Fluency Activities



or dialogue.





	Repeated Reading: Choose a passage that will not be very difficult for your child. Read the passage aloud to your child, and then read it together, helping your
	child figure out any tricky words. Next, have your child read the passage to you with a focus on accuracy. Finally, have your child read the passage to you again, paying attention to fluency and expression. The goal is to sound smooth and natural.
Using Different Voices: When reading a familiar story or passage, try having your child use different voices. Read the story in a mouse voice, cowboy voice, or a princess voice. This is another way to do repeated reading, and it adds some fun to reading practice.	
of opportunities for your child to read to an audience	by to communicate to an audience. When a reader reading must be fluent and expressive. Provide a variety e. Your child can read to stuffed animals, pets, siblings, listen. This is a good way to show off what was practiced

record it again and make it even better!

When you read a story, use appropriate expression during dialogue. Encourage your child to mimic your expression. Talk with him/her about what expression means. For example, if the character is excited about going to the park, he/she should sound like that in his/her voice. Encourage your child to repeat key phrases

Record the Reading: After your child has practiced a passage, have him/her record his/her reading. Once recorded, your child can listen to his/her reading and follow along in the book. Often, he/she will want to

Recite nursery rhymes and poems to build familiar phrases in speech.

In a repetitive text, ask your child to repeat the familiar phrase with you. For example: For the story, "The House that Jack Built", your child can recite with you "in the house that Jack built."



Fluency Activities—continued

boy went/ to the store/ with his mother.





- Point out punctuation marks that aid expression such as question marks, exclamation points and quotation marks. Demonstrate how your voice changes as you read for each. Only focus on one during a book. Remember it is important to enjoy it first and foremost.
 Encourage your child to sing favorite songs and repeat favorite lines of songs.
 Make your own books of favorite songs for your child to practice "reading". This builds confidence and helps your child identify him/herself as a reader.
 Say a sentence to your child and ask him/her to repeat it to you. Challenge your child to increase the
- Alternate repeating the favorite lines of a poem or nursery rhyme with your child. He/she will mimic your phrasing and expression.

number of words he/she can repeat. As you say it, put it into meaningful phrases. For example, *The*



