

WEST HEMPSTEAD PUBLIC SCHOOLS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)	4
Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	19
Statement of Activities	20
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	21
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	23
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	24
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	25
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund	25
Notes to Financial Statements	26
Required Supplementary Information Other than MD&A:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	57
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	59
Schedule of District Pension Contributions	60
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	61
Other Information:	
Schedules of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit – General Fund	62
Schedule of Project Expenditures and Financing Resources – Capital Projects Fund	63
Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets	64
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	65
m 120001 danie with do to timente industry owned do	00

JAMES E. DANOWSKI, CPA JILL S. SANDERS, CPA DONALD J. HOFFMANN, CPA MICHAEL J. LEONE, CPA CHRISTOPHER V. REINO, CPA ALAN YU, CPA



VINCENT D. CULLEN, CPA (1950 - 2013) PETER F. RODRIGUEZ, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education West Hempstead Union Free School District West Hempstead, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the West Hempstead Union Free School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the West Hempstead Union Free School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, "Change in Accounting Principle", the District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as of June 30, 2022. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – general fund, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability), schedule of District pension contributions, and schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 4 through 18 and 57 through 61, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

The other information on pages 62 through 64 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information requested by the New York State Education Department. Management is responsible for the other information. The other information does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2022 on our consideration of the West Hempstead Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the West Hempstead Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the West Hempstead Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

November 15, 2022

Cullen & Danowski, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The West Hempstead Union Free School District's discussion and analysis of the financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 in comparison with the year ended June 30, 2021, with emphasis on the current year. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes to financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- The District's total net position was a deficit of \$125,964,956 in the district-wide financial statements at June 30, 2022, compared to a deficit of \$123,078,310 at June 30, 2021. The deficit increased by \$2,886,646 over the prior year due to an excess of expenses over revenues using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.
- The District's expenses for the year, as reflected in the district-wide financial statements, totaled \$71,775,613. Of this amount, \$5,615,155 was offset by program charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants. General revenues of \$63,273,812 amount to 91.9% of total revenues.
- The District's general fund fund balance, as reflected in the fund financial statements was \$16,080,886 at June 30, 2022. This balance represents a \$1,735,737 decrease from the prior year due to an excess of expenditures and other financing uses over revenues, using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, as follows:
 - -Restricted fund balances decreased by \$1,246,314 due to the use of reserves, offset by interest earnings allocated to the reserves.
 - -Assigned appropriated fund balance remained the same as last year, at \$2,425,000.
 - -Unassigned fund balance decreased by \$510,247 to \$2,495,953.
- The District's 2021-2022 original property tax levy of \$47,807,538, approved by the voters on May 11, 2021, was a 2.11% increase over the 2020-2021 tax levy and was equal to the District's tax cap.
- On March 15, 2016, the District's voters approved a bond proposition of \$35,570,029 to fund needed district-wide capital improvements. As of June 30, 2022, the District has issued serial bonds and provided \$28,750,000 of permanent financing for the capital improvements project. The District also has \$6,000,000 of outstanding bond anticipation notes that provide cash flows and additional original financing for the projects. Work is continuing with total expenditures of \$33,465,044 (94% of the total budget) having been recorded in the capital projects fund.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), the financial statements, required supplementary information, and other information. The financial statements consist of district-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to financial statements. A graphic display of the relationship of these statements follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)



A. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements present the governmental activities of the District and are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the District, as a whole, in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two district-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the District's finances.

These statements utilize the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

The Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's school buildings and other capital assets.

The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in net position during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Revenues are recognized in the period when they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period when the liability is incurred. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Governmental Funds

These statements utilize the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period when they become measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period when the District incurs the liability, except for certain expenditures such as debt service on general long-term indebtedness, workers' compensation claims, compensated absences, pension costs, and other postemployment benefits (OPEB), which are recognized as expenditures to the extent the related liabilities mature each period.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains seven individual governmental funds: general fund, special aid fund, school food service fund, debt service fund, capital projects fund, extraclassroom activities fund, and scholarships fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

The District reports its fiduciary activities in the fiduciary fund – custodial fund. This fund reports real property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes (PILOT) collected on behalf of other governments and disbursed to those governments, and utilizes the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

A. Net Position

Certain balances at June 30, 2021, were adjusted as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which required the District to record a capital asset of \$276,607, net of accumulated amortization of \$64,513, and the related lease liabilities of \$212,505, as well as leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources of \$974,897. The restatement resulted in a net increase of \$411 in total net position deficit.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

The District's total net position decreased by \$2,886,646 between fiscal year 2022 and 2021. The decrease is due to expenses in excess of revenues using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. A summary of the District's Statements of Net Position follows:

	2022		As Restate 2022 2021		Increase (Decrease)		Percentage Change
Asset							
Current and Other Assets	\$	27,068,999	\$	34,953,344	\$	(7,884,345)	(22.56)%
Capital Assets, Net		51,349,267		43,768,823		7,580,444	17.32 %
Net Pension Assets -							
Proportionate Share		24,554,258				24,554,258	N/A
Total Assets		102,972,524		78,722,167		24,250,357	30.80 %
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u> </u>	16,110,711		62,284,265		(46,173,554)	(74.13)%
Liabilities							
Current and Other Liabilities		12,565,314		10,368,580		2,196,734	21.19 %
Long-Term Liabilities		35,808,789		38,008,038		(2,199,249)	(5.79)%
Net Pension Liabilities -							
Proportionate Share		-		3,644,067		(3,644,067)	(100.00)%
Total OPEB Liability		148,085,370		204,449,791		(56,364,421)	(27.57)%
Total Liabilities		196,459,473		256,470,476		(60,011,003)	(23.40)%
Deferred Inflows of Resources		48,588,718		7,614,266		40,974,452	538.13 %
Net Position (Deficit)							
Net investment in capital assets		14,033,944		11,108,140		2,925,804	26.34 %
Restricted		11,003,601		12,249,915		(1,246,314)	(10.17)%
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(151,002,501)		(146,436,365)		(4,566,136)	(3.12)%
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(125,964,956)	\$	(123,078,310)	\$	(2,886,646)	(2.35)%

The decrease in current and other assets is evidenced by decreases in the District's cash balance, taxes receivable, and lease receivable, offset by increases in amounts due from state and federal, and accounts receivable.

This increase in capital assets, net is due to capital additions in excess of depreciation/amortization expense. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 11 "Capital Assets" provides additional information.

Net pension assets – proportionate share represents the District's share of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System's and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System's collective net pension assets, at the measurement date of the respective year. In the current year, the District's proportionate shares shifted from liabilities to assets. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 15 "Pension Plans – New York State," provides additional information.

Deferred outflows of resources represents contributions to the pension plans subsequent to the measurement dates and actuarial adjustments of the pension plans that will be amortized in future years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

The increase in current and other liabilities is mostly in connection with the increases in accounts payable and bond anticipation notes payable.

The decrease in long-term liabilities is the result of principal repayments of long-term debt.

Net pension liabilities – proportionate share represents the District's share of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System's and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System's collective net pension liabilities at the measurement date of the respective year. The decrease is due to the fluctuation from net pension liabilities in the prior year, to net pension assets in the current year. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 15 "Pension Plans – New York State," provides additional information.

Total OPEB liability decreased based on the actuarial valuation of the plan. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 17 "Postemployment Healthcare Benefits," provides additional information.

Deferred inflows of resources represents actuarial adjustments of the pension plans and the OPEB plan that will be amortized in future years, as well as the amount of long-term lease receivable that will be amortized and recognized as lease revenues over the remaining term of the lease.

The net investment in capital assets is the investment in capital assets at cost, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and related outstanding debt. The accompanying Other Information, Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets provides additional information.

The restricted amount relates to the District's reserves, which decreased from the prior year mainly due to the budgeted use of reserves.

The unrestricted (deficit) amount relates to the balance of the District's net position. This balance does not include the District's reserves, which are classified as restricted. Additionally, certain unfunded liabilities will have the effect of reducing the District's unrestricted net position. One such unfunded liability is the total OPEB liability. In accordance with state guidelines, the District is only permitted to fund OPEB on a "pay as you go" basis, and is not permitted to accumulate funds for OPEB liability.

B. Changes in Net Position

The results of operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in a programmatic format. In the accompanying financial statements STAR (school tax relief) revenue is included in the other tax items line. However, in this MD&A, STAR revenue has been combined with property taxes. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

	 2022	 2021		Increase Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 1,140,851	\$ 1,405,132	\$	(264,281)	(18.81)%
Operating Grants & Contributions	4,063,864	2,536,295		1,527,569	60.23 %
Capital Grants	410,440	-		410,440	N/A
General Revenues					
Property Taxes and STAR	47,851,447	46,886,807		964,640	2.06 %
State Sources	12,494,448	10,510,181		1,984,267	18.88 %
Other	2,927,917	2,927,473		444	0.02 %
Total Revenues	68,888,967	64,265,888		4,623,079	7.19 %
Expenses					
General Support	9,067,401	9,745,184		(677,783)	(6.96)%
Instruction	53,156,288	67,061,353	(13,905,065)	(20.73)%
Pupil Transportation	7,373,971	5,972,117		1,401,854	23.47 %
Community Services		5,700		(5,700)	(100.00)%
Debt Service - Interest	1,105,082	949,123		155,959	16.43 %
Food Service Program	1,072,871	884,385		188,486	21.31 %
Total Expenses	71,775,613	84,617,862	(12,842,249)	(15.18)%
Decrease in Net Position	\$ (2,886,646)	\$ (20,351,974)	\$	17,465,328	85.82 %

The District's net position decreased by \$2,886,646 and \$20,351,974 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The District's revenues increased when compared to the prior year, primarily due to the following major changes:

- Real property taxes and STAR were increased to fund increases in appropriations in the voter-approved 2021-2022 budget.
- The increase in state sources is mainly due to the District receiving more in general aid, offset by decreases in lottery aid excess cost aid.
- Operating grants increased as the District was awarded additional federal funding under the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act and the American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act through the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) program and the Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) program.
- Capital grants increased, as a result of additional capital improvements funded by the Smart Schools Bond Act grant.
- Charges for services decreased mainly due to lower health services reimbursements received from other school districts for their children attending non-public schools within the District.

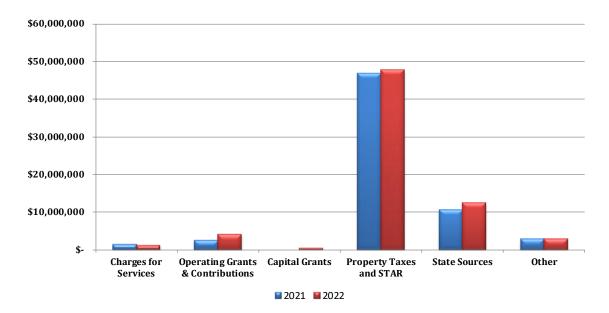
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

The District's expenses decreased when compared to the prior year, primarily due to the following major changes:

- General support and instruction decreased based on the impact of allocations of the net change in actuarially determined pension expenses for TRS and ERS, and other postemployment benefits costs.
- Pupil transportation expenses increased due to a rise in contract bus expenses.
- Debt service interest increased mainly due to additional bond interest expense for the serial bond issued in June 2021.
- The food service program increased due to increases in food costs.

As indicated on the graphs that follow, real property taxes and STAR is the largest component of revenues recognized (i.e., 69.5% and 73.0% of the total for the years 2022 and 2021, respectively). Instruction expense is the largest category of expenses incurred (i.e., 74.1% and 79.3% of the total for the years 2022 and 2021, respectively).

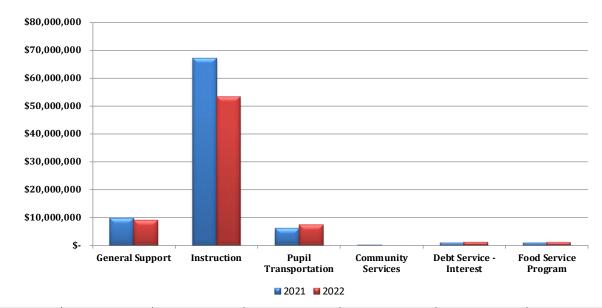
A graphic display of the distribution of revenues for the two years follows:



	Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions	Capital Grants	Property Taxes and STAR	State Sources	Other
2021	2.2%	3.9%	0.0%	73.0%	16.4%	4.5%
2022	1.7%	5.9%	0.6%	69.5%	18.1%	4.2%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

A graphic display of the distribution of expenses for the two years follows:



	General		Pupil	Community	Debt Service -	Food Service
	Support	Instruction	Transportation	Services	Interest	Program
2021	11.5%	79.3%	7.1%	0.0%	1.1%	1.0%
2022	12.6%	74.1%	10.3%	0.0%	1.5%	1.5%

4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At June 30, 2022, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$13,521,223, a decrease of \$9,865,195 from the prior year. This decrease is due to an excess of expenditures and other financing uses over revenues and other financing sources, using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. A summary of the change in the components of fund balance by fund is as follows:

			I	ncrease	Percentage
	 2022	 2021	(D	ecrease)	Change
General Fund					
Restricted					
Unemployment insurance	\$ 552,428	\$ 552,173	\$	255	0.05 %
Retirement contribution					
Teachers' retirement system	617,587	617,303		284	0.05 %
Employees' retirement system	7,094,127	8,090,399		(996,272)	(12.31)%
Employee benefit accrued liability	2,739,459	2,990,040		(250,581)	(8.38)%
Assigned:					
Appropriated fund balance	2,425,000	2,425,000		-	0.00 %
Unappropriated fund balance	156,332	135,508		20,824	15.37 %
Unassigned: Fund balance	2,495,953	3,006,200		(510,247)	(16.97)%
	 16,080,886	17,816,623	((1,735,737)	(9.74)%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

	2022	2021	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
School Food Service Fund	ф 2.4 5 (ф Б 40 Б	ф (4.020)	(25 50)0/
Nonspendable: Inventories	\$ 3,176	\$ 5,105	\$ (1,929)	(37.79)%
Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance	113,704	59	113,645	192618.64 %
	116,880	5,164	111,716	2163.36 %
Debt Service Fund Restricted: Debt	637,956	637,956	_	0.00 %
Restricted. Debt	037,730	037,730		0.00 /0
Capital Projects Fund				
Restricted: Unspent bond proceeds	-	1,868,121	(1,868,121)	(100.00)%
Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance	-	3,010,690	(3,010,690)	(100.00)%
Unassigned: Fund balance (deficit)	(3,369,911)	-	(3,369,911)	N/A
	(3,369,911)	4,878,811	(8,248,722)	(169.07)%
Extraclassroom Activities Fund				
Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance	56,281	48,733	7,548	15.49 %
Scholarships Fund				
Unassigned: Fund balance (deficit)	(869)	(869)		0.00 %
Total Fund Balance	\$ 13,521,223	\$ 23,386,418	\$ (9,865,195)	(42.18)%

A. General Fund

The net change in the general fund-fund balance is a decrease of \$1,735,737, compared to an increase of \$827,332 in the prior year. This resulted from expenditures and other financing uses in excess of revenues, reflecting the District's planned use of appropriated fund balance.

Revenues increased over the prior year by \$2,207,542, or 3.55%. The following is a summary of the major changes:

- Property taxes and STAR increased due to an increase in the tax levy in accordance with the 2021-2022 voter-approved budget.
- State sources increased mainly due to higher general aid.
- Charges for services decreased in part due to lower health services reimbursements received from other school districts for their children attending non-public schools within the District.

Expenditures and other financing uses increased over the prior year by \$4,770,601, or 7.78%. The following is a summary of the major changes:

- Payroll costs increased primarily due to step and salary increases.
- Pupil transportation increased due to increases in bus contract costs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

- Employee benefits increased due to increases in health insurance premiums, and a higher pension contribution rate for the District's liabilities to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.
- Debt service expenditures increased mainly due to debt service requirements for the serial bond issued in June 2021, offset by a decrease in short-term debt interest costs.

The following is a summary of the District's general fund restricted fund balance activity:

	Balance @ June 30, 2021	Use of Reserves	In	terest	Funding	Balance @ June 30, 2022
Unemployment insurance	\$ 552,173	\$	\$	255	\$	\$ 552,428
Retirement contribution						
TRS	617,303	(250,000)		284	250,000	617,587
ERS	8,090,399	(750,000)		3,728	(250,000)	7,094,127
EBALR	2,990,040	(251,958)		1,377		2,739,459
	\$12,249,915	\$ (1,251,958)	\$	5,644	\$ -	\$11,003,601

As permitted by General Municipal Law, The Board of Education authorized a transfer of funds within the Retirement Contribution reserve - from the ERS reserve to the TRS sub-fund - in the amount of \$250,000.

B. School Food Service Fund

The school food service fund - fund balance net increase can be attributed to an increase in federal aid and reimbursements for student meals served. The District also met eligibility requirements to receive \$36,698 of supply chain and emergency operational cost assistance funds during the current year; the funds will be used for eligible expenditures in the 2022-2023 school year.

C. Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund – fund balance, which did not change from the prior year, represents bond proceeds and debt premium that will be used to offset future debt principal payments.

D. Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund – fund balance net decrease is the result of expenditures related to ongoing capital improvement projects, offset by an operating transfer in from the general fund and a capital grant from the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York.

E. Extraclassroom Activities Fund

The extraclassroom activities fund – fund balance net increase is attributable to cash receipts from fundraising and collections for student clubs activities exceeding disbursements related to those activities.

F. Scholarships Fund

The scholarships fund – fund balance deficit remained the same as the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A. 2021-2022 Budget

The District's general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$68,905,000. This amount was increased by encumbrances carried forward from the prior year in the amount of \$135,508, for a total final budget of \$69,040,508.

The final budget was funded through a combination of estimated revenues and appropriated fund balance. The majority of this funding source was \$47,807,538 in estimated property taxes and STAR.

B. Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unassigned fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of current and prior years' excess revenues over expenditures and other financing uses, net of transfers to reserves, appropriations to fund the subsequent year's budget and encumbrances. The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 3,006,200
Revenues Under Budget	(844,360)
Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget	2,787,799
Allocation to Reserves	(5,644)
Unused Budgeted Reserves	(23,042)
Appropriated for the 2022-2023 Budget	 (2,425,000)
Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 2,495,953

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance

The \$3,006,200 shown in the table is the portion of the District's June 30, 2021 fund balance that was retained as unassigned.

Revenues Under Budget

The 2021-2022 final budget for revenues was \$65,205,000. Actual revenues recognized for the year were \$64,360,640. Actual total revenues were less than estimated or budgeted revenues by \$844,360, which contributes directly to the change to the general fund unassigned fund balance from June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The accompanying Required Supplementary Information, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual - General Fund, provides additional information.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget

The 2021-2022 final budget for expenditures and other financing uses was \$69,040,508. Actual expenditures and other financing uses as of June 30, 2022, were \$66,096,377 and outstanding encumbrances were \$156,332. Combined, the expenditures and other financing uses plus encumbrances for 2021-2022 were \$66,252,709. The final budget variance was \$2,787,799, which contributes directly to the change to the general fund unassigned fund balance from June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The accompanying Required Supplementary Information, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund, provides additional information.

Allocation to Reserves

Monies transferred into authorized reserves do not affect the total fund balance, unless, and until, these monies are actually expended. The transfers do, however, reduce the District's discretion regarding the use of these transferred monies, and thus, reduce the unassigned fund balance by the amount of the transfers. The table in §4.A. of this Management's Discussion and Analysis details the allocation of interest earnings and funding transfers to the reserves.

Unused Budgeted Reserves

In the 2021-2022 budget, \$1,275,000 of reserves was appropriated to reduce the tax levy. Due to lower than anticipated compensated absences expenditures, \$23,042 of this funding was not needed and, therefore, was returned to the employee benefit accrued liability reserve and is available for future use. The table in §4.A. of this Management's Discussion and Analysis details the budgeted reserves.

Appropriated Fund Balance

The District has chosen to use \$2,425,000 of the available June 30, 2022 unassigned fund balance to partially fund the 2022-2023 approved operating budget. As such, the June 30, 2022 unassigned fund balance must be reduced by this amount.

Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance

Based upon the summary changes shown in the previous table, the unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2022 was \$2,495,953. This amount equals 3.51% of the 2022-2023 budget and is below the 4.00% statutory limit established by Real Property Tax Law §1318.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS, DEBT ADMINISTRATION, AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Capital Assets, Net

At June 30, 2022, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, as indicated in the table below. The net increase in capital assets is due to capital additions of \$8,817,634 in excess of depreciation/amortization expense of \$1,237,190 recorded for the year ended June 30, 2022. A summary of the District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization at June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

	 2022	2021	(Increase Decrease)
Land	\$ 3,168,980	\$ 3,168,980	\$	-
Construction in progress	24,287,002	19,411,996		4,875,006
Buildings and improvements	19,840,780	17,235,094		2,605,686
Site improvements	3,438,423	3,325,746		112,677
Furniture and equipment	437,253	414,913		22,340
Leased equipment and fixtures	 176,829	 212,094		(35,265)
Capital assets, net	\$ 51,349,267	\$ 43,768,823	\$	7,580,444

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 87 during the June 30, 2022 year; the June 30, 2021 balances have been restated to reflect the addition of leased equipment and fixtures, and related accumulated amortization.

B. Debt Administration

At June 30, 2022, the District had combined total debt of \$29,810,353. The decreases in outstanding debt represent principal payments made throughout the year, while the increases indicate new issuances. A summary of the outstanding debt at June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

Issue/				
Commencement	Interest			Increase
Date	Rate	2022	2021	(Decrease)
Bonds Payable				
6/12/2014	2.0-4.0%	\$ 5,745,000	\$ 6,105,000	\$ (360,000)
6/13/2019	3.0-5.0%	12,305,000	13,060,000	(755,000)
6/10/2021	2.0-5.0%	10,645,000	 11,190,000	(545,000)
		\$ 28,695,000	\$ 30,355,000	\$ (1,660,000)
Installment Purchase Debt	Payable			
7/15/2020	5.63%	\$ 5,837	\$ 11,383	\$ (5,546)
Energy Performance Contr	act Payable			
12/23/2010	3.24%	\$ 929,912	\$ 1,144,303	\$ (214,391)
Lease Liabilities				
10/15/2019	3.00%	\$ 150,147	\$ 212,505	\$ (62,358)
7/22/2021	3.00%	29,457		29,457
		\$ 179,604	\$ 212,505	\$ (32,901)

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 87 during the June 30, 2022 year; the June 30, 2021 balances have been restated to reflect the addition of lease liabilities.

On March 15, 2016, the voters of the District authorized the District to issue serial bonds in the amount of \$35,570,029 for improvements to the District's facilities. As of June 30, 2022, long-term debt in the amount of \$28,325,000 has been issued to provide permanent funding for the project along with bond premium and District appropriations totaling \$3,075,000; \$6,820,029 in long-term debt remains authorized but unissued. The District has \$6,000,000 in short-term bond anticipation notes outstanding at June 30, 2022.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

The District's latest underlying, long-term credit rating from Moody's Investors Service, Inc. is Aa3.

C. Other Long-Term Liabilities

Included in the District's long-term liabilities are the estimated amounts due for compensated absences, which are based on employment contracts, and net pension liabilities – proportionate share and total other postemployment benefits liability, which are based on actuarial valuations. A summary of the outstanding other long-term liabilities at June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	2022	2021	Increase (Decrease)
Compensated absences payable Net pension liabilities - proportionate share	\$ 3,208,510	\$ 3,266,729 3,644,067	\$ (58,219) (3,644,067)
Total OPEB liability	148,085,370	204,449,791	(56,364,421)
	\$ 151,293,880	\$ 211,360,587	\$ (60,066,707)

7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

A. Subsequent Year's Budget

The general fund budget, the only fund with a legally adopted budget, as approved by the voters on June 21, 2022, for the year ending June 30, 2023, is \$71,135,474. This is an increase of \$2,230,474, or 3.24%, over the previous year's budget.

The District budgeted revenues other than property taxes and STAR at a \$1,388,361 increase over the prior year's estimate, which is primarily due to an estimated increase in state aid, and a budgeted use of \$50,000 from the Debt Service Fund in the revised, adopted budget in order to lower the tax levy. The assigned, appropriated fund balance applied to the budget in the amount of \$2,425,000 is the same as the previous year. Additionally, the District has elected to appropriate \$1,400,000 of restricted reserves towards next year's budget, which is an increase of \$125,000 over the previous year. A property tax levy of \$48,524,651, an increase of \$717,113 (1.50%), levy to levy, was needed to meet the funding shortfall and cover the increase in appropriations.

B. Future Budgets

Dwindling state and federal support of initiatives established during the pandemic, the continued need for additional resources to close learning gaps, fluctuating rates in this inflationary environment, and increases in charges of fuel, goods, and borrowing costs may impact the District's future budgets.

C. Tax Cap

New York State law limits the increase in the property tax levy of school districts to the lesser of 2% or the rate of inflation. There are additional statutory adjustments in the law. School districts may override the tax levy limit by presenting to the voters a budget that requires a tax levy that exceeds the statutory limit. However, that budget must be approved by 60% of the votes cast. Based on the law, the District's tax levy cap for 2022-2023 is 2.14%. The District's 2022-2023 property tax levy increase of 1.50%, which was passed during the revote of June 21, 2022, was less than the tax cap and did not require an override vote.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Requests for additional information can be directed to:

Mr. Joel Press Assistant Superintendent for Business and Operations West Hempstead Union Free School District 252 Chestnut Street West Hempstead, New York 11552

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Cash Unrestricted	\$ 8,586,936
Restricted	12,926,513
Receivables	
Accounts receivable	230,138
Taxes receivable Due from state and federal	1,365,696 2,899,183
Due from other governments	558,880
Inventories	3,176
Leases receivable	498,477
Capital assets: Not being depreciated/amortized	27,455,982
Being depreciated/amortized, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	23,893,285
Net pension assets - proportionate share	24,554,258
Total Assets	102,972,524
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	16,110,711
LIABILITIES	
Payables Accounts payable	2.012.201
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	2,013,281 204,073
Due to other governments	817,844
Due to teachers' retirement system	2,607,056
Due to employees' retirement system	182,042
Other liabilities Unearned credits - collections in advance	296,663
Notes payable - bond anticipation notes	376,915 6,067,440
Long-term liabilities	0,007,110
Due and payable within one year	
Bonds payable, net	1,963,192
Installment purchase debt payable Energy performance contract payable	5,837 221,393
Lease liabilities	71,293
Compensated absences payable	230,000
Due and payable after one year	00 =04 =04
Bonds payable, net	29,521,734
Energy performance contract payable Lease liabilities	708,519 108,311
Compensated absences payable	2,978,510
Total other postemployment benefits liability	148,085,370
Total Liabilities	196,459,473
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Leases	498,477
Pensions Other pactamples ment benefits	30,485,671 17,604,570
Other postemployment benefits	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	48,588,718
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net investment in capital assets	14,033,944
Restricted Unemployment insurance	552,428
Retirement contribution	/48 E0=
Teachers' retirement system Employees' retirement system	617,587 7,094,127
Employees retirement system Employee benefit accrued liability	7,094,127 2,739,459
E -2	11,003,601
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(151,002,501)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (125,964,956)

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Expenses	- (Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants & Contributions			Capital Grants		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
	· <u> </u>									
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS General support Instruction Pupil transportation	\$ 9,067,401 53,156,288 7,373,971	\$	1,085,133	\$	2,935,226	\$	410,440	\$	(9,067,401) (48,725,489) (7,373,971)	
Debt service - interest Food service program	1,105,082 1,072,871		55,718		1,128,638				(1,105,082) 111,485	
Total Functions and Programs	\$ 71,775,613	\$	1,140,851	\$	4,063,864	\$	410,440		(66,160,458)	
GENERAL REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for los Miscellaneous Intergovernmental revenue State sources Medicaid reimbursement	ss								43,532,301 5,621,130 661,109 111 252,677 591,706 12,494,448 120,330	
Total General Revenues									63,273,812	
Change in Net Position									(2,886,646)	
Total Net Position (Deficit) - Beginn	ing of Year, as Res	tated							(123,078,310)	
Total Net Position (Deficit) - End of	Year							\$	(125,964,956)	

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022

	General	Special Aid	School Food Service	Debt Service	Capital Projects	aclassroom ctivities	Scholarsl	nins	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS		 	 	 	 				
Cash Unrestricted Restricted	\$ 7,142,453 11,641,557	\$ 55,922	\$ 130,279	\$	\$ 1,202,001 1,284,956	\$ 56,281	\$		\$ 8,586,936 12,926,513
Receivables Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Due from other funds Due from state and federal Due from other governments Inventories Lease receivable	230,069 1,365,696 699,870 1,135,028 558,880 498,477	988,657	69 205,046 3,176	637,956	 942,984 570,452				230,138 1,365,696 2,280,810 2,899,183 558,880 3,176 498,477
Total Assets	\$ 23,272,030	\$ 1,044,579	\$ 338,570	\$ 637,956	\$ 4,000,393	\$ 56,281	\$		\$ 29,349,809
LIABILITIES Payables			 			 			
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Due to teachers' retirement system Due to employees' retirement system Other liabilities Unearned credits - collections in advance Notes payable	\$ 940,602 44,416 1,580,940 817,830 2,607,056 182,042 296,663	\$ 137,257 581,843 325,479	\$ 53,010 72 117,158 14 51,436	\$	\$ 882,412	\$	\$	869	\$ 2,013,281 44,488 2,280,810 817,844 2,607,056 182,042 296,663 376,915
Bond anticipation notes			 	 	 6,067,440	 	-		6,067,440
Total Liabilities	6,469,549	 1,044,579	221,690	 	 6,949,852	 _		869	14,686,539
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases Unavailable revenue	498,477 223,118				420,452	 			498,477 643,570
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	721,595	 	 -	 	 420,452	 			1,142,047
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Nonspendable: Inventories Restricted:			3,176						3,176
Unemployment insurance Retirement contribution	552,428								552,428
Teachers' retirement system Employees' retirement system Employee benefit accrued liability Debt	617,587 7,094,127 2,739,459			637,956					617,587 7,094,127 2,739,459 637,956
Assigned: Appropriated fund balance Unappropriated fund balance Unassigned: Fund balance (deficit)	2,425,000 156,332 2,495,953	 	113,704		(3,369,911)	 56,281		(869 <u>)</u>	2,425,000 326,317 (874,827)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	16,080,886	 	 116,880	 637,956	 (3,369,911)	 56,281		(869)	13,521,223
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 23,272,030	\$ 1,044,579	\$ 338,570	\$ 637,956	\$ 4,000,393	\$ 56,281	\$		\$ 29,349,809

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Funds Balance		\$ 13,521,223
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
The costs of building, acquiring, and leasing capital assets financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.		
Original cost of capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$ 69,494,391 (18,145,124)	51,349,267
Proportionate share of long-term assets, as well as deferred outflows and inflows associated with participation in the state retirement systems are not current financial resources or assets and are not reported in the funds, but are not reported on the Statement of Net Position.		
Net pension asset - teachers' retirement system Net pension asset - employees' retirement system Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources	23,272,862 1,281,396 16,110,711 (30,485,671)	10,179,298
Total other postemployment benefits liability, as well as deferred inflows of resources related to providing benefits in retirement are not current financial resources or liabilities and are not reported in the funds.		
Total other postemployment benefits liability Deferred inflows of resources	(148,085,370) (17,604,570)	(165,689,940)
Some of the District's revenues will be collected after the year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds, but are not deferred on the Statement of Net Position.		643,570
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Accrued interest on bonds payable Bonds payable, net Installment purchase debt payable Energy performance contract payable Lease liabilities Compensated absences payable	(159,585) (31,484,926) (5,837) (929,912) (179,604) (3,208,510)	(35,968,374)
Total Net Position (Deficit)		\$ (125,964,956)

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	Special Aid	School Food Service	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Extraclassroom Activities	Scholarships	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							-	
Real property taxes Other tax items Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property and	\$ 43,532,301 5,621,130 929,798 663,641	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 43,532,301 5,621,130 929,798 663,641
compensation for loss	111							111
Miscellaneous	310,225	3,610				54,891		368,726
Intergovernmental revenue	591,706	,				•		591,706
State sources	12,494,448	437,618	19,256		150,000			13,101,322
Medicaid reimbursement	120,330							120,330
Federal sources	96,950	2,397,048	1,109,382					3,603,380
Sales			55,718					55,718
Total Revenues	64,360,640	2,838,276	1,184,356		150,000	54,891		68,588,163
EXPENDITURES								
General support	6,521,306	167,691						6,688,997
Instruction	33,795,582	2,652,111				47,343		36,495,036
Pupil transportation	7,170,514	164,075						7,334,589
Employee benefits	15,136,472							15,136,472
Debt service								
Principal	1,949,397							1,949,397
Interest	1,292,274							1,292,274
Food service program			1,072,871					1,072,871
Capital outlay					8,520,281			8,520,281
Total Expenditures	65,865,545	2,983,877	1,072,871		8,520,281	47,343		78,489,917
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	(1,504,905)	(145,601)	111,485		(8,370,281)	7,548		(9,901,754)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)								
Proceeds of debt					36,559			36,559
Operating transfers in		145,601	231		85,000			230,832
Operating transfers (out)	(230,832)							(230,832)
Total Other Financing								
Sources and (Uses)	(230,832)	145,601	231	-	121,559	_	<u>-</u>	36,559
· ·						7.540		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,735,737)	-	111,716	-	(8,248,722)	7,548	-	(9,865,195)
Fund Balances (Deficit) -								
Beginning of Year	17,816,623		5,164	637,956	4,878,811	48,733	(869)	23,386,418
End of Year	\$ 16,080,886	<u> </u>	\$ 116,880	\$ 637,956	\$ (3,369,911)	\$ 56,281	\$ (869)	\$ 13,521,223

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances		\$ (9,865,195)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences		
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating revenues are measured by the amount earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, revenues for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources provided (essentially, the amounts actually received).	\$ 301,537	
Certain expenditures in the governmental funds requiring the use of current financial resources (amounts paid) may exceed the amounts incurred during the year, resulting in a reduction of the long-term liability and an increase in net position.		
Decrease in compensated absences	58,219	250.754
Capital Related Differences		359,756
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation/amortization expense in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays and other additions exceeded depreciation/amortization expense in the period.		
Capital outlays and other additions	8,817,634	
Depreciation/amortization expense	(1,237,190)	7,580,444
Long-Term Debt Transactions Differences		
Proceeds from the issuance of lease liabilities are other financing sources in the governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and do not affect the Statement of Activities.	(36,559)	
The amortization of bond premiums decreases interest expense in the Statement of Activities.	228,192	
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		
Repayment of bond principal Repayment of installment purchase debt Repayment of energy performance contract Repayment of lease liabilities	1,660,000 5,546 214,391 69,460	
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. This is the amount by which accrued interest increased from June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022.	(41,000)	2,100,030
Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Differences		
The change in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the state retirement plans and the change in other postemployment benefits reported in the Statement of Activities did not affect current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Teachers' retirement system	628,735	
Employees' retirement system Other postemployment benefits	3,533,578 (7,223,994)	(2,0/1,/01)
		(3,061,681)
Change in Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities		\$ (2,886,646)

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund

June 30, 2022

	Custodial	<u>l</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-
LIABILITIES Due to other governments		
NET POSITION Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	<u>-</u>

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Custodial
ADDITIONS Real property taxes and PILOT collected for the Library	\$ 4,186,970
DEDUCTIONS Disbursements of real property taxes and PILOT to the Library	 4,186,970
Change in Net Position	-
Net Position - Beginning of Year	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the West Hempstead Union Free School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are as follows:

A. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education (Board) consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The financial reporting entity is based on criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no other entities that would be included in the District's reporting entity.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component district in the Board of Cooperative Educational Services of Nassau (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. BOCES are organized under §1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation under §1950(6). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law. A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation

District-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information about the overall governmental financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of interfund transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants and contributions include operating-specific discretionary (either operating or capital) grants and contributions, while capital grants reflect capital-specific grants, if applicable.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Employee benefits are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including real property taxes and state aid, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund type, governmental and fiduciary, are presented. The District's financial statements present the following fund types:

Governmental Funds – are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as defined by GASB, each displayed in a separate column. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund – is the general operating fund and is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Aid Fund – is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources such as federal and state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed by either governments that provide the funds or outside parties.

School Food Service Fund – is used to account for the activities of the food service program.

Debt Service Fund – accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

Capital Projects Fund – is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, renovation or major repair of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Extraclassroom Activities Fund – is used to account for the funds operated by and for the students of the District. The Board exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's Business Office.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Scholarships Fund – is used to account for funds collected that benefit annual third-party awards and scholarships for students.

Fiduciary Funds – are used to account for activities in which the District acts as trustee or custodian for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the district-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used to finance District operations. The following is the District's fiduciary fund:

Custodial Fund – is used to account for real property taxes collected on behalf of other governments and disbursed to those governments.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus describes what type of information is reported, and is either the economic resources measurement focus or the current financial resources measurement focus. The economic resources measurement focus reports all assets, liabilities and deferred resources related to a given activity, as well as transactions of the period that affect net position. For example, all assets, whether financial (e.g., cash and receivables) or capital (e.g., property and equipment) and liabilities (including long-term debt and obligations) are reported. The current financial resources measurement focus reports more narrowly on assets, liabilities and deferred resources that are relevant to near-term liquidity, along with net changes resulting from transactions of the period. Consequently, capital assets and the unmatured portion of long-term debt and certain other liabilities the District would not expect to liquidate currently with expendable available financial resources (e.g., compensated absences for employees still in active service) would not be reported.

Basis of accounting describes when changes are recognized, and is either the accrual basis of accounting or the modified accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes changes in net position when the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes changes only at the point they affect near-term liquidity.

The district-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include real property taxes, state aid, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from real property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is apportioned by the state. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 180 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, and pension costs which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

E. Real Property Taxes and Other Tax Items

<u>Calendar</u>

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board no later than August 15th and become a lien on October 1st and April 1st. Taxes are collected by the Town of Hempstead and remitted to the District from November to June.

Enforcement

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Nassau County in June.

School Tax Relief (STAR) Aid

New York State implemented the STAR program with the enactment of Chapter 389 of the Laws of 1997 to reduce the school property tax burden on residential homeowners. A school district's annual property tax levy as adopted is reduced by the total amount of the STAR exemptions granted to homeowners. School districts are reimbursed for this loss in property tax revenues by the state with STAR aid, which is reported as other tax items revenues.

F. Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)

The District reports PILOT revenues in the general fund as part of other tax items revenues. These PILOT revenues are often the result of tax abatements granted by industrial development agencies of the Town and/or the County to help promote local economic development. Property owners make PILOT payments to the government agencies, which in turn remit the collected payments to the District.

PILOT payments collected on behalf of the Library are remitted to the Library. These pass-through amounts are not included in the District's other tax items revenues.

The District's PILOT revenues also include payments from the Long Island Power Authority (LIPA) remitted by Nassau County. Beginning in the 2015-16 fiscal year, the Nassau County Legislature removed properties owned by LIPA from the assessment and tax rolls and, instead, allowed LIPA to make payments in lieu of taxes in response to the New York State Public Authorities Law §1020-q (the "LIPA Reform Act") enacted by the state in 2013. These LIPA PILOT payments are not the result of tax abatement agreements as defined by GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, under which an entity receiving a reduction in tax revenues promises to take specific action that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or residents of the governments. The District received \$1,163,951 in LIPA PILOT revenue during the 2021-2022 fiscal year.

G. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes to Financial Statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

H. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include transfers to provide financing or other services. This includes the transfer of unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the District must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

In the district-wide statements eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables are netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

A detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, transfers in and transfers out activity is provided subsequently in these Notes to Financial Statements.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including revenue availability, compensated absences, pension costs, other postemployment benefits, workers' compensation liabilities, potential contingent liabilities, and useful lives of capital assets.

J. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, bank deposits and investments with a maturity date of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Certain cash balances are restricted by various legal and contractual obligations, such as legal reserves and debt agreements.

K. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, if any. However, no allowance for uncollectibles has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

L. Leases Receivable

The District leases building space to a third party. A lease receivable is measured and recorded at the present value of lease payments expected to be received by the District during the lease term using an implicit discount rate, net of any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. As lease payments are received from the lessee, they are first allocated to the amortization of the discount on the lease receivable and recognized as interest revenue, and then to lease receivable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

M. Inventories

Inventory of food in the school food service fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or in the case of surplus food donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, at the Government's assigned value, which approximates market. These inventories are accounted for on the consumption method. Under the consumption method, a current asset for inventories is recorded at the time of receipt and/or purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods are consumed.

Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

A portion of fund balance has been classified as nonspendable to indicate that inventories do not constitute available resources.

N. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reflected in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at actual cost, when the information is available, or estimated historical cost based on professional third-party information. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value at the date of donation.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated/amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Capitalization thresholds, the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts, and estimated useful lives of capital assets as reported in the district-wide statements are as follows:

	Capit	talization	Estimated
	Th	reshold	Useful Life
Buildings and improvements	\$	5,000	15-50 years
Site improvements		5,000	15-30 years
Furniture, equipment and vehicles		5,000	5-20 years
Leased equipment and fixtures		N/A	Lease Term

O. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, in the Statement of Net Position, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, which is related to pensions and consists of the District's proportionate share of changes in the collective net pension asset or liability not included in collective pension expense and the District's contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS) subsequent to the measurement date.

P. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue revenue anticipation notes (RAN) and tax anticipation notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The District may issue bond anticipation notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date, seven years if originally issued during calendar year 2015 through and including 2021. The notes, or renewal thereof, may not extend more than two years beyond the original date of issue, unless a portion is redeemed within two years and within each twelve-month period thereafter.

Q. Collections in Advance

Collections in advance arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures or when charges for services monies are received in advance from payers prior to the services being rendered by the District, such as prepaid lunch amounts and supply chain assistance monies. These amounts are recorded as liabilities in the financial statements. The liabilities are removed and revenues are recognized in subsequent periods when the District has legal claim to the resources.

R. Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Vacation eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods. Employees are compensated for unused accumulated vacation leave through paid time off or cash payment upon retirement, termination or death.

Certain collectively bargained agreements require these payments to be paid in the form of non-elective contributions into the employee's 403(b) plan.

The liability for compensated absences has been calculated using the vesting method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund financial statements, a liability is reported only for payments due for unused compensated absences for those employees that have obligated themselves to separate from service with the District by June 30^{th} .

S. Other Benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System or the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plan established under Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The District provides individual or family health insurance coverage for active employees pursuant to collective bargaining agreements and individual employment contracts.

In addition to providing these benefits, the District provides individual, family or surviving spouse postemployment health insurance coverage for eligible retired employees. Collective bargaining agreements and individual employment contracts determine if District employees are eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Healthcare benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the governmental funds as the liabilities for premiums mature (come due for payment). In the district-wide statements, the cost of postemployment health insurance coverage is recognized on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

T. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue/expense credit) until that time. The District has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is unavailable revenues reported in the governmental funds when potential revenues do not meet the availability criterion for recognition in the current period. This includes amounts due from the State for the Smart Schools Bond Act grant, due from other governments for tuition and health services charges, and accounts receivable from other organizations for use of property. In subsequent periods, when the availability criterion is met, unavailable revenues are reclassified as revenues. In the District-wide financial statements, unavailable revenues are treated as revenues. The second item is related to the long-term leases receivable for properties and building space that the District leases to third parties. Revenues will be recognized systematically over the terms of the lease agreements. The third item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position and consists of the District's proportionate share of changes in the collective net pension asset or liability not included in collective pension expense. The fourth item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position and represents the change in the total OPEB liability not included in OPEB expense.

U. Long-Term Debt

The District borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment, construct buildings, or make improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities are full faith and credit debt of the local government. The repayment of principal and interest will be in the general fund.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums during the current period, with the face amount of debt issued reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on long-term debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Further, the unmatured principal of general long-term debt does not require current appropriation and expenditure of governmental fund financial resources.

In the district-wide financial statements, premiums received on long-term debt issuances are added to bonds payable and amortized over the life of the bonds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

V. Equity Classifications

District-Wide Statements

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation/amortization) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisitions, construction, and improvements of those assets.

Restricted – Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – Reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications.

Fund Statements

The fund statements report fund balance classifications according to the relative strength of spending constraints placed on the purpose for which resources can be used, as follows:

Nonspendable – Consists of amounts that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance consists of inventories, which are recorded in the school food service fund.

Restricted – Consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Unemployment Insurance Reserve

Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to paypending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions payable to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. The Board, by resolution, may establish the reserve and authorize expenditures from the reserve. The reserve is funded by budgetary appropriations or taxes raised for the reserve, revenues that are not required

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

by law to be paid into any other fund or account, transfers from reserves and other funds that may legally be appropriated. The Board may also adopt a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund of up to 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, with the total amount funded not to exceed 10% of the total covered salaries during the preceding fiscal year. The sub-fund is separately administered, but must comply with all the existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r. These reserves are accounted for in the general fund.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit primarily based on unused and unpaid sick leave, personal leave, holiday leave or vacation time due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Restricted for Debt

Unexpended balances of proceeds of borrowings for capital projects, interest, and earnings from investing proceeds of obligations, and premiums and accrued interest on long-term borrowings are recorded in the debt service fund and held until appropriated for debt payments. These restricted amounts are accounted for in the debt service fund.

Restricted - Unspent Bond Proceeds

Unspent long-term bond proceeds are recorded as restricted fund balance because they are subject to external constraints contained in the debt agreement. These restricted funds are accounted for in the capital projects fund.

Assigned – Consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the District's Board of Education. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.

Unassigned – Represents the residual classification for the District's general fund and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending of available resources. NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 restricts the unassigned fund balance of the general fund to an amount not greater than 4% of the subsequent year's budget.

Fund Balance Classification

Any portion of fund balance may be applied or transferred for a specific purpose by law, voter approval if required by law or by formal action of the Board of Education if voter approval is not required. Amendments or modification to the applied or transferred fund balance must also be approved by formal action of the Board of Education.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The Board of Education shall delegate the authority to assign fund balance, for encumbrance purposes, to the person(s) to whom it has delegated the authority to sign purchase orders.

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications (that is restricted, assigned or unassigned), the Board will assess the current financial condition of the District and then determine the order of application of expenditures to which fund balance classification will be charged.

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which provides guidance for identifying certain leased assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows or outflows of resources based on payment provisions of the contract.

3. FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements are issued to set generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments. The following is not an all-inclusive list of GASB statements issued, but the statement that the District feels may have a future impact on these financial statements. The District will evaluate the impact of this pronouncement and implement it, as applicable, if material.

Effective for the Year Ending June 30, 2023

StatementGASB No. 96 - Subscription Based
Information Technology Arrangements

GASB Statement No. 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users.

4. <u>EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS AND THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS</u>

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the district-wide statements and the governmental fund statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items.

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from net position of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheet, as applied to the reporting of capital assets and deferred outflows of resources, and long-term assets and liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources.

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into any of four broad categories.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis, whereas the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities, thereby affecting expenses such as compensated absences.

Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds from the sale of capital assets reported on fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation/amortization expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. In addition, both interest and principal are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements when due and payable, whereas interest expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities as it accrues, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of recognizing pension costs using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expenditure is recognized based on the contractually required contribution as calculated by the plan, versus the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expense is recognized related to the District's proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the plan.

Other postemployment benefit differences occur as a result of recognizing OPEB costs using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expenditure is recognized for health insurance premiums and other postemployment benefit costs as they mature (come due for payment), versus the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expense is recognized related to the future cost of benefits in retirement over the term of employment.

5. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the general fund, the only fund with a legally adopted budget.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Appropriations are established by the adoption of the budget, are recorded at the program line item level, and constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year can be funded by the planned use of specific reserves, and can be increased by budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law) and appropriation of fund balances. These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. There were no supplemental appropriations during the year.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects based on authorized funding. The maximum project amount authorized is based upon the estimated cost of the project. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as part of assigned fund balance, unless classified as restricted, and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

C. Capital Projects Fund Deficit

The capital projects fund has an unassigned fund balance deficit of \$3,369,911. This will be funded when the District obtains permanent financing for its current construction projects.

D. Scholarships Fund Deficit

The scholarships fund had a deficit net position of \$869 at June 30, 2022. This deficit will be eliminated with future contributions from donors.

6. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statutes and District policy. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its Agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District may be unable to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside agency. GASB directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- A. Uncollateralized,
- B. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- C. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

The District's aggregate bank balances were covered by FDIC insurance or fully collateralized by securities pledged on the District's behalf at year-end.

The District did not have any investments at year-end or during the year. Consequently, the District was not exposed to any material interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

7. PARTICIPATION IN BOCES

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District was billed \$5,550,323 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$635,475. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative offices at 71 Clinton Road, P.O. Box 9195, Garden City, New York 11530-9195.

8. DUE FROM STATE AND FEDERAL

Due from state and federal at June 30, 2022 consisted of:

General Fund	
Federal - ESSER aid	\$ 9,574
Federal - GEER aid	12,860
New York State - general aid	605,171
New York State - excess cost aid	221,161
BOCES aid	 286,262
	1,135,028
Special Aid Fund Federal and state grants	988,657
School Food Service Fund Federal and state food service program reimbursements	205,046
Capital Projects Fund New York State Smart Schools Bond Act aid	 570,452
	 2,899,183

District management expects these amounts to be fully collectible.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. <u>DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS</u>

Due from other governments at June 30, 2022 consisted of:

General Fund

PILOT receivable \$ 167,370
Other school districts - charges for services 391,510

\$ 558,880

District management expects these amounts to be fully collectible.

10. LEASES RECEIVABLE

The District entered into an amended agreement to lease building space to a third party. The original agreement commenced on July 1, 2013. Under the amendment, which expires on June 30, 2023, the District receives \$41,390 of monthly installments for July 2021 to June 2022, and \$42,218 for July 2022 to June 2023. The tenant is responsible for reimbursing the District for all utilities. As of July 1, 2021, the implementation date of GASB Statement No. 87, the present value of the lease receivable and the corresponding deferred inflows of resources, measured using an implicit interest rate of 3.00%, were \$974,897. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized lease revenue and lease interest in the amounts of \$476,420 and \$20,260, respectively.

The following is the amortization schedule for the lease receivable:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		In	iterest	Total		
_		_					
2023	\$	498,477	\$	8,137	\$	506,614	

The following is the amortization schedule for the deferred inflows of resources:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount			
2023	\$	498,477		

11. CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Changes

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, which resulted in the reporting of a change in capital assets, net. As a result, capital assets at June 30, 2021, were increased \$276,607, and accumulated amortization was increased \$64,513; capital assets, net was increased \$212,094. Capital assets balances and activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	As Restated			Delever
	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2022
Governmental activities	Julie 30, 2021	Auditions	Reductions	Julie 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated/amo	ortizad:			
Land	\$ 3,168,980	\$	\$	\$ 3,168,980
Construction in progress	19,411,996	8,282,483	(3,407,477)	24,287,002
Total capital assets not being	17,111,770	0,202,103	(3,107,177)	21,207,002
depreciated/amortized	22,580,976	8,282,483	(3,407,477)	27,455,982
Capital assets being depreciated/amortiz	ed:			
Buildings and improvements	32,024,913	3,436,124		35,461,037
Site improvements	4,710,712	381,426	(64,913)	5,027,225
Furniture and equipment	2,006,851	88,519	(858,389)	1,236,981
Leased equipment and fixtures	276,607	36,559		313,166
Total capital assets being depreciated	/			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
amortized	39,019,083	3,942,628	(923,302)	42,038,409
Less accumulated depreciation/amortiza	tion for:			
Buildings and improvements	14,789,819	830,438		15,620,257
Site improvements	1,384,966	268,749	(64,913)	1,588,802
Furniture and equipment	1,591,938	66,179	(858,389)	799,728
Leased equipment and fixtures	64,513	71,824		136,337
Total accumulated				
depreciation/amortization	17,831,236	1,237,190	(923,302)	18,145,124
Total capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized, net	21,187,847	2,705,438		23,893,285
Capital assets, net	\$ 43,768,823	\$ 10,987,921	\$ (3,407,477)	\$ 51,349,267
Depreciation/amortization expense was	charged to gov	arnmantal func	tions as follows:	

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support Instruction	\$ 314,621 922,569
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 1,237,190

B. Lease Liabilities

The District has entered into two lease arrangements that are subject to GASB Statement No. 87. The terms of these leases are for five years with an estimated discount rate of 3.00%. These leases are included in leased equipment and fixtures as shown in the previous table. The District has not provided any residual value guarantees related to these leased capital assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

C. Impairment Losses

The District evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. The District's policy is to record an impairment loss in the period when the District determines that the carrying amount of the asset will not be recoverable. At June 30, 2022, the District has not recorded any such impairment losses.

12. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances and activities at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Interfund								
	Receivable		Payable		Transfers In		Transfers Ou		
General Fund	\$	699,870	\$	1,580,940	\$		\$	230,832	
Special Aid Fund				581,843		145,601			
School Food Service Fund				117,158		231			
Debt Service Fund		637,956							
Capital Projects Fund		942,984				85,000			
Scholarships Fund				869					
	\$	2,280,810	\$	2,280,810	\$	230,832	\$	230,832	

The District typically transfers from the general fund to the special aid fund and the capital projects fund per the approved budget. The transfer to the special aid fund was for the District's share of the costs for the summer program for students with disabilities and the state-supported Section 4201 schools. The transfer to the capital projects fund was for capital improvement projects. The transfer to the school food service fund was to cover the uncollected student balances in accordance with New York State law.

13. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt activity for the year is summarized below:

		Stated						
		Interest		Balance				Balance
	Maturity	Rate	Jur	ne 30, 2021	Issued	 Redeemed	Jur	ne 30, 2022
BAN	6/10/2022	1.25%	\$	5,500,000	\$	\$ (5,500,000)	\$	-
TAN	6/24/2022	1.00%		-	3,400,000	(3,400,000)		-
BAN	6/8/2023	3.25%		-	6,000,000	 		6,000,000
				5,500,000	9,400,000	(8,900,000)		6,000,000
Add: Premiu	m on BAN			-	67,440	 		67,440
			\$	5,500,000	\$ 9,467,440	\$ (8,900,000)	\$	6,067,440
				<u> </u>	 	 . , ,		<u> </u>

The TAN was issued to provide cash flow for the District until the real property taxes are received from the Town. The BAN was issued to provide cash flows for the District's capital projects.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Interest on short-term debt for the year was \$91,039. The District received issuance premiums of \$15,674 and \$56,331 for the TAN and BAN, respectively, which resulted in effective interest rates of 0.2968% and 0.2258% on the TAN and BAN, respectively. The District also received \$67,440 of issuance premium on the June 9, 2022 BAN, which will result in an effective interest rate of 2.126%. The premium will be used to defray the interest cost upon the BAN's maturity on June 8, 2023.

14. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Changes

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, which resulted in the reporting of lease liabilities. Long-term liability balances and activity, excluding pensions and other postemployment benefits liabilities, for the year are summarized below:

	As Restated						Amounts
	Balance				Balance	Due Within	
	June 30, 2021	Additi	ons	Reductions	June 30, 2022		One Year
Long-term debt:							
Bonds payable	\$ 30,355,000	\$		\$ (1,660,000)	\$ 28,695,000	\$	1,735,000
Add: Premium on obligation	3,018,118			(228,192)	2,789,926		228,192
Installment purchase debt	11,383			(5,546)	5,837		5,837
Energy performance contract	1,144,303			(214,391)	929,912		221,393
Lease liabilities	212,505	36	6,559	(69,460)	179,604		71,293
	34,741,309	36	6,559	(2,177,589)	32,600,279		2,261,715
Other long-term liabilities:							
Compensated absences	3,266,729			(58,219)	3,208,510		230,000
		·					
	\$ 38,008,038	\$ 36	6,559	\$ (2,235,808)	\$ 35,808,789	\$	2,491,715

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate other long-term liabilities.

B. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable is comprised of the following:

	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	utstanding at ine 30, 2022
Library bond - refunding Capital improvements Capital improvements	6/12/2014 6/13/2019 6/10/2021	3/1/2034 6/1/2034 6/1/2036	2.0-4.0% 3.0-5.0% 2.0-5.0%	\$ 5,745,000 12,305,000 10,645,000
				\$ 28,695,000

The Library bond issue is the legal obligation of the District; however, the Library Board has committed to raise sufficient funds through the Library's annual budgeted tax levy to transfer to the District for the debt service payments. During 2021-2022 the District received \$591,706 from the Library, which is recorded as intergovernmental revenue.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	1,735,000	\$	1,089,906	\$	2,824,906
2024		1,820,000		1,006,906		2,826,906
2025		1,905,000		919,856		2,824,856
2026		2,005,000		828,706		2,833,706
2027		2,100,000		732,756		2,832,756
2028 - 2032		11,915,000		2,265,669		14,180,669
2033 - 2036		7,215,000		370,288		7,585,288
Tota	l <u>\$</u>	28,695,000	\$	7,214,087	\$	35,909,087

In the district-wide financial statements, the District is amortizing bond premiums resulting from the issuance of serial bonds as an offset against interest expense on a straight-line basis, as follows:

Year Ending June 3	0,	Bond Premium		
2023 2024		\$	228,192 228,192	
2025			228,192	
2026 2027			228,192 228,192	
2028 - 2032			1,140,958	
2033 - 2036			508,008	
	Total	\$	2,789,926	

C. Installment Purchase Debt

Installment purchase debt is comprised of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	anding at 30, 2022
Work truck lease	7/15/2020	7/20/2022	5.63%	\$ 5,837

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for installment purchase debt payable:

Year Ending June 30,	Pr	incipal	Interest		Total		
2023	\$	5,837	\$	306	\$	6,143	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

D. Energy Performance Contract

Energy performance contract payable is comprised of the following:

	Issue	Final	Interest	Out	standing at
Description	Date	Maturity	Rate	Jun	e 30, 2022
		_			
Energy performance contract	12/23/2010	6/23/2026	3.24%	\$	929,912

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for energy performance contract payable:

Year Ending June 30	,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2023		\$	221,393	\$	28,350	\$	249,743	
2024			228,624		21,119		249,743	
2025			236,092		13,652		249,744	
2026	_		243,803		5,940		249,743	
Tot	al _	\$	929,912	\$	69,061	\$	998,973	

The terms of the energy performance contract ("EPC") provide that, in the event of default, the District may be required to pay to the financing institution ("lessor") all remaining installment amounts due under the EPC as well as all other lease agreements between the District and the lessor, if any, with interest at 12% per annum. The lessor may terminate any and all existing lease agreements with the District, repossess all equipment under any and all existing lease agreements, and require the District to pay all out-of-pocket costs and expenses, including attorney fees and any costs related to the repossession and recondition, safekeeping, storage, repair, reconditioning or disposition of the equipment.

E. Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities are comprised of the following:

Description	Commencement Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	standing at e 30, 2022
Photocopiers Postage machines	10/15/2019 7/22/2021	10/15/2024 6/30/2026	3.00% 3.00%	\$ 150,147 29,457
				\$ 179,604

The following is a summary of principal and interest requirements for lease liabilities:

Year Ending June	e 30,	Principal Intere		nterest	Total		
2023		\$	71,293	\$	4.433	\$	75,726
2023		Ф	•	φ	,	Ф	•
			73,456		2,270		75,726
2025			27,157		485		27,642
2026			7,698		145		7,843
	Total	\$	179,604	\$	7,333	\$	186,937

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

There were no additional lease commitments entered into by the District after June 30, 2022.

F. Interest Expense

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$ 1,201,235
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(118,585)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	159,585
Less amortization of bond premium	 (228,192)
Total interest expense on long-term debt	\$ 1,014,043

G. Unissued Debt

On March 15, 2016, the District's voters approved a bond proposition not to exceed \$35,570,029 to fund needed district-wide capital improvements. As of June 30, 2022, the District has recognized \$28,750,000 of permanent financing, of which \$25,675,000 was from the issuance of serial bonds, \$2,650,000 was from issuance premiums, and \$425,000 was from general fund appropriations. The balance of authorized but unissued long-term debt is \$6,820,029. At June 30, 2022, the District has outstanding short-term bond anticipation notes payable of \$6,000,000.

15. PENSION PLANS - NEW YORK STATE

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer, defined benefit, public employee retirement systems. The systems provide retirement, disability, withdrawal, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries related to years of service and final average salary.

B. Provisions and Administration

Teachers' Retirement System

The TRS is administered by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. The TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors, and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in the TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the TRS may be found on the TRS website at www.nystrs.org or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

Employees' Retirement System

Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the NYSRSSL. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the ERS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York (Comptroller) serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

C. Funding Policies

Plan members who joined the systems before July 27, 1976, are not required to make contributions. Those joining on or after July 27, 1976, and before January 1, 2010, with less than ten years of credited services are required to contribute 3% of their salary. Those joining on or after January 1, 2010 and before April 1, 2012, are required to contribute 3% of their salary to ERS or 3.5% of their salary to TRS throughout active membership. Those joining on or after April 1, 2012, are required to contribute between 3% and 6% dependent on their salary throughout active membership. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate based on covered salaries paid. For the TRS, the employers' contribution rate is established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board for the TRS' fiscal year ended Iune 30th, and employer contributions are deducted from state aid in the subsequent months of September. October, and November. For the ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31st, and employer contributions are either paid by the prior December 15th less a 1% discount or by the prior February 1st. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year. The District's contribution rate was 9.53% of covered payroll for the TRS' fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The District's average contribution rate was 14.30% of covered payroll for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31, 2022.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll for the District's year ended June 30, 2022, was \$2,310,155 for TRS at the contribution rate of 9.80% and \$808,715 for ERS at an average contribution rate of 13.80%.

D. Pension Asset/(Liability), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported the following asset for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of June 30, 2021, for TRS and March 31, 2022 for ERS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and the ERS in reports provided to the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	TRS	ERS
Measurement date	June 30, 2021	March 31, 2022
District's proportionate share of the	june 50, 2021	March 51, 2022
net pension asset	\$ 23,272,862	\$ 1,281,396
District's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension asset	0.134300%	0.0156754%
Change in proportion since the prior		
measurement date	0.002993	(0.0000939)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense credit of \$1,222,186 for TRS and pension expense of \$142,392 for ERS. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources				
		TRS		ERS		TRS		ERS
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,207,917	\$	97,042	\$	120,912	\$	125,869
Changes of assumptions		7,654,931		2,138,506		1,355,576		36,085
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments						24,357,458		4,196,035
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		303,322		216,796		261,736		32,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,310,155		182,042				
Total	\$	13,476,325	\$	2,634,386	\$	26,095,682	\$	4,389,989

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	TRS	ERS
2023	\$ (2,892,206)	\$ (259,139)
2024	(3,460,267)	(418,077)
2025	(4,490,368)	(1,050,169)
2026	(5,912,823)	(210,260)
2027	1,065,597	
Thereafter	760,555	
		_
	\$ (14,929,512)	\$ (1,937,645)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

_	TRS	ERS
Measurement date	June 30, 2021	March 31, 2022
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2020	April 1, 2021
Inflation	2.40%	2.70%
Salary increases	1.95-5.18%	4.40%
Investment rate of return (net of investment		
expense, including inflation)	6.95%	5.90%
Inflation rate	1.30%	1.40%

For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience. For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 system experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020. The previous actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2020 used the same assumptions for the measurement of total pension liability.

For TRS, the June 30, 2021 demographic actuarial assumptions and the salary scale were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020. The June 30, 2020 demographic actuarial assumptions and the salary scale were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014. For ERS, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, *Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations*. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

For ERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Ti	RS	ERS			
		Long-term		Long-term		
	Target	Expected Real	Target	Expected Real		
	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return		
Measurement date		June 30, 2021		March 31, 2022		
Asset type						
Domestic equity	33.0%	6.80%	32.0%	3.30%		
International equity	16.0%	7.60%	15.0%	5.85%		
Global equity	4.0%	7.10%				
Real estate equity	11.0%	6.50%	9.0%	5.00%		
Private equities	8.0%	10.00%	10.0%	6.50%		
Alternative investments			10.0%	3.78-5.80%		
Domestic fixed income	16.0%	1.30%				
Global bonds	2.0%	0.80%				
High-yield bonds	1.0%	3.80%				
Fixed income			23.0%	0.00%		
Private debt	1.0%	5.90%				
Real estate debt	7.0%	3.30%				
Cash equivalents	1.0%	(0.20)%				
Cash		_	1.0%	(1.00)%		
	100.0%	_	100.0%			

Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.4% for TRS and 2.5% for ERS.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.95% for TRS and 5.90% for ERS (the discount rate used by the TRS at the prior year's measurement date of June 30, 2020, was 7.10%). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 6.95% for TRS and 5.90% for ERS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.95% for TRS and 4.90% for ERS) or 1 percentage point higher (7.95% for TRS and 6.90% for ERS) than the current rate:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

TRS	1% Decrease 5.95%	Current Assumption 6.95%	1% Increase 7.95%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ 2,442,148	\$ 23,272,862	\$ 40,779,567		
ERS	1% Decrease 4.90%	Current Assumption 5.90%	1% Increase 6.90%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (3,298,299)	\$ 1,281,396	\$ 5,112,090		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective measurement dates, were as follows:

		TRS		ERS
		(Dollars in T	hou	usands)
Measurement date	J	une 30, 2021	M	arch 31, 2022
Employers' total pension liability	\$	(130,819,415)	\$	(223,874,888)
Plan fiduciary net position		148,148,457		232,049,473
Employers' net pension asset	\$	17,329,042	\$	8,174,585
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to the employers' total pension liability		113.25%		103.65%

Pavables to the Pension Plan

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are paid to the system in September, October, and November 2022 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022, represent employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, based on paid TRS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$2,310,155 of employer contributions and \$296,901 of employee contributions.

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the system's fiscal year, which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022, represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022 based on paid ERS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$182,042 of employer contributions. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

16. PENSION PLANS - OTHER

Tax Sheltered Annuities

The District has adopted a 403(b) plan covering all eligible employees. Employees may defer up to 100% of their compensation subject to Internal Revenue Code elective deferral limitations. The District may also make non-elective contributions of certain compensated absence payments based on collectively bargained agreements. Contributions made by the District and the employees for the year ended June 30, 2022, totaled \$162,794 and \$1,581,995, respectively.

17. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

A. General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District provides OPEB for eligible retired employees of the District. The benefits provided to employees upon retirement are based on provisions in the various contracts that the District has in place with different classifications of employees. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered through the New York State Health Insurance Program – Empire Plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare benefits and Medicare Part B coverage for eligible retirees. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – As of the actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	264
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	316
_	580

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$148,085,370 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, updated to the measurement date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability, as of the measurement date, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases	3%	average, including inflation
Discount rate	3.77%	
Healthcare cost trend rates	7%	decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2032
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	10-20%	of projected health insurance premiums for retirees

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The discount rate was based on an average of three 20-year bond indices (Bond Buyer-20 Bond GO of 3.54%, S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index of 4.09%, and Fidelity GO AA 20 years of 3.69%) as of June 30, 2022.

Mortality rates were based on the Society of Actuaries Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Healthy Male and Female Total Dataset Headcount-Weighted Mortality tables using Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables for both pre and post retirement projected with mortality improvements using a more current Society of Actuaries Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation update were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of April 1, 2020 – March 31, 2021.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 204,449,791
Changes for the year	
Service cost	2,906,950
Interest on total OPEB liability	7,631,940
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(62,881,178)
Benefit payments	(4,022,133)
	(56,364,421)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 148,085,370

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.09% in 2021 to 3.77% in 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.77%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.77%) than the current discount rate:

		Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
OPEB	2.77%	3.77%	4.77%
Total OPEB liability	\$ (180,942,682)	\$ (148,085,370)	\$ (123,443,758)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to
OPEB	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Total OPEB liability	\$ (120,208,000)	\$ (148,085,370)	\$ (185,855,410)

D. OPEB Expense

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are from the following sources:

	Deferred
	Inflows
	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	17,604,570
Total	\$ 17,604,570

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amount		
2023	\$	707,237		
2024		707,237		
2025		707,239		
2026	((3,865,341)		
2027	((6,877,914)		
Thereafter	((8,983,028)		
	\$(1	7,604,570)		

18. <u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>

In the governmental fund financial statements, deferred inflows of resources, at June 30, 2022, consists of that portion of the amounts due from other school districts for tuition and health services charges, and accounts receivable from other organizations for the use of District property that are unavailable. Unavailable revenues in the general fund at June 30, 2022, total \$223,118. Deferred inflows of resources in the general fund also includes an amount corresponding to the long-term lease receivable in the amount of \$498,477.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Also included in the governmental fund financial statements as deferred inflows of resources, at June 30, 2022, is the amount due from New York State for improvements to educational technology and infrastructure to improve learning and opportunities for students throughout the state (Smart Schools Bond Act). Unavailable revenues in the capital projects fund at June 30, 2022, total \$420,452.

19. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by a combination of self-insurance reserves and commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage as compared to the prior year, and settled claims from these risks have not exceeded available reserves and commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

B. Public Entity Risk Pool

Effective July 2012, the District participates in the New York State Municipal Workers' Compensation Alliance Plan (the Plan), a risk sharing pool, to insure workers' compensation claims. This is a public school entity risk pool created under Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to workers' compensation claims through self-insurance. The Plan, through its plan administrator, provides participating members with risk management services as well as workers compensation and employers liability coverage. Participating members agree to make contributions as determined by the Plan. The Plan is allowed to make additional pro-rated assessment to its members if the assets of the Plan are insufficient to enable the Plan to discharge its legal liabilities and other obligations or to maintain required reserves. According to the Plan's June 30, 2021 financial statements, which are the most recent financial statements available, the Plan's total undiscounted liability for unbilled and opened claims including an estimate for incurred but not reported liability (IBNR) was \$140,527,248. The Plan had assets of \$207,316,664 at June 30, 2021 to pay these liabilities.

20. RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE - APPROPRIATED RESERVES

The District expects to appropriate the following amounts from the general fund's reserves, which are reported in the June 30, 2022 restricted fund balances, to fund the budget and reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2023:

Retirement contributions Teachers' Retirement System \$ 250,000
Employees' Retirement System 875,000
Employee benefit accrued liability 275,000

\$ 1,400,000

21. ASSIGNED: APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE

The amount of \$2,425,000 has been appropriated to help fund the general fund budget for the year ending June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

22. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Town of Hempstead Industrial Development Agency (TOHIDA) enters into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development. The District's property tax revenue abated was \$796,135. The District received payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) payments totaling \$309,522.

23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are classified as either restricted or assigned fund balance. At June 30, 2022, the District encumbered the following amounts:

Assigned: Unappropriated Fund Balance:

General Fund

 General support
 \$ 59,264

 Instruction
 97,068

 \$ 156,332

In addition, the District has encumbered \$1,140,044 in the capital projects fund for capital improvements-related purchases.

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

C. Litigation

The District is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of its affairs. The District's management believes that the outcome of any matters will not have a material effect on these financial statements.

24. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant events were identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements.

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original	Final		Final Budget Variance with
REVENUES	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual
Local Sources				
Real property taxes	\$ 43,200,544	\$ 43,488,392	\$ 43,532,301	\$ 43,909
Other tax items	6,005,550	5,717,702	5,621,130	(96,572)
Charges for services	490,000	490,000	929,798	439,798
Use of money and property	655,700	655,700	663,641	7,941
Sale of property and	000,700	000,700	000,011	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
compensation for loss			111	111
Miscellaneous	425,000	425,000	310,225	(114,775)
Intergovernmental revenue	591,706	591,706	591,706	
Total Local Sources	51,368,500	51,368,500	51,648,912	280,412
State Sources	13,786,500	13,786,500	12,494,448	(1,292,052)
Medicaid Reimbursement	50,000	50,000	120,330	70,330
Medicald Reillibursellient	30,000	30,000	120,330	70,330
Federal Sources			96,950	96,950
Total Revenues	65,205,000	65,205,000	64,360,640	\$ (844,360)
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE				
Prior Years' Surplus	2,425,000	2,425,000		
Prior Year's Encumbrances	135,508	135,508		
Appropriated Reserves	1,275,000	1,275,000		
Appropriated Reserves	1,273,000	1,273,000		
Total Appropriated Fund Balance	3,835,508	3,835,508		
** *		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · 		
Total Revenues and				
Appropriated Fund Balance	\$ 69,040,508	\$ 69,040,508		
	·	· · ·		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	ear End umbrances	Va	nal Budget riance with Actual ncumbrances
EXPENDITURES							
General Support							
Board of education	\$ 82,800	\$	91,400	\$ 80,583	\$	\$	10,817
Central administration	345,132		355,460	344,461			10,999
Finance	908,816		917,137	816,015	51,749		49,373
Staff	357,860		391,367	348,048	800		42,519
Central services	4,521,956		4,567,609	4,108,639	6,715		452,255
Special items	579,290		834,290	 823,560	 		10,730
Total General Support	6,795,854		7,157,263	 6,521,306	 59,264		576,693
Instruction							
Administration & improvement	2,893,683		2,802,480	2,584,098			218,382
Teaching - regular schools	15,832,041		15,641,346	15,231,916	1,000		408,430
Programs for students	10,002,011		10,011,010	10,201,710	1,000		100,100
with disabilities	11,591,114		11,013,692	10,585,576			428,116
Occupational education	415,415		341,915	338,150			3,765
Teaching - special school	19,200		19,200	10,200			9,000
Instructional media	1,325,161		1,348,491	962,517	67,610		318,364
Pupil services	4,290,772		4,305,368	4,083,125	28,458		193,785
Total Instruction	36,367,386		35,472,492	33,795,582	97,068		1,579,842
Total Mistraction	50,507,500		00,172,172	 00,770,002	 77,000		1,077,012
Pupil Transportation	6,762,696	_	7,237,696	 7,170,514	 		67,182
Employee Benefits	15,670,828		15,678,587	 15,136,472	 		542,115
Debt Service							
Principal	2,084,937		1,949,397	1,949,397			-
Interest	1,113,807		1,296,948	 1,292,274	 		4,674
Total Debt Service	3,198,744		3,246,345	 3,241,671	 		4,674
Total Expenditures	68,795,508		68,792,383	65,865,545	156,332		2,770,506
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Operating Transfers Out	245,000		248,125	 230,832	 <u>-</u>		17,293
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 69,040,508	\$	69,040,508	 66,096,377	\$ 156,332	\$	2,787,799
Net Change in Fund Balance				(1,735,737)			
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				 17,816,623			
Fund Balance - End of Year				\$ 16,080,886			

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)

Last Eight Fiscal Years

Teachers' Retirement System

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.134300%	0.131307%	0.128699%	0.127947%	0.127060%	0.138301%	0.143912%	0.144341%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 23,272,862	\$ (3,628,365)	\$ 3,343,597	\$ 2,313,620	\$ 965,780	\$ (1,481,265)	\$ 14,947,846	\$ 16,078,682
District's covered payroll	\$ 22,874,675	\$ 22,416,883	\$ 21,588,485	\$ 21,161,915	\$ 20,722,275	\$ 21,472,733	\$ 21,765,279	\$ 21,556,444
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll	101.74 %	16.19 %	15.49 %	10.93 %	4.66 %	6.90 %	68.68 %	74.59 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	113.25%	97.76%	102.17%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%
Discount rate	6.95%	7.10%	7.10%	7.25%	7.25%	7.50%	8.00%	8.00%
		Employees' Ret	irement System					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.0156754%	0.0157693%	0.0158591%	0.0161385%	0.0172238%	0.0169148%	0.0168866%	0.0168889%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 1,281,396	\$ (15,702)	\$ (4,199,580)	\$ (1,143,462)	\$ (555,888)	\$ (1,589,348)	\$ (2,710,351)	\$ (570,550)
District's covered payroll								
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,664,038	\$ 5,227,014	\$ 5,480,841	\$ 4,945,819	\$ 5,075,903	\$ 5,083,943	\$ 5,005,021	\$ 4,756,245
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll	\$ 5,664,038 22.62 %	\$ 5,227,014	\$ 5,480,841 76.62 %	\$ 4,945,819 23.12 %	\$ 5,075,903 10.95 %	\$ 5,083,943 31.26 %	\$ 5,005,021 54.15 %	\$ 4,756,245 12.00 %
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	, ,							, , , ,

An additional year of historical information will be added each year, subsequent to the year of implementation, until 10 years of historical data is available.

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Pension Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Teachers' Retirement System

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,310,155	\$ 2,172,318	\$ 1,974,623	\$ 2,281,331	\$ 2,041,324	\$ 2,359,797	\$ 2,829,854	\$ 3,798,537	\$ 3,464,729	\$ 2,418,034
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,310,155	2,172,318	1,974,623	2,281,331	2,041,324	2,359,797	2,829,854	3,798,537	3,464,729	2,418,034
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 23,573,038	\$ 22,874,675	\$ 22,416,883	\$ 21,588,485	\$ 21,161,915	\$ 20,722,275	\$ 21,472,733	\$ 21,765,279	\$ 21,556,444	\$ 20,853,690
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10%	9%	9%	11%	10%	11%	13%	17%	16%	12%
			Fundam	and Datinamant C						
			Employe	ees' Retirement Sy	vstem					
	2022	2021	Employ 6	ees' Retirement Sy 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	2022 \$ 808,715	2021 \$ 777,772		_		2017 \$ 749,858	2016 \$ 762,481	2015 \$ 924,899	2014 \$ 912,940	2013 \$ 827,792
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			2020	2019	2018					
Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 808,715	\$ 777,772	2020 \$ 705,107	2019 \$ 737,422	2018 \$ 740,176	\$ 749,858	\$ 762,481	\$ 924,899	\$ 912,940	\$ 827,792
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 808,715 808,715	\$ 777,772 777,772	2020 \$ 705,107 705,107	2019 \$ 737,422	2018 \$ 740,176 740,176	\$ 749,858	\$ 762,481	\$ 924,899	\$ 912,940 912,940	\$ 827,792

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Five Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$ 2,906,950 7,631,940 - - (62,881,178)	\$ 4,898,453 3,824,333 - - 14,735,789	\$ 2,077,976 4,682,078 - - 21,087,997	\$ 1,832,774 4,839,230 - - 32,008,048	\$ 1,360,624 4,271,438 - -
Benefit payments	(4,022,133)	(3,982,486)	(3,732,556)	(3,835,949)	(3,318,081)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(56,364,421)	19,476,089	24,115,495	34,844,103	2,313,981
Total OPEB liability, beginning	204,449,791	184,973,702	160,858,207	126,014,104	123,700,123
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 148,085,370	\$ 204,449,791	\$ 184,973,702	\$ 160,858,207	\$ 126,014,104
Covered employee payroll	\$ 25,336,437	\$ 25,336,437	\$ 23,098,081	\$ 23,098,081	\$ 20,487,577
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	584.48%	806.94%	800.82%	696.41%	615.08%
Discount rate	3.77%	2.09%	2.60%	3.10%	3.50%
Healthcare trend rates	7.0% to 4.5% by 2032	7.0% to 4.5% by 2032	8.0% to 5.0% by 2026	8.0% to 5.0% by 2026	8.0% to 5.0% by 2025

 $An additional \ year \ of \ historical \ information \ will \ be \ added \ each \ year, subsequent \ to \ the \ year \ of \ implementation, \ until \ 10 \ years \ of \ historical \ data \ is \ available.$

Note to Required Supplementary Information

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedules of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted Budget		\$ 68,905,000
Additions: Prior year's encumbrances		 135,508
Original Budget		69,040,508
Budget revisions		
Final Budget		\$ 69,040,508
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION		
2022-2023 voter-approved expenditure budget		\$ 71,135,474
Maximum allowed (4% of 2022-2023 budget)		\$ 2,845,419
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to § 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:		
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance	\$ 2,581,332 2,495,953	\$ 5,077,285
Less: Appropriated fund balance	2,425,000	
Encumbrances Total adjustments	 156,332	2,581,332
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to § 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:		\$ 2,495,953
Actual Percentage		3.51%

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Project Expenditures and Financing Resources - Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

						Exp	penditures			Methods of Financing				Fund				
		ıdget		Budget	Prior	-	Current	m . 1	expended	Proceeds o		C+ + A:1		1.0		m . 1		Balance
PROIECT TITLE	June .	30, 2021	June	30, 2022	 Years		Year	 Total	 Balance	Obligation	<u>s</u>	State Aid	Lo	cal Sources		Total	Jur	ne 30, 2022
2013/2014 General Fund Appropriations High School Roof Masonry Arch High School Roof Masonry Gen Con	\$	30,000 370,000	\$	30,000 370,000	\$ 22,047 313,000	\$	7,953	\$ 30,000 313,000	\$ - 57,000	\$:	\$	\$	30,000 370,000	\$	30,000 370,000	\$	- 57,000
2014/2015 General Fund Appropriations & EXCEL High School Roof Masonry Arch High School Roof Masonry Gen Con & EXCEL		35,160 522,372		35,160 522,372	24,166 401,826		(7,953)	16,213 401,826	18,947 120,546			157,532		35,160 364,840		35,160 522,372		18,947 120,546
2015/2016 General Fund Appropriations George Washington Window Replacement HS/MS Alarm System Garage Replacement		991,000 265,000 130,000		991,000 265,000 130,000	984,761 248,766 132,354		5,143	989,904 248,766 132,354	1,096 16,234 (2,354)					991,000 265,000 130,000		991,000 265,000 130,000		1,096 16,234 (2,354)
2016/2017 General Fund Appropriations Cornwell Ave Elementary Cafeteria Renovations George Washington Cafeteria Renovations High School Auditorium Renovations		266,000 260,000 291,000		266,000 260,000 291,000	39,144 36,439 73,664		334,586 371,896 210,070	373,730 408,335 283,734	(107,730) (148,335) 7,266					266,000 260,000 291,000		266,000 260,000 291,000		(107,730) (148,335) 7,266
2017/2018 General Fund Appropriations High School Projection Room Renovations		810,000		810,000	36,482		538,897	575,379	234,621					810,000		810,000		234,621
2018/2019 General Fund Appropriations George Washington Windows Middle School HVAC High School Cafeteria Renovations George Washington HVAC George Washington Re-Painting		55,000 165,000 298,000 132,000 100,000		55,000 165,000 298,000 132,000 100,000	22,549 20,693 23,939		(3,080)	19,469 20,693 - 23,939	35,531 144,307 298,000 108,061 100,000					55,000 165,000 298,000 132,000 100,000		55,000 165,000 298,000 132,000 100,000		35,531 144,307 298,000 108,061 100,000
2019/2020 General Fund Appropriations Repair of Secondary School Façade Balance of the MS/HS Security Vestibule Blinds for GW Window Project		650,000 150,000 30,000		650,000 150,000 30,000				- - -	650,000 150,000 30,000					650,000 150,000 30,000		650,000 150,000 30,000		650,000 150,000 30,000
2021/2022 General Fund Appropriations Districtwide Building Management System Upgrade MS/HS Fire Alarm System Upgrade				50,000 35,000			32,605	- 32,605	50,000 2,395					50,000 35,000		50,000 35,000		50,000 2,395
Smart Schools Bond Act Project		160,012		860,076	160,012		260,440	420,452	439,624			860,076				860,076		439,624
District Wide Capital Bond Project	35	5,570,029	3	35,570,029	26,881,879		6,583,165	33,465,044	2,104,985	35,145,0	029			425,000		35,570,029		2,104,985
DASNY Playground equipment				150,000			150,000	150,000	-			150,000				150,000		-
Postage machines lease				36,559	 		36,559	 36,559	 	36,5	559					36,559		
Totals	\$ 41	1,280,573	\$ 4	2,252,196	\$ 29,421,721	\$	8,520,281	\$ 37,942,002	\$ 4,310,194	\$ 35,181,5	588	\$ 1,167,608	\$	5,903,000	\$	42,252,196		4,310,194
															ued loi	ng-term debt		(6,820,029)

(420,052) (440,024) State aid not yet received State aid not yet earned

Total Fund Balance \$ (3,369,911)

WEST HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets June 30, 2022

Capital assets, net	\$ 51,349,267
Deduct:	
Bond anticipation notes payable	(6,000,000)
Less: Unspent BAN proceeds	1,284,956
Short-term portion of bonds payable	(1,735,000)
Long-term portion of bonds payable	(26,960,000)
Unamortized bond premium	(2,789,926)
Short-term portion of installment purchase debt	(5,837)
Short-term portion of energy performance contract	(221,393)
Long-term portion of energy performance contract	(708,519)
Short-term portion of lease liabilities	(71,293)
Long-term portion of lease liabilities	(108,311)
	(37,315,323)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 14,033,944

JAMES E. DANOWSKI, CPA
JILL S. SANDERS, CPA
DONALD J. HOFFMANN, CPA
MICHAEL J. LEONE, CPA
CHRISTOPHER V. REINO, CPA
ALAN YU, CPA



VINCENT D. CULLEN, CPA (1950 - 2013) PETER F. RODRIGUEZ, CPA (RET.)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education West Hempstead Union Free School District West Hempstead, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the West Hempstead Union Free School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the West Hempstead Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the West Hempstead Union Free School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the West Hempstead Union Free School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Cullen & Danowski, LLP

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the West Hempstead Union Free School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to the Board of Education, Audit Committee, and management of the West Hempstead Union Free School District in a separate letter dated November 15, 2022.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 15, 2022