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3.1—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL SALARY SCHEDULE

See salary schedule on next page.

Enter your District's salary schedule for this policy. State law requires each District to include its teacher salary schedule in its written personnel policies unless the District recognizes a teachers' union in its policies for, among other things, the negotiation of salaries. For the purposes of the salary schedule, a teacher will have worked a "year" if he/she works at least 120 days.¹

A teacher is eligible for placement on the master's degree salary schedule when he/she has a master's degree in an area that is considered relevant to the employee's position. For the purposes of this policy, a master's degree or higher is considered "relevant to the employee's position" if it is related to education, guidance counseling, or the teacher's content area and has been awarded for successful completion of a program at the master's level or higher.

Teachers who have earned a master's degree in an area that is considered relevant to the employee's position as defined in this policy are responsible for reporting and supplying a transcript to the district². The appropriate salary increase will be reflected in the next paycheck provided it is at least two weeks³ from the time the notice and documentation is delivered. All salary changes will be on a "go forward" basis, and no back pay will be awarded.

Teachers who have earned sufficient college hours toward a degree relevant to the teacher's employment to warrant a salary change on the district's salary schedule are responsible for reporting and supplying a transcript to district². The appropriate salary increase will be reflected in the next paycheck provided it is at least two weeks³ from the time the notice and documentation is delivered. All salary changes will be on a "go forward" basis, and no back pay will be awarded.

Alternative Licensure Program, no prior teaching license

Each employee newly hired by the district to teach under the alternative licensure program (ALP) shall initially be placed on the salary schedule in the category of a bachelor's degree with no experience, unless the ALP employee has previous teaching experience which requires a different placement on the schedule. Upon receiving his/her teaching license, the employee shall be moved to the position on the salary schedule that corresponds to the level of education degree earned by the employee. Employee's degrees which are not relevant to the ALP's position shall not apply when determining his/her placement on the salary schedule. An alternative licensed teacher shall be eligible for step increases with each successive year of employment, just as would a teacher possessing a traditional teaching license.

Licensed employee, seeking additional area or areas of licensure

Licensed employees who are working on an ALP to gain licensure in an additional area are entitled to placement on the salary schedule commensurate with their current license, level of education degree and years of experience. Degrees which are not relevant to the employee’s position shall not apply when determining his/her placement on the salary schedule.

Degree Upgrades

Additional hours that would result in a degree upgrade on the salary schedule must be turned in to the Superintendent’s Office before August 1st to be effective for the current school year.

Additional hours turned in before January 1st would be effective for the second semester only.

Official college transcripts are required for a degree upgrade.

Any additional hours turned in after January 1st will not take effect until August of the next school year.

Notes: A.C.A. § 6-11-129 requires employee contract information to be available on the district’s website and also identifies the contract items that must be redacted.

¹ Select the number of days your district chooses to use to qualify teachers to be eligible for a step increase. 120 days is merely a suggestion.

² Insert the title of the appropriate person.

³ Pick a period of time that works for your district. In selecting the length of time, consider your employee’s time to verify the transcript and execute the contract addendum. No change to pay should be made until the addendum has been issue and signed by all parties: the board president, secretary, and the employee.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-17-201, 202, 2402, 2403
A.C.A. § 6-18-708
A.C.A. § 6-20-2305(f)(4)

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised: June 14, 2011

3.2—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL EVALUATIONS

Evaluations of certified personnel shall be undertaken at least annually.

Any forms, procedures or other methods of evaluation, including criteria, are to be developed by the superintendent and his/her designee(s), but shall not be part of the personnel policies of the District.

Teacher evaluation in the Booneville Public School system uses a positive approach with emphasis on professional growth as well as focusing on improvement of the instructional program.

The personnel evaluation system has three main purposes:

- (1) To enhance the quality of education
- (2) To provide information for school personnel to improve
- (3) To provide information to serve as the basis for sound and defensible employment decisions.
 - (a) To provide the person being evaluated with clear indication of the expectations of the system with regard to job performance.
 - (b) To provide the individual being evaluated with clear feedback regarding the extent to which his/her performance is satisfactorily meeting those expectations.
 - (c) To provide the individual and the system with a clear indication of areas in which further preparation and support are needed to insure that those persons whose performance is not meeting expectations will have the opportunity to develop those skills needed to meet the expectations.
 - (d) To provide the school system with information needed to assess the effects and effectiveness of the various forms of preparation and support that are needed.
 - (e) To provide the school system with information needed to assist in making decisions regarding continue employment.

Probationary Teacher: A teacher or administrator who has not completed three successive years of employment in an Arkansas School District.

Non-Probationary Teacher: A teacher or administrator who has completed three successive years of employment in an Arkansas School District.

A fourth year may be added to that of a probationary teacher.

All teachers and/or administrators hired at Booneville Public Schools will be hired on probationary status.

A probationary teacher will have at least two formal (announced) observations and one informal (unannounced) observation each year. An additional observation(s) can be conducted according to need determined by either supervisor and/or teacher.

A non-probationary teacher shall have one formal (announced) evaluation and one informal (unannounced) evaluation.

Three drop-in evaluations may be used in lieu of the formal and informal evaluations for any non-probationary teacher. A written correspondence from the evaluator to the teacher shall follow each drop-in evaluation. The evaluator may or may not request a post-conference meeting with the teacher after a drop-in evaluation.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-1504

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised:

3.3—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL REDUCTION IN FORCE

The School Board acknowledges its authority to conduct a reduction in force (RIF) when a decrease in enrollment or other reason(s) make such a reduction necessary or desirable. A RIF will be conducted when the need for a reduction in work force exceeds the normal rate of attrition for that portion of the staff that is in excess of the needs of the district as determined by the superintendent.

In effecting a reduction in force, the primary goals of the school district shall be; what is in the best interests of the students; to maintain accreditation in compliance with the Standards of Accreditation for Arkansas Public Schools and/or the North Central Association; and the needs of the district. A reduction in force will be conducted by evaluating the needs and long-and short-term goals of the school district, and by examining the staffing of the district in each licensure area and/or, if applicable, specific grade levels.

If reduction in force becomes necessary in a licensure area or specific grade level(s), the RIF shall be conducted for each licensure area and/or specific grade level on the basis of each employee's points as determined by the schedule contained in this policy. The teacher with the fewest points will be laid off first. There is no right or implied right for any teacher to "bump" or displace any other teacher.

Points

- ◆ Years of service in the district – 1 point per year
All certified position years in the district count including non-continuous year
Service in any position not requiring teacher licensure does not count toward years of service.
- ◆ Graduate degree in the area of licensure applicable to credit of points (only the highest level of points apply)
 - 1 point-Master's degree
 - 2 points-Master's degree plus thirty additional hours
 - 3 points-Educational specialist degree
 - 4 points-Doctoral degree
- ◆ National Board of Professional Teaching Standards certification-3 points
- ◆ Additional academic content areas of endorsement as identified by the state board-1 point per area
- ◆ Certification for teaching in a state board identified shortage area-2 points
- Multiple areas and/or grade levels of licensure as identified by the state board-1 point per additional area or grade level as applicable. For example, a P-4 license or a 5-8 social studies license are each worth one point.

A teacher with full licensure in a position shall prevail over a teacher with greater points. All points awarded must be verified by documents on file with the District by October 1 of the current school year. Each teacher's points shall be totaled with teachers ranked by the total points from highest to lowest in the licensure areas in which they have been assigned within the last two years, including the current year. In the event that a teacher's assignment is different this school year from the previous school year, separate point totals shall be developed for each area of assignment. All teachers shall receive a listing of licensed personnel with corresponding point totals. Upon receipt of the list, each teacher has ten(10) working days within which to appeal his or her assignment of points with the superintendent whose decision shall be final.

In the event the district is involved in an annexation or consolidation, teachers from all the districts involved will be ranked according to years of service, licensure, degrees, and training. A year of teaching at an annexed or

consolidated district will be counted the same as a year at the receiving or resulting district. No credit for years of service will be given at other public or private schools, or for higher education or Educational Service Cooperative employment.

Pursuant to any reduction in force and as a part of it, the salaries of all teachers will be brought into compliance, by a partial RIF if necessary, with the receiving district's salary schedule and further adjustments made if length of contract or job assignments change.

Recall: Option 1¹

There shall be no right of recall for any teacher.

Recall: Option 2¹

If a teacher is non-renewed under this policy, he or she shall be offered an opportunity to fill a any vacancy for which he or she is required to hold a license as a condition of employment and for which he or she is qualified by virtue of education, license, or experience, as determined by the job requirements developed by the superintendent or designee, for a period of up to two (2) years. A teacher shall have the right to be recalled to a licensed position that is less than a 1.0 full time equivalent (FTE), has less authority or responsibility, or that has a lower compensation level, index or stipend. No teacher shall have any right to be recalled to any position that is for a longer contract period, has greater authority or responsibility, is for greater than the former FTE, or that is at a higher compensation level, index or stipend.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-2406

Date Adopted: July 12, 2005

Last Revised: June 14, 2011

3.4—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL CONTRACT — RETURN

An employee shall have thirty (30) days from the date of the receipt of his contract for the following school year in which to return the contract, signed, to the office of the Superintendent. The date of receipt of the contract shall be presumed to be the date of a cover memo which will be attached to the contract.

Failure of an employee to return the signed contract to the office of the Superintendent within thirty (30) days of the receipt of the contract shall operate as a resignation by the employee. No further action on the part of the employee, the Superintendent, or the School Board shall be required in order to make the employee's resignation final. ~~42~~

Note: ¹ The following language is offered as suggestive for the cover memo.

Attached please find your contract of employment for the (date/date) school year. Pursuant to Arkansas law, you have thirty (30) calendar days from the date of this memo to sign and return your contract of employment to the office of the Superintendent. According to personnel policy 3.5, the failure of an employee to sign and return his or her contract by the thirtieth (30th) day shall operate as a resignation, and steps will immediately begin to fill that vacated position for the next school-year.

²The paragraph is optional and works well for districts that get their contract renewals out well before school is out. However, for districts that issue contracts late, the paragraph serves as an additional opportunity (see 6-17-1506) for employees to get out of their contracts by simply declining to return them signed and thus activate the provisions of the second paragraph of the policy.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-1506(c)(1)

All certified staff must have the following items on file in the office before they can receive their first payment for services:

- a. An X-ray or skin test
- b. Social Security Number
- c. A signed copy of his/her contract
- d. Statement of number of dependents (9W-4 Form)
- e. Employment eligibility verification form
- f. Arkansas Teachers Certificate
- g. A complete transcript of college credits

All new employees must have on file in their personnel folder an Employment Certificate of A Drug Free Workplace (Publication 101-266—July 1993)

Contract renewal schedule is:

- a. January-Superintendent; Assistant Superintendent
- b. February-Principals; Athletic Director; Special Education Coordinator

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-1506 (c) (1)

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised: June 14, 2011

3.5— STAFF DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

The District shall develop and implement a plan for the professional development of its certified employees. The district's plan shall, in part, align district resources to address the

professional development activities identified in each school's ACSIP. The plan shall describe how the district's categorical funds will be used to address deficiencies in student performance and any identified academic achievement gaps between groups of students. At the end of each school year, the district shall evaluate the professional development activities' effectiveness in improving student performance and closing achievement gaps.

Each certified employee shall receive a minimum of sixty (60) hours of professional development annually to be fulfilled between July 1 and June 30 or June 1 and May 31.¹ Professional development hours earned in excess of sixty (60) in the designated year cannot be carried over to the next year. Certified employees who are prevented from obtaining the required professional development hours due to their illness or the illness of an immediate family member as defined in A.C.A. § 6-17- 1202 have until the end of the following school year to make up the deficient hours. Missed hours of professional development shall be made up with professional development that is substantially similar to that which was missed. This time extension does not absolve the employee from also obtaining the following year's required 60 hours of professional development.

The goal of all professional development activities shall be improved student achievement and academic performance that results in individual, school-wide, and system-wide improvement designed to ensure that all students demonstrate proficiency on the state criterion-referenced assessments. The district's professional development plan shall demonstrate scientifically research-based best practice, and shall be based on student achievement data and in alignment with the ADE Rules Governing Professional Development and current Arkansas code.

Teachers and administrators shall be involved in the design, implementation, and evaluation of the plan for their own professional development. The results of the evaluation made by the participants in each program shall be used to continuously improve the district's professional development offerings and to revise the school improvement plan.

Flexible professional development hours (flex hours) are those hours which an employee is allowed to substitute professional development activities, different than those offered by the district, but which still meet criteria of either the employee's Individual Improvement Plan or the school's ACSIP, or both. The district shall determine on an annual basis how many, if any, flex hours of professional development it will allow to be substituted for district scheduled professional development offerings. The determination may be made at an individual building, a grade, or by subject basis. The district administration and the building principal have the authority to require attendance at specific professional development activities. Employees must receive advance approval from the building principal for activities they wish to have qualify for flex professional development hours. To the fullest extent possible, professional development activities are to be scheduled and attended such that teachers do not miss their regular teaching assignments. Six (6) approved flex hours credited toward fulfilling the sixty (60) hour requirement shall equal one contract day. Hours of professional development earned by an employee that is not at the request of the district and is in excess of sixty (60) or not pre-approved by the building principal shall not be credited toward fulfilling the required number of contract days for that employee.² Hours earned that

count toward the required sixty (60) also count toward the required number of contract days for that employee. Employees shall be paid their daily rate of pay for professional development hours earned at the request of the district that necessitate the employee work more than the number of days required by their contract.

Teachers and administrators who, for any reason, miss part or all of any scheduled professional development activity they were required to attend, must make up the required hours in comparable activities which are to be pre-approved by the building principal.

To receive credit for his/her professional development activity each employee is responsible for obtaining and submitting documents of attendance, or completion for each professional development activity he/she attends. Documentation is to be submitted to the building principal or designee.

Teachers and administrators are required to obtain sixty (60) hours of approved professional development annually over a five-year period as part of licensure renewal requirements. At least six (6) of the sixty (60) annual hours shall be in the area of educational technology.

Teachers are required to receive at least two hours annually of their sixty (60) required hours of professional development designed to enhance their understanding of effective parental involvement strategies.

Teachers who provide instruction in Arkansas history shall receive at least two (2) hours of professional development in Arkansas history as part of the sixty (60) hours required annually.

Personnel who are likely to use automated external defibrillators shall receive the training required by Rule. Such training shall count toward the required annual hours of professional development.

At least once every three (3) years, persons employed as athletics coaches, shall receive training related to concussions, dehydration, or other health emergencies as well as students' health and safety issues related to environmental issues and communicable diseases.

All licensed personnel shall receive training related to child maltreatment within twelve (12) months of their initial licensure and/or the renewal of their license. The training curriculum shall be approved by the Arkansas Child Abuse/Rape/Domestic Violence Commission and may be substituted for the required hours of parental involvement on an hour-for-hour basis. For the purposes of this training, licensed personnel includes school social workers, psychologists, and nurses.

All licensed personnel shall receive training related to compliance with the district's antibullying policies.

Administrators are required to receive at least three hours annually of their sixty (60) required hours of professional development designed to enhance their understanding of effective parental involvement strategies and the importance of administrative leadership in setting expectations and creating a climate conducive to parental participation. Each administrator's professional development is required to also include training in data disaggregation, instructional leadership and fiscal management.

Teachers required by the superintendent, building principal, or their designee to take approved training related to teaching an advance placement class for a subject covered by the College Board and Educational Testing Service, shall receive up to thirty (30) hours of credit toward the sixty (60) hours of professional development required annually.

Certified personnel may earn up to twelve (12) hours of professional development for time they are required to spend in their instructional classroom, office or media center prior to the first day of student/teacher interaction **provided** the time is spent in accordance with the state law and current ADE rules that deal with professional development. The hours may be earned through online professional development approved by the ADE provided the professional development relates to the district's ASCIP and the teacher's professional growth plan.

Teachers are eligible to receive fifteen (15) professional development hours for a college course that meets the criteria identified in law and the applicable ADE rules. The board shall determine if the hours earned apply toward the required sixty (60). A maximum of thirty such (30) hours may be applied toward the sixty (60) hours of professional development required annually.

Employees who do not receive or furnish documentation of the required annual professional development jeopardize the accreditation of their school and academic achievement of their students. Failure of an employee to receive sixty (60) hours of professional development in any given year, unless due to illness as permitted by law, shall be grounds for disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Approved professional development activities may include conferences, workshops, institutes, individual learning, mentoring, peer coaching, study groups, National Board for Professional Teaching Standards Certification, distance learning, internships, district/school programs, and approved college/university course work. Professional development activities should be consistent with the objectives developed by the National Staff Development Council Standards.

Notes: ¹ The Rules Governing Professional Development 4.02 require the district to choose the option it will follow and "document" its choice. The documentation may be noted by the selection chosen for this policy and also in the district's "plan" for professional development required by A.C.A. § 6-17-704(c)(1).

² The number of contract days may vary between employees, but the concern here is with the number of contract days specified in each individual employee's contract.

Cross-Reference: Policy 3.6—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL EMPLOYEE TRAINING

Legal References: Arkansas State Board of Education: Standards of Accreditation 15.04

ADE Rules Governing Professional Development

A. C.A. § 6-10-122, 123

A.C.A. § 6-15-404(f)(2)

A.C.A. § 6-17-703

A.C.A. § 6-17-704

A.C.A. § 6-17-705

A.C.A. § 6-17-1202

A.C.A. § 6-15-1004(c)

A.C.A. § 6-15-1703

A.C.A. § 6-20-2303 (15)

A.C.A. § 6-61-133

Date Adopted: June 14, 2011

Last Revised: June 14, 2011

3.6—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL DRUG TESTING

Scope of Policy

Each person hired for a position which allows or requires that the employee operate any type of motor vehicle which is privately owned and operated for compensation, or which is owned, leased or otherwise operated by, or for the benefit of the District, and is operated for the transportation of children to or from school or school sponsored activity shall undergo a physical examination, including a drug test. Each person's initial employment for a job entailing a safety sensitive function is conditioned upon the district receiving a negative drug test result for that employee. The offer of employment is also conditioned upon the employee's signing an authorization for the request for information by the district from the Commercial Driver Alcohol and Drug Testing Database.

Methods of Testing

The collection, testing methods and standards shall be determined by the agency or other medical organizations chosen by the School Board to conduct the collection and testing of samples. The drug and alcohol testing is to be conducted by a laboratory certified pursuant to the most recent guidelines issued by the United States Department of Health and Human Services for such facilities. ("Mandatory Guidelines for Federal Workplace Drug Testing Programs").

Definition

Safety sensitive function includes:

- a) All time spent inspecting, servicing, and/or preparing the vehicle;
- b) All time spent driving the vehicle;
- c) All time spent loading or unloading the vehicle or supervising the loading or unloading of the vehicle; and
- d) All time spent repairing, obtaining assistance, or remaining in attendance upon a disabled vehicle.

Requirements

Employees shall be drug and alcohol free from the time the employee is required to be ready to work until the employee is relieved from the responsibility for performing work and/or any time they are performing a safety-sensitive function. In addition to the testing required as an initial condition of employment, employees shall submit to subsequent drug tests as required by law and/or regulation. Subsequent testing includes, and/or is triggered by, but is not limited to:

1. Random tests;
2. Testing in conjunction with an accident;
3. Receiving a citation for a moving traffic violation; and
4. Reasonable suspicion.

Prohibitions

- A. No driver shall report for duty or remain on duty requiring the performance of safety-sensitive functions while having an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or greater;
- B. No driver shall use alcohol while performing safety-sensitive functions;
- C. No driver shall perform safety-sensitive functions within four (4) hours after using alcohol;
- D. No driver required to take a post-accident alcohol test under # 2 above shall use alcohol for eight (8) hours following the accident or until he/she undergoes a post-accident alcohol test, whichever occurs first;
- E. No driver shall refuse to submit to an alcohol or drug test in conjunction with # 1, 2, and/or 4 above;
- F. No driver shall report for duty or remain on duty requiring the performance of safety-sensitive functions when using any controlled substance, except when used pursuant to the instructions of a licensed medical practitioner, knowledgeable of the driver's job responsibilities, who has advised the driver that the substance will not adversely affect the driver's ability to safely operate his/her vehicle. It is the employee's responsibility to inform his/her supervisor of the employee's use of such medication;
- G. No driver shall report for duty, remain on duty, or perform a safety-sensitive function if the driver tests positive or has adulterated or substituted a test specimen for controlled substances.

Violation of any of these prohibitions may lead to disciplinary action being taken against the employee, which could include termination or non-renewal.

Testing for Cause

Drivers involved in an accident in which there is a loss of another person's life shall be tested for alcohol and controlled substances as soon as practicable following the accident. Drivers shall also be tested for alcohol within eight (8) hours and for controlled substances within thirty two (32) hours following an accident for which they receive a citation for a moving traffic violation if the accident involved: 1) bodily injury to any person who, as a result of the injury, immediately receives medical treatment away from the scene of the accident, or 2) one or more motor vehicles incurs disabling damage as a result of the accident requiring the motor vehicle to be transported away from the scene by a tow truck or other motor vehicle.

Refusal to Submit

Refusal to submit to an alcohol or controlled substance test means that the driver

- Failed to appear for any test within a reasonable period of time as determined by the employer consistent with applicable Department of Transportation agency regulation;
- Failed to remain at the testing site until the testing process was completed;
- Failed to provide a urine specimen for any required drug test;
- Failed to provide a sufficient amount of urine without an adequate medical reason for the failure;
- Failed to undergo a medical examination as directed by the Medical Review Officer as part of the verification process for the previous listed reason;
- Failed or declined to submit to a second test that the employer or collector has directed the driver to take;
- Failed to cooperate with any of the testing process; and/or
- Adulterated or substituted a test result as reported by the Medical Review Officer.

Consequences for Violations

Drivers who engage in any conduct prohibited by this policy, who refuse to take a required drug or alcohol test, refuse to sign the request for information required by law, or who exceed the acceptable limits for the respective tests shall no longer be allowed to perform safety-sensitive functions. Actions regarding their continued employment shall be taken in relation to their inability to perform these functions and could include termination or non-renewal of their contract of employment.²

Drivers who exhibit signs of violating the prohibitions of this policy relating to alcohol or controlled substances shall not be allowed to perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions if they exhibit those signs during, just preceding, or just after the period of the work day that the driver is required to be in compliance with the provisions of this policy. This action shall be based on specific, contemporaneous, articulatable observations concerning the behavior, speech, or body odors of the driver. The Superintendent or his/her designee shall require the driver to submit to “reasonable suspicion” tests for alcohol and controlled substances. The direction to submit to such tests must be made just before, just after, or during the time the driver is performing safety-sensitive functions. If circumstances prohibit the testing of the driver the Superintendent or his/her designee shall remove the driver from reporting for, or remaining on, duty for a minimum of 24 hours from the time the observation was made triggering the driver’s removal from duty.

If the results for an alcohol test administered to a driver is equal to or greater than 0.02, but less than 0.04, the driver shall be prohibited from performing safety-sensitive functions for a period not less than 24 hours from the time the test was administered. Unless the loss of duty time triggers other employment consequence policies, no further other action against the driver is authorized by this policy for test results showing an alcohol concentration of less than 0.04.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-19-108
A.C.A. § 27-23-201 et seq.
49 C.F.R. § 382-101 – 605
49 C.F.R. § part 40
Arkansas Division of Academic Facilities and Transportation Rules Governing
Maintenance and Operations of Arkansas Public School Buses and Physical
Examinations of School Bus Drivers

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002
Last Revised: June 12, 2007

3.7—DRUG FREE SCHOOLS AND COMMUNITIES

The conduct of district staff plays a vital role in the social and behavioral development of our students. It is equally important that the staff have a safe, healthful, and professional environment in which to work. To help promote both interests, the district shall have a drug free workplace. It is, therefore, the district's policy that district employees are prohibited from the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of controlled substances, illegal drugs, inhalants, alcohol, as well as inappropriate or illegal use of prescription drugs. Such actions are prohibited both while at work or in the performance of official duties while off district property; violations of this policy will subject the employee to discipline, up to and including termination.

To help promote a drug free workplace, the district shall establish a drug-free awareness program to inform employees about the dangers of drug abuse in the workplace, the district's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace, any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance abuse programs, and the penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations. Such services are available from the following sources

Alcoholic Anonymous Intergroup Offices	479-783-0123
Gateway House, Inc.	479.783-8849
Harbor House, Inc.	479-785-4083
Harbor View Mercy Hospital	479-484-5500
Sparks Care Unit	479-441-5500
Western Arkansas Counseling & Guidance	1-800-542-1031

Should any employee be found to have been under the influence of, or in illegal possession of, any illegal drug or controlled substance, whether or not engaged in any school or school-related activity, and the behavior of the employee, if under the influence, is such that it is inappropriate for a school employee in the opinion of the superintendent, the employee may be subject to discipline, up to and including termination. This policy also applies to those employees who are under the influence of alcohol while on campus or at school-sponsored functions, including athletic events.

An employee living on campus or on school owned property is permitted to possess alcohol in his/her residence. The employee is bound by the restrictions stated in this policy while at work or performing his/her official duties.

Possession, use or distribution of drug paraphernalia by any employee, whether or not engaged in school or school-related activities, may subject the employee to discipline, up to and including termination. Possession in one's vehicle or in an area subject to the employee's control will be considered to be possession as though the substance were on the employee's person.

It shall not be necessary for an employee to test at a level demonstrating intoxication by any substance in order to be subject to the terms of this policy. Any physical manifestation of being under the influence of a substance may subject an employee to the terms of this policy. Those physical manifestations include, but are not limited to: unsteadiness; slurred speech; dilated or constricted pupils; incoherent and/or irrational speech; or the presence of an odor associated with a prohibited substance on one's breath or clothing.

Should an employee desire to provide the District with the results of a blood, breath or urine analysis, such results will be taken into account by the District only if the sample is provided within a time range that could provide meaningful results and only by a testing agency chosen or approved by the District. The District shall not request that the employee be tested, and the expense for such voluntary testing shall be borne by the employee.

Any employee who is charged with a violation of any state or federal law relating to the possession, use or distribution of illegal drugs, other controlled substances or alcohol, or of drug paraphernalia, must notify his immediate supervisor within five (5) week days (i.e., Monday through Friday, inclusive, excluding holidays) of being so charged. The supervisor who is notified of such a charge shall notify the Superintendent immediately.

If the supervisor is not available to the employee, the employee shall notify the Superintendent within the five (5) day period.

Any employee so charged is subject to discipline, up to and including termination. However, the failure of an employee to notify his supervisor or the Superintendent of having been so charged shall result in that employee being recommended for termination by the Superintendent.

Any employee convicted of any criminal drug statute violation for an offense that occurred while at work or in the performance of official duties while off district property shall report the conviction within 5 calendar days to the superintendent. Within 10 days of receiving such notification, whether from the employee or any other source, the district shall notify federal granting agencies from which it receives funds of the conviction. Compliance with these requirements and prohibitions is mandatory and is a condition of employment.

Any employee convicted of any state or federal law relating to the possession, use or distribution of illegal drugs, other controlled substances, or of drug paraphernalia, shall be recommended for termination.

Any employee who must take prescription medication at the direction of the employee's physician, and who is impaired by the prescription medication such that he cannot properly perform his duties shall not report for duty. Any employee who reports for duty and is so impaired, as determined by his supervisor, will be sent home. The employee shall be given sick leave, if owed any. The District or employee will provide transportation for the employee, and the employee may not leave campus while operating any vehicle. It is the responsibility of the employee to contact his physician in order to adjust the medication, if possible, so that the employee may return to his job unimpaired. Should the employee attempt

to return to work while impaired by prescription medications, for which the employee has a prescription, he will, again, be sent home and given sick leave, if owed any. Should the employee attempt to return to work while impaired by prescription medication a third time the employee may be subject to discipline, up to and including a recommendation of termination.

Any employee who possesses, uses, distributes or is under the influence of a prescription medication obtained by a means other than his own current prescription shall be treated as though he was in possession, possession with intent to deliver, or under the influence, etc. of an illegal substance. An illegal drug or other substance is one which is (a) not legally obtainable; or (b) one which is legally obtainable, but which has been obtained illegally. The District may require an employee to provide proof from his physician and/or pharmacist that the employee is lawfully able to receive such medication. Failure to provide such proof, to the satisfaction of the Superintendent, may result in discipline, up to and including a recommendation of termination.

Legal References: 41 USC § 702, 703, and 706

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised: June 9, 2009

3.7F—BOONEVILLE SCHOOLS CERTIFIED CERTIFICATE REGARDING DRUG FREE SCHOOLS AND COMMUNITIES

As required by section 5145 of the Drug-Free Schools and communities Act as added by Section 22 of the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1987 (P.L. 101-226).

I certify that I will not engage in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance/alcohol while working at any Booneville School District function.

I further certify that I have received a copy of the Booneville School District's statement regarding the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988.

I also certify that I have received materials informing me about:

1. The danger of drug abuse in the workplace.
2. The Booneville School District's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace.
3. Drug counseling and drug rehabilitation assistance programs available in this area.
4. The penalties that may be imposed by Booneville School District for drug abuse violations in the workplace.

Signature of Employee

Social Security Number

Work Location

Date Signed

3.8—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL SICK LEAVE

Definitions

1. “Employee” is a full-time employee of the District.
2. “Sick Leave” is absence from work due to illness, whether by the employee or a member of the immediate family, (teacher’s spouse, children, grandchildren, parent, grandparent, siblings, spouse’s parents, and other living in the same household of the teacher). It shall apply to employee in the event of death of spouse, parents, spouse’s parents, grandparents, children, grandchildren, brothers, sisters, aunts, uncles, nieces and nephews.
3. Sick leave covers the birth of an employee’s child or grandchild or the adoption of a child by the employee.
4. “Current Sick Leave” means those days of sick leave for the current contract year, which leave is granted at the rate of one day of sick leave per contracted month, or major part thereof.
5. “Accumulated Sick Leave” is the total of unused sick leave, up to a maximum of ninety (90) days accrued from previous contract, but not used.

Sick Leave

The principal has the discretion to approve sick leave for an employee to attend the funeral of a person who is not related to the employee, under circumstances deemed appropriate by the principal. Such approved sick leave shall not exceed one-half day.

Employees who are adopting or seeking to adopt a minor child or minor children may use up to 15 sick leave days in any school year for absences relating to the adoption, including time needed for travel, time needed for home visits, time needed for document translation, submission or preparation, time spent with legal or adoption agency representatives, time spent in court and bonding time. Except for bonding time, documentation shall be provided by the employee upon request.¹

Pay for sick leave shall be at the employee’s daily rate of pay, which is that employee’s total contracted salary, divided by the number of days employed as reflected in the contract. Absences for illness in excess of the employee’s accumulated and current sick leave shall result in a deduction from the employee’s pay at the daily rate as defined above.

At the discretion of the principal (or Superintendent), the District may require a written statement of the employee’s physician. Failure to provide such documentation of illness may result in sick leave not being paid, or in dismissal.

Should a teacher be absent frequently during a school year, and if such a pattern of absences continues, or is reasonably expected to continue, the Superintendent may relieve the teacher of his assignment (with Board

approval) and assign the teacher substitute duty at the teacher's daily rate of pay. Should the teacher fail, or otherwise be unable, to report for substitute duty when called, the teacher will be charged a day of sick leave, if available.

Excessive absenteeism, whatever the cause, to the extent that the employee is not carrying out his assigned duties to an extent that the education of students is substantially adversely affected (at the determination of the principal or Superintendent) may result in dismissal.

Computation of days of sick leave :

- A. Sick leave shall accumulate at the rate of one day per month contracted minus the number of days used. (Number of days will be added at the beginning of the contract year.)
- B. After the teacher has used his/her sick leave days, only the substitute's salary will be deducted for the next fifteen days.
- C. Sick leave days become effective on the date the teacher is required to report for the beginning of the fall term of school.
- D. Teachers coming into the system during the academic school year will automatically have accumulated sick leave at the rate of one day each month remaining in their school contract year. The Booneville School District will grant credit up to 90 days of unused sick leave from a teacher employed from a school district within the state.

Salaries During Absences/Sick Leave

- 1. A teacher's salary shall continue during authorized absences/sick leave under this policy.
- 2. When claiming sick leave, the teacher must complete a sick leave form upon his/her return to school and file with the principal.
- 3. Teachers will be paid for unused sick leave above 90 days at the end of the school year at the current rate of beginning substitute's pay.
- 4. Upon retirement, as outlined by the teacher retirement system, a teacher will be paid his/her accumulated unused sick leave at the rate of the current beginning substitute pay.

Sick Leave Sharing

Accumulated sick leave by an employee of the Booneville School District shall be made available to a spouse who is also an employee of the district, providing that spouse is also eligible for any level of sick leave benefits, subject to the conditions of this policy.

Transfer of Days

Sick leave days may be transferred from employee to spouse as needed due to illness of the employee, illness of an immediate family member as defined in the sick leave policy, or death of an immediate family member as defined in the sick leave policy. The transfer must be requested through use of the form provided and shall indicate the exact number of days requested to be transferred, along with a statement describing the need for the transfer.

Limitations

- Extended sick leave days shall not be transferred.
- Only accrued days from prior years may be transferred.
- The employee retains at least the current year's sick leave benefits in his/her own account.
- Days transferred from employee to spouse may not result in the receiving spouse having paid unused sick leave at the end of the year.
- Days transferred from employee to spouse may not result in the receiving spouse having paid unused sick leave upon retirement or resignation.

Sick Leave and Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) Leave

When an employee takes sick leave, the district shall determine if the leave qualifies for FMLA leave. The district may request additional information from the employee to help make the applicability¹² determination. If the leave qualifies under the FMLA, the district will notify the employee, either orally or in writing²³, of the decision within two workdays. If the leave is intermittent as defined in this policy and the circumstances of the leave don't change, the district is only required to notify the employee once of the determination regarding the applicability of sick leave and/or FMLA leave. To the extent the employee has accrued paid leave, any leave taken that qualifies for FMLA leave shall be paid leave and charged against the employee's accrued leave.

Notes: This policy is similar to Policy 8.5. If you change this policy, review 8.5 at the same time to ensure applicable consistency between the two.

¹ This paragraph is optional. If you choose to include it, select the number of days of sick leave an employee may use annually for the adoption/bonding process (15 is not a required number of days). Also note that an employee who uses such leave would also have the leave subtracted from the annual number of days available for FMLA leave (Policy 3.32).

² As used in this policy, "applicable" is a very important word. Some leave taken under FMLA also applies to sick leave and therefore, the employee will get paid for the leave to the extent the employee has sick leave accrued. Other leave taken under FMLA is not applicable to sick leave and therefore the FMLA leave is unpaid. For instance, "applicable leave" in terms of time taken under FMLA due to the birth of a child will vary depending on the language in your district's policy on sick leave. For instance, if sick leave may be taken "for reason of personal illness or illness in the immediate family" (based on the statutory definition in 6-17-1202, and an employee gives birth to a child, she may take sick leave for the amount of time that her personal physician deems it necessary for her to physically recover from childbirth. Once the

medically necessary time has passed, sick leave is no longer appropriate and cannot be used. While under the FMLA, the employee could take additional time off work, she would need to take unpaid FMLA leave for this purpose, unless she had personal days or vacation days available. However, if your district has a much more liberal definition of sick leave in district policy, the results could be entirely different. Another example would be the potential for overlap between pregnancy complications that arise to the level of a “serious health condition.” For instance, pregnancy complications that rose to the level of a “serious health condition” would qualify for both, while missing work for a dentist’s appointment would qualify for sick leave, but would not qualify for FMLA leave. Consult policy 3.32—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE when making the determination of what sick leave qualifies under both policies. It may also be helpful to consult 29 CFR 825.114 which is attached at the end of that policy.

³ If the notice is oral, it must be confirmed in writing no later than the following payday (unless the payday is less than one week after the notice, in which case the notice must be no later than the subsequent payday). The written notice may be in any form, including a notation on the employee’s pay stub.

Cross Reference: Policy 3.32—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-17-1201 et seq.
29 USC §§ 2601 et seq.
29 CFR 825.100 et seq.

Date Adopted: June 14, 2011

Last Revised:

3.9—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL PLANNING TIME

A master schedule shall be created by the building level principal or designee indicating when each teacher’s planning period and scheduled lunch period will be. Planning time is for the purpose of scheduling conferences, instructional planning, and preparation. Each teacher will have the ability to schedule these activities during his/her designated planning time. Teachers may not leave campus during their planning time without prior permission from their building level supervisor.

The planning time shall be in increments of not less than forty(40) minutes and shall occur during the student instructional day unless a teacher requests in writing, to have his/her planning time occur outside of the student instructional day. For the purposes of this policy, the student instructional day means the time that students are required to be present at school.

Legal Reference: ACA § 6-17-114 (a)(d)

Date Adopted: July 12, 2005

Last Revised:

3.10—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL PERSONAL LEAVE

Full-time employees have two (2) days of personal leave per contract year. An employee may take personal leave when he must be absent from work for reasons which do not entitle the employee to take sick leave.

Any employee desiring to take personal leave may do so by making a written request to his supervisor at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to the time of the requested leave. The twenty-four hour requirement may be waived by the supervisor when the supervisor deems it appropriate.

If a teacher is absent because of personal reasons for more than two allowed days, additional personal day(s) may be requested, and if approved, the substitute's pay will be deducted from the teacher's salary at the substitute's rate of pay.

Personal leaves and/or absences by a teacher above the two days allowed by the district that have not been approved will cause a salary deduction from the teacher's salary in the sum equal to $1/n$ th (where 'n' represents number of contract days) of yearly salary for each day absent.

Employees who fail to report to work when their request for a personal day has been denied or who have exhausted their allotted personal days, shall lose their daily rate of pay for the day(s) missed (leave without pay). While there are instances where personal circumstances necessitate an employee's absence beyond the allotted days of sick and/or personal leave, any employee who requires leave without pay must receive advance permission (except in medical emergencies) from their immediate supervisor. Failure to report to work without having received permission to be absent is grounds for discipline, up to and including termination.

Personal leave does not accumulate from one contract year to the next.

Personal leave may not be taken the day before or the day after a holiday.

Personal leave will not be granted on days designated as waiver days or staff development days.

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised: June 12, 2007

3.11—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL PROFESSIONAL LEAVE

"Professional Leave" is paid leave granted for the purpose of enabling an employee to participate in professional activities (e.g., teacher workshops or serving on professional committees) which improve the instructional program or the employee's ability to perform his duties.

During such approved leave, the employee's pay shall not be deducted. If a substitute is needed during such approved leave, the District shall pay the full cost of the substitute.

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002
Last Revised:

3.12—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL PUBLIC OFFICE

An employee of the District who is elected to the Arkansas General Assembly or any elective or appointive public office (not legally constitutionally inconsistent with employment by a public school district) shall not be discharged or demoted as a result of such service.

No paid leave will be granted for the employee's participation in such public office. The employee may receive pay for personal leave or vacation (if applicable), if approved in advance by the Superintendent, during his absence.

Prior to taking leave, and as soon as possible after the need for such leave is discerned by the employee, he must make written request for leave to the Superintendent, setting out, to the degree possible, the dates such leave is needed.

An employee who fraudulently requests sick leave for the purpose of taking leave to serve in public office may be subject to nonrenewal or termination of his employment contract.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-115,

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002
Last Revised:

3.13—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL JURY DUTY

Employees are not subject to discharge, loss of sick leave, loss of vacation time or any other penalty due to absence from work for jury duty, upon giving reasonable notice to the District through the employee's immediate supervisor.

The employee must present the original (not a copy) summons to jury duty to his supervisor in order to confirm the reason for the requested absence.

The employee who is required to participate, as a juror shall be counted present for their employment and shall receive full pay per contract day.

If the employee is dismissed from jury duty or not selected as a juror, he/she will need to return to school to their job responsibilities if time permits.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 16-31-106

Date Adopted: June 12, 2002
Last Revised:

3.14—SUBPOENA/COURT APPEARANCE

When an employee is notified he/she has been subpoenaed, he/she shall notify the building principal/appropriate supervisor. The building principal/appropriate supervisor along with the superintendent will determine if the time away from school can be counted as professional personal leave or personal leave.

Date: June 11, 2002
Date Revised

3.15—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL LEAVE — INJURY FROM ASSAULT

Any teacher, while in the course of their employment, who is injured by an assault or other violent act; while intervening in a student fight; while restraining a student; or while protecting a student from harm, shall be granted a leave of absence for up to one (1) year from the date of the injury, with full pay.

A leave of absence granted under this policy shall not be charged to the teacher's sick leave.

In order to obtain leave under this policy, the teacher must present documentation of the injury from a physician, with an estimate for time of recovery sufficient to enable the teacher to return to work, and written statements from witnesses (or other documentation as appropriate to a given incident) to prove that the incident occurred in the course of the teacher's employment.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-1209

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002
Last Revised:

3.16—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL REIMBURSEMENT FOR PURCHASE OF SUPPLIES

Prekindergarten through sixth grade teachers shall be allotted the amount required by law per student enrolled in the teacher's class to be used for the purchase of classroom supplies and class activities. The amount shall be credited to an account from which the teacher shall be reimbursed for his/her covered purchases to the extent funds are available in the account.

Teachers may purchase supplies and supplementary materials from the district at the district's cost to take advantage of the school's bulk buying power. To do so, teachers shall complete and have approved by their principal/appropriate supervisor a purchase order for supplies which will then be purchased on their behalf by the school and subtracted from their total supply and material allocation. Teachers may also purchase materials and supplies using their own funds and apply for reimbursement by submitting itemized receipts. Supplies and materials purchased with school funds, or for which the teacher is reimbursed with school funds, are school property, and should remain on school property.

Reimbursement requests submitted by the first of the month will be processed between the 15th and 20th of the month.

Unused allotments shall not be carried over from one fiscal year to the next.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-21-303(b)(1)

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised: March 29, 2004

3.17—INSULT OR ABUSE OF CERTIFIED PERSONNEL

Employees are protected from abusive language and conduct by state law. An employee may report to the police any language which is calculated to:

1. Cause a breach of the peace;
2. Materially and substantially interfere with the operation of the school; and/or
3. Arouse the person to whom the language is addressed to anger, to the extent likely to cause imminent retaliation.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-106

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised:

3.18—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT

An employee of the District may not be employed in any other capacity during regular working hours.

An employee may not accept employment outside of his district employment which will interfere, or otherwise be incompatible with the District employment, including normal duties outside the regular work day; nor shall an employee accept other employment which is inappropriate for an employee of a public school.

The Superintendent, or his designee(s), shall be responsible for determining whether outside employment is incompatible, conflicting or inappropriate.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-24-106, 107, 111

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised

3.19—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL EMPLOYMENT

All prospective employees must fill out an application form provided by the District, in addition to any resume provided, all of which information is to be placed in the personnel file of those employed.

If the employee provides false or misleading information, or if he withholds information to the same effect, it may be grounds for dismissal.

The Booneville School District is an equal opportunity employer and shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, age, or disability.

Employment of all school personnel except the superintendent shall be on nomination by the superintendent.

As positions become available/open/new, the appropriate principal/supervisor will see that the information is posted to inform teachers/staff.

Employment procedure of certified personnel:

- a. principal/immediate supervisor will review applicant, application and conduct interviews
- b. principal/immediate supervisor will recommend three (if available) to the superintendent
- c. superintendent will then interview applicants that have been recommended and additional applicants if deemed necessary
- d. superintendent will make recommendation to the school board

Employment will be based on the following:

- a. Certification requirements
- b. Experience and performance
- c. Personal interviews
- d. Background check

Should the school board reject a person nominated by the superintendent, it shall be the duty of the superintendent to submit another nomination for consideration.

It is the policy of the Booneville School District to pay the fee required for the Criminal Record Check (background check) required before employing a new certified employee. (The state will pay for the background check only when a teacher is renewing an expired teacher's license-certificate).

Qualifications

1. All teachers shall possess the qualifications set by the state Department of Education and/or N.C.A. of Colleges and Secondary Schools.
2. A teacher must hold at least a bachelor's degree except in case of emergency. If a teacher is deficient, he/she may retain the teaching position for the following year if they are working an approved deficiency plan through the state department.
3. Teachers must be known to be good citizens and have high moral standards.
4. All members of the professional staff must belong to the Arkansas Teacher Retirement System.
5. All teachers of the district are covered by Social Security.

6. All teachers of the district are covered by Arkansas Workman's Compensation Laws.
7. All full time teachers are offered a Major Medical Group Policy jointly paid for by the school district and teacher. The same Major Medical Policy is available at special rates for spouse/dependents of full-time teachers.

Placement

Teachers may be assigned, reassigned, or transferred by the superintendent to position/subjects for whom they are best qualified. An effort will be made to honor teacher preference in assignments.

Prior Years of Private School Service

Credit will be given for years of service from a private school when employee can show they have bought back years of service for retirement purposes.

Date Adopted: June 12, 2002

Last Revised: March 29, 2004

3.20—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL REIMBURSEMENT OF TRAVEL EXPENSES

The requirements of this policy shall govern reimbursement for expenses related to travel and/or attendance at conferences and professional development activities incurred by district employees and/or members of the Board of Directors on behalf of the district. Employees are only eligible for reimbursement for travel expenses which have been approved in advance. Original receipts must accompany all requests for reimbursement to the extent that such receipts are customarily available. For a receipt to be valid it should contain the name of the issuing company, the date, and the amount. No cash advances shall be made for travel. Mileage, lodging, and meal expenses will not be reimbursed when incurred for the personal convenience of the employee and not required by the reason for the travel. Reimbursement for travel shall be for the lesser of the cost between travel by air or by car with some consideration allowed for length of time of the method of travel.

To the extent practicable, employees shall have the district pay initial conference and professional development registration fees and associated necessary materials. In the occasional circumstances where this is not practical, the district shall reimburse the employee for such fees if they were authorized in advance and are supported with proper receipts.

The district will not reimburse expenses of any non-school board member or non-employee who accompanies the school board member or employee during his/her school related travel.

Reimbursable Expenses

Mileage that is driven for a district sanctioned purpose in an employee's personal vehicle shall be reimbursed provided appropriate documentation is submitted establishing the date and time, place and purpose of the travel. Mileage shall be reimbursed at the current rate authorized by the state/IRS and shall be based on the shortest, most reasonable route available.

Meals may be reimbursed for travel which necessitates an overnight stay when submitted according to the dictates of this policy. Reimbursement shall be prorated based on the percent of a day the employee is away on travel. For example, if an employee returns from his/her travel in the afternoon, he/she is only eligible for

reimbursement for breakfast and lunch expenditures. Meals shall be reimbursed for the actual expense to the extent that they are not lavish and are reasonable based on circumstances. Except as otherwise specified by this policy, meals are only reimbursable in conjunction with travel requiring an overnight stay.

Meal expenses incurred by the superintendent or other administrators as necessary, in the performance of their duties when meeting with state officials or consultants may be reimbursed on a prorated, per person basis in line with the mandates of this policy. Such expenses shall only be reimbursed when the expenditure is likely to result in a tangible benefit to the district.

Travel necessitating overnight lodging shall be reimbursed to the extent that it is not lavish and is reasonable based on circumstances of the expenditure. Proper documentation establishing the date and time, place and purpose of the travel must be submitted along with a receipt for the overnight accommodations. To the extent practicable, employees shall receive assistance from administrators or their designee in arranging travel plans to help keep expenses to a minimum.

Expenses Not Covered

The district shall not reimburse the following items/categories of expenses:

- *Alcoholic beverages
 - *Entertainment expenses – including sports or sporting events, pay per view or game expenses at motels
 - *Replacement due to loss or theft
 - *Discretionary expenses for items such as clothing or gifts
 - *Medical expenses incurred while on route to or from or at the destination of the reason for the travel
 - *Optional or supplementary insurance obtained by the employee for the period covered during the travel
- And
- *Tips, other than those required by the source of the expense: eg. A restaurant which adds the tip to the bill for all groups of six or more.

Credit Cards

Only those employees specifically issued credit cards to be used in the performance of their jobs to purchase goods, services or supplies on behalf of the district shall be allowed to use such cards. Employees who incur reimbursable expenses as defined in this policy are expected to pay for them initially by any means they choose and then submit their request for reimbursement. The district assumes no responsibility for the payment of any personal credit card charges incurred by a district employee.

Airport Associated Expenses

Receipts for airport associated expenses are required for reimbursement. All airline flights shall be by coach/economy class. Upon arrival at their destination, employees are expected to take the less expensive option between a taxi and an airport shuttle to his/her hotel or meeting site. When circumstances dictate that a rental car is necessary and/or the most economical approach to the travel requirements, the least expensive car that will accomplish the job should be rented. The district shall not reimburse for any kind of rental car supplemental insurance.

The provisions of policy 7.12—EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT are incorporated by reference into this policy.

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised: June 14, 2011

3.21—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL TOBACCO USE

Smoking or the use of tobacco, or products containing tobacco in any form, in or on any property owned or leased by the district, including buses or other school vehicles, is prohibited.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-21-609

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised:

3.22—DRESS OF CERTIFIED EMPLOYEES

In order to establish high standards for Booneville Public Schools, it is important to maintain neatness, cleanliness and decency in the dress of the staff. Employees shall ensure that their dress and appearance are professional and appropriate to their positions.

During the regular school year, school personnel will not wear shorts unless they are a coach or P.E. instructor. Coaches or P.E. instructors will only wear shorts in the gym or on the field/playground. Coaches/P.E. instructors will cover shorts with wind pants or warm ups when shorts are worn any place other than the court, field or any playground.

Pants of any kind must be below the knee.

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised: July 15, 2003

3.23—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL POLITICAL ACTIVITY

Employees are free to engage in political activity outside of work hours and to the extent that it does not affect the performance of their duties or adversely affect important working relationships.

It is specifically forbidden for employees to engage in political activities on the school grounds or during work hours. The following activities are forbidden on school property:

1. Using students for preparation or dissemination of campaign materials;
2. Distributing political materials;
3. Distributing or otherwise seeking signatures on petitions of any kind;
4. Posting political materials; and

5. Discussing political matters with students, in or out of the classroom, in other than circumstances appropriate to the nature of the class.

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised:

3.24—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL DEBTS

All employees are expected to meet their financial obligations. If an employee writes “hot” checks or has his income garnished, dismissal may result.

An employee will not be dismissed for having been the subject of one (1) garnishment. However, a second or third garnishment may result in dismissal.

At the discretion of the Superintendent, he or his designee may meet with an employee who has received a second garnishment for the purpose of warning the employee that a third garnishment will result in a recommendation of dismissal to the School Board.

At the discretion of the Superintendent, a second garnishment may be used as a basis for a recommended dismissal. The Superintendent may take into consideration other factors in deciding whether to recommend dismissal based on a second garnishment. Those factors may include, but are not limited to, the amount of the debt, the time between the first and the second garnishment, and other financial problems which come to the attention of the District.

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised:

3.25—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL GRIEVANCES

The purpose of this policy is to provide an orderly process for employees to resolve, at the lowest possible level, their concerns related to the personnel policies or salary payments of this district.

Definitions

Grievance: a claim or concern related to the interpretation, application, or claimed violation of the personnel policies, including salary schedules, federal or state laws and regulations, or terms or conditions of employment, raised by an individual employee of this school district. Other matters for which the means of resolution are provided or foreclosed by statute or administrative procedures shall not be considered grievances. Specifically, no grievance may be entertained against a supervisor for directing, instructing, reprimanding, or “writing up” an employee under his/her supervision. A group of employees who have the same grievance may file a group grievance.

Group Grievance: A grievance may be filed as a group grievance if it meets the following criteria: (meeting the criteria does not ensure that the subject of the grievance is, in fact, grievable)

1. More than one individual has interest in the matter; and

2. The group has a well-defined common interest in the facts and/or circumstances of the grievance; and
3. The group has designated an employee spokesperson to meet with administration and/or the board; and
4. All individuals within the group are requesting the same relief.

Employee: any person employed under a written contract by this school district.

Immediate Supervisor: the person immediately superior to an employee who directs and supervises the work of that employee.

Working day: Any weekday other than a holiday whether or not the employee under the provisions of their contract is scheduled to work or whether they are currently under contract.

Process

Level One: An employee who believes that he/she has a grievance shall inform that employee's immediate supervisor that the employee has a potential grievance and discuss the matter with the supervisor within five working days of the occurrence of the grievance. The supervisor shall offer the employee an opportunity to have a witness or representative who is not a member of the employee's immediate family present at their conference. (The five-day requirement does not apply to grievances concerning back pay.) If the grievance is not advanced to Level Two within five working days following the conference, the matter will be considered resolved and the employee shall have no further right with respect to said grievance.

If the grievance cannot be resolved by the immediate supervisor, the employee can advance the grievance to Level Two. To do this, the employee must complete the top half of the Level Two Grievance Form within five working days of the discussion with the immediate supervisor, citing the manner in which the specific personnel policy was violated that has given rise to the grievance, and submit the Grievance Form to his/her immediate supervisor. The supervisor will have ten working days to respond to the grievance using the bottom half of the Level Two Grievance Form which he/she will submit to the building principal or, in the event that the employee's immediate supervisor is the building principal, the superintendent.

Level Two (when appeal is to the building principal): Upon receipt of a Level Two Grievance Form, the building principal will have ten working days to schedule a conference with the employee filing the grievance. The principal shall offer the employee an opportunity to have a witness or representative who is not a member of the employee's immediate family present at their conference. After the conference, the principal will have ten working days in which to deliver a written response to the grievance to the employee. If the grievance is not advanced to Level Three within five working days the matter will be considered resolved and the employee shall have no further right with respect to said grievance.

Level Two (when appeal is to the superintendent): Upon receipt of a Level Two Grievance Form, the superintendent will have ten working days to schedule a conference with the employee filing the grievance. The superintendent shall offer the employee an opportunity to have a witness or representative who is not a member of the employee's immediate family present at their conference. After the conference, the superintendent will have ten working days in which to deliver a written response to the grievance to the employee.

Level Three: If the proper recipient of the Level Two Grievance was the building principal, and the employee remains unsatisfied with the written response to the grievance, the employee may advance the grievance to the superintendent by submitting a copy of the Level Two Grievance Form and the principal's reply to the

superintendent within five working days of his/her receipt of the principal's reply. The superintendent will have ten working days to schedule a conference with the employee filing the grievance. The superintendent shall offer the employee an opportunity to have a witness or representative who is not a member of the employee's immediate family present at their conference. After the conference, the superintendent will have ten working days in which to deliver a written response to the grievance to the employee.

Appeal to the Board of Directors: An employee who remains unsatisfied by the written response of the superintendent may appeal the superintendent's decision to the Board of Education within five working days of his/her receipt of the Superintendent's written response by submitting a written request for a board hearing to the superintendent. If the grievance is not appealed to the Board of Directors within five working days of his/her receipt of the superintendent's response, the matter will be considered resolved and the employee shall have no further right with respect to said grievance.

The school board will address the grievance at the next regular meeting of the school board, unless the employee agrees in writing to an alternate date for the hearing. After reviewing the Level Two Grievance Form and the superintendent's reply, the board will decide if the grievance, on its face, is grievable under district policy. If the grievance is presented as a "group grievance," the Board shall first determine if the composition of the group meets the definition of a "group grievance." If the Board determines that it is a group grievance, the Board shall then determine whether the matter raised is grievable. If the Board rules the composition of the group does not meet the definition of a group grievance, or the grievance, whether group or individual, is not grievable, the matter shall be considered closed. (Individuals within the disallowed group may choose to subsequently refile their grievance as an individual grievance beginning with Level One of the process.) If the Board rules the grievance to be grievable, they shall immediately commence a hearing on the grievance. All parties have the right to representation by a person of their own choosing who is not a member of the employee's immediate family at the appeal hearing before the Board of Directors. The employee shall have no less than 90 minutes to present his/her grievance, unless a shorter period is agreed to by the employee, and both parties shall have the opportunity to present and question witnesses. The hearing shall be open to the public unless the employee requests a private hearing. If the hearing is open, the parent or guardian of any student under the age of eighteen

years who gives testimony may elect to have the student's testimony given in closed session. At the conclusion of the hearing, if the hearing was closed, the Board of Directors may excuse all parties except board members and deliberate, by themselves, on the hearing. At the conclusion of an open hearing, board deliberations shall also be in open session unless the board is deliberating the employment, appointment, promotion, demotion, disciplining, or resignation of the employee. A decision on the grievance shall be announced no later than the next regular board meeting.

Records

Records related to grievances will be filed separately and will not be kept in, or made part of, the personnel file of any employee.

Reprisals

No reprisals of any kind will be taken or tolerated against any employee because he/she has filed or advanced a grievance under this policy.

Legal Reference: ACA § 6-17-208

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised: June 12, 2007

3.25F—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL LEVEL TWO GRIEVANCE FORM

Name: _____

Date submitted to supervisor: _____

Personnel Policy grievance is based upon:

Grievance (be specific): _____

What would resolve your grievance? _____

Supervisor's Response

Date submitted to recipient: _____

3.26—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL SEXUAL HARASSMENT

The Booneville School District is committed to having an academic and work environment in which all students and employees are treated with respect and dignity. Student achievement and amicable working relationships are best attained in an atmosphere of equal educational and employment opportunity that is free of discrimination. Sexual harassment is a form of discrimination that undermines the integrity of the educational environment and will not be tolerated.

Believing that prevention is the best policy, the district will periodically inform students and employees about the nature of sexual harassment, the procedures for registering a complaint, and the possible redress that is available. The information will stress that the district does not tolerate sexual harassment and that students and employees can report inappropriate behavior of a sexual nature without fear of adverse consequences.

It shall be a violation of this policy for any student or employee to be subjected to, or to subject another person to, sexual harassment as defined in this policy. Any employee found, after an investigation, to have engaged in sexual harassment will be subject to disciplinary action up to, and including, termination.

Sexual harassment refers to unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or other personally offensive verbal, visual, or physical conduct of a sexual nature made by someone under any of the following conditions:

1. Submission to the conduct is made, either explicitly or implicitly, a term or condition of an individual's education or employment;
2. Submission to, or rejection of, such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for academic or employment decisions affecting that individual; and/or
3. Such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual's academic or work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive academic or work environment.

The terms "intimidating," "hostile," and "offensive" include conduct of a sexual nature which has the effect of humiliation or embarrassment and is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that it limits the student's or employee's ability to participate in, or benefit from, an educational program or activity or their employment environment.

Within the educational or work environment, sexual harassment is prohibited between any of the following: students; employees and students; non-employees and students; employees; employees and non-employees.

Actionable sexual harassment is generally established when an individual is exposed to a pattern of objectionable behaviors or when a single, serious act is committed. What is, or is not, sexual harassment will depend upon all of the surrounding circumstances. Depending upon such circumstances, examples of sexual harassment include, but are not limited to: unwelcome touching; crude jokes or pictures; discussions of sexual experiences; pressure for sexual activity; intimidation by words, actions, insults, or name calling; teasing related to sexual characteristics or the belief or perception that an individual is not conforming to expected gender roles or conduct or is homosexual, regardless of whether or not the individual self-identifies as homosexual; and spreading rumors related to a person's alleged sexual activities.

Employees who believe they have been subjected to sexual harassment are encouraged to file a complaint by contacting their immediate supervisor, administrator, or Title IX coordinator who will assist them in the complaint process. Under no circumstances shall an employee be required to first report allegations of sexual harassment to a school contact person if that person is the individual who is accused of the harassment. To the extent possible, complaints will be treated in a confidential manner. Limited disclosure may be necessary in order to complete a thorough investigation.

Employees who file a complaint of sexual harassment will not be subject to retaliation or reprisal in any form.

Employees who knowingly fabricate allegations of sexual harassment shall be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Individuals who withhold information, purposely provide inaccurate facts, or otherwise hinder an investigation of sexual harassment shall be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Legal References: Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 USC 1681, et seq.
Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 USC 2000-e, et seq.
ACA § 6-15-1005 (b) (1)

Date Adopted: June 14, 2011

Last Revised:

3.27—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL SUPERVISION OF STUDENTS

All District personnel are expected to conscientiously execute their responsibilities to promote the health, safety, and welfare of the District's students under their care. The Superintendent shall direct all principals to establish regulations ensuring faculty supervision of students throughout the school day and at extracurricular activities.

Extra-Curricular Duties

1. Extra Curricular duties are considered a normal part of a teacher's work. It will be necessary for all teachers to share them.
2. The principal of each school shall have the responsibility of assigning such duties.

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised:

3.28---ATTENDANCE

Teachers are expected to observe the following rules regarding attendance at school:

1. Teachers are expected to attend promptly all meetings designated for them.
2. Teachers are expected to be at their teaching stations, or assigned duty prepared to perform required tasks between the hours of 7:45 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.
3. Teachers should not leave the building or grounds during school hours without clearing such absences with the principal, superintendent, or designee.

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised:

3.29---MENTORING

Definition: A mentor is a teacher who helps a less experienced teacher entering the profession, or an equally experienced teacher make a transition from another subject, grade level, building or community. A well-planned mentoring program can help to improve teaching performance; increase teacher retention; promote the personal and professional well being of beginning teachers; satisfy requirements for induction and/or licensure in some states; and transit the culture of the system to beginning teachers.

(Mentoring: A Resource and Training Guide for Educators)

BEGINNING TEACHERS

First Year

- (A) Time will be provided for the first year teacher to observe other teachers and for mentors to observe the protégé.
- (B) Work will be conducted in the area of effective teaching practice: classroom management,
- (C) A team consisting of the mentor, protégé and principal will create a professional growth plan based upon need and will include any needed in-service
- (D) The mentor and protégé will conduct any research that may be needed to meet the professional growth plan.
- (E) During the first week of school the mentor and protégé will meet everyday after school to discuss and plan. The mentor will conduct at least two (2) drop-in visits during the first week
- (F) The mentor and protégé will meet at least two times weekly through the end of September with one drop-in classroom visit per week through the end of September with one drop-in classroom visit per week through the end of September.
- (G) Informal meetings or contacts may be held one to two times per week for the remainder of the school year.
- (H) One drop-in classroom visit per month for the remainder of the school year.
- (I) At the conclusion of the first year, the principal may determine if the mentoring program will be extended or concluded.

BEGINNING TEACHERS

Second Year

The mentor and protégé will continue to work on identified areas of agreed upon by the mentor and protégé. A new professional growth plan will be developed or the existing one will be extended, this will be done through the mentor, protégé and principal team.

- (A) One drop-in visit monthly through the first semester and a minimum of three drop-in visits the second semester.
- (B) The mentor and protégé will make weekly contacts during the second year.

NEW TEACHER TO THE DISTRICT WITH MORE THAN THREE (3) YEARS EXPERIENCE

- (A) One drop-in visit weekly through the end of September
- (B) One drop-in visit monthly during the remainder of the first semester.
- (C) The mentor and teacher will meet weekly during the first month of school.
- (D) The mentor and teacher will make contact during the remainder of the year. This may vary depending upon need and circumstances.

The committee feels that the mentoring program can provide new teachers with knowledge about how the system works and where to get information and materials. It will also provide encouragement, ideas, and support. It is not designed to be approached for an evaluation standpoint.

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Date Revised:

3.30—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL COMPUTER USE POLICY

The Booneville School District provides computers and/or computer Internet access for many employees, to assist employees in performing work related tasks. Employees are advised that they enjoy no expectation of privacy in any aspect of their computer use, including email, and that under Arkansas law, both email and computer use records maintained by the district are subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act. Consequently, no employee or student-related reprimands or other disciplinary communications should be made through email.

Passwords or security procedures are to be used as assigned, and confidentiality of student records is to be maintained at all times. Employees must not disable or bypass security procedures, compromise, attempt to compromise, or defeat the district's technology network security, alter data without authorization, disclose passwords to other staff members or students, or grant students access to any computer not designated for student use. It is the policy of this school district to equip each computer with Internet filtering software designed to prevent users from accessing material that is harmful to minors. The designated District Technology Administrator or designee may authorize the disabling of the filter to enable access by an adult for a bona fide research or other lawful purpose.

Employees who misuse district-owned computers in any way, including excessive personal use, using computers for personal use during instructional time, using computers to violate any other policy, knowingly or negligently allowing unauthorized access, or using the computers to access or create sexually explicit or pornographic text or graphics, will face disciplinary action, up to and including termination or non-renewal of the employment contract.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-21-107
A.C.A. § 6-21-111

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002
Last Revised: June 9, 2009

3.30F—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL EMPLOYEE INTERNET USE AGREEMENT

Name (Please Print) _____

School _____ Date _____

The _____ School District agrees to allow the employee identified above (“Employee”) to use the district’s technology to access the Internet under the following terms and conditions:

1. Conditional Privilege: The Employee’s use of the district’s access to the Internet is a privilege conditioned on the Employee’s abiding by this agreement.
2. Acceptable Use: The Employee agrees that in using the District’s Internet access he/she will obey all federal and state laws and regulations. Internet access is provided as an aid to employees to enable them to better perform their job responsibilities. Under no circumstances shall an Employee’s use of the District’s Internet access interfere with, or detract from, the performance of his/her job-related duties.
3. Penalties for Improper Use: If the Employee violates this agreement and misuses the Internet, the Employee shall be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.
4. “Misuse of the District’s access to the Internet” includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - a. using the Internet for any activities deemed lewd, obscene, vulgar, or pornographic as defined by prevailing community standards;
 - b. using abusive or profane language in private messages on the system; or using the system to harass, insult, or verbally attack others;
 - c. posting anonymous messages on the system;
 - d. using encryption software;
 - e. wasteful use of limited resources provided by the school including paper;
 - f. causing congestion of the network through lengthy downloads of files;
 - g. vandalizing data of another user;

- h. obtaining or sending information which could be used to make destructive devices such as guns, weapons, bombs, explosives, or fireworks;
 - i. gaining or attempting to gain unauthorized access to resources or files;
 - j. identifying oneself with another person's name or password or using an account or password of another user without proper authorization;
 - k. using the network for financial or commercial gain without district permission;
 - l. theft or vandalism of data, equipment, or intellectual property;
 - m. invading the privacy of individuals;
 - n. using the Internet for any illegal activity, including computer hacking and copyright or intellectual property law violations;
 - o. introducing a virus to, or otherwise improperly tampering with, the system;
 - p. degrading or disrupting equipment or system performance;
 - q. creating a web page or associating a web page with the school or school district without proper authorization;
-
- r. attempting to gain access or gaining access to student records, grades, or files of students not under their jurisdiction;
 - s. providing access to the District's Internet Access to unauthorized individuals; or
 - t. taking part in any activity related to Internet use which creates a clear and present danger of the substantial disruption of the orderly operation of the district or any of its schools;
 - u. making unauthorized copies of computer software.
 - v. personal use of computers during instructional time.
 - w. Installing software on district computers without prior approval of technology director or his/her designee.

5. Liability for debts: Staff shall be liable for any and all costs (debts) incurred through their use of the District's computers or the Internet including penalties for copyright violations.

6. No Expectation of Privacy: The Employee signing below agrees that in using the Internet through the District's access, he/she waives any right to privacy the Employee may have for such use. The Employee agrees that the district may monitor the Employee's use of the District's Internet Access and may also examine all system activities the Employee participates in, including but not limited to e-mail, voice, and video transmissions, to ensure proper use of the system.

7. Signature: The Employee, who has signed below, has read this agreement and agrees to be bound by its terms and conditions.

Employee's Signature: _____ Date _____

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002
 Last Revised: March 29, 2004

3.31—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL SCHOOL CALENDAR

The Superintendent and Personnel Policy Committee shall present to the Board, for its approval, the calendar for the succeeding year at the February or March regular Board meeting. The Superintendent, in developing the calendar, shall accept and consider recommendations from any staff member or group wishing to make calendar proposals.

The Booneville School District shall operate by the following calendar.

1. School Fiscal Year-For administrative purposes, the school is operated on the fiscal year from July 1 through June 30.
2. Length of School Session-School shall actually be in session for instructional purposes a minimum of one hundred seventy-eight (178) days.
3. Notification of School Opening-All school personnel are to be notified of the time to report for the school year. Orientation, workshops, and opening general faculty meetings are considered a part of the educational program and such will be supervised by school employees.
4. Supervision of Activities—All activities of the pupils which are sponsored by the schools and conducted in the public school buildings or grounds are considered a part of the educational program and such will be supervised by school employees.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-201

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised:

3.32—TEACHER –PUPIL RELATIONSHIP

1. The welfare of the pupils should be the first concern of the teacher.
2. Withhold confidential information about a pupil unless its release serves professional purposes, benefits the pupil or is required by law.
3. Swearing or cursing on the part of the teacher before pupils is intolerable.
4. Teachers should be impartial and just in all dealings with pupils.
5. Employ friendliness, patience, sympathy, courtesy, firmness, and sincerity in dealing with pupil's problems and attitudes.
6. Avoid religious and political indoctrination of pupils.
7. Make discreet use of available information about the pupils.
8. Refrain from commenting unprofessionally about a pupil or pupil's home.
9. Encourage the pupil to study varying points of view and respect his/her right to form their own judgment.
10. Allow time for pupil and parent consultation in an appropriate place and manner.
11. Keep accurate and adequate account of grades and examination papers for the purpose of answering reasonable questions by the pupil or his/her parents about test marks received.
12. Academic grades shall not be reduced as a means of discipline.
13. Teachers should encourage teacher/parent conferences anytime they feel that the student, teacher or parents might benefit from such a conference.

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Date Revised:

3.33—PARENT-TEACHER CONFERENCES — ELEMENTARY

All elementary teachers shall attempt to communicate with the parents or guardians of each student at least once a semester through a parent-teacher conference, telephone conference, or a home visit. Teachers shall communicate more often with parents/guardians of students performing below grade level.

Parent-teacher conferences are encouraged and may be requested by parents or guardians when they feel they need to discuss their child’s progress with his/her teacher. Conferences shall be scheduled at a time and place to best accommodate those participating in the conference.

Legal Reference: State Board of Education Standards of Accreditation VII (D) (1) (2)

Date Adopted: March 29, 2004

Last Revised:

3.34—PARENT-TEACHER CONFERENCES — SECONDARY (JUNIOR & SENIOR HIGH) SCHOOLS

Teachers shall attempt to communicate personally with the parents or guardians of each student at least twice during the school year to discuss the student’s academic progress. Teachers shall communicate more often with parents/guardians of students performing below the level expected for their grade.

Parent-teacher conferences are encouraged and may be requested by parents or guardians when they feel they need to discuss their child’s progress with his/her teacher. Conferences shall be scheduled at a time and place to best accommodate those participating in the conference.

Legal Reference: State Board of Education Standards of Accreditation 12.04.1
A.C.A. § 6-15-1601(b) (3) (C)

Date Adopted: March 29, 2004

Last Revised:

3.35—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE

Eligibility

The Booneville School District will grant up to twelve (12) weeks of leave in accordance with the Family Medical Leave Act of 1993 (FMLA) to its employees who have been employed by the District for at least twelve (12) months and for 1250 hours of service during the twelve (12) month period immediately preceding the commencement of the leave. The twelve (12) month period of eligibility shall begin on the first duty day of the school year. Leave will be granted for one or more of the following reasons:

1. Because of the birth of a son or daughter of the employee and in order to care for such son or daughter;
2. Because of the placement of a son or daughter with the employee for adoption or foster care;
3. In order to care for the spouse, or a son, daughter, or parent, of the employee, if such spouse, son, daughter, or parent has a serious health condition; and
4. Because of a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the functions of the position of such employee.

The entitlement to leave for reasons 1 and 2 listed above shall expire at the end of the twelve (12) month period beginning on the date of such birth or placement.

If both the husband and wife are employed by the district and entitled to leave as defined above, the District may, as determined by the needs of the District, limit their leave to a combined total of twelve (12) weeks when taken for reasons 1 or 2 listed above or to care for a parent with a serious health condition.

Notice by Employees

Foreseeable: When the need for leave is foreseeable, the employee must provide the District with at least thirty (30) days advance notice before the leave is to begin. If thirty (30) days is not practicable, such as because of a lack of knowledge of approximately when the leave will be required to begin, notice must be given as soon as practicable. As soon as practicable means as soon as both possible and practical, taking into account all of the facts and circumstances in the individual case.

When the need for leave is for reasons 3 or 4 listed above, the employee should provide a medical certification from a health care provider supporting the need for leave at the time the notice for leave is given, but must provide certification at least fifteen (15) days prior to the date the leave is to begin.

Failure by the employee to give thirty (30) days notice may delay the taking of FMLA leave until at least thirty (30) days after the date the employee provides notice to the District.

Unforeseeable: When the approximate timing of the need for leave is not foreseeable, an employee shall provide the District notice of the need for leave as soon as practicable given the facts and circumstances of the particular case. Ordinarily, the employee shall notify the District within two (2) working days of learning of the

need for leave, except in extraordinary circumstances where such notice is not feasible. Notice may be provided in person, by telephone, telegraph, fax, or other electronic means.

Medical Certification

The required medical certification from a licensed, practicing health care provider of the need for FMLA leave for reasons 3 or 4 listed above shall include the date on which the serious health condition began, the probable duration of the condition, and the appropriate medical facts within the knowledge of the health care provider regarding the condition. For reason 4 listed above, the certification must include a statement that the employee is unable to perform the required functions of his/her position.

Second Opinion: In any case where the District has reason to doubt the validity of the certification provided, the District may require, at its expense, the employee to obtain the opinion of a second health care provider designated or approved by the employer. If the second opinion differs from the first, the District may require, at its expense, the employee to obtain a third opinion from a health care provider agreed upon by both the District and the employee. The opinion of the third health care provider shall be considered final and be binding upon both the District and the employee.

Recertification: The District may request the employee obtain a recertification, at the employee's expense, no more often than every thirty (30) days unless one or more of the following circumstances apply;

- a. The employee requests an extension of leave;
- b. Circumstances described by the previous certification have changed significantly; and/or
- c. The District receives information that casts doubt upon the continuing validity of the certification.

The employee must provide the recertification in no more than fifteen (15) calendar days after the District's request.

No second or third opinion on recertification may be required.

Concurrent Leave

The District requires employees to substitute any applicable accrued leave for any part of the twelve (12) week period of FMLA leave. All FMLA leave is unpaid unless substituted by applicable accrued leave.

Workers Compensation: FMLA leave may run concurrently with a workers' compensation absence when the injury is one that meets the criteria for a serious health condition.

Health Insurance Coverage

The District shall maintain coverage under any group health plan for the duration of FMLA leave the employee takes at the level and under the conditions coverage would have been provided if the employee had continued in active employment with the District. The employee remains responsible for any portion of premium payments

customarily paid by the employee. When on unpaid FMLA leave, it is the employee's responsibility to submit their portion of the cost of the group health plan coverage to the District's business office on or before it would be made by payroll deduction.

If an employee gives unequivocal notice of intent not to return to work, or if the employment relationship would have terminated if the employee had not taken FMLA leave the district's obligation to maintain health benefits ceases.

If the employee fails to return from leave after the period of leave to which the employee was entitled has expired, the District may recover the premiums it paid to maintain health care coverage unless:

- a. The employees fails to return to work due to the continuation, reoccurrence, or onset of a serious health condition that entitles the employee to leave under reasons 3 or 4 listed above; and/or
- b. Other circumstances exist beyond the employee's control.

Circumstances under "a" listed above shall be certified by a licensed, practicing health care provider verifying the employee's inability to return to work.

Reporting Requirements During Leave

Employees shall inform the District every two weeks during FMLA leave of their current status and intent to return to work.

Return to Work

Medical Certification: An employee who has taken FMLA leave under reason 4 stated above shall provide the District with certification from a health care provider that the employee is able to resume work.

Return to Previous Position: An employee returning from FMLA leave is entitled to be returned to the same position the employee held when leave commenced, or to an equivalent position with equivalent benefits, pay, and other terms and conditions of employment. An equivalent position must involve the same or substantially similar duties and responsibilities, which must entail substantially equivalent skill, effort, and authority. The employee may not be restored to a position requiring additional licensure or certification.

Failure to Return to Work: In the event that an employee is unable or fails to return to work, the Superintendent will make a determination at that time regarding the documented need for a severance of the employee's contract due to the inability of the employee to fulfill the responsibilities and requirements of their contract.

Intermittent Leave

The District will honor employee requests for intermittent leave as prescribed by the FMLA and that are in the best interests of the District.

Policy

The provisions of this policy are intended to be in line with the provisions of the FMLA. If any conflict(s) exist, the Family Medical Leave Act of 1993 shall govern.

Legal References: 29 USC 2601 et seq.
 29 CFR 825.100 et seq.

Date Adopted: May 12 2003
Last Revised

3.36—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL CELL PHONE USE

Use of cell phones or other electronic communication devices by employees during instructional time is strictly forbidden unless specifically approved in advance by the superintendent, building principal, or their designees.

In any instance where the district issues a cell phone or school computer to a school employee for use for school business purposes, the employee shall not use the equipment for personal use. Any employee who uses a school issued cell phones and/or computers for non-school purposes, except as permitted by the district's Internet/computer use policy, shall be subject to discipline, up to and including termination.

All employees are forbidden from using school issued cell phones while driving any vehicle at any time. Violation may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Date Adopted: May 12, 2003
Last Revised: June 9, 2009

3.37—USE OF DISTRICT CELL PHONES and COMPUTERS

Board members, staff, and students shall not be given cell phones or computers for any purpose other than their specific use associated with school business. School employees who use a school issued cell phones and/or computers for non-school purposes, except as permitted by the district's Internet/computer use policy, shall be subject to discipline, up to and including termination. Students who use a school issued cell phones and/or computers for non-school purposes, except as permitted by the district's Internet/computer use policy, shall be subject to discipline, up to and including suspension or expulsion.

All employees are forbidden from using school issued cell phones while driving any vehicle at any time. Violation may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Legal References: IRC § 132(d)
 IRC § 274(d)
 IRC § 280F(d)(4)

Date Adopted: June 9, 2009
Last Revised:

3.38—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL BENEFITS

The Booneville School District provides its certified personnel benefits consisting of the following.

1. The priceless reward of helping shape the life and future of our children;
2. Health insurance assistance;
3. Contribution to the teacher retirement system;
4. One sick leave day per contract calendar month or greater portion thereof; and
5. Two Personal days.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-201

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002
Last Revised: June 14, 2011

3.39---CERTIFIED PERSONNEL RESPONSIBILITIES GOVERNING BULLYING

Teachers and other school employees who have witnessed, or are reliably informed that, a student has been a victim of bullying as defined in this policy, including a single action which if allowed to continue would constitute bullying, shall report the incident(s) to the principal. The principal or his/her designee shall be responsible for investigating the incident(s) to determine if disciplinary action is warranted.

The person or persons reporting behavior they consider to be bullying shall not be subject to retaliation or reprisal in any form.

District staff is required to help enforce implementation of the district's anti-bullying policy. The district's definition of bullying is included below. Students who bully another person are to be held accountable for their actions whether they occur on school equipment or property; off school property; at a school sponsored or

approved function, activity, or event; or going to or from school or a school activity. Students are encouraged to report behavior they consider to be bullying; including a single action which if allowed to continue would constitute bullying, to their teacher or the building principal. The report may be made anonymously.

- A school principal or his or her designee who receives a credible report or complaint of bullying shall promptly investigate the complaint or report and make a record of the investigation and any action taken as a result of the investigation.
- **Definitions:**
- **Attribute** means an actual or perceived personal characteristic including without limitation race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, socioeconomic status, academic status, disability, gender, gender identity, physical appearance, health condition, or sexual orientation;

Bullying means the intentional harassment, intimidation, humiliation, ridicule, defamation, or threat or incitement of violence by a student against another student or public school employee by a written, verbal, electronic, or physical act that may address an attribute of the other student, public school employee, or person with whom the other student or public school employee is associated and that causes or creates actual or reasonably foreseeable:

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- Physical harm to a public school employee or student or damage to the public school employee's or student's property;
- Substantial interference with a student's education or with a public school employee's role in education;
- A hostile educational environment for one (1) or more students or public school employees due to the severity, persistence, or pervasiveness of the act; or
- Substantial disruption of the orderly operation of the school or educational environment;

Electronic act means without limitation a communication or image transmitted by means of an electronic device, including without limitation a telephone, wireless phone or other wireless communications device, computer, or pager that results in the substantial disruption of the orderly operation of the school or educational environment. Electronic acts of bullying are prohibited whether or not the electronic act originated on school property or with school equipment, if the electronic act is directed specifically at students or school personnel and maliciously intended for the purpose of disrupting school, and has a high likelihood of succeeding in that purpose.

Harassment means a pattern of unwelcome verbal or physical conduct relating to another person's constitutionally or statutorily protected status that causes, or reasonably should be expected to cause, substantial interference with the other's performance in the school environment.

Substantial disruption means without limitation that any one or more of the following occur as a result of the bullying:

- Necessary cessation of instruction or educational activities;
- Inability of students or educational staff to focus on learning or function as an educational unit because of a hostile environment;
- Severe or repetitive disciplinary measures are needed in the classroom or during educational activities;

- Exhibition of other behaviors by students or educational staff that substantially interfere with the learning environment.

Examples of “Bullying” may include but are not limited to a pattern of behavior involving one or more of the following:

1. Sarcastic comments "compliments" about another student’s personal appearance or actual or perceived attributes,
2. Pointed questions intended to embarrass or humiliate,
3. Mocking, taunting or belittling,
4. Non-verbal threats and/or intimidation such as “fronting” or “chesting” a person,
5. Demeaning humor relating to a student’s race, gender, ethnicity or actual or perceived attributes,
6. Blackmail, extortion, demands for protection money or other involuntary donations or loans,
7. Blocking access to school property or facilities,
8. Deliberate physical contact or injury to person or property,
9. Stealing or hiding books or belongings, and/or
10. Threats of harm to student(s), possessions, or others.
11. Sexual harassment, as governed by policy 3.26, is also a form of bullying,
12. Teasing or name-calling based on the belief or perception that an individual is not conforming to expected gender roles (Example: “Slut”) or conduct or is homosexual, regardless of whether the student self-identifies as homosexual (Examples: “You are so gay.” “Fag” “Queer”).

Legal Reference: A.C.A. 6-18-514

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised: June 14, 2011

3.40—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL DISMISSAL AND NON-RENEWAL

For procedures relating to the termination and non-renewal of teachers, please refer to the Arkansas Teacher Fair Dismissal Act A.C.A. §§ 6-17-1501 through 1510.

A copy of the Act is available for review in the office of the principal of each school building.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-201

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised:

3.41—ASSIGNMENT OF TEACHER AIDES

The assignment of teacher aides shall be made by the principal or his/her designee. Changes in the assignments may be made as necessary due to changes in the student population, teacher changes, and to best meet the educational needs of the students.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-201

Date Adopted: June 11, 2002

Last Revised: March 29, 2004

3.42----CERTIFIED PERSONNEL RESPONSIBILITIES IN DEALING WITH SEX OFFENDERS ON CAMPUS

Individuals who have been convicted of certain sex crimes must register with law enforcement as sex offenders. Arkansas law places restrictions on sex offenders with a Level 1 sex offender having the least restrictions (lowest likelihood of committing another sex crime), and Level 4 sex offenders having the most restrictions (highest likelihood of committing another sex crime).

While Levels 1 and 2 place no restrictions prohibiting the individual's presence on a school campus, Levels 3 and 4 have specific prohibitions. These are specified in Policy 6.10—SEX OFFENDERS ON CAMPUS (MEGAN'S LAW) and it is the responsibility of district staff to know and understand the policy and, to the extent requested, aid school administrators in enforcing the restrictions placed on campus access to Level 3 and Level 4 sex offenders.

It is the intention of the board of directors that district staff not stigmatize students whose parents or guardians are sex offenders while taking necessary steps to safeguard the school community and comply with state law. Each school's administration should establish procedures so attention is not drawn to the accommodations necessary for registered sex offender parents or guardians.¹

¹ For example, if a sex offender parent will arrive for conferences at the same time as other parents, staff should escort additional parents to their student's classroom, not just the sex offender parent. All principals, designees, and school employees who will or may have contact with the sex offender parents shall be required to keep confidential both the sex offender status and sex offender accommodations made for a parent.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 12-12-913 (g) (2)
Arkansas Department of Education Guidelines for "Megan's Law"
A.C.A. § 5-14-131

Date Adopted: June 12, 2007

Last Revised:

3.43— CERTIFIED PERSONNEL RECORDS AND REPORTS

The superintendent or his/her designee shall determine, by individual or by position, those records a teacher is responsible to keep and those reports he/she is required to maintain. It is a requirement of employment that all required records and reports be completed, submitted, or otherwise tendered, and be accepted by the principal or superintendent as complete and satisfactory, before the last month's pay will be released to the certified employee.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-104

Date Adopted: June 12, 2007

Last Revised:

3.44—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL WORKPLACE INJURIES and WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The district provides Workers' Compensation Insurance, as required by law. Employees who sustain **any** injury at work must immediately notify their immediate supervisor, or in the absence of their immediate supervisor notify Cathy Catlett, District Treasurer. An injured employee must fill out a Form N and the employee's supervisor will determine whether to report the claim or to file the paperwork if the injury requires neither medical treatment or lost work time. While many injuries will require no medical treatment or time lost at work, should the need for treatment arise later, it is important that there be a record that the injury occurred. All employees have a duty to provide information and make statements as requested for the purposes of the claim assessment and investigation.

For injuries requiring medical attention, the district will exercise its right to designate the initial treating physician and an injured employee will be directed to seek medical attention, if necessary, from a specific physician or clinic.

Workers' Compensation absences may be designated as FMLA absences when the criteria are met under FMLA for a serious health condition.

An employee who is absent from work due to a workplace injury or receiving temporary disability benefits due to a Workers' Compensation claim will utilize any sick leave accumulation he or she may have at the rate of 1/3 of a sick leave day for day of absence to bring the total amount of combined income up to 100% of usual contracted pay, unless the employee gives the school district written notice to not use sick leave days in this manner. No employee may realize a net compensation gain from a combination of Workers' Compensation benefits and sick leave in excess of contracted pay. Sick leave days used for workplace injuries will not be restored to the employee.

Legal References: Ark. Workers Compensation Commission RULE 099.33 - MANAGED CARE
A.C.A. § 11-9-508(d)(5)(A)
A.C.A. § 11-9-514(a)(3)(A)(i)

Date Adopted: June 9, 2009

Last Revised:

3.45—DUTY OF LICENSED EMPLOYEES TO MAINTAIN LICENSE IN GOOD STANDING

Any employees possessing a teaching license, regardless of whether holding such a license is a condition of employment in the employee’s current job assignment, must at all times maintain such a license in good standing with the State Board of Education. Any employee who is reprimanded, has his or her license put under any period of probation, or has his or her license revoked by the State Board of Education pursuant to Arkansas State Board of Education Rules Governing the Code of Ethics for Arkansas Educators will face disciplinary action, up to and including termination or non-renewal of his or her contract of employment.

Legal References: Rules Governing the Code of Ethics for Arkansas Educators;
 A.C.A. § 6-11-105
 A.C.A. § 6-17-401
 A.C.A. § 6-17-410
 A.C.A. § 6-17-422

Date Adopted: June 9, 2009

Last Revised:

3.46 (ASBA 3.45)—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL SOCIAL NETWORKING AND ETHICS

Technology used appropriately gives faculty new opportunities to engage students. District staff are encouraged to use educational technology, the Internet, and professional/education social networks to raise student achievement and to improve communication with parents and students. Technology and social networking websites also offer staff many ways they can present themselves unprofessionally and/or interact with students inappropriately.

It is the duty of each staff member to appropriately manage all interactions with students, regardless of whether contact or interaction with a student occurs face-to-face or by means of technology, to ensure that the appropriate staff/student relationship is maintained. This includes instances when students initiate contact or behave inappropriately themselves.

Public school employees are, and always have been, held to a high standard of behavior. Staff members are reminded that whether specific sorts of contacts are permitted or not specifically forbidden by policy, they will be held to a high standard of conduct in all their interactions with students. Failure to create, enforce and maintain appropriate professional and interpersonal boundaries with students could adversely affect the District’s relationship with the community and jeopardize the employee’s employment with the district.

The Arkansas Department of Education *Rules Governing the Code of Ethics for Arkansas Educators* requires District staff to maintain a professional relationship with each student,

both in and outside the classroom. The School Board of Directors encourages all staff to read and become familiar with the Rules. Conduct in violation of the *Rules Governing the Code of Ethics for Arkansas Educators*, including, but not limited to conduct relating to the inappropriate use of technology or online resources, may be reported to the Professional License Standards Board (PLSB) and may form the basis for disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Definitions:

Social networking websites are online groups of Internet users allowing communication between multiple individuals. The fundamental purpose of social networking websites is to socialize. Examples include, but are not limited to, Facebook, MySpace, and Twitter. Staff members are discouraged from creating personal social networking sites to which they invite students to be friends or followers.¹ Employees taking such action do so at their own risk and are advised to monitor the site's privacy settings regularly.

Professional/education social networks are education oriented websites designed to allow and encourage teachers and students to communicate and collaborate around school subjects and projects. District employees may set up blogs and other professional/education social networking accounts using District resources and following District guidelines¹ to promote communications with students, parents, and the community concerning school-related activities and for the purpose of supplementing classroom instruction. Accessing professional/education social networks during school hours is permitted.

Blogs are a type of networking and can be either social or professional in their orientation. Professional blogs are encouraged and can provide a place for teachers to post homework, keep parents up-to-date, and interact with students concerning school related activities. Social blogs are discouraged to the extent they involve teachers and students in a non-education oriented format.

Staff are reminded that the same relationship, exchange, interaction, information, or behavior that would be unacceptable in a non-technological medium, is unacceptable when done through the use of technology. In fact, due to the vastly increased potential audience digital dissemination presents, extra caution must be exercised by staff to ensure they don't cross the line of acceptability. A good rule of thumb for staff to use is, "if you wouldn't say it in class, don't say it online."

Whether permitted or not specifically forbidden by policy, or when expressed in an adult-to-adult, face-to-face context, what in other mediums of expression could remain private opinions, when expressed by staff on a social networking website, have the potential to be disseminated far beyond the speaker's desire or intention. This could undermine the public's perception of the individual's fitness to educate students, thus undermining the teacher's effectiveness. In this way, the expression and publication of such opinions could potentially lead to disciplinary action being taken against the staff member, up to and including termination or nonrenewal of the contract of employment.

Accessing social networking websites for personal use during school hours is prohibited, except during breaks or preparation periods. Staff are discouraged from accessing social networking websites on personal equipment during their breaks and/or preparation periods because, while this is not prohibited, it may give the public appearance that such access is occurring during instructional time. Staff shall not access social networking websites using district equipment at any time, including during breaks or preparation periods, except in an emergency situation or with the express prior permission of administration. All school district employees who participate in social networking websites shall not post any school district data, documents, photographs, logos, or other district owned or created information on any website. Further, the posting of any private or confidential school district material on such websites is strictly prohibited.

Specifically, the following forms of technology based interactivity or connectivity are expressly permitted or forbidden:²

Notes: While this policy is not required by any statute, ASBA strongly recommends adopting it after consulting with staff for localizing purposes.

This policy is similar to policy 8.37. If you change this policy, review 8.37 at the same time to ensure applicable consistency between the two.

¹ The policy's separate definitions for "social networking websites" and "professional/education social networks" are important. Districts are encouraged to establish "professional/education social networks" as an acceptable means of teacher and district communication with students and parents. This can serve to discourage inappropriate staff/student interactions on "social networking websites." ASBA strongly suggests using the discussions for modifying/personalizing this policy as a means for generating the acceptable guidelines and procedures for staff creation of private "professional/education social networks". We recommend **NOT** incorporating the guidelines into the policy, but have them available for all staff to review. Incorporating them into the policy will make it much harder to change them if the need arises.

² What is and is not acceptable staff/student interaction on social networking websites is an education community decision, and will vary from district to district. As a general rule, the greater the degree of real-life connections and interactivity between staff and students that normally occur in the community, the greater the tolerance will be for virtual connections and interactivity. Use the following list to help guide discussions with staff to determine which items should be included in the policy and with what

modifications/stipulations. It is as important to include in the policy what **is** permitted as what **is not** permitted. Your discussions may elicit additional bullets to include in the policy.

- Sharing personal landline or cell phone numbers with students;
- Text messaging students;
- Emailing students other than through and to school controlled and monitored accounts;
- Soliciting students as friends or contacts on social networking websites;
- Accepting the solicitation of students as friends or contacts on social networking websites;
- Creation of administratively approved and sanctioned “groups” on social networking websites that permit the broadcast of information without granting students access to staff member’s personal information;
- Sharing personal websites or other media access information with students through which the staff member would share personal information and occurrences.

Legal Reference: RULES GOVERNING THE CODE OF ETHICS FOR ARKANSAS EDUCATORS

Date Adopted:

Last Revised:

Social Networking Discussion Background

The issue of proper and improper use of technology, especially social networking websites by staff, is a very hot topic. There are some clear lines of unacceptable behavior, but there are many, many more areas that are very grey in nature. There is much room for debate when trying to determine what each district, and school for that matter, deems acceptable.

Electronic interactions lack the opportunity which face-to-face interactions present that help enable those involved to determine if the information exchanged has been understood and interpreted appropriately. The potential for miscommunication presented by social networking websites increases the possibility that seemingly innocent communication could be misinterpreted and result in disciplinary action.

Fairness demands that if staff members could potentially face disciplinary action based on their behavior relative to social networking websites, what constitutes both acceptable and unacceptable conduct be made clear to them through policy and guidance delivered at staff meetings and professional development offerings.

The goals of this document are to stimulate discussion on how to personalize ASBA's model policy and help provide guidelines for what will be considered acceptable use of social and professional websites. This is a policy that will require professional development on a regular basis to help ensure everyone understands it. We hope the discussions will also help to identify areas that need to be included in training staff on how to responsibly navigate the world of social networking websites.

Some staff members will be more knowledgeable and/or comfortable than others discussing the issues raised in the policy. It might be helpful to have those who are more knowledgeable give those less knowledgeable a brief background tutorial on social networks. Patience is a virtue; those currently adept staff are reminded that in the world of technology, a generation is roughly three to five years. It might not be long before the "adept staff" are outdone by today's young students.

An underlying issue in the discussion of social networking websites is that many long established privacy boundaries are rapidly being questioned, ignored, or outright repudiated. While there is no doubt technology, and social networking websites specifically, challenges most of the long established norms in education, there is also no doubt that the use of technology is a major element of education's future. One important task is to strike a balance between the new and the old.

Another challenge when writing a social networking policy is to make it specific enough to give staff sufficient guidance, and yet general enough that it can adapt to the inevitable changes that will occur. Specifically, the challenge is to determine what is absolutely unacceptable while leaving room for the positive uses of technology to develop.

ASBA urges districts to resist the temptation to write the policy thinking it is possible to stop all unacceptable behavior through the use of "ironclad" restrictions. Employees determined to conduct themselves inappropriately will do so regardless of any policy you can create. However, a good policy can educate employees about what situations to avoid and what activity is acceptable.

A couple of websites that might be helpful as you discuss the policy and training needs are the following:

<http://doug-johnson.squarespace.com/blue-skunk-blog/2009/8/20/networking-guidelines-revised.html>

<http://blog.socialcast.com/education-2-0-social-networking-and-education/>

Please use the following questions along with the list in footnote #2 of the model policy to help guide and focus your discussion(s).

Who will be responsible for granting a request to use or create a professional/education social networking site – the immediate supervisor, superintendent, district/school webmaster? One benefit of prior permission is that it serves as an open notice of the existence of the site to give the teacher cover in case of complaints. It also can serve as a reminder to the teacher of the acceptable parameters of the site and its use.

What guidelines are to be followed in the site's creation?

What are the staff member's responsibilities in monitoring/maintaining the site once it is established? Who, if anyone, will have the responsibility/authority for monitoring the site for the release of student information in violation of state and federal law?

Will you require parents of students under age 18 to sign a permission form granting the student's access to the professional/education social networks site? Requiring advance permission can serve as a cover for the teacher in case of complaints.

3.47 (ASBA 3.41)—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL VIDEO SURVEILLANCE AND OTHER MONITORING

The Board of Directors has a responsibility to maintain discipline, protect the safety, security, and welfare of its students, staff, and visitors while at the same time safeguarding district facilities, vehicles, and equipment. As part of fulfilling this responsibility, the board authorizes the use of video/audio surveillance cameras, automatic identification, data compilation devices, and technology capable of tracking the physical location of district equipment, students, and/or personnel.

The placement of video/audio surveillance cameras shall be based on the presumption and belief that students, staff and visitors have no reasonable expectation of privacy anywhere on or near school property, facilities, vehicles, or equipment, with the exception of places such as rest rooms or dressing areas where an expectation of bodily privacy is reasonable and customary.

Signs shall be posted on district property and in or on district vehicles to notify students, staff, and visitors that video cameras may be in use. Violations of school personnel policies or laws caught by the cameras and other technologies authorized in this policy may result in disciplinary action.

The district shall retain copies of video recordings until they are erased which may be accomplished by either deletion or copying over with a new recording.

Videos, automatic identification, or data compilations containing evidence of a violation of district personnel policies and/or state or federal law shall be retained until the issue of the misconduct is no longer subject to review or appeal as determined by board policy or staff handbook; any release or viewing of such records shall be in accordance with current law.

Staff who vandalize, damage, defeat, disable, or render inoperable (temporarily or permanently) surveillance cameras and equipment, automatic identification, or data compilation devices shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action and referral to appropriate law enforcement authorities.

Video recordings and automatic identification or data compilation records may become a part of a staff member's personnel record.

Note: This policy is similar to policies 4.48 and 8.29. If you change this policy, review 4.48 and 8.29 at the same time to ensure applicable consistency between the policies.

Date Adopted: June 14, 2011

Last Revised:

3.48 (ASBA 3.46)— CERTIFIED PERSONNEL VACATIONS

240 day contracted employees are credited with 10 days of vacation¹ at the beginning of each fiscal year. This is based on the assumption that a full contract year will be worked. If an employee fails to finish the contract year due to resignation or termination, the employee's final check will be reduced at the rate of .833 days per month, or major portion of a month, for any days used but not earned.

Instructional Employees may not generally take during instructional time. All vacation time must be approved by the superintendent.²

No employee shall be entitled to more than 15 days of vacation as of the first day of each fiscal year. The permissible carry forward includes the 10 days credited upon the start of the fiscal year. Employees having accrued vacation totaling more than 15 days as of the date this policy is implemented shall not be eligible to increase the number of days carried forward during their employment with the district.³ Earned

but unused vacation will be paid upon retirement, termination, or nonrenewal at the employee's current daily rate of pay.

Notes: ¹ Select your eligibility criteria and number of vacation days. Eligibility does not have to be 240 day employees and vacation does not have to be 10 days. If you choose a number other than 10 days, you will need to change the proration rate in the paragraph's final sentence for used, but unearned vacation.

² Insert the position that will be responsible for approving vacation requests.

³ This sentence should be included whether you are changing your previous policy or you have not had a policy but have had the **practice** of allowing and paying accrued vacation greater than 15 days. It will help limit your future fiscal liability.

Date Adopted: June 14, 2011

Last Revised:

3.49 (ASBA 3.47)—DEPOSITING COLLECTED FUNDS

From time to time, staff members may collect funds in the course of their employment. It is the responsibility of any staff member to deposit such funds they have collected at least weekly¹ into the appropriate accounts for which they have been collected. The Superintendent or his/her designee shall be responsible for determining the need for receipts for funds collected and other record keeping requirements and of notifying staff of the requirements.

Staff that use any funds collected in the course of their employment for personal purposes, or who deposit such funds in a personal account, may be subject to discipline up to and including termination.

Notes: This policy is similar to policy 8.39—DEPOSITING COLLECTED FUNDS. If you change this policy, review 8.39 at the same time to ensure consistency between the two.

¹ "Weekly" is a suggested length of time. You may select a different time period, but it should be short enough to eliminate the perception that funds

are being held inappropriately and yet long enough to not be overly burdensome or unrealistic in relation to the fund generating activity.

Date adopted: June 14, 2011

Last Revised:

3.50—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL DUTY TO REPORT CHILD ABUSE, MALTREATMENT OR NEGLECT

It is the statutory duty of certified school district employees who have reasonable cause to suspect child abuse or maltreatment to directly and personally report these suspicions to the Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline, by calling 1-800-482-5964. Failure to report suspected child abuse, maltreatment or neglect by calling the Hotline can lead to criminal prosecution and individual civil liability of the person who has this duty. Notification of local or state law enforcement does not satisfy the duty to report; only notification by means of the Child Abuse Hotline discharges this duty.

The duty to report suspected child abuse or maltreatment is a direct and personal duty, and cannot be assigned or delegated to another person. There is no duty to investigate, confirm or substantiate statements a student may have made which form the basis of the reasonable cause to believe that the student may have been abused or subjected to maltreatment by another person; however, a person with a duty to report may find it helpful to make a limited inquiry to assist in the formation of a belief that child abuse, maltreatment or neglect has occurred, or to rule out such a belief¹. Employees and volunteers who call the Child Abuse Hotline in good faith are immune from civil liability and criminal prosecution.

By law, no school district or school district employee may prohibit or restrict an employee or volunteer from directly reporting suspected child abuse or maltreatment, or require that any person notify or seek permission from any person before making a report to the Child Abuse Hotline.

Notes: This policy is similar to Policy 8.34. If you change this policy, review 8.34 at the same time to ensure applicable consistency between the two.

¹ This is a delicate matter and the district would be wise to avail itself of professional development in this area available from DHS and other sources. Act 1236 of 2009, codified at A.C.A. § 6-61-133, requires professional

development related to child maltreatment for licensed employees. Language to this effect has been added to policy 3.6—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL EMPLOYEE TRAINING.

Legal References:

- A.C.A. § 12-18-107
- A.C.A. § 12-18-201 et seq.
- A.C.A. § 12-18-402

Date Adopted: June 14, 2011

Last Revised: