SCHOOL DISTRICT OF IOLA-SCANDINAVIA IOLA, WISCONSIN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

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ACCOUNTING WORKSHOP, SC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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> Ann Kropp, CPA, CMA Jeffrey Kropp, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education School District of Iola-Scandinavia Iola. Wisconsin

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Iola-Scandinavia ("District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual issued by the State of Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction, and are also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 16, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Accounting Workshop, SC

accounting Workshop SC

October 16, 2020



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

ACCETO	
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 4,174,955
Taxes receivable	1,374,729
Installment sale receivable-current	66,330
Interest receivable	4,200
Due from other funds	2,944
Due from other governments	186,000
Prepaid expenses	40,395
Total Current Assets	5,849,553
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Capital assets	17,892,984
Less: accumulated depreciation	8,663,870
Net Capital Assets	9,229,114
Installment sale receivable-long term	198,485
Net pension asset	867,438
Total Noncurrent Assets	10,295,037
Total Assets	16,144,590
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charges-pension	1,860,359
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	876,241
Current portion of long-term obligations	135,000
Total Current Liabilities	1,011,241
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	1,665,000
Total Liabilities	2,676,241
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred credits-pension	2,599,124
Deletied credits-perision	2,559,124
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	7,429,114
Restricted	773,869
Unrestricted	4,526,601
Total Net Position	\$ 12,729,584

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIESFor the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program	Povo	nuos		
			Flogram		perating	Nο	t (Expense)
		Ch	narges for		Frants &		nue & Changes
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		ntributions		Net Position
Instruction	Ехропосо	_	JCI VICC3		Ittibutions		VCC 1 OSITION
Regular	\$ 4,303,298	\$	380,381	\$	39,453	\$	(3,883,464)
Vocational	266,429	Ψ	565	Ψ	7,059	Ψ	(258,805)
Special education	684,846		-		341,532		(343,314)
Other	426,474		26,290		-		(400,184)
Total Instruction	5,681,047		407,236		388,044		(4,885,767)
	3,001,047		401,230		300,044		(4,003,707)
Support Services							
Pupil services	357,591		-		-		(357,591)
Instructional support services	262,018		-		177,201		(84,817)
Administration	973,488		-		-		(973,488)
Buildings and grounds	790,760		3,397		-		(787,363)
Pupil transportation	464,014		13,772		21,834		(428,408)
Other support services	422,493		-		-		(422,493)
Interest and fees	53,522		-		-		(53,522)
Food service	277,766		118,565		130,613		(28,588)
Community service	221,495		143,677		-		(77,818)
Depreciation-unallocated*	455,959		-		-		(455,959)
Total Support Services	4,279,106		279,411		329,648		(3,670,047)
Total Activities	\$ 9,960,153	\$	686,647	\$	717,692		(8,555,814)
General Revenues					<u> </u>	-	
Taxes							
Property taxes:							
General purposes							3,979,165
Debt service							600,000
Community service							52,000
Other							56,949
State and federal aids not							00,010
restricted to specific functions:							
General							4,340,960
Investment Income							61,839
Miscellaneous							5,905
Gain on fixed asset disposals							142,894
Total General Revenues							9,239,712
Change in Net Position							683,898
NET POSITION-BEGINNING OF YEA	AR						12,045,686
NET POSITION-END OF YEAR						\$	12,729,584
HELL COMON END OF TEAK						Ψ	12,123,004

^{*}This amount excludes the depreciation expense that is included in the direct expenses of the various functions.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Project	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
ASSETS	Fund	Trust Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Cash and investments	\$ 2,071,269	\$ 1,123,660	\$ 13,920	\$ 966,106	\$ 4,174,955
Taxes receivable	1,374,729	-	-	-	1,374,729
Accounts receivable	264,815	-	-	-	264,815
Interest receivable	-	4,200	-	-	4,200
Due from other funds	315,782	48,214	-	79	364,075
Due from other governments	185,282	-	-	718	186,000
Prepaid expenses	40,395				40,395
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,252,272	\$ 1,176,074	\$ 13,920	\$ 966,903	\$ 6,409,169
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities					
Accrued salaries and withholdings	\$ 855,296	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,045	\$ 865,341
Due to other funds			13,920	347,211	361,131
Total Liabilities	855,296		13,920	357,256	1,226,472
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Advance revenue					
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	40,395	-	-	-	40,395
Restricted	-	35,549	-	609,647	645,196
Committed	-	1,140,525	-	-	1,140,525
Assigned	3,356,581	=			3,356,581
Total Fund Balances	3,396,976	1,176,074		609,647	5,182,697
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					
FUND BALANCES	\$ 4,252,272	\$ 1,176,074	\$ 13,920	\$ 966,903	
Amounts reported for governmental activiti	es in the statement o	of net position are o	different because:	:	
Capital assets used in governmental activit	es are not financial	resources and the	refore are		
not reported in the funds.					9,229,114
Pension asset is not a current asset and, the	nerefore, is not repo	rted in the fund fina	ancial statements.		867,438
Some deferred outflows and inflows of fin	ancial resources are	e not reported in the	e fund financial st	atements:	
Deferred outflows of resources-pens	ion amounts				1,860,359
Deferred inflows of resources-pension	n amounts				(2,599,124)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and no current period and therefore are not report reported in the statement of net position that	ed in the fund stater	ments. Long-term li	abilities		
General obligation debt Accrued interest on long-term debt					(1,800,000) (10,900)
NET POSITION					\$ 12,729,584

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

DEV/ENUE C	General Fund	Special Revenue Trust Fund	Capital Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	¢ 4.0 7 0.000	Ф 4 7 045	ф о ооо	Ф 000 00 7	Ф F 000 000
Local Interdistrict	\$ 4,076,920	\$ 17,815	\$ 2,208	\$ 926,287	\$ 5,023,230
Intermediate	382,578 28,569	-	-	-	382,578 28,569
State	4,658,779	_	-	4,178	4,662,957
Federal	271,985	_	_	126,435	398,420
Other	3,845	_	_	1,558	5,403
Total Revenues	9,422,676	17,815	2,208	1,058,458	10,501,157
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction					
Regular	4,282,094	-	-	-	4,282,094
Special education	682,428	-	-	-	682,428
Vocational	264,872	-	-	-	264,872
Other	411,609				411,609
Total instruction	5,641,003			_	5,641,003
Support Services					
Pupil services	355,732	-	-	-	355,732
Instructional support services	261,239	-	-	-	261,239
Administration	968,331	-	-	-	968,331
Buildings and grounds	781,965	-	-	-	781,965
Pupil transportation	460,704	-	-	-	460,704
Other support services	415,330	-	-	6,291	421,621
Debt service					
Principal	-	-	-	578,197	578,197
Interest and fees	593	-	-	56,065	56,658
Capital outlay	153,791	-	282,619	2,994	439,404
Food service				267,068	267,068
Total support services Community services	3,397,685		282,619	910,615	4,590,919
Total Expenditures	9,038,688		282,619	220,867 1,131,482	220,867
Total Experiorates	9,030,088		202,019	1,131,462	10,432,769
Excess deficiency of revenues over expenditures	383,988	17,815	(280,411)	(73,024)	48,368
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	220 572				220 572
Proceeds of sale of capital assets Interfund transfers (to) from other funds	328,573	(35,000)		35,000	328,573
Net Change in Fund Balances	712,561	(17,185)	(280,411)	(38,024)	376,941
FUND BALANCES-BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,684,415	1,193,259	280,411	647,671	4,805,756
FUND BALANCES-END OF YEAR	\$ 3,396,976	\$1,176,074	\$ -	\$ 609,647	\$ 5,182,697

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 376,941
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, if the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities Net book value of assets disposed	439,404 (488,480) (185,679)	(234,755
Change in net pension liability (asset) activity is only reported in the statement of activities		(39,621
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the		F70.407
amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		578,197 3,136
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		 \$ 683,898

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust	mployee Benefit Trust	 Agency
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 82,754	\$ 100,858	\$ 266,565
Interest receivable	293	-	-
Accounts receivable	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-
Total Assets	\$ 83,047	\$ 100,858	\$ 266,565
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due to other funds	-	2,944	-
Due to student groups	-	-	266,565
Total Liabilities	-	2,944	\$ 266,565
NET POSITION	\$ 83,047	\$ 97,914	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	P	Private Purpose Trust		Employee Benefit Trust	
ADDITIONS					
Contributions	\$	7,171	\$	-	
Investment earnings		1,374		3,537	
Total additions		8,545		3,537	
DEDUCTIONS Benefits		5,000		12,899	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		3,545		(9,362)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfer from general fund		<u>-</u>			
Change in Net Position		3,545		(9,362)	
NET POSITION-BEGINNING OF YEAR		79,502		107,276	
NET POSITION-END OF YEAR	\$	83,047	\$	97,914	

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the School District of Iola-Scandinavia ("the District") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The District is organized as a common school district. The District, governed by a seven member elected school board, operates grades 4 year old kindergarten through grade12 and is comprised of all or parts of ten taxing districts. This report includes all of the funds of the District. The reporting entity for the District consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or burdens on the primary government. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government. This report does not contain any component units.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government or district-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position and statement of activities. Both statements are prepared on the full accrual basis. Previously, in accordance with accounting standards for governmental units, the District used the modified accrual basis of accounting for certain funds. The modified accrual basis of accounting continues to be the appropriate basis of accounting for governmental activity fund financial statements.

In addition, all funds are reported as governmental activities or fiduciary funds. The definitions for these types of activities are discussed in other portions of Note 1.

Finally, all non-fiduciary funds are further classified as major or non-major funds. In reporting financial condition and results of operations for governmental units, the emphasis is on major funds versus non-major funds.

C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

District-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. The District does not report any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues included 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

District-wide Financial Statements (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the district-wide financial statements.

Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and fiduciary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental fund that the District believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Governmental funds are identified as either general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, or permanent funds based upon the following guidelines.

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The special education fund has been combined with the general fund as the general fund is the primary source of financing for this fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects or expendable trusts) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (continued)

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Permanent Funds

Permanent Funds are used to account for resources legally held in trust. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on invested resources, may be used to support the organization.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS (Not included in district-wide statements)

Private-Purpose Trust Funds

Private-Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for resources legally held in trust for student scholarships.

Employee Benefit Trust Fund

Employee benefit trust fund is used to account for resources and payments of the District's post employment employee benefits held in a legally separate trust.

Agency Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Major Funds

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund Special Revenue Trust Fund Capital Project Fund

Non-major Funds

The District reports the following non-major funds:

Special Revenue Funds –
Food Service Fund
Community Service Fund
Long-Term Capital Improvement Trust Fund
Debt Service Fund

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS (Not included in district-wide statements) (continued)

Fiduciary Funds

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

Private – Purpose Trust Funds –

Scholarship Fund

Employee Benefit Fund

Agency Funds –

Student Activity Fund

D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The district-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds and agency funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property tax revenues are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year levied as the District considers the property taxes as due prior to June 30. The District considers the taxes as due on January 1, the date from which interest and penalties accrue for non-payment of a scheduled installment. Full receipt of the entire levy is assured within sixty days of the school's fiscal year end. Receipt of the balance of taxes levied within sixty days meets the requirements for availability in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental entities.

Portage county has extended its due date for property tax payments by its residents due to COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, final settlement of the tax levy will not occur for ninety days. GAAP allows the temporary use of a longer period due to unusual circumstances. The entire uncollected tax levy has been recognized as revenue consistent with prior years.

Property taxes are collected by local taxing districts until January 31. Real estate tax collections after that date are made by the county, which assumes all responsibility for delinquent real estate taxes.

The aggregate amount of property taxes to be levied for district purposes is determined according to provisions of Chapter 120 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Property taxes levied by the District are certified to local taxing districts for collection. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien as of January 1. Taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

Property tax calendar – 2019 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date

Tax bills mailed

Payment in full, or

First installment due

Second installment due

Personal property taxes in full

Tax sale 2019 delinquent real estate taxes

October, 2019

December, 2019

January 31, 2020

January 31, 2020

January 31, 2020

October, 2023

State general and categorical aids and other entitlements are recognized as revenue in the period the District is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Expenditure-driven programs currently reimbursable are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the District which are not available are recorded as receivables and deferred revenue. Amounts received prior to the entitlement period are also recorded as deferred revenue.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, expenditure-driven grant programs, public charges for services, and investment income.

Charges for services provided other educational agencies and private parties are recognized as revenue when services are provided. Charges for special educational services are not reduced by anticipated state special education aid entitlements.

For governmental fund financial statements, deferred resources arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred resources also arise when resources are received before the District has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred resources is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate action for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has one item in this category that relates to the District's proportionate share of the Wisconsin Retirement System pension plan and is deferred and amortized over the expected remaining service lives of the pension plan participants.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District may have two items in this category. The first relates to the District's proportionate share of the Wisconsin Retirement System pension plan and is deferred and amortized over the expected remaining service lives of the pension plan participants. The other item sometimes reported here when applicable, is revenue received in advance of being earned which will be reported as revenue when earned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. MEASUREMENT FOCUS

On the district-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. Under this concept, revenues and expenses are matched using the accrual basis of accounting.

The measurement focus of all governmental funds is the flow of current financial resources concept. Under this concept, sources and uses of financial resources, including capital outlays, debt proceeds and debt retirements are reflected in operations. Resources not available to finance expenditures and commitments of the current period are recognized as deferred revenue or a reservation of fund equity. Liabilities for claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension contributions which will not be currently liquidated using expendable available financial resources are included as liabilities in the district-wide financial statements but are excluded from the governmental fund financial statements. The related expenditures are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements when the liabilities are liquidated.

F. INVENTORIES

Governmental fund inventories are recorded at cost based on the FIFO (first-in, first-out) method using the consumption method of accounting.

G. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the district-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities in the district-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of notes, bonds or loans payable, capital leases and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

District-Wide Statements

In the district-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Prior to July 2003, governmental funds' capital assets were accounted for in the general fixed asset account group and were not recorded directly as a part of any individual fund's financial statements. Upon implementing GASB 34 governmental units are required to account for all fixed assets including infrastructure in the district-wide statements. Infrastructure assets may be accounted for prospectively from the date of implementation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

- Site improvements	10-20 years
- Buildings	50 years
- Building improvements	20 years
- Furniture and equipment	5-15 years
- Computer and related technology	5 years

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its life are not capitalized.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets are not capitalized and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

I. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

During the course of operations transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Assets.

J. BUDGETS

Operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year for all governmental funds in accordance with Section 65.90 of the Wisconsin Statutes using the budgetary accounting basis prescribed by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. The legally adopted budget and budgetary expenditure control is exercised at the function level in the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Reported budget amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by Board of Education resolution.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data:

- a) Based upon requests from District staff, district administration recommends budget proposals to the Board of Education.
- b) The Board prepares a proposed budget including proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the July 1 through June 30 fiscal year.
- c) Pursuant to a public budget hearing, the Board may make alterations to the proposed budget.
- d) Once the Board (following the public hearing) adopts the budget, no changes may be made in the amount of tax to be levied or in the amount of the various appropriations and the purposes of such appropriations, unless authorized by a 2/3 vote of the entire board
- e) Appropriations lapse at year-end unless authorized as a carryover by the Board. The portion of fund balance representing carryover appropriations is reported as committed or assigned fund balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

K. ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as all amounts are considered collectible.

L. COMPENSATED ABSENCES AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AMOUNTS

The District's policy regarding sick leave allows a certified teacher ten (10) days per year accumulating to a total of sixty-five (65). Certified staff with 15 years of continuous District service, who voluntarily resign or retire can receive a payout of up to 40 unused sick days at a predetermined rate as a nonelective contribution to a TSA account.

The District's policy regarding sick leave allows a noncertified employee ten (10) days per year accumulating to a total of sixty-five (65). A sick day is equivalent to the actual hours worked for non-fulltime employees. There is no payout for unused sick days for noncertified staff.

Vacation days are not carried over from year to year.

Compensated absences earned are recorded as an expenditure in the year used. The estimated liability for employee's rights to receive compensation for possible future absences consists of \$45,379 for personal days and unused sick leave if termination requirements are met in the future.

M. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

Teachers who retired prior to July 1, 2012, were at least 55 years of age and had completed 15 years of full time employment with the District are eligible for early retirement. The District will contribute a monthly amount toward the retiree's health/dental insurance starting in September, following the retirement date, through the month in which the retiree reaches age 65 based on two formulas as selected by the retiree. See Note 15.

Non-administrative certified professional staff retiring between June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2016, who are at least 55 years of age and have at least 15 years of consecutive service with the district are eligible for an HRA contribution. The amount is determined by multiplying \$200 per year of service up to a maximum of 30 years. The resulting amount is contributed annually for a set number of years based on retirement date.

N. OTHER ASSETS

In governmental funds, debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. For the district-wide financial statements, governmental activity debt issuance costs are amortized over the life of the debt issue.

O. CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded during the year as expenditures in the governmental funds. If they are not to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, no liability is recognized in the governmental fund statements. The related expenditure is recognized when the liability is liquidated. Claims and judgments are recorded in the district-wide financial statements as expense when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at year- end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

P. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Q. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

District-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by: 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance.

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not
 in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has
 classified prepaid items as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash
 or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt service resources are only available to service debt, a portion of the special revenue trust fund balance is restricted for specific projects and food service, community service and capital improvement trust resources are required by board policy and/or law to be used within those programs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Q. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS (continued)

Fund Statements (continued)

- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specified purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School Board. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The school board has committed the remaining fund balance in the special revenue trust fund for fitness/aquatic center purposes.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for
 a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the School
 Board or through the School Board delegating this responsibility to its representative. This classification
 includes the fund balance for the General Fund. The District has assigned funds for maintaining an
 adequate fund balance to minimize borrowing for short-term purposes. The school board goal is to
 maintain a fund balance of 25% to 30% of the ensuing year's budgeted general fund and special
 education fund expenditures.
- Unassigned: This classification includes any residual fund balance of the General Fund.

The District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

R. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

S. PENSION

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Total deposits and investments of the District consist of the following:

Deposits	\$ 2,747,894
Investments	1,877,238
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 4,625,132
Per statement of net position - deposits and investments	\$ 4,174,955
Per statement of net position - fiduciary funds	450,177
Total	\$ 4,625,132

Deposits

At year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,747,894 and the bank balance was \$2,933,224. The difference between the carrying amount and the bank balance represents outstanding checks and deposits in transit.

All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance and collateral.

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for interest bearing accounts and \$250,000 for noninterest bearing accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the relatively small size of the Guarantee Fund in relationship to the total deposits covered and other legal implications, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has not been considered in computing the amounts covered by insurance above.

Fluctuating cash flows during the year due to tax collections, receipts of state aids and/or proceeds from borrowing may have resulted in temporary balances exceeding insured amounts by substantially higher amounts.

The business manager and school board monthly review bank deposits versus FDIC coverage and annually review depository ratings.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the deposits may not be returned. The policy requires deposits to be made only in banks with FDIC coverage. The board approves depositories annually and as changes occur based on a recommendation from management.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

INVESTMENTS

Investment of District funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank, trust company or savings and loan association maturing in three years or less.
- Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, district, town, or school district of the state.
- Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- The local government investment pool.
- Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.
- Bonds issued by a local exposition district.
- Bonds issued by a local professional baseball park district.
- Bonds issued by the University of Wisconsin Hospital and Clinics Authority.
- Bonds issued by a local football stadium district.
- Bonds issued by a local arts district.
- Bonds issued by the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.

INTEREST RATE RISKS

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

The District's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity in years:

	Fair Value	< 1	1-5	6-10	> 10
Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 847,897	\$ 847,897	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
WI Investment Series Coop Pool	979,341	979,341	-	-	-
U.S. Government Securities	50,000				50,000
Totals	\$1,877,238	\$1,827,238	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

CREDIT RISK

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices. At year end, the District's investments consisted of the following:

	Carrying	
	Amount	Rating
WI Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 847,897	Not Rated
WI Investment Series Coop Pool	979,341	Not Rated
U.S. Government Securities	50,000	Not Rated
Totals	\$ 1,877,238	

Fair (Market) Value of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments are reported at fair value. At year end, the fair value of the District's deposits and investments approximated original cost; therefore, no fair value adjustments were necessary.

Determining Fair Value

Fair value of the District's deposits and investments are determined as follows:

- Deposits and investments with stated interest rates (savings account and certificates of deposits) are stated at cost, and
- 2) State of Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool fair value is determined by the Pool's investment board based on published market quotations.
- 3) Government securities fair value is based upon quoted market prices.

Investment Pool Information

Participation in the State of Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool is voluntary. The Pool's regulatory oversight is provided by state statutes and its investment board. The fair value of the District's position in the Pool is the same as the value of the Pool shares. At year end, the Pool's fair value was 100 percent of book value.

Income Allocation

Interest income is generally allocated to the fund that owns the certificate of deposit, money market account, savings account, and investment. Interest income from special education, food services and community service funds is reported in the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activit	y for the year wa	s as follows:
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Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:	ows:			
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Adjustments & Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Sites	\$ 199,081	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 199,081
Capital assets being depreciated				
Site improvements	270,660	70,185	-	340,845
Buildings and improvements	15,053,132	257,084	-	15,310,216
Furniture and equipment	2,613,753	112,135	(683,046)	2,042,842
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	17,937,545	439,404	(683,046)	17,693,903
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Site improvements	(194,532)	(8,921)	-	(203,453)
Buildings and improvements	(6,895,424)	(317,059)	-	(7,212,483)
Furniture and equipment	(1,582,801)	(162,500)	497,367	(1,247,934)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(8,672,757)	(488,480)	497,367	(8,663,870)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 9,463,869	\$ (49,076)	\$ (185,679)	\$ 9,229,114
Depreciation expense was charged to function	ons as follows:			
Other				\$ 12,641
Support Services				
Buildings and grounds				7,324
Pupil transportation				2,722
Food service				9,834
Unallocated				455,959
Total Depreciation Expense				\$ 488,480

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

The fund and function detail of capital asset additions is as follows:

			Cap Proj		mmunity service
	General Fund		Fu		 Fund
Other curriculum	\$	4,421	\$	-	\$ -
Administration		7,869		-	-
Buildings and grounds		127,492	296	6,628	-
Community services		-		-	2,994
Totals	\$	139,782	\$ 296	6,628	\$ 2,994

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term liability activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Incre	ases	D	ecreases	Ending Balance	D	mounts ue Within one Year
Bonds, Notes and Loans Payable								
General obligation debt	\$2,375,000	\$	-	\$	575,000	\$1,800,000	\$	135,000
Capital leases	3,197		-		3,197	-		-
Other Long-Term Liabilities								
Net pension liability	-		-		-	-		-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 2,378,197	\$	_	\$	578,197	\$1,800,000	\$	135,000

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation bonds, notes and loans payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the District. Bonds, notes and loans in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies.

Туре	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Original Indebtedness	End of Year Balance
General Obligation Debt: Notes payable	4/3/2017	4/1/2027	2% - 3%	\$2,000,000	\$1,800,000
Total Governmental Activities Long-Te	erm Obligations				\$1,800,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Interest expense of \$52,929 was incurred and \$56,065 was paid for the year. Interest expense was not allocated to any other functions.

Debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation debt are as follows:

Year	Prin	cipal	nterest		Total
2021	\$ 13	35,000	\$ 44,360	\$	179,360
2022	29	95,000	35,630		330,630
2023	30	00,000	31,510		331,510
2024	30	05,000	26,320		331,320
2025	31	5,000	20,040		335,040
2026-2027	45	50,000	16,332		466,332
Totals	\$ 1,80	00,000	\$ 174,192	\$ 1	,974,192

Estimated payments of accumulated employee benefits and other commitments are not included in the schedule on the previous page.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the District may not exceed ten percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the District's jurisdiction. The debt limit at year-end was \$41,899,567. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year-end was \$1,800,000.

NOTE 5 - LEASE DISCLOSURES

LESSEE - CAPITAL LEASES

The District has no material outstanding sales-type or direct financing leases as lessor.

LESSEE - OPERATING LEASES

The District has no material operating leases with a remaining non-cancellable term exceeding one year.

LESSOR - CAPITAL LEASES

The District has no material outstanding sales-type or direct financing leases as lessor.

LESSOR - OPERATING LEASES

The District leases a portion of its bus garage to the bus contractor for \$2,400 annually through June 20, 2020. The approximate cost and accumulated depreciation of the entire bus garage is \$180,214 and \$99,065.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

All eligible (District) employees participate in the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit, public employee retirement system. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer prior to July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 600 hours a year (440 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate the WRS. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours of teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

Note: employees hired to work nine or ten months per year, (e.g. teachers contracts), but expected to return year after year are considered to have met the one-year requirement.

Prior to June 29, 2011, covered employees in the General/Teacher/Educational Support Personnel category were required by statue to contribute 6.5% of their salary (3.9% for Executives and Elected Officials, 5.8% for Protective Occupations with Social Security, and 4.8% for Protective Occupations without Social Security) to the plan. Employers could make these contributions to the plan on behalf of employees. Employers were required to contribute an actuarially determined amount necessary to fund the remaining projected cost of future benefits.

Effective the first day of the first pay period on or after June 29, 2011 the employee required contribution was changed to one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Required contributions for protective contributions are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement. Contribution rates for 2019 are:

	Employee	⊨mpioyer
General (including Teachers)	6.75%	6.75%
Exectives & Elected Officials	6.75%	6.75%
Protective with Social Security	6.75%	11.65%
Protective without Social Security	6.75%	16.25%

The payroll for District employees covered by the WRS for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$4,250,896, the employer's total payroll was \$4,638,496. The total required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$565,303 which consisted of \$282,652 from the employer and \$282,651 from employees. Total contributions for the years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$552,776 and \$555,686, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (62 for elected officials and 54 for protective occupation employees with less than 25 years of service, 53 for protective occupation employees with more than 25 years of service) are entitled to receive a retirement benefit. Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive actuarially reduced benefits. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor. A final average earning is the average of the employee's three highest years' earnings. Employees terminating covered employment and submitting application before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and, by doing so, forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefit. For employees beginning participation on after January 1 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998 and prior to July 1, 2011 are immediately vested. Participants who initially become WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011 must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees. Eligibility and the amount of all benefits are determined under Chapter 40 of Wisconsin Statutes. The WRS issues an annual financial report that may be obtained by writing to the Department of Employee Trust Funds, PO Box 7931, Madison, WI 53707-7931.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 6 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of credible service to be vested.

Benefits Provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factors, their final average earnings and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula factor.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive an actuarily-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)

General Information About the Pension Plan (continued)

The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

	Core Fund	Variable Fund
Year	Adjustment	Adjustment
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4
2018	2.4	17
2019	0.0	(10)

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged in to the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$278,948 in contributions from the District.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2018
Measurement Date of net Pension Liability (Asset):	December 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	7.0%
Discount Rate:	7.0%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table
Post-retirement Adjustments*	1.9%

^{*}No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)

General Information About the Pension Plan (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. The total pension liability for December 31, 2019 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Retirement Funds Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns

As of December 31, 2019

	Annat	Long-Term	Long-Term
Core Fund Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Expected Real Rate of Return %
Global Equities	49%	8.0%	5.1%
Fixed Income	24.5	4.9	2.1
Inflation Sensitive Assets	15.5	4	1.2
Real Estate	9	6.3	3.5
Private Equity/Debt	8	10.6	7.6
Multi-Asset	4	6.9	4.0
Total Core Fund	110	7.5	4.6
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70%	7.5%	4.6%
International Equities	30	8.2	5.3
Total Variable Fund	100%	7.8%	4.9%

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.75%.

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)

General Information About the Pension Plan (continued)

Schedule of Employer Allocations. The Employer Allocation Percentage is based on the employer's average required contribution for the three most recent calendar years compared to the average required contributions for all employers for the same period. If an employer did not participate in the WRS for all three years, their average employer contributions are based on the years in which they participated. In case of employer mergers, prior year contributions are restated based on the status in the final year. The Employer Allocation Percentage is rounded to eight decimal places.

Schedule of Pension Amounts. The employer's proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability (Asset), Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Total Employer Pension Expense (Income) is based on the Employer Allocation Percentage.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability (asset) of (\$867,438) its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018 rolled forward to December 31, 2019. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.02690186%, which was an increase of 0.00007403% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$332,961.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,646,597	\$ 824,011
Changes in assumptions	67,596	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,773,353
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	3,793	1,760
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	142,373	
Total	\$ 1,860,359	\$ 2,599,124

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 6 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)

General Information About the Pension Plan (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$142,373 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows	
Year Ended June 30:	of Resources	of Resources
2019	\$ 1,210,376	\$ 1,470,299
2020	1,190,980	1,386,210
2021	951,107	920,627
2022	211,411	667,876
Thereafter	-	_

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a municipal bond rate of 2.75%. (Source: Fidelity's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2019. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.00% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate.

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to	Current	1% Increase
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	To Discount
District's proportionate share of the	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	Rate (8.00%)
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,233,809	\$ (867,438)	\$ (3,185,978)

Additional Financial Information for the WRS-. For additional information regarding the WRS financial statements and audit report, please visit the Department of Employee Trust Fund's web site at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

At year end, the District reported a payable to the pension plan of \$116,812, which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 7 – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET POSITION

Governmental activities net position reported on the Government Wide Statement of Net position at year-end include the following:

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities
Net investment in capital asset
Less: related long-term debt

Net investment in capital assets	\$	9,229,114
Less: related long-term debt outstanding, net of unspent proceeds		1,800,000
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets		7,429,114
Restricted		
Special revenue trust fund		35,549
Debt service fund		42,512
Food service program		57,037
Capital improvement trust fund		475,998
Community service fund		34,100
Pension		128,673
Total Restricted		773,869
Unrestricted		4,526,601
	<u></u>	

\$ 12,729,584

NOTE 8 – GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Total Governmental Activities Net Position

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at year Nonspendable	ar-end include the following:
Major Fund	
General fund-prepaid expenses	\$ 40,395
Committed	<u> </u>
Special Revenue Trust fund	1,140,525
Restricted	
Major Fund	
Special Revenue Trust fund	35,549
Nonmajor Fund	
Debt Service fund	42,512
Long-term Capital Improvement Trust fund	475,998
Food Service fund	57,037
Community Service fund	34,100
Total Restricted Fund Balances	645,196
Assigned	
Major Fund	
General fund-for working capital and special project purposes	3,356,581
Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 5,182,697

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 9 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation

\$ 9,229,114

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities-both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net position.

Bonds, notes and leases payable	\$ 1,800,000
Accrued interest	10,900
Combined Adjustment	\$ 1,810,900

NOTE 10 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are recognized for transactions that are normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment is a combination of the following items:

Beginning	\$ 14,036
Ending	(10,900)
Increase	\$ 3,136

NOTE 11 - EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year:

<u>Fund</u>	Excess Expenditures	
General Fund:		
Debt service	\$ 593	
Other support services	16,740	
General tuition payments	10,855	
Special Education Fund:		
Instructional support services	\$ 10,967	
Pupil transportation	7,708	
Other support services	2,892	
General tuition payments	16,829	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the last three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the District is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the District's legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

The District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTE 14 - LIMITATION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT REVENUES

Wisconsin statutes limit the amount of revenues that school districts may derive from general school aids and property taxes. The annual revenue increase from these sources is limited to an allowable per member increase which is determined by the legislature.

This limitation does not apply to revenues needed for the payment of any general obligation debt service (including refinanced debt) authorized by either of the following:

A resolution of the school board or by a referendum prior to August 12, 1993.

A referendum on or after August 12, 1993.

NOTE 15 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information About the Plan. The District provides post-employment benefit options for health care to eligible retirees. The benefits are provided in accordance with District administrative contracts and District policy. The criteria to determine eligibility include: years of service, employee age and category of employment. Eligible retiring employees must be full time, age 55 and have fifteen years of consecutive employment with the District, based on the employee's position. The benefit is 100% paid by the District. If a participant dies while receiving benefits, the remaining benefits are payable to the participant's spouse.

For teachers retiring after June 30, 2006, the monthly benefit payable towards medical and dental insurance coverage was equal to years of service at age 55 times \$150 divided by 12. For teacher retirements prior to June 30, 2006, the monthly benefit payable towards medical and dental insurance coverage was equal to years of service at age 57 times \$250 divided by 12, plus \$10,000. The benefit is payable until the participant qualifies for Medicare benefits. This benefit was terminated as of July 1, 2012.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

General Information About the Plan (continued)

Non-administrative certified professional staff retiring between June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2016, who are at least 55 years of age and have at least 15 years of consecutive service with the District are eligible for an HRA contribution. The amount is determined by multiplying \$200 per year of service up to a maximum of 30 years. The resulting amount is contributed annually for a set number of years based on retirement date. Non-administrative certified professional staff who retire after June 30, 2016, are not eligible for a benefit.

Plan Membership. As of June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation, membership consisted of the following:

Retirees receiving benefits	6
Active employees	60
Total:	66

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios.

Total OPEB Liability	J	lune 30, 2019	J	lune 30, 2018
Service Cost	\$	2,433	\$	-
Interest		2,010		3,469
Changes of benefit terms		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(25,840)
Changes of assumptions or other input		391		25,237
Benefit payments		(33,992)		(65,201)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(29,158)		(62,335)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		69,388		131,723
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	¢	40 220	¢	60 200
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	<u> </u>	40,230	\$	69,388
Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	\$	-	\$	-
Net investment income		3,494		263
Benefit payments		(33,992)		(65,201)
Administrative expense				
Net change in fiduciary net position		(30,498)		(64,938)
Fiduciary net position - beginning		137,774		202,712
Fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	107,276	\$	137,774
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)				
Net OPEB liability(asset) - ending (a)-(b)	\$	(67,046)	\$	(68,386)
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total				
OPEB liability		266.66%		198.56%
Covered Payroll	\$	3,764,631	\$	3,764,631
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-1.78%		-1.82%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The major assumptions used in this valuation are as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019
Reporting Date	June 30, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Alternative Measurement Method:

Entry Age Normal (level precent of salary)

Medical Care Trend 7.50% decreasing by 0.50% per year down to 6.5%, then by

0.10% per year down to 5.0%, and level thereafter

Discount Rate 3.50% (based upon all years of projected payments

discounted at a 3.50% long-term expected rate of return)

Actuarial Assumptions Based on an experience study conducted in 2015 using WI

Retirement System(WRS) experience from 2012-14

Mortality Assumptions WI 2012 Mortality table adjusted for future mortality

improvements using the MP-2015 fully generated

improvement scale (multiplied 50%)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health-Care Cost Trend Rates

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Discount Rate

	1%	Current		1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Ir	ncrease
	2.50%	3.50%		4.50%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 41,811	\$ 40,230	\$	38,688
Fiduciary Net Position 6/30/2018	107,276_	107,276		107,276
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (65,465)	\$ (67,046)	\$	(68,588)

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

	Healthcare					
	1% Decrease	1% Increase				
	(6.5% decreasing	(7.5% decreasing	(8.5% decreasing			
	to 4.0%)	to 5.0%)	to 6.0%)			
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 37,300	\$ 40,230	\$ 43,606			
Fiduciary Net Position 6/30/2018	107,276	107,276	107,276			
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (69,976)	\$ (67,046)	\$ (63,670)			

The OPEB asset or excess fiduciary position, deferred outflows and deferred inflows are not being recorded on the District's statement of net position until all benefits are paid and to remain on the conservative side of financial reporting, however, the District does believe the benefits as they currently exist are fully funded.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

Calculation of Collective OPEB Expense

Change in Net OPEB Liability (Increase)/Decrease in Deferred Outflows Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Inflows Contributions - Employer	\$	1,340 2,249 (2,349)
OPEB Expense	\$	1,240
Operating Expenses		
Service Cost	\$	2,433
Contributions - Employees		-
Administrative expenses		-
Total (a)	\$	2,433
Financing Expenses		
Interest	\$	2,010
Expected return on assets	,	(4,529)
Total (b)	\$	(2,519)
Changes	•	
Benefit changes	\$	-
Recognition of assumption changes		2,330
Recognition of experience gains and losses		(2,349)
Recognition of investment gains and losses	_	1,345
Total (c)	\$	1,326
OPEB Expense (a+b+c)	\$	1,240
OPEB Expense as % of Payroll	(0.03%

Deferred Inflow and Outflow of Resources

Schedule of Collective Deferred Inflows and Outflows

Gain/Loss	Out	eferred flows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	21,142	
Changes of assumptions or other input Net difference between projected and actual		21,004		-	
earnings on OPEB plan investments District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,243 -		-	
Total	\$	25,247	\$	21,142	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 15 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Deferred Inflow and Outflow of Resources (continued)

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2010	

2019	\$ 1,326
2020	1,326
2021	1,327
2022	188
2023	(19)
Thereafter	(43)

Actuarial valuations for an ongoing Plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continuous revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Although the valuation results are based on values the District's actuarial consultant believes are reasonable assumptions, the valuation result is only an estimate of what future costs may actually be and reflect a long-term perspective. Deviations in any of several factors, such as future interest rate discounts, medical cost inflation, Medicare coverage risk, and changes in marital status, could result in actual costs being greater or less than estimated.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTE 16 - DUE FROM/DUE TO OTHER FUNDS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at year end are as follows:

Fund	Due From	Due To
General Fund	\$ 315,782	\$ -
Special Revenue Trust Fund	48,214	-
Special Education Fund	-	-
Capital Project Fund	-	13,920
Food Service Fund	79	-
Community Service Fund	-	347,211
Employee Benefit Trust Fund		2,944
Totals	\$ 364,075	\$ 364,075

The balances are a result of operating activity between the funds for the year and are expected to be repaid within a year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 16, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 18 - GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB statements are issued periodically. The District evaluates statements as they are issued and adopts those that are applicable as required by the individual statement. GASB Statement 84 (Fiduciary Activities) is effective for the District's year ending June 30, 2021. The objective of GASB Statement 84 is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting and how those activities should be reported.

NOTE 19 - INSTALLMENT SALE RECEIVABLE

As of July 1, 2019 the District contracted with Kobussen Buses, Ltd. To provide transportation services to its students. In addition, the District sold its fleet of buses to Kobussen Buses, Ltd. for \$364,600 payable in forty-five payments of \$8,102 over five years. Payments are due monthly from September through May of each year beginning September 2019. Future maturities of the remaining balance are as follows:

Year	A	Amount				
2021	\$	66,330				
2022	\$	68,193				
2023	\$	70,108				
2024	\$	60,184				

The July 2019 mid-term applicable federal rate of 2.08% was used on the interest factor in the sale.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF IOLA-SCANDINAVIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budg	et	
REVENUES						
Local	\$ 4,040,531	\$ 4,040,531	\$ 4,076,920	\$ 36,3	89	
Interdistrict	382,500	382,500	362,451	(20,0	49)	
Intermediate	8,500	8,500	3,400	(5,1	00)	
State	4,531,352	4,531,352	4,521,649	(9,7	03)	
Federal	109,155	109,155	112,879	3,7	24	
Other	-	-	3,845	3,8	45	
Total Revenues	9,072,038	9,072,038	9,081,144	9,1	06	
EXPENDITURES				-		
Instruction						
Regular	3,620,496	3,620,496	3,547,432	73,0	64	
Vocational	280,315	280,315	264,872	15,4	43	
Other	462,681	462,681	416,030	46,6	51	
Total instruction	4,363,492	4,363,492	4,228,334	135,1	58	
Support Services						
Pupil services	234,321	234,321	221,142	13,1	79	
Instructional support services	217,193	217,193	198,557	18,6	36	
Administration	1,013,778	1,013,778	976,200	37,5	78	
Buildings and grounds	1,104,960	1,104,960	923,466	181,4	94	
Pupil transportation	474,031	474,031	407,766	66,2	65	
Other support services	395,698	395,698	412,438	(16,7	40)	
Debt service	-	-	593	(5	93)	
Total support services	3,439,981	3,439,981	3,140,162	299,8	19	
Non-program					-	
General tuition payments	723,807	723,807	734,662	(10,8	55)	
Total non-program	723,807	723,807	734,662	(10,8	55)	
Total Expenditures	8,527,280	8,527,280	8,103,158	424,1	22	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	544,758	544,758	977,986	433,2	28	
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Proceeds of sale of capital assets	72,290	72,290	328,573	256,2	83	
Transfer from (to) other funds	(617,048)	(617,048)	(593,998)	23,0		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	712,561	712,5		
-				,-		
FUND BALANCES-BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,684,415	2,684,415	2,684,415			
FUND BALANCES-END OF YEAR	\$ 2,684,415	\$ 2,684,415	\$ 3,396,976	\$ 712,5	61	

See notes to the required supplementary information.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Interdistrict	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 20,127	\$ 10,127
Intermediate	30,000	30,000	25,169	(4,831)
State	130,000	130,000	137,130	7,130
Federal	135,415	135,415	159,106	23,691
Other				
Total Revenues	305,415	305,415	341,532	36,117
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Special education	430,914	430,914	409,149	21,765
Total instruction	430,914	430,914	409,149	21,765
Support Services				
Pupil services	138,154	138,154	134,590	3,564
Instructional support services	51,715	51,715	62,682	(10,967)
Pupil transportation	45,230	45,230	52,938	(7,708)
Other support services	-	-	2,892	(2,892)
Total support services	235,099	235,099	253,102	(18,003)
Non-program				
Other non-program	256,450	256,450	273,279	(16,829)
Total Expenditures	922,463	922,463	935,530	(13,067)
Total Experiatores	322,403	322,400		(13,007)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(617,048)	(617,048)	(593,998)	23,050
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfer from general fund	617,048	617,048	593,998	(23,050)
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	_	_	_
Not Change III I and Dalances				
FUND BALANCES-BEGINNING OF YEAR				
FUND BALANCES-END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

See notes to the required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2019		2018		2017		2016	
Total OPEB Liability_								
Service Cost	\$	2,433	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Interest		2,010	3,469		6,233		8,874	
Changes of benefit terms		-	-		-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	Э	-	(25,840)		-		-	
Changes of assumptions or other input		391	25,237		-		-	
Benefit Payments		(33,992)	 (65,201)		(105,172)		(145,245)	
Net change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	(29,158)	\$ (62,335)	\$	(98,939)	\$	(136,371)	
Total OPEB Liability-Beginning	\$	69,388	\$ 131,723	\$	230,662	\$	368,413	
Total OPEB Liability-Ending (a)	\$	40,230	\$ 69,388	\$	131,723	\$	232,042	
Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions-Employer	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Net Investment Income		3,494	263		2,061		2,254	
Benefit Payments		(33,992)	(65,201)		(105, 172)		145,245	
Administrative Expense		-	-		-		-	
Net change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	(30,498)	\$ (64,938)	\$	(103,111)	\$	142,991	
Fiduciary Net Position-Beginning		137,774	 202,712		305,823		448,814	
Fiduciary Net Position-Ending (b)	\$	107,276	\$ 137,774	\$	202,712	\$	305,823	
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)								
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) -Ending (a)-(b)	\$	(67,046)	\$ (68,386)	\$	(70,989)	\$	(73,781)	
Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total								
OPEB Liability		266.66%	198.56%		153.89%		131.80%	
Covered Payroll	\$	3,764,631	\$ 3,764,631		-		-	
Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of Covered Payroll		-1.78%	-1.82%		N/A		N/A	

See notes to the required supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM (WRS)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				District's	
		District's		Proportionate Share	Plan Fiduciary
WRS Fiscal	District's	Proportionate		of the Net Pension	Net Position
Year End Date	Proportion	Share of the Net	District's	(Asset) Liability	as a Percentage
(Measurement	of the Net	Pension (Asset)	Covered	as a Percentage of	of the Total
Date)	Pension Asset	Liability	Payroll	Covered Payroll	Pension Asset
12/31/2019	0.02690186%	\$ (867,438)	\$ 4,247,400	20.42%	102.96%
12/31/2018	0.02682783%	954,450	4,158,557	22.95%	96.5%
12/31/2017	0.02673613%	(793,827)	4,018,334	19.76%	102.9%
12/31/2016	0.02674203%	220,418	3,801,676	5.80%	99.1%
12/31/2015	0.02715131%	441,204	3,804,609	11.60%	98.2%
12/31/2014	0.02762419%	(678,526)	3,788,507	17.91%	102.7%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

^{*}The District is required to present the above information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM (WRS) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

WRS Fiscal				ributions in					Contributions
Year End Date	Co	ntractually	Coi	ntractually	Contri	bution			as a
(Measurement	F	Required	F	Required	Defic	iency		Covered	Percentage of
Date) Contribu		Contributions		ntributions	(Exc	(Excess)		Payroll	Covered Payroll
12/31/2019	\$	278,948	\$	278,948	\$	-	\$	4,247,400	6.6%
12/31/2018		278,622		278,622		-		4,158,557	6.7%
12/31/2017		273,308		273,308		-		4,018,334	6.8%
12/31/2016		251,283		251,283		-		3,801,976	6.6%
12/31/2015		258,774		258,774		-		3,804,609	6.8%
12/31/2014		265,435		265,435		-		3,788,507	7.0%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

^{*}The District is required to present the above information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE A - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year for all governmental funds in accordance with Section 65.90 of the Wisconsin Statutes using the budgetary accounting procedures prescribed by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction (DPI). The DPI requires the District to separate special education revenues and expenditures from other general fund amounts. Budgetary expenditure control is exercised at the fund or function level depending upon the fund. Reported budget amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by Board of Education resolution. The District follows the budget procedures at note 1J.

NOTE B - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The District adopts a separate budget for the special education special revenue fund. A reconciliation of the Revenues, Expenditures, and Other Financing Sources (Uses) per the budget to actual individual fund statements to the combined general fund/special education fund statement follows:

J	'	General	Special
		Fund	Education Fund
Revenues			
	Actual amounts (budgetary statements)	\$ 9,081,144	\$ 341,532
	Reclassification of special education	341,532	(341,532)
	Total Revenues	9,422,676	-
Expenditure	es ·		
·	Actual amounts (budgetary statements)	8,103,158	935,530
	Reclassification of special education	935,530	(935,530)
	Total Expenditures	9,038,688	
Excess of R	evenues Over (Under) Expenditures		
	Actual amounts (budgetary statements)	977,986	(593,998)
	Reclassification of special education	(593,998)	593,998
	Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	383,988	
Other Finan	cing Sources (Uses)		
	Actual amounts (budgetary statements)	(265,425)	593,998
	Reclassification of special education	593,998	(593,998)
	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	328,573	
Net Change	e in Fund Balance		
J	Actual amounts (combined statement)	712,561	-
Fund Balan	ce - beginning		
	Actual amounts (combined statement)	2,684,415	
Fund Balan	ce - ending		
	Actual amounts (combined statement)	\$ 3,396,976	\$ -

NOTE C - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Changes of Benefit Terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of Assumptions. No significant change in assumptions were noted from the prior year.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF IOLA-SCANDINAVIA SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2020

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND June 30, 2020

ASSETS	General Fund	Special Education Fund	Total General Fund
Cash and investments	\$ 1,869,603	\$ 201,666	\$ 2,071,269
Taxes receivable		φ 201,000	
	1,374,729	-	1,374,729
Accounts receivable	264,815	-	264,815
Due from other funds	315,532	250	315,782
Due from other governments	138,889	46,393	185,282
Prepaid expenses	40,395		40,395
TOTAL ASSETS	\$4,003,963	\$ 248,309	\$ 4,252,272
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accrued payroll, payroll taxes,			
withholdings	\$ 606,987	\$248,309	\$ 855,296
Total Liabilities	606,987	248,309	855,296
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	40,395	-	40,395
Assigned	3,356,581	-	3,356,581
Total Fund Balances	3,396,976		3,396,976
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND			
FUND BALANCES	\$ 4,003,963	\$ 248,309	\$ 4,252,272

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Special Education Fund	Total General Fund
REVENUES	Φ 4 070 000	•	ф. 4.0 7 0.000
Local sources	\$ 4,076,920	\$ -	\$ 4,076,920
Interdistrict sources	362,451	20,127	382,578
Intermediate sources	3,400	25,169	28,569
State sources	4,521,649	137,130	4,658,779
Federal sources	112,879	159,106	271,985
Other sources	3,845		3,845
Total Revenues	9,081,144	341,532	9,422,676
EXPENDITURES			
Instruction			
Regular	4,282,094	-	4,282,094
Special education	-	682,428	682,428
Vocational	264,872	-	264,872
Other instruction	416,030		416,030
Total instruction	4,962,996	682,428	5,645,424
Support Services			
Pupil services	221,142	134,590	355,732
Instruction support services	198,557	62,682	261,239
Administration	976,200	-	976,200
Buildings and grounds	923,466	-	923,466
Pupil transportation	407,766	52,938	460,704
Other support services	412,438	2,892	415,330
Debt service	593		593
Total support services	3,140,162	253,102	3,393,264
Total Expenditures	8,103,158	935,530	9,038,688
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	977,986	(593,998)	383,988
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds of sale of capital assets	328,573	-	328,573
Operating transfers in	-	593,998	593,998
Operating transfers out	(593,998)		(593,998)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	712,561	-	712,561
FUND BALANCES-BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,684,415		2,684,415
FUND BALANCES-END OF YEAR	\$ 3,396,976	\$ -	\$ 3,396,976

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

		Special Revenue Funds			0 " 1	Total
	 Debt Service	5	Food Service	Community Service	Capital Improv Trust	lonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments Due from other funds Due from other government	\$ 42,512 - -	\$	62,979 79 718	\$ 384,617 - -	\$ 475,998 - -	\$ 966,106 79 718
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 42,512	\$	63,776	\$ 384,617	\$ 475,998	\$ 966,903
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued wages and taxes Due to other funds	\$ - - -	\$	- 6,739 -	\$ - 3,306 347,211	\$ - - -	\$ - 10,045 347,211
Total Liabilities	 		6,739	350,517	 	 357,256
Fund Balances Restricted Total Fund Balances	 42,512 42,512		57,037 57,037	34,100 34,100	475,998 475,998	 609,647 609,647
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 42,512	\$	63,776	\$ 384,617	\$ 475,998	\$ 966,903

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Debt Service	Special Rev Food Service	venue Funds Community Service	Capital Improv Trust	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Local	\$ 600,776	\$118,565	\$ 198,279	\$ 8,667	\$ 926,287
State	-	4,178	-	-	4,178
Federal	-	126,435	-	_	126,435
Other	_	, -	1,558	_	1,558
Total Revenues	600,776	249,178	199,837	8,667	1,058,458
EXPENDITURES Support Services					
Food service	-	267,068	-	-	267,068
Other support services	-	-	6,291	-	6,291
Debt service	630,860		3,402		634,262
Total support services	630,860	267,068	9,693	_	907,621
Community services			223,861		223,861
Total Expenditures	630,860	267,068	233,554	-	1,131,482
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(30,084)	(17,890)	(33,717)	8,667	(73,024)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfer in			35,000		35,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(30,084)	(17,890)	1,283	8,667	(38,024)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR	72,596	74,927	32,817	467,331	647,671
FUND BALANCES-END OF YEAR	\$ 42,512	\$ 57,037	\$ 34,100	\$ 475,998	\$ 609,647

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS' FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

ACCETC	Beginning Balance	Receipts	Disbursements	Ending Balance
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 215,349	\$ 371,256	\$ 320,040	\$ 266,565
Total Assets	\$ 215,349	\$ 371,256	\$ 320,040	\$ 266,565
LIABILITIES				
Due to sudent organizations	\$ 215,349	\$ 371,256	\$ 320,040	\$ 266,565
Total Liabilities	\$ 215,349	\$ 371,256	\$ 320,040	\$ 266,565

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Dayanyaa			
			(Accrued)	Revenues	Accrued		Total
			Deferred		(Deferred)		Expenditures
Federal Agency/	CFDA	Pass-Through	Beginning		Ending	Total	Grantor
Program Title	Number	Agency	Balance	Received	Balance	Revenues	Share
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION							
Title I	84.010	WI DPI	\$ (14,551)	\$ 75,913	\$ 13,191	\$ 74,553	\$ 74,553
Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	WI DPI	-	20,155	-	20,155	20,155
Student Support & Academic Enrichment	84.424A	WI DPI	-	13,977	2,995	16,972	16,972
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)							
Special education Grants to States	84.027	WI DPI	(42,421)	107,335	26,606	91,520	91,520
Special Education Preschool Grant	84.173	WI DPI	(7,582)	8,916	664	1,998	1,998
Total Special Education Cluster(IDEA)			(50,003)	116,251	27,270	93,518	93,518
U.S. DEPT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICE	ES						
Medical Assistance	93.778	CESA 10	(8,171)	69,742	5,215	66,786	66,786
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE							
Food Distribution - Commodities Child Nutrition Cluster	10.565	WI DPI	-	20,002	-	20,002	20,002
National Breakfast Program	10.553	WI DPI	(382)	9,498	-	9,116	9,116
National Breakfast Program-Covid 19	10.553	WI DPI	-	9,767	718	10,485	10,485
National School Lunch Program	10.555	WI DPI	(2,777)	70,458	-	67,681	67,681
Natl School Lunch Program-Covid 19	10.555	WI DPI	, ,	19,150	-	19,150	19,150
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			(3,159)	108,873	718	106,432	106,432
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ (75,884)	\$ 424,913	\$ 49,389	\$ 398,418	\$ 398,418

See notes to the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Revenues			
State Agency/ Pass-Through Agency/ Program Title	State ID Number	(Accrued) Deferred Beginning Balance	Received (Returned)	Accrued (Deferred) Ending Balance	Total Revenues	Total Expenditures Grantor Share
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION						
Entitlement Programs						
Special Education and School Age Parents	255.101	\$ -	\$ 132,457	\$ -	\$ 132,457	\$ 132,457
Participant in Package Programs:						
Waupaca Schools		-	20,128	-	20,128	20,128
CESA#5			25,169		25,169	25,169
Total Handicapped Program		-	177,754	-	177,754	177,754
School Lunch Aid Program	255.102	-	3,393	-	3,393	3,393
Common School Fund Library Aid	255.103	-	30,776	-	30,776	30,776
General Equalization	255.201	(62,327)	3,566,066	58,341	3,562,080	3,562,080
Sparsity Aid	255.212	-	266,797	-	266,797	266,797
Pupil Transportation	255.107	-	21,834	-	21,834	21,834
High Cost Special Education State Aid	255.210	-	4,673	-	4,673	4,673
School Breakfast Aid Program	255.344	-	784	-	784	784
Per Pupil Adjustment Aid	255.945	-	497,882	-	497,882	497,882
Educator Effectiveness	255.940	-	5,040	-	5,040	5,040
Career & Technical Education Incentive	255.950	-	5,859	-	5,859	5,859
Assessments of Reading Readiness	255.956	-	1,127	-	1,127	1,127
Supplemental Per Pupil Aid	255.245	-	2,252	-	2,252	2,252
Early College Credit Program	255.445	-	660	-	660	660
School Safety Initiative		(13,558)	18,935	53,727	59,104	59,104
Payment In Lieu of Taxes		-	56,949	-	56,949	56,949
Personal Property Aid		-	8,381	-	8,381	8,381
Computer Aid		(2,908)	2,908	2,908	2,908	2,908
Total Wisconsin Department of						
Public Instruction		(78,793)	4,672,070	114,976	4,708,253	4,708,253
Auburndale Schools-Peer Review & Mentoring				7,728	7,728	7,728
CESA 5						
Youth minigrants			1,200		1,200	1,200
TOTAL STATE AWARDS		\$ (78,793)	\$ 4,673,270	\$ 122,704	\$ 4,717,181	\$ 4,717,181

See notes to the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards.- 54 -

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards (the Schedules) include the federal and state grant activity of the District under programs of the federal and state government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Guidelines issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration. Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the District, they are not intended to and do not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

Expenditures are reported on the accrual basis of accounting on the schedules. Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 2 - SPECIAL EDUCATION AND SCHOOL AGE PARENTS PROGRAM

2019-2020 eligible costs under the State Special Education Program are \$539,044.

NOTE 3 - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

ACCOUNTING WORKSHOP, SC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

5001 Heffron Street Stevens Point, WI 54481 Tel (715) 341-2911 Fax (715) 341-5737

> Ann Kropp, CPA, CMA Jeffrey Kropp, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed
In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education School District of Iola-Scandinavia Iola, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 16, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020-1 and 2020-2 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Accounting Workshop, SC

accounting Workshop SC

October 16, 2020

ACCOUNTING WORKSHOP, SC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

5001 Heffron Street Stevens Point, WI 54481 Tel (715) 341-2911 Fax (715) 341-5737

> Ann Kropp, CPA, CMA Jeffrey Kropp, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance
For Each Major State Program
And On Internal Control Over Compliance
Required By The Wisconsin Department Of Public Instruction

Board of Education School District of Iola-Scandinavia Iola, Wisconsin

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the School District of Iola-Scandinavia's (District's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*, issued by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's major state programs are identified in the accompanying summary of auditors' results.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the compliance requirements of the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction in the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual.* Those standards and compliance requirements require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major state programs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual.

District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the financial statement findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying summary of auditor's results. The District's response was not subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2020-1 and 2020-2 to be significant deficiencies.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of testing based on requirements of the Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Accounting Workshop, SC

accounting Workshop SC

October 16, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2020

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements			
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness identified?	yes	Х	_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Xyes		_no
Noncompliance material to the financial statements	yes	Х	_no
State Awards			
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness identified?	yes	Х	_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	Х	_no
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual?	yes	X	_no
Identification of major state programs			
State Number 255.101 255.201 255.212 255.945	Name of State Program Special Education and So General Equalization Aid Sparsity Aid Per Pupil Aid	chool Age	 Parents

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and B programs: \$250,000.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2020

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

FINDING 2020-1: INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Criteria: A system of internal control should be in place that provides reasonable assurance that year end financial statements, including the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards, are complete and accurate.

Condition: There is a lack of controls over the year end financial reporting process. We, as your auditors, prepared the District's financial statements and schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards.

Cause: Due to its size, the District does not have the funds to hire the additional staff that would be required in order to have enough time and expertise to record all year end closing entries and prepare its own financial statements, including the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards.

Effect: Because of the lack of controls over year end financial reporting, your financial statements may be misstated before the annual audit is completed.

Recommendation: Most small districts operate with only enough staff to process monthly transactions and reports, and will continue to rely on outside consultants to handle year end financial reporting. The school board should continue to make a reasonable effort to be knowledgeable about the District's financial condition and financial reporting requirements.

Management's Response/Planned Corrective Action: It is indicated that the District has significant deficiencies due to the fact that we do not prepare a complete set of audit reports including footnotes and we have audit adjustments. As stated in the report, there are very few schools that have met these strict standards and the District is no exception. To meet these new standards we would need additional staff, primarily a CPA dedicated to meeting these standards.

District staff will accumulate as much of the information required for federal and state awards as we can and reconcile the revenue and expenditure information to the general ledger for these awards. We will continue to rely on the assistance of our auditors to draft the financial statements because the District does not have the staff needed to perform this task. Management reviews and compares the financial statements to District financial records and accepts responsibility for the financial statements.

FINDING 2020-2: INTERNAL CONTROL

Criteria: A system of internal control should be in place to achieve a higher reliability that errors or irregularities in your processes would be discovered by your staff. A critical component of a solid internal control system is ensuring that individuals have access to only one phase of an accounting process.

Condition: Some key controls over the accounts payable/disbursements, payroll, and monthly and year end accounting transaction cycles are not in place. There is some lack of segregation of duties over these areas.

Cause: Due to its size, the District does not have an adequate number of employees needed to implement the ideal controls over these transaction cycles.

Effect: Because of the lack of internal controls, it is less likely that errors or irregularities would be discovered internally.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2020

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (continued)

FINDING 2020-2: INTERNAL CONTROL (continued)

Recommendation: Most of the key controls lacking for accounts payable/disbursements, payroll, and monthly and year end accounting are not possible to cure without adding additional staff. The board and management should continue to make a reasonable effort to be knowledgeable about its key transaction cycles.

Management's Response/Planned Corrective Action: The District is aware of our lack of controls over disbursements, payroll, and monthly and year end accounting. Currently, the administrator and school board review financial information as an additional control. The monthly board packets include revenues compared to the previous years and budget, expenditures compared to previous years and budget, and check registers.

Section III - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

See item 2020-2 under financial statement findings.

Section IV - Other Issues

1.	Does the auditor's report or the notes to the financial statements include disclosure with regard to substantial doubt as to the auditee's ability to continue as a going concern?	yes	X	no
2.	Does the audit report show audit issues (i.e., material non-compliance, non-material non-compliance, questioned costs, material weakness, significant deficiency, management letter comment, excess revenue or excess reserve) related to grants/contracts with funding agencies that require audits to be in accordance with the State Single Audit Guidelines:			
	Department of Public Instruction	yes	Χ	no
	Department of Health Services		Х	— no
	Department of Natural Resources	yes	Χ	no
3.	Was a Management Letter or other document conveying audit comments issued as a result		.,	
	of this audit?	yes	X	no
4.	Name and signature of partner	Jef Krops		_
		Jeffrey Kropp, CPA		
5.	Date of report	October 16, 2020		

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2020

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Finding 2019-2: Segregation of Accounting Duties

Condition: The District's business manager performs many accounting functions in the receipt and billing, accounts payable disbursement and payroll processing transaction cycles and maintains the general ledger.

Recommendation: Monthly financial activity such as journal entries, detail of significant asset and liability balances, bank statements and monthly activity should be reviewed by another member of management for reasonableness.

Current Status: The Superintendent continues to review selected financial information on a monthly basis.