# GRIEF AND LOSS

Casara Collins Registered Associate MFT #108624 | Behavioral Consultation Model (BCM) | Clinician

#### WHAT IS GRIEF?

- There is no wrong way to grieve. Positive coping skills can be buffers, and ease the grieving process.
- Grief is emotional suffering felt when significant loss is experienced.
- Can feel overwhelming, and may have other unexpected emotions.
- Grief can disrupt physical health as well

#### GRIEVING PROCESS

- Grieving is an individualistic experience, and people grieve differently
- The process takes time. Can be dependent on coping styles, life experiences, severity of loss, personality, and support systems.
- There is no "normal" for grieving. Patience with self is key to the process.

### 5 STAGES OF GRIEF

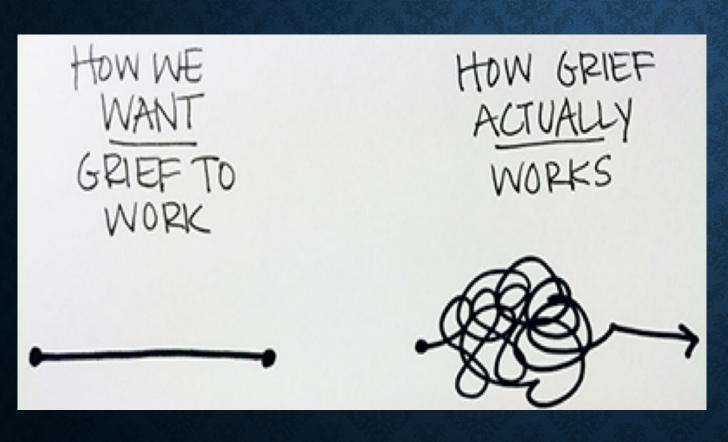
- Stages are based in research.
- Studies were of patients faced with terminal illness
- Stages have been generalized to life changes and losses such as death of a lobed one or breakups



#### 5 STAGES OF GRIEF

- Denial
  - "This can't be happening to me"
- Anger
  - "Why is this happening? Who is to blame?"
- Bargaining
  - "Make this not happen, and in return I will \_\_\_\_"
- Depression
  - "I'm too sad to do anything"
- Acceptance
  - "I am at peace with what happened"

# COPING WITH GRIEF AND LOSS



- You do not have to go through each stage in order to heal, and stages may not be experienced in "order"
- Can be a roller coaster experience

# HOW TO DEAL WITH THE GRIEVING PROCESS

- 1. Acknowledge your pain
- 2. Accept that grief can trigger many different emotions
- 3. Understand that your grieving process will be unique to you
- 4. Seek out support from people who care about you
- 5. Support yourself emotionally and physically
- 6. Recognize the difference between grief and depression

# SYMPTOMS OF GRIEF

#### **Emotional**

- Shock and disbelief
- Sadness
- Guilt
- Anger
- Fear

#### **Physical**

- Fatigue
- Nausea
- Lowered immunity
- Weight loss or gain
- Aches and pains
- Insomnia

# **SUPPORT**

- Seek out supportive family and friends
- Support groups
- Talk to therapist or grief counselor

#### COPING

- Face feelings and express feelings
- Maintain hobbies and interests
- Plan ahead for grief triggers
- Look after physical health
- Journaling
- Exercise
- Mindfulness techniques
- Seeking out mental health support
- Accepting and acknowledging feelings as you experience them

# RESOURCES/SUPPORT

- https://stanislauscounty211.org/mental-health/grief-loss/grief-loss-counseling/
  - Stanislaus 2-1-1 can locate bereavement groups in the area, and how to get in contact with them. Groups currently offered are through Community Hospice, and Big Valley
- https://www.psychologytoday.com/us/therapists/grief/ca/modesto
  - Psychology Today allows you to search for individual therapists who provide grief counseling
- Stanislaus County Website also offers additional resources to find groups in the area
  - County site:
    <a href="https://stanislaus.networkofcare.org/veterans/services/subcategory.aspx?tax=PN-8100.1000">https://stanislaus.networkofcare.org/veterans/services/subcategory.aspx?tax=PN-8100.1000</a>
  - Grief Share Site: <a href="https://www.griefshare.org/findagroup">https://www.griefshare.org/findagroup</a>