Lesson Quiz 2-3

Medieval Europe

DIRECTIONS: Matching Match each item with the correct statement below.

- 1. region of France where William was duke
- A. grand jury

_____2. people ordained as priests

- B. clergy
- _____3. decided whether an accused person was guilty or innocent
- **C.** Normandy
- ____4. under his leadership, Muslims recaptured
- D. trial jury
- Jerusalem
- E. Saladin
- _____5. decided whether a person could be accused of a crime

DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice Indicate the answer choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 6. After the Battle of Hastings in 1066, who was crowned king of England? A. Alfred the Great
 - C. Philip II

B. Oleg

- D. William the Conqueror
- 7. Under which king was English common law established?
 - A. Edward II

C. John

B. Henry II

- D. William I
- 8. What contributed to the idea that people have rights and that the power of government should be limited?
 - A. Common Law
- C. House of Parliament
- B. House of Commons
- D. Magna Carta
- _ 9. Who became known as czar, a shortened form of Caesar, when he became ruler of Russia?
 - A. Ivan III

, C. Oleg

B. Nevsky

- D. Vladimir
- 10. In 1095 Pope Urban II called for a crusade, or holy war, against
 - A. the Jews.

- C. the Mongols.
- B. the Kievan Rus.
- **D.** the Muslim Turks.

Lesson Quiz 2-4

Medieval Europe

DIRECTIONS: Matching Match each item with the correct statement below.

- _____1. way of thinking that used reason to explore questions of faith
- A. anti-Semitism

_____ 2. hatred of Jews

B. vernacular

_____3. local language used by people of a region

C. heresy

4. religious beliefs that conflict with Church teachings

D. scholasticism

_____**5.** study of religion and God

E. theology

DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice Indicate the answer choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

6. A famous, educated, medieval nun who wrote music was

A. Francis of Assisi.

B. Hildegard of Bingen.

C. Joan of Arc.

D. Thomas Aquinas.

_7. For medieval Christians, the most important holy sacrament was

- A. baptism.
- B. communion.
- **C.** marriage.
- **D.** reconciliation.

8. What was the name of the church court that tried and punished people who were suspected of heresy?

A. Crusades

C. Inquisition

B. grand jury

D. trial jury

9. Which part of Gothic cathedrals allowed the buildings to have thinner walls?

A. barrel vaults

C. stained glass windows

- B. flying buttresses
- D. thick pillars

____ 10. Students in the first European universities did not have

A. books.

C. exams.

B. classes.

D. teachers.