PETERSBURG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Petersburg Independent School District	<u>Hale</u>	<u>095-904</u>
Name of School District	County	Co Dist Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attach named school district were reviewed and the year ended August 31, 2022 at a meetin district on the28 th day of September, 20	approved g of the Boa	_ disapproved (check one) for
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature o	of Board President
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the audisapproving it is (are):	uditor's report	, the reason(s) for
(attach list as necessary):		



Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

5707 114th Street P.O. Box 93550 Lubbock, TX 79493-3550

Randel J. Terry, CPA Ryan R. King, CPA

Telephone - (806) 698-8858 — Fax – (866) 288-6490

Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statements

Board of Trustees Petersburg Independent School District Box 160 Petersburg, Texas 79250

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Petersburg Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Petersburg Independent School District as of August 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Petersburg Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, identified as required supplementary information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Petersburg Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying other schedules listed in the table of contents as Other Supplementary Information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Supplementary Information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2022, on our consideration of the Petersburg Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Petersburg Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Petersburg Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

Jerry & King

Lubbock, Texas

September 27, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Petersburg Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended August 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$17,992,314 at August 31, 2022.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$3,212,122 less than the \$8,531,242 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs increased \$63,006 or 1%, and no new programs were added this year.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$4,523,851.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee or agent* for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1F, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report

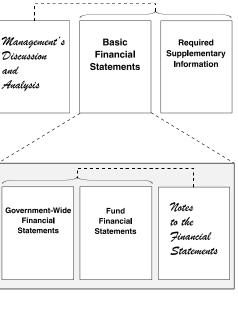


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Statemen	nts
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire Agency's government (except fiduciary funds) and the Agency's component units	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Instances in which the district is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
	• Statement of net assets	Balance sheet	 Statement of fiduciary net assets
Required financial statements	◆ Statement of activities	 Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances 	 Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

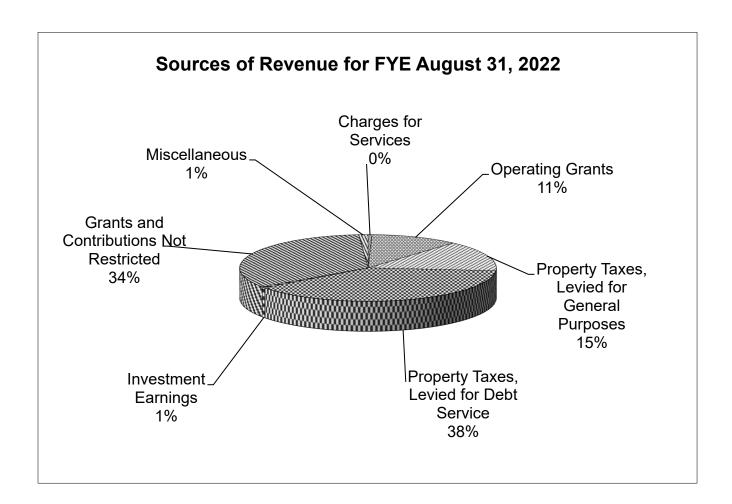
Net position. The District's combined net position was \$17,992,314 at August 31, 2022. (See Table A-1).

Table A-1
Petersburg Independent School District's Net Position

		Governmental Activities	
	August 31, 2022	August 31, 2021	Percentage <u>Change</u>
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	10,520,295	17,863,128	-41%
Due from other governments	25,025	154,366	-84%
Taxes Receivable, net	20,794	9,300	124%
Other Receivables	-	-	0%
Total current assets:	10,566,114	18,026,794	-41%
Noncurrent assets:			
Land	251,664	251,664	0%
Construction in Progress	2,094,162	22,767,891	-91%
Buildings & Improvements	30,917,227	3,305,169	835%
Less accumulated depreciation,	/		
buildings & improvements	(2,695,283)	(2,552,686)	6%
Vehicles	784,528	760,774	3%
Less accumulated depreciation, vehicles	(405 540)	(270,000)	220/
	(465,513) 1,418,874	(379,869)	23% 180%
Furniture & Equipment Less accumulated depreciation,	1,410,074	507,108	100%
furniture & equipment	(398,772)	(331,841)	20%
Total noncurrent assets	31,906,887	24,328,210	31%
Total Assets	42,473,001	42,355,004	0%
	, ,,,,,	,000,00	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Outflows	729,474	848,720	-14%
O LE LERG			
Current liabilities:	4 747	4 450 705	-100%
Accounts Payable	4,717	1,452,725	-100%
Accrued Interest Payable Accrued Wages Payable	22,128 119,728	24,586 121,914	-10% -2%
Accrued Expenses	3,181	3,350	-2 % -5%
Due within one year	1,760,000	1,850,000	-5%
Unearned Revenue	382,172	1,000,000	100%
Total current liabilities	2,291,926	3,452,575	-34%
Long-term liabilities:	2,201,020	0,102,070	0170
Due in more than one year	19,395,000	21,155,000	-8%
Net Pension Liability	455,578	995,411	-54%
Net OPEB Liability	1,036,171	1,059,707	-2%
Premium on bond issuance	715,147	814,215	-12%
Total long-term liabilities	21,601,896	24,024,333	-10%
Total Liabilities	23,893,822	27,476,908	-13%
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred Inflows	1,316,339	946,624	39%
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	12 771 065	10 160 076	13%
Restricted for Debt Service	13,771,865 1,714,342	12,160,376 839,857	104%
Unrestricted	2,506,107	1,779,959	41%
Total Net Position	17,992,314	14,780,192	22%
	,002,011	,,,,	

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues were \$8,531,242. A significant portion, 53 percent, of the District's revenue comes from taxes. (See Figure A-3.) 45 percent comes from grants and contributions, while less than 1 percent relates to charges for services.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$5,319,120; 50 percent of these costs are for instruction.



Governmental Activities

• In the prior year, the District's M&O property tax rate was \$1.0547 per \$100 value and a debt service tax rate of \$0.50 per \$100 value was added. In the current year, the District's M&O tax rate was \$1.0517 and the debt service tax rate was \$0.50 per \$100 value. Maintenance & Operation tax revenues collected decreased 4% from \$1,049,696 in FYE 2021 to \$1,007,276 in FYE August 31, 2022. The additional debt service taxes collected were \$3,415,310 in FYE 2021 and \$3,274,694 in FYE 2022. The total tax levy decreased 6% from \$4,482,795 in the prior period to \$4,227,801 in the current period.

The District entered into a tax abatement agreement whereby the M&O taxable value of a windmill project is limited to \$20,000,000. The total taxable value of the project was \$579,290,120. The loss in tax revenue was offset by an increase in state funding through the FSP funding formula.

Table A-2
Changes in Petersburg Independent School District's Net Position

Governmental Activities Percentage 2022 2021 Change Program Revenues: Charges for Services 40.838 13.093 212% Operating Grants and Contributions 944,477 892,494 6% General Revenues: Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes 1,264,281 4,466,056 -72% -4% Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service 3,282,130 3,417,630 Grants and Contributions not restricted 2,858,749 2,954,938 -3% **Investment Earnings** 41,759 16,653 151% Other 99,008 24,394 306% **Total Revenues** 8,531,242 11,785,258 -28% Instruction 2,649,001 2,602,713 2% Instructional Resources and 2.687 -95% Media Services 58,392 Curriculum Development and 11,553 28% Instructional Staff Development 9,021 -92% Instructional Leadership 16 206 295,470 -2% School Leadership 300,340 Guidance, Counseling and -4% **Evaluation Services** 77.463 80,789 3,550 97% Social Work Services 1,800 **Health Services** 71,274 66,596 7% Student (Pupil) Transportation 67,842 57,076 19% **Food Services** 323,009 314,227 3% Curricular/Extracurricular Activities 333.395 180.226 85% 2% **General Administration** 356,921 350,683 Plant Maintenance & Operation 473,460 441,242 7% Security and Monitoring 6,099 6,311 -3% **Data Processing Services** 159,999 125,462 28% Interest on Long-Term Debt 459,036 507,754 -10% **Debt Service Fees** 300 132,089 -100% 6% Payments to Shared Service Arrangements 775 732 Other Intergovernmental Charges 27,270 20,455 33% Total Expenses 5,319,120 5,256,114 1% Increase (Decrease) in

3,212,122

14,780,192

17,992,314

6,529,144

8,251,048

14,780,192

-51%

79%

22%

Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

- The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$5,319,120.
- The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$4,546,411.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs \$40,838, or
- By grants and contributions \$3,803,226.

Table A-3Net Cost of Selected District Functions

	Total C Serv		% Change	Net Cost of Services				
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	2021-2022	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	2021-2022		
Instruction	2,649,001	2,602,713	2%	2,025,299	2,111,333	(4%)		
School administration	356,921	350,683	2%	340,684	322,931	5%		
Plant Maintenance & Operations	473,460	441,242	7%	460,822	387,893	19%		
School Leadership	295,470	300,340	(2%)	289,530	277,111	4%		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$8,763,905 a decrease of \$2,977,798 (25%) from the preceding year. Local Revenues decreased \$3,241,954 (41%), state revenues decreased \$136,128 (4%), and federal revenues increased \$400,284 (63%).

Expenditures for governmental fund types totaled \$15,167,887, a decrease of \$10,116,550 (40%) from the preceding year. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease of \$10,142,122 in capital projects expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget 3 times. With these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$115,235 below final budget amounts. The most significant positive variance resulted from staffing. Staffing is budgeted for full employment throughout the full year. Budget amounts for vacant positions throughout the year are not eligible to budget revisions.

On the other hand, resources available were \$49,015 more than the final budgeted amounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2022, the District had invested \$35,466,455 in a broad range of capital assets, including, land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) This represents a net increase of \$7,873,849 including additions and deletions to fixed assets during the current fiscal year.

	ı	Beginning			Re	classifications/		Ending
		<u>Balance</u>		<u>Increases</u>		<u>Decreases</u>		<u>Balance</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	251,664	\$	-	\$	-	\$	251,664
Construction in progress		22,767,891		2,054,962	_	(22,728,691)		2,094,162
Total capital assets not being depreciated		23,019,555		2,054,962	_	(22,728,691)		2,345,826
Other capital assets								
Buildings and improvements		3,305,169		4,883,367		22,728,691		30,917,227
Furniture and equipment		1,267,882		935,520				2,203,402
Total other capital assets at historical cost		4,573,051		5,818,887		22,728,691		33,120,629
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings and improvements		(2,552,687)		(142,596)		-		(2,695,283)
Furniture and equipment		(711,710)		(152,575)				(864,285)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization		(3,264,397)		(295,171)		<u>-</u>		(3,559,568)
Other capital assets, net		1,308,654		5,523,716	_	22,728,691		29,561,061
Capital assets, net	\$	24,328,209	\$	7,578,678	\$		\$	31,906,887

The District's fiscal year 2023 capital budget reflects the use of remaining bond proceeds for the construction and equipment of new school buildings. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt Administration and Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2022 are as follows:

Government Activities	Balance <u>09/01/21</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance 08/31/22
General Obligation Bonds	\$23,005,000	\$ -	\$1,850,000	\$21,155,000
Bond Premiums	814,215	-	99,068	715,147
Net Pension Liability	995,411	-	539,833	455,578
Net OPEB Liability	1,059,707		23,536	1,036,171
Total	\$25,874,333	\$ -	\$2,512,437	\$23,361,896

More detailed information about the District's long-term obligations in presented in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Appraised value used for the 2023 budget preparation is higher.
- General operating fund spending per student will remain virtually the same.
- The District's 2023 refined average daily attendance is expected to increase slightly.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2023. Property taxes will decrease. State revenue should increase.

Expenditures are budgeted to increase slightly. The District has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2023 budget.

If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary general fund fund balance is expected to increase slightly by the close of 2023.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Services Department.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2022

1

Data Contro Codes		Governmental Activities
1110	ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,520,295
1225 1240	Taxes Receivable, Net Due from Other Governments Capital Assets:	20,794 25,025
1510	Land	251,664
1520	Buildings & Improvements, net	28,221,944
1530	Furniture & Equipment, net	1,339,118
1580	Construction in Progress	2,094,161
1000	<u>Total Assets</u>	\$ 42,473,001
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1706 1707	Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB	\$ 329,706
1707	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	399,768 \$ 729,474
	Total Deletted Outflows of Nesources	φ 725,474
	LIABILITIES:	
	Current Liabilities:	
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 4,717
2140	Accrued Interest Payable	22,128
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	119,728
2200	Accrued Expenses	3,181
2300	Unearned Revenue	382,172
2501	Noncurrent Liabilities Due within one year	1,760,000
2501	Due in more than one year	19,395,000
2516	Premium on bond issuance	715,147
2540	Net Pension Liability	455,578
2545	Net OPEB Liability	1,036,171
2000	Total Liabilities	23,893,822
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605	Deferred Inflows - Pension	540,021
2606	Deferred Inflows - OPEB	776,318
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,316,339
	NET POSITION:	
3200	Net investment in capital assets	13,771,865
	Restricted:	
3850	Debt Service	1,714,342
3900	Unrestricted	2,506,107
3000	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 17,992,314

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

1 3 4	
Data Program Revenues	Not (Evnanca)
Control Operating	Net (Expense) Revenue and
Control Charges for Grants and	Changes in
Codes Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions	Net Position
Government Activities:	
11 Instruction and Instruction-Related Services \$ 2,649,001 \$ 5,947 \$ 617,755	\$ (2,025,299)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services 2,687	(2,687)
13 Curriculum Development and Instructional	(2,007)
Staff Development 11,553 - 6,690	(4,863)
21 Instructional Leadership 16	(16)
23 School Leadership 295,470 146 5,794	(289,530)
31 Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services 77,463 - 983	(76,480)
32 Social Work Services 3,550	(3,550)
33 Health Services 71,274 - 1,066	(70,208)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation 67,842 - 274	(67,568)
35 Food Services 323,009 7,646 292,533	(22,830)
36 Extracurricular Activities 333,395 17,345 (804)	
41 General Administration 356,921 6,754 9,483	(340,684)
51 Plant Maintenance and Operations 473,460 3,000 9,638	(460,822)
52 Security and Monitoring Services 6,099 - (40)	• •
53 Data Processing 159,999 - 1,105	(158,894)
72 Interest on Long-Term Debt 459,036	(459,036)
73 Other Debt Service Fees 300	(300)
93 Payments to Shared Service Arrangements 775	(775)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges 27,270	(27,270)
TG Total Government Activities 5,319,120 40,838 944,477	(4,333,805)
TP Total Primary Government <u>5,319,120</u> 40,838 <u>944,477</u>	(4,333,805)
General Revenues:	
MT Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	1,264,281
DT Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	3,282,130
IE Investment Earnings	41,759
GC Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	2,858,749
MI Miscellaneous	99,008
TR Total General Revenue	7,545,927
Ohanna in Mat Davitian	0.040.400
CN Change in Net Position	3,212,122
NB Net Position Beginning	14,780,192
NE Net Position Ending	\$ 17,992,314

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS August 31, 2022

Data Control Codes	-		10 General Fund	_	50 Debt Service Fund	_	60 Capital Projects Fund		Other vernmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds
1110 1225 1240 1260	ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Taxes Receivable, Net Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds	\$	5,009,559 14,338 1,325 6,105	\$	1,729,424 6,456 590	\$	3,734,482	\$	46,831 - 23,110 -	\$10,520,296 20,794 25,025 6,749
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,031,327	\$	1,736,470	\$	3,735,126	\$	69,941	\$10,572,864
2110	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$	4,717	\$	-	\$; -	\$.	\$ 4,717
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		103,438		-		-		16,290	119,728
2170	Due to Other Funds		644		-		-		6,105	6,749
2200	Accrued Expenditures		2,167		-		-		1,014	3,181
2300	Unearned Revenue		382,172	_		_				382,172
2000	Total Liabilities	_	493,138	_		_			23,409	516,547
2601	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		14,338 14,338	_	6,456 6,456	=	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	20,794 20,794
	FUND BALANCES: Restricted Fund Balances:									
3470	Capital Acquisition Program		-		-		3,735,126		-	3,735,126
3480	Debt Service		-		1,730,014		-		-	1,730,014
	Committed Fund Balances:									
3510	Construction		500,000		-		-		-	500,000
3545	Other		275,000		-		-		-	275,000
	Assigned Fund Balances:									
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balances		-		-		-		46,532	46,532
3600	Unassigned	_	3,748,851	_		_				3,748,851
3000	<u>Total Fund Balance</u>	_	4,523,851	_	1,730,014	_	3,735,126		46,532	10,035,523
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	5,031,327	\$	1,736,470	\$	3,735,126	\$	69,941	\$10,572,864

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2022

Total Fund Balances Governmental Funds Balance Sheet								
	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:							
1	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		31,906,887					
2	Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are unearned in the funds.		20,793					
3	Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(21,155,000)					
4	The amount of premium/discount on bonds is required to be recognized in the statement of net position.		(715,147)					
5	Accrued interest expense on long-term debt is not reported in the funds.		(22,128)					
6	Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$329,706, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$540,021, and a net pension liability in the amount of \$455,578. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	t	(665,893)					
7	Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$399,768, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$776,318, and a net OPEB liability in the amount of	се						
	\$1,036,171. This resulted in a decrease in net position.		(1,412,721)					
Net F	Position of Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position	\$	17,992,314					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

Data Control Codes			10 General Fund		50 Debt Service Fund		60 Capital Projects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	98 Total overnmental Funds
5700 5800	REVENUES: Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$	1,397,931 3,009,179	\$	3,278,912	\$	20,318	\$	19,360	\$	4,716,521 3,009,179
5900 5020	Federal Program Revenues Total Revenues		344,486 4,751,596		3,278,912		20,318	_	693,719 713,079	_	1,038,205 8,763,905
5020	Total Revenues	_	4,751,596	_	3,276,912	_	20,316	_	713,079	_	6,763,905
	EXPENDITURES: Current:										
0011	Instruction and Instruction-Related Services		2.043.202		_		_		650.130		2.693.332
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		2,687		_		_		-		2,687
0013	Curriculum Development and Instructional		2,00.								2,00.
00.0	Staff Development		4.874		_		_		6.690		11.564
0021	Instructional Leadership		16		_		_		-,		16
0023	School Leadership		290.372		_		_		8.660		299.032
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		80,939		_		_		1,602		82,541
0032	Social Work Services		3,550		_		_		-		3,550
0033	Health Services		74,062		-		_		1,602		75.664
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		65,124		_		31,725		543		97,392
0035	Food Services		315,179		_				5,310		320,489
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		265,970		_		147,413		8,490		421,873
0041	General Administration		334,588		_		, <u>-</u>		19,023		353,611
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		428,423		-		14,936		10,865		454,224
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		6,428		_		-		_		6.428
0053	Data Processing Services		162,476		_		_		1,602		164,078
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		-		1,850,000		_		-,		1,850,000
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		_		560,562		_		_		560,562
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		_		300		_		_		300
0081	Capital Outlay		_		-		7,742,499		_		7,742,499
0093	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements		775		_		-		_		775
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		27,270		-		-		-		27,270
6030	Total Expenditures		4,105,935		2,410,862		7,936,573		714,517		15,167,887
											
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)										
	Expenditures		645,661		868,050		(7,916,255)		(1,438)		(6,403,982)
	'		,		,		(,,,		(,,		(1, 11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,1
7045	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):										
7915	Operating Transfers In		-		-		-		-		-
8911	Operating Transfers Out		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	_		_		_					
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		645,661		868,050		(7,916,255)		(1,438)		(6,403,982)
0100	Fund Balances Beginning		3,878,190	_	861,964	_	11,651,381		47,970	_	16,439,505
3000	Fund Balances Ending	\$	4,523,851	\$	1,730,014	\$	3,735,126	\$	46,532	\$	10,035,523

3,212,122

PETERSBURG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Petersburg, Texas

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds	\$ (6,403,982)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities ("SOA") are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlays during the current period.	7,873,849
The depreciation of capital assets is not reported in the funds. This is the amount of current depreciation on these assets.	(295,171)
Certain property tax revenues are unearned in the funds. These are the amounts that have not been collected and are therefore do not provide current financial resources. This is the amount that these accounts changed during the current period.	11,492
For the statement of net position, the amortization of bond premiums is recognized over the life of the bonds. This is the amount of the current amortization.	99,068
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is a reduction of long-term debt in the statement of net position. This amount is the total debt principal repaid for capital leases, loans & bonded indebtedness.	1,850,000
Accrued interest expense is not reported in the funds. This is the amount of change in accrued interest expense.	2,458
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$91,123. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in net position totaling \$76,342. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense increased the change in net position by \$31,671. The net result is a increase in the change in net position.	46,452
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$23,292. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in net position totaling \$20,985. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense increased the change in net position by \$25,649. The result is an increase in the change in net position.	27,956
not position by \$20,040. The result is an increase in the change in het position.	 21,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities -- Statement of Activities

EXHIBIT E-1

PETERSBURG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Petersburg, Texas

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS August 31, 2022

Private Pupose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds Student	
Scholarships	Activity	
<u>=====================================</u>		
\$ 41,146	\$ 38,788	
\$ 41,146	\$ 38,788	
\$ 41,146	\$ -	
<u>-</u>	38,788	
<u>\$ 41,146</u>	\$ 38,788	
	<u>Scholarships</u> \$ 41,146 \$ 41,146 \$ 41,146	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

	Private Pupose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS.	Scholarships	Student Activity
ADDITIONS: Contributions/Gifts Fundraising Activity Total Additions	\$ 8,542 - 8,542	\$ - 90,876 90,876
DEDUCTIONS: Student Activities Scholarships Total Deductions	7,000 7,000	89,910 - 89,910
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	1,542	966
Net Position - Beginning	39,604	37,822
Net Position - Ending	\$ 41,146	\$ 38,788

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended August 31, 2022

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Petersburg Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statue to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as revised by GASB Statement No. 39, and there are no component units included within the reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the over-reporting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non exchange transactions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 2 Year Ended August 31, 2022

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all of taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: This is the District's fund for the collection of revenues from property taxes for the specific purpose of retiring loans and bonded indebtedness.

Capital Projects Fund: This fund is used to report the District's construction and investment in physical plant and other capital assets.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds: These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 3 Year Ended August 31, 2022

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Custodial Fund: A fiduciary fund type, accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity. The District's Custodial Fund is the student activity funds.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or custodial capacity and are therefore not available to support the District's programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

Private Purpose Trust Fund – The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District's private-purpose trust fund is made up of scholarship funds with annual scholarships to be awarded to past students of the District in accordance with donor stipulations.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, the revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 4 Year Ended August 31, 2022

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Grant funds are considered earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims, and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

c. Fund Balance Classification

<u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of bonds and are restricted by State Statute. Capital projects are restricted by State Statute and are legally segregated for funding of capital improvements.

<u>Committed</u>: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed.

<u>Assigned</u>: This classification represents amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but does not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Fund balance can be assigned by the Superintendent or their designee.

<u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 5 Year Ended August 31, 2022

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the District are reported at fair value. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. The State Treasurer's Investment Pools are operated in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported values of the pools are the same as the fair value of the pool shares (Level 1 inputs).

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on assessed value listed as of the prior January 1st for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1st of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1st of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 6 Year Ended August 31, 2022

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. As of August 31, 2022, the amount deemed uncollectible by this estimate was \$28,638. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide. Certain payments to vendors reflect the cost applicable to future periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

d. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	5-15
Office Equipment and	
Furniture	3-15
Computer Equipment	3

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 7 Year Ended August 31, 2022

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances. There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of the period end.

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line on the government-wide statement of net position.

g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

h. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 8 Year Ended August 31, 2022

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

i. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position.

Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

i. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Items reported as deferred outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred charges related to TRS retirement \$ 329,706 Deferred charges related to TRS OPEB \$ 399,768

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District currently has one type of item which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government wide statement of net position. Items reported as deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred property tax revenues \$ 28,638

Deferred charges related to TRS retirement \$ 540,021

Deferred charges related to TRS OPEB \$ 776,318

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 9 Year Ended August 31, 2022

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

k. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The Texas Education Agency requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a Statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

B. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

<u>Violation</u> <u>Action Taken</u> None Reported Not Applicable

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 10 Year Ended August 31, 2022

B. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (continued)

2. Budgetary Information

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all required Governmental Fund Types, as outlined in TEA's Financial Accounting and Reporting module, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

The official school budget is prepared for adoption for required Governmental Fund Types prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal year beginning September 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and the Child Nutrition Fund. The remaining special revenue funds adopt project-length budgets that do not correspond to the District's fiscal year. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting that is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

3. Fair Value Measurements

The District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, which defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. Fair value accounting requires characterization of the inputs used to measure fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1 inputs are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market the entity has the ability to access.

Level 2 inputs are observable inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent from the entity.

Level 3 inputs are observable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 11 Year Ended August 31, 2022

B. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (continued)

There are three general valuation techniques that may be used to measure fair value:

Market approach – uses prices generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities.

Cost approach – uses the amount that currently would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement cost).

Income approach – uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts to present amounts based on current market expectations.

C. Deposits and Investments

Under Texas state law, the District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect the District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") Insurance.

Cash Deposits

At August 31, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$10,600,230 and the bank balance was \$10,729,602. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2022 and during the period then ended, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

Investments

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principle and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports an establishment of

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 12 Year Ended August 31, 2022

C. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

State statutes and Board policy authorize the District to invest in 1) obligations of the U.S. or its agencies and instrumentalities; 2) obligations of state, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent; 3) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state or national banks domiciled in Texas; 4) obligations of the state of Texas or its agencies; 5) other obligations guaranteed by the U.S. or the state of Texas or their agencies and instrumentalities; 6) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; and 7) public funds investment pools. Temporary investments are reported at cost, which approximates market, and are secured, when necessary, by the FDIC or obligations of items 1-4 above at 102% of the investment's market value.

As of August 31, 2022, the following are the District's cash equivalents and investments with respective maturities and credit rating:

		Fair Value Measurement Using Significant Other Observable			
Type of Investment	Book Value	Inputs (Level2)	Maturity in Less <u>Than 1 Year</u>	Maturity In 1-2 Years	Credit <u>Rating</u>
Cash	\$ 5,668,910	\$ -	\$ 5,668,910	\$ -	N/A
Investments not Subject to Fair Value: FDIC insured certificates of deposit	1,103,574	-	1,103,574	-	N/A
Investments Measured at Fair Value Investment pools:					
Lone Star – Government Overnight Fund	3,827,746		3,827,746		AAAm
Total cash and cash equivalents	10,600,230		10,600,230		<u>-</u>

Investment Pools are measured at amortized cost or fair value and are not subject to level reporting.

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 13 Year Ended August 31, 2022

C. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of now lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Lone Star

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star which seeks to maintain a net asset value of one dollar. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net asset value of 50 cents.

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 14 Year Ended August 31, 2022

C. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 15 Year Ended August 31, 2022

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning			Re	classifications/		Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>		<u>Decreases</u>		Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$ 251,664	\$	-	\$	-	\$	251,664
Construction in progress	22,767,891		2,054,962		(22,728,691)		2,094,162
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 23,019,555		2,054,962	_	(22,728,691)		2,345,826
Other capital assets							
Buildings and improvements	3,305,169		4,883,367		22,728,691		30,917,227
Furniture and equipment	 1,267,882		935,520		_		2,203,402
Total other capital assets at historical cost	 4,573,051		5,818,887		22,728,691		33,120,629
Less accumulated depreciation for							
Buildings and improvements	(2,552,687)		(142,596)		-		(2,695,283
Furniture and equipment	 (711,710)		(152,575)	_	_		(864,285
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (3,264,397)		(295,171)		_		(3,559,568
Other capital assets, net	1,308,654		5,523,716		22,728,691		29,561,061
Capital assets, net	\$ 24,328,209	\$	7,578,678	\$	_	\$	31,906,887

Depreciat	ion and Amortization was charged to functions	as follows:
11	Instruction	\$179,312
23	School Leadership	19,946
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation	4,380
35	Food Service	21,378
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	17,741
41	General Administration	23,112
51	Plant Maintenance & Operations	29,302
		<u>\$ 295,171</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 16 Year Ended August 31, 2022

D. Interfund Transfers

There were no interfund transfers in the fiscal year ending August 31, 2022.

E. <u>Interfund Balances</u>

These interfund receivables and payables represent balances not paid as of year-end. All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

Fund	Due from <u>Other Funds</u>	Due to Other Funds
General Fund: Other Governmental Funds Capital Projects	\$ 6,105 	\$ 644
Other Governmental Funds: General Fund		6,105
Capital Projects Fund: General Fund	644	
Total Governmental Funds	6,749	6,749

F. Short-Term Debt Activity

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the General Fund. The proceeds from loans are shown in the financial statements as Other Resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 17 Year Ended August 31, 2022

G. Long-Term Obligations

During each year while bonds are outstanding, the District is required to levy and collect sufficient ad valorem taxes to provide for the payment of principal and interest as it becomes due. The District complied with all significant limitations and restrictions contained in the bond indentures. Interest costs of \$558,104 were charged to expense in the current fiscal year.

1. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2022, are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>In</u>	<u>creases</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 23,005,000	\$	-	\$ 1,850,000	\$ 21,155,000	\$ 1,760,000
Bond Premiums	814,215		-	99,068	715,147	-
Net Pension Liability	995,411		-	539,833	455,578	-
Net OPEB Liability	1,059,707			23,536	1,036,171	
Total governmental activities	\$ 25,874,333	\$		\$ 2,512,437	\$ 23,361,896	\$ 1,760,000

	Interest Rate	Maturity	Amount Of Original Issue	Amount Outstanding 8/31/2022
General Obligation Bonds – Descriptions				_
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2019	2.00%-5.00%	02-15-2044	\$ 14,125,000	\$ 10,945,000
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2020	1.36%	02-15-2035	\$ 12,135,000	\$ 10,210,000

2. Debt service requirements on general obligation bonds at August 31, 2022, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities	
Year Ending August 31,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total
2023	\$ 1,760,000	\$ 503,618	\$ 2,263,618
2024	1,680,000	450,560	2,130,560
2025	1,600,000	401,320	2,001,320
2026	1,525,000	355,500	1,880,500
2027	1,460,000	312,361	1,772,361
2028-2032	6,410,000	1,053,979	7,463,979
2033-2037	4,005,000	521,396	4,526,396
2038-2042	1,930,000	218,500	2,148,500
2043-2044	785,000	19,687	804,687
	\$ 21,155,000	\$ 3,836,921	\$ 24,991,921

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 18 Year Ended August 31, 2022

H. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u>

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/aboutpublications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 19 Year Ended August 31, 2022

H. Pension Plan (continued)

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution Rates		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> 2021</u>	2022
Member	7.70 %	8.00%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.50%	7.75%
Employers	7.50%	7.75%
Current Fiscal Year Employer Contributions	S	\$ 91,123
Current Fiscal Year Member Contributions	\$ 215,611	
2021 Measurement Year NECE On-behalf Co	\$ 149,884	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 20 Year Ended August 31, 2022

H. Pension Plan (continued)

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.6% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2021, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 21 Year Ended August 31, 2022

H. Pension Plan (continued)

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2020 rolled forward to

August 31, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value
Single Discount Rate 7.25%
Long-term Expected Rate 7.25%

Municipal Bond Rate as 1.95%. Source for the rate is the of August 2020 Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds with

20 years to maturity that include Only federally tax-exempt municipal Bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."

Last year ending August 31 in

projection period (100 years) 2120 Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05% including inflation

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2020.

6. Discount Rate

The single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 22 Year Ended August 31, 2022

H. Pension Plan (continued)

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2021 are summarized below:

		Long-Term Expected	d Expected
	Target	Geometric Real Rate	Contribution to Long-
Asset Class*	Allocation%	** of Return***	Term Portfolio Returns
0.1.15.11			
Global Equity	400/	0.00/	0.040/
USA	18%	3.6%	0.94%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	4.4%	0.83%
Emerging Markets	9%	4.6%	0.74%
Private Equity	14%	6.3%	1.36%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16%	(0.2%)	0.01%
Absolute Return	0%	`1.1% [′]	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5%	2.2%	0.12%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15%	4.5%	1.00%
Energy, Natural Resources, and			
Infrastructure	6%	4.7%	0.35%
Commodities	0%	1.7%	0.00%
Risk Parity	•	/ 2	0.0075
Risk Parity	8%	2.8%	0.28%
Asset Allocation Leverage	• • •		5.25.
Cash	2%	(0.7%)	(0.01%)
Asset Allocation Leverage	(6%)	(0.5%)_	0.03%
Total	100%	(/-	
Inflation Expectation			2.20%
Volatility Drag****			(0.95%)
Expected Return			6.90%

^{*}Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

^{**}Target allocations are based on the FY2021 policy model.

^{***}Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2021).

^{****}The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 23 Year Ended August 31, 2022

H. Pension Plan (continued)

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.25%, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in	Discount Rate	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate (6.25%)	(7.25%)	Discount Rate (8.25%)
District's proportionate			
Share of the net pension			
liability:	\$ 995,511	\$ 455,578	\$ 17,529

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$455,578 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability \$ 455,578 State's proportionate share that is associated with the District \$ 894,446 Total \$ 1,350,024

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0017889346% which was a decrease of 0.0000696328% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 24 Year Ended August 31, 2022

H. Pension Plan (continued)

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$48,247 and revenue of \$3,576 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		red Outflows Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual	Φ.	700	•	00.070
actuarial experiences	\$	762	\$	32,073
Changes in actuarial assumptions		161,038		70,199
Difference between projected and actual		,		•
Investment earnings		-		381,997
Changes in proportion and difference between				
The employer's contributions and the				
Proportionate share of contributions		76,783	<u>\$</u>	55,752
Total as of August 31, 2021 measurement da	te \$	238,583	\$	540,021
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the				
measurement date		91,123	\$	-
Total as of fiscal year-end	<u>\$</u>	329,706	<u>\$</u>	540,021

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount
2023	\$ (50,726)
2024	(52,212)
2025	(75,792)
2026	(113,109)
2027	(7,135)
Thereafter	(2,464)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 25 Year Ended August 31, 2022

I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 26 Year Ended August 31, 2022

I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

2021 TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	Medicare	Non-Medicare
Retiree*	\$ 135	\$ 200
Retiree and Spouse	529	689
Retiree* and Children	468	408
Retiree and Family	1,020	999
*or surviving spouse		

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public or charter school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates

Contribution Nates		
<u> </u>	2021	<u> 2022</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Current Fiscal Year Employer Contributions		\$ 23,292
Current Fiscal Year Member Contributions		\$ 17,519
2021 Measurement Year NECE On-behalf Contribut	tions	\$ 28,115

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 27 Year Ended August 31, 2022

I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$5,520,343 in fiscal year 2021 for consumer protections against medical and health care billing by certain out-of-network providers.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2021.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2020 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2021:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Retirement Rates of Termination Rates of Disability General Inflation Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the mortality projection scale MP-2018.

Health Care Trend Rates – The initial medical trend rates were 8.50 percent for Medicare retirees and 7.10 percent for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.50 percent for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25 percent over a period of 12 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 28 Year Ended August 31, 2022

I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Date August 31, 2020, rolled forward to

August 31, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 1.95% as of August 31, 2021

Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses

related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted

claims costs.

Projected Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Ad hoc-post-employment benefit changes None

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 1.95% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. There was a decrease of 0.38 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to *not be able to* make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/ Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

1,036,171

1,388,239 2.424,410

PETERSBURG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Petersburg, Texas

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 29 Year Ended August 31, 2022

I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1 percentage point lower than and 1 percentage point higher than the discount rate that was used (1.95%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (0.95%)	Discount Rate (1.95%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (2.95%)
District's proportionate Share of the Net OPEB			
Liability:	\$ 1,249,862	\$ 1,036,171	\$ 867,990

8. Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

		Current Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate			
Share of the Net OPEB			
Liability:	\$ 839,265	\$ 1,036,171	\$ 1,300,372

9. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,036,171 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the Net OPEB Liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	\$
Total	\$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 30 Year Ended August 31, 2022

I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0026861587% which was a decrease of 0.0001014798% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

The discount rate changed from 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability (TOL).

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(55,901) and revenue of \$(51,237) for support provided by the State.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 31 Year Ended August 31, 2022

I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		ed Outflows esources		erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
actuarial experiences	\$	44,612	\$	501,579
Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	114,768	\$	219,131
Difference between projected and actual				
Investment earnings	\$	1,125	\$	-
Changes in proportion and difference between				
The employer's contributions and the				
Proportionate share of contributions	\$	215,971	\$	55,608
Total as of August 31, 2021 measurement da	te \$	376,476	\$	776,318
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the				
measurement date	\$	23,292	\$	-
Total as of fiscal year-end	\$	399,768	<u>\$</u>	776,318

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount
2023	\$ (79,239)
2024	(79,264)
2025	(79,259)
2026	(51,983)
2027	(15,058)
Thereafter	(95,039)

J. Medicare Part D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. The District's portion of subsidy reimbursements received by TRS for the years ended August 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$8,828, \$10,949, and \$10,076, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 32 Year Ended August 31, 2022

K. Health Care Coverage

The District sponsors a fully insured health insurance plan to provide health care benefits to staff members and their dependents. The District paid premiums of \$150 per month for staff members participating in the plan. Staff members, at their option, authorized payroll deductions to pay premiums for their dependents. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer.

L. <u>Unemployment Compensation Pool</u>

During the year ended August 31, 2022, Petersburg ISD provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligations to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2022, the Fund anticipates that Petersburg ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2021 are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin, Texas.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 33 Year Ended August 31, 2022

M. Workers' Compensation Pool

During the year ended August 31, 2022, Petersburg ISD met its statutory workers' compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers' Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2021, the Fund carries a discounted reserve of \$44,985,187 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the year-ended August 31, 2022, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2021 are available at the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin, Texas.

N. Property, Liability, and Auto Insurance Programs

During the year ended August 31, 2022, Petersburg ISD participated in the following TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund) programs:

- Auto Liability & Physical Damage
- Legal Liability
- Privacy & Information Security
- Property

The Fund was created and is operated under the provision of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 34 Year Ended August 31, 2022

N. Property, Liability, and Auto Insurance Programs

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for its Auto, Liability, and Property Programs. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line of coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended August 31, 2021, the Fund anticipates that Petersburg ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2021, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin, Texas.

O. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending or in progress against the District at August 31, 2022.

P. Commitments and Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

Q. Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Vacations are to be taken within the same year they are earned, and any unused days at the end of the year are forfeited. Therefore, no liability for vacation leave has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements. Employees of the District are entitled to sick leave based on category/class of employment. Sick leave is allowed to be accumulated but does not vest. Therefore, a liability for unused sick leave has not been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 35 Year Ended August 31, 2022

R. Property Tax Abatement

Petersburg ISD entered into an agreement with Hale Wind Energy, LLC on November 17, 2016. The agreement was for Hale Wind Energy, LLC to invest capital of \$585,550,000 on a long-term basis for a valuation limitation of \$20,000,000. For fiscal year 2022, which is year 5 of the agreement, the M&O tax rate is \$1.0517 per \$100, and the property is valued at \$579,290,120 without considering the limitation and \$20,000,000 with the limitation. When calculated, the district forgoes collecting \$5,368,571 in tax revenue; however, that will be offset by the increase in state funding through the FSP funding formula and a possible Revenue Protection Payment. In addition to the tax abatement, Hale Wind Energy, LLC has committed to pay supplemental payments to the district in the amount of \$100 per ADA based on the District's 2014-15 ADA of 224 or \$50,000, whichever is greater.

S. <u>Negative Operating Grants and Contributions – Statement of Activities</u>

During the year under audit, the TRS OPEB NECE expense was negative due to changes in benefits within the TRS-care plan. The accrual for the proportionate share of that expense was a negative on-behalf revenue and negative on-behalf expense. This resulted in negative revenue for operating grants and contributions on the Statement of Activities for some functions.

	G	Operating Grants and ontributions	Or	legative n-Behalf .ccruals	(Operating Grants and Contributions excluding on- half accruals)
11 – Instruction	\$	617,755	\$	(35,971)	\$	653,726
13 – Curriculum and Instructional	Ψ	017,733	Ψ	(55,571)	Ψ	000,720
Staff Development		6,690		_		6,690
23 – School Leadership		5,794		(3,781)		9,575
31 – Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation		983		(817)		1,800
33 – Health Services		1,066		(706)		1,772
34 – Student (Pupil) Transportation		274		(355)		629
35 – Food Services		292,533		(3,033)		295,566
36 – Extracurricular Activities		(804)		(1,061)		257
41 – General Administration		9,483		(3,185)		12,668
51 – Facilities Maintenance and Operations		9,638		(1,619)		11,257
52 – Security and Monitoring Services		(40)		(53)		13
53 – Data Processing Services		1,105		(656)		<u> 1,761</u>
-	\$	944,477	\$	(51,237)	\$	995,714



EXHIBIT G-1

PETERSBURG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Petersburg, Texas

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

Data Control Codes	_		Budgeted Original	l Ar	nounts Final		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)				
	REVENUES:												
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	1,028,104	\$	1,378,104	\$	1,397,931	\$	19,827				
5800	State Program Revenues	·	3,256,035	Ċ	3,006,035	·	3,009,179	·	3,144				
5900	Federal Program Revenues		243,442		318,442		344,486		26,044				
5020	Total Revenues	_	4,527,581		4,702,581		4,751,596		49,015				
	EXPENDITURES: Current:												
	Instruction & Instructional Related Services:												
0011	Instruction		2,420,173		2,070,173		2,043,202		26,971				
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		6,500		6,500		2,687		3,813				
0013	Curriculum Dev. & Instructional Staff Dev.		6,000		6,000		4,874		1,126				
0021	Instructional Leadership		550		550		16		534				
0023	School Leadership		375,832		305,832		290,372		15,460				
0031	Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services		77,648		85,148		80,939		4,209				
0032	Social Work Services		2,500		5,000		3,550		1,450				
0033	Health Services		82,852		82,852		74,062		8,790				
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		79,460		79,460		65,124		14,336				
0035	Food Services		272,604		322,604		315,179		7,425				
0036	Curricular/Extracurricular Activities		263,164		268,164		265,970		2,194				
0041	General Administration		319,372		339,372		334,588		4,784				
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		412,052		432,052		428,423		3,629				
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		21,500		21,500		6,428		15,072				
0053	Data Processing Services		140,463		165,463		162,476		2,987				
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Dist. SSA		2,000		2,000		775		1,225				
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		21,000		28,500		27,270		1,230				
6030	Total Expenditures		4,503,670	_	4,221,170	_	4,105,935		115,235				
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
7915	Operating Transfers In		-		-		-		-				
8911	Operating Transfers Out												
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)			_		_							
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		23,911		481,411		645,661		164,250				
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	_	3,878,190	_	3,878,190	_	3,878,190		<u>-</u>				
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	3,902,101	\$	4,359,601	\$	4,523,851	\$	164,250				

PETERSBURG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Petersburg, Texas

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICTS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

				Measurement Year	Measurement Year Ended August 31,			
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.0017889346%	0.0018585674%	0.0018060521%	0.0016610330%	0.0014555367%	0.0017679737%	0.0017491000%	0.0011772000%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 455,578	\$ 995,411	\$ 938,842	\$ 914,273	\$ 465,402	\$ 668,091	\$ 618,284	\$ 314,447
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District	894,446	1,900,238	1,641,119	1,656,850	1,010,884	1,161,210	1,130,523	981,036
Total	\$ 1,350,024	\$ 2,895,649	\$ 2,579,961	\$ 2,571,123	\$ 1,476,286	\$ 1,829,301	\$ 1,748,807	\$ 1,295,483
District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,446,634	\$ 2,468,784	\$ 2,189,254	\$ 1,960,559	\$ 1,849,236	\$ 1,735,216	\$ 1,745,969	\$ 1,791,236
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	18.62%	40.32%	42.88%	46.63%	25.17%	38.50%	35.41%	17.55%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

Note: Only eight years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

PETERSBURG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Petersburg, Texas

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

				Fiscal Year En	riscal Year Ended August 31,				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 91,123	\$ 76,342	\$ 76,657	\$ 62,991	\$ 55,957	\$ 47,701	\$ 56,173	\$	55,271
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(91,123)	(76,342)	(76,657)	(62,991)	(55,957)	(47,701)	(56,173)	3)	(55,271)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	· &	· &	9	⇔	1
District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,695,131	\$ 2,446,634	\$ 2,468,784	\$ 2,189,254	\$ 1,960,559	\$ 1,849,236	\$ 1,735,216		\$ 1,745,969
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	3.38%	3.12%	3.11%	2.88%	2.85%	2.58%	3.24%	%	3.17%

Note: Only eight years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

PETERSBURG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Petersburg, Texas

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

2021	2020	2019	2018		2017
0.0026861587%	0.0027876385%	0.0025852333%	0.0025648791%	0.002	0.0022496586%
\$ 1,036,171	\$ 1,059,707	\$ 1,222,587	\$ 1,280,668	↔	978,292
1,388,239	1,423,993	1,624,547	1,633,123		1,411,480
\$ 2,424,410	\$ 2,483,700	\$ 2,847,134	\$ 2,913,791	↔	2,389,772
\$ 2,446,634	\$ 2,468,991	\$ 2,189,254	\$ 1,960,559	↔	1,849,236
42.35%	42.92%	55.84%	65.32%		52.90%
6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%		0.91%
ı II	\$ 1,059,707 1,423,993 \$ 2,483,700 \$ 2,468,991 42.92% 4.99%	į n	' "	\$ 1,222,587 \$ 1,28 1,624,547 1,63 \$ 2,847,134 \$ 2,91 \$ 2,189,254 \$ 1,96 55.84% 6	\$ 1,222,587 \$ 1,280,668 \$ 1,624,547

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

PETERSBURG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Petersburg, Texas

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

			Fiscal	Fiscal Year Ended August 31	August	31,		
	2022	2021		2020		2019		2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 23,292	\$ 20,985	\$ 28	21,188	↔	18,331	↔	17,669
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(23,292)	(20,985)	85)	(21,188)		(18,331)		(17,669)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	· •	↔	٠	1	θ	•	↔	•
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,695,131	\$ 2,446,634		\$ 2,468,991	↔	2,189,254	↔	1,960,559
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll	0.86%	0.8	%98.0	0.86%		0.84%		%06:0

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information accordance with the requirements of this Statement."



PETERSBURG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Petersburg, Texas

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

	-	2		ო	10	20	31	32	40	20
Last Ten Years				Assessed/Appraised	Beginning		Maintenance	Debt Service	Entire	Ending
Ended		Tax Rates		Value for School	Balance	Current Year's	Total	Total	Year's	Balance
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service		Tax Purposes	09/01/21	Total Levy	Collections	Collections	Adjustments	08/31/22
2013 and										
Prior Years	Various	Various	Various	;	\$ 1,856	۔ ج	8	· \$	\$ (823)	\$ 1,030
2014	1.1700	0.000	1.1700	69,721,795	876	•	'	•	(162)	714
2015	1.1700	0.000	1.1700	63,163,932	1,046	•	•	•	(191)	855
2016	1.1700	0.000	1.1700	61,688,462	1,186	•	61	•	(71)	1,054
2017	1.1700	0.000	1.1700	72,199,915	1,328	•	2	•	(71)	1,255
2018	1.1700	0.000	1.1700	61,678,889	1,686	•	718	•	(71)	897
2019	1.1700	0.000	1.1700	70,554,701	3,174	•	541	•	(89)	2,565
2020	1.0684	0.5000	1.5684	181,022,603	6,440	1	717	335	(781)	4,607
2021	1.0547	0.5000	1.5547	288,338,265	16,454	•	2,823	1,339	(2,023)	10,269
2022-School Year	_							•		
Under Audit	1.0517	0.5000	1.5517	272,462,525	'	4,227,801	952,289	3,249,191	(2,235)	24,086
1000	TOTALS				\$ 34,046	\$ 4,227,801	\$ 957,154	\$ 3,250,865	\$ (6,496)	\$ 47,332
Columns 10 + 2	Columns 10 + 20 - 30 - 30a + 40 Equals Column 50	Equals Column 5	0		Columr	Columns 30 and 30a -	These are the to	These are the total collections net of	et of	
Column 3 -	Assessed/Appre	Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes:	shool Tax Pur	oses:			adjustments des according to ea	adjustments described in Column 40, according to each year of tax levy, and	n 40, v. and	
	This is the net a	This is the net appraised value, after deductions of all	ifter deduction	s of all			do NOT include	do NOT include penalties and interest.	terest.	
	exemptions, tax	exemptions, tax freeze amounts and reductions provided	and reductions	s provided						
	by law and thos	by law and those granted by the district, based on	district, based	on	Column 40 -	- 40 -	Entire Year's Adjustments:	ljustments:		
	maintenance requirements.	quirements.					Total adjustmer	Fotal adjustments include corrections for	tions for	
							errors in taxes a	errors in taxes assessed, taxes lost due to	ost due to	
Column 20 -	Current Year's Levy:	-evy:					tax treeze and c	tax treeze and discounts allowed tor early	tor early	
	This amount is a	This amount is calculated by multiplying tax r		ate(s) times			payment of taxes.	.Š.		
					Column 50 -	- 20 -	Ending Balance 8/31/22	8/31/22		

EXHIBIT J-2

PETERSBURG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Petersburg, Texas

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

Data Control			1		2	Fin	3 riance with al Budget Positive
Codes	_		Budget		Actual	(N	legative)
	REVENUES:						
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	3,150,000	\$	3,278,912	\$	128,912
5800	State Program Revenues	_	<u>-</u>				
5020	Total Revenues		3,150,000		3,278,912		128,912
	EXPENDITURES: Current: Debt Service						
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		1,850,000		1,850,000		-
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		560,562		560,562		-
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	_	300		300		
	Total Debt Service		2,410,862		2,410,862		
6030	Total Expenditures		2,410,862		2,410,862		<u>-</u>
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
7915	Operating Transfers In	_			_		
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)			_			
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		739,138		868,050		128,912
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		861,964		861,964		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,601,102	\$	1,730,014	\$	128,912

EXHIBIT J-3

PETERSBURG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Petersburg, Texas

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

Data Control		1	2	3 Variance with Final Budget Positive
Codes	_	 Budget	Actual	(Negative)
	REVENUES:	 		
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 13,140	\$ 20,318	\$ 7,178
5020	Total Revenues	 13,140	20,318	7,178
	EXPENDITURES: Current:			
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	52,000	31,725	20,275
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	190,040	147,413	42,627
0051 0081	Plant Maintenance and Operations Capital Outlay	16,000 8,005,100	14,936	1,064 262,601
	,	 	7,742,499	
6030	Total Expenditures	 8,263,140	7,936,573	326,567
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
7915	Operating Transfers In	-	-	-
8911	Operating Transfers Out	 		
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	 		-
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,250,000)	(7,916,255)	333,745
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	 11,651,381	11,651,381	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 3,401,381	\$ 3,735,126	\$ 333,745

EXHIBIT J-4

PETERSBURG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Petersburg, Texas

COMPENSATORY AND BILIGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS COMPLIANCE QUESTIONNAIRE For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

Section A: Compensatory Education Programs

AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes	
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	′	Yes	
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	316,425	
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 34)	\$	278,270	
Section B: Bilingual Education Programs				
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?		Yes	
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes	
AP7	List the total state allotment funds bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$	9,597	
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for state bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$	60,143	

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

5707 114th Street P.O. Box 93550 Lubbock, TX 79493-3550

Randel J. Terry, CPA Ryan R. King, CPA

Telephone - (806) 698-8858 - Fax - (866) 288-6490

Independent Auditors' Report

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Petersburg Independent School District Box 160 Petersburg, Texas 79250

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Petersburg Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Petersburg Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Petersburg Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Petersburg Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Independent Auditors' Report Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Petersburg Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

Lerry & King

Lubbock, Texas

September 27, 2022

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

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Independent Auditors' Report

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Petersburg Independent School District Box 160 Petersburg, Texas 79250

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Petersburg Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022. Petersburg Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Petersburg Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Petersburg Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Petersburg Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Petersburg Independent School District's federal programs.



Independent Auditors' Report Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Petersburg Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
 a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Petersburg Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Independent Auditors' Report Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

Leng & King

Lubbock, Texas

September 27, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

A.	<u>Su</u> 1.	mmary of Auditors' Results Financial Statements			
		Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unqualified</u>		
		Internal control over financial reporting:			
		Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X_No	
		Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X None Reported	
		Noncompliance material to financial Statements noted?	Yes	X_No	
	2.	Federal Awards Internal control over major programs:			
		Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	<u>X_</u> No	
		Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X None Reported	
		Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unqualified</u>		
		Any audit findings disclosed that are required To be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	Yes	_X_No	
		Identification of major programs: <u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 84.425D 84.425U	Name of Federal Program or COVID-19: CRRS. COVID-19: ARP E	RRSA ESSER II	
		Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	<u>\$750,000</u>		
		Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	YesXNo		
В.	Fina	ancial Statement Findings			
	NOI	NE			
C.	Fed	leral Award Findings and Questioned Costs			
	NOI	NE			

SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

Findings/Recommendation	Current Status	Management's Explanation if Not Implemented
Not Applicable - None		

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

Not Applicable – None Required

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

(1)	(2)	(2A) Pass-Through	(3)
Federal Grantor/	Federal	Entity	
Pass-Through Grantor/	CFDA	Identifying	Federal
Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
H0 B + + 4 fE + #			
U.S. Department of Education Direct Program:			
Small, Rural School Achievement Program	84.358A	N/A	29,111
oniali, rurai ocitoti Achievement i Togram	04.000/	IV/A	23,111
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
ESEA Title 1, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	22610101095904	76,336
ESEA Title 1, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	23610101095904	5,903
ESEA Title 1, Part C - Migratory Children	84.011A	22615001152950	1,719
IDEA-B Formula*	84.027A	226600010959046000	83,700
COVID-19: IDEA-B Formula-ARP*	84.027X		13,682
IDEA-B Preschool*	84.173A		4,655
IDEA-B Preschool*	84.173A		158
COVID-19: IDEA-B Preschool-ARP*	84.173X		775
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)		2200000100000+00000	102,970
Total openial Education Glaster (IDE/I)			102,070
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training	84.367A	22694501095904	9,661
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training	84.367A	23694501095904	994
COVID-19: CRRSA Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II	84.425D	21521001095904	205,907
COVID-19: ARP Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund III	84.425U	21528001095904	248,776
ESEA Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	22680101095904	8,409
ESEA Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	23680101095904	868
Total U.S. Department of Education			690,654
Total G.G. Department of Education			000,004
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Direct Program:			
Medicare/Medicaid Reimbursement*	93.778	N/A	59,789
Total Medicaid Cluster			59,789
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			59,789
110 B			
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department			
of Education:			
National School Lunch Program*	10.555	71302201	168,997
School Breakfast Program*	10.553	71402201	99,855
Passed Through State Department	10.000	71102201	00,000
Of Agriculture:			
Emergency Operational Costs Reimbursement*	10.555	216TX001H1703	
Supply Chain Assistance Grant*			12,547
* * *	10.555	226TX81648105	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			281,399
Direct Program:			
Commodity Supplemental Food Program*	10.565	N/A	6,363
Total Food Distribution Cluster			6,363
-			-,
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			287,762
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,038,205

^{* -} Indicates a cluster program under Uniform Guidance.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended August 31, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All federal expenditures were accounted for in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds, components of the Governmental Fund type.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund Types in the fund financial statements. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grants are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and accordingly when such funds are received they are recorded as unearned revenue until earned.

The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 90 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in 2 CFR Part 200, Part 3, Section H, Period of Performance.

The District is not eligible to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance because the District has previously received a negotiated indirect cost rate for its federal awards.

EXHIBIT L-1

PETERSBURG INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Petersburg, Texas

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE For the Year Ended August 31, 2022

SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Coe, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the scholl district's fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	N/A