2018–19 Performance and Growth of North Carolina Public Schools

Executive Summary (September 4, 2019)

Statistical Summary of Results

This report provides performance and growth data for the 2018–19 school year based on analysis of all end-of-grade (EOG) and end-of-course (EOC) tests, which are aligned to the North Carolina *Standard Course of Study* in English Language Arts/Reading (ELA/Reading) and Mathematics and the *Essential Standards* in Science, for all public schools in North Carolina.

The following data are presented:

- Test Data: The percentage of students that scored Level 3 and above (Grade Level Proficient) or Level 4 and above (Career and College Readiness) on the EOG and EOC assessments.
- 2. Growth: Based on student performance on the EOG and EOC assessments; and the percentage of schools that exceeded, met, or did not meet growth expectations for the school and for each applicable subgroup within a school as defined and calculated in EVAAS.
- 3. School Performance Grades: An A–F designation for each school and for each student subgroup within a school.
- 4. Overall School Performance Grades: The percentage of schools by School Performance Grades in addition to Subgroup Letter Grades.
- 5. Growth and School Performance Grades: The number of schools exceeding, meeting, or not meeting expected growth by School Performance Grade designation.
- 6. Reading and Mathematics Performance Grades: An A–F designation for schools serving grades 3–8 for Reading and Mathematics performance.
- 7. Long-term Goals: The percentage of interim progress targets met by schools with respect to performance on mathematics and ELA/Reading assessments in grades 3–8 and high school, Cohort Graduation Rate, and English Learners' Progress.
- 8. Participation Requirements: The number of schools that met or did not meet the assessment participation requirement of at least 95 percent of students assessed.
- 9. Alternative Schools and Special Population Schools: Information on the Alternative Schools' Accountability Model, including results for schools participating in the Option B model.
- 10. Federal Designations: Number of schools with federal designations of Comprehensive Support and Improvement (CSI) and Targeted Support and Improvement (TSI)
- 11. Low-Performing Schools and Districts: Number of schools and districts with North Carolina low performing designations
- 12. State Board of Education Appendices:
 - Appendix A. State Board of Education Goals: Attainment towards goals outlined in the State Board of Education's Strategic Plan.
 - Appendix B. School Performance Grades by State Board Region
 - Appendix C. Subgroup Letter Grades by State Board Region

Accountability performance results for districts and all schools included in this report are available on the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction's Accountability Services website. The data will also be presented in the North Carolina School Report Cards later this fall.

Section 1. Test Data

The academic achievement standards are reported as (1) Level 4 and above: on track for being prepared for career and college at the end of high school and (2) Level 3 and above: demonstrating preparedness to be successful at the next grade level.

In 2018–19, North Carolina administered a new edition of the mathematics tests; therefore, comparisons to previous years' data is limited, and as a reminder of this difference, the 2018–19 data is encapsulated in a bolded box. This report does not address the change in mathematics from the previous years. The changes in reading and science data are noted.

As shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2, compared to the previous year, grades 3–8 state-level performance in reading declined for both Level 4 and above and Level 3 and above.

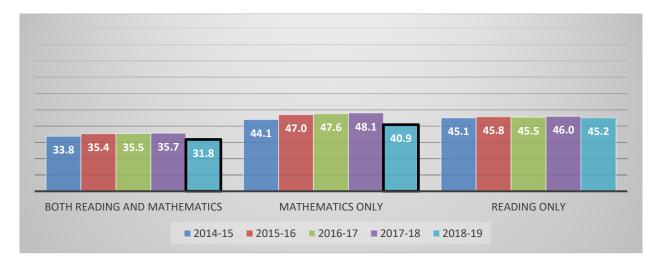


Figure 1. Grades 3–8 state-level performance results in both reading and mathematics, mathematics only, and reading only (Level 4 and above—Career and College Readiness [CCR] Standard)

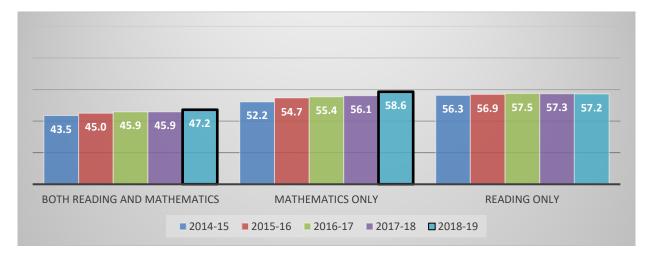


Figure 2. Grades 3–8 state-level performance results in both reading and mathematics, mathematics only, and reading only (Level 3 and above—Grade Level Proficiency [GLP] Standard)

Figures 3 through 8 show current year data and previous years' data for CCR (Level 4 and above) and for GLP (Level 3 and above) for each grade and subject. As with recent years for reading EOG, some grade levels have an increase in student performance and other grade levels have a decrease in student performance. For the science EOG, there continues to be an increase in student performance both for Level 4 and above and Level 3 and above. For the end-of-course tests, with the exception of English II that decreased slightly for the percentage of students at Levels 3 and above, the biology and English II EOCs show consistent increases from the previous year.

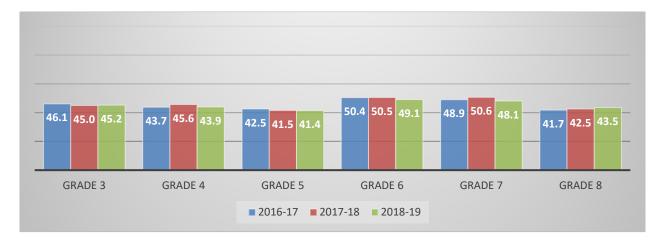


Figure 3. End-of-grade reading performance by grade (Level 4 and above—CCR Standard)



Figure 4. End-of-grade reading performance by grade (Level 3 and above—GLP Standard)

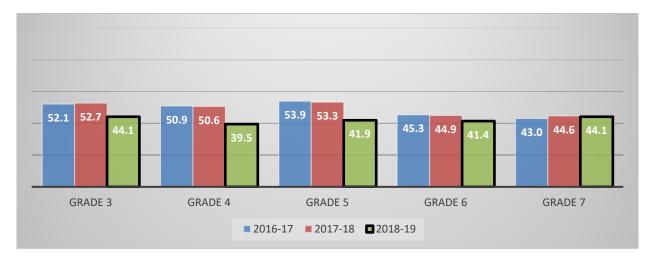


Figure 5. End-of-grade mathematics performance by grade (Level 4 and above—CCR Standard)

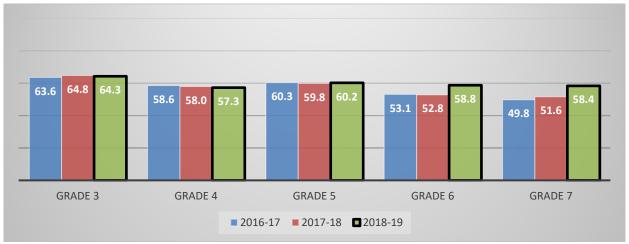


Figure 6. End-of-grade mathematics performance by grade (Level 3 and above—GLP Standard)

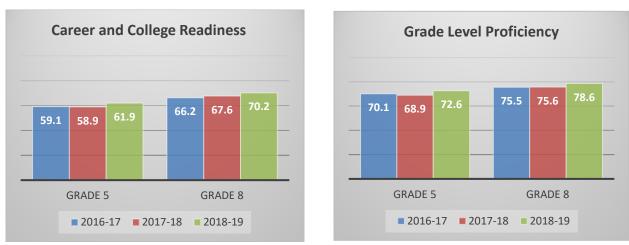


Figure 7. End-of-grade science performance by grade (Level 4 and above—CCR Standard and Level 3 and above—GLP Standard)

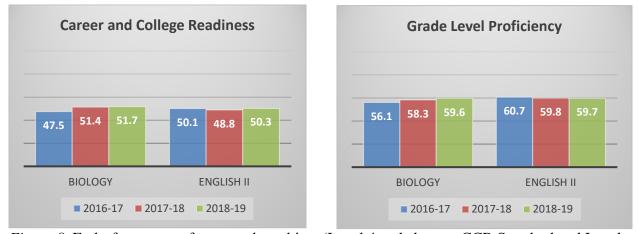


Figure 8. End-of-course performance by subject (Level 4 and above—CCR Standard and Level 3 and above—GLP Standard)

Beginning in 2017–18, students who took an NC Math 1 course during or prior to grade 8 do not take the Grade 8 Mathematics EOG. In reviewing the following data, note:

- 1. *Grade 8 Math EOG* is not all students in grade 8 but only those students who did not take NC Math 1 in grade 8.
- 2. *Grade 8 NC Math 1* is the students who did not take grade 8 mathematics but took NC Math 1 instead.
- 3. *All NC Math 1* is all students who took NC Math 1 in 2018–19, regardless of whether it was in middle school or high school.
- 4. Grades 9–12 NC Math 1 is students who took NC Math 1 in high school this school year.
- 5. All NC Math 3 is students who took NC Math 3 this school year.

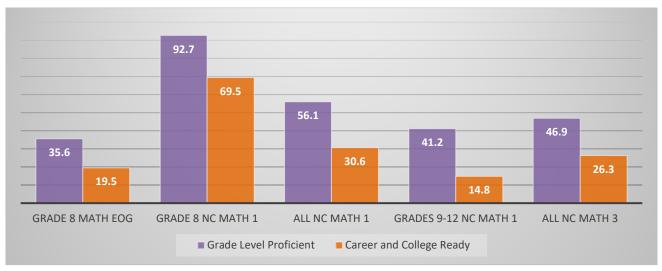


Figure 9. Mathematics end-of-grade and end-of-course performance information at grades 8–12

Table 1 shows the state-level performance on the end-of-grade and end-of-course tests disaggregated by student subgroups for the 2018–19 school year. The Math 3–8 includes students who took NC Math 1 prior to high school, and NC Math 1 includes only those students who took NC Math 1 in high school.

Table 1 Summary subgroup performance by subject (Level 3 and above—GLP Standard)

Subgroup	Reading 3–8	Math 3–8	Science 5 and 8	English II	Biology	NC Math 1	NC Math 3
ALL	57.2	58.6	75.5	59.7	59.6	41.2	46.8
American Indian	42.3	44.2	69.6	46.1	46.9	35.7	30.5
Asian	77.0	84.6	89.0	77.3	80.1	59.6	75.2
Black	40.1	39.3	60.6	41.5	39.4	27.3	26.7
Hispanic	44.3	50.6	66.4	48.5	47.4	35.4	38.4
Two or More Races	59.3	57.0	77.2	60.1	60.7	40.5	44.6
White	70.4	70.9	86.1	71.5	72.1	52.7	57.8
Economically Disadvantaged	42.4	44.1	64.4	43.0	43.3	31.8	31.4
English Learners	20.4	34.4	41.3	9.6	15.1	16.6	13.6
Students with Disabilities	19.9	21.3	38.7	17.5	21.9	14.0	12.3

The following tables (2–3) provide student performance data by cohort over time. For example, previous grade level performance (grades 3–7) is provided for the 2018–19 grade 8 cohort. However, student cohorts are not absolute as changes due to student mobility or other factors are not considered.

With the implementation of new mathematics tests in the 2018–19 school year, the trend line for mathematics performance is reset and the cohort trend data are not provided.

Table 2. End-of-Grade Reading Performance Cohort Trend (Level 4 and Above— Career and College Readiness [CCR] Standard)

Reading EOG/EOC College and Career Ready							
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19		
Grade 3	46.5	47.8	46.1	45.0	45.2		
Grade 4	47.1	45.7	43.7	45.6	43.9		
Grade 5	42.2	43.1	42.5	41.5	41.4		
Grade 6		49.5	50.4	50.5	49.1		
Grade 7			48.9	50.6	48.1		
Grade 8				42.5	43.5		

Table 3. End-of-Grade Reading Performance Cohort Trend (Level 3 and Above— Grade Level Proficiency [GLP] Standard)

Reading EOG/EOC Grade Level Proficient

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Grade 3	59.0	57.7	57.8	55.9	56.8
Grade 4	58.8	58.0	57.7	57.8	57.3
Grade 5	53.0	55.4	56.7	54.1	54.6
Grade 6		58.7	61.0	61.2	60.0
Grade 7			58.2	60.2	58.8
Grade 8				54.2	55.6

State-level results for other high school indicators: ACT, WorkKeys, Students Passing NC Math 3, and the Graduation Project are presented in Table 4. For the sixth year, the percent of schools implementing and completing a Graduation Project decreased. Beginning in 2017–18, the ACT/WorkKeys are combined into one indicator for the calculation of the School Performance Grades.

Table 4. State-Level Performance for the High School Indicators

Indicator	Benchmark Definition	2016–17 Percent Meeting Benchmark	2017–18 Percent Meeting Benchmark	2018–19 Percent Meeting Benchmark
ACT	Percent of 11th grade participating students who meet the UNC System minimum admission requirement of a composite score of 17	58.8	57.9	55.8
WorkKeys	Percent of 12th grade Career and Technical Education (CTE) concentrators who earned a Silver Certificate or higher *	73.3	68.3	65.5
ACT/ WorkKeys Indicator	Percent of 12th graders who met either the ACT benchmark or the WorkKeys benchmark	N/A	66.5	65.0
Math Course Rigor	Percent of 12th graders who completed NC Math 3 or Math III with a passing grade (Used for calculation of School Performance Grades)	>95	92.9	93.0
Graduation Project	Percent of high schools that implemented and completed a graduation project	29.7	26.6	23.1

^{*} Prior to 2017–18, WorkKeys was calculated using CTE concentrator graduates only. Beginning in the 2017–18 school year, WorkKeys is calculated using CTE concentrators in Grade 12 membership.

Section 2. Growth Results

For the 2018–19 school year, school accountability growth results are presented for 2,523 of the public schools that participated in the statewide testing program. Using all EOG, English II EOC, NC Math 1 EOC and NC Math 3 EOC (for students who took NC Math 1 in grade 8 or prior) test scores, school accountability growth is calculated using EVAAS, a value-added growth modeling tool. Each school with the required data is designated as having exceeded expected growth, met expected growth, or did not meet growth. As shown in Table 5, for the 2018–19 school year, 73.3% of all schools met or exceeded growth expectations, a slight increase from the previous year.

Table 5. School Accountability Growth

Growth Category	2017–18 Number	2017–18 Percent	2018–19 Number	2018–19 Percent
Exceeded Expected Growth	677	27.0	694	27.5
Met Expected Growth	1,146	45.7	1,156	45.8
Did Not Meet Growth	683	27.3	673	26.7
Total	2,506		2,523	

Table 6 and Figure 10 provide the percent of schools at each growth designation by school type. School type is defined as follows: elementary (any school with a grade configuration up to grade 5), middle (any school with a grade configuration up to grade 8), and high (any school with a grade configuration up to grade 12 or ungraded).

Table 6. Growth Status of Schools by School Type

Growth Status	Elementary School		Middle	School	High School	
Growin Status	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Exceeded Expected Growth	318	26.1	194	28.1	182	29.6
Met Expected Growth	647	53.1	276	40.0	233	37.9
Did Not Meet Growth	253	20.8	220	31.9	200	32.5
Total	1,218		690		615	

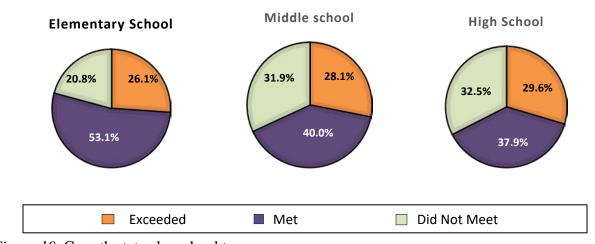


Figure 10. Growth status by school type.

As with school-wide accountability growth, subgroup growth is calculated using EVAAS, a value-added growth modeling tool. Within a school, each subgroup that meets data requirements is designated as having exceeded expected growth, met expected growth, or did not meet growth.

For example, as presented in Table 7, there are 63 school-level American Indian subgroups that met the data requirements for reporting growth. Not all schools' subgroups met the data requirements for reporting.

Table 7. Subgroup Growth Designations

	Exce		Met Ex	-		ot Meet	Total
Subgroups	Number	Growth Percent	Number	wth Percent	Number	Growth Percent	Number of Subgroups
American Indian	7	11.1	36	57.1	20	31.7	63
Asian	86	28.7	209	69.7	5	1.7	300
Black	222	12.5	1,174	66.1	381	21.4	1,777
Hispanic	329	19.2	1,189	69.3	198	11.5	1,716
Two or More Races	32	6.0	448	83.9	54	10.1	534
White	415	19.3	1,279	59.6	451	21.0	2,145
Economically Disadvantaged	458	19.1	1,362	56.9	574	24.0	2,394
English Learner	252	21.3	862	72.7	71	6.0	1,185
Students with Disabilities	179	9.8	1,462	80.2	182	10.0	1,823

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of subgroups may not total 100%.

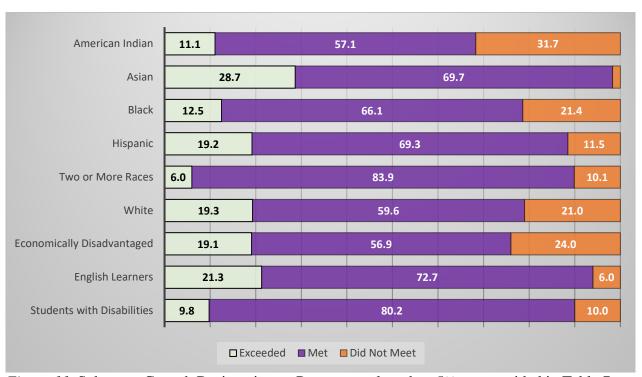


Figure 11. Subgroup Growth Designations – Percentages less than 5% are provided in Table 7.

Section 3. School Performance Grades (A–F)

As required by G.S. §115C-83.15, School Performance Grades (A–F) have been reported for all schools since the 2013–14 school year. Effective with the 2017–18 school year, and to align with the requirements of the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), the calculation of English Learners (ELs) Progress, a measure of English language attainment for ELs is now included. As in the previous year, test scores, EVAAS growth, and for high schools, additional indicators that measure career-and college-readiness, are included in the School Performance Grades calculation.

The School Performance Grades are based on student achievement (80%) and growth (20%). The indicators and the proficiency standards or benchmarks used for achievement include:

- 1. Annual EOG mathematics and reading assessments in grades 3–8 and science assessments in grades 5 and 8 (Level 3 and above)
- 2. Annual EOC assessments in NC Math 1 or NC Math 3 (for students who took NC Math 1 in grade 8 or prior) and English II (Level 3 and above), includes achievement and growth
- 3. The percent of students identified as ELs who meet the progress standard on the English Proficiency assessment
- 4. The percentage of students who graduate within four years of entering (9th grade) high school (Standard [4-Year] Cohort Graduation Rate)

As required by ESSA, the following are School Quality or Student Success indicators:

- 1. Growth for elementary and middle schools (mathematics, reading and science); high school growth is included in the achievement indicator
- 2. Annual EOC assessment in biology for high schools (schools with grade 9 or higher)
- 3. The percentage of 12th grade students who complete NC Math 3 or Math III with a passing grade
- 4. The percentage of 12th grade students who achieve the minimum score required for admission into a constituent institution of The University of North Carolina on the ACT (composite score of 17) or who meet the Silver Certificate or higher on the WorkKeys assessment

The EVAAS model, which provides the growth measure, uses current and previous student test scores to determine whether schools are maintaining or increasing student achievement from one year to the next. If a school does not have a Growth Score, only the School Achievement Score is used to calculate the Performance Score.

For an indicator to be included in the School Performance Grade calculation, there must be 30 scores or data points. If a school has only one indicator, the School Performance Grade is calculated on that indicator.

The grade designations are set on a 15-point scale as follows:

A = 85-100	$\mathbf{B} = 70 - 84$	C = 55-69	D = 40-54	$\mathbf{F} = 39 \text{ or Less}$
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Section 4. Overall School Performance Grades

Of all district schools and charter schools, 2,543 received School Performance Grades (SPG) for the 2018–19 school year. Of the schools not included in the SPG report, 94 are schools approved to use the Alternative School Accountability Model, which is highlighted in Section 9.

Table 8 and Figure 12 show overall letter grades.

Table 8. Performance Grade*

Overall Grade	Number of Schools 2017–18	Percent of Schools 2017–18	Number of Schools 2018–19	Percent of Schools 2018–19
A	185	7.3	203	8.0
В	717	28.3	745	29.3
С	1,071	42.2	1,044	41.1
D	472	18.6	460	18.1
F	92	3.6	91	3.6
Total	2,537		2,543	

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of schools may not total 100%.

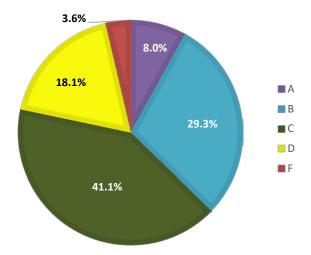


Figure 12. Performance grades for all schools.

Table 9 and Figure 13 show the distribution of school grades by school type. School type is defined as follows: elementary (any school with a grade configuration up to grade 5), middle (any school with a grade configuration up to grade 8), and high (any school with a grade configuration up to grade 12 or ungraded). In 2018–19, 74.5% of the elementary and middle schools earned a grade of C or better, compared to 90.8% of high schools. This difference may be attributable to the indicators for each model. The high school model has more measures (cohort graduation rate, ACT/WorkKeys, Math Course Rigor) than elementary and middle schools.

Table 9. Performance Grade by School Type*

Grade	Element Mid	•	Elementary		Mid	ldle	High	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
A	83	4.3	53	4.2	30	4.4	120	20.1
В	520	26.7	355	28.2	165	24.0	225	37.6
С	846	43.5	540	42.9	306	44.5	198	33.1
D	415	21.3	264	21.0	151	22.0	45	7.5
F	81	4.2	46	3.7	35	5.1	10	1.7
Total	1,945		1,258		687		598	

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of schools may not total 100%.

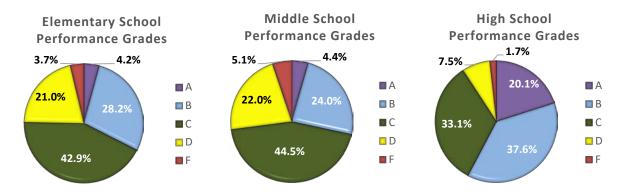


Figure 13. Performance grades by school type.

The indicators and the methodology to calculate A–F letter grades for student subgroups are the same as those used for the calculation of School Performance Grades. If an indicator does not meet the requirement of at least 30 data points, it is not included in the calculation. However, if there is only one indicator that meets this requirement, the subgroup letter grade is based on the one indicator. For each subgroup, the subgroup growth index comprises 20% of the letter.

Table 10. Subgroup letter grades

Subgroup	American Indian		Asi	ian	Black	
Letter Grade	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
A	1	1.3	195	45.0	20	1.0
В	4	5.0	136	31.4	147	7.6
С	22	27.5	74	17.1	533	27.4
D	35	43.8	22	5.1	927	47.6
F	18	22.5	6	1.4	319	16.4
Total	80		433		1,946	

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of subgroups may not total 100%.

Subgroup	Hispanic		Two or M	ore Races	White	
Letter Grade	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
A	49	2.5	50	5.2	364	16.0
В	278	14.0	224	23.3	1,045	45.9
С	885	44.6	398	41.4	726	31.9
D	679	34.2	237	24.6	126	5.5
F	95	4.8	53	5.5	16	0.7
Total	1,986		962		2,277	

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of subgroups may not total 100%.

Subgroup Letter Grade		mically antaged	English l	Learners	Students with Disabilities		
Letter Grade	Number	Percent	Number			Percent	
A	55	2.2	10	0.7	1	0.0	
В	212	8.6	77	5.4	6	0.3	
С	1,039	42.2	297	20.8	65	2.9	
D	964	39.1	729	51.0	462	20.9	
F	194	7.9	316	22.1	1,679	75.9	
Total	2,464		1,429		2,213		

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of subgroups may not total 100%.

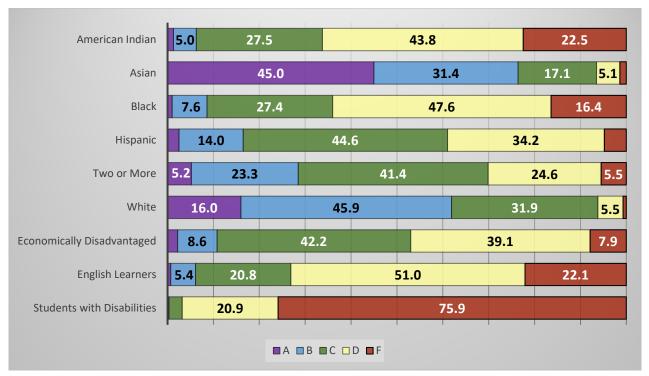


Figure 14. Subgroup Letter Grades – Percentages less than 5% are provided in Table 10.

Section 5. Growth and School Performance Grades

Comprising 20% of the overall SPG, the amount of growth a school's students demonstrate for the year indicates the school's success in moving student achievement forward, a key criterion for sustained improvement.

Table 11 and Figure 15 show that of the 2,488 schools with both an SPG and a school accountability growth status, 1,843 (74.1%) met or exceeded growth; of those schools, 188 (10.2%) earned an A, 651 (35.3%) earned a B, and 749 (40.6%) earned a C, which is an increase of 0.7% from last year.

Table 11. Performance Grade by School Accountability Growth*

Grade	Meets or Expected		Exceeds Expected Growth		Meets Expected Growth		Does Not Meet Expected Growth	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
A	188	10.2	119	17.1	69	6.0	4	0.6
В	651	35.3	300	43.2	351	30.5	82	12.7
С	749	40.6	228	32.9	521	45.3	280	43.4
D	231	12.5	46	6.6	185	16.1	217	33.6
F	24	1.3	1	0.1	23	2.0	62	9.6
Total	1,843		694		1,149		645	

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of schools may not total 100%.

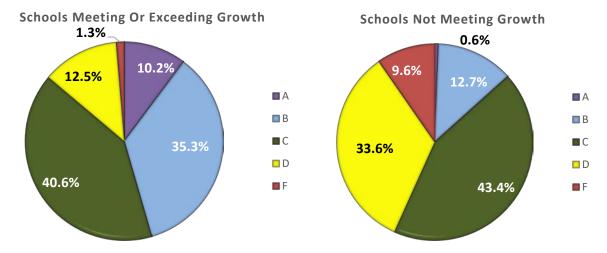


Figure 15. Performance grades of schools by growth designations.

Section 6. Reading and Mathematics Performance Grades for Elementary and Middle Schools

Schools with grades 3–8 report separate letter grades for reading and mathematics based on EOG test scores. Like the overall SPGs, the reading and mathematics grades include achievement (80%) and growth (20%). Table 12 and Figure 16 provide this information by the number and percent of grades earned for all schools.

Table 12. Number and Percent of Schools' Reading and Mathematics Letter Grades*

Grade	Re	eading	Mathematics		
Grade	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
A	51	2.6	104	5.2	
В	440	22.0	532	26.6	
С	887	44.4	764	38.3	
D	519	26.0	461	23.1	
F	100	5.0	136	6.8	
Total	1,997		1,997		

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of schools may not total 100%.

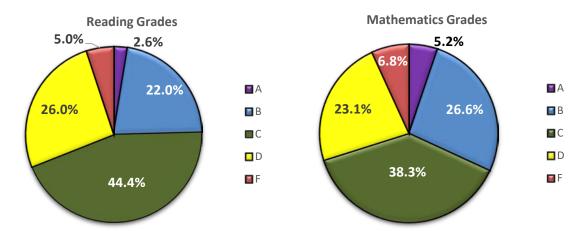


Figure 16. Performance grades for reading and mathematics.

Section 7. Measures of Interim Progress toward Long-term Goals

In the ESSA State Plan, North Carolina set 10-year goals for improved academic achievement based on the annual assessments of reading/language arts and mathematics for all students and each subgroup of students (American Indian, Asian, Black, Hispanic, Two or More Races, White, English Learners, Students with Disabilities, and Economically Disadvantaged). These goals reflect the percentage of students achieving College and Career Readiness (Academic Achievement Levels 4 and 5) on the EOG and EOC assessments. Attainable yet ambitious goals were set requiring all students and each subgroup of students to meet interim measures of progress that, if achieved, would result in the state meeting its 10-year goals and a reduction of the achievement gap between high performing and low performing subgroups. Additionally, 10-year goals for the 4-year cohort graduation rate and English Learner progress were set.

Table 13. State Level Grade 3–8 Reading Measure of Interim Progress for 2018–19

	Reading Grades 3–8							
Student Subgroup		2017-18		2018–19				
,	Percent	Target	Met or Not Met	Percent	Target	Met or Not Met		
All Students	46.3	47.8	Not Met	45.6	49.8	Not Met		
American Indian	31.7	32.9	Not Met	30.2	35.3	Not Met		
Asian	69.2	68.2	Met	69.7	69.9	Not Met		
Black	28.2	30.4	Not Met	27.8	33.0	Not Met		
Hispanic	32.9	33.9	Not Met	32.7	36.4	Not Met		
Two or More Races	47.4	48.7	Not Met	46.2	50.7	Not Met		
White	59.8	60.4	Not Met	58.9	62.0	Not Met		
Economically Disadvantaged	30.5	33.2	Not Met	30.3	35.6	Not Met		
English Learners	23.7	14.2	Met	23.4	17.2	Met		
Students with Disabilities	13.8	16.6	Not Met	13.5	19.6	Not Met		

Table 14. State Level Grade 3–8 Mathematics Measure of Interim Progress for 2018–19

	Mathematics Grades 3–8							
Student Subgroup		2017–18		2018–19				
,	Percent	Target	Met or Not Met	Percent	Target	Met or Not Met		
All Students	48.4	49.7	Not Met	41.2	52.4	Not Met		
American Indian	33.1	34.8	Not Met	26.0	38.0	Not Met		
Asian	79.1	77.9	Met	74.6	79.6	Not Met		
Black	28.2	30.5	Not Met	21.9	33.8	Not Met		
Hispanic	40.2	41.1	Not Met	32.7	44.1	Not Met		
Two or More Races	46.2	47.9	Not Met	38.6	50.7	Not Met		
White	60.7	61.2	Not Met	53.2	63.6	Not Met		
Economically Disadvantaged	32.6	35.3	Not Met	26.1	38.5	Not Met		
English Learners	35.1	24.9	Met	28.2	28.5	Not Met		
Students with Disabilities	14.2	17.9	Not Met	9.7	21.7	Not Met		

Table 15. State Level Grade 10 Reading Measure of Interim Progress for 2018–19

		2017–18		2018–19		
	Percent	Target	Met or Not Met	Percent	Target	Met or Not Met
All Students	50.1	53.0	Not Met	51.1	55.1	Not Met
American Indian	34.8	36.4	Not Met	34.8	38.9	Not Met
Asian	71.8	70.1	Met	73.1	71.5	Met
Black	30.6	34.9	Not Met	32.2	37.5	Not Met
Hispanic	38.8	40.3	Not Met	39.5	42.8	Not Met
Two or More Races	51.2	53.3	Not Met	51.3	55.3	Not Met
White	62.3	64.9	Not Met	62.9	66.6	Not Met
Economically Disadvantaged	32.7	37.1	Not Met	33.8	39.6	Not Met
English Learners	13.9	7.1	Met	13.2	10.7	Met
Students with Disabilities	11.8	16.1	Not Met	12.3	19.4	Not Met

Table 16. State Level Grade 11 Mathematics Measure of Interim Progress for 2018–19

	Mathematics Grade 11 (NC Math 1)							
Student Subgroup		2017-18		2018–19				
and the second	Percent	Target	Met or Not Met	Percent	Target	Met or Not Met		
All Students	47.1	46.4	Met	50.7	49.4	Met		
American Indian	31.8	31.8	Met	36.8	35.3	Met		
Asian	74.0	74.0	Met	78.4	76.9	Met		
Black	26.8	27.3	Not Met	30.2	30.8	Not Met		
Hispanic	37.7	36.0	Met	41.6	39.3	Met		
Two or More Races	45.3	44.6	Met	47.8	47.6	Met		
White	58.7	58.1	Met	62.2	60.8	Met		
Economically Disadvantaged	30.8	31.3	Not Met	34.2	34.7	Not Met		
English Learners	17.2	9.0	Met	17.5	13.1	Met		
Students with Disabilities	11.4	14.6	Not Met	11.9	18.5	Not Met		

Table 17. State Level Cohort Graduation Rate Measure of Interim Progress for 2018–19

	Cohort Graduation Rate							
Student Subgroup		2017-18			2018–19			
2	Percent	Target	Met or Not Met	Percent	Target	Met or Not Met		
All Students	86.3	86.8	Not Met	86.5	87.7	Not Met		
American Indian	84.4	83.3	Met	81.2	84.6	Not Met		
Asian	93.4	93.6	Not Met	94.5	93.7	Met		
Black	83.2	84.1	Not Met	83.6	85.3	Not Met		
Hispanic	79.9	81.6	Not Met	81.1	83.1	Not Met		
Two or More Races	84.1	84.2	Not Met	83.9	85.4	Not Met		
White	89.6	89.2	Met	89.6	89.9	Not Met		
Economically Disadvantaged	80.3	82.0	Not Met	81.8	83.5	Not Met		
English Learners	68.4	61.0	Met	71.4	64.8	Met		
Students with Disabilities	69.1	71.5	Not Met	69.8	74.1	Not Met		

Table 18. State Level English Learners' Progress Measure of Interim Progress for 2018–19

Student Subgroup	English Learners' Progress
S 1	e e

	2017–18				2018–19	
	Percent	Target	Met or Not Met	Percent	Target	Met or Not Met
All Students	44.9	28.8	Met	38.6	32.2	Met

The following tables provide the percentage of schools that met the interim progress target for each subgroup.

Table 19. Number of Schools Meeting Measure of Interim Progress for Reading Grades 3–8

Student	Year	Number of Schools with	Schools	Meeting oal	Schools Not Meeting Goal		
Subgroup	i ear	the Subgroup	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
All Students	2017–18	1,967	692	35.2	1,275	64.8	
All Students	2018–19	2,004	462	23.1	1,542	76.9	
American	2017–18	49	23	46.9	26	53.1	
Indian	2018–19	46	15	32.6	31	67.4	
Asian	2017–18	144	62	43.1	82	56.9	
Asian	2018–19	162	62	38.3	100	61.7	
Dlask	2017–18	1,275	446	35.0	829	65.0	
Black	2018–19	1,328	308	23.2	1,020	76.8	
III	2017–18	1,126	479	42.5	647	57.5	
Hispanic	2018–19	1,192	374	31.4	818	68.6	
Two or More	2017–18	185	89	48.1	96	51.9	
Races	2018–19	242	86	35.5	156	64.5	
Wileita	2017–18	1,630	671	41.2	959	58.8	
White	2018–19	1,642	487	29.7	1,155	70.3	
Economically	2017–18	1,860	583	31.3	1,277	68.7	
Disadvantaged	2018–19	1,892	386	20.4	1,506	79.6	
English	2017–18	410	331	80.7	79	19.3	
Learners	2018–19	809	380	47.0	429	53.0	
Students with	2017–18	1,177	389	33.1	788	66.9	
Disabilities	2018–19	1,268	245	19.3	1,023	80.7	

Table 20. Number of Schools Meeting Measure of Interim Progress for Mathematics Grades 3–8

Student	Year	Number of Schools with	Schools Meeting Goal		Schools Not Meeting Goal	
Subgroup	Tear	the Subgroup	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All Students	2017–18	1,967	771	39.2	1,196	60.8
All Students	2018–19	2,004	174	8.7	1,830	91.3
American	2017–18	49	23	46.9	26	53.1
Indian	2018–19	46	5	10.9	41	89.1
Asian	2017–18	144	69	47.9	75	52.1
Asiaii	2018–19	163	41	25.2	122	74.8
Dlagle	2017–18	1,275	460	36.1	815	63.9
Black	2018–19	1,326	118	8.9	1,208	91.1
Himmin	2017–18	1,126	494	43.8	632	56.1
Hispanic	2018–19	1,193	176	14.8	1,017	85.2
Two or More	2017–18	185	89	48.1	96	51.9
Races	2018–19	242	59	24.4	183	75.6
White	2017–18	1,630	728	44.7	902	55.3
willte	2018–19	1,642	175	10.7	1,467	89.3
Economically	2017–18	1,860	638	34.3	1,222	65.7
Disadvantaged	2018–19	1,892	152	8.0	1,740	92.0
English	2017–18	410	338	82.4	72	17.6
Learners	2018–19	808	254	31.4	554	68.6
Students with	2017–18	1,177	296	25.1	881	74.9
Disabilities	2018–19	1,266	62	4.9	1,204	95.1

Table 21. Number of Schools Meeting Measure of Interim Progress for Reading Grade 10

Student	Year	Number of Schools with	Schools Meeting Goal		Schools Not Meeting Goal	
Subgroup	Tear	the Subgroup	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All Students	2017–18	505	148	29.3	357	70.7
All Students	2018–19	537	141	26.3	396	73.7
American	2017–18	8	1	12.5	7	87.5
Indian	2018–19	7	1	14.3	6	85.7
Agian	2017–18	17	8	47.1	9	52.9
Asian	2018–19	20	9	45.0	11	55.0
Black	2017–18	253	62	24.5	191	75.5
DIACK	2018–19	250	51	20.4	199	79.6
Hispania	2017–18	178	66	37.0	112	62.9
Hispanic	2018–19	201	69	34.3	132	65.7
Two or More	2017–18	2	1	50.0	1	50.0
Races	2018–19	7	3	42.9	4	57.1
White	2017–18	380	126	33.2	254	66.8
willte	2018–19	399	104	26.1	295	73.9
Economically	2017–18	375	91	24.3	284	75.7
Disadvantaged	2018–19	384	91	23.7	293	76.3
English	2017–18	15	11	73.3	4	26.7
Learners	2018–19	44	14	31.8	30	68.2
Students with	2017–18	144	41	28.5	103	71.5
Disabilities	2018–19	167	28	16.8	139	83.2

Table 22. Number of Schools Meeting Measure of Interim Progress for Mathematics Grade 11

Student		Year Number of Schools with		Schools Meeting Goal		Schools Not Meeting Goal	
Subgroup	Tear	the Subgroup	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
All Students	2017–18	492	223	45.4	269	54.7	
7111 Students	2018–19	522	245	46.9	277	53.1	
American	2017–18	8	3	37.5	5	62.5	
Indian	2018–19	8	6	75.0	2	25.0	
Agian	2017–18	11	5	45.5	6	54.5	
Asian	2018–19	12	2	16.7	10	83.3	
Black	2017–18	237	95	40.1	142	59.9	
DIACK	2018–19	241	95	39.4	146	60.6	
Hismonia	2017–18	162	86	53.1	76	46.9	
Hispanic	2018–19	174	86	49.4	88	50.6	
Two or More	2017–18	1	0	0.0	1	100.0	
Races	2018–19	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	
White	2017–18	374	182	48.7	192	51.3	
white	2018–19	383	203	53.0	180	47.0	
Economically	2017–18	363	147	40.5	216	59.5	
Disadvantaged	2018–19	368	161	43.8	207	56.3	
English	2017–18	8	5	62.5	3	37.5	
Learners	2018–19	23	10	43.5	13	56.5	
Students with	2017–18	121	32	26.4	89	73.6	
Disabilities	2018–19	127	19	15.0	108	85.0	

Table 23. Number of Schools Meeting Measure of Interim Progress for Cohort Graduation Rate

Student	Number of Schools with		Schools Meeting Goal		Schools Not Meeting Goal	
Subgroup	i ear	the Subgroup	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All Students	2017–18	496	197	39.7	299	60.3
All Students	2018–19	545	206	37.8	339	62.2
American	2017–18	9	6	66.7	3	33.3
Indian	2018–19	9	1	11.1	8	88.9
Agian	2017–18	16	4	25.0	12	75.0
Asian	2018–19	19	8	42.1	11	57.9
Dlook	2017–18	244	74	30.3	170	69.7
Black	2018–19	263	89	33.8	174	66.2
Hismonia	2017–18	164	61	37.2	103	62.8
Hispanic	2018–19	200	78	39.0	122	61.0
Two or More	2017–18	3	3	100.0	0	0.0
Races	2018–19	4	1	25.0	3	75.0
Wilsian	2017–18	383	169	44.1	214	55.9
White	2018–19	414	190	45.9	224	54.1
Economically	2017–18	370	117	31.6	253	68.4
Disadvantaged	2018–19	391	121	30.9	270	69.1
English	2017–18	8	3	37.5	5	62.5
Learners	2018–19	51	27	52.9	24	47.1
Students with	2017–18	132	47	35.6	85	64.4
Disabilities	2018–19	203	72	35.5	131	64.5

Table 24. Number of Schools Meeting Measure of Interim Progress for English Learners'

Progress

Student Vear School		Number of Schools with	Schools Meeting Goal		Schools Not Meeting Goal	
Subgroup		the Subgroup	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
All Ctudonts	2017–18	765	691	90.3	74	9.7
All Students	2018–19	907	556	61.3	351	38.7

Section 8. Participation Requirements

As required by the ESSA, schools must meet assessment participation requirements. Participation requirements apply to all state assessments administered by the state including EOG and EOC assessments in English language arts/reading, mathematics, and science; the ACT, and WorkKeys.

To meet participation requirements, schools must assess at least 95% of eligible students. Participation requirements are reported for the following student groups: All Students, American Indian, Asian, Black, Hispanic, Two or More Races, White, Economically Disadvantaged, English Learners, and Students with Disabilities.

Table 25 shows the number and percent of schools that did or did not meet all the participation requirements. Table 26 shows, for each subgroup, the number of schools who met participation requirements for that subgroup.

Table 25. Participation Requirements

	Number of Schools	Percent of Schools
Met All Participation Requirements	2,208	87.0
Did Not Meet All Participation Requirements	329	13.0
Total	2,537	

Table 26. The Number and Percentage of School-Level Participation Requirements Met by

Student Group

Situtent Group	Pa	rticipation Expect	tations
Student Group	Number of Schools Met	Total Number of Schools with the Subgroup	Percent Met
All Students	8,228	8,480	97.0
American Indian	145	155	93.5
Asian	521	535	97.4
Black	4,459	4,672	95.4
Hispanic	3,805	3,969	95.9
Two or More Races	610	619	98.5
White	6,370	6,486	98.2
Economically Disadvantaged	6,791	7,064	96.1
English Learners	2,241	2,345	95.6
Students with Disabilities	3,358	3,565	94.2

Section 9. Alternative Schools and Special Population Schools

In consideration of the limited data available for some schools, State Board of Education policy provides an alternative accountability model for reporting overall achievement and growth performance. This model is available to qualifying alternative schools, North Carolina Department of Public Instruction (NCDPI)-approved special education schools, and schools identified as Developmental Day Centers. Beginning with the 2017–18 school year, and as required by ESSA, these schools will also have a School Performance Grade for federal reporting. Table 27 provides information on the options selected by these schools for the 2018–19 school year.

Table 27. Alternative Accountability Model Options

SBE Policy Selection	Number of Schools	Description of Option and Outcomes
Option A	0	Participate in School Performance Grades
Option B	77	Alternative Schools' Progress Model
Option C	17	Schools submitted individual reports to the NCDPI
Total	94	

Schools that select Option B under the alternative model are evaluated based on their performance in the current year compared to the previous year. Schools are considered "Maintaining" if results stay within +/-2.9 points of the previous year. If more than or less than 3

points are earned, the schools are "Progressing" or "Declining" respectively. Table 28 shows the results for the schools selecting Option B.

Ontion R Docults	Number of Schools	Percent of Schools
Option b Results	Number of Schools	Tercent of Schools
Progressing	15	19.5
Maintaining	44	57.1
Declining	18	23.4
Total	77	

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of schools may not total 100%.

Under Option C, alternative schools develop an alternative accountability model and present their proposal to the State Board of Education for approval. Approved schools provide a summary report of their accountability models, which are posted on the NCDPI website.

The results of the schools that chose Option B or Option C are located at the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction's Accountability Services website.

Section 10. Federal Designations:

The Every Student Succeeds Act requires the identification of schools based on a state's accountability model. The designations required include Comprehensive Support and Improvement (CSI) schools and Targeted Support and Improvement (TSI) schools. Within each designation, there are more specific designations:

- 1. Comprehensive Support and Improvement Low Performing (CSI-LP): Title 1 served schools whose overall School Performance Grade is in the lowest 5% of all Title 1 served schools. For the 2017–18 school year, the score that represents the lowest 5% of Title 1 schools is 37 of a possible 100. Occurring every three years, this identification will take place again after the 2020–21 school year.
- 2. Comprehensive Support and Improvement Low Graduation Rate (CSI- LG): Schools whose all students graduation rate is 66.7% or below. Occurring every three years, this identification will take place again after the 2020–21 school year.
- 3. Targeted Support and Improvement Consistently Underperforming Subgroups (TSI-CU). Designations after the 2018–19 school year use 2 years of data to determine consistent performance. After this identification cycle, the criteria for identification will be schools who have a subgroup who achieve a letter grade of 'F' for the most recent and previous 2 years. This designation occurs annually.
- 4. Targeted Support and Improvement Additional Targeted Support (TSI-AT): Schools who have a subgroup letter grade below the highest CSI LP School Performance Grade. Occurring every three years, this identification will take place again after the 2020–21 school year.

A summary of the number of schools with the above designations is listed in Table 29. Schools identified as CSI-Low Graduation Rate may also be identified as CSI – Low Performing or Targeted Support and Improvement. The list of schools is available at the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction's Accountability Services website.

Table 29. Summary of Federal Designations

Designation	Number of Schools
CSI – Low Performing	72
CSI – Low Graduation Rate	42
TSI – Consistently Underperforming Subgroups	1,464
TSI – Additional Targeted Support	1,634

Section 11. Low-Performing Schools and Districts

The North Carolina General Assembly has enacted requirements to identify low-performing schools, low-performing districts, and recurring low-performing schools based on legislative requirements. The identification of these schools and districts requires them to develop plans for improvement.

The overall number of low-performing schools and districts has increased. The recurring low-performing schools number decreased by 13 from the previous year. Table 30 displays the overall changes from 2017–18 to 2018–19.

Table 30. Number of Low-Performing Schools and Districts

C 50. Williot of Bow I erforming Benoons and Districts					
	2017–18	2018–19	Difference		
Low-Performing Schools	479	487	+8		
Low-Performing Districts	8	9	+1		
Recurring Low-Performing Schools	436	423	-13		
Continually Low-Performing Charter Schools	28	38	+10		

The lists of low-performing schools and districts can be found on the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction's Accountability Services website.

Appendix A. State Board of Education Goals

The State Board of Education implemented a strategic plan with the vision that "Every public school student will graduate ready for post-secondary education and work, prepared to be globally engaged and productive citizens." Table 31 provides information showing results based on the goals set for assessment and accountability measures. Unless specified, results include data for all schools.

Table 31. State Board of Education Goals

Objective	Measure	Subgroup	2017–18	2018–19
1.4	1.4.1 Increase	All Students	18.5	18.4
	average	American Indian	16.3	16.0
	composite score	Asian	21.9	22.6
	on state-	Black	15.7	15.4
	mandated college	Hispanic	16.5	16.4
	entrance exam by	Two or More	18.5	18.4
	subgroup	Races	10.5	10.4
		White	20.2	20.1
		Economically	16.2	15.8
		Disadvantaged	10.2	13.6
		English	14.2	13.1
		Learners	14.2	13.1
		Students with	14.4	13.9
		Disabilities	17.7	13.7

Objective	Measure	Mathematics	Reading
2.2	Increase the percentage of grades 3–8 Math and ELA EOG subgroup test scores meeting the ESSA Yearly Measures of Interim progress	Please see table 14	Please see table 13

Objective	Measure	
2.3	Increase the percentage of students proficient in math by	Please see table 1
	subgroup	

Objective	Measure	
2.4	Increase the percentage of students proficient in reading by the end of 3 rd grade (2018–19 is the baseline year)	56.8

Objective	Measure	
2.5	Increase the percentage high school reading subgroup test scores meeting the ESSA Yearly Measures of Interim progress	Please see table 15

Objective	Measure	
2.6	Increase the percentage of students proficient in science by subgroup	Please see table 1

Objective	Measure	
2.7	Increase the number of schools meeting or exceeding growth measure by subgroup	Please see table 7

Objective	Measure	Number of Schools with Meeti		Growth	Exceeding Growth	
		Growth*	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2.7.1	Increase the percentage of schools with charter-like flexibilities** meeting or exceeding annual expected growth	147	63	42.9	23	15.6

^{*}Two restart schools do not have a School Accountability Growth score

^{**}Includes innovation schools, innovation zones, restart schools, renewal school districts and lab schools

Appendix B. School Performance Grades by State Board Regions

The distributions of SPGs, Growth Designations, Reading Grades, and Mathematics Grades by State Board of Education regions are presented in Tables 32–35.

Table 32. Number and Percent of School Performance Grades by State School Board Region*

Region		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Total				
		A	В	C	D	F	Schools
Northeast	Number	7	32	82	36	14	171
	Percent	4.1	18.7	48.0	21.1	8.2	1/1
Southeast	Number	19	68	107	42	7	243
Southeast	Percent	7.8	28.0	44.0	17.3	2.9	243
North	Number	50	147	227	112	21	557
Central	Percent	9.0	26.4	40.8	20.1	3.8	337
Sandhills	Number	13	49	120	70	7	259
Saliulliis	Percent	5.0	18.9	46.3	27.0	2.7	239
Piedmont-	Number	31	126	161	91	18	427
Triad	Percent	7.3	29.5	37.7	21.3	4.2	
Southwest	Number	58	161	180	92	20	511
Southwest	Percent	11.4	31.5	35.2	18.0	3.9	311
Northwest	Number	12	79	91	7	3	102
Northwest	Percent	6.3	41.1	47.4	3.6	1.6	192
Wostown	Number	13	83	76	8	1	181
Western	Percent	7.2	45.9	42.0	4.4	0.6	101
Virtual**	Number	0	0	0	2	0	2
v II tuai · ·	Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of schools may not total 100%.

^{**}The two virtual charter schools serve students statewide and are not assigned to a specific region.

Table 33. Number and Percent of Schools with School Performance Grades by Growth

Designations by State School Board Region*

Designations of		8	Growth Status				
Region		Exceeds	Meets	Does Not Meet	Total Schools		
Nouthoost	Number	37	84	43	164		
Northeast	Percent	22.6	51.2	26.2	164		
Southeast	Number	69	118	54	241		
Southeast	Percent	28.6	49.0	22.4	241		
North	Number	160	224	175	550		
Central	Percent	28.6	40.1	31.3	559		
C 11:11:	Number	59	114	80	252		
Sandhills	Percent	23.3	45.1	31.6	253		
Piedmont-	Number	119	199	107	425		
Triad	Percent	28.0	46.8	25.2	425		
G 414	Number	158	221	131	510		
Southwest	Percent	31.0	43.3	25.7	510		
NI414	Number	52	99	35	100		
Northwest	Percent	28.0	53.2	18.8	186		
11 74	Number	40	97	46	102		
Western	Percent	21.9	53.0	25.1	183		
W.70 / Balada	Number	0	0	2			
Virtual**	Percent	0.0	0.0	100.0	2		

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of schools may not total 100%.

**The two virtual charter schools serve students statewide and are not assigned to a specific district.

Table 34. Number and Percent of Reading Grades by State School Board Region*

1 aut 54. Ivum		J		ading Gra			Total
Region		A	В	C	D	F	Schools
Northeast	Number	0	14	52	47	9	122
Northeast	Percent	0.0	11.5	42.6	38.5	7.4	122
Southeast	Number	3	40	87	52	6	188
Southeast	Percent	1.6	21.3	46.3	27.7	3.2	100
North	Number	21	109	178	125	20	453
Central	Percent	4.6	24.1	39.3	27.6	4.4	
Sandhills	Number	1	32	82	73	12	200
Sandinis	Percent	0.5	16.0	41.0	36.5	6.0	
Piedmont-	Number	3	67	147	93	26	336
Triad	Percent	0.9	19.9	43.8	27.7	7.7	330
Southwest	Number	20	94	165	107	25	411
Southwest	Percent	4.9	22.9	40.1	26.0	6.1	411
Northwest	Number	1	31	102	10	1	145
Northwest	Percent	0.7	21.4	70.3	6.9	0.7	143
XX 7 4	Number	2	53	72	12	1	140
Western	Percent	1.4	37.9	51.4	8.6	0.7	140
Virtual**	Number	0	0	2	0	0	2
virtuar	Percent	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	2

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of schools may not total 100%.

^{**}The two virtual charter schools serve students statewide and are not assigned to a specific region.

Table 35. Number and Percent of Mathematics Grades by State School Board Region*

<u> </u>		J		hematics (Total
Region		A	В	C	D	F	Schools
Northeast	Number	2	20	54	28	18	122
	Percent	1.6	16.4	44.3	23.0	14.8	122
Southeast	Number	6	42	83	43	14	100
Southeast	Percent	3.2	22.3	44.1	22.9	7.4	188
North	Number	28	116	161	121	27	453
Central	Percent	6.2	25.6	35.5	26.7	6.0	
Sandhills	Number	6	25	82	68	19	200
Sandinis	Percent	3.0	12.5	41.0	34.0	9.5	
Piedmont-	Number	10	98	107	95	26	336
Triad	Percent	3.0	29.2	31.8	28.3	7.7	330
Southwest	Number	46	126	137	76	26	411
Southwest	Percent	11.2	30.7	33.3	18.5	6.3	411
Northwest	Number	3	50	74	16	2	1.45
Northwest	Percent	2.1	34.5	51.0	11.0	1.4	145
Wostown	Number	3	55	66	14	2	140
Western	Percent	2.1	39.3	47.1	10.0	1.4	140
Vintual**	Number	0	0	0	0	2	2
Virtual**	Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	2

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of schools may not total 100%.

^{**}The two virtual charter schools serve students statewide and are not assigned to a specific region.

Appendix C. Subgroup Letter Grades by State Board Regions

The distribution of Subgroup Letter Grades by State Board of Education regions are presented in Tables 36–44.

Table 36. Number and Percent of American Indian Subgroup Grades by State School Board Region*

Region			Total				
	A	В	C	D	F	Subgroups	
Northeast	Number	0	0	1	1	0	2
Northeast	Percent	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	2
North	Number	0	0	0	4	0	4
Central	Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	4
Sandhills	Number	1	4	14	29	15	62
Sanoniis	Percent	1.6	6.3	22.2	46.0	23.8	63
Piedmont-	Number	0	0	0	0	1	1
Triad	Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1
Wastana	Number	0	0	7	1	1	0
Western	Percent	0.0	0.0	77.8	11.1	11.1	9
Virtual**	Number	0	0	0	0	1	1
	Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of subgroups may not total 100%.

^{**}The two virtual charter schools serve students statewide and are not assigned to a specific region.

Table 37. Number and Percent of Asian Subgroup Grades by State School Board Region*

Region							
		A	В	Asian C	D	F	Total Subgroups
Northood	Number	4	0	0	0	0	4
Northeast	Percent	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4
Southeast	Number	0	6	4	1	0	11
Southeast	Percent	0.0	54.5	36.4	9.1	0.0	11
North	Number	67	42	9	0	2	120
Central	Percent	55.8	35.0	7.5	0.0	1.7	120
Sandhills	Number	6	4	1	0	0	11
Sandinis	Percent	54.5	36.4	9.1	0.0	0.0	
Piedmont-	Number	30	23	18	10	2	83
Triad	Percent	36.1	27.7	21.7	12.0	2.4	83
Southwest	Number	85	42	25	6	2	160
Southwest	Percent	53.1	26.3	15.6	3.8	1.3	100
Northwest	Number	1	16	16	5	0	38
Northwest	Percent	2.6	42.1	42.1	13.2	0.0	30
Western	Number	2	2	0	0	0	4
	Percent	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4
Virtual**	Number	0	1	1	0	0	2
v ii tuai · ·	Percent	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	2

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of subgroups may not total 100%.

^{**}The two virtual charter schools serve students statewide and are not assigned to a specific region.

Table 38. Number and Percent of Black Subgroup Grades by State School Board Region*

Region			Total				
		A	В	C	D	F	Subgroups
Northeast	Number	0	8	30	84	21	143
Northeast	Percent	0.0	5.6	21.0	58.7	14.7	143
Southeast	Number	0	9	43	117	32	201
Southeast	Percent	0.0	4.5	21.4	58.2	15.9	201
North	Number	5	34	128	279	76	522
Central	Percent	1.0	6.5	24.5	53.4	14.6	522
Sandhills	Number	3	14	72	114	33	236
Sanulins	Percent	1.3	5.9	30.5	48.3	14.0	
Piedmont-	Number	3	20	95	130	54	302
Triad	Percent	1.0	6.6	31.5	43.0	17.9	302
Southwest	Number	9	59	148	156	67	439
Southwest	Percent	2.1	13.4	33.7	35.5	15.3	439
Northwest	Number	0	1	10	24	18	53
Northwest	Percent	0.0	1.9	18.9	45.3	34.0	33
Westown	Number	0	2	7	21	18	48
Western	Percent	0.0	4.2	14.6	43.8	37.5	40
Virtual**	Number	0	0	0	2	0	2
v ii tuai · ·	Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	2

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of subgroups may not total 100%.

^{**}The two virtual charter schools serve students statewide and are not assigned to a specific region.

Table 39. Number and Percent of Hispanic Subgroup Grades by State School Board Region*

Region		· ·		Total			
		A	В	Hispani C	D	F	Subgroups
Northeast	Number	1	9	43	23	8	84
Northeast	Percent	1.2	10.7	51.2	27.4	9.5	04
Southeast	Number	1	31	94	59	8	193
Southeast	Percent	0.5	16.1	48.7	30.6	4.1	193
North	Number	19	54	192	199	28	492
Central	Percent	3.9	11.0	39.0	40.4	5.7	492
Sandhills	Number	3	33	98	62	6	202
Sanulins	Percent	1.5	16.3	48.5	30.7	3.0	
Piedmont-	Number	5	47	156	130	19	357
Triad	Percent	1.4	13.2	43.7	36.4	5.3	337
Southwest	Number	18	76	190	122	19	425
Southwest	Percent	4.2	17.9	44.7	28.7	4.5	423
Northwest	Number	1	11	61	40	5	118
Northwest	Percent	0.8	9.3	51.7	33.9	4.2	116
Western	Number	1	17	50	43	2	113
	Percent	0.9	15.0	44.2	38.1	1.8	113
Virtual**	Number	0	0	1	1	0	2
v ii tuai * *	Percent	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	2

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of subgroups may not total 100%.

^{**}The two virtual charter schools serve students statewide and are not assigned to a specific region.

Table 40. Number and Percent of Two or More Races Subgroup Grades by State School Board Region*

Region			Total				
		A	В	C	D	F	Subgroups
Northeast	Number	1	13	23	11	1	49
Northeast	Percent	2.0	26.5	46.9	22.4	2.0	49
Southeast	Number	1	25	57	30	6	119
Southeast	Percent	0.8	21.0	47.9	25.2	5.0	119
North	Number	21	68	79	50	8	226
Central	Percent	9.3	30.1	35.0	22.1	3.5	226
Sandhills	Number	1	24	54	29	7	115
Sandinis	Percent	0.9	20.9	47.0	25.2	6.1	
Piedmont-	Number	5	26	66	43	12	152
Triad	Percent	3.3	17.1	43.4	28.3	7.9	132
Southwest	Number	20	57	65	38	19	199
Southwest	Percent	10.1	28.6	32.7	19.1	9.5	199
Northwest	Number	0	6	33	16	0	55
Northwest	Percent	0.0	10.9	60.0	29.1	0.0	33
Western	Number	1	5	21	18	0	45
	Percent	2.2	11.1	46.7	40.0	0.0	43
Virtual**	Number	0	0	0	2	0	2
virtuai	Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of subgroups may not total 100%.

^{**}The two virtual charter schools serve students statewide and are not assigned to a specific region.

Table 41. Number and Percent of White Subgroup Grades by State School Board Region*

Region				Total			
		A	В	C	D	F	Subgroups
Northeast	Number	17	64	41	13	3	138
Northeast	Percent	12.3	46.4	29.7	9.4	2.2	136
Southeast	Number	24	106	87	9	0	226
Southeast	Percent	10.6	46.9	38.5	4.0	0.0	220
North	Number	111	237	121	20	2	401
Central	Percent	22.6	48.3	24.6	4.1	0.4	491
Sandhills	Number	20	93	95	17	2	227
Sanulins	Percent	8.8	41.0	41.9	7.5	0.9	
Piedmont-	Number	48	164	128	28	5	373
Triad	Percent	12.9	44.0	34.3	7.5	1.3	373
Southwest	Number	108	190	121	31	3	453
Southwest	Percent	23.8	41.9	26.7	6.8	0.7	433
Northwest	Number	13	98	71	4	0	186
Northwest	Percent	7.0	52.7	38.2	2.2	0.0	180
Westown	Number	23	93	62	2	1	181
Western	Percent	12.7	51.4	34.3	1.1	0.6	101
Virtual**	Number	0	0	0	2	0	2
vii tuai · ·	Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	2

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of subgroups may not total 100%.

^{**}The two virtual charter schools serve students statewide and are not assigned to a specific region.

Table 42. Number and Percent of Economically Disadvantaged Subgroup Grades by State School Board Region*

Region			Total				
		A	В	C	D	F	Subgroups
Northeast	Number	2	10	50	85	15	162
Northeast	Percent	1.2	6.2	30.9	52.5	9.3	102
Southeast	Number	8	39	103	80	11	241
Southeast	Percent	3.3	16.2	42.7	33.2	4.6	241
North	Number	9	19	168	274	61	521
Central	Percent	1.7	3.6	31.6	51.6	11.5	531
Sandhills	Number	10	17	111	111	10	259
Sanumis	Percent	3.9	6.6	42.9	42.9	3.9	
Piedmont-	Number	6	31	188	149	43	417
Triad	Percent	1.4	7.4	45.1	35.7	10.3	417
Southwest	Number	12	53	205	178	46	494
Southwest	Percent	2.4	10.7	41.5	36.0	9.3	494
Northwest	Number	4	18	116	40	5	183
Northwest	Percent	2.2	9.8	63.4	21.9	2.7	165
Western	Number	4	25	98	46	2	175
	Percent	2.3	14.3	56.0	26.3	1.1	1/3
Virtual**	Number	0	0	0	1	1	2
vii tuai · ·	Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	<u> </u>

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of subgroups may not total 100%.

^{**}The two virtual charter schools serve students statewide and are not assigned to a specific region.

Table 43. Number and Percent of English Learner Subgroup Grades by State School Board Region*

Region			Total				
	A	В	C	D	F	Subgroups	
Northeast	Number	0	2	17	21	9	49
Northeast	Percent	0.0	4.1	34.7	42.9	18.4	49
Southeast	Number	0	1	17	60	33	111
Southeast	Percent	0.0	0.9	15.3	54.1	29.7	111
North	Number	3	24	65	218	93	402
Central	Percent	0.7	6.0	16.1	54.1	23.1	403
Sandhills	Number	0	5	29	44	29	107
Sandinis	Percent	0.0	4.7	27.1	41.1	27.1	
Piedmont-	Number	0	10	48	146	58	262
Triad	Percent	0.0	3.8	18.3	55.7	22.1	202
Southwest	Number	6	30	81	155	63	335
Southwest	Percent	1.8	9.0	24.2	46.3	18.8	333
Northwest	Number	0	4	20	47	17	88
Northwest	Percent	0.0	4.5	22.7	53.4	19.3	00
Western	Number	1	1	20	37	13	72
	Percent	1.4	1.4	27.8	51.4	18.1	12
Virtual**	Number	0	0	0	1	1	2
v irtuar	Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of subgroups may not total 100%.

^{**}The two virtual charter schools serve students statewide and are not assigned to a specific region.

Table 44. Number and Percent of Students with Disabilities Subgroup Grades by State School Board Region*

Region			Total				
	A	В	C	D	F	Subgroups	
Northeast	Number	0	0	4	19	108	131
Northeast	Percent	0.0	0.0	3.1	14.5	82.4	131
Southeast	Number	0	0	3	40	172	215
Southeast	Percent	0.0	0.0	1.4	18.6	80.0	213
North	Number	1	3	19	130	341	404
Central	Percent	0.2	0.6	3.8	26.3	69.0	494
Sandhills	Number	0	1	4	24	192	221
Sanulinis	Percent	0.0	0.5	1.8	10.9	86.9	
Piedmont-	Number	0	1	11	78	299	389
Triad	Percent	0.0	0.3	2.8	20.1	76.9	369
Southwest	Number	0	1	19	99	334	453
Southwest	Percent	0.0	0.2	4.2	21.9	73.7	433
Northwest	Number	0	0	1	34	120	155
Northwest	Percent	0.0	0.0	0.6	21.9	77.4	133
Western	Number	0	0	4	38	111	153
	Percent	0.0	0.0	2.6	24.8	72.5	133
Virtual**	Number	0	0	0	0	2	2
v ii tuai · ·	Percent	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	2

^{*}Due to rounding, the percent of subgroups may not total 100%.

^{**}The two virtual charter schools serve students statewide and are not assigned to a specific region.