budget for 2008-09 was adopted on September 29, 2008, and was not amended.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Investments

Investments are stated at cost which approximates fair value. Gains or losses are recognized when the investments either mature or are sold. Except for the Student Activity Funds and the Imprest Account, Nippersink maintains common bank accounts benefiting all of its funds. Accordingly, investments affecting all funds are made from the common accounts,

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

Investments (continued)

Generally accepted accounting principles and the concept that each fund is a separate entity require the allocation of interest earnings on investments to the fund owning the investment. Because of the common bank accounts, the District has not attempted to identify the fund owning the investment; however, it does allocate all interest earnings to participating funds on a pro-rata basis. A historical moving average of beginning monthly fund balances is used as the basis for allocating the interest.

Occasionally a fund participating in the common cash accounts will experience a cash deficit. When this occurs, another fund which has a positive cash balance necessarily covers the shortage. This deficit coverage constitutes an interfund loan between the funds involved. If this situation occurs at the end of any monthly accounting period, it is the Administration's policy to request approval of the Board of Education for the umplanned loan before or in connection with the approval of the issuance of checks to vendors.

Inventories

It is the District's policy to charge all purchases of items for resale or supplies to expenditures when purchased. No inventory accounts are maintained to reflect the values of resale or supply items on hand.

Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column in the statement of net assets.

Property Tax Revenues

The District's property tax is levied each year on all taxable real property located in the District on or before the last Tuesday in December. The 2007 levy was passed by the Board on November 27, 2007. The 2008 levy was passed by the Board on December 16, 2008. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 and are payable in two installments early in March and early in September. The District receives significant distributions of tax receipts on each due date and for about ninety days thereafter.

The following are the tax rate limits permitted by the School Code and by local referendum and the actual rates levied per \$100 of assessed valuation:

			Actual	
	Limit	2008 Levy	2007 Levy	
Purpose		·	•	
Educational	2.500	1.9872	1.9164	
Tort Immunity	As Needed	.0277	.0267	
Special Education	As Needed	.0287	.0277	
Operations and Maintenance	.3750	.3428	.3306	
Transportation	.1200	.0678	.0654	
Fire Prevention/Safety	As Needed	.0196	.0189	
Working Cash	.0500	.0235	.0227	
Municipal Retirement	As Needed	.0470	.0453	
Social Security	As Needed	0420	0405	
Totals		<u>2.5863</u>	<u>2.4942</u>	

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

Property Tax Revenues (continued)

In addition to the tax rate limitations shown above, the District is subject to "Tax Cap" limitations affecting the five collar counties surrounding Cook County, Illinois. Under the "Tax Cap" the total of the District's tax levies not including bond levies may not increase by more than the lesser of 5% of the prior year total or the prior year percentage of increase in the Consumer Price Index. However, levies may increase beyond these limitations to the extent that any increase in assessed valuation is represented by annexations or new building.

A summary of the past two years assessed valuations, extensions and collections follows:

Tax Year	2008	2007
Assessed Valuation	\$ 438,894,311	\$ 424,370,168

	Extensions	Collections	Extensions	Collections
Purpose				
Educational	\$ 8,721,804	\$ 4,224,850	\$ 8,132,630	\$ 8,073,924
Tort Immunity	121,517	58,863	113,307	112,491
Special Education	126,072	61,068	117,550	116,716
Operations and Maintenance	1,504,609	728,830	1,402,968	1,392,850
Transportation	297,645	144,180	277,538	275,537
Fire Prevention/Safety	86,019	41,669	80,206	79,632
Working Cash	103,311	50,043	96,332	95,636
Municipal Retirement	206,171	99,866	192,240	190,851
Social Security	184,322	<u>89,287</u>	<u>171,870</u>	<u>170,633</u>
Totals	\$ <u>11,351,470</u>	\$ <u>5,498,656</u>	\$ <u>10,584,641</u>	\$ <u>10,508,270</u>
Percentage of Extensions Collected	48.44%		99.28%	

Personal Property Replacement Taxes

Personal property replacement taxes are first allocated to funds where taxes were automatically abated by the county clerk and to the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund, with the balance allocated to the remaining funds at the discretion of the District.

Special Tax Levies and Restricted Equity

<u>Tort Immunity</u> - Prior to July 1, 2008, cash receipts and the related cash disbursements of this restricted tax levy were accounted for in the Educational Fund. All receipts generated with this levy were spent for tort immunity purposes. Accordingly, there was no restriction of the Education Account for this purpose.

Beginning July 1, 2008, a separate tort immunity fund was established. All tort immunity expenditures are now charged to this separate fund.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both district-wide and fund financial statements.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, and construction in progress are reported in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life of five years or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of capital assets is provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives as established by the Illinois State Board of Education. The District chose to use the same useful lives as the State Board of Education.

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Improvements	20
Equipment	10
Vehicles	5

Long-term Obligations

In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. Currently, the District has no unamortized deferred charges, discounts or premiums.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Restricted Net Assets

For the district-wide financial statements, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either: (1) Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In the fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are not available for other appropriations, or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Eliminations and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the district-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances may have been eliminated or reclassified.

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. Deposits and Investments

The District is allowed to invest in securities as authorized by Chapter 30, Sections 235/1 through 235/7; and Chapter 105 of the *Illinois Compiled Statutes*.

Deposits

At June 30, 2009, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,164,078 and the bank balance was \$2,517,245.

	C	arrying		
	B	Balance		ık Balance
Checking Accounts				
Imprest Fund	\$	3,000	\$	1,873
Deposited With Local Banks		53,625		53,625
Deposited with Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund		1,963,225		2,309,757
Deposited with The Illinois Fund		7,927		7,927
Student Activity and PTO Accounts	_	136,301	_	144,063
	\$	2,164,078	\$	2,517,245

Each of the checking accounts is fully insured under U. S. Government insurance programs. The District's depository has pledged collateral held in the District's name consisting of U. S. Government securities to secure the local bank accounts.

Investments

The District is allowed to invest in securities as authorized by the *School Code of Illinois*, Chapter 85, Sections 902 and 906; and Chapter 122, Section 8-7.

The District's total investments at June 30, 2009, amounted to \$9,082,700. This amount consisted of investments through the Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund (ISDLAF) in certificates of deposit of \$9,082,700 issued by 23 different financial institutions. Typically, the certificates of deposit are from \$100,000 to \$250,000 each and thus are covered by FDIC insurance. There are a few certificates for more than \$250,000. Such are fully insured by another organization.

The following table summarizes the District's cash position:

Deposits	\$ 2,164,078
Investments	9,082,700
Total Cash	\$ <u>11,246,778</u>

The cash position is comprised of the following:

Governmental Activities	\$ 11,110,477
Fiduciary Activities	<u>136,301</u>
	\$ 11,246,778

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - State law limits investments to specific types of investment instruments.

NOTE 2 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments (continued)

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one investment instrument. All the District's deposits and investments are covered by FDIC Insurance or collateral consisting of U.S. Government securities or U.S. Government insurance programs.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

		Balance					Balance
	_J	uly 1, 2008	 Increases	_	Decreases	J	ine 30, 2009
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	<u>791,988</u>	\$ 	\$		\$	<u>791,988</u>
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Buildings	\$	12,134,363	\$ 358,471	\$	125,000	\$	12,367,834
Improvements Other Than Buildings		114,723	,		,		114,723
Equipment		2,750,550	169,820		334,139		2,586,231
Food Service Equipment		29,023	´ 		,		29,023
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$	15,028,659	\$ 528,291	\$	459,139	\$	15,097,811
Less: Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Buildings	\$	2,713,270	\$ 247,351	\$	125,000	\$	2,835,621
Improvements Other Than Buildings		80,802	5,736				86,538
Equipment		2,244,653	127,935		334,139		2,038,449
Food Service Equipment		23,496	2,828				26,324
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	5,062,221	\$ 383,850	\$	459,139	\$	4,986,932
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$	9,966,438	\$ 144,441	\$		\$	10,110,879
Net Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$	10,758,426	\$ 144,441	\$		\$	10,902,867

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the District as follows:

Regular Programs	\$ 107,478
Business	3,838
Operations and Maintenance	272,534

NOTE 4 - CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of changes in long-term debt shows:

Type of Debt	Balance <u>July 1, 2008</u>	Additions	Payments	Balance June 30, 2009
Debt Certificates: 2002 Land Purchase 2002 Roof	\$ 230,000 165,000	\$	\$ 20,000 40,000	\$ 210,000 125,000
Totals	\$395,000	\$	\$60,000	\$ <u>335,000</u>

NOTE 4 - CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

On January 1, 2002, Nippersink issued \$720,000 in debt certificates. These debt certificates were split into two parts. One part totaling \$345,000 was designated for the purchase of land and is being retired over 15 years in annual installments ranging between \$15,000 and \$30,000 on December 1 of each year.

The other part, totaling \$375,000, was to be used for roof repairs and is being retired over 10 years in annual installments ranging from \$30,000 to \$45,000 on December 1 of each year.

Interest is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 at rates which range from 2% to 4.80%, depending on maturities.

Payments on these debt certificates are made from the Operations and Maintenance Fund.

The annual debt service to retire the outstanding debt certificates is:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2010	\$	60,000	\$	13,984	\$	73,984
2011		65,000		11,221		76,221
2012		70,000		8,160		78,160
2013		25,000		5,880		30,880
2014		25,000		4,680		29,680
2015 and thereafter		90,000	_	6,360	_	96,360
	\$	335,000	\$ _	50,285	\$ _	385,285

Contracts Payable

The District entered into three capital lease agreements during 2006-07 for the purchase of copier equipment. The annual payments to retire these contracts are:

Year Ending June 30	I	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Total	
2010 2011	\$	1,598 856	\$	196 <u>41</u>	\$	1,794 897	
	\$ _	2,454	\$	237	\$	2.691	

Operating Leases

The District has operating lease agreements for the rental of copier equipment. The annual payments to retire these leases are:

Year Ending June 30

2010

\$ _____8,971

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of a public entity risk pool, Collective Liability Insurance Cooperative (CLIC). CLIC provides worker's compensation, casualty, property, and liability protection to member school districts.

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

CLIC was formed to provide casualty, property, and liability protections and to administer some or all insurance coverages and protection other than health, life, and accident coverages procured by the member districts. It is intended, by the creation of CLIC, to allow a member district to equalize annual fluctuations in insurance costs by establishing a program whereby reserves may be created and temporary deficits of individual districts covered and to ultimately equalize the risks and stabilize the costs of providing casualty, property, and liability protections. If, during any fiscal year, the funds on hand in the account of CLIC are not sufficient to pay expenses of administration, the Board of Directors shall require supplementary payment from all members. Such payment shall be made in the same proportion as prior payments during that year to CLIC.

Complete financial statements for CLIC can be obtained from its administrator, 624 Kenilworth, Grayslake, IL 60030.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

The District participates in two retirement systems; the Teachers Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS) and the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF).

A. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

Nippersink participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago.

The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The State of Illinois maintains primary responsibility for the funding of the plan, but contributions from participating employers and members are also required. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the system's administration.

TRS members include all active non-annuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher certification is required. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2009 was 9.4% of creditable earnings. These contributions, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, are submitted to TRS by the employer. The rate was also 9.4% for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

The State of Illinois makes contributions directly to TRS on behalf of the District's TRS-covered employees.

On-Behalf Contributions - The State of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on behalf of the District. For the year ended June 30, 2009, State of Illinois contributions were based on 17.08% of creditable earnings not paid from federal funds, and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of \$1,056,063 in pension contributions that the State of Illinois paid directly to TRS. For the years ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007, the State of Illinois contribution rates as percentages of creditable earnings not paid from federal funds were 13.11% (\$798,512) and 9.78% (\$571,173), respectively.

The state contributions to TRS for the years ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008 were based on an actuarial formula. The state contribution for the year ended June 30, 2007 was based on a dollar amount specified by the statute and was not actuarially determined.

The District makes three other types of employer contributions directly to TRS.

• <u>2.2 Formula Contributions</u> - Employers contribute .58% of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. This rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ending June 30, 2009 were \$36,185. Contributions for the years ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007 were \$35,327 and \$33,873, respectively.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (continued)

A. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (continued)

• <u>Federal and Trust Fund Contributions</u> - When TRS members are paid from federal and trust funds administered by the District, there is a statutory requirement for the District to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under a policy adopted by the TRS Board of Trustees that was first effective in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds will be the same as the state contribution rate to TRS.

For the year ended June 30, 2009, the employer pension contribution was 17.08% of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, the employer contribution was 13.11% and 9.78% of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds, respectively. For the three years ended June 30, 2009, salaries totaling \$55,761 were paid from federal and special trust funds that required employer contributions of \$9,524. For the years ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007, required District contributions were \$6,166 and \$5,714, respectively.

• <u>Early Retirement Option (ERO)</u> - The District is also required to make one-time employer contributions to TRS for members retiring under the Early Retirement Option (ERO). The payments vary depending on the age and salary of the member and under which ERO program the member retires.

Under Public Act 94-0004, a "Pipeline ERO" program is provided for members to retire under the same terms as the ERO program that expired June 30, 2005, provided they met certain conditions and retire on or before July 1, 2007. If members do not meet these conditions, they can retire under the "Modified ERO" program which requires higher member and employer contributions to TRS. Also, under Modified ERO, Public Act 94-0004 eliminates the waiver of member and employer ERO contributions that had been in effect for members with 34 years of service (unless the member qualifies for the Pipeline ERO).

Under the Pipeline ERO, the maximum employer contribution is 100% of the member's highest salary used in the final average salary calculation.

Under the Modified ERO, the maximum employer contribution is 117.5%.

Both the 100% and 117.5% maximums apply when the member is age 55 at retirement.

For the year ended June 30, 2009, the District paid nothing to TRS for employer contributions under the Pipeline ERO and Modified ERO programs. For the years ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007, the District paid nothing in employer ERO contributions.

 <u>Salary Increases Over 6% and Excess Sick Leave</u> - Public Act 94-0004 added two new employer contributions to TRS.

If an employer grants salary increases over 6% and those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary, the employer makes a contribution to TRS. The contribution will cover the difference in actuarial cost of the benefit based on actual salary increases and the benefit based on salary increases of up to 6%.

For the year ended June 30, 2009, the District paid nothing to TRS for employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6%. For the year ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007, the District paid nothing in employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6%.

If an employer grants sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment and those days are used as TRS service credit, the employer makes a contribution to TRS. The contribution is based on the number of excess sick leave days used as service credit, the highest salary used to calculate final average salary, and the TRS total normal cost rate (18.67% of salary during the year ended June 30, 2009).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (continued)

A. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2009, the District paid nothing to TRS for sick leave days granted in the excess of the normal annual allotment. For the years ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007, the District paid nothing in employer contributions granted for sick leave days.

TRS financial information, an explanation of TRS' benefits, and descriptions of member, employer, and state funding requirements can be found in the TRS *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* for the year ended June 30, 2008. The report for the year ended June 30, 2009 is expected to be available in late 2009.

The reports may be obtained by writing to the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois, P.O. Box 19253, 2815 West Washington Street, Springfield, IL 62794-9253. The most current report is available on the TRS web-site at trs.illinois.gov.

B. THIS Fund

The District participates in the Teacher Health Insurance Security (THIS) Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-retirement healthcare plan that was established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the City of Chicago. The THIS Fund provides medical, prescription and behavioral health benefits, but does not provide vision, dental or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Annuitants may participate in the state-administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options.

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375) outlines the benefit provisions of THIS Fund and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services (HFS) and the Illinois Department of Central Management Services (CMS) administer the plan with the cooperation of TRS. The director of HFS determines the rates and premiums for annuitants and dependent beneficiaries and establishes the cost-sharing parameters. Section 6.6 of the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 requires all active contributors to the TRS who are not employees of the State make a contribution to THIS.

The percentage of employer-required contributions in the future will be determined by the director of Healthcare and Family Services and will not exceed 105% of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year.

• On-Behalf Contributions to THIS Fund - The State of Illinois makes employer retiree health insurance contributions on behalf of the District. State contributions are intended to match contributions to THIS Fund from active members which were .84% of pay during the year ended June 30, 2009. State of Illinois contributions were \$52,406 and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of this amount during the year.

State contributions intended to match active member contributions during the years ended June 30, 2008 were also .84% of pay. For June 30, 2009, State contributions on behalf of District employees were \$51,163 for the year ended June 30, 2008.

• Employer Contributions to THIS Fund - The District also makes contributions to the THIS Fund. The District THIS contribution was .63% during the years ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008. For the year ended June 30, 2009, the District paid \$39,304 to the THIS Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2008, the District paid \$38,372 to the THIS Fund, which was 100% of the required contribution.

The publicly available financial report of the THIS Fund may be obtained by writing to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, 201 S. Grand Ave., Springfield, IL 62763-3838.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (continued)

C. <u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u>

The District's defined benefit pension plan, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), is an agent-multiple-employer public employee retirement system which provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. IMRF acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The Illinois Pension Code establishes the benefit provisions of the plan that can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

IMRF issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

As set by statute, the District's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statutes requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer contribution rate for calendar year 2008 was 10.01% of annual covered payroll. The District also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

For 2008, the District's annual pension cost of \$109,694 for the regular plan was equal to the District's required and actual contributions.

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	P	annual ension st (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	 ension gation
12/31/08	\$	109,694	100%	\$
12/31/07		99,764	100%	
12/31/06		91,472	100%	

The required contribution for 2008 was determined as part of the December 31, 2006 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2006 included: (a) 7.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses); (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation; (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 11.6% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit; and (d) post-retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of the District's plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The District's regular plan's overfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2006 valuation was 24 years.

As of December 31, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the regular plan was 79.48% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,502,505 and the actuarial value of assets was \$1,194,145, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$308,360. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,095,845 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 28%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets in increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (continued)

D. Social Security

Employees not qualifying for coverage under the Illinois Teachers' Retirement System or the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are considered "non-participating employees". These employees and those qualifying for coverage under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are covered under Social Security. The District paid \$167,574 the total required contribution for the current fiscal year.

NOTE 7 - ACTIVITY FUNDS RESTRICTION

Cash and investments of the Student Activity Funds belong to individual organizations which are entities legally separate from the Board of Education. The school district holds the cash and investment balances in a custodial capacity only. Consequently, the assets of the Student Activity Fund are not available for expenditure by the school district.

NOTE 8 - OVEREXPENDITURES OF BUDGET

Expenditures for the year were more than budgeted for the following funds:

Fund	Budget	-	Actual	Di	fference
Operations and Maintenance	\$ 1,259,677	\$	1,314,174	\$	54,497
Debt Service			76,640		76,640
Transportation	951,977		1,041,559		89,582

NOTE 9 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following funds had a fund balance deficit as of June 30, 2009:

Tort Immunity \$ 45,145

NOTE 10 - TRANSFERS

The Operations and Maintenance Account transferred \$4,640 and the Capital Projects Fund transferred \$30,230 to the Debt Service Fund to pay for debt certificate and capital lease debt service.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - HISTORICAL PENSION INFORMATION

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

ANALYSIS OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS AND FUNDING PROGRESS (UNAUDITED)

JUNE 30, 2009

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (A)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (B)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (B-A)	Funded Ratio (A/B)	Covered Payroll (C)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((B-A)/C)
12/31/08	\$ 1,194,145	\$ 1,502,505	\$ 308,360	79.48%	\$ 1,095,845	28.14%
12/31/07	1,125,291	1,264,911	139,620	88.96%	1,001,649	13.94%
12/31/06	1,050,037	1,328,679	278,642	79.03%	931,488	29.91%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Educational	Operations and Maintenance	Total
Revenues			-
Local Sources	\$ 9,042,197	\$ 1,410,647	\$ 10,452,844
State Sources	1,604,340		1,604,340
Federal Sources	671,636		671,636
Total Direct Revenues	\$ 11,318,173	\$ 1,410,647	\$ 12,728,820
Revenue For On-Behalf Payments	<u>1,056,063</u>		1,056,063
Total Revenues	\$ <u>12,374,236</u>	\$ <u>1,410,647</u>	\$ <u>13,784,883</u>
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 6,453,693	\$	\$ 6,453,693
Support Services	3,022,005	1,259,538	4,281,543
Non-Programmed Charges	<u>763,712</u>	54,636	818,348
Total Direct Expenditures	\$ 10,239,410	\$ 1,314,174	\$ 11,553,584
Expenditures For On-Behalf Payments	1,056,063		1,056,063
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>11,295,473</u>	\$ <u>1,314,174</u>	\$ <u>12,609,647</u>
Excess or (Deficiency) of			
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 1,078,763	\$ 96,473	\$ 1,175,236
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers (To)/From Other Funds	38,318	(46,410)	(8,092)
Excess or (Deficiency) of Revenues			
and Other Financing Sources Over			
Expenditures and Other (Uses)	\$ 1,117,081	\$ 50,063	\$ 1,167,144
Fund Balances - July 1, 2008	_(333,257)	<u>35,347</u>	(297,910)
Fund Balances - June 30, 2009	\$783,824	\$ <u>85,410</u>	\$ <u>869,234</u>

EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues (Page 38)	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Local Sources	\$ 9,061,603	\$ 9,042,197
State Sources	1,717,295	1,604,340
Federal Sources	465,615	671,636
Total Direct Revenues	\$ 11,244,513	\$ 11,318,173
Revenue For On-Behalf Payments	767,350	1,056,063
Total Revenues	$\frac{701,350}{12,011,863}$	\$ <u>12,374,236</u>
Expenditures (Pages 39-41)		
Instruction	\$ 6,649,910	\$ 6,453,693
Support Services	3,115,820	3,022,005
Non-Programmed Charges	819,000	763,712
Total Direct Expenditures	\$ 10,584,730	\$ 10,239,410
Expenditures For On-Behalf Payments	<u>767,350</u>	1,056,063
Total Expenditures	\$ 11,352,080	\$ <u>11,295,473</u>
Excess or (Deficiency) of		
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$659,783	\$ <u>1,078,763</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfer From Working Cash Fund	\$	\$ 54,753
Transfer To Bond and Interest Fund		(16,435)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	\$ 38,318
Excess or (Deficiency) of Revenues		
and Other Financing Sources Over		
Expenditures and Other (Uses)	\$ <u>659,783</u>	\$ 1,117,081
Fund Balances - July 1, 2008		(333,257)
Fund Balances - June 30, 2009		\$

EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original and <u>Final Budget</u>	Actual
Revenues	That Duagot	
Local Sources		
Property Taxes		
General Levies	\$ 8,123,074	\$ 8,073,924
Special Education Levies	117,329	116,716
Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes	90,000	84,547
Tuition	53,000	3,628
Earnings on Investments	70,000	99,381
Food Services	308,500	326,547
Pupil Activities	73,900	77,288
Textbooks	192,800	173,161
Other	33,000	87,005
	\$ 9,061,603	\$ 9,042,197
State Sources		· <u>- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</u>
General State Aid	\$ 1,182,040	\$ 912,635
General State Aid - Transition Assistance		16,213
Special Education - Private Facility Tuition	23,000	38,710
Special Education - Extraordinary	189,000	269,156
Special Education - Personnel	195,000	211,625
Special Education - Summer School	1,100	3,432
Reading Improvement Block Grant	55,085	55,085
School Safety and Educational Grant	25,000	54,261
State Library Grant	45,570	40,864
State Free Lunch	1,500	2,359
	\$ <u>1,717,295</u>	\$ <u>1,604,340</u>
Federal Sources		
National School Lunch	\$ 65,000	\$ 63,411
Special Milk	1,900	1,554
Child Nutrition Commodity		509
ARRA - General State Aid		269,405
Title I - Low Income	45,697	49,315
Title IV - Drug-Free Schools	2,999	2,999
IDEA Flow-Through	300,000	214,004
Title II - Teacher Quality	30,019	30,019
Technology - Literary Challenge		444
Medicaid Matching	20,000	26,698
Other Sources	· —————	13,278
	\$ <u>465,615</u>	\$ <u>671,636</u>
Total Direct Revenues	\$ 11,244,513	\$ 11,318,173
Revenue For On-Behalf Payments	<u>767,350</u>	1,056,063
Total Revenues	\$ <u>12,011,863</u>	\$ <u>12,374,236</u>

EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNT

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Expenditures		riginal and nal Budget		Actual
Instruction				
Regular Programs				
Salaries	\$	3,990,467	\$	3,829,584
Employee Benefits	Ψ	1,402,924	Ψ	1,341,805
Purchased Services		21,700		20,498
Supplies and Materials		183,015		186,336
Capital Outlay		5,050		7,824
Other Objects		2,000		7,024
	\$	5,605,156	¢	5,386,047
Special Education Programs	Ψ	3,003,130	Ψ	
Salaries	\$	779,013	\$	797,909
Employee Benefits	Ψ	74,998	Φ	71,871
Purchased Services		21,500		3,948
Supplies and Materials		14,000		3,948 8,467
Capital Outlay		3,000		6,381
Other Objects		5,000		2,543
outer objects	\$	892,511	\$	891,119
Interscholastic	Ψ	092,311	ψ	091,119
Salaries	\$	31,700	\$	36,100
Employee Benefits	Ψ	4,800	Φ	4,627
Purchased Services		2,150		6,183
Supplies and Materials		2,000		102
Capital Outlay		500		384
Other Objects		600		600
3444 33,004	\$	41,750	\$	47,996
Summer School	Ψ	41,750	φ	47,990
Salaries	\$	25,500	\$	41,787
Employee Benefits	Ψ	25,560 2,863	Ψ	5,224
	\$	28,363	\$	<u> </u>
Gifted	Ψ	20,505	Ψ	47,011
Salaries	\$	69,288	\$	71,287
Employee Benefits	Ψ	7,934	Ψ	8,997
Purchased Services		2,500		0,997
Supplies and Materials		1,796		764
Capital Outlay		412		472
Other Objects		200		4/2
	\$	82,130	\$	81,520
	Ψ.	02,100	Ψ.	01,520
Total Instruction	\$.	6,649,910	\$.	6,453,693

EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNT

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		riginal and inal Budget		Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Support Services				
Pupils				
Salaries	\$	531,584	\$	483,933
Employee Benefits		50,980		56,177
Purchased Services		1,500		14,323
Supplies and Materials		9,350	_	8,50 <u>6</u>
	\$	<u>593,414</u>	\$_	562,939
Instructional Staff				
Salaries	\$	273,320	\$	265,025
Employee Benefits		42,376		42,489
Purchased Services		20,291		7,936
Supplies and Materials		16,253		15,048
Capital Outlay		40,134		40,233
Other Objects		200		
·	\$	392,574	\$	370,731
General Administration	-		-	
Salaries	\$	166,933	\$	165,731
Employee Benefits	•	15,210	Ψ	15,374
Purchased Services		209,100		193,520
Supplies and Materials		2,000		1,905
Capital Outlay		4,000		1,139
Other Objects		6,855		1,012
_	\$	404,098	\$.	378,681
School Administration	Ψ	-101,020	Ψ _	370,001
Salaries	\$	708,927	\$	694,660
Employee Benefits	Ψ	63,943	Ψ	64,754
Purchased Services		8,350		5,214
Supplies and Materials		50,039		38,081
Capital Outlay		10,000		6,881
Other Objects		6,000		7,475
outer objects	\$	847,259	\$ _	817,065
Business	Ψ.	047,239	Φ_	617,003
Salaries	\$	278,925	\$	277 250
Employee Benefits	Ф	30,450	Ф	277,350
Purchased Services				27,263
Supplies and Materials		194,900		184,617
Capital Outlay		5,000		5,245
		4,000		4,900
Other Objects	A	2,500	_	1,325
	\$.	515,775	\$_	500,700

EDUCATIONAL ACCOUNT

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Expenditures (continued) Support Services (continued)	Original and <u>Final Budget</u>	Actual
Central Salaries	\$ 54,015	\$ 56,468
Employee Benefits	\$ 54,015 2,305	\$ 56,468 2,661
Purchased Services	174,580	152,957
Supplies and Materials	29,000	27,341
Capital Outlay	102,800	152,462
• •	\$ 362,700	\$ 391,889
Total Support Services	\$ <u>3,115,820</u>	\$ _3,022,005
Non-Programmed Charges		
Payments For Programs	•	
Purchased Services	\$ 306,000	\$ 282,323
Other Objects	513,000	481,389
	\$ 819,000	\$ 763,712
Total Direct Expenditures	\$ 10,584,730	\$ 10,239,410
Expenditures For On-Behalf Payments	767,350	1,056,063
Total Expenditures	\$ <u>11,352,080</u>	\$ <u>11,295,473</u>

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues	Original and <u>Final Budget</u>	Actual
Local Sources		
Property Taxes	\$ 1,402,826	\$ 1,392,850
Earnings on Investments	26,000	13,797
Rentals	3,000	4,000
Total Revenues	\$ 1,431,826	\$ 1,410,647
Expenditures		
Support Services		
Facilities Acquisition		
Purchased Services	\$ 205,000	\$ 219,619
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Salaries	167,828	184,670
Employee Benefits	26,515	26,237
Purchased Services	241,750	304,047
Supplies and Materials	471,950	521,907
Capital Outlay	92,000	3,058
Payments to Other Governments	,	-,
Purchased Services	54,636	54,636
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,259,679	\$ 1,314,174
Excess or (Deficiency) of		
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 172,147	\$ 96,473
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfer To Other Funds		(46,410)
Excess or (Deficiency) of Revenues		
and Other Financing Sources Over		
Expenditures and Other (Uses)	\$ <u>172,147</u>	\$ 50,063
Fund Balances - July 1, 2008		35,347
Fund Balances - June 30, 2009		\$85,410

TRANSPORTATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues Local Sources	Original and Final Budget	Actual
		A 25.
Property Taxes	\$ 277,323	\$ 275,537
Earnings on Investments	20,000	11,106
Transportation Fees	5,500	8,809
Total Local Sources	\$302,823	\$ <u>295,452</u>
State Sources		
Regular	\$ 465,000	\$ 431,605
Special Education	198,000	199,896
Total State Sources	\$ 663,000	\$ 631,501
Total Revenues	\$965,823	\$926,953
Expenditures		
Support Services		
Pupil Transportation		
Salaries	\$ 4,241	\$ 4,221
Purchased Services	947,736	1,037,338
Total Expenditures	\$ 951,977	\$ _1,041,559
Excess or (Deficiency) of		- 1-
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Ф 10.046	ф <i>(</i> 111.00°)
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$13,846	\$ (114,606)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2008		446,164
Fund Balances - June 30, 2009		\$ <u>331,558</u>

IMRF/SOCIAL SECURITY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues	riginal and inal Budget		Actual
Local Sources			-
Property Taxes	\$ 191,993	\$	190,851
Social Security/Medicare Taxes	171,513		170,633
Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes	37,312		35,174
Earnings on Investments	10,000	_	10,478
Total Revenues	\$ 410,818	\$_	407,136
Expenditures			
Instruction			
Regular Programs	\$ 78,931	\$	66,132
Special Education	45,211		42,935
Interscholastic	644		963
Summer School	363		1,823
Gifted	989		
Support Services			
Pupils	26,094		23,387
Instructional Staff	15,249		9,929
General Administration	13,641		11,240
School Administration	38,696		35,210
Business	78,199		71,136
Central	9,729		10,151
Total Expenditures	\$ 307,746	\$ _	272,906
Excess or (Deficiency) of			
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 103,072	\$	134,230
Fund Balances - July 1, 2008		_	290,050
Trend Dalamana, January 20, 2000			
Fund Balances - June 30, 2009		\$ =	424,280

DEBT SERVICE FUND

BOND AND INTEREST FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Local Sources		
Earnings on Investments	\$750	\$482
Expenditures		
Debt Service		
Interest	\$	\$ 16,640
Principal		60,000
Total Expenditures	\$	\$76,640
Excess or (Deficiency) of		
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 750	\$ (76,158)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers From Other Funds	<u>76,640</u>	<u>76,640</u>
Excess or (Deficiency) of Revenues		
and Other Financing Sources Over	A 4	
Expenditures and Other (Uses)	\$77,390	\$ 482
Fund Balances - July 1, 2008		37,663
Fund Balances - June 30, 2009		\$38,145

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

_	Site and Construction	Fire Prevention and Safety	Total
Revenues Local Sources	\$160,998	\$86,450	\$247,448
Expenditures Other Support Services Capital Outlay Other Objects Total Expenditures	\$ 358,471 22,180 \$ 380,651	\$ \$	\$ 358,471 22,180 \$ 380,651
Excess or (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (219,653)	\$ 86,450	\$ (133,203)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers To Other Funds	(30,230)		(30,230)
Excess or (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other (Uses)	\$ (249,883)	\$ 86,450	\$ (163,433)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2008	3,269,119	208,832	3,477,951
Fund Balance - June 30, 2009	\$ <u>3,019,236</u>	\$ <u>295,282</u>	\$ <u>3,314,518</u>

SITE AND CONSTRUCTION ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues	Original and <u>Final Budget</u>	Actual
Local Sources		
Earnings on Investments	\$ 100,000	\$ 88,935
Contributions, Donations and Fees	225,000	<u>72,063</u>
Total Revenues	\$ <u>325,000</u>	\$160,998
Expenditures		
Support Services		
Other Support Services		
Capital Outlay	\$ 967,750	\$ 358,471
Other Objects	, 	22,180
Total Expenditures	\$ 967,750	\$ 380,651
Excess or (Deficiency) of		
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (642,750)	\$ (219,653)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers To Other Funds	30,230	(30,230)
Excess or (Deficiency) of Revenues		
and Other Financing Sources Over		
Expenditures and Other (Uses)	\$ <u>(612,520</u>)	\$ (249,883)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2008		_3,269,119
• /		<u> </u>
Fund Balance - June 30, 2009		\$ <u>3,019,236</u>

FIRE PREVENTION AND SAFETY ACCOUNT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues	Original and <u>Final Budget</u>	Actual
Local Sources Property Taxes	Ф	# # 0.404
Earnings on Investments	\$ 79,783 7,500	\$ 79,631 6,819
Total Revenues	\$ 87,393	\$ 86,450
Expenditures	\$	\$
Excess or (Deficiency) of		
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$87,393	\$ 86,450
Fund Balances - July 1, 2008		208,832
Fund Balance - June 30, 2009		\$ _ 295,282

TORT IMMUNITY FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Local Sources		
Property Taxes	\$ 113,062	\$ 112,491
Earnings on Investments	5,000	36
Total Revenues	\$ 118,062	\$ 112,527
Expenditures		
Support Services		
Purchased Services	\$ <u>105,600</u>	\$102,919
Excess or (Deficiency) of		
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 12,462	\$ 9,608
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers To Other Funds		(54,753)
Excess or (Deficiency) of Revenues		
and Other Financing Sources Over		
Expenditures and Other (Uses)	\$ <u>12,462</u>	\$ (45,145)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2008		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2009		\$ <u>(45,145)</u>

WORKING CASH FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Local Sources		
Property Taxes	\$ 95,996	\$ 95,636
Earnings on Investments	45,000	13,768
Total Revenues	\$ <u>140,996</u>	\$ <u>109,404</u>
Expenditures	\$	\$
Excess or (Deficiency) of		
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ <u>140,996</u>	\$ 109,404
Fund Balances - July 1, 2008		440,942
Fund Balances - June 30, 2009		\$ <u>550,346</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS

SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

		Balance	,	.	ъ.			Balance
701-11-01-1-01-1	<u>Ju</u>	<u>ly 1, 2008</u>		Receipts	<u>D18</u>	bursements	<u>Jur</u>	ne 30, 2009
Richmond Grade School	•		d					
Angel Fund	\$	1,546	\$	711	\$	3,025	\$	(768)
Field Trips		3,533		19,076		18,668		3,941
Flowers		200		3,019		3,197		22
Kindergarten Circus		569				476		93
Library		3,528		12,887		13,494		2,921
Music		565		360		642		283
Pop Fund		309		1,141		1,297		153
Student Activities		493		3,794		3,753		534
Student Council		480		1,242		1,255		467
Teacher Pictures		488		6,345		5,731		1,102
Yearbook/Newspaper	_	<u>762</u>		4,805	_	4,920		647
	\$	12,473	\$.	53,380	\$_	56,458	\$_	9,395
Spring Grove School								
Art	\$	468	\$		\$		\$	468
Library		1,916		11,561		11,827		1,650
Drama		76		1,206		165		1,117
Music		678		310		301		687
Quest		17						17
Field Trips		1,212		4,488		4,674		1,026
Recycling		577		´		500		77
Student Pictures		10,383		6,357		4,876		11,864
Science		(73)		-,				(73)
Vending		567		996		1,177		386
Nippersink Foundation		<u>473</u>		205		541		137
11	\$	16,294	\$	25,123	\$ _	24,061	\$ _	17,356
Nippersink Middle School	* -	. 0,25	Ψ.	25,125	Ψ_	221,001	Ψ _	17,550
Athletics	\$	8,908	\$	1,776	\$	2,525	\$	8,159
Butter Bread	•	9,266	Ψ	17,880	Ψ	18,784	Ψ	8,362
Eco Club		1,312				10,704		1,312
District		11						1,512
Donations		3,729		2,837				6,566
Teachers' Vending		932		3,009		3,738		203
Bank Charges		(349)		3,009 9		224		
Eighth Grade		11,041		30,660				(564)
Future Problem Solvers		(2,377)				35,351		6,350
Library		1,985		19,649		10,495		6,777
P.E. Uniforms				3,537		4,176		1,346
Peer Helpers		11,044		9,143		12,203		7,984
Science Fees		476		519		984		11
Social Social		849		1.060		1 700		849
Student Council		255		1,860		1,788		327
		4,153		13,204		11,348		6,009
Textbooks		889		42.404		44.540		889
Vending		(6,430)		43,484		44,542		(7,488)
Unallocated Interest		4,715		1,390		10.011		6,105
Yearbook	σ –	9,449	Φ.	12,768		13,344		8,873
	\$_	59,858	\$_	161,725	\$_	<u>159,502</u>	\$_	62,081

STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS

SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	H	Balance]	Balance
	<u> Jul</u>	y 1, 2008	R	eceipts	Dis	<u>bursements</u>	Jun	e 30, 2009
Parent-Teacher Organizations								
Spring Grove School	\$	25,133	\$	71,607	\$	79,982	\$	16,758
Richmond Grade School		50,746		91,162		124,225		17,683
Nippersink Middle School	_	8,523		31,904		27,399	_	13,028
	\$	84,402	\$_	194,673	\$_	231,606	\$_	47,469
District Totals	\$ =	173,027	\$ _	434,901	\$ _	471,627	\$_	136,301

SCHEDULE OF DEBT CERTIFICATES AND INTEREST PAYABLE

JUNE 30, 2009

Series 2002 Land

Original Amount of Issue	\$	345,000
Principal Payment Date Principal Interest	J	ecember 1 une 1 and ecember 1
Interest Rates	29	% to 4.8%
Type of Issue	Lanc	1 Acquisition
Paying Agent	Cole	Taylor Bank

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30	<u> P</u>	rincipal	<u>Ir</u>	nterest	Pı	Total rincipal l Interest
2010	\$	20,000	\$	9,274	\$	29,274
2011		25,000		8,211		33,211
2012		25,000		7,080		32,080
2013		25,000		5,880		30,880
2014		25,000		4,680		29,680
2015		30,000		3,480		33,480
2016		30,000		2,160		32,160
2017	_	30,000	_	720	_	30,720
Total	\$ _	210,000	\$	41,485	\$_	251,485

SCHEDULE OF DEBT CERTIFICATES AND INTEREST PAYABLE

JUNE 30, 2009

Series	2002	Roof

Original Amount of Issue		\$ 375,000				
Principal Payment Date Principal Interest		December 1 June 1 and December 1				
Interest Rates		2.% to 4.8%				
Type of Issue		Roof Repairs				
Paying Agent	Cole Taylor Bank					
Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total Principal and Interest			
2010 2011 2012	\$ 40,000 40,000 <u>45,000</u>	\$ 4,710 3,010 1,080	\$ 44,710 43,010 46,080			
Total	\$125,000	\$8,800	\$133,800			

COMPUTATION OF PER CAPITA TUITION CHARGE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Total Expenditures	v			
Educational Fund		\$	10,255,845	
Operations and Maintenance Fund			1,314,174	
Transportation Fund			1,041,559	
Municipal Retirement Fund			272,906	
Tort Immunity			102,919	
Debt Service			76,640	\$ 13,064,043
Less: Expenditures Not Applicable To Operating Expense of Regular Term Summer School Programs Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units Capital Outlay (Education and Building Funds) Lease/Purchase Principal Retired		\$	47,859 818,348 223,733 76,435	1,166,375
Operating Expense of Regular Program				\$ 11,897,668
Average Daily Attendance	1,482.31			
Net Operating Expense Per Pupil	\$8,026.44			
Deductions For Computation of Tuition Charges (Revenue Offsetting Expense of a Special Activity) State Transportation Aid Special Education District/School Activities Food Services Transportation Fees Textbooks Rentals Other Local Sources State Grants-in-Aid Federal Grants-in-Aid		\$	631,501 522,923 77,288 392,021 8,809 173,161 4,000 48,181 152,534 336,792	2,347,210
Net Operating Expenses For Tuition Computation				\$ 9,550,458
Add: Total Depreciation Allowance				383,850
Total Allowance For Tuition Computation				\$ _9,934,308
Average Daily Attendance	1,482.31	·		
Per Capita Tuition Charge	\$ <u>6,701.91</u>			

Note: The above amounts have been derived from the Annual Financial Report which District No. 2 files with the Illinois State Board of Education. Certain amounts have been reclassified for purposes of the audited financial statements.

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE REPORT

MILBURN CAIN & CO.

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
4237 GROVE AVENUE
GURNEE, ILLINOIS 60031

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Nippersink School District No. 2 Richmond, Illinois

We have audited the financial statements of Nippersink School District No. 2 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated September 14, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purposes described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests on its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within Nippersink School District No. 2, Board of Education, the Illinois State Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MILBURN CAIN & CO. Certified Public Accountants

Milbun Cain & C.

Gurnee, Illinois September 14, 2009