CPa dixon, Waller & Co., INC.

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL

DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1

WALSH, COLORADO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

DIXON, WALLER & CO., INC.

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BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 ROSTER OF SCHOOL OFFICIALS June 30, 2022

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Tim Hume President

Fara Gourley Vice-President

Tanner Dunivan Treasurer

Kyle Sniff Secretary

Matt Tedder Member

SCHOOL OFFICIALS

Corey Weiss Superintendent

Sherrie Jones Business Manager

FINANCIAL SECTION

164 E. MAIN TRINIDAD, COLORADO 81082 (719) 846-9241 FAX (719) 846-3352

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Baca County School District Number RE-1 Walsh, Colorado 81090

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Baca County School District Number RE-1, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Baca County School District Number RE-1's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Baca County School District Number RE-1, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Baca County School District Number RE-1, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Baca County School District Number RE-1's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Baca County School District Number RE-1's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Baca County School District Number RE-1's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and post employment benefits trend data be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of

preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Baca County School District Number RE-1's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements, other schedules, and state required schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, other schedules, and state required schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Waller & Co. Inc.

December 20, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The discussion and analysis of Walsh School District RE-1's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should review the information presented here in conjunction with the notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's performance.

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, issued June 1999. The GASB requires certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year to be presented in the MD&A.

As of June 30, 2022, the District's proportionate share of the net PERA pension liability is \$2,536,410. Under GASB 68 the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Colorado state retirement system, the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA), is recorded as a District liability. The District's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB) was \$122,712. Based on total liabilities, deferred inflows, and deferred inflows, there was an increase in net position of total governmental funds.

Financial Highlights

- he General Fund Balance as of June 30, 2022 was 2,305,938, a decrease of \$340,298. For the 2020 fiscal year, the District levied 6 mills of the voter approved 10 mill levy override. Only 6 mills of the levy override has been budgeted for the 2021 fiscal year. The revenue to expenditure deficit will be offset by the increase in the general fund balance that has been seen over the past 2 years.
- The District's governmental total net position increased by\$2,606,219 largely as a result of the District's change in proportionate share of the PERA net pension liability. While

net position does indicate negative overall fiscal health, the reader should be aware that this is an academic standard and does not reflect the fund-level fiscal health of the district.

- Expenses from governmental activities totaled \$3,427,232 and were countered by revenues totaling \$4,938,357. Pension changes increased governmental activities revenues by \$1,095,094.
- General revenues reported include \$1,177,163 from property taxes, \$94,034 from specific ownership taxes, \$1,646,751 from state equalization, \$6,549 from earnings on investments, and \$70,741 from other revenues.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Walsh School District RE-1 basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements focusing on both short-term and long-term information about the overall financial status of the District. The government-wide financial statements include the General Fund, Insurance Reserve Fund, CPP Fund, Designated Grant Fund, Food Service Fund, and Activity Fund.
- 2. Fund financial statements focusing on the individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- 3. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplemental information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Government-wide Statements

The financial statements provided are designed to supply the reader an overview of the District's financial activities similar to those used in the private sector. The government-wide statements relate to those activities directly related to the education of students. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, liabilities, and deferred flows. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and any changes in net position from one year to the next. Net position is the difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred flows, and is one indicator of the District's overall financial health. Net position indicates whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader should note that the net position includes the District's share of the PERA pension plan liability. Changes in the solvency of PERA affect the net position, sometimes dramatically. Other factors to consider when examining net position include non-financial factors such as changes to the District's tax base, student enrollment, and overall condition of facilities.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the district's basic services are included within, such as instruction, support, general administration, and capital outlay. The statements also indicate that funding for these services come primarily from state equalization, property tax, and grant sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are designed to display compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts designed to keep control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Walsh School District, like other governments, uses fund accounting to guarantee and demonstrate compliance. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements emphasize short-term financial resources and fund balances, or those available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information is used to evaluate the District's short-term financing requirements. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. Comparison of the governmental funds with the government-wide funds may allow the reader to better understand the long-term impact of the District's short-term financing decisions.

Walsh School District maintains the following fund types:

 General Fund – accounts for all financial resources except for those legally required to be accounted for separately.

- Colorado Preschool Project Fund (CPP) accounts for all financial resources related to preschool students identified by the CPP program and is reported as part of the General Fund.
- Designated Purpose Grants Fund accounts for all financial resources tied to specific grant funding.
- Insurance Reserve Fund accounts for all financial resources legally restricted for specific insurance purposes and is reported as part of the General Fund.
- Pupil Activity Fund accounts for all financial resources held by special interest groups such as clubs, organizations, and classes.
- Food Service Special Revenue Fund accounts for all financial resources related to the operation of the school lunch program.
- Building Fund Used to account for all resources available for acquiring capital sites, buil
 dings and equipment. Examples of such resources include bond sale proceeds, grants, d
 onations and interfund transfers. Fund 41 required to be used for Bond sales reported t
 o capital acquisitions.
- Bond Redemption Fund. Used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal, interest and related expenses on longterm general obligation debt or long-term voter-approved financed (lease)purchase debt.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Each year, the District adopts a budget and appropriation resolutions for each of the individual governmental funds. A budgetary comparison for the general fund is included in the fund financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget. A comparison of the remaining governmental funds are also reported as supplemental information.

Financial Analysis

As previously stated, net position is one indicator of an entity's financial health. The net position of Walsh School District increased by \$2,606,219 which was more than the increase seen in the prior year. The District's net position was \$2,639,263 as of June 30, 2022.

Walsh School District's current assets total was \$9,956,163 with an additional \$2,857,345 in capital assets such as land, buildings, equipment, etc. As capital assets are used to provide

services to students, these assets are not available for expenditures. The ratio of current assets to current liabilities is approximately 35.52:1. indicating that the District is solvent and able to meet its financial obligations.

	2022	2021	
	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities	NET CHANGE
ASSETS	-		
Current and Other Assets	9,956,163	3,096,540	6,859,623
Capital Assets	2,857,345	1,567,673	1,289,672
Total Assets	12,813,508	4,664,213	8,149,295
Deferred Outflows	669,216	1,034,796	(365,580)
LIABLITIES			
Current and Other Liablities	280,232	265,181	15,051
Long Term Liabilities	6,623,119		6,623,119
Net Pension and OPEB Liability	2,659,122	3,683,497	(1,024,375)
Total Liabilities	9,562,473	3,948,678	6,638,170
Deferred Inflows	1,280,988	1,717,287	(436,299)
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,857,345	1,567,673	1,289,672
Restricted for:			
Debt	314,334		
Tabor Reserve	123,000	77,000	46,000
Preschool	2,534	4,239	(1,705)
Capital Outlay	6,824,012		6,824,012
Food Service	81,409	25,086	56,323
Unrestricted	(7,563,371)	(1,640,954)	(5,922,417)
	2,639,263	33,044	2,291,885

Changes in Net Position

		2022	2021	
		Governmental	Governmental	NET
		Activities	Activities	CHANGE
Revenues				
Charges for	Services	30,430	17,390	13,040
Operating C	Grants and Contributions	788,832	834,200	(45,368)
Capital Gran	nts and Contributions	1,123,857	221	1,123,857
Property tax	kes	1,177,163	714,369	462,794
Specific Ow	mership Taxes	94,034	78,099	15,935
Equalization		1,646,751	1,400,058	246,693
Earnings on	investments	6,549	7,884	(1,335)
Changes - P	ension and OPEB	1,095,094		
Other Rever	nues	70,741	38,674	32,067
Transfers		20,		
	TOTAL REVENUES	6,033,451	3,090,674	1,847,683
Expenses				
Instructional	l services	1,683,018	1,608,133	74,885
Students		149,133	187,217	(38,084)
Instructional	staff	33,625	45,316	(11,691)
District admi	nistration	328,809	279,930	48,879
School admir	nistration	190,264	187,654	2,610
Business		56,495	35,792	20,703
Operation an	d maintenance of facilities	303,339	266,910	36,429
Transportati	on	199,721	162,373	37,348
Central	× 100 mg ₁₀₀ /////	138,710	102,516	36,194
Capital outla	y	·	- 1	-
Interest on L	ong Term Liabilities	191,871	-	191,871
	OPEB Expense	5	(1,012,321)	1,012,321
Food Service	**	152,247	140,333	11,914
	TOTAL EXPENSES	3,427,232	2,003,853	1,423,379
Increase (De	ecrease) in Net Position	2,606,219	1,086,821	424,304

Governmental Activities

The table below displays the District's major fiscal functions, and the net costs associated with each. As would be expected of a school district, the major functions involve instructional services and related supporting services.

Table - 3 Governmental Activities by Major Function

	202	22	202	1
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Service	of Service	of Service	of Service
Instructional services	1,683,018	1,124,629	1,608,133	1,109,547
Students	149,133	66,386	187,217	64,719
Instructional staff	33,625	33,306	45,316	45,316
District administration	328,809	326,116	279,930	279,930
School administration	190,264	187,306	187,654	187,654
Business	56,495	55,628	35,792	35,792
Operation and maintenance of facilities	303,339	297,197	266,910	186,857
Transportation	199,721	167,679	162,373	132,498
Central	138,710	138,710	102,516	102,516
Capital outlay	-	(1,123,857)	-	2
Interest on Long Term Liabilities	191,871	191,871	= 1	-
Pension and OPEB Expense		- 1	(1,012,321)	(1,012,321)
Food Service	152,247	19,142	140,333	19,755
TOTAL	3,427,232	1,484,113	2,003,853	1,152,263

As table above indicates, the total cost of governmental activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 was \$ 3,427,232. The District's total cost of services was offset by charges for services in the amount of \$30,430 and operating grants and contributions totaling \$788,832. Revenue for governmental activities came primarily from state equalization \$1,646,751 and district tax payers in the form of property taxes and specific ownership taxes \$1,271,197. In addition, earnings on investments produced \$6,549 in revenue, and other revenues contributed \$70,741 to supporting District governmental activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Board adopted a final budget on June 21, 2021 with a total appropriation of \$2,991,037. As of June 30, 2022, the District General Fund had actual expenditures totaling \$2,583,824 which was \$288,223 less than budgeted. The unspent appropriations remain in the District's fund balance. Similarly, the District realized \$2,869,518 in revenues, which was less than the budgeted amount by 22,608.

Next Year's Budget and Future Economic Status of the District

The 2022-2023 budget will continue to be impacted by the uncertain future of PERA reform and school finance at the State and Federal levels. Furthermore, while enrollment appears to be stabilizing, the trend favors an overall decline. Despite these fiscal concerns, District administration is confident in its ability to maintain overall financial solvency. In the upcoming year, the mill levy override will be certified at 6 mills over the base, and the district is conducting a comprehensive needs assessment to determine where funds are most needed, and areas where cuts can be made. The District will continue to engage in a budget development process that is comprehensive and effective in controlling expenditures while meeting the needs of all students.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Walsh School District's investments in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2022 are \$2,857,345. This figure represents the net capital assets, and takes into account \$3,850,604 in total accumulated depreciation. Gross capital assets would therefore total \$6,707,949. The District's governmental capital assets are composed of the following:

	2021-2022	2020-2021
Land & Sites	229,369	229,369
Construction in		
Progress	1,374,804	0
Buildings	3,433,645	3,433,645
Vehicles	685,565	628,471
Equipment	984,566	979,367

Long-Term Debt:

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 the District with voter approval issued general obligation bonds to assist in the financing of construction projects. These bonds were issued in 2022 for the original amount of \$5,680,000 and mature serially on December 1, 2046 in amounts varying from \$180,000 to \$345,000 with interest from 3.00% to 4.00% payable semi-annually. The general obligation bond balance for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$5,680,000 compared to \$0 the prior year, an increase of \$5,680,000.

Requests for Information

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis is to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors a general overview of the District's finances. This financial report provides an added layer of fiscal accountability, and as such, may generate questions or concerns. Questions or comments concerning this report may be addressed to Corey Weiss, Superintendent of Schools, P.O. Box 68, Walsh, CO 81090, or by calling 719-324-5400.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

	Governmental	
4 COPPE	Activities	Total
ASSETS	0 #00 #04	0.700.704
Cash	9,593,524	9,593,524
Investments		
Accounts Receivable	152,973	152,973
Accrued Revenue	96,067	96,067
Property Taxes Receivable	109,300	109,300
Inventories	4,299	4,299
Capital Assets	6,707,949	6,707,949
Accumulated Depreciation	(3,850,604)	(3,850,604)
Total Assets	12,813,508	12,813,508
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Pensions	651,246	651,246
Other Post Employment Benefits	17,970	17,970
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	669,216	669,216
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	45,748	45,748
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	196,221	196,221
Grant Amounts Received In Advance	19,988	19,988
Accrued Interest Payable	18,275	18,275
Noncurrent Liabilities:	,	,
Bonds Due Within One Year	180,000	180,000
Bonds Due in More Than One Year	5,500,000	5,500,000
Bond Premiums	943,119	943,119
Net Pension Liability	2,536,410	2,536,410
Net Post Employment Benefits Liability	122,712	122,712
Total Liabilities	9,562,473	9,562,473
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Pensions Pensions	1,228,543	1,228,543
Other Post Employment Benefits	52,445	52,445
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	1,280,988	1,280,988
Total Deferred filliow of Resources	1,200,700	1,200,700
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,857,345	2,857,345
Restricted for:		
Debt	314,334	314,334
TABOR Reserve	123,000	123,000
Preschool	2,534	2,534
Capital Outlay	6,824,012	6,824,012
Food Service	81,409	81,409
Unrestricted	(7,563,371)	(7,563,371)
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>2,639,263</u>	2,639,263

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

		ţ,	Program Revenues		Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	es) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for	Operating Grants &	Capital Grants and	Governmental	
FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Total
Instructional Services Supporting Services:	1,683,018	17,196	541,193	ĭ	(1,124,629)	(1,124,629)
Students	149,133	ж	82,747	i	(986,386)	(986,386)
Instructional Staff	33,625		319	a	(33,306)	(33,306)
District Administration	328,809	α	2,693	a	(326,116)	(326,116)
School Administration	190,264	(It	2,958	'n.	(187,306)	(187,306)
Business	56,495	K/	298	ıZ.	(55,628)	(55,628)
Operation & Maintenance						
of Facilities	303,339	3,450	2,692		(297,197)	(297,197)
Transportation	199,721	×	32,042		(167,679)	(167,679)
Central	138,710	:1	31	a	(138,710)	(138,710)
Food Service	152,247	9,784	123,321	Э	(19,142)	(19,142)
Capital Outlay		9(10)		1,123,857	1,123,857	1,123,857
Interest on Long Term Debt						
Issue Costs	191,871	1 00	1 000	10000	(191,871)	(191,871)
i otal Governmental Activities	5,421,252	30,430	/88,832	1,125,857	(1,484,113)	(1,484,113)
Total School District	3,427,232	30,430	788,832	1,123,857	(1,484,113)	(1,484,113)
		General Revenues Property Taxes L Specific Ownersł Equalization Earnings on Invectoranges – Pensic Other Revenues Change in Net Position Net Position, Beginning Net Position, Ending	General Revenues Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes Specific Ownership Taxes Equalization Barnings on Investments Changes – Pension and OPEB Other Revenues Change in Net Position Net Position, Beginning Net Position, Ending	eral Purposes	1,177,163 94,034 1,646,751 6,549 1,095,094 70,741 4,090,332 2,606,219 33,044 2,639,263	1,177,163 94,034 1,646,751 6,549 1,095,094 70,741 4,090,332 2,606,219 33,044 2,639,263

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

ASSETS Cash	General 2,769,878	Designated Purpose Grant	Bond Redemption Fund 298,922	Building Fund 6,374,494	Other Governmental Funds 150,230	Total Governmental Funds 9,593,524
Accounts Receivable	_	06.065	-	142,060	10,913	152,973
Accrued Revenue	04.076	96,067	-	241.555	20.740	96,067
Due From Other Funds	84,976	5	24 200	341,777	23,742	450,495
Property Taxes Receivable Inventories	75,000	8	34,300		4,299	109,300
TOTAL ASSETS	2,929,854	96,067	333,222	6,858,331	189,184	4,299 10,406,658
TOTAL ASSETS	4,727,034		<u>333,422</u>	0,00,001	109,104	10,400,038
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	11,429	140	-	34,319	φ.	45,748
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	193,907	18	2	1961	2,314	196,221
Due to Other Funds	365,519	84,976	≅	Ė	€	450,495
Grant Amounts Received in Advance	8,897	11,091			<u> </u>	19,988
Total Liabilities	579,752	97,067		34,319	2,314	712,452
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Property Tax	44,164	15	18,888			63,052
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories	i e i	03 4 6	*	340	4,299	4,299
Restricted:						
Emergency Reserve	123,000		2	-	92	123,000
Food Service	0.504	0 40	=	320	81,409	81,409
Preschool	2,534	04	211221	-	92-	2,534
Debt Service	()	· -	314,334	(7)		314,334
Capital Outlay Committed:	9.5t	7.7	m	6,824,012		6,824,012
Insurance	2 400					2.400
Assigned:	2,490	S ₹ .	=	-	-	2,490
Student Activities	1-1	:- <u>-</u> :			101,162	101,162
Unassigned:	2,177,914		-	-	101,102	2,177,914
Total Fund Balances	2,305,938	-	314,334	6,824,012	186,870	9,631,154
Tomi I and Daminos	2,303,730		<u>517,557</u>	0,027,012	_100,070	2,031,134
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	2,929,854	96,067	333,222	6,858,331	_189,184	10,406,658

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds 9,631,154 Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$6,707,949 and the accumulated depreciation is \$3,850,604. 2,857,345 Property tax revenue is recognized when earned (claim to resources established) rather than when "available." All of the deferred property tax revenue is not available. 63,052 Long-term liabilities, including loans and general obligation bonds are not due and (5,680,000)payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in funds. Interest is recognized when paid in the funds. This is accrued interest payable to year end. (18,275)Unamortized premium on general obligation bonds. (943,119)Net pension and other post employment benefits liabilities, along with associated deferred flows, are not recorded at the fund level: Net Pension Liability (2,536,410)Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability (122,712)Deferred Outflows 669,216 Deferred Inflows (1,280,988)TOTAL NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES 2,639,263

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Designated Purpose	Bond Redemption	Building	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Grant	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Funds	Funds
REVENUES	500 545		206.116			1.160.661
Property Taxes	782,545	=	386,116	-	·	1,168,661
Specific Ownership Taxes	94,034	=	17	1.070	- 00	94,034
Earnings on Investments	4,573	=	17	1,879	80	6,549
Other Local Sources	91,176	4 500	83	1 100 055	91,444	182,703
State Aid	1,897,190	4,782	-	1,123,857	799	3,026,628
Federal Aid		328,758	206016	1 105 506	122,522	451,280
TOTAL REVENUES	2,869,518	333,540	386,216	1,125,736	214,845	4,929,855
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instructional Services	1,323,600	333,540	540	()	*	1,657,140
Supporting Services:						
Students	67,289	-	548	·	81,844	149,133
Instructional Staff	33,625	2	120	72	4.1	33,625
District Administration	328,809	8	36	=	Ĕ	328,809
School Administration	190,264	=	-	-	-	190,264
Business	56,495	=	-2 0	.j e s		56,495
Operation and Maintenance						
of Facilities	295,052	ā	39.5	8 -8	-	295,052
Transportation	149,980	*	5 = 0	: - :		149,980
Community	~	*	3 €0	()= (-	=
Central	138,710	~	(m)	346	=	138,710
Food Service	<u>=</u>	#	(a)	3 4 5	150,929	150,929
Debt Service						
Principal	9	ė	 	721	-	<u>=</u>
Interest	<u> </u>	≅	71,882	8	=	71,882
Capital Outlay				1,374,896		1,374,896
Total Expenditures	2,583,824	333,540	71,882	1,374,896	232,773	4,596,915
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (under) expenditures	285,694	-	314,334	(249,160)	(17,928)	332,940
Over (united) experiences		-	<u> </u>	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(27720)	552,770
Other Financing Sources (uses):						
Transfers	(625,992)	*	(2)	551,767	74,225	1.60
Bond Proceeds	=	~		6,644,015	<u>~</u>	6,644,015
Issue Cost		· <u>u</u>		(122,610)		(122,610)
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	(625,992)			7,073,172	<u>74,225</u>	6,521,405
Net Change in Fund Balances	(340,298)		314,334	6,824,012	56,297	6,854,345
Fund Balances, Beginning	2,646,236		3		130,573	2,776,809
Fund Balances, Ending	2,305,938	-	314,334	6,824,012	186,870	9,631,154

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

6,854,345

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more the \$5,000 are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated used lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation and capital outlay in the current period.

Capital Outlays More Than \$5,000 Depreciation Expense

1,437,097

(147,425) 1,289,672

Property tax revenues are not recognized for amounts levied and due but not "available" at year-end and are reported as deferred inflows in the governmental funds. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities. This is the net change in deferred inflows.

8,502

The governmental funds report debt proceeds as another financing source, while repayment of debt principal is reported as an expenditure. The effect of premiums are recognized when the debt is issued in governmental funds, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Interest expense is recognized as it accrues in the statement of activities regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences follows:

Repayment of Debt Principal
Interest Expense (18,275)
Debt Proceeds (6,644,015)
Amortization Expense 20,896

(6,641,394)

The increase or decrease in net pension and other post employment benefits liabilities, along with the changes and amortizations of deferred flows associated with those liabilities, are not recorded at the fund level:

Pension Cost or Benefit
Other Post Employment Benefits Cost

1,079,922 ___15,172

1,095,094

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

2,606,219

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Baca County School District Number RE-1 (the District) conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

The District operates under an elected Board of Education with five members.

The District is the lowest level of government, which is considered to be financially accountable over all activities related to public school education in Baca County School District Number RE-1. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. The Board of Education members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

A. Reporting Entity

Governmental Accounting Standards board (GASB) Statement No. 14 (as amended by Statements No. 34, No. 39 and No. 61), "The Financial Reporting Entity" (GASB No. 14) describes the financial reporting entity as it relates to governmental accounting. According to this Statement, the financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and c) other organizations whose exclusion from the reporting entity's financial statements would cause those statements to be misleading or incomplete. Any organizations that can be described by these last two items are included with the primary government in the financial statements as component units.

This District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in GASB No. 14 and does not include any other component unit as part of its "reporting entity". As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the USA, these basic financial statements present the District (the primary government) and its component units.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the District's governmental and business-type activities. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, operating statements present increases and decreases in net current assets and unreserved fund balance as a measure of available spendable resources. This means that only current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Amounts reported as program revenues included 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

All governmental fund types use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues are considered to be available if collected within 60 days after year-end.

Property and automotive ownership taxes are reported as receivables and deferred inflows when levied and as revenues when due for collection in the following year and determined to be available.

Grants and entitlement revenues are recognized when compliance with matching requirements is met. A receivable is established when the related expenditures exceed revenue receipts.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred with the exception of general obligation and capital lease debt service which is recognized when due and certain accrued sick and personal pay which are accounted for as expenditures when expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The proprietary fund types are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The measurement focus in these funds is on the flow of economic resources and emphasizes the determination of net income. All assets and all liabilities associated with their activity are included on their statements of net position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

June 30, 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) NOTE 1

D. **Fund Accounting**

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of selfbalancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred flows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The major funds presented in the accompanying basic financial statements are as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

- General Fund the general operating fund of the District; used to account for all resources that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.
- Designated Purpose Grant Fund used to account for restricted federal and state grants including, but not limited to, Every Student Succeeds Act programs which must be expended as designated by the grantor agency.
- Bond Redemption Fund- used to account for tax proceeds raised to pay principal and interest on debt.
- Building Fund- this fund records the expenditures of a capital project funded by grants and debt proceeds.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash represents amounts on deposit with financial institutions or held by the District. The District is allowed to invest in the following types of investments: short-term certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, money market deposit accounts, mutual funds, government pools, and U.S. Treasury Obligations. The District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

F. Receivables

Property taxes levied in 2021 but uncollected in 2022 are identified as property taxes receivable. Amounts of property taxes that are not available at June 30, 2022 are recorded as deferred inflows in the fund financial statements, and are presented net of an allowance for uncollectible taxes. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time reimbursable project costs are incurred.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Inventories

Materials and supplies inventories are stated at cost. Inventories recorded in the Food Services Fund consist of purchased and donated commodities. Purchased inventories are stated at cost. Donated inventories, received at no cost under a program supported by the Federal Government, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of receipt.

The cost of all inventories is recorded as an asset when the individual inventory items are purchased, and as an expenditure or expense when consumed.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, vehicles and equipment, are utilized for general District operations and are capitalized at actual or estimated cost. Donations of such assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the time of donation. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor renovations are recorded as expenditures when incurred. Major additions and improvements are capitalized. When assets used in the operation of the governmental fund types are sold, the proceeds of the sale are recorded as revenues in the appropriate fund. The District does not capitalize interest on the construction of capital assets in governmental funds. However, the District does capitalize interest on the construction of capital assets in business-type activities.

The monetary threshold for capitalization of assets is \$5,000. The District's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the fixed assets (5-30 years). Depreciation of all capital assets is charged as an expense against their operations. Depreciation is recorded in the year of acquisition.

I. <u>Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable government activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

The District records long-term debt of governmental funds at the face value. Notes payable and capital leases are serviced from property taxes and other revenues of the General Fund. The long-term accumulated unpaid accrued sick leave is serviced from property taxes and other revenues by the respective fund type from future appropriations.

K. Constitutional Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters approved Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations, which apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. It requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, extension of an expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any entity.

In November of 1996 the registered voters approved a ballot resolution authorizing Baca County School District Number RE-1 to collect, retain and expend (during 1996 and beyond) all revenues from any source provided that no property tax mill levy be increased or any new tax imposed without the consent of the voters.

Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple-fiscal year debt or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future years. TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be three percent or more of fiscal year spending. As of June 30, 2022 the District reserved \$123,000 for this purpose.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior fiscal year's spending adjusted for inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual increases in funded student enrollment. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures and reserve increases with certain exceptions.

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Property Taxes

Under Colorado law, all property taxes are due and payable in the year following the year levied. The 2021 property tax calendar for Baca County was as follows:

Levy Date December 15, 2021
Lien Date January 1, 2022
Tax Bills Mailed January 1, 2022
First Installment Due February 28, 2022
Second Installment Due June 15, 2022
If Paid in Full, Due April 30, 2022
Tax Sale – 2020 Delinquent Property Taxes October 25, 2021

M. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. Interest Expense

All interest expense has been reported as unallocated in the Government-wide financial statements.

O. GASB Statement No. 54

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below.

- 1. Nonspendable such as fund balances associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- 2. Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School District Board of Directors (the District's highest level of decision-making authority).

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

O. GASB Statement No. 54 (Continued)

- 4. Assigned fund balance classification is intended to be used by the government for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

Committed Fund Balance Policy:

The District's Committed Fund Balance is fund balance reporting required by the School Board, either because of a School Board Policy in the School Board Policy Manual, or because of motions that passed at School Board meetings.

Assigned Fund Balance Policy:

The District's Assigned Fund Balance is fund balance reporting occurring by School Board Administration authority, under the direction of the Chief Business Officer.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries.

First, non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then unrestricted fund balances are determined following the order of committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Fund Balance Classification by Fund:

	General Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Building Fund	Food Service Fund	Student Activity Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:				2 07100	7 0110	T WITED
Inventories	121	£	120	4,299		4,299
Restricted:						
Emergencies	123,000	=	-	-	-	123,000
Preschool	2,534	a	=	100	3,943	2,534
Food Service	52-	=	-	81,409	-	81,409
Debt Service	:=:	314,334	*		(=)	314,334
Capital Outlay	-	ž	6,824,012	-	7E	6,824,012
Committed:						
Insurance	2,490	9				2,490
Assigned:						
Student Activities	•	<u> </u>	-	(70)	101,162	101,162
Unassigned	2,177,914					2,177,914
Total Fund Balances	2,305,938	314,334	6,824,012	85,708	101,162	9,631,154

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements:

In June of 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The original effective date was for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019 but was extended to periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

On July 1, 2021, the District implemented the statement for leases. The District will comply on all leases that are individually or aggregately material to the financial statements.

NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balances – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Additionally, the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net change in fund balances – total government funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

These reconciliations detail items that require adjustment to convert from the current resources measurement and modified accrual basis for governmental fund statements to the economic resources measurement and full accrual basis used for government-wide statements. However, certain items having no effect on measurement and basis were eliminated from the government fund statements during the consolidation of governmental activities.

	Due To	Due From	Transfer To	Transfer From
Item Eliminated	Other Funds	Other Funds	Other Funds	Other Funds
General Fund	365,519	84,976	625,992	=
Designated Purpose Grant Fund	84,976	-	= 2	=
Food Service Fund	(6	23,742	# 8	74,225
Building Fund		341,777		551,767
	450,495	450,495	625,992	625,992

NOTE 3 BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Revenues and expenditures are controlled by budgetary accounting systems in accordance with various legal requirements. The budgeted revenues and expenditures represent the original adopted budget as subsequently adjusted by the Board of Education in accordance with Colorado School Laws. Budgets are generally prepared on the same basis as that used for accounting purposes.

The District has set procedures to be followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 1, the Business Manager submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public notices are released to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.

NOTE 3 BUDGETARY INFORMATION (Continued)

- 4. The Business Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between categories within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration should be employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Capital Project, Bond Redemption and Special Revenue Funds.
- 6. Budgets for the General, Capital Project, Bond Redemption and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

All appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Authorization to transfer budgeted amounts between programs and/or departments within any fund and the reallocation of budget line items within any program and/or department rests with the Superintendent of Schools and may be delegated to an appropriate level of management. Revisions and/or supplemental appropriations that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.

Budgetary amounts reported in the accompanying basic financial statements are as originally adopted and amended by the Superintendent and/or the Board of Education throughout the year.

NOTE 4 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA), requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories, eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

At June 30, 2022, the District's bank balance and corresponding carrying balance were as follows:

Insured (FDIC)	Carrying Balance 250,000	Bank Balance 250,000
Uninsured, Collateralized under the		
Public Deposit Protection Act		
of the State of Colorado	9,028,357	9,272,355
Cash Equivalent	291,155	(#
Cash with County Treasurer	21,962	300
Cash on Hand	2,050	196
Total Cash and Deposits	9,593,524	9,522,355

As presented above, deposits with a bank balance of \$9,272,355 and a carrying balance of \$9,028,357 as of June 30, 2022 are uninsured, are exposed to custodial risk, and are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

Governmental Activities

: 	Balance			D-1
		A 1 1*.*	D 1 .	Balance
	July 1, 2021	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2022
Non-Depreciable Assets				
Land	99,902	₩	· =	99,902
Construction in Progress	(#)	1,374,804	-	1,374,804
Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings	3,433,645	= :	2	3,433,645
Site Improvements	129,467	= -	-	129,467
Vehicles	628,471	57,094	370	685,565
Equipment	979,367	5,199	-	984,566
Total Assets	5,270,852	1,437,097		6,707,949
Less Accumulated				
Depreciation for:				
Buildings	2,402,033	56,457	4	2,458,490
Site Improvements	22,117	6,474		28,591
Equipment & Vehicles	1,279,029	84,494		1,363,523
Total Accumulated			/	t
Depreciation	3,703,179	_ 147,425	-	3,850,604
Total Capital Assets, Net	1,567,673	1,289,672	-	2,857,345

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Instruction	88,079
Operations and Maintenance	8,287
Transportation	49,741
Food Service	1,318
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	147,425

NOTE 6 ACCRUED SALARIES AND BENEFITS

Salaries and retirement benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve month period from September to August, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine or ten months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid at June 30, 2022, are estimated to be \$196,221. Accordingly, the accrued compensation is reflected as a liability in the accompanying financial statements in the appropriate fund.

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT

In February of 2022, the District issued a previously approved general obligation bond in the amount of \$5,680,000 to provide matching- money for a BEST grant to build and improve buildings on existing District land. The District received a premium on issuance of \$964,015.

Principal payments are due on December 1, and interest payments are due on both June 1 and December 1, each year. The bond matures on December 1, 2046. The coupon interests are 3.00% and 4.00% based on maturity

The debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year	Principal	_Interest_	Total
2023	180,000	153,635	333,635
2024	145,000	150,177	295,177
2025	150,000	147,039	297,039
2026	155,000	143,794	298,794
2027	160,000	140,442	300,442
2028-2032	885,000	632,770	1,517,770
2033-2037	1,085,000	493,605	1,578,605
2038-2042	1,325,000	323,088	1,648,088
2043-2047	1,595,000	116,681	1,711,681
	5,680,000	2,301,231	7,981,231

Changes in Long-Term Debt:

	Beginning Balance 7-1-2021	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance 6-30-2022	Due Within One Year
BEST Matching					
Money Bond		5,680,000		5,680,000	180,000

NOTE 8 PENSION PLAN

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. Baca County School District Number RE-1 participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the Baca County School District Number RE-1 are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2021. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100% match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100% of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50% or 100% on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S.. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. § 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive the maximum annual increase (AI) or AI cap of 1.00% unless adjusted by the AAP. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of the 1.00% AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2022: Eligible employees of Baca County School District Number RE-1 and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 10.50% of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below.

July 1, 2021 Through June 30, 2022
10.90%
(1.02)%
9.88%
4.50%
5_50%
19.88%

^{**}Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

NOTE 8 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Baca County School District Number RE-1 is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from Baca County School District Number RE-1 were \$282,036 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. In addition to the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution due July 1, 2022, House Bill (HB) 22-1029, instructs the State treasurer to issue a warrant to PERA in the amount of \$380 million (actual dollars), upon enactment, with reductions to future direct distributions scheduled to occur July 1, 2023, and July 1, 2024.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TPL to December 31, 2021. The Baca County School District Number RE-1 proportion of the net pension liability was based on Baca County School District Number RE-1 contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2022, the Baca County School District Number RE-1 reported a liability of \$2,536,410 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected an increase for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the Baca County School District Number RE-1 as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Baca County School District Number RE-1 were as follows:

	1
Baca County School District Number RE-1 proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,536,410
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing	
entity associated with the Baca County School District Number RE-1	\$ 290,767
Total	\$ 2,827,177

NOTE 8 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

At December 31, 2021, the Baca County School District Number RE-1 proportion was 0.022%, which was a decrease of 0.002% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Baca County School District Number RE-1 recognized pension income of \$1,079,922 and revenue of \$31,043 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2022, the Baca County School District Number RE-1 reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual		
experience	97,104	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	193,636	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments		(953,615)
Changes in proportion and differences between		
contributions recognized and proportionate		
share of contributions	216,657	(274,928)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date	143,849	N/A
Total	651,246	(1,228,543)

\$143,849 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30, 2022	
2023	(65,606)
2024	(281,031)
2025	(258,761)
2026	(115,748)
2027	-
Thereafter	-

NOTE 8 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The TPL in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.40% -11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07	
and DPS benefit structure (compounded annually)	1.00%
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06*	Financed by the AIR

^{*}Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available, therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

The TPL as of December 31, 2021, includes the anticipated adjustments to contribution rates and the AI cap, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.

The mortality tables described below are generational mortality tables developed on a benefitweighted basis.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

NOTE 8 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.

NOTE 8 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in Senate Bill (SB) 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered AI cap, from 1.25% to 1.00%, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

NOTE 8 PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Baca County School District Number RE-1 proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension	3,733,389	2,536,410	1,537,577

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's FNP is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Defined Contribution Pension Plans

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description – Employees of the Baca County School District Number RE-1 that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available ACFR which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy – The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2022, program members contributed \$4,732.

NOTE 9 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Defined Benefit Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OPEB. Baca County School District Number RE-1 participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the Baca County School District Number RE-1 are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended, and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

NOTE 9 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Enrollment in the PERACare health benefits program is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

DPS Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02% of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

NOTE 9 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Baca County School District Number RE-1 is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from Baca County School District Number RE-1 were \$14,471 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the Baca County School District Number RE-1 reported a liability of \$122,712 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability (TOL) used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TOL to December 31, 2021. The Baca County School District Number RE-1 proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on Baca County School District Number RE-1 contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2021, the Baca County School District Number RE-1 proportion was 0.014%, which was an increase of 0.0,1% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Baca County School District Number RE-1 recognized OPEB income of \$15,172. At June 30, 2022, the Baca County School District Number RE-1 reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	187	(29,097)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	2,541	(6,656)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	_	(7,596)
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	7,861	(9,096)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	7,381	N/A
Total	17,970	(52,445)

\$7,381 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30, 2022	
2023	(11,419)
2024	(13,058)
2025	(12,664)
2026	(4,926)
2027	134
Thereafter	77

NOTE 9 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The TOL in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

	State Division	School Division	Local Government Division	Judicial Division	
Actuarial cost method	Entry age				
Price inflation	2.30%				
Real wage growth	0.70%				
Wage inflation		3.0	00%		
Salary increases, including wage inflation					
Members other than State Troopers	3.30%-10.90%	3.40% -11.00%	3.20%-11.30%	2.80%-5.30%	
State Troopers	3.20%-12.40%	N/A	3.20%-12.40%	N/A	
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation		7.3	25%		
Discount rate	7.25%				
Health care cost trend rates					
PERA benefit structure:					
Service-based premium subsidy		0.0	00%		
PERACare Medicare plans	4.50% in 2021, 6.00% in 2022 gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2029				
Medicare Part A premiums		gradually	in 2021, increasing to in 2029		
DPS benefit structure:					
Service-based premium subsidy		0	.00 %		
PERACare Medicare plans			N/A		
Medicare Part A premiums			N/A		

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A in the December 31, 2020, valuation, the following monthly costs/premiums (actual dollars) are assumed for 2021 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

	Initial Costs for Members Without Medicare Part A				
Medicare Plan	Monthly Cost	Monthly Premium	Monthly Cost Adjusted to Age 65		
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Rx	\$633	\$230	\$591		
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	596	199	562		

The 2021 Medicare Part A premium is \$471 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2020, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the TOL are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A
2021	4.50%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.80%	4.00%
2024	5.60%	4.00%
2025	5.40%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.25%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

NOTE 9 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below, reflect generational mortality and were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the TOL for the HCTF, but developed using a headcount-weighted basis. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the PubS-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 94% of the rates prior to age 80 and 90% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 87% of the rates prior to age 80 and 107% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the unadjusted PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Healthy Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

NOTE 9 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for Members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll forward calculation for the Trust Fund:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2021 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by PERA Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

NOTE 9 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the Baca County School District Number RE-1 proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease Current Trend		1% Increase in
	in Trend Rates	Rates	Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.75%	3.75%	4.75%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$119,188	\$122,712	\$126,795

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TOL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2021, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.

NOTE 9 OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the HCTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TOL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the Baca County School District Number RE-1 proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1% Increase
	Decrease	Discount Rate	(8.25%)
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$142,518	\$122,712	\$105,795

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's FNP is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 10 JOINT VENTURE

Not reflected in the accompanying financial statements is the District's participation in the Southeastern Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is an organization that provides member districts educational services at a shared lower cost per district.

The District has one member on the Board. This Board has final authority for all budgeting and financing of the joint venture. The BOCES by-laws indicate that the entity is to have perpetual existence, but in the event of its dissolution, all assets shall be divided among member school districts on a pro rata basis determined by the BOCES board. The joint venture summary audited financial information as of June 30, 2021, the latest year for which audited information is available, is as follows:

Assets	1,585,198
Deferred Outflows	1,272,677
Liabilities	3,815,205
Deferred Inflows	1,571,484
Net Position	(<u>2,528,814</u>)
Revenues	3,450,395
Expenses	2,740,871
Change in Net Position	709,524

The BOCES is not included as a component unit of the District as the financial responsibility is minimal, there is no financial interdependency, the District does not have the ability to significantly influence the operations of the BOCES and the District is not accountable for fiscal matters of the BOCES. The BOCES files an audit annually with the Colorado State Auditor's Office.

NOTE 11 POLICY REGARDING COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Full-time non-certified personnel are allowed compensated absences in the form of vacations and sick days. Vacations are non-cumulative. Sick days may be accumulated not to exceed forty days. Days in excess of an accumulation of twenty may be sold to the District in the month of December.

The liability for accumulated sick days is not material and is not recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The District maintains commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

June 30, 2022

NOTE 13 INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Transfers from the general fund to support operational and construction cash requirements were made in the following amounts:

Food Service Fund

\$74,225

Building Fund

\$551,767

The Designated Purpose Grant Fund had an amount due to the General Fund of \$84,976 for expenditures paid prior to receipt of grant funds. The General Fund owed the Building Fund \$341,777 and the Food Service Fund \$23,742 for undistributed deposits from the Colorado Department of Education.

NOTE 14 BUDGET ACTIVITY

The following funds had expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted as shown:

Designated Purpose Grant Fund

\$237,102

Food Service Fund

\$16,950

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISONS

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for all transactions of the District not accounted for in other funds. This fund represents an accounting for the District's ordinary operations financed from property taxes and other general revenues. It is the most significant fund in relation to the District's overall operations.

Designated Purpose Grant Fund

This fund accounts for the activity in federal and state grant funded programs.

PENSION TREND DATA

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TREND DATA

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	EST 9	e n		Variance-
		d Amounts	A -41	Favorable
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Local Sources	554,656	554,656	782,545	227,889
Property Taxes	64,137	64,137	94,034	29,897
Specific Ownership Taxes	,	8,780	4,573	(4,207)
Earnings on Investments	8,780	,		•
Delinquent Taxes & Interest	2,600	2,600	2,531	(69)
Tuition	36,900	36,900	12,176	(24,724)
Other	500,746	500,746	76,469	(424,277)
State Sources	1 5/2 511	1 5 (2) 5 1 1	1 (46 751	92 240
Equalization	1,563,511	1,563,511	1,646,751	83,240
Transportation	30,000	30,000	30,165	165
Vocational Education	5,700	5,700	43,316	37,616
Other	125,096	125,096	176,958	51,862
Federal Sources				
Designated Purpose Grants	27 (-	-	3
Other		2 000 106	2 0 60 510	(22 (22)
TOTAL REVENUES	2,892,126	2,892,126	2,869,518	(22,608)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Salaries	906,674	906,674	839,726	66,948
Employee Benefits	406,360	406,360	366,433	39,927
Purchased Services - Professional	17,850	17,850	12,665	5,185
Purchased Services – Property	= ?	#:		*
Purchased Services – Other	59,300	59,300	40,569	18,731
Supplies and Materials	68,100	68,100	49,279	18,821
Property	29,300	29,300	14,928	14,372
Other Objects		=		= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
Total Instruction	1,487,584	1,487,584	1,323,600	163,984
SUPPORTING SERVICES		3		
Student Supporting Services				
Salaries	45,621	45,621	45,621	<u> </u>
Employee Benefits	18,910	18,910	19,734	(824)
Purchased Services – Professional	300	300	÷	300
Purchased Services – Property	(#V	_		
Purchased Services – Other	500	500	-	500
Supplies and Materials	3,750	3,750	1,934	1,816
Property	-	-	-9201	=
Other Objects	:440	-	-	-
Total Student Services	69,081	69,081	67,289	1,792
Total Studelli Selvices	ogo financial sta	tomounts	01,407	19174

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

2				Variance -
		Amounts		Favorable
Instructional Staff	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)
Salaries	16,953	16,953	13,361	3,592
Employee Benefits	12,519	12,519	7,447	5,072
Purchased Services – Professional	5,500	5,500	1,610	3,890
Purchased Services – Property	2	2	54	2
Purchased Services – Other	1,700	1,700	~	1,700
Supplies and Materials	11,900	11,900	3,446	8,454
Property	12,500	12,500	7,761	4,739
Other Objects				
Total Instructional Staff	61,072	_61,072	33,625	27,447
General Administration				
Salaries	114,336	114,336	112,942	1,394
Employee Benefits	34,558	34,558	28,780	5,778
Purchased Services - Professional	49,550	49,550	63,267	(13,717)
Purchased Services – Property	=	.5	4,800	(4,800)
Purchased Services – Other	59,052	59,052	59,463	(411)
Supplies and Materials	30,600	30,600	53,585	(22,985)
Property	<u> </u>	38	850	(850)
Other Objects	5,300	5,300	5,122	178
Total General Administration	293,396	293,396	328,809	(35,413)
School Administration				,
Office of the Principal				
Salaries	121,483	121,483	122,477	(994)
Employee Benefits	53,981	53,981	64,067	(10,086)
Purchased Services – Professional	2,000	2,000	*	2,000
Purchased Services – Property	¥	-	ž	<u>-</u>
Purchased Services – Other	2,500	2,500	4	2,500
Supplies and Materials	8,800	8,800	2,407	6,393
Property	2,000	2,000	429	1,571
Other Objects	1,000	1,000	884	116
Total School Administration	191,764	191,764	190,264	1,500
Business Services	-	\$ 	 	
Salaries	35,900	35,900	36,965	(1,065)
Employee Benefits	16,721	16,721	16,910	(189)
Purchased Services – Professional	300	300	:=	300
Purchased Services – Property	5	=		=
Purchased Services – Other	500	500	-	500
Supplies and Materials	1,500	1,500	1,100	400
Property	3,000	3,000	33	2,967
Other Objects	5,000	-,000	1,487	(1,487)
Total Business Services	57,921	57,921	56,495	1,426
The accompanying notes are an integral part of				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Dudgatad	Amounts		Variance - Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Operations and Maintenance	Original	<u>1 mai</u>	7 totudi	Cinavorable
Salaries	117,750	117,750	111,402	6,348
Employee Benefits	51,513	51,513	46,133	5,380
Purchased Services – Professional	4,000	4,000	9,857	(5,857)
Purchased Services – Property	19,000	19,000	15,195	3,805
Purchased Services – Other	13,500	13,500	8,639	4,861
Supplies and Materials	107,000	107,000	103,826	3,174
Property	4,000	4,000	=	4,000
Other Objects	-,000	-	_	.,
Total Operations and Maintenance	316,763	316,763	295,052	21,711
Student Transportation				
Salaries	99,971	99,971	78,615	21,356
Employee Benefits	23,392	23,392	33,682	(10,290)
Purchased Services – Professional	10,000	10,000	2,199	7,801
Purchased Services – Property	-	-	-	
Purchased Services – Other	1,750	1,750	24	1,726
Supplies and Materials	35,300	35,300	35,460	(160)
Property	1,000	1,000	=	1,000
Other Objects	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total Student Transportation	171,413	171,413	149,980	21,433
Central Support				
Employee Benefits	-	-	4,026	(4,026)
Purchased Services – Professional	20,000	20,000	28,017	(8,017)
Purchased Services - Other	82,021	82,021	76,620	5,401
Supplies and Materials	_	-	30,047	(30,047)
Property	21,032	21,032	========	21,032
Total Central Support	123,053	123,053	138,710	(15,657)
Community Services				
Other	120		· <u> </u>	
Total Community Services	-		-	<u> </u>
Facilities Acquisition and Construction				
Property	100,000	100,000	=	100,000
Debt Service			5	, -
Total Facilities Acquisition				
and Construction	100,000	100,000		100,000
TOTAL SUPPORTING SERVICES	1,384,463	1,384,463	1,260,224	124,239
Appropriated Reserves		· · · · · · ·	18	:
TOTAL EXPENDITURES The accompanying notes are an integral part of the	2,872,047 ese financial sta	2,872,047 tements.	2,583,824	288,223

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	20,079	20,079	_285,694	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			<u>(625,992)</u> <u>(625,992</u>	(625,992) (625,992)
Revenues and Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Uses	20,079	20,079	(340,298)	
FUND BALANCE, July 1	2,639,485	2,639,485	2,646,236	
FUND BALANCE, June 30	2,659,564	2,659,564	2,305,938	

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 DESIGNATED PURPOSE GRANT FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted		A	Variance - Favorable
	<u>Original</u>	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Local Sources			7 - 7	22 (24.00)
State Sources	6,300	6,300	4,782	(1,518)
Federal Sources	477,975	477,975	328,758	(<u>149,217</u>)
Total Revenues	484,275	484,275	333,540	(150,735)
Expenditures				
Salaries	26,543	26,543	142,144	(115,601)
Employee Benefits	29,825	29,825	62,954	(33,129)
Purchased Services – Professional	13,751	13,751	7. **	13,751
Purchased Services – Property	2	=	-	<u>=</u>
Purchased Services – Other	:=:	O₩	1,309	(1,309)
Supplies and Materials	26,319	26,319	45,498	(19,179)
Property	~	3 ≨	81,635	(81,635)
Other Objects				
Total Expenditures	96,438	96,438	333,540	(237,102)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	387,837	387,837	. 	
<u>Transfers</u>	*	:=:	:=	
Fund Balance, July 1			- Fé	
Fund Balance, June 30	387,837	387,837		

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY For The Last 10 Fiscal Years (As Available)

2013		A	, č	ÿ		ä
2014	.0261%	\$3,325,457	•	\$ 996,186	334% -	64.06%
2015	.0249%	\$3,371,880	•	\$1,092,379	309%	62.80%
2016	.0253%	\$3,864,176	r	\$1,110,372	348%	59.2%
2017	.0253%	\$7,545,586	t	\$1,154,207	654%	43.13%
2018	.0259%	\$8,381,418	•	\$1,237,126	%11%	43.96%
2019	.0228%	\$4,044,430	\$553,020	\$1,260,346	321%	57.01%
2020	.0213%	\$3,181,503	\$403,533	\$1,252,764	253%	64.52%
2021	0.0235%	\$3,554,261	,	\$1,281,975	277%	%66.99%
2022	0.0218%	\$2,536,410	\$290,767	\$1,418,693	179%	74.86%
	District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District**	District's covered payroll	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

^{**}A direct distribution provision to allocate funds from the State of Colorado budget to Colorado PERA on an annual basis began in July 2018 based on Senate Bill 18-200.

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION For The Last 10 Fiscal Years (As Available)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contributions	\$ 282,036	\$ 254,857	\$ 242,786	\$ 241,104	\$ 233,661	\$ 212,235	\$ 197,601	\$ 184,603	\$ 159,381	\$ 159,599
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$ (282,036)	\$ (282,036) \$ (254,857)	\$ (242,786)	\$ (242,786) \$ (241,104)	\$ (233,661)	\$ (212,235)	\$ (197,601)	\$ (184,603)	\$ (159,381)	\$ (159,599)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	€	S	4	S	S	S	<u> </u>	A	€	€
District's covered payroll	\$1,418,693	\$1,281,975	\$1,252,764	\$1,252,764 \$1,260,346	\$1,237,126	\$1,154,207	\$1,110,372	\$1,092,379	\$ 996,186	\$1,055,590
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.88%	19.88%	19.38%	19.13%	18.89%	18.39%	17.79%	16.90%	16.00%	15.12%

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 For The Last 10 Fiscal Years (As Available)

2019 2018	.0148% .0147%	\$201,995 \$191,936	\$1,260,346 \$1,237,126	16.03% 15.51%	17.03% 17.53%
2020	.0139%	\$156,465	\$1,252,764	12,49%	24.49%
2021	.0136%	\$129,236	\$1,281,975	10.08%	32.78%
2022	.0142%	\$122,712	\$1,418,693	8.64%	39.40%
	District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	District's covered payroll	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net OPEB as a percentage of the total pension liability

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB For The Last 10 Fiscal Years (As Available)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contributions	\$ 14,471	\$ 13,075	\$ 12,778	\$ 12,855	\$ 12,619	\$ 11,773	kj	6	Ď	•//
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$(14,471)	\$(13,075)	\$(12,778)	\$(12,855)	\$(12,619)	\$(11,773)	9	<u> </u>	Na	(8
Contribution deficiency (excess)	69	8	8	€	<u> </u>	€9	ń	E	1 9	6
District's covered payroll	\$1,418,693	\$1,281,975	\$1,252,764	\$1,252,764 \$1,260,346	\$1,237,126	\$1,154,207	ä	ı	,	X
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	(*)	.gu	a#0	

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND

OTHER SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Food Service Fund – This fund accounts for all financial activities associated with the District's school breakfast and lunch programs.

Student Activity Fund – Used to account for the activities of student clubs and organizations overseen by the District.

MAJOR FUNDS

Bond Redemption- This debt service fund accounts for revenues raised through taxes for the purpose of making principal and interest payments on outstanding debt.

Building Fund- This capital project fund is used to account for expenditures made in conjunction with a major project financed by capital grants and debt proceeds.

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

A COPTO	Special Re Food Service	Student Activity Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash	40.069	101 160	150 220
Inventories	49,068 4,299	101,162	150,230
Accounts Receivable	10,913	1.0	4,299 10,913
Due from Other Funds	23,742	U.S.	23,742
Total Assets	88.022	101,162	189,184
Total Assets	88,022	101,102	107,104
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	<u> </u>	E	=
Accrued Salaries	2,314	196	2,314
Due to Other Funds	,		-
Total Liabilities	2,314		2,314
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable:			
Inventories	4,299	:=	4,299
Restricted:			
Food Service	81,409) =)	81,409
Assigned:			
Student Activities		101,162	<u>101,162</u>
Total Fund Balances	85,708	101,162	186,870
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES	88,022	101,162	189,184

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RE-1 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Rev Food Service	Student Activity Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Earnings on Investments Other Local Sources State Aid Federal Aid Total Revenues	20 9,783 799 <u>122,522</u> <u>133,124</u>	60 81,661 	80 91,444 799 <u>122,522</u> <u>214,845</u>
EXPENDITURES Instruction Support Services Food Service Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	150,929 	81,844 - - 81,844	81,844 150,929
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(17,805)	(123)	(17,928)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_74,225 _74,225		74,225 74,225
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	56,420	(123)	56,297
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	29,288	101,285	130,573
FUND BALANCE, Ending	<u>85,708</u>	101,162	186,870

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 FOOD SERVICE – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES			
Local Sources	22 000	0.792	(22.219)
Food Sales	33,000 50	9,782 20	(23,218)
Earnings on Investments Other	2,000	20	(30) (2,000)
	2,000		(2,000)
State Sources School Lunches and Breakfast	700	799	99
Federal Sources	700	177	77
School Lunches and Breakfast	34,500	118,136	83,636
Commodities	4,500	4,386	(114)
Total Revenues	74,750	133,123	58,373
Total Revenues	_74,730	133,123	20,373
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries	35,000	36,713	(1,713)
Employee Benefits	25,380	22,347	3,033
Purchased Services – Professional	2,400	3,220	(820)
Purchased Services – Property	2,100	3,220	(020)
Purchased Services - Other	-	_	<u>~</u>
Food Purchases	58,399	74,680	(16,281)
Capital Outlay	4,500	4,681	(181)
Commodities	2,000	4,386	(2,386)
Non-Food Supplies	6,300	4,902	1,398
Appropriated Reserves	2,500	1,702	1,570
Total Expenditures	133,979	150,929	(16,950)
Total Experientales	133,977	100,020	(10,000)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(59,229)	(17,806)	
OTHER ENIANORIO COLIDOES (LISES)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	00.000	74 225	(15 775)
Transfers	90,000	74,225	(<u>15,775</u>)
DEVENIUES AND SOURCES OVER (UNDER)			
REVENUES AND SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND USES	30,771	56,419	
EXPENDITURES AND USES	30,771	30,419	
FUND BALANCE, July 1	_	29,289	
TOND DALANCE, July 1			
FUND BALANCE, June 30	30,771	85,708	

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 STUDENT ACTIVITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

DEVENTUCO	Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES Earnings on Investments Other Local Total Revenues	103,572 103,572	60 81,661 81,721	60 (<u>21,911</u>) (<u>21,851</u>)
EXPENDITURES: Instruction Support Services Total Expenditures	103,572 103,572	81,844 81,844	21,728 21,728
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	14	(123)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers			3======================================
REVENUES AND SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND USES	沒	(123)	
Fund Balance, July 1		101,285	
Fund Balance, June 30	· · · · · · · ·	101,162	

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 BOND REDEMPTION FUND-DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget	_Actual_	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES Property Tax Specific Ownership Tax Earnings on Investments Other Local	500,000	386,116 - 17 83	(113,884) 17 83
Total Revenues	500,000	386,216	(113,784)
EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:			
Principal Interest	500,000	71,882	500,000 (71,882)
Other Appropriated Reserves Total Expenditures	500,000	71,882	428,118
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	=):	314,334	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers			
REVENUES AND SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND USES	**	314,334	
Fund Balance, July 1		2 <u> </u>	
Fund Balance, June 30		314,334	

BACA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER RE-1 BUILDING FUND- CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES Forming on Investments		1,879	1,879
Earnings on Investments State Grant	27,215,920	1,123,857	(26,092,063)
Total Revenues	27,215,920	1,125,736	(26,090,184)
Total Revenues	27,213,720	1,123,730	(20,030,164)
EXPENDITURES:			
Land and Sites	-	-	-
Building and Improvements	33,292,997	1,374,896	31,918,101
Other			
Total Expenditures	33,292,997	1,374,896	31,918,101
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(6,077,077)	(249,160)	
* 3			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Bond Proceeds	6,077,077	6,644,015	566,938
Issue Cost	: <u>⇔</u> :	(122,610)	(122,610)
Transfers		_551,767	<u>_551,767</u>
Total Financing Sources and (uses)	6,077,077	7,073,172	996,095
DEVENUE AND SOURCES OVER ARTHER)			
REVENUES AND SOURCES OVER (UNDER)		6.024.012	
EXPENDITURES AND USES	≘ %	6,824,012	
Ford Delegae, Ideal			
Fund Balance, July 1	- 3	- -	
Fund Balance, June 30		6,824,012	
runa Dalance, Julie 30		0,027,012	

STATE REQUIRED SCHEDULES

Auditor's Integrity Report (Revenues, Expenditures, and Fund Balance by Fund)

Bolded Balance Sheet

Colorado Department of Education Auditors Integrity Report District: 0230 - Walsh RE-1 Fiscal Year 2021-22 Colorado School District/80CES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Find 2,087,719 2,087,719 4,239 ad 4,239 Main Fund 0 0 0 0 0 0 2,034,469 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		2,428.810 2,300,913 76.820 2,300,913 78.394 2,539 7,4394 2,393,913 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2,300,913
rain Fund rain Fund Tech, Main Fund und und une Fund reue Fund reue Fund reue Fund rejects Fund Tech, Main: Fund		76,520 76,394 583,824 0 0 0 0	2,300,913 2,490
ran Fund ran Fund Tech. Main Fund und und une Fund volue Fund ran (COP) Debt Service Fund Tech. Main: Fund		78.620 78.394 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2,490
Tech, Main Fund use fund und use fund enue Fund enue Fund rejects Fund Tech, Main Fund		78.394 1583,824 0 0 0 0 0 0	2.534
Tech. Main Fund Ind Ind In the fund In (COP) Debt Service Fund In (COP) Debt Service Fund In the fund		0 0 0 0 0 0	
Tech, Main, Fund und und volume coure Fund coure Fund coure Fund Tech, Main, Fund Tech, Main, Fund Tech, Main, Fund mid	0 : 0 0 207,350 333,540	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2,305,938
Tech, Main Fund und uc Fund venue Fund venue Fund venue Fund Tech, Estand Tech, Estand Tech, Estand Tech, Estand	0 0 207,350 333,540	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Supplemental Cap Const. Tech, Main Fund Total Program Reserve Fund Food Service Spec Revenue Fund Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund Pupit Acturity Special Revenue Fund Transportation Fund Bone, Redemption Fund Bone Redemption Fund Govt Indicated Participation (COP) Debt Scrivice Fund Building Fund Special Projects Fund Canala Risserve Capital Projects Fund Canala Risserve Capital Projects Fund Capitals Proprietary Cother Frierprize Funds IOSA Riskerve Rands Funds Fund	0 0 207,350 333,540	0 0 150,939	c
Food Service Spec Revenue Fund Food Service Spec Revenue Fund Cost Designated-Purpose Grants Fund Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund Liansportation Fund Building Fund Special Building Fund Canal Reserve Capital Projects Fund Canal Reserve Capital Projects Fund Capital Projects Fund Capital Proprietary Cother Frierprize Funds IOIN Reveredated Activity Funds	0 207,350 333,540	90 938	0
Food Service Spec Revenue Fund Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund I hangoriation Fund Govt Redemption Fund Govt Redemption Fund Canital Building Fund Special Building Fund Special Building Fund Canital Reserve Capital Fund Canital Reserve Capital Fund Canital Reserve Capital Fund Canital Reserve Familiar Fund Canital Reserve Familiar Fund Canital Reserve Familiar Fund Canital Reserve Familiar Funds Proprietary Gither Frierpair Funds INST. Reverelated Activity Funds	333,540	150.929	0
Goot Designated-Purpose Grants Fund Pupit Activity Special Revenue Fund Liunsportation Fund Born, Redemption Fund Certificat of Principation (COP) Debt Service Fund Building Fund Canal Risserve Capital Projects Fund Canal Risserve Capital Projects Fund Canal Risserve Capital Projects Fund Cupitiements Cap Const Tech Mait Fund Colline Fune Fund Colline Fune Funds Colline Fune Funds Colline Fune Funds Colline Fune Funds	333,540		85,708
Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund Transportation Fund Book Redemption Fund Corrilliat of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund Building Fund Service Tabrial Projects Fund Supilements Capital Projects Fund Copital Reserve Capital Projects Fund Supilements Cap Conv. Tech Matt Fund Copitals Proprietary Other Enterprise Funds (193) Rive Related Activity Funds		333,540	0
Fransportation Fund Bont, Redemption Fund Certifuate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund Building Fund Service Fund Service Fund Canalal Reservin Capital Projects Fund Capital Reservin Capital Projects Fund Capital Proprietary Other Full prize Funds Cather Full prize Funds Capitals Proprietary Other Full prize Funds Capitals Proprietary	81,721	81,844	101,162
Bonk Redemption Fund Certifulate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund Building Fund Special Building Fund Charial Reserve Capital Properts Fund Charial Reserve Capital Properts Fund Cupitements Capital Properts Fund Cupite Proprietary Other Full Prize Funds Cities Full Prize Funds	0	0	0
Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund Building Fund Special Building Fund Charal Reserve Capital Properts Fund Cupplements, Cap Const. Tech Main: Fund Cother Fine pure Funds (Other Fine pure Funds)	-165,551	71,882	314,334
Building Fund Special Building Fund Cancel Reserve Capital Projects Fund Cupplements Capital Projects Fund Cupplements Capital Proprietary Other Frierpitz Funds Other Frierpitz Funds	0	0	0
Special Building Find Charal Reserve Capital Projects Fund Supplements Cap Construct, Main Fund Totals Proprietary Other File prize Funds (63) Rive-Related Activity Fund	8,321,518	1,497,505	6,824,012
Кан: Fund 2,776,80	0	0	0
2,776,80	0	0	0
	Đ	0	D
Proprietary Other Frieipurs Funds 1631 Russ Real and Actually Fund 1631 Russ Russ Real and Actually Fund 1631 Russ Russ Russ Russ Russ Russ Russ Rus	11,573,870	4,719,523	9,631,154
Other Frierpuse Funds 1033 Rive-Related Actuals Fund 10			
(63) Risi-Kelated Activity Fund	0	.0	0
	0	0	0
ed 65-69. Other Internal Service Funds	C	0	99
Totals	0	0	0
Fiduciary			
Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	9	9
Provate Purpose Trust Fund	е	0	0
Agency Fund	6	0	0
Pupil Activity Agency Fund	۰	0	0
GASB 34:Permanent Fund	e	0	0
Foundations	0	0	0



Colorado Department of Education

Bolded Balance Sheet Report District: 0230 - Walsh RE-1 Fiscal Year 2021-22 Colorado School District/BOCES

				.0	vernmental					Proprietary	ary			Fiduciary	iany	
ASSETS	General Funds 10,12-18	Charter School Fund 11	School Reschool 11 Fund 19	Special Revenue Funds 20, 22-29	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 06	Total Program Reserve Fund 07	Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21	Debt Service Funds 30-39	Capital Projects Funds 40-45,47-49	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 46	Other Enterprise Funds 50, 52-59	Risk- Related Activity Funds 63-64	Other Internal Service Funds 60	Trust & Agency Funds 70-79	Foundations Fund 85	Totals
Cash and Investments (8100-8104,8111)	2,049,721	0	18,398 101,162	101,162	0	0	49,068	291,155	6,374,494	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,883,999
Cash with Fiscal Agent (8105)	14,195	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,767	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21,961
Other Investment Accounts (8112-8115)	687,565	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	687,565
Taxes Receivable (8121,8122)	75,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	34,300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	109,300
Interfund Loans Receivable (8131,8132)	290'06	0	0	0	0	0	23,742	0	341,777	0	0	0	0	0	0	455,581
Intergovernmental Accounts Rec (8141)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grants Accounts Receivable (8142)	0	0	0	790'96	0	0	10,913	0	142,060	0	0	0	0	0	0	249,039
Other Receivables (8151-8154,8161)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inventories (8171.8172,8173)	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,299	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,299
Machinery and Equipment (8241,8242,8251)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	٥	0
Total Assets	2,916,542	0	18,398 197,	197,228	0	0	88,022	88,022 333,222	6,858,331	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,411,744

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LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY	Charter General School Funds Fund 10,12-18 11	Charter School Fund	Charter School Fund Preschool 11 Fund 19	Special Revenue Funds 20, 22-29	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 06	Total Program Reserve Fund 07	Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21	Debt Service Funds 30-39	Capital Projects Funds 40-45,	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 46	Other Enterprise Funds 50, 52-59	Risk- Related Activity Funds 63-64	Other Internal Service Funds	Trust & Agency Funds 70-79	Foundations Fund 85	Totals
Interfund Payables (7401,7402)	365,520	0	5,086	84,976	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	O	0	0	0	455,581
Other Payables (7421-7423)	11,429	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34,319	0	0	0	0	0	0	45,748
Accrued Expenses (7461)	183,129	0	10,778	0	0	0	2,314	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	196,221
Unearned Revenue (7481)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grants Deferred Revenue (7482)	8,897	0	0	11,091	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	19,988
Deferred Inflow (7800)	44,164	0	0	0	0	0	0	18,888	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	63.052
Total Liabilities	613,138	0	15,864 96	290'96	0 200	9	2,314	2,314 18,888	34,319	0.7	0	0	0	0	0	780,590

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Fiduciary

FUND EQUITY	General Funds 10,12-18	Charter School Fund 11	Preschool Fund 19	Special Revenue Funds 20. 22-29	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 06	Total Program Reserve Fund 07	Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21	Debt Service Funds 30-39	Capital Projects Funds 40-45, 47-49	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 46	Other Enterprise Funds 50, 52-59	Risk- Related Activity Funds 63-64	Other Internal Service Funds 60	Trust & Agency Funds 70-79	Foundations Fund 85	Totals
Nan-spendable Fund Balance 6710	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,299	0	0	0	0	0	O	0	0	4,299
Restricted Fund Balance 6720	0	0	0	0	0	0	81,409	314,334	6,824,012	0	С	D	D	0	0	7.219,756
IABOR 3% Emergency Reserve 6721	123,000	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	123,000
TABOR Multi-Year 6722	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	o	0	0	0	0
District Emergency Reserve (letter of credit or real estate) 6723	0	0	0	0	0	6	o	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0
Colorado Preschool Program (CPP) Reserve 6724	0	0	2,534	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,534
Fuil-Day Kindergarten Reserve 6725	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Risk-Related / Restricted Capital Reserve 6726	0	0	Û	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BEST Capital Reserve 6727	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Program Reserve 6728	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Committed Fund Balance 6750	2.490	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	d	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,490
Assigned Fund Balance 6760	0	0	0	101,162	0	O	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	101,162
Unassigned Fund Balance 6770	2,177,913	٥	0	0	0	a	0	0	c	0	0	0	O	0	0	2,177,913
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 6790	0	(0)	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Restricted Net Assets 6791	Ω	(0)	0	0	0	0	9	o	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	D
Unrestricted Net Assets 6792	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G	26	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prior Period Adjustment 6880	0	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Fund Equity	2,303,404	o	2,534	101,162	0	0	85,708	85,708 314,334	6,824,012	O PORT OF THE O	0	100 S 100 T	0	0	0	9,631,154
	General Funds 10,12-18	Charter School Fund 11	Charter Preschool School Fund 19 Fund 11	Special Revenue Funds 20, 22-29	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 06	Total Program Reserve Fund 07	Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21	Debt Service Funds 30-39	Capital Projects Funds 40-45,	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 46	Other Enterprise Funds 50, 52-59	Risk- Related Activity Funds 63-64	Other Internal Service Funds 60	Trust & Agency Funds 70-79	Foundations Fund 85	Totals
Total Liabilities & Fund Equity	2,916,542	0	18,398	197,228	0	0	86,022	333,222	6,858,331	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 10,411,744
	General Funds 10,12-18	Charter School Fund 11	Charter Preschool School Fund 19 Fund 11	Special Revenue Funds 20, 22-29	Supplemental Cap Const Fund 06	Total Program Reserve Fund 07	Food Service Special Revenue Fund 21	Service Funds 30-39	Ę.	Capital Supplemental Projects Cap Const ds 40-45 Fund 46 47-49	Ente	Other Risk related Enterprise activity Funds 50, Funds 52-59 63-64	related activity Funds 63-64	Other Internal Service Funds 60	Trust & Fa Agency Funds 70-79	Foundations Fund 85
For Each Fund Type: Do Assets=Liability+Fund Equity	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

-59-