### **Englewood Public School District**

## World Languages Curriculum K-12 2013-2014

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This is collaborative Department Document
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Phase II is currently in the process of development

#### **Pre-K and Kindergarten - Spanish**

These units will establish a vocabulary base for fundamental learning taught in the Pre-Kindergarten and Kindergarten students. While learning how to pronounce: *greetings, family, numbers, adjectives, colors, animals and body parts*. Students will always be encouraged to relate all topics back to themselves. Personalizing age-appropriate topics will increase students' interest and motivation to use what they have learned through interpersonal discourse. The vocabulary and language functions established at this level in these units will be revisited and expanded in both the First and Second Grades.

#### Pre-K and Kindergarten – Spanish Goldilocks and the Three Bears "Ricitos de Oro y Los Tres Osos" "Grande, Pequeño"

In this unit students will be exposed to Spanish language through variations on the story of "Goldilocks and the Three Bears". (Ricitos de Oro y Los Tres Osos)

Students will have the ability to understand and imitate **greetings**, (*Hola, Adios, hasta luego*) **numbers**, (*uno, dos, tres*,) **Adjectives** (*grande, pequeño, caliente, frio,*) and **family members**, (*mamá, papá, bebé*)

#### **Essential Question:**

- How can I describe objects by using "grande o pequeño" (big and small?)
- How can I express "hot and cold" ("caliente y frio") in Spanish?

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<ul> <li>How can I use basic greetings with friends and teachers?</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Recognizing and expressing a variety of greetings and introductions</li> <li>Understanding and following basic directions</li> <li>Understanding short stories written in Spanish</li> <li>Understanding how to be responsible for our actions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Materials &amp; Resources:</li> <li>Book: "Ricitos de Oro y los tres osos" Goldilocks and the Three Bears"</li> <li>Big, medium, and small objects (chairs, bears, bowls)</li> <li>Flash cards, posters, and DVD,</li> <li>Puppets, bingo game, glue, crayons</li> </ul>	Vocabulary: Papá oso, Mamá osa, bebé oso, grande, pequeño, uno, dos, tres, caliente, frio, hola, adiós, hasta luego, gracias, de nada
<ul> <li>Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills</li> <li>Demonstrate verbal comprehension of:</li> <li>1. The numbers 1, 2, 3 "uno, dos, tres"</li> </ul>	s/strategies):	Common Core Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1
2. The descriptive adjectives "grande a nagueão"	" "bia" and "little"	71 NILI A 2

	1.	The numbers 1, 2, 3 "uno, dos, tres"
	2.	The descriptive adjectives "grande o pequeño" "big" and "little"
	3.	Salutations and Departures: "hola" and "hasta luego-adios" "hello, good-bye"
•	Differe	ntiating between the Spanish words grande and pequeño by gesture or verbally.
•	Identify	the Spanish courtesy words <i>gracias</i> and <i>de nada</i>
•	Recogn	nize and use words for hot and cold (frio, caliente)

#### Common Core Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.4

#### Performance Task Summary (Project):

Students will

- Play the game "Hola" "Adios" version of "Duck, duck, goose" game.
- Sing the "Uno, Dos, Tres Ositos" Song, asking students to count with their fingers while singing the song.
- Have a set of objects "cards", ask the students to hold up the objects named by the teacher. (oso, silla, cama, plato)
- Hold up the correct number when hearing a number (*uno, dos, tres,*) in Spanish.
- Point to, hold up, or take large and small objects.

#### **Authentic Assessment:**

- Observe the students for verbal or nonverbal indications of comprehension.
- Watch the students as they count with their fingers and follow what is happening.
- Students will display verbally and nonverbally listening comprehension by executing an action every time they hear a word or phrase.

#### **Examples:**

- Every time they hear the word "grande" they hold their arms up and make a big circle.
- Every time they hear the numbers "uno, dos, tres" they use their fingers and thumb to show that number.
- Every time they hear the word "caliente", they make a fanning motion in front of their faces.

#### **Pre-K and Kindergarten - Spanish**

Animals and Colors "Animales y colores" "Brown, Bear, Brown Bear, What do you see?"

#### **Essential Question:**

- How do I describe animals using the names of colors in Spanish?
- Can I name colors in Spanish?

#### **Enduring Understandings:**

- Understanding the basic pronunciation and names of the colors in Spanish
- Some animals make different sounds in Spanish
- Animals have variation in colors

#### Materials & Resources:

- "Brown, Bear, Brown Bear, What Do you See?" by Bill Martin Jr.
- Colored flash cards
- Worksheets
- Colored pencils

#### Vocabulary

oso, pajaro, pato, caballo, rana, perro, gato, oveja, pez. café, rojo, amarillo, verde, blanco, azul, negro, anaranjado

#### Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies):

- Learn how to pronounce animal names
- Recognize the colors
- Repeat and read the rhyming book
- Color the animals

#### **Common Core** Standards:

7.1.NH.A.1

7.1.NH.A.3

#### **Performance Task Summary (Project):**

#### Students will

- Students will create an animal book.
- List the names of animals and colors used in the book.
- Color animals and using the appropriate color according to the story "Oso Pardo"

#### **Authentic Assessment:**

- Match each color and name to the correct animal.
- Students will color animals in handout according to story "Oso Pardo"
- Student will recognize and pronounce the color of each of the animals at the end of the book "Oso Pardo"
- Using flash cards, have students pick a card from the magic bag then say the name of the animal and color using the vocabulary words that they have learned.

### 7.1.NH.A.2

7.1.NH.A.4

## Pre-K and Kindergarten - Spanish "From Head To Toe" "De la cabeza a los pies"

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- How can I move my body in different ways?
- How can I express different parts of my body?

#### **Enduring Understandings:**

- Understanding the body moves in different ways.
- People and animals move their body
- The body can make music when you move

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Book: "From Head To Toe" "De la Cabeza a los pies" By Eric Carl
- Worksheets
- Crayons
- CD, music

#### Vocabulary

cabeza, hombros, cuello, brazos, manos, dedos. Pinguino, jirafa, mono, foca, bufalo, yo

#### Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies):

- practice pronunciation of the names of animals
- recognize body parts
- memorize the rhyming book
- sing the rhyming book by moving the appropriate body part
- identify parts of the body in Spanish

### Common Core

Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1

7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3

7.1.NH.A.4

#### **Performance Task Summary (Project):**

#### Students will:

- Students will create an animal book.
- Teacher and children stand and follow the words and touch correct body parts as they go "giro la cabeza, doblo el cuello, aplaudo con las manos."

#### **Authentic Assessment:**

- Observe the students for listening comprehension.
- Students will pick a card from the magic bag then say the name of the animal.

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#### Pre-K and Kindergarten - Spanish

"Mis primeros pasos"

In this unit students will understand vocabulary and grammatical rules with the Symtalk method flash cards consisting of nouns, verbs, adjectives, providing students the tools for meaningful communication and how to speak in full sentences. The teacher introduces the vocabulary and ensures that students understand the symbols. After reaching a certain level of memorization, students practice reading the sentences. Students will understand how to substitute words for self-explanatory symbols, producing authentic memorization of the vocabulary.

#### **Unit Essential Question:**

Can I eat tacos?
Can animals eat tacos?
Can animals play with balls?
Can I play with balls?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

- Understanding basic oral commands, expressions and vocabulary
- Students will understand the fundamentals of the language by practicing vocabulary with SymTalk flash cards.
- Students will structure full sentences in order to attain communicative oral proficiency.

#### Materials & Resources:

- Book "Mis primeros pasos"
- Symtalk flash cards
- Worksheets
- Posters

#### Vocabulary:

Antonio, Livia,
Pablo, Rosa,
gato, perro,
juega, come,
mira, bebe, taco,
sombrero,
pelota, lápiz,
agua, jugo,
leche, manzana,
pastel, con, a

<ul> <li>Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies)</li> <li>Learn the pronunciation of nouns, verbs and adjectives.</li> <li>Memorize the vocabulary using the Symtalk flash cards.</li> <li>Create sentences using the flash cards.</li> <li>Repeat each word out loud <i>Antonio, juega, con, el perro, la pelota, o R</i>ead-Say sentencens out loud</li> <li>Cut out pictures and create sentences.</li> </ul>		Common Core Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.4
<ul> <li>Performance Task Summary (Project):</li> <li>Students describe the scenes without the aid of the symbols using the vocabulary they have learned.</li> <li>SymTalk Flash Cards are necessary tool for introducing and practicing vocabulary and grammatical rules in Spanish.</li> </ul>	Authentic Assessment:     Students take turns to come to the board to create sentences with flash cards.     Observe listening comprehension and oral proficiency	

#### First Grade –Spanish Greetings and Farewells "Saludos"

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How do Spanish speakers greet each other?

How can I greet my friends in Spanish?

How can I say goodbye and see you later in Spanish?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

- Understand how to use authentic expressions in the target language to greet people.
- Understand words of praise and simple classroom commands.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- CD "Juan Luis Orozco"
- Flash cards
- Greetings worksheets
- Puppets
- Name tags

#### Vocabulary:

hola. buenos días, buenas tardes. buenas noches. Estoy así, así, Estoy mal, Estoy bien, ¿Cómo estás? ¿Cómo te llamas? Adiós. por favor, hasta luego Gracias, de nada, lo siento, excelente, levántate fantástico, repite, siéntate, escucha, silencio, abre, cierra.

Objectives: Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies  Repeat phrases spoken by the teacher  Communicate with a partner by listening and speaking in a dialogue  Use greetings, farewells and introductions in Spanish  Express their names and ask a classmate what their name is		Common Core Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.5
<ul> <li>Performance Task Summary (Project):</li> <li>Students will create and present a dialogue using the vocabulary they have learned.</li> <li>Students will play "Simon says" using the classroom commands.</li> <li>Role-play with puppets.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Authentic Assessment:</li> <li>Check for proper pronunciation during the oral presentation.</li> <li>Choral and individual repetition</li> <li>Teacher will observe students using mini- dialogue.</li> </ul>	

## First Grade Spanish Farm Animals "Animales de la granja"

#### **Essential Question:**

- Can I identify a farm animal by the sound the animal makes?
- Can I name a farm animal in Spanish?

<ul> <li>Enduring Understanding:</li> <li>Some animals make different sounds in Spanish.</li> <li>Understand the characteristics which distinguish animals from one another.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Materials &amp; Resources:</li> <li>"Dias y Dias de Poesías</li> <li>Poem chart</li> <li>Flash cards</li> <li>CD</li> </ul>	yocabulary: gallo gallina pollo cerdo
	Reading A-Z books	vaca pato perro oveja
<ul> <li>bjectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills</li> <li>Identify farm animals by looking at pictures</li> <li>Recite the poem: "Concierto"</li> <li>Sing a song using animal vocabulary</li> <li>Learn initial vocabulary by using picture word association</li> </ul>	/strategies)	Common Core Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.5
<ul> <li>Performance Task Summary (Project):</li> <li>Recite the poem "Concierto" using fluency.</li> <li>Students will play the games: "Seven Up" and "Simon Says" using farm animals and their sounds.</li> </ul>	Authentic Assessment: Teacher observes student performance during the group activities of "Simon Says" and "Seven Up" games.	

# First Grade – Spanish Shapes and Colors "Formas y colores"

Essential Question: Can you name shapes and colors in Spanish?  Enduring Understanding:  • Understanding shapes and colors as adjectives and express color preferences.  • Shapes are related to one another.		erials & Resources:  Flash cards with colors and shapes CD songs Worksheets	Vocabulary: café, rojo, amarillo, verdo, blanco, azul, negro, anaranjado,
		<ul> <li>www.123 teachme.com, pronunciation, and games</li> <li>www.quia.com games with different games</li> </ul>	triángulo, cuadrado, circulo, rectángulo. ¿Qué forma es? ¿De qué color es?
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:  Identify colors and shapes  Match colors with shapes  Sing a song about colors  Name and identify shapes and colors in Spanish			Common Core Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.5
Performance Task Summary (Project): Teacher will call out a shape and color in Spanish; students we find an item in the room and bring it back to their desk.	vill	Authentic Assessment: Observe students identifying appropriate shapes and colors.	

#### Second Grade Spanish The Classroom "La classe"

Essential Question:					
Can I identify the everyday objects I use at school?					
Can I name a classroom object in Spanish?					
	Vocabulary:				
<ul> <li>Enduring Understanding:         <ul> <li>Learning about classroom objects and understanding basic commands is a practical way of communicating between the teacher and student.</li> <li>Understand language related to objects.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pocket chart with sentence strips</li> <li>Classroom objects realia</li> <li>Pictures</li> <li>Reading A-Z books</li> <li>Worksheets</li> <li>Bingo and chips</li> </ul>	la mesa, la silla, la puerta, el escritorio, el libro, el lápiz, el reloj, el mapa, el globo, la maestro, el borrador, grande, pequeño y mediano ¿Qué es esto?" Esto			
		es ¿Dónde está? Aquí está			
<ul> <li>Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following s</li> <li>Sing a song using classroom vocabulary</li> <li>Color pictures and copy classroom object words</li> <li>Identify and describe classroom items using size</li> <li>Match classroom objects with vocabulary words</li> <li>Ask and respond to simple questions such as: "What</li> </ul>	Common Core Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.5				
Performance Task Summary (Project): In a pair / share assessment activity students will compare an contrast and assortment of school objects using shapes and sizes.	Demonstrate comprehension of new				
	vocabulary words about classroom objects.  Using flashcards, students will identify what classroom object the teacher is holding up.				

#### Second Grade – Spanish My Family "Mi familia"

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<b>Essent</b>	ובו	( ) I I A C t	ION:
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- How can I describe my family?
- Can I name the members of my family?

<b>Enduring</b>	<b>Understanding:</b>	

- Families make up small units of a larger society and share common traits from one society to another.
- Appreciating and understanding the variety of cultures that exist in a society enriches our view of that society.
- The definition of family differs from culture to culture.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Flash cards
- Posters
- Worksheets
- CD
- Pencils
- Crayons
- Reading A-Z books
- Bingo and Chips
- www.123 teachme.com

#### Vocabulary:

familia, miembros, padre, madre, abuelo, abuela, hermano, hermana, tío, tía, primo, prima, bebé, hijo, hija, ¿Cuántos miembros hay en tu familia?, ¿Cómo se llama tu madre/padre?

#### Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies)

- Identify the family members in Spanish.
- Describe the members of the family.
- Draw and label the members of the family.

## Common Core Standards:

- 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2
- 7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.5

#### **Performance Task Summary (Project):**

Create and present a skit using the family members' vocabulary.

#### Authentic Assessment:

Observe students' oral responses, (family skit).

#### Second Grade – Spanish My Home- "Mi casa"

Essential Question:						
How can I describe my dream house?						
Can I name the parts of the house?	Can I name the parts of the house?					
Enduring Understanding:  • Language learners will use appropriate vocabulary to talk/describe their ideal house.  • Understand which activity take place at home.	<ul> <li>Materials &amp; Resources:</li> <li>Flash cards</li> <li>Posters</li> <li>Worksheets</li> <li>CD</li> <li>Pencils</li> <li>Crayons</li> </ul>	Vocabulary: la casa, el dormitorio, la sala, el baño, la cocina, la cómoda, la cama, la alfombra, el escritorio, el estante, el televisor, el sofá, el sillón, el cuadro, la bañera, el lavamanos, el espejo, la toalla, la estufa, el refrigerador, la mesa, la silla				
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following s  Identify the rooms in the house  Describe the rooms in the house  Traw and label the rooms of the house	kills/strategies:	Common Core Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.5				
Performance Task Summary (Project): Students will sketch and describe their favorite room in the house.	Authentic Assessment: Based on students oral and written responses teacher will assess students performance.					

#### Third Grade – Spanish Spanish Speaking Countries "Países de habla hispana"

Essential Question: How can I identify at least 10 Spanish-Speaking Countries? Can I locate a Spanish-speaking country by its shapes?	g Ocumentes in arises are maple mapana	
<ul> <li>Enduring Understanding:</li> <li>Understand that there are over 20 Spanish countries.</li> <li>Identifying Spanish-speaking countries and recognizing cultural differences between these countries.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maps</li> <li>CD, song "Himno de las Américas"</li> <li>Worksheets</li> <li>Flash cards</li> <li>Posters</li> <li>Pencils</li> <li>Crayons</li> <li>Flag</li> <li>Bingo and Chips</li> </ul>	Vocabulary: Argentina, Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador, Uruguay, Venezuela, Paraguay, Chile, Perú, México, Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua, Costa Rica, Panamá, ubicar, mapa
<ul> <li>Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following states of the state of the states of the states</li></ul>	Common Core Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.5	
Performance Task Summary (Project): Label the names and capitals of the Spanish speaking countr on the map. Draw at least 4 countries by their shape	Authentic Assessment:     Oral and written quiz     Based on students' oral and written responses teacher will assess students performance	

## Third Grade –Spanish Weather and Seasons "El tiempo y las estaciones"

Essential Question: How do I describe the weather around me in Spanish? Can I name the seasons of the year?	ons Entempo y las estaciones	
Enduring Understanding: Students will understand that:  • Weather affects how people live in the world.  • Know weather expressions.	<ul> <li>Materials &amp; Resources:</li> <li>Flash cards</li> <li>Posters</li> <li>Worksheets</li> <li>CD</li> <li>Pencils</li> <li>Crayons</li> <li>Video</li> <li>Bingo cards and chips</li> <li>www.123teachme.com</li> </ul>	Vocabulary: el tiempo, primavera, verano, otoño, invierno, hace frío, hace calor, hace sol, hace fresco, hace buen tiempo, hace mal tiempo, hace viento, está lloviendo, está nevando, está nublado, las estaciones
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following state of the Weather song in Spanish  Recite "The Weather" song in Spanish  Identify weather terms associated with the four season  Describe weather by using picture cards  Illustrate and label the four seasons in Spanish  Identify either orally or written different weather conditions  Performance Task Summary (Project):  Create a book using the four seasons and weather expressions	ons  Authentic Assessment: Observe students	Common Core Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.5

#### Third Grade - Spanish My Body "Mi cuerpo"

#### **Essential Question:**

- How can I describe my body parts in Spanish?
- Can I name parts of my body in Spanish?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

- Students will understand the function of the body parts.
- Students will understand to identify and describe parts of the body in Spanish.

#### Materials & Resources:

- Flash cards
- **Posters**
- Worksheets
- CD
- Pencils
- Crayons
- Video
- Bingo cards and chips
- www.quia.com memory game

Vocabulary: el cuerpo, cabeza, hombros, rodillas, pies, boca, nariz, orejas, ojos, pelo, manos, brazos, piernas, dedos, frente, cintura, cara.

#### Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:

- Identify the parts of the body in Spanish.
- Play the game "Simon Says" in order to reinforce the new vocabulary.
- Sing the song "Cabeza, hombros, rodillas y pies".
- Draw a self-portrait and label the body parts.

### Common Core

- 7.1.NH.A.1

#### **Performance Task Summary (Project):**

• Draw and label a self-portrait.

#### **Authentic Assessment:**

- Simon says game
- Responses to questions
- Worksheets on the labeling of body parts

### Standards:

7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3

## Fourth Grade- Spanish Adjectives "Los adjetivos"

#### **Essential Question:**

- How can I use adjectives in my writing?
- Is there more than one way to describe something?
- How can I use adjectives to describe my family members?
- How are Spanish adjectives different from English adjectives?
- What is the purpose of an adjective?
- What is poetry?
- How are feelings expressed in poems?

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- Adjectives, nouns and articles in Spanish are gender and number specific
- Languages are distinguished by their grammar and structure
- Comparing English with other languages is important to understanding the nature of language
- Understand that poetry can be used to communicate feelings and ideas

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Posters
- Picture cards
- Worksheets
- You-tube and Teacher-tube video
- Song: Los adjetivos
- Unit portfolio
- Sample adjective poem
- Venn Diagram
- Poster boards
- Note book, pencil, crayons and markers

Vocabulary: alto(a), bajo(a), inteligente, tonto(a), rico(a), pobre, bueno(a), malo(a), bonito, guapo, feo(a), chiquito(a), grande, simpático(a), antipático(a), flaco(a), gordo(a), rubio(a), moreno(a), divertido(a) aburrido(a), pequeño(a)

#### Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies)

- Describe the members of their family
- Demonstrate how adjectives match the gender and number of the nouns they describe
- · Recognize which adjectives are used for both genders
- Compare and contrast the members of their family
- · Compare and contrast Spanish and English adjectives
- Create a poem using the adjectives

### Common Core Standards:

- 7.1.NH.A.4 7.1.NM.B.4 7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.5
- 7.1NM.A.1

#### **Performance Task Summary (Project)**

- Students will create a family tree
- Label and describe the members of the family
- Create a poem using the adjectives

#### **Authentic Assessment:**

- Adjective quiz
- Family Tree project
- Label and describe the family members
- Create a poem using the adjectives

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## Fourth Grade- Spanish Sports "Los deportes"

#### **Unit Essential Question:**

- How do sports and spare time activities differ in the United States vs. Spanish speaking countries?
- What are the most popular sports in the United States vs. Spanish speaking countries?
- How can I express the sports that I enjoy playing?
- What do we learn about people and communities through comparing sports?
- What does a graph show?

What does a graph show?		
Enduring Understanding:	Materials & Resources:	Vocabulary:
<ul> <li>Sports and leisure activities are common amongst cultures and help define who we are</li> <li>Understanding that learning customs and traditions increases their awareness and perspectives within their culture and those of others.</li> <li>Using cognates as context clues is a strategy that can be used to communicate</li> <li>Different graphs can be incorporated to show information gathered</li> </ul>	-Sports picture cards -Sports props -Worksheets -Video "Los deportes" -Self-assessment form -Graphing paper -Notebook, pencil and pen -Posters	<ul> <li>Baloncesto</li> <li>Golf</li> <li>Fútbol</li> <li>Fútbol Americano</li> <li>Béisbol</li> <li>Natación</li> <li>Tenis</li> <li>Boxeo</li> <li>Voleibol</li> <li>Hockey</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skill)</li> <li>Express what sports they like/dislike in Spanish</li> <li>Use the verb "gustar" to express like/dislike</li> <li>Identify which sports are cognates</li> <li>Conjugate the verb "gustar"</li> <li>Compare and contrast popular sports in the United State</li> <li>Collect data: Favorite Sports</li> <li>Create and analyze bar graph</li> </ul>	-	Common Core Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NM.C.4 7.1.NM.B.4 4.MD.A.2
Performance Task Summary (Project):  • Students will collect data and create/analyze a bar graph	Authentic Assessment:	7.1.NM.C.4

## Fourth Grade - Spanish Clothing "La ropa"

#### **Unit Essential Question:**

- How are the clothes we wear the same or different from kids from Spanish-Speaking countries?
- What types of clothes do I wear in different types of weather?
- How can I describe the clothes that I am wearing?
- What does a Tree Diagram represent?

Enduring Understanding:	Materials & Resources:	Vocabulary:
<ul> <li>Comparing English with other languages is important to understand the nature of language</li> <li>Cultural comparison helps students understand that language is a tool that can be used to communicate with others</li> <li>Understand that culture and beliefs affect clothing</li> <li>Understand that a Tree Diagram is a visual aid that can be used to show all possibilities in a systematic way</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clothing posters</li> <li>Worksheets</li> <li>Magazines</li> <li>Tree Diagram</li> <li>Clothing</li> <li>Bingo card</li> <li>Construction paper</li> <li>Clothing Realia</li> </ul>	blusa, abrigo, guantes, bufanda, pantalones, botas, zapatos, sombreros, camisa, falda, chaqueta, vestido, traje, chaqueta vestido, traje, suéter, corbata, chaleco, calcetines, un, una, el, las, los, unos, unas.
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following s	kills/strategies)	Common Core
Identify articles of clothing		Standards:
<ul> <li>Describe classmates based on clothing they are weari</li> <li>Cut pictures of clothing from magazine and describe th</li> <li>Classify clothing (warm weather vs. cold)</li> <li>Construct a Tree Diagram</li> </ul>	7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3	
Performance Task Summary (Project):     Students will create a collage using pictures of their favorites celebrities and describe what they are wearing.     Construct a Tree Diagram (Show all possible combinations of outfits)	Authentic Assessment: Celebrity collage, Oral presentation, Bingo game, Listening activities, Worksheets, Teacher observation and Tree Diagram	→ 7.1.NH.A.5 4.MD.B.4

### Fifth Grade - Spanish Food "La comida"

#### **Unit Essential Question:**

- How are eating habits different in the United States and in Spanish-Speaking countries?
- How can I express what meals I like and dislike in Spanish?
- How do you order food in Spanish?
- What role does food play in other cultures?
- What does a Tree Diagram represent?

<b>Enduring</b>	<b>Understanding:</b>	
Liluuiiiig	Ulluci stallullig.	

- Cultural comparison help student understand that language is a tool that can be used to communicate with others
- Understand that food plays an important role in cultural identity
- Importance individual festivities play in the development of cultural identity
- Understand that a Tree Diagram is a visual aid that can be used to show all possibilities in a systematic way

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- PostersFood picture cards
- Worksheets
- Menu samples
- Video: La Tomatina
- PowerPoint of: foods/drinks
- Tree Diagram
- Food Realia
- YouTube video
- Food bingo
- Construction paper
- Crayons and markers

#### Vocabulary:

Desayuno, almuerzo, cena, pan tostado, huevo, jamón, queso, panqueque, cereal, tocino, frijoles, arroz, carne, pollo, pescado, papas fritas, pizza, ensalada, perro caliente, bocadillo, café, agua, jugo, leche, té, refresco, frutas, vegetales, sopa, bistec

#### Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies)

- Identify which foods are eaten for breakfast, lunch and dinner
- Create a menu
- Express the foods they like and dislike
- · List all ingredients needed to make their favorite food
- Demonstrate an understanding of cultural perspective on meals

## Common Core Standards:

7.1NM.A.1 7.1NM.A.2 7.1NM.A.3

Construct a Tree Diagram	7.NM.A.4	
	7.1.NH.A.1	
		7.1.NH.A.2
Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	7.1.NH.A.3
	<ul> <li>Menu</li> </ul>	7.1.NH.A.5
Students will create a restaurant menu.	<ul> <li>Oral presentation</li> </ul>	4.MD.B.4
Construct a Tree Diagram using possible combination of foods.	<ul> <li>Teacher observation</li> </ul>	
	Tree Diagram	
	<ul> <li>Listening activities</li> </ul>	

## Fifth Grade-Spanish My Favorite Pastimes "Mis pasatiempos favoritos"

#### **Essential Question:**

- How are personal interests influenced by culture?
- How is teen life in the United States different from teen life in a Spanish-speaking country?
- How do I express my favorite pastimes?
- What is poetry?

Enduring Understanding:	Materials & Resources:	Vocabulary: bailar,
<ul> <li>Leisure interest and activities may vary by culture</li> <li>Sports and leisure activities are common among culture and help define who we are</li> <li>Comparing English with other languages is important to understand the nature of language</li> <li>Cultural comparison help student understand that language is a tool that can be used to communicate with others</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Posters</li> <li>Venn Diagram</li> <li>Worksheets</li> <li>Flash cards</li> <li>Picture slideshow</li> <li>Poem: Me gusta</li> <li>YouTube video</li> <li>Bingo cards</li> </ul>	cantar, dibujar, leer, cocinar, viajar, ir de compras, parque, escribir, escuchar música, ir al cine, ir al parquer, jugar: deportes, videojuegos, jugar con mis amigos, ver la television
<ul> <li>Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skeets)</li> <li>Express which pastimes they enjoy in Spanish</li> <li>Compare and contrast the activities they enjoy with the</li> <li>List leisure activities they enjoy</li> <li>Using photos identify which pastime activity is taking ple</li> <li>Create poem</li> </ul>	Common Core Standards: 7.1NM.C.4 7.1.NM.B.4 7.1.NM.A.1 7.1NM.A.1	
Performance Task Summary (Project):  In pairs students will complete a Venn Diagram in orde compare and contrast their favorite pastimes  Create poem expressing the favorite leisure activity	Authentic Assessment:	7.1.NM A.2 7.1NM.A.4 7.1NM.B.2 7.1NM.C.2 7.1NM.C.3

## Fifth Grade- Spanish The explores "Los conquistadores"

#### **Unit Essential Question:**

- What motivates people to explore?
- How does exploration change the world?
- How did the Mayas, Incas & Aztecs express their feelings through art?

Enduring Understanding:	Materials & Resources:	Vocabulary:
<ul> <li>Understand that people explore for both individual and national reasons</li> <li>Culture promotes an awareness of cultural similarities and differences</li> <li>During colonization Spanish language was influenced by indigenous vocabulary</li> <li>Using cognates as context clues is a strategy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Map of the world</li> <li>PowerPoint (Los conquistadores)</li> <li>Biographies (Conquistadores)</li> <li>Timeline</li> <li>Worksheets</li> <li>YouTube video</li> <li>Notebook</li> <li>Graphic organizer</li> </ul>	Conquistador, colonia, Hernán Cortés, Francisco Pizzaro, Montezumall, Incas, Mayas, Aztecas, Tenochitlan, Quetzacoatl, guacamole, maíz, hamaca, canoa, aguacate,chocolate tiburón, tabaco, papaya y tomate
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/s              Describe conquistadores             Match explorers with accomplishments             Create timeline             List factors that motivate exploration             Map route used by explorers	strategies:	Common Core Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.5
Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	

#### Sixth Grade- Spanish Folktales "La fábula"

			•
	Init	Lecontra	Question:
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- What lessons do we learn from folktales?
- How do folktales reflect a culture?
- How are folktales more than just stories?

Enduring Understanding:	Materials & Resources:	Vocabulary:
<ul> <li>Folktales are passed from generations to generations</li> <li>Folktales are used to explain a natural phenomenon</li> <li>Folktales celebrate a heroic person's actions or achievement</li> <li>We can learn moral lesson through folktales</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Slideshow</li> <li>PowerPoint</li> <li>YouTube video</li> <li>Worksheet</li> <li>Folktale: Popocatéptl y Iztaccihauatl</li> <li>Graphic organizer</li> <li>Map of Mexico</li> </ul>	Popocatépetl, Iztaccihauatl, Fabula, guerrero, volcán, Ciudad de Mexico, aztecas, puebla, enemigo, emperador, guerrero
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following s	Common Core Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.5	
Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	6.1
Students will create and perform a skit based on folktale.	<ul><li>Quiz/skit presentation</li><li>Student participation</li><li>Teacher observation</li></ul>	

## Sixth Grade - Spanish Poetry "Los Poemas"

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- What makes a piece of writing a poem?
- How can I express myself through poetry?
- How has immigration shaped our nation?
- Why do immigrants leave their homeland?
- Who is an immigrant?
- How does immigration create and change communities?

	Materials & Resources:	Vocabulary:
<ul> <li>United States is a nation of diversity</li> <li>Many cultural traditions and heritages have shaped America</li> <li>Poetry can be used to communicate thoughts, feelings and ideas</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Poems: Elena/Inmigrante</li> <li>Venn Diagram</li> <li>Song: El Inmigrante</li> <li>Worksheets</li> <li>YouTube: Pat Mora</li> <li>Poster Board</li> <li>Crayons &amp; Markers</li> <li>Graphic organizer</li> </ul>	Poema, Inmigrar, asimilar, vaijar, mudarse, frontera, hogar, inmigrante, deportar y refugiado Ciudadanía, patrimonio y asilo
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:  Compare & contrast poems  Identify and locate states that have the highest Hispanic population  Create population bar graph  Identify emotions in each poem  Design an abstract symbol for liberty		Common Core Standards: 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2 7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.5
Performance Task Summary (Project):     Students will compare and contrast the poems.     Design a collage representing the contributions of immigrant.	<ul> <li>Authentic Assessment:</li> <li>Collage /bar graph</li> <li>Oral presentation</li> <li>Teacher observation</li> <li>Symbol design</li> </ul>	6.1.12.B.4.a 6.1.12.B.4.b

#### Sixth Grade –Spanish Mesoamerica "Mesoamérica"

#### **Unit Essential Question:**

- What advances in technology and art were evident during the Mesoamerican civilization?
- Who were the Maya, Incas & Aztecs?
- What was religion like for the Mesoamerican civilization?
- Did the civilization of Mesoamerica have written language?

Enduring Understanding: Ma	aterials & Resources	Vocabulary:	
<ul> <li>Cultures are held together by shared beliefs and common practices and values.</li> <li>Religion can influence a society's beliefs and values</li> <li>Understand how ancient civilizations developed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Laptops</li> <li>Poster boards</li> <li>Internet</li> <li>YouTube video</li> <li>Poem: Conozco una Cuidad</li> <li>Notebook</li> <li>Graphic organizer</li> <li>Maps</li> <li>Worksheets</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Calendario</li> <li>Emperio</li> <li>Solar/lunar</li> <li>Herbolario</li> <li>Codices</li> <li>Tecnología</li> <li>Símbolo</li> <li>Cultura</li> <li>Calcular</li> <li>Civilización</li> </ul>	
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies)  Identify similarities and differences between Ancient civilization  Describe what the written language looked like  Create a PowerPoint presentation  Design a collage depicting the contribution of Ancient civilization		Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS: 7.1.NH.A.1 7.1.NH.A.2	
Performance Task Summary (Project):     Students will create a collage depicting the contributions of Ancient civilization     Create a Power-Point presentation	<ul> <li>Authentic Assessment:</li> <li>Collage / PowerPoint</li> <li>Student Presentation / Teacher observation</li> </ul>	7.1.NH.A.3 7.1.NH.A.5 6.2.8.B.4.h	

#### **Description for Spanish A**

The 7th grade Spanish course will introduce students to the basics of the language and culture. The learning objectives include familiarizing students with basic vocabulary plus oral and written use of this bank of words. Students will study the culture to better understand the Spanish speaking people and their customs. Students will engage in activities that will assist them in reading, writing, hearing, and speaking the Spanish language. Since learning a language is a continuous process, each chapter will build on the information covered in previous chapter(s). Students start using the language to exchange greetings and introductions. They follow simple classroom directions and spell words in Spanish. They tell time and the date and talk about the weather and seasons. Students interpret simple spoken and written Spanish and use the language to communicate about things they like to do, their own and others' personalities, the school day, basic foods and beverages they communicate orally and in writing about pastimes and places in the community, as well as activities they engage in to maintain good health.

There are five units in Spanish A:
Unit 1 ¡Para empezar! ¡/ Welcome to Spanish class!
Unit 2 Mis amigos y yo / Getting acquainted
Unit 3 La escuela / School
Unit 4 Hábitos alimenticios / Eating habits
Unit 5 Los pasatiempos/ Leisure activities

#### Seventh Grade "Para Empezar" – Welcome to Spanish Class!

In this unit, students exchange greetings and make introductions in a culturally appropriate manner. They learn numbers for telling time and the date and the Spanish alphabet for spelling. Students follow simple classroom directions and ask and answer simple questions. They communicate orally and in writing about the classroom, basic weather conditions, and the seasons. Throughout the unit, students interpret basic information on these topics when listening, speaking and reading.

#### **Essential Question:**

- Why should I study Spanish?
- How are Spanish and English similar or different?
- How is language related to culture?
- What is a cognate and how can it help me speak Spanish?
- How are sounds represented by letters?
- What everyday words/expressions do we need to know in order to communicate with others?
- What words/phrases do we use in order to initiate a conversation with someone we are meeting for the first time?
- How are the letters in the Spanish alphabet pronounced?
- How can I survive and thrive in a world language classroom?
- What are cultural differences?

Enduring Understandings:	Materials &	Vocabulary:
	Resources:	Saludos
• Language proficiency can only be achieved over time. The more we study and use the language in a	<ul> <li>Notebooks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>buenos días</li> </ul>
variety of settings and situations, the more proficient and fluent we become.	<ul> <li>Pencils</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>buenas tardes</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Textbook</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>buenas</li> </ul>
• Learning another language and about its associated cultural traditions and values can foster tolerance,	(photocopy)	noches.
reduce prejudice, and minimize stereotyping. It can also contribute to our appreciation of cultural	Practice book	• hola
diversity.	(photocopy)	<ul> <li>¿cómo te</li> </ul>
	Computer	llamas?

In today's multi-culture society Spanish is a very useful language to communicate in a	Projector	• ¿ cómo está
global society.	<ul> <li>Powerpoint</li> </ul>	usted?
	presentation	<ul> <li>¿ cómo estás'</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Understanding other cultures creates culture sensitivity and acceptance.</li> </ul>	• Oral	<ul><li>adios</li></ul>
	presentations	<ul> <li>hasta luego</li> </ul>
• Communicating in at least one other language allows people to obtain information, express	<ul> <li>TPR Activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>hasta mañana</li> </ul>
feelings and exchange opinions with a wider audience.	• Role-playing	<ul> <li>nos vemos</li> </ul>
	• Creating charts and	• mucho gusto
	maps	• igualmente
	• Situations/Dia	<ul><li>regular</li><li>gracias</li></ul>
	logues	<ul><li>gracias</li><li>muy bien</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Cooperative</li> </ul>	• nada
	pair activities	• ¿qué pasa?
	• Student-made	<ul><li>Hoy</li></ul>
	flashcards	<ul><li>manana</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Drawings</li> </ul>	<ul><li>pupitre</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Word games and puzzles</li> </ul>	<ul><li>libro</li></ul>
	and puzzies	<ul><li>dia</li></ul>
		• mes
		• ¿ué dia es
		hoy?
		• ¿ cómo se dice?
		• ¿ cómo se
		escribe?
		<ul> <li>qué quiere</li> </ul>
		decir?
		• ¿ Qué tiempo
		hace?
		Hace calor
		<ul> <li>hace frío</li> </ul>
		• Hace sol
		• Hace viento

#### Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies):

#### **Students will be able to:**

- Exchange greetings in a culturally appropriate manner
- Make introductions
- Ask about things in the classroom
- Understand classroom commands
- Ask how to spell words
- Tell time
- Tell the date
- Describe basic weather conditions
- Identify the seasons
- Identify use of *tú* and *usted*
- Identify some Spanish-speaking countries
- Identify some famous Spanish speakers
- Compare ways of greeting people in Spanish-speaking countries and in the U.S

#### Students will learn and apply:

- The alphabet
- Accent marks
- Numbers from 1–1000
- Llamarse
- Estar with greetings
- Present tense of *ser* with days of the week, dates, and time
- Nouns and gender
- Date format
- Present tense of *hacer* with weather

### Common Core Standards:

7.1.NM.A.1-5 7.1.NM.B.1-5 7.1.NM.C.1-5

#### **Performance Task Summary (Project):**

- Pronostico del tiempo: Students write a television script and create maps for weather forecast for four locations in the Western Hemisphere. Perform a short skit that takes place in a classroom.
- Las partes del cuerpo: Students will create collages by pasting images of body parts found in magazines on a piece of construction paper. This project can be done over two sessions. Model a finished collage. Point to and say a few of the body parts in Spanish.

#### **Authentic Assessment:**

- Work in pairs with sentence strips to create sentences using the correct pronouns and greetings
- Write words on whiteboards as teacher dictates them
- Answer yes, no questions
- Completely fill in the blanks
- Students sing the alphabet
- Play BINGO (with numbers up to 31 and alphabet / vocabulary)
- Conduct a survey of the class asking how is everyone and present the results as a pie chart or bar graph
- Work in pairs with sentence strips to create sentences using the correct pronouns and greetings
- Play Concentration / Memory, Dice
- Daily oral presentation

#### Seventh Grade Mis amigos y yo (my friends and I)

A- ¿Que te gusta hacer?

B- ¿Como eres?

In this unit, students speak and write about things they like to do and ask and answer simple questions about their activities. They compare popular activities in the United States with those in Spanish-speaking countries. Students give simple descriptions about their personalities and ask about those of others. In addition, they identify some attitudes about friendship that are held by people from Spanish-speaking countries. Throughout the unit, students interpret basic information on these topics when listening and reading.

#### **Essential Question:**

- How do we communicate what we like and dislike?
- How do we tell which sports and activities we like or dislike?
- How do I identify and describe myself and others?
- How do I form a question or a negative sentence in Spanish?
- How do we describe/talk about others?
- What is an infinitive?
- What is an adjective, where is it placed in respect to the noun, and how do I make it agree?
- What are definite (4 ways to say "the") and indefinite (a/an & some) articles and how do I make them agree?

#### **Enduring Understandings:**

- Foreign Language learning extends beyond the classroom to real life situations.
- Making interdisciplinary connections as one reads, writes, speaks, or listens in another language allows one to acquire knowledge, reinforce concepts, and gain new perspectives.
- Communicating in at least one other language allows people to obtain information, express feelings and exchange opinions with a wider audience.
- Nouns, adjectives, and articles in Spanish are gender and number specific.
- Identifying cognates using context clues are strategies one can use to communicate effectively.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Notebooks,
- pencils,
- (copies of )Textbook,
- practice book,
- computer, white board,
- projector
- Power Point presentation
- Oral presentations
- TPR Activities
- Role-playing
- Creating charts and maps
- Situations/Dialogues
- Cooperative pair activities
- Student-made flashcards
- DrawingsWord games and puzzles

#### Vocabulary:

activities verbs: cantar, bailar, correr, dibujar, etc.

- (a mí) me gusta...
- A mí también
- ¿ Qué te gusta hacer?
- ¿ Te gusta?
- Adjectives and vocabulary to ask about and describe someone's personality.
- ¿Cómo eres?
- ¿Cómo es?
- ¿Cómo se llama?
- Impaciente

		T	
	<ul> <li>Word games and puzzles</li> </ul>	• [	Deportista
		• R	Reservado
		• I	nteligente
		• (	Gracioso
		• (	Ordenado
		• P	Paciente
		• S	Serio
		• P	Perezoso
		• T	Trabajador
		• ,	Adjectives,
		n	nasculine and
			eminine.
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following s	skills/strategies):	Common	Core Standards:
	3 /		
Students will be able to:		7.1 NM.	
Talk about activities that you like and don't like to do		7.1.NM.	
<ul> <li>Ask others about their likes / dislikes</li> </ul>		7.1.NM.	B.3
<ul> <li>Understand cultural perspectives on favorite activities</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Ask and tell what other people are like</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Talk about your personality</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Use adjectives to describe people</li> </ul>			
•			
• Identify cognates			
<ul> <li>Understand cultural perspectives on friendship</li> </ul>			
Students will learn and apply:			
• Infinitive construction with present tense of gustar (only Me gus	eta te gusta )		
• Negatives (no, nonada, nini)	, ic gusta)		
• Adjective agreement			
<ul> <li>Placement of adjectives</li> <li>Definite and indefinite articles</li> </ul>			
• Definite and indefinite articles			

#### **Performance Task Summary (Project):**

- Students will make a 6-8 page scrapbook featuring photos of friends and family with captions written underneath describing the people in the photos and the activities they like to do. Students need to write a 7 sentences paragraph.
  - Create a bio poem.
- Students develop dialogues in which they identify and describe themselves and others.
- Create a song with the "ar" verbs.

  Make sure to include: "ar" verb endings (o, as a, amos an), a conjugation of an "ar" verb, sentences using "ar" verbs.

#### **Authentic Assessment:**

- Vocabulary and Structure Quizzes
- Chapter Tests
- Situation Cards
- Chapter Role Play
- Audio Activities
- Writing Activities
- Learn "ar" verb rap.
- Ask and Answer questions in the target lang

# Seventh Grade La escuela (School) A-Un dia de clases! B-Un Horario dificil!

In this unit, students exchange information, orally and in writing, about their school schedules and their classes. They describe classrooms including the location of objects. Students also describe the school day in Spanish-speaking countries and make comparisons with their own. Throughout the unit, students interpret basic information on school when listening and reading.

#### **Essential Question:**

- How might going to school in another country be different from going to school in the United States
- What are differences between a typical school day in a Hispanic county and in the United States?
- What are the objects in the classroom and how many objects are there?
- What are the Spanish vocabulary words I need to talk about school (classes, schedule, teachers, etc.)?
- How do I talk about who is doing an action? How do I conjugate –ar verbs?
- What are the vocabulary words in Spanish that I need to describe a classroom?
- How do I conjugate and use the verb estar?
- How and when do I make nouns and articles plural?

#### **Enduring Understandings:**

- Classrooms and school life vary from place to place.
- Language aside, students from other cultures often have similar interests and common school experiences, though differences exist due to culture.
- In today's multi-culture society Spanish is a very useful language to communicate in a global society.
- In today's multi-culture society Spanish is a very useful language to communicate in a global society.
- Students across the world share common school experiences, though differences exist due to culture.
- Understanding other cultures creates culture sensitivity and acceptance.
- Interpreting spoken language is essential to good communication and building rapport.
- Structures and writing systems of the target language and English have similarities and differences. Page 35 of 116

Most Spanish verbs follow patterns. Some Spanish verbs do not follow a pattern.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Notebooks
- Pencils
- Practice handouts
- Computer
- Projector
- Powerpoint presentation
- Oral presentations
- TPR Activities
- Role-play
- Situations/Dialogues
- Cooperative pair activities
- Student-made flashcards
- Drawings
- Word games and puzzles

#### Vocabulary:

- Classrrom items and furniture.
- parts of the classroom, prepositions of location.
- la clase.
- Arte
- Español
- Ingles
- Matemáticas
- El horario
- Ciencias naturals.
- Enseñar
- Estudiar
- Primero
- Segundo
- Tercero...
- Calculadora
- Diccionario
- la bandera, computadora, disquete,
- mochila.
- pantalla,
- papelera,
- ratón
- Escritorio,
- mesa

Language acquisition requires much more than word-for-word translation.	<ul><li>silla,</li><li>ventana,</li><li>puerta</li></ul>
	Common Core Standards:
	7.1.NM.A.1-5 7.1.NM.B.1-5 7.1.NH.C.1-5

Students will learn and apply:  • Subject pronouns  • Present tense of -ar verbs  • Present tense of estar  • Prepositions of location  • Plurals of nouns and articles  • De to indicate possession	<ul> <li>Compare and contrast independence Day celebration in Mexico and the US</li> <li>Map completion in order to identify Spanish speaking countries States.</li> </ul>
student in a Spanish-speaking country	• Learn Spanish countries and capitals, Label maps using countries, ocean, capitals, etc.
a paragraph ets located. e, stating which	<ul> <li>Create a Spanish countries and capitals song.</li> <li>Learn the country song and present it to class</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Subject pronouns</li> <li>Present tense of -ar verbs</li> <li>Present tense of estar</li> <li>Prepositions of location</li> <li>Plurals of nouns and articles</li> </ul>

and contrast Heritage Day

countries and in the United

celebration in Spanish

States

location while video recording. Groups will create a video demonstrating

their understanding of prepositions.

#### Seventh Grade Hábitos alimenticios

A ¿Comes el desayuno o almuerzo?

B Mantener la salud

In this unit, students exchange information, orally and in writing, about basic foods for breakfast, lunch, and dinner. They exchange preferences regarding food choices and communicate about ways to maintain their health. In addition, students identify common foods as well as eating habits in Spanish-speaking countries and compare them with their own. Throughout the unit, students interpret basic information on these topics when listening and reading.

#### **Essential Question:**

- How are eating habits different in the United States and in Spanish speaking countries?
- How do traditions concerning food, meals, and dining in the United States differ from those in another country?
- What is like to go to other countries and order food in Spanish?
- What would I need to know to feel confident when I talk to the waiter in Spanish?
- How do I conjugate and use -er and -ir verbs?
- What are the vocabulary words in Spanish that I need to discuss food, health and exercise?
- How do I make adjectives agree?
- How do I use and conjugate the verb ser?

#### **Enduring Understandings:**

- Comparing English with other languages is important to understanding the nature of language.
- Written language is essential to good communication.
- Structures and writing systems of the target language and English have similarities and differences.
- Language is a code that transmits a message so both form/structure/grammar/vocabulary and content/vocabulary/context are important to understand and use.
- The learner will understand the different eating habits and learn about siesta time and the most important meal of the day in Spanish speaking countries.
- The learner will have an understanding of comparing/contrasting eating habits/traditions in the United States vs. Spanish speaking countries.
- Students will be able to describe popular Spanish foods and traditional meals in Spanish.
- Compare/contrast cultural views regarding time and meals with those in the United States.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Notebooks,
- pencils,
- photocopies of: Textbook,
- practice book,
- computer,
- Projector
- PowerPoint presentation
- Oral presentations
- TPR Activities
- Situations/Dialogues
- Cooperative pair activities
- Student-made flashcards
- Drawings
- Word games and puzzles

#### Vocabulary:

- en el desayuno,
- cereal.
- desayuno,
- huevos,
- pan,
- salchicha,
- tocino.
- agua,
- café,
- leche.
- limonada,
- refresco,
- té.
- helado.
- El yogur
- La ensalada
- Ensalada de frutas
- Las papas fritas
  - cena,
- bistec ,
- carne.
- pescado.
- pollo.
- cebolla,
- guisantes,
- uvas, zanahorias,.
- Tengo hambre
- Tengo sed
- caminar
- hacer ejercicio
- levantar pesas.

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies):

Students will be able to:

**Common Core Standards:** 

- Talk about foods and beverages for breakfast and lunch.
- Talk about likes and dislikes.
- Express how often something is done.
- Typical breakfast in Spanish-speaking countries.
- Understand cultural perspectives on meals.
- Demonstrate an understanding of cultural differences regarding snacks.
- Talk about food and beverages for dinner.
- Describe what people or things are like.
- Discuss food, health, and exercise choices.
- Understand cultural perspectives on diet and health.

#### Students will learn and apply:

- Present tense of –*er* and -*ir* verbs
- Adverbs and expressions of frequency
- Use of present tense of *gustar* and *encantar* with plural nouns
- Plural of adjectives
- Present tense of *ser*
- Using a noun to modify another noun

## Performance Task Summary (Project): Student will:

- Research an authentic recipe from an assigned country and/or describe a typical meal in the country. Make the meal for the class and bring in to share during our "Dia de fiesta de comidas hispanas".
- Locate and research a restaurant in the target country and describe what you would order.
- Create a food menu in Spanish: breakfast, lunch and dinner. Student must include beverages.
- "Vacaciones para la salud"

Create a brochure describing a typical day at a health resort. The

#### **Authentic Assessment:**

- Compare/ contrast Spanish meals and meals in the United States.
- Create a food brochure.
- Create a power point of favorite meals and restaurant.
- Create a survey about favorite/least favorite food, meals, restaurant, etc.
- Create a chart to pie chart and/or bar graph to illustrate survey findings, etc
- Create skits related to going to a restaurant.
- Skits oral presentations Indicate satisfaction/dissatisfaction with meal
- Concentration game using meals and

7.1.NM.A.1-5 7.1.NM.B.1-5 7.1.NM.C.1-5 brochure will include a schedule of the days' activities and descriptions of breakfast, lunch and dinner. Photos or drawing will accompany each mean and one of the activities listed. Then present the brochures to class as if the student were a sales representative from the resort.

names of food.

- Play bingo games to review foods, etc
- Make a Venn diagram to compare and contrast food for breakfast, lunch and dinner.
- Quizzes, oral presentations, games, projects, listening activities, etc.

#### **Seventh Grade Los pasatiempos**

A ¿Adonde vamos?

B ¿Quieres ir?

In this unit, students exchange basic information, orally and in writing, about their pastimes and places in the community. They ask and answer simple questions and talk about after-school activities both in the United States and in Spanish-speaking countries. In addition, they learn how to extend and respond to invitations. Throughout the unit, students interpret basic information on pastimes when listening and reading.

#### **Essential Question:**

- How is teen life in the United States different from teen life in another country?
- What do teens in America and teens in other countries like to do in their spare time and why?
- How do school sports and spare time activities differ in the United States vs. Spanish-speaking countries?
- What are the most popular sports in the United States vs. Spanish speaking countries?
- What are the interrogative words in Spanish?
- What are the vocabulary words that I need to discuss locations and going places?
- What are the interrogative words in Spanish?
- How do I conjugate the verb ir?
- What are the vocabulary words that I need to discuss locations and going places?
- How do I conjugate the verb ir?

#### **Enduring Understandings:**

- Sport and leisure activities are common among culture and help define who we are.
- Leisure activities give us time to enjoy the vastness and diversity of the world around us.
- Gaining knowledge about and empathizing with other peoples and cultures leads to a more tolerant society.
- Learning another language encourages further participation in multilingual communities both within and beyond the school setting.
- Communicating in at least one other language allows people to obtain information, express feelings and exchange opinions with a wider audience.
- Language is a code that transmits a message so both form/structure/grammar/vocabulary and content/vocabulary/context are important to understand and use.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Notebooks,
- Pencils.
- photocopies of: Textbook, practice book, Computer,
- Projector
- Powerpoint presentation
- TPR Activities
- Role-play
- Situations/Dialogues
- Cooperative pair activities
- Student-made flashcards
- Drawings
- Word games and puzzles
- Writing activity.
- Communicative activity with the verb **jugar.**

#### Vocabulary:

- Leisure activities, places, expressions to tell where and with whom you go, expressions to talk about when things are done.
- Ir de compras.
- Ver una película.
- La lección de piano.
- La biblioteca
- El café
- La casa
- El cine
- El centro comercial
- El ginmasio
- el baile
- el concierto
- la fiesta
- el partido
- ir de camping
- conmigo
- contigo

<ul> <li>The learner will understand that teenagers in different cultures follow different daily routines.</li> <li>The learner will have an understanding of comparing/contrasting school routine/teenage routines in the United States and in Spanish countries.</li> <li>Students will be able to describe popular sports in Spanish speaking countries and the most popular sports.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>lo siento</li> <li>parque</li> <li>la playa</li> <li>el restaurant</li> <li>el templo</li> <li>tiempo libre</li> <li>despues de</li> <li>los fines de semana</li> <li>el baile</li> <li>yo se</li> <li>tu sabes</li> <li>cansada</li> <li>ocupada</li> <li>enferma</li> <li>triste</li> </ul>
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies):  Student will be able to:  Talk about locations in your community.  Talk about where you go and with whom.  Learn how to ask questions.	Common Core Standards: 7.1.NM.A.1-5; 7.1.NM.B.1-5; 7.1.NM.C.1-5
<ul> <li>Understand cultural perspectives on leisure activities.</li> <li>Extend, accept and decline invitations, talk on the phone, express feelings, say where you are coming from.</li> <li>Discuss favorite leisure time activities, sports, hobbies, school sports, and extra curricular activities, etc.</li> <li>Describe your daily schedule related to school, sports, and extra curricular activities in general.</li> <li>Talk about activities outside the school.</li> <li>Tell when an event happens.</li> <li>Understand cultural perspectives on after-school activities.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Students will learn and apply:</li> <li>Present tense of ir</li> <li>Question words (what, how, who, where, how many, where, which, why, when)</li> <li>Near future (ir a + infinitive)</li> </ul>	

• Present tense of *jugar* 

#### **Performance Task Summary (Project):**

- Students create a weekend entertainment guide, featuring the times and locations of six different events and an illustration of each event.
- Video/Audio journal about self: Describe to a friend how you would like to spend your free time.
- Oral presentations: Describe your favorite sport/athlete using pictures and props.

#### **Authentic Assessment:**

- Create a survey about favorite/least favorite sports, athlete, etc.
- Vocabulary and Structure Quizzes
- Chapter Tests
- Writing summaries
- Situation Cards
- Audio Activities
- Writing Activities
- Ask and Answer questions in the target language
- Game: Preguntame
- Students dramatize going to a sport event.
- Cause and effects: bad eating habits

## **Eighth Grade B: Family Relationship and Celebrations**

Essential Question: -Why are family traditions so important in Latino culture?				
- How does family life in Latino countries differ from a family life in Unite States?				
<ul> <li>How you describe your favorite relatives?</li> </ul>				
- What are the differences between "quinceañera" and S	weet sixteen celebration"			
Enduring Understandings:	Materials & Resources:	Unit Vocabulary and Grammar		
<ul> <li>The learners understand that teenagers in different cultures follow different family traditions.</li> <li>The learner compare/contrast "Quinceañera" celebration and sweet sixteen celebrations</li> <li>The learners understand the diversity in today's family and their traditions and values</li> <li>Identify common cultural practice of the specific target culture.</li> </ul>	Spanish notebook, pencils, colored pencils, chart paper, publishing paper, authentic material (Spanish newspaper). Cornell note binder Texts: Realidades B, Unit 5A-5B Pretence Hall, Spanish dictionary. Technology: StudySpanish.com- Guia and	<ul> <li>Vocabulary: relate to family celebration and traditional celebrations</li> <li>Grammar:         <ul> <li>Personal pronouns</li> <li>Verb tener</li> <li>possessive</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
ruchery common cultural practice of the specific target culture.	Realidades b technology resources.	adjectives		
	Common Core Standards:			
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies):  Describe Family  Talk about celebration  Ask and tell ages  Express possession  Understand cultural perspectives on family and celebration Learning Activities (S.W.B.A.T)  learn how conjugate verb tener (Cornell Notes verb diagram –present –past –future)		☐ 7.1.NM.A.1-5; 7.1.NM.B.1-5; 7.1.NM.C.1-5  Culture  • Discuss Salvador Dali and his painting.		
<ul> <li>Compare/ contrast Quinceañera vs sweet sixteen celebration (Venn diagram, Cornell Notes, Notebook, video)</li> <li>Create a family tree.</li> <li>Provide oral presentation (My familia)</li> <li>Read authentic material (Spanish newspaper- Social section) about quinceañera.</li> <li>Class mini- dialogues (Target language speaking activity)</li> <li>Interview family members (Students will interview a family member about different cultural aspects)</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Identify Spanish Speaking countries and their flags</li> <li>Spanish and Social Studies curriculum connection</li> </ul>		
Student Learning Outcome:  • Students will talk and write in Spanish about families and celebrations in Spanish • Students will talk and write Spanish about favorite's activities and performance. • Students will Know and understand the geography, custom and cultural history of Spanish speaking people that living in Unite States.	Authentic Assessment:      Observation-Conferring Notes     Independent Cornell Notes take (AVID)     Writing Portfolio     Planning a birthday party     District quizzes, oral presentation and unit test.     Online assessment activities.			

## Grade 8: Spanish B – El hogar donde vivimos

<ul> <li>Enduring Understandings:</li> <li>The learner will describe the different parts of the house</li> <li>The learners listen and discuss description of rooms and furnishing.</li> <li>Students compare and contrast living in an apartment vs. living in a house</li> <li>Students will compare/contrast housing in the United States vs. housing in speaking-countries</li> </ul>	Materials & Resources: Notebooks, pencils, colored pencils, chart paper, publishing paper, authentic material (Spanish newspaper) Texts: Realidades B, Unit 6A- 6B Pretence Hall, Spanish dictionary. Technology: StudySpanish.com- Guia and Realidades B technology resources	Unit Vocabulary and Grammar Vocabulary: *Bedroom items, electronic equipment, colors. Grammar: *Descriptive adjectives, the superlative, Stem- changing verbs; poder, dormir.
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies  Talking about your bedroom (interpretation, personal respons  Describe bedroom items and electronic equipment  Make comparison  Understand cultural perspective on homes.  Learning Activities (S.W.B.A.T)  Describe orally and written the home bedroom.  Students will make Spanish signs for their bedrooms.  Read activity about (La casa de mis sueños)My dream house  Create a plan for their dream house on a poster board.  Write / crate a flayer to promote the sales of your family house  Language exploration (Unit Vocabulary Review)  Edit for subject-verb agreement,(poder, dormir)(add to class of Learn the progressive tense.  Understand the use of "tu" vs "usted"	e.	Common Core Standards:  7.1.NM.A.1-5; 7.1.NM.B.1-5; 7.1.NM.C.1-5  Culture:  Explain and describe patios in Latino America and Spain

- O Students will talk and write about home furnishing
- O Students will locate a room of their house.
- O Students will give command in Spanish to other persons.
- Students will know and understand the symbolism of Spanish speaking countries.
- O Students will use Spanish verbs (poder, dormir) correctly.

#### **Authentic Assessment:**

- Spanish newspaper activity (Classified section)
- Online assessment activities.
- Independent Cornell Notes take(AVID)
- Spanish unit portfolio
- District quizzes, and unit test.
- Spanish posters.
- Oral evaluations

### **Eighth Grade B:**

## Me gusta el tiempo libre

Essential Question: * What are the most popular sports in Spanish Spiking countries?  * How are the teens in other countries?			
* How are the teens in other countries:  * What are the names and national symbols of Spanish speaking countries?			
* In what ways are the other subject's areas in the curriculum affected by the study of W.L?			
<ul> <li>Enduring Understandings:</li> <li>The learner understands that teenagers in different cultures follow different daily routines.</li> <li>The learner compare/contrast school routine/teenage routines in the United States and in Spanish countries.</li> <li>Students will describe popular sports in Spanish speaking countries and the most popular sports.</li> <li>Students will learn why double last names are used by Spanish-speaking countries.</li> <li>The learner will be able to compare/contras Spanish verb ser/estar.</li> </ul>	Materials & Resources: Spanish Notebooks, pencils, colored pencils, chart paper, publishing paper, authentic material (Spanish newspaper)Cornell notes binder Charts:, writing process (Cornell), checklist Texts: Realidades B, Unit 6B Pretence Hall, Spanish dictionary. Technology: StudySpanish.com- Guia and Realidades B technology resources	Vocabulary: Vocabulary: * Places, activities.  Grammar: • Verb gustar with nouns and verbs in infinitive form. • Verb ir + and infinitive form • Irregular verb to do.	
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies):		Common Core Standards:	
Verb gustar in the appropriate verbal tense.  The boat this count is in a continuous.		☐ 7.1.NM.A.1-5; 7.1.NM.B.1-	
<ul> <li>Talk about things to do in vacations</li> <li>Describe places and recreational activities.</li> </ul>		5; 7.1.NM.C.1-5	
Learning Activities (S.W.B.A.T)		0,7111111111111111111111111111111111111	
Read activity about soccer games in Spain		Cultural;	
<ul> <li>Describe a famous player using a power point presentation</li> </ul>		Discuss environmental and	
Interview describe one of the school athletes		community activities	
Interview describe one of the school athletes			
Listen activities to reinforce pronunciation and diction			
<ul> <li>Discuss prewriting strategies for your writings projects.</li> </ul>			
• Edit for subject-verb agreement, (add to class chart and checklist)			
Student Learning Outcome:	Authentic Assessment:		
• Students will talk about lifestyle and entertainment preferences	<ul> <li>Spanish newspaper activity (Classified</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Students will appreciate the cultural diversity</li> </ul>	section)		
<ul> <li>Students will know and understand the popular sport and other important recreational activities in Spanish speaking countries</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Online assessment activities.</li> <li>Independent Cornell Notes take(AVID)</li> </ul>		

<ul> <li>Spanish unit portfolio</li> <li>District quizzes, oral presentation and unit test.</li> </ul>	

#### **Eighth Grade B:**

## Vamos de comparas

vanios de v	comparas	
Essential Question:  * How does fashion differ from culture to  * How I describe the clothes I want to buy  * How I use the verb querer, pensar and penderstandings:  • Learners will understand how to talk about, clothing, shopping and price.	y? oreferir? Materials & Resources: Notebooks, pencils, , chart paper, publishing paper, authentic material (Spanish newspaper)	Vocabulary: Clothing,
<ul> <li>Students will participate in a basic conversation about, clothing, shopping and price.</li> <li>Learners will compare/contras how teenagers dressing for party in Spanish speaking countries and in Unite States.</li> <li>Writers use descriptive shopping experience in a target language.</li> </ul>	Charts:, writing process (Cornell Notes, Spanish students notebook), checklist Texts: Realidades B, Unit 6B Pretence Hall, Spanish dictionary. Technology: StudySpanish.com- Guia and Realidades B technology resources.	shopping, Numbers in Spanish, currency names.
<ul> <li>Learners will to learn the appropriate use o e ei stem changing verbs and demonstrative adjectives,</li> </ul>		Grammar: Verbs querer.
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies):  • Talk about clothing, shopping, and price.  • Write daily for a sustained period of time in a Spanish language about lesson topic  • Talk in Spanish about what you want and what you prefer.  • Use the Spanish verb pagar, vender  • Publish and present orally		Common Core Standards:  • 7.1.NM.A.1-5; 7.1.NM.B.1-5; 7.1.NM.C.1-5  Cultural:
Student Learning Outcome: (Students will know and understand)  > About money system is Some Spanish speaking countries > About metric to English conversion system skill > About currency in Latin countries. > About currency conversion system. > About the influence of Spain in its American colonies. >	Authentic Assessment:	Discuss of currency in Spanish country. Shopping.

## End of Spanish K-8 Curriculum Document

## ACADEMIES@ENGLEWOOD DWIGHT MORROW HIGH SCHOOL

274 Knickerbocker Road, Englewood, N.J. 07631

## **SPANISH I**

2013-2014

Dr. Donald K. Carlisle, Superintendent **SPANISH I** 

## Spanish I / Spanish I Calendar

Quarter 1	
Unit 1 All About Me - Para Empezar - ¿Qué te gusta hacer? - Y tú, ¿cómo eres?	September - November
Unit 2 School Days  - Tudía en la escuela  - Tusala de clases	
Quarter 2 Unit 3 Food Glorious Food - ¿Desayuno o almuerzo? - Para mantener la salud  Unit 4 My community and places - ¿Adónde vas? - ¿Quieresirconmigo?	November - January
Quarter 3 Unit 5 Celebrations - Una fiesta de cumpleaños - !Vamos a un restaurant! Unit 6 Home Sweet Home - En mi dormitorio - ¿Cómoestu casa?	February - April
Quarter 4 Unit 7 Migratory Animals Unit 8 Going Green	April - June

#### Spanish 1 –COURSE DESCRIPTION

Spanish I honor will introduce the students to the customs and culture of the Spanish-speaking world. Emphasis will be placed on basic communication and comprehension in everyday situations. Students will create and perform dialogues, ask and answer questions, and complete a variety of projects which include oral presentations. The students will develop the ability to understand spoken situations and speak Spanish in real-life situations.

### Spanish I Para Empezar

#### **Essential Question:**

When do we use different greetings?

Why are greetings important in our society?

Why is learning numbers important?

What can you find in the classroom?

What would I find in your backpack?

What is the weather like today?

What is today's date?

Can you spell your name?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Speakers will present different ways to greet friends and adults in the morning, afternoon and evenings. They will also explain different ways to address others (formal and informal). They will practice introduction and greetings appropriate to time of day; asking and telling names. They will listen and respond to classroom commands and learn numbers skills which may apply to quantity, time and date. They will ask and tell time. They will identify, comprehend, and understand parts of the human body. They will be able to ask, understand and comprehend responses for school materials and school relative questions in the target language.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- board
- computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 1)
- Video activities (Realidades 1)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- textbook (Realidades 1)
- workbook (Realidades 1)

#### Vocabulary:

Togreetsomeone

To ask and tell how someone is

To say good-bye

To tell time

To count up to 100

To talk about the body

To talk about the classroom

To say the date

To say the days of the week and month of the year

To ask for quantity

		To ask for help in a classroom setting
		classiooni setting
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:		Corresponding
		CCSS/NJCCCS
Greet people at different times of the day		
Introduce yourself to others		7.1 NM.B.3
Respond to classroom directions		7.1 NM.A.2
Begin using numbers 1-100		7.1NM.B.1
Tell time		7.1NM.B.4
Identify parts of the body		
Talk about things in the classroom		
Ask questions about new words and phrases		
Use the Spanish alphabet to spell words Talk about things related to the calendar		
Describe weather conditions		
Identify the seasons Compare weather in the Northern and Southern Hemispheres		
Compare weather in the Northern and Southern Hernispheres		
Performance Task Summary (Project):	<b>Authentic Assessment:</b>	
Students will do an oral presentation where they have to greet, say their	Anticipatory set	
names, explain their origin, place and date of birth, talk about their favorite season: month and weather of that seasons, and goodbye.	Journal writing	
	Oral presentation	
	Classroom participation	
	Listening exercises	
	Reading responses	
	Cloze exercises	

## Spanish I

## 1A ¿Quétegustahacer?

#### **Essential Question:**

What do you like to do during the school day, after school, at night, on the weekend, etc.?

What activities do you enjoy doing with your friends, family, etc.?

How can you ask others what they like to do?

What do people in Spain enjoy doing in their free time?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Speakers will be able to demonstrate an understanding of leisure activities by expressing what activities they perform, what activities they like and what activities they dislike, as well as, asking others about their likes and dislikes regarding leisure activities.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- board
- computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 1)
- Video activities (Realidades 1)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- textbook (Realidades 1)
- workbook (Realidades 1)

#### Vocabulary:

Totalkaboutactivities

Tosaywhatyouliketo do

Tosaywhatyoudon'tliketo do

Toaskotherswhattheyliketo do

Otherusefulwords and expressionsrelated to the activities they like and don't like

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:  Talk about activities you like and don't like to do  Ask others what they like to do  Understand cultural perspectives on favorite activities  Talk about preferences in leisure activities  Read and listen to information about leisure activities and likes; read a picture-based story  Listen to and watch a video about leisure activities  Listen to and understand information about infinitives  Talk about new vocabulary through the recognition of cognates  Compare: Spanish and English infinitives; construction of negatives between English and Spanish; expressing  agreement or disagreement in English and Spanish.		Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS  7.1 NM. B.1 7.1 NM .B.3 7.1 NM .B.4 7.1 NM .C.4
Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	
Written response presentation using visuals (Teacher	Anticipatory set	
created rubric for presentation)	Journal writing	
	Oral presentation	
	Classroom participation	
	Listening exercises	
	Reading responses	
	Cloze exercises	

### Spanish I 1B Y tú, ¿Cómo eres?

#### **Essential Question:**

How would someone describe you?

What are your weaknesses?

What are your strengths?

What makes a good friend?

What traits must a leader have?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Speakers will be able to describe their personality traits and qualities and those of others. Also, based on those personality traits students will be able to say what they and others like to do.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- board
- computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 1)
- Video activities (Realidades 1)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- textbook (Realidades 1)
- workbook (Realidades 1)

#### Vocabulary:

Totalkaboutwhatyou and others are like

Toaskpeopleaboutthemselvesorothers

Totalkaboutwhatsomeonelikesordoesn'tlike

To describe someone

Totellwhomyou are talkingabout

Otherusefulrelatedexpressions

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:		Corresponding
Read, listen to, and explain information about the school day		CCSS/NJCCCS
Discuss the school day		
Ask and tell about likes and dislikes	Ask and tell about likes and dislikes	
Use subject pronouns		7.1 NM. A.1
Use verbs that end in -ar		7.1 NM. A.4
Read a brochure about a school in Costa Rica		71,774,771
Talk about some of your classes		7.1 NM. B.1
Learn class subjects		7.1 NM. B.4
Learn the ordinal numbers		
Learn about the things you need for school		7.1 NM. C.1
	Learn adjectives to describe classes	
	Learn about school activities	
Listen to and watch a video about class subjects and school activities		
Listen to and watch a video about subject pronouns		
Performance Task Summary (Project):	<b>Authentic Assessment:</b>	
Students will write one or more free verse poems in	Anticipatory set	
the target language.		
	Journal writing	
	Oral presentation	
	Classroom participation	
	Listening exercises	
	Reading responses	
	Cloze exercises	

## Spanish I 2A Tú día en la escuela

#### **Essential Question:**

What is your school day like?

What is your favorite class?

Who is your favorite teacher?

What is the difference between school in the USA and school in Central America?

What is your schedule like?

What are your extra-curricular activities and what are those of others?

What clubs are offered in school and in which one/ones do you participate?

What do you do in your club?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Speakers will be able to describe their school schedule and their classes. They will also be able to talk about their school and after school activities and the material that are needed.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- board
- computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 1)
- Video activities (Realidades 1)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- textbook (Realidades 1)
- workbook (Realidades 1)

#### Vocabulary:

Totalkaboutyourschoolday

To describe schoolactivities

Totalkabouttheorder of things

Totalkaboutthingsyouneedforschool

Describe yourclasses

Otherusefulexpressions

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:		Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS	
Read, listen to, and explain information about the school d			
Discuss the school day			
Ask and tell about likes and dislikes		7.1 NM. A.2	
Use subject pronouns			
Use verbs that end in -ar		7.1 NM. B.1	
Read a brochure about a school in Costa Rica			
Talk about some of your classes		7.1 NM. B.4	
Learn class subjects			
Learn the ordinal numbers		7.1 NM. C.1	
Learn about the things you need for school		7.1 NM. C.4	
Learn adjectives to describe classes			
Learn about school activities			
Talk about homework and classes			
Listen to and watch a video about El primer día de clases			
To listen to and watch a video about subject pronouns and present tense of –ar verbs			
Performance Task Summary (Project):	<b>Authentic Assessment:</b>		
	Anticipatory cot		
Students will write their school schedule and explain the order of the classes and what materials are needed for each	Anticipatory set		
class target language.	Journal writing		
	Oral presentation		
	1		
	Classroom participation		
	Listening exercises		
	Reading responses		
	Cloze exercises		

### Spanish I 2B Tu sala de clases

#### **Essential Question:**

What would an ideal classroom be like?

What would classrooms have in the future?

Where is the nurse's office?

What is your favorite classroom on campus and why?

Speakers will be able to describe their classroom and where things and furniture are located.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- board
- computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 1)
- Video activities (Realidades 1)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- textbook (Realidades 1)
- workbook (Realidades 1)

#### Vocabulary:

Totalkaboutclassroomitems

Totalkaboutclassroomfurniture

Totalkaboutparts of a classroom

Toindicatelocation

Toindicatepossession

Toidentify (description, quantity)

Toidntifydefinite and indefenitearticles

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:		Corresponding
Read, listen to, and explain information about the classroom and where objects are located		CCSS/NJCCCS
Communicate about a classroom		
Ask and tell how someone feels		7.1 NM. A.2
Talk about where someone or something is located		7.1 INIVI. A.2
Learn to use the verb ESTAR, the plurals of nouns and the	plurals of articles	7.1 NM. B.1
Write a note describing your classroom		
Practice and learn new vocabulary about classroom items, f	urniture and parts.	7.1 NM. B.4
Practice and learn new vocabulary about prepositions of loc	eations	7.1 NM. C.1
Indicate possession, to identify (description, quantity) and to	o identify gender and quantity of nouns	7.1 TOM. C.1
Talk about parts of a classroom and to indicate location		7.1 NM. C.4
Use the verb ESTAR to ask how someone is		
Listen to and watch a video about Un ratón en la clase		
Listen to and watch a video about Gramativa the verb ESTAR and the plurals of nouns and articles		
Performance Task Summary (Project):	<b>Authentic Assessment:</b>	
Write a letter to an imaginary pen pal from any Spanish	Anticipatory set	
speaking country describing your Spanish classroom.	Journal writing	
	Oral presentation	
	Classroom participation	
	Listening exercises	
	Reading responses	
	Cloze exercises	

# Spanish I 3A ¿Desayuno o almuerzo?

#### **Essential Question:**

What is your favorite food?

Where are different fruits or food from?

What do you like to have for breakfast?

What do you eat for the holidays?

What are popular snacks in different Spanish speaking countries?

What do people in the USA eat at different seasons compared to what people eat in Chile?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Speakers will be able to talk about what they eat and drink for breakfast and lunch. Students will be able to describe what foods they like / dislikes. Students will be able to gain awareness about different eating habits in the Spanish speaking world, and compare and contrast these habits with those in the USA.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- board
- computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 1)
- Video activities (Realidades 1)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- textbook (Realidades 1)
- workbook (Realidades 1)

#### Vocabulary:

Totalkaboutbreakfast

Totalkabout lunch

Totalkaboutbeverages

Totalkabouteating and drinking

Toindicatehowoften

Tosaythatyoulike/lovesomething

Otherusefulexpressions

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:		Corresponding
Talk about foods and beverages for breakfast and lunch		CCSS/NJCCCS
Talk about likes and dislikes		
Express how often something is done	Express how often something is done	
Read, listen to, and explain information about foods and bev	rerages for breakfast and lunch	7.1 NM. A.1
1	Ask and tell what people eat and drink for breakfast and lunch	
Use the present tense of –er and –ir verbs and me gusta(n), me encanta(n)		
Maintain a conversation about what you like, including your	•	7.1 NM. A.5
Demonstrate an understanding of cultural differences regard	ing snacks	7.1 NM. B.2
Talk about preferences concerning foods and beverages; eati	ing habits during different meals; favorite	7.1 TWI. D.2
activities		7.1 NM. B.4
Listen to and watch a video about breakfast foods		
Read and be able to respond to a magazine food quiz		7.1 NM. C.4
Present information about: foods and beverages; eating habits during meals; the origins of food items; a		7.1 NM. C.5
restaurant menu		7.1 TAWI. C.3
Explain breakfast habits in Spanish-speaking countries		
Performance Task Summary (Project):	<b>Authentic Assessment:</b>	
Students will role-play a telephone conversation between a	Anticipatory set	
students will role-play a telephone conversation between a student in Uruguay and a student from the USA. They will	Thirespacery see	
exchange questions about likes and dislikes, favorite activities and what they like to eat for breakfast and lunch.	Journal writing	
	Oral presentation	
	Classroom participation	
	Listening exercises	
	Reading responses	
	Cloze exercises	

## Spanish I

#### 3B Para mantener la salud

#### **Essential Question:**

What activities can you do to maintain your health?

What are healthy eating habits?

What do you do to keep fit?

What is good advice to maintain one's health?

What are not good eating habits and why?

What do you like to have for dinner?

Why is nutrition so important?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Speakers will be able to talk about how eating habits can affect their health. Students will be able to distinguish between good and bad eating habits and what a healthy life style is like.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- board
- computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 1)
- Video activities (Realidades 1)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### Texts:

- textbook (Realidades 1)
- workbook (Realidades 1)

#### Vocabulary:

Totalkaboutfood and beverages

Totalkaboutbeinghungry and thirsty

Todiscusshealth

Toindicate a preference

Toindicateagreementordisagreement

Toask a questionorgiveananswer

Toexpressquantity

To describe something

Otherusefulexpressions

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:		Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS
Talk about foods and beverages for dinner		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Describe what people or things are like Discuss food, health, and exercise choices		
		7.1 NM. A.1
	Understand cultural perspectives on diet and health	
Describe activities to maintain good health	Read, listen to, and explain information about food groups and foods on the Food Guide Pyramid	
Describe people and food		7.1 NM. A.5
Talk about dinner foods		
Express food preferences		7.1 NM. B.2
Talk about healthy and unhealthy lifestyles		7.1 NM. B.4
Talk about food groups and healthy diet		7.1 INW. D.4
Use the plurals of adjectives and the verb ser	7	
Read about a sports diet and learn some facts about an athle	lete	
Make a poster about good health habits		7.1 NM. C.5
Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	
Students will make a poster in Spanish with suggestions for	Anticipatory set	
better health using the food pyramid as a guide as well as		
information provided in their health classes.	Journal writing	
	Oral presentation	
	Classroom participation	
	Listening exercises	
	Reading responses	
	Cloze exercises	
	CIOZO CACICISOS	

# Spanish I 4A ¿Adónde vas?

#### **Essential Question:**

What are the different stores in your community and what can you buy there?

What are the different activities offered at the mall?

What do you do with your family or friends on the weekends, holidays, etc.?

Where do you go when you are not in school?

Where do you go during the summer?

Where do you go for vacation?

Why do you go to the library?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Students will be able to talk about locations in their communities, and ask and tell where they go on specific days. Also, they will talk about activities people like to do, where they do it, how often people do them, and with whom.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- board
- computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 1)
- Video activities (Realidades 1)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- textbook (Realidades 1)
- workbook (Realidades 1)

#### Vocabulary:

Totalkaboutleisureactivities

Totalkabout places

Totellwhereyougo

Totellwithwhomyougo

Totalkaboutwhenthings are done

Totalkaboutwheresomeoneisfrom

Toindicatehowoften

Otherusefulrelatedexpressions

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skill Talk about locations in your community Discuss leisure activities Talk about where you go and with whom Learn how to ask questions Understand cultural perspectives on leisure activities Read, listen to and explain information about places to go to Communicate about leisure activities Tell where you go and with whom Use the verb IR and ask questions Read about after-school and weekend activities offered at a r Role-play a new student's first day at school	when you're not in school	Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS
Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	
Student will play the role of a new student and a student who has been at the school for a while. They will find out where the new student is from, activities he or she likes to do and on what days of the week, and where he or she goes and with whom.	Anticipatory set  Journal writing  Oral presentation  Classroom participation  Listening exercises  Reading responses  Cloze exercises	

## Spanish I 4B ¿Quieresirconmigo?

#### **Essential Question:**

What is your favorite sport?

Who do you practice sports with?

How often do you practice sports?

Where do you practice sport?

What extra-curricular sports are offered at school?

What extra-curricular sports would you like to be offered on campus?

Which famous athlete would you like to meet?

Which questions would you ask to this athlete?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Students will be able to say what sports people play, and answer questions about sports and their favorite athlete. Also, students will be able to extend, accept and decline invitations.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- board
- computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 1)
- Video activities (Realidades 1)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- textbook (Realidades 1)
- workbook (Realidades 1)

#### Vocabulary:

Totalkaboutleisureactivities

To describe howsomeonefeels

Totellwhat time somethinghappens

Toextend, accept, or decline invitations

Otherusefulrelatedexpressions

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/	strategies:	Corresponding
Talk about: sports and pastimes; emotions and states of being;		CCSS/NJCCCS
Extend, accept, or decline invitations	when certain events and activities occur	
Read and listen to information about sports and pastimes		
Listen to information about how people are feeling		
Listen and watch a video about sports and pastimes		
Read, listen to and understand information about activities outside of school  Talk about activities outside of school		
Tell when an event happens		
Say what you are going to do		
Use ir + a + infinitive and the verb JUGAR		
Recognize specialized sports vocabulary		
Write an invitation to an event		
Explain cultural perspectives regarding extracurricular activities		
Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	
A special event is coming up on the calendar and the student	Anticipatory set	
wants to invite a friend to go. Students will write an invitation		
that includes: the name of the event, when, where, at what time	Journal writing	
the event is taking place, and who is going.		
	Oral presentation	
	Classroom participation	
	Classiconi participation	
	Listening exercises	
	Disterning exercises	
	Reading responses	
	Cloze exercises	

### Spanish I 5A Una fiesta de cumpleaños

#### **Essential Question:**

What is your family like?

How do you celebrate your birthday?

How old are you?

How do you decorate for your birthday? What items do you use?

Who do you invite to your birthday party?

What do you do in a birthday party?

What are the cultural similarities between "La Quinceañera" and "Sweet Sixteen"?

Who is your favorite relative? What is he/she like?

Endurin	o Under	standing:
Liiuui iii	g Under	stanumg.

Students will be able to describe their families and talk about family celebrations and parties.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- board
- computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 1)
- Video activities (Realidades 1)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- textbook (Realidades 1)
- workbook (Realidades 1)

#### Vocabulary:

Totalkaboutfamilymembers

Todiscuss and compare ages

Totalkaboutpeople

**Tonameanimals** 

Todiscusswhatsoemonelikes

Todescirbeactivities at parties

Todiscusscelebrations

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:  Corresponding		
Describe families		CCSS/NJCCCS
Talk about celebrations and parties		
Ask and tell age		7.1 NM. A.1
Express possession		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Understand cultural perspectives on family and celebrations		7.1 NM. A.4
Talk about families and celebrations		71174 P.4
Talk about classes and school materials		7.1 NM. B.4
Talk about favorite activities and preferences		7.1 NM. B.5
Read and listen to information about family celebrations		
Read a picture-based story		7.1 NM. C.1
Present information about families and celebrations		7.1.77 G2
Write about how family members are related		7.1 NM. C.2
Compare the uses of TENER idioms and English equivalents		7.1 NM. C.3
Compare the use of possessive adjectives		
Explain the use of diminutives in Spanish	T	7.1 NM. C.5
Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	
	Antiginatory got	
Students will make a family tree poster or collages. Students	Anticipatory set	
will label each family member identifying their relationship to the student. Orally they will tell the person's name, age and then	Journal writing	
list several characteristics that describe each member of their		
family tree.	Oral presentation	
	Classroom participation	
	Listening exercises	
	Reading responses	
	Cloze exercises	

### Spanish I

#### 5B Vamos a un restaurant!

#### **Essential Question:**

What is your favorite restaurant?

What do you like to eat at your favorite restaurant?

Who do you usually go to a restaurant with?

What do your parents, friends, etc. usually order in a restaurant?

What do people usually bring to a party or celebration?

What are the different types of restaurants and what type of food do they serve?

What are the differences between SER and ESTAR?

Students will be able to order food in a restaurant and describe table setting.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- board
- computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 1)
- Video activities (Realidades 1)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- textbook (Realidades 1)
- workbook (Realidades 1)

#### Vocabulary:

Totalkaboutpeople

To describe people and things

To describe

howsomeoneisfeeling

Totalkaboutfood

To describe tablesettings

Totalkabouteatingout

Toexpressneeds

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:  Talk about family celebrations		Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS
Describe family members and friends		
Ask politely to have something brought to you		
Order meals in a restaurant		7.1 NM. A.1
Understand cultural perspectives on family celebrations		7.1 NM. A.2
Read, listen to, and explain information and describe family me	mbers	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Read, listen to, and explain information about restaurant vocabu		7.1 NM. A.3
Describe people and foods	· · · <b>3</b>	7.1.N.6.1.5
Use the verb VENIR		7.1 NM. A.5
Know some uses of SER and ESTAR		7.1 NM. B.2
Talk about family members and others descriptively		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Talk about table settings, meal customs in Spanish speaking cul	tures	7.1 NM. B.4
Write analogies to compare people and things		71204 64
Present a skit between a server and customers		7.1 NM. C.4
Listen and watch video about restaurant service		7.1 NM. C.5
Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	
Students will make a booklet / brochure about their favorite	Anticipatory set	
restaurant. In the booklet / brochure, students will write a	T 1 12	
review of the restaurant trying to persuade their classmates to go	Journal writing	
to the restaurant. Students will organize the information in a word web using the following categories: the name of the	Oral presentation	
restaurant (in the middle circle), service, main course, desert,		
general description, and other food and drinks.	Classroom participation	
	Listening exercises	
	Reading responses	
	Cloze exercises	

### Spanish I 6A En mi dormitorio

#### **Essential Question:**

What is your bedroom like?

What is an ideal teen bedroom?

What would bedrooms have in the future?

What color is your bedroom?

Why is your bedroom different from other bedrooms?

What does your bedroom say about your personality?

Do you share your bedroom? If so, do you like sharing?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Students will be able to describe their bedroom items, electronic equipment, and colors, and indicate its location.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- board
- computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 1)
- Video activities (Realidades 1)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- textbook (Realidades 1)
- workbook (Realidades 1)

#### Vocabulary:

Totalkaboutthings in a bedroom

Totalkaboutelectronicequipment

Totalkaboutcolors

To describe something

Toindicatelocation

To compare and contrast

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:		Corresponding
Talk about electronic equipment		CCSS/NJCCCS
Name items found in a bedroom		
Use colors do describe things		7.1 NM. A.1
Use comparatives and superlatives		7.1 1441. 73.1
Use the verbs PODER and DORMIR		7.1 NM. A.4
Read, listen to, and explain information about bedroom items	, electronic equipment and colors	
Read a letter and respond in an advice column		7.1 NM. A.5
Talk about how a person's bedroom reflects his or her persona	ality	7.1 NM. A.3
Present a description of a bedroom using illustrations		7.1 W. A.3
Present information about: ways to describe things; entertainn	nent preferences; items in the home	7.1 NM. B.1
Talk about: bedroom and home furnishing and arrangements;	lifestyle and entertainment preferences; the	
distribution of home electronics; colors and color association		7.1 NM. B.4
		7.1 NIM C 1
Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	7.1 NM. C.1
		7.1 NM. C.4
Students are going to do a study on how a bedroom can reflect	Anticipatory set	
the personality of its owner(s). Using a photograph or		
drawing of a bedroom, talk about what its contents and colors	Journal writing	
tell about the personality of the owner. The students must talk		
about the colors of the bedroom, the things in the bedroom,	Oral presentation	
and things on the wall and what does the bedroom looks like.		
Then, give an opinion on how the person who lives in the	Classroom participation	
bedroom is and what does he/she likes to do.	Listoning avansisas	
	Listening exercises	
	Reading responses	
	Reading responses	
	Cloze exercises	

# Spanish I 6B¿Cómo es tu casa?

#### **Essential Question:**

What chores do you do?

What are your least favorite chores?

What is your house like?

How many people live in your house? Which chores are they in charge of?

What is your favorite place in your house?

What is the difference between homes in the USA and homes in Venezuela?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Students will think about what features make their home or apartment different from or similar to others in their neighborhood. Also, they will present information about rooms in a house and household chores; presenting verbs that tell someone to do something.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- board
- computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 1)
- Video activities (Realidades 1)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- textbook (Realidades 1)
- workbook (Realidades 1)

#### Vocabulary:

Totalkaboutwheresomeonelives

Totalkabouthousesorapartment

Tonamehousehold chores

To describe household ítems

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:	
Identify rooms in a house  Tell someone where they live	
	7.1 NM. A.1
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	7.1 NM. A.4
	7.1 NM. B.1
use, household chores, and how to tell someone	7.1 NM. B.4
	/.1 INIVI. D.4
	7.1 NM. B.3
Authentic Assessment:	7.1 NM. C.1
	7.1 NM. C.4
Anticipatory set	7.1 TVIVI. C. <del>4</del>
Journal writing	
Oral presentation	
Classroom participation	
Listening exercises	
Reading responses	
Cloze exercises	
	use, household chores, and how to tell someone  Authentic Assessment:  Anticipatory set  Journal writing  Oral presentation  Classroom participation  Listening exercises  Reading responses

## Spanish I Migratory Animals

#### **Essential Question:**

How does the weather and habitat influence animals' behavior? How do you describe migration?

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strateg	ies:	Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS
Use available sources to identify information that includes physical charal habitats.  Ask and respond to simple questions about migratory animals and their habitate appropriate intonation for asking questions in the target language Use available sources to identify information about the areas around the migrate at different time of the year.  Asking and respond to questions about migratory animals and the reason Imitate appropriate intonation for asking questions in the target language Retell grade level appropriate text orally and/ or in writing that includes	nabitats. e about animals and their habitats. world where animals live and the reasons they as for their migration in the target language. e dealing with reasons animals migrate.	7.1.NH.A.1 7.1 NH. B.1 7.1 NH. C.1 7.1 NH. C.4 7.1.NH.C.5
Performance Task Summary (Project):  Students will create an infomercial on a zoo / national park. Students are responsible for using visual aids during the infomercial such as poster, PowerPoint, or any appropriate media the will help the student aid them in the presentation. The students must include:  - Details about the zoo / national park. Best time to visit, special features, and schedule.  - Identify animals in the zoo / national park, and information about migratory animals and reason why they migrate.  - Your opinion about the zoo / national park.  - Checklist of specific migratory animals they can see in the zoo / national park.	Authentic Assessment:  Anticipatory set  Journal writing  Oral presentation  Classroom participation  Listening exercises  Reading responses  Cloze exercises	

## Spanish I Going Green

Essential Question:		
Is recycling the same across cultures?		
How do you describe recyclables?		
Enduring Understanding:	Materials & Resources:	Vocabulary:
Recycling may vary across cultures.	- Handouts - board - computers	Totalkaboutdifferenttypes of reciclables ítems.
You describe recyclables using recyclable categories, shapes, materials, color, number, location, and symbols	<ul> <li>CD-Rom (Realidades 1)</li> <li>Video activities (Realidades 1)</li> <li>Smart board</li> <li>www.Phschool.com</li> </ul>	Totalkaboutrecyclablematerials, color, number, symbols.
	- www.Studyspanish.com  Texts:	Otherusefulrelatedexpressions
	<ul><li>textbook (Realidades 1)</li><li>workbook (Realidades 1)</li></ul>	
		Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS
peaking culture.  Give and follow directions regarding recycled products.  7.1.NM.A.1		7.1.NM.A.1
Ask and respond to questions about recycled products.  Create a presentation that compares recycled products of the Spanish speaking culture with those of the local		7.1 NM. A.4
community.  Jose available sources to identify words and phrases associated with environmental products and practices of		
he Spanish speaking culture.  7.1 NM. B.4		
Ask and respond to questions about environmental practices using the Spanish speaking language.		7.1 NM. B.3
Create a presentation that compares environmental products and practices of the Spanish speaking cultures with those of the local community/ school.		7.1 NM. C.1

Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	7.1 NM. C.4	
Students will prepare a survey to assess how different people follow and react to the recycling process. They will be divided	Anticipatory set		
into groups and each group will target a different population: teachers, students, family and neighbors. They will ask if	Journal writing		
people recycle and if so, what items they recycle, how often recycling takes place, if they do it voluntarily or not, if they	Oral presentation		
like recycling and why it is beneficial to recycle, and how they would like recycling to be in the future. Then, each group will	Classroom participation		
tally the results. After that, students will share the results with the class.	Listening exercises		
	Reading responses		
	Cloze exercises		
	Graphic Organizers		

#### **Unit Rationale Big Idea:**

#### Trimester 1 Plan

**Unit 1 – All About Me -** Personal identity is developed through experiences that occur within your family, community, and culture.

**Unit 2 – School Days -** Personal identity is developed through experiences that occur within your school and culture.

#### **Trimester 2 Plan**

**Unit 3 – Home Sweet Home -** Many products and practices related to the home are shared across cultures; others are culture specific.

**Unit 4 – Food, Glorious Food -** Healthy eating habits and fitness practices may vary across cultures. Many products and practices related to home and community are shared across cultures; others are culture specific.

#### **Trimester 3 Plan**

**Unit 5 – Celebrations -** Personal identity is developed through customs and celebrations that occur within your family, community, and culture.

Unit 6 - Migratory Animals - Learning about migration cultivates an awareness of the shared human experience.

Unit 7 – Going Green - Learning about the environment cultivates an awareness of the shared human experience.

## ACADEMIES@ENGLEWOOD DWIGHT MORROW HIGH SCHOOL

274 Knickerbocker Road, Englewood, N.J. 07631

### **SPANISH II**

2013-2014

Dr. Donald K. Carlisle, Superintendent **SPANISH II** 

### Spanish II Calendar

Quarter 1 Unit 1 All about me - Para Empezar	
Unit 2 School Days - ¿Qué haces en la escuela? - ¿Qué haces después de las clases?	September - November
Quarter 2 Unit 3 Special Event - ¿Cómo te preparas? - ¿Qué ropa compraste?  Unit 4 You and your community - ¿Qué hiciste ayer? - ¿Cómo se va?	November - January
Quarter 3	
Unit 4 You and your community - ¿Qué hiciste ayer? - ¿Cómo se va?	February - April
Unit 5 Memories from the past - Cuando éramos niños - Celebrando los días festivos	
Quarter 4 Unit 6 In the news - Un acto heroico - Un accident	April - June
Unit 7 Television ¿Viste el partido en la televisión?	

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION**

#### Spanish II

Incorporating and reinforcing the elements of language taught in Spanish I, this course is designed to expand the students' abilities in the target language to more complex situations and settings. Students will become part of a dynamic, interconnected, and technologically-driven global society as they learn to communicate in the target language across geographical, cultural, and linguistic borders. The four skills of listening, speaking, reading, and writing, in addition to Spanish culture will be emphasized.

This course will offer relevant and developmentally appropriate topics from a variety of technological sources, that are intrinsically interesting, cognitively engaging, and culturally connected will be introduced in meaningful contexts to challenge students to use language to broaden their understanding of themselves and their world and to stress the interrelationship between language and culture. The goal is ultimately to provide students with the skills they need to function in Spanish-speaking countries and communicate with native speakers.

### Spanish II Para Empezar

#### **Essential Question:**

How do you describe yourself?

How do you describe others?

How do you describe others based on what they like to do?

What are you like? What are other people like?

Where are you from? Where are others from?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Students will be able to reinforce concepts that deal with greetings, nationalities, leisure activities performed at school and outside school, adjectives to describe themselves, others and classroom / school activities and how to ask others general / personal questions.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- Board
- Computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 2)
- Video activities (Realidades 2)
- Smart Board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- Textbook (Realidades 2)
- Workbook (Realidades 2)

#### Vocabulary:

To greet someone

To ask and tell how someone is

To say good-bye

Adjectives of nationalities

Interrogative words

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following ski  Ask and tell information about what you and other people are like  Tell where you and other people are from  Ask and tell about nationalities of people  Ask and tell about things you and other people do  Ask and tell about how often you do certain things  Ask and tell where one goes and how often  Ask and tell where someone is from	lls/strategies)	Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS 7.1NH.A.2 7.1NH.A.5 7.1NH.B.1 7.1NH.B.4 7.1NH.C.1
Performance Task Summary (Project):  Students will create and present a video about themselves. It should include their names, nationality, adjectives that describe what they are like and adjectives that do not describe what they are like. They must include four daily activities: What they do in the summer, fall, winter and spring with friends. List the activities that they never do. Title of this project: "!Así soy yo!"	Authentic Assessment:  Anticipatory set  Journal writing  Oral presentation  Classroom participation  Listening exercises  Reading responses  Cloze exercises	

### Spanish II 1A - ¿Qué haces en la escuela?

#### **Essential Question:**

What is your school day like? What are the rules in your classroom? What are you and other people like? Where are you and others from?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Students will be able to talk about what they do in class and about their classroom rules. Additionally, students will talk about school rules and discuss whether these rules work or not. Are there some that could be improved? Students have to think about problems in school that could be prevented by rules.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

Handouts
Board
Computers
CD-Rom (Realidades 2)
Video activities (Realidades 2)
Smart board
www.Phschool.com

#### Texts:

Textbook (Realidades 2)Workbook (Realidades 2)

www.Studyspanish.com

#### Vocabulary:

- To talk about what you do in class
- To talk about classroom rules
- To name school objects
- Negative and affirmative words
- Other useful words

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following ski	lls/strategies)	Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS
Describe classroom objects and activities Present additional vocabulary to discuss academic courses Speak about school activities Give advice about how to be a good student Talk about classroom rules Speak about personal experiences in school Speak about appropriate and inappropriate school behavior Express affirmative and negative ideas		7.1 NH.A.1 7.1 NH.A.2 7.1 NH.A.4 7.1 NH.B.1 7.1 NH.B.4
Compare the school rules and customs in other countries with those of you	T	
Performance Task Summary (Project):	<b>Authentic Assessment:</b>	
Students pretending to be the new school principal will create a list of six new school rules. Each new rule should be illustrated and displayed on a poster to present to the class. Students must include the expressions: <i>Hay que</i> and <i>Se prohíbe</i> .	Anticipatory set  Journal writing	
	Oral presentation	
	Classroom participation	
	Listening exercises	
	Reading responses	
	Cloze exercises	

### Spanish II

### 1B - ¿Qué haces después de la escuela?

#### **Essential Question:**

What do you do during the day, after school, and at night?

What do others do during the day, after school, and at night?

What do and don't you like to do?

What do and don't other people like to do?

What questions would you need to ask about the daily activities of others?

What activities do you do during school, in the winter, spring, summer, and fall?

Where do you and others go and how often?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Students will be able to talk about the extracurricular activities they attend after school such as drama, art, music, athletics, etc. Students will be able to discuss other activities they do independently outside of school and why. Additionally, students will talk about projects and research papers that require the use of the Internet.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- Board
- Computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 2)
- Video activities (Realidades 2)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- Textbook (Realidades 2)
- Workbook (Realidades 2)

#### Vocabulary:

To talk about extracurricular activities

To talk about athletic activities

To talk about music and drama

To talk about actions with activities

To talk about and describe internet activities

To tell how long something has been going on

To make comparisons Saber to know (how)

Conocer, to know, to be

		acquainted with
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strat	orios)	Corresponding
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skins/strat	egies)	CCSS/NJCCCS
Talk about extracurricular activities		
Talk about classmates and school activities		
Compare people and things		7.1 NH.A.1
Give personal opinions to compare two things		7.1 NH.A.6
Say what people know or what they know how to do		7.1 NH.A.4 7.1 NH.B.4
Say with whom or what people are familiar		7.1 NH.C.2
Speak with a classmate and write about him or her		7.1 NH.C.2 7.1 NH.C.3
Ask and tell how long something has been going on		7.1 NH.C.5
Understand cultural perspectives on extracurricular activities		7.1 111.6.5
Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	
remained rush building (ribject).	Tablicatic Tabboshillit.	
Students will write a letter to their Spanish teacher about their	Anticipatory set	
extracurricular activities and why they chose them. Students must		
elaborate why they find these activities interesting or challenging.	Journal writing	
Additionally, they must state how long they have been involved in		
doing them.		

Oral presentation
Classroom participation
Listening exercises
Reading responses
Cloze exercises

### Spanish II 2A - ¿Cómo te preparas?

#### **Essential Question:**

How do you prepare for special events?

What clothing do you buy?

What is your daily routine?

What is a reflexive verb and what does it express?

How do you express possession in Spanish when you use reflexive verbs?

When is a verb reflexive as opposed to non-reflexive?

What are the differences between *ser* and *estar*?

When you describe a person, what is the difference between how a person feels and what a person is like?

What is the difference between a possessive adjective and a possessive pronoun?

	Materials & Resources:	Vocabulary:
Enduring Understanding:  Student will talk about getting ready for special events, and things they need to do to get ready using reflexive verbs. They will express their emotions regarding special events.	- Handouts - Board - Computers - CD-Rom (Realidades 2) - Video activities (Realidades 2) - Smart board - www.Phschool.com - www.Studyspanish.com  Texts: - Textbook (Realidades 2) - Workbook (Realidades 2)	To talk about getting ready  To talk about things you need to get ready  To talk about a special event  To talk about how you feel  Other useful words and expressions Reflexive verbs Ser to be Estar to be Possessive adjectives
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following ski	lls/strategies:	Corresponding CCSS/NJCCS
Describe getting ready for a special event Speak about the clothes you wear to different events Speak about a special event Talk about daily routines Speak about how quickly or slowly you go about your daily routine Describe people and things Describe people and things using ser and estar Express and use possession Understand cultural perspectives on clothing Talk about clothing for different events, weekend plans, and daily routin	es.	7.1 NH.1.1 7.1 NH.1.2 7.1 NH.1.3 7.1 NH.4.1 7.1.NH.4.2 7.1 NH.2.2 7.1 NH.3.1 7.1 NH.3.2 7.1.NH.5.2
Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	

Students are to role play that they are an exchange student in Mexico.

The host family wants to know about special events in which they participate in their community. Students have to bring photos from home or pictures from a magazine of a special event they might attend. Students have to explain during the presentation the process of getting ready for this event such as: the type of event, clothing worn, things they do to prepare, and their feelings about the event. Utilizing adjectives such as enthusiastic, nervous, happy, etc.

Classroom participation

Listening exercises

Reading responses

Cloze exercises

### Spanish II 2B - ¿Qué ropa compraste?

#### **Essential Question:**

What do you go to the mall for?

What is a normal shopping trip like for you?

What does a store need to have for it to be considered your favorite one and why?

Are you a bargain hunter?

Can you have a different size despite having the same weight and height?

How has clothing for men and women over the years?

How has style changed for men and women over the years?

	Materials & Resources:	Vocabulary:
Enduring Understanding:  Students will talk about shopping, how to make clothing purchases, different ways of paying for clothing, and what different types of material are used to make clothing. Students will discuss colors and patterns used depending upon the fashion for men and women.	<ul> <li>Handouts</li> <li>Board</li> <li>Computers</li> <li>CD-Rom (Realidades 2)</li> <li>Video activities (Realidades 2)</li> <li>Smart Board</li> <li>www.Phschool.com</li> <li>www.Studyspanish.com</li> </ul> Texts:	To talk about shopping  To talk about colors  To describe what clothing is made of
	- Textbook (Realidades 2) - Workbook (Realidades 2)	To discuss paying for purchases  To discuss clothing purchases  Other useful words and expressions  Preterit of regular verbs
		Demonstrative adjectives

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategory Describe clothing and fashion Talk about going shopping Describe events in the past Point out specific objects Avoid repetitions when comparing similar things Understand cultural perspectives on parties	ies:	Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS  7.1 NH.1.1 7.1 NH.1.2 7.1 NH.1.3 7.1 NH.2.1 7.1 NH.2.2 7.1 NH.3.1 7.1 NH.3.1 7.1 NH.3.2 7.1 NH.4.1
Performance Task Summary (Project):  Students will do a fashion show to exhibit the clothes they bought on a sale at a local mall. Student A pretends to be the model while student B describes what student A is wearing. A third student, student C, interviews student A about the clothes he or she chose.	Authentic Assessment:  Anticipatory set  Journal writing  Oral presentation  Classroom participation  Listening exercises  Reading responses  Cloze exercises	

### Spanish II 3A - ¿Qué hiciste ayer?

#### **Essential Question:**

How have stores changed over the years?

What are the differences between a drug store and a pharmacy?

What does the presence of certain stores say about your community?

How do cultural perspectives impact the stores in your community?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Students will talk about places in their community, items they might find in each of the stores within their community. They will talk about running different errands such as going to the post office, to the library, to the pharmacy, to the drug store, etc. They will use the verbs *ir*, *ser*, *estar*, *tener*, and *poder* in the preterit tense.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- Handouts
- Board
- Computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 2)
- Video activities (Realidades 2)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- Textbook (Realidades 2)
- Workbook (Realidades 2)

#### Vocabulary:

To talk about places in a community

To talk about mail

To talk about items in a sporting-goods store

To talk about pharmacy products

To make excuses

To talk about errands

Other useful words and expressions

Preterit of *ir* (to go) and *ser* (to be)

Preterit of *tener*, *estar*, and *poder* 

		Direct object pronouns: lo, la, los, las
Describe things you bought and where you bought them Talk about errands and hours of operation of different places around town Talk about completed errands Talk about past activities Talk about possessions using direct object pronouns		Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS  7.1 NH.1.1 7.1 NH.1.2 7.1 NH.1.3 7.1 NH.2.1 7.1 NH.2.2 7.1 NH.3.1 7.1 NH.3.2 7.1 NH.4.1 7.1 NH.4.2 7.1 NH.4.2 7.1 NH.5.1
Performance Task Summary (Project):  Students are going to visit their best friend who lives in Mérida, Mexico for a week during their summer vacation. Mérida is very hot and humid during the summer. Their friend has already told them some plans: visit Mayan ruins nearby, spend time with friends, and go to the beach in Cancún for two days.	Authentic Assessment: Anticipatory set Journal writing	

	Oral presentation	
Students are to make a poster and deliver an oral presentation to explain		
what they did to prepare for the trip. The students should make a list of	Classroom participation	
the items they need to bring for the week. Additionally, they have to explain if they already have the items at home or if they need to buy	Listening exercises	
them. If not, where do they need to go to purchase them?	Reading responses	
	Cloze exercises	

### Spanish II 3B - ¿Cómo se va ...?

### **Essential Question:**

What makes a good driver?

What should you remember when you are driving?

Why are traffic signs important?

What is a command?

When do you use it?

	Materials & Resources:	Vocabulary:
Enduring Understanding:  Students will talk and understand driving advice. Additionally, they will ask for and give directions on how to get to a certain place.	<ul> <li>Handouts</li> <li>Board</li> <li>Computers</li> <li>CD-Rom (Realidades 2)</li> <li>Video activities (Realidades 2)</li> <li>Smart board</li> <li>www.Phschool.com</li> <li>www.Studyspanish.com</li> </ul> Texts: <ul> <li>Textbook (Realidades 2)</li> <li>Workbook (Realidades 2)</li> </ul>	To talk about driving To give and receive driving advice To ask for and give directions Present progressive; irregular forms Irregular affirmative tú commands
Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following sl	kills/strategies)	Direct object pronouns  Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS
Give directions for getting to places Give a friend directions for a task Discuss driving and good driving habits Speak and write about things on a map Speak about traffic signs, driving, and a local traffic situation Discuss various aspects of driving Use the object pronouns Use the irregular affirmative <i>tú</i> commands Use the irregular forms of present progressive Understand cultural perspectives on neighborhoods		7.1 NH.1.1 7.1 NH.1.2 7.1 NH.1.3 7.1 NH.2.1 7.1 NH.2.2 7.1 NH.3.1 7.1 NH.3.2 7.1 NH.4.1 7.1 NH.4.2 7.1 NH.4.2 7.1 NH.5.1
Performance Task Summary (Project):	<b>Authentic Assessment:</b>	
Students will create a poster that can be displayed in the classroom that	t	

reminds everyone of safe driving practices and special traffic signs they	Anticipatory set	
need to recognize. Students should include the following information in the poster: the traffic signs that are important, the instructions they give, their shape and their colors.	Journal writing Oral presentation Classroom participation	
	Listening exercises	
	Reading responses	
	Cloze exercises	

### Spanish II 4A – Cuando éramos niños

#### **Essential Question:**

What were your favorite childhood toys and games?

What were you like as a child?

What were your favorite activities?

What were your favorite songs and/or nursery rhymes?

What pets did you have when you were a child?

What do you remember about your grandparents?

Where do you used to take your vacation?

	Materials & Resources:	Vocabulary:
Enduring Understanding:  Students will use the imperfect tense to speak about past habitual actions in their childhood. They will be able to talk about the games and toys they enjoyed playing as a child. Students will be able to talk about pets they may have had, and things they did in the past that they no longer do today.	<ul> <li>Handouts</li> <li>Board</li> <li>Computers</li> <li>CD-Rom (Realidades 2)</li> <li>Video activities (Realidades 2)</li> <li>Smart board</li> <li>www.Phschool.com</li> <li>www.Studyspanish.com</li> </ul> Texts:	Names of toys  Names of animals  To discuss things you used to do  Names of places
	<ul> <li>Textbook (Realidades 2)</li> <li>Workbook (Realidades 2)</li> </ul>	To explain your actions  To describe what someone was like  Imperfect of <i>ir</i> , <i>jugar</i> , <i>ser</i> , <i>tener</i> ,  Indirect object
		pronouns

Discuss childhood, toys, and games Describe what you were like as a child Talk about activities that you used to do as a child Talk about toys, pets, and animals in fables Talk about celebrations and how you used to celebrate parties in childhood Talk about favorite fairy tales, fables, songs, etc. Understand cultural perspective on childhood songs	CCSS/NJCCCS  7.1 NH.1.1 7.1 NH.1.2 7.1 NH.1.3 7.1 NH.2.1 7.1 NH.2.1 7.1 NH.3.1 7.1 NH.3.2 7.1 NH.3.2 7.1 NH.4.1 7.1 NH.4.2 7.1 NH.4.2 7.1 NH.5.1	
Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	
Students will make a PowerPoint presentation explaining what they were like as a child. Students should include what their favorite toy was, what they played, with whom they played, what they were allowed to do and what they were not allowed to do.	Anticipatory set  Journal writing  Oral presentation  Classroom participation  Listening exercises  Reading responses  Cloze exercises	

### Spanish II 4B – Celebrando los días festivos

#### **Essential Question:**

What makes an event special? What do holidays reveal about cultural perspectives? How celebrating holidays affects our lives?

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

Students will use the imperfect and preterit tense to speak about past celebrations and holidays that impacted their childhood. Students will gain awareness of how celebrations change from culture to culture.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- HandoutsBoard
- Computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 2)
- Video activities (Realidades 2)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- Textbook (Realidades 2)
- Workbook (Realidades 2)

#### Vocabulary:

To talk about manners and customs

To talk about people

To talk about special events

To discuss the past

Use the preterit and imperfect to describe a situation

Reciprocal actions

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategi	ies:	Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS
Describe holiday celebrations  Falk about your family and relatives  Describe people, places, and situations in the past  Falk about how people interact  Falk about greetings and leave-talking  Falk about celebrations, family and social occasions, family members and friends  Falk about appropriate and inappropriate social etiquette  Falk about social customs  Je the preterit and imperfect tense to describe celebrations  Understand cultural perspectives on holidays and special events		7.1 NH.1.1 7.1 NH.1.2 7.1 NH.1.3 7.1 NH.2.1 7.1 NH.2.2 7.1 NH.3.1 7.1 NH.3.2 7.1 NH.4.1 7.1 NH.5.1 7.1 NH.5.1
Performance Task Summary (Project):	Authentic Assessment:	
Students will write an email to an imaginary pen pal who wants to know about their favorite holiday or celebration. Student must describe an event from their childhood which include:  What they did and what they used to do, where they would gather, what the event was like, who attended, and why they liked the event so much.	Anticipatory set  Journal writing  Oral presentation  Classroom participation  Listening exercises  Reading responses  Cloze exercises	

# Spanish II 5A – Un acto heroico

#### **Essential Question:**

How do you respond to an emergency?

How do you respond to a national disaster?

Have you ever experienced an accident, national disaster, emergency, and what was your reaction?

Do you watch the news and what is your reaction?

	Materials & Resources:	Vocabulary:
Enduring Understanding:  Students will talk about natural disasters and extreme weather conditions. Students will be able to use the preterit and imperfect tense to describe a natural disaster and emergency events.	- Handouts - Board - Computers - CD-Rom (Realidades 2) - Video activities (Realidades 2) - Smart board - www.Phschool.com - www.Studyspanish.com  Texts: - Textbook (Realidades 2) - Workbook (Realidades 2)	To talk about natural disasters and extreme weather conditions  To discuss the news  To talk about fires  To discuss rescues  To tell a story  Present of oir Preterite of oir, creer, leer, destruir

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategical Discuss emergencies, crises, rescues, and heroic acts Describe past situations and settings Describe weather conditions Speak about emergencies and rescues Talk about fires, fire evacuation, and natural disasters Talk about emergency service personnel, heroes, disaster relief efforts Talk about shelters, and furnishings How to sequence events in the past	ies:	Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS  7.1 NH.1.1 7.1 NH.1.2 7.1 NH.1.3 7.1 NH.2.1 7.1 NH.2.2 7.1 NH.3.1 7.1 NH.3.2 7.1 NH.3.2 7.1 NH.5.2
Performance Task Summary (Project):  Students will pretend to work at a local television station and they prepare a special news report about a fire that occurred in their town. One student is a reporter that is at the scene of the disaster and the other student is the anchor person interviewing the reporter about what happened.	Authentic Assessment:  Anticipatory set  Journal writing  Oral presentation  Classroom participation  Listening exercises  Reading responses  Cloze exercises	

### Spanish II 5B – Un accidente

#### **Essential Question:**

Have you ever been involved in an accident?

Have you ever had to go to the emergency room due to an accident?

Have you ever been the bystander of an accident and what was your reaction? What did you do?

Are you prepared to help in case of an accident?

<b>Enduring Understanding</b>	ıg:
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Students will talk about accidents and parts of the body affected by accidents, and types of treatments applied for certain medical conditions.

#### **Materials & Resources:**

- HandoutsBoard
- Computers
- CD-Rom (Realidades 2)
- Video activities (Realidades 2)
- Smart board
- www.Phschool.com
- www.Studyspanish.com

#### **Texts:**

- Textbook (Realidades 2)
- Workbook (Realidades 2)

#### Vocabulary:

To talk about treatments for medical conditions

To explain how an accident occurred

To name parts of the body

Other useful words and expressions

Preterite of venir, decir, traer, poner Imperfect progressive tense Present participles

Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:  Describe an accident scene Talk about injuries and treatments Talk about what they were doing when an accident occurred Talk about different types of accidents, possible injuries, and ambulance service Talk about emergency room visits, medical treatment Understand cultural perspectives on health		CCSS/NJCCCS  7.1 NH.1.1 when an accident occurred dents, possible injuries, and ambulance service 7.1 NH.1.2 7.1 NH.1.3 7.1 NH.1.3 7.1 NH.2.1	
Performance Task Summary (Project):  Students will report an accident that they saw outside the school building. Student must write a summary as documentation for the school. The summary should include names of the people involved, a description of the accident, time and place of the accident, a description of the injuries, and what type of assistance was offered to the victims.	Authentic Assessment:  Anticipatory set  Journal writing  Oral presentation  Classroom participation  Listening exercises  Reading responses  Cloze exercises		

### Spanish II 6A – ¿Viste el partido en la televisión?

#### **Essential Question:**

What makes you decide to watch one television show over other ones?

How has television change over the years?

How does television affect society?

Could you live without television? What would you do instead?

Does television bring families together or it divides families?

	Materials & Resources:	Vocabulary:	
Enduring Understanding:  Students will talk about different types of television programs and sports shows and be able to describe how they feel about them.	- Handouts - Board - Computers - CD-Rom (Realidades 2) - Video activities (Realidades 2) - Smart board - www.Phschool.com - www.Studyspanish.com  Texts:	To talk about a sporting event  To talk about a contest  To talk about how you feel	
	<ul><li>Textbook (Realidades 2)</li><li>Workbook (Realidades 2)</li></ul>	Other useful words  Preterite of –ir stem- changing verbs pedir, dormir	

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Objectives (Students will be able to apply the following skills/strategies:		Corresponding CCSS/NJCCCS
Talk about what they saw on television Express their opinion about TV programs Discuss different types of television programs available Discuss viewing habits and how these affect their lives Understand cultural perspectives on television programs in Spanish-speaking counties		7.1 NH.1.1 7.1 NH.1.2 7.1 NH.1.3 7.1 NH.2.1 7.1 NH.2.2 7.1 NH.3.1 7.1 NH.3.2 7.1 NH.4.2 7.1 NH.5.1
Performance Task Summary (Project):	<b>Authentic Assessment:</b>	7.1 NH.5.2
Students will look at the TV guide and find a program (preferably a Spanish program) they like to watch. They will try to convince other students to watch this show. The project must include the name and theme of the show, day and time, the channel in which the show appears, what the target audience is, actors or actresses. Additionally, students should explain what happened in the previous episode by using adjectives that describe the program. Students should state how they felt when they watched the program, and why they like this specific show.	Anticipatory set  Journal writing  Oral presentation  Classroom participation  Listening exercises  Reading responses  Cloze exercises	