Working Together for Learning Success

January 2018

East End Intermediate School Jayme Steinbeck, Principal



■ Martin Luther King Jr.: 10 Days (David Colbert) Your child can read about

some of the most significant days in the life of the civil

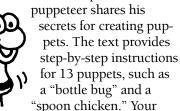
the life of the civil rights leader. This biography describes the day King launched a bus boycott, the day he gave his legendary "I Have a Dream" speech, and more.



■ The League of Unexceptional Children (Gitty Daneshvari)

The heroes in this story are just average kids. In fact, being ordinary is why the government recruited them to be spies. Their mission: Fix the country's biggest security breach ever and locate a missing vice president! The first book in the League of Unexceptional Children series.

■ **Puppet Mania!** (John Kennedy) In this how-to book, a professional



youngster will also find ideas for making puppets move and talk.

■ Return to Sender (Julia Alvarez)
A Vermont farmer hires migrant workers to save his farm after he's injured in a tractor accident. This brings together Tyler and Mari, two 11-year-olds from very different worlds who quickly become friends. A story about

cultural understanding. (Also available in Spanish.)



Report-writing tips

A good report is well researched, interesting, and factual. Whether your child is asked to write about an animal, a famous person, or a historic event, here is advice to help her do her best.

Be curious

Curiosity can motivate your youngster to investigate deeper, making her report better. Talk to her about her topic (say, pandas), and encourage her to list questions. Examples: "Where do pandas live?" "What do they eat?" As she reads books and websites, she'll probably become even more curious. For instance, she may wonder why pandas eat bamboo if it's hard for them to digest and not very nutritious.

Keep the audience interested

Inspiring quotes, surprising statistics, and "little-known" facts can keep readers intrigued. For a report on an inventor, your child might "grab" her audience by starting with a quote. If she's allowed to include graphics, maybe she'll draw a

diagram of one of the person's inventions and label its parts.

Check the facts

Encourage your youngster to verify each fact in her report by checking at least two trustworthy sources. These usually include library books with recent copyright dates and websites of public libraries, schools, universities, and museums. If she's not sure whether a source is reputable, she could ask her teacher or school librarian.

Long reading assignments made easier

As your youngster gets older, he'll be asked to read longer books over several days or weeks. Help him build his "reading stamina" with these ideas.

- **Mix it up.** Using different approaches can motivate your child to stick with a long assignment. He might alternate reading one page silently and the next page out loud. For fiction, he could talk in the voices of the characters. If he's reading nonfiction, let him pretend he's narrating a documentary.
- **Break it up.** Suggest that your youngster divide a reading assignment into shorter sessions. He might read half after school and the other half before bed. Or he could set a timer to read in 20-minute segments with 5-minute breaks in between.

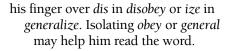


Be a word-attack whiz

Unfamiliar words don't have to stop your youngster in his tracks. Encourage him to use these strategies to figure them out as he reads.

Sound it out. Your child can try to pronounce challenging words aloud. If he says *mis-chie-vous* or *com-part-ment*, he may remember that he's heard the word used in conversation.

Cover up familiar parts. Suggest that he look for familiar prefixes and suffixes and cover them up to see what's left. For instance, he could put



Notice roots. A tricky word might have a root that he knows. If your child is confused by *aquanaut*, perhaps he'll think, "*Aqua* has to do with water. Maybe an aquanaut explores the ocean like astronauts explore space."

Use context. Suggest that your youngster skip a word he doesn't know and continue

reading to the end of the sentence or paragraph. ("The *frigid* weather made Jack want to stay inside by the fireplace.") The meaning of the passage may make the word clear. ("*Frigid* must mean very cold.")



Ahh, alliteration!

"Peter Piper picked a peck of pickled peppers" is a fun example of alliteration—where two or more words start with the same sound. Play the following game to let your youngster explore this writing technique.

1. Have your child put magnetic letters or letter tiles in a bowl. (Leave out Q, X, Y, and Z.)

- **2.** Your youngster can pull a letter out of the bowl and set a timer for 3 minutes.
- **3.** Each player writes the longest possible sentence using only words beginning with that letter. Sentences may be silly, but they should make sense. For L, your child might write, "Laura Llama licked lovely lavender lollipops."
- **4.** When time's up, read your sentences aloud. Award one point for each word that begins with the chosen letter. After three rounds, the highest score wins.

OUR PURPOSE

To provide busy parents with practical ways to promote their children's reading, writing, and language skills.

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Parent Parent

Reading around town

My daughter Gabriella and I recently found a way to learn new facts about our town.

It started when we spotted a historical marker during a walk and realized that one of Gabby's favorite authors once lived nearby. Gabby learned that the writer arrived with her family in a covered wagon and wrote several books here. And I learned that this was a good opportunity for my daughter to read for information!



Now we point out all kinds of signs when we're out. Gabby read a plaque on a building and discovered that our town was once known for hat-making. We've also enjoyed reading the map at the commuter rail station, which describes landmarks along the train route—apparently there's an ice-cream factory three stops ahead. We plan to hop aboard soon and look for more things to read along the way!

Family discussions for everyone

My older son loves chatting at the dinner table, but my younger one doesn't join in very often. Any ideas on how I can balance out the conversation?

A Since good communication involves

listening and speaking, your younger child benefits from hearing his older brother talk. But you can encourage him to speak, too, with these suggestions.



Try asking a "Question of the Day." It could be funny ("If you were an amusement park ride, which one would you be?") or straightforward ("What is your favorite family tradition?"). Then, go around the table to give each family member a chance to answer.

Another idea: Before dinner, ask each child what he'd like to discuss during the meal. Your younger son may be excited to participate in a conversation if it's on a topic he suggested.

Working Together for School Success

Short Stops

Snow day plans

Plan ahead for school closings and delays because of

bad weather. Sign up to receive email, phone, or text alerts from the school, or check the school website. If needed, make arrangements with friends or family who can watch your child during a delay or closing.

Go-get-'em goals

Your middle schooler can make the most of the new semester by setting specific goals for each class. *Examples*: "I will improve my math grade." "I will fill out my reading log every night." Encourage him to write his goals inside the cover of his planner or binders.

Curse words: Not cool

Today's "plugged-in" tweens may get used to hearing and reading foul language and decide it's no big deal. Explain to your middle grader that cursing can make a bad impression on teachers, coaches, and even friends. Suggest that she substitute words like "ugh" or "darn" instead.

Worth quoting

"If you want to lift yourself up, lift up someone else." *Booker T. Washington*

Just for fun

Q: What gives you the strength to walk through walls?

A: A door.



The power to stop bullying

Bullying typically peaks in the middle grades, as tweens try to figure out where they fit in with their peers. These ideas will help your middle schooler know what bullying can look like—and learn how to be a part of the solution.

Recognize

Ask your child if he has seen bullying at school. Discuss how bullying comes in many forms, including spreading rumors, making threats, or leaving someone out on purpose. Even if your tween hasn't seen anyone trip or punch a fellow student, he might realize that the kid who is frequently called names or whispered about is being bullied.

Stand up

Children who are bullied need to know they have someone on their side. If your middle grader witnesses bullying, he can calmly step in by saying something like "That's not funny" or "You're being mean." Or he might ignore the bully and address the target: "Let's sit at another table" or "I think your shoes are cool."

Report

Tweens may be afraid that bullying will get worse if they tell an adult. But explain that school staff can often resolve an issue without revealing who reported it. For example, if your child sees a kid knock papers out of someone's hands on the bus, he could alert the driver. At school, he can privately tell a teacher or the principal about bullying—and encourage other students to do so, too.

Better public speaking

Public speaking is part of school life, from giving class presentations to leading team meetings. Here are ways your tween can boost her skills and confidence.

Find an audience. Practicing will calm her nerves. She might give her speech in front of a mirror, present it to family members, or even use a pet as her audience.

Get rid of "extras." Pesky filler words such as *like* and *um* can slip into your tween's sentences without her realizing it. Suggest that she record her speech and play it back, making a tally mark each time she hears an unnecessary word. Then, she could focus on reducing the number of marks each time she practices.



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No problem!

When your tween has a problem, how she handles it can determine whether she overcomes it or remains stuck. Help her see problems as opportunities in disguise with these steps.

1. Put it in perspective. Knowing that problems are a normal part of life may keep your middle grader from feeling stressed out by them. Share a similar problem you had at her age (forgetting about a big test) or recently (a disagreement with a friend). Then, explain how you resolved it.



2. Consider options. Encourage your tween to investigate solutions instead of ignoring a problem. Say she loses a library book. She might call the library rather than letting fines pile up. She may be surprised to find they will give her an extension to look for the book—or that the cost of replacing it is less than she thought.

3. Reframe the situation. Put-

ting a positive spin on a problem will help her solve it. Instead of thinking, "I hate it when Crystal cancels our plans," she could tell herself, "Now I've got time to finish that book I'm in the middle of." €_

Keep a learning journal

My older daughter recently mentioned she's keeping a "learning diary" for her college classes. Is that something that could help my middle schooler?

A learning diary is simply a place for students to reflect on their studies. Keeping one is a great way for your tween to think more about what she learns.



Suggest that your middle grader get a notebook she likes and label each entry with the class and date. She might write about topics that interest her, like how a novel she read in English helped her understand an important period in history. She could also record questions and ideas to investigate, such as a science experiment to try.

Encourage your girls to share their journals from time to time—your younger daughter will get a glimpse of what goes on in college! €

P U R P O S

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Connect without electronics

My son Eli got in the habit of playing video games the minute he got home from school. When I tried to talk to him, his eyes stayed glued to the screen, and he barely responded.

So I made a new rule: no screens for the first hour after we all get home from school and work. That way, we can reconnect and talk about our day. Sometimes we play a

quick card game or tell jokes before I start dinner and Eli does homework.

Next, we're going to try something "radical"—an entire device-free evening. If we need the tablet or computer for homework or our jobs, that's okay. But "recreational use" is off-limits for that night. I hope Eli will see that family comes first—and that it's possible to survive for a few hours without electronics. ξ^{ℓ}

Community service for tweens

Being involved in the community can teach your middle grader compassion for others and give him a sense of belonging. Consider these tips:

■ Start by volunteering together. Community centers, places of worship, and your local United Way can suggest family-friendly opportunities. You and your child might sort donated clothing for a homeless shelter or bake cookies for a charity bake sale.

■ When your middle grader is ready to volunteer on his own, he could ask his school counselor about options. Perhaps he'll be paired with a student who has special needs so they can read together in the school library. Or he may join in a park or stream cleanup day.

Tip: Encourage your tween to keep

a record of his volunteer experience that includes supervisors' contact information and his dates of service. This will come in handy when he applies for jobs or programs in high school. €



Math-Scien e Connection

Building Understanding and Excitement for Children

January 2018

East End Intermediate School Jayme Steinbeck, Principal

Are you a square?

Have your child stand with his arms stretched out to the sides. Measure his height and his arm



span (from fingertip). If they're about the same, he's a square! Then,

let him measure other family members. Who is closest to a square in your family?

Stronger muscles

Why is it important to exercise our muscles? Ask your youngster to crumple one sheet of paper into a small ball with one hand. How do her hand and arm muscles feel? Then, she should crumple five more sheets, one at a time. How are her muscles feeling now? Explain that the more paper she crumples, the harder her muscles have to work—and the stronger they become.

Book picks

- Edgar Allan Poe's Pie: Math Puzzlers in Classic Poems (J. Patrick Lewis) is a delightful twist on poetry that will challenge your youngster to solve math riddles.
- Imagine going to Mars! Your child can do that and more by learning how humans would prepare for a voyage to the red planet in Mission: Mars (Pascal Lee).

Just for fun

Q: What says "Zzub, zzub"?



Wonderful word problems

"We got 2 inches of snow per hour for 6 hours. Then it snowed 1 inch per hour for 3 more hours. How much snow fell altogether?" Your youngster can easily figure out the snowy answer (15 inches!) using word problem strategies

Like these.

Spot important words

Encourage your child to underline information she needs to solve a word problem and cross out anything irrelevant. *Example*: "At Sara's 9th birthday party, there were 4 bunches of 4 balloons. Unfortunately, 2 balloons floated away, 1 purple and 1 green. How many were left?" She'd underline "4 bunches of 4" (multiply 4 x 4) and "2 floated away" (subtract 2). So (4 x 4) – 2 = 14 balloons. On the other hand, it doesn't matter—math-wise—how old Sara is or what color the lost balloons are.

Sketch it out

Your youngster can draw her thinking to decide how to approach a word problem. *Example*: "A school has 275 students and 15 classes, with 10 girls per class. How many boys are in the school?" She could draw 15 boxes (classrooms) and write 10 in each to represent 10 girls. She'll see that she needs to multiply to find the number of girls $(15 \times 10 = 150)$ and subtract her answer from the total number of students to determine the number of boys (275 - 150 = 125).

Super-strong eggs

Eggs don't crack when hens sit on them. Does your child know why? The secret lies in the dome shape of the eggs, and this experiment will show him just how strong eggshells are.

Break two eggs in half (perhaps make scrambled eggs with the insides), and rinse the shells. Let your youngster set the four eggshell halves on a table, dome sides up, then place a notebook on top of them. The shells won't crack! Have him

predict how many books they'll hold before they crack and then stack books on top, one at a time. How close does his prediction come?

The dome shape distributes the weight evenly all around the sides of the egg, making it easier for the shell to support the load.

X and Y mark the spot!

With this activity, your youngster can use x and y coordinates to find hidden "treasure."

1. Give each player a sheet of graph paper. Starting near the bottom left of your page, number the horizontal lines up the left side 0, 1, 2, and so on up to 20. This is your *y-axis*. Beginning at the same 0, number the vertical lines across the bottom to 20—this is your x-axis.



- 2. Each of you secretly picks one number from your x-axis and one from your y-axis and draws a tiny treasure (perhaps a star or a heart) on the intersection of those lines. So if your child chose 3 from the x-axis and 4 from the y-axis, his treasure's coordinates are (3, 4).
- **3.** Give directions that let the other players plot your coordinates on their grids. Your youngster might tell you to start at (3, 2) and move up 2 spaces. Or he could have you begin at (8, 4) and move left 5 spaces.
- **4.** Continue until all the treasures have been located. Add new treasures, and play again. 🕥

DIY frost

When it's cold outside, your young-

ster might see frost on the windows or grass. Using a few household items, she can make her own frost and understand how it forms.

You'll need:

empty can (rinsed, label removed), ice, salt, tablespoon

Here's how:

Have your child fill the

can half full of ice, then add 4 tbsp. salt, and stir 30 seconds. She can set the can aside and check it after 10-15 minutes.

What happens? Frost will form on the outside of the can up to the level of the ice.

Why? Salt lowers the melting point of ice, which means the salt and ice together make the outside of the can very coldbelow the freezing point of water. Water vapor in the air settles (or condenses) on cold surfaces. So when the water vapor condenses on the can, it freezes into tiny pieces of ice, or frost.

P U R P O S E O U R

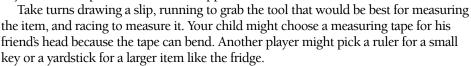
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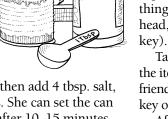
Measurement relay race

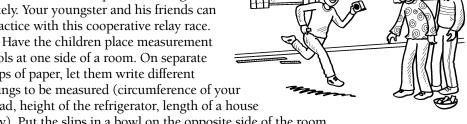
Ruler, yardstick, or measuring tape? Knowing which tool to choose is the first step in measuring accurately. Your youngster and his friends can practice with this cooperative relay race.

tools at one side of a room. On separate slips of paper, let them write different things to be measured (circumference of your head, height of the refrigerator, length of a house key). Put the slips in a bowl on the opposite side of the room.



After they've used all the slips, they could come up with new items to measure and play again.





Let's see your work

My daughter Amy would sometimes

lose points on math assignments because she forgot to show her work. She said she didn't understand why she had to write down all the steps if she could do them in her head.

I asked her to show me a problem that she didn't show her work on and got wrong. I told her I bet she'd find her mistake if she wrote out

each step. She quickly noticed that she had made a simple computation error in

> the first step of a two-digit multiplication problem, which threw off the other steps. She said it was no wonder her teacher thought she needed extra help with multiplication. In reality, she had just made a careless error.

Now Amy shows her work most of the time, and she's proud that her math grades are improving.



East End Intermediate School Jayme Steinbeck, Principal

Junior chef

Get your child excited about helping in the kitchen by letting her dress the part. Find a

large white button-down shirt she can



wear like a chef's outfit. Have her write her name on a mailing label ("Chef Suzy") and stick it on. Hand

her a colorful spatula, and enjoy cooking together.

Swap parsnips for potatoes

Make "french fries" from parsnips, a root vegetable that's high in fiber and folate. Peel 2 lbs. parsnips, and cut into thick strips. Toss with 2 tbsp. olive oil, $\frac{1}{2}$ tsp. salt, and $\frac{1}{4}$ tsp. pepper. Place on a baking sheet, and bake 10 minutes at 450°. Flip, and roast 10 minutes more.



Swimming builds endurance, strengthens all

muscle groups, and is easy on joints and bones. Encourage your youngster to swim year-round with trips to an indoor community pool. He might take swim lessons or sign up for a winter league. Ideas: Join him in the pool and swim together, race against each other, or play tag.

Just for fun



Q: What's green and bumpy and jumps every few seconds?

> **A:** A pickle with hiccups.

Get healthier together!

Make eating better and getting fit a family affair this year. Being "in it together" can keep everyone motivated. Use these simple tips to get started.

Be a role model

Your youngster will copy your good and not-so-good behaviors. Telling him to eat an orange while you munch on potato chips sends a mixed message, as does using your tablet while encouraging him to go shoot baskets. A better approach? Ask him to help you cut apples for a snack, or suggest that you play basketball together.

Focus on variety

Instead of dieting or emphasizing foods to avoid, identify healthy foods to add to meals. Think: fresh fruits, crisp vegetables, beans and lentils, nuts, seeds, whole grains, and lean protein. This ensures you're not limiting nutrients your growing child needs. It also pushes less-nutritious foods off your plates.

Increase physical activity

Brainstorm regular family fitness ideas with your youngster, then put them on the calendar. You might try nightly after-dinner walks or Saturday morning bike rides. Move more during everyday activities, too. Park farther from your destination, take the stairs rather than the elevator, or shovel snow together. Before you know it, being more active will become a household habit.

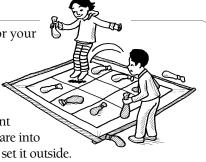
DIY supersized fun

Looking for some life-size entertainment for your child? Let her create a giant tic-tac-toe board!

Materials: old sheet, marker, duct tape, 10 old socks (5 of one color and 5 of another), dry beans, rubber bands

Help your youngster measure and draw a giant square on the sheet. Draw lines dividing the square into 9 equal boxes, and tape the sheet to the floor, or set it outside. Make beanbags by filling socks with beans and sealing them shut with rubber bands.

Each player gets 5 same-color beanbags. Now take turns hopping into a square, dropping a beanbag, and hopping out. The first to get three in a row across, down, or diagonally wins.



A well-stocked kitchen

With the right ingredients on hand, you can quickly whip up nutritious dinners on busy weeknights. Plus, you'll avoid last-minute impulse purchases or costly takeout. Try these steps for shopping and planning.

1. Take inventory. Help your child list ingredients you use frequently, such as rice, pasta, shredded cheese, green beans, bread, and ground beef. Let her go through the refrigerator and pantry and cross out items you already have. *Bonus*: She'll practice reading and writing.



2. Stock up. Shop together for ingredients that remain on your list. Look for healthy swaps, such as wholewheat bread rather than white, frozen vegetables instead of canned, and extra-lean ground beef in place of regular.

3. Figure out meals. Ask your youngster to help you create nutritious menus based on what's on hand. For instance, if you've got whole-grain spaghetti and a jar of marinara sauce, there's an easy meal.

To make it healthier, grate zucchini and stir into the sauce. Have a can of black beans and some brown rice? Just add cooked broccoli for a healthy rice bowl. ▶

RENT What's in your smoothie?

My son Liam loves our local smoothie place, and I'm happy he's getting more fruit into his diet. But recently, I noticed a sign listing nutrition information, and I realized his favorites have a lot of sugar and fat. So I decided to start making smoothies at home in the blender.



We experiment with fruit combinations like strawberry and banana or peach and mango. Instead of flavored yogurt, which has a lot of sugar, I use plain yogurt and a little honey. Sometimes I include peanut butter or flaxseed for protein. I've even added kale and spinach so my son gets greens.

Liam enjoys our homemade smoothies, and now he's eating more fruits *and* vegetables—and less sugar and fat. ▶

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Nutrition Nuggets™ is reviewed by a registered dietitian. Consult a physician before beginning any major change in diet or exercise.

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Boosting balance skills

Set your youngster up for success in sports and games by helping her improve her balance. Consider these fun ideas.

• Flamingo contest: See who can stand on one foot the longest. Switch legs, and do it again. To increase the challenge, close your eyes while balancing.

• Cereal box challenge: Have each person place an empty cereal box on her head. Keeping your back straight and chin up, race across the room. If you drop your box, return to the start. The first player to cross the room wins.

• **Hula hop:** Scatter a few hula-hoops on the ground a few feet from each other (or make circles with pieces of yarn). Family members can jump into each hula-hoop—without losing their balance and falling outside the hoop. Try it again, this time

jumping backward. \blacksquare



IN THE

Slow-cooked meals

Tap into the power of your slow cooker with these recipes to enjoy on cold winter days.

Chicken-quinoa risotto

Place $1\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. boneless chicken breasts into a slow cooker. Add 1 cup uncooked quinoa, 2 cups low-sodium chicken broth, and 2 cloves minced garlic. Cook on high 4 hours. Shred chicken, and return to slow cooker. Add 2 cups frozen peas, stir, and cook 30 minutes more.

Vegetarian "pot roast"

Chop 1 lb. mushrooms (white or portobello), 1 lb. sweet potatoes, and 2 carrots. Put in slow

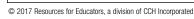
cooker with 2 cups vegetable stock, 1 tbsp. tomato paste, 1 tsp. dried thyme, $\frac{1}{4}$ tsp. salt, $\frac{1}{4}$ tsp. pepper, and $\frac{1}{2}$ tsp. garlic powder. Cook on low 6–8 hours.

Beef stroganoff

Fill slow cooker with $1\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. lean stew meat, 1 medium onion (diced), 1 cup low-sodium beef broth, 2 tbsp. Worcestershire sauce, 2 tbsp. Dijon

mustard, and ½ tsp. each salt and pepper. Cook on low 6–8 hours.

Stir in 1 cup Greek yogurt just before serving. Enjoy over whole-grain egg noodles. ▶



Home&Sch **CONNECTION®**

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January 2018



source?

Share these ideas for keeping track of sources when your youngster writes reports for school. He can jot each fact on the front of an index card and list the book's title and author on the back. Or he could print out articles and highlight information he plans to use. The URL will be right there at the bottom of the page.

Winter wear

Not too cold, not too hot—your child will concentrate better in school if she's comfortable. Encourage her to dress in layers so she can remove or add as needed. For example, she might wear a sweater over a T-shirt or a vest on top of a blouse.

Developing diligence

When your youngster gives a job his wholehearted effort, he's being diligent. To demonstrate, suggest that he fold a few shirts before putting them in a drawer and then just throw in the rest. Ask him if he has done the job right. Point out that diligence will give him better results (unwrinkled shirts).

Worth quoting

'Hold on to a true friend with both your hands." Nigerian proverb

UST FOR FU

Q: Where was the Declaration of Independence signed?

A: At the bottom.



East End Intermediate School Jayme Steinbeck, Principal

Together time

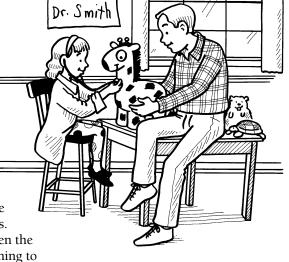
Family time is a worthy investment that can boost your child's communication skills and selfesteem. As a result, she may learn more and behave better in school. Try these ideas for fitting in more time with your youngster.

Maximize minutes

Sharing simple, everyday moments may lead to conversations about school or friends. Ask your child to help you with dinner. She could make the salad while you peel potatoes. Or sing along with the radio when the two of you are in the car or listening to music at home.

Have "play dates"

Join your youngster when she plays. She might teach you the rules for Trouble or Mousetrap, or you could show her a card game you liked at her age. Or pretend with her—maybe she'll be a veterinarian and you'll bring stuffed animals for checkups. Taking turns and role-playing build social skills she needs in school.



Plan ahead

With your child, list special activities you both enjoy, such as going to a flea market, visiting a nature center, or watching a basketball game. Put these on a calendar so you'll plan on them. She'll see that her company is important to you.

Tip: Silence or put away your phone to give your youngster your undivided attention while you chat or play.♥

Celebrate history

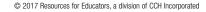
For a child, even yesterday can seem like a long time ago. Bring the past into the present for your youngster with these do-it-today activities.

● Celebrate Martin Luther King Jr. Day.

This civil rights leader helped to change the world. How can your family make a difference? Have each per-

son draw a star on a sheet of paper, then cut it out and write one way to help others on each of the star's points. Examples: "Make a meal for a sick neighbor." "Play with a classmate who doesn't have a lot of friends."

• Create a personal history museum. History isn't just about others your family has its own history, too! Let your child turn a box into a museum filled with items that remind family members of "historic" moments. He might include his T-ball award or a photograph of his little sister in a school play.♥



Keys to collaboration

Here's a skill that will come in handy when your child works with partners or groups: collaboration. He'll need to exchange opinions and solve problems throughout his school career and in future jobs. Share these tips.

Think before answering. In a good discussion, each person builds on others' responses. Practice by asking



a "Would you rather" question, such as "Would you rather fly like a bird or transport anywhere instantly?"

Maybe you'll say "teleporting" is better because you'd get home from work quickly. Your youngster might reply, "I agree that teleporting would be faster, but I'd like to fly and look at the world below."

Negotiate thoughtfully.

Appoint your child "consensus builder" for one week. His job is to think of compromises. Say

one family member wants tacos for dinner and another wants pasta. Perhaps he'll suggest a "taco-spaghetti bar" where you have tortillas *and* noodles, with toppings for both.♥



Peer pressure: Stop and think

My daughter Chloe has a friend who dares her to do things that could lead to trouble. When the girls got a restroom pass from their teacher, this friend pressured her to sneak onto the playground. Chloe said it was hard to say no, and when she did, her friend called her a "scaredy-cat."

I told Chloe I was proud of her for doing the right thing. Then I shared an idea to use if she faces peer pressure. She can picture a



stop sign in her mind—that's her cue to *stop* and *think*. If she wouldn't want her teacher or me to see her saying yes, she should say no.

We also talked about how true friends will take "no" for an answer. I hope the "stop sign" strategy will help her handle tough situations in the future.♥

OUR PURPOSE

To provide busy parents with practical ideas that promote school success, parent involvement, and more effective parenting.

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Encourage active play

Q: My son used to get plenty of exercise by playing outside. Now that he's older, he spends more time sitting around than running around. How can I get him moving?

A: You're right to want your son to move more, since daily physical activity will keep him healthier.

Challenge your child to think of fun ways to be active, and suggest that he write each one on a separate index card. *Examples*: "Jump rope." "Juggle balls." "Play air guitar." Every day, prompt him to pick a few cards and do what they say.

Encourage him to enjoy physical activity with other kids, too, by joining a sports team or taking a class like karate or gymnastics. You can also help by being active *with* him. Go outside for a game of catch, follow along with a workout video, or play Ping-Pong at the community center.

Between these ideas—and recess and PE at school—your son can get the recommended hour or more of exercise per day.♥



Make a crystal "garden"

This sparkly science experi-

ment will show your youngster how crystals form.

- **1.** Save the shells from 4 eggs that you've cracked in half. Have your child rinse them and place into an empty egg carton.
- **2.** Measure $\frac{1}{2}$ cup boiling water into a mug. Your youngster should stir in about $\frac{1}{4}$ cup salt, a little at a time, until it won't dissolve anymore.
- **3.** Let your child pour 1 tbsp. water into each shell and add a drop of food coloring.

- **4.** Have her check the shells twice a day and record what she sees. Over several days, colorful crystals will form.
- **5.** She could paint her crystals with clear nail polish to preserve them.

The science: As salt dissolves, the water molecules drive apart the salt molecules. When the water evaporates, the salt mol-

ecules go back together, forming a regular

geometric pattern called a *crystal*.
Snowflakes and diamonds are realworld examples of crystals.

