vocabulary, government, and landforms. Identify all map labels on a U.S. Map. Answer the essential questions.

Geography		
Map Labels	Landforms	
Mississippi River	canyon	
Colorado River	cape	
Arkansas River	glacier	
Columbia River	gulf	
Rio Grande River	island	
Atlantic Ocean	lake	
Pacific Ocean	mountain	
Gulf of Mexico	peninsula	
Regional Boundaries	plain	
Great Lakes	plateau	
	river	
	valley	
_	volcano	

Government	
Federal Government	
State Government	
Local Government	
Tribal Government	
Legislative Branch	
Executive Branch	
Judicial Branch	

Academic Vocabulary	
geographical feature	
political feature	
absolute\ location	
landform	
major river drainage system	
physical feature	

Essential Questions

What is latitude and longitude?

Define/describe each type of landform.

What is the difference between absolute and relative location

Who was Columbus? What was his contribution to the New World?

What is the purpose of Local, State, and Tribal Governments?

What is the structure of the U.S. Government?

By the end of Unit 2: Students should be able to define and describe all of academic vocabulary terms. Identify all map labels on a U.S. Map. Identify each explorer and their contribution. Answer the essential questions.

Geo	ography	Explorers
Map Labels		Henry Hudson
Landmarks	States and Capitals	John Cabot
Mount Vernon	Maine - Augusta	Sir Walter Raleigh
Ellis Island	New Jersey - Trenton	
Independence Hall	Vermont - Montpelier	Natural Resources (students fill in 4-5)
Statue of Liberty	Delaware - Dover	
9/11 Memorial	New Hampshire - Concord	
	Massachusetts - Boston	
Landforms	Rhode Island - Providence	Academic Vocabulary
Great Lakes	Connecticut - Hartford	landmark
Appalachian Mountains	New York - Albany	region
Chesapeake Bay	Pennsylvania - Harrisburg	boundary
		New World
Natural Geographic Features		European Exploration
Niagara Falls		European Settlement
	Essential Questions	\$
How do the natural reso	urces of the Northeast impact	economy and global trade?
Compare and contrast th	ne Northeast's natural resource	es and vegetation with other
regions.		
Compare and contrast th	ne Northeast's spatial distribut	tion with other regions.
What Native American g contributions?	groups lived in the Northeast	and what were their

What was the impact of these expeditions on the development of the Northeast?

By the end of Unit 3: Students should be able to define and describe all of academic vocabulary terms. Identify all map labels on a U.S. Map. Identify each explorer and their contribution. Answer the essential questions.

Geography		
Map Labels		
Landmarks	States and Capitals	
Jefferson Monument	West Virginia - Charleston	
Washington Monument	Virginia - Richmond	
Lincoln Monument	North Carolina - Raleigh	
The White House	South Carolina - Columbia	
U.S. Capitol	Georgia - Atlanta	
U.S. Supreme Court	Florida - Tallahassee	
Monticello	Tennessee - Nashville	
Colonial Williamsburg	Kentucky - Frankfort	
Jamestown Historic Site	Alabama - Montgomery	
Martin Luther King Jr.	Mississippi - Jackson	
(National Hist. Site)	Louisiana - Shreveport	
Natural Geographic		
Features	Arkansas - Little Rock	
Everglades		

Explorers	
Columbus	
De Soto	
Ponce de Leon	

Natural Resources (students fill in 4-5)

Academic Vocabulary		
historical feature		
historical site		
conflict		
African Americans		

Essential Questions

How do the natural resources of the Southeast impact economy and global trade? Compare and contrast the Southeast's natural resources and vegetation with other regions.

Compare and contrast the Southeast's spatial distribution with other regions.

What Native American groups lived in the Southeast and what were their contributions?

What key expeditions occurred in the Southeast?

What was the impact of these expeditions on the development of the Southeast?

By the end of Unit 4: Students should be able to define and describe all of academic vocabulary terms. Identify all map labels on a U.S. Map. Identify each explorer and their contribution. Answer the essential questions.

Exploi	Geography Map Labels	
Marqu		
Jolie	States and Capitals	Landmarks
Sieur de L	Kansas - Topeka	Mount Rushmore
	Nebraska - Lincoln	Gateway Arch
Natural Resour		(Jefferson National
fill in 4	South Dakota - Pierre	Expansion)
	North Dakota - Bismark	
	Minnesota - St. Paul	Landforms
	Iowa - Des Moines	Cascade Mountains
Academic Vo	Missouri - Jefferson City	
		Natural Geographic
indust	Wisconsin - Madison	Features
manufact	Illonois - Springfield	Badlands
transpor	Indiana - Indianapolis	
communi	Michigan - Lansing	
ecomonic	Ohio - Columbus	
major c		

Explorers	
Marquette	
Joliet	
Sieur de La Salle	

rces (students 4-5)

Academic Vocabulary		
industry		
manufacturing		
transporation		
communication		
ecomonic feature		
major cities		

Essential Questions

How do the natural resources of the Midwest impact economy and global trade?

Compare and contrast the Midwest's natural resources and vegetation with other regions.

Compare and contrast the Midwest's spatial distrubution with other regions.

What Native American groups lived in the Midwest and what were their contributions?

What key expeditions occurred in the Midwest?

What was the impact of these expeditions on the development of the Midwest?

By the end of Unit 5: Students should be able to define and describe all of academic vocabulary terms. Identify all map labels on a U.S. Map. Identify each explorer and their contribution. Answer the essential questions.

Ge	ography	Explorers
Ma	p Labels	Coronado
Landmarks	States and Capitals	
Oklahoma City	Oklahoma - Oklahoma City	
National Memorial	Texas - Austin	
	New Mexico- Santa Fe	fill in 4-5)
Natural Geographic Features	Arizona - Pheonix	
Petrified Forest		
Painted Desert		
		Academic Vocabulary
		Spanish-speaking groups
		irrigation
		territory
		cooperation
		cultural exchanges

Essential Questions

How do the natural resources of the Southwest impact economy and global trade?

Compare and contrast the Southwest's natural resources and vegetation with other regions.

Compare and contrast the Southwest's spatial distrubution with other regions.

What Native American groups lived in the Southwest and what were their contributions?

What key expeditions occurred in the Southwest?

What was the impact of these expeditions on the development of the Southwest?

By the end of Unit 6: Students should be able to define and describe all of academic vocabulary terms. Identify all map labels on a U.S. Map. Identify each explorer and their contribution. Answer the essential questions.

Geo	ography	Explorers
Maj	o Labels	Sir Francis Drake
Landmarks	Landforms	
	Continential Divide, Rock	
Little Big Horn	Mnts.	
Golden Gate Bridge	Sierra Nevada Mnts., Brooks Mnts.	
Pearl Harbor National		Natural Resources (students
Park	States and Capitals	fill in 4–5)
Natural Geographic		
Features	Colorado - Denver	
Death Valley	Utah - Salt Lake City	
Great Salt Lake	Nevade - Carson City	
Mojave Desert	Califonia - Sacramento	Academic Vocabulary
Yellowstone National		
Park	Oregon - Salem	spatial distribution
Grand Teton National		
Park	Washington - Olympia	cultural feature
Yosemite National		
Park	Idaho - Boise	American culture
Hawaii Volcanoes National		
Park	Montana - Helena	global trade
Redwood Forest	Wyoming - Cheyenne	
Great Basin	Hawaii - Honolulu	
Grand Canyon	Alaska - Juneau	

Essential Questions

How do the natural resources of the West impact economy and global trade?

Compare and contrast the West's natural resources and vegetation with other regions.

Compare and contrast the West's spatial distrubution with other regions.

What Native American groups lived in the West and what were their contributions?

What key expeditions occurred in the West?

What was the impact of these expeditions on the development of the West?