BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

7.1 Fiscal Year

The district's fiscal year shall begin July 1 and end on the following June 30.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-20-410

7.2 Annual Operating Budget

The superintendent shall be responsible for the preparation of the annual operating budget for the district. The superintendent shall present the budget to the board for its review, modification, and approval.

The budget shall be prepared in the electronic format as prescribed by the State Board of Education and filed with the Arkansas Department of Education no later than September 30th each year.

The approved budget shall provide for expenditures that are within anticipated revenues and reserves. The District Treasurer shall present monthly reconciliation reports and a statement on the general financial condition of the district monthly to the board.

Line item changes may be made to the budget at any time during the fiscal year in accordance with state law.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-13-701 (e) (3)

7.3 Millage Rate

At least sixty (60) days in advance of the school election when the electors shall determine the annual ad valorem property tax for the District, The Board shall publish at least one time in some newspaper published or having a bona fide circulation in the county where the district's property lies, the District's proposed budget, which shall include a millage rate sufficient to provide the funds necessary for the District's operation.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-13-622

Arkansas Constitution: Article 14 Section 3 (c) as amended by Amendment 74

7.4 Grants And Special Funding

The superintendent or his/her designee may apply for grants or special funding for the district. Any grants or special funding that require matching district resources shall receive superintendent's approval prior to the filing of the grant's or special resource's application.

7.5 Purchases And Procurement

Purchases shall be made in accordance with State laws and procurement procedures governing school purchases that are deemed to be in the best interest of the District and are the result of fair and open competition between qualified bidders and suppliers.

DEFINITIONS

"Commodities" are all supplies, goods, material, equipment, computers, software, machinery, facilities, personal property, and services, other than personal and professional services, purchased on behalf of the District.

"micro-purchases" are purchases with a value of less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) when purchased with Federal funds.

"Professional services" are legal, financial advisory, architectural, engineering, construction management and land surveying professional consultant services.

"Specifications" means a technical description or other description of the physical and/or functional characteristics of a commodity.

Commodities

The superintendent shall develop procedures for the procurement of micro-purchases that provide for the distribution of purchases between eligible vendors to the extent possible.

Purchases of commodities with a purchase price of more than \$20,000 require prior Board approval, however, if an emergency exists the Superintendent may waive this requirement.

The district shall notify in writing all actual or prospective bidders, offerors, or contractors who make a written request to the district for notification of opportunities to bid. The notification shall be made in sufficient time to allow actual or prospective bidders, offerors, or contractors to submit a bid or other appropriate response. The board shall accept bids submitted electronically by email or fax for any and all district purchases, unless specified to be submitted by other means or methods, and except those bids which have been specified to have a designated date upon which the bids shall be opened. The superintendent shall be responsible for ensuring submitted bids, whether written, faxed or emailed, are retained in accordance with policy Record Retention and Destruction.

The district will not solicit bids or otherwise contract for a sum greater than \$25,000 with vendors that are on the "excluded parties list" if the contract is to be paid from federal grant funds.

All purchases for a Federal program with an estimated purchase price between ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and twenty-one thousand six hundred four dollars (\$21,604) and all purchases of commodities with an estimated purchase price that equals or exceeds twenty-one thousand six hundred four dollars (\$21,604) shall be procured by soliciting bids. Specifications shall be devised for all commodities to be bid that are specific enough to ensure uniformity of the bid and

yet not so restrictive that it would prevent competitive bidding. The bid specifications shall not include the name or identity of any specific vendor. The Board reserves the right to reject all bids and to purchase the commodity by negotiating a contract. In such an instance, each responsible bidder who submitted a bid shall be notified and given a reasonable opportunity to negotiate.⁷

Bids shall be awarded after careful examination of the details of the bid to determine the best overall value to the District. In instances where the low bid was not accepted a statement of the reasons the low bid was not selected shall be attached to the bid. Bidders submitting written bids shall be notified in writing of the bid award.

Whenever possible, a preference will be given to small and minority businesses; women's business enterprises; and labor surplus area firms.⁸

The District shall provide a preference to Arkansas residents whenever the District is accepting bids to purchase materials and equipment as part of a construction project if:

- a. One (1) or more Arkansas residents who submitted bids made written claim for a preference at the time they submitted a bid; and
- b. An Arkansas resident's bid does not exceed the lowest qualified bid from a nonresident by more than five percent (5%).

If the qualifications for the Arkansas resident preference are met, then the District shall take the lowest bid from an Arkansas resident regardless of whether the Arkansas resident was one of the individuals who requested the preference.

The following commodities may be purchased with State funds without soliciting bids provided that the purchasing official determines in writing that it is not practicable to use other than the required or designated commodity or service, and a copy of the written determination is attached to the purchase order:

- 1. Commodities in instances of an unforeseen and unavoidable emergency;
- 2. Commodities available only from the federal government;
- 3. Utility services;
- 4. Used equipment and machinery; and
- 5. Commodities available only from a single source.

Commodity purchases with Federal funds may be purchased without soliciting bids only when one or more of the following circumstances apply:

- 1. The item is available only from a single source;
- 2. The public exigency or emergency for the requirement will not permit a delay resulting from competitive solicitation;
- 3. The Federal awarding agency or appropriate unit of the Division of Elementary and Secondary Education expressly authorizes the noncompetitive purchase in response to a written request from the District; or
- 4. After solicitation of a number of sources, competition is determined inadequate.

The District may purchase a new motor vehicle, other than a school bus, without soliciting bids if, at the time of the purchase, the:

- a. Purchase is from a motor vehicle dealer licensed in Arkansas;
- b. Purchase price of the motor vehicle does not exceed the fleet price awarded by the Office of State Procurement; and
- c. Motor vehicle to be purchased is the same make and model motor vehicle as the make and model the fleet price was awarded for by the Office of State Procurement.

Prospective bidders, offerors, or contractors may appeal to the district's superintendent if they believe the district failed follow district bidding and purchasing policy or state law.

Any award of a contract shall be subject to revocation for ten (10) working days from

- The initial awarding of the contract; or
- If an appeal is received, resolution of the appeal,

The intent is to provide prospective bidders, offerors, or contractors the opportunity to appeal the bid award if they believe the facts warrant an appeal. Any appeal shall be **in writing by certified mail** and received by the district office, "attention to the superintendent" within seven (7) calendar days following the initial and revocable award of the contract.

If the district receives an appeal of a bid award, they shall notify, in writing, those prospective bidders, offerors, or contractors who have made a written request to the district for notification of opportunities to bid that an appeal has been submitted. The notification shall state:

- that the contract award has been halted pending resolution of the appeal and could be revoked:
- the reasons for the appeal;
- that the recipient of the letter may respond to the protested issues identified in the appeal;
- the date the decision on the appeal will be made and notification sent;
- that if the appeal is upheld, the bidding process will be re-opened;
- that if the bidding is re-opened, changes will be made to the request for bids as necessary to satisfy the reasons for upholding the appeal.

The sole authority to resolve any appeal made relating to this policy shall rest with the superintendent. The superintendent's decision shall be final and conclusive. In the event the district upholds an appeal, the sole responsibility of the district to the aggrieved bidder(s) shall be the re-opening of the bidding process.

Except when prohibited by law, the district reserves the right to extend or renew a contract that was previously awarded under the process governed by this policy and law, provided the extension or renewal meet the following criteria:

- 1. The equipment and services provided under the extended or renewed contract meets or exceeds the specifications of the original bid.
- 2. The extended or renewed contract agreement complies with the state of Arkansas's documentation requirements.

- 3. The cost of the extended or renewed contract is the same or less than the original contract.
- 4. The extension or renewal is approved by the local school board.

Professional Services

The District does not use a bidding process when procuring professional services. Instead, when the District needs to procure professional services, the District shall:

Use a Request for Qualification (RFQ) process whereby a firm will be selected by considering the following criteria at a minimum;

- 1. Determine the most qualified firm by considering, at a minimum, the:
 - Specialized experience and technical competence of the firm with respect to the type of professional services required;
 - Capacity and capability of the firm to perform the work in question, including specialized services, within the time limitations fixed for the completion of the project;
 - Past record of performance of the firm with respect to such factors as control of costs, quality of work, and ability to meet schedules and deadlines; and
 - Firm's proximity to and familiarity with the area in which the project is located;
- 2. Negotiate a contract for the project with the most qualified firm.

When negotiating a contract, the District and the selected firm shall jointly prepare a detailed, written description of the scope of the proposed services. If the District is unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with the firm selected, negotiations with that firm shall be terminated and the District shall negotiate a contract with the next most qualified firm. In the event the District is unable to negotiate a contract with any of the original selected firms, the District shall reevaluate the necessary professional services, including the scope and reasonable fee requirements, and return to step one. The District encourages firms who provide professional services to submit annual statements of qualifications and performance data to the District. The District shall request any additional information as needed for a particular public project.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-21-301, 303, 304, 305, 306 A.C.A. § 6-24-101 et seq.

7.6 Activity Account

The district shall maintain an account of activity funds. The funds for the account are those revenues derived from the sale of tickets to athletic contests or other school sponsored activities; the sale of food other than that sold in the cafeteria; the sale of soft drinks, school supplies, and books; and fees charged by clubs and organizations.

Activity funds are considered "school funds" and as such may only be spent for school related purposes

The superintendent shall be the custodian of all activity funds and shall be responsible and accountable for the funds. The superintendent may appoint a co-custodian for each school in the district who shall also be responsible for the activity funds he/she maintains.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-13-701 (e)

7.7 Cash In Classrooms

Teachers shall deposit daily to the principal's office all activity funds collected in his/her classrooms. No cash or checks are to be left in any classroom overnight.

7.8 Personal Property

To avoid confusion and the potential for misunderstandings, district staff who bring personal property to school to use in the performance of his/her jobs should label the items with his/her names. Any such items should be removed from the school at the close of school each year. The district assumes no responsibility for damage to, or the loss of, personal property brought to district facilities by district staff.

7.9 Property Insurance

The superintendent shall be responsible, with approval of the board, for maintaining adequate insurance coverage for all district properties. At a minimum, the District will purchase insurance coverage sufficient to meet the requirements by the Arkansas Commission for Public School Academic Facilities and Transportation.

7.10 Public Use Of School Buildings

It is the policy of the board that district school buildings may be used by citizens for non-profit use to conduct lawful meetings for social, civic, or recreational purposes provided such meetings do not interfere with the regular school work and proper protection is afforded the district against the potential costs of such use. The superintendent shall be responsible, with board approval, for establishing procedures governing such use of school buildings. The governing procedures shall be viewpoint neutral. Building principals shall be consulted to determine if there exists any conflict with planned school activities prior to other groups being allowed to use school facilities.

The district shall establish a fee of \$40.00 for the use of school facilities unless waived by the superintendent. Charges made for the use of school facilities shall reflect the actual costs (e.g.

labor, utility, and materials) incurred by the district. The district shall also require any non-school related group using a district facility to provide proof of having purchased sufficient active and current general liability insurance to cover the deductible the district would incur should there be damage to, or the loss of, district property.

Organizations using school facilities assume full and complete responsibility for the conduct of all persons, regardless of age, associated with his/her use of the facility while they are in or about the facility. Smoking or the use of tobacco or products containing tobacco in any form or the use of drugs or intoxicants is prohibited. Firearms of any kind are not allowed on school property unless the person carrying the firearm is permitted to do so by law as defined in A.C.A. § 5-73-120 or the individual has a valid conceal carry license and leaves the concealed handgun in the individual's locked vehicle.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 5-73-119 A.C.A. § 5-73-120 A.C.A. § 6-10-130 A.C.A. § 6-21-101

7.11—USE OF SCHOOL FUNDS FOR NON-SCHOOL RELATED PURPOSES

School funds shall not be used for political, charitable, or humanitarian purposes.

No employee of the District shall use school time, school property, school personnel, or school equipment for the purpose of furthering the interests of any political party, the campaign of any political candidate or the advocacy of any political issue or ballot issue whether partisan or non-partisan. School employees may participate as part of a community organization that is renting a school facility for a political purpose so long as the event is not during school time or the employee takes personal or vacation leave, with prior approval of his/her supervisor, for the time the employee is attending the event.

Any school employee found guilty or who pleads guilty, or nolo contendere to the use of District funds to support any ballot measure shall be subject to disciplinary action up to recommendation for termination by the superintendent.

The Board of Directors is not prohibited from expressing an opinion on a ballot measure through the passage of resolution or proclamation. School employees are allowed to verbally express their views on a ballot measure other than in an attempt to persuade a student to the employee's point of view.

District employees and members of the Board of Directors may incur incidental expenditure of District funds for travel costs when speaking at an event in which a ballot measure is discussed if the subject matter of the speaking engagement is within the scope of the person's official duties and responsibilities.

District funds may be used to disseminate public information at a public speaking engagement. The incidental use of District resources may be used to prepare an analysis of the public

information if such information is within the scope of the person's official duties and responsibilities.

Legal References: Arkansas Constitution Article 14 § 2A.C.A. § 7-1-103

A.C.A. § 7-1-111 A.C.A. § 21-8-402

7.12 Expense Reimbursement

Reimbursement for expenses related to travel and/or attendance at conferences and professional development activities incurred by district

employees and/or members of the Board of Directors on behalf of the district shall be done according to the following guidelines. Original receipts must accompany all requests for reimbursement to the extent that such receipts are customarily available. For a receipt to be valid it should contain the name of the issuing company, the date, and the amount. Employees are only eligible for reimbursement for travel expenses for travel which has been approved in advance. Mileage, lodging, and meal expenses will not be reimbursed when incurred for the personal convenience of the employee and not required by the reason for the travel. All reimbursements must be submitted on the Pocahontas Public Schools Expense Report.

To the extent practicable, employees shall have the district pay initial conference and professional development registration fees and associated necessary materials. In the occasional circumstances where this is not practical, the district shall reimburse the employee for such fees if they were authorized in advance and are supported with proper receipts.

Rates for Reimbursement

Employees are required to use school transportation unless otherwise approved by the superintendent or assistant superintendent

Mileage allowance shall be reimbursed at the state employees rate per mile with prior approval. Mileage shall be reimbursed on the basis of the shortest, most reasonable, route available.

When not provided as part of the conference or other approved reason for travel, meal expenses shall be reimbursed for activities which last at least three (3) hours and necessitate returning to the work site later than the customary meal time or to the employee's home later than 7:00P.M. Meals shall be reimbursed for the actual expense incurred up to a limit of \$8.00

for breakfast, \$12.00 for lunch, and \$18.00 for dinner. Meal allowances for out of state travel may be reimbursed at amounts up to, but not exceeding, an additional 25% of the approved amounts.

Overnight lodging must be approved by the superintendent or assistant superintendent. To the extent practicable, employees shall receive assistance from administrators or their designee in arranging travel plans to help keep expenses to a minimum. Expenses not covered

The district shall not reimburse the following items/categories of expenses.

- 1. Alcoholic beverages;
- 2. Entertainment expenses including sports or sporting events or pay per view or game expenses at motels;
- 3. Replacement due to loss or theft;
- 4. Discretionary expenses for items such as clothing or gifts;
- 5. Medical expenses incurred while on route to or from or at the destination of the reason for the travel;
- 6. Optional or supplementary insurance obtained by the employee for the period covered during the travel; Credit Cards

Employees who incur reimbursable expenses as defined in this policy are expected to pay for them initially by any means they choose and then submit their request for reimbursement. The district assumes no responsibility for the payment of any personal credit card charges incurred by a district employee. Airport Associated Expenses

All airline flights shall be by coach/economy class. Receipts are necessary to be reimbursed for airport parking. Upon arrival, the employee is expected to take the less expensive option between a taxi and an airport shuttle service to his hotel or meeting site. Receipts are necessary to be reimbursed. When circumstances dictate that a rental car is necessary and/or the most economical approach to the travel requirements, the least expensive car that will accomplish the job should be rented. A receipt is necessary to be reimbursed. The district shall not reimburse for any kind of rental car supplemental insurance.

7.13 Federal Government Grant Funds

The superintendent or his/her designee shall develop procedures governing the procurement, use, management, and disposal of goods, materials, and equipment purchased with federal grant funds. At a minimum, the procedures will cover the following topics

- Ensuring that expenditures of federal grant funds are done in accordance with the requirements placed on those funds by the federal government and/or the procurement requirements specified in Policy 7.5;
- Labeling all goods, materials, and equipment purchased with federal funds;
- Establishing adequate controls to account for their location, custody, and security;
- Annually auditing the inventory of equipment purchased with Title I funds and updating a listing of such equipment to reconcile the audit with the district's inventory system. The audit will be documented and account for any transfers and/or disposals of equipment purchased with Title I funds.

Legal Reference: 34CFR80.3 through 80.52

7.14 Information Technology Security

The superintendent shall be responsible for ensuring the district has the necessary components in place to meet the district's needs and the state's requirements for information technology (IT) security. The district shall appoint an information technology security officer (ISO) who, along with other IT staff, the superintendent and district management appointed by the superintendent shall develop the necessary procedures to create a district—wide information technology security system meeting the requirements of this policy and the standards prescribed by the Arkansas Department of Education.

The IT security system shall contain the necessary components designed to accomplish the following.

Sensitive information shall be protected from improper denial, disclosure, or modification.

Physical access to computer facilities, data rooms, systems, networks and data will be limited to those authorized personnel who require access to perform assigned duties.

Traffic between internal (district) resources and external (Internet) entities will be regulated by network perimeter controls. To the extent technologically feasible, network transmission of sensitive data should enforce encryption.

User access to the district's technology system and its applications shall be based on the least amount of access to data and programs necessary to perform the user's job duties.

Student or financial applications software developed for or by the district will be tested prior to implementation to ensure data security through proper segregation of programs.

Monitoring of internal and external networks and systems will be designed to provide early notification of events and rapid response and recovery from IT related incidents and/or attacks.

Continuity of critical IT services will be ensured through the development of a disaster recovery plan appropriate for the size and complexity of the district's IT operations.

Software protection of servers and workstations will be deployed to identify and eradicate malicious software attacks such as viruses, spyware, and malware.

Legal Reference: Commissioner's Memo RT 09-008

7.15—MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL OF DISTRICT PROPERTY

Definitions

For the purposes of this policy, the following definitions apply:

"Commodities" are all supplies, goods, material, computers, software, machinery and other equipment purchased on behalf of the district having a useful life of more than one (1) year and an acquisition cost of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more per unit.

"Fair market value" means the amount a reasonable buyer would be willing to pay for a particular piece of property based on an objective set of criteria, which may include, but are not limited to: any improvements or damage to the property; the demand for similar property; the selling price for the property by the producer of the property or re-sale outlets; and the value of the property as determined by an independent appraiser.1

"Real property" is land and whatever is erected or affixed to land, such as structures or buildings.

"Surplus commodities" are those commodities that are no longer needed, obsolete, irreparable, or worn out.

"Surplus real property" is real property that is not presently needed or foreseen to be needed by the District, and that has been authorized for sale as surplus real property by vote of the School Board. Surplus real property may include unused or underutilized facilities.

"Trash" are those items that would otherwise belong to another category of goods or property defined in this policy, but which, due to the property's age or an act of God, have less value than it would cost to repair the item. Examples could include, but are not limited to, fire damage, vehicle accidents, extreme age, and/or decline in value of the item.

"Unused or underutilized facility" means a school facility or other real property that: As a whole or in a significant portion, is not being used for a public educational, academic, extracurricular, or administrative purpose and the nonuse or underutilization threatens the integrity or purpose of the school facility or other real property as a public education facility; and Is not subject to either a lease to a third party for fair market value or an executed offer to purchase by a third party for fair market value as of July 30, 2017.

General Policy

The District's purchases of commodities shall be in accordance with Policy 7.5—PURCHASES AND PROCUREMENT and, to the extent applicable, the procurement requirements of any granting source of funding used to purchase the commodity. The Superintendent shall develop procedures governing the use, management, and dispersal of commodities. At a minimum, the procedures will cover the following topics:

labeling all commodities2;

establishing adequate controls to account for their location, custody, and security; annually auditing the inventory of commodities and updating a listing of such commodities to reconcile the audit with the district's inventory records. The audit will be documented and account for any transfer and/or disposal of a commodity.

Disposing of surplus commodities and surplus real property, whether purchased in whole or in part with federal grant funds or with local funds.

The disposal of school property must be for the benefit of the school district and consistent with good business principles.

Disposal of Surplus Commodities

The Board of Directors recognizes that commodities sometimes become of no use to the District and thus meet this policy's definition of surplus commodities.

The Superintendent or designee(s) will determine the objective fair market value (FMV) of surplus commodities. The District will strive to dispose of surplus commodities at or near their FMV.3

The Superintendent may declare surplus any commodity with an FMV of less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000). Surplus commodities with an FMV of less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) will be periodically sold by the most efficient, cost effective means that is likely to result in sales at or near FMV.

The Superintendent may submit a list of surplus commodities deemed to have a FMV of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or greater to the Board of Directors for authorization to sell such surplus commodities. Once the Board of Directors has authorized the sale of such surplus commodities, the Superintendent or designee(s) may sell that surplus commodity as the need arises. Items with a FMV of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or greater will be sold by the most efficient, cost effective means that is likely to result in sales at or near FMV. If the Superintendent chooses to dispose of the surplus items by bid, the Superintendent or designee may set a minimum or reserve price on any item, and may reject all bids. The Superintendent or designee is authorized to accept the high bid provided the high bid is at or near FMV without

further Board action unless the high bid comes under the jurisdiction of Arkansas ethics legislation, in which case the provisions of A.C.A. §§ 6-24-101–107 would apply.

If attempts at public sales fail to produce any interested buyers or bidders, such remaining unsold commodities may then, at the discretion of the Superintendent, be disposed of as scrap or junk or be donated to appropriate charitable or education related entities. Computer or technology equipment will be cleansed of data prior to disposal.

Disposal of Surplus Real Property

The Board of Directors recognizes that real property it owns sometimes becomes no longer of use to the District and thus meets this policy's definition of surplus real property.

By February 1 of each year, the District shall submit a report to the Division of Public School Academic Facilities and Transportation (Division) that identifies all unused or underutilized school facilities in the District and the unused or underutilized school facilities, if any, that are designated in the District's facilities master plan to be re-used, renovated, or demolished as part of a specific committed project or planned new construction project.

If the Division classifies a District facility or District real property as being unused or underutilized, the District may appeal the Divisions determination to the Commission for Public School Academic Facilities and Transportation (Commission).

The District shall make unused or underutilized public school facilities available for lease4 for no more than FMV5 to any open-enrollment public charter school (charter) located within the District's geographic boundaries that makes a request under the charter's statutory right of access unless the District makes an affirmative showing by a preponderance of the evidence to the Commission that:

The school facility, or the property to which the school facility is attached, will be needed by the District to accommodate future growth of the District; or

Use of the school facility or other real property by a charter would have a materially negative impact on the overall educational environment of an educational campus located within five hundred feet (500') of the school facility or other real property sought to be leased by the charter.

The terms of a lease executed between the District and a charter shall provide that the lease shall be cancelled and be of no effect if the charter:

Fails to use the facility or other real property for direct student instruction or administrative purposes within two (2) years of the effective date of the lease;

Closes, has its charter revoked, or has its charter application denied by the charter authorizer; or Initially uses the facility or other real property, but then leaves the facility or other real property unused for more than one hundred eighty (180) days.

If requested or agreed to by the charter, The District may sell the unused or underutilized facility or other real property to the charter for FMV.

If the District decides to sell, lease, or otherwise transfer ownership of a District facility, a charter6 located within the District's geographic boundaries shall have a right of first refusal to

purchase or lease the facility for FMV. The charter's right of first refusal shall continue for two (2) years after the date the District last used the school facility or other real property as an academic facility.

If the District decides to sell or lease a District facility or other real property that has been identified by the Division as an unused or underutilized school facility to a third party that is not a charter, then the District may not sell or lease the facility until the later of:

Two (2) years after the date the facility or other real property is identified by the division as an unused or underutilized public school facility, so long as no charter has claimed a right of access or a right of first refusal; or

Three (3) years from the date the District facility or other real property has been identified by the division as an unused or underutilized public school facility if the District designated the facility or other real property to be reused, renovated, or demolished as part of a specific committed project or planned new construction project in the District's facilities master plan.

The District may petition the division for a waiver of the time restrictions for the sale or lease of a District's unused or underutilized facility. The petition shall include a statement that the District believes that no charter would be interested in leasing or purchasing the unused or underutilized school facility. If the District receives a waiver, the District may immediately sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of the unused or underutilized facility. The District may appeal the denial by the Division of a waiver to the Commission.

The Superintendent may submit a request to the Board of Directors for authorization to sell surplus real property. Once the Board of Directors has authorized the sale of such surplus real property, the Superintendent or designated individual(s) may sell that surplus real property as the need arises and this policy allows. The Superintendent or designee(s) shall be responsible for getting a determination of the objective FMV of surplus real property5. The district will strive to dispose of surplus items at or near their FMV. The real property may be listed for sale with a real estate broker, and the Superintendent or designated individual may contract on behalf of the district to pay the usual and customary sales commission for such transactions, upon sale of the property.

If the Superintendent chooses to dispose of the surplus items by bid, the Superintendent or designee(s) may set a minimum or reserve price on any item, and may reject all bids. The Superintendent or designee is authorized to accept the high bid7 provided the high bid is at or near FMV without further Board action unless the high bid comes under the jurisdiction of Arkansas ethics legislation, in which case the provisions of A.C.A. §§ 6-24-101–107 would apply.

If attempts at public sales fail to produce any interested buyers or bidders, such remaining unsold real property may then, if agreed to by the Superintendent and Board of Directors, be donated to appropriate education related entities, not-for-profit organizations, the county, city, or incorporated town in accordance with the provisions of state law.8

Items obtained with federal funds shall be handled in accordance with applicable federal regulations, if any.

The District may not make a part of the disposal of District real property a covenant that prohibits the sale or lease of former District facilities or other real property to a charter that is located within the District's geographic boundaries.

Disposal of Surplus Real Property After Consolidation

Except as otherwise prohibited by this policy, real property of a consolidated school district that is no longer being used for educational purposes and has not been sold, preserved, leased, or donated two (2) years after the effective date of consolidation shall be made available for use by a publicly supported institution of higher education, a technical institute, a community college, a not-for-profit organization, a county, a city, or incorporated town by the Board of Directors for the following purposes:

Having the real property preserved, improved, upgraded, rehabilitated, or enlarged by the donee; Holding of classes by statutorily authorized education related entities; or Providing community programs and beneficial educational services, social enrichment programs, or after-school programs.

Trash

Trash, as defined in this policy, may be disposed of in the most cost efficient or effective method available to the district.

7.16 – DISPOSAL OF NON-NEGOTIATED CHECKS OR UNCLAIMED PROPERTY

State law specifies how the district is to dispose of retained funds in the form of issued but non-negotiated checks that have been not been presented for payment within one (1) calendar year. The district shall dispose of these retained funds in accordance with the law and remit the amount of all non-negotiated checks to the Unclaimed Property Division of the Arkansas Auditor's Office.

The district shall make a good faith effort to return physical items that have been left on district property to their rightful owners. When contact information is known for the owner of an item of a non-perishable nature left at the district, the district shall use the information to attempt to contact the owner to inform him/her of the location of the item. Owners of such items shall be given at least three (3) weeks to pick up the item he/she left at the district. If the owner fails to pick up the item within the time allotted, the district may dispose of the item in a manner of its choosing.

The district is under no obligation to retain an abandoned, perishable item left on district property.

7.17—RECORD RETENTION AND DESTRUCTION

It is necessary to maintain district records in a manner that provides for efficient document storage and retrieval and is conducive to eliminating unnecessary record retention. Due to the variety of records that may need to be retained and accessed, the superintendent shall ensure that all staff receive appropriate training to understand this policy. Staff shall also understand the

possible ramifications to the district and/or themselves for failure to properly maintain records and follow the requirements contained in this policy.

Definitions

"Directly or directly interested" (hereinafter "directly") means receiving compensation or other benefits personally or to an individual's household from the person, business, or entity contracting with the District.

"Indirectly or indirectly interested" (hereinafter "indirectly") means that a family member, business, or other entity in which the individual or a family member has a financial interest will receive compensation or benefits.

"Record" is defined for the purposes of this policy, as an item or items, whether electronic or material, that are created by, at the request of, or received by and purposefully retained by a board member, administrator, or employee in the ordinary course of District business. Examples include, but are not limited to:

- Any kind of correspondence;
- Calendars:
- Computer files and documents (which may include drafts);
- Telephone logs;
- Expense records;
- Audio or video recordings that are created for the purpose of monitoring the security of District property or the safety of District students;
- Documentation related to transactions or contracts for
 - Services with Board members, administrators, employees, or members of their families covered under the statutorily defined ethical restrictions associated with a contract for services provided for the District involving a Board member, administrator, or employee who "directly or indirectly" benefits from the contract;
 - An exemption granted by the Arkansas Department of Education (DESE) from the statutorily defined ethical restrictions associated with a contract for employment or for services provided for the District that involves a District administrator, board member, or employee.

The superintendent shall be responsible for establishing a schedule for the routine destruction of district records that accommodates the needs of the district. The schedule shall specify the length of retention for any records not specifically delineated by this policy and be distributed to staff on a need-to-know basis according to their respective employment duties and responsibilities. The schedule should accommodate the need for records to be stored as a blend of printed, bound and electronically recorded (e.g., audio tape, video tape, micro-fiche, computer disk) material. The superintendent or designee shall ensure the effective and efficient securing, cataloging, storing, and appropriate scheduled destruction of all records.

The following records categories shall be retained for the time specified.

- a. Board of Education Minutes forever
- b. Personnel files forever
- c. Student files until the student receives a high school diploma or its equivalent, or is beyond the age of compulsory school attendance
- d. Student records of attendance/graduation forever
- e. Financial Records five (5) years
- f. Documentation, including letters of approval, related to transactions or contracts for services covered by this policy and Arkansas statutes for Board members or members of their families or for waivers granted to District employees thirteen years
- g. Documentation relating to payments or reimbursements made by a vendor on behalf of a board member, administrator, or employee for travel, lodging, food, registration, entertainment, or other expenses Three (3) years
- h. Employment applications, including applicant lists, applicant interview evaluations, documentation in response to requests for reasons for a failure to be interviewed and/or hired, and hiring determinations five (5) years
- i. Expenditures made with federal grant monies8 governed by the terms of each grant
- j. Video Surveillance Recordings the timeline established in Policy VIDEO SURVEILLANCE
- k. Emails The length of time set in the District's Information Technology Security procedures.
- 1. Documents filed with the IRS, including those required in Policy Health Care Coverage and the Affordable Care Act four (4) years
- m. Statewide assessment security agreement Three (3) years
- n. Recordings of open public meetings One (1) year
- o. Reports and related documentation filed with the Auditor of State on abandoned property

 Ten (10) years
- p. Record of each query made of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration Commercial Driver's License Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse and the results of each query – Three (3) years
- q. Employee consent to query the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration Commercial Driver's License Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse Three (3) Years from the latest query
- r. Reports from the Commercial Driver Alcohol and Drug Testing Database of the Office of Driver Services of the Arkansas Department of Finance and Administration Three (3) years

The superintendent or designee shall be responsible for determining when there is a need to interrupt the routine destruction of records. When the superintendent or designee makes the decision to cease the routine disposal of records, staff affected by the decision shall be promptly informed of the decision and of the nature of records that are to be retained. Such records shall be retained until the superintendent or designee has authorized their destruction. Employee training on the district's records retention schedule shall specifically include information on the records that may need to be retained due to pending disciplinary or legal actions which otherwise are subject to routine disposal. If an employee has doubt about the need to retain any record

otherwise scheduled for destruction, he/she shall consult with the superintendent or designee prior to destroying such records.

The records' storage system devised by the superintendent and designee(s) shall be organized in a manner that enables the efficient retrieval of data and documents. The district shall have adequate backup of critical data which is stored electronically.12 The system shall be communicated to employees in a manner that enables them to understand and follow the system's requirements.

In retaining and destroying records, no employee shall:

- Destroy, alter, mutilate, conceal, cover up, falsify, or make a false entry in any record that
 may be connected to a disciplinary matter or lawsuit or to a matter within the jurisdiction
 of a federal or state agency, in violation of federal or state law or regulations.
- Alter, destroy or conceal a document, or attempt to do so, with the intent to impair the document's availability for use in a disciplinary matter, lawsuit or an official proceeding or otherwise obstruct, influence or impede any lawsuit or official proceeding, in violation of federal or state law or regulations.
- Retaliate or discriminate against an employee who refuses to violate this policy or to coerce or threaten an employee to violate this policy.

Failure to follow the requirements set forth in this policy may result in disciplinary action against the employee(s), up to and including termination. The district's board of directors prohibits and will not tolerate any form of reprisal, retaliation or discrimination against any employee who, in good faith, has attempted to comply with this policy.

7.18 SERVICE ANIMALS IN DISTRICT FACILITIES

In accordance with the provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act, service dogs and trained miniature horses¹ (hereinafter referred to as *service animals*) are permitted for use by individuals with disabilities on district property and in district facilities provided the individuals and their animals meet the requirements and responsibilities covered in this policy.

When an individual with a disability seeks to bring a service animal into a district facility, the district is entitled to ask the individual if the animal is required because of a disability and what work or task the animal has been trained to perform.² The district is not entitled to ask for documentation that the animal has been properly trained, but the individual bringing the animal into a district facility will be held accountable for the animal's behavior.

Any service animal brought into a district facility by an individual with a disability must have been trained to do work or perform tasks for the individual. The work or tasks performed by the service animal must be directly related to the handler's disability. Examples of work or tasks include, but are not limited to, assisting individuals who are blind or have low vision with navigation and other tasks, alerting individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing to the presence of people or sounds, providing non-violent protection, pulling a wheelchair, assisting an individual

during a seizure, alerting individuals to the presence of allergens, retrieving items such as medicine, providing physical support and assistance with balance and stability to individuals with mobility disabilities, and helping persons with psychiatric and neurological disabilities by preventing or interrupting impulsive or destructive behaviors.

The crime deterrent effects of an animal's presence and the provision of emotional support, well-being, comfort, or companionship do **not** constitute work or tasks for the purposes of this policy.

Individuals with disabilities shall be permitted to be accompanied by their service animals in all areas of a public entity's facilities where members of the public, participants in services, programs or activities, or invitees, as relevant, are allowed to go.

A service animal shall be under the control of its handler. A service animal shall have a harness, leash, or other tether, unless either the handler is unable because of a disability to use a harness, leash, or other tether, or the use of a harness, leash, or other tether would interfere with the service animal's safe, effective performance of work or tasks, in which case the service animal must be otherwise under the handler's control by means of voice control, signals, or other effective means.

District staff (is there a better word) may ask an individual with a disability to remove a service animal from the premises if:

- (1) The animal is out of control and the animal's handler does not take effective action to control it; or
- (2) The animal is not housebroken.

If the district excludes a service animal due to the reasons listed above, the district shall give the individual with a disability the opportunity to participate in the service, program, or activity without having the service animal on the premises.

The District and its staff are not responsible for the care or supervision of a service animal brought onto district property or into district facilities by an individual with a disability.

The District shall not ask or require an individual with a disability to pay a surcharge, even if people accompanied by pets are required to pay fees, or to comply with other requirements generally not applicable to people without pets.³

Legal References: 28 CFR § 35.104

28 CFR § 35.136 28 C.F.R. § 36.302 A.C.A. § 20-14-304 A.C.A. § 20-14-308

7.19—PRIVATE SPONSORSHIP OF EXTRACURRICULAR EVENTS

The Superintendent, or designee, may negotiate for the private sponsorship of an event to take place during the time allotted for a half-time break of any of the District's interscholastic activities. The amount of time for a half-time break shall not be extended for the event.

The school district shall not discriminate against potential sponsors based on political affiliation, religion, or perceived message. The superintendent, or designee, may decline sponsorship for any of the following reasons:

- The sponsored event would conflict with school or school group presentations;
- The proposed event would be logistically impracticable due to the estimated time, required materials for the event, or for other reasons associated with the implementation of the event;
- The proposed event would make continuation of the interscholastic activity impracticable due to residual mess/trash resulting from the activity; or
- The proposed event would present an unacceptable safety risk to students or viewing audience.

The superintendent's, or designee's, decision to accept or decline the proposed sponsored event shall be final.

Any potential sponsor shall be required to demonstrate proof of an in force, minimum face value one million dollar (\$1,000,000) general liability insurance policy that would cover the event. The sponsor must also agree to indemnify the school against any damages to school property, school employees, students, or bystanders that arise as a result of the sponsored event as well as from any law suits that are filed in response to such damages.

There shall be no live or recorded speech, music, or other media provided by the sponsor used during the sponsored event. A member of the school's administration shall announce the name of the sponsor of the event and shall be present to assist in conducting the event. The school administrator shall be a neutral participant and shall only make content neutral statements during the event. To meet this standard, the administrator shall not promote or act in a manner that creates the appearance, or that could give the impression, that the District sponsors, endorses or otherwise agrees with the product, person/group, or event being promoted by the sponsor. No school employee may act as the representative of a sponsor or wear attire/apparel that is provided by the sponsor or that could be interpreted as promoting the sponsor's interests. Employees or representatives of/affiliated with the sponsor may be present at the event and stand with the member of school administration who is announcing and conducting the event; such employees/representatives of the sponsor may wear clothing identifying them as sponsors of the event.

The superintendent, or designee, shall have the authority to regulate the time, place, and manner of the distribution of promotional materials by the event sponsor. "Promotional materials" includes, but is not limited to, pamphlets, pens/pencils, sports equipment (whether miniature or full sized), or clothing. The event sponsor shall provide the superintendent, or designee, with a complete list of the types of promotional materials the event sponsor intends to distribute at the event so that the superintendent, or designee, may make an informed decision on the time, place,

and manner of distribution that would result in the least amount of disturbance with the interscholastic activity.

The superintendent, or designee, should take the following into account when determining the best time, place, and manner of distribution of promotional materials:

- Whether the promotional materials could be a distraction to participants in the interscholastic activity due to the promotional material emitting light or noise;
- Whether the promotional materials have a high possibility of being able to be used against participants of the interscholastic activity to attempt to alter the outcome of the activity;
- The possibility that the promotional materials would be left by recipients to become litter; and
- The possibility that the promotional materials would divert the attention of the audience from the interscholastic activity.

The superintendent, or designee, shall limit the distribution of promotional materials to audience members when they are entering the school building/arena, during the sponsored half-time event, and/or when they are leaving the school building/arena. The superintendent's, or designee's, restrictions on the time, place, and manner of promotional materials shall be final.

Any funds received through private sponsorship shall be placed in the District's Activity Account. The superintendent, or designee, should follow the policy for receiving public gifts or donations when negotiating the sponsorship amount, as set forth in policy 6.3—Public Gifts and Donations to the Schools.

Legal Reference: DESE Rules Governing Athletic Revenues and

Expenditures for Public School Districts

7.20—ADVERTISING ON SCHOOL BUSES

Under the authority granted by A.C.A. § 6-19-129 and the Commission for Arkansas Public School Academic Facilities and Transportation Rules Governing Advertising on School Buses:

Option 1: The District has chosen NOT to permit the selling of advertising space on District owned school buses and shall NOT use the space provided by law for any purpose.

Option 2: The District has chosen NOT to permit the selling of advertising space on District owned school buses but may use the space provided by law to place items created by the District's information office.

Option 3: The District has chosen to use the legally provided space on District school buses for purchased advertising space and to place any items created by the District's information office.

The Superintendent shall develop procedures for soliciting proposals for advertising, as well as guidelines for the review and acceptance of advertisements.

The Board, or designee, shall approve each advertisement before it is displayed on a District bus. The Board reserves the right to reject any advertisement that it deems inappropriate for the school setting. If the District contracts with a third party for the solicitation of potential advertisers and the development of advertising programs, the District retains the final authority to accept or reject potential advertisers and proposed advertisements.

Advertising shall be accepted solely for the purpose of generating revenue for the District transportation program and not for the purpose of establishing a forum for communication. All revenue the District receives from advertisements shall only be used to reduce District transportation costs.

Regardless of the viewpoint expressed in the advertisements, advertisements shall not be approved that are:

- 1. For a political candidate, political party, the adoption of any bond/budget issues, or any public question submitted at any general, county, municipal, or school election as required by A.C.A. § 7-1-111;
- 2. Of an obscene or pornographic nature;
- 3. Promoting drugs, alcohol, tobacco, firearms, or similar products; or
- 4. Otherwise deemed to be inappropriate for minors.

The District shall also reserve the right to reject advertising that is inconsistent with:

- a. Federal or State laws and regulations;
- b. Commissioner's memos;
- c. The First Amendment;
- d. Board policy;
- e. The District's mission, goals, standards, and curriculum; or
- f. Any content the District determines has a reasonable likelihood of exposing the District to controversy, litigation, or disruption.

A food or beverage advertisement shall not be permitted unless it satisfies the advertising requirements of the district's WELLNESS POLICY.

Acceptance of an advertisement on District school buses shall not constitute approval or endorsement of any product; service; issue; organization; activity; or position referenced in the advertisement, nor shall acceptance of advertising from a vendor determine whether the District will purchase goods or services from the vendor through the District's procurement process in Policy 7.5—PURCHASES AND PROCUREMENT.

The Board has the authority to terminate advertisements on school buses at any time. The Board may, at its sole discretion, cease to allow the display of any previously approved advertisement if it finds the advertisement to have become inappropriate due to changing circumstances.

Approved advertisements may be placed:

- On the rear quarter-panels of the exterior of the bus,
- At least three inches (3") behind the rear wheel and not closer than four inches (4") from the lower edge of the window line;
- At least three inches (3") from any required letter, lamp, wheel well, reflector, or emergency exit; and
- Within a block no larger than thirty inches (30") in height and sixty inches (60") in length.

Any reflective tape between the floorline and beltline of the bus that is covered by an advertisement will be replaced by placing reflective tape either above or below the advertisement. No brackets or hardware shall be applied to the bus to hold advertisements.

Advertisements must be of a durable printed material. In order to not create a handhold or present a danger to pedestrians, the advertisement shall not:

- Intentionally extend from the body; or
- Extend from the body due to damage.

All advertisements shall contain the phrase "Paid advertisement" in a place, font, color, and size that it may be easily read from a distance of at least ten feet (10').

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-19-129 A.C.A. § 7-1-111

Commission for Arkansas Public School Academic Facilities and Transportation Rules Governing Advertising on School Buses

7 C.F.R. 210.31

7.21 NAMING SCHOOL FACILITIES

Except as otherwise permitted in this policy or Arkansas law, the District shall not name any building, structure, or facility, paid for in part with District funds, for an individual living at the time of its completion who, in the ten (10) years preceding its construction, was elected, or held, a federal, state, county, or municipal office and received a salary for his/her service.

Exceptions to the preceding paragraph may be made when a building, structure, or facility is constructed through the use of at least 505 private funds or, the name refers to:

- An individual(s) living at the time of its completion and who has historical significance;
- An individual who is or has been a prisoner of war; or
- A living individual who is at least 75 years of age and is retired.

7.22 ANNUAL RISK ASSESSMENT POLICY

The administration of the Pocahontas School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting which includes safeguarding of assets and compliance with applicable laws and rules.

The Pocahontas School District shall conduct an annual risk assessment of the effectiveness of the district's internal control, over financial reporting, in accordance with OMB Circular A-123.

Based on the results of the risk evaluation, the district will make a determination as to whether reasonable assurance can be provided that internal control over financial reporting, as of June 30 of each year, was operating effectively and whether any material weaknesses were found in the design or operation of the internal controls over financial reporting. Should a material weakness be identified, corrective action to remedy the weakness will be implemented by the district.

7.23 EXCESS FOOD

Definition

"Excess food" means any food that remains after the serving of breakfast and lunch to students during the school day; however, "excess food" does not include any food that has expired, been opened, or been consumed.

Excess food shall be handled in accordance with U.S. Food and Drug Administration regulations and Arkansas Department of Health rules.

Excess Food Sold a la carte¹

Excess food may be sold a la carte no later than the day immediately following the day the excess food was served in the District's school meal service.

Donation of Excess Food

When it is not feasible for the District to reuse excess food, excess food may be donated to a non-profit organization, such as a community food bank, homeless shelter, or other nonprofit charitable organization.

The District's Child Nutrition Director (Director), after consultation with and approval by the superintendent, may identify a nonprofit "partner" that will accept the District's excess food. Before the District may donate food to the nonprofit partner, the Director shall obtain a copy of the nonprofit partner's 501(c)(3) documentation and contact information for use when excess food is available for donation.

Whenever excess food is donated, the Director shall document all of the following on the form provided by the Child Nutrition Unit:

- 1. What, how much and when excess food donations are made;
- 2. Who picks up the excess food for the nonprofit partner, including a signature along with the date and time of the pick up; and

3. Signature of the child nutrition staff when excess food is donated to the nonprofit partner.

Following the donation of excess food, the Director shall:

- a. Monitor excess food donations;
- b. Report excess food cost to administration; and
- c. Revise planned production and menus to minimize excess food.

The nonprofit partner shall agree to provide the District's students the first opportunity to receive the donated excess food. The superintendent, Director, and nonprofit partner shall work together to adopt procedures 2 for the providing of excess food to the District's students.

Notes: 1 If your district does not have an a la carte program, delete this portion of the policy.

2 When developing the procedures, one item to consider would be to have the district (not the school food authority) either provide space the nonprofit partner may use to provide a refrigerator or the district could provide space and a refrigerator for the nonprofit partner to use to store the donated food until the completion of the distribution of the donated food to the district's students; this would reduce the amount of time that the excess food is outside of a temperature controlled environment between when the food is donated and the food is distributed.

In reviewing the procedures with the partner non-profit, one factor to consider is if space and time will be provided for students to consume the donated food on campus, if students will be provided the food to take home, or both.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-18-716

Commissioner's Memo CNU-16-033

7 C.F.R. § 210.10 7 C.F.R. § 210.11

7.24 HEALTH CARE COVERAGE AND THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT

Definitions

"Dependent", for purposes of this policy, means an employee's child(ren) and/or spouse who are enrolled by the employee in health care coverage through the District's health care plans.

"Full-time school bus driver" means a person employed by the District to drive regular routes during the annual school year:

- 1. Who contracts with the District to operate a school bus for at least seven hundred twenty (720) hours during the school year;
- 2. Whose primary source of income during the school year is obtained by operating a school bus for the District; or
- Who contracts with the District to operate a school bus and is designated by the superintendent as a full-time school bus driver, regardless of the number of hours for which the person is contracted.

"Full-time employee", for purposes of this policy, means an employee who is:

- a. In a position¹ requiring on average thirty (30) hours of actual performance per week during the annual school year; or
- b. A full-time school bus driver.

"Responsible individual" means a primary insured employee who, as a parent or spouse, enrolls one or more individual(s) in health care coverage through the District's health care plans.

"Variable hour employee", for the purposes of this policy, means an individual, other than a full-time school bus driver, who has no base minimum number of hours of performance required per week.

Health Insurance Enrollment

All full time District employees are eligible to enroll themselves; their spouse, so long as the spouse is not otherwise eligible for insurance through his/her employer's sponsored plan;² and their child(ren) in one of the insurance plans through the Public School Employee Life and Health Insurance Program (PSELHIP). Variable hour employees are not eligible to enroll in a PSELHIP plan. If a variable hour employee's measurement period finds that the employee averaged thirty (30) or more hours per week, then the employee is treated as a full time employee rather than a variable hour employee and is eligible for health insurance.³ New full time employees have sixty (60) days following the start date of the employee's contract to elect to enroll in a PSELHIP plan; all new employees shall be informed in writing of the start date of the employee's contract and that the employee has sixty (60) days from that date to elect PSELHIP coverage. 4 Coverage for new employees who choose to enroll in a PSELHIP plan shall take effect on the first of the month following the date on the enrollment application. Coverage shall be in effect until the end of the calendar year. Employees who experience a Qualifying Status Change Event⁵ have sixty (60) days from the date of the Qualifying Status Change Event to file an application to change coverage information. All employees who continue to be eligible may elect to continue coverage and make changes to their PSELHIP plan for the following plan year during the yearly open enrollment period.

The District shall ensure all employees are provided education annually on the advantages and disadvantages of a consumer-driven health plan option and effective strategies of using a Health Savings Account (HSA).⁶

District Contribution to Premiums

At a minimum, the District shall distribute the statutorily required contribution rate to all employees who are enrolled in one of the PSELHIP plans, which shall include any mandatory increases to the contribution rate due to increases to the salary schedule.⁷ In accordance with the State Health Insurance Portability Rules (SHIP), the District shall continue to pay the premium contribution for an employee who transfers to another Arkansas school district that also participates in the SHIP through August 31 of the calendar year the employee leaves the district so long as the employee:⁸

- 1) Completes his/her contract with the District;
- 2) Provides the District with notice that the employee is transferring to another district by no later than the Friday following the last student contact day⁹;
- 3) Provides the District with proof of employment at another Arkansas district; and

4) Has the employee portion of the premium deducted from his/her end-of-year checks or pays the District business office the employee's portion of the premium by the 15th¹⁰ of both July and August.

Measurement Method of Employee Hours³

Option 1: The District uses the look-back method for determining if an employee qualifies as a full-time employee.³

Option 2: The District uses the monthly measurement method for determining if an employee qualifies as a full-time employee.³

W-2

For all full-time employees who are enrolled in a PSELHIP plan, the District shall indicate in box twelve (12) of the employee's Form W-2 the cost of the employee's health care coverage by using code "DD".¹¹

IRS Returns

The District will electronically file with the IRS by March 31 of each year the forms¹² required by the IRS on the health insurance coverage of each full-time employee for the previous calendar year, whether or not the full-time employee participates in a health insurance plan through the PSELHIP.

Statement of Return

The District shall send to each full-time employee a Statement of Return (Statement) regarding the IRS Return¹³ filed on the employee. The Statement shall contain: The District's name, address, and Employer Identification Number (EIN) as well as a copy of the IRS Return filed on the employee. The District shall send a copy of the Statement to the employee on or before January 31 of the calendar year following the calendar year the information in the Statement covers. The District shall send only one Statement to the household of an employee who meets the definition of a responsible individual that will include all requisite information for both the responsible individual and the responsible individual's dependent(s). The Statement will be mailed to the employee's address on record.

Record Retention

The District shall maintain copies of the Statements sent to employees in accordance with the requirements for documents transmitted to the IRS in Policy RECORD RETENTION AND DESTRUCTION.

Notes: This Policy is not intended to provide information on the specifics of the differences between the available PSELHIP plans; such information may be requested from the Employee Benefits Division (EBD).

¹ Although Arkansas's statutory language is "a position", the Fair Labor Standards Act and the Affordable Care Act both state that the determination of total number of hours is based on the specific employee rather than the number of contracts/positions an employee has with the same employer. We believe that the Federal laws allow you to have an employee under separate contracts so long as you combine the number of hours from each contract to reach a total number of hours for that employee.

Example: An employee has two contracts with your district: one for a bus driver and one for a custodian. The bus driver contract is for twenty (20) hours each week and the custodian contract is for fifteen (15) hours each week. The employee is treated as providing thirty-five (35) hours for your district and would be eligible.

The employee has a 190 day contract with a first day of duty of Aug.7th and runs through May 29th. The start date is August 7th.

- ⁵ Qualifying Status Change Events include: change in number of dependents due to birth, adoption, death, or loss of eligibility due to age; change in marital status due to marriage, death, divorce, legal separation, or annulment; change in employment status; and loss or gain of group coverage. EBD requires supporting documentation of the qualifying status change event be attached to the application for a change in coverage.
- ⁶ A consumer-driven health plan option is a health insurance plan that qualifies as a high deductible health plan. Currently, the PSELHIP plans that qualify as consumer-driven health plans are the Classic and Basic Plans. Districts may satisfy the training requirement by allowing a representative from the EBD's list of approved vendors to speak with the district's employees.

- The increase to the base salary schedule was to bring the district into compliance with the statutory minimum teacher salary schedule;
- Seventy-five percent (75%) or more of the district's eligible employees participate in health insurance through the PSELHIP; or
- The district's contribution is one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) or more above the minimum contribution amount.

When a district employee has elected the employee and spouse plan or the family plan and the employee's spouse also works for the district, the employee who is the primary insured individual

² EBD permits an employee to insure his/her spouse through the PSELHIP when the employee's spouse is a state employee or a public school employee.

³ The Missouri School Boards Association has an excellent document containing more information on variable hour employees, selecting a measurement method, and setting up procedures for calculating hours. The document can be found at http://arsba.org/policy-resources.

⁴ The start date of the employment contract is important because it triggers the start of the sixty (60) days the employee has to elect coverage. Our understanding is that EBD will use the date the employee is entered into APSCN to determine the start and end dates of the sixty (60) day period. The date an employee should be entered into APSCN as having been hired is the first date the employee's contract covers rather than the date the board voted to employ the individual; for example:

⁷ The amount for the minimum contribution rate is set forth in A.C.A. § 6-17-1117(a)(1). Districts may be required to pay above the minimum contribution amount if the district gives a raise to the base minimum teacher salary. The district would then have to increase the contribution rate by the same percentage as the increase to the base minimum teacher salary; the exceptions to this are:

is the only individual considered to have "elected to participate"; thus, the district is only responsible to pay a contribution rate for one employee rather than for both the employee and spouse.

- ⁸ This is optional language from the SHIP Rules, which has the intent to provide some uniformity across the state on how to handle the summer contract gap period and provide increased certainty for personnel. If your district elected not to participate in the program, replace this language with "The District does not participate in the State Health Insurance Portability program" and renumber the remaining footnotes. Participation in the program provides that personnel who are transferring from one participating Arkansas district to another participating Arkansas district have two options:
- a) Legally, each school district is a separate employer; as a result, employees who transfer from another district have the option to be treated as a new employee for health insurance. As a new employee, the employee has the option to select a different level of insurance (Move from the Basic Plan to the Premium Plan or vice versa), add or drop dependents, and be eligible to receive the wellness discount. However, the employee will have all deductibles reset. Transferred employees who wish to be treated as a new employee are required to timely inform the district he/she is transferring from that the employee desires a break in coverage and to not have payments made on health insurance for July and August; these employees will be required to submit a new election form to EBD in order to have their health insurance reinstated.
- b) The transferred employee may elect to continue existing coverage through the new district. An employee who chooses this option may not change plan types, add or drop dependents, and will only receive the wellness discount if the employee had qualified for the discount prior to transferring to the new district. Employees who wish to be treated as a transferring employee instead of a new employee will need to have the district the employee is transferring from indicate in the EBD task for employee termination that the reason for their termination is due to a transfer and have their new district submit a Notice of Public School Employee Transfer Form to EBD. For an employee to be eligible for this option, both the employee's former district and the new district must participate in the SHIP program.

A copy of the SHIP Rules may be found at http://arsba.org/policy-resources and more information on procedures may be found in EBD's Public School Employee Benefits Administration Manual.

⁹ We have put in a floating date for when employees have to notify that they are transferring that allows the policy to automatically take into account any extensions due to school being closed.

¹⁰ The 15th is only a recommended date. The date must be set to allow a reasonable amount of time for collection from the employee but still allow the district to make a timely payment for health insurance premiums to EBD.

¹¹ This information has no impact on the employee's taxes as the employee portion of the health coverage premium is still excluded from earned income. The inclusion on the Form W-2 is for informational purposes only.

¹² The two forms districts will be required to complete are Form 1094C and Form 1095C. Form 1095C, like a W2, is specific to each full time employee. Form 1094C, like a W3, is a transmittal form that covers all the 1095C submitted to the IRS as well as some additional information.

¹³ The IRS Return that will be sent to each full-time employee is a copy of the Form 1095C the district submits to the IRS on the employee.

Cross Reference: RECORD RETENTION AND DESTRUCTION

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-17-1117

A.C.A. § 21-5-401 et seq. 26 C.F.R. § 54.4980h-0 et seq.

26 C.F.R. § 31.6001-1 26 C.F.R. § 301.6056-1

Date Adopted: