

FOOD ALLERGY & ANAPHYLAXIS EMERGENCY CARE PLAN

Name:	_ D.O.B.:			
Allergy to:				
Weight: lbs. Asthma: Yes (higher risk for a severe reaction)	l □ No			
NOTE: Do not depend on antihistamines or inhalers (bronchodilators) to treat a severe reaction. USE EPINEPHRINE.				
Extremely reactive to the following allergens:				
THEREFORE:				
☐ If checked, give epinephrine immediately if the allergen was LIKELY eaten, for ANY symptoms. ☐ If checked, give epinephrine immediately if the allergen was DEFINITELY eaten, even if no symptoms are apparent.				

FOR ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:

SEVERE SYMPTOMS



Shortness of breath, wheezing, repetitive cough



HEART

Pale or bluish skin, faintness, weak pulse, dizziness



THROAT

Tight or hoarse throat, trouble breathing or swallowing



MOUTH

Significant swelling of the tongue or lips



SKIN

Many hives over body, widespread redness



Repetitive vomiting, severe diarrhea



OTHER

Feeling something bad is about to happen. anxiety, confusion







of symptoms from different body areas.







1. INJECT EPINEPHRINE IMMEDIATELY.

- 2. Call 911. Tell emergency dispatcher the person is having anaphylaxis and may need epinephrine when emergency responders arrive.
- Consider giving additional medications following epinephrine:
 - Antihistamine
 - Inhaler (bronchodilator) if wheezing
- Lay the person flat, raise legs and keep warm. If breathing is difficult or they are vomiting, let them sit up or lie on their side.
- If symptoms do not improve, or symptoms return, more doses of epinephrine can be given about 5 minutes or more after the last dose.
- Alert emergency contacts.
- Transport patient to ER, even if symptoms resolve. Patient should remain in ER for at least 4 hours because symptoms may return.

MILD SYMPTOMS









Itchy or runny nose, sneezing

Itchy mouth

A few hives, mild itch

Mild nausea or discomfort

FOR MILD SYMPTOMS FROM MORE THAN ONE SYSTEM AREA, GIVE EPINEPHRINE.

FOR MILD SYMPTOMS FROM A SINGLE SYSTEM AREA, FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS BELOW:

- 1. Antihistamines may be given, if ordered by a healthcare provider.
- 2. Stay with the person; alert emergency contacts.
- 3. Watch closely for changes. If symptoms worsen, give epinephrine.

MEDICATIONS/DOSES

Epinephrine Brand or Generic:				
Epinephrine Dose: 0.1 mg IM 0.15 mg IM 0.3 mg IM				
Antihistamine Brand or Generic:				
Antihistamine Dose:				
Other (e.g., inhaler-bronchodilator if wheezing):				



For Parents

to fill out Caring For Students With Food/Bee Sting Allergies
Health History

Child's Name			Grade		
Mother:	Home#	Work#	Cell#		
Father:	Home#	Work#	Cell#		
Emergency ContactPhone#					
Primary Health Cond	ern				
Healthcare Provider's NamePhone					
Diagnosis (note spec	ific allergens)				
At what age was the	student diagnosed	with a food allergy?_			
What symptom	s led to the diagno	sis?			
What are the c	hild's usual sympto	ms?			
How long after inges	ting the food allerg	en/Bee sting did sym	ptoms occur?		
Approximately how m	any allergic reaction	ons has the student e	xperienced		
When was his/	ner last reaction?_				
			ion? No Yes, How		
			ergic reaction?		
What treatment does	the child usually re	quire for an allergic re	eaction?		
Does the student have preaction, how have presthma?	evious allergic read	ctions affected his/her	•		
s there anything else	that the school sho	ould know to take the	best care of your		
All school health informulate this in passis?	nformation with sch	n a respectful and con nool staff on a "need t	nfidential manner. May to know"		
Parent Signature			Data		