

Lesson Quiz 2-1

Medieval Europe

DIRECTIONS: Matching Match each item with the correct statement below.

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|---|------------------|
| _____ 1. to exclude a person from church membership | A. fjord |
| _____ 2. German king the pope declared emperor of the Holy Roman Empire | B. excommunicate |
| _____ 3. an inlet of the sea between cliffs or steep slopes | C. Aachen |
| _____ 4. capital of Charlemagne's empire | D. concordat |
| _____ 5. agreement between the pope and the ruler of a country | E. Otto I |

DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice Indicate the answer choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- _____ 6. Europe's seas and rivers played an important part in Europe's growth because they provided both protection and opportunities for
- A. invading other lands.
 - B. combining kingdoms.
 - C. trading with nearby economies.
 - D. converting distant groups to Catholicism.
- _____ 7. Which was a Germanic people who settled the area known today as France?
- A. Angles
 - B. Celts
 - C. Franks
 - D. Saxons
- _____ 8. Charlemagne created a general policy that brought what to his people?
- A. education
 - B. equality
 - C. freedom
 - D. religion
- _____ 9. Between 800 and 900 C.E., parts of Europe were invaded by Muslims, Magyars, and
- A. Vikings.
 - B. Vandals.
 - C. Finns.
 - D. Gauls.
- _____ 10. In 1073, Pope Gregory VII issued a decree forbidding kings from appointing high-ranking
- A. church officials.
 - B. military leaders.
 - C. political officials.
 - D. trade leaders.

Lesson Quiz 2-2

Medieval Europe

DIRECTIONS: Matching Match each item with the correct statement below.

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|---|-------------|
| _____ 1. center of trade in northern Europe | A. Flanders |
| _____ 2. warrior in armor who fought on horseback | B. serf |
| _____ 3. land granted to a vassal, or knight | C. knight |
| _____ 4. Italian city that was a major trading center | D. fief |
| _____ 5. person who worked the lord's land | E. Venice |

DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice Indicate the answer choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- _____ 6. Under which system did landowning nobles govern and protect the people in return for services?
- A. feudalism
 - B. mercantilism
 - C. protectionism
 - D. vassalism
- _____ 7. Two important farming inventions of the Middle Ages that made turning over soil faster were the horse collar and _____
- A. the windmill.
 - B. crop rotation.
 - C. the wheeled plow.
 - D. the village mill.
- _____ 8. Medieval knights followed rules called the code of _____
- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| A. chivalry. | C. the knight. |
| B. the king. | D. servitude. |
- _____ 9. Who were the only people in medieval towns who were considered citizens?
- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| A. elders | C. nobles |
| B. males | D. serfs |
- _____ 10. What were apprentices in craft guilds given in return for their work?
- | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| A. gold coins | C. political positions |
| B. goods for trade | D. room and board |