WILEY SCHOOL

DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT

WILEY, COLORADO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

# DIXON, WALLER & CO., INC.

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#### WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT ROSTER OF SCHOOL OFFICIALS June 30, 2021

#### **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Josh Weimer President

Chad Krentz Vice President

Brad Lubbers Secretary

Neil Mauch Treasurer

George Pendleton BOCES

Representative

SCHOOL OFFICIALS

Jeff Bollinger Superintendent

## FINANCIAL SECTION

164 E. MAIN TRINIDAD, COLORADO 81082 (719) 846-9241 FAX (719) 846-3352

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Wiley School District Number RE-13JT Wiley, Colorado 81092

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and other post employment benefits trend data on pages i through viii and 42 through 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, other schedules, and state required schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, other schedules, and state required schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, other schedules, and state required schedules, are fairly stated, in all material respect, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Trinidad, Colorado November 29, 2021

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### Management's Discussion And Analysis

This section of the Wiley School District RE-13JT's annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ending on June 30, 2021. Please read it in context and conjunction with the information presented that is furnished in the financial statements audited by Dixon, Waller and Company, Inc., Certified Public Accountants.

The School District has adopted a financial reporting model as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The GASB requires certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year to be presented in the MD&A. The District adopted GASB 68 in 2015 which requires the recognition of their portion of the Net Pension Liability of PERA. The District adopted GASB 75 in 2018 which requires the recognition of their portion of the net other post- employment benefit (OPEB) liability. Under GASB 75 the District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability of the Colorado state retirement system Health Care Trust Fund administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association, is recorded as a liability of the District.

The financial statements reflect the status of the **governmental funds** that include the General Fund (10) which accounts for all financial resources except for those legally required to be accounted for separately; Risk Management Fund (18) accounts for all financial resources held legally restricted for specific insurance purposes; Colorado Pre-School Fund (19) accounts for all financial resources related to preschool students identified by the Colorado Preschool program; Food Service Fund (21) accounts for all financial resources related to food service operations; Grant Fund (22) accounts for all financial resources tied to specific grant funding; Athletic and Pupil Activity Fund (23) accounts for sports activities and various special group, class, or club activities; and Capital Reserve Capital Project Fund (43) accounts for capital expenditures financed through grants and transfers.

#### **Financial Highlights:**

- ➤ The liabilities and deferred inflows of Wiley School District RE-13JT exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of June 30, 2021 by \$754,800 (total net position) as reported in the government-wide financial statements. The District's total net position is directly impacted by the adoption of GASB 68 and the Net Pension Liability of PERA totaling \$4,029,413 and GASB 75 and the Net OPEB Liability totaling \$146,439.
- ➤ The District's government-wide total net position increased by \$1,382,289 from the prior fiscal year. This is largely due to the changes made by PERA for fiscal year 2021 in the recognition of net pension liability and net OPEB liability. The net pension liability increased from \$3,501,487 in fiscal year 2020 to \$4,029,413 in fiscal year 2021. The net OPEB liability decreased from \$172,140 in fiscal year 2020 to \$146,439 in fiscal year 2021.
- Expenses from governmental activities were offset by program specific charges, and grants and contributions of \$976,961. General revenues from property taxes and specific ownership taxes were \$381,676 and state equalization amounted to \$2,427,943.
- ➤ The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$3,206,122 at the close of the June 30, 2021 budget year. The total of all governmental funds fund balances was \$3,811,999 at the fiscal year end. The \$179,604 decrease in the General Fund fund balance and the \$111,703 increase in the total of all governmental funds fund balance was a direct result of revenues exceeding expenditures. The District strives to follow a balanced budget which both meets the needs of the students and provides a sound and stable foundation for the District.

#### **Government-wide Statements**

The financial statements are designated to supply the reader an overview of the District's financial activities similar to those statements used in the private sector. The government-wide statements relate to those activities directly related to the education of the students. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities.

The two government-wide statements report the District's assets and liabilities and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets, liabilities and deferred flows are one indicator of the districts financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position measures whether the financial health is improving or deteriorating. Readers need to take into account additional non-financial factors in rating the district overall such as changes in the District's tax base, student enrollment and overall condition of the facilities. As stated previously, the District's net position was significantly impacted by the adoption of GASB 68 and the inclusion of the Net Pension Liability of PERA and GASB 75 and the inclusion of the Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan on the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the Governmental activities. The District's basic services are included within, such as instruction, support, general administration, food service, and capital outlay. The statements also indicate that funding for these services come primarily from state equalization, property tax and grant sources.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements are designed to display compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of accounts designed to keep control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Wiley School District, like other governments, uses fund accounting to guarantee and prove compliance. Beginning with the 2015 fiscal year, the Food Service Fund was changed from a proprietary (enterprise) fund to a special revenue fund, therefore; all District funds now fall under the governmental funds category.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements emphasize short-term financial resources and fund balances (resources available to spend at

the end of the fiscal year). Such information is used to evaluate the District's short-term financing requirements. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. Comparison of the governmental funds with the government-wide funds may allow the reader to better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financial decisions.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Required Supplementary Information

The district adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of the individual governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund is included in the required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget. The remaining governmental funds budgetary comparisons are reported as other supplemental information and can be found after the notes section of the report.

#### Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2020-2021	Total	Governmental Activities 2019-2020	Total
Assets	2020-2021	Total	2019-2020	TOtal
Current and other	4,110,099	4,110,099	4,303,006	4,303,006
Capital assets	1,666,307	1,666,307	1,477,956	1,477,956
Total Assets	5,776,406	5,776,406	5,780,962	5,780,962
Deferred Outflow Becomes			, ,	-,,
Deferred Outflow Resources Deferred Pension Cost	4 207 545	4 007 545	204 700	004 500
	1,287,545	1,287,545	821,768	821,768
Total Deferred Outflow Resources	1,287,545	1,287,545	821,768	821,768
Liabilities				
Current	275,267	275,267	586,251	586,251
Long term	37,950	37,950	36,144	36,144
Net Pension Liability	4,029,413	4,029,413	3,501,487	3,501,487
Net OPEB Liability	146,439	146,439	172,140	172,140
Total Liabilities	4,489,069	4,489,069	4,296,022	4,296,022
Deferred Inflow of Resources				
Deferred Pension	1,820,082	1,820,082	2,934,197	2,934,197
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		1,820,082	2,934,197	2,934,197
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,1-1,1-1	_,001,101	2,001,101
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets				
net of related debt	1,666,307	1,666,307	1,477,956	1,477,956
Restricted TABOR Reserve	99,000	99,000	100,000	100,000
Preschool	1,476	1,476	30,890	<b>19</b>
Restricted for Multi-Year Contracts	18	5 <b>5</b> 0	*	<b>30</b>
Food Service	91,465	91,465	4,981	4,981
Unrestricted	(1,103,448)	(1,103,448)	(2,241,316)	(2,241,316)
Total Net Assets	754,800	754,800	(627,489)	(627,489)

#### Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Wiley School District, current assets exceeded current liabilities by \$3,834,834 at the close of business June 30, 2021. However, inclusion of the Net Pension Liability for PERA and the OPEB Plan has negatively affected the District's financial position. A better indicator of financial health for the 2021 fiscal year may be the total change in net position.

#### Changes in Net Position Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021

Davis	Govern- mental	Total 2020-2021	Govern- mental	Total 2019-2020	Change Increase (Decrease)
Revenues	335,344	335,344	222 016	222.016	2 220
Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes	46,332	46,332	333,016 49,366	333,016 49,366	2,328 (3,034)
Equalization	2,427,943	2,427,943	2,455,478	2,455,478	(27,535)
Charges for Services	56,687	56,687	69,761	69,761	(13,074)
Grants & Contributions	920,274	920,274	615,557	615,557	304,717
Earnings on Investments	7,361	7,361	19,528	19,528	(12,167)
Other Revenues	14,499	14,499	41,989	41,989	(27,490)
Transfers	14,400	14,400	71,505	41,505	(27,490)
Total Revenues	3,808,440	3,808,440	3,584,695	3,584,695	223,745
				, ,	,
Expenses					
Instructional Services	2,129,714	2,129,714	2,010,742	2,010,742	118,972
Support Services:					
Students	135,288	135,288	142,425	142,425	(7,137)
Instructional Staff	103,841	103,841	72,667	72,667	31,174
District Administration	155,456	155,456	154,773	154,773	683
School Administration	145,622	145,622	87,307	87,307	58,315
<b>Business Services</b>	101,100	101,100	120,065	120,065	(18,965)
Operations & Maint	279,126	279,126	255,830	255,830	23,296
Transportation	103,067	103,067	94,669	94,669	8,398
Central	151,037	151,037	120,645	120,645	30,392
Food Service	150,897	150,897	122,459	122,459	28,438
Debt Service:					
Interest, Amortization					
Capital Outlay	48,670	48,670	5,320	5,320	43,350
OPEB Cost	(1,065,109)	(1,065,109)	(686,874)	(686,874)	(378, 235)
Amortization of Pension Cost	(12,558)	(12,558)	(4,757)	(4,757)	(7,801)
Total Expenses	2,426,151	2,426,151	2,495,271	2,495,271	(69,120)
	72				
Increase (Decrease)					
in Net Position	1,382,289	1,382,289	1,089,424	1,089,424	292,865

The following table reflects the District's major operating functions:

#### **Governmental Activities**

	<b>Total Cost</b>	Total Cost	Net	Net
	of Services	of Services	Costs	Costs
	2020-2021	2019-2020	2020-2021	2019-2020
Instructional Services	2,129,714	2,010,742	1,528,427	1,598,287
Supporting Services:				
Students	135,288	142,425	59,764	37,235
Instructional Staff	103,841	72,667	72,695	72,667
General Administration	155,456	154,773	155,456	154,773
School Administration	145,622	87,307	145,622	87,307
Business Services	101,100	120,065	101,100	120,065
Operations & Maint.	279,126	255,830	249,690	199,441
Transportation	103,067	94,669	92,385	80,380
Central Support	151,037	120,645	151,037	120,645
Food Service	150,897	122,459	(77,989)	25,464
Capital Outlay	48,670	5,320	48,670	5,320
OPEB Cost	-			
Amortization of Pension Cost	(2 <b>5</b> )		35	
Total	3,503,818	3,186,902	2,526,857	2,501,584

#### Next Year's Budget

The budget for the 2021-2022 school year will be impacted by increased health insurance premiums, a stagnant local economy, increased employer PERA contributions, continued reductions in state and federal funding, and the challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Administration is confident that the budget development process and the adoption of the budget amendment in January is a good reflection of the District's anticipated revenues and expenditures.

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The District's investments in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2021 amount to \$1,666,307. This total is comprised of capital assets in the amount of \$6,233,397 less accumulated depreciation of \$4,567,090. Wiley School District assets are made up of the following:

➤ Buildings and Improvements

> Transportation Equipment

> Sites and Improvements

> Equipment

#### Request for Information

This financial report is designed to demonstrate accountability and provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors a general overview of the District's finances. Questions or comments concerning this report may be sent to Mr. Jeff Bollinger, Superintendent of Schools, P.O. Box 247, Wiley, CO 81092 or Telephone 719-829-4806.

#### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

3	GovernmentalActivities	Total
ASSETS		
Cash	3,667,136	3,667,136
Investments	347,000	347,000
Accounts Receivable	18,703	18,703
Accrued Revenue	26,903	26,903
Property Taxes Receivable	42,000	42,000
Inventories	8,357	8,357
Prepaid Assets	(m)	-
Capital Assets	6,233,397	6,233,397
Accumulated Depreciation	(4,567,090)	(4,567,090)
<u>Total Assets</u>	<u>5,776,406</u>	5,776,406
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Pension	1,276,569	1,276,569
Other Post Employment Benefits	10,976	10,976
Total Deferred Outflows	1,287,545	1,287,545
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	27,282	27,282
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	235,512	235,512
Grant Amounts Received in Advance	11,824	11,824
Other Liabilities	649	649
Compensated Absences	37,950	37,950
Net Pension Liability	4,029,413	4,029,413
Net OPEB Liability	_146,439	146,439
Total Liabilities	4,489,069	4,489,069
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Pension	1,768,817	1,768,817
Other Post Employment Benefits	51,265	51,265
Total Deferred Inflows	1,820,082	1,820,082
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,666,307	1,666,307
Restricted for:		
TABOR Reserve	99,000	99,000
Preschool	1,476	1,476
Food Service	91,465	91,465
Unrestricted	(1,103,448)	(1,103,448)
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>754,800</u>	754,800

# WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

ld Changes t			ř.																
Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government		Governmental	Activities	(1,528,427)		(59,764)	(72,695)	(155,456)	(145,622)	(101,100)		(249,690)	(92,385)	(151,037)	42,089	(48,670)	(2,526,857)	(2,526,857)	335,344 46,332 2,427,943 7,361 1,077,667 14,499 3,909,146 1,382,289 (627,489) 754,800
	Capital Grants	and	Contributions	i		i.	Ē	ř	¥	¥		5000	r:	r	£	161	1		neral Purposes Liabilities
Program Revenues	Operating	Grants &	Contributions	560,988		75,524	31,146	at.	*	31		29,436	10,682	ж	212,498	3	920,274	920,274	General Revenues Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes Specific Ownership Taxes Equalization Earnings on Investments Changes to Pension and OPEB Liabilities Other Revenues Other Revenues Change in Net Position
ш		Charges for	Services	40,299		•		Ű		ř			No.	ji)	16,388	•	26,687	26,687	General Revenues Property Taxes L Specific Ownersl Equalization Earnings on Inve Changes to Pensi Other Revenues Total General Revenues Change in Net Position Net Position, Beginning Net Position, Ending
			Expenses	2,129,714		135,288	103,841	155,456	145,622	101,100		279,126	103,067	151,037	150,897	48,670	3,503,818	3,503,818	
			FUNCTIONS	Instructional Services	Supporting Services:	Students	Instructional Staff	District Administration	School Administration	Business	Operation & Maintenance	of Facilities	Transportation	Central	Food Service	Capital Outlay	Total Governmental Activities	Total School District	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2021

A CONTROL	General	Designated Purpose Grants	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	2 111 100		556 007	2 667 126
Cash	3,111,109	-	556,027	3,667,136 347,000
Investments	347,000	-	6 110	
Accounts Receivable	12,263	26.002	6,440	18,703
Accrued Revenue	10.016	26,903	41 240	26,903
Due From Other Funds	19,016	-	41,249	60,265
Property Taxes Receivable	42,000	-	30	42,000
Prepaid Insurance	: <del>-</del> :	-	0.257	0 257
Inventories	2 521 200	26,002	8,357	8,357
Total Assets	3,531,388	<u>26,903</u>	<u>612,073</u>	4,170,364
<u>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</u> LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable	24,747	1,965	570	27,282
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	219,598	8,929	6,985	235,512
Due To Other Funds	41,249	12,004	7,012	60,265
Other Liabilities	500	-	149	649
Grant Amounts Received in Advance	7,819	4,005		11,824
Total Liabilities	293,913	<u>26,903</u>	_14,716	335,532
DEEDDED DIELOW OF DECOLIDER				
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	22,833		_	22,833
Property Tax				
FUND BALANCES:				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaids	(#S	¥	(#)	=
Inventories	<b>:</b>	=	8,357	8,357
Restricted:				
Emergency Reserve	99,000		-	99,000
Preschool	1,476	5%	<del>47</del> 0	1,476
Food Service	=	걸	97,905	97,905
Committed:		14		
Insurance	7,043	=	ā	7,043
Capital Outlay	-	2	413,106	413,106
Assigned:				
Student Activities		<u> </u>	77,989	77,989
Unassigned	3,107,123	<u> </u>	:-	3,107,123
Total Fund Balances	3,214,642		597,357	3,811,999
DODAY A A PRINCIPAL PRINCI				
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	2 521 200	06.002	612.072	4 170 264
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	3,531,388	<u>26,903</u>	612,073	4,170,364

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	3,811,999
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$6,233,397 and the accumulated depreciation is \$4,567,090.	1,666,307
Property tax revenue is recognized when earned (claim to resources established) rather than when "available." All of the deferred property tax revenue is not available.	22,833
Long-term liabilities, including certificates of participation, general obligation bonds and capital leases are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in funds.	2 <del>9</del> 2
Compensated absences are not reported as a liability in the funds.	(37,950)
Net pension and other post employment benefits liabilities, along with associated deferred flows, are not recorded at the fund level:	
Net Pension Liability Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows	(4,029,413) (146,439) 1,287,545 (1,820,082)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	<u>754,800</u>

# WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES	General	Designated Purpose Grants	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	328,970			328,970
Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes	46,332		-	46,332
Earnings on Investments	7,315	<b></b>	46	7,361
Other Local Sources	60,137	1227	99,891	160,028
State Aid	2,713,214	23,828	832	2,737,874
Federal Aid	29,436	280,399	211,666	521,501
Total Revenues	3,185,404	304,227	312,435	3,802,066
Total Revenues	5,165,404	JOT gharden I	312,433	5,002,000
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Instructional Services	1,774,415	273,081	45,074	2,092,570
Supporting Services:				
Students	56,239	-	79,049	135,288
Instructional Staff	72,695	31,146	-	103,841
District Administration	155,456	2	-	155,456
School Administration	143,446	-	-	143,446
Business	101,100	H	-	101,100
Operation & Maintenance of Facilities	274,767	-	-	274,767
Transportation	90,853	=	-	90,853
Food Service	**	=	142,894	142,894
Central	151,037	-	( <del>-</del> )	151,037
Debt Service:				
Principal	-	=	~	7 <u>4</u> 7
Interest	· ·	-	*	(#)
Capital Outlay	-		<u>299,111</u>	<u>299,111</u>
<u>Total Expenditures</u>	2,820,008	304,227	566,128	3,690,363
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	365,396		(253,693)	_111,703
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers	(545,000)	<del>-</del>	545,000	#:
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(545,000)		545,000	-
\$ 100 miles	2.5		t	SS
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(179,604)	12	291,307	111,703
FUND BALANCE - Beginning	3,394,246	100	306,050	3,700,296
FUND BALANCES - Ending	3,214,642	: ( <del>-</del>	<u>597,357</u>	3,811,999

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:										
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds										
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more the \$5,000 are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated used lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.										
ourrent po	Capital Outlays More To Depreciation Expense	han \$5,000	325,040 ( <u>136,689</u> )	188,351						
at year en	Property tax revenues are not recognized for amounts levied and due but not "available" at year end and are reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities.									
Compens	ated absences change in the period based on amoun	its earned or pai	d:							
	Net Change in Compens	sated Absences		(1,806)						
The increase in net pension and other post employment benefits liabilities, along with the changes and amortizations of deferred flows associated with those liabilities, are not recorded at the fund level:										
	Pension Cost/Change Other Post Employment	Benefits Cost	1,065,109 12,558	1,077,667						

1,382,289

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT (the District) conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

The District operates under an elected Board of Education with five members.

The District is the lowest level of government, which is considered to be financially accountable over all activities related to public school education in Wiley School District Number RE-13JT. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. The Board of Education members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

#### A. Reporting Entity

Governmental Accounting Standards board (GASB) Statement No. 14 (as amended by Statements No. 34, No. 39 and No. 61), "The Financial Reporting Entity" (GASB No. 14) describes the financial reporting entity as it relates to governmental accounting. According to this Statement, the financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and c) other organizations whose exclusion from the reporting entity's financial statements would cause those statements to be misleading or incomplete. Any organizations that can be described by these last two items are included with the primary government in the financial statements as component units.

This District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in GASB No. 14 and does not include any other component unit as part of its "reporting entity". As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the USA, these basic financial statements present the District (the primary government) and its component units.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds (General Fund and Designated Purpose Grant Fund) and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the District's governmental and business-type activities. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, operating statements present increases and decreases in net current assets and unreserved fund balance as a measure of available spendable resources. This means that only current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Amounts reported as program revenues included 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

All governmental fund types use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues are considered to be available if collected within 60 days after year-end.

Property and automotive ownership taxes are reported as receivables and deferred inflows when levied and as revenues when due for collection in the following year and determined to be available.

Grants and entitlement revenues are recognized when compliance with matching requirements is met. A receivable is established when the related expenditures exceed revenue receipts.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred with the exception of general obligation and capital lease debt service which is recognized when due and certain accrued sick and personal pay which are accounted for as expenditures when expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Proprietary fund types are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The measurement focus in these funds is on the flow of economic resources and emphasizes the determination of net income. All assets and all liabilities associated with their activity are included on their statements of net position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### D. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred flows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The major funds presented in the accompanying basic financial statements are as follows:

#### Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – the general operating fund of the District; used to account for all resources that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

Designated Purpose Grants – Special Revenue Fund – used to account for restricted state and federal grants including, but not limited to, Every Student Succeeds Act programs which must be expended as designated by the grantor agency.

#### E. Cash and Investments

Cash represents amounts on deposit with financial institutions or held by the District. The District is allowed to invest in the following types of investments: short-term certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, money market deposit accounts, mutual funds, government pools, and U.S. Treasury Obligations. The District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

#### F. Receivables

Property taxes levied in 2020 but uncollected in 2021 are identified as property taxes receivable. Amounts of property taxes that are not available at June 30, 2021 are recorded as deferred revenue. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time reimbursable project costs are incurred.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### G. Inventories

Materials and supplies inventories are stated at cost. Inventories recorded in the Food Services Fund consist of purchased and donated commodities. Purchased inventories are stated at cost. Donated inventories, received at no cost under a program supported by the Federal Government, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of receipt.

The cost of all inventories is recorded as an asset when the individual inventory items are purchased, and as an expenditure or expense when consumed.

#### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, vehicles and equipment, are utilized for general District operations and are capitalized at actual or estimated cost. Donations of such assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the time of donation. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor renovations are recorded as expenditures when incurred. Major additions and improvements are capitalized. When assets used in the operation of the governmental fund types are sold, the proceeds of the sale are recorded as revenues in the appropriate fund. The District does not capitalize interest on the construction of capital assets in governmental funds. However, the District does capitalize interest on the construction of capital assets in business-type activities.

The monetary threshold for capitalization of assets is \$5,000. The District's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the fixed assets (8-50 years). Depreciation of all capital assets is charged as an expense against their operations. Depreciation is recorded in the year of acquisition.

#### Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and governmental balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### J. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable government activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. The District records long-term debt of governmental funds at the face value.

#### K. Constitutional Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters approved Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations, which apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. It requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, extension of an expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any entity.

In November of 1996 the registered voters approved a ballot resolution authorizing Wiley School District Number RE-13JT to collect, retain and expend all revenues collected during 1995 and any subsequent year from any source provided that no property tax mill levy be increased or any new tax imposed without the consent of the voters.

Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple-fiscal year debt or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future years. TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be three percent or more of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). As of June 30, 2021 the District reserved \$99,000 for this purpose.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior fiscal year's spending adjusted for inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual increases in funded student enrollment. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures and reserve increases with certain exceptions.

#### L. Property Taxes

Under Colorado law, all property taxes are due and payable in the year following the year levied. The 2020 property tax calendar for Prowers and Bent Counties was as follows:

Levy Date

Lien Date

January 1, 2021

Tax Bills Mailed

January 1, 2021

First Installment Due

February 28, 2021

Second Installment Due

June 15, 2021

If Paid in Full, Due

April 30, 2021

Tax Sale – 2019 Delinquent Property Taxes

December 15, 2020

January 1, 2021

February 28, 2021

April 30, 2021

October 25, 2020

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### N. <u>Interest Expense</u>

All interest expense has been reported as unallocated in the Government-wide financial statements.

#### O. GASB Statement No. 54

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below.

- 1. Nonspendable such as fund balances associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- 2. Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School District Board of Directors (the District's highest level of decision-making authority).
- 4. Assigned fund balance classification is intended to be used by the government for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

#### Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

#### Committed Fund Balance Policy:

The District's Committed Fund Balance is fund balance reporting required by the School Board, either because of a School Board Policy in the School Board Policy Manual, or because of motions that passed at School Board meetings.

#### Assigned Fund Balance Policy:

The District's Assigned Fund Balance is fund balance reporting occurring by School Board Administration authority, under the direction of the Chief Business Officer.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### O. GASB Statement No. 54 (Continued)

#### Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries.

First, non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then unrestricted fund balances are determined following the order of committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Fund Balance Classification by Fund:

	General Fund	Capital Reserve Capital Project Fund	Food Service Fund	Student Activity Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	-	_ <sup>35</sup>	14,797	*	14,797
Prepaids	-	-	-	-	<b>*</b> 0
Restricted:					
Emergencies	99,000	3 <b>5</b> 3	-	-	99,000
Preschool	1,776		<b>2</b> 0	-	1,776
Food Service	-	-	91,465	E	91,465
Committed:					
Insurance	7,043	(**)		œ	7,043
Capital Outlay		413,106	ŝ	V=	413,106
Assigned:					
Student Activities	=	=	2	77,989	77,989
Unassigned	3,106,823			1/10	3,106,823
Total Fund Balances	3,214,642	<u>413,106</u>	106,262	<u>77,989</u>	3,811,999

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balances* – *total governmental funds* and *net position* – *governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Additionally, the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net change in fund balances* – *total government funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

These reconciliations detail items that require adjustment to convert from the current resources measurement and modified accrual basis for governmental fund statements to the economic resources measurement and full accrual basis used for government-wide statements. However, certain items having no effect on measurement and basis were eliminated from the government fund statements during the consolidation of governmental activities.

Items Eliminated	Tranfers To Other Funds	Transfers From Other Funds
General Fund Student Activity - Special Revenue Fund Food Service Fund Capital Reserve – Capital Project Fund	545,000	35,000 10,000 500,000
	<u>545,000</u>	<u>545,000</u>
	Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds
General Fund Food Service Fund Designated Purpose Grants Fund Student Activity Fund	19,016 41,249 -	41,249 - 12,004 
	60,265	60,265

#### NOTE 3 BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Revenues and expenditures are controlled by budgetary accounting systems in accordance with various legal requirements. The budgeted revenues and expenditures represent the original adopted budget as subsequently adjusted by the Board of Education in accordance with Colorado School Laws. Budgets are generally prepared on the same basis as that used for accounting purposes.

#### NOTE 3 BUDGETARY INFORMATION (Continued)

The District has set procedures to be followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 1, the Business Manager submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public notices are released to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. The Business Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between categories within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration should be employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds.
- 6. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

All appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Authorization to transfer budgeted amounts between programs and/or departments within any fund and the reallocation of budget line items within any program and/or department rests with the Superintendent of Schools and may be delegated to an appropriate level of management. Revisions and/or supplemental appropriations that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.

Budgetary amounts reported in the accompanying basic financial statements are as originally adopted and amended by the Superintendent and/or the Board of Education throughout the year.

#### NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA), requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories, eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

#### NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the District's bank balance and corresponding carrying balance were as follows:

	Carrying <u>Balance</u>	Bank Balance
Insured (FDIC)	250,000	250,000
Uninsured, Collateralized under the		
Public Deposit Protection Act		
of the State of Colorado	3,403,847	3,428,429
Cash with County Treasurer	13,289	
Total Cash and Deposits	3,667,136	3,678,429

As presented above, deposits with a bank balance of \$3,428,429 and a carrying balance of \$3,403,847 as of June 30, 2021 are uninsured, are exposed to custodial risk, and are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

#### Investments

At June 30, 2021, the District had the following investments:

	<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	Value
CSafe	External Investment	Under 60 Days	347,000

Interest Rate Risk – The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities for managing possible fair value losses due to increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – State Law limits the type of investments allowable. The investment in CSafe were rated AAAm by S & P Global Ratings.

Concentration of Credit Risk – the District has no policy restricting the amount that can be invested in any issuer.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has no recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

• CSafe Investment Pool – Investments in this pool are reported at \$1 net asset value per share and are not subject to fair value measurement. The investment is reported at cost.

#### NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	A
Governmental	Activities

Governmental Activities	Balance				Balance
	July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	June 30, 2021
Non-Depreciable Assets:	July 1, 2020	ridditions	Deletions	ridjastificitis	00110 001 2022
Land	35,936		_	-	35,936
Construction in Progress	33,730	224,702	2		224,702
Total Non-Depreciable		221,702			
	35,936	224,702	_	_	260,638
Assets	33,730	224,102	:		200,030
Depreciable Assets:	4 462 700	22.200			4 406 002
Buildings	4,463,702	33,200	-	-	4,496,902
Site Improvements	603,976	5,719	=	-	609,695
Vehicles	583,601	26,250	22	-	609,851
Equipment	137,729	35,169	=	-	172,898
Food Service	83,413	-		-	83,413
Total Depreciable Assets	5,872,421	100,338	<u> </u>		5,972,759
Less Accumulated					
Depreciation for:					
Buildings	3,329,732	79,760	<del>-</del>	=	3,409,492
Site Improvements	413,883	23,940	(* ÷	-	437,823
Vehicles	527,941	12,214	<u>~</u>	124	540,155
Equipment	83,435	12,772	=	2.55	96,207
Food Service	75,410	8,003			83,413
Total Accumulated					
Depreciation	4,430,401	136,689			4,567,090
Total Capital Assets, Net	1,477,956	188,351			1,666,307

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

#### Governmental Activities:

Instruction	109,937
School Administration	2,176
Operations and Maintenance	4,359
Transportation	12,214
Food Service	8,003
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	136,689

#### NOTE 6 ACCRUED SALARIES AND BENEFITS

Salaries and retirement benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelvemonth period from September to August, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid, and June 30, 2021, are estimated to be \$235,512. Accordingly, the accrued compensation is reflected as a liability in the accompanying financial statements of the various funds.

#### NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Pensions. Wiley School District Number RE-13JT participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: Concerning Modifications to the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years. The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. SB 18-200 makes changes to certain benefit provisions. Most of these changes were in effect as of June 30, 2021.

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2020. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

#### NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2020, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S., once certain criteria are met. Pursuant to SB 18-200, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive an annual increase of 1.25 percent unless adjusted by the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-51-413. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lessor of an annual increase of 1.25 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned annual increase by up to 0.25 percent based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2021: Eligible employees of, Wiley School District Number RE-13JT and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 10.00 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below.

#### NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

	July 1, 2020
	Through
	June 30, 2021
Employer contribution rate	10.90%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as	
specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02)%
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF	9.88%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S.	
§ 24-51-411	5.50%
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF	19.88%

<sup>\*\*</sup>Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million (actual dollars) each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. House Bill (HB) 20-1379 suspended the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution payable on July 1, 2020 for the State's 2020-21 fiscal year.

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from Wiley School District Number RE-13JT were \$296,737 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2020. The Wiley School District Number RE-13JT proportion of the net pension liability was based on Wiley School District Number RE-13JT contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2020 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

Due to the aforementioned suspension of the July 1, 2020, direct distribution payment, the nonemployer contributing entity's proportion is zero percent. Pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the direct distribution payment from the State of Colorado is to recommence annually starting on July 1, 2021. For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation.

#### NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT reported a liability of \$4,029,413 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The amount recognized by the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Wiley School District Number RE-13JT were as follows:

Wiley School District Number RE-13JT proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,029,413
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing	
entity associated with the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT	<u>.</u>
Total	\$ 4,029,413

At December 31, 2020, the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT proportion was 0.0267 percent, which was an increase of 0.0003 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT recognized pension income of \$1,065,109. At June 30, 2021, the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	221,396	3
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	387,617	(677,310)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		(886,965)
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	514,979	(204,542)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	152,577	N/A
Total	1,276,569	(1,768,817)

\$152,577 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30, 2021	
2022	(685,422)
2023	255,358
2024	(74,837)
2025	(139,924)
2026	-
Thereafter	(4)

#### NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40%
Real wage growth	1.10%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50% - 9.70 %
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07	
and DPS benefit structure (compounded annually)	1.25%
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06*	Financed by the AIR

<sup>\*</sup>Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available, therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females**: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

The mortality assumption for disabled retirees was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by PERA's Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020, and were effective as of December 31, 2020. The assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total pension liability from December 31, 2019, to December 31, 2020.

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30 %
Real wage growth	0.70 %
Wage inflation	3.00 %
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.40 % - 11.00 %
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 %
Discount rate	7.25 %
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07	
and DPS benefit structure (compounded annually)	1.25 %
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06*	Financed by the AIR

<sup>\*</sup>Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available, therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

Salary scale assumptions were revised to align with revised economic assumptions and to more closely reflect actual experience.

Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy; Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

#### NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a benefit-weighted basis.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020. As a result of the November 20, 2020, PERA Board meeting, the following economic assumptions were changed, effective December 31, 2020:

- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives*	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup>The Opportunity Fund's name changed to Alternatives, effective January 1, 2020.

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

#### NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded. HB 20-1379 suspended the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution payable on July 1, 2020, for the State's 2020-21 fiscal year.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

#### NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	5,496,449	4,029,413	2,806,888

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's FNP is available in PERA's Annual Report which can be obtained at <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

#### **Defined Contribution Pension Plan**

#### Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description – Employees of the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available Annual Report which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

Funding Policy — The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2021, program members contributed \$10,528 for the Voluntary Investment Program.

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### Defined Benefit Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

OPEB. Wiley School District Number RE-13JT participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

#### PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

#### DPS Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from Wiley School District Number RE-13JT were \$15,224 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT reported a liability of \$146,439 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2020. The Wiley School District Number RE-13JT proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on Wiley School District Number RE-13JT contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2020 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2020, the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT proportion was 0.0154 percent, which was an increase of 0.0001 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT recognized OPEB income of \$12,558. At June 30, 2021, the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows	Inflows	
	of	of	
	Resources	Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	389	(32,194)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,094	(8,980)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	•	(5,984)	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and			
proportionate share of contributions	1,665	(4,107)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	7,828	N/A	
Total	10,976	(51,265)	

\$7,828 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30, 2021	
2022	(11,440)
2023	(10,602)
2024	(11,966)
2025	(10,216)
2026	(3,660)
Thereafter	(233)

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40%
Real wage growth	1.10%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50% in aggregate
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	8.10% in 2020, gradually
	decreasing to 4.50% in 2029
Medicare Part A premiums	3.50% in 2020, gradually
-	increasing to 4.50% in 2029
DPS benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00 %
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A in the December 31, 2019, valuation, the following monthly costs/premiums (actual dollars) are assumed for 2020 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

	Initial Costs for Members Without Medicare Part A		
Medicare Plan	Monthly Cost	Monthly Premium	Monthly Cost Adjusted to Age 65
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Rx	\$588	\$227	\$550
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	621	232	586

The 2020 Medicare Part A premium is \$458 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2019, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2020	8.10%	3.50%
2021	6.40%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.70%	3.75%
2024	5.50%	4.00%
2025	5.30%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.00%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- Females: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- Females: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

The mortality assumption for disabled retirees was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by PERA's Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

Based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, and November 4, 2020, for the period of January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020, and were effective as of December 31, 2020. The assumptions shown below were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total OPEB liability from December 31, 2019, to December 31, 2020.

	Trust Fund				
	State Division	School Division	Local Government Division	Judicial Division	
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	
Price inflation	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%	2.30%	
Real wage growth	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%	
Wage inflation	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	
Salary increases, including wage inflation					
Members other than State Troopers	3.30% - 10.90%	3.40% - 11.00%	3.20% - 11.30%	2.80% -5.30%	
State Troopers	3.20% - 12.40%	N/A	3.20% - 12.40% *	N/A	

<sup>\*</sup> C.R.S. § 24-51-101 (46), as amended, expanded the definition of "State Troopers" to include certain employees within the Local Government Division, effective January 1, 2020. See Note 4 of the Notes to the Financial Statements in PERA's 2020 Annual Report for more information.

The long-term rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation and discount rate assumptions were 7.25 percent.

Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.

Mortality assumptions used in the roll forward calculations for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF, using a headcount-weighted basis.

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the PubS-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 94 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 90 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 87 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 107 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the unadjusted PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Healthy Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Disabled mortality assumptions for Members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a head-count weighted basis.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2020 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by the Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020. As a result of the November 20, 2020, PERA Board meeting, the following economic assumptions were changed, effective December 31, 2020:

- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometri Real Rate of Return		
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%		
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%		
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%		
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%		
Alternatives*	6.00%	4.70%		
Total	100.00%			

<sup>\*</sup>The Opportunity Fund's name changed to Alternatives, effective January 1, 2020

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Trend	1% Increase in
	in Trend Rates	Rates	Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	7.10%	8.10%	9.10%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	142,654	146,439	150,845

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

• Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2020, measurement date.

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the HCTF's FNP was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the Wiley School District Number RE-13JT proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	167,749	146,439	128,232

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's Annual Report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

#### NOTE 9 JOINT VENTURES

Not reflected in the accompanying financial statements is the District's participation in the Santa Fe Trail Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is an organization that provides member districts educational services at a shared lower cost per district.

The District has one member on the Board. This Board has final authority for all budgeting and financing of the joint venture. The BOCES by-laws indicate that the entity is to have perpetual existence, but in the event of its dissolution, all assets shall be divided among member school districts on a pro rata basis determined by the BOCES board. The joint venture summary audited financial information as of June 30, 2020, the latest available information, is as follows:

Assets and Deferred Outflows	2,611,182
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	8,020,790
Net Position	( <u>5,409,608</u> )
Revenues	4,515,241
Expenses	3,414,433
Change in Net Position	1,100,808

The BOCES is not included as a component unit of the District as the financial responsibility is minimal, there is no financial interdependency, the District does not have the ability to significantly influence the operations of the BOCES and the District is not accountable for fiscal matters of the BOCES. The BOCES is audited annually and financial statements are filed with Colorado State Auditor's Office.

#### NOTE 10 COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT SELF INSURANCE POOL

The District belongs to the Colorado School District's Self-Insurance Pool. The Pool was established by the Colorado Association of School Boards (CASB) to provide insurance coverage to participants in the areas of General Liability, Errors and Omissions, Automobile Liability, Auto Physical Damage, Auto Personal Injury Protection, Real and Personal Property, Crime, Workers' Compensation and other coverage. The Board of Directors is composed of eight persons; seven of whom are appointed by the Board of Directors of CASB and the Executive Director of CASB. The Pool is managed by an independent manager chosen by the Board of Directors. Each member's initial contribution and subsequent contributions are determined by the Pool based on factors including, but not limited to, the Aggregate Pool claims, the cost of Administrative and other operating expenses, the number of participants, the adequacy of both Operating and Reserve Funds and other factors touching on the status of the Pool or an individual participant, and as approved by the Colorado Insurance Commissioner.

As the District did not exercise oversight responsibility nor have sufficient control over Pool activities, the Pool is not a component unit of the District and only the District's share of contributions to the Pool is recorded as Expenditures in the Insurance Reserve Fund.

The District's share in the Pool is not determinable from current information, but is estimated to be less than 1%. The District's share, if calculated, would not be material to the Pool's financial information at June 30, 2021.

#### NOTE 10 COLORADO SCHOOL DISTRICT SELF INSURANCE POOL (Continued)

An audited summary of the Colorado School District's Pool financial information for the year ended June 30, 2020 (latest information available) follows:

Total Assets Total Liabilities Total Surplus	50,982,972 23,141,059 27,841,913
Revenue Underwriting Expenses Underwriting Gain (Loss)	31,306,454 <u>26,904,016</u> 4,402,438
Net Investment Income Other Income Net Income (Loss) Before Dividend Dividend Net Income	1,580,789 5,983,227 5,983,227
Transfer of Capital Contributions Change in Non Admitted Assets Capital Contributions from Members Unassigned Surplus	48,913 

#### NOTE 11 COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District has a compensated absence policy. For the year ended June 30, 2021 a liability of \$36,144 was recorded in the statement of Net Position. A summary of changes in compensated absences is as follows:

Beginning			Ending
Balance			Balance
July 1, 2020	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2021
36,144	<u>-</u>	1,806	<u>37,950</u>

#### NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The District maintains commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 13 INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Transfers of \$35,000 to the Student Activity Special Revenue Fund, \$10,000 to Food Service and \$500,000 to the Capital Reserve-Capital Project Fund were made by the General Fund to support operations.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISONS**

PENSION TREND DATA

OPEB TREND DATA

#### **BUDGET INFORMATION**

#### General Fund

The General Fund accounts for all transactions of the District not accounted for in other funds. This fund represents an accounting for the District's ordinary operations financed from property taxes and other general revenues. It is the most significant fund in relation to the District's overall operations.

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Designated Purpose Grants Fund – This fund is provided to maintain a separate accounting for federal and state grant funded programs which normally have a different fiscal period than that of the District.

#### . WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	For the Year Ended Jun	16 30, 2021		
				Variance-
	Budgeted	Amounts		Favorable
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Unfavorable)
Local Sources				
Property Taxes	330,000	335,000	328,970	(6,030)
Specific Ownership Taxes	47,000	49,000	46,332	(2,668)
Earnings on Investments	20,000	10,000	7,315	(2,685)
Delinquent Taxes & Interest	2,950	2,500	1,554	(946)
Other	80,000	80,060	58,583	(21,477)
State Sources				
Equalization	1,920,000	2,427,955	2,427,943	(12)
Transportation	14,000	10,500	10,682	182
Vocational Education	18,240	17,500	10,451	(7,049)
Special Education	33,000	50,000	58,751	8,751
Other	94,130	137,068	205,387	68,319
Federal Sources		•		_
Designated Purpose Grants	25,600	12,264	29,436	17,172
Other				
TOTAL REVENUES	2,584,920	3,131,847	3,185,404	53,557
EXPENDITURES				
INSTRUCTION		-		
Regular Programs				
Salaries	1,032,365	1,052,617	1,099,484	(46,867)
Employee Benefits	392,531	369,152	361,470	7,682
Purchased Services - Professional	163,025	159,385	164,689	(5,304)
Purchased Services – Property	3,000	1,400	360	1,040
Purchased Services - Other	17,850	12,900	6,888	6,012
Supplies and Materials	87,392	84,507	57,534	26,973
Property	113,690	140,316	66,552	73,764
Other Objects	15,100	32,753	<u>17,438</u>	15,315
Total Instruction	1,824,953	1,853,030	1,774,415	78,615
SUPPORTING SERVICES				
Student Supporting Services				
Salaries	6,050	6,296	6,296	<del>5</del> 8
Employee Benefits	5,109	5,058	1,658	3,400
Purchased Services - Professional	24,500	24,500	20,287	4,213
Supplies and Materials	24,345	31,345	24,139	7,206
Property	·	2	=	427
Other Objects	500	500	3,859	(3,359)
Total Student Services	60,504	67,699	56,239	11,460

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance - Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Unfavorable)
SUPPORTING SERVICES (Continued)				
Instructional Staff				
Salaries	<del>ğ</del>	9,986	10,026	(40)
Employee Benefits	<u> </u>	2,234	2,542	(308)
Purchased Services - Professional	40,600	28,850	19,574	9,276
Purchased Services - Other	7,250	10,750	10,500	250
Supplies and Materials	14,700	1,400	337	1,063
Property	11,200	=	意	•
Other Objects	-	29,443	29,716	(273)
Total Instructional Staff	73,750	82,663	72,695	9,968
General Administration				
Salaries	100,000	100,000	99,762	238
Employee Benefits	34,450	34,450	34,415	35
Purchased Services – Professional	20,200	15,700	10,049	5,651
Purchased Services - Other	13,350	5,350	3,061	2,289
Supplies and Materials	1,600	1,250	1,348	(98)
Other Objects	8,900	7,400	<u>6,821</u>	579
Total General Administration	178,500	164,150	<u>155,456</u>	8,694
School Administration				
Office of the Principal				
Salaries	106,499	106,868	101,613	5,255
Employee Benefits	42,603	42,081	33,552	8,529
Purchased Services - Other	500	500	=	500
Supplies and Materials	6,850	6,500	5,343	1,157
Property	2	2	2	-
Other Objects	5,000	5,000	2,938	2,062
Total School Administration	<u>161,452</u>	160,949	143,446	_17,503
Business Services				
Salaries	53,790	53,040	54,725	(1,685)
Employee Benefits	19,292	18,765	20,372	(1,607)
Purchased Services – Professional	10,100	7,600	6,473	1,127
Purchased Services - Property	14,000	14,000	13,130	870
Purchased Services - Other	4,200	3,950	2,237	1,713
Supplies and Materials	5,800	5,800	4,163	1,637
Total Business Services	107,182	103,155	101,100	2,055

#### WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT GENERAL FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

1 Of the 1	- Car Enaca van	0 30, 2021		Variance -
	Budgeted		22 00	Favorable
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	(Unfavorable)
SUPPORTING SERVICES (Continued)				
Operations and Maintenance				
Salaries	76,052	75,755	71,124	4,631
Employee Benefits	35,684	31,394	30,149	1,245
Purchased Services – Property	73,400	51,400	42,432	8,968
Purchased Services – Other	11,500	10,500	10,007	493
Supplies and Materials	125,500	128,000	119,680	8,320
Property	<u>4,000</u>	4,500	1,375	3,125
Total Operations and Maintenance	326,136	301,549	274,767	26,782
Student Transportation				
Salaries	46,142	45,930	44,402	1,528
Employee Benefits	12,807	8,970	10,170	(1,200)
Purchased Services - Professional	2,100	2,100	655	1,445
Purchased Services – Property	26,000	21,000	18,189	2,811
Purchased Services – Other	1,900	11,900	2,183	9,717
Supplies and Materials	26,500	26,500	<u> 15,254</u>	11,246
Total Student Transportation	115,449	116,400	90,853	25,547
Central Support				
Employee Benefits	3,500	14,500	13,798	702
Purchased Services – Other	138,300	144,282	137,239	7,043
Total Central Support	141,800	158,782	151,037	7,745
Total Supporting Services	1,164,773	1,155,347	1,045,593	109,754
			1,0 10,000	
Appropriated Reserves	2,520,374	2,978,998	<u> </u>	2,978,998
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,510,100	5,987,375	2,820,008	3,167,367
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,925,180)	(2,855,528)	365,396	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers	(85,000)	(545,000)	(545,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(85,000)	(545,000)	(545,000)	-
Total Other I maneing bources (Oses)	(05,000)	(3,13,000)	(343,000)	: <del></del>
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over				
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(3,010,180)	(3,400,528)	(179,604)	
FUND BALANCE, July 1	3,010,180	3,400,528	3,394,246	
FUND BALANCE, June 30			3,214,642	
THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY			N. 5	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT DESIGNATED PURPOSE GRANTS – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Local Sources	_	_		_
State Sources	3,500	7,342	23,828	16,486
Federal Sources	144,863	233,706	280,399	46,693
Total Revenues	148,363	241,048	304,227	63,179
Expenditures				
Salaries	71,125	124,826	40,692	84,134
Employee Benefits	23,610	47,600	19,210	28,390
Purchased Services - Professional	32,108	6,044	6,044	- 4
Purchased Services - Other	3.6	2,108		2,108
Supplies and Materials	90,362	85,756	83,896	1,860
Property	103,845	180,660	154,385	26,275
Total Expenditures	321,050	446,994	304,227	142,767
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(172,687)	(205,946)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In (Out)			·	
Revenues and Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Uses	(172,687)	(205,946)	20	
FUND BALANCES, July 1	172,687	205,946		
FUND BALANCES, June 30		-		

# WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY For The Last 10 Fiscal Years (As Available)

2012	(00)	T	302	,	r	a
2013	9	ř	×	٠	ŗ	9
2014	0.0301%	\$3,833,977		\$1,215,372	315%	64.06%
2015	0.0296%	\$4,007,683	ř	\$1,244,953	322%	62.80%
2016	0.0283%	\$4,330,597	.3	\$1,270,584	319%	59.16%
2017	0.0277%	\$8,256,801	1	\$1,277,921	646%	43.13%
2018	0.0280%	\$9,048,445	3	\$1,301,171	%569	43.96%
2019	0.0237%	\$4,199,406	\$574,210	\$1,323,538	317%	57.01%
2020	0.0234%	\$3,501,487	\$444,118	\$1,409,173	248%	64.52%
2021	0.0266%	\$4,029,413	1	\$1,492,637	270%	%66.99%
	District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District**	District's covered payroll	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

<sup>\*\*</sup> A direct distribution provision to allocate funds from the State of Colorado budget to Colorado PERA on an annual basis began in July 2018 based on Senate Bill 18-200.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION For The Last 10 Fiscal Years (As Available)

2012					
2013	\$ 181,607	\$ (181,607)	45)	\$1,203,929	15.08%
2014	\$ 194,252	\$ (194,252)	<b>⇔</b>	\$1,215,372	15.98%
2015	\$ 210,106	\$ (210,106)	s o	\$1,244,953	16.88%
2016	\$ 216,362	\$ (216,362)	<b>S</b>	\$1,220,584	17.72%
2017	\$ 234,875	\$ (234,875)	59	\$1,277,921	18.38%
2018	\$ 245,649	\$ (245,649)	€A	\$1,323,538 \$1,301,171	18.88%
2019	\$ 253,194	\$ (253,194)	8	\$1,323,538	19.13%
2020	\$ 273,099	\$ (296,737) \$ (273,099)	\$	\$1,409,173	19.38%
2021	\$ 296,737	\$ (296,737)	64	\$1,492,637	19.88%
	Contractually required contributions	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	Contribution deficiency (excess)	District's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT For The Last 10 Fiscal Years (As Available)

3 2012	3	x X		v E	,
2013		W		ř	
2014	15.		,		,
2015	Ĭ	ık		E	
2016		8 <b>0</b> 01	ŧ	i.	ā
2017	0.0158%	\$204,373	\$1,277,921	15.99%	16.71%
2018	0.0159%	\$206,628	\$1,301,171	15.88%	17.53%
2019	0.0154%	\$209,735	\$1,323,538	15.85%	17.03%
2020	0.0153%	\$172,140	\$1,409,173	12.22%	24.49%
2021	0.0154%	\$146,439	\$1,492,637	9.81%	32.78%
	District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	District's covered payroll	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB For The Last 10 Fiscal Years (As Available)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contributions	\$ 15,224	\$ 14,373	\$ 13,499	\$ 13,272	\$ 13,034	i,	É	r		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$(15,224)	\$(14,373)	\$(13,499)	\$(13,272)	\$(13,034)	ä	1	000	+ 10	Ü
Contribution deficiency (excess)	6	\$	69	<b>⇔</b>	50	•	ï	Ŀ		3
District's covered payroll	\$1,492,637	\$1,409,173	\$1,323,538	\$1,323,538 \$1,301,171	\$1,277,921	j	ij	Ha	31:	96
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	Ē	r	r	ī	Ē

### COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

#### NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Capital Project Funds

Capital Reserve – Capital Project Fund – This fund is used to account for resources assigned for purposes of acquisition or improvement to existing capital assets.

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds account for revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Food Service Fund – This fund accounts for all financial activities associated with the District's school breakfast and lunch programs.

Student Activity Fund – This fund is used to account for the costs associated with school athletics and student activities. It is funded by event receipts, transfers from the General Fund and other local revenues.

#### WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

	Capital Reserve Capital Project	Special Reverse Food Service	Student Activity	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash	413,106	57,350	85,571	556,027
Investments	=	5	<del></del>	=
Accounts Receivable	(m)	6,440	21	6,440
Accrued Revenue		: <del>**</del>	=	
Due From Other Funds	<b>≆</b> 5	41,249		41,249
Inventories		_8,357		8,357
Total Assets	<u>413,106</u>	<u>113,396</u>	<u>85,571</u>	612,073
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u> <u>Liabilities:</u>				
Accounts Payable	_	1=:	570	570
Accrued Salaries	_	6,985	-	6,985
Due To Other Funds	_	:	7,012	7,012
Deposits for Meals	<u>-</u>	149	-	149
Total Liabilities		7,134	7,582	14,716
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:				
Inventories	_	8,357	2	8,357
Restricted:		3,00		0,557
Food Service	-	97,905	12	97,905
Committed:		,		2.,500
Capital Outlay	413,106	<del>2</del> 6	. E	413,106
Assigned:	,			,
Student Activities	1275		77,989	77,989
Unassigned		<u> </u>	_ ^	· ·
Total Fund Balances	413,106	106,262	77,989	597,357
Total Liabilities & Fund Balances	<u>413,106</u>	113,396	<u>85,571</u>	612,073

#### WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

350	Capital Reserve Capital <u>Project</u>	Special Reversion Food Service	Student Activity	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenue Earnings on Investments Other Local Sources State Aid Federal Aid Total Revenues		39 16,388 832 211,666 228,925	7 83,503 - 83,510	46 99,891 832 <u>211,666</u> 312,435
Expenditures Current:			4.7.0.7.4	
Instructional Services Supporting Services: Students Instructional Staff Food Service Insurance Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	- - - 299,111 299,111	142,894 - - 142,894	45,074 79,049 - - - - 124,123	45,074 79,049 - 142,894 - 299,111 566,128
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(299,111)	86,031	(40,613)	(253,693)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers	500,000	_10,000	35,000	545,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	200,889	96,031	(5,613)	291,307
Fund Balances – Beginning	212,217	10,231	83,602	306,050
Fund Balances – Ending	413,106	<u>106,262</u>	77,989	<u>597,357</u>

#### WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT CAPITAL RESERVE – CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Earnings on Investments Other Local Total Revenues	176,545 176,545		( <u>176,545</u> ) ( <u>176,545</u> )
Expenditures  Building Improvements & Equipment  Total Expenditures	676,545 676,545	299,111 299,111	377,434 377,434
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(500,000)	(299,111)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	500,000 500,000	500,000 500,000	
Revenues and Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Uses	-	200,889	
FUND BALANCES, July 1		212,217	
FUND BALANCES, June 30	-	<u>413,106</u>	

## WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT FOOD SERVICE – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES			
<u>Local Sources</u>			
Food Sales	21,000	15,616	(5,384)
Earnings on Investments	25	39	14
Other	9,000	772	(8,228)
State Sources	000	000	
School Lunches and Breakfast	832	832	-
Federal Sources	170 200	201220	0.4.100
School Lunches and Breakfast Commodities	170,200	204,330	34,130
	10,000	7,336	(2,664)
Total Revenues	211,057	228,925	<u>17,868</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries	46,640	43,778	2,862
Employee Benefits	10,427	9,781	646
Purchased Services – Property	5,000	2,761	5,000
Purchased Services - Other	1,500	646	3,000 854
Food Purchases	105,000	75,382	29,618
Capital Outlay	500	75,562	500
Commodities	300	7,336	(7,336)
Non-Food Supplies	4,850	5,971	(1,121)
Appropriated Reserves	55,840	5,571	55,840
Total Expenditures	229,757	142,894	86,863
Total Emporationed	227,131	142,074	80,803
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(18,700)	86,031	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers	_10,000	10,000	
REVENUES AND SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND USES	(8,700)	96,031	
FUND BALANCE, July 1	8,700	10,231	
FUND BALANCE, June 30		106,262	

#### WILEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-13JT STUDENT ACTIVITY - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues	Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Earnings on Investments Other Local Total Revenues	25 160,324 160,349	7 83,503 83,510	(18) (76,821) (76,839)
Expenditures  Co-Curricular Instruction Student Support  Total Expenditures	53,410 <u>221,600</u> <u>275,010</u>	45,074 79,049 124,123	142,551 142,551
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(114,661)	(40,613)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	35,000 35,000	35,000 35,000	
Revenues and Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Uses	(79,661)	(5,613)	
FUND BALANCES, July 1	79,661	83,602	
FUND BALANCES, June 30		77,989	

#### STATE REQUIRED SCHEDULES

Auditor's Integrity Report (Revenues, Expenditures, and Fund Balance by Fund)
Bolded Balance Sheet

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#### Colorado Department of Education Auditors Integrity Report District: 2680 - Wiley RE-13 Jt Fiscal Year 2020-21 Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues. Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

	+			
10 General Fund	3.357,074	2,422,237	2,573,188	3,206,123
18 Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	6.262	138,000	137,239	7,043
19 Coiorado Preschool Program Fund	30,890	80,167	185,601	1,476
Sub- Total	3,394,246	2,640,404	2,820,008	3,214,642
11 Charter School Fund	0	0	0	0
20,26-29 Special Revenue Fund	٥	0	0	6
06 Supplemental Cap Const. Tech, Main, Fund	0	0	0	O
07 Total Program Reserve Fund	ō	0	0	0
21 Food Service Spac Revenue Fund	10.231	238,925	142,894	106,262
32 Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	304,227	304,227	0
23 Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	83,602	118,510	124,123	77,989
2.4 Full Day Kindergaiten Will Levy Override	0	0	0	0
75 Transportation Fund	10	0	0	0
3) Bond Redemption Fund	0	O	0	0
39 Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	.0	
41 Building Fund	0			0
42 Special Building Fund	0	0		0
43 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	712,217	200,000	299.111	413,106
4h Supplemental Cap Const., Tech, Main Fund	0	9		0
Totals	3,700,297	3,802,066	8 800 066 ATT TO THE PARTY OF THE BEST 364 364	666-1848.
Proprietary				
50 Other Enterprise Funds	C C	e	0	9
64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	e	6	.0.
60.65%69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	` 65°	0
Totals	0	On the state of th		On the Property of the Party of
Fiduciary				The state of the s
70 Other Trust and Agency Funds	.00	0	.0	0
72 Provide Purpose Trust Fund	٥	0	0	0
73 Agency Fund	٥	0	0	0
74 Pupil Activity Agency Fund	a	0	Ġ	0
70 GASB 34:Permanent Fund	С	0	0	0
85 Foundations		0	0	6



Colorado Department of Education Bolded Balance Sheet Report District: 2680 - Wiley RE-13 Jt Fiscal Year 2020-21 Colorado School District/BOCES

			900s	=:	ımental					Proprietary				Fiduciary	ary	
ASSETS	General. Funds 10,12-18	Charter School Fund	reschool Fund 19	Special Revenue Funds 31 20, 22-29	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 06	Total Program Reserve Fund 07	Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21	Debt Service Funds 30-39	Capital Projects Funds 40-45,47-49	Supplemental Gap Const Fund 46	Other Enterprise Funds 50, 52-59	Risk- Related Activity Funds 63-64	Other Internal Service Funds 60	Trust & Agency Funds F	Foundations Fund 85	Totals
Cash and Investments (8100-8104,8111)	3,425,991	0	18,829	85,571	0	0	57,350	0	413,106	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,000,847
Cash with Fiscal Agent (8105)	13,289	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13,289
Other Investment Accounts (8112-8115)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Taxes Receivable (8121,8122)	42.000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	42,000
Interfund Loans Receivable (8131,8132)	19,016	0	0	0	0	0	41,249	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60.265
Intergovernmental Accounts Rec (8141)	12,263	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12.263
Grants Accounts Receivable (8142)	0	0	0	26,903	0	0	6.440	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33,343
Other Receivables (8151-8154,8161)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Inventories (8171,8172,8173)	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,357	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,357
Prepaid Expenses 8181.8182)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Machinery and Equipment (8241,8242,8251)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Assets	3,512,559	0	18,829 112,474	112,474	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	0	113,396	0	413,106	02842483	011111111111111111111111111111111111111	0	0	0	0	4,170,364

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	1000000000		9	Gover	overnmental					Proprietary	ary			Fiduciary	ı	
LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY	Charter General School Funds Fund	Charter School Fund 11	Charter School Fund Preschool 11 Fund 19	Special Revenue Funds 20, 22-29	Supplemental Gap Conχt Fund 06	Total Program Reserve Fund 07	Food Service Special : Revenue Fund 21	Debt Service Funds 30-39	Capital Projects Funds 40-45,	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 46	Other Enterprise Funds 50, 52-59	Risk- Related Activity Funds 63-64	Other Internal Service Funds 60	Trust & Agency Funds 70-79	Trust & Agency Funds Foundations 70-79 Fund 85	Totals
Interfund Payables (7401,7402)	41,249	0	0	19,016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60,265
Other Payables (7421-7423)	24,747	0	0	2,535	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27,282
Accrued Expenses (7461)	202,244	0	17,354	8,929	0	0	6,985	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	235,512
Uncarned Revenue (7481)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grants Deferred Revenue (7482)	7,819	0	0	4,005	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q	11,824
Other Current Liabilities (7491,7492,7499)	200	0	0	0	0	0	149	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	649
Deferred Inflow (7800)	22,833	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22,833
Total Llabilities	299,393	0	17,354 34	34,485	0	0	7,134	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	358,365

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Figure 1991 (Figure 1991)  Figure 1992 (Figure 1992)  Figure 1992 (Figure 1	FUND EQUITY	General Funds 10,12-18	School Fund	Charter Preschool School Fund 19 Fund 11	Special Revenue Funds 20, 22-29	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 06	Total Program Reserve Fund 07.	Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21	Debt Service Funds 30-39	Capital Projects Funds 40-45,	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 46	Other Enterprise Funds 50, 52-59	Risk- Related Activity Funds 63-64	Other Internal Service Funds 60	Trust & Agency Funds 70-79	Foundations Fund 85	Totals
Page	on-spendable Fund Balance 6710	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,357	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		8.357
Figure 1   Figure 2   Figure 2   Figure 2   Figure 2   Figure 2   Figure 3	stricted Fund Balance 6720	0	0	0	0	0	0	97,905	0	0	0	0	0	О	0		506 26
Figure 6724	BOR 3% Emergency Reserve 6721	99,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		000.99
Particle Credit Cred Credit Credit Credit Credit Credit Credit Credit Credit Credit	BOR Multi-Year 6722	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	i e	0	0	0	c	9	
Neterowering   Netr	trict Emergency Reserve (letter of credit or real ate) 6723	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ìo	0	0	0	0	0		
Nether No.   Color	Iorado Preschool Program (CPP) Reserve 6724	0	0	1,476	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,476
New No.   New	I-Day Kindergarten Reserve 6725	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	k-Related / Restricted Capital Reserve 6726	G	o	c	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0
1901   1902	ot Capital Reserve 6727	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1,0,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1	al Program Reserve 6728	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
107123   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0	mmitted Fund Balance 6750	7,043	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	413,106	0	0	0	0	0	0	420,149
313146   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1	gned Fund Balance 6760	0	0	0,	77,9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	77,989
of Related Debit 6739         0	ossigned Fund Balance 6770	3,107,123	0	a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	c	0	0	3,107,123
1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,	sted in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 6790	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3,213,166   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0	tricted Net Assets 6791	0	O	G	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	
3,213,166   0   1,476   77,989   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0	estricted Net Assets 6792	9	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	c	
3,213,166   0   1,476   1,598   0   1,062,62   0	r Period Adjustment 6880	Q	0	Q	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
General Charter Preschool Special Supplemental Total Food Debt Capital School Funds Cap Const Program Service Special Funds School Funds Cap Const Program Service Special Funds School Funds Funds School Funds Cap Const Program Service Special School Funds Cap Const Funds Cap Const Program Cap Const Funds Cap Cap Const Funds Cap Cap Const Funds Cap Cap Const Funds Cap	CHERON SERVICE	3,213,166	0	1,476	77,989	0	0	106,262	0	413,106	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,811,999
3.512.559   18,829   112,474   1			Charter School Fund	white the second second second	Special Revenue Funds 20, 22-29	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 06	Total Program Reserve Fund 07	Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21	Debt Service Funds 30-39	Capital Projects Funds 40-45,	Supplementa Cap Const, Fund 46			5 2			Totals
General Charter Preschool Supplemental Total Food Service Debt. Capital Supplemental Other Risk-related Other Fund 19 Revenue Cap Const Fund 19 Fund 19 Fund 19 Fund 19 Fund 10 Fund 1	Total Liabilities & Fund Equity		0	18,829	112,474	0	0	113,396	0	413,106			0				4,170,364
Yes		General Funds 10,12-18	Charter School Fund 11	Preschool Fund 19	Special Revenue Funds 20, 22-29	THE RESIDENCE	Total Program Reserve Fund 07	Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21	CONTRACT DESCRIPTION	Func	A STATE OF THE PARTY IS	盖基	NS.	related activity Funds 63-64	Other Internal Service Funds 60	Trust & Fo Agency Funds 70-79	undations Fund 85
	For Each Fund Type: Do Assets=Liability+Fund Equity	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Ye			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Fiduciary

Proprietary

Governmental