Christoval Independent School District Wellness Policy Adopted 11.09.2022

The Christoval Independent School District is committed to providing school environments that promote and protect children's health, well-being, and ability to learn by supporting healthy eating and physical activity. Therefore, it is the policy of the Christoval Independent School District that:

- The school district will engage students, parents, teachers, food service professionals, health
 professionals, and other interested community members in developing, implementing, monitoring, and
 reviewing district-wide nutrition and physical activity policies.
- All students in grades K-12 will have opportunities, support, and encouragement to be physically active on a regular basis.
- Foods and beverages sold or served at school will meet the nutrition recommendations of the U.S. Dietary Guidelines for Americans.
- Qualified child nutrition professionals will provide students with access to a variety of affordable, nutritious, and appealing foods that meet the health and nutrition needs of students; will accommodate the religious, ethnic, and cultural diversity of the student body in meal planning; and will provide clean, safe, and pleasant settings and adequate time for students to eat.
- To the maximum extent practicable, all schools in our district will participate in available federal school meal programs, including the School Breakfast Program and the National School Lunch Program.
- Schools will provide nutrition education and physical education to foster lifelong habits of healthy eating
 and physical activity, and will establish linkages between health education and school meal programs,
 and with related community services.

TO ACHIEVE THESE POLICY GOALS:

School Health Councils

The school district will create a school health council to develop, implement, monitor, review, and, as necessary, revise school nutrition and physical activity policies. The councils will also serve as school site resources for implementing those policies.

Nutritional Quality of Foods and Beverages Sold and Served on Campus

School Meals

- Meals served through the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs will:
- Be appealing and attractive to children;
- Be served in clean and pleasant settings;
- Meet, at a minimum, nutrition requirements established by local, state, and federal statutes and regulations;
- Offer a variety of fruits and vegetables;
- Serve non-fat milk and nutritionally-equivalent non-dairy alternatives (to be defined by USDA), and
- Ensure that all of the served grains are whole grain-rich.

Breakfast

To ensure that all children have breakfast, either at home or at school, in order to meet their nutritional needs and enhance their ability to learn;

- Schools will, to the extent possible, operate the School Breakfast Program
- Schools will, to the extent possible, arrange bus schedules and utilize methods to serve school breakfasts that encourage participation, including serving breakfast in the classroom, "grad-and-go" breakfast, or breakfast during morning break or recess.
- Schools that serve breakfast to students will notify parents and students of the availability of the School Breakfast Program.
- Schools will encourage parents to provide a healthy breakfast for their children through newsletter articles, take-home materials, or other means.

Free and Reduced-priced Meals

Schools will make every effort to eliminate any social stigma attached to, and prevent the overt identification of, students who are eligible for free and reduced-price school meals. Toward this end, Christoval ISD will utilize electronic identification and payment systems and promote the availability of school meals to all students.

Meal Times and Scheduling

- Schools will provide students with at least 10 minutes to eat after sitting down for breakfast and 20 minutes after sitting down for lunch;
- Should schedule meal periods at appropriate times, e.g., lunch should be scheduled between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m., modified for Christoval release days;
- Should not schedule tutoring, club, or organizational meetings or activities during mealtimes, unless students may eat during such activities;
- Will provide students access to hand washing or hand sanitizing before they eat meals or snacks; and
- Should take reasonable steps to accommodate the tooth-brushing regimens of students with special oral health needs (e.g., orthodontia or high tooth decay risk).

Qualifications of School Food Service Staff

Qualified nutrition professionals will administer the school meal programs. As part of the school district's responsibility to operate a food service program, we will provide continuing professional development for all nutrition professionals in schools. Staff development programs should include appropriate certification and/or training programs for child nutrition directors, school nutrition managers, and cafeteria workers, according to their levels of responsibility.

- Sharing of Foods and Beverages. Schools should discourage students from sharing their foods or beverages with one another during meal or snack times, given concerns about allergies and other restrictions on some children's diets.
- Foods and Beverages Sold Individually (i.e., foods sold outside of reimbursable school meals, such as through vending machines, cafeteria a la carte [snack] lines, fundraisers, school stores, etc.)

Elementary Schools

The school food services program, in cooperation with principals, will approve and provide all food and beverage sales to students in elementary schools. Given young children's limited nutrition skills, food in elementary schools should be sold as balanced meals. Foods and beverages sold will meet smart snack nutrition standards.

Middle/Junior High and High Schools

In middle/junior high and high schools, all foods and beverages sold individually outside the reimbursable school meal programs (including those sold through a la carte [snack] lines, vending machines, student stores, or fundraising activities) during the school day, or through programs for students after the school day, will meet the following nutrition and portion size standards.

Beverages

Elementary School

Plain water or plain carbonated water (no size limit);

Non-fat milk, flavored or unflavored (<8 fl oz), including nutritionally equivalent milk alternatives as permitted by the school meal requirements;

100% fruit/vegetable juice (<8 fl oz); and

100% fruit/vegetable juice diluted with water (with or without carbonation), and no added sweeteners (< 8 fl oz).

Middle School

Plain water or plain carbonated water (no size limit);

Non-fat milk, flavored or unflavored (< 12 fl oz), including nutritionally equivalent milk alternatives as permitted by the school meal requirements;

100% fruit/vegetable juice (< 12 fl oz); and

100% fruit/vegetable juice diluted with water (with or without carbonation), and no added sweeteners (< 12 fl oz).

High School

Plain water or plain carbonated water (no size limit);

Non-fat milk, flavored or unflavored (< 12 fl oz), including nutritionally equivalent milk alternatives as permitted by the school meal requirements;

100% fruit/vegetable juice (<12 fl oz);

100% fruit/vegetable juice diluted with water (with or without carbonation), and no added sweeteners (<12 floz);

Foods

A food item sold individually:

- will have no more than 35% of its calories from fat (excluding nuts, seeds, peanut butter, and other nut butters) and 10% of its calories from saturated and trans fat combined;
- will have not more than 35% of its weight from added sugars;
- will contain no more than 200 mg of sodium per serving for snack items and side dishes; will contain no more than 480 mg of sodium per entrèe item sold a la carte, including any added accompaniments; and

a choice of at least two fruits and/or vegetables will be offered for sale at any location on the school site
where foods are sold. Such items could include, but are not limited to, fresh fruits and vegetables;
 100% fruit juice or vegetable juice; cooked, dried, or canned fruits (canned in fruit juice or light syrup);
 and cooked dried, or canned vegetables (that meet the above fat and sodium guidelines).

Fundraising Activities

Texas policy allows six days per campus per school year to sell foods or beverages on campus that do not have to meet federal nutrition standards. Fundraisers that include food or beverage items that do not meet the competitive food nutritional standards, and are intended to be consumed at a school, must be sold outside the school day or on exempt days only. Schools will encourage fundraising activities that promote physical activity.

Fundraisers for exempt days must be approved by the campus principal and will not exceed the allowable six days.

The Food Services director will be notified 10 days prior to the exempt day.

Snacks

Snacks served during the school day or in after-school care or enrichment programs will make a positive contribution to children's diets and health, with an emphasis on serving fruits and vegetables as the primary snacks and water as the primary beverage. Schools will assess if and when to offer snacks based on timing of school meals, children's nutritional needs, children's ages, and other considerations. The district will disseminate a list of healthful snack items to teachers, after-school program personnel, and parents by request.

Rewards

Schools will not use foods or beverages that do not meet the nutrition standards for foods and beverages sold individually (above), as rewards for academic performance or good behavior, and will not withhold food or beverages (including food served through school meals) as a punishment.

Nutrition and Physical Activity Promotion and Food Marketing

Nutrition Education and Promotion

Christoval Independent School District aims to teach, encourage, and support healthy eating by students. Schools should provide nutrition education and engage in nutrition promotion that:

- is offered at each grade level as part of a sequential, comprehensive, standards-based program
 designed to provide students with the knowledge and skills necessary to promote and protect their
 health;
- promotes fruits, vegetables, whole grain products, low-fat and fat-free dairy products, healthy food preparation methods, and health-enhancing nutrition practices;
- emphasizes caloric balance between food intake and energy expenditure (physical activity/exercise)

Integrating Physical Activity into the Classroom Setting

All students participate in physical activities for at least 135 minutes per week. For students to fully embrace regular physical activity as a personal behavior, students need opportunities for physical activity beyond physical education class. Toward that end:

- classroom health education will complement physical education by reinforcing the knowledge and self-management skills needed to maintain a physically- active lifestyle and to reduce time spent on sedentary activities, such as watching television;
- opportunities for physical activity will be incorporated into other subject lessons, and
- classroom teachers will provide short physical activity breaks between lessons or classes, as appropriate.

Communications with Parents

The district/school will support parents' efforts to provide a healthy diet and daily physical activity for their children. The district will post information and tips on school websites and provide school menus. Schools

should encourage parents to pack healthy lunches and snacks and to refrain from including beverages and foods that do not meet the above nutrition standards for individual foods and beverages. The district/school will provide parents with a list of foods that meet the district's snack standards and ideas for healthy celebrations/parties, rewards, and fundraising activities.

The district/school will provide information about physical education and other school-based physical activity opportunities before, during, and after the school day; and support parents' efforts to provide their children with opportunities to be physically active outside of school. Such support will include sharing information about physical activity and physical education through a website, newsletter, or other take-home materials, special events, or physical education homework.

Food Marketing in Schools

School-based marketing will be consistent with nutrition education and health promotion. As such, schools will limit food and beverage marketing to the promotion of foods and beverages that meet the nutrition standards for meals or for foods and beverages sold individually (above). School-based marketing of brands promoting predominantly low-nutrition foods and beverages is prohibited. The promotion of healthy foods, including fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and low-fat dairy products is encouraged.

Examples of marketing techniques include the following: logos and brand names on/in vending machines, books or curricula, textbook covers, school supplies, scoreboards, school structures, and sports equipment; educational incentive programs that provide food as a reward; programs that provide schools with supplies when families buy low- nutrition food products; free samples or coupons; and food sales through fundraising activities. Marketing activities that promote healthful behaviors (and are therefore allowable) include: vending machine covers promoting water; pricing structures that promote healthy options in a la carte lines or vending machines; sales of fruit for fundraisers, and coupons for discount gym memberships.

Staff Wellness

Christoval Independent School District highly values the health and well-being of every staff member and supports personal efforts by staff to maintain a healthy lifestyle.

Physical Activity Opportunities and Physical Education

Daily Physical Education (P.E.) K-12.

All students in grades K-8, including students with disabilities and special health-care needs will receive daily physical education for the entire school year. All physical education will be taught by a certified physical education teacher and adaptive physical education will be taught by a certified teacher. High school students will be taught per graduation requirements. Students will spend at least 50 percent of physical education class time participating in moderate to vigorous physical activity.

Daily Recess

All elementary school students will have at least 20 minutes a day of supervised recess, preferably outdoors, during which schools should encourage moderate to vigorous physical activity verbally and through the provision of space and equipment.

Schools should discourage extended periods (i.e., periods of two or more hours) of inactivity. When activities, such as mandatory school-wide testing, make it necessary for students to remain indoors for long periods of time, schools should give students periodic breaks during which they are encouraged to stand and be moderately active.

Physical Activity and Punishment

Teachers and other school and community personnel are encouraged not to withhold opportunities for physical activity (e.g., recess, physical education) as punishment.

Safe Routes to School. The school district will assess and, if necessary and to the extent possible, make needed improvements to make it safer and easier for students to walk and bike to school. When appropriate, the district will work together with local public works, public safety, and/or police departments in those efforts. The school district will explore the availability of federal "safe routes to school" funds, administered by the state transportation department, to finance such improvements.

Use of School Facilities Outside of School Hours

School spaces and facilities will be available to community agencies and organizations offering physical activity and nutrition programs. School policies concerning safety will apply at all times. Requests to use school facilities will be made to the school administrator.

Monitoring and Policy Review

Monitoring. The superintendent or designee will ensure compliance with established district-wide nutrition and physical activity wellness policies. In each school, the principal or designee will ensure compliance with those policies in his/her school and will report on the school's compliance to the school district superintendent or designee.

School food service staff, at the school or district level, will ensure compliance with nutrition policies within school food service areas and will repost on this matter to the superintendent. In addition, the school district will report on the most recent USDA/TDA Administrative Reviews (AR) findings and any resulting changes. This will include following meal pattern compliance that will be assessed during the review.

The superintendent or designee will develop a summary report every three years on district-wide compliance with the district-s established nutrition and physical activity wellness policies, based on input from schools within the district. That report will be provided to the school board and also distributed to all school health councils, parent/teacher organizations, school principals, and school health services personnel in the district.

Policy Review

To help with the initial development of the district's wellness policies, each school in the district will conduct a baseline assessment of the school's existing nutrition and physical activity environments and policies. The results of those school-by- school assessments will be compiled at the district level to identify and prioritize needs.

Assessments will be repeated every three years to help review policy compliance, assess progress, and determine areas in need of improvement. As part of that review, the school district will review our nutrition and physical activity policies; provision of an environment that supports healthy eating and physical activity; and nutrition and physical education policies and program elements. The district, and individual schools within the district, will, as necessary, revise the wellness policies and develop work plans to facilitate their implementation.