

**MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
OF TURNER COUNTY**

AUDIT REPORT

FISCAL YEAR JULY 1, 2018, TO JUNE 30, 2019

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
P.O. Box 247
105 EAST MAIN, PARKSTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 57366

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS
JUNE 30, 2019

BOARD MEMBERS:

Larry Langerock – President
Scott Tieszen – Vice-President
Scott Luke
Jennifer Ross
Jared Schmidt

SUPERINTENDENT:

E. David Colberg

BUSINESS MANAGER:

Aaron Thompson

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board
Marion School District No. 60-3
Turner County, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marion School District No. 60-3 South Dakota (School District), as of June 30, 2019 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 9, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings as item 2019-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on

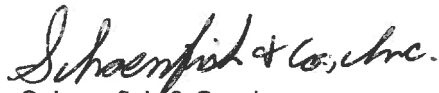
compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School District's Response to Findings

The School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.



Schoenfish & Co., Inc.
Certified Public Accountants
June 9, 2020

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

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SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

PRIOR OTHER AUDIT FINDING:

Internal Control Over Revenues:

Finding Number 2018-001:

A material weakness in internal controls was noted due to a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues resulting in decreased reliability of reported financial data and increased potential for the loss of public assets. This comment has not been corrected and is restated as current audit finding number 2019-001.

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SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS

CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS:

Internal Control – Related Finding – Material Weakness:

Finding Number 2019-001:

A material weakness in internal controls was noted due to a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues. This has been a continuing audit comment since fiscal year 1998.

Criteria:

Proper segregation of duties results in increased reliability of reported financial data and decreased potential for the loss of public assets.

Condition:

A limited number of employees process all revenue transactions from beginning to end. They also receive money, issue receipts, record receipts, post receipts in the accounting records, prepare bank deposits, reconcile bank statements, and prepare financial statements.

Effect:

As a result, there is an increased likelihood that errors could occur and not be detected in a timely manner by employees in the ordinary course of performing their duties.

Recommendation:

1. We recommend that the Marion School District No. 60-3 officials be cognizant of this lack of segregation of duties for revenues and attempt to provide compensating internal controls whenever, and wherever, possible and practical.

Management's Response:

The Marion School District No. 60-3 Board President, Larry Langerock, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. This comment is due to the size of the Marion School District No. 60-3, which precludes staffing at a level sufficient to provide an ideal environment for internal controls. We are aware of this problem and are attempting to develop policies and provide compensating controls.

CLOSING CONFERENCE

The audit was discussed with the officials during the course of the audit and with the Business Manager at the conclusion of the audit.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board
Marion School District No. 60-3
Turner County, South Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marion School District No. 60-3, South Dakota, (School District) as of June 30, 2019 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marion School District No. 60-3 as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of the School District Contributions on pages 38 through 43, 45 and 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The School District has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 9, 2020 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.
Certified Public Accountants
June 9, 2020

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
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MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
As of June 30, 2019

	Primary Government		Total
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	
ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,868,634.70	8,976.12	1,877,610.82
Investments	210,997.03		210,997.03
Taxes Receivable	888,084.69		888,084.69
Other Assets	329,293.16	5,603.63	334,896.79
Inventories		2,210.10	2,210.10
Restricted Assets:			
Deposits	25,123.00		25,123.00
Net Pension Asset	1,538.61		1,538.61
Capital Assets:			
Land	154,679.61		154,679.61
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	2,876,989.32	4,903.40	2,881,892.72
TOTAL ASSETS	6,355,340.12	21,693.25	6,377,033.37
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	530,556.26		530,556.26
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	530,556.26	0.00	530,556.26
LIABILITIES :			
Accounts Payable	114,817.18		114,817.18
Other Current Liabilities	232,451.85		232,451.85
Unearned Revenue		911.30	911.30
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	23,137.32		23,137.32
Due in More than One Year	52,445.63		52,445.63
TOTAL LIABILITIES	422,851.98	911.30	423,763.28
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Property Taxes Levied for Future Period	888,084.69		888,084.69
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	127,475.36		127,475.36
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,015,560.05	0.00	1,015,560.05
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,993,016.66	4,903.40	2,997,920.06
Restricted for:			
Capital Outlay Purposes	1,204,267.47		1,204,267.47
Special Education Purposes	18,033.84		18,033.84
SDRS Pension Purposes	404,619.51		404,619.51
Unrestricted	827,546.87	15,878.55	843,425.42
TOTAL NET POSITION	5,447,484.35	20,781.95	5,468,266.30

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Primary Government Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	1,799,091.62	39,414.12	236,767.96		(1,562,323.66)		(1,562,323.66)
Support Services	1,114,677.26	7,269.90	5,726.22		(1,069,536.92)		(1,069,536.92)
Cocurricular Activities	131,864.15				(124,594.25)		(124,594.25)
Total Governmental Activities	3,045,633.03	46,684.02	242,494.18	0.00	(2,756,454.83)		(2,756,454.83)
Business-type Activities:							
Food Service	102,011.97	48,922.80	46,685.66			(6,403.51)	(6,403.51)
Driver's Education	3,205.78	3,950.00				744.22	744.22
After School	1,335.00	1,200.00				(135.00)	(135.00)
Total Business-type Activities	106,552.75	54,072.80	46,685.66	0.00	0.00	(5,794.29)	(5,794.29)
Total Primary Government	3,152,185.78	100,756.82	289,179.84	0.00	(2,756,454.83)	(5,794.29)	(2,762,249.12)
General Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property Taxes					1,895,071.53		1,895,071.53
Utility Taxes					318,137.16		318,137.16
Revenue from State Sources:							
State Aid					491,045.83		491,045.83
Unrestricted Investment Earnings					30,499.53	268.97	30,768.50
Other General Revenues					39,009.06		39,009.06
Transfers					37.12	(37.12)	0.00
Total General Revenues & Transfers					2,773,800.23	231.85	2,774,032.08
Change in Net Position					17,345.40	(5,562.44)	11,782.96
Net Position - Beginning					5,430,138.95	26,344.39	5,456,483.34
NET POSITION - ENDING					5,447,484.35	20,781.95	5,468,266.30

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

**MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
As of June 30, 2019**

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	529,745.85	1,226,206.89	107,681.96	1,863,634.70
Advanced Payments	5,000.00			5,000.00
Investments	210,997.03			210,997.03
Taxes Receivable--Current	387,636.01	303,273.62	191,857.32	882,766.95
Taxes Receivable--Delinquent	4,376.29	608.74	332.71	5,317.74
Due from Other Government	329,293.16			329,293.16
Deposits	20,977.10		4,145.90	25,123.00
TOTAL ASSETS	1,488,025.44	1,530,089.25	304,017.89	3,322,132.58
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	22,108.04			22,108.04
Contracts Payable	168,311.51	21,939.42	70,769.72	260,020.65
Payroll Deductions, Withholdings and Employer Matching Payable	45,261.94		4,594.40	49,856.34
Total Liabilities	235,681.49	21,939.42	89,648.12	347,269.03
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	4,376.29	608.74	332.71	5,317.74
Property Taxes Levied for a Future Period	387,636.01	303,273.62	191,857.32	882,766.95
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	392,012.30	303,882.36	192,190.03	888,084.69
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable				
Insurance Reserve	20,977.10		4,145.90	25,123.00
Restricted:				
Capital Outlay		1,204,267.47		1,204,267.47
Special Education			18,033.84	18,033.84
Assigned for Next Year's Budget	120,000.00			120,000.00
Unassigned	719,354.55			719,354.55
Total Fund Balances	860,331.65	1,204,267.47	22,179.74	2,086,778.86
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	1,488,025.44	1,530,089.25	304,017.89	3,322,132.58

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2019

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	<u>2,086,778.86</u>
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Net pension asset reported in governmental activities is not an available financial resource and therefore is not reported in the funds.	<u>1,538.61</u>
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	<u>3,031,668.93</u>
Pension related deferred outflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	<u>530,556.26</u>
Long-term liabilities, including financing (capital acquisition) leases and accrued leave payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	<u>(75,582.95)</u>
Pension related deferred inflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	<u>(127,475.36)</u>
Net Position - Governmental Activities	<u><u>5,447,484.35</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Pension Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Revenue from Local Sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad Valorem Taxes	782,799.16	693,403.38	407,110.88		1,883,313.42
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	4,009.55	2,732.59	1,509.38	68.61	8,320.13
Utility Taxes	318,137.16				318,137.16
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	1,446.63	1,271.19	699.70	20.46	3,437.98
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	10,724.49	19,459.01	316.03		30,499.53
Cocurricular Activities:					
Admissions	6,409.90				6,409.90
Other Student Activity Income	860.00				860.00
Other Revenue from Local Sources:					
Rentals	230.00				230.00
Contributions and Donations	1,056.00	960.00			2,016.00
Refund of Prior Years' Expenditures	110.21				110.21
Charges for Services	6,962.01		32,452.11		39,414.12
Other	3,681.45	1,230.79			4,912.24
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:					
County Sources:					
County Apportionment	14,436.84				14,436.84
Revenue In Lieu of Taxes	1,497.66	577.79	313.56		2,389.01
Revenue from State Sources:					
Grants-in-Aid:					
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	491,045.83				491,045.83
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	8,314.08		151,726.00		160,040.08
Revenue from Federal Sources:					
Grants-in-Aid:					
Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received Directly from Federal Government	9,998.00				9,998.00
Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through the State	72,456.10				72,456.10
Total Revenue	1,734,175.07	719,634.75	594,127.66	89.07	3,048,026.55

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Pension Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Regular Programs:					
Elementary	435,815.04	16,546.37			452,361.41
Middle/Junior High	214,532.31	15,363.19			229,895.50
High School	405,920.58	25,226.91			431,147.49
Preschool Services	55,127.40				55,127.40
Special Programs:					
Programs for Special Education			416,325.83		416,325.83
Culturally Different	22,149.79				22,149.79
Educationally Deprived	63,249.92				63,249.92
Other Special Programs	2,900.00				2,900.00
Support Services:					
Students:					
Guidance	62,251.95	268.39			62,520.34
Health	1,030.61		21,375.50		22,406.11
Psychological			2,162.76		2,162.76
Speech Pathology			61,622.65		61,622.65
Student Therapy Services			44,505.20		44,505.20
Instructional Staff:					
Improvement of Instruction	5,331.97				5,331.97
Educational Media	46,380.79	2,740.13			49,120.92
General Administration:					
Board of Education	30,952.90	47.93	3,225.44		34,226.27
Executive Administration	63,168.24	255.89			63,424.13
School Administration:					
Office of the Principal	136,906.38	1,069.23			137,975.61
Other	726.94				726.94
Business:					
Fiscal Services	157,094.16	4,677.08	10,163.38		171,934.62
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		838.17			838.17
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	236,217.33	17,529.32			253,746.65
Student Transportation	41,175.89	1,612.99			42,788.88
Food Services	5,706.80	338.83			6,045.63

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Pension Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Expenditures (Cont.):					
Support Services:					
Central:					
Staff	517.75				517.75
Special Education:					
Administrative Costs			2,702.19		2,702.19
Transportation Costs			31,808.97		31,808.97
Debt Services		14,281.44			14,281.44
Co-curricular Activities:					
Male Activities	19,617.06				19,617.06
Female Activities	21,646.24				21,646.24
Transportation	9,881.26				9,881.26
Combined Activities	44,565.95	6,538.65			51,104.60
Capital Outlay		198,034.28			198,034.28
Total Expenditures	2,082,867.26	305,368.80	593,891.92	0.00	2,982,127.98
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(348,692.19)	414,265.95	235.74	89.07	65,898.57
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfers In	323,584.07				323,584.07
Transfers Out		(319,459.01)	(316.03)	(3,771.91)	(323,546.95)
General Long-Term Debt Issued		40,686.60			40,686.60
Sale of Surplus Property		14,914.76			14,914.76
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	323,584.07	(263,857.65)	(316.03)	(3,771.91)	55,638.48
Net Change in Fund Balances	(25,108.12)	150,408.30	(80.29)	(3,682.84)	121,537.05
Fund Balance - Beginning	885,439.77	1,053,859.17	22,260.03	3,682.84	1,965,241.81
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	860,331.65	1,204,267.47	22,179.74	0.00	2,086,778.86

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	<u>121,537.05</u>
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	<u>41,832.04</u>
Payment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	<u>14,281.44</u>
The issuance of long-term debt is an other financing source in the fund statements but an increase in long-term liabilities on the government-wide statements.	<u>(40,686.60)</u>
Governmental funds recognize expenditures for amounts of compensated absences actually paid to employees with current financial resources during the fiscal year. Amounts of compensated absences earned by employees are not recognized in the funds. In the statement of activities, expenses for these benefits are recognized when the employees earn leave credits.	<u>(1,272.96)</u>
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (pension expense)	<u>(2,464.14)</u>
Changes in the pension related deferred outflows/inflows are direct components of pension liability (assets) and are not reflected in the governmental funds.	<u>(115,881.43)</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>17,345.40</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
As of June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Funds		
	Food Service Fund	Driver's Education/ After School Fund	Totals
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,024.22	1,951.90	8,976.12
Accounts Receivable, Net	5,603.63		5,603.63
Inventory of Supplies	715.35		715.35
Inventory of Stores Purchased for Resale	642.93		642.93
Inventory of Donated Food	851.82		851.82
Total Current Assets	14,837.95	1,951.90	16,789.85
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Machinery and Equipment--Local Funds	56,451.41		56,451.41
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(51,548.01)		(51,548.01)
Total Noncurrent Assets	4,903.40	0.00	4,903.40
TOTAL ASSETS	19,741.35	1,951.90	21,693.25
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Unearned Revenue	911.30		911.30
TOTAL LIABILITIES	911.30	0.00	911.30
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,903.40		4,903.40
Unrestricted Net Position	13,926.65	1,951.90	15,878.55
TOTAL NET POSITION	18,830.05	1,951.90	20,781.95

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Fund		
	Food Service Fund	Driver's Education/ After School Fund	Totals
Operating Revenue:			
Food Sales:			
Student	44,394.30		44,394.30
Adult	4,274.85		4,274.85
Ala Carte	253.65		253.65
Driver's Education		3,950.00	3,950.00
After School Program		1,200.00	1,200.00
Total Operating Revenue	48,922.80	5,150.00	54,072.80
Operating Expenses:			
Food Service:			
Purchased Services	90,626.04		90,626.04
Cost of Sales - Donated	9,621.51		9,621.51
Other	541.09		541.09
Depreciation	1,223.33		1,223.33
Driver's Education		3,205.78	3,205.78
After School Program		1,335.00	1,335.00
Total Operating Expenses	102,011.97	4,540.78	106,552.75
Operating Income (Loss)	(53,089.17)	609.22	(52,479.95)
Nonoperating Revenue:			
Investment Earnings	231.85	37.12	268.97
State Grants	340.71		340.71
Federal Grants	37,840.48		37,840.48
Donated Food	8,504.47		8,504.47
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	46,917.51	37.12	46,954.63
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(6,171.66)	646.34	(5,525.32)
Transfers Out		(37.12)	(37.12)
Change in Net Position	(6,171.66)	609.22	(5,562.44)
Net Position - Beginning	25,001.71	1,342.68	26,344.39
NET POSITION - ENDING	18,830.05	1,951.90	20,781.95

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT 60-3
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Enterprise Fund</u>		<u>Totals</u>
	<u>Food Service Fund</u>	<u>Driver's Education/ After School Fund</u>	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash Receipts from Customers	48,033.13	5,150.00	53,183.13
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods or Services	(91,043.83)	(4,540.78)	(95,584.61)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	<u>(43,010.70)</u>	<u>609.22</u>	<u>(42,401.48)</u>
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Transfers to General Fund		(37.12)	(37.12)
Operating Grants	38,181.19		38,181.19
Net Cash Provided (Used) from Noncapital Financing Activities	<u>38,181.19</u>	<u>(37.12)</u>	<u>38,144.07</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Cash Received for Interest	231.85	37.12	268.97
Net Cash Provided (Used) from Investing Activities	<u>231.85</u>	<u>37.12</u>	<u>268.97</u>
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>(4,597.66)</u>	<u>609.22</u>	<u>(3,988.44)</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	11,621.88	1,342.68	12,964.56
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	<u><u>7,024.22</u></u>	<u><u>1,951.90</u></u>	<u><u>8,976.12</u></u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>(53,089.17)</u>	<u>609.22</u>	<u>(52,479.95)</u>
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation Expense	1,223.33		1,223.33
Value of Donated Commodities Used	9,621.51		9,621.51
(Increase) decrease in Receivables	(486.07)		(486.07)
(Increase) decrease in Inventories	123.30		123.30
(Decrease) increase in Unearned Revenue	(403.60)		(403.60)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	<u>(43,010.70)</u>	<u>609.22</u>	<u>(42,401.48)</u>
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:			
Value of Commodities Received	<u>8,504.47</u>		<u>8,504.47</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
As of June 30, 2019

	<u>Agency Funds</u>
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>38,791.32</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>38,791.32</u>
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts Payable and Other Payables	<u>451.02</u>
Amounts Held for Others	<u>38,340.30</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u><u>38,791.32</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Marion School District No. 60-3 (School District) consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds, may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The School District participates in a cooperative service unit with several other school districts. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit, but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the School District.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources, in a net position form (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position). Net position is displayed in three components, as applicable, net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or it meets the following criteria:

1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the School District financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the school district, excluding capital outlay fund and special education fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types – special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Outlay Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Special Education Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the district. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

Pension Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-10-6 for the purpose of paying pensions to retired employees of school districts, which have established such systems, paying the district's share of retirement plan contributions, and for funding early retirement benefits to qualifying employees. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund. This fund was closed in fiscal year 2019.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Fund Types – Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

- a. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit—even if that government is not expected to make any payments—is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
- b. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- c. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Food Service Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

Driver's Education/After School Time Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to the driver's education operations and after school program. This fund is financed by user charges. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are never considered to be major funds.

Agency Fund Types – agency funds are used to account for resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Since agency funds are custodial in nature they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The School District maintains agency funds for the following purposes:

Custodial funds for student classes and activities.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental fund types, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Basis of Accounting:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and, expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay all the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the Marion School District No. 60-3, the length of that cycle is 60 days. The revenues that were accrued at June 30, 2019, were grants from the State of South Dakota and utility taxes.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Reported deferred revenues are those where asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

d. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6.

e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date donated.

Interest costs incurred during the construction of general capital assets are not capitalized along with other capital asset costs.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	<u>Capitalization Threshold</u>	<u>Depreciation Method</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Life</u>
Land	\$ 1.00	----N/A----	----N/A----
Improvements	\$ 2,000.00	Straight-line	25-100 yrs.
Buildings	\$ 2,000.00	Straight-line	100-150 yrs.
Machinery & Equipment	\$ 2,000.00	Straight-line	5-25 yrs.
Food Service Equipment	\$ 2,000.00	Straight-line	12 yrs.

Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

f. Long-Term Liabilities:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities primarily consist of compensated absences and a lease purchase agreement.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

g. Program Revenues:

In the Government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

1. Charges for services – These arise from charges to customers, applications, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, non-capital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues and expenses.

i. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The School District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise fund has access to its cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise fund deposit and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

j. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components.

1. Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
2. Restricted net position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on its use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
3. Unrestricted net position – All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity (except for Agency Funds, which have no fund equity) is reported as net position held in trust for other purposes.

k. Application of Net Position:

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

l. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Business Manager.
- Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The Nonspendable Fund Balance is comprised of the following:

- Amount reported in non-spendable form such as prepaid expenses.
- Amount legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as Insurance Reserve.

The School District uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the School District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The School District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

<u>Major Special Revenue Fund:</u>	<u>Revenue Source:</u>
Capital Outlay Fund	Real Estate Taxes
Special Education Fund	Real Estate Taxes and State Aid
Pension Fund	Real Estate Taxes

See Independent Auditor's Report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

m. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. School District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized as follows:

Deposits – The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school district funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of June 30, 2019, the School District did not have any investments. The investments reported in the financial statements consist only of certificates of deposit.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the School District, as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from deposits and investments to the General Fund. USGAAP, on the other hand, requires income from deposits and investments to be reported in the fund whose assets generated that income. Where the governing board has discretion to credit investment income to a fund other than the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

fund that provided the resources for investment, a transfer to the designated fund is reported. Accordingly, in the fund financial statements, interfund transfers of investment earnings are reported, while in the government-wide financial statements, they have been eliminated, except for the net amounts transferred between governmental activities and business-type activities. These interfund transfers are not violations of the statutory restrictions on interfund transfers.

3. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year.

4. INVENTORY

Inventory held for consumption is stated at cost. Inventory for resale is stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at date of receipt.

In the Government-wide financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the fund financial statements, inventories in the General Fund, special revenue funds, and proprietary funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed in the General Fund, special revenue funds, and the proprietary funds. At June 30, 2019, the supplies inventory on hand was not material in the General Fund and special revenue funds.

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the following January 1 and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore are not susceptible to accrual has been reported as deferred inflows of resources in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

6. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

Primary Government

	Balance 07/01/18	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/19
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	154,679.61			154,679.61
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Improvements	140,538.47	32,999.84		173,538.31
Buildings	3,065,027.62	10,169.50		3,075,197.12
Machinery & Equipment	1,030,146.63	154,864.94	(150,766.65)	1,034,244.92
Total, being depreciated	4,235,712.72	198,034.28	(150,766.65)	4,282,980.35
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Improvements	(15,125.86)	(8,604.29)		(23,730.15)
Buildings	(777,437.34)	(52,373.19)		(829,810.53)
Machinery & Equipment	(607,992.24)	(95,224.76)	150,766.65	(552,450.35)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,400,555.44)	(156,202.24)	150,766.65	(1,405,991.03)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	2,835,157.28	41,832.04	0.00	2,876,989.32
Governmental Activity Capital Assets, Net	2,989,836.89	41,832.04	0.00	3,031,668.93

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Instruction	43,643.22
Support Services	86,363.96
Co-curricular Activities	26,195.06
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	156,202.24

	Balance 07/01/18	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/19
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Machinery & Equipment	56,451.41			56,451.41
Total, being depreciated	56,451.41	0.00	0.00	56,451.41
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Machinery & Equipment	(50,324.68)	(1,223.33)		(51,548.01)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(50,324.68)	(1,223.33)	0.00	(51,548.01)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	6,126.73	(1,223.33)	0.00	4,903.40
Business-Type Activity Capital Assets, Net	6,126.73	(1,223.33)	0.00	4,903.40

See Independent Auditor's Report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-Type Activities:

Food Services	1,223.33
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	<u>1,223.33</u>

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
Financing (Capital Acquisition)					
Leases - Copier Lease	12,247.11		12,247.11	0.00	0.00
Financing (Capital Acquisition)					
Leases - Copier Lease	0.00	40,686.60	2,034.33	38,652.27	8,137.32
Total Debt	<u>12,247.11</u>	<u>40,686.60</u>	<u>14,281.44</u>	<u>38,652.27</u>	<u>8,137.32</u>
Accrued Compensated Absences	<u>35,657.72</u>	<u>21,314.70</u>	<u>20,041.74</u>	<u>36,930.68</u>	<u>15,000.00</u>
Total Governmental Activities	<u>47,904.83</u>	<u>62,001.30</u>	<u>34,323.18</u>	<u>75,582.95</u>	<u>23,137.32</u>
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	<u>47,904.83</u>	<u>62,001.30</u>	<u>34,323.18</u>	<u>75,582.95</u>	<u>23,137.32</u>

Liabilities payable at June 30, 2019, is comprised of the following:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Governmental Activities:

Financing (Capital Acquisition) Leases:

Copier Financing (Capital Acquisition) Lease	\$ 38,652.27
Matures, Interest Rate 0.0%, Paid by Capital Outlay Fund	

The purchase price at the commencement of the financing (capital acquisition) lease was:

Principal	\$ 40,686.60
Interest	0.00
TOTAL	<u>\$ 40,686.60</u>

Compensated Absences:

Accrued Sick Leave	\$ 36,930.68
Payable from General Fund	

See Independent Auditor's Report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, except for compensated absences, for all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Annual Requirements to Maturity for Long-Term Debt
June 30, 2019

Year Ending June 30,	Financing (Capital Acquisition)	
	Leases - Copiers	
	Principal	Interest
2020	8,137.32	0.00
2021	8,137.32	0.00
2022	8,137.32	0.00
2023	8,137.32	0.00
2024	6,102.99	0.00
Totals	<u>38,652.27</u>	<u>0.00</u>

8. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until the applicable future period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisitions of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as inflow of resources until the applicable future period.

9. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

<u>FUND:</u>	<u>Restricted By:</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Capital Outlay	Law	\$ 1,204,267.47
Special Education	Law	18,033.84
SDRS Pension	Governmental Accounting Standards	404,619.51
Total Restricted Net Position		<u>\$ 1,626,920.82</u>

See Independent Auditor's Report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

10. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

<u>Transfers From:</u>	<u>Transfers To:</u>
	<u>General Fund</u>
Major Funds:	
Capital Outlay	\$ 319,459.01
Special Education	316.03
Pension	3,771.91
Driver's Education	37.12
Totals	<u>\$ 323,584.07</u>

Transfers of investment and deposit earnings to the General Fund are reported. SDCL 4-5-9 and 13-16-18 give the school board the authority to designate whether all such earnings should be retained by any individual funds or credited to the General Fund. These interfund transfers are not violations of the statutory restrictions on interfund transfers. Also, transfers were made from the Capital Outlay Fund to the General Fund as allowed by law to conduct indispensable functions of the district and from the Pension Fund to the General Fund to close the fund.

11. PENSION PLAN

Plan Information:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at <http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx> or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, and Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation safety members

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to the long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$79,825.27, \$82,289.41, and \$79,914.36, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:

At June 30, 2018, SDRS is 100.02% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate share of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2018 and reported by the School District as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Proportionate share of pension liability	\$ 8,070,536.69
Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for pension benefits	<u>\$ 8,072,075.30</u>
Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	<u><u>\$ (1,538.61)</u></u>

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability (asset) of \$(1,538.61) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.06597140%, which is an increase (decrease) of 0.0004185% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized pension expense (reduction of pension expense) of \$11,345.57. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows Of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows Of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience.	\$ 58,153.63	
Changes in assumption.	\$ 390,625.05	
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.		\$ 116,282.72
Changes in proportion and difference between School district contributions and proportionate share of contributions.	\$ 1,952.31	\$ 11,192.64
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date.	<u>\$ 79,825.27</u>	
TOTAL	<u><u>\$ 530,556.26</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 127,475.36</u></u>

\$79,825.27 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Year Ended	
June 30:	
2020	\$ 207,096.57
2021	\$ 152,080.90
2022	\$ (22,816.44)
2023	<u>\$ (13,105.40)</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 323,255.63</u>

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25 percent
Salary Increases	Graded by years of service, from 6.50% at entry to 3.00% after 25 years of service
Discount Rate	6.50 percent net of plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on 97% of the RP-2014 Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2016, white collar rates for females and total dataset rates for males. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2016.

A detailed experience analysis covering the period from June 30, 2011 to June 30, 2016, was conducted and appropriate modifications in the economic and demographic assumptions were made effective with the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	58.0%	4.8%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.8%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.7%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

See Independent Auditor's Report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	<u>1%</u> <u>Decrease</u>	<u>Current</u> <u>Discount</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>1%</u> <u>Increase</u>
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$1,162,078.77	\$(1,538.61)	\$(948,078.20)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

12. JOINT VENTURES

The School District participates in the Cornbelt Education Cooperative, a cooperative service unit (co-op) formed for the purpose of providing special education services to the member school districts.

The members of the co-op and their relative percentage participation in the co-op are as follows:

Bridgewater-Emery School District No. 30-3	11.53%
Canistota School District No. 43-1	7.35%
Ethan School District No. 17-1	8.68%
Freeman School District No. 33-1	13.98%
Hanson School District No. 30-1	14.19%
Marion School District No. 60-3	5.92%
McCook School District No. 43-7	14.46%
Montrose School District No. 43-2	8.68%
Parker School District No. 60-4	15.21%

The co-op's governing board is composed of two representatives from each member school district, who are one school board member who serves on the Board of Directors and the Superintendent who serves on the advisory board. The board is responsible for adopting the co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

The School District retains no equity in the net position of the co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from the Cornbelt Education Cooperative.

At June 30, 2019, this joint venture had total assets plus deferred outflows of resources of \$1,319,350.10, total liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources of \$231,551.05, and net position of \$1,087,799.05.

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2019, the School District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The School District purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The School District joined the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Property and Liability Fund (ASBSD-PLF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota school districts. The objective of the ASBSD-PLF is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage. The School District's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the ASBSD-PLF to resolve any incident which could result in a claim being made by or against the School District. The School District pays an annual premium, to provide liability coverage detailed below, under a claims-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on their exposure or type of coverage. The School District pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for liability insurance for risks related to torts, theft or damage to property, errors and omissions of public officials, and vehicle insurance.

The agreement with the ASBSD-PLF provides that the above coverages will be provided to a \$2,000,000 limit. Member premiums are used by the pool for payment of claims and to pay for reinsurance for claims in excess of \$100,000 to the upper limit. The School District carries a \$1,000 to \$2,500 deductible for the property insurance coverage.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Workers' Compensation:

The School District participates, with several other educational units and related organizations in South Dakota, in the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Workers' Compensation Fund Pool which provides workers' compensation insurance coverage for participating members of the pool. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of workers' compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The School District's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and

See Independent Auditor's Report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The School District pays an annual premium, to provide workers' compensation coverage for its employees, under a retrospectively rated policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the fund members. The School District may also be responsible for additional assessments in the event the pool is determined by its board of trustees to have inadequate reserves to satisfy current obligations or judgments. Additional assessments, if any, are to be determined on a prorated basis based upon each participant's percentage of contribution in relation to the total contributions to the pool of all participants for the year in which the shortfall occurs. The pool provides loss coverage to all participants through pool retained risk retention and through insurance coverage purchased by the pool in excess of the retained risk. The pool pays the first \$500,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to an additional \$1,000,000 per individual per incident.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The School District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, no claims were filed for unemployment benefits. At June 30, 2019, no claims had been filed or were outstanding. It is not anticipated that any claims for unemployment benefits will be filed in the next fiscal year.

14. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES – LITIGATION

At June 30, 2019, the School District was not involved in any significant litigation.

15. CONFLICT OF INTEREST

Board member Larry Langerock, who is an owner of Monroe Mill and Grain, LLC, sold over \$3,500.00 of products and services to the Marion School District during the fiscal year for an FFA project.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	626,000.00	626,000.00	782,799.16	156,799.16
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	4,000.00	4,000.00	4,009.55	9.55
Utility Taxes	301,000.00	301,000.00	318,137.16	17,137.16
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	1,300.00	1,300.00	1,446.63	146.63
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	4,200.00	4,200.00	10,724.49	6,524.49
Cocurricular Activities:				
Admissions	7,500.00	7,500.00	6,409.90	(1,090.10)
Other Student Activity Income	1,500.00	1,500.00	860.00	(640.00)
Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
Rentals	500.00	500.00	230.00	(270.00)
Contributions and Donations	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,056.00	56.00
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	500.00	500.00	110.21	(389.79)
Charges for Services	5,500.00	5,500.00	6,962.01	1,462.01
Other	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,681.45	681.45
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:				
County Sources:				
County Apportionment	10,000.00	10,000.00	14,436.84	4,436.84
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	0.00	0.00	1,497.66	1,497.66
Revenue from State Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	591,000.00	591,000.00	491,045.83	(99,954.17)
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	6,000.00	6,000.00	8,314.08	2,314.08
Revenue from Federal Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received Directly from Federal Government	0.00	0.00	9,998.00	9,998.00
Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through the State	86,400.00	86,400.00	72,456.10	(13,943.90)
Total Revenue	1,649,400.00	1,649,400.00	1,734,175.07	84,775.07
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary	451,100.00	451,100.00	435,815.04	15,284.96
Middle/Junior High	221,600.00	221,600.00	214,532.31	7,067.69
High School	407,500.00	407,500.00	405,920.58	1,579.42
Preschool Services	55,370.00	55,370.00	55,127.40	242.60
Special Programs:				
Culturally Different	26,370.00	26,370.00	22,149.79	4,220.21
Educationally Deprived	64,900.00	64,900.00	63,249.92	1,650.08
Other Special Programs	2,500.00	2,500.00	2,900.00	(400.00)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Expenditures (Cont.):				
Support Services:				
Students:				
Guidance	63,115.00	63,115.00	62,251.95	863.05
Health	1,350.00	1,350.00	1,030.61	319.39
Instructional Staff:				
Improvement of Instruction	2,400.00	2,400.00	5,331.97	(2,931.97)
Educational Media	47,500.00	47,500.00	46,380.79	1,119.21
General Administration:				
Board of Education	31,300.00	31,300.00	30,952.90	347.10
Executive Administration	62,140.00	62,140.00	63,168.24	(1,028.24)
School Administration:				
Office of the Principal	136,740.00	136,740.00	136,906.38	(166.38)
Other	700.00	700.00	726.94	(26.94)
Business:				
Fiscal Services	155,000.00	155,000.00	157,094.16	(2,094.16)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	213,820.00	213,820.00	236,217.33	(22,397.33)
Student Transportation Services	56,400.00	56,400.00	41,175.89	15,224.11
Food Services	6,000.00	6,000.00	5,706.80	293.20
Central:				
Staff	500.00	500.00	517.75	(17.75)
Non-Programmed Charges:				
Payments to State - Unemployment	1,120.00	1,120.00	0.00	1,120.00
Cocurricular Activities:				
Male Activities	22,230.00	22,230.00	19,617.06	2,612.94
Female Activities	20,740.00	20,740.00	21,646.24	(906.24)
Transportation	11,410.00	11,410.00	9,881.26	1,528.74
Combined Activities	53,205.00	53,205.00	44,565.95	8,639.05
Total Expenditures	2,115,010.00	2,115,010.00	2,082,867.26	32,142.74
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(465,610.00)	(465,610.00)	(348,692.19)	116,917.81
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	280,610.00	280,610.00	323,584.07	42,974.07
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	280,610.00	280,610.00	323,584.07	42,974.07
Net Change in Fund Balances	(185,000.00)	(185,000.00)	(25,108.12)	159,891.88
Fund Balance - Beginning	885,439.77	885,439.77	885,439.77	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	700,439.77	700,439.77	860,331.65	159,891.88

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	625,000.00	625,000.00	693,403.38	68,403.38
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	1,000.00	1,000.00	2,732.59	1,732.59
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,271.19	271.19
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	6,000.00	6,000.00	19,459.01	13,459.01
Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
Contributions and Donations	1,000.00	1,000.00	960.00	(40.00)
Other	0.00	0.00	1,230.79	1,230.79
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:				
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	0.00	0.00	577.79	577.79
Total Revenue	634,000.00	634,000.00	719,634.75	85,634.75
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary	37,000.00	37,000.00	26,718.02	10,281.98
Middle/Junior High	32,000.00	32,000.00	25,534.84	6,465.16
High School	36,000.00	36,000.00	39,399.74	(3,399.74)
Support Services:				
Students:				
Guidance	500.00	500.00	268.39	231.61
Instructional Staff:				
Educational Media	13,500.00	13,500.00	7,306.13	6,193.87
General Administration:				
Board of Education	0.00	0.00	47.93	(47.93)
Executive Administration	1,000.00	1,000.00	255.89	744.11
School Administration:				
Office of the Principal	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,069.23	(69.23)
Business:				
Fiscal Services	15,500.00	15,500.00	14,848.73	651.27
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	100,000.00	100,000.00	40,436.07	59,563.93
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	79,000.00	79,000.00	76,761.92	2,238.08
Student Transportation Services	1,500.00	1,500.00	51,562.99	(50,062.99)
Food Services	4,000.00	4,000.00	338.83	3,661.17
Debt Services	16,500.00	16,500.00	14,281.44	2,218.56
Cocurricular Activities:				
Combined Activities	22,000.00	22,000.00	6,538.65	15,461.35
Total Expenditures	359,500.00	359,500.00	305,368.80	54,131.20
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)				
Expenditures	274,500.00	274,500.00	414,265.95	139,765.95

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(275,500.00)	(275,500.00)	(319,459.01)	(43,959.01)
Proceeds of General Long-Term Liabilities	0.00	0.00	40,686.60	40,686.60
Sale of Surplus Property	1,000.00	1,000.00	14,914.76	13,914.76
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(274,500.00)	(274,500.00)	(263,857.65)	10,642.35
Net Change in Fund Balances	0.00	0.00	150,408.30	150,408.30
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,053,859.17	1,053,859.17	1,053,859.17	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	1,053,859.17	1,053,859.17	1,204,267.47	150,408.30

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	348,250.00	408,250.00	407,110.88	(1,139.12)
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	500.00	500.00	1,509.38	1,009.38
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	1,000.00	1,000.00	699.70	(300.30)
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	50.00	50.00	316.03	266.03
Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
Charges for Services	26,200.00	33,200.00	32,452.11	(747.89)
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:				
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	0.00	0.00	313.56	313.56
Revenue from State Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	139,000.00	152,000.00	151,726.00	(274.00)
Total Revenue	515,000.00	595,000.00	594,127.66	(872.34)
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Special Programs:				
Programs for Special Education	360,828.95	425,828.95	416,325.83	9,503.12
Support Services:				
Students:				
Health	18,000.00	18,000.00	21,375.50	(3,375.50)
Psychological	2,262.82	2,262.82	2,162.76	100.06
Speech Pathology	45,477.17	60,477.17	61,622.65	(1,145.48)
Student Therapy Services	36,000.00	36,000.00	44,505.20	(8,505.20)
General Administration				
Board of Education	3,225.43	3,225.43	3,225.44	(0.01)
Business:				
Fiscal Services	10,163.42	10,163.42	10,163.38	0.04
Special Education:				
Administrative Costs	2,652.21	2,652.21	2,702.19	(49.98)
Transportation Costs	36,340.00	36,340.00	31,808.97	4,531.03
Total Expenditures	514,950.00	594,950.00	593,891.92	1,058.08
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)				
Expenditures	50.00	50.00	235.74	185.74
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(50.00)	(50.00)	(316.03)	(266.03)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(50.00)	(50.00)	(316.03)	(266.03)
Net Change in Fund Balances	0.00	0.00	(80.29)	(80.29)
Fund Balance - Beginning	22,260.03	22,260.03	22,260.03	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	22,260.03	22,260.03	22,179.74	(80.29)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
PENSION FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	100.00	100.00	68.61	(31.39)
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	100.00	100.00	20.46	(79.54)
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	50.00	50.00	0.00	(50.00)
Total Revenue	250.00	250.00	89.07	(160.93)
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary	200.00	200.00	0.00	200.00
Total Expenditures	200.00	200.00	0.00	200.00
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	50.00	50.00	89.07	39.07
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(5,050.00)	(5,050.00)	(3,771.91)	1,278.09
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,050.00)	(5,050.00)	(3,771.91)	1,278.09
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,000.00)	(5,000.00)	(3,682.84)	1,317.16
Fund Balance - Beginning	3,682.84	3,682.84	3,682.84	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	(1,317.16)	(1,317.16)	0.00	1,317.16

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
June 30, 2019

Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund
and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget.

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to the first regular meeting in May of each year the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
2. The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
5. Before October 1 of each year, the school board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except trust and agency funds.
6. After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated by number 8.
7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total school district budget and may be transferred by resolution of the school board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year.
8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.
9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.
10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.
11. Budgets for the General Fund and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Note 2. GAAP/Budgetary Accounting Basis Differences

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, however in the Budgetary RSI Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services-Business/Student Transportation function of government, along with all other current Student Transportation related expenditures.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATIONSCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE
SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

South Dakota Retirement System

Last 5 Fiscal Years *

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability/asset	0.0659714%	0.0655529%	0.0609972%	0.0617913%	0.0636048%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (1,539)	\$ (5,949)	\$ 206,043	\$ (262,075)	\$ (458,247)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,371,486	\$ 1,331,897	\$ 1,159,853	\$ 1,128,115	\$ 1,112,270
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.11%	0.45%	17.76%	23.23%	41.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	100.02%	100.10%	96.89%	104.10%	107.30%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective pension liability (asset), which is 6/30 of the previous year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

South Dakota Retirement System

Last 5 Fiscal Years

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 79,825	\$ 82,289	\$ 79,914	\$ 69,592	\$ 67,688
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>\$ 79,825</u>	<u>\$ 82,289</u>	<u>\$ 79,914</u>	<u>\$ 69,592</u>	<u>\$ 67,688</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,330,412	\$ 1,371,486	\$ 1,331,897	\$ 1,159,853	\$ 1,128,115
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%

**Notes to Required Supplementary Information
for the Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and
Schedule of Pension Contributions.

Changes of benefit terms:

No significant changes.

Changes of assumptions:

Legislation enacted in 2017 modified the SDRS COLA. For COLAs first applicable in 2018, the SDRS COLA will equal the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%. That condition existed as of June 30, 2017 and exists again this year as of June 30, 2018. Future COLAs are assumed to equal the current restricted maximum COLA which was 1.89% as of June 30, 2017 and is 2.03% as of June 30, 2018.

The changes in actuarial assumptions increased the Actuarial Accrued Liability by 1.5% of the Actuarial Accrued Liability based on the 1.89% COLA, reflecting the current and assumed future restricted maximum COLA of 2.03%.