BALD EAGLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

SECTION: OPERATIONS TITLE: NALOXONE ADOPTED: January 11, 2023 REVISED:

1.	Authority 35 P.S. Sec. 780-113.7 780-113.8	As a means of enhancing the health and safety of its students, staff and visitors, the district may obtain, maintain, and administer doses of an opioid antagonist and other facilities, specifically Naloxone, for emergency use to assist a student, staff member or other individual believed or suspected to be experiencing an opioid overdose.[1][2]
2.	Definitions 35 P.S. Sec. 780-113.7	Naloxone - shall mean a medication that can reverse an overdose caused by an opioid drug. As a narcotic antagonist, Naloxone displaces opiates from receptor sites in the brain and reverses respiratory depression that usually is the cause of overdose deaths. Naloxone has no potential for abuse and is a non-narcotic and non-addicting prescription.
		Opioid - shall mean illegal drugs such as heroin, as well as prescription medications used to treat pain such as morphine, codeine, methadone, oxycodone, hydrocodone, fentanyl, hydromorphone, and buprenorphine.
		Drug overdose - shall mean an acute medical condition, including, but not limited to, severe physical illness, coma, mania, hysteria, or death, which is the result of consumption or use of one or more controlled substances causing an adverse reaction. An individual's condition may be deemed to be a drug overdose if a prudent person, possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health, would reasonably believe that the condition is in fact a drug overdose and requires immediate medical attention.[1]
3.	Delegation of Responsibility	The Superintendent or designee, in consultation with the school nurse(s) and the school physician, shall establish appropriate internal procedures for the acquisition, stocking and administration of Naloxone and related emergency response procedures pursuant to this policy. The school physician shall be the prescribing and supervising medical professional for the district's stocking and use of Naloxone. The Superintendent or designee shall obtain a standing order from the school physician for administration of Naloxone. The school nurse shall be responsible for building-level administration of Naloxone and

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	management of Naloxone stocks.
4. Guidelines	The school nurse shall develop a plan for annually informing all parents/guardians, students, and staff about this policy and specifically:
	 The availability of Naloxone to treat opioid drug overdoses and what it does. The symptoms of opioid drug overdoses. How students and staff should report suspected overdoses. The protection from criminal prosecution provided by law for persons who report a suspected overdose using their real name and remain with the overdosing person until emergency medical services (EMS) or law enforcement arrive, as well as for the person whose overdose they report; and [1][2] The protection from civil liability provided by law for persons who report overdoses or administer Naloxone in overdose emergencies.[1][2]
	Standing Order from the School Physician:
	The school physician shall provide and annually renew a standing order for administration of Naloxone to students, staff members or other individuals believed or suspected to be experiencing an opioid overdose. The standing order shall include at least the following information:
	 Type of Naloxone (intranasal and auto-injector). Route of Administration Date of issue. Dosage. Signature of the school physician.
	The standing order shall be maintained in the Superintendent's Office, and copies of the standing order shall be kept in each location where Naloxone is stored.
	Training:
	Before any school district employee may have custody of Naloxone or administer Naloxone under this policy, the employee must successfully complete an online Pennsylvania Department of Health training program about recognizing opioid-related overdoses, administering Naloxone, and promptly seeking medical attention for drug overdoses. Evidence that such training has been completed shall be placed in the employee's personnel file. Training shall be repeated every three years.

A list of school district employees who successfully complete such
training shall be maintained, updated, and kept in the school nurse's
office and the school district administration office.
Acquisition, Storage and Disposal:
Naloxone shall be safely stored in the school nurse's office or other
location designated by the school nurse in accordance with the drug
manufacturer's instructions. Naloxone shall be made readily accessible
to those employees who have completed the required training to
administer it in the event of a suspected drug overdose. All properly
trained employees shall be informed of the exact location where
Naloxone is being stored within the school nurse's office or other location. The school nurse shall obtain sufficient supplies of Naloxone
pursuant to the standing order in the same manner as other medical
supplies acquired for the school health program. The school nurse or
designee shall regularly inventory and refresh Naloxone stocks, and
maintain records thereof, in accordance with the established internal
procedures, manufacturer recommendations and Department of Health
Guidelines.
Administration of Naloxone:
When responding to a suspected drug overdose, properly trained
district employees shall follow the steps outlined below:
1. Call for medical help immediately (Dial 9-1-1).
2. The employee shall assess the individual to determine if
- The person is without a pulse or suffering cardiac arrest.
- The person is not breathing, suffering respiratory arrest, or if
the person's respirations are shallow.
- The person is showing signs of an opioid overdose such as:
Small, constricted pinpoint pupils
Falling asleep/loss of consciousness
 Slow, shallow breathing
Choking or gurgling sounds
Pale, blue, or cold skin
Limp body
Slow heartbeat or low blood pressure
3. Perform initial rescue breathing (or CPR if needed), as instructed in
training.
4. Administer Naloxone, as instructed in training.
5. Continue rescue breathing (or CPR if needed), as instructed in training.
6. Administer second dose of Naloxone if needed, as instructed in

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7. Place in recovery position, as instructed in training.
8. Stay with the individual until emergency medical help arrives.
9. Cooperate with EMS personnel responding to the incident.
10. Notify the building administrator or designee of the incident.
Referral to Law Enforcement and Parental Notification:
The Superintendent or designee shall immediately report incidents involving the use of controlled substances on school property, at any school-sponsored activity or on a conveyance providing transportation to or from a school or school-sponsored activity to the local police department that has jurisdiction over the school's property, in accordance with state law and regulations, the procedures set forth in the memorandum of understanding with local law enforcement and Board policies. [3][4][5][6][7]
The Superintendent or designee shall notify the parent/guardian of any student directly involved in an incident involving use of controlled substances immediately, as soon as practicable.
The Superintendent or designee shall inform the parent/guardian whether the local police department that has jurisdiction over the school property has been or may be notified of the incident.
The Superintendent or designee shall document attempts made to reach the parent/guardian.
Referral to Student Assistance Program:
Any student who experiences a drug overdose shall be referred to the district's Student Assistance Program.
Indemnification:
The school district shall indemnify and hold harmless any employee who administers Naloxone in good faith to another individual experiencing a suspected drug overdose, if all these conditions apply:
 The employee did not act with the intent to harm or with reckless indifference to a substantial risk or harm in administering Naloxone to that individual. The employee successfully completed the training contemplated by
this policy.
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 this policy. 3. The employee promptly sought additional medical assistance before or immediately after administering Naloxone. 4. The employee is administering Naloxone pursuant to this policy.

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Legal:
1. 35 P.S. 780-113.7 2. 35 P.S. 780-113.8 3. 22 PA Code 10.2 4. 22 PA Code 10.21 5. 22 PA Code 10.22 6. 24 P.S. 1302.1-A
7. 24 P.S. 1303-A