



ST. CLAIRSVILLE-RICHLAND CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BELMONT COUNTY JUNE 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

St. Clairsville-Richland City School District Belmont County 108 Woodrow Avenue St. Clairsville. Ohio 43950

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Clairsville-Richland City School District, Belmont County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

St. Clairsville-Richland City School District Belmont County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Schoolwide Pool Funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 23 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the School District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's Discussion and Analysis*, and Schedules of Net Pension and Other Post-employment Benefit Liabilities and Pension and Other Post-employment Benefit Contributions listed in the Table of Contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

St. Clairsville-Richland City School District Belmont County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 17, 2022, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 17, 2022

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of St. Clairsville-Richland City School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2021 are as follows:

- Net position decreased \$1,340,080.
- General revenues accounted for \$14,902,969 in revenue or approximately 70 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$6,518,602 or approximately 30 percent of total revenues in the amount of \$21,421,571.
- Total assets increased \$1,173,824, primarily due to increases in intergovernmental receivables, and cash and cash equivalents. Total liabilities increased \$1,778,945 primarily due to an increase in the net pension liability.
- The School District had \$22,761,651 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$6,518,602 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, and operating grants and contributions. General revenues in the amount of \$14,902,969 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Total Governmental funds had \$21,322,661 in revenues and \$21,258,643 in expenditures. Overall, including other financing sources and uses, total Governmental Fund balances increased \$64,018.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand St. Clairsville-Richland City School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and concerns.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of St. Clairsville-Richland City School District, the General Fund, and the Schoolwide Pool Special Revenue Fund are the only major or significant funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2021?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District's activities are all considered to be Governmental Activities including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, food service, debt service and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, and the Schoolwide Pool Special Revenue Fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for a scholarship program. This activity is presented as a private purpose trust fund. The School District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other government units. These activities are reported as custodial funds. The School District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Net Position and Statement of Changes in Net Position. These activities are excluded from the School District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the School District to finance its operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2021 compared to 2020.

Table 1
Net Position
Governmental Activities

Govern	incinal Activities		_
	2021	2020	Change
Assets		-	
Current and Other Assets	\$16,737,444	\$15,372,093	\$1,365,351
Net OPEB Asset	1,141,237	1,069,905	71,332
Capital Assets	8,973,159	9,236,018	(262,859)
Total Assets	26,851,840	25,678,016	1,173,824
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	3,910,472	4,117,741	(207,269)
OPEB	563,653	412,814	150,839
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,474,125	4,530,555	(56,430)
Liabilities			
Current and Other Liabilities	2,096,841	2,095,696	1,145
Long-Term Liabilities:	2,000,011	2,000,000	1,113
Due Within One Year	218,910	233,299	(14,389)
Due in More than One Year:	210,910	233,233	(1.,505)
Net Pension Liability	19,499,942	17,587,877	1,912,065
Net OPEB Liability	1,266,868	1,407,868	(141,000)
Other Amounts	1,379,449	1,358,325	21,124
Total Liabilities	24,462,010	22,683,065	1,778,945
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Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	10,293,821	9,080,039	1,213,782
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	67,981	82,489	(14,508)
Pension	218,309	1,023,102	(804,793)
OPEB	2,057,887	1,773,839	284,048
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,637,998	11,959,469	678,529
Not Position (Deficit)			
Net Investment in Conital Assets	9 526 129	9 621 010	(05 401)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,536,438	8,631,919	(95,481)
Restricted	613,980	453,991	159,989
Unrestricted	$\frac{(14,924,461)}{(95,774,042)}$	(13,519,873)	(\$1,240,080)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	(\$5,774,043)	(\$4,433,963)	(\$1,340,080)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2021. GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

Total assets increased \$1,173,824. Current and other assets increased \$1,365,351 primarily due to increases in intergovernmental receivable, most notably Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) grant funding. The availability of ESSER funds also contributed to an increase in cash and cash equivalents as the School District was able to reallocate allowable costs to the relief funds. Capital assets decreased \$262,859 due to annual depreciation exceeding capital assets additions. Additionally, the School District is reporting a net OPEB asset of \$1,141,237 related to the other post-employments benefits plan for the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS).

Total liabilities increased \$1,778,945. Current and other liabilities were essentially unchanged from the prior year, with an increase of only \$1,145. Long-term liabilities increased \$1,777,800, primarily due to increases in net pension liability, which were offset slightly by decreases in the net OPEB liability.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following tables gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for 2021 and 2020.

St. Clairsville-Richland City School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

Table 2 Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities

Governn	nental Activities		
	2021	2020	Change
Revenues			_
Program Revenue			
Charges for Services	\$3,673,127	\$2,865,944	\$807,183
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,845,475	1,598,621	1,246,854
Total Progam Revenue	6,518,602	4,464,565	2,054,037
General Revenue			
Property Taxes	10,194,827	13,127,343	(2,932,516)
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	62,735	19,647	43,088
Grants and Entitlements	4,238,252	4,002,132	236,120
Gifts and Donations	77,002	176,356	(99,354)
Investment Earnings	5,910	52,233	(46,323)
Miscellaneous	324,243	129,100	195,143
Total General Revenue	14,902,969	17,506,811	(2,603,842)
Total Revenues	21,421,571	21,971,376	(549,805)
Program Expenses			
Instruction:			
Regular	11,673,741	11,137,566	536,175
Special	2,946,884	2,649,784	297,100
Vocational	40,507	43,074	(2,567)
Support Services:	,	,	())
Pupil	1,205,193	1,115,238	89,955
Instructional Staff	299,395	310,757	(11,362)
Board of Education	61,739	25,756	35,983
Administration	1,565,689	1,552,181	13,508
Fiscal	692,402	705,651	(13,249)
Business	358	5,929	(5,571)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,533,626	1,706,679	(173,053)
Pupil Transportation	534,534	698,974	(164,440)
Central	369,964	335,204	34,760
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	519,627	246,530	273,097
Food Service Operations	481,846	529,152	(47,306)
Extracurricular Activities	817,171	993,821	(176,650)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	18,975	30,590	(11,615)
Total Expenses	22,761,651	22,086,886	674,765
Change in Net Position	(1,340,080)	(115,510)	(1,224,570)
Net Position Beginning of Year	(4,433,963)	(4,318,453)	(115,510)
Net Position End of Year	(\$5,774,043)	(\$4,433,963)	(\$1,340,080)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

Program revenues accounted for approximately 30 percent of the School District's revenues in fiscal year 2021. Charges for services program revenue increased \$807,183 primarily due to increases in tuition and fees related to per diem fees for students educated at a residential treatment facility within the School District boundaries. Operating grants and contributions program revenue increased \$1,246,854 primarily due to increases in federal grant funding, most notably grant funding from the various coronavirus relief packages.

Instruction comprises approximately 64 percent of total governmental program expenses. Of the total instructional expenses, approximately 80 percent is for regular instruction, approximately 20 percent is for special instruction and vocational instruction combined. Overall program expenses increased over the prior fiscal year in the amount of \$674,765. The increase in program expense was primarily due to the costs of providing both in-person remote learning in response to the ongoing COVID-19. Program expenses also compound when depreciation of capital assets exceeds the additions, or improvements of capital assets.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest earnings offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal year 2021 compared to fiscal year 2020.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost o	f Services	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Instruction:					
Regular	\$11,673,741	\$11,137,566	\$7,754,843	\$8,764,714	
Special	2,946,884	2,649,784	1,830,850	1,994,471	
Vocational	40,507	43,074	15,734	27,060	
Support Services					
Pupil	1,205,193	1,115,238	1,066,755	1,047,728	
Instructional Staff	299,395	310,757	293,252	292,070	
Board of Education	61,739	25,756	61,739	25,756	
Administration	1,565,689	1,552,181	1,558,535	1,550,109	
Fiscal	692,402	705,651	689,469	705,651	
Business	358	5,929	358	5,929	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,533,626	1,706,679	1,379,458	1,662,100	
Pupil Transportation	534,534	698,974	514,633	698,974	
Central	369,964	335,204	256,748	232,751	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	519,627	246,530	179,196	(15,039)	
Food Service Operations	481,846	529,152	20,534	39,066	
Extracurricular Activities	817,171	993,821	601,970	560,391	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	18,975	30,590	18,975	30,590	
Total Expenses	\$22,761,651	\$22,086,886	\$16,243,049	\$17,622,321	

The dependence upon tax revenues and state subsidies for governmental activities is apparent. Approximately 71 percent of program expenses are supported through taxes and other general revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 15. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The School District has two major funds, the General Fund, and the Schoolwide Pool Special Revenue Fund. The General Fund had \$18,458,419 in revenues and \$15,487,741 in expenditures. Including other financing uses, the General Fund's balance decreased \$78,037. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in property taxes as a result of decreases in State Foundation related to COVID-19's impact on the State Budget while the increase in expenditures was more significant, most notably for Operation and Maintenance of Plant. The Schoolwide Pool Fund had \$160,978 in revenues and \$2,977,693 in expenditures. Including other financing sources, the Schoolwide Pool had no change in fund balance.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2021 the School District amended its General Fund appropriations, and the budgetary statement reflects both the original and final appropriated amounts. The School District also made amendments to its original revenue estimates. The most notable change between the final estimates and actual revenues reflect not issuing a tax anticipation note. Actual results of operation differed from the budget, as expenditures were less than budgeted.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2021, the School District had \$8,973,159 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures, and equipment, and vehicles, net of depreciation. Table 4 shows fiscal 2021 balances compared to 2020:

Table 4
Capital Assets Net of Depreciation
Government Activities

	2021	2020
Land	\$1,330,849	\$1,330,849
Land Improvements	1,054,896	1,129,742
Buildings and Improvements	5,900,135	6,039,794
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	397,713	391,177
Vehicles	289,566	344,456
Totals	\$8,973,159	\$9,236,018

For more information on capital assets see Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Unaudited

Debt

At June 30, 2021, the School District had \$436,721 outstanding in capital leases with \$165,777 due within one year. See Note 16 for more information on the long-term obligations of the School District, including compensated absences, and net pension and net OPEB liabilities.

Economic Factors

The St. Clairsville-Richland School District is 78 square miles in Belmont County and encompasses the county seat, a mall and a shopping plaza area.

In regard to State Funding, for fiscal year 2021 our state share index was 13.85 percent which represents the percent of per pupil funding the School District received from the state. The State's Biennial Budget (House Bill 166) froze foundation funding for fiscal year 2020 and fiscal year 2021 to the level received in fiscal year 2019. The School District has been on the guarantee which guarantees prior year funding which has resulted in no growth in State funding. For example, the School District received a total of \$4,434,367 in FY2003 for Unrestricted State Aid, Restricted State Aid, and Property Tax Reimbursements. In fiscal year 2021 the School District received a total of \$4,334,714 for those same categories.

The School District's main revenue resource is real property taxes. The major valuation changes have been in mineral values and public utility values due to oil and gas production and pipeline installation. Oil and gas production can vary based on market needs. The pipelines that have been installed are the Texas Eastern and the Rover. These values have changed dramatically in the last couple of years, together they now represent 14.97 percent of the total tax year 2021 valuation as compared to 5.01 percent in tax year 2015. Additionally, 2018 was the most recent sexennial reappraisal in Belmont County.

The School District is involved in two tax increment financing (TIF) projects. The first was with Belmont County for the construction of an overpass over interstate 70 approved on December 31, 2015. The second was with the City of St. Clairsville for infrastructure in the new St. Clair Commons development approved on June 20, 2016. For additional information regarding the TIF projects and their related financial effects, see Note 7.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Amy Porter, Treasurer/CFO at St. Clairsville-Richland City School District, 108 Woodrow Avenue, St. Clairsville, Ohio 43950.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Intergovernmental Receivable Prepaid Items	\$4,095,896 1,040,498 6,855
Materials and Supplies Inventory Property Taxes Receivable Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	19,228 11,324,047 67,981
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents Net OPEB Asset Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	182,939 1,141,237 1,330,849
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	7,642,310
Total Assets	26,851,840
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension OPEB	3,910,472 563,653
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,474,125
Liabilities	21.044
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	21,044 1,583,922
Intergovernmental Payable	476,993
Accrued Interest Payable	5,375
Claims Payable Long-Term Liabilities:	9,507
Due Within One Year Due In More Than One Year:	218,910
Net Pension Liability	19,499,942
Net OPEB Liability	1,266,868
Other Amounts	1,379,449
Total Liabilities	24,462,010
Deferred Inflows of Resources	10 202 921
Property Taxes Payment in Lieu of Taxes	10,293,821 67,981
Pension	218,309
OPEB	2,057,887
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,637,998
Net Position (Deficit)	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,536,438
Restricted for: State Programs	171,219
Federal Programs	98,135
Food Service	51,304
Student Activities	41,154
Other Purposes	252,168
Unrestricted	(14,924,461)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	(\$5,774,043)

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Program	n Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$11,673,741	\$3,310,779	\$608,119	(\$7,754,843)
Special	2,946,884	0	1,116,034	(1,830,850)
Vocational	40,507	0	24,773	(15,734)
Support Services:				
Pupil	1,205,193	0	138,438	(1,066,755)
Instructional Staff	299,395	0	6,143	(293,252)
Board of Education	61,739	0	0	(61,739)
Administration	1,565,689	320	6,834	(1,558,535)
Fiscal	692,402	2,933	0	(689,469)
Business	358	0	0	(358)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,533,626	0	154,168	(1,379,458)
Pupil Transportation	534,534	0	19,901	(514,633)
Central	369,964	113,216	0	(256,748)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	519,627	0	340,431	(179,196)
Food Service Operations	481,846	37,442	423,870	(20,534)
Extracurricular Activities	817,171	208,437	6,764	(601,970)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	18,975	0	0	(18,975)
Total Governmental Activities	\$22,761,651	\$3,673,127	\$2,845,475	(16,243,049)
	Payment in Lieu of		oses	10,194,827 62,735 4,238,252 77,002 5,910 324,243
	Total General Revenu	ies		14,902,969
	Change in Net Position	on		(1,340,080)
	Net Position (Deficit)	Beginning of Year		(4,433,963)
	Net Position (Deficit)	End of Year		(\$5,774,043)

St. Clairsville-Richland City School District

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

Accept	General	Schoolwide Pool	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Fourier in Popular Cook and Cook Fourier lands	\$3,530,347	\$0	\$554.54Q	\$4,084,896
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	182,939	0	\$554,549 0	182,939
Restricted Assets:	102,939	U	U	102,939
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	11,000	0	0	11,000
Receivables:	11,000	V	V	11,000
Property Taxes	11,324,047	0	0	11,324,047
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	67,981	U	U	67,981
Intergovernmental	160,092	0	880,406	1,040,498
Interfund	670,490	528,722	0	1,199,212
Prepaid Items	6,855	0	0	6,855
Materials and Supplies Inventory	13,672	ő	5,556	19,228
Materials and Supplies inventory	13,072		3,330	17,220
Total Assets	\$15,967,423	\$528,722	\$1,440,511	\$17,936,656
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$5,867	\$0	\$15,177	\$21,044
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,070,999	451,518	61,405	1,583,922
Claims Payable	9,507	0	0	9,507
Interfund Payable	528,722	0	670,490	1,199,212
Intergovernmental Payable	373,523	77,204	26,266	476,993
,				
Total Liabilities	1,988,618	528,722	773,338	3,290,678
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes	10,293,821	0	0	10,293,821
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	67,981	0	0	67,981
Unavailable Revenue	310,510	0	48,571	359,081
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,672,312	0	48,571	10,720,883
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable:				
Inventories	13,672	0	5,556	19,228
Prepaid Items Restricted for:	6,855	0	0	6,855
State Programs	0	0	171,219	171,219
Federal Programs	0	0	57,201	57,201
Food Service Operations	0	0	45,748	45,748
Student Activities	0	0	41,154	41,154
Underground Storage Tank Premium	11,000	0	0	11,000
Other Purposes	0	0	241,168	241,168
Assigned to:			71.570	71.570
Capital Projects	0	0	71,570	71,570
Future Appropriations	2,523,423	0	0	2,523,423
Purchases on Order	751,543	0	(15.014)	751,543
Unassigned (Deficit)	0	0	(15,014)	(15,014)
Total Fund Balances	3,306,493	0	618,602	3,925,095
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$15,967,423	\$528,722	\$1,440,511	\$17,936,656
	·			<u> </u>

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2021

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$3,925,095
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		8,973,159
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds: Intergovernmental Delinquent Property Taxes Tuition and Fees Total	48,825 220,914 89,342	359,081
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and notes, whereas in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		(5,375)
Some long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Capital Leases Compensated Absences Total	436,721 1,161,638	(1,598,359)
The net pension/OPEB asset/liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the governmental funds: Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflows - Pension Deferred Inflows - OPEB Total	1,141,237 3,910,472 563,653 (19,499,942) (1,266,868) (218,309) (2,057,887)	(17,427,644)
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	=	(\$5,774,043)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General	Schoolwide Pool	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		-		
Property Taxes	\$10,069,647	\$0	\$60,873	\$10,130,520
Intergovernmental	4,568,812	160,978	2,327,994	7,057,784
Interest	5,691	0	219	5,910
Tuition and Fees	3,300,619	0	0	3,300,619
Extracurricular Activities	16,686	0	191,751	208,437
Rent	1,500	0	3,253	4,753
Gifts and Donations	19,872	0	57,130	77,002
Charges for Services	113,216	0	37,442	150,658
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	62,735	0	0	62,735
Miscellaneous	299,641	0	24,602	324,243
Total Revenues	18,458,419	160,978	2,703,264	21,322,661
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:	7.400.565	2 747 026	462.227	10 (00 020
Regular	7,489,565	2,747,026	463,337	10,699,928
Special	1,781,093	230,667	719,625	2,731,385
Vocational	27,961	0	7,700	35,661
Support Services:	060 101	0	127.560	1.006.750
Pupil	969,191	0	127,568	1,096,759
Instructional Staff	256,195	0	5,400	261,595
Board of Education	59,352	0	0	59,352
Administration Fiscal	1,397,910	0	17,063	1,414,973
	663,503	0	1,228	664,731
Business	1 221 841	0	358	358
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,321,841	0	155,258 20,101	1,477,099
Pupil Transportation Central	441,858		20,101	461,959
	355,557	0	296,158	355,557
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	122,366 0			418,524
Food Service Operations Extracurricular Activities	435,830	0	452,867 296,725	452,867
		0	*	732,555
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	140,254	U	66,729	206,983
Principal Retirement	20,372	0	147,006	167,378
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,893	0	16,086	20,979
•	4,693	<u> </u>	10,080	20,979
Total Expenditures	15,487,741	2,977,693	2,793,209	21,258,643
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,970,678	(2,816,715)	(89,945)	64,018
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	0	2,816,715	232,000	3,048,715
Transfers Out	(3,048,715)	0	0	(3,048,715)
		_		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,048,715)	2,816,715	232,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(78,037)	0	142,055	64,018
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	3,384,530	0	476,547	3,861,077
Fund Balances End of Year	\$3,306,493	\$0	\$618,602	\$3,925,095

Reconciliation of the Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$64,018
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Capital Assets Additions Depreciation Total	195,339 (458,198)	(262,859)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds: Intergovernmental Delinquent Property Taxes Tuition and Fees Total	25,943 64,307 8,660	98,910
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Capital Leases		167,378
Interest is reported as an expenditure when due in the governmental funds, but is accrued on outstanding debt on the Statement of Activities.		2,004
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences Total	174,113	(174,113)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Total	1,409,985 34,792	1,444,777
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB asset/liability are reported as expense in the Statement of Activities. Pension OPEB Total	(2,724,526) 44,331	(2,680,195)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	=	(\$1,340,080)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Revenues Property Taxes \$11,157,976 \$11,157,976 \$11,222,494 \$264,518 Intergovernmental 4,269,715 4,269,715 4,503,928 234,213 Interest 30,000 30,000 5,691 224,123 Interest 20,000 20,000 16,686 (33,14) Kent 0 0 1,500 1,500 Giffs and Donations 17,000 17,000 118,216 132,12 Charges for Services 100,000 100,000 12,12 2,72 Payment in Lieu of Taxes 20,000 20,000 62,735 42,735 Miscellamoso 21,800 31,800 299,641 267,844 Total Revenues 18,408,941 18,418,941 19,746,382 1,327,441 Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Current Expenditures Current Expenditures Current Light Ma		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Property Taxes \$11,157,976 \$11,147,976 \$21,42,494 \$24,218 Intergovernmental \$4269,715 \$4269,715 \$43,09.28 \$234,218 Interest \$30,000 \$30,000 \$5,691 \$24,809 \$23,100 \$23,000 \$20,000	Revenues				
Interpovermental 4,269,715 4,269,715 4,243,19 1,000		\$11 157 976	\$11 157 976	\$11 422 494	\$264 518
Interest 30,000 30,000 5,691 24,309 Extracurricular Activities 20,000 20,000 16,686 (3,314 1,500	* *				
Purition and Fees 2,772,450 2,772,450 3,300,619 528,169 524					
Rent					
Rent Gifts and Donations 0 0 1,500 1,500 Cifts and Donations 17,000 110,000 113,216 13,216 Payment in Lieu of Taxes 20,000 20,000 20,000 2,735 42,735 Miscellancous 21,800 31,800 299,641 267,841 Total Revenues 18,408,941 18,418,941 19,746,382 1,327,441 Expenditures Current: Instruction: 1 1,2674,594 12,675,048 7,717,768 4,957,280 Special 1,2579,393 1,259,393 1,773,603 (514,210) Vocational 20,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) Special 1,2674,594 12,675,048 7,717,768 4,957,280 Special 1,2674,593 1,259,393 1,773,603 (514,210) Vocational 20,000 27,850 (7,850) Special 70,275 7,02,275 1,010,005 (308,430) Instructional Staff 190,178	Extracurricular Activities				
Girts and Donations 17,000 17,000 19,872 2,872 Charges for Services 100,000 20,000 62,735 42,735 Miscellaneous 21,800 31,800 299,641 267,841 Total Revenues 18,408,941 18,418,941 19,746,382 1,327,441 Expenditures Current Instruction: 12,674,594 12,675,048 7,717,768 4,957,280 Special 1,259,393 1,773,603 (514,210) Vocational 20,000 20,000 27,850 (78,50) Support Services: 2 17,275 702,275 1,017,768 4,957,280 Instructional Staff 190,178 190,178 283,233 (93,055) Board of Education 42,000 42,000 61,163 (19,163) Administration 1,135,376 1,35,376 1,56,871 (426,495) Fiscal 521,225 521,225 687,286 (166,061) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,080,216	Rent				
Payment in Lieu of Taxes 20,000 20,000 299,641 267,841 267,841 21,800 31,800 299,641 267,841 267,841 21,800 31,800 299,641 267,841 267	Gifts and Donations	17,000	17,000	19,872	2,872
Miscellaneous 21,800 31,800 299,641 267,841 Total Revenues 18,408,941 18,418,941 19,746,382 1,327,441 Expenditures Current: Instruction: 8 12,674,594 12,675,048 7,717,768 4,957,280 Special 12,269,393 1,273,603 (14,210) (7,850) Support Services: 8 190,178 190,178 283,233 (30,8430) Instructional Staff 190,178 190,178 283,233 (39,055) Board of Education 42,000 42,000 61,163 (19,163) Board of Education 142,000 42,000 61,163 (19,163) Board of Education 1,155,376 1,155,376 1,518,871 (426,495) Fiscal 51,2225 521,225 687,286 (166,061) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,080,216 1,080,216 1,535,059 (454,843) Pupil Transportation 334,564 334,564 546,262 (211,698)		100,000	100,000	113,216	13,216
Total Revenues 18,408,941 18,418,941 19,746,382 1,327,441 Expenditures Current: Instruction: Regular 12,674,594 12,675,048 7,717,768 4,957,280 Special 1,259,393 1,259,393 1,773,603 (514,210) Vocational 20,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) Support Services: 702,275 702,275 1,010,705 (308,430) Instructional Staff 190,178 190,178 283,233 (93,055) Board of Education 42,000 42,000 61,163 (19,163) Administration 1,135,376 1,151,376 1,561,871 (426,495) Fiscal 521,225 521,225 687,286 (166,601) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,080,216 1,535,509 (454,843) Pupil Transportation 334,564 334,564 346,262 (211,698) Central 310,224 310,224 364,768 (54,544) Operation of Non-Instructional Serv	Payment in Lieu of Taxes	20,000	20,000	62,735	
Expenditures Current: Instruction: Regular 12,674,594 12,675,048 7,717,768 4,957,280 Special 1,259,393 1,259,393 1,773,603 (514,210) Vocational 20,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) Support Services: Pupil 702,275 702,275 1,010,705 (308,430) Instructional Staff 190,178 190,178 283,233 (93,055) Board of Education 42,000 42,000 61,163 (19,163) Administration 1,155,376 1,155,376 1,155,376 1,66,871 (426,495) Fiscal 521,225 521,225 687,286 (166,061) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,080,216 1,080,216 1,351,059 (454,843) Pupil Transportation 334,564 343,564 546,262 (211,698) Central 310,224 310,224 364,768 (54,544) Operation of Non-Instructional Services 88,000 88,000 122,307 (34,307) Extracurricular Activities 317,000 317,000 444,548 (127,548) Capital Outlay 190,199 190,199 172,269 17,930 Total Expenditures 18,865,244 18,865,698 16,308,692 2,557,006 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (456,303) (446,757) 3,437,690 3,884,447 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,030,000) (2,030,000) (2,244,2421) (812,421) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,030,000) (1,030,000) (2,243,600) (2,213,600) Net Change in Fund Balance (2,486,303) (1,476,757) 194,090 1,670,847 Fund Balance Beginning of Year 2,762,704 687,744 6	Miscellaneous	21,800	31,800	299,641	267,841
Instruction: Regular 12,674,594 12,675,048 7,717,768 4,957,280 5,906 1,259,393 1,259,393 1,773,603 (514,210) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) 5,000 20,000	Total Revenues	18,408,941	18,418,941	19,746,382	1,327,441
Instruction: Regular 12,674,594 12,675,048 7,717,768 4,957,280 Special 1,259,393 1,259,393 1,773,603 (514,210) Vocational 20,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) Support Services: Pupil 702,275 702,275 1,010,705 (308,430) Instructional Staff 190,178 190,178 283,233 (93,055) Board of Education 42,000 42,000 61,163 (19,163) Administration 1,135,376 1,353,76 1,561,871 (426,495) Fiscal 521,225 521,225 687,286 (166,061) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,080,216 1,380,216 1,535,505 (454,843) Pupil Transportation 334,564 334,564 546,262 (211,698) Pupil Transportation 334,564 334,564 546,262 (211,698) Central 310,224 310,224 364,768 (54,544) Operation of Non-Instructional Services 88,000 88,000 122,307 (34,307) Extracurricular Activities 317,000 317,000 444,548 (127,548) Capital Outlay 190,199 190,199 172,269 17,930 Total Expenditures 18,865,244 18,865,698 16,308,692 2,557,006 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 456,303 (446,757) 3,437,690 3,884,447 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,030,000) (2,030,000) (2,842,421) (812,421) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,030,000) (1,030,000) (2,842,421) (812,421) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,030,000) (1,030,000) (3,243,600) (2,213,600) Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 687,744 687,744 687,744 0	Expenditures				
Regular Special 12,674,594 12,675,048 7,717,768 4,957,280 (514,210) Special 1,259,393 1,259,393 1,736,603 (514,210) Vocational 20,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) Support Services: 20,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) Pupil 702,275 702,275 1,010,705 (308,430) Instructional Staff 190,178 190,178 283,233 (93,055) Board of Education 42,000 42,000 61,163 (19,163) Administration 1,135,376 1,315,376 1,561,871 (426,495) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,080,216 1,080,216 1,535,059 (454,843) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,080,216 1,080,216 1,535,059 (454,843) Operation of Non-Instructional Services 88,000 88,000 122,307 (34,364) Operation of Non-Instructional Services 88,000 88,000 122,307 (34,307) Extracurricular Activities 317,000 317,000	Current:				
Special 1,259,393 1,259,393 1,773,603 (514,210) Vocational 20,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) Support Services: Pupil 702,275 702,275 1,010,705 (308,430) Instructional Staff 190,178 190,178 283,233 (93,055) Board of Education 42,000 42,000 61,163 (19,163) Administration 1,135,376 1,135,376 1,561,871 (426,495) Fiscal 521,225 521,225 687,286 (166,061) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,080,216 1,535,059 (454,843) Pupil Transportation 334,564 334,564 546,262 (211,698) Central 310,224 310,224 364,768 (54,544) Operation of Non-Instructional Services 88,000 88,000 122,307 (34,307) Extracurricular Activities 317,000 317,000 444,548 (127,548) Capital Outlay 190,199 190,199 172,269 17,930 <					
Vocational Support Services: 20,000 20,000 27,850 (7,850) Support Services: 702,275 702,275 1,010,705 (308,430) Instructional Staff 190,178 190,178 283,233 (93,055) Board of Education 42,000 42,000 61,163 (19,163) Administration 1,135,376 1,561,871 (426,495) Fiscal 521,225 521,225 687,286 (166,061) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,080,216 1,080,216 1,535,059 (454,843) Pupil Transportation 334,564 334,564 546,262 (211,698) Central 310,224 310,224 364,768 (54,544) Operation of Non-Instructional Services 88,000 88,000 122,307 (34,307) Extracurricular Activities 317,000 317,000 444,548 (127,548) Capital Outlay 190,199 190,199 172,269 17,930 Total Expenditures 18,865,244 18,865,698 16,308,692 2,557,006 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Support Services: Pupil 702,275 702,275 1,010,705 (308,430) Pupil 190,178 190,178 283,233 (93,055) Board of Education 42,000 42,000 61,163 (19,163) Administration 1,135,376 1,135,376 1,561,871 (426,495) Fiscal 521,225 521,225 687,286 (166,061) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,080,216 1,535,059 (454,843) Pupil Transportation 334,564 334,564 546,262 (211,698) Central 310,224 310,224 364,768 (54,544) Operation of Non-Instructional Services 88,000 88,000 122,307 (34,307) Extracurricular Activities 317,000 317,000 444,548 (127,548) Capital Outlay 190,199 190,199 172,269 17,930 Total Expenditures 48,865,244 18,865,698 16,308,692 2,557,006 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (456,303) (446,757) 3,437,690	•				
Pupil 702,275 702,275 1,010,705 (308,430) Instructional Staff 190,178 190,178 283,233 (93,055) Board of Education 42,000 42,000 61,163 (19,163) Administration 1,135,376 1,135,376 1,561,871 (426,495) Fiscal 521,225 521,225 687,286 (166,061) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,080,216 1,080,216 1,535,059 (454,843) Pupil Transportation 334,564 334,564 546,262 (211,698) Central 310,224 310,224 364,768 (54,544) Operation of Non-Instructional Services 88,000 88,000 122,307 (34,307) Extracurricular Activities 317,000 317,000 444,548 (127,548) Capital Outlay 190,199 190,199 172,269 17,930 Total Expenditures 4865,244 18,865,698 16,308,692 2,557,006 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 49,683,033 4446,757) 3,437,690		20,000	20,000	27,850	(7,850)
Districtional Staff		702 275	702 275	1 010 705	(200, 420)
Board of Education 42,000 42,000 61,163 (19,163) Administration 1,135,376 1,135,376 1,153,376 1,561,871 (426,495) Fiscal 521,225 521,225 587,286 (166,061) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,080,216 1,535,059 (454,843) Pupil Transportation 334,564 334,564 546,262 (211,698) Central 310,224 310,224 364,768 (54,544) Operation of Non-Instructional Services 88,000 88,000 122,307 (34,307) Extracurricular Activities 317,000 317,000 444,548 (127,548) Capital Outlay 190,199 190,199 172,269 17,930 Total Expenditures 18,865,244 18,865,698 16,308,692 2,557,006 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (456,303) (446,757) 3,437,690 3,884,447 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 583 583 Advances Out 0 0					
Administration 1,135,376 1,135,376 1,561,871 (426,495) Fiscal 521,225 521,225 687,286 (166,061) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,080,216 1,535,059 (454,843) Pupil Transportation 334,564 334,564 546,262 (211,698) Central 310,224 310,224 364,768 (54,544) Operation of Non-Instructional Services 88,000 88,000 122,307 (34,307) Extracurricular Activities 317,000 317,000 444,548 (127,548) Capital Outlay 190,199 190,199 172,269 17,930 Total Expenditures 18,865,244 18,865,698 16,308,692 2,557,006 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (456,303) (446,757) 3,437,690 3,884,447 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Tax Anticipation Notes Issued 0 0 0 (1,000,000) Advances In 0 0 0 (401,762) (401,762) Transfers Out <					(/ /
Fiscal Operation and Maintenance of Plant Operation and Maintenance of Plant In 1,880,216 1,080,216 1,535,059 (454,843) 687,286 (166,061) (21,668) (21,648) (24,644) (334,564) 344,564 546,262 (211,698) (24,48,40) (21,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,307) (34,207) (34,207) (34,207) (34,207) (34,207) (34,207) (34,207) (34,207) (34,207) (34,207)					
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Other Financing Sources (Uses) Tax Anticipation Notes Issued 0 1,000,000 0 (1,000,000) Advances In 0 0 583 583 Advances Out 0 0 (401,762) (401,762) Transfers Out (2,030,000) (2,030,000) (2,842,421) (812,421) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,030,000) (1,030,000) (3,243,600) (2,213,600) Net Change in Fund Balance (2,486,303) (1,476,757) 194,090 1,670,847 Fund Balance Beginning of Year 2,762,704 2,762,704 2,762,704 0 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 687,744 687,744 687,744 0	•		(446.757)	2 427 600	
Tax Anticipation Notes Issued 0 1,000,000 0 (1,000,000) Advances In 0 0 583 583 Advances Out 0 0 (401,762) (401,762) Transfers Out (2,030,000) (2,030,000) (2,842,421) (812,421) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,030,000) (1,030,000) (3,243,600) (2,213,600) Net Change in Fund Balance (2,486,303) (1,476,757) 194,090 1,670,847 Fund Balance Beginning of Year 2,762,704 2,762,704 2,762,704 0 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 687,744 687,744 687,744 0	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(456,303)	(446,/5/)	3,43 /,690	3,884,447
Advances In 0 0 583 583 Advances Out 0 0 (401,762) (401,762) Transfers Out (2,030,000) (2,030,000) (2,842,421) (812,421) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,030,000) (1,030,000) (3,243,600) (2,213,600) Net Change in Fund Balance (2,486,303) (1,476,757) 194,090 1,670,847 Fund Balance Beginning of Year 2,762,704 2,762,704 2,762,704 0 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 687,744 687,744 687,744 0	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances Out Transfers Out 0 0 (401,762) (401,762) Transfers Out (2,030,000) (2,030,000) (2,842,421) (812,421) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,030,000) (1,030,000) (3,243,600) (2,213,600) Net Change in Fund Balance (2,486,303) (1,476,757) 194,090 1,670,847 Fund Balance Beginning of Year 2,762,704 2,762,704 2,762,704 0 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 687,744 687,744 687,744 0	Tax Anticipation Notes Issued	0	1,000,000	0	(1,000,000)
Transfers Out (2,030,000) (2,030,000) (2,842,421) (812,421) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,030,000) (1,030,000) (3,243,600) (2,213,600) Net Change in Fund Balance (2,486,303) (1,476,757) 194,090 1,670,847 Fund Balance Beginning of Year 2,762,704 2,762,704 2,762,704 0 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 687,744 687,744 687,744 0		0	0		583
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (2,030,000) (1,030,000) (3,243,600) (2,213,600) Net Change in Fund Balance (2,486,303) (1,476,757) 194,090 1,670,847 Fund Balance Beginning of Year 2,762,704 2,762,704 2,762,704 0 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 687,744 687,744 687,744 0					
Net Change in Fund Balance (2,486,303) (1,476,757) 194,090 1,670,847 Fund Balance Beginning of Year 2,762,704 2,762,704 2,762,704 0 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 687,744 687,744 687,744 0	Transfers Out	(2,030,000)	(2,030,000)	(2,842,421)	(812,421)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year 2,762,704 2,762,704 2,762,704 0 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 687,744 687,744 687,744 0	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,030,000)	(1,030,000)	(3,243,600)	(2,213,600)
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated 687,744 687,744 687,744 0	Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,486,303)	(1,476,757)	194,090	1,670,847
	Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,762,704	2,762,704	2,762,704	0
Fund Balance End of Year \$964,145 \$1,973,691 \$3,644,538 \$1,670,847	Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	687,744	687,744	687,744	0
	Fund Balance End of Year	\$964,145	\$1,973,691	\$3,644,538	\$1,670,847

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Schoolwide Pool Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures Current:				
Instruction: Regular Special	3,200,000	3,200,000	2,729,454 222,086	470,546 (222,086)
Total Expenditures	3,200,000	3,200,000	2,951,540	248,460
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(3,200,000)	(3,200,000)	(2,951,540)	248,460
Other Financing Sources Advances In Transfers In	0 3,171,000	0 3,480,465	378,486 2,823,036	378,486 (657,429)
Total Other Financing Sources	3,171,000	3,480,465	3,201,522	(278,943)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(29,000)	280,465	249,982	(30,483)
Fund Deficit Beginning of Year	(280,465)	(280,465)	(280,465)	0
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	(\$309,465)	\$0	(\$30,483)	(\$30,483)

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial
Assets	444.040	** ***
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$11,018	\$1,815
Investments	548	0
Total Assets	11,566	1,815
Net Position		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	11,566	0
Restricted for Individuals, Organizations and Other Governments	0	1,815
Total Net Position	\$11,566	\$1,815

Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Fund
Additions Interest	\$18	\$0
Change in Net Position	18	0
Net Position Beginning of Year	11,548	1,815
Net Position End of Year	\$11,566	\$1,815

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The first building used as a school house in St. Clairsville was built in 1802. Various buildings were used throughout St. Clairsville until 1868 when a red brick school house was built on the northeast corner of North Market and East Main Street at a cost of \$36,000. It was a 74' x 77' three-story building with a cupola on the top and a sandstone wall around it. It was used until 1916 when it was replaced by a building which was located at 106 Woodrow Avenue where the current Middle School and High School complex remains. In 1871 St. Clairsville High School held its first graduation. Currently, the School District has a high school building, middle school building including a connector facility, elementary building, high school gym, stadium complex, an administration building, a transportation building, and several storage facilities.

The St. Clairsville-Richland City School District is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by state and federal agencies. The Board controls the School District's five instructional/support facilities staffed by 49 non-certificated employees, 105 certificated teaching personnel, and 9 administrators who provide services to 1,606 students and other community members.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the St. Clairsville-Richland City School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Nonpublic Schools Within the School District boundaries, St. Mary's School is operated through the Catholic Diocese and East Richland Christian Schools is operated through the Friends Church. Current State legislation provides funding to these non-public schools. These monies are received and disbursed by the School District on behalf of the non-public school by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the non-public school. These transactions are reported as a governmental activity of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in the Belmont-Harrison Vocational School District, the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Information Technology Center Regional Council of Governments (Council), and the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (CORAS), which are jointly governed organizations, the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program which is defined as an insurance purchasing pool, and the Jefferson Health Plan Self-Insurance Plan, which is defined as a risk sharing, claims servicing, and insurance purchasing pool. The School District is associated with the St. Clairsville Public Library which is defined as a related organization. These organizations are presented in Notes 17, 18, and 19 to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental (primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and those that are considered business-type activities (primarily supported by fees and charges). The School District, however, has no business type activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The School District uses two categories of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

General Fund The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose, provided it is expended and transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Schoolwide Pool Fund – The Schoolwide Pool Fund is used to account for all financial resources required to operate the elementary school. The No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 provided the authority to pool all federal state and local funds necessary to upgrade the instructional program of school buildings where forty percent or greater of the student are from low-income families. The fund is utilized to pay all costs associated with operating the elementary school.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into the following four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that has certain characteristics. The School District has a private purpose trust fund which accounts for various college scholarships for students. Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in the total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, fiduciary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. In fiduciary funds, a liability to the beneficiaries of fiduciary activity is recognized when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Fiduciary fund liabilities other than those to beneficiaries are recognized using the economic resources measurement focus.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from investment trust, private purpose trust funds, and custodial funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, in the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB plans. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 11 and 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB plans and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental grants, and tuition and fees. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities fund on page 16. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. See Notes 11 and 12.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents." The School District utilizes a self-insurance third party administrator to review and pay claims. Money held by the administrator is presented as "cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agents".

During fiscal year 2021, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

During fiscal year 2021, the School District also had investments in non-negotiable certificates of deposit, which are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statues, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the fund to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2021 amounted to \$5,691, which includes \$824 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other government or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the General Fund represent cash restricted for insurance premiums related to the underground storage tank.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2021, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and purchased food/commodities held for resale.

Capital Assets

The only capital assets of the School District are general capital assets. These assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds and are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives	
Land	N/A	
Land Improvements	20 years	
Buildings and Improvements	5-50 years	
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	5-20 years	
Vehicles	5-10 years	

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for vacation eligible employees with more than one year service.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The compensated absence benefit liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the government fund financial statements, sick leave benefits are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured severance payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

Internal Activity

Transfers within government activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenue.

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable: The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted:</u> Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (School District resolutions).

Enabling legislation authorizes the School District to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the School District can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specific by the legislation.

Committed: The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the School District Board of Education, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned: Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by resolution or by State Statute. The amount assigned in the General Fund represents encumbered amounts for outstanding obligations. State Statute authorizes the Board of Education to assign fund balances for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

<u>Unassigned:</u> Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation enacted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources from local sources restricted to expenditures for student programs and underground storage tank deductibles.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Data

All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds of the School District. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. Advances in/out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when the final appropriations were passed by the Board.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

NOTE 3 - CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For fiscal year 2021, the School District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. GASB 98 establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The School District is also implementing *Implementation Guide No. 2019-1*. These changes were incorporated in the School District's 2021 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund and Schoolwide Pool Special Revenue Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than restricted, committed, or unassigned fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Transfers in and transfers out that are balance sheet transactions (GAAP) as opposed to operating transfers (Budget), as well as the reclassification of revenue that is required to be transferred on a cash (budget basis), but is reported as revenue on the operating statement (GAAP basis).
- 5. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund and the Schoolwide Pool Special Revenue Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balance

		Schoolwide
	General	Pool
GAAP Basis	(\$78,037)	\$0
Revenue Accruals	1,287,963	(160,978)
Advances In	583	378,486
Transfers In	0	6,321
Expenditure Accruals	(63,506)	26,153
Advances Out	(401,762)	0
Transfers Out	206,294	0
Encumbrances	(757,445)	0
Budget Basis	\$194,090	\$249,982

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met. The investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five percent of interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At June 30, 2021, the School District's internal service fund had a balance of \$182,939 with Jefferson Health Plan Self Insurance Plan, a risk-sharing, claims servicing, and insurance purchasing pool (See Note 18). The balance is held by the claims administrator in a pooled account which is representative of numerous entities and therefore cannot be included in the risk disclosures reported by the School District. Disclosures for the Jefferson Health Plan Self-Insurance Plan as a whole may be obtained from the Plan's fiscal agent, the Jefferson County Educational Service Center. To obtain financial information, write to the Jefferson Health Plan Self-Insurance Plan, Treasurer, Jefferson County ESC, Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2021, \$324,166 of the School District's total bank balance of \$1,312,761 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and uncollateralized. One of the School District's financial institutions participates in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) and was approved for a reduced collateral floor of 60 percent resulting in the uninsured and uncollateralized balance.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the School District's only investment was in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio is measured at net asset value per share. The value of the investment in STAR Ohio was \$2,877,008 and the investment has an average maturity of 54.4 days.

Interest Rate Risk. The School District's investment policy addresses interest rate risk to the extent that it allows the Treasurer to invest funds to a maximum maturity of five years, and allows for the withdrawal of funds from approved public depositories or sale of negotiable instruments prior to maturity. State Statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Credit Risk. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2021 represents collections of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2021 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State Statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2021 represents collections of calendar year 2020 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2021 became a lien December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020 and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Belmont County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2021 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reflected as revenue at fiscal yearend. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2021, was \$809,312 in the General Fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2020, was \$2,162,159 in the General Fund.

On an accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

		2020 Second - Half Collections		st - ctions
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$514,963,280	90.05%	\$495,335,260	85.03%
Public Utility Personal	56,914,430	9.95%	87,198,480	14.97%
Total	\$571,877,710	100.00%	\$582,533,740	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$33.55		\$33.55	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2021, consisted of property taxes, revenues in lieu of taxes, interfund, and intergovernmental grants, and fees. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. Delinquent property taxes deemed collectible by the County Auditor and recorded as a receivable in the amount of \$220,914 may not be collected within one year. All other receivables are expected to be collected within one year. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Amounts
Governmental Activities:	
Excess Cost Reimbursement from Other School Districts	\$89,342
Fiscal Year 2021 Foundation Adjustment	254
School Employees Retirement System Refund	5,612
Medicaid Reimbursement	64,884
IDEA - Part B Grant	104,902
Title I Grant	74,779
Title II-A Grant	17,238
Title IV-A Grant	5,810
Early Childhood Special Education Grant	1,794
Expanding Opportunities for Each Child Grant	3,965
School Lunch Program Reimbursement	74,398
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Grant	8,524
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II Grant	568,201
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III Grant	11,921
Broadband Connectivity Grant	8,874
Total	\$1,040,498

Payment In Lieu of Taxes

Business Development On December 31, 2015, the Board of Education adopted a resolution authorizing a tax increment financing arrangement (TIF), pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Sections 5709.77 through 5709.80 with Belmont County and the St. Clairsville Richland City School District. As of June 30, 2021, \$48,227 is reported as a receivable and is deferred to finance operations in the subsequent year.

St. Clair Commons On June 8, 2016, the Board of Education adopted a resolution authorizing a tax increment financing arrangement (TIF), and revenue sharing agreement, pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Sections 5709.40 and 5709.82 respectively, with the City of St. Clairsville. As of June 30, 2021, \$19,754 is reported as a receivable and is deferred to finance operations in the subsequent year.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

St. Clairsville-Richland City School District *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements* For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Balance 6/30/2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2021
Government Activities:				
Non Depreciable Assets:				
Land	\$1,330,849	\$0	\$0	\$1,330,849
Depreciable Assets:				
Land Improvements	1,757,694	0	0	1,757,694
Buildings and Improvements	14,539,838	99,000	0	14,638,838
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	2,246,674	96,339	0	2,343,013
Vehicles	1,116,082	0	0	1,116,082
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	19,660,288	195,339	0	19,855,627
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(627,952)	(74,846)	0	(702,798)
Buildings and Improvements	(8,500,044)	(238,659)	0	(8,738,703)
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	(1,855,497)	(89,803)	0	(1,945,300)
Vehicles	(771,626)	(54,890)	0	(826,516)
Total	(11,755,119)	(458,198)	0	(12,213,317)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	7,905,169	(262,859)	0	7,642,310
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$9,236,018	(\$262,859)	\$0	\$8,973,159

Depreciation Expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$155,130
Special	29,776
Vocational	2,387
Support Services:	
Pupils	7,160
Instructional Staff	20,446
Board of Education	2,387
Administration	32,034
Fiscal	4,773
Maintenance	101,667
Transportation	52,197
Central	543
Food Service Operations	17,668
Extracurricular	32,030
Total	\$458,198

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2021, the School District contracted with Liberty Mutual Insurance Company for property and inland marine coverage, and for fleet insurance and liability insurance. The Liberty Mutual Insurance Coverage is provided by Pilney-Foster Insurance Agency of Ohio is as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)	\$47,989,951
Automotive Liability:	
Bodily Injury and Property Damage	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorist (\$1,000 deductible)	1,000,000
Educational General Liability:	
Each Occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregated Limit	2,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury Limit - Each Occurrence	1,000,000
Sexual Misconduct Liability:	
Each Occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregated Limit	1,000,000
School Leaders Errors and Omissions Liability:	
Each Occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregated Limit	1,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability:	
Each Occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregated Limit	3,000,000
Employer's Liability:	
Each Occurrence	1,000,000
Aggregated Limit	2,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past five years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

For fiscal year 2021, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 18). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Paramount Preferred Solutions provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

The School District is a member of the Jefferson Health Plan Self-Insurance Plan, a risk-sharing, claims servicing and insurance purchasing pool through which dental coverage is provided to employees. Of the total monthly premiums of \$68.12, \$62.33 is paid by the Board, and \$5.79 is paid by the employees to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the School District's behalf. All employees are offered dental coverage through the self-insured program. The School District reports the program in the General Fund.

The claims liability of \$9,507 reported in the General Fund at June 30, 2021, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Balance at	Current Year	Claims	Balance at End
Fiscal Year	Beginning of Year	Claims	Payments	of Year
2020	\$8,434	\$75,265	\$76,549	\$7,150
2021	7,150	98,569	100,926	9,507

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees and certain administrators earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and the remaining administrators do not earn vacation time. All employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 225 days. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-third of the first 120 days of sick leave accumulation plus 12 percent of excess over 120 days up to 225 days.

Other Insurance

In addition to the dental self-insured coverage offered, the School District offers all employees medical/surgical and prescription drug insurance coverage. All employees are offered medical/surgical and prescription drug insurance coverage through the Health Plan of the Upper Ohio Valley. The monthly premium is \$1,616.29 for a family plan and \$686.32 for a single plan. The Board of Education pays approximately 91.5 percent of the premiums. The School District also provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to all employees from American United Life Insurance Company in an amount of \$30,000 per employee. The Board pays 100 percent of the monthly premiums of \$2.85 for this coverage.

Retirement Incentive

For fiscal year 2021, the School District offered a retirement incentive, in the amount of \$10,000, to any teacher, otherwise eligible for retirement through STRS, who by June 30, 2021, will have 30 years of service, and who, by April 15, 2021, submitted a letter of retirement to the Board, through the Treasurer, to be effective June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, there was no liability for this benefit.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the School District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net OPEB asset* or long-term *net pension/OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. In 2020, the Board of Trustees approved a 0.5 percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2021.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2021, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$270,234 for fiscal year 2021. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal year 2021.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2021 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2021, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,139,751 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount \$155,654 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.05726910%	0.06493535%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.05519370%	0.06459837%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00207540%	0.00033698%	
			Total
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$3,787,899	\$15,712,043	\$19,499,942
Pension Expense	\$458,171	\$2,266,355	\$2,724,526

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$7,358	\$35,254	\$42,612
Changes of assumptions	0	843,434	843,434
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	240,455	764,078	1,004,533
Changes in proportionate Share and			
difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	75,012	534,896	609,908
School District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	270,234	1,139,751	1,409,985
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$593,059	\$3,317,413	\$3,910,472
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$0	\$100,468	\$100,468
Changes in Proportionate Share and			
difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	23,068	94,773	117,841
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$23,068	\$195,241	\$218,309

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

\$1,409,985 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2022	\$23,853	\$709,932	\$733,785
2022	100,395	342,374	442,769
2024	100,227	574,988	675,215
2025	75,282	355,127	430,409
Total	\$299,757	\$1,982,421	\$2,282,178

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Inflation
Future Salary Increases, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA
Investment Rate of Return

Actuarial Cost Method

3.00 percent
3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
2.5 percent
7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Entry Age Normal
(Level Percent of Payroll)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	1.85 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	6.50
Fixed Income	19.00	2.85
Private Equity	12.00	7.60
Real Assets	17.00	6.60
Multi-Asset Strategies	5.00	6.65
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current Discount		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Decrease
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$5,188,959	\$3,787,899	\$2,612,383

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation

Projected salary increases

12.50 percent

12.50 percent at age 20 to

2.50 percent at age 65

Investment Rate of Return

Discount Rate of Return

Payroll Increases

Cost-of-Living Adjustments
(COLA)

2.50 percent at age 20 to

2.50 percent at age 65

7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation

7.45 percent

3 percent

0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1 2020, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

A and Class	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{* 10} year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent, but does not include investment expense. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)	
School District's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$22,371,216	\$15,712,043	\$10,068,951	

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Retirement System. As of June 30, 2021, three members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2021, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$23,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$34,792.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$34,792 for fiscal year 2021, which is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities(Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	SERS	STRS	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.05829160%	0.06493535%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.05598350%	0.06459837%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00230810%	0.00033698%	
			Total
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net OPEB Liability	\$1,266,868	\$0	\$1,266,868
Net OPEB (Asset)	\$0	(\$1,141,237)	(\$1,141,237)
OPEB Expense	\$14,078	(\$58,409)	(\$44,331)

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

5	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$16,639	\$73,125	\$89,764
Changes of assumptions	215,957	18,839	234,796
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	14,275	39,995	54,270
Changes in proportionate Share and			
difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	90,754	59,277	150,031
School District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	34,792	0	34,792
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$372,417	\$191,236	\$563,653
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$644,291	\$227,317	\$871,608
Changes of assumptions	31,909	1,083,983	1,115,892
Changes in Proportionate Share and			
difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	38,320	32,067	70,387
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$714,520	\$1,343,367	\$2,057,887

\$34,792 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2022	(\$73,463)	(\$285,251)	(\$358,714)
2023	(72,431)	(258,181)	(330,612)
2024	(72,599)	(248,686)	(321,285)
2025	(79,031)	(256,511)	(335,542)
2026	(60,559)	(48,435)	(108,994)
Thereafter	(18,812)	(55,067)	(73,879)
Total	(\$376,895)	(\$1,152,131)	(\$1,529,026)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Wage Increases	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	2.45 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.13 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	2.63 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.22 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75 percent

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 11.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019, was 3.22 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45 percent, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Incr		
	(1.63%)	(2.63%)	(3.63%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$1,550,614	\$1,266,868	\$1,041,289

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00 % decreasing	(7.00 % decreasing	(8.00 % decreasing
	to 3.75%)	to 4.75%)	to 5.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$997,562	\$1,266,868	\$1,626,998

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation are presented as follows:

Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.45 percent
Health Care Cost Trends	
Medical	
Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-6.69 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug	
Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
Medicare	11.87 initial, 4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 11.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$992,951)	(\$1,141,237)	(\$1,267,054)
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	(\$1.259.244)	(\$1.141.237)	(\$997,489)
of the net OPEB asset	· · · · · ·	Current	1% Increa

NOTE 13 - INTERNAL BALANCES

Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2021, consist of the following interfund receivables and payables:

	Interfund Receivable		
Interfund Payable	General Fund	Schoolwide Pool Fund	Total
General Fund Other Nonmajor	\$0	\$528,722	\$528,722
Governmental Funds	670,490	0	670,490
Total	\$670,490	\$528,722	\$1,199,212

The balance due to the Schoolwide Pool Fund from the General and Other Governmental Funds are for costs associated with the operation of the elementary school in accordance with the schoolwide program that will be transferred as cash is needed to fund the program. The loans made to the Food Service, Miscellaneous Federal Grants, IDEA-B, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief, and Coronavirus Relief Special Revenue Funds were made to support the programs, and to cover actual cash deficits, until federal and other monies are received.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Transfers

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

		Transfers to			
	Schoolwide	Schoolwide Other Nonmajor			
Transfers from	Pool Fund	Governmental Funds	Total		
General Fund	\$2,816,715	\$232,000	\$3,048,715		

Transfers from the General Fund to the Schoolwide Pool Fund were used to move receipts in accordance with the schoolwide building program. Transfers from the General Fund to Other Governmental Funds were to provide funding for Miscellaneous Local Fund's athletics programs, and to accumulate resources in the Permanent Improvement Fund for ongoing and future projects.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year-end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were \$757,445 in the General Fund, and \$358,701 in Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds.

NOTE 15 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior fiscal years, the School District entered into a capital lease to finance improvements to the elementary school. The lease agreement is through WesBanco Bank, Inc. In prior fiscal years, the School District has entered into capitalized leases for copying equipment. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the governmental funds.

The assets acquired by the outstanding leases have been capitalized in government wide statements governmental activities in the amount of \$1,502,684, which is equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments. A corresponding liability was recorded in the government wide statements governmental activities. Assets acquired by governmental activities capitalized leases are reported net of accumulated depreciation in the amount of \$1,021,931. Principal payments in fiscal year 2021 totaled \$167,378 in the governmental funds.

Future minimum lease payments through fiscal year 2025 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2022	\$165,777	\$17,677	\$183,454	
2023	171,224	10,367	181,591	
2024	95,110	2,730	97,840	
2025	4,610	86	4,696	
Totals	\$436,721	\$30,860	\$467,581	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 16 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Outstanding 6/30/20	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 6/30/21	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Leases	\$604,099	\$0	\$167,378	\$436,721	\$165,777
Compensated Absences Payable	987,525	197,686	23,573	1,161,638	53,133
Net Pension Liability SERS STRS	3,302,336 14,285,541	485,563 1,426,502	0	3,787,899 15,712,043	0
Total Net Pension Liability	17,587,877	1,912,065	0	19,499,942	0
Net OPEB Liability SERS	1,407,868	0	141,000	1,266,868	0
Total Governmental Activities	\$20,587,369	\$2,109,751	\$331,951	\$22,365,169	\$218,910

The overall debt margin of the School District as of June 30, 2021 was \$52,428,037 with an unvoted debt margin of \$582,534.

Capital leases will be paid from the General Fund and Permanent Improvement Fund.

Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund.

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. However, employer pension contributions are made from the following funds: General Fund, Miscellaneous Local, Miscellaneous State, IDEA-B, Title I, Schoolwide Pool, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief, and Food Service Special Revenue Funds. For additional information related to the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability, see Notes 11 and 12.

NOTE 17 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Belmont-Harrison Vocational School District – The Belmont-Harrison Vocational School District is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the seven participating school district's elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. During fiscal year 2021, the School District made no contributions to the Belmont-Harrison Vocational School District. To obtain financial information write to the Belmont-Harrison Vocational School, Mark Lucas, who serves as Treasurer, at 68090 Hammond Road, St. Clairsville, Ohio 43950.

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Information Technology Center Regional Council of Governments (Council) – The School District participates in the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Information Technology Center Regional Council of Governments (Council). The Council was created as a separate regional council of governments pursuant to State Statutes. The Council operates under the direction of a Board comprised of a representative from each participating school district. The Board exercised total control over the operations of the Council including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participant's control is limited to its representation on the Board. The Council provides information technology and internet access to member districts, as well as cooperative purchasing programs. During fiscal year 2021, the total amount paid to OME-RESA from the School District \$71,726 for technology services,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

financial accounting services, and educational management information services. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent. To obtain financial information write to Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency, Treasurer, at 2023 Sunset Blvd., Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools (CORAS) – The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools is a jointly governed organization including 110 school districts in southeastern Ohio. The Coalition is operated by a Board which is comprised of fourteen members. The board members are comprised of one superintendent from each county elected by the school districts within that county. The Coalition provides various in-service for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding conditions of education in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Coalition including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participant's control is limited to its representation on the Board. The School District's membership fee was \$325 for fiscal year 2021.

NOTE 18 - PUBLIC ENTITY POOLS

Insurance Purchasing Pools

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP) - The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program. The School District's enrollment fee of \$550 for policy year 2021 was paid to Paramount Preferred Solutions, Inc.

Risk Sharing, Claims Servicing, and Insurance Purchasing Pool

The Jefferson Health Plan Self-Insurance Plan – The School District participates in the Jefferson Health Plan Self-Insurance Plan, a risk-sharing, claims servicing, and insurance purchasing pool comprised of over one hundred eighty members. Each participant appoints a member of the insurance plans' assembly. The Plans' business affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of Directors elected from the assembly. The plan offers medical, dental, vision and prescription drug coverage to the members on a self-insured basis, as well as the opportunity to participate in the group purchasing of life insurance coverage. The School District only participates in the pool for dental insurance. All plan participants also pay a monthly administrative fee for fiscal services and third party administrative services. The plan also purchases fully insured life insurance for plan participants provided by American United Life Insurance Company.

NOTE 19 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

The St. Clairsville Public Library – The St. Clairsville Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the St. Clairsville-Richland City School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the School District for operating subsidies. Although the School District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Financial information can be obtained from the St. Clairsville Public Library, Clerk/Treasurer, at 108 East Main Street, St. Clairsville, Ohio 43950.

NOTE 20 - CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2021.

Litigation

The School District is not currently party to pending litigation.

NOTE 21 - ACCOUNTABILITY

The following nonmajor special revenue funds had fund balance deficits as of June 30, 2021:

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	(\$10,918)
IDEA Part-B Fund	(\$4,096)

These deficits are the result of the recognition of payables in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as well as short-term interfund loans from the General Fund needed for operations until the receipt of grant monies. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

NOTE 22 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESTRICTIONS

The School District is required by State Statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State Statute.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Capital
	Improvements
Set-aside Restricted Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	305,918
Current Year Qualifying Expenditures	(61,410)
Current Year Qualifying Transfers	(200,000)
Totals	\$44,508
Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2022	\$0
Set-aside Restricted Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$0

The School District had qualifying transfers and disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount for capital improvements to below zero that may not be carried forward to future years. The School District also has prior year capital expenditures paid from debt proceeds in connection with a school facilities project and an energy conservation project that may be carried forward to offset future set-aside requirements.

NOTE 23 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2021, the school district received Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding. The School District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which the School District participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated. Additional funding has been made available through the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, passed by Congress on December 21, 2020 and/or the American Rescue Plan Act, passed by Congress on March 11, 2021.

NOTE 24 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

State Foundation Funding

For fiscal year 2022, School District foundation funding received from the state of Ohio will be funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school, scholarship, and open enrollment funding will be directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective educating schools. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the School District were funded to the School District who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. For fiscal year 2021, the School District reported \$1,439,900 in revenues and expenditures/expenses related to these programs. Also during fiscal year 2021, the School District reported \$1,345,568 in tuition and fees from the resident school districts which will be direct funded to the School District as the educating entity in fiscal year 2022. This new funding system calculates a unique base cost and a unique "per-pupil local capacity amount" for each School District. The School District's state core foundation funding is then calculated. Any change in funding will be subject to a phase in percentage of 16.67 percent for fiscal year 2022 and 33.33 percent for fiscal year 2023.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)*

	2021	2020	2019	2018
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.05726910%	0.05519370%	0.05733190%	0.05391210%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,787,899	\$3,302,336	\$3,283,504	\$3,221,129
School District's Covered Payroll	\$1,933,243	\$1,957,022	\$1,786,741	\$1,685,286
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	195.93%	168.74%	183.77%	191.13%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2014 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

^{*} Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

2017	2016	2015	2014
0.05432950%	0.05499210%	0.05360100%	0.05360100%
\$3,976,418	\$3,137,903	\$2,712,716	\$3,187,479
\$1,697,814	\$1,660,607	\$1,557,395	\$1,527,621
234.21%	188.96%	174.18%	208.66%
62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)*

	2021	2020	2019	2018
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06493535%	0.06459837%	0.06090865%	0.06225844%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$15,712,043	\$14,285,541	\$13,392,445	\$14,789,627
School District's Covered Payroll	\$7,896,657	\$7,642,907	\$7,211,664	\$6,643,871
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	198.97%	186.91%	185.71%	222.61%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.50%	77.40%	77.30%	75.30%

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2014 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

^{*} Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

2017	2016	2015	2014
0.06046556%	0.05883903%	0.05714160%	0.05714160%
\$20,239,646	\$16,261,385	\$13,898,814	\$16,556,177
\$6,379,793	\$6,191,171	\$5,829,623	\$6,075,283
317.25%	262.65%	238.42%	272.52%
66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Five Fiscal Years (1)*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.05829160%	0.05598350%	0.05767590%	0.05413560%	0.05454360%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$1,266,868	\$1,407,868	\$1,600,085	\$1,452,856	\$1,554,694
School District's Covered Payroll	\$1,933,243	\$1,957,022	\$1,786,741	\$1,685,286	\$1,697,814
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	65.53%	71.94%	89.55%	86.21%	91.57%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	18.17%	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

^{*} Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Five Fiscal Years (1)*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	0.06493535%	0.06459837%	0.06090865%	0.06225844%	0.06046556%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	(\$1,141,237)	(\$1,069,905)	(\$978,741)	\$2,429,096	\$3,233,714
School District's Covered Payroll	\$7,896,657	\$7,642,907	\$7,211,664	\$6,643,871	\$6,379,793
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-14.45%	-14.00%	-13.57%	36.56%	50.69%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	182.10%	174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

⁽¹⁾ Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

^{*} Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Pension Liability	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$270,234	\$270,654	\$264,198	\$241,210
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(270,234)	(270,654)	(264,198)	(241,210)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$1,930,243	\$1,933,243	\$1,957,022	\$1,786,741
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution (2)	\$34,792	\$32,073	\$41,241	\$37,929
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(34,792)	(32,073)	(41,241)	(37,929)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.80%	1.66%	2.11%	2.12%
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)	15.80%	15.66%	15.61%	15.62%

⁽¹⁾ The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB.

⁽²⁾ Includes Surcharge

2017	2016	2015	2014	2012	2012
2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$235,940	\$237,694	\$218,868	\$215,855	\$211,423	\$214,381
(235,940)	(237,694)	(218,868)	(215,855)	(211,423)	(214,381)
\$0	\$0	\$0_	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,685,286	\$1,697,814	\$1,660,607	\$1,557,395	\$1,527,621	\$1,593,913
14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%
\$26,856	\$25,397	\$40,490	\$27,512	\$26,924	\$31,423
(26,856)	(25,397)	(40,490)	(27,512)	(26,924)	(31,423)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
1.59%	1.50%	2.44%	1.77%	1.76%	1.97%
15.59%	15.50%	15.62%	15.63%	15.60%	15.42%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Pension Liability	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$1,139,751	\$1,105,532	\$1,070,007	\$1,009,633
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(1,139,751)	(1,105,532)	(1,070,007)	(1,009,633)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered Payroll (1)	\$8,141,079	\$7,896,657	\$7,642,907	\$7,211,664
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Net OPEB Liability				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	0	0	0	0
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

⁽¹⁾ The School District's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$930,142	\$893,171	\$866,764	\$757,851	\$789,787	\$852,677
(930,142)	(893,171)	(866,764)	(757,851)	(789,787)	(852,677)
\$0	\$0	\$0_	\$0_	\$0_	\$0
\$6,643,871	\$6,379,793	\$6,191,171	\$5,829,623	\$6,075,283	\$6,559,051
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$58,296	\$60,753	\$65,591
0	0	0	(58,296)	(60,753)	(65,591)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

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St. Clairsville-Richland City School District

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Pension Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc Cola. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2016 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 and Prior
Wage Inflation	3.00 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases,		
including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments	7.75 percent net of investments
	expense, including inflation	expense, including inflation

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, mortality assumptions use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Assumptions - STRS

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017 and Prior
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to	12.25 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65	2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment	7.75 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation	expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

St. Clairsville-Richland City School District

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

St. Clairsville-Richland City School District

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS OPEB

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For fiscal year 2021, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

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ST. CLAIRSVILLE-RICHLAND CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BELMONT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Subrecepients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed-Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance:				
National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	10.555	N/A	\$0	\$33,601
Cash Assistance:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	045997-05PU-20	0	80,447
School Breakfast Program - Covid-19	10.553	045997-05PU-20	0	11,451
National School Lunch Program	10.555	045997-LLP4-20	0	194,024
National School Lunch Program - Covid-19	10.555	045997-LLP4-20	0	25,516
Cash Assistance Total			0	311,438
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster			0	345,039
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed-Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	045997-C1S1-20	0	29,124
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	045997-C1S1-21	0	139,827
Title I, Part D - Delinquent	84.010	045997-21	210,294	210,294
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			210,294	379,245
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	045997-6BSF-20	0	23,706
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	045997-6BSF-21	0	320,831
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Subtotal			0	344,537
Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	045997-20	0	7,256
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			0	351,793
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	045997-TRS1-20	0	6,174
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	045997-TRS1-21	0	35,606
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			0	41,780
Title IV, Part A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant	84.424A	045997-20	0	2,390
Title IV, Part A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant	84.424A	045997-21	0	12,394
Total Title IV, Part A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant			0	14,784
Flamentary and Secondary School Emergency Deliaf Fund	84.425D	045007 24	0	150.713
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II	84.425D	045997-21 045997-22	0	568,201
American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	045997-22	0	11,921
Total Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	04.4200	040001-22		730,835
Total U.S. Department of Education			0	1,518,437
LLC DEDARTMENT OF TREACURY				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY				
Passed-Through Ohio Department of Education: Coronavirus Relief Funds - Covid -19	21.019	045997-21	0	114,630
	21.010	0-10001-21		
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			0	114,630
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$210,294	\$1,978,106

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Schedule.

ST. CLAIRSVILLE-RICHLAND CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BELMONT COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR PART 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the St. Clairsville-Richland City School District (the School District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the School District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

The School District passes certain federal awards received from U.S. Department of Education to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the School District reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a subrecipient, the School District has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE E - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE F - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

St. Clairsville-Richland City School District Belmont County 108 Woodrow Avenue St. Clairsville, Ohio 43950

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the St. Clairsville-Richland City School District, Belmont County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 17, 2022, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the School District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

St. Clairsville-Richland City School District
Belmont County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 17, 2022



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

St. Clairsville-Richland City School District Belmont County 108 Woodrow Avenue St. Clairsville, Ohio 43950

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited St. Clairsville-Richland City School District's, Belmont County, Ohio (the School District), compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect St. Clairsville-Richland City School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the School District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The School District's management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the School District's compliance for the School District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the School District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the St. Clairsville-Richland City School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

St. Clairsville-Richland City School District
Belmont County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 17, 2022

ST. CLAIRSVILLE-RICHLAND CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BELMONT COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (list): • Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund, CFDA #84.425D and CFDA #84.425U		
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes	

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



ST. CLAIRSVILLE-RICHLAND CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

BELMONT COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 4/5/2022

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