BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Brigham City, Utah

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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Steven E. Carlsen, Superintendent

O. Jay & Tamra Call Education Center 960 South Main Brigham City, UT 84302 435-734-4800 Fax 435-734-4833 www.besd.net

October 14, 2019

To: President Cronin, Members of the Board of Education, and the Patrons of the Box Elder School District:

State law requires that school districts publish, within five months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited by a firm of licensed Certified Public Accountants in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual financial report of the Box Elder School District (District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

These statements are designed to meet the needs of a broad spectrum of readers of financial statements and are divided into three major sections:

- Introductory section Introduces the reader to the report and includes this transmittal letter.
- Financial section Consists of the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and combining and individual fund statements and schedules.
- Single Audit section Consists of the auditor's report on compliance for each major program
 and on internal control over compliance required by the Uniform Guidance, the schedule of
 expenditures of federal awards (SEFA), notes to the SEFA, and the schedule of findings and
 questioned costs.

Internal controls This report consists of management's representations concerning the finance related internal controls of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Independent audits Wiggins & Co. P.C., a firm of licensed Certified Public Accountants, has audited the District's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a

test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion and that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the District was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the District's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the District's Single Audit Section of this report.

<u>Management's discussion and analysis</u> GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in connection with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

<u>District profile</u> The District was created by a resolution of the Box Elder County Commissioners on June 20, 1907. The District is a legally separate entity enjoying all rights and privileges accorded political subdivisions in the State of Utah. The District is fiscally independent. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the Board of Education consisting of seven members. The Board of Education is responsible, among other things, for developing and adopting policy, adopting the budget, levying taxes, incurring bonded debt, supervising committees, and hiring both the superintendent and business administrator. The superintendent and business administrator are responsible for carrying out the policies of the Board of Education and oversee the day-to-day operations of the District. The Board of Education is elected on a non-partisan basis. Board members serve four-year staggered terms with no more than four board members elected every two years.

The major purpose of the District is to provide public education for those who reside within the boundaries of the District, which are congruent with boundaries of Box Elder County. To accomplish this purpose, as of Fall 2018, the District operates two traditional high schools (grades 10-12), two middle schools (grades 8-9), two intermediate schools (grades 6-7), and 10 elementary schools (grades K-5). The District also operates three schools in the far western area of the county, which are designated as Necessarily Existent Small Schools (NESS). These schools have enrollments of 5 to 38 students and provide instruction for classes ranging from kindergarten through tenth grade. These receive extra funds from the State for operations. In addition, the District operates an alternative high school, Dale Young Community High School, a preschool for handicapped children, Corinne Early Learning Center, and a post high school program for handicap students, Independent Living Skills Center. As of October 1, 2019, the District had an enrollment of 11,914 students.

<u>Budgetary control</u> The District adopts an annual budget for its funds. This budget acts as the financial operating plan for the entire year. Revisions may be implemented during the year authorizing a larger appropriation of available resources through a public hearing and approval from the Board.

All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end with the exception of those indicated as committed or assigned against the fund balance. During May of each year, the superintendent submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the next fiscal year commencing July 1st. This budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Also included is the final budget for the fiscal year ending June 30th.

If the district does not propose to exceed the certified tax rate, a public hearing is held prior to June 22nd at which the budget is formally adopted by resolution of the Board after public input. If the District proposes to exceed the certified tax rate, the budget is formally adopted in August when data is available to set the rates.

The District's fiscal 2018 balances along with anticipated revenues are sufficient to meet the fiscal 2019 budget as presented to the public on June 20, 2018.

<u>Economic condition and outlook</u> The economic prospect for the District is largely dependent on state aid, which is 68% of general fund revenues. The Box Elder School District Board of Education received additional equalization funds from the State of Utah for the 2018-19 year. The funds provided for a salary schedule adjustment for the upcoming school year. This will help Box Elder School District keep salaries competitive in an environment of teacher shortages.

The Certified Tax Rate Valuation for Box Elder County has increased by 12% over five years from 2014 to 2019 (Utah State Tax Commission) Total non-farm payroll is \$751 million in 2018 3% growth over last year. (Utah Division of Work Force Services) Median household income increased to \$57,877 (1.9% increase) over last year. (Utah Division of Work Force Services)

<u>Student enrollment</u> Student enrollment has been increasing since 2003 at a growth rate of about 1%. The student count in October 2019 was 11,914, which is 143 students more than the October count in 2018.

The state school finance program for fiscal 2019 provided every Utah school district with a basic operation program of \$3,395 per weighted pupil unit (WPU), plus added amounts for other special programs and grants. Below is a historical review of WPU values for the past five years.

Fiscal Year	WPU Value	Dollar Change	Percent Change
201-15	\$2,972	\$73	2.52%
2015-16	\$3,092	\$120	4.04%
2016-17	\$3,184	\$92	2.98%
2017-18	\$3,311	\$127	3.83%
2018-19	\$3,395	\$84	2.54%

Cash management and investments The District utilizes the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (UPTIF) as a cash and investment pool as well as a Zions Bank Liquid Asset Management (LAM) account, both of which are available for use by all funds. The UPTIF is an external deposit and investment pool shared by various governmental entities in the State in which monies are pooled to improve investment efficiency and yield. These funds are invested primarily in money market securities and contain no withdrawal restrictions. As such, the monies invested in this fund are not insured and are subject to the same market risks as any similar investment in money market funds. The LAM account invests in similar state money management council approved investments.

Both investments comply with the provisions of the Utah Money Management Act. This law requires the depositing of funds in a "qualified depository" which is defined as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the Federal government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

The Money Management Act also defines the types of securities allowed as appropriate temporary investments for the District and the conditions for making investment transactions. The District considers the actions of the Money Management Council to be necessary and sufficient for adequate protection of its uninsured bank deposits.

Risk management The District participates with an equity position in the Utah School Boards Risk Management Mutual Insurance Association to cover its workers compensation risks. Unemployment compensation is handled on a cost of benefits reimbursement basis with the State of Utah. The District also participates in the State Risk Management system for property and liability insurance. This is a pooled arrangement where the participating entity's annual premiums are designed to pay claims and build sufficient reserves to allow the system to protect participants with its own capital. The pool reinsures excess loss to preserve the capital base.

<u>Acknowledgements</u> We express our appreciation to everyone in the business department and the Superintendent's office who assisted in the preparation of this report. We also thank the members of the Board of Education for their interest and support in conducting the financial affairs of the District in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Steven E. Carlsei Superintendent

Rodney L. Cook / Business Administrator



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Box Elder School District Brigham City, Utah 84302

Report on the Basic Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Box Elder School District, Utah (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Box Elder School District as of June 30, 2019, and, the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Major Special Revenue Fund-Student Activities Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)-Utah Retirement Systems, the Schedule of the District's Contributions-Utah Retirement Systems, and the related notes to the required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Box Elder School District's financial statements. The introductory section, budget to actual statements for the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budget to actual statements for the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budget to actual for the Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on that section.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards we have also issued a report dated October 16, 2019, on our consideration of Box Elder School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brigham City, Utah October 16, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As the management of the Box Elder School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative discussion, overview, and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here, in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1 - 4 of this report.

Financial Highlights

The District categorizes its revenues in three groups by source, federal, state, and local. Federal revenues include categorical funding for special programs, grants, and other specifically designated purposes. State revenues include categorical funding as described above, enrollment based funding using weighted pupil units (WPU), and other funding which is distributed by various formulas designed to assure an equitable allocation among all districts in the state. Local revenues are derived from property tax, tuition, other fees and charges, and interest income.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows of the District, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the net position of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The Government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 15 of this report.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: government funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Student Activities Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-21 of this report.

The proprietary fund to account for the activities of the Municipal Building Authority, has been blended into the Capital Projects Fund as of June 30, 2019.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the governmental entity. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

The District uses a custodial fund to account for resources held for other groups. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 22 of this report.

<u>Component unit</u> A Component Unit is a distinct legal entity separate from the District, the resource of which is dedicated to furthering the interests of the District. These funds are reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are available at the District's discretion. However, since those resources are dedicated to furthering the interests of the District the financial statements of the Box Elder County School District Foundation and Municipal Building Authority are presented as blended component units.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23 - 50 of this report.

<u>Other information The</u> combining statements referred to in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 54 - 60 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position over time. The District assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$139,845,319 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT'S Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>			
Cash and other assets	\$ 103,545,910 \$	97,046,452			
Capital assets	144,591,991	139,966,470			
Total assets	248,137,901	237,012,922			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Refunded Bonds deferred outflow of resources	2,640,370	2,880,403			
Pension related deferred outflow of resources	20,824,391	18,886,942			
Total deferred outflows of resources	23,464,761	21,767,345			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	271,602,662	258,780,267			
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
	12 402 104	11 (0) (201			
Other Liabilities	12,483,184	11,606,381			
Long-term liabilities outstanding	34,506,114	37,353,335			
Net pension liability	50,620,283	31,599,124			
Total liabilities	97,609,581	80,558,840			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Deferred Inflows (Pension related)	863,434	15,689,765			
Deferred Inflows (Unearned Property Taxes)	33,284,328	32,798,391			
	34,147,762	48,488,156			
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	131,757,343	129,046,996			
Net position:					
Invested in capital asssets, net of related debt	114,659,991	107,205,470			
Restricted	34,298,562	31,671,206			
Unrestricted	(9,113,234)	(9,143,405)			
Total net position	\$ 139,845,319 \$	129,733,271			

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT'S Change in Net Position

	2019	2018
Program Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 7,605,923	\$ 7,315,229
Operating grants and contributions	38,410,042	32,938,080
Capital grants and contributions	207,975	498,741
General Revenues:		
Property taxes	41,106,160	37,701,476
Federal and state grants	32,879,026	32,274,570
Earnings on investments	2,099,139	1,537,967
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	79,399	(137,091)
Total revenues	122,387,664	112,128,972
Expenses:		
Instructional services	66,157,575	56,548,897
Supporting services:		
Students	3,462,889	2,683,414
Instructional staff	2,255,747	1,645,564
District administration	924,411	800,217
School administration	5,889,231	4,576,338
Business/Personnel	941,520	818,306
Operation and Maintenance of facilities	11,419,735	9,315,310
Transportation	5,280,985	4,535,975
Community services	908,392	697,419
Student activities	4,172,748	3,863,957
School food services	5,622,540	5,146,701
Facilities acquisition/operation	370,798	5,410,296
Payments to pass-through entities	3,509,577	4,122,378
Scholarships	25,000	19,000
Interest and fiscal charges	1,334,467	1,461,562
Total expenses	112,275,615	101,645,334
Change in net position	10,112,049	10,483,638
Net position-beginning of year	 129,733,270	119,249,632
Net position-end of year	\$ 139,845,319	\$ 129,733,270

The largest portion of the District's net position (82%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, water stock, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment), less any related debt (general obligation bonds payable and obligations under capital leases less unspent bond proceeds) used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are **not** available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The remainder of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external or internal restrictions on how they may be used.

The total net position of the District increased by \$10,112,049 during the fiscal year.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. The fund balance is divided between non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned balances. The District has portions of the assigned fund balance to set resources aside for certain government-wide liabilities that are not recognized in the governmental funds. State law allows for assigned balances in the General Fund to be appropriated in the following year's budget. Fund balances of capital projects and other governmental funds are set aside by state law to be spent for the purpose of the fund and are not available for spending at the District's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance was \$1,892,332 a decrease of \$825,016. The assigned balance in the general fund has a combined balance of \$21,380,447. This includes the Undistributed Reserve, or 'Rainy Day" fund established and reserved by Board action in the amount of \$3,900,000. The total fund balance was \$24,381,204, an increase of \$371,735 from the previous year balance.

Expenditures for general District purposes totaled \$91,037,744, an increase of 12.7% over the previous year. Instructional services represent 67.7% of general fund expenditures.

The General Fund balances have been set aside, assigned or restricted for the following purposes:

- Included in the assigned fund balance in the General Fund are funds set aside by the board of \$3,900,000 or 4.2% of General Fund Revenues. (Referred to as the rainy day fund.) As allowed by state law, the District has established reserves within the General Fund, which are set aside for contingencies or possible reductions in state funding. These funds are not to be used in negotiation or settlement of contract salaries. The maintenance of a sufficient reserve is a key credit consideration in the District's bond rating. State law limits such reserves to 5% of general fund budgeted revenues.
- Restricted and assignment for programs of \$22,488,872. Fund balance within the General Fund is restricted or set aside to pay for assigned purposes, commitments and program activities at June 30, 2019 that will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

General Fund salaries totaled \$55,312,636 while the associated fringe benefits of retirement, social security, unemployment, worker's compensation, and health and accident insurance added \$22,903,286 in wage related expense, which taken together accounts for 85.9 % of General Fund expenditures.

The Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$24,487,982, all of which is reserved for acquisition of capital assets and purchase of construction supplies and related expenditures. These funds will also be used for some of the expense related to the ongoing major construction projects and other major capital maintenance.

The School Lunch Special Revenue Fund balance of \$902,055 includes \$211,347 for inventories. The entire balance is to be used for the school lunch program. This is a decrease of \$241,384.

The Box Elder County School District Foundation received income in the form of grants, contributions, and earnings on investments of \$126,773 which is a decrease of \$8,430 from the previous year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The amount expended was \$3,331,212 less than the final budget or 3.6% of total general fund expenditures. Final revenues were lower than final budgetary estimates by \$1,784,185 or 1.9%.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital Assets</u> The capital projects fund is used to account for the costs incurred in acquiring and improving sites, constructing and remodeling facilities, and procuring equipment necessary for providing educational programs for all students within the District.

The District operates schools in twenty-three locations with administrative and maintenance facilities at three separate sites. These buildings total more than 2,253,333 square feet and are spread across an area of 5,723 square miles, which is more than any of the three smallest states. These structures and their additions have construction dates ranging from 1912 to 2019.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the basic financial statements.

Debt Administration

The general obligation bonded debt of the District is limited by state law to 4% of the fair market value of the total taxable property in the District, which was \$6,416,592,614. Therefore, the legal debt limit at June 30, 2019 is \$256,663,705. General obligation debt at June 30, 2019 was \$28,430,000 resulting in a legal debt margin of \$228,233,705. The district bond rating from Moody's Investor Service was upgraded from Aa3 to Aa2 on June 14, 2019.

The District also had \$1,502,000 in outstanding school qualified construction bonds under the Build America Bond Program of the United States Government's ARRA interest subsidy program, which was issued in 2011. Under this program, the federal government subsidizes about 94% of the interest costs of the bond.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

Changing Enrollment within the District

The components of changing enrollment are migration and the kindergarten-to-grade-12 (K-12) differential. The K-12 differential is the variance in the number of kindergarten students entering and the number of grade 12 students leaving the District in a given year.

Enrollment in the District declined since 1993, from a high of 11,320 down to 10,506 in 2003 then back up to the present level of 11,914, as compared to last year's enrollment of 11,771. With the current birth and migration trends the student population is increasing at a rate of a little less than 1% per year. Any increase in student population will also increase basic funding from the state.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Box Elder School District's finances for all those with an interest in such matters. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information or copies of the separately issued Foundation report should be addressed to the Office of the Business Administrator, Box Elder School District, 960 South Main, Brigham City, Utah 84302-3162.



BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,040,870	
Investments	25,608,632	
Receivables:		
Taxes	35,401,523	
Accounts	135,054	
Intergovernmental	2,757,546	
Deposits	70,000	
Inventories	211,347	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	4,320,938	
Capital assets:		
Land, construction in progress, and water stock	14,452,562	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	130,139,429	
Total assets	248,137,901	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Refunded bonds deferred outflow of resources	2,640,370	
Pension related deferred outflow of resources	20,824,391	
Total deferred outflows of resources	23,464,761	
Total deletted outflows of Tesources	23,404,701	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	271,602,662	
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Accounts payable	1,011,639	
Contracts & retainage payable	6,312	
Deposits payable	11,647	
Accrued interest	455,813	
Accrued salaries and benefits	5,998,973	
Due to clubs	2,439,800	
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year	2,559,000	
Due in more than one year	34,506,114	
Net pension liability	50,620,283	
Total liabilities	97,609,581	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Pension related deferred inflows of resources	863,434	
Property taxes levied for future year	33,284,328	
Total deferred inflows of resources	34,147,762	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	131,757,343	
Net Position:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	114,659,991	
Restricted for:	111,032,221	
Non-expendable amounts:		
School food services inventory	211,347	
Expendable amounts:	211,317	
State and other programs	1,108,426	
School food services	690,708	
Debt service	7,800,099	
Capital projects	24,487,982	
Unrestricted	(9,113,234)	
Total net position		
rotarnet position	\$ 139,845,319	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. 14

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net (Expense)

Punctions			Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
Instructional services \$66,157,575		Expenses	•	Grants and	and		
Instructional services \$66,157,575 \$1,672,410 \$30,152,736 \$12,663 \$(34,319,766) \$100,000 \$100		<u> </u>					
Supporting services: Supporting services: Sudents 3,462,889 635,361 105,318 - (2,722,20,455) 101,500							
Students 3,462,889 635,361 105,318 - (2,722,210) Instructional staff 2,255,747 - 16,292 - (2,239,455) District administration 5,889,231 - - 0 (2,239,455) Business 941,520 - - 0 (941,520) Operation and maintenance of facilities 11,419,735 - - (1,392,035) Transportation 5,280,985 109,393 3,779,557 - (1,392,035) Community services 908,392 128,523 5,000 - (774,869) Student activities 4,172,748 3,589,425 570,437 - (12,886) School food services 5,622,540 1,338,923 3,737,671 - (54,946) Facilities acquisition/construction/operation 3,509,577 - - - - 15 (123,435) Payments to pass-through tax entities 1,334,467 - - 79,837 (1,254,630) Total primary government		\$ 66,157,575	\$ 1,672,410	\$30,152,736	\$ 12,663	\$ (34,319,766)	
Instructional staff 2,255,747 16,292 (2,239,455) District administration 924,411 - - (924,411) School administration 5,889,231 - - (5,889,231) Business 941,520 - - (941,520) Operation and maintenance of facilities 11,419,735 - (11,419,735) Transportation 5,280,985 109,393 3,779,557 - (1,392,035) Community services 908,392 128,523 5,000 - 774,869) Student activities 4,172,748 3,589,425 570,437 - (12,886) School food services 5,622,540 1,338,923 3,737,671 - (545,946) Facilities acquisition/construction/operation 370,798 131,888 - 115,475 (123,435) Payments to pass-through tax entities 25,000 - 43,031 - 18,031 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term liabilities 112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) <td>11 0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	11 0						
District administration 924,411 (924,411) School administration 5,889,231 (941,520) Business 941,520 (941,520) Operation and maintenance of facilities 11,419,735 (11,419,735) Transportation 5,280,985 109,393 3,779,557 (13,302,035) Community services 908,392 128,523 5,000 - (774,869) Student activities 4,172,748 3,589,425 570,437 (12,886) School food services 5,622,540 1,338,923 3,737,671 - (545,946) Facilities acquisition/construction/operation 370,798 131,888 - 115,475 (123,435) Payments to pass-through tax entities 25,000 - 43,031 - 18,031 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term liabilities 11,334,467 4,79,377 - 79,837 (1,254,630) Total governmental activities 112,275,615 7,605,923 3,8,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total governmental activities 11,783,26 7,9,37 (1,254,630			635,361	•	-		
School administration 5,889,231 - - (5,889,231) Business 941,520 - - (941,520) Operation and maintenance of facilities 11,419,735 - - (11,419,735) Transportation 5,280,985 109,393 3,779,557 - (1,392,035) Community services 908,392 128,523 5,000 - (774,869) Student activities 4,172,748 3,589,425 570,437 - (454,946) School food services 5,622,540 1,338,923 3,737,671 - (545,946) Facilities acquisition/construction/operation 370,798 131,888 - 115,475 (123,455) Payments to pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 - - - 18,031 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term liabilities 1,334,467 - - 79,837 (1,254,630) Total governmental activities 112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government 8112,275			-	16,292	-		
Business 941,520 - - - (941,520) Operation and maintenance of facilities 11,419,735 - - (11,419,735) Transportation 52,80,985 109,393 3,779,557 - (1,392,035) Community services 908,392 128,523 5,000 - (774,869) Student activities 4,172,748 3,589,425 570,437 - (545,946) School food services 5,622,540 1,338,923 3,737,671 - (545,946) Facilities acquisition/construction/operation 3,509,577 - - - 115,475 (123,435) Payments to pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 - - - 18,031 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term 13,344,467 - - - 79,837 (1,254,630) Total governmental activities 112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government \$112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,			-	-	-		
Operation and maintenance of facilities 11,419,735 - - (11,419,735) Transportation 5,280,985 109,393 3,779,557 - (1,392,035) Community services 908,392 128,523 5,000 - (774,869) Student activities 4,172,748 3,589,425 570,437 - (12,886) School food services 5,622,540 1,338,923 3,73,671 - (545,946) Facilities acquisition/construction/operation 370,798 131,888 - 115,475 (123,435) Payments to pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 - - - - (3,509,577) Scholarships 25,000 - 43,031 - 18,031 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term 112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total government \$112,275,615 \$7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government \$812,275,615 \$7,605,923 38,410,042 \$207,975 (66,			-	-	-		
Transportation 5,280,985 109,393 3,779,557 - (1,392,035) Community services 908,392 128,523 5,000 - (774,869) Student activities 4,172,748 3,589,425 570,437 - (12,886) School food services 5,622,540 1,338,923 3,737,671 - (545,946) Facilities acquisition/construction/operation 370,798 131,888 - (15,475) (123,435) Payments to pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 - (3,509,577) - (3,509,577) - (3,509,577) Scholarships 25,000 - (43,031) - (79,837) (1,254,630) Interest and fiscal charges on long-term liabilities 1,334,467 - (70,505,923) 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government \$112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government \$112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Basic rate Voted leeway \$11,783,926 \$2,918,228 \$2,918,228 \$2,918,228 Board local l		·	-	-	-		
Community services 908,392 128,523 5,000 - (774,869) Student activities 4,172,748 3,589,425 570,437 - (12,886) School food services 5,622,540 1,338,923 3,737,671 - (545,946) Facilities acquisition/construction/operation 370,798 131,888 - - - (3,509,577) Scholarships 25,000 - 43,031 - 18,031 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term liabilities 1,334,467 - - 79,837 (1,254,630) Total povernmental activities 112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government \$112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Basic rate Property taxes levied for: Basic rate Voted leeway 2,918,228 Board local leeway 11,783,926 3,299,416 Capital projects Pass-through tax entities 3,209,177 Federal and state a	•		-	-	-		
Student activities 4,172,748 3,589,425 570,437 - (12,886) School food services 5,622,540 1,338,923 3,737,671 - (545,946) Facilities acquisition/construction/operation Payments to pass-through tax entities 370,798 131,888 - (115,475) (123,435) Payments to pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 - (3,509,577) - (3,509,577) - (3,509,577) Scholarships 25,000 - (43,031) - (79,837) (1,254,630) Interest and fiscal charges on long-term liabilities 1,334,467 - (70,505,923) 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total governmental activities 112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government 8112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) General revenues: Property taxes levied for: Basic rate 8,411,337 Voted keway 80ard local leeway 11,783,926 Debt service Capital projects 3,509,577 Federal and state	•		•		-	(1,392,035)	
School food services 5,622,540 1,338,923 3,737,671 - (545,946) Facilities acquisition/construction/operation Payments to pass-through tax entities 370,798 131,888 - 115,475 (123,435) Payments to pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 - - - (3,509,577) Scholarships 25,000 - 43,031 - 18,031 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term liabilities 1,334,467 - - 79,837 (1,254,630) Total governmental activities 112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government \$112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) General revenues: Property taxes levied for: Basic rate Voted keway 2,918,228 Board local keway 11,783,926 Debt service 3,299,416 Capital projects 11,183,676 Pass-through tax entities 32,879,026 Earnings on investments 2,099,139		908,392	128,523	5,000	-	(774,869)	
Facilities acquisition/construction/operation 370,798 131,888 - 115,475 (123,435) Payments to pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 - - - (3,509,577) Scholarships 25,000 - 43,031 - 18,031 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term liabilities 1,334,467 - - 79,837 (1,254,630) Total governmental activities 112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government \$112,275,615 7,605,923 \$38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government \$112,275,615 7,605,923 \$38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Basic rate Property taxes levied for: Basic rate State and local leeway 11,783,926 Debt service Capital projects 11,183,676 Pass-through tax entities 32,879,026 Earnings on investments 2,099,139 Gain (loss) on sale of assets 79,399 T	Student activities	· · ·	3,589,425	570,437	-	(12,886)	
Payments to pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 - - (3,509,577) Scholarships 25,000 - 43,031 - 18,031 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term liabilities 1,334,467 - - 79,837 (1,254,630) Total governmental activities 112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government \$112,275,615 \$7,605,923 \$38,410,042 \$207,975 (66,051,675) Basic rate Property taxes levied for: Basic rate 8,411,337 Voted leeway 2,918,228 Board local leeway 11,783,926 Debt service 3,299,416 Capital projects 11,183,676 Pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes 32,879,026 Earnings on investments 2,099,139 Gain (loss) on sale of assets 79,399 Total general revenues 76,163,724 Change in net position	School food services	5,622,540	1,338,923	3,737,671	-	(545,946)	
Scholarships 25,000 - 43,031 - 18,031 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term liabilities 1,334,467 79,837 (1,254,630) Total governmental activities 112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government \$112,275,615 \$7,605,923 38,410,042 \$207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government General revenues: Property taxes levied for: Basic rate Property taxes levied for: Basic rate Board local leeway 2,918,228 Board local leeway 11,783,926 Capital projects 3,299,416 Capital projects 3,509,577 Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes 32,879,026 Earnings on investments 2,099,139 Gain (loss) on sale of assets 79,399 Total general revenues 76,163,724 Change in net position 10,112,049 Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270	Facilities acquisition/construction/operation	370,798	131,888	-	115,475	(123,435)	
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term Interest and fiscal cha	Payments to pass-through tax entities	3,509,577	-	-	-	(3,509,577)	
liabilities 1,334,467 - - 79,837 (1,254,630) Total governmental activities 112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government Seneral revenues: Property taxes levied for: Basic rate 8,411,337 Voted leeway 2,918,228 Board local leeway 2,918,228 Debt service 3,299,416 Capital projects 111,183,676 Pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes 32,879,026 Earmings on investments 2,099,139 Gain (loss) on sale of assets 79,399 Total general revenues 76,163,724 Change in net position 10,112,049 Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270	Scholarships	25,000	-	43,031	-	18,031	
Total governmental activities 112,275,615 7,605,923 38,410,042 207,975 (66,051,675) Total primary government \$112,275,615 \$7,605,923 \$38,410,042 \$207,975 (66,051,675) General revenues: Property taxes levied for: Basic rate 8,411,337 Voted leeway 2,918,228 Board local leeway 11,783,926 Debt service 3,299,416 Capital projects 11,183,676 Pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes 32,879,026 Earnings on investments 2,099,139 Gain (loss) on sale of assets 79,399 Total general revenues 76,163,724 Change in net position 10,112,049 Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270	Interest and fiscal charges on long-term						
Total primary government \$ 112,275,615 \$ 7,605,923 \$ 38,410,042 \$ 207,975 (66,051,675) General revenues: Property taxes levied for: Basic rate	liabilities	1,334,467			79,837	(1,254,630)	
General revenues: Property taxes levied for: Basic rate	Total governmental activities	112,275,615	7,605,923	38,410,042	207,975	(66,051,675)	
Property taxes levied for: 8,411,337 Basic rate 8,411,337 Voted leeway 2,918,228 Board local leeway 11,783,926 Debt service 3,299,416 Capital projects 11,183,676 Pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes 32,879,026 Earnings on investments 2,099,139 Gain (loss) on sale of assets 79,399 Total general revenues 76,163,724 Change in net position 10,112,049 Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270	Total primary government	\$ 112,275,615	\$ 7,605,923	\$38,410,042	\$ 207,975	(66,051,675)	
Voted leeway 2,918,228 Board local leeway 11,783,926 Debt service 3,299,416 Capital projects 11,183,676 Pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes 32,879,026 Earnings on investments 2,099,139 Gain (loss) on sale of assets 79,399 Total general revenues 76,163,724 Change in net position 10,112,049 Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270		Property taxes					
Board local leeway 11,783,926 Debt service 3,299,416 Capital projects 11,183,676 Pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes 32,879,026 Earnings on investments 2,099,139 Gain (loss) on sale of assets 79,399 Total general revenues 76,163,724 Change in net position 10,112,049 Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270		Basic rate				8,411,337	
Debt service 3,299,416 Capital projects 11,183,676 Pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes 32,879,026 Earnings on investments 2,099,139 Gain (loss) on sale of assets 79,399 Total general revenues 76,163,724 Change in net position 10,112,049 Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270		Voted leeway	У			2,918,228	
Capital projects 11,183,676 Pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes 32,879,026 Earnings on investments 2,099,139 Gain (loss) on sale of assets 79,399 Total general revenues 76,163,724 Change in net position 10,112,049 Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270		Board local le	eeway			11,783,926	
Pass-through tax entities 3,509,577 Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes 32,879,026 Earnings on investments 2,099,139 Gain (loss) on sale of assets 79,399 Total general revenues 76,163,724 Change in net position 10,112,049 Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270		Debt service				3,299,416	
Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes Earnings on investments 2,099,139 Gain (loss) on sale of assets 79,399 Total general revenues 76,163,724 Change in net position Net position - beginning of year, as restated 32,879,026 2,099,139 79,399 10,112,049		Capital project	cts			11,183,676	
Earnings on investments 2,099,139 Gain (loss) on sale of assets 79,399 Total general revenues 76,163,724 Change in net position 10,112,049 Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270		Pass-through	tax entities			3,509,577	
Gain (loss) on sale of assets 79,399 Total general revenues 76,163,724 Change in net position 10,112,049 Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270		Federal and sta	te aid not restricted	l to specific purpos	es	32,879,026	
Total general revenues 76,163,724 Change in net position 10,112,049 Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270		Earnings on inve	estments			2,099,139	
Change in net position 10,112,049 Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270		Gain (loss) on s	sale of assets			79,399	
Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270		Total general revenues					
Net position - beginning of year, as restated 129,733,270		Change in	n net position			10,112,049	
		•	•	restated			
		•					

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Major				
	General	Special Revenue Fund- Student Activities Fund	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:	<u> </u>	110tt/iiio 1 tilid			Tunds	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,660,506	\$ 3,258,022	\$ 4,967,441	\$ 7,927,656	\$ 592,949	\$ 36,406,574
Investments	9,509,968	- · · · · · -	-	16,098,664	-	25,608,632
Receivables:	. , ,-			-,,		-,,
Taxes	21,598,182	_	2,322,907	9,256,310	354,976	33,532,375
Account	132,933	_	_,,-	543	1,578	135,054
Intergovernmental	2,461,517	_	_	-	296,029	2,757,546
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,.01,017	_	2,812,251	1,032,449	476,238	4,320,938
Deposits	70,000	_	2,012,201	1,002,	,250	70,000
Inventory	70,000	_	_	_	211,347	211,347
Total Assets	\$ 53,433,106	\$ 3,258,022	\$10,102,599	\$34,315,622	\$ 1,933,117	\$ 103,042,466
Total Assets	\$ 55,455,100	9 3,230,022	\$10,102,377	ψ34,313,022	\$ 1,733,117	\$ 103,042,400
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 306,534	\$ 16,934	\$ 2,500	\$ 642,664	\$ 43,007	\$ 1,011,639
Contracts and retainage payable	-	-	-	6,312	-	6,312
Deposits payable	1,377,351	-	-	_	_	1,377,351
Due to clubs	-	2,439,800	_	_	_	2,439,800
Accrued salaries and benefits	5,917,329	-	_	_	81,644	5,998,973
Total Liabilities	7,601,214	2,456,734	2,500	648,976	124,651	10,834,075
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Property taxes levied for future year	21,450,688		2,300,000	9,178,664	354,976	33,284,328
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	29,051,902	2,456,734	2,302,500	9,827,640	479,627	44,118,403
Fund Balances:						
Non-spendable:						
Inventories	_	_	_	_	211,347	211,347
Restricted:					,-	,-
State programs	1,108,426	_	_	_	_	1,108,426
Debt service	-		7,800,099	_	_	7,800,099
Capital outlay	_	_	-	24,487,982		24,487,982
School food services	_	_	_		690,708	690,708
Committed:					,	,
Student activities	_	801,288	_	_		801,288
Foundation	_	-	_	_	551,435	551,435
Assigned:					,	,
Other purposes	21,380,446	_	_	_	_	21,380,446
Unassigned	1,892,332	-	-	-	-	1,892,332
Total Fund Balance	24,381,204	801,288	7,800,099	24,487,982	1,453,490	58,924,063
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 53,433,106	\$ 3,258,022	\$10,102,599	\$34,315,622	\$ 1,933,117	\$ 103,042,466

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSTION JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds

\$ 58,924,063

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$231,080,143 and the accumulated depreciation is \$(86,488,152).

144,591,991

Cash and deposits payable are offset in the government wide financial statements but reported in the fund financial statements because the transactions are between two different funds. \$1,365,704 was eliminated from cash and cash equivalents and deposits payable for the government wide financial statements because the Student Activities Fund reported the investment held by the District as cash and cash equivalents in the fund financial statements and the General Fund reported a corresponding deposits payable.

Some amounts for deferred outflows/inflows of resources and debt related assets and liabilities are not due or payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:

Bonds payable	\$ (29,932,000)
Bond premium	(2,363,469)
Deferred outflow of resources-funds with escrow agent	2,640,370
Termination benefits	(4,529,119)
Compensated absences	(240,526)
Unfunded pension costs payable	(50,620,283)
Deferred pension related outflow of resources	20,824,391
Deferred pension related inflow of resources	(863,434)
Accrued interest on bonds	(455,813)

(65,539,883)

Some of the District's property taxes will not be collected in the current year, and are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and are not reported in the fund statements.

1,869,148

Total net position - governmental activities

\$139,845,319

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Major				
	General	Special Revenue Fund-Student Activities Fund	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	Ф. 21.244.242	Φ.	A 2 200 416	Φ 11 102 cπc	A 2 500 577	A 20 227 012
Property taxes and fee in lieu	\$ 21,244,343	\$ -	\$ 3,299,416	\$ 11,183,676	\$ 3,509,577	\$ 39,237,012
Charges for services	1,923,282	3,589,425	-	131,888	1,299,459	6,944,054
Contributions	5,000	570,437	100.505	-	111,779	687,216
Earnings on investments	752,618	35,918	189,507	561,604	28,219	1,567,866
State aid	62,996,950	-	-	115,475	943,959	64,056,384
Federal aid	4,487,287			79,837	2,528,106	7,095,230
Total revenues	91,409,480	4,195,780	3,488,923	12,072,480	8,421,099	119,587,762
Expenditures: Current:						
Instructional services	61,646,428	_	_	_	_	61,646,428
Supporting services:	01,040,420					01,040,420
Students	3,324,344	_	_	_	107,932	3,432,276
Instructional staff	2,029,554	_	_	_	107,732	2,029,554
General administration	787,802	_	_	_	_	787,802
School administration	5,287,642		_	_	_	5,287,642
Business	876,218		_	_	_	876,218
Operation and maintenance of facilities	10,569,781		_	_	_	10,569,781
Student transportation	5,683,166	_	_	22,883	_	5,706,049
Student activities	3,003,100	4,172,748	_	22,003	_	4,172,748
Scholarships	_	4,172,740	_	_	25,000	25,000
Community services	832,809		_	_	23,000	832,809
School food services	032,007		_	_	5,026,133	5,026,133
Payments to pass-through tax entities	_		_	_	3,509,577	3,509,577
Facilities acquisition/construction	_	_	-	8,861,876	3,307,311	8,861,876
Debt service:	-	-	-	0,001,070	-	0,001,070
Principal retirement	_	_	2,615,000	214,000	_	2,829,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	1,049,331	87,614	_	1,136,945
Bond issuance costs	_	_	1,047,331	07,014	_	1,130,743
Other	-	-	5,000	-	-	5,000
Total expenditures	91,037,744	4,172,748	3,669,331	9,186,373	8,668,642	116,734,838
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	371,736	23,032	(180,408)	2,886,107	(247,543)	2,852,924
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of fixed assets	_	_	-	97,135	_	97,135
Total other financing sources (uses)			-	97,135	-	97,135
Net change in fund balances	371,736	23,032	(180,408)	2,983,242	(247,543)	2,950,059
Fund halanaas haainmina	24.000.469	770 157	7 000 507	21 504 740	1 701 022	55 074 004
Fund balances - beginning	24,009,468	778,256	7,980,507	21,504,740	1,701,033	55,974,004
Fund balances - ending	\$ 24,381,204	\$ 801,288	\$ 7,800,099	\$ 24,487,982	\$ 1,453,490	\$ 58,924,063

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds

\$ 2,950,059

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Also, in the Governmental funds proceeds from sale of capital assets is recorded as revenue, whereas in the statement of activities, capital asset sale proceeds are netted against the cost of the capital assets and the accumulated depreciation. Below are the changes for 2019:

Capital outlays	\$ 11,528,214
Depreciation expense	(6,884,957)
Gain on sale of capital assets	79,399
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(97,135)

4,625,521

Property tax revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not recorded in the fund statements.

1,869,148

In the statement of activities, commodities received are recognized as revenue and commodities used as an expense. The amount received and expensed during 2019 was \$305,088.

47,511

Accrued interest on long-term debt reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the current year change in the liability, reported as a decrease in interest expense in the statement of activities.

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. During 2019, they consist of the following:

Bond principal payments	\$ 2,829,000
Amortization of bond premium	546,267
Amortization of funds deposited with bond escrow	
agent	 (240,033)

3,135,234

In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses, such as changes in the unfunded pension liability and changes in deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pension expenses are measured by the amount incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). During 2019, the changes in these accounts are as follows:

Change in unfunded pension liability	(19,021,159)
Change in deferred outflows of resources-pension	1,937,449
Change in deferred inflows of resources-pension	14,826,331

(2,257,379)

In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences and termination benefits, are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). During 2019, compensated absences payable increased by \$(60,228) and termination benefits payable increased by \$(197,817).

(258,045)

Changes in net position of governmental activities

\$ 10,112,049

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

								ariance with
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Fl	nal Budget - Positive	
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues:	-		-					<u>(- , , 8, , , ,) </u>
Property taxes and fee in lieu	\$	21,844,361	\$	21,162,074	\$	21,244,343	\$	82,269
Charges for services		1,168,200		1,236,334		1,923,282		686,948
Earnings on investments		500,000		495,900		752,618		256,718
Contributions		30,100		30,100		5,000		(25,100)
State aid		62,974,658		65,194,219		62,996,950		(2,197,269)
Federal aid		4,575,000		5,075,038		4,487,287		(587,751)
Total revenues		91,092,319		93,193,665		91,409,480		(1,784,185)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instructional services		67,511,006		67,111,181		61,646,428		5,464,753
Supporting services:								
Students		2,921,095		4,141,193		3,324,344		816,849
Instructional staff		1,508,217		1,992,391		2,029,554		(37,163)
General administration		606,319		743,518		787,802		(44,284)
School administration		5,297,219		5,316,450		5,287,642		28,808
Business		1,162,251		613,286		876,218		(262,932)
Operation and maintenance of facilities		7,811,815		9,088,710		10,569,781		(1,481,071)
Student transportation		4,361,421		4,367,920		5,683,166		(1,315,246)
Community services		511,919		976,276		832,809		143,467
Other		97,896		18,031		-		18,031
Total expenditures		91,789,158		94,368,956		91,037,744		3,331,212
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(696,839)		(1,175,291)		371,736		1,547,027
Other financing sources (uses):								
Sale of fixed assets		-		-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)						-		
Net change in fund balances		(696,839)		(1,175,291)		371,736		1,547,027
Fund balances - beginning		24,009,468		24,009,468		24,009,468		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	23,312,629	\$	22,834,177	\$	24,381,204	\$	1,547,027

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SCHOOL ACTIVITIES FUND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues:			-					<u> </u>
Charges for services	\$	4,000,000	\$	4,000,000	\$	3,589,425	\$	(410,575)
Other programs and grants		-		-		-		-
Earnings on investments		-		-		35,918		35,918
Contributions		400,000		400,000		570,437		170,437
Total revenues		4,400,000		4,400,000		4,195,780		(204,220)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Student activities		4,400,000		4,400,000		4,172,748		227,252
Total expenditures		4,400,000		4,400,000		4,172,748		227,252
Excess of revenues over expenditures						23,032		23,032
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from capital lease		-		_		-		-
Sale of fixed assets		-		-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)								
Net change in fund balances		-		-		23,032		23,032
Fund balances - beginning		778,256		778,256		778,256		
Fund balances - ending	\$	778,256	\$	778,256	\$	801,288	\$	23,032

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUND JUNE 30, 2019

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 60,520
Receivables-intergovernmental	-
Receivables-accounts	 930
Total assets	\$ 61,450
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 85
Due to other funds	-
Intergovernmental payable	 61,365
Total liabilities	\$ 61,450

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Box Elder School District is located in the north-central and north-western portion of the State of Utah. It was organized by State Statute and serves the citizens of Box Elder County. The District provides educational and related services.

The financial statements of Box Elder School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include the School District, which is a political subdivision with corporate powers created under Utah State law, and its blended component units, the Municipal Building Authority of Box Elder School District and the Box Elder School District Foundation, collectively referred to as the financial reporting entity. As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), these financial statements present Box Elder School District (referred to as the "primary government" for reporting purposes) and its' "component units" (separate legal entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable).

The Municipal Building Authority of Box Elder School District is governed by a seven-member board which is the Board of Education. Its sole purpose is to finance and construct some of the District's public facilities.

Box Elder School District Foundation is a separate but affiliated, self-sustaining, not-for-profit organization. The Foundation was established to provide support for the Box Elder School District, its faculty and students, and to promote, sponsor and carry out educational, scientific, charitable and related activities and objectives within the Box Elder School District. It is governed by a board of directors of up to 15 individuals. The Foundation is considered to be a component unit of the District because the purpose of the Foundation is to exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefit the District by soliciting contributions and managing the funds. The Foundation has an audit performed annually, separate from the District. A copy of that audit report can be obtained by writing to the Box Elder School District Foundation, 960 South Main, Brigham City, Utah 84302.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the function program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with the district function activity. Program revenues include 1) charges for services that report fees, tuition, rent, and other charges to users of the District's services; 2) operating grants and contributions that finance annual operating activities; and 3) capital grants and contributions that fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program users. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues. Administrative overhead charges are included in direct expenses.

Fund Financial Statements. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. The remaining governmental funds are combined into a single column and reported as other nonmajor funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The use of financial resources to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term debt are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means that amounts can be reasonably determined within the current period. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes are recorded when levied. Property taxes which have not been collected within 60 days, and therefore do not meet the "available" criterion, are reported as a receivable and as a deferred inflow-taxes levied for future year. Anticipated refunds of such taxes are recorded as liabilities and reductions of revenue when they are measurable, and their validity seems certain.

Minimum school program revenues and other revenues from the Utah State Office of Education are considered "measurable" and recognized as revenue when available and remitted to the District in time to be used to pay current obligations. Federal and other grant revenue is recognized when qualified expenditures are incurred, and a contractual claim exists with the grantor agency. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on long-term debt as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, termination benefits and arbitrage rebates which are recognized only when payment is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This fund accounts for all activities not accounted for by other funds of the District and is the principal fund. The main sources of revenue for this fund are property taxes and minimum school programs funded by the Utah State office of Education.

Student Activities Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund and is used to account for financial resources and uses for student activities, organizations and other custodial type transactions within the schools throughout the District.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to debt service expenditures for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or maintenance of major capital projects.

The District's nonmajor governmental funds include three special revenue funds. The nonmajor special revenue funds account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The District has one fiduciary fund – Agency Fund. Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for other governments, private organizations, or individuals. Agency Funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting, but due to their custodial nature (assets equal liabilities) do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Budgets

Budgets are legally adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend. Budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds.

The district operates within the budget requirements as specified by State law. The financial reports reflect the following budgetary standards.

- 1. In May of each year, the District management submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the next fiscal year commencing July 1. This budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. A final budget for the current year, ending June 30th, is also included.
- 2. The tentative budget is made available for public inspection at least ten days prior to a public hearing on adoption of the final budget.
- 3. If the budget does not propose to exceed the certified tax rate, a public hearing for taxpayer input is held prior to June 22nd of each year. The budget is then legally adopted by resolution of the Board. If the budget proposes a tax rate that exceeds the certified tax rate, the budget is formally adopted in August, when data is available to set new rates.
- 4. Once adopted, the budget can be amended by subsequent Board action. Reductions in appropriations can be approved by the Board, but increased appropriations in the governmental funds require a public hearing prior to amending the budget. Budgets may be increased provided that notice of such action is published seven days before the meeting. The budgetary information presented includes the original budget and the final amended budget.
- 5. Minor interim adjustments in estimated revenue and appropriations, during the year, have been included in the final budget approved by the Board, as presented in the financial statements.
- 6. Encumbrance accounting is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders and contracts) outstanding at year end lapse and are re-appropriated in the new year and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Budgets (continued)

- 7. As determined by State law, the level for which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the total budget of a given fund.
- 8. Negative variances in total revenues and positive variances in total expenditures are largely a result of federal and state program revenues and related expenditures that do not have a direct impact on fund balance. Budgets generally assume expenditure of all available resources. Therefore, when the budget is prepared, it is assumed that these funds will not have a carryover or revenue to a subsequent year. Some program revenues received, but not spent, are restricted and used to fund expenditures in the subsequent fiscal year.

E. Deposits and Investments

Unrestricted cash balances of all funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments which is managed by the Business Administrator in accordance with the Utah Money Management Act. Income from the investment of pooled cash is allocated based upon each fund's portion of the pool. Restricted cash consists of that portion of pooled cash that is restricted for a specific use due to constraints imposed by external parties, or enabling legislation, or is cash held in trust in compliance with bond covenants, terms and conditions. Restricted cash is held in the capital project account because the funds are restricted for the purpose of building or remodeling instructional facilities. When both restricted and unrestricted sources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Investments are recorded at fair value based upon quoted market prices at year-end (Level 1 inputs) and other significant observable inputs (Level 2), except where there is no material difference between cost and fair value. The difference between the purchase price and fair value, when material, is recorded as interest income.

The District considers cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, including investments in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF) to be cash and cash equivalents.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Interfund transactions

Interfund transactions represent transactions between different funds within the District. In general, interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements in an effort to minimize the doubling-up of revenues and expenses resulting from such transactions.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, vehicles and construction in progress. These assets are reported in the governmentwide financial statements in the relevant column on the Statement of Net Position under governmental activities. Capital assets acquired by governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. The capitalization threshold for personal property is defined to be assets with a useful life of at least one year and costing at least \$5,000; real property thresholds vary by type of asset but are generally established at the same amount. Assets purchased or constructed are generally recorded at cost. If precise cost is not available, the asset is recorded at estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

When constructing capital assets, interest expense incurred relating to governmental activities is expensed.

Land, water stock, and construction in progress are not depreciated. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged to the various functional expenses in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	10-40 years
Improvements	5-40 years
Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	5-10 years

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned-but-not-used vacation benefits in accordance with negotiated agreements. The District has placed a cap on the amount of accumulated vacation benefits that will be compensated. The cap depends on employee classification and is limited to 10 days for classified employees, 15 days for administrators working under 229 day contracts and 20 days for administrators working 243 days and over contracts. An estimate of vacation pay plus related payroll taxes is accrued when incurred in government-wide financial statements and reported as a liability. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if benefits have matured as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

I. Long-term liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, defeasance costs, (the difference between the carrying amount of the defeased debt and its reacquisition price in bond refunding), are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred as directed in GASB 65.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Net Position/Fund Balances

The difference between assets and liabilities is "Net Position" on the government-wide and "Fund Balance" on the governmental fund financial statements. Net position is divided into invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted non-spendable, restricted expendable, and unrestricted. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints are placed upon them by external parties or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. Net Position/Fund Balances (continued)

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financials are as follows.

Non-spendable – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has classified only school food service inventory as non-spendable.

Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School Board. These amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the School Board or the District Business Administrator. No other body or official has the authority to constrain such amounts. This classification also includes funds set aside for specific purposes or programs.

Unassigned – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance for any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by the offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. Net Position/Fund Balances (continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed.

K. Inventories

Inventories for the School Food Services Special Revenue Fund are valued at average cost utilizing the weighted average method.

L. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. To help manage these risks, the District participates in the Utah State Risk Management Fund, a public entity that operates like an insurance carrier. The District also participates in the Utah School Boards Risk Management Mutual Insurance Association to cover its workers compensation risks.

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates

NOTE 2. PROPERTY TAX

The property tax revenue of the District is collected and distributed by the Box Elder County Treasurer as an agent for the District. Utah statutes establish the process by which taxes are levied and collected. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on June 15 and are due November 30. Property tax revenue received by the District includes uncollected taxes (including delinquencies and accrued interest and penalties). It is expected that delinquent property taxes will be collected within a five-year period, after which time, the County Treasurer may force sale of property to collect the delinquent portion. These property tax revenues are not recognized when levied because they are not expected to be collected within 60 days after the

NOTE 2. PROPERTY TAX (continued)

end of the current year. The property taxes levied on January 1, 2019, and due November 30, 2019, have been included in the taxes receivable and deferred inflow of resources-property taxes levied for future year in the government-wide financial statements. This accrual includes a current year receivable of \$248,047. The remaining accrued amount of \$35,153,476, of which \$33,284,328 is unearned and deferred to the future period. The remaining \$1,869,148 is for delinquent property taxes for taxes assessed for calendar year 2018 and prior that remains uncollected.

An annual uniform fee based on the age of motor vehicles is levied in lieu of ad valorem tax (property tax) on motor vehicles that is due each time a vehicle is registered. Revenues collected in each county from motor vehicle fees is distributed by the county to each taxing entity in which the motor vehicle is located in the same proportion in which revenue from ad valorem property tax is distributed. The District recognizes motor vehicle fees as property tax revenue when collected by the county.

Pass-through tax for other entities is property tax levied by the District but paid by the County directly to these entities, as they are collected, for Charter School levy and for redevelopment, economic, and community development agencies in accordance with the Utah Neighborhood Development Act (Utah Code 17A-2-1200) and Community Development and Renewal Agencies Act (Utah Code 17C-1). The taxes are forwarded by the County to these entities as they are collected.

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2019, consist of the following:

	Taxes	 Accounts	Inter	governmental	Total
Governmental funds:					
General Fund	\$23,467,330	\$ 132,933	\$	2,461,517	\$ 26,061,780
Debt Service Fund	2,322,907	-		-	2,322,907
Capital Projects Fund	9,256,310	543		-	9,256,853
Nonmajor Funds	354,976	1,578		296,029	652,583
Total receivables	\$35,401,523	\$ 135,054	\$	2,757,546	\$ 38,294,123

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided because the District believes that all accounts receivable are collectible.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning				
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 12,019,891	\$ 1,334,402	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,354,293
Construction in progress	18,857,951	8,337,717	(26,172,399)	-	1,023,269
Water stock	75,000				75,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	30,952,842	9,672,119	(26,172,399)	-	14,452,562
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	169,137,362	26,239,566	(87,777)	-	195,289,151
Furniture, machinery and equipment and vehicles	21,369,863	1,788,928	(1,820,361)		21,338,430
Total capital assets being depreciated	190,507,225	28,028,494	(1,908,138)		216,627,581
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(67,132,678)	(5,351,052)	76,795	-	(72,406,935)
Furniture, machinery and equipment and vehicles	(14,360,919)	(1,533,905)	1,813,607		(14,081,217)
Total accumulated depreciation	(81,493,597)	(6,884,957)	1,890,402		(86,488,152)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	109,013,628	21,143,537	(17,736)		130,139,429
					·
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 139,966,470	\$ 30,815,656	\$ (26,190,135)	\$ -	\$ 144,591,991

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 4,681,770
Support services:	
Students	68,850
Instructional staff	68,850
General administration	68,850
School administration	481,947
Business	68,850
Operations/Maintenance of plant	619,646
Student transportation	413,097
School food services	413,097
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 6,884,957

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

The District has construction commitments for capital assets at June 30, 2019. Construction began or was committed to on several building projects for which the District has set aside fund balance in the Capital Project Fund. This committed fund balance totaled \$8,700,000 at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 5. RETIREMENT PLANS

General information about the Pension Plan

Plan description: Eligible plan participants are provided with pensions through the Utah Retirement Systems. The Utah Retirement Systems are comprised of the following pension trust funds:

- Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Noncontributory System) and Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Contributory System) are multiple employer, cost sharing, public employees, retirement systems.
- Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Employees System) is a multiple employer, cost sharing, public employees, retirement system.

The Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System became effective July 1, 2011. All eligible employees beginning on or after July 1, 2011, who have no previous service credit with any of the Utah Retirement Systems, are members of the Tier 2 Retirement System.

The Utah Retirement Systems (URS) are established and governed by the respective sections of Title 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended. The Systems' defined benefit plans are amended statutorily by the State Legislature. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Title 49 provides for the administration of the Systems under the direction of the Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems are fiduciary funds defined as pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds. URS is a component unit of the State of Utah. Title 49 of the Utah Code grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms. URS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained by writing Utah Retirement Systems, 560 E. 200 S, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or visiting the website: www.urs.org. The URS had the following change in assumptions, which were adopted January 1, 2018.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.25-9.75%, average, including inflation Investment rate of return 6.95%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

NOTE 5. RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Benefits provided: URS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are as follows:

Summary of Benefits by System

	Final	Years of service required and/or		
System	Average Salary	age eligible for benefit	Benefit percent per year of service	COLA**
Noncontributory System	Highest 3 years	30 years any age	2.0% per year all years	Up to 4%
		25 year any age*		
		20 years age 60*		
		10 years age 62*		
		4 years age 65		
Contributory System	Highest 5 years	30 years any age	1.25% per year to June 1975;	Up to 4%
		20 years age 60*	2% per year July 1975 to present	
		10 years age 62*		
		4 years age 65		
Tier 2 Public Employees System	Highest 5 years	35 years any age	1.5% per year all years	Up to 2.5%
		20 years any age 60*		
		10 years age 62*		
		4 years age 65		

^{*}with actuarial reductions

Contributions: As a condition of participation in the Systems, employer and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the URS Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions (where applicable) is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Contribution rates are as follows:

		Employer	Employer
	Employee	for	Contribution
	Paid	Employee	Rates
Tier 2 DC Only			
212-State and School Division Tier 2	N/A	N/A	10.02%
212-State and School Division Tier 2-401K	N/A	N/A	10.00%
Noncontributory System			
16-State and School Division Tier 1	N/A	N/A	22.19%
16-State and School Division Tier 1-401K	N/A	N/A	1.50%
Contributory System			
12-State School Division Tier 1	N/A	6.000%	17.70%
112-State School Division Tier 2	N/A	N/A	18.87%
112-State School Division Tier 2-401K	N/A	N/A	1.15%

^{**}All post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments are non-compounding and are based on the original benefit except for Judges, which is a compounding benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments are also limited to the actual Consumer Price Index (CPI) increase for the year, although unused CPI increases not met may be carried forward to subsequent years.

NOTE 5. RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District had a net pension liability of \$50,620,283.

	Proportionate	Net	Pension	Net Pension
	Share		Asset	Liability
Noncontributory System	1.3418377%	\$	=	\$49,923,302
Contributory System	0.4864303%		-	345,369
Tier 2 Public Employees System	0.8209890%		<u> </u>	351,612
Total Net Pension Asset/Liability		\$		\$ 50,620,283

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset and liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The proportion of the net pension asset and liability was based upon actual historical employer contributions to the plan from the census data submitted to the plan for pay periods ending in 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, we recognized pension expense of \$12,775,310. At June 30, 2019, we reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	 Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 268,416	\$ (773,151)
Changes in assumptions	5,165,992	(6,317)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		
plan investments	8,534,222	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions	1,569,645	(83,966)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	5,286,116	
Total	\$20,824,391	\$ (863,434)

NOTE 5. RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

\$5,286,116 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from contributions made by us prior to our fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement data of December 31, 2018. These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Deferred Outflows		
			(Inflows) of	
Year Ended December 31,			Resources	
	2019	\$	6,477,835	
	2020	\$	2,755,259	
	2021	\$	1,313,902	
	2022	\$	4,046,363	
	2023	\$	10,766	
	Thereafter	\$	70,716	

Actuarial assumptions: the total pension liability in the December 31, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.25-9.75%, average, including inflation Investment rate of return 6.95%, net of pension plan investment

Active member mortality rates are a function of the member's gender, occupation, and age and are developed based upon plan experience. Retiree mortality assumptions are highlighted in the table below.

Retired Member Mortality

Class of member

Educators

Men EDUM (90%)

Women EDUF (100%)

Public Safety and Firefighters

Men RP 2000mWC (100%) Women EDUF (120%)

Local Government, Public Employees

Men RP 2000mWC (100%)

Women EDUF (120%)

EDUM=Constructed mortality table based on actual experience of male educators multiplied by given percentage
EDUF=Constructed mortality table based on actual experience of female educators multiplied by given percentage
RP 2000mWC=RP 2000 Combined mortality table for males with white collar adjustments multiplied by given percentage

NOTE 5. RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2018 valuations, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period of January 1, 2011– December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Expec	Expected Return Arithmetic Basis					
		Real Return	Long-Term				
	Target	Arithmetic	expected portfolio				
Asset Class	Asset	Basis	real rate of return				
Equity securities	40%	6.15%	2.46%				
Debt securities	20%	0.40%	0.08%				
Real assets	15%	5.75%	0.86%				
Private equity	9%	9.95%	0.89%				
Absolute return	16%	2.85%	0.46%				
Cash and cash equivalents	0%	0.00%	0.00%				
Totals	100%		4.75%				
	Inflation		2.50%				
	Expected arithmetic no	ominal return	7.25%				

The 6.95% assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2.5% and a real return of 4.45% that is net of investment expense.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.95 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates that are actuarially determined and certified by the URS Board. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate.

NOTE 5. RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset and liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.95 percent) or 1-percentate-poing higher (7.95 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.95%)	(6.95%)	(7.95%)
Proportionate share of			
Noncontributory System	\$ 89,735,193	\$ 49,923,302	\$ 16,615,684
Contributory System	723,769	345,369	22,471
Tier 2 Public Employees System	1,408,625	351,612	(464,138)
Total	\$ 91,867,587	\$ 50,620,283	\$ 16,174,017

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

The information below is not required as part of GASB 68 but is provided for informational purposes. The schedule below is a summary of the Defined Contribution Savings Plan for pay periods January 1-December 31.

Defined Contribution System

June 30, 2019:

The plans are administered by the Utah Retirement System. All amounts are 100% vested and can be paid out without penalty once the participant reaches age $59\frac{1}{2}$.

	Emp	ployee Paid	Employ	er Paid
	Co	ntributions	Contri	butions
401(k) Plan	\$	594,822	\$ 1,50)9,339
457 Plan	\$	18,282	\$	-
Roth IRA Plan	\$	108,222	\$	-
Traditional IRA Plan	\$	2,850	\$	-

^{*} The employer paid 401(k) contributions include the totals paid for employees enrolled in the Tier 2 Defined Contribution 401(k) Plan.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District had the following long-term obligations at June 30, 2019.

On February 24, 2015, the District issued \$28,950,000 in general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates ranging between 1.5% and 5%. The District issued the bonds to advance refund \$13,075,000 of the outstanding series 2008 bonds with interest ranging between 2.5% and 5% and \$15,225,000 of the outstanding series 2009 bonds with interest rates ranging between 2% and 5%. The refunded bonds were amounts from the series 2008, which mature on July 15, 2019 through July 15, 2028, and series 2009, which mature on July 15, 2019 through July 15, 2029. The District placed the net proceeds along with bond premium proceeds in escrow to provide for all future debt service on the refunded portion of the 2008 and 2009 bonds. As a result, that portion of the 2008 and 2009 bonds are considered defeased, and the District has removed the liability from its accounts. The outstanding principal of the defeased bonds is \$28,300,000, at June 30, 2019. The annual debt service over the life of the refunding bonds is as follows.

2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds:

Years	P	rincipal		Interest	Total	Interest Rate
2020	\$ 2	2,315,000	\$	971,350	\$ 3,286,350	2.00%
2021	4	2,345,000		924,750	3,269,750	2.00%
2022	2	2,390,000		877,400	3,267,400	2.00%
2023	2	2,460,000		792,000	3,252,000	5.00%
2024	2	2,585,000		665,875	3,250,875	5.00%
2025-2029	14	4,740,000		1,489,100	16,229,100	3.00%-5.00%
2030		1,595,000		23,925	1,618,925	3.00%
	\$ 28	8,430,000	\$:	5,744,400	\$ 34,174,400	_

The advance refunding reduced total debt service approximately \$1,981,000. This results in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,783,091.

The Municipal Building Authority of Box Elder School District (MBA), a blended component unit of Box Elder School District, entered into agreements to issue Qualified School Construction Bonds, under the Build America Bond program, in the amount of \$3,000,000, for the construction of a new school. The bonds were issued on June 2, 2011, and are payable through May 15, 2026. The bond interest rate is 4.96% for the length of the bond. However, most of the annual interest amount will be subsidized by the U.S. Government under the Build America Bond Program, resulting in a small annual cost to the District.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The following is the debt service schedule of the bonds.

2011 Municipal Building Authority Qualified School Construction Bonds:

Years	Principal	Interest	Sub	osidized interest	Total	Interest Rate
2020	\$ 214,000	\$ 74,499	\$	69,880	\$ 358,379	4.96%
2021	214,000	63,885		59,924	\$ 337,809	4.96%
2022	214,000	52,270		49,029	\$ 315,299	4.96%
2023	215,000	42,656		40,011	\$ 297,667	4.96%
2024	215,000	31,992		30,008	\$ 277,000	4.96%
2025-2026	430,000	31,992		30,008	\$ 492,000	4.96%
	\$ 1,502,000	\$ 297,294	\$	278,860	\$ 2,078,154	

Termination Benefits

Effective July 1, 2006, the Board approved a termination benefit plan, which, upon termination, provides for the payout of sick leave benefits and a retirement bonus. During the year ended June 30, 2019, \$887,737 was expended on these benefit plans. The plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The District has a potential for termination benefits for 161 eligible employees. For 2019, the District has recorded a liability of \$4,529,119, which is calculated at the net present value of the estimated liability using a discount rate of 2.5%, which is the District's average interest earning rate.

Sick Leave Benefit:

Employees are eligible after they have completed 15 years of contracted service with the District – employees receive 2% of their unused, accumulated sick leave for each year of service in the District, plus 1% per year for each year of experience granted by the District upon employment, to a maximum of 60%.

Retirement Bonus:

Employees are eligible after they qualify for School District Retirement, as defined in Policy 3306, 3-3-1 —employees receive a retirement bonus generated at 30% of full-time contracted employment in the District, multiplied by the value of the weighted pupil unit, adjusted annually for the change in the Consumer Price Index, for the year of retirement with an amount not to exceed nine times the value of the measurement unit for the year of retirement. For classified employees who are eligible and less than full-time employees, the percentages are lower.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Compensated Absences

Classified and Administrative employees are eligible for vacation benefits. Classified employees may carry over a maximum of 20 days vacation to the following year but upon termination will only be compensated for up to 10 days at the rate in effect at the time of termination. Administrative employees who are under contract for 229 working days may be compensated for up to 15 days and administrative employees under contract for 243 or more working days may be compensated for up to 20 days.

Insurance Deposits

At retirement, the District allowed retirees to deposit after tax funds with the District for the purpose of purchasing health insurance. These deposits are funded entirely by the retirees and they are allowed to purchase couple or single health insurance coverage from the District insurance provider until they turn 65. When they reach age 65, any funds remaining on deposit with the District are refunded. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$11,647 on deposit for one retired employee's health insurance premiums. This deposit will be used over the next two years and the District has discontinued this program for any future retirees.

Transaction affecting long term debt are as follows:

		Ending Balance	Ι	Due Within				
	Balance	alance Additions		Reductions	Liming Dalance		One Year	
Governmental activities:								
G.O. bonds payable	\$31,045,000	\$	-	\$ (2,615,000)	\$ 28,430,000	\$	2,345,000	
G.O. bond premium	2,909,736		-	(546,267)	2,363,469		-	
MBA bonds payable	1,716,000		-	(214,000)	1,502,000		214,000	
Compensated absences	180,297		329,079	(268,850)	240,526		-	
Accrued termination benefits	4,331,302		1,005,554	(807,737)	4,529,119		-	
Total Governmental	\$40,182,335	\$	1,334,633	\$ (4,451,854)	\$ 37,065,114	\$	2,559,000	

NOTE 7. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Box Elder School District Foundation Fund had expenditures in excess of budget of \$4,932.

No funds had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 8. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a Deposit and Investment Pool that is available for use by all funds of the District. Each fund type's portion of this pool is disclosed on the governmental funds balance sheet as "cash and cash equivalents".

The District complies with the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Section 51, Chapter 7) and related Rules of the Money Management Council (Council) in handling its depository and investing transactions. District funds are deposited in qualified depositories as defined in the Act. The Act also authorizes the District to invest in the Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF), certificates of deposit, US Treasury obligations, US agency issues, high-grade commercial paper, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, corporate bonds, money market funds and obligations of governmental agencies within the State of Utah. The Act and Council rules govern the financial reporting requirements of qualified depositories in which public funds may be deposited and prescribe the conditions under which the designation of a depository shall remain in effect. The District considers the rules of the Council to be necessary and sufficiently adequate protection of its uninsured bank deposits.

Deposits

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the District deposits was \$6,451,266 and the bank balance was \$8,884,805. Of the bank balance, \$2,501,698 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$6,383,107 was uninsured. Deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by state statute. However, the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions monitors financial institutions and establishes limits for deposit of public money at individual financial institutions, and the District follows these recommendations.

NOTE 8. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments

At June 30, 2019, the District's investment balances were as follows:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity	Rated
Corporate Bonds	\$ 18,258,632	1-5 years	A1 to AAA
Government agencies	\$ 7,350,000	1-5 years	AAA
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment			
Fund	32,971,062	less than 1 year	not rated
Total	\$ 58,579,694	_	

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

U.S. Government Agencies securities-\$7,350,000-Level 1-using quoted market price in active markets.

Corporate Bonds-\$18,258,632-Level 2-using matrix pricing model.

Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF)-\$32,971,062-Level 2-using the District's published fair value factor obtained from the PTIF.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by complying with the Act, which requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments do not exceed the period of availability of the funds invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper to 270 days or less and fixed-income securities to 365 days or less. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its interest rate risk.

NOTE 8. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments (continued)

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's policy for reducing exposure to credit risk is to comply with the Act and other related rules. The Act and other related rules limit investments in commercial paper to a first-tier rating of investments in fixed-income to a rating of A or higher as rated by Moody's Investor Service or by Standard and Poor's Corporation. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. All of the District's investments in corporate bonds and commercial paper meet this requirement with ratings of, at least, A. The investments that exceed 5% of the total investment pool are Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation bonds.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer. The District's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Act and related rules. The Act limits investments in commercial paper and or corporate obligations to 5% of the District's total portfolio with a single issuer. At June 30, 2019, the District had 11% of its' investments in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation bonds and 56% in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund. The District places no other limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, the custodial risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Act and related rules. The District places no other limit on the amount of investments to be held by counterparties. All of the District's investments in corporate bonds and commercial paper are uninsured and uncollateralized and held by the agent in the District's name.

NOTE 8. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Amounts as reported in the financial statements:

Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 6,451,266
Carrying amount of investments	58,579,694
Total cash and investments	\$ 65,030,960
As reported in the financial statements:	
Government Wide:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,040,870
Investments	25,608,632
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	4,320,938
Fiduciary Funds - cash and cash equivalents	60,520
Total cash and investments	\$ 65,030,960

NOTE 9. RECONCILIATION OF INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

There were no interfund due to/due from balances and no interfund transfers during 2019. \$1,365,704 in school funds reported in the Other Governmental Funds column as cash and cash equivalents and as deposits payable in the General Fund, have been eliminated in the reporting of the government wide statements.

NOTE 10. DEFERRED OUTLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The District currently has two items that fall within this category. Funds placed in escrow to refund outstanding debt issues, of \$3,600,502, which will be amortized to interest expense over the life of the refunding bonds and deferred pension cost payments after the measurement date but before the District's fiscal year end. For 2019, the amortization on the amounts placed in escrow was \$240,033. This was recorded in the Statement of Activities and reduced the balance to \$2,640,370. The second deferred outflow of resources amount is pension related and is presented in note 5.

NOTE 10. DEFERRED OUTLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports two of these items. Unearned property taxes are reported as deferred inflows of resources since they are recognized as receivables before the period for which the taxes are levied as presented in Note 2. Pension related amounts are presented in Note 5. These amounts also are reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTE 11. PASS-THROUGH TAX ENTITIES

The District is subject to tax abatements granted by other local governments within the County through the establishment of Redevelopment Agencies (RDAs), Community Development Agencies (CDAs) and Economic Development Agencies (EDAs). These tax abatement programs are governed by the Utah Neighborhood Development Act (Utah Code 17A-2-1200) and Community Development and Renewal Agencies Act (Utah Code 17C-1). These entities have the stated purpose of increasing business activity and employment within the County. The abatement agreements stipulate that 40%-100% of the increased property tax generated by the increase in value within the RDA, CDA or EDA be returned to the RDA, CDA or EDA for incentive payments to the companies making the improvements for periods up to 20 years. The District also levies property tax for the State Charter School Levy. The pass-through tax entities paid during 2019 are as follows:

Pass-through	An	ount passed
Entities Tax	thr	ough during
Payments		2019
		_
Tremonton CDA		57,364
Box Elder County RDA		118,022
Box Elder County EDA		65,990
Box Elder County EDA		1,736,731
Box Elder County EDA		89,099
Brigham City RDA		61,125
Brigham City EDA		181,865
Brigham City EDAWest Forest		450,883
Brigham City EDA X-20		144,145
Brigham City CDA		285,283
State of Utah-Charter School Levy		319,070
	\$	3,509,577

NOTE 12. MEMBERSHIP CHANGES

The District receives funding from the Utah State Office of Education (USOE) based on formulas calculated using the District's membership figures. As District membership increases or decreases, corresponding funding from the USOE has the potential to increase or decrease. The amount of any potential change is not available.

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District maintains insurance coverage for general liability, automobile, personal injury, errors and omissions, employee dishonesty, and malpractice liability up to \$10 million per occurrence through policies administered by the Utah State Risk Management Fund (Fund). The District also ensures its buildings, including those under construction, and contents against all insurable risks of direct physical loss or damage with the Fund. Property physical damage is insured to replacement value with a \$1,000 deductible, automobile physical damage is insured to actual value with a \$750 deductible, other liability is limited to the lesser of \$10 million or the statutory limit. The Fund is a public entity risk pool operated by the State for the benefit of the State and local governments within the State. The District pays annual premiums to the Fund. The Fund obtains independent coverage for insured events, up to \$25 million per location. This is a pooled arrangement where the participants pay experience related annual premiums, which are designed to pay claims and build sufficient reserves so that the pool will be able to protect the participating entities with its own capital. The pool reinsures excess losses to preserve the capital base. Insurance coverage from coverage by major category of risk has remained relatively constant as compared to the prior fiscal year. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

There are several lawsuits pending in which the District is involved. The District's counsel and insurance carriers estimate that the potential claims against the District, not covered by insurance, resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the District.

The District maintains workers compensation insurance through the Utah School Boards Risk Management Mutual Insurance Association (Association). Annual premiums are charged to users by the Association to enable the payment of claims and to accumulate reserves for any unforeseen issues. Independent coverage is obtained to ensure sufficient reserves and funds are available when needed. This is a pooled arrangement where the participants pay experience rated annual premiums, which are designed to pay claims and build sufficient reserves so that the pool will be able to protect the participating entities. Periodic billing premiums are received to cover any unanticipated changes from the facts and circumstances used to calculate the annual premium.

NOTE 14. RESTRICTED/ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE DETAIL

The detail of the aggregated amounts in the Balance Sheet is as follows at June 30, 2019:

Fund balances-governmental funds:		
Restricted state programs: General Fund:		
General Fund: Gifted/talented	\$	120 722
	Э	130,733
Advanced placement		2,286
Concurrent enrollment		228,084
Youth in custody		336,480
Enhancement-at risk students		80,610
Trust lands		137,850
Dual Immersion		29,208
Extended day kindergarten		16,883
Library books		3,332
State literacy		13,771
Adult ed		9,018
Drivers ed		50,992
USTAR		18,288
Early literacy		50,891
Total General Fund		1,108,426
Total Restricted state programs-Governmental activities	\$	1,108,426
Fund balance-governmental funds:		
Assigned-other purposes:		
General Fund:		
Credit recovery	\$	110,778
Youth in custody-private		54,350
Classified professional development		13,426
School fees		750,000
Professional development		3,364,472
Budget shortfalls		2,862,744
PTIF FMV adjustment		114,840
Wellness		2,251,860
Textbooks		1,986,510
Safety		689,110
Teacher incentives		1,149,022
Termination benefits		4,000,000
E-rate		133,334
Board approved contingency		3,900,000
Total General Fund Assigned Fund Balance	\$	21,380,446
Total Octicial Fulid Assigned Fulid Datalice	φ	21,300,440

UTAH STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

The net pension asset, liability, covered payroll and related ratios were measured at December 31, which is the fiscal year of the URS.

			Co	ontributory	Tier 2 Public		
	No	oncontributory	R	etirement	Employees		
		System		System	System		
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)							
2014		1.2591214%	0.	8712488%	0.6081591%		
2015		1.2340989%	0.	6845906%	0.6166209%		
2016		1.2523865%	0.	3310938%	0.6541755%		
2017		1.2885468%	0.	3669324%	0.7411140%		
2018		1.3418377%	0.	4864327%	(0.8209890%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (ass	et)						
2014	\$	31,635,786	\$	95,531	\$	(18,430)	
2015	\$	38,766,581	\$	429,000	\$	(1,346)	
2016	\$	40,588,806	\$	181,425	\$	72,973	
2017	\$	31,509,636	\$	24,146	\$	65,342	
2018	\$	49,923,302	\$	345,369	\$	351,612	
Covered employee payroll							
2014	\$	34,856,456	\$	320,187	\$	2,976,735	
2015	\$	33,506,050	\$	216,863	\$	3,981,680	
2016	\$	34,046,589	\$	88,755	\$	5,364,766	
2017	\$	34,424,731	\$	83,487	\$	7,277,392	
2018	\$	36,032,098	\$	94,404	\$	9,651,183	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability							
(asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee p	ayrol						
2014		90.76%		29.84%		-0.62%	
2015		115.70%		197.82%		-0.03%	
2016		119.22%		204.41%		1.36%	
2017		91.53%		28.92%		0.90%	
2018		138.55%		365.84%		3.64%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of							
the total pension liability							
2014		87.20%		98.70%		103.50%	
2015		84.50%		92.40%		100.20%	
2016		84.90%		93.40%		95.10%	
2017		89.20%		99.20%		97.40%	
2018		84.10%		91.40%		90.80%	

^{*}In accordance with paragraph 81.a of GASB 68, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history of their proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) in their RSI, when 10 years information is available. The schedule above is only for the current year and prior four years.

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

				Co	ontributions					Contributions
				in	relation to					as a
					the					percentage of
	As of fiscal		Actual	cc	ntractually	C	ontribution			covered
	year ended	Γ	Determined		required		deficiency			employee
	June 30	C	ontributions	co	ontribution	Ì	(excess)	С	overed Payroll	payroll
Noncontributory System	2015	\$	7,434,531	\$	7,434,531	\$	-	\$	34,166,196	21.76%
	2016	\$	7,463,884	\$	7,463,884	\$	-	\$	33,855,607	22.05%
	2017	\$	7,465,135	\$	7,465,135	\$	-	\$	33,845,059	22.06%
	2018	\$	7,731,622	\$	7,731,622	\$	-	\$	35,044,987	22.06%
	2019	\$	8,163,716	\$	8,163,716	\$	-	\$	37,144,440	21.98%
Contributory System	2015	\$	50,793	\$	50,793	\$	-	\$	292,083	17.39%
	2016	\$	22,257	\$	22,257	\$	-	\$	125,746	17.70%
	2017	\$	14,174	\$	14,174	\$	-	\$	80,078	17.70%
	2018	\$	15,285	\$	15,285	\$	-	\$	86,356	17.70%
	2019	\$	18,245	\$	18,245	\$	-	\$	103,080	17.70%
Tier 2 Public Employees System*	2015	\$	673,537	\$	673,537	\$	-	\$	3,733,499	18.04%
	2016	\$	877,944	\$	877,944	\$	-	\$	4,810,085	18.25%
	2017	\$	1,113,579	\$	1,113,579	\$	-	\$	6,104,760	18.24%
	2018	\$	1,546,643	\$	1,546,643	\$	-	\$	8,408,932	18.39%
	2019	\$	2,088,830	\$	2,088,830	\$	-	\$	11,106,821	18.81%
Tier 2 Public Employees DC Only	2015	\$	93,012	\$	93,012	\$	-	\$	889,399	10.46%
System*	2016	\$	127,439	\$	127,439	\$	-	\$	1,271,365	10.02%
	2017	\$	183,810	\$	183,810	\$	-	\$	1,828,051	10.05%
	2018	\$	206,885	\$	206,885	\$	-	\$	2,064,714	10.02%
	2019	\$	250,095	\$	250,095	\$	-	\$	2,495,872	10.02%

^{*} Amounts presented were determined as of calendar year January 1-December 31. Employers will be required to prospectively develop this table in future years to show 10 years of information. The schedule above is only for the current year and the prior four years.

^{**} Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll may be different than the Board certified rate due to rounding or other administrative issues.

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE A. CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS-UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Amounts reported in plan year 2018 reflect the following assumption changes adopted from the January 2017 valuation:

The investment return assumption was 6.95%.

The inflation rate was 2.5%.

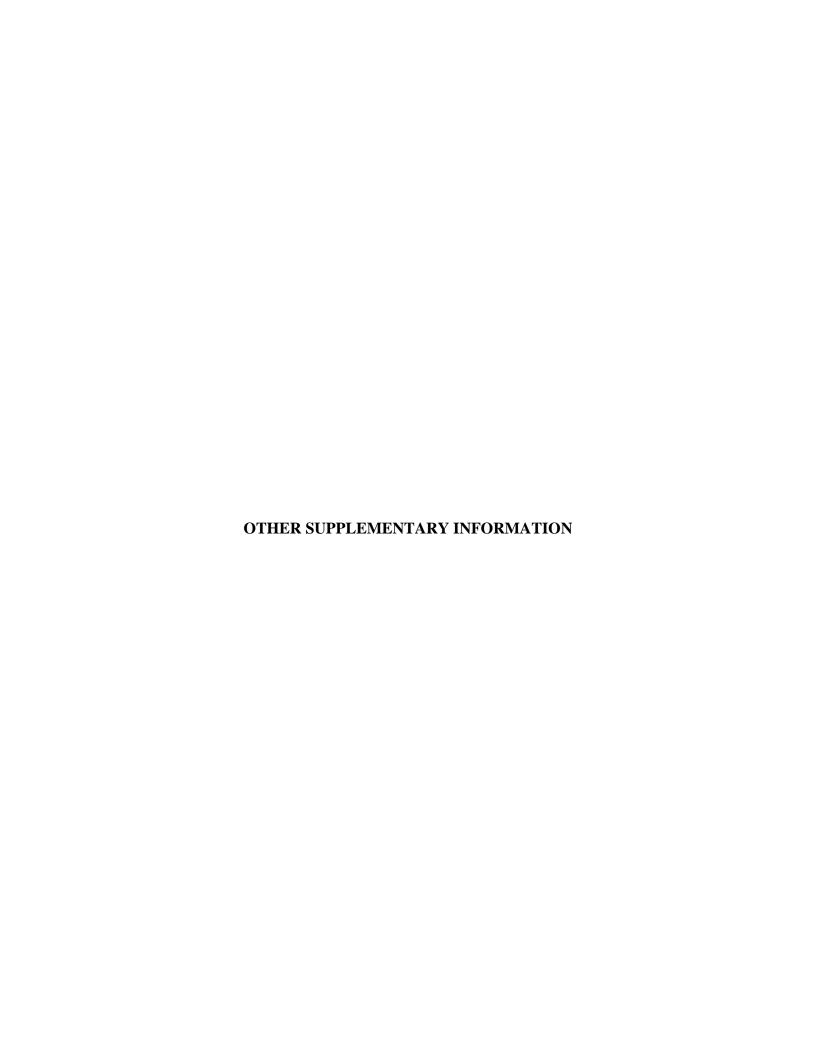
The salary increases range was set at 3.25-9.75% average, including inflation.

Amounts reported in plan year 2018 reflect the following assumption changes adopted from the January 2018 valuation:

Both the payroll growth and wage inflation assumptions were the same as the prior year's assumption.

NOTE B. SCHEDULES OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS-UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll may be different than the Utah State Retirement Board certified rate due to rounding or other administrative issues. Required contributions from Tier 2 plans to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Tier 1 plans are reported as contributions of the Tier 2 plans.



BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Dodosto	I A	Actual	Final Budget - Positive		
	Original	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		(Negative)		
Revenues:	Oligiku	1 IIKI	Amounts	(1 vegative)		
Property taxes and fee in lieu	\$ 4,104,882	\$ 4,104,882	\$ 3,299,416	\$ (805,466)		
Earnings on investments	105,750	105,750	189,507	83,757		
Other	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Total revenues	4,210,632	4,210,632	3,488,923	(721,709)		
Expenditures:						
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,615,000	85,000		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,377,162	1,377,162	1,049,331	327,831		
Other			5,000	(5,000)		
Total expenditures	4,077,162	4,077,162	3,669,331	407,831		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	133,470	133,470	(180,408)	(313,878)		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from bond premium	-	-	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-				
Net change in fund balances	133,470	133,470	(180,408)	(313,878)		
Fund balance - beginning	7,980,507	7,980,507	7,980,507	<u> </u>		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 8,113,977	\$ 8,113,977	\$ 7,800,099	\$ (313,878)		

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCEBUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Variance with Final Budget -
		d Amounts	Actual	Positive
D	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Local sources:	¢11 472 266	¢ 11.602.726	¢ 11 102 777	¢ (510.050)
Property taxes and fee in lieu Charges for services Contributions	\$11,473,266 340,000	\$ 11,693,726 168,000	\$ 11,183,676 131,888	\$ (510,050) (36,112)
Earnings on investments	550,200	550,200	561,604	11,404
Total local sources	12,363,466	12,411,926	11,877,168	(534,758)
State sources:	12,505,100			(551,750)
Restricted grants in aid	76,795	114,795	115,475	680
Total state sources	76,795	114,795	115,475	680
Federal sources:				
Restricted grants in aid	105,580	80,420	79,837	(583)
Total federal sources	105,580	80,420	79,837	(583)
Total revenues	12,545,841	12,607,141	12,072,480	(534,661)
Expenditures:				
Support services:				
General district administration	-	-	-	-
Operation and maintenance	-	-	-	-
Transportation	9,044	9,044	22,883	(13,839)
Food Service	50,000	50,000	-	50,000
Facilities acquisition/construction	11,414,956	11,598,021	8,861,876	2,736,145
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	214,000	-	214,000	(214,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	131,580		87,614	(87,614)
Total expenditures	11,819,580	11,657,065	9,186,373	2,470,692
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	726,261	950,076	2,886,107	1,936,031
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of fixed assets		186,700	97,135	(89,565)
Total other financing sources (uses)		186,700	97,135	(89,565)
Net change in fund balances	726,261	1,136,776	2,983,242	1,846,466
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	21,504,740	21,504,740	21,504,740	
Fund balance - ending				

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

_		Speci					
	Pass-through Tax Entities Fund		Foundation		hool Food	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	101,247	\$ 491,702	\$	592,949
Receivables:							
Taxes		354,976		-	-		354,976
Accounts		-		1,578	-		1,578
Intergovernmental		-		-	296,029		296,029
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		476,238	-		476,238
Inventory					 211,347		211,347
Total assets	\$	354,976	\$	579,063	\$ 999,078	\$	1,933,117
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources Accounts payable Due to clubs Accrued salaries and benefits	\$	- -	\$	27,628	\$ 15,379 - 81,644	\$	43,007 - 81,644
Unearned revenue		_		_	-		-
Total liabilities				27,628	97,023		124,651
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Property taxes levied for future years		354,976					354,976
Fund balances: Non-spendable:							
Inventory		-		-	211,347		211,347
Assigned:							
Foundation		-		551,435	-		551,435
School Food Service		_			690,708		690,708
Total fund balances		_		551,435	902,055		1,453,490
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$	354,976	\$	579,063	\$ 999,078	\$	1,933,117

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Spe	Total		
	Pass-through			Nonmajor
	Entities Tax		School Food	Governmental
	Fund	Foundation	Service Fund	Funds
Revenues:				
Property tax	\$ 3,509,577	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,509,577
Charges for services	-	-	1,299,459	1,299,459
Other grants and contributions	-	111,779	-	111,779
Earnings on investments	-	14,994	13,225	28,219
State aid	-	-	943,959	943,959
Federal aid			2,528,106	2,528,106
Total revenues	3,509,577	126,773	4,784,749	8,421,099
Expenditures:				
Supporting services-Students	-	107,932	-	107,932
Scholarships	-	25,000	-	25,000
Student activities	-	-	-	-
Payments to pass-through entities	3,509,577	-	-	3,509,577
School food services			5,026,133	5,026,133
Total expenditures	3,509,577	132,932	5,026,133	8,668,642
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(6,159)	(241,384)	(247,543)
Net change in fund balances	-	(6,159)	(241,384)	(247,543)
Fund balances - beginning		557,594	1,143,439	1,701,033
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ 551,435	\$ 902,055	\$ 1,453,490

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

PASS-THROUGH TAX FUND NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Variance with Final Budget -		
	Bud	geted A	Amounts	Actual	Positive		
	Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues:							
Local sources:							
Property taxes and fee in lieu	\$	-	\$ 5,232,405	\$ 3,509,577	\$ (1,722,828)		
Charges for services		-	-	-	-		
Earnings on investments				<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Total local sources			5,232,405	3,509,577	(1,722,828)		
Total revenues			5,232,405	3,509,577	(1,722,828)		
Expenditures:							
Payments to pass-through entities		-	5,232,405	3,509,577	1,722,828		
Total expenditures		-	5,232,405	3,509,577	1,722,828		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures							
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in		-	-	-	-		
Operating transfers out		-	-	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)				-	-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other sources							
over expenditures and other uses		-	-	-	-		
Fund balances - beginning		_	-	-	-		
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
C							

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SCHOOL FOOD SERVICES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 $\,$

	Rudgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
	Original	Final	Amounts			
Revenues:						
Local sources:						
Lunch sales	\$ 1,450,294	\$ 1,471,186	\$ 1,299,459	\$ (171,727)		
Earnings on investments	-	-	13,225	13,225		
Other Grants	20,892	-	-	-		
Total local sources	1,471,186	1,471,186	1,312,684	(158,502)		
State sources:						
State lunch program	1,075,000	1,075,000	943,959	(131,041)		
Total state sources	1,075,000	1,075,000	943,959	(131,041)		
Federal sources:						
National school lunch program	360,000	360,000	402,268	42,268		
National school lunch free and reduced	1,787,000	1,787,000	1,540,817	(246,183)		
School breakfast	405,000	405,000	497,521	92,521		
Fresh fruit and vegetable program	20,000	20,000	48,018	28,018		
Special summer food program			39,482	39,482		
Total federal sources	2,572,000	2,572,000	2,528,106	(43,894)		
Total revenues	5,118,186	5,118,186	4,784,749	(333,437)		
Expenditures:						
School food services:						
Salaries	1,714,468	1,714,768	1,764,966	(50,198)		
Employee benefits	569,454	569,454	572,708	(3,254)		
Purchased services	23,538	36,633	71,428	(34,795)		
Supplies and materials	2,448,847	2,452,047	2,236,071	215,976		
Equipment	42,524	216,229	101,112	115,117		
Other objects	343,439	343,439	279,848	63,591		
Total expenditures	5,142,270	5,332,570	5,026,133	306,437		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(24,084)	(214,384)	(241,384)	(27,000)		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-		
Operating transfers out						
Total other financing sources (uses)				-		
Net change in fund balances	(24,084)	(214,384)	(241,384)	(27,000)		
Fund balances - beginning	1,143,439	1,143,439	1,143,439			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,119,355	\$ 929,055	\$ 902,055	\$ (27,000)		

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOUNDATION

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues:		- <u>8</u>						
Local sources:								
Charges for services	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions/grants		120,000		92,565		111,779		19,214
Earnings on investments		-		35,435		14,994		(20,441)
Total local sources		120,000		128,000		126,773		(1,227)
State sources:								
Teacher materials & supplies		-		-		-		-
Other state revenue								
Total state sources		-		_				_
Total revenues	-	120,000		128,000		126,773		(1,227)
Expenditures:								
Supporting services-Students		120,000		128,000		107,932		20,068
Scholarships				-		25,000		(25,000)
Total expenditures		120,000		128,000		132,932		(4,932)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		_		_		(6,159)		6,159
•						(0,137)		0,137
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in		-		-		-		-
Operating transfers out				-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)								
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other sources								
over expenditures and other uses		-		-		(6,159)		6,159
Fund balances - beginning		557,594		557,594		557,594		
Fund balances - ending	\$	557,594	\$	557,594	\$	551,435	\$	6,159

REPORTS AND SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Box Elder School District Brigham City, UT 84302

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Box Elder School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Box Elder School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Box Elder School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Box Elder School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Box Elder School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Box Elder School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Box Elder School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Box Elder School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Box Elder School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Box Elder School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Brigham City, Utah October 16, 2019

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BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/ Pass - Thru Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures			
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Passed through Utah State Office of Education:					
National School Lunch Program Cluster:					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$ 62,962	X		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2,377,645			
Food Distribution-Commodities	10.555	305,088			
Total National School Lunch Program Cluster	10.000	2,745,695			
Fresh Fruits & Vegetables	10.582	48,016			
Passed through State of Utah:		,			
Secure Payments for States and Counties Containing Federal Lands	10.665	37,561			
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		2,831,272	•		
•			•		
U.S. Department of Education					
Passed through Utah State Office of Education:					
Special Education Cluster:					
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	2,192,279			
Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	121,083	_		
Total Special Education Cluster		2,313,362			
Adult Education State Grant Program	84.002	6,800			
Title I Grant to Local Education Agencies	84.010	961,590			
Migrant Education-State Grant Program	84.011	41,038			
Career and Technical Education-Basic Grants to States	84.048	134,248			
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	26,657			
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	196,765	X		
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	124,397	_		
Total U.S. Department of Education		3,804,857	_		
Corporation for National and Community Service					
Passed through Ogden City School District:					
Utah Americorp Literacy Initiative	94.006	57,971	-		
Total Corporation for National and Community Service		57,971	-		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 6,694,100	=		

X=Major Programs

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULE

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is a supplementary schedule to the District's financial statements and is presented for purposes of additional analysis. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the activities of the District, it is not intended to, and does not, present either the financial position, changes in fund balances or other current funds revenue, expenditures and other changes of the District. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of Box Elder School District (District). All federal financial awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal financial awards passed through from other government agencies are included in the schedule. Of the federal awards presented in the Schedule, the District provided no federal awards to subrecipients.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with Uniform Guidance.

Pursuant to the Single Audit Act of 1984 (Public Law 98-502), the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (Public Law 104-156) and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) federal awards are defined as assistance provided by a federal agency, either directly or indirectly, in the form of grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, loans, loan guarantees, property, interest subsidies, insurance, or direct appropriations. Accordingly, nonmonetary federal assistance, including federal surplus property, would be included in federal awards, if applicable, and therefore, would be reported on the schedule. Federal awards do not include direct federal cash assistance to individuals. Solicited contracts between the State and Federal government for which the Federal Government procedures tangible goods or services are not considered to be federal awards.

The Uniform Guidance establishes the levels of expenditures or expenses to be used in defining Type A and Type B federal award programs. Type A programs, for the District, are those programs, which exceed \$750,000 in federal expenditures, distributions or issuances for the year ended June 30, 2019.

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is fully described in Note 1 of the District's financial statements. The schedule includes all federal award programs administered by the District for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Basis of Accounting

The expenditures in the schedule are recognized as incurred based on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis of accounting used by the District's governmental funds as described in Note 1 to the District's basic financial statements, and the cost accounting principles contained in Uniform Guidance. Under these cost principles certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

The schedule does not include matching expenditures.

Some of the District's federal awards are received directly from the granting federal agency (i.e., the District is the primary recipient). However, the majority of federal awards, as identified on the schedule, are passed through a separate entity prior to receipt by the District (i.e., the District is a subrecipient).

The District did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed. The indirect cost rates are set by the Utah State Board of Education and are as negotiated with the U.S. Department of Education.

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3. RECONCILIATION OF AMOUNTS REPORTED ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS TO THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL REPORT

The following is a reconciliation of the amounts reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards with the amounts reported in the District's fund financial statements.

Federal funds reported in the General Fund	\$	4,487,287
Federal funds reported in the Capital Projects Fund		79,837
Federal funds reported in the School Food Services Fund		2,528,106
		7,095,230
Plus:		
Amount recorded on Schedule for Food		
Distribution not recorded on the fund financial		
statements.		305,088
Less:		
Amount received from Internal Revenue Service		
on Build America Bonds for interest subsidy		(79,837)
Headstart lunch sales recorded as federal funding		
but are charges for services		(39,482)
Medicaid funds recorded as federal funding but		
are charges for services		(586,899)
Exmanditumes of Endamal Assumeds	¢	6 604 100
Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	6,694,100

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section 1 – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements		
Type of Auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting:	<u>Unmodified</u>	
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not	yes <u>X</u> no	
considered to be a material weakness?	yes <u>X</u> none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements	yes _X_no	
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes _X_no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not		
considered to be a material weakness?	yesX_none reported	
Type of Auditor's report on compliance for major		
programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be		
reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance?	yes <u>X</u> no	
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster National School Lunch Cluster:	
10.553	School Breakfast Program	
10.555	National School Lunch	
10.555	Food Distribution-Commodities	
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Education Agencie	
84.367	Title II Supporting Effective Instruction	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A		
and Type B programs:	<u>\$750,000</u>	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X yes no	

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section II – Financial Statement findings

There were no significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, or instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with paragraphs 5.18 through 5.20 of *Government Auditing Standards*. Accordingly, no such matters are reported.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs noted during our audit that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, no such matters are reported.

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Box Elder School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Box Elder School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Box Elder School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 16, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Box Elder School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Box Elder School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Box Elder School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Box Elder School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Brigham City, Utah October 16, 2019

Wiggins & Co., PC



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE STATE COMPLIANCE AUDIT GUIDE

To the Board of Education and District Superintendent Box Elder School District

Report on Compliance with General State Compliance Requirements

We have audited Box Elder School District's (District) compliance with the applicable state compliance requirements described in the *State Compliance Audit Guide*, issued by the Office of the State Auditor, that could have a direct and material effect on the District for the year ended June 30, 2019.

State compliance requirements were tested for the year ended June 30, 2019, in the following areas:

Budgetary Compliance
Fund Balance
Utah Retirement Systems
School District Tax Levies
Open and Public Meetings Act
Public Treasurer's Bond
Tax Levy Revenue Recognition
School Fees
Minimum School Program

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the state requirements referred to above.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit of the state compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Compliance Audit Guide. Those standards and the State Compliance Audit Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a state compliance requirement occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each state compliance requirement referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Compliance

In our opinion, Box Elder School District complied, in all material respects, with the state compliance requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed one instance of noncompliance which is required to be reported in accordance with the *State Compliance Audit Guide* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and recommendations as item 19-01. Our opinion on compliance is not modified with respect to these matters.

The District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of management's responses. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance with those state compliance requirements and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *State Compliance Audit Guide*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or to detect and correct noncompliance with a state compliance requirement on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a state compliance requirement will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a state compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *State Compliance Audit Guide*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Duggers & Co., PC Brigham City, Utah October 16, 2019

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

STATE COMPLIANCE ISSUES

19-01 BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE

Condition: During our audit, we noted that the Box Elder School District Foundation, a blended component unit of the District, had actual expenditures in excess of the approved budget.

Criteria: *Utah Code 17B8-1-619* prohibits expenditures in excess of total budgeted expenditures of the final adopted budget.

Cause: This was the result of several scholarships that had been issued in prior years lapsing due to time restrictions. The scholarships were re-issued to new recipients.

Potential Effect: The budget is a formal document approved in a public meeting with taxpayer input. Excess expenditures negate this public notice and could negatively affect the economic position of the District.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District review the expenditures carefully throughout the year and bring adjustments to the Board in a timely manner.

Response: See accompanying letter from the District.

OTHER INTERNAL CONTROL RELATED ISSUES

19-02 RECONCILIATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Condition: While performing our audit testing of property, plant and equipment (fixed assets), it was noted that a reconciliation on items over \$5,000 is not performed. The reconciliations that are performed are on current year expenditures.

Criteria: Per the District's capitalization policy, fixed asset items over \$5,000 are required to be capitalized. To ensure that the District is capturing all the activity regarding these assets, a reconciliation of capital assets should be performed.

Cause: This step has not been performed due to some turnover in the fixed asset accounting. There is now an employee, familiar with the reports, that is capable of this function.

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

OTHER INTERNAL CONTROL RELATED ISSUES

19-02 RECONCILIATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Potential Effect: Omitting this reconciliation could result in incorrect dates in the system, disposed assets not deleted or adjustments to current assets not captured. This could cause the District's financial statements to be over or under stated.

Recommendation: We recommend that a reconciliation of capitalized assets (over \$5,000) be performed annually utilizing the reports generated from the District's fixed asset accounting system.

Response: See accompanying letter from the District.

19-03 PAYROLL ISSUES

Condition: While performing our audit procedures testing payroll disbursements, we noted there were three instances (in our sample) of insufficient supporting documentation for extra pay.

Criteria: For the District accounting department to ensure correct and accurate payments are made to employees for service, proper backup should accompany any requests for payment. For trainings, this should include signed logs of attendance.

Cause: The payroll clerk paid the payment requests based on other information provided to them.

Potential Effect: By not requiring sufficient supporting documentation, payments could be made to ineligible recipients. The documentation requirement protects both the employee and the District.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District obtain all required supporting documentation prior to processing payments to employees.

Response: See accompanying letter from the District.

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

STATE COMPLIANCE ISSUES

18-01 OPEN AND PUBLIC MEETINGS ACT

Condition: While testing compliance with the Open and Public Meetings Act, we noted one instance of a missing sworn statement by the presiding officer, stating what was discussed in the closed portion of the meeting. This is considered an isolated event because other months' sworn statements were on file, and the District is otherwise in compliance with the state requirement.

Criteria: *Utah Code* 52-4-206(6) requires a sworn statement by the presiding officer affirming the purpose of the closed meeting.

Cause: The secretary responsible for keeping the sworn statements did not include one for one of the months in which there was a closed meeting.

Potential Effect: These are requirements from the State of Utah. The District risks noncompliance with Utah law by not having sworn statements for closed meetings.

Recommendation: We recommend that the staff member responsible for retaining the sworn statements double check to ensure that presiding officers' sworn statements are prepared and approved when closed meetings are held.

Status: Implemented.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

18-02 CAPITALIZATION OF ASSETS

Condition: While testing fixed assets, it was noted that many items over \$5,000, that should have been capitalized, were coded to the repairs and maintenance accounts rather than capitalized.

Criteria: Per GASB 34 and the District's capitalization policy, any repair or maintenance expense of \$5,000 or more that results in the betterment of the asset is required to be capitalized.

Cause: The likely reason for this omission is improper coding of the expense, and lack of regular and proper review of the repairs and maintenance accounts.

BOX ELDER SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

18-02 CAPTALIZATION OF ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Potential Effect: By not capitalizing betterments of over \$5,000, the District would not be in

compliance with generally accepted accounting principles and their capitalization policy.

Recommendation: We recommend that a proper review of these general ledger accounts be done as a control to detect repairs or maintenance services that are required to be capitalized

rather than expensed.

Response: Implemented.

18-03 NATATORIUM BANK RECONCILATIONS

Condition: One Natatorium at the District has its own bank account that is used as a clearing account. Each month, the Natatorium remits a check to the District for the revenue that is collected during the month. However, a review of this process revealed that bank

reconciliations are not performed every month on this account.

Criteria: Bank reconciliations are considered a best practice for good internal controls over

cash accounts. This control helps to mitigate the possibility that misappropriation of assets

could exist.

Cause: The Natatorium staff were not aware that bank reconciliations need to be done every month. The district received a spreadsheet summary every month from the Natatorium;

however, the District did not match the summary to the bank statement and perform a bank

reconciliation.

Potential Effect: The potential effect is that misappropriation of assets could occur because

the checking account is not reconciled timely.

Recommendation: We recommend that either monthly reconciliations be performed at the Natatorium, or the Natatorium deposit into the high school's checking account where account

balances and bank reconciliations are performed monthly, rather than into a Natatorium

account.

Response: Implemented.

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Steven E. Carlsen, Superintendent

O. Jay & Tamra Call Education Center 960 South Main Brigham City, UT 84302 435-734-4800 Fax 435-734-4833 www.besd.net

STATE COMPLIANCE ISSUES

19-01 BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE

Condition: During our audit, we noted that the Box Elder School District Foundation, a blended component unit of the District, had actual expenditures in excess of the approved budget.

Response: As explained in the cause several scholarships had lapsed and were reissued which caused an overage of the original budget. We will be more careful to monitor the scholarships and account for increases in the revised budget in the future.

OTHER INTERNAL CONTROL RELATED ISSUES

19-02 RECONCILIATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Condition: While performing our audit testing of property, plant and equipment (fixed assets), it was noted that a reconciliation on items over \$5,000 is not performed. The reconciliations that are performed are on current year expenditures.

Response: As stated turnover in fixed asset accounting has been an issue with the current clerk not trained by the Business Administrator on reconciliation of depreciable assets. The Business Administrator will train the Fixed Asset Clerk in the proper reconciliation of depreciable equipment so a schedule can be prepared yearly.

19-03 PAYROLL ISSUES

Condition: While performing our audit procedures testing payroll disbursements, we noted there were three instances (in our sample) of insufficient supporting documentation for extra pay.

Response: There has been a change in payroll and some changes in directors. This condition could have occurred because of lack of knowledge of requirements. Payroll clerks have been instructed not to pay undocumented payroll. We have met with all program directors and secretaries and given them the same instructions.