Public Notice: School Lead Water Sample Results

Information concerning the lead level results for drinking water samples taken at

name of school	
Maine law requires schools to test all drinking water faucets purposes for the presence of lead. This law further requires of the sample result	that parents and staff are made aware of all
During the period of	_ to end date
Water samples were collected from	water fixtures.
Any sites producing elevated levels of lead (exceeding 4 parts per bit concern, are listed in the table on the j	
Results for all drinking water outlets tes	ted can be viewed here:
Enter website address or physical lo	cation

Statewide test results for Maine schools can also be found the on Maine DWP website at: www.medwp.com/schools.html

How does lead get into the water? When lead is present in water, it typically leaches, or dissolves, into water flowing through plumbing and fixtures *inside* a building from sources such as solder, pipes, or the faucets themselves. The school's well water or water provided by your local water district are unlikely sources of lead.

What are the Health Effects of exposure to lead in drinking water? Infants and children who drink water containing high levels of lead can experience delays in their physical or mental development. Children could show slight deficits in attention span and learning abilities. Adults who drink water containing excess levels of lead over many years could develop kidney problems or high blood pressure.

What level of lead is safe? No level of lead is safe. Because of the potential serious health risks, both the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) agree that there is no known safe level of lead in a child's blood.

Please be aware that this sampling is done under conditions that are optimal for identifying lead in water. By having the water sit unused for many hours, lead that might be leaching from pipes or fittings is more easily discovered. However, these levels are likely not the level of lead present in the drinking water throughout the school day.

What can I do? Here are a few steps you can take to reduce the risk of your child being exposed to lead through school drinking water:

- Provide your child with bottled water or water from your home to reduce their usage of school drinking water outlets. Be sure to sample your home water for lead, too.
- Remind your child to let the water run for 30 seconds before drinking or filling a water bottle at school, which will lower any possible lead concentration.
- Consult your doctor if you have any specific health concerns.

School Fixtures with Elevated Lead Results (exceeding 4 parts per billion)

*Additional tables may be attached if your school has more than 20 collection sites with elevated lead levels.

	Collection Date		Collection Site		Concentration (ppb)
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
	is Being Done:	, we have taken these ac	ctions:		
Futur	e plans for the reduc	etion of high lead levels	in our drinking water in	nclude:	
These	actions are expecte	ed to be completed on:		(Date)	



Information about Lead in Drinking Water for Students, Staff, and Parents



Health Effects of Lead

If too much lead enters your body from drinking water or other sources, serious health problems can occur, including damage to the brain and kidneys and interference with the production of oxygen-carrying red blood cells.

The greatest risk of lead exposure is to infants, young children, and pregnant women: During pregnancy, the fetus receives lead from the mother, which may affect brain development. In children, the continuing effects of lead on the brain have been linked to lowered IQ. Furthermore, lead is stored in the bones and can be released later in life, so, adults who were exposed to high levels of lead earlier in life may still encounter kidney problems and high blood pressure.

Sources of Lead

Lead can be found in many places; knowing the sources of lead can help limit your contact with it. Although most of the reported cases of lead poisoning in Maine have been a result of lead paint dust, exposure can also occur through drinking and cooking with water that has lead, as it can dissolve into water from solder or brass faucets, fittings, and valves. Exposure to lead can also come from jobs and hobbies that utilize materials containing lead, as well as from things you buy such as toys and antiques.

How Lead Got into Your Water

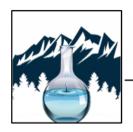
The most likely source of lead in your water is leaching from lead solder on your pipes or out of brass plumbing materials found in faucets, fittings, and valves.

Steps You Can Take to Protect Yourself from Lead in Drinking Water

- Run the water for at least 30 seconds or until it becomes noticeably colder before using it for drinking or cooking. The longer water sits in piping, the greater the chance that lead might leach in.
- Use cold water for drinking and cooking as well as for preparing baby formula. Hot water dissolves lead more quickly than cold water.
- Clean your faucet aerator (screen) regularly.
- Consider using bottled water or a water filter for drinking and cooking.
- * Remember: Boiling the water does *not* reduce lead levels.

Find Out More

For more information on reducing lead exposure around your home/building and the health effects of lead, visit EPA's website at http://www.epa.gov/lead, or contact the Maine Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program (866-292-3474) or your health care provider. Your doctor can answer questions about having your child tested for lead.



A & L LABORATORY

A DIVISION OF GRANITE STATE ANALYTICAL SERVICES, LLC.

155 Center Street, Building C, Auburn, Maine 04210 Phone (207) 784-5354 website www.allaboratory.com

Laboratory Report

Troy Central School 733 Bangor Rd Troy, ME 04987 Date Printed: 12/05/2022
Work Order #: 2211-03892
Client Job #: 565
Date Received: 11/18/2022
Sample collected in: Maine

Attached please find results for the analysis of the samples received on the date referenced above.

Unless otherwise noted in the attached report, the analyses performed met the requirements of the analyzing laboratory's Quality Assurance Plan, Standard Operating Procedures and State Accreditation. This certificate shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the analyzing laboratory. The results presented in this report relate to the samples listed on the following pages in the condition in which they were received. Accreditation for each analyte is identified by the * symbol following the analyte name. Location of our analyzing laboratory is identified by the code in the Analyst Column.

A & L Laboratory:

Identified by ME in Analyst Column 155 Center Street, Auburn, Maine 04210 www.allaboratory.com

Granite State Analytical Services LLC:

Identified by NH in Analyst Column 22 Manchester Road, Derry, NH 03038 www.granitestateanalytical.com

Nashoba Analytical:

Identified by MA in the Analyst Column 31A Willow Road, Ayer, MA 01432 www.nashobaanalytical.com

ANALYSIS RELATED NOTES:

- RL: "Reporting limit" means the lowest level of an analyte that can be accurately recovered from the matrix of interest.
- DF: "Dilution factor" means the ratio of the volume of the sample to the volume of the final (dilute) solution.
- MDL: "Minimum Detection Limit" means the minimum result which can be reliably discriminated from a blank with a predetermined confidence level.
- A & L Laboratory / Granite State Analytical Services LLC / Nashoba Analytical. accreditation lists can be found on our websites listed above.
- Subcontracted samples will be identified by the Accreditation number of the subcontract laboratory in the analyst field for
 each analyte and the appropriate laboratory will be listed here. None
- Data Qualifiers (DQ) Flags provide additional information in regards to the receipt, analysis or quality control of a sample.
 These are indicated under the DQ Flags Column on your report and listed here if necessary: Data Qualifier (DQ) Flags: None

SAMPLE STATE SPECIFIC NOTES:

• The thermal preservation requirement of 4°C for nitrate & nitrite has been waived by the Maine CDC for all samples submitted to the Drinking Water Program.

Additional Narrative or Comments: None

We appreciate the opportunity to provide you with laboratory services. If you have any questions regarding the enclosed report, please contact the laboratory and we will be happy to assist you.

Rebecca L. Labranche Laboratory Director

ZIILL



A & L LABORATORY

A DIVISION OF GRANITE STATE ANALYTICAL SERVICES, LLC.

155 Center Street, Building C, Auburn, Maine 04210 Phone (207) 784-5354 website www.allaboratory.com

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS FOR DRINKING WATER

DATE PRINTED:

12/05/2022

CLIENT NAME: Troy Central School

CLIENT ADDRESS:

733 Bangor Rd Troy, ME 04987

METHOD: EPA ACTION LEVEL: MAINE GUIDELINE: **REPORTING LIMIT:**

EPA 200.8 15 ppb

4 ppb 1 ppb

Legend

Lead Above 4 ppb Lead Above 15 ppb



DATE AND TIME RECEIVED: **ANALYSIS PACKAGE:**

11/18/2022 08:10AM Maine Schools-Lead

RECEIPT TEMPERATURE:

15° CELSIUS

CLIENT JOB #:

565

KLF OK I ING LIM	іі. ірры					CLILIAI 30D	ν π.		303	
Sample ID #	Location	Sample Type	Outlet Type	Date - Time Water Sampled	Result	Test Units	Pass /Fail	DQ Flag	Analyst	Date - Time Analyzed
2211-03892-001	K classroom- Fountain	I	DWF	11/17/2022 04:47AM	<1	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 01:27PM
2211-03892-002	K classroom- Handwash sink	I	ОТ	11/17/2022 04:47AM	<1	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 01:30PM
2211-03892-003	First grade classroom- Fountain	I	DWF	11/17/2022 04:48AM	2.4	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 01:34PM
2211-03892-004	First grade classroom- Handwash sink	I	ОТ	11/17/2022 04:48AM	<1	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 01:37PM
2211-03892-005	Second grade classroom- Fountain	I	DWF	11/17/2022 04:49AM	2.9	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 01:40PM
2211-03892-006	Second grade classroom- Handwash sink	I	ОТ	11/17/2022 04:49AM	<1	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 01:43PM
2211-03892-007	NI-6 Wing- Fountain	I	DWF	11/17/2022 04:40AM	<1	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 01:47PM
2211-03892-008	NI-6 Wing- Bottle fill station	I	DWF	11/17/2022 04:41AM	<1	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 02:00PM
2211-03892-009	Art storage sink	I	OT	11/17/2022 04:50AM	24.9	ppb	\otimes		JLR-NH	11/28/2022 02:03PM
2211-03892-010	Library sink	- 1	OT	11/17/2022 04:39AM	9.1	ppb	1		JLR-NH	12/02/2022 01:46PM
2211-03892-011	Kitchen- Single bay prep fixture	I	KF	11/17/2022 04:34AM	2.9	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 02:13PM
2211-03892-012	Kitchen- Single bay prep sprayer	I	KF	11/17/2022 04:35AM	1.9	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 02:16PM
2211-03892-013	Kitchen- Three bay prep fixture #1	I	KF	11/17/2022 04:36AM	12.5	ppb	!		JLR-NH	11/28/2022 02:20PM
2211-03892-014	kitchen- Three bay prep fixture #2	Γ	KF	11/17/2022 04:36AM	2.4	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 02:23PM
2211-03892-015	Kitchen- Three bay prep sprayer	I	KF	11/17/2022 04:36AM	1.4	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 02:26PM
2211-03892-016	Kitchen- Dishwasher rinse station spray	I	KF	11/17/2022 04:37AM	21.6	ppb	\otimes		JLR-NH	11/28/2022 02:30PM
2211-03892-017	Kitchen- Handwash sink	I	KF	11/17/2022 04:51AM	7.1	ppb	!		JLR-NH	11/28/2022 02:39PM
2211-03892-018	Gym bathroom- Handwash sink	I	OT	11/17/2022 04:52AM	1.5	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 02:43PM

Rebecca L. Labranche **Laboratory Director**



A & L LABORATORY

A DIVISION OF GRANITE STATE ANALYTICAL SERVICES, LLC.

155 Center Street, Building C, Auburn, Maine 04210 Phone (207) 784-5354 website www.allaboratory.com

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS FOR DRINKING WATER

DATE PRINTED:

12/05/2022

CLIENT NAME:

Troy Central School

CLIENT ADDRESS:

733 Bangor Rd Troy, ME 04987

EPA 200.8

METHOD: E
EPA ACTION LEVEL: 1
MAINE GUIDELINE: 4

REPORTING LIMIT:

15 ppb 4 ppb 1 ppb Legend

Lead Above 4 ppb Lead Above 15 ppb



DATE AND TIME RECEIVED: ANALYSIS PACKAGE: 11/18/2022 08:10AM Maine Schools-Lead

RECEIPT TEMPERATURE:

15° CELSIUS

CLIENT JOB #:

565

Sample ID #	Location	Sample Type	Outlet Type	Date - Time Water Sampled	Result	Test Units	Pass /Fail	DQ Flag	Analyst	Date - Time Analyzed
2211-03892-019	Faculty room- Kitchen sink	ı	KF	11/17/2022 04:53AM	2.0	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 02:46PM
2211-03892-020	Faculty room- Bathroom sink	I	OT	11/17/2022 04:53AM	2.3	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 02:49PM
2211-03892-021	Older age wing- Fountain	I	DWF	11/17/2022 04:46AM	<1	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 02:59PM
2211-03892-022	Older age wing- Bottle fill station	I	DWF	11/17/2022 04:46AM	<1	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 03:02PM
2211-03892-023	Older age wing-Girls bathroom handwash sink A	I	ОТ	11/17/2022 04:54AM	1.2	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 03:06PM
2211-03892-024	Older age wing-Girls bathroom handwash sink B	Γ	ОТ	11/17/2022 04:54AM	4.8	ppb	1		JLR-NH	11/28/2022 03:09PM
2211-03892-025	Older age wing- Boys bathroom handwash sink A	I	OT	11/17/2022 04:55AM	1.8	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 03:22PM
2211-03892-026	Older age wing- Boys bathroom handwash sink B	1	OT	11/17/2022 04:55AM	<1	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 03:26PM
2211-03892-027	Older age wing classroom 2-Handwash sink A	I	OT	11/17/2022 04:58AM	4.6	ppb	(!)		JLR-NH	11/28/2022 03:29PM
2211-03892-028	Older age wing classroom 2-Handwash sink B	I	ОТ	11/17/2022 04:57AM	1240	ppb	\otimes		JLR-NH	12/02/2022 01:50PM
2211-03892-029	Older age wing classroom 2- Sprayer A	I	OT	11/17/2022 04:59AM	97.6	ppb	\otimes		JLR-NH	12/02/2022 01:53PM
2211-03892-030	Older age wing classroom 2- Sprayer B	Ι	ОТ	11/17/2022 05:00AM	1.7	ppb			JLR-NH	11/28/2022 03:32PM

Rebecca L. Labranche Laboratory Director