Grade: K Unit: 1	Counting and Cardinality, 1 - 5	7 Weeks				
	Progression					
Kindergarten	Students will learn to count and compare numbers wit the year progresses, students will extend the rote coursequence to 100, object counting to 20, and comparison numerals to 10.	nting				
1 st Grade	Students will extend their work by rote counting to 120, using the "counting on" strategy to add, and comparing two-digit numbers.					

STUDENT LEARNING GOALS

Mathematics Standards (Appendices A & B)

<u>K.CC.3</u>: Write numbers from 0 to 20. Represent a number of objects with a written numeral 0-20 (with 0 representing a count of no objects).

<u>K.CC.4</u>: Understand the relationship between numbers and quantities; connect counting to cardinality.

<u>A</u>: When counting objects, say the number names in the standard order, pairing each object with one and only one number name and each number name with one and only one object.

<u>B</u>: Understand that the last number name said tells the number of objects counted. The number of objects is the same regardless of their arrangement or the order in which they were counted.

C: Understand that each successive number name refers to a quantity that is one larger.

<u>K.CC.5</u>: Count to answer "how many?" questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1-20, count out that many objects.

<u>K.CC.6</u>: Identify whether the number of objects in one group is greater than, less than, or equal to the number of objects in another group, *e.g.*, *by using matching and counting strategies*.

K.CC.7: Compare two numbers between 1 and 10 presented as written numerals.

<u>K.OA.3</u>: Decompose numbers less than or equal to 10 into pairs in more than one way, e.g., by using objects or drawings, and record each decomposition by a drawing or equation (e.g., 5 = 2 + 3 and 5 = 4 + 1).

K.OA.5: Fluently add and subtract within 5.

MP1: Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

MP6: Attend to Precision

Interdisciplinary Standards			Key Vocabulary		
Technology Inte (Appendix IS1. Information Stra IS2. Information Use	<i>C)</i> ategies	21 st Century Skills (Appendix D) TCS1. Use of Information TCS5. Problem Solving	Compare Count Number Equal (To) Fewer (Than) Greater (Than) Less (Than) Two Less (Than) More (Than) Same As Five		
Enduring Understandings I can count up to five objects. I can read and write numbers from 0 - 5. I can tell if the number of objects in one groups is more, less, or the same as another group. I can compare two written numbers without objects.			Why do people count? How can I compare numbers?		
	-/ \/>	Assessme			-/ >
Summative Assess Assessments incl	sment(s)/Pei Judina 21 st (rtormance Based Century Learning	Formative and Dia	gnostic Assess	ment(s)
			STAR Math Assessment (Fall) RCC Embedded Tasks and Assessments		
Text	Learning Plan Components Ready Common Core Mathematics Instruction K, 2014, Curriculum Associates, Text ISBN: 978-0-7609-8854-1				
Print	Ready Common Core Mathematics Teacher Resource Book K, 2014, Curriculum Associates, ISBN: 978-0-7609-8656-5				
Electronic	www.teacher-toolbox.com www.stratfordmath.wikispaces.com www.xtramath.org				
Week 1	Un thePraUnDeUn	Understand that the order in which objects are counted does not change the total number of objects			
Lessons		Tasks / Activities	Worksheets	Tec	hnology
RCC Lesson 1: Understand Counting Where do people count? (p.3) Hands-On (p.4, 5, 6, 7) Fluency (p.3, 5) Differentiated (p.8)		*Number of the W		cher-Toolbox (1 tice & Problem Solving et)	

Week 2	Students will: • Identify groups of 1, 2, or 3 • Count out 1, 2, or 3 • Develop instant recognition of groups of 1, 2, and 3 • Recognize and write the numerals 1, 2, and 3				
Lessons		Tasks / Activities	Worksheets	Technology	
RCC Lesson 2: 0 2, and 3		One, Two, and Three (p.10) Hands-On (p.11, 12, 13, 14, 15) Fluency (p. 10, 12) Differentiated (p.15)	*Build the Number with Play-Doh	Teacher-Toolbox (1 Interactive Lesson, 1 Practice & Problem Solving Sheet)	
	Students w				
Week 3	 Count groups of 4 objects Count out 4 objects Recognize and write the numeral 4 				
Lessons		Tasks / Activities	Worksheets	Technology	
RCC Lesson 3: 0		Introducing 4 (p.17) Hands-On (p.18, 19, 20, 21, 22) Fluency (17, 20) Differentiated (p.22)		Teacher-Toolbox (1 Tool for Instruction, 1 Interactive Lessons, 1 Practice & Problem Solving Sheet)	
	Students w				
Week 4		unt groups of 5 objects			
Week 4	 Count out 5 objects Recognize and write the numeral 5 				
Lessons		Tasks / Activities	Worksheets	Technology	
RCC Lesson 4: 0	Count 5	Counting 5 (p.24) Hands-On (p.25, 26, 27, 28, 29) Fluency (24, 27) Differentiated (p.29)	*Back to School Roll and Cover *Count, Color to Show the Number	Teacher-Toolbox (2 Tools for Instruction, 1 Interactive Lessons, 1 Practice & Problem Solving Sheet)	
	Students w				
Week 5			objects (to 5) in one group is r	nore than, less than, or the	
Week 5	 same as the number in another group Compare two numerals between 1 and 5 without objects 				
Lessons		Tasks / Activities	Worksheets	Technology	
RCC Lesson 5: 0 Within 5	Compare	Is It the Same or Is It More? (p.31) Hands-On (p.32, 33, 34, 35, 36) Fluency (p.34) Differentiated (p.36)		Teacher-Toolbox (1 Practice & Problem Solving Sheet)	

Week 6	Students will: • Find number pairs for 3, 4, and 5, using objects and drawings • Understand that "zero" means none • Recognize and write the number 0				
Lessons		Tasks / Activities	Worksheets	Technology	
RCC Lesson 6: Make 3, 4, and 5		Make Groups of 5 in Different Combinations (p.38) Hands-On (p.39, 40, 41, 42, 43) Fluency (p.38, 42) Differentiated (p.43)	*Ways to Make 3, 4 (Greater numbers for later units) *Six Ways to Make 5	Teacher-Toolbox (2 Tools for Instruction, 1 Practice & Problem Solving Sheet)	
Week 7	Students will: • Demonstrate mastery of objectives				
Summative Assessment		Performance Task			