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## ALCOHOL AND CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE TESTING

### SECTION 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Summers County Board of Education has a vital interest in maintaining a safe, healthy, and efficient work environment for its employees. Likewise, the Summers County Board of Education is committed to students, parents, and the general public to operate its facilities safely and prudently. Consistent with these interests and according to the regulations promulgated by the United States Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, pursuant to the Omnibus Transportation Employee Testing Act of 1991, the Summers County Board of Education has adopted and implemented this Alcohol and Controlled Substance Testing Policy. This Policy creates obligations and requirements over and above those articulated by the Summers County Board of Education Drug-Free Workplace policy, and does not supersede or nullify the provisions of the Summers County Board of Education Drug-Free Workplace Policy.

## **SECTION 2.0 PURPOSES**

- 2.1 The purposes of this Alcohol and Controlled Substance Testing Policy are as follows:
- (A) To establish and maintain a healthy and safe working environment for all of the employees of the Summers County Board of Education;
- (B) To ensure the reputation of the Summers County Board of Education and its employees as good, responsible citizens;
- (C) To reduce the possibility of accidental injury to persons or property; and
- (D) To reduce absenteeism, tardiness, and indifferent job performance.

## **SECTION 3.0 DEFINITIONS**

- 3.1 "Alcohol" means the intoxicating agent in beverage alcohol, ethyl alcohol, or other low molecular weight alcohol, including methyl and isopropyl alcohol.
- 3.2 Alcohol Concentration (or Content)" means the alcohol in a volume of breath expressed in terms of grams of alcohol per 210 liters of breath as indicated by an evidential breath test.
- 3.3 "Alcohol Use" means the consumption of any beverage, mixture or preparation, including any medication, containing alcohol.
- 3.4 "Board" means the Summers County Board of Education.
- 3.5 "Controlled Substance" has same the meaning such term has under section 102 (6) of the Controlled Substance Act (21 U.S.C. 806 (6) and includes all substances listed on schedules I through V of 21 C.F.R. part 1308 and West Virginia Code 60A-02-201 through -213, as they may be revised from time to time.
- 3.6 "Commercial Motor Vehicle" has the same meaning such term has under 49 C.F.R. 382.107.
- 3.7 "DOT" means the Department of Transportation.
- 3.8 "Driver" has the same meaning such term has under 49 C.F.R. 382.107, and includes any person employed by the Board who operates a commercial motor vehicle. For the purposes of pre-employment/pre-duty testing only, the term "driver" includes a person applying to the Board to drive a commercial motor vehicle.
- 3.9 "Performing (a safety-sensitive function)" means a driver is considered to be performing a safety-sensitive function during any period in which he or she is actually performing, ready to perform, or immediately able to perform any safety-sensitive function.
- 3.10 "Safety-sensitive function" has the same meaning such term has under 49 C.F.R. 382.107 and includes time spent waiting to be dispatched, time spent inspecting equipment or otherwise inspecting, servicing or conditioning any commercial motor vehicle, all driving time, all time spent in or upon any commercial motor vehicle, all time spent loading or unloading a commercial motor vehicle or attending a vehicle being loading or unloaded, and all time spent repairing, obtaining assistance or remaining in attendance upon a disabled vehicle.
- 3.11 "Substance abuse professional" or "SAP" means a licensed physician or a licensed or certified psychologist, social worker, employee assistance professional or addiction counselor with knowledge and/or clinical experience in the diagnosis and treatment of alcohol and controlled substance-related disorders.

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## SECTION 4.0 POLICY

# 4.1 Prohibitions Relating to Alcohol

- (A) All drivers are prohibited from reporting for duty or remaining on duty requiring the performance of safety-sensitive functions while having an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or greater.
- (B) All drivers are prohibited from being on duty or operating a commercial motor vehicle while the driver possesses alcohol unless the alcohol is manifested and transported as part of a duly authorized shipment.
- (C) All drivers are prohibited from using alcohol while performing safety-sensitive functions.
- (D) All drivers are prohibited from performing safety-sensitive functions within four hours after using alcohol.
- (E) All drivers required to take a post-accident alcohol test pursuant to Section 5.2 of this policy are prohibited from using alcohol for eight hours following the accident, or until he/she undergoes a post-accident alcohol test, whichever occurs first.

## 4.2 Prohibitions Relating to Controlled Substances

- (A) All drivers are prohibited from reporting for duty or remaining on duty requiring the performance of safety-sensitive functions when the driver uses any controlled substance, except under the following circumstances:
- (1) The use is pursuant to the instructions of a physician who has advised the driver that the controlled substance does not adversely effect commercial motor vehicle operation; and
- (2) The driver has notified the Board, in advance, in writing, of any such therapeutic drug use.
- (B) All drivers are prohibited from reporting for duty, remaining on duty or performing a safety-sensitive function, if the driver tests positive for controlled substances.
- (C) Compliance with this policy is a condition of employment with the Board. Drivers in violation of this policy will have their employment with the Board terminated.
- 4.3 No driver shall refuse to submit to any alcohol or controlled substances test required by Section 5.1 through 5.6 of this policy. Drivers who refuse to submit to such tests shall have their employment with the Board terminated.
- 4.4 Any driver who violates any provision of the policy or whose required alcohol or controlled substances test precludes them for meeting the requirements of this policy, shall have their employment with the Board terminated. 4.5 Other Alcohol-Related Conduct
- (A) Any driver tested under the provisions of Section 5.1 through 5.6 of this policy who is found to have an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or greater is prohibited from performing or continuing employment.

# SECTION 5.0 REQUIRED ALCOHOL AND CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES TESTING

# 5.1 Pre-Employment Testing

- (A) Prior to the first time a driver performs safety-sensitive functions, the driver shall be required to undergo testing for alcohol and controlled substances.
- (B) No driver shall be permitted to perform safety-sensitive functions unless the driver has been administered an alcohol test with a result indicating an alcohol concentration less than 0.02 and has received a controlled substance test result from the medical review office indicating a negative test result.

### 5.2 Post-Accident Testing

- (A) As soon as practicable following an accident involving a commercial motor vehicle, each surviving driver shall be tested for alcohol and controlled substances if such surviving driver:
  - (1) Was performing safety-sensitive functions and if the accident involved the loss of human life; or
  - (2) Receives a citation under state or local law for a moving traffic violation arising from the accident.
- (B) If a post-accident alcohol test is not administered within two hours following the accident, the Board shall

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prepare and maintain on file a record stating the reasons the test was not promptly administered. If a post-accident alcohol test is not administered within eight hours following the accident, the Board shall cease attempts to administer an alcohol test and shall prepare and maintain the same record.

- (C) If a post-accident controlled substance test is not administered within 32 hours following the accident, the Board shall cease attempts to administer a controlled substance test and shall prepare and maintain on file a record stating the reasons the test was not promptly administered.
- (D) A driver who is subjected to post-accident testing shall remain readily available for such testing or may be deemed by the Board to have refused to submit to testing.
- (E) Post-accident procedures must be followed in the precise order unless the severity of injuries to the driver restrict:
- 1. Secure the safety of all students/passengers.
- 2. Secure the accident scent.
- 3. Notify law enforcement authority, and if needed, contact emergency medical services.
- 4. Notify the Director of Transportation and/or Superintendent.
- 5. Notify the law enforcement authorities, upon arrival their at the accident scene, in the event of loss of human life or if the driver receives a citation for a moving violation, the driver is required to be administered an alcohol and controlled substance test at the designated collection site within two hours of the accident.
- 6. Report within two hours to the designated collection site.
- 7. Follow normal procedures for urine collection at the collection site.
- 8. Immediately notify the Director of Transportation of any circumstances that would prevent the driver from being tested within two hours.
- 9. Refusal to take the alcohol and controlled substance test will terminate employment upon Board approval.
- (F) The results of a breath or blood test for the use of alcohol or a urine test for the use of controlled substances conducted by federal, state, or local officials having independent authority for the test shall be considered to meet the requirements of this policy regarding post-accident testing, provided that such test conform to applicable federal, state, or local requirements and that the results of the tests are obtained by the Board.

## **5.3 Random Testing**

- (A) Drivers shall be tested for alcohol or controlled substances at various times on an unannounced, random basis.
- (B) Consistent with applicable federal regulations (49 C.F.R. 382.305), the minimum annual percentage rate for random alcohol testing shall be 25 percent of the average number of driver positions.
- (C) Consistent with applicable federal regulations (49 C.F.R. 382.305), the minimum annual percentage rate for random controlled substance testing shall be 50 percent of the average number of driver positions or such other percentage rate as is published by the DOT Federal Highway Administration in the Federal Register.
- (D) The selection of drivers for random alcohol and controlled substances testing shall be made by a scientifically valid computer-based random number generator that is matched with drivers' Social Security numbers, payroll identification numbers, or other comparable identifying numbers.
- (E) A driver shall only be tested for alcohol while the driver is performing safety-sensitive functions, just before the driver is to perform safety-sensitive functions, or just after the driver has ceased performing such functions.

# **Reasonable Suspicion Testing**

- (A) Drivers shall be required to submit to an alcohol test when the Board has reasonable suspicion to believe that the driver has violate the prohibitions of Sections 4.1 (A), 4.1 (C), 4.1 (D), and/or 4.1 (E) set forth above.
- (B) Drivers shall be required to submit to a controlled substances test when the Board has reasonable suspicion to believe that the driver has violated the prohibitions of Section 4.2 (A) and/or 4.1 (B) set forth above.
- (C) The Board's determination that reasonable suspicion exists to require the driver to undergo an alcohol test on specific, contemporaneous, articulable observations concerning the appearance, behavior, speech or body odors of the driver. The observations on which they may be based are to include indications of chronic and withdrawal effects of controlled substances.
- (D) The required observations for alcohol and/or controlled substances reasonable suspicious testing shall be made by a supervisor or Board official who is trained in accordance with Section 8.1 of this policy. The person who makes the determination that reasonable suspicion exists to test shall not conduct the alcohol test of the driver.

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- (E) Reasonable suspicion alcohol testing is authorized only if the observations required by Section 5.4 (C) are made during, just preceding, or just after the period of the work day that the driver is required to be in compliance with this policy. A driver may be directed by the Board to undergo reasonable suspicion alcohol testing only while the driver is performing safety-sensitive functions, or just after the driver has ceased performing such functions.
- (F) If a reasonable suspicion alcohol test is not administered within two hours following the observation required by Section 5.4 (C) of this policy, the Board shall prepare and maintain on file a record stating the reasons the test was not promptly administered. If a reasonable suspicion alcohol test is not administered within eight hours following the observations required by Section 5.4 (C) of this policy, the Board shall cease attempt to administer an alcohol test and shall prepare and state in the record the reasons for not administering the test.
- (G) Notwithstanding the absence of a reasonable suspicion alcohol test under this section, all drivers are prohibited from reporting for duty or remaining on duty requiring the performance of safety-sensitive functions while the driver is under the influence of or impaired by alcohol, as shown by the behavioral, speech, and performance indicators of alcohol misuse, nor shall an employer permit the driver to perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions, until:
  - (1) An alcohol test is administered and driver's alcohol concentration measures less than 0.02; or;
  - (2) Twenty-four hours have elapsed following the determination under Section 5.4 (C) of this policy that there is reasonable suspicion to believe that the driver has violated the prohibitions in this policy concerning the use of alcohol.
- (H) Except as provided by Section 5.4 (A) of this Policy and/or by any independent authority, the Board shall take no action against a driver based solely on the driver's behavior and appearance with respect to alcohol use in the absence of an alcohol test.
- (I) A written record shall be made of the observations leading to a controlled substance reasonable suspicion test, and signed by the supervisor or Board official who made the observations, within 24 hours of the observed behavior or before the results of the controlled substances test are released, whichever is earlier.

### SECTION 6.0 TESTING PROCEDURES

6.1 All alcohol and controlled substances testing conducted pursuant to this Policy shall comply with the procedures promulgated by DOT and set forth in 49 C.F.R., part 40, as they may be revised from time to time.

## 6.2 Alcohol Testing Procedures

- (A) All alcohol testing conducted pursuant to this policy shall be conducted by a trained breath alcohol technician (BAT) who shall utilize only an evidential breath testing device (EBT) approved by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.
- (B) A BAT qualified supervisor of a driver may conduct the alcohol test for that driver only if another BAT is unavailable to perform the test in a timely manner.
- (C) Alcohol testing shall be conducted in a location that affords visual and aural privacy to the driver being tested, sufficient to prevent unauthorized persons from seeing or hearing test results.
- (D) The breath alcohol testing form promulgated by DOT shall be used for all alcohol testing without modification.
- (E) Blood alcohol testing shall be conducted only under such circumstances as may be permitted under future DOT regulations.

### **6.3 Controlled Substance Testing**

- (A) Controlled substances testing shall be conducted by way of the split sample method of urine collection. After the driver being tested has provided a urine sample of at least 45 ml, the sample must be split into two specimen bottles to be shipped in a single shipping container, together with a chain of custody form, to a DHHS-certified laboratory for analysis.
- (B) The Board and the certified laboratory shall develop and maintain clear and well-documented procedures for collection, shipment and accessing of urine specimens, including an appropriate chain of custody form. Handling and transportation of urine specimens from one authorized individual or place to another shall always be accomplished through chain of custody procedures.
- (C) It is recognized that the Board has the right to request that the personnel administering urine collection take such steps as are necessary to detect tampering or substitution while maintaining individual privacy. If it is established

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that a driver's specimen has been intentionally tampered with or substituted by the driver or someone on his/her behalf, the driver and the other person (s), if an employee, will be subject to discharge.

- (D) The result of the certified laboratory analysis is reviewed by a medical review officer (MRO), who is a licensed physician responsible for receiving laboratory results generated by this policy and who has knowledge of substance abuse disorders and appropriate medical training to interpret and evaluate an individual's confirmed positive test result together with his or her medical history and other relevant biomedical information.
- (E) If the test result of the primary specimen is positive, the driver may request that the MRO direct that the split specimen be tested in a different DHHS-certified laboratory for presence of the drug (s) for which a positive result was obtained in the test of the primary specimen. The MRO shall honor such a request if it is made within 72 hours of the driver having been notified of a verified positive test result. Action required by this policy as the result of a positive drug test (e.g., removal from performing safety-sensitive functions) is not stayed pending the result of the test of the split specimen. If the result of the test of the split specimen fails to reconfirm the presence of the drug (s) found in the primary specimen, the MRO shall cancel the test and report the cancellation and the reasons for it to the DOT, the Board and the driver.

## Section 7.0 Handling of Test Results, Record Retention and Confidentiality

7.1 The Board shall maintain records of its alcohol misuse and controlled substance use prevention programs as provided below. Such records shall be maintained in a secure location with controlled access.

### 7.2 Record Retention

- (A) Five-year retention The following records shall be maintained for a minimum of five years:
- (1) Records of driver alcohol test results with results indicating an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or greater;
- (2) Records of driver verified positive controlled substances test results;
- (3) Documentation of refusals to take required alcohol and/or controlled substances tests;
- (4) Calibration documentation;
- (5) Driver evaluation and referrals; and
- (6) A copy of each annual calendar year summary.
- (B) Two-year retention Records related to the alcohol and controlled substances collection process and training shall be maintained for a minimum of two years:
- (C) One-year retention Records of negative and canceled controlled substances test results and alcohol test results with a concentration of less than 0.02 shall be maintained for a minimum of one year.
- 7.3 The Board shall prepare and maintain an annual calendar year summary of the results of its alcohol and controlled substances testing program performed pursuant to this policy and in accordance with 49 C.F.R. 382.403.
- 7.4 Except as required by law or this policy, the Board shall not release driver information that is contained in records required to be maintained under Section 7.2 of this policy. A driver is entitled, upon written request, to obtain copies of any records pertaining to the driver's use of alcohol or controlled substances, including any records pertaining to his or her alcohol or controlled substances tests.
- 7.5 The Board must obtain, pursuant to a driver's written consent, any of the information concerning the driver that is maintained under an alcohol and controlled substances testing policy by the driver's previous employers. Such information must be obtained and reviewed by the Board prior to employment. The release of any information under this part may take the form of personal interviews, telephone, interviews, letters, or any other method of obtaining information that ensures confidentiality. The Board shall maintain a written, confidential record with respect to each past employer contacted.

# **Section 8.0 Training**

8.1 The Board shall ensure that the person designated to determine whether reasonable suspicion exists to require a driver to undergo testing pursuant to Section 5.2 (C) of this policy shall receive at least 60 minutes of training on

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alcohol misuse and receive an additional 60 minutes of training on controlled substance use. The training shall cover the physical, behavioral, speech and performance indicators of probable alcohol misuse and use of controlled substances.

# **Section 9.0 Disciplinary Action**

- 9.1 Any employee covered by this alcohol and controlled substance policy who is determined by testing to be in violation of this policy shall be immediately suspended without pay.
- 9.2 Any employee covered by this alcohol and controlled substance policy who is determined by testing to have violated this policy shall, after a hearing before the Board of Education, have their employment with the Board terminated.