VALLEY CITY PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT #2	Descriptor Code DCB-E	1 <sup>st</sup> Reading 03/11/20
VALLEY CITY, NORTH DAKOTA 58072		
COMPENSATORY TIME OFF LAW	Adopted 03/11/20	Revised

## **COMPENSATORY TIME OFF LAW**

The following exhibit summarizes key portions of the Fair Labor Standards Act pertaining to compensatory time off.

## **Maximum Allowable**

If overtime hours are compensated with time off, compensatory time shall be provided at a rate of one and one-half hours for each hour in excess of 40 hours worked in a workweek. Compensatory time may be accumulated to a maximum of 24 hours. Any employee who has accrued 24 hours of compensatory time off or more shall be paid overtime compensation for additional overtime hours of work.

## **Use of Compensatory Time**

Employees who have accrued compensatory time off after may request the use of compensatory time and shall be permitted to use such time within a reasonable period after making the request if the use of compensatory time does not unduly disrupt the operations of the employee's office or department. A reasonable period might be one or two days—normally whatever time would be required to secure a replacement or to shift workloads so as to allow the employee to be absent. The burden of proof is with the employer if a dispute should arise as to whether granting the request would unduly disrupt the operations of the office or department.

## Separation

Upon separation of employment, employees who have accrued compensatory time shall be paid for unused compensatory time at a rate of compensation not less than:

- 1. The average regular rate received by the employee during the last three years of the individual's employment, or
- 2. The final regular rate received by the employee, whichever is higher.