

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Beavercreek, Ohio For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 2022



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BEAVERCREEK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Beavercreek, Ohio

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by: Beavercreek City School's Treasurer and Treasurer's Staff



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INTRODUCTORY

SECTION





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December 28, 2022

To the Citizens and Board of Education of the Beavercreek City School District:

We are pleased to present the 21st annual Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Beavercreek City School District, (the "District"). The information reported is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The report contains financial statements, supplemental statements and other financial and statistical information to provide complete and full disclosure of all material financial aspects of the District for the 2021-2022 fiscal year.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. Responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of this report rests with the District and more specifically, the Office of the Treasurer. To the best of our knowledge and belief, this report and the enclosed data are accurate in all material aspects. Our report is designed to present fairly the financial position of the various funds of the District.

This report includes an unmodified ("clean") audit report regarding the District's financial statements. The audit was conducted by Clark Schaefer Hackett, under contract by the Auditor of State's Office and the District. The Independent Auditors' Report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

This report is prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, (GAAP), as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other recognized authoritative services, and is representative of the District's continuing commitment to provide meaningful financial information to the citizens of the District.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative, introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

District Profile

The District is located in southwestern Ohio in the heart of Greene County and is approximately 52 square miles. The Beavercreek City School District is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a city district as defined by Section 3311.02 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under a locally elected five-member board and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

Within Greene County, the Wright Patterson Air Force Base is the largest employer and the District is the fourth largest employer. The community's population in 2020 (latest estimate available) was 55,451 which encompass the City of Beavercreek and Beavercreek Township and small portions of the City of Fairborn, the City of Kettering, the City of Riverside, and Sugarcreek Township. The population has grown by 5.5% since 2012. The socioeconomic profile of district residents, as measured by income levels and housing values, is substantially above average for the State.

The Beavercreek City School District provided services to 7,811 students during fiscal year 2022. As such, the District provides a full range of educational services including regular, special and vocational instruction for Pre-K through 12th grades, student guidance, extracurricular activities, food service, educational media, student transportation and care and upkeep of buildings. Approximately every two years, the District engages Planning Advocates, Inc. to analyze projected student enrollment for the ensuing decade. Below are the results of the study completed in March 2020 (latest information available). Such studies project student enrollment (an overall student count) as opposed to the average daily membership (ADM) used elsewhere throughout this report.

	Projected Student Enrollment Next Ten School Years									
<u> </u>	School Year Ending									
<u>20</u> 8,1	<u>23</u> 165	<u>2024</u> 8,178	<u>2025</u> 8,295	<u>2026</u> 8,378	<u>2027</u> 8,427	<u>2028</u> 8,505	<u>2029</u> 8,515	<u>2030</u> 8,553	<u>2031</u> 8,581	<u>2032</u> 8,604

With student enrollment projected to continue at a steady increase over the next 10 years, adequate school facilities continue to be a significant focal point for the District's administrative team. According to enrollment projections prepared by Cropper GIS, the district will gain approximately 800 new students by the 2032 school year. To handle expected growth, the District is currently working to update their Master Facilities Plan.

One example of this growth is the necessary use of modular classrooms at Trebein Elementary School during the 2021-2022 school year due to capacity limitations. Two additional elementary schools, Fairbrook Elementary School and Main Elementary School, will also use modular classrooms starting the 2022-2023 school year due to capacity limitations.

The District realizes the need to continually invest in its school facilities to ensure adequate and upto-date learning environments are available to students for the foreseeable future. With the completion of the master facilities, including community input, the District is reviewing options to create additional space to meet the needs of the growing student population.

The table below presents some pertinent information regarding the District's school facilities.

School Building	<u>Grade</u> Levels	<u>Year</u> Constructed	Current ADM	Estimated Capacity			
School Building	LEVEIS	Constructed	ADIVI	Capacity			
Beavercreek High	9-12	1954	1,568	1,980			
Ferguson Hall	9	1960	553	894			
Ankeney Middle	6-8	1969	697	962			
Jacob Coy Middle	6-8	2013	1,014	1,150			
Fairbrook Elementary	K-5	1958	584	529			
Valley Elementary	K-5	1966	477	506			
Parkwood Elementary	K-5	1965	531	507			
Shaw Elementary	K-5	1967	649	679			
Main Elementary	K-5	1932	658	690			
Trebein Elementary	K-5	2013	843	700			
Beavercreek Preschool	PK	2015	237	194			
* - ADM based on 1/2 day pre-k student count							

Local Economy

The City of Beavercreek is the largest City within Greene County and has accessibility to major highways including I-70, I-75, and I-675. It is also in close proximity to major metropolitan areas such as Dayton, Cincinnati and Columbus. The local economy consists mainly of research-based industries, some manufacturing companies, an extensive retail base, and Wright-Patterson Air Force Base. The tax base is comprised of approximately 73% residential property. Over the past decade, the District's assessed property values have increased from \$1.70 billion in tax year 2012 (collection year 2013) to over \$2.14 billion in tax year 2021 (collection year 2022), an increase of nearly 25.5%.

Long-term Financial Planning

The District continues to use the Strategic Plan updated in 2018. The Strategic Plan included working with community leaders, parents, staff, and students to develop a plan to provide educational opportunities. Key areas of the plan include student success, financial stability, operational improvements, and clear communication over the next five years.

With this student-focused strategic plan, the Beavercreek School District can improve, expand and enhance current efforts, while continuing to incorporate new components that keep the District at a premier level for their community.

In November 2022, the District completed and adopted its most recent five-year financial forecast for period fiscal year 2023 through 2027, as required by the Ohio Department of Education. Prepared for the general operating fund only, this cash basis document forecasts cash receipts and cash disbursements for the next five fiscal years, as well as the ending balance available to carry over to the next fiscal year. This document is important to provide information to decision makers as it shows if available resources are adequate to meet anticipated spending levels.

As with any forecast, the further out amounts are forecasted, the less reliable the projections become. This is particularly true about unrestricted State Foundation funding which is subject to change with each State biennium budget. The current fiscal budget for the State of Ohio runs through June 30, 2023. In addition, the State Foundation is based on a very complex and numerous different variables which are difficult, at best, to project into the future.

Based on information available at the date the forecast was prepared, total receipts are anticipated to increase by 6.7% over the forecasted period if current district levies continue to renew. Unrestricted State Foundation funding is projected to increase slightly same period. These two sources of receipts accounted for approximately 91.8% of the total receipts received by the General Fund in fiscal year 2022.

Expenditures for wages and benefits of personnel were approximately 83.1% of the total General Fund expenditures for fiscal year 2022. As such, accurately predicting and managing personnel related expenditures are particularly important to provide a reliable forecast. Over the period covered by the forecast, the District anticipates the personnel services expenditures to increase nearly 17.1% and employee related benefits to increase by approximately 35.5%. Overall, total disbursements (including other financing uses) of the General Fund are anticipated to increase approximately 22.0% through the end of fiscal year 2027.

Relevant Financial Policies

The District's accounting system is organized on a "fund" basis. Each fund is a distinct, self-balancing entity. Records for general governmental operations are maintained on a cash basis system of accounting as prescribed by the Auditor of State. Cash basis of accounting differs from GAAP as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GAAP, as more fully described in the notes to the financial statements, provides for a modified accrual basis of accounting for the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, and for full accrual basis of accounting for the agency funds.

Internal Controls

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that those objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from its implementation; and (2) the valuation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Single Audit Act

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the District is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management of the District.

Budgetary Controls

The District maintains its accounts, appropriations and other financial records in accordance with the procedures established and prescribed by the Ohio Auditor of State. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriation resolution approved by the Board of Education. Activities of all funds are included in the annual appropriation resolution. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is at the fund level for all funds of the District. The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as a technique of accomplishing budgetary control.

Major Initiatives

Beavercreek City Schools continues to prioritize meeting the needs of the whole child through the work of the Whole Child Advisory Council. For the 2021-2022 school year, the council focused on implementing the district whole-child plan, which targeted student/teacher connectivity and college and career readiness. The action plans include specific tasks which were completed throughout the school year, including adding a Student Interest Inventory and student Social Emotional Learning self assessment, which provided critical information to better meet the needs of our students. The Social Emotional Learning assessment from 2021-2022 has provided data that the Whole Child District Team and building teams are using to develop goals for the 2022-2023 school year. The Whole Child Team also utilized student and teacher school climate data to identify student needs and identify what supports could be provided to meet those needs. This work is in addition to the on-going implementation of the robust SEL Curriculum Map, infused throughout grades K-12 to support the needs of students.

Beavercreek City Schools' Character Education Program supports and aligns with the District's vision to Inspire, Lead, and Empower our students. Our Character Education Program is a key component to helping our students understand what it means to lead and to be good citizens. The core of the program encompasses pillars of character that include caring, citizenship, fairness, respect, responsibility, and trustworthiness. These values are reinforced through curriculum initiatives, activities, and service-learning opportunities that allow students to apply what they have learned into practice. Each year, Beavercreek selects a character education theme and a corresponding service-learning opportunity. Service-learning empowers our students to take a leadership role in their efforts to support their school and their community. The 2021-2022 service-learning theme was Better Together. This Theme was selected to recognize the importance of connectedness between our school, community, and family. Better Together encouraged students to build relationships and work together to celebrate what makes the Beavercreek community special. The Character Education Committee created activities throughout the year to help ensure that all students felt connected to their school community.

The 2021-2022 academic school was the first to provide state assessment data since the global pandemic of COVID-19. As we return to state testing and reporting, Ohio Lawmakers changed the report method for Ohio's School Accountability System. The new rating system uses 1-5 stars rather than A-F letter grades to report districts' areas of success and needed improvement. Beavercreek City Schools is pleased to report positive scores that reflect the hard work of our students, the dedication of our teachers and instructional staff, and an on-going collaborative partnership with our parents. In the areas of Achievement, Gap Closing, and Graduation, Beavercreek City Schools earned 5 stars. In the areas of Progress (growth) and Early Literacy, Beavercreek City Schools earned 4 stars. Analysis of District NWEA MAP Growth data indicates continued growth for students in grades K-10, as well as areas where students may need additional support. We continue to identify ways to improve instructional practices related to differentiated instruction for all students in response to the analysis of our student data. This thorough data analysis was helpful as Beavercreek City Schools reviewed K-12 math materials during the 2021-2022 school year.

Beavercreek City Schools is committed to providing new opportunities for students to meet their needs. During the 2021-2022 school year, the Beavercreek High School math department prepared two new Algebra II equivalency course offerings for students. Students are now able to take Statistics and Probability or Discrete Math and Computer Science, in addition to the existing Quantitative Reasoning course, Math Modeling and Reasoning, as alternative equivalencies to Algebra II. These course additions enable Beavercreek City Schools to provide math courses for students who have post-secondary aspirations that are non-calculus-based. In addition to these math courses, Beavercreek City Schools expanded their partnership with the Greene County Career Center by developing a Construction Technology pathway at Beavercreek High School. This four-course pathway enables students to gain basic understandings of construction, design principles, and electricity, preparing them for a variety of post-secondary pursuits.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Beavercreek City School District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report will conform to the high standards required by the Certificate of Achievement program.

The District also received the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This award certifies that an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report substantially conforms to the principles and standards of financial reporting as recommended and adopted by the ASBO. This award is granted only after an extensive review of the report by an expert panel of certified public accountants and practicing school business officials.

The ASBO certificate is also valid for a period of one year only. The District believes our current report meets ASBO requirements.

The preparation and publication of this 21st Annual Comprehensive Financial Report would not have been possible without the support of the entire treasurer's office staff, administrative team, and the Board of Education's commitment to excellence in financial accountability.

Respectfully submitted,

Paul Otten

Superintendent/CEO

Joy Kitzmiller Treasurer /CFO

List of Principal Officials For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Board of Education

Jo Ann Rigano, President Gene Taylor, Vice-President Carl Fischer, Member Krista Hunt, Member Chris Stein, Member

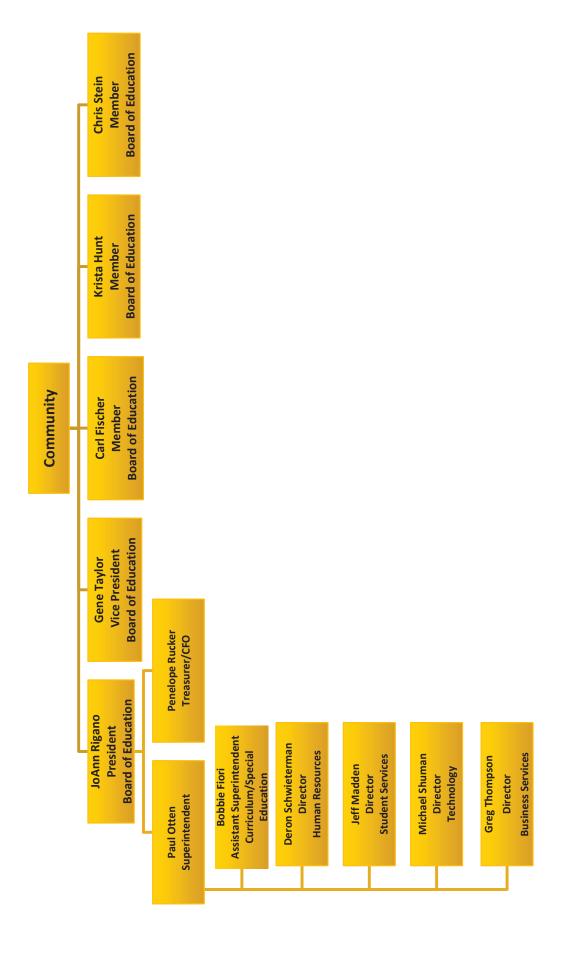
Administration

Paul Otten, Superintendent
Penelope Rucker, M. Ed., Treasurer/CFO **

Bobbie Fiori, Assistant Superintendent Jeff Madden, Director, Student Services Deron Schwieterman, Director, Human Resources Michael Shuman, Director, Technology Greg Thompson, Director, Business Services

^{**} Retired subsequent to end of fiscal year. Replaced by Joy Kitzmiller.

Beavercreek City School District, Ohio Organizational Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Beavercreek City Schools Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Beavercreek City School District

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



William A. Sutter
President

Will all the

David J. Lewis
Executive Director



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FINANCIAL SECTION





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education Beavercreek City School District 3040 Kemp Road Beavercreek, Ohio 45431

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Beavercreek City School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio December 28, 2022



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Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Our discussion and analysis of Beavercreek City School District's, (the District), financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- At June 30, 2022, the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$56,918,932. This reported deficit can be attributed to recognition of the District's proportionate share of net pension and OPEB liabilities.
- The District's net position increased by \$17,448,993 compared with the \$4,456,960 decrease reported for the prior year. The overall decrease in the deficit reported for the current year is attributed primarily to the significant decrease in expense adjustments necessary for the current year to record the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund, the District's operating fund, was \$27,965,064 or 28.8% of the general fund expenditures.
- The District's total bonded debt obligations, including accreted interest and unamortized premiums, decreased by \$4.5 million due to current year debt service payments and amortization of deferred costs.

Using this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

This annual comprehensive financial report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a whole, and then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps to answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting prescribed for governmental entities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid. The financial statements of the District's governmental activities begin after the management's discussion and analysis section.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position providing the reader a tool to assist in determining whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other non-financial factors such as property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment growth, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin after the statement of activities and provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State statute, while many other funds are established by the District to help manage money for particular purposes and compliance with various grant provisions. The District's different types of funds, governmental, proprietary and fiduciary, use different accounting approaches as further described in the notes to the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or less financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Proprietary Fund

The District has one proprietary fund which is an internal service fund established to accumulate monies from other funds to pay claims and other expenses associated the District's self-insured workers' compensation coverage. This fund is reported using the accrual basis of accounting, just as the government wide statements, and focus on the determination of operating income, the change in net position, financial position, and cash flows. For government wide financial statements, the assets and liabilities are included within governmental activities and the net revenue or expense of the internal service fund for the year is allocated among the participating functions within the governmental activities.

Fiduciary Funds

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs as well as the fiscal agent for the various State athletic tournament games held within the District. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported as either private purpose trust or custodial fund types. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its' operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements start after the fund statements of the fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2022 to 2021 follows:

TABLE 1
NET POSITION JUNE 30

	_	2022	2021
Assets:			
Current and Other Assets	\$	139,597,216	131,458,791
Capital Assets		71,323,667	72,499,143
Total Assets		210,920,883	203,957,934
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred Charge on Refundings		8,458,150	9,089,131
Pension and OPEB		29,111,890	23,502,341
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		37,570,040	32,591,472
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities		11,163,464	10,873,733
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year		5,665,304	5,633,226
Due in More than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability		62,293,178	112,306,230
Net OPEB Liability		8,008,229	8,860,461
Other Obligations		75,945,964	80,635,533
Total Liabilities		163,076,139	218,309,183
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Property Taxes		78,988,720	78,296,152
Pension and OPEB		63,344,996	14,311,996
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		142,333,716	92,608,148
Net Position (Deficit):			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		5,514,176	5,374,024
Restricted		5,614,036	5,439,969
Unrestricted		(68,047,144)	(85,181,918)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(56,918,932)	(74,367,925)

The net pension liability (NPL) is reported pursuant to GASB 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement 27", and the net OPEB asset/liability is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension

Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting net OPEB asset and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability or OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 required the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement systems. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these assets and liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event the contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As noted earlier, increases or decreases in net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$56.9 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year compared with the \$74.4 million reported at the end of the prior year.

During fiscal year 2022, the total assets of the District increased by 3.4%, or \$7.0 million. Capital assets decreased by \$1.2 million (1.6%) as current year depreciation expense recognized was more than the capital asset additions recorded for the year. At year end, capital assets represented 33.8% of total assets. Current and other asset accounts increased by \$8.1 million during the year or 6.2%, due to \$7.7 million increase in pooled cash and cash equivalents resulting from increased property tax receipts, as well as additional COVID funding reported in the nonmajor governmental funds which absorbed operating costs typically paid by the general fund. Intergovernmental receivable decreased compared with the prior year due to various grants being reimbursement grants for the current year as opposed to general grants in prior.

Total liabilities reported at June 30, 2022 decreased by \$55.2 million (25.3%) from the amounts at the beginning of the year. The net pension and OPEB liabilities (described above) decreased by a total of \$50.9 million over the amounts reported one year prior based on the information provided by the retirement plans. All other long-term liabilities decreased by \$4.7 million due to current year debt service payments and amortization of associated costs totaling \$4.5 million. Current liabilities increased 2.7% during the fiscal year due primarily to the increases in accrued wages and benefits and claims payable reported compared to those reported for the prior fiscal year. Accrued wages and benefits increased due to the increased cost of personnel (wages and benefits). Claims payable reported at the end of any fiscal year is dependent upon the actuarial assessment of the claims data of the District for the year.

Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The changes reported for total deferred inflows and outflows of resources directly relate to the District recording the components of the net pension and OPEB assets and liabilities due to change in proportionate share of the net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability for fiscal year 2022 compared to the prior year as well as projected earnings and experience costs varying from actual activity reported by the pension/OPEB plans.

Net position at June 30, 2022 was \$17.4 million more than the amount reported for the beginning of the year. Net investment in capital assets increased 2.6% over the prior year, as current year additions and debt service payments on capital related debt exceeded depreciation expense for the year. Restricted net position increased 3.2% due to additional federal funding received for various grant programs, especially the District's food service operations. The unrestricted net position (deficit) improved during the year by \$17.1 million, or 20.1%. However, if the components of recording the net pension and OPEB plans are removed from the Statement of Net Position, the District's ending unrestricted net position would be a positive \$28.9 million instead of the reported \$68.0 million deficit. We feel this is important to mention as the management of the District has no control over the management of the State-wide pension/OPEB plans or the benefits offered; both of which control the net pension and OPEB components which significantly effects the District's financial statements.

A comparative analysis of change in net position for fiscal year 2022 and 2021 follows:

TABLE 2
CHANGE IN NET POSITION, JUNE 30

	_	2022	2021
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$	4,219,174	3,039,238
Operating Grants and Contributions		12,446,446	8,716,003
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes		87,830,706	81,733,939
Grants and Entitlements		21,203,740	23,555,918
Investment Earnings		(202,460)	71,208
Miscellaneous		540,331	349,850
Total Revenues		126,037,937	117,466,156
			(continued)

Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

TABLE 2 CHANGE IN NET POSITION, JUNE 30

(Continued)

	_	2022	2021
Expenses:			
Instruction		59,161,443	72,653,062
Support Services:			
Pupils and Instructional Staff		8,956,811	10,580,234
Board of Education, Administration			
Fiscal and Business		8,017,360	8,893,524
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		6,933,893	7,686,730
Pupil Transportation		6,517,926	6,187,719
Central		7,565,791	7,107,263
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		6,085,857	4,040,278
Extracurricular Activities		2,587,691	2,201,787
Interest and Fiscal Charges		2,762,172	2,572,519
Total Expenses		108,588,944	121,923,116
Change in Net Position		17,448,993	(4,456,960)
Net Position (Deficit), Beginning of Year		(74,367,925)	(69,910,965)
Net Position (Deficit), End of Year	\$	(56,918,932)	(74,367,925)

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased during fiscal year 2022 by \$17.4 million; unrestricted net position (deficit) improved by \$17.1 million during that same period. Total governmental expenses of \$108.6 million exceeded program revenues of \$16.7 million, leaving the remaining \$91.9 million to be covered by general revenues. Program revenues supported 15.4% of the total governmental expenses. The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements which are reported as general revenues. These two revenue sources represent 86.5% of total governmental revenue.

The property tax laws in Ohio create the need to periodically seek voter approval for additional operating funds. In general, tax revenues generated from a levy do not increase as a result of inflation. An operating levy is approved for a fixed millage rate, but the rate is reduced for inflation with the effect of providing the District the same amount of tax dollars as originally approved. Therefore, school districts, such as ours, that are dependent upon property taxes as a primary source of revenue must periodically return to the ballot and ask voters for additional resources to maintain current programs. Since the District must rely heavily on voter approval of operating tax issues, management of the resources is of paramount concern to District administration and the voting public. The District utilizes a five-year cash financial forecast to estimate revenues and control expenditures to assure tax levy revenues can maintain operations for a significant period of time.

Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating grants and contributions revenues increased by \$3.7 million for fiscal year 2022 compared with the prior year as the District recognized \$1.5 million more of Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief funding and \$2.5 million in additional food service operations subsidies during the current year. Both of these increases were associated to pandemic economic relief for the District and will not be on-going revenue sources. Property tax revenue reported for fiscal year 2022 increased by 7.5% over the prior year due to additional taxes being realized under the recently approved new levy, increased property values within the District, as well as an increase in the amount available for advance at year end. Amounts available for advance are treated as revenue for the current year instead of deferred inflows of resources, however the amount varies from year-to-year as it is dependent upon when payments of second half property taxes are made and processed by the County. Unrestricted grants and entitlements decreased for the current year due to a change in how the manner in how the State provides funding to school districts. The current change specifically allocated funding out for specific targeted areas, which was reported as operating grants within program revenue.

The expenses reported for fiscal year 2022 are \$13.3 million less than those reported for the prior year as the decrease in pension expense for the year was significantly more than expense increases realized due to more employees, as well as increase wage and benefit expenses for all employees. In the prior year, the pension and OPEB expense allocated to the function areas was \$15.1 million, however the amount allocated for the current year was less than \$3,000. Non-instructional services expenses reported an increase in expenses for the current year as operations, primarily food service, returned to a sense of normality following the easing of disruptions caused by the pandemic.

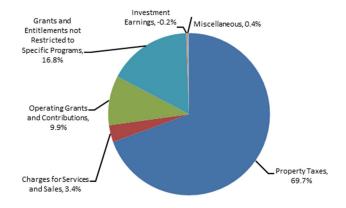
The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The table below reflects the cost of program services and the net cost of those services after taking into account the program revenues for the governmental activities. General revenues including tax revenue, investment earnings and unrestricted State entitlements must support the net cost of program services. Comparisons to 2021 are as follows:

TABLE 3
TOTAL AND COST OF PROGRAM SERVICES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

	20:	22	2021		
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost	
	of Service	of Service	of Service	of Service	
Instruction	\$ 59,161,443	(51,297,488)	72,653,062	(67,205,980)	
Support Services	37,991,781	(36,585,221)	40,455,470	(38,747,818)	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	6,085,857	(97,024)	4,040,278	(463,900)	
Extracurricular Activities	2,587,691	(1,181,419)	2,201,787	(1,177,658)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,762,172	(2,762,172)	2,572,519	(2,572,519)	
Total Expenses	\$ 108,588,944	(91,923,324)	121,923,116	(110,167,875)	

Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

It is apparent from the information presented in Table 3 above, that funding the operation of the District remains heavily reliant on property tax revenues. During fiscal year 2022, property taxes accounted for 69.7% of total revenues for governmental activities. The reliance on general revenues to support governmental activities is indicated by the net cost of services column reflecting the need for approximately \$91.9 million of support to finance the functions. The large change in the net cost of service related to instruction resulted from the decrease in pension expense reported for the current year. The net cost of service associated with the operation of non-instructional services changed compared to the prior year due to the reduction in food service sales which directly related to schools closing due to the pandemic.



Revenue Source	<u>2</u> (022 Amount	% of Total
Property Taxes	\$	87,830,706	69.7%
Charges for Services and Sales		4,219,174	3.4%
Operating Grants and Contributions		12,446,446	9.9%
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs		21,203,740	16.8%
Investment Earnings		(202,460)	-0.2%
Miscellaneous		540,331	0.4%
	\$	126,037,937	100.0%

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$127.7 million and expenditures of \$120.4 million. Overall fund balance of governmental funds increased by \$7.3 million from those at the beginning of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. The general fund balance increased by \$8.4 million during the year compared with the \$2.3 million increase reported in the prior year. General fund revenues increased by \$6.0 million over those of fiscal year 2021 as property tax revenue increased \$5.9 million due to additional taxes being realized under the recently approved new levy, increased property values within the District, as well as an increase in the amount available for advance at year

Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

end. Expenditures of the fund were virtually the same as those reported for the prior year. The lack of increased expenditures can be attributed to COVID relief program financing certain operational costs during the year which are typically funded through the general fund revenue sources. The ending unassigned fund balance of the general fund at June 30, 2022 (\$28.0 million) represents 28.8% of the total expenditures reported by the general fund for the year then ended. The increase in unassigned fund balance within the general fund resulted from the increased property tax revenues significantly out pacing the decrease in expenditures reported for the fund.

The District's other major fund, the debt service fund, reported a \$154,355 increase its fund balance during the fiscal year. This fund accumulates resources, predominately from property taxes, to repay general obligation debt of the District. Debt service payments during the year totaled \$6.2 million, while property tax related revenues amounted to \$6.3 million.

General Fund Budget Information

During fiscal year 2022, the District modified the general fund's budget on a few occasions. Revenues, excluding other financing sources, were originally budgeted at \$101.6 million which was decreased to \$100.4 million by year-end due to the change in State funding procedures. Expenditures, excluding other financing uses, were initially budgeted at \$104.5 million and decreased through the year to an ending budget of \$101.8 million as the pattern of actual expenditures occurred during the course of the year. Actual budgetary revenues were \$2.4 million more than the ending budgeted revenues while actual budgetary expenditures ended \$4.2 million less than the final budgeted expenditures.

The ending budgetary fund balance of the general fund ended fiscal year 2022 at \$29.3 million, or nearly \$6.8 million more than the original budgeted balance of \$22.5 million. The higher actual budgetary fund balance resulted from higher revenues as well as allocating pandemic relief funds to cover certain operating costs. The ending budgetary basis fund balance is carried forward to subsequent year(s) and is available to fund appropriations adopted of those future periods.

The District utilizes the five-year forecast as the original document from which to form the operating budget. After updating of the forecast for changes in revenue and expenditure assumptions the operating budget begins at the school building and department level. Each building and department in the District receive an allocation based on several factors including estimated revenue, a historical analysis, projected current need, including enrollment and projected current resources. The building and department budgets are reviewed monthly to ensure management becomes aware of any significant variations during the year.

Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year 2022, the District had \$71.3 million invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles.

During the year, the District reported capital asset additions of \$5.6 million; including various on-going energy conservation projects throughout the District and the acquisition of four new school buses. Depreciation expense on all capital assets was \$6.8 million for the fiscal year.

Additional information regarding capital assets can be found in Note 8 of this report. Table 4 shows the fiscal year 2022 balances compared to fiscal year 2021.

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS, JUNE 30

	_	2022	2021
Land	\$	6,996,584	6,996,584
Construction in Progress		1,802,177	-
Land Improvements		2,814,866	2,975,580
Buildings		52,499,255	58,497,111
Building Improvements		4,946,313	1,826,402
Furniture and Equipment		561,533	604,706
Vehicles		1,702,939	1,598,760
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	71,323,667	72,499,143

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$75.3 million in outstanding general obligation bonds, including \$9.4 million of unamortized bond premiums and nearly \$1.2 million of accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds. During the fiscal year, the District paid \$4.6 million in principal and accreted interest on bonds and another \$4.7 million of principal and accreted interest is due to mature within one year.

Detailed information regarding long term debt obligations is included in Note 11 to the basic financial statements.

Contacting the District

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors and investors with a general overview of the District's financial position and to show the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Should you have any questions about this report or any other financial matter, contact the Treasurer's Office at Beavercreek City School District, 3040 Kemp Road, Beavercreek, Ohio 45431.



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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 44,432,851
Investments with Fiscal Agent	42,936
Inventory Held for Resale	24,584
Materials and Supplies Inventory	12,956
Accounts Receivable	170,856
Intergovernmental Receivable	1,819,531
Prepaid Items	19,666
Taxes Receivable	85,368,476
Restricted Asset: Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	79,578
Net OPEB Asset	7,625,782
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	8,798,761
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	62,524,906
Total Assets	210,920,883
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	8,458,150
Pension	26,202,863
OPEB	2,909,027
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	37,570,040
LIABILITIES:	C40 F4F
Accounts Payable	619,545
Accrued Wages and Benefits	8,124,940
Intergovernmental Payable	1,533,345
Claims Payable	133,626
Accrued Interest Payable	163,927
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	588,081
Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year	E 66E 204
Due in More Than One Year:	5,665,304
	62 202 179
Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	62,293,178 8,008,229
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	75,945,964
	
Total Liabilities	163,076,139
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations	78,988,720
Pension	49,663,743
OPEB	13,681,253
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	142,333,716
NET POSITION:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,514,176
Restricted for Debt Service	2,887,367
Restricted for Capital Outlay	462,554
Restricted for Student Activities	1,079,560
Restricted for Food Service	1,034,585
Restricted for Federal and State Educational Grants	112,567
Restricted for Other Purposes	37,403
Unrestricted	(68,047,144)
Total Net Position	\$ (56,918,932)
	. , .,,,-



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Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Program	Reven	ues	F	et (Expense) Revenue and hange in Net Position
		Expenses		Charges for ices and Sales	•	erating Grants Contributions	G	overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities:								,
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	40,131,695	\$	1,295,723	\$	2,330,291	\$	(36,505,681)
Special		18,140,702		1,024,002		2,620,054		(14,496,646)
Student Intervention Services		763,781		41,519		552,366		(169,896)
Other		125,265		-		-		(125,265)
Support Services:								
Pupils		6,633,321		-		451,392		(6,181,929)
Instructional Staff		2,323,490		-		73,938		(2,249,552)
Board of Education		147,074		-		-		(147,074)
Administration		5,782,851		82,941		-		(5,699,910)
Fiscal		1,715,364		44,751		-		(1,670,613)
Business		372,071		-		-		(372,071)
Operation and Maintenance								
of Plant		6,933,893		58,053		75,330		(6,800,510)
Pupil Transportation		6,517,926		-		602,155		(5,915,771)
Central		7,565,791		-		18,000		(7,547,791)
Operation of Non-Instructional								
Services		6,085,857		383,179		5,605,654		(97,024)
Extracurricular Activities		2,587,691		1,289,006		117,266		(1,181,419)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		2,762,172		<u> </u>				(2,762,172)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	108,588,944	\$	4,219,174	\$	12,446,446		(91,923,324)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>			, , , ,
	General R							24 222 742
			ts not F	Restricted to Spe	cific Pr	ograms		21,203,740
		ent Earnings						(202,460)
	Miscella		_					540,331
		Taxes Levied	tor:					
		l Purposes						79,379,777
	Debt Se							5,651,320
	Capital	Projects						2,799,609
	Total Gen	eral Revenues						109,372,317
	Change in	Net Position						17,448,993
	Net Position	on - Beginning	of Year					(74,367,925)
	Net Position	on - End of Yea	ır				\$	(56,918,932)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

			Non-Major Governmental	<u>Total</u> Governmental
	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
ASSETS:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 33,741,159	\$ 3,733,636	\$ 6,481,185	\$ 43,955,980
Investments with Fiscal Agent	-	42,936	-	42,936
Inventory Held for Resale	-	-	24,584	24,584
Materials and Supplies Inventory	-	-	12,956	12,956
Accounts Receivable	170,856	-	-	170,856
Interfund Receivable	2,407,298	-	628	2,407,926
Intergovernmental Receivable	95,370	-	1,724,161	1,819,531
Prepaid Items	19,666	-	-	19,666
Taxes Receivable	78,383,884	4,509,515	2,475,077	85,368,476
Restricted:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	-	-	79,578	79,578
Total Assets	\$ 114,818,233	\$ 8,286,087	\$ 10,798,169	\$ 133,902,489
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 530,953	\$ -	\$ 88,592	\$ 619,545
Accrued Wages and Benefits	7,645,823	-	479,117	8,124,940
Interfund Payable	628	-	2,407,298	2,407,926
Intergovernmental Payable	1,405,384	-	127,961	1,533,345
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	571,706		16,375	588,081
Total Liabilities	10,154,494		3,119,343	13,273,837
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Property Taxes not Levied to Finance				
Current Year Operations	72,630,039	4,090,691	2,267,990	78,988,720
Unavailable Revenue	342,019	11,865	227,420	581,304
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	72,972,058	4,102,556	2,495,410	79,570,024
FUND BALANCES:				
Nonspendable:	40.000			40.666
Prepaid Items	19,666	-	-	19,666
Restricted:			E26 26E	E26 26E
Capital Outlay Debt Service	-	4,183,531	536,265	536,265 4,183,531
Food Service	-	4,165,551	1,120,392	
Student Activities	-	-	1,079,560	1,120,392 1,079,560
State and Federal Grant Programs	_		74,242	74,242
Other Purposes	_		37,403	37,403
Committed:	_	-	37,403	37,403
Capital Outlay	_	_	2,858,665	2,858,665
Assigned:			2,030,003	2,636,003
School Supported Activities	399,608	_	_	399,608
Employee Benefits	1,432,354	_	_	1,432,354
Future Purchase Commitments	1,333,009	- -	- -	1,333,009
Subsequent Year Appropriations	541,980	_	<u>-</u>	541,980
Unassigned (Deficit)	27,965,064	-	(523,111)	27,441,953
Total Fund Balances	31,691,681	4,183,531	5,183,416	41,058,628
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 114,818,233	\$ 8,286,087	\$ 10,798,169	\$ 133,902,489

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 41,058,628
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	71,323,667
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	
Taxes	188,895
Tuition and Fees	170,856
Intergovernmental Receivable	221,553
Certain items will not be recognized as expenditures for the	
current period and therefore are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the funds.	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	8,458,150
The net OPEB asset is not a current asset and the net pension and OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore the assets, liabilities and related deferred outflows/inflows are not reported in governmental funds.	
Net OPEB Asset	7,625,782
Deferred Outflows - Pension and OPEB	29,111,890
Deferred Inflows - Pension and OPEB	(63,344,996)
Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities	(70,301,407)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported	
in the funds.	
General Obligation and Other Bonds	(64,659,190)
Accreted Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds	(1,153,550)
Lease-Purchase Agreement	(248,359)
Compensated Absences	(6,110,499)
Unamortized Bond Premium	(9,439,670)
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt	(163,927)
Internal service funds are used by management to accumulate	
sufficient resources to make premium payments for workers'	
compensation claims through payroll charges to the funds.	
The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included	
in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.	 343,245
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (56,918,932)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES: \$ 79,213.881 \$ 5,639.455 \$ 2,793,742 \$ 87,647.07 Properly and Other Local Taxes \$ 79,213.881 \$ 5,639.455 \$ 11,934.220 \$ 35,122.451 Interest (202,688) 2 2 26 (202,437.602 Tuttion and Fees 2,437.602 - - 5,8053 Extracurricular Activities 290.588 - 106,4330 101,934.20 106,4330 Gifts and Donations 30.594 - 36,689 139,582 100,408 139,582 Miscellaneous 820,389 130,000 36,264 986,653 Attacellaneous 14,119,903 - 2,772,816 <td< th=""><th></th><th>General Fund</th><th>Debt Service Fund</th><th>Non-Major Governmental Funds</th><th>Total Governmental Funds</th></td<>		General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Property and Other Local Taxes	REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental		\$ 79.213.881	\$ 5.639.455	\$ 2.793.742	\$ 87.647.078
Interest	• •				. , ,
Rent \$8,053 - \$5,053 Extracururioar Activities 290,588 - 773,742 1,064,308 Gifts and Donations 30,594 - 108,988 139,582 Customer Sales and Services 127,692 366,894 494,586 Miscellaneous 820,389 130,000 36,894 986,653 Total Revenues 105,339,577 6,394,222 16,014,076 217,747,875 EXPENDITURES: Current: Current: Current:	<u> </u>		·		
Extracuricular Activities 290,588 - 773,742 1,064,330 Gifts and Donations 30,594 - 108,988 139,588 Miscellaneous 820,389 130,000 36,264 986,653 Total Revenues 105,339,577 6,394,222 16,014,076 127,747,875 EXPENDITURES: VARIANCIAN VARIANCIAN VARIANCIAN 127,747,875 Special 41,419,903 - 2,772,816 44,192,719 59ecial 1,382,534 19,914,042 59ecial 550,835 839,492 0.00 258,838 0.0 2,772,816 44,192,719 59ecial 1,581,5108 0.0 2,772,816 44,192,719 59ecial 1,581,5108 0.0 2,772,816 44,192,719 1,914,042 550,835 839,492 0.0 2,583,838 0.0 2,772,816 44,192,719 1,914,042 550,835 839,492 0.0 2,583,838 0.0 0.0 2,583,838 0.0 0.0 2,563,838 0.0 0.0 2,563,838 0.0 0.0 2,	Tuition and Fees	2,437,602	-	-	2,437,602
Gifts and Donations 30,594 - 108,988 139,582 Customer Sales and Services 127,692 - 366,894 494,586 Miscellaneous 820,389 130,000 36,264 986,653 Total Revenues 105,339,577 6,394,222 16,014,076 127,747,875 EXPENDITURES: Current: University 8 2 2,772,816 44,192,719 Special 18,531,508 - 1,382,534 19,914,042 Student Intervention Services 288,624 - 550,835 839,459 Other 258,838 - 561,656 72,414,756 Instruction 41,484 <	Rent	58,053	-	-	58,053
Customer Sales and Services 127,692 - 366,894 494,586 Miscellaneous 820,389 130,000 36,264 986,653 Total Revenues 105,339,577 6,394,222 16,014,076 127,747,875 EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction: Regular 41,419,903 - 2,772,816 44,192,719 59ecial 18,531,508 - 550,335 839,459 0ther 550,835 389,459 0ther 550,835 0ther 550,835 389,459 0ther 2,588,38 - 550,835 0ther 2,588,38 - 550,835 389,459 0ther 2,588,38 - 51,847 7,214,975 1,474,488 - 1,474,488 - 1,474,488 - - </td <td>Extracurricular Activities</td> <td>290,588</td> <td>-</td> <td>773,742</td> <td>1,064,330</td>	Extracurricular Activities	290,588	-	773,742	1,064,330
Miscellaneous 820,389 130,000 36,264 986,653 Total Revenues 105,339,577 6,394,222 16,014,076 127,747,875 EXPENDITURES: Current: University Regular 41,419,903 2 2,772,816 44,192,719 Special 18,531,508 3 1,382,534 19,914,042 Student Intervention Services 288,624 3 50,835 839,459 Other 258,383 3 50,835 839,459 Other 258,838 3 50,835 839,459 141 Spill 400 3 40,80,881 42,567	Gifts and Donations	30,594	-	108,988	139,582
Total Revenues 105,339,577 6,394,222 16,014,076 127,747,875	Customer Sales and Services	127,692	-	366,894	494,586
EXPENDITURES: Current:	Miscellaneous	820,389	130,000	36,264	986,653
Current: Instruction: Regular	Total Revenues	105,339,577	6,394,222	16,014,076	127,747,875
Instruction:					
Regular 41,419,903 - 2,772,816 44,192,719 Special 18,531,508 - 1,382,534 19,914,042 Student Intervention Services 258,838 - 550,835 833,459 Other 258,838 - - 258,838 Support Services: - 258,838 - - 258,838 Support Services: - 6,597,414 - 617,561 7,214,975 Instructional Staff 2,180,241 - 366,870 2,567,111 Board of Education 147,488 - - 147,488 Administration 6,183,835 - 1,310 6,885,145 Fiscal 1,781,253 56,486 27,901 1,865,640 Business 412,706 - - 412,706 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 6,826,975 - 48,826 7,075,801 Central 1,323,515 - 18,000 1,341,515 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,423,158 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					
Special 18,531,508 - 1,382,534 19,914,042 Student Intervention Services 288,624 - 550,835 839,459 Other 258,838 - 550,835 839,459 Support Services: - 258,838 Pupils 6,597,414 - 617,561 7,214,975 Instructional Staff 2,180,241 - 617,561 7,214,975 Instructional Staff 2,180,241 - 617,561 7,214,975 Instructional Staff 2,180,241 - - 147,488 Administration 6,183,835 - 1,310 6,185,145 Fiscal 1,781,253 56,486 27,901 1,865,640 Business 412,706 - - - 412,706 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 6,982,482 - 57,847 7,040,329 Pupil Transportation 6,626,975 - 448,826 7,075,801 Central 1,323,515 - 18,000 1,341,515		44 440 000		2 772 046	44 402 740
Student Intervention Services 288,624 - 550,835 839,459 Other 258,838 - - 258,838 Support Services: Pupils 6,597,414 - 617,561 7,214,975 Instructional Staff 2,180,241 - 386,870 2,567,111 Board of Education 147,488 - - 147,488 Administration 6,183,835 - 1,310 6,185,145 Fiscal 1,781,253 56,486 27,901 1,865,640 Business 412,706 - - 412,706 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 6,982,482 - 57,847 7,040,329 Pupil Transportation 6,626,975 - 448,826 7,075,801 Central 1,323,515 - 18,000 1,341,515 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 1,423,158 - 4,809,088 6,232,246 Extracurricular Activities 2,90,131 - 687,547 2,587,678 Capital Outlay	_		-		
Other 258,838 - - 258,838 Support Services: 8 5 - - 258,838 Pupils 6,597,414 - 617,561 7,214,975 Instructional Staff 2,180,241 - 386,870 2,567,111 Board of Education 147,488 - - 147,488 Administration 6,183,835 - 1,310 6,185,145 Fiscal 1,781,253 56,486 27,901 1,865,640 Business 412,706 - - 412,706 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 6,826,975 - 448,826 7,75,801 Central 1,323,515 - 18,000 1,341,515 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 1,423,158 - 4,809,088 6,232,246 Extracurricular Activities 1,900,311 - 687,547 2,587,678 Capital Outlay 597,623 - 5102,357 5,699,980 Debt Service: Principal - 687,	•		-		
Support Services: Pupils 6,597,414 - 617,561 7,214,975 Instructional Staff 2,180,241 - 386,870 2,567,111 Board of Education 147,488 - - 147,488 Administration 6,183,835 - 1,310 6,185,145 Fiscal 1,781,253 56,486 27,901 1,865,640 Business 412,706 - - 412,706 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 6,982,482 - 57,847 7,040,329 Pupil Transportation 6,626,975 - 448,826 7,075,801 Central 1,323,515 - 18,000 1,341,515 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 1,423,158 - 4,809,088 6,232,246 Extracurricular Activities 1,900,131 - 687,547 2,587,678 Capital Outlay 597,623 - 5,102,357 5,699,980 Debt Service: - - 4,285,000 315,184 4,874,462 Interest		· ·	-	•	·
Pupils 6,597,414 - 617,561 7,214,975 Instructional Staff 2,180,241 - 386,870 2,567,111 Board of Education 147,488 - - 147,488 Administration 6,183,835 - 1,310 6,185,145 Fiscal 1,781,253 56,486 27,901 1,865,640 Business 412,706 - - 412,706 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 6,982,482 - 57,847 7,040,329 Pupil Transportation 6,626,975 - 448,826 7,075,801 Central 1,323,515 - 18,000 1,341,515 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 1,423,158 - 4,809,088 6,232,246 Extracurricular Activities 1,900,131 - 687,547 2,586,678 Extracurricular Activities 1,900,131 - 687,547 2,586,679 Debt Service: - - 5,102,357 5,699,980 Debt Service: - -		258,838	-	-	258,838
Instructional Staff		6 597 414	_	617 561	7 214 975
Board of Education 147,488 - - 147,488 Administration 6,183,835 - 1,310 6,185,145 Fiscal 1,781,253 56,486 27,901 1,865,640 Business 412,706 - - 412,706 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 6,982,482 - 57,847 7,040,329 Pupil Transportation 6,626,975 - 448,826 7,075,801 Central 1,323,515 - 18,000 1,341,515 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 1,423,158 - 4,809,088 6,232,246 Extracurricular Activities 1,900,131 - 687,547 2,587,678 Capital Outlay 597,623 - 5102,357 5,699,980 Debt Service: 274,278 4,285,000 315,184 4,874,462 Interest 52,966 1,898,381 20,203 1,971,550 Total Expenditures 96,982,938 6,239,867 17,198,879 120,421,684 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over E	•		-		
Administration 6,183,835 - 1,310 6,185,145 Fiscal 1,781,253 56,486 27,901 1,865,640 Business 412,706 - - 412,706 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 6,982,482 - 57,847 7,040,329 Pupil Transportation 6,626,975 - 448,826 7,075,801 Central 1,323,515 - 18,000 1,341,515 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 1,423,158 - 4,809,088 6,232,246 Extracurricular Activities 1,900,131 - 687,547 2,587,678 Capital Outlay 597,623 - 5,102,357 5,699,980 Debt Service: Principal 274,278 4,285,000 315,184 4,874,462 Interest 52,966 1,898,381 20,203 1,971,550 Total Expenditures 8,356,639 154,355 (1,184,803) 7,326,191 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - 1,472 - - (1,472) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>· ·</td> <td></td>			-	· ·	
Fiscal 1,781,253 56,486 27,901 1,865,640 Business 412,706 - - 412,706 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 6,982,482 - 57,847 7,040,329 Pupil Transportation 6,626,975 - 448,826 7,075,801 Central 1,323,515 - 18,000 1,341,515 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 1,423,158 - 4,809,088 6,232,246 Extracurricular Activities 1,900,131 - 687,547 2,587,678 Capital Outlay 597,623 - 5,102,357 5,699,980 Debt Service: Principal 274,278 4,285,000 315,184 4,874,462 Interest 52,966 1,898,381 20,203 1,971,550 Total Expenditures 96,982,938 6,239,867 17,198,879 120,421,684 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 8,356,639 154,355 (1,184,803) 7,326,191 Transfers In - - - 1,472		· ·	-	1.310	· ·
Business 412,706 - - 412,706 Operation and Maintenance of Plant 6,982,482 - 57,847 7,040,329 Pupil Transportation 6,626,975 - 448,826 7,075,801 Central 1,323,515 - 18,000 1,341,515 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 1,423,158 - 4,809,088 6,232,246 Extracurricular Activities 1,900,131 - 687,547 2,587,678 Capital Outlay 597,623 - 5,102,357 5,699,980 Debt Service: Principal 274,278 4,285,000 315,184 4,874,462 Interest 52,966 1,898,381 20,203 1,971,550 Total Expenditures 96,982,938 6,239,867 17,198,879 120,421,684 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 8,356,639 154,355 (1,184,803) 7,326,191 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - 1,472 1,472 Transfers In - - 1,472 -			56,486	•	
Pupil Transportation 6,626,975 - 448,826 7,075,801 Central 1,323,515 - 18,000 1,341,515 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 1,423,158 - 4,809,088 6,232,246 Extracurricular Activities 1,900,131 - 687,547 2,587,678 Capital Outlay 597,623 - 5,102,357 5,699,980 Debt Service: Principal 274,278 4,285,000 315,184 4,874,462 Interest 52,966 1,898,381 20,203 1,971,550 Total Expenditures 96,982,938 6,239,867 17,198,879 120,421,684 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 8,356,639 154,355 (1,184,803) 7,326,191 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In - - 1,472 1,472 Transfers Out (1,472) - - (1,472) - - (1,472) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (1,472) - 1,472 - - 1,472 <td>Business</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Business		-		
Central 1,323,515 - 18,000 1,341,515 Operation of Non-Instructional Services 1,423,158 - 4,809,088 6,232,246 Extracurricular Activities 1,900,131 - 687,547 2,587,678 Capital Outlay 597,623 - 5,102,357 5,699,980 Debt Service: - - - 5,102,357 5,699,980 Debt Service: - - - 5,102,357 5,699,980 Principal 274,278 4,285,000 315,184 4,874,462 Interest 52,966 1,898,381 20,203 1,971,550 Total Expenditures 96,982,938 6,239,867 17,198,879 120,421,684 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 8,356,639 154,355 (1,184,803) 7,326,191 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - 1,472 1,472 Transfers Out (1,472) - - (1,472) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (1,472) - 1,472 - </td <td>Operation and Maintenance of Plant</td> <td>6,982,482</td> <td>-</td> <td>57,847</td> <td>7,040,329</td>	Operation and Maintenance of Plant	6,982,482	-	57,847	7,040,329
Operation of Non-Instructional Services 1,423,158 - 4,809,088 6,232,246 Extracurricular Activities 1,900,131 - 687,547 2,587,678 Capital Outlay 597,623 - 5,102,357 5,699,980 Debt Service: - - 5,102,357 5,699,980 Principal 274,278 4,285,000 315,184 4,874,462 Interest 52,966 1,898,381 20,203 1,971,550 Total Expenditures 96,982,938 6,239,867 17,198,879 120,421,684 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 8,356,639 154,355 (1,184,803) 7,326,191 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - - 1,472 1,472 Transfers Out (1,472) - - 1,472 - Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (1,472) - 1,472 - Net Change in Fund Balances 8,355,167 154,355 (1,183,331) 7,326,191 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 23,336,514 <td< td=""><td>Pupil Transportation</td><td>6,626,975</td><td>-</td><td>448,826</td><td>7,075,801</td></td<>	Pupil Transportation	6,626,975	-	448,826	7,075,801
Extracurricular Activities 1,900,131 - 687,547 2,587,678 Capital Outlay 597,623 - 5,102,357 5,699,980 Debt Service: Principal 274,278 4,285,000 315,184 4,874,462 Interest 52,966 1,898,381 20,203 1,971,550 Total Expenditures 96,982,938 6,239,867 17,198,879 120,421,684 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 8,356,639 154,355 (1,184,803) 7,326,191 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In - - 1,472 1,472 Transfers Out (1,472) - - (1,472) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (1,472) - 1,472 - Net Change in Fund Balances 8,355,167 154,355 (1,183,331) 7,326,191 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 23,336,514 4,029,176 6,366,747 33,732,437	Central	1,323,515	-	18,000	1,341,515
Capital Outlay 597,623 - 5,102,357 5,699,980 Debt Service: 97,023 - 5,102,357 5,699,980 Principal Interest 274,278 4,285,000 315,184 4,874,462 Interest 52,966 1,898,381 20,203 1,971,550 Total Expenditures 96,982,938 6,239,867 17,198,879 120,421,684 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 8,356,639 154,355 (1,184,803) 7,326,191 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - 1,472 1,472 Transfers Out (1,472) - - (1,472) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (1,472) - 1,472 - Net Change in Fund Balances 8,355,167 154,355 (1,183,331) 7,326,191 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 23,336,514 4,029,176 6,366,747 33,732,437	Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,423,158	-	4,809,088	6,232,246
Debt Service: Principal 274,278 4,285,000 315,184 4,874,462 Interest 52,966 1,898,381 20,203 1,971,550 Total Expenditures 96,982,938 6,239,867 17,198,879 120,421,684 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 8,356,639 154,355 (1,184,803) 7,326,191 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In - - 1,472 1,472 Transfers Out (1,472) - - (1,472) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (1,472) - 1,472 - Net Change in Fund Balances 8,355,167 154,355 (1,183,331) 7,326,191 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 23,336,514 4,029,176 6,366,747 33,732,437	Extracurricular Activities	1,900,131	-	687,547	2,587,678
Principal Interest 274,278 b 4,285,000 b 315,184 b 4,874,462 b Interest 52,966 b 1,898,381 b 20,203 b 1,971,550 b Total Expenditures 96,982,938 b 6,239,867 b 17,198,879 b 120,421,684 b Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 8,356,639 b 154,355 b (1,184,803) b 7,326,191 b OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - 1,472 b 1,472 b 1,472 b 1,472 b 1,472 b - (1,472) b - - (1,472) b - - 1,472 b -		597,623	-	5,102,357	5,699,980
Interest 52,966 1,898,381 20,203 1,971,550 Total Expenditures 96,982,938 6,239,867 17,198,879 120,421,684 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 8,356,639 154,355 (1,184,803) 7,326,191 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - 1,472 1,472 Transfers In - - 1,472 1,472 Transfers Out (1,472) - - (1,472) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (1,472) - 1,472 - Net Change in Fund Balances 8,355,167 154,355 (1,183,331) 7,326,191 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 23,336,514 4,029,176 6,366,747 33,732,437					
Total Expenditures 96,982,938 6,239,867 17,198,879 120,421,684 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 8,356,639 154,355 (1,184,803) 7,326,191 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - 1,472 1,472 Transfers In - - 1,472 1,472 Transfers Out (1,472) - - (1,472) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (1,472) - 1,472 - Net Change in Fund Balances 8,355,167 154,355 (1,183,331) 7,326,191 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 23,336,514 4,029,176 6,366,747 33,732,437	•	·		•	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 8,356,639 154,355 (1,184,803) 7,326,191 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In - - 1,472 1,472 Transfers Out (1,472) - - (1,472) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (1,472) - 1,472 - Net Change in Fund Balances 8,355,167 154,355 (1,183,331) 7,326,191 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 23,336,514 4,029,176 6,366,747 33,732,437	Interest	52,966	1,898,381	20,203	1,971,550
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In - - 1,472 1,472 Transfers Out (1,472) - - (1,472) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (1,472) - 1,472 - Net Change in Fund Balances 8,355,167 154,355 (1,183,331) 7,326,191 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 23,336,514 4,029,176 6,366,747 33,732,437	Total Expenditures	96,982,938	6,239,867	17,198,879	120,421,684
Transfers In Transfers Out - - - 1,472 (1,472) Transfers Out (1,472) - - - (1,472) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (1,472) - 1,472 - Net Change in Fund Balances 8,355,167 154,355 (1,183,331) 7,326,191 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 23,336,514 4,029,176 6,366,747 33,732,437	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	8,356,639	154,355	(1,184,803)	7,326,191
Transfers Out (1,472) - - (1,472) Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (1,472) - 1,472 - Net Change in Fund Balances 8,355,167 154,355 (1,183,331) 7,326,191 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 23,336,514 4,029,176 6,366,747 33,732,437	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses (1,472) - 1,472 - Net Change in Fund Balances 8,355,167 154,355 (1,183,331) 7,326,191 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 23,336,514 4,029,176 6,366,747 33,732,437	Transfers In	-	-	1,472	1,472
Net Change in Fund Balances 8,355,167 154,355 (1,183,331) 7,326,191 Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 23,336,514 4,029,176 6,366,747 33,732,437	Transfers Out	(1,472)			(1,472)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year 23,336,514 4,029,176 6,366,747 33,732,437	Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(1,472)		1,472	
	Net Change in Fund Balances	8,355,167	154,355	(1,183,331)	7,326,191
Fund Balance at End of Year \$ 31,691,681 \$ 4,183,531 \$ 5,183,416 \$ 41,058,628	Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	23,336,514	4,029,176	6,366,747	33,732,437
	Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 31,691,681	\$ 4,183,531	\$ 5,183,416	\$ 41,058,628

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 7,326,191
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Only cash received from sale of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds, but the statement of activities report a gain or loss on the disposal that is calculated by reducing proceeds by the carrying (book) value of the assets disposed of.	
Capital asset additions used in governmental activities	5,597,408
Depreciation expense Book value of capital asset disposals	(6,762,400)
BOOK Value of Capital asset disposals	(10,484)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are	
not reported as revenues in the funds.	(1,709,938)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effects of premiums, discounts, deferred charge on refundings when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts	
are amortized in the statement of activities.	4.074.463
Repayment of long-term bonds and lease-purchases	4,874,462
Current year amortization of bond premium Current year amortization of deferred charge on refunding	795,180 (630,981)
Current year accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds	(971,767)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Accrued interest payable	16,946
Compensated absences	(40,384)
Contractually required pension and OPEB plan contributions are reported as	
expenditures in the governmental funds, however, the statement of activities	
reports these amounts as deferred outflows.	8,900,134
Except for amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows, changes in the net pension and	
OPEB assets and liabilities are reported as pension expense and negative OPEB expense	(2.072)
among the functions in the statement of activities.	(2,972)
Internal service funds are used by management to accumulate sufficient resources to	
pay medical and workers' compensation claims through payroll charges to the	
funds. The net revenue or expense of the internal service funds is allocated among	c= =oc
the governmental activities on the statement of activities.	 67,598
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 17,448,993

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	riance with nal Budget
Revenues:	 	 		 <u>_</u>
Property Taxes	\$ 80,434,235	\$ 77,165,501	\$ 77,167,806	\$ 2,305
Intergovernmental	18,215,181	20,260,686	22,563,466	2,302,780
Interest	110,861	109,487	112,077	2,590
Tuition and Fees	1,862,830	1,839,731	1,883,259	43,528
Extracurricular Activities	141,855	140,096	143,411	3,315
Rent	57,423	56,711	58,053	1,342
Customer Sales and Services	82,041	81,024	82,941	1,917
Miscellaneous	 711,409	 702,588	 719,211	16,623
Total Revenues	101,615,835	100,355,824	102,730,224	2,374,400
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	43,852,910	42,681,535	40,940,126	1,741,409
Special	20,011,637	19,477,098	18,682,431	794,667
Student Intervention Services	285,107	277,492	266,170	11,322
Other	235,871	229,570	220,204	9,366
Support Services:				
Pupils	7,293,589	7,098,767	6,809,137	289,630
Instructional Staff	2,343,639	2,281,037	2,187,971	93,066
Board of Education	166,571	162,122	155,507	6,615
Administration	6,643,762	6,466,297	6,202,472	263,825
Fiscal	1,822,898	1,774,206	1,701,818	72,388
Business	426,526	415,132	398,195	16,937
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	7,597,421	7,394,483	7,092,788	301,695
Pupil Transportation	6,952,189	6,766,486	6,490,413	276,073
Central	1,281,386	1,247,158	1,196,274	50,884
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,485,326	1,445,651	1,386,668	58,983
Extracurricular Activities	1,769,469	1,722,204	1,651,938	70,266
Capital Outlay	 2,378,585	 2,315,049	 2,220,595	 94,454
Total Expenditures	 104,546,886	 101,754,287	 97,602,707	 4,151,580
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (2,931,051)	 (1,398,463)	 5,127,517	 6,525,980
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances In	1,472,402	1,311,185	1,311,185	-
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	9,080	9,080
Insurance Recoveries	-	-	1,000	1,000
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	45,370	23,987	30,986	6,999
Transfers Out	(50,000)	(50,000)	(57,344)	(7,344)
Advances Out	 (900,000)	 (500,000)	 (1,989,793)	 (1,489,793)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	567,772	 785,172	 (694,886)	 (1,480,058)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,363,279)	(613,291)	4,432,631	5,045,922
Fund Balance, July 1	22,797,490	22,797,490	22,797,490	-
Prior Year Encumbrances	 2,073,131	 2,073,131	 2,073,131	-
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 22,507,342	\$ 24,257,330	\$ 29,303,252	\$ 5,045,922

Statement of Fund Net Position Internal Service Fund June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	
	Inter	nal Service Fund
ASSETS: Current Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	476,871
Total Current Assets		476,871
Total Assets		476,871
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities: Claims Payable		133,626
Total Current Liabilities		133,626
Total Liabilities		133,626
NET POSITION:		
Unrestricted		343,245
Total Net Position	\$	343,245

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmenta Activities	
		nal Service Fund
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services	\$	250,902
Total Operating Revenues		250,902
Operating Expenses: Purchased Services Claims Other		84,805 97,908 591
Total Operating Expenses		183,304
Change in Net Position		67,598
Net Position at Beginning of Year		275,647
Net Position at End of Year	\$	343,245

Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
	<u>Internal Service</u> <u>Fund</u>
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	_
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided Cash Paid for Purchased Services Cash Paid for Settlement of Claims Cash Paid for Other Purposes	\$ 250,902 (84,805) (30,840) (591)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	134,666
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	134,666
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	342,205
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 476,871
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	_
Operating Income Adjustments:	\$ 67,598
Increase in Claims Payable	67,068
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 134,666

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Purpos	<u>vate</u> se Trust und	 odial ınd
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	68,500	\$ -
Total Current Assets		68,500	
Total Assets		68,500	-
		,	
NET POSITION:			
Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$	68,500	\$ -

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Purpos	<u>vate</u> se Trust nd	<u>Custodial</u> <u>Fund</u>
ADDITIONS: Gifts and Donations Extracurricular Amounts Collected for Other Organizations	\$	62,400	\$ - 4,950
Total Additions		62,400	 4,950
DEDUCTIONS: Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements Extracurricular Distributions to Other Organizations		49,600 -	 - 4,950
Total Deductions		49,600	 4,950
Change in Net Position		12,800	-
Net Position at Beginning of Year		55,700	
Net Position at End of Year	\$	68,500	\$ -



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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. Description of the District and Reporting Entity

The Beavercreek City School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a city district as defined by Section 3311.02 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under a locally elected five-member board and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District. The Board controls the District's instructional/support facilities staffed by 382 non-certificated staff, 509 certificated staff members and 36 administrative staff to provide services to 7,811 total students.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading.

The primary government consists of all funds and departments, which provide various services including instruction, student guidance, extracurricular activities, food service, pre-school, educational media and care and upkeep of grounds and buildings. The operation of each of these activities is directly controlled by the Board of Education.

Current State legislation provides funding to parochial schools, as well as the community and Montessori schools within the District boundaries. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the non-public school by the treasurer of the District, as directed by the non-public school. The State monies received/disbursed by the District are reflected as a governmental activity for financial reporting purposes.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The District does not have any component units.

The District is associated with five organizations, four of which are defined as jointly governed and the other an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations include the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC), Miami Valley Educational Computer Association (MVECA), the Greene County Career Center, the Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association (SOITA), and the Butler Health Plan (BHP). These organizations are presented in Notes 17 and 18 to the basic financial statements, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of these financial statements are summarized below. These policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's policies are described below.

a. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the District are divided into the categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Other governmental funds of the District may be used to account for specific resources that are restricted or committed to specified purposes.

Proprietary Fund

The proprietary fund focuses on the determination of operating income, the change in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the District has no enterprise funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (continued)

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> – The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District on a cost reimbursement basis. The District has one internal service fund used to accumulate monies charged to other funds for the payment of future workers' compensation claims and related expenses.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. The District's one private purpose trust fund is used to account for scholarship resources for students. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities not accounted for within trust funds. The District's only custodial fund accounts for the activity of State athletic tournament games held within the District for which the District acts as the fiscal agent.

b. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column. Internal service and fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities, as well as deferred inflows of resources, are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in current fund balances. Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus.

c. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The Fund financial statements are prepared using either modified accrual for governmental funds or accrual basis for proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Revenues, Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period of the District is sixty days after year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes available for advance, tuition, grants and student fees.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding, pension, and OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained further in Notes 12 and 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, unavailable revenue, pension, and OPEB. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2022, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental grants, and student fees. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position (see Notes 12 and 13).

Expenditures/Expenses

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on flow of current financial resources. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recorded when due, and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities to the extent that payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. Allocation of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

The accrual basis of accounting utilized by the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements recognize revenues when they are earned, and expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated, however the District elects to adopt appropriations and budgets for its custodial fund. The legal level of control is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Advances in and advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

Tax Budget

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayer's comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Greene County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if the fiscal officer determines that the revenue collected is greater or less than the current estimates. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during fiscal year 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Appropriations

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at the legal level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriation by fund does not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent Certificate of Estimated Resources. The budget figures, which appear in the statements of budgetary comparison, represent the final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications.

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. The Ohio Revised Code prohibits expenditures from exceeding appropriations. On the fund financial statement encumbrances are reported within the restricted, committed or assigned fund balances depending on the restrictions placed upon the resources encumbered. For the general fund, encumbrances are reported as a component of assigned fund balance indicating that amount is not currently available. Encumbrances are reported as part of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis.

Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

d. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. The cash and investment pool has the same characteristics as demand deposits. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed in the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. The District utilizes a financial institution to service bonded debt as principal and interest payments come due. The monies are either maintained in a central bank account or used to purchase legal investments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Ohio Revised Code authorizes the District to invest in United States and State of Ohio bonds, notes and other obligations; bank certificates of deposit; bankers' acceptances; commercial paper notes rated prime and issued by United States corporations; and STAR Ohio.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted GASB Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Participants". The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides the NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance for all deposits or withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participants will be combined for these purposes.

The District reports investment at fair value, with the exception of its investment in STAR Ohio and mutual fund which are based on a per share basis. All investments of the cash management pool and those with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings accrue to the general, food service fund and auxiliary service fund. Interest earnings allocated to the food service and auxiliary service funds are based on average monthly cash balances. Investment income credited to the general fund during the fiscal year on a cash basis amounted to \$112,077, which includes \$23,288 assigned from other District funds. The negative investment earnings reported on the GAAP financial statements resulted from the recognition of investments at fair value.

e. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position.

f. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022 are recorded as prepaid items on the government-wide financial statements using the consumption method and recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure in the current year in which services are consumed. Reported prepaid items are reported as a non-spendable component of fund balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

g. Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition values as of the date received. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$5,000 and a useful life of less than one year. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Land Improvements	30
Buildings & Improvements	30
Furniture, Equipment & Vehicles	5-10

h. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the future. The criteria for determining the vacation and sick leave liability is derived from Board policy, negotiated agreements, and state laws. The liability is based upon pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

i. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and claims and judgments that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Net pension and OPEB liabilities should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension and OPEB plans' fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

j. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the retirement systems and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the retirement systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The retirement systems report investments at fair value.

k. Fund Balance

The District reports classifications of fund balance based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The following categories are used:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – amounts that have constraints placed on the use of resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (resolution) of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Education.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Assigned</u> – amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purpose, but are neither restricted not committed. Assigned amounts include those approved through the District's formal purchasing procedure by the Treasurer. Through the District's purchasing policy, the Board of Education has given the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> – residual fund balance within the general fund that is in spendable form that is not restricted, committed or assigned. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District considers committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

I. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources compared with liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, regulations or other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

m. Interfund Activity

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are also eliminated. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

n. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service funds are charges made to other funds for workers' compensation premiums and operating expenses are the payments of those claims, premiums and services to process the claims. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

o. Unamortized Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable government activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as deferred gain or loss on refunding, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Unamortized deferred gain or loss on refunding are reported as a component of deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources, respectively. Bond issuance costs are reported as current period expense when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

p. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

3. Accountability

Deficit Fund Balances

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deficit fund balances in various non-major, special revenue funds which resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. Individual fund deficits reported at June 30, 2022 include the following:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

3. Accountability (continued)

Non-Major Funds		Deficit		
Auxilliary Services	\$	7,177		
Other State Grants		182,408		
IDEA, Part B Grant		65,016		
Title I Grant		53,348		
Title IV-A Grant		11,890		
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant		2,519		
Miscellaneous Federal Grants		200,753		

4. <u>Budgetary Basis of Accounting</u>

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of GAAP, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and reserve that portion of the
 applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded
 as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to an assignment of fund balance for
 that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable
 (GAAP basis); and,
- Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund are as shown in the table that follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

4. Budgetary Basis of Accounting (continued)

	Net	Change	in	Fund	Ba	lance
--	-----	--------	----	------	----	-------

	General Fund
Budget Basis	\$ 4,432,631
Adjustments:	
Revenue Accruals	1,772,376
Expenditure Accruals	(209,814)
Encumbrances	1,834,829
Other Financing Sources(Uses)	693,414
Perspective Budgeting Difference **	(168,269)
GAAP Basis	\$ 8,355,167

^{**} As part of GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supply fund, public school support fund, and summer school fund. These funds have legally adopted budgets and have a schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget (Non-GAAP basis) and actual presented.

5. Deposits and Investments

State statutes require the classification of monies held by the District into three categories.

Active Monies - Those monies required to be kept in a "cash" or "near-cash" status for immediate use by the district. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive Monies - Those monies not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive monies may be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim Monies - Those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Ohio law permits interim monies to be invested in legal securities (see Note 2d).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

5. **Deposits and Investments** (continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:

Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2% and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;

The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);

Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from purchase date in an amount not to exceed 25% of the interim monies available for investment at any one time, and under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of table notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless <u>matched</u> to a specific obligation of or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

5. **Deposits and Investments** (continued)

Deposits

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,549,260 including cash on hand. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", \$2,743,978 of the District's bank balance of \$3,079,519 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$335,501 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District's policy for deposits is that any balance not covered by depository insurance will be collateralized by the financial institution with pledged securities. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

*Investments*As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Measurement				Maturity (in years)				
Investment Type		Value	ı	ess than 1	1 to 3		4 to 5		
U.S. Treasuries	\$	7,597,694	\$	1,527,388	\$	4,872,724	\$ 1,197,582		
U.S. Agencies									
Federal National Mortgage									
Association (FNMA)		378,912		195,746		-	183,166		
Federal Home Loan									
Bank (FHLB)		1,130,877		194,888		714,443	221,546		
Federal Farm Credit									
Bank (FFCB)		672,384		-		471,757	200,627		
Negotiable CDs		867,903		-		867,903	-		
Mutual Fund		73,120		73,120		-	-		
Commercial Paper		1,789,427		1,789,427		-	-		
STAROhio	_	30,564,288		30,564,288		-			
Total	\$	43,074,605	\$	34,344,857	\$	6,926,827	\$ 1,802,921		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

5. **Deposits and Investments** (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk

The District's investment in securities of Federal agencies were rated Aaa by Moody's and AA+ by Standard & Poor's; commercial paper held was rated P-1 by Moody's; and the mutual fund and STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Negotiable Certificates of Deposits (CDs) were fully insured by FDIC. The District has no policy limiting investments based on credit risk other than those established by ORC.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk beyond the adherence to those investments permitted by the ORC. Requirements in State statute prohibit payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places a limit on the percentage of the portfolio that may be held in the form of commercial paper, other than this stipulation, the District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2022:

	M	leasurement	% of
Investment Type		Value	Portfolio
U.S. Treasuries	\$	7,597,694	17.64%
U.S. Agencies		2,182,173	5.06%
Negotiable CDs		867,903	2.02%
Mutual Fund		73,120	0.17%
Commercial Paper		1,789,427	4.15%
STAROhio		30,564,288	70.96%
Total	\$	43,074,605	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

5. **Deposits and Investments** (continued)

Fair Value Measurement

The District's investments measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2 Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk. Investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using matrix pricing sources and valuation techniques as provided by the investment managers.

The District had the reoccurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022 as shown in the following table:

Investment Type	Total	 Identical Assets (Level 1)	Observable Inputs (Level 2)	In	servable puts vel 3)
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 7,597,694	\$ 7,597,694	\$ -	\$	-
U.S. Agencies	2,182,173	-	2,182,173		-
Negotiable CDs	867,903	-	867,903		-
Commercial Paper	 1,789,427	 <u>-</u>	 1,789,427		
Total	\$ 12,437,197	\$ 7,597,694	\$ 4,839,503	\$	<u>-</u>

6. **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Distributions from the second half occur in a new fiscal year and are intended to finance the operations of that year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. All property taxes are collected on behalf of the District by the auditors of Greene and Montgomery Counties. Greene County collects approximately 98% and Montgomery County collects approximately 2% of the District's taxes. Taxpayers remit payment to their respective county, Greene or Montgomery, which then distributes funds to the District on settlement dates that vary each year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

6. Property Taxes (continued)

Real property taxes and public utility taxes are levied in April on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due January 20; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due January 20 with the remainder payable by June 20. Settlement dates for real property taxes generally occur during the months of February and August but on occasion run into the following month. Amounts certified by the County Auditor prior to June 30 are available to the District as an advance and should therefore be recognized as revenue in the current fiscal year. The District's policy is not to take an advance on these taxes, as they are budgeted for the next fiscal year.

Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at 25% of true value (with certain exceptions) and on real property at 35% of true value. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2022 taxes receipts were based on are as follows:

			021 Second Half Collections	
Real Estate				
Residential /Agricultural	\$	1,583,563,940	\$	1,559,366,980
Commerical / Industrial		508,219,860		484,500,440
Public Utility Property		50,459,000		47,383,960
Total	\$	2,142,242,800	\$	2,091,251,380

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2022, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred inflow of resources for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. On the accrual basis, total delinquent property tax amounts existing at year end have been recorded as revenue.

7. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consisted of taxes, accounts (tuition and student fees), and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the District's intergovernmental receivables follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

7. Receivables (continued)

Governmental Activities:	Amount		
General Fund			
County ESC FY2022 True-up	\$	95,370	
Non-Major Governmental Funds			
Other State Grants		204,924	
ESSER Funding	1,145,064		
IDEA, Part B Federal Grant		241,649	
Title III Federal Grant		26,233	
Title I Federal Grant	22,973		
Title IV-A Federal Grant	21,641		
IDEA Preschool Federal Grant	41,340		
Supporting Effective Instruction	20,337		
Total	\$	1,819,531	

8. <u>Capital Assets</u>

A summary of capital asset activity during the fiscal year follows:

		Balance at						Balance at
		7/1/2021		Additions	D	eductions	(6/30/2022
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	6,996,584	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,996,584
Construction in Progress	_		_	1,802,177		-		1,802,177
		6,996,584	_	1,802,177		-		8,798,761
Capital Assets, being depreciated:								
Land Improvements		4,849,143		20,000		9,200		4,859,943
Buildings		126,271,737		-		-		126,271,737
Building Improvements		2,916,820		3,306,370		-		6,223,190
Furniture and Equipment		4,168,275		64,299		5,800		4,226,774
Vehicles		7,604,512		404,562		427,004		7,582,070
		145,810,487		3,795,231		442,004		149,163,714
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:								
Land Improvements		1,873,563		180,714		9,200		2,045,077
Buildings		67,774,626		5,997,856		-		73,772,482
Building Improvements		1,090,418		186,459		-		1,276,877
Furniture and Equipment		3,563,569		107,472		5,800		3,665,241
Vehicles		6,005,752		289,899		416,520		5,879,131
		80,307,928		6,762,400 *		431,520		86,638,808
Capital Assets, being depreciated, net		65,502,559		(2,967,169)		10,484		62,524,906
Total Capital Assets, net	\$	72,499,143	\$	(1,164,992)	\$	10,484	\$	71,323,667

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

8. Capital Assets (continued)

* - Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 45,336
Special	1,616
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	4,038
Administration	1,140
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	68,239
Pupil Transportation	252,023
Central	6,328,777
Non-Instructional Services	23,815
Extracurricular Activities	37,416
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 6,762,400

9. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft or, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters.

During fiscal year 2022, the District contracted with the Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, via Driehaus Insurance Group for general liability insurance, property and vehicle coverage. General liability insurance has coverage of \$1 million single occurrence limit and a \$3 million general aggregate. Property insurance is at blanket value of approximately \$222 million and generally has a \$5,000 deductible; there is a separate wind/hail deductible of \$25,000. Certain scheduled items (computers & software) have a \$1,000 deductible while others (including cameras & instruments, etc.) have a \$500 deductible. The vehicle coverage has \$1 million limits for bodily injury, property damage and uninsured/underinsured. Comprehensive and collision deductible of \$1,000. In addition, the District has an umbrella liability policy that provides an additional \$5 million limit. The District also has \$500,000 public employee dishonesty coverage, with a \$5,000 deductible. The superintendent, treasurer and board president are all bonded separately. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last two years.

The District participates in the Butler Health Plan (BHP), a group insurance purchasing pool (see Note 18), in order to provide medical and dental benefits to employees and their dependents and to set aside funds for such purposes. BHP provides insurance policies in whole or in part through one or more group insurance policies. The Board picks up 85% of medical and 90% of dental monthly premiums for certified employees and a scaled percentage based on hours worked for classified employees. Life insurance coverage is provided through fully insured coverage from Assurant.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

9. Risk Management (continued)

The District is self-insured for workers' compensation claims. Prior to January 1, 2014, the District participated in the traditional Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation coverage. Essentially, the District has assumed all responsibility of paying all compensation and medical expenses for claims incurred during the policy year. Excess insurance coverage was purchased to cover catastrophic claims which exceed \$400,000. There is no aggregated annual claim coverage or limit in the program. The District pays an assessment of \$0.31 per dollar on every dollar of paid compensation.

The following table summarizes workers' compensation claims payable based on the reserves established by the administrator for the past two fiscal years.

	Ве	eginning						Ending
	(Claims	(Current	(Claims		Claims
Fiscal Year	F	ayable	Claims		Payments		Payable	
2022	\$	66,558	\$	97,908	\$	30,840	\$	133,626
2021		39,554		102,298		75,294		66,558

10. <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

During fiscal year 2022, the general fund provided operating transfers of \$1,472 to the food service fund (non-major governmental fund) to provide support for certain activities and programs.

Interfund balances on the fund statements at June 30, 2022 resulted from the general fund advancing monies to non-major governmental funds to cover temporary deficits and consisted of the following receivables and payables:

Fund	Receivable	Payable
General Fund	\$ 2,407,298	\$ 628
Other Governmental Funds:		
Non-Major Special Revenue Funds:		
Food Service Fund	-	417,503
District Managed Student Activities Fund	628	-
Miscellaneous State Grants Fund	-	381,250
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	-	1,116,500
IDEA, Part B Grant Fund	-	167,023
Title I Grant Fund	-	16,193
Title IV-A Grant Fund	-	53,640
IDEA Preschool Grant Fund	-	27,530
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Fund	-	57,447
Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund		170,212
	\$ 2,407,926	\$ 2,407,926

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

11. Long-Term Obligations

The activity of the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2022 was as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2021	Increase	Decrease	Balance 6/30/2022	Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds:					
2020 Taxable General Obligation					
Refunding Bonds:					
Current Interest 1.08%-1.76%	\$ 19,005,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,005,000	\$ -
Capital Appreciation Bonds	1,147,579	-	(510,389)	637,190	294,665
Accreted Interest	696,394	971,767	(514,611)	1,153,550	740,335
2018 Athletic Facility Construction					
and Improvement Taxable Bond:					
Current Interest 4.75%	225,000	-	(110,000)	115,000	115,000
2015 School Improvement					
Refunding Bonds:			4		
Current Interest 2.5%-5%	45,055,000	-	(3,150,000)	41,905,000	3,235,000
Unamortized Premium	10,234,850		(795,180)	9,439,670	
Total General Obligation Bonds	76,363,823	971,767	(5,080,180)	72,255,410	4,385,000
Private Placement Bonds:					
Lease Purchase Obligation					
Bond, Series 2021 1.69%	3,348,000	-	(351,000)	2,997,000	353,000
Net Pension Liability:					
STRS	84,952,011	-	(38,707,661)	46,244,350	-
SERS	27,354,219	-	(11,305,391)	16,048,828	-
Total Net Pension Liability	112,306,230	-	(50,013,052)	62,293,178	-
Net OPEB Liability:					
SERS	8,860,461	-	(852,232)	8,008,229	-
Other Long-Term Obligations:					
Direct Borrowing - Lease-Purchase	486,821	-	(238,462)	248,359	248,359
Compensated Absences	6,070,115	799,148	(758,764)	6,110,499	678,945
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 207,435,450	\$ 1,770,915	\$ (57,293,690)	\$ 151,912,675	\$ 5,665,304

a. General Obligations Bonds

On March 10, 2015, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2015 Refunding Bonds) to refund the callable portion (\$65.9 million) of the Series 2009 general obligation bonds. The refunding issue totaled \$65,929,980; consisting of \$58,200,000 current interest bonds (rates 2.5%-5%) maturing in 2034, \$7,450,000 current interest term bond (3.25%) maturing in fiscal year 2037, and \$279,980 capital appreciation bonds which matured in fiscal years 2016 through 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

11. Long-Term Obligations (continued)

On September 2, 2020, the District issued taxable general obligation bonds (Series 2020 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund a portion (\$20.2 million) of the Series 2015 general obligation refunding bonds. The refunding issue totaled \$20,152,579; consisting of \$19,005,000 current interest serial bonds (rates 1.08%-1.76%) maturing in 2031 and \$1,147,579 capital appreciation bonds which mature in fiscal years 2022 through 2027.

The capital appreciation bonds have a total maturity value of \$5,985,000 and are not subject to redemption prior to scheduled maturity. Accretion on the capital appreciation bonds outstanding at the end of the current fiscal year amounted to \$1,153,550.

The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds payable:

Fiscal	Serial and Term Bonds		Capital Appre	Capital Appreciation Bonds		
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Accretion	Total	
2023	\$ 3,235,000	\$ 1,762,182	\$ 294,665	\$ 740,335	\$ 6,032,182	
2024	3,400,000	1,596,306	166,035	853,965	6,016,306	
2025	4,060,000	1,409,807	84,694	825,306	6,379,807	
2026	4,260,000	1,255,057	72,632	1,292,368	6,880,057	
2027	5,470,000	1,108,467	19,165	610,835	7,208,467	
2028-2032	29,645,000	3,155,876	-	-	32,800,876	
2033-2037	10,840,000	1,122,999			11,962,999	
Total	\$ 60,910,000	\$ 11,410,694	\$ 637,191	\$ 4,322,809	\$ 77,280,694	

b. Taxable Athletic Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds

On May 31, 2018, the District issued \$540,000 in taxable athletic facilities construction and improvement general obligation bonds to finance improvements to the District's stadium. The interest rate on these bonds is 4.75% which fully mature on December 1, 2022. The following is a summary of the annual debt service requirements to maturity for the taxable improvement bonds:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 115,000	\$ 2,731	\$ 117,731
Total	\$ 115,000	\$ 2,731	\$ 117,731

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

11. Long-Term Obligations (continued)

c. Private-Placement Lease-Purchase Obligation Bonds

On June 24, 2021, the District issued \$3,348,000 in exempt lease-purchase obligations bonds, series 2021, through a direct sale to finance lighting improvement projects throughout the District's facilities. The interest rate on these bonds is 1.69% which fully mature on June 30, 2030. The proceeds of this issuance, less issuance costs, was deposited into an escrow account until projects begin. The following is a summary of the annual debt service requirements to maturity for the private placement lease-purchase bonds:

Fiscal							
Year	Principal		I	Interest		Total	
2023	\$	353,000	\$	50,649	\$	403,649	
2024		359,000		44,684		403,684	
2025		365,000		38,617		403,617	
2026		371,000		32,448		403,448	
2027		378,000		26,178		404,178	
2028-2030		1,171,000		39,799		1,210,799	
Total	\$	2,997,000	\$	232,375	\$	3,229,375	

d. Direct Borrowing – Lease Purchase Agreement

In a prior fiscal year, the District entered into an agreement to acquire fifteen school buses through a direct borrowing arrangement. The agreement transfers the benefits and risk of ownership to the District. After all contractual payments have been the District will own the buses. Payments are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis. During the current fiscal, the District made principal payments totaling \$238,462.

The capital assets acquired through the agreement are recorded in the financial statements with a carrying value of \$716,589 (\$1,194,285 historical cost less \$477,696 in accumulated depreciation). The following is a summary of the future payment requirements associated with the direct borrowing:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	\$ 248,359	\$ 10,307	\$ 258,666	
Total	\$ 248,359	\$ 10,307	\$ 258,666	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

11. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u> (continued)

e. Defeased Debt Outstanding

\$20,175,000 of the 2015 School Improvement Refunding Bonds were advanced refunded through the issuance of 2020 refunding issue and remain outstanding until the call date of December 1, 2024.

f. Compensated Absences, Net Pension Liability, and OPEB Liability

The District pays obligations related to employee compensation (compensated absences and pension and OPEB contributions) from the fund benefitting from their service which include the general fund, food service fund, auxiliary service fund, other State grants fund, IDEA Part B grant fund, Title III-Limited English Proficiency grant fund, Title I grant fund, IDEA Part B preschool fund and miscellaneous Federal grant fund.

g. Legal Debt Margin

At June 30, 2022 the voted debt limit was \$192.8 million with a voted legal debt margin of \$124.3 million.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. Defined Benefits Pension Plans

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the way pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB Statement No. 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for contractually-required pension contributions outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. Defined Benefits Pension Plans (continued)

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	retire on or after
	August 1, 2017 **	August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{** -} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2% for the first 30 years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, and Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the 14% was allocated to only three of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund and Medicare B Fund). The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$2,162,820 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$263,438 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. Defined Benefits Pension Plans (continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be 5 years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS Ohio. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The CO Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the CO Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the CO Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with 5 years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. Defined Benefits Pension Plans (continued)

New members who choose the DC Plan or CO Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS Ohio plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's CO Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS Ohio bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS Ohio therefore has included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB Statement No. 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or CO Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013 must have at least 10 years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance.

Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, plan members were required to contribute 14% of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2022 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates. The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$6,511,190 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$965,487 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources for Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	 SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 16,048,828	\$ 46,244,350	\$ 62,293,178
Proportion of the net pension liability Change in proportionate share	0.434962% 0.021395%	0.361682% 0.010589%	
Pension (negative) expense	\$ (25,869)	\$ 652,735	\$ 626,866

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plans</u> (continued)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</u> Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	1,549	\$	1,428,728	\$	1,430,277
Change in assumptions		337,940		12,829,012		13,166,952
Change in District's proportionate share and difference in employer contributions		811,877		2,119,747		2,931,624
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,162,820		6,511,190		8,674,010
Total	\$	3,314,186	\$	22,888,677	\$	26,202,863
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</u> Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	416,211	\$	289,857	\$	706,068
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		8,265,615		39,853,778		48,119,393
Change in District's proportionate share and difference in employer contributions		178,767		659,515		838,282
Total	\$	8,860,593	\$	40,803,150	\$	49,663,743

\$8,674,010 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	_	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:				
2023	\$ (1,703,325)	\$	(6,262,723)	\$ (7,966,048)
2024	(1,503,595)		(5,057,676)	(6,561,271)
2025	(1,965,265)		(5,667,334)	(7,632,599)
2026	 (2,537,042)		(7,437,930)	 (9,974,972)
	\$ (7,709,227)	\$	(24,425,663)	\$ (32,134,890)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. Defined Benefits Pension Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will consider the employee's entire career with the employer and take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Inflation:

Current measurement period 2.40 percent Prior measurement period 3.00 percent

Future salary increases, including inflation

Current measurement period 3.25 percent to 13.58 percent Prior measurement period 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA

Current measurement period 2.00 percent, on and after 4/1/2018, COLA's for future retirees

will be delayed for 3 years following retirement.

Prior measurement period 2.50 percent, on and after 4/1/2018, COLA's for future retirees

will be delayed for 3 years following retirement.

Investment rate of return

Current measurement period 7.00 percent net of System expenses 7.50 percent net of System expenses

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. Defined Benefits Pension Plans (continued)

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Health Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ending July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2020 adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00%	-0.33%
US equity	24.75%	5.72%
Non-US equity developed	13.50%	6.55%
Non-US equity emerging	6.75%	8.54%
Fixed income/global bonds	19.00%	1.14%
Private equity	11.00%	10.03%
Real estate/real assets	16.00%	5.41%
Multi-asset strategies	4.00%	3.47%
Private debt/private credit	3.00%	5.28%
Total	100.00%	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. Defined Benefits Pension Plans (continued)

Discount Rate – Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.0%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.0%), or one percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate.

	Current						
	1% Decrease Discount Rate			1% Increase			
	(6.00%)			(7.00%)		(8.00%)	
District's proportionate share of							
the net pension liability	\$	26,701,307	\$	16,048,828	\$	7,065,126	

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65
Payroll increases	3.00%
Investment rate of return, including inflation: Current measurement period in Prior measurement period	7.00%, net of investment expenses 7.45%, net of investment expenses
Discount rate of return Current measurement period Prior measurement period	7.00% 7.45%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. Defined Benefits Pension Plans (continued)

Post-retirement mortality rates for are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return *
Domestic equity	28.00%	7.35%
International equity	23.00%	7.55%
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%
Fixed income	21.00%	3.00%
Real estate	10.00%	6.00%
Liquidity reserves	<u>1.00%</u>	2.25%
Total	100.00%	

^{* 10-}year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. Defined Benefits Pension Plans (continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease	1% Increase				
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)			
District's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability	\$ 86,597,361	\$ 46,244,350	\$ 12,145,299			

13. Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension (OPEB)

The net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to (or assets for) employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability (asset) represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments, health care cost trend rates and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

13. Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension (OPEB) (continued)

GASB Statement No. 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net OPEB liability or fully-funded benefits as a long-term net OPEB asset on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for contractually-required OPEB contributions outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description—SERS' Health Care program provides health care benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986 need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of mot types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. The following types of credit purchased after January 29, 1981 do not count toward health care coverage eligibility: military, federal, out-of-state, municipal, private school, exempted, and early retirement incentive credit. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and, therefore, enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute.

Funding Policy—State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2022, there was no portion allocated to health care.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

13. Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension (OPEB) (continued)

An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, the minimum compensation amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the District's surcharge obligation was \$226,124.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description—The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS Board to offer this plan.

Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees and prescription drugs for Medicare beneficiaries. This program allows STRS Ohio to recover part of the cost for providing prescription coverage since all eligible STRS health care plans include creditable prescription drug coverage. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy—Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

13. Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension (OPEB) (continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS		 STRS	Total	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB asset Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	- 8,008,229	\$ 7,625,782 -	\$	7,625,782 8,008,229
Proportion of the net OPEB asset/liability Change in proportionate share		0.423138% 0.015447%	0.361682% 0.010589%		
OPEB (negative) expense	\$	(185,072)	\$ (438,822)	\$	(623,894)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</u>						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	85,362	\$	271,529	\$	356,891
Change in assumptions		1,256,301		487,102		1,743,403
Difference between employer contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		319,923		262,686		582,609
District contributions subsequent						
to the measurement date		226,124				226,124
Total	\$	1,887,710	\$	1,021,317	\$	2,909,027
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</u>						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	3,988,458	\$	1,397,180	\$	5,385,638
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on OPEB plan investments		173,981		2,113,734		2,287,715
Change in assumptions		1,096,660		4,549,331		5,645,991
Difference between employer contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		274,360		87,549		361,909
Total	\$	5,533,459	\$	8,147,794	\$	13,681,253

\$226,124 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

13. Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension (OPEB) (continued)

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2023	\$	(920,045)	\$	(1,989,102)	\$	(2,909,147)
2024		(921,265)		(1,936,205)		(2,857,470)
2025		(888,934)		(2,025,360)		(2,914,294)
2026		(723,613)		(883,385)		(1,606,998)
2027		(334,768)		(300,257)		(635,025)
2028		(83,248)		7,832	_	(75,416)
	\$	(3,871,873)	\$	(7,126,477)	\$	(10,998,350)

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will consider the employee's entire career with the employer and take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

13. Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension (OPEB) (continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% of net investment expense, including inflation Prior measurement date 7.50% of net investment expense, including inflation

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 3.00%

Future salary increases, including inflation

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.50% to 18.20%

Municipal bond index rate:

Current measurement date 1.92% Prior measurement date 2.45%

Single equivalent interest rate, net of

plan investment expense:

Current measurement date 2.27%, including price inflation Prior measurement date 2.63%, including price inflation

Medical Trend Assumption: Current measurement date

Pre-Medicare 6.75% - 4.40% Medicare 5.125% - 4.40%

Prior measurement date

 Pre-Medicare
 7.00% - 4.75%

 Medicare
 5.25% - 4.75%

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Health Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ending July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2020 adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

13. Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension (OPEB) (continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.000/	0.220/
Casii	2.00%	-0.33%
US equity	24.75%	5.72%
Non-US equity developed	13.50%	6.55%
Non-US equity emerging	6.75%	8.54%
Fixed income/global bonds	19.00%	1.14%
Private equity	11.00%	10.03%
Real estate/real assets	16.00%	5.41%
Multi-asset strategies	4.00%	3.47%
Private debt/private credit	3.00%	5.28%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate — The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.27%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and SERS at the state statute contribution rate of 1.5% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2042. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2041 and the Municipal Bond Index rate of 1.92% as of June 30, 2021 (i.e., municipal bond rate) was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

13. Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension (OPEB) (continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and the Health Care Cost Trend Rates — The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.27%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.27%) and one percentage point higher (3.27%) than the current rate.

	Current							
	1% Decrease			scount Rate	1% Increase			
	(1.27%)			(2.27%)		(3.27%)		
District's proportionate								
share of the net OPEB liability	\$	9,923,166	\$	8,008,229	\$	6,478,442		

The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using current health care cost trend rates, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and one percentage point higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rates.

	Current							
	1% Decrease			rend Rate	1% Increase			
	(5.75% decreasing			(6.75% decreasing		(7.75% decreasing		
	to 3.40%)			to 4.40%)		to 5.40%)		
District's proportionate								
share of the net OPEB liability	\$	6,165,681	\$	8,008,229	\$	10,469,309		

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Salary increases	12.50% at age	12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65						
Payroll increases	3.00%							
Investment rate of return: Current measurement date Prior measurement date	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation 7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation							
Discount rate of return: Current measurement date Prior measurement date	7.00% 7.45%							
Health care cost trends: Medical:	Initial	Ultimate						
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%						
Medicare	-16.18%	4.00%						
Prescription Drug								
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%						
Medicare	29.98%	4.00%						

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

13. Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension (OPEB) (continued)

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return *
Domestic equity	28.00%	7.35%
International equity	23.00%	7.55%
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%
Fixed income	21.00%	3.00%
Real estate	10.00%	6.00%
Liquidity reserves	1.00%	2.25%
Total	100.00%	

^{* 10-}year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets of 7.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

13. Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension (OPEB) (continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate and the Health Care Cost Trend Rates – The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) and one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate. Also shown is the net OPEB (asset) as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease		Di	scount Rate	1% Increase		
	(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)		
School District's proportionate							
share of the net OPEB asset	\$	6,434,978	\$	7,625,782	\$	8,620,513	
				_			
	1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase		
	In Trend Rates		Trend Rates		In Trend Rates		
School District's proportionate							
share of the net OPEB asset	\$	8,580,207	\$	7,625,782	\$	6,445,539	

14. Commitments - Encumbrances

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end may be reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	`	Year-End			
Fund Type	Enc	umbrances			
General fund	\$	1,834,829			
Other governmental funds		1,218,063			
Total	\$	3,052,892			

15. Statutory Reserve

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the general fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for this same purpose in future years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

15. Statutory Reserve (continued)

The following cash basis information describes the change in year-end set aside amounts. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

		pital uisition
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirements	1	,377,519
Current year offset - PI Levy	(3	,027,466)
Total	\$ (1	,649,947)
Set-aside cash balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	-

Although the District had current year offsets which exceeded the current year set-aside requirement, the excess amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future fiscal years. Therefore, the excess is not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

16. Contingencies

a. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits should become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

b. Litigation

It is the opinion of management that any potential claims against the District, which would not be covered by insurance, would not materially affect the financial statements based on the information currently available.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

17. Jointly Governed Organizations

a. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC)

The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) is a purchasing council made up of 126 public Districts in 18 counties in southwestern Ohio. The purpose of the council is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOEPC. Each member district has one voting representative. Title to any and all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased by the SOEPC is held in trust for the member districts. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC shall forfeit its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group.

During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations. During fiscal year 2022, the District did not pay any monies to SOEPC. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Ken Swink, who serves as Director, 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

b. Miami Valley Educational Computer Association (MVECA)

The District is a member district in the Miami Valley Educational Computer Association (MVECA) which is a Council of Governments. MVECA is an association of 24 Districts from Clark, Clinton, Greene, Highland, Fayette and Madison counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts.

The governing board of MVECA consists of seven members. The government board consists of not less than two Superintendents and not less than two Treasurers of member Districts. The District paid MVECA \$313,765 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from Thor Sage, Executive Director, at 330 East Enon Road, Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387.

c. Greene County Career Center

The Greene County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the seven participating Districts elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to the Greene County Career Center, 2960 West Enon Road, Xenia, Ohio 45385-9545.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

17. Jointly Governed Organizations (continued)

d. Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association

The Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association (SOITA) is a non-profit corporation organized to serve the educational needs of the area through television programming for the advancement of educational programs. The Board of Trustees is comprised of twenty-one representatives of SOITA member schools or institutions. Nineteen representatives are elected from within the counties by the qualified members within the counties, i.e. Auglaize, Butler, Champaign, Clark, Clinton, Darke, Fayette, Greene, Hamilton, Logan, Mercer, Miami, Montgomery, Preble, Shelby, and Warren. Montgomery, Greene and Butler Counties elect two representatives per area. All others elect one representative per area. One at-large non-public representative is elected by the non-public school SOITA members from the State assigned SOITA service area. One at-large higher education representative is elected by higher education SOITA members from within the State assigned SOITA area.

All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges or other assessments as established by SOITA. Upon dissolution, the remaining net position shall be distributed to the federal government, or to a state or local government, for a public purpose. The District did not pay any funds during fiscal year 2022 to SOITA. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association, Gary Greenberg, who serves as the Executive Director, at 1205 East Fifth Street, Dayton, Ohio 45402.

18. <u>Insurance Purchasing Pool</u>

The District participates in the Butler Health Plan (BHP), an insurance purchasing pool, formed to provide affordable and desirable dental, life, medical, and other disability group insurance for member's employees, eligible dependents and designated beneficiaries. The Board of Directors consists of one representative from each of the participating members and is elected by the vote of a majority of the member school districts. Financial information can be obtained from BHP at 400 North Erie Boulevard, Suite B, Hamilton, OH 45011.

19. COVID-19 Pandemic

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the District received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. Additional funding has been made available through the Consolidated Appropriations Act 2021, passed by Congress on December 1, 2020 and/or the American Rescue Plan Act, passed by Congress on March 11, 2021.

During fiscal year 2022, the District recognized revenue amounting to \$2,614,668 in Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Program funding and \$74,329 in Coronavirus Relief Fund Program funding.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

20. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2022, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*; GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, *Leases*; GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*; GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*; and GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32.*

GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 enhance the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments.

GASB Statement No. 97 is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans.

The District determined that any contract covered by GASB Statement No. 87 and the 2019-3 GASB Implementation Guide were insignificant and therefore were not incorporated into these financial statements. The implementation of GASB Statements No. 92, 93 and 97 did not have an effect on the District's financial statements.



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Nine Fiscal Years (1) (2)

-	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Sh Pe	District's roportionate are of the Net nsion Liability	Cc	District's overed Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
School Employees Re	tirement System of	Onio:					
2014	0.404834%	\$	24,074,178	\$	10,448,584	230.41%	65.52%
2015	0.404834%		20,488,418		11,882,511	172.42%	71.70%
2016	0.407410%		23,247,192		13,028,240	178.44%	69.16%
2017	0.414351%		30,326,650		12,868,193	235.67%	62.98%
2018	0.417994%		24,974,194		13,328,000	187.38%	69.50%
2019	0.409557%		23,456,102		13,880,044	168.99%	71.36%
2020	0.426851%		25,539,247		14,257,585	179.13%	70.85%
2021	0.413567%		27,354,219		14,499,314	188.66%	68.55%
2022	0.434962%		16,048,828		15,013,764	106.89%	82.86%
State Teachers Retire	ment System of Ohi	io:					
2014	0.307020%	\$	88,955,922	\$	35,614,800	249.77%	69.30%
2015	0.307020%		74,677,982		33,782,000	221.06%	74.70%
2016	0.318704%		88,080,472		33,251,429	264.89%	72.10%
2017	0.340193%		113,872,865		35,794,843	318.13%	68.80%
2018	0.356142%		84,602,322		39,153,457	216.08%	75.30%
2019	0.351487%		77,284,036		39,958,107	193.41%	77.30%
2020	0.355043%		78,515,632		41,683,429	188.36%	77.40%
2021	0.351093%		84,952,011		42,371,436	200.49%	75.50%
2022	0.361682%		46,244,350		44,629,243	103.62%	87.80%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available. The District will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

⁽²⁾ Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

Schedule of the District's Contributions - Pension Plans Last Ten Fiscal Years

School Employees Retiremen	Contractually Required Contributions Employees Retirement System of Ohio:				Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		District's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2013	\$ 1,446,084	\$	(1,446,084)	Ś	_	\$	10,448,584	13.84%
2014	1,646,916	т.	(1,646,916)	т.	_	-	11,882,511	13.86%
2015	1,717,122		(1,717,122)		-		13,028,240	13.18%
2016	1,801,547		(1,801,547)		-		12,868,193	14.00%
2017	1,865,920		(1,865,920)		-		13,328,000	14.00%
2018	1,873,806		(1,873,806)		-		13,880,044	13.50%
2019	1,924,774		(1,924,774)		-		14,257,585	13.50%
2020	2,029,904		(2,029,904)		-		14,499,314	14.00%
2021	2,101,927		(2,101,927)		-		15,013,764	14.00%
2022	2,162,820		(2,162,820)		-		15,448,714	14.00%
State Teachers Retirement Sy	stem of Ohio:							
2013	\$ 4,629,924	\$	(4,629,924)	\$	-	\$	35,614,800	13.00%
2014	4,391,660		(4,391,660)		-		33,782,000	13.00%
2015	4,655,200		(4,655,200)		-		33,251,429	14.00%
2016	5,011,278		(5,011,278)		-		35,794,843	14.00%
2017	5,481,484		(5,481,484)		-		39,153,457	14.00%
2018	5,594,135		(5,594,135)		-		39,958,107	14.00%
2019	5,835,680		(5,835,680)		-		41,683,429	14.00%
2020	5,932,001		(5,932,001)		-		42,371,436	14.00%
2021	6,248,094		(6,248,094)		-		44,629,243	14.00%
2022	6,511,190		(6,511,190)		-		46,508,500	14.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
Last Six Fiscal Years (1) (2)

_	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability or Asset	Sha C	District's roportionate are of the Net PEB Liability or (Asset)	 District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability/Asset
School Employees Ret	irement System of	Ohio:				
2017	0.420088%	\$	11,974,047	\$ 12,868,193	93.05%	11.49%
2018	0.423006%		11,352,377	13,328,000	85.18%	12.46%
2019	0.413961%		11,484,397	13,880,044	82.74%	13.57%
2020	0.412553%		10,374,837	14,257,585	72.77%	15.57%
2021	0.407691%		8,860,461	14,499,314	61.11%	18.17%
2022	0.423138%		8,008,229	15,013,764	53.34%	24.08%
State Teachers Retirer	ment System of Oh	io:				
2017	0.340193%	\$	18,193,612	\$ 35,794,843	50.83%	37.30%
2018	0.356142%		13,895,351	39,153,457	35.49%	47.11%
2019	0.351487%		(5,648,032)	39,958,107	-14.13%	176.00%
2020	0.355043%		(5,880,364)	41,683,429	-14.11%	174.70%
2021	0.351093%		(6,170,453)	42,371,436	-14.56%	182.10%
2022	0.361682%		(7,625,782)	44,629,243	-17.09%	174.70%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available. The District will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

⁽²⁾ Amounts presented for each year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

Schedule of the District's Contributions - OPEB Plans Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

Cabaci Emplayers Dating man	Contractually Required Contributions (2)	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
School Employees Retiremen	i system of Onio:				
2016	\$ 213,366	\$ (213,366)	\$ -	\$ 12,868,193	1.66%
2017	225,180	(225,180)	-	13,328,000	1.69%
2018	286,223	(286,223)	-	13,880,044	2.06%
2019	206,470	(206,470)	-	14,257,585	1.45%
2020	160,375	(160,375)	-	14,499,314	1.11%
2021	154,714	(154,714)	-	15,013,764	1.03%
2022	226,124	(226,124)	-	15,448,714	1.46%
State Teachers Retirement Sy	stem of Ohio:				
2016	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,794,843	0.00%
2017	-	-	-	39,153,457	0.00%
2018	-	-	-	39,958,107	0.00%
2019	-	-	-	41,683,429	0.00%
2020	-	-	-	42,371,436	0.00%
2021	-	-	-	44,629,243	0.00%
2022	-	-	-	46,508,500	0.00%

⁽¹⁾ The District elected not to present information prior to 2016. The District will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

⁽²⁾ Includes Surcharge for School Employees Retirement System of Ohio.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

School Employees Retirement System of Ohio:

Change in assumptions. In measurement period 2016, changes in assumptions were made based upon an updated experience study that was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015. Significant changes included a reduction of the discount rate from 7.75% to 7.50%, a reduction in the wage inflation rate from 3.25% to 3.00%, a reduction in the payroll growth assumption used from 4.00% to 3.50%, reduction in the assumed real wage growth rate from 0.75% to 0.50%, update of the rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability to reflect recent experience, and transition from the RP-2000 mortality tables to the RP-2014 mortality tables for active members and service retired members and beneficiaries.

In measurement period 2021, the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%, the assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%, the cost-of-living adjustments, were reduced from 2.50% to 2.00%, the discount rate was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%, the rates of withdrawals, compensation, participation, spouse coverage assumption, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, and mortality among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries and disabled members were updated.

Change in benefit and funding terms. In measurement year 2018, post-retirement increases in benefits included the following changes: 1) members, or their survivors, retiring prior to January 1, 2018, receive a COLA increase of 3.0% of their base benefit on the anniversary of their initial date of retirement; 2) members, or their survivors, retiring on and after January 1, 2018, receive a COLA increase on each anniversary of their initial date of retirement equal to the annual rate of increase in the CPI-W measured as of the June preceding the beginning of the applicable calendar year. The annual rate of increase shall not be less than 0%, nor greater than 2.5%. COLAs are suspended for calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020; 3) members, or their survivors, retiring on or after April 1, 2018, will have their COLA delayed for three years following their initial date of retirement.

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio:

Change in assumptions. In 2018, changes in assumptions were made based upon an updated experience study that was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2016. Significant changes included a reduction of the discount rate from 7.75% to 7.45%, the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, and total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0/25% due to lower inflation. The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

For measurement period 2021, the discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45%.

Change in benefit and funding terms. Effective July 1, 2017, the COLA was reduced to zero.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension (OPEB)

School Employees Retirement System of Ohio:

Change in assumptions. In measurement year 2017, changes in assumptions were made based upon an updated experience study that was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015. Significant changes included a reduction in the rate of inflation from 3.25% to 3.00%, a reduction in the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.50%, a reduction in assumed real wage growth from 0.75% to 0.50%, an update in rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability, and transitioning to the following mortality tables: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age setback for both active male and female members; RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB (120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates) for service retired members and beneficiaries; and RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement among disabled members.

In measurement year 2018, medical trend rates have been adjusted to reflect premium decreases.

In measurement period 2021, the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%, the assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%, the cost-of-living adjustments, were reduced from 2.50% to 2.00%, the discount rate was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%, the rates of withdrawals, compensation, participation, spouse coverage assumption, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, and mortality among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries and disabled members were updated.

Change in benefit and funding terms. In measurement year 2018, SERS' funding policy allowed a 2.0% health care contribution rate to be allocated to the Health Care Fund. The 2.0% is a combination of 0.5% employer contributions and 1.5% surcharge.

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio:

Change in assumption. For measurement year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), and the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For measurement year 2018, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74. Valuation year per capital health care costs were updated.

For measurement year 2021, the discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45%.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension (OPEB) (Continued)

Change in benefit and funding terms. For measurement year 2017, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 % to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.

For measurement year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For measurement year 2019, there as no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentage were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For measurement year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For measurement year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.10%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy percentages was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in calendar year 2022. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.



COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes.

Food Service Fund

To account for the financial transactions related to the food service operation of the District.

Lida Ferguson Land Fund

To account for donations received and expenditures made for the upkeep of the Lida Ferguson Land Lab.

Uniform School Supply Fund

To account for the purchase and sale of instructional supplies as adopted by the Board of Education for us in all buildings throughout the District. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have restricted or committed revenue source, therefore only Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) information is presented within this section.

Public School Support Fund

To account for specific local revenue sources (other than taxes) generated by individual school buildings (i.e., sale of pictures, profits from vending machines, etc.). Expenditures include field trips, materials, equipment and other items to supplement co-curricular and extra-curricular programs. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have restricted or committed revenue source, therefore only Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) information is presented within this section.

Other Grant Fund

To account for funding provided from local and state sources which are provided to assist the District with various educational programs.

Summer School Fund

To account for tuition/fees received for the operation of summer school. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have restricted or committed revenue source, therefore only Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) information is presented within this section.

Student Managed Activities Fund

To account for resources associated with various student activities, which are managed by Students with District personnel oversight and guidance.

District Managed Student Activities Fund

To account for local funds generated to assist student activities, which are managed by District personnel.

Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Auxiliary Services Fund

To account for state funds which provide services and materials to students attending non-public schools within the boundaries of the District as provided by state law.

Data Communication Fund

To account for state funds appropriated for the Ohio Educational Computer Network Connections.

Other State Grants Fund

To account for state funds provided for miscellaneous state programs.

Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) – CARES Act Fund

To account for the District's allocation of federal CARES Act funding based on percentage of Title I funds each district receives to be used for expenses directly related to the pandemic, as well as other activities that are necessary to maintain the operation of continuity of services.

Coronavirus Relief Fund

To account for federal funds allocated to the District to address the unexpected costs incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to the COVID-19 pandemic.

IDEA, Part B Grant Fund

To account for federal funds received for the purpose of assisting in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least restrictive alternate service patterns, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children.

Title III - Limited English Proficiency Grant Fund

To account for federal funds used to meet the educational needs of children of limited English proficiency.

Title I Grant Fund

To account for federal funds used to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children.

Title IV-A Grant Fund

To account for federal funds used to improve student's academic achievement by providing access to a well-rounded education, improve school conditions for learning, and improve the use of technology in order to improve the academic achievement and digital literacy of all students.

Special Revenue Funds (continued)

IDEA Preschool Grant Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures made in conjunction with early childhood activities.

Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant Fund

To account for monies received under a federal grant to provide training and professional development for professional staff members.

Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund

To account for federal funds provided for miscellaneous federal programs.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations from governmental resources when the District is obligated in some manner for the payment.

Since there is only one Debt Service Fund and it is considered a major fund included in the Basic Financial Statements, only Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) information is presented here.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects funds are used to account for the financing and acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, such as new school buildings and additions to existing buildings, or for major renovation projects.

Permanent Improvement Fund

The account for all transactions related to acquiring, constructing, or improving such permanent improvements as are authorized by Chapter 5705 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

Special Revenue Funds

								Student
	Fo	ood Service Fund		Ferguson nd Fund	Oth	ner Grant Fund		lanaged vities Fund
ASSETS:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Inventory Held for Resale	\$	1,656,650 24,584	\$	1,216	\$	36,187 -	\$	231,350
Materials and Supplies Inventory		12,956		-		-		-
Interfund Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable		-		-		-		-
Taxes Receivable		-		-		-		-
Restricted Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent Total Assets	\$	1,694,190	\$	1,216	\$	36,187	\$	231,350
	<u>ې</u>	1,094,190	<u>ې</u>	1,210	<u>ې</u>	30,167	<u>ې</u>	231,330
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	136
Accrued Wages and Benefits		79,856		-		-		-
Interfund Payable Intergovernmental Payable		417,503 65,045		-		-		-
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		11,394						
Total Liabilities		573,798						136
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations		-		_		_		_
Unavailable Revenue		-						-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-				-		
FUND BALANCES: Restricted:								
Capital Outlay Food Service		1,120,392		-		-		-
Student Activities		-		-		-		231,214
State and Federal Grant Programs Other Purposes		-		1,216		- 36,187		-
Committed:				_,				
Capital Outlay Unassigned (Deficit)		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		1,120,392		1,216		36,187		231,214
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,694,190	\$	1,216	\$	36,187	\$	231,350

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

	:	ict Managed Student vities Fund	uxiliary vices Fund	Da Commur Fui	nication	her State ants Fund
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Inventory Held for Resale Materials and Supplies Inventory Interfund Receivable	\$	850,758 - - 628	\$ 94,405 - - -	\$	- - -	\$ 195,543 - - -
Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent		- -	- - -		- - -	204,924
Total Assets	\$	851,386	\$ 94,405	\$		\$ 400,467
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Interfund Payable Intergovernmental Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable	\$	3,040 - - - -	\$ 81,943 - 16,428 3,211	\$	- - - -	\$ 1,108 4,867 381,250 726
Total Liabilities		3,040	101,582		_	387,951
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations Unavailable Revenue		-	-		- -	194,924
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	-		-	194,924
FUND BALANCES: Restricted: Capital Outlay		-	-		-	-
Food Service Student Activities State and Federal Grant Programs Other Purposes		848,346 -	-		-	- - -
Committed: Capital Outlay Unassigned (Deficit)		- -	- - (7,177)		-	- (182,408)
Total Fund Balances		848,346	(7,177)		-	(182,408)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	851,386	\$ 94,405	\$	-	\$ 400,467

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022 (Continued)

		S	pecial Rev	enue F	unds		
	SER - CARES Act Fund	Coron Relief			EA , Part B rant Fund	Pro	III - Limited English oficiency ant Fund
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Inventory Held for Resale Materials and Supplies Inventory Interfund Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	\$ 99,803 - - - 1,145,064 -	\$	- - - - -	\$	74,652 - - - 241,649 -	\$	- - - 26,233 -
Total Assets	\$ 1,244,867	\$	-	\$	316,301	\$	26,233
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Interfund Payable Intergovernmental Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable	\$ 14,253 53,868 1,116,500 6,701	\$	- - - -	\$	16,553 170,834 167,023 26,087	\$	- - - -
Total Liabilities	1,191,322		_		380,497		_
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations Unavailable Revenue	-		-		- 820 820		- 25,809 25,809
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 				820		25,809
FUND BALANCES: Restricted: Capital Outlay Food Service Student Activities State and Federal Grant Programs Other Purposes Committed:	- - - 53,545 -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - 424 -
Capital Outlay Unassigned (Deficit)	-		-		- (6E 016)		-
Total Fund Balances	 53,545	-			(65,016) (65,016)		424
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 1,244,867	\$	-	\$	316,301	\$	26,233

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

	Title I County T				IDEA Breechaal		
	Title I Grant Fund		Title IV-A Grant Fund			Preschool ant Fund	
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$		\$	20,109	\$	20,721	
Inventory Held for Resale	Ş	-	Ş	20,109	Ş	20,721	
Materials and Supplies Inventory Interfund Receivable		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental Receivable		22,973		21,641		41,340	
Taxes Receivable Restricted Assets:		-		-		-	
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent							
Total Assets	\$	22,973	\$	41,750	\$	62,061	
LIABILITIES:	•					2.424	
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits	\$	60,128	\$	-	\$	2,434 4,033	
Interfund Payable		16,193		53,640		27,530	
Intergovernmental Payable		-		-		7,515	
Matured Compensated Absences Payable						276	
Total Liabilities		76,321		53,640		41,788	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations							
Unavailable Revenue		-		-		-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		_		_		-	
FUND BALANCES:							
Restricted: Capital Outlay		_		_		_	
Food Service		-		-		-	
Student Activities		-		-		-	
State and Federal Grant Programs Other Purposes		-		-		20,273	
Committed:							
Capital Outlay Unassigned (Deficit)		- (53,348)		- (11,890)		-	
Total Fund Balances		(53,348)	-	(11,890)		20,273	
	-	(33,340)	-	(11,030)		20,213	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	22,973	\$	41,750	\$	62,061	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022 (Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds					s		
	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant Fund			cellaneous eral Grants Fund	Total Nonmajo Special Revenue Funds			
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Inventory Held for Resale Materials and Supplies Inventory Interfund Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	\$	39,629 - - - - 20,337 -	\$	- - - - -	\$	3,321,023 24,584 12,956 628 1,724,161		
Total Assets	\$	59,966	\$	-	\$	5,083,352		
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Interfund Payable Intergovernmental Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable	\$	5,038 - 57,447 - -	\$	23,588 170,212 5,459 1,494	\$	42,562 479,117 2,407,298 127,961 16,375		
Total Liabilities		62,485		200,753		3,073,313		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations Unavailable Revenue				-		- 221,553		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		221,553		
FUND BALANCES: Restricted: Capital Outlay Food Service Student Activities State and Federal Grant Programs Other Purposes Committed: Capital Outlay Unassigned (Deficit)		- - - - - (2,519)		- - - - - (200,753)		1,120,392 1,079,560 74,242 37,403		
Total Fund Balances		(2,519)	-	(200,753)		1,788,486		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	59,966	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	5,083,352		

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022 (Continued)

	Capital Project Funds				
		ermanent provement Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds		tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Inventory Held for Resale Materials and Supplies Inventory Interfund Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	\$	3,160,162 - - - - 2,475,077 79,578	\$	3,160,162 - - - - 2,475,077 79,578	\$ 6,481,185 24,584 12,956 628 1,724,161 2,475,077
Total Assets	\$	5,714,817	\$	5,714,817	\$ 10,798,169
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Interfund Payable Intergovernmental Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable	\$	46,030 - - - -	\$	46,030 - - - -	\$ 88,592 479,117 2,407,298 127,961 16,375
Total Liabilities		46,030		46,030	3,119,343
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations Unavailable Revenue		2,267,990 5,867		2,267,990 5,867	2,267,990 227,420
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,273,857		2,273,857	 2,495,410
FUND BALANCES: Restricted: Capital Outlay Food Service Student Activities State and Federal Grant Programs Other Purposes Committed: Capital Outlay Unassigned (Deficit)		536,265 - - - - - 2,858,665		536,265 - - - - - 2,858,665	536,265 1,120,392 1,079,560 74,242 37,403 2,858,665 (523,111)
Total Fund Balances		3,394,930		3,394,930	5,183,416
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	5,714,817	\$	5,714,817	\$ 10,798,169

(Concluded)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Special Revenue Funds

REVENUES:	Food Service Fund	Lida Ferguson Land Fund	Other Grant Fund	Student Managed Activities Fund
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental Interest	4,558,565 139	-	46,355	-
Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	112,829
Gifts and Donations	21,100	1,216	-	14,585
Customer Sales and Services Miscellaneous	366,894 16,285	-	-	-
Total Revenues	4,962,983	1,216	46,355	127,414
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
Instruction: Regular	-	_	-	_
Special	-	-	-	-
Student Intervention Services Support Services:	-	-	-	-
Pupils	-	-	18,707	-
Instructional Staff	-	-	-	-
Administration Fiscal	-	-	-	-
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	-	-	-	-
Pupil Transportation	-	-	-	-
Central Operation of Non-Instructional Services	- 3,592,221	-	1,000	-
Extracurricular Activities	-	_	-	92,047
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	-	-	-	-
Principal Interest	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Total Expenditures	3,592,221		19,707	92,047
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,370,762	1,216	26,648	35,367
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers In	1,472			
Total Other Financing Sources	1,472			<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,372,234	1,216	26,648	35,367
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(251,842)		9,539	195,847
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 1,120,392	\$ 1,216	\$ 36,187	\$ 231,214

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

REVENUES: Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Interest	District Managed Student Activities Fund \$ -	Auxiliary Services Fund \$ - 961,448 87	Data Communication Fund \$ - 18,000	Other State Grants Fund \$ - 82,153
Extracurricular Activities Gifts and Donations Customer Sales and Services Miscellaneous	660,913 72,087 - 19,979	- - - -	- - -	- - -
Total Revenues	752,979	961,535	18,000	82,153
EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction: Regular Special Student Intervention Services Support Services: Pupils Instructional Staff Administration Fiscal Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Central Operation of Non-Instructional Services Extracurricular Activities Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest	- - - - - - 500 595,500 -	- - - - - - 1,039,693 - -	18,000	3,219
Total Expenditures	596,000	1,039,693	18,000	288,177
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers In	156,979	(78,158)		(206,024)
Total Other Financing Sources	-			
Net Change in Fund Balances	156,979	(78,158)	-	(206,024)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	691,367	70,981	<u> </u>	23,616
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 848,346	\$ (7,177)	\$ -	\$ (182,408)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds					
	ESSER - CARES Act Fund	•		Title III - Limited English Proficiency Grant Fund		
REVENUES: Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Interest	\$ - 2,614,668 -	\$ - 74,329 -	\$ - 1,865,894 -	\$ - 36,010		
Extracurricular Activities Gifts and Donations Customer Sales and Services Miscellaneous	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -		
Total Revenues	2,614,668	74,329	1,865,894	36,010		
EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction: Regular Special Student Intervention Services Support Services: Pupils Instructional Staff Administration Fiscal Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Central Operation of Non-Instructional Services Extracurricular Activities Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest	1,777,997 14,056 80,818 156,176 4,801 - 13,771 - 6,316 - 429,482	74,328	1,278,054 - 405,795 34,257 - - - 138,665	- 36,095 - - - - - - - - - -		
Total Expenditures	2,483,417	74,328	1,856,771	36,095		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers In	131,251	1	9,123	(85)		
Total Other Financing Sources	-		-	-		
Net Change in Fund Balances	131,251	1	9,123	(85)		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(77,706)	(1)	(74,139)	509		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 53,545	\$ -	\$ (65,016)	\$ 424		
1 3 - 4 3	,,	<u> </u>	. (,,,	<u> </u>		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

	Title I Grant Fund	Title IV-A Grant Fund	IDEA Preschool Grant Fund	
REVENUES: Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Interest	\$ - 508,553 -	\$ - 31,013	\$ - 87,587	
Extracurricular Activities Gifts and Donations Customer Sales and Services Miscellaneous	- - - -	- - -	- - -	
Total Revenues	508,553	31,013	87,587	
EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction: Regular Special Student Intervention Services Support Services:	25,062 - 470,017	33,531 - -	- 54,329 -	
Pupils Instructional Staff Administration Fiscal Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,450 - -	510 - - -	6,951 - - - -	
Pupil Transportation Central Operation of Non-Instructional Services Extracurricular Activities Capital Outlay Debt Service:	- - - -	8,862 - -	- - - -	
Principal Interest	-			
Total Expenditures	497,529	42,903	61,280	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers In	11,024	(11,890)	26,307	
Total Other Financing Sources				
Net Change in Fund Balances	11,024	(11,890)	26,307	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(64,372)	-	(6,034)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ (53,348)	\$ (11,890)	\$ 20,273	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant Fund	Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
REVENUES: Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Extracurricular Activities Gifts and Donations Customer Sales and Services Miscellaneous	\$ - 108,957	\$ - 632,628	\$ 11,626,160 226 773,742 108,988 366,894 36,264		
EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction: Regular Special Student Intervention Services Support Services: Pupils Instructional Staff Administration Fiscal Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Central Operation of Non-Instructional Services Extracurricular Activities Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest	108,957 87,246 21,831	- 632,628 314,762 	2,154,571 1,382,534 550,835 617,561 161,973 - 36,088 - 18,000 4,809,088 687,547 703,810		
Total Expenditures	109,077	314,762	11,122,007		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(120)	317,866	1,790,267		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources			1,472		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(120)	317,866	1,791,739		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(2,399)	(518,619)	(3,253)		
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ (2,519)	\$ (200,753)	\$ 1,788,486		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

	Capit	tal Project Funds	
	Permanen Improveme Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES: Property and Other Local Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Extracurricular Activities Gifts and Donations Customer Sales and Services Miscellaneous	\$ 2,793, 308,	308,060 	\$ 2,793,742 11,934,220 226 773,742 108,988 366,894 36,264
Total Revenues	3,101,	802 3,101,802	16,014,076
EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction: Regular Special Student Intervention Services Support Services: Pupils Instructional Staff Administration Fiscal Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Central Operation of Non-Instructional Services Extracurricular Activities Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest	27, 21, 448, 4,398, 315,	224,897 310 1,310 901 27,901 759 21,759 826 448,826 547 4,398,547	2,772,816 1,382,534 550,835 617,561 386,870 1,310 27,901 57,847 448,826 18,000 4,809,088 687,547 5,102,357 315,184 20,203
Total Expenditures	6,076,		17,198,879
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,975,		(1,184,803)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources			1,472
Total Other Financing Sources	/2.075	- (2.075.070)	1,472
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,975,		(1,183,331)
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	6,370,		6,366,747
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 3,394,	930 \$ 3,394,930	\$ 5,183,416

(Concluded)

	<u>Fi</u>	nal Budget	Actual	 iance with al Budget
Food Service Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	4,375,250	\$ 4,807,370	\$ 432,120
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		3,296,837	 3,166,359	 130,478
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,078,413	1,641,011	562,598
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances		499 15,137	499 15,137	 - -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,094,049	\$ 1,656,647	\$ 562,598
Lida Ferguson Land Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	1,200	\$ 1,216	\$ 16
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		1,200	-	1,200
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	1,216	1,216
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		<u>-</u>	 -	 - -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$ 1,216	\$ 1,216
Uniform School Supply Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	511,000	\$ 568,695	\$ 57,695
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		793,462	 549,676	 243,786
Net Change in Fund Balances		(282,462)	19,019	301,481
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances		832,472 43,462	832,472 43,462	 - -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	593,472	\$ 894,953	\$ 301,481

	Fir	nal Budget	 Actual	iance with al Budget
Public School Support Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	300,000	\$ 237,879	\$ (62,121)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		544,514	 291,747	 252,767
Net Change in Fund Balances		(244,514)	(53,868)	190,646
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances		383,279 44,514	383,279 44,514	 -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	183,279	\$ 373,925	\$ 190,646
Other Grant Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	51,855	\$ 46,355	\$ (5,500)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		52,395	 20,246	 32,149
Net Change in Fund Balances		(540)	26,109	26,649
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances		9,538 540	9,538 540	-
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	9,538	\$ 36,187	\$ 26,649
Summer School Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	26,000	\$ 41,519	\$ 15,519
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		50,000	 50,801	 (801)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(24,000)	(9,282)	14,718
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances		76,581 -	 76,581 -	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	52,581	\$ 67,299	\$ 14,718

	Fi	nal Budget	Actual	iance with al Budget
Student Managed Activities Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	160,000	\$ 127,410	\$ (32,590)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		338,557	95,583	242,974
Net Change in Fund Balances		(178,557)	31,827	210,384
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances		184,986 13,557	 184,986 13,557	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	19,986	\$ 230,370	\$ 210,384
District Managed Student Activities Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances	\$	570,000 930,362 (360,362) 641,879 55,362	\$ 752,977 632,555 120,422 641,879 55,362	\$ 182,977 297,807 480,784
Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$</u>	336,879	\$ 817,663	\$ 480,784
Auxiliary Services Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	1,041,281	\$ 961,536	\$ (79,745)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		1,245,298	 1,071,508	 173,790
Net Change in Fund Balances		(204,017)	(109,972)	94,045
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances		44,542 159,475	 44,542 159,475	 -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	-	\$ 94,045	\$ 94,045

	Fi	nal Budget	 Actual	nriance with nal Budget
Data Communication Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	18,000	\$ 18,000	\$ -
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		18,000	 18,000	 -
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	-
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		-	 - -	 -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$ 	\$ -
Other State Grants Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	463,402	\$ 453,402	\$ (10,000)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		494,584	 477,940	16,644
Net Change in Fund Balances		(31,182)	(24,538)	6,644
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		31,182	31,182	 -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$ 6,644	\$ 6,644
ESSER - CARES Act Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	4,716,475	\$ 2,686,910	\$ (2,029,565)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		5,174,203	 3,144,638	 2,029,565
Net Change in Fund Balances		(457,728)	(457,728)	-
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		- 457,728	- 457,728	 -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$ 	\$ -

	Fi	nal Budget		Actual	nriance with inal Budget
Coronavirus Relief Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	89,281	\$	91,149	\$ 1,868
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		161,742		163,610	 (1,868)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(72,461)		(72,461)	-
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances		- 72,461		- 72,461	 <u>-</u>
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$		\$
IDEA, Part B Grant Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	3,018,770	\$	2,011,887	\$ (1,006,883)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		3,074,430	-	2,067,547	 1,006,883
Net Change in Fund Balances		(55,660)		(55,660)	-
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances		11 55,649		11 55,649	 - -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$		\$ -
Title III - Limited English Proficiency Grant Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	62,508	\$	36,275	\$ (26,233)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		62,508		36,275	 26,233
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-	-
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances		<u>-</u>		- -	 - -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$	-	\$ -

	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	iance with al Budget
Title I Grant Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	538,119	\$ 514,629	\$ (23,490)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		538,119	 514,629	23,490
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	-
Fund Balance, July 1		_	 _	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$ -	\$ -
Title IV-A Grant Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	64,543	\$ 63,012	\$ (1,531)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		64,543	 63,012	1,531
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	-
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances		-	-	- -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$ 	\$
IDEA Preschool Grant Fund		457.004	05.666	(74.265)
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	157,031	\$ 85,666	\$ (71,365)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		171,571	100,283	 71,288
Net Change in Fund Balances		(14,540)	(14,617)	(77)
Fund Balance, July 1		77	77	-
Prior Year Encumbrances		14,540	 14,540	 -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	77	\$ 	\$ (77)

	Fir	nal Budget	 Actual	riance with nal Budget
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	309,171	\$ 153,621	\$ (155,550)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		321,438	 165,888	 155,550
Net Change in Fund Balances		(12,267)	(12,267)	-
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		- 12,267	- 12,267	- -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>
Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	1,015,817	\$ 809,487	\$ (206,330)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		1,029,938	 823,608	 206,330
Net Change in Fund Balances		(14,121)	(14,121)	-
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,448 12,673	1,448 12,673	-
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$ 	\$

	Fir	nal Budget	Actual	 ance with al Budget
Debt Service Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	6,249,131	\$ 6,249,131	\$ -
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		6,289,867	 6,239,867	 50,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		(40,736)	9,264	50,000
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		3,724,372	3,724,372	 -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	3,683,636	\$ 3,733,636	\$ 50,000

	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	 iance with al Budget
Permanent Improvement Fund Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	6,309,166	\$ 6,235,888	\$ (73,278)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		7,277,060	 6,730,369	 546,691
Net Change in Fund Balances		(967,894)	(494,481)	473,413
Fund Balance, July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances		1,374,493 1,595,360	 1,374,493 1,595,360	 - -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	2,001,959	\$ 2,475,372	\$ 473,413



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STATISTICAL

SECTION





BACKSIDE OF STATISTICAL SECTION DIVIDER

Statistical Section

This part of the District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well- being have changed over time.	117-123
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	124-127
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	128-131
Demographic and Economic Information	132-133
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	134-139



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(accrual basis of accounting) Schedule 1 - Unaudited Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020 (3)	2019	2018 (2)	2017	2016	2015	2014 (1)	2013
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,514,176 \$		\$ 6,320,991	\$ 6,948,253	\$ 7,866,856	\$ 9,287,044	\$ 11,275,179	\$ 11,736,774	\$ 7,341,829	\$ 5,530,356
	5,614,036	5,439,969		5,364,695	7,153,935	9,593,530	7,169,032	9,287,194	17,826,897	14,470,899
Omestificted Total governmental activities net nosition	(66,047,144) (65,164,516) \$	(57,161,916)	(81,287,918)	(72,343,514)	(62 717 793)	(115,414,903)	(64.786.421)	(62,762)	(54,650,779)	11,290,736 31,297,993

Source: School District records.

⁽¹⁾ District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015 which required a restatement of fiscal year 2014 amounts and explains the significant decrease in Unrestricted Net Position for those two years.(2) District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018 which

required a restatement of fiscal year 2017 amounts.

(3) District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84 in fiscal year 2020 which required a restatement of fiscal year 2019 amounts.

Schedule 2 - Unaudited Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019 (5)	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Governmental Activities: Expenses										
Regular Special	\$ 40,131,695 18,140,702	\$ 46,165,589 22,619,589	\$ 43,033,973 22,385,493	\$ 36,669,634 18,887,661	\$ 16,790,260 10,403,011	\$ 40,911,037 18,281,298	\$ 34,843,531 15,443,553	\$ 32,115,153 14,184,576	\$ 36,329,046 13,446,310	\$ 30,468,251 10,205,428
Vocational Student Intervention Services	763.781	0 857.333	816.587	0 779 634	12,656	104,849	108,417	103,154 764 972	98,917	213,554
Other	125,265	3,010,551	2,676,002	2,336,749	2,182,157	2,845,930	2,480,268	2,527,938	2,083,181	1,865,487
Support Services:	•			•						
Pupils	6,633,321	7,953,610	7,419,595	5,698,292	2,488,880	6,144,794	5,210,316	5,082,431	5,049,000	4,661,005
Instructional Staff	2,323,490	2,626,624	2,875,314	2,872,260	2,185,609	3,158,752	2,625,329	2,115,645	2,134,870	5,023,282
Board of Education	147,074	69,138	58,933	57,915	77,226	86,024	132,234	58,046	101,410	69,763
Administration	5,782,851	6,316,655	6,281,416	5,726,736	2,788,881	5,682,943	4,736,647	4,819,551	4,774,204	4,488,671
Fiscal	1,715,364	2,130,749	1,869,918	1,511,976	1,199,234	1,407,789	1,383,272	1,235,428	1,253,899	1,296,248
Business	372,071	376,982	413,484	382,101	348,262	395,576	244,716	301,282	236,506	387,267
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	6,933,893	7,686,730	7,715,301	7,316,826	6,637,489	7,368,857	7,281,782	6,366,519	5,238,112	5,451,678
Pupil Transportation	6,517,926	6,187,719	6,604,450	6,858,782	5,850,701	6,039,603	5,770,682	5,642,197	5,736,264	4,897,731
Central	7,565,791	7,107,263	7,704,409	7,487,200	7,683,560	7,553,868	7,387,915	6,882,410	4,757,282	2,937,261
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	6,085,857	4,040,278	5,359,279	3,731,909	3,596,972	3,366,289	3,092,220	3,272,276	3,679,059	3,242,758
Extracurricular Activities	2,587,691	2,201,787	2,519,350	2,369,498	2,293,731	2,217,742	2,289,765	1,854,752	1,797,126	1,711,036
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,762,172	2,572,519	2,896,655	3,158,978	3,321,439	3,472,948	3,517,051	7,803,400	4,439,705	4,091,239
Total Expenses (4)	108,588,944	121,923,116	120,630,159	105,846,151	68,586,054	109,663,385	97,396,794	95,129,730	91,952,223	81,564,361
Program Revenues										
Charges for Services:										
Regular Instruction	1,295,723	778,594	1,364,154	1,292,389	1,105,244	1,464,065	799,927	1,511,824	901,077	1,294,885
Special Instruction	1,024,002	830,734	830,734	728,864	993,220	736,848	897,375	1,287,534	223,416	258,134
Student Intervention Services	41,519	27,619	13,803	56,809	39,381	22,061	•	•	•	•
Administration	82,941	43,460	44,079	•	42,722	44,111	42,024	39,472	37,143	36,947
Fiscal	44,751	29,606	56,260	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	58,053	13,407	38,434	•	•	18,743	28,644	•	•	•
Pupil Transportation	•	•	•	31,121	14,902	•	•	•	•	•
Central	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	135,084	•
Operation of Non-Instructional Services (6)	383,179	342,218	1,345,913	1,630,754	1,592,282	1,635,332	1,588,490	1,467,253	1,649,599	1,754,497
Extracurricular Activities (6)	1,289,006	943,600	1,230,979	1,207,259	1,069,984	1,155,252	1,053,653	949,471	1,123,275	1,133,174
Operating Grants and Contributions (7)	12,446,446	8,716,003	6,328,288	7,063,488	6,472,436	7,737,415	4,719,636	5,826,261	8,693,924	4,460,191
Capital Grants and Contributions	•	'	'	52,200	'	1	•	799,012	'	
Total Program Revenues	\$ 16,665,620	\$ 11,755,241	\$ 11,252,644	\$ 12,032,884	\$ 11,330,171	\$ 12,813,827	\$ 9,145,469	\$ 11,901,292	\$ 12,785,248	\$ 8,968,358
Net Expense	\$ (91,923,324)	\$(110,167,875)	\$(109,377,515)	\$ (93,813,267)	\$ (57,255,883)	\$ (96,849,558)	\$ (88,251,325)	\$ (83,228,438)	\$ (79,166,975)	\$ (72,596,003)

(accrual basis of accounting) Schedule 2 - Unaudited Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (continued)

	2022	2021	2020	2019 (5)	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position: Grants and Entitlements not Restricted	sition:									
to Specific Programs	21,203,740	23,555,918	22,256,475	23,866,862	21,647,825	20,860,111	20,534,948	19,988,664	18,579,778	17,951,269
Investment Earnings	(202,460)	71,208	756,591	1,158,475	524,093	276,655	398,778	172,750	86,802	256,353
Miscellaneous	540,331	349,850	285,605	374,275	119,093	161,846	506,128	360,741	682,935	280,292
Property Taxes (2)	87,830,706	81,733,939	76,398,445	70,450,438	68,781,488	73,245,437	67,504,811	67,408,575	65,828,938	57,099,870
Total General Revenues	109,372,317	105,710,915	99,697,116	95,850,050	91,072,499	94,544,049	88,944,665	87,930,730	85,178,453	75,587,784
Change in Net Position	17,448,993	(4,456,960)	(6,680,399)	2,036,783	33,816,616	(2,305,509)	693,340	4,702,292	6,011,478	2,991,781
Net Position Beginning of Year	(74,367,925)	(69,910,965)	(60,230,566)	(62,267,349)	(96,534,409)	(64,286,421)	(64,979,761)	(69,682,053)		28,306,212
Restatement to Implement GASB 68 (1)	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	(106,991,524)	•
Restatement to Implement GASB 75 (3)						(29,942,479)				
Net Position End of Year	\$ (56,918,932)	\$ (74,367,925)	\$ (69,910,965)	\$ (60,230,566)	\$ (62,717,793)	\$ (96,534,409)	\$ (64,286,421)	\$ (64,979,761)	\$ (69,682,053)	\$ 31,297,993

Source: School District records.

(1) District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015 which required a restatement of

fiscal year 2014 ending net position; however information necessary to restate beginning balance was not available. (2) The District started receiving additional 6.30 mill emergency levy in fiscal year 2014.

(3) District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018 which required a restatement of

fiscal year 2017 ending net position; however information necessary to restate beginning balance was not available. (4) Decrease in expenses reported for fiscal years 2022 and 2018 due to recognition of significant negative pension and OPEB expenses for the fiscal year.

(5) District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84 in fiscal year 2020 which required restatement of fiscal year 2019 amounts.

(6) Foodservice (noninstructional services) and extracurricular activities charges were affected by COVID-19 pandemic.

starting in late fiscal year 2020.

(7) Additional intergovernmental funding to offset the operational effects of the COVID-19 pandemic account for the increased operating grants and contributions for fiscal years 2021 and 2022.



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Schedule 3 - Unaudited Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2022	2021	2020 (1)	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Fund Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned	\$ 19,666 3,706,951 27,965,064	\$ 16,942 6,471,290 16,848,282	\$ 27,961 3,565,351 15,313,234	\$ 14,139 2,178,433 16,749,482	\$ 13,084 12,520,843 10,084,015	\$ 13,464 10,050,958 16,133,642	\$ 12,183 4,041,588 19,373,563	\$ 11,819 1,410,582 20,455,877	\$ 10,105 1,196,714 15,383,770	\$ 9,366 695,382 14,356,540
Total General Fund	\$ 31,691,681	\$ 23,336,514	\$ 18,906,546	\$ 18,942,054	\$ 22,617,942	\$ 26,198,064	\$ 23,427,334	\$ 21,878,278	\$ 16,590,589	\$ 15,061,288
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	\$ 7,031,393 2,858,665 (523,111)	\$ 8,864,192 2,526,843 (995,112)	\$ 6,664,486 2,389,753 (453,769)	\$ 7,390,003 1,661,951 (191,613)	\$ 7,236,087 2,604,332 (418,310)	\$ 8,462 7,186,087 4,250,767 (354,367)	\$ 10,543 6,365,441 3,951,351 (295,541)	\$ 10,553 8,957,048 4,440,444 (97,539)	\$ 6,069 15,891,683 5,406,440 (267,496)	\$ 4,187 21,898,610 4,509,583 (473,236)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 9,366,947	\$ 10,395,923	\$ 8,600,470	\$ 8,860,341	\$ 9,422,109	\$ 11,090,949	\$ 10,031,794	\$ 13,310,506	\$ 21,036,696	\$ 25,939,144

Source: School District records.

Notes:
(1) District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84 in fiscal year 2020 which required restatement of fiscal year 2019 amounts.

Schedule 4 - Unaudited Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019 (2)	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
BEVENILIES										
NEVENOES: Property and Other Local Taxes (1)	\$ 87 647 078	\$ 81 857 547	\$ 76.431.839	\$ 70 520 693	\$ 68 884 189	\$ 73 156 050	\$ 67 993 802	\$ 66 673 746	\$ 65 935 572	\$ 57 442 659
Intergovernmental		2 .	28.377.155	30.540.020	28.858.976		25,059,287	26.086.858	27.433.893	
t 0.0+0	1000 7000	900 12	756 501	1 150 475	524 002	226,022,12	077 006	172 750	06 90	256 350
Title est	(004,400)	7 247 C02	160,007	1,100,473	250,430	270,033	330,776	172,730	200,002	200,000
luition and rees	7,437,602	1,847,683	2,116,323	1,889,392	7,238,066	2,138,/35	1,889,234	7,717,26/	961,413	1,583,549
Rent	28,053	13,407	38,434	31,121	14,902	18,743	28,644	39,316	53,537	26,087
Extracurricular Activities	1,064,330	731,792	1,049,155	1,013,605	882,456	930,861	886,746	806,870	984,536	977,118
Gifts and Donations	139,582	93,701	77,120	93,747	91,014	341,179	114,163	584,487	55,869	60,797
Customer Sales and Services	494,586	425,420	1,426,141	1,560,216	1,583,539	1,622,215	1,591,278	1,491,801	1,804,139	1,777,686
Miscellaneous	986,653	376,161	337,575	374,357	326,180	406,685	651,605	365,403	786,824	424,019
Total Revenues	127,747,875	116,573,991	110,610,333	107,181,626	103,403,415	106,178,111	98,613,537	98,938,498	98,102,585	84,463,146
FXPENDITLIBES										
Circont:										
Loste of the contract of the c										
Regular	44 192 719	42 440 668	38 821 967	41 372 202	41 175 553	37 876 245	35 652 651	33 349 167	35 703 500	31 037 661
is a constant of the constant	19 914 042	21 327 449	20,523,52	20 245 704	18 346 728	17 454 947	15 824 407	14 441 475	13 280 668	10 139 435
Vocational	210,110,01	CFF(12C(±2	010,000,02	10,012,02	765	100.769	103,680	106 139	98 917	281 390
Ct. dotter and a second a second and a second a second and a second a second and a second and a second and a	000	1000	701	100	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	140,000	100,000	140,155	700,00	201,000
Student Intervention Services	839,459	/89,25/	/85,/06	/33,39/	/14,95/	/15,034	846,394	/10,666	/95,428	592,374
Other	258,838	2,933,735	2,595,852	2,488,886	2,618,838	2,654,172	2,497,708	2,611,254	2,086,372	1,845,270
Support Services:										
Pupils	7,214,975	7,378,420	6,778,145	6,292,005	5,984,982	5,719,843	5,394,692	5,263,752	4,973,588	4,597,896
Instructional Staff	2,567,111	2,510,909	2,589,464	2,868,997	2,852,534	3,070,682	2,670,101	2,317,272	2,173,509	4,987,426
Board of Education	147,488	63,804	53,222	57,874	80,924	79,366	133,676	60,004	101,522	69,763
Administration	6,185,145	6,059,701	5,747,475	5,800,814	5,420,330	5,308,103	5,151,921	5,009,196	4,658,069	4,294,440
Fiscal	1,865,640	1,764,062	1,733,299	1,493,395	1,318,281	1,341,256	1,307,816	1,297,844	1,311,644	1,279,991
Business	412,706	383,275	358,870	368,260	384,962	370,142	318,625	313,078	235,370	386,329
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	7,040,329	7,171,521	6,598,321	6,916,339	6,822,287	6,637,442	6,618,201	6,528,752	6,333,594	5,387,692
Pupil Transportation	7,075,801	6,163,421	5,863,378	6,366,195	5,835,789	5,748,089	5,472,586	5,303,278	5,387,477	4,477,035
Central	1,341,515	1,167,028	1,240,703	1,137,802	1,076,021	1,121,227	1,060,125	964,501	767,506	1,466,001
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	6,232,246	3,907,750	5,104,683	3,771,733	4,164,259	3,312,402	3,163,467	3,344,364	3,652,100	3,133,498
Extracurricular Activities	2,587,678	2,218,145	2,422,830	2,349,532	2,218,765	2,151,890	2,245,193	1,880,176	1,691,584	1,663,616
Capital Outlay	5,699,980	1,355,410	759,728	2,100,737	2,118,807	828,750	2,933,528	10,283,677	7,517,812	22,535,341
Debt Service:										
Principal	4,874,462	6,143,961	5,869,837	5,668,666	4,609,000	4,319,000	4,780,000	4,165,000	6,116,000	3,592,000
Interest	1,971,550	2,007,841	3,050,534	3,262,146	3,439,195	3,599,372	3,776,735	3,537,851	4,591,072	5,058,568
Issuance Costs	•	359,793	1	1	9,400	1	'	715,439	•	'
Total Expenditures	120,421,684	116,146,150	111,061,924	113,294,684	109,192,377	102,358,731	99,951,506	102,202,885	101,475,732	106,825,726
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	7.376.191	427.841	(451,591)	(6.113.058)	(5,788,962)	3.819.380	(1,337,969)	(3.264.387)	(3.373.147)	(72, 362, 580)
			1-10/40:1	1-1010==(0)	1-12/2016		1-1111111111111111111111111111111111111	1:1:1-1	1 () () ((1))(1))(1)

Schedule 4 - Unaudited Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (modified accrual basis of accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years (continued)

2013	(22,362,580)	10.26%
2014	1,919,667	11.54%
2015	- 65,929,980 11,971,197 41,441 69,006 (77,185,738) 825,886 (2,438,501)	8.38%
2016	11,293 98,576 (501,556) (391,687)	8.76%
2017	2,127 2,127 8,378 - - 10,505	7.79%
2018	540,000	7.49%
2019 (2)	58,630 1,194,285 - - 223,173 7,500 (58,300) (4,688,100)	8.02%
2020	133,463 - - 156,212 - (133,463) - 156,212 (295,379)	8.07%
2021	81,038 20,152,579 3,448,000 4,598,957 (81,038) (24,451,743) 3,647,793 4,075,634	7.10%
2022	1,472	2.96%
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES: Transfers In Inception of Capital Lease Refunding Bonds Issued Other Bonds Issued Premium on Bonds Issued Premium on Bonds Issued Premium on Bonds Issued Premium on Bonds Issued Pransfers Courtes Transfers Out Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent Total Other Financing Sources and Uses Net Change in Fund Balances	Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures

Source: School District records.

⁽¹⁾ The increase in Property and Other Local Taxes beginning in fiscal year 2014 is attributable to the tax collection on the 6.3 mill, emergency operating levy, approved by voters in November 2013. The increase starting in fiscal year 2020, is attributable to the tax collections on the 6.15 mill, emergency operating levy, approved by voters in May 2019. Fiscal year 2022 increase caused by dramatic increase in amount available for advance at year-end.

(2) District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84 in fiscal year 2020 which required restatement of fiscal year 2019 amounts. Note:

Beavercreek City School District, Ohio

Schedule 5 - Unaudited Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Collection Years

		Real Property	pperi	ty		Public Utilities Personal	es P	ersonal		Total	lal	Total
Collection Year	I	Assessed Value	٩	Estimated Actual Value		Assessed Value	a A	Estimated Actual Value		Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Direct Tax Rate
2022	₩	2,091,783,800 \$	❖	5,976,525,143	↔	50,459,000 \$ 144,168,571	↔	144,168,571	↔	2,142,242,800	2,142,242,800 \$ 6,120,693,714	54.71
2021	❖	2,043,867,420 \$	↔	5,839,621,200	↔	47,383,960	❖	135,382,743	↔	2,091,251,380	\$ 5,975,003,943	54.97
2020	❖	1,840,871,500 \$	↔	5,259,632,857	↔	46,490,400	❖	132,829,714	↔	1,887,361,900	\$ 5,392,462,571	58.44
2019	❖	1,813,407,170 \$	↔	5,181,163,343	↔	43,586,740	\$	124,533,543	↔	1,856,993,910	\$ 5,305,696,886	52.75
2018	❖	1,802,678,020 \$	↔	5,150,508,629	↔	41,177,570	\$	117,650,200	↔	1,843,855,590	\$ 5,268,158,829	53.00
2017	❖	1,708,768,890 \$	↔	4,882,196,829	↔	39,757,570	\$	113,593,057	↔	1,748,526,460	\$ 4,995,789,886	53.84
2016	❖	1,669,835,680 \$	↔	4,770,959,086	↔	37,509,830	↔	107,170,943	↔	1,707,345,510	\$ 4,878,130,029	54.15
2015	❖	1,657,425,460 \$	↔	4,735,501,314	↔	36,711,730	↔	104,890,657	↔	1,694,137,190	\$ 4,840,391,971	54.90
2014	❖	1,667,970,260	↔	4,765,629,314	↔	35,524,410	❖	101,498,314	↔	1,703,494,670	\$ 4,867,127,629	55.10
2013	❖	1,669,784,430 \$	❖	4,770,812,657	↔	37,478,790	❖	107,082,257	↔	1,707,263,220	\$ 4,877,894,914	48.85

Source: Greene County Auditor's Office

Schedule 6 - Unaudited Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Rate per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Years

		School Distric	trict Rates						
Collection Year /Tax Year	Operating	Debt Service	Permanent Improvement	Total	City of Beavercreek	Beavercreek Township	Greene County Career Center	Greene County Board of Health	Greene County
2022/2021	49.86	2.85	2.00	54.71	18.60	19.35	4.32	0.80	14.45
2021/2020	50.06	2.91	2.00	54.97	18.88	19.40	4.32	0.80	14.45
2020/2019	52.21	4.23	2.00	58.44	18.85	19.35	4.43	0.80	14.45
2019/2018	46.30	4.45	2.00	52.75	18.58	15.90	4.48	0.80	14.45
2018/2017	46.40	4.60	2.00	53.00	18.58	15.90	3.45	0.80	13.95
2017/2016	47.20	4.64	2.00	53.84	18.60	14.95	3.45	0.80	14.45
2016/2015	47.75	4.40	2.00	54.15	17.80	14.95	3.45	0.80	14.45
2015/2014	48.00	4.90	2.00	54.90	17.80	14.55	3.45	0.80	12.65
2014/2013	47.90	5.20	2.00	55.10	14.10	14.55	3.45	0.80	12.25
2013/2012	41.70	5.15	2.00	48.85	14.10	16.55	3.45	0.80	12.25

Source: Greene County Auditor's Office

Schedule 7 - Unaudited Principal Property Taxpayers Current Calendar Year and Nine Years Ago

Calendar Year 2022

Calendar Year 2013

Name of Taxpayer	Total Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value	 Total Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value
Greene Town Center, LLC	\$ 44,988,190	1	2.10%	\$ 49,052,900	1	2.87%
Dayton Power and Light	\$ 38,768,150	2	1.81%	\$ 30,541,950	3	1.79%
MFC Beavercreek, LLC	\$ 38,126,580	3	1.78%	\$ 36,210,280	2	2.12%
Beavercreek Medical Center	\$ 13,390,540	4	0.63%	\$ 22,989,540	4	1.35%
Vectren Energy Delivery	\$ 11,162,020	5	0.52%			
Beavercreek Towne Station, LLC	\$ 10,758,650	6	0.50%			
Ashton Brooke, LLC	\$ 10,397,920	7	0.49%			
Wright Patt Credit Union, Inc.	\$ 9,461,940	8	0.44%			
Cole MT Beavercreek, LLC	\$ 8,364,750	9	0.39%			
IMC Acropolis LP	\$ 6,475,000	10	0.30%	\$ 8,081,000	7	0.47%
Kettering Adventist Healthcare				\$ 11,675,490	5	0.68%
Kontogiannis, George				\$ 10,535,180	6	0.62%
MV-RGII				\$ 7,210,030	8	0.42%
EL Apartments, LLC				\$ 6,242,400	9	0.37%
Mallard Landing Apartments				\$ 6,198,490	10	0.36%
SubTotal	\$ 191,893,740		8.96%	\$ 188,737,260		11.05%
All Other Taxpayers	\$ 1,950,349,060		91.04%	\$ 1,518,525,960		88.95%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 2,142,242,800	: :	100.00%	\$ 1,707,263,220	: =	100.00%

Source: Greene County Auditor's Office

 $Note: Information\ presented\ on\ a\ calendar\ year\ basis\ as\ that\ is\ the\ manner\ in\ which\ the\ information\ is\ maintained\ by\ the\ County.$

Schedule 8 - Unaudited Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Levy (Collection) Years

	Curr	Current Year Tax Levies		Delinquent Ta	Delinquent Taxes and Other Adjustments (1)	ustments (1)	Total A	Total Amounts Levied and Collected	Collected
Collection Year	Taxes Levied	Amount Collected	Percent Collected	Amount Levied	Amount Collected	Percent Collected	Levied	Collected	Percent Collected
2022	\$ 84,757,932	\$ 83,309,100	98.29%	\$ 1,737,416	\$ 1,600,177	92.10%	\$ 86,495,348	\$ 84,909,277	98.17%
2021	\$ 83,104,533	\$ 81,681,123	98.29%	\$ 1,556,132	\$ 1,285,663	82.62%	\$ 84,660,665	\$ 82,966,786	%00'86
2020	(3) \$ 81,416,319	\$ 77,813,611	95.57%	\$ 1,468,310	\$ 1,278,367	82.06%	\$ 82,884,629	\$ 79,091,978	95.42%
2019	\$ 69,794,926	\$ 68,407,471	98.01%	\$ 1,444,980	\$ 1,110,552	76.86%	\$ 71,239,906	\$ 69,518,023	97.58%
2018	\$ 69,588,020	\$ 68,491,408	98.42%	\$ 1,621,299	\$ 1,130,804	69.75%	\$ 71,209,319	\$ 69,622,212	%27.76
2017	\$ 67,212,673	\$ 65,714,989	97.77%	\$ 1,583,818	\$ 2,292,957	144.77%	\$ 68,796,491	\$ 68,007,946	98.85%
2016	\$ 68,130,774	\$ 65,725,252	96.47%	\$ 1,519,025	\$ 1,222,958	80.51%	\$ 69,649,799	\$ 66,948,210	96.12%
2015	(2) \$ 67,848,193	\$ 66,047,221	97.35%	\$ 2,734,902	\$ 1,398,206	51.12%	\$ 70,583,095	\$ 67,445,427	95.55%
2014	\$ 58,151,581	\$ 55,801,314	92.96%	\$ 1,637,578	\$ 1,231,535	75.20%	\$ 59,789,159	\$ 57,032,849	95.39%
2013	\$ 56,482,519	\$ 54,974,268	97.33%	\$ 2,012,503	\$ 1,566,016	77.81%	\$ 58,495,022	\$ 56,540,284	%99'96

Source: Greene County Auditor's Office

amount remains delinquent. Other adjustments primarily include penalties and interest, since by Ohio law they become part of (1) The County does not identify delinquent tax collections by tax year. While it is anticipated delinquent amounts will be tracked by tax year in the future, that information is not currently available. Currently delinquents are levied in total each year the

the tax obligation as assessment occurs. The District will work with the County to ensure information is presented when available.

⁽²⁾ Tax Year 2014/Collection Year 2015 was first year 6.30 mill Emergency Levy approved by voters on 11/5/2013 was assessed and collected. (3) Tax Year 2019/Collection Year 2020 was first year 6.15 mill Emergency Levy approved by voters on 5/7/2019 was assessed and collected.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Schedule 9 - Unaudited Last Ten Fiscal Years

									Percentage Average Personal						
Fiscal		General Obligation Bonds (1)	ပိ	Energy Conservation Bonds	_	Lease- Purchases	Ō	Total Governmental Activities	Income Total Governmental Activities (2)	o g	Per Capita General Obligation	Enr G Oblig	Per Enrollment General Obligation (2)	Ca _l	Per Capita Other
2022	⋄	72,255,410	❖	\$ 2,997,000	❖	248,359	↔	75,500,769	N/A		N/A	❖	9,250		N 4/A
2021	❖	76,363,823	❖	3,348,000	\$	486,821	❖	80,198,644	1.54%	\$	1,377	↔	9,972	↔	69
2020	❖	80,378,925	❖	ı	❖	715,782	❖	81,094,707	1.58%	❖	1,457	↔	10,213	↔	13
2019	↔	86,665,429	↔	ı	↔	935,619	❖	87,601,048	1.73%	↔	1,577	❖	11,029	↔	17
2018	↔	92,707,727	❖	ı	↔	1	❖	92,707,727	1.93%	↔	1,694	↔	11,910	↔	1
2017	↔	97,286,593	❖	ı	↔	119,000	❖	97,405,593	2.12%	↔	1,794	↔	12,615	↔	2
2016	↔	102,117,992	❖	ı	↔	233,000	❖	102,350,992	2.23%	↔	1,907	❖	13,481	↔	4
2015	↔	107,410,074	❖	ı	↔	343,000	❖	107,753,074	2.41%	↔	2,010	❖	14,114	↔	9
2014	↔	96,698,016	❖	ı	↔	448,000	❖	97,146,016	2.31%	↔	1,824	❖	13,270	↔	∞
2013	❖	100,624,145	❖	ı	⋄	2,764,000	❖	103,388,145	2.46%	⋄	1,914	❖	13,891	↔	53
(

Source: School District records

Note: Details regarding the distrct's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) Amounts reported for General Obligation Bonds include unamortized premiums and accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds.

(2) See Schedule 13 for personal income, enrollment and population data.

N/A = Information not readily available.

Schedule 10 - Unaudited Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Population (1)		N/A	55,451	55,186	54,960	54,737	54,230	53,559	53,427	23,008	52,576
Total Estimated Actual Value (2)	\$	3,120,693,714 \$	5,975,003,943 \$	5,392,462,571	\$ 5,305,696,886	\$ 6,120,693,714 \$ 5,975,003,943 \$ 5,392,462,571 \$ 5,305,696,886 \$ 5,268,158,829 \$ 4,995,789,886 \$ 4,878,130,029 \$ 4,840,391,971 \$ 4,867,127,628 \$ 4,877,894,914	\$ 4,995,789,886 \$	4,878,130,029	\$ 4,840,391,971	\$ 4,867,127,628 \$	4,877,894,914
General Bonded Debt General Obligation Bonds (3)	⋄	72,255,410 \$	76,363,823 \$	80,378,925 \$	\$ 86,665,429 \$	\$ 727,707,727 \$	\$ 97,286,593 \$		97,286,593 \$ 102,117,992 \$	\$ 96,698,016 \$	100,624,145
Resources Available to Pay Principal (4)	↔	2,887,367 \$	3,170,428 \$	3,176,179	\$ 3,450,214 \$	\$ 3,360,768 \$	\$ 2,763,696 \$	\$ 1,919,398 \$	\$ 1,690,494 \$	\$ 4,575,228 \$	4,035,322
Net General Bonded Debt	↔	69,368,043 \$	73,193,395 \$	77,202,746 \$	\$ 83,215,215	\$ 89,346,959 \$	\$ 94,522,897 \$	\$ 95,367,195 \$	\$ 100,427,498 \$	\$ 92,122,788 \$	96,588,823
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Total Estimated Actual Property Value		1.13%	1.22%	1.43%	1.57%	1.70%	1.89%	1.95%	2.07%	1.89%	1.98%
Net Bonded Debt per Capita		N/A \$	1,320 \$	1,399	\$ 1,514 \$	\$ 1,632 \$	1,743 \$	1,781	\$ 1,880	\$ 1,738 \$	1,841
N/A - Information not readily available											

N/A - Information not readily available
 (1) Estimates as of July 1 from U.S. Census Bureau for City of Beavercreek/Beavercreek Township and Ohio Municipal Advisory Counsel.
 (2) Greene County Auditor
 (3) Includes all general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes (includes unamortized premiums/discounts)
 (4) Restricted net position for debt service.

Schedule 11 - Unaudited Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2022

	Total Debt Obligations	Percentage Applicable to the District (1)	Amount Applicable to the District
Governmental Unit: Direct:			
Beavercreek City School District	\$ 75,500,769	100.00%	\$ 75,500,769
Overlapping:			
Greene County	19,168,025	43.96%	8,426,264
Montgomery County	-	0.27%	-
City of Beavercreek	2,574,719	100.00%	2,574,719
City of Fairborn	2,686,760	8.53%	229,181
City of Kettering	13,025,000	1.11%	144,578
City of Riverside	2,805,000	7.95%	222,998
Beavercreek Township	-	99.41%	-
Sugarcreek Township	-	0.95%	-
Greene County Career Center	50,575,000	43.96%	22,232,770
Beavercreek Township Park District	-	99.41%	-
Bellbrook-Sugarcreek Park District	-	0.65%	-
Dayton Metro Library District	130,309,986	0.35%	456,085
Greene County Health District	-	44.00%	-
Greene County Park District	-	43.96%	-
Five River Metro Park District	-	0.27%	-
Miami Shores Subdivision	-	0.27%	-
Miami Valley Regional Transit Authority	-	0.27%	-
Montgomery Community College	-	0.27%	-
Montgomery County Transporation Improvement	-	0.27%	-
Sinclair Community College		0.27%	
Total Overlapping	221,144,490		34,286,595
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 296,645,259		\$ 109,787,364

Source: School District Records and Ohio Municipal Advisory Council.

^{(1) -} Percentage derived by comparing subdivision's valuation within the School District compared to the total valuation within School District.

Schedule 12 - Unaudited Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Voted Debt Limit (1)	Total Debt Applicable to Limit	Debt Service Available Balance (2)	Net Debt Applicable to Limit	Voted Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2022	\$ 192,801,852	\$ 72,255,410	\$ 3,733,636	\$ 68,521,774	\$ 124,280,078	35.54%
2021	\$ 188,212,624	\$ 76,363,823	\$ 3,724,372	\$ 72,639,451	\$ 115,573,173	38.59%
2020	\$ 169,862,571	\$ 80,378,925	\$ 4,621,107	\$ 75,757,818	\$ 94,104,753	44.60%
2019	\$ 167,129,452	\$ 86,665,429	\$ 5,087,170	\$ 81,578,259	\$ 85,551,193	48.81%
2018	\$ 165,947,003	\$ 92,707,727	\$ 5,353,542	\$ 87,354,185	\$ 78,592,818	52.64%
2017	\$ 157,367,381	\$ 97,286,593	\$ 4,857,123	\$ 92,429,470	\$ 64,937,911	58.73%
2016	\$ 153,661,096	\$ 102,117,992	\$ 4,710,638	\$ 97,407,354	\$ 56,253,742	63.39%
2015	\$ 152,472,347	\$ 107,410,074	\$ 5,118,785	\$ 102,291,289	\$ 50,181,058	67.09%
2014	\$ 153,314,520	\$ 96,698,016	\$ 4,130,610	\$ 92,567,406	\$ 60,747,114	60.38%
2013	\$ 153,653,690	\$ 100,624,145	\$ 3,835,970	\$ 96,788,175	\$ 56,865,515	62.99%

Source: School District records

^{(1) =} Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% of overall debt.

^{(2) =} Includes only debt service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Schedule 13 - Unaudited Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Population (1)	Unemployment Rate (2)	Enrollment (3)	4 > 4	Assessed Valuation Per Pupil	A P _i II	Average Personal Income Federal AGI (4)	< q = 8	Median Personal Income State (4)	Ar Te Sal	Average Teacher Salary (5)	Graduation Rate (5)	Pupil/ Teacher Ratio (5)
2022	N/A	3.80%	7,811	↔	274,260		N/A		N/A		N/A	%2'96	16.0
2021	55,451	5.20%	7,658	❖	273,081	↔	93,850	↔	55,613	↔	73,371	%9.96	16.3
2020	55,186	10.30%	7,870	❖	239,817	↔	93,033	↔	54,975	↔	73,711	**A/N	17.1
2019	54,960	4.20%	7,858	❖	236,334	↔	92,064	↔	53,946	↔	70,660	95.7%	16.7
2018	54,737	4.80%	7,784	⋄	236,878	↔	87,605	↔	51,795	❖	69,384	%2'96	17.9
2017	54,230	2.00%	7,712	❖	226,728	↔	84,845	↔	50,411	↔	67,149	96.1%	17.3
2016	53,559	4.70%	7,575	⋄	225,392	↔	85,554	↔	52,140	❖	64,777	97.1%	18.5
2015	53,427	4.90%	7,610	⋄	222,620	↔	83,781	↔	51,080	↔	61,173	%2'96	18.4
2014	53,008	2.30%	7,287	❖	233,772	↔	79,230	↔	50,356	❖	63,174	94.8%	18.1
2013	52,576	7.00%	7,244	❖	235,680	❖	79,859	↔	50,610	↔	63,271	94.7%	16.55

⁽¹⁾ Estimates as of July 1 from U.S. Census Bureau for City of Beavercreek/Beavercreek Township.

⁽²⁾ U.S. Department of Labor Statistics for Dayton Metropolitan Area
(3) Enrollment (ADM) from Ohio Department of Education iLRC.
(4) Ohio Department of Taxation by Calendar Year ending during fiscal year.
(5) Ohio Department of Education iLRC.
N/A = Information not readily available.

Schedule 14 - Unaudited Principal Employers Last Calendar Year and Nine Years Ago

	Dec	December 31, 2021	, 2021	Dece	December 31, 2012	, 2012
		,	Percentage of Total County		,	Percentage of Total County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Wright Patterson Air Force Base	32,000	\vdash	39.17%	27,000	П	34.05%
Wright State University	1,945	2	2.38%	2,385	3	3.01%
Greene County	1,072	3	1.31%	985	4	1.24%
Wright-Patt Credit Union	1,029	4	1.26%	772	9	%26.0
Beavercreek City School District	1,026	2	1.26%	086	2	1.24%
Unison Industries	1,000	9	1.22%	700	7	0.88%
Air Force Institute of Technology	735	7	%06:0	989	∞	0.80%
Cedarville University	604	∞	0.74%			
Central State University	425	6	0.52%			
Jeff Schmidt Auto Group	400	10	0.49%			
Kettering Health Network				2,476	2	3.12%
Teleperformance USA				625	6	0.79%
CACI				625	10	%62'0
	40,236		49.25%	37,184		46.89%
All Other Employers	41,461		20.75%	42,116		53.11%
	81,697		100.00%	79,300		100.00%

Source: Greene County Auditor's Office

Note: Information is for all of Greene County as City/Township information not readily available. Information is presented on a calendar year basis, which is the most readily available.

Schedule 15 - Unaudited Staffing Statistics
Full-time Equivalents (FTE) by Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Position	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 (1	1) 2013
Official/Administrative Asst. Deputy/Assoc Superintendent	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Asst. Principal	6.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	6.00	7.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	8.00
Principal	13.00	12.00	11.00	10.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	8.00
Superintendent	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Supervisory/Managing/Directing	11.80	12.60	13.00	15.00	11.00	12.00	12.00	5.00	5.42	6.42
Treasurer	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Coordinator	5.00	3.94	3.94	3.94	3.94	3.94	2.90	2.90	1.00	2.00
Director	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00
Dean of Students	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Official/Adminstrative	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Curriculum Specialist	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.00	1.08	1.00
Counseling	21.00	21.00	21.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	19.00	16.00	15.00
Librarian/Media	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Regular Teaching	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	293.29
Special Education Teaching	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	62.51
Career-Technical Programs/Pathway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
Tutor/Small Group Instructor	6.50	7.00 0.00	8.00 0.00	7.00 0.00	6.00	8.00	8.00	7.00	5.11 0.00	5.11
Audio-Visual Staff	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
Educational Service Personnel Supplemental Special Education Teacher	0.00 41.00	0.00 38.00	0.00 39.00	29.00	0.00 27.00	0.00 27.00	26.50	0.00 24.00	0.00 11.41	0.00 15.41
General Education K-12	335.39	327.51	321.39	325.28	297.50	309.10	307.40	313.30	288.53	0.00
Gifted and Talented	2.60	2.60	4.00	4.60	5.00	4.00	4.00	2.00	1.99	2.00
Preschool Education	14.00	13.00	11.00	12.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	9.00	9.00	10.00
Special Education K-12	61.00	56.00	51.00	62.00	61.00	58.00	54.50	57.00	69.49	0.00
Art Education K-8	8.86	8.86	8.10	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	8.00	5.03	6.01
Music Education K-8	11.37	11.37	12.09	13.00	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	8.38	8.73
Physical Education K-8	9.04	8.85	9.00	11.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	9.00	6.06	6.09
LEP Instructional Program	4.75	4.00	4.00	6.00	5.00	7.00	4.00	4.00	1.00	0.00
Other Professional	17.40	13.40	9.00	6.50	5.50	4.00	3.00	3.20	4.95	7.99
Audiologist	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Planning	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Psychologist	7.03	7.03	6.63	7.53	6.53	6.33	6.90	6.60	6.90	6.00
Publicity Relations	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Registered Nursing	4.88	5.00	6.76	6.00	4.60	5.00	4.80	4.00	5.00	4.00
Registrar	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Social Work	5.00	3.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.94
Physical Therapist	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Speech and Language Therapist	8.70	8.70	10.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.00	7.80	6.80	7.60
Occupational Therapist	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Educational Interpreter	2.64	2.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Occupational Therapy Assistant	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Physical Therapy Assistant	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Adapted Physical Education Therapist	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Intern Psychologist	2.00	1.00	1.00	3.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
Planning/Rsearch/Development	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Professional	0.00	0.00	0.00 3.00	0.00 3.00	0.00 3.00	0.00 4.00	0.00 4.00	0.00	0.00 3.00	0.00 3.00
Computer Operating Practical Nursing	4.00 12.25	3.00 9.61	8.73	6.97	7.78	6.97	7.90	3.00 7.00		4.40
Computer Programming	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	6.16 1.00	1.00
Library Aide	14.96	12.32	12.67	11.02	13.52	11.02	15.30	12.70	10.96	10.15
Instructional Paraprofessional	6.60	7.04	5.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Technical	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Bookkeeping	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	5.00	6.00	5.00	4.75
Clerical	35.96	32.96	31.96	33.59	32.96	32.08	32.80	35.30	29.33	25.83
Messenger	0.00	0.88	1.54	1.54	2.42	1.04	1.00	1.40	1.00	0.00
Messenger (Nutrition Services)	0.88	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.50	1.00	0.44	0.56
Records Manager	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Teaching Aide	4.52	5.40	7.83	9.38	9.38	6.25	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
Telephone Operator	1.68	1.12	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Other Office/Clerical	10.90	9.90	9.90	9.78	9.78	11.66	12.60	10.40	7.36	6.24
General Maintenance	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	8.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	4.00	4.00
Mechanic	5.76	5.14	4.76	4.76	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.50	4.50
Dispatching	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.30	1.30	1.25	1.00
Vehicle Operator (buses)	60.39	60.96	57.37	59.87	59.21	59.44	57.40	57.00	46.97	44.26
Other Equipment Operator Assignment	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Attendance Officer	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Custodian	45.00	39.75	41.50	47.50	48.50	44.50	50.00	55.00	38.50	33.50
Food Service	25.36	25.58	24.67	26.91	28.91	27.06	27.80	31.80	25.72	27.10
Guard/Watchman	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Monitoring	21.03	17.93	23.24	15.23	16.54	20.80	17.00	16.50	15.36	13.38
Groundskeeping	4.12	3.12	4.12	4.13	6.13	4.13	4.10	5.10	4.00	4.00
Attendant	90.20	89.91	85.69	85.04	88.66	86.33	95.50	80.90	67.77	64.51
Total Governmental Activities	965.57	920.00	902.17	908.57	877.36	871.65	878.20	867.20	758.91	745.78

Source: Ohio Department of Education

Note:
(1) In fiscal year 2014, ODE modified some job classification codes compared to those used in prior years.

Schedule 16 - Unaudited Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Instruction: Enrollment (1) Graduation Rate (2)	7,811	7,658	7,870 N/A**	7,858	7,784	7,712 96.1%	7,575	7,610 96.7%	7,287	7,244
Support Services: Administration Student Attendance Rate (2)	93.2%	94.1%	**************************************	94.1%	94.8%	94.7%	95.1%	95.0%	95.5%	95.2%
Fiscal: (3) Payroll Checks Issued	2,191	2,111	2,099	2,286	2,440	3,459	3,545	4,072	4,572	4,473
Payroll Direct Deposits Issued W-2's Issued	32,601 1,432	30,816 1,417	26,648 1,450	27,566 1,468	26,886 1,459	26,597 1,462	25,032 1,470	23,545 1,422	21,758 1,285	21,420 1,333
Non-payroll Checks Issued	4,907	4,121	5,157	5,382	5,371	5,518	5,506	5,262	5,642	2,666
Pupil Transportation: (3) (4) Average number of students transported daily	5,016	2,986	4,355	4,360	4,224	4,445	4,494	4,670	3,789	3,633
Food Service Operations: (3) Average number of meals served daily Percentage of Students who receive free/reduced meals	4,319 14.5%	2,531 12.7%	2,957	2,607	2,583	2,617 15.0%	2,546 15.0%	2,645	2,731 15.6%	2,803

(1) Enrollment (ADM) from Ohio Department of Education iI.RC, except for FY2008. FY2008 obtained from corrected EFM_ADM
(2) Ohio Department of Education iI.RC.
(3) School District records.
(4) Transportation services reduced in 2013 and reinstated in Spring 2014.

Schedule 17 - Unaudited Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Expenses	 Cost per Pupil	Enrollment
2022	\$ 108,588,944	\$ 13,902	7,811
2021	\$ 121,923,116	\$ 15,921	7,658
2020	\$ 120,630,159	\$ 15,328	7,870
2019	\$ 105,846,151	\$ 13,470	7,858
2018	\$ 68,586,054	\$ 8,811	7,784
2017	\$ 109,633,385	\$ 14,216	7,712
2016	\$ 97,396,794	\$ 12,858	7,575
2015	\$ 95,129,730	\$ 12,501	7,610
2014	\$ 91,952,223	\$ 12,619	7,287
2013	\$ 81,564,361	\$ 11,260	7,244

Source: School District Records

Note: In prior years the District presented operating expenses as defined by the Ohio Department of Education. This information is no longer available and therefore expenses per this schedule have been adjusted to the amounts reported by the District for the respective years as noted in Schedule 2.

Schedule 18 - Unaudited Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Land	\$ 6,996,584	\$ 6,996,584	\$ 6,996,584	\$ 6,996,584	\$ 6,996,584	\$ 6,996,584	\$ 6,914,206	-01-	\$ 6,878,867	\$ 6,878,867
Land Improvements	2,814,866	2,975,580	3,096,248	3,022,695	2,544,628	2,670,176	2,812,455		2,531,954	1,373,623
Buildings	52,499,255	58,497,111	63,331,642	69,286,179	75,254,268	81,116,874	87,027,214		86,939,745	13,881,444
Building Improvements	4,946,313	1,826,402	1,839,405	1,850,816	1,759,893	1,167,955	834,023		933,736	985,212
Furniture & Equipment	561,533	604,706	615,234	822,917	956,753	1,127,041	1,360,493		1,548,002	450,073
Vehicles	1,702,939	1,598,760	1,687,449	1,911,649	1,068,498	1,350,684	1,627,215		2,023,045	1,953,468
Construction in Progress	1,802,177		1		265,300	1	1		507,180	71,804,197
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 71,323,667	\$ 72,499,143	\$ 77,566,562	\$ 83,890,840	\$ 88,845,924	\$ 94,429,314	\$ 100,575,606	\$ 105,170,239	\$ 101,362,529	\$ 97,326,884

Source: School District records.

Note: Amounts above are presented net of accumulated depreciation.

Schedule 19 - Unaudited Capital Asset Statistics by Building Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Year Built	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Secondary Beavercreek High School Square Footage Acreage Capacity (students)	1954	308,700 32.62 1,980	308,700 32.62 1,980	308,700	308,700 32.62 1,980	308,700 32.62 1,980	308,700 32.62 1,980	308,700	308,700 32.62 1,980	308,700 32.62 1,980	308,700 32.62 1,980
Ferguson Hall Square Footage Acreage Capacity (students) Enrollment	1960	106,690 16.29 894 553	106,690 16.29 894 540	106,690 16.29 894 621	106,690 16.29 894 590	106,690 16.29 894 604	106,690 16.29 894 635	106,690 16.29 894 650	106,690 16.29 894 627	106,690 16.29 894 639	106,690 16.29 894 932
Middle Ankeney Middle School Square Footage Acreage Capacity (students) Enrollment	1969	120,900 38.83 962 697	120,900 38.83 962 673	120,900 38.83 962 672	120,900 38.83 962 681	120,900 38.83 962 718	120,900 38.83 962 744	120,900 38.83 962 731	120,900 38.83 962 742	120,900 38.83 962 772	120,900 38.83 962 896
Jacob Coy Middle School (Note 1) Square Footage Acreage Capacity (students) Enrollment	2013	150,000 47.65 1,150 1,014	150,000 47.65 1,150 998	150,000 47.65 1,150	150,000 47.65 1,150 988	150,000 47.65 1,150 1,002	150,000 47.65 1,150 1,030	150,000 47.65 1,150 1,038	150,000 47.65 1,150 1,085	150,000 48 1,150 1,079	
Elementary Fairbrook Elementary Square Footage Acreage Capacity (students) Enrollment	1958	60,710 15.66 529 584	60,710 15.66 529 560	60,710 15.66 529 565	60,710 15.66 529 553	60,710 15.66 529 503	60,710 15.66 529 471	60,710 15.66 529 463	60,710 15.66 529 463	60,710 15.66 529 422	60,710 15.66 529 514
Valley Elementary Square Footage Acreage Capacity (students) Enrollment	1966	55,260 14.43 506 477	55,260 14.43 506 467	55,260 14.43 506 475	55,260 14.43 506 500	55,260 14.43 506 491	55,260 14.43 506 488	55,260 14.43 506 484	55,260 14.43 506 479	55,260 14.43 506 428	55,260 14.43 506 516

Schedule 19 - Unaudited Capital Asset Statistics by Building Last Ten Fiscal Years (continued)

	Year										
	Built	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Elementary (continued) Parkwood Flementary	1965										
Square Footage		58,060	58,060	58,060	58,060	28,060	28,060	28,060	28,060	28,060	28,060
Acreage Capacity (students)		10.37	10.37	10.37	10.37	10.37	10.37	10.37	10.37	10.37	10.37
Enrollment		531	522	555	515	461	457	458	651	465	428
Shaw Elementary Square Footage	1967	66,160	66,160	66,160	66,160	66,160	66,160	66,160	66,160	66,160	66,160
Acreage		22.58	22.58	22.58	22.58	22.58	22.58	22.58	22.58	22.58	22.58
Capacity (students) Enrollment		679	679	679	623	692	869	673	703	612	744
Main Elementary	1932	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Squar e rootage Acreage		16.08	16.08	16.08	16.08	16.08	16.08	16.08	16.08	16.08	16.08
Capacity (students)		069	069	069	069	069	069	069	069	069	069
Enrollment		658	613	613	604	571	288	584	292	534	855
Trebein Elementary (Note 1)	2013	115,000	115,000	115,000	115,000	115 000	115 000	115,000	115 000	115,000	
Acreage		47.65	47.65	47.65	47.65	47.65	47.65	47.65	47.65	48	
Capacity (students)		700	700	700	700	200	200	700	700	700	
Enrollment		843	800	827	820	758	693	634	647	558	
Preschool Beavercreek Preschool Center	2015										
Square Footage		23,042	23,042	19,832	19,832	19,832	19,832	19,832			
Capacity (students)		144	144	144	144	144	144	144			
Enrollment (Note 2)		237	212	217	203	248	244	218			
All Other Administration Building Square Footage	2001	17,627	17,627	22,580	22,580	22,580	22,580	22,580	22,580	22,580	22,580
Service Center	1952	14 508	14 508	14 508	14 508	14 508	14 508	44 508	14 508	14 508	802 77
odani c - coraĝe		7,700	1,000	1,000	,,,	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	7,70	1,000
BHP Wellness Center Square Footage	2020	2,133	2,133								

Source: School District records, Ohio Department of Education

Note 1: Jacob Coy Middle School and Trebein Elementary are one campus. The square footage and acreage listed is for the campus as a whole.

Note2: Headcount of students that attend preschool - 1/2 day sessions; therefore the average daily membership (ADM) is estimated at 50% of enrollment number.



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2022

Board of Education

Jo Ann Rigano, President Gene Taylor, Vice President Krista Hunt Chris Stein Carl Fischer IV

Administration

Paul Otten, Superintendent Joy Kitzmiller, CFO/Treasurer Jayme Profitt, Assistant Treasurer



BEAVERCREEK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT GREENE COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Beavercreek City School District 3040 Kemp Road Beavercreek, Ohio 45431

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Beavercreek City School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio December 28, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education Beavercreek City School District 3040 Kemp Road Beavercreek, Ohio 45431

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Beavercreek City School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
 a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon, dated December 28, 2022, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio December 28, 2022

BEAVERCREEK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT GREENE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Agency/ Pass Through Agency/ Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass Though Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Passed through Ohio Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) National School Lunch Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555 10.555 10.555	N/A N/A N/A	\$ 218,819 2,726,566 178,205 - 3,123,590	\$ - - - - 436,211 436,211
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	N/A	3,063	- 430,211
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.040	14//	3,126,653	436,211
U.S. Department of Defense: Direct Program			0,120,000	100,211
Department of Defense Impact Aid (Supplement, CWSD, BRAC)	12.558	N/A	1,162,034	-
Air Force Defense Research Sciences Program	12.800	N/A	301,888	
Total U.S. Department of Defense			1,463,922	
U.S. Department of Education: Direct Program				
Impact Aid	84.041A	N/A	732,590	-
Passed through Ohio Department of Education:	04.0404	00404000005	440.000	
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010A 84.010A	S010A220035 S010A210035	442,083 59,443	-
			501,526	-
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education Grants to States	84.027A 84.027A	H027A220111 H027A210111	1,549,634 269,163	-
COVID-19 - Special Education Grants to States Special Education Preschool Grants	84.027X 84.173A 84.173A	H027X220111 H173A220119 H173A210119	26,847 40,267 17,137	- - -
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,903,048	-
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365A 84.365A	S365A220035 S365A210035	34,053 2,048	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving			36,101	-
Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367A 84.367A	S367A220034 S367A210034	104,003 8,712 112,715	-
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A 84.424A	S424A220036 S424A210036	42,903 6,062	
			48,965	-
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief I Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II	84.425D 84.425D	S425D210035 S425D220035	17,592 1,022,315	-
American Rescue Plan–Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	S425U220035	1,472,903	-
American Rescue Plan–Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - Homeless Children and Youth (ARP-HCY)	84.425W	S425W220035	22,000 2,534,810	
Total U.S. Department of Education			5,869,755	
U.S. Department of the Treasury: Passed through State of Ohio Office of Budget and Management:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	N/A	74,329	
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			74,329	
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 10,534,659	\$ 436,211

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

BEAVERCREEK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT GREENE COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Beavercreek City School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE D - FOOD DISTRIBUTION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE E - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the District to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified not
 separate to be material weekness(see a separ

considered to be material weakness(es)?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified not

considered to be material weakness(es)?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance

with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

ALN 12.588 - Department of Defense Impact Aid (Supplement, CWSD, BRAC)

COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund:

ALN 84.425D – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief I & II ALN 84.425U – American Rescue Plan – Elementary and Secondary School

Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)

ALN 84.425W – American Rescue Plan – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief –Homeless Children and Youth

Dollar threshold to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None noted

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted

Section IV - Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

None noted



