MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 OF TURNER COUNTY

AUDIT REPORT

FISCAL YEAR JULY 1, 2015, TO JUNE 30, 2016

P.O. Box 247 105 EAST MAIN, PARKSTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 57366

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MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2016

BOARD MEMBERS:

Josh Luke – President Daryl Gortmaker – Vice-President Dan Buse Jared Schmidt Scott Tieszen

SUPERINTENDENT:

E. David Colberg

BUSINESS MANAGER:

Aaron Thompson

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Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
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P.O. Box 247
105 EAST MAIN, PARKSTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 57366

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Marion School District No. 60-3 Turner County, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marion School District No. 60-3 South Dakota (School District), as of June 30, 2016 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings as item 2016-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and

material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School District's Response to Findings

The School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

composed to conce.

January 16, 2017

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

PRIOR OTHER AUDIT FINDING:

Internal Control Over Revenues:

Finding Number 2015-001:

A material weakness in internal controls was noted due to a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues resulting in decreased reliability of reported financial data and increased potential for the loss of public assets. This comment has not been corrected and is restated as current audit finding number 2016-001.

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS

CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS:

<u>Internal Control – Related Finding – Material Weakness:</u>

Finding Number 2016-001:

A material weakness in internal controls was noted due to a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues. This has been a continuing audit comment since fiscal year 1998.

Criteria:

Proper segregation of duties results in increased reliability of reported financial data and decreased potential for the loss of public assets.

Condition:

A limited number of employees process all revenue transactions from beginning to end. They also receive money, issue receipts, record receipts, post receipts in the accounting records, prepare bank deposits, reconcile bank statements, and prepare financial statements.

Effect:

As a result, there is an increased likelihood that errors could occur and not be detected in a timely manner by employees in the ordinary course of performing their duties.

Recommendation:

1. We recommend that the Marion School District No. 60-3 officials be cognizant of this lack of segregation of duties for revenues and attempt to provide compensating internal controls whenever, and wherever, possible and practical.

Management's Response:

The Marion School District No. 60-3 Board President, Josh Luke, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. This comment is due to the size of the Marion School District No. 60-3, which precludes staffing at a level sufficient to provide an ideal environment for internal controls. We are aware of this problem and are attempting to develop policies and provide compensating controls.

CLOSING CONFERENCE

The audit was discussed with the officials during the course of the audit and with one Board Member, the Superintendent, and the Business Manager on November 23, 2016.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board Marion School District No. 60-3 Turner County, South Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marion School District No. 60-3, South Dakota, (School District) as of June 30, 2016 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marion School District No. 60-3 as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of the School District Contributions on pages 38 through 42, 44, and 45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The School District has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 16, 2017 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

I choenfish & Co. whe.

January 16, 2017

Schoenfish & Co., Inc. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

P.O. Box 247

105 EAST MAIN, PARKSTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 57366

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2016

	_P	rimary Governmen	t
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,787,950.16	18,728.80	1,806,678.96
Investments	433,619.37		433,619.37
Taxes Receivable	730,318.96	0.070.04	730,318.96
Other Assets Inventories	57,599.73	6,072.24	63,671.97
Net Pension Asset	262,074.57	2,918.54	2,918.54 262,074.57
Capital Assets:	202,014.51		202,014.01
Land	154,679.61		154,679.61
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	2,735,067.70	8,573.18	2,743,640.88
TOTAL ASSETS	6,161,310.10	36,292.76	6,197,602.86
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	497,021.49		497,021.49
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	497,021.49	0.00	497,021.49
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts Payable	91,679.52	375.00	92,054.52
Other Current Liabilities	200,360.19		200,360.19
Unearned Revenue		1,460.65	1,460.65
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	15,000.00		15,000.00
Due in More than One Year	60,990.01		60,990.01
TOTAL LIABILITIES	368,029.72	1,835.65	369,865.37
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Property Taxes Levied for Future Period	730,318.96		730,318.96
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	386,696.02		386,696.02
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,117,014.98	0.00	1,117,014.98
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,844,841.24	8,573.18	2,853,414.42
Restricted for:	063 055 50		062 055 50
Capital Outlay Purposes Special Education Purposes	963,855.59 24,190.35		963,855.59 24,190.35
Pension Purposes	76,444.05		76,444.05
SDRS Pension Purposes	372,400.04		372,400.04
Unrestricted	891,555.62	25,883.93	917,439.55
TOTAL NET POSITION	5,173,286.89	34,457.11	5,207,744.00

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

e and tíon	ent	Total	(1,103,593.23)	(10,238.64)	(96,211.03)	(10,253.07)	(9,717.34)	(2,188,475.50)		1,462,002.46	27:100:0012	7,466.34	0.00	2,262,202.65	73,727.15	5,209,083.75		(75,066.90)	5,134,016.85
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Primary Government Business-Type	Activities				(10,253.07)	(9,717.34)	(9,717.34)				102.52	(5.20)	97.32	(9,620.02)	44,077.13			44,077.13
Net	Governmental	Activities	(1,103,593.23)	(10,238.64)	(2,178,758.16)		0.00	(2,178,758.16)		1,462,002.46	37:100:01	497,607.85 7,363.82	5.20	2,262,105.33	83,347.17	5,165,006.62		(75,066.90)	5,089,939.72
Se	Capital Grants and	Contributions			0.00		0.00	0.00	••	Taxes	ate Sources:	stment Earnings		nues & Transfers	lion	ning	ustment for Depreciation	or Change in	on - Beginning
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and	Contributions	211,387.97		211,387.97	55,673.41	55,673.41	267,061.38	General Revenues:	Taxes: Property Taxes Gross Receipts Taxes	Revenue from State Sources:	State Aid Unrestricted Investment Earnings Other General Revenues	Transfers	Total General Revenues & Transfers	Change in Net Position	Net Position - Beginning	Adjustments: Prior Period Adjustment for Accumulated Depreciation	Adjustment for Change in Useful Life	Restated Net Position - Beginning
	Charges for	Services		42,250.76	49,906.38	45,180.90 11,157.00	56,337.90	106,244.28											
		Expenses	1,314,981.20	1,010,966.02	2,440,052.51	111,107.38	121,728.65	2,561,781.16											
		Functions/Programs Primary Government:	Governmental Activities: Instruction	Support Services Nonprogrammed Charges Controller Activities	Total Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities: Food Service Driver's Education	Total Business-type Activities	Total Primary Government											

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

NET POSITION - ENDING

5,207,744.00

34,457.11

5,173,286.89

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2016

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Govern	1,987,129.55	
Amounts reported for government of net position are different		
	Net pension asset reported in governmental activities is not an available financial resource and therefore is not reported in the funds.	262,074.57
	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	2,889,747.31
	Pension related deferred outflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	497,021.49
	Long-term liabilities, including financing (capital acquisition) leases and accrued leave payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(75,990.01)
	Pension related deferred inflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(386,696.02)
Net Position - Governmental A	5,173,286.89	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

cial Total ation Pension Governmental nd Fund Funds		277,955.74 57,672.80 1,450,005.29 1,438.84 279.86 8,305.79 278.84 278.86	712.62 142.19 3,691.38 59.89 267.13 7,363.82	6,060.62	36,880.27 2,966,25 42,250.76 2,559.86	7,358.67	497,607.85 118,018.00	76.698,86	435,065.36 58,361.98 2,520,880.48
Capital Special Outlay Education Fund Fund		484,952.53 2,533.60 1,	1,209.13 3,509.13		1,315.00 36,1		118,		493,519.39 435,
General Fund	:	629,424.22 4,053.49 278.951.22	1,627.44 3,527.67	6,060.62	776.00 1,651.25 5,370.49 2,559.86	7,358.67	497,607.85	93,369.97	1,533,933.75
	Revenues: Revenue from Local Sources:	Ad Valorem Taxes Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes Utility Taxes	Penalties and Interest on Taxes Earnings on Investments and Deposits Cocurricular Activities:	Admissions Admissions Other Pupil Activity Income	Contributions and Donations Charges for Services Other	Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources: County Apportionment	Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Restricted Grants-in-Aid	Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through the State	Total Revenue

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Total Governmental Funds	395,979.61 198,815.25 346,689.38 21,720.46	260,009.25 5,569.97 64,619.47 2,110.00	51,979.16 23,481.86 2,836.21 61,578.93 40,410.34	11,283.90 71,494.52	27,522.14	83,597.24	138,946.63 447.84 228,558.29 50,787.59 5,531.11	332.75
Pension Fund	15,823.41 6,788.19 12,619.78 781.20				2,500.00	3,308.81	4,986.96	
Special Education Fund		260,009.25	22,598.00 2,836.21 61,578.93 40,410.34	325.87	2,875.66		5,007.19	
Capital Outlay Fund	16,688.28 30,128.47 28,731.09		264.06	5,062.98	1,244,45		3,450.00 447.84 85,529.68 7,557.51 200.95	
General	363,467.92 161,898.59 305,338.51 20,939.26	5,569.97 64,619.47 2,110.00	51,715.10 883.86	10,958.03	24,646.48 106,998.18	80,288.43	125,502.48 143,028.61 43,230.08 5,330.16	332.75
	Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Programs: Elementary Middle/Junior High High School Preschool Services	Special Programs: Programs for Special Education Culturally Different Educationally Deprived Other Special Programs	Support Services: Pupils: Guidance Health Psychological Speech Pathology Student Therapy Services	Instructional Start: Improvement of Instruction Educational Media	Serietal Authinstration. Board of Education Executive Administration School Administration:	Office of the Principal	Fiscal Services Facilities Acquisition and Construction Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation Food Services	Staff

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Expenditures (Cont.):	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Pension Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Special Education: Special Education: Administrative Costs Transportation Costs			1,069.29		1,069.29
Non-programmed Charges: Payments to State - Unemployment Early Retirement Payments	8,502.00		1,736.64		8,502.00
Debt Services		16,329.48			16,329.48
Cocurricular Activities; Male Activities Female Activities Transportation Combined Activities	17,327.89 14,290.62 9,306.49 36,038.31	10,933.65			17,327.89 14,290.62 9,306.49 46,971.96
Capital Outlay		195,378.89			195,378.89
Total Expenditures	1,668,754.73	401,947.33	431,068.48	46,808.35	2,548,578.89
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(134,820.98)	91,572.06	3,996.88	11,553.63	(27,698.41)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers In Transfers Out Sale of Surplus Property Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,841.35	(3,509.13) 2,514.00 (995.13)	(59.89)	(267.13)	3,841.35 (3,836.15) 2,514.00 2,519.20
Net Change in Fund Balances	(130,979.63)	90,576.93	3,936.99	11,286.50	(25,179.21)
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,053,619.19	873,278.66	20,253.36	65,157.55	2,012,308.76
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	922,639.56	963,855.59	24,190.35	76,444.05	1,987,129.55

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	(25,179.21)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	82,258.53
In the statement of activities, gains and losses on disposal of capital assets are reported, whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the disposal of capital assets is reflected, regardless of whether a gain or loss is realized.	(22,245.78)
Payment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	16,329.48
Governmental funds recognize expenditures for amounts of compensated absences actually paid to employees with current financial resources during the fiscal year. Amounts of compensated absences earned by employees are not recognized in the funds. In the statement of activities, expenses for these benefits are recognized when the employees earn leave credits.	(7,104.90)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (pension expense)	1,904.06
Changes in the pension related deferred outflows/iinflows are direct components of pension liability (assest) and are not reflected in the governmental funds.	37,384.99
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	83,347.17

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of June 30, 2016

	E	interprise Funds	
	Food Service	Driver's Education	
	Fund	Fund	Totals
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	17,722.41	1,006.39	18,728.80
Accounts Receivable, Net	6,072.24		6,072.24
Inventory of Supplies	657.91		657.91
Inventory of Stores Purchased for Resale	827.44		827.44
Inventory of Donated Food	1,433.19		1,433.19
Total Current Assets	26,713.19	1,006.39	27,719.58
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets:			
Machinery and EquipmentLocal Funds	56,451.41		56,451.41
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(47,878.23)		(47,878.23)
Total Noncurrent Assets	8,573.18	0.00	8,573.18
TOTAL ASSETS	35,286.37	1,006.39	36,292.76
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable		375.00	375.00
Unearned Revenue	1,460.65		1,460.65
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,460.65	375.00	1,835.65
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,573.18		8,573.18
Unrestricted Net Position	25,252.54	631.39	25,883.93
TOTAL NET POSITION	33,825.72	631.39	34,457.11

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	E	Enterprise Fund	
	Food	Driver's	
	Service	Education	
	Fund	Fund	Totals
Operating Revenue:			
Food Sales:			
Students	42,239.20		42,239.20
Adults	2,841.70		2,841.70
Ala Carte	100.00	44.457.00	100.00
Other Charges for Goods and Services	-	11,157.00	11,157.00
Total Operating Revenue	45,180.90	11,157.00	56,337.90
Operating Expenses:			
Salaries		2,260.00	2,260.00
Employee Benefits		172.89	172.89
Purchased Services	99,695.95	8,033.00	107,728.95
Supplies	·	155.38	155.38
Cost of Sales - Donated	9,249.98	****	9,249.98
Other	650.72		650.72
Depreciation	1,510.73		1,510.73
Total Operating Expenses	111,107.38	10,621.27	121,728.65
Operating Income (Loss)	(65,926.48)	535.73	(65,390.75)
Nonoperating Revenue:			
Investment Earnings	97.32	5.20	102.52
State Grants	619.34		619.34
Federal Grants	47,279.83		47,279.83
Donated Food	7,774.24		7,774.24
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	55,770.73	5.20	55,775.93
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(10,155.75)	540.93	(9,614.82)
Transfers Out		(5.20)	(5.20)
Change in Net Position	(10,155.75)	535.73	(9,620.02)
Net Position - Beginning	43,981.47	95.66	44,077.13
NET POSITION - ENDING	33,825.72	631.39	34,457.11

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT 60-3 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Enterprise Fund		
	Food	Driver's	
	Service	Education	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Fund	Fund	Totals
Cash Receipts from Customers	45,171.10	11,157.00	56,328.10
Cash Receipts from Customers Cash Payments to Employees for Services	40, 17 1.10	(2,432.89)	(2,432.89)
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods or Services	(100,025.69)	(7,813.38)	(107,839.07)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(54,854.59)	910.73	(53,943.86)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Transfers to General Fund		(5.20)	(5.20)
Operating Grants	47,899.17	(0.20)	47,899.17
Net Cash Provided (Used) from Noncapital Financing Activities	47,899.17	(5.20)	47,893.97
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Cash Received for Interest	97.32	5.20	102.52
Net Cash Provided (Used) from Investing Activities	97.32	5.20	102.52
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(6,858.10)	910.73	(5,947.37)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	24,580.51	95.66	24,676.17
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	17,722.41	1,006.39	18,728.80
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating Income (Loss)	(65,926.48)	535.73	(65,390.75)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		 	
Depreciation Expense	1,510.73		1,510.73
Value of Donated Commodities Used	9,249.98		9,249.98
Change in Assets and Liabilities:			
Receivables	(382.95)		(382.95)
Inventories	320.98		320.98
Accounts and Other Payables	070.45	375.00	375.00
Unearned Revenue	373.15	* *,*	373.15
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(54,854.59)	910.73	(53,943.86)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:			
Value of Commodities Received	7,774.24	 	7,774.24

MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS As of June 30, 2016

	Agency Funds
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	46,951.15
TOTAL ASSETS	46,951.15
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable and Other Payables Amounts Held for Others	874.49 46,076.66
TOTAL LIABILITIES	46,951.15

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Marion School District No. 60-3 (School District) consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds, may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The School District participates in a cooperative service unit with several other school districts. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit, but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the School District.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources, in a net position form (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position). Net position is displayed in three components, as applicable, net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or it meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the School District financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the school district, excluding capital outlay fund and special education fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types – special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Outlay Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Special Education Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the district. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

Pension Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-10-6 for the purpose of paying pensions to retired employees of school districts, which have established such systems, paying the district's share of retirement plan contributions, and for funding early retirement benefits to qualifying employees. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Fund Types – Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met.

- a. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit—even if that government is not expected to make any payments—is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
- b. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- c. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Food Service Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

Driver's Education Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to the driver's education operations. This fund is financed by user charges. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are never considered to be major funds.

Agency Fund Types – agency funds are used to account for resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Since agency funds are custodial in nature they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The School District maintains agency funds for the following purposes:

Custodial funds for student classes and activities.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental fund types, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Basis of Accounting:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and, expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay all the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the Marion School District No. 60-3, the length of that cycle is 60 days. The revenues that were accrued at June 30, 2015, were grants from the State of South Dakota and gross receipts taxes.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Reported deferred revenues are those where asset recognition criteria have been met but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

d. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6.

e. <u>Capital Assets</u>:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

Interest costs incurred during the construction of general capital assets are not capitalized along with other capital asset costs.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	oitalization preshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 1.00	N/A	N/A
Improvements	\$ 2,000.00	Straight-line	25-100 yrs.
Buildings	\$ 2,000.00	Straight-line	100-150 yrs.
Machinery & Equipment	\$ 2,000.00	Straight-line	5-25 yrs.
Food Service Equipment	\$ 2,000.00	Straight-line	12 yrs.

Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

f. Long-Term Liabilities:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities primarily consist of compensated absences and a lease purchase agreement.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as in the government-wide statements.

g. Program Revenues:

In the Government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applications, or others who
 purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise
 directly affected by the services.
- 2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, non-capital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues and expenses.

i. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The School District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise fund has access to its cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise fund deposit and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

j. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components.

- 1. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on its use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity (except for Agency Funds, which have no fund equity) is reported as net position held in trust for other purposes.

k. Application of Net Position:

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

I. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- <u>Restricted</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- <u>Assigned</u> includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Business Manager.
- <u>Unassigned</u> includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The School District uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the School District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The School District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

Major Special Revenue Fund:

Revenue Source: Real Estate Taxes

Capital Outlay Fund Special Education Fund

Real Estate Taxes and State Aid

Pension Fund

Real Estate Taxes

m. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. School District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

2. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK</u>

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized as follows:

Deposits – The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school district funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the Unites States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

Fair Value Measurement – The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level one inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level two inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level three inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The School District does not have any investments that are subject to the fair value measurement standards of GASB Statement 72.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the School District, as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from deposits and investments to the General Fund. USGAAP, on the other hand, requires income from deposits and investments to be reported in the fund whose assets generated that income. Where the governing board has discretion to credit investment income to a fund other than the fund that provided the resources for investment, a transfer to the designated fund is reported. Accordingly, in the fund financial statements, interfund transfers of investment earnings are reported, while in the government-wide financial statements, they have been eliminated, except for the net amounts transferred between governmental activities and business-type activities. These interfund transfers are not violations of the statutory restrictions on interfund transfers.

3. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year.

4. <u>INVENTORY</u>

Inventory held for consumption is stated at cost. Inventory for resale is stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at date of receipt.

In the Government-wide financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the fund financial statements, inventories in the General Fund, special revenue funds, and proprietary funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed in the General Fund, special revenue funds, and the proprietary funds. At June 30, 2016, the supplies inventory on hand was not material in the General Fund and special revenue funds.

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the following January 1 and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore are not susceptible to accrual has been reported as deferred inflows of resources in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

6. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Balance 07/01/15	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/16
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land	154,679.61	0.00		154,679.61
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Improvements Buildings Machinery & Equipment Total, being depreciated	11,511.78 2,903,609.11 924,128.41	15,634.31 43,725.08 136,019.50	(198,383.38)	27,146.09 2,947,334.19 861,764.53
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Improvements Buildings Machinery & Equipment Total Accumulated Depreciation	3,839,249.30 (2,202.36) (628,721.97) (458,203.12) (1,089,127.45)	(2,614.61) (46,627.91) (138,944.74) (188,187.26)	(198,383.38) 176,137.60 176,137.60	(4,816.97) (675,349.88) (421,010.26) (1,101,177.11)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net Governmental Activity Capital Assets, Net	2,750,121.85 2,904,801.46	7,191.63 7,191.63	(22,245.78) (22,245.78)	2,735,067.70 2,889,747.31

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Instruction	17,688.35
Support Services	78,383.65
Co-curricular Activities	17,048.36
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	113,120.36

Business-Type Activities:	Balance 07/01/15	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/16
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Machinery & Equipment	56,451.41	0.00		56,451.41
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Machinery & Equipment	(46,367.50)	(1,510.73)		(47,878.23)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	10,083.91	(1,510.73)	0.00	8,573.18
Business-Type Activity Capital Assets, Net	10,083.91	(1,510.73)	0.00	8,573.18

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-Type Activities:

Food Services	1,510.73
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	1,510.73

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Primary Government:					<u></u>
Governmental Activities:			•		
Financing (Capital Acquisition) Leases - Copier Lease	61,235.55	0.00	16,329.48	44.906.07	16,329.48
Total Debt	61,235.55	0.00	16,329.48	44,906.07	16,329.48
Accrued Compensated Absences	23.979.04	16.933.35	9.828.45	31,083.94	15,000.00
Total Governmental Activities	85,214.59	16,933.35	26,157.93	75,990.01	31,329.48
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	85,214.59	16,933.35	26,157.93	75,990.01	31,329.48

Liabilities payable at June 30, 2016, is comprised of the following:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Governmental Activities:

Financing (Capital Acquisition) Leases:
Copier Financing (Capital Acquisition) Lease
Matures 3-30-2019, Interest Rate 0.0%,
Paid by Capital Outlay Fund

\$ 44,906.07

The purchase price at the commencement of the financing (capital acquisition) lease was:

Principal	\$ 81,598.65
Interest	 0.00
TOTAL	\$ 81,598.65

Compensated Absences:

Accrued Sick Leave Payable from General Fund \$ 31,083.94

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, except for compensated absences, for all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Annual Requirements to Maturity for Long-Term Debt June 30, 2016

Year Ending June 30,	Financing (Capital Acquisition) Leases - Copiers		
	Principal	Interest	
2017	16,329.48		
2018	16,329.48		
2019	12,247.11		
Totals	44,906.07	0.00	

8. <u>DEFERRED INFLOWS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until the applicable future period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisitions of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as inflow of resources until the applicable future period.

9. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

FUND:	Restricted By:	 Amount
Capital Outlay	Law	\$ 963,855.59
Special Education	Law	24,190.35
Pension	Law	76,444.05
SDRS Pension	Governmental Accounting Standards	 372,400.04
Total Restricted Net Position		\$ 1,436,890.03

10. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Transfers To:		
Transfers From:	Ge	neral Fund	
Major Funds:			
Capital Outlay	\$	3,509.13	
Special Education		59.89	
Pension		267.13	
Driver's Education		5.20	
Totals	\$	3,841.35	

Transfers of investment and deposit earnings to the General Fund are reported. SDCL 4-5-9 and 13-16-18 give the school board the authority to designate whether all such earnings should be retained by any individual funds or credited to the General Fund. These interfund transfers are not violations of the statutory restrictions on interfund transfers.

11. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Net Position July 1, 2015, as previously reported Restatement for prior accumulated depreciation:	\$ 5,165,006.62
Acculumated Depreciation Adjustment for Change in Useful Life	(75,066.90)
Net Position July 1, 2015, as restated	\$ 5,089,939.72

12. PENSION PLANS

Plan Information:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the school year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivors benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/publications/ or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A, Class B public safety and Class B judicial. Class A retirement benefits are determined as 1.7 percent prior to 2008 and 1.55 percent thereafter of the employee's final 3-year average compensation times the employee's years of service. Employees with 3 years of service are eligible to retire at age 55. Class B public safety benefits are determined as 2.4 percent for service prior to 2008 and 2.0 percent thereafter of employee final average compensation.

Class B judicial benefits are determined as 3.733 percent for service prior to 2008 and 3.333 percent thereafter of employee final average compensation. All Class B employees with 3 years of service are eligible to retire at age 45. Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Three years of service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits are a percent of the employee's final average salary.

The annual increase in the amount of the SDRS benefits payable on each July 1st is indexed to the consumer price index (CPI) based on SDRS funded status:

- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 100% or more 3.1% COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 80.0% to 99.9%, index with the CPI
 - 90.0% to 99.9% funded 2.1% minimum and 2.8% maximum COLA
 - 80.0% to 90.0% funded 2.1% minimum and 2.4% maximum COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is less than 80% -- 2.1% COLA

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also requires the employer to make an additional contribution in the amount of 6.2 percent for any compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for social security for general employees only. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$69,591.69, \$67,687.63, and \$66,736.35, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:

At June 30, 2015, SDRS is 104.1 percent funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2015 and reported by the School District as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (262,074.57)
Less proportionate share of total pension liability	\$ 6,396,885.65
Proportionate share of net position restricted for pension benefits	\$ 6,658,960.22

At June 30 2016, the School District reported a liability (asset) of \$(262,074.57) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the School's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2015, the School District's proportion was 0.06179130%, which is an increase (decrease) of -0.0018135% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the School District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$30,302.64. At June 30, 2016 the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		ferred Inflows f Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience.	\$ 53,660.96		
Changes in assumption.	\$ 207,808.63		
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.	\$ 160,096.90	\$	386,696.02
Changes in proportion and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions.	\$ 5,863.31		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date.	\$ 69,591.69		
TOTAL	\$ 497,021.49	\$	386,696.02

\$69,591.69 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended June 3	U:
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2017	\$	14,122.71
2018	\$	14,122.71
2019	\$	(31,704.05)
2020	\$	44,192.41
TOTAL	_\$_	40,733.78

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation

3.25 percent

Salary Increases

5.83 percent at entry to 3.87 percent after 30 years of service

Investment Rate of Return

7.25 percent through 2017 and 7.50 percent thereafter, net of pension plan

investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table for males and females, as appropriate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2011. The mortality assumptions were revised based on an extension of the experience study including mortality experience through June 30, 2013.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity Fixed Income Real Estate Cash	61.0% 27.0% 10.0% 2.0%	4.5% 1.8% 5.2% 0.8%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 7.25 percent through 2017 and 7.50% thereafter. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent through 2017 and 7.50 percent thereafter, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25/6.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25/8.50%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1%	Discount	1%	
	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Increase</u>	
School District's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 659,638.73	\$ (262,074.57)	\$(1,013,652.37)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

13. JOINT VENTURES

The School District participates in the Cornbelt Education Cooperative, a cooperative service unit (co-op) formed for the purpose of providing special education services to the member school districts.

The members of the co-op and their relative percentage participation in the co-op are as follows:

Bridgewater/Emery School District No. 30-3	7.67%
Canistota School District No. 43-1	5.07%
Freeman School District No. 33-1	9.30%
Hanson School District No. 30-1	10.71%
Marion School District No. 60-3	4.76%
McCook School District No. 43-7	10.43%
Montrose School District No. 43-2	5.58%
Parker School District No. 60-4	9.06%
Tea Area School District No. 41-5	37.42%

The co-op's governing board is composed of two representatives from each member school district, who are one school board member who serves on the Board of Directors and the Superintendent who serves on the advisory board. The board is responsible for adopting the co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The School District retains no equity in the net position of the co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from the Cornbelt Education Cooperative.

At June 30, 2016, this joint venture had total assets plus deferred outflows of \$1,463,760.04, total liabilities plus deferred inflows of \$490,851.16, and net position of \$972,908.88.

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2016, the School District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The School District purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The School District joined the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Property and Liability Fund (ASBSD-PLF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota school districts. The objective of the ASBSD-PLF is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage. The School District's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the ASBSD-PLF to resolve any incident which could result in a claim being made by or against the School District. The School District pays an annual premium, to provide liability coverage detailed below, under a claims-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on their exposure or type of coverage. The School District pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for liability insurance for risks related to torts, theft or damage to property, errors and omissions of public officials, and vehicle insurance.

The agreement with the ASBSD-PLF provides that the above coverages will be provided to a \$2,000,000 limit. Member premiums are used by the pool for payment of claims and to pay for reinsurance for claims in excess of \$100,000 to the upper limit. The School District carries a \$1,000 to \$2,500 deductible for the property insurance coverage.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Workers' Compensation:

The School District participates, with several other educational units and related organizations in South Dakota, in the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Workers' Compensation Fund Pool which provides workers' compensation insurance coverage for participating members of the pool. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of workers' compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The School District's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The School District pays an annual premium, to provide workers' compensation coverage for its employees, under a retrospectively rated policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the fund members. The School District may also be responsible for additional assessments in the event the pool is determined by its board of trustees to have inadequate reserves to satisfy current obligations or judgments. Additional assessments, if any, are to be determined on a prorated basis based upon each participant's percentage of contribution in relation to the total contributions to the pool of all participants for the year in which the shortfall occurs. The pool provides loss coverage to all participants through pool

retained risk retention and through insurance coverage purchased by the pool in excess of the retained risk. The pool pays the first \$500,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to an additional \$1,000,000 per individual per incident.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The School District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, one claim was filed for unemployment benefits. This claim resulted in the payment of benefits in the amount \$8,502.00. At June 30, 2016, no claims had been filed and were outstanding. It is not anticipated that any additional claims for unemployment benefits will be filed in the next fiscal year.

15. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES - LITIGATION

At June 30, 2016, the School District was not involved in any significant litigation.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted	A mounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			<u> </u>	(5
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	600,000.00	600,000.00	629,424.22	29,424.22
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	5,000.00	5,000.00	4,053.49	(946.51)
Utility Taxes	280,000.00	280,000.00	278,951.22	(1,048.78)
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	1,200.00	1,200.00	1,627.44	427.44
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	4,800.00	4,800.00	3,527.67	(1,272.33)
Cocurricular Activities:				
Admissions	10,500.00	10,500.00	6,060.62	(4,439.38)
Other Pupil Activitity Income	3,000.00	3,000.00	1,595.00	(1,405.00)
Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
Rentals	1,000.00	1,000.00	776.00	(224.00)
Contributions and Donations	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,651.25	651.25
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	2,000.00	2,000.00		(2,000.00)
Charges for Services	9,000.00	9,000.00	5,370.49	(3,629.51)
Other	2,500.00	2,500.00	2,559.86	59.86
Revenue from Intermediate Sources: County Sources:				
County Apportionment	8,000.00	8,000.00	7,358.67	(641.33)
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	1,500.00	1,500.00		(1,500.00)
Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid:	· · ·	<u> </u>		
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	504,800.00	504,800.00	497,607.85	(7,192.15)
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	1,000.00	1,000.00		(1,000.00)
Revenue from Federal Sources: Grants-in-Aid: Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received				
from Federal Government				
Through the State	88,000.00	88,000.00	93,369.97	5,369.97
Total Revenue	1,523,300.00	1,523,300.00	1,533,933.75	10,633.75
Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Programs:				
Elementary	362,100.00	362,100.00	363,467.92	(1,367.92)
Middle/Junior High	159,350.00	159,350.00	161,898.59	(2,548.59)
High School	342,010.00	342,010.00	305,338.51	36,671.49
Preschool Services	17,520.00	17,520.00	20,939.26	(3,419.26)
Special Programs:		,		(=,)
Culturally Different	1,125.00	1,125.00	5,569.97	(4,444.97)
Educationally Deprived	61,500.00	61,500.00	64,619.47	(3,119.47)
Other Special Programs	2,500.00	2,500.00	2,110.00	390.00

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (Cont.):				
Support Services:				
Pupils:				
Guidance	52,575.00	52,575.00	51,715.10	859.90
Health	1,500.00	1,500.00	883.86	616.14
Instuctional Staff:	0.000.00	0.000.00	40.050.00	(0.050.00)
Improvement of Instruction	8,000.00	8,000.00	10,958.03	(2,958.03)
Educational Media	68,965.00	68,965.00	66,431.54	2,533.46
General Administration: Board of Education	27 120 00	27 420 00	04.646.49	0 470 50
Executive Administration	<u>27,120.00</u> 53,964.00	<u>27,120.00</u> 53,964.00	24,646.48	2,473.52
School Administration:	55,964.00	55,964.00	106,998.18	(53,034.18)
Office of the Principal	130,369.00	130,369.00	80,288.43	EA 000 E7
Office of the Frincipal	800.00	800.00	00,200.43	50,080.57 800.00
Business:		000.00		000.00
Fiscal Services	122,420.00	122,420.00	125,502.48	(3,082.48)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	141,600.00	141,600.00	143,028.61	(1,428.61)
Pupil Transportation	44,050.00	44,050.00	43,230.08	819.92
Food Services	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,330.16	(330.16)
Central:			0,000.10	(000.10)
Staff	500.00	500.00	332.75	167.25
Non-Programmed Charges:				
Payments to State - Unemployment	1,500.00	1,500.00	8,502.00	(7,002.00)
Cocurricular Activities:				
Male Activities	18,085.50	18,085.50	17,327.89	757.61
Female Activities	16,234.00	16,234.00	14,290.62	1,943.38
Transportation	11,170.00	11,170.00	9,306.49	1,863.51
Combined Activities	41,152.50	41,152.50	36,038.31	5,114.19
COMMITTED ACTIVITIES	11,102,00	11,102.00	00,000.01	0,114.10
Total Expenditures	1,691,110.00	1,691,110.00	1,668,754.73	22,355.27
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(167,810.00)	(167,810.00)	(134,820.98)	32,989.02
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	2,810.00	2,810.00	3,841.35	1,031.35
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,810.00	2,810.00	3,841.35	1,031.35
Net Change in Fund Balances	(165,000.00)	(165,000.00)	(130,979.63)	34,020.37
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,053,619.19	1,053,619.19	1,053,619.19	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	888,619.19	888,619.19	922,639.56	34,020.37

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
•	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	450,000.00	450,000.00	484,952.53	34,952.53
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	1,800.00	1,800.00	2,533.60	733.60
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	700.00	700.00	1,209.13	509.13
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	2,500.00	2,500.00	3,509.13	1,009.13
Other Revenue from Local Sources: Contributions and Donations	0.00	0.00	1,315.00	1,315.00
Total Revenue	455,000.00	455,000.00	493,519.39	38,519.39
Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Programs:				
Elementary	30,000.00	30,000.00	16,688.28	13,311.72
Middle/Junior High	30,000.00	30,000.00	32,769.57	(2,769.57)
High School	37,500.00	37,500.00	33,603.09	3,896.91
Support Services: Pupils: Guidance	500.00	500.00	264.06	235.94
Instructional Staff: Educational Media	6,000.00	6,000.00	9,109.98	(3,109.98)
General Administration: Executive Administration	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,244.45	(244.45)
School Administration: Office of the Principal	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,2 (), 10	
Business:				1,000.00
Fiscal Services	2,000.00	2,000.00	3,450.00	(1,450.00)
Facitilities Acquisition and Construction		50,000.00	44,172.92	5,827.08
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Pupil Transportation	240,000.00	240,000.00	225,623.39	14,376.61
Food Services	<u>16,000.00</u> 3,000.00	3,000.00	7,557.51	8,442.49
Debt Services	16,500.00	16,500.00	200.95 16,329.48	2,799.05 170.52
300.001.1000	10,000.00	10,000,00	10,020,40	170.52
Cocurricular Activities: Combined Activities	20,000.00	20,000.00	10,933.65	9,066.35
Total Expenditures	453,500.00	453,500.00	401,947.33	51,552.67
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	1,500.00	1,500.00	91,572.06	90,072.06
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(2,500.00)	(2,500.00)	(3,509.13)	(1,009.13)
Sale of Surplus Property	1,000.00	1,000.00	2,514.00	1,514.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,500.00)	(1,500.00)	(995.13)	504.87
Net Change in Fund Balances	0.00	0.00	90,576.93	90,576.93
Fund Balance - Beginning	873,278.66	873,278.66	873,278.66	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	873,278.66	873,278.66	963,855.59	90,576.93

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND

	Budgeted	Variance with Final Budget -		
_	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	260,000.00	266,500.00	277,955.74	11,455.74
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,438.84	438.84
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	500.00	500.00	712.62	212.62
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	100.00	100.00	59.89	(40.11)
Other Revenue from Local Sources: Charges for Services	34,400.00	34,400.00	36,880.27	2,480.27
Revenue from State Sources: Grants-in-Aid:				
Restricted Grants-in-Ald	90,000.00	129,000.00	118,018.00	(10,982.00)
Total Revenue	386,000.00	431,500.00	435,065.36	3,565.36
Expenditures: Instruction: Special Programs:				
Programs for Special Education	245,365.96	263,365.96	260,009.25	3,356.71
Support Services: Pupils:				
Guidance	405.01	405.01		405.01
Health	17,000.00	17,000.00	22,598.00	(5,598.00)
Psychological Speech Pathology	3,858.33	3,858.33 50,262.70	2,836.21 61,578.93	1,022.12
Student Therapy Services	37,500.00	37,500.00	40,410.34	(11,316.23) (2,910.34)
Instructional Staff:	01,000.00			(2,010.04)
Improvement of Instruction	325.87	325.87	325.87	0.00
Educational Media	149.36	149.36	0.00	149.36
General Administration Board of Education Business:	2,875.66	2,875.66	2,875.66	0.00
Fiscal Services Special Education:	9,688.51	9,688.51	5,007.19	4,681.32
Administrative Costs	14,729.96_	14,729.96	1,069.29	13,660.67
Transportation Costs	29,502.00	29,502.00	32,621.10	(3,119.10)
Nonprogrammed Charges: Early Retirement Payments	1,736.64	1,736.64	1,736.64	0.00
Total Expenditures	385,900.00	431,400.00	431,068.48	331.52
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	100.00	100.00	3,996.88	3,896.88
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(100.00) (100.00)	(100.00) (100.00)	(59.89) (59.89)	40.11 40.11
Net Change in Fund Balances	0.00	(0.00)	3,936.99	3,936.99
Fund Balance - Beginning	20,253.36	20,253.36	20,253.36	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	20,253.36	20,253.36	24,190.35	3,936.99

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MARION SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60-3 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS PENSION FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Revenue from Local Sources: Taxes:					
Ad Valorem Taxes	52,000.00	52,000.00	57,672.80	5,672.80	
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	200.00	200.00	279.86	79.86	
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	100.00	100.00	142.19	42.19	
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	200.00	200.00	267.13	67.13	
Total Revenue	52,500.00	52,500.00	58,361.98	5,861.98	
Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Regular Programs: Elementary	16,200.00	16,200.00	15 000 44	276 50	
Middle/Junior High	6,500.00	6,500.00	15,823.41 6,788.19	376.59 (288.19)	
High School	14,400.00	14,400.00	12,619.78	1,780,22	
Preschool Services	1,000.00	1,000.00	781.20	218.80	
Special Programs:				210100	
Programs for Special Education	6,000.00	6,000.00	0.00	6,000.00	
Support Services: General Administration:					
Executive Administration	0.00	0.00	2,500.00	(2,500.00)	
School Administration: Office of the Principal	3,200.00	3,200.00	3,308.81	(108.81)	
Business:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Fiscal Services	5,000.00	5,000.00	4,986.96	13.04	
Total Expenditures	52,300.00	52,300.00	46,808.35	5,491.65	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)					
Expenditures	200.00	200.00	11,553.63	11,353.63	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers Out	(200.00)	(200.00)	(267.13)	(67.13)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(200.00)	(200.00)	(267.13)	(67.13)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	0.00	0.00	11,286.50	11,286.50	
Fund Balance - Beginning	65,157.55	65,157.55	65,157.55	0.00	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	65,157.55	65,157.55	76,444.05	11,286.50	

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2016

Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget.

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first regular meeting in May of each year the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- 2. The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- 3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- 4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- 5. Before October 1 of each year, the school board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except trust and agency funds.
- 6. After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated by number 8.
- 7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total school district budget and may be transferred by resolution of the school board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- 8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.
- Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.
- 11. Budgets for the General Fund and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Note 2. GAAP/Budgetary Accounting Basis Differences

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, however in the Budgetary RSI Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services-Business/Pupil Transportation function of government, along with all other current Pupil Transportation related expenditures.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

South Dakota Retirement System

(Dollar amount in thousands)

District's proportion of the net pension liability/asset	2016 0.0617913%		2015 0.0636048%	
District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$	(262)	\$	(458)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,128	\$	1,112
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		(23.23%)		(41.20%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		(104.1%)		(107%)

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective pension liability (asset), which is 6/30 of the previous year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

South Dakota Retirement System

(Dollar amount in thousands)

	2016		2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	70	\$	69
Contributions in relations to the contractually required contribution	\$	70	\$	69
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,160	\$	1,128
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.0%		6.00%

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