# NORTHERN BURLINGTON COUNTY REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT 2020 Course Map/Pacing Guide

Department	FCS	Course	Consumer Finance

#### Source of Standards

- New Jersey Student Learning <u>Standards 2020</u>
  - o Standard 9
  - English Language Arts (Companion Standards for History, Social Studies, Science and Technical Subjects)
  - College Board
- Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills;
  - All courses Focus on 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills (p. 49)

### Sequence- Unit Titles and Number of weeks per unit (total = 18 semester/ 36 year)

Unit 1: Get a Job- 2 weeks

Unit 2: Employee Compensation Components-Payroll and Deductions - 2 weeks

Unit 3: Personal Banking - 3 weeks

Unit 4: Taxes - 2 weeks

Unit 5: Making Purchases - Credit/Loans - 3 weeks

Unit 6: Insurance - 2 weeks

Unit 7: Supporting a Family - 4 weeks

### **Enduring Understanding** (link to guide)

- Career planning requires purposeful planning based on research, self-knowledge, and informed choices
- Experience and education qualify them for different levels
- Income is received from work in different ways including regular payments, tips, commissions, and benefits of jobs..
- Securing an income involves an understanding of the costs and time in preparing for a career field, interview and negotiation skills, job searches, resume development, prior experience, and vesting and retirement plans
- Earnings statements provide a wealth of knowledge about the wages and deductions of every employee
- Taxes are a necessary part of life
- There are various taxes (federal, state, FICA, etc) which must be paid from one's wages
- Net pay (or take home pay) can be calculated when an employee knows all of their wages and deduction

- Tax forms (returns) must be completed and filed with the state and federal governments every fiscal year
- Various pieces of information (filing status, gross wages, interest earned, etc) are vital in the completion of any tax return
- Understanding income involves an analysis of payroll taxes, deductions and earned benefits.
- Creating and utilizing checking and savings accounts effectively is a necessary tool for life.
- Reconciling of accounts is necessary
- Various loans can be helpful to consumers.
- Interest comes in various forms for all types of accounts
- There are various ways in which loans may be repaid.
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- It is sometimes a wise move to itemize one's deductions
- There are several 1040 federal forms which can be filed dependent upon various personal items
- There are many factors (one's income, sales tax info, etc) that should be considered before making a major purchase
- There are several different types of credit cards available with advantages and disadvantages for each type
- Credit card companies use various methods in determining a client's payment schedule
- Most credit cards have an APR associated with them
- Research and identify secured and unsecured installment loans
- Insurance needs may change during different phases of their lives.
- A person's tolerance for investment risk can change depending on factors such as life circumstances, financial goals, and economic conditions.
- Different types of insurance have different costs and protections.
- A budget may need to be modified as an individual's career, financial goals (e.g., education, home ownership, retirement), and/or other life situations change.
- You need to have a system in place to track your finances.
- When it comes to where you live, you have many choices
- Many factors should be considered when before renting an apartment or buying a home.
- There are many expenses involved with sustaining a family.

## **Essential Questions** (link to guide)

- In considering any job, what factors should be important?
- What are my career goals?
- How do I earn money now?
- What career or job is right for me?
- What kind of education or training will be needed?
- What is the cost of the education and training and how will I pay for it?
- Why do we have taxes?
- What are the various ways in which an employee may get paid and what are the advantages/disadvantages for each?
- What is the difference between gross and net income?
- What are deductions?
- How much do I pay in taxes and why?
- What pieces of information are essential in preparing a tax return?
- Why keep money in a bank?
- How do I know which financial institution and account to keep my money in?
- What kinds of interest exist and how might they be computed?
- What kinds of loans exist and when/how might they be computed?
- How much do I pay in taxes and why?
- What pieces of information are essential in preparing a tax return?
- When would itemizing deductions be useful for select people?
- How can one determine which tax forms must be completed each year?
- How is a credit card different from a debit card?
- What do I need to know before getting a credit or debit card?
- What kinds of factors should one consider when making a financial purchase?
- What kinds of credit are best with various types of income levels?
- What is insurance?
- Do I need insurance, and if so, what type(s) of insurance do I need?
- How do I get insurance?
- Why do we need to keep track of money
- What is a budget?
- Should I rent or buy?
- How does homeownership work?

## Reporting Student Progress (link to pyramid)

All courses follow a balanced assessment system with Practice, Assessments, Evaluations. Each category includes formative, summative and alternative assessments.

#### Accommodations and Modifications (link to menu)

Integrated accommodations and modifications for special education students, English language learners, students at risk of school failure, gifted and talented students, and students with 504 plans

#### Resources (Text and Technology)

- iCEVNGPF
- Internet Access