STUDENT COMMUNICABLE DISEASE GUIDELINES

Numerous communicable diseases may affect a school-age population and/or school staff. Some of these have a high degree of communicability. Some are life threatening in nature. Some are both.

Di	sea	ase	and
Incubation			
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Rules for School Attendance Period

Acquired Immune Determination will be made by the Deficiency Syndrome Advisory Committee as outlined in (AIDS) the Communicable Disease policy.

6 month-five years

Chicken Pox

14-21 days The student may attend school after all pox are dry and scabbed.

Cytomegalovirus The student may attend school. (CMV) Salivary Precautions should be taken by

Gland Viruses contacts with immunosuppression as anti-cancer or organ transplants as well

as anyone with suspected or known pregnancy. Good hand washing in all

cases should eliminate risk of transfer of infection.

The student may attend school with Fifth Disease

(Erythema Infectiosum) physician's permission.

6-14 days

Giardiasis The student may attend school if (Intestinal Protozoan the student practices independent Infection) and hygienic bathroom skills.

Other students may attend school after the third day of drug treatment. Good 5-25 days or longer

hand washing in all cases should be eliminate risk of transfer of infection.

Herpes Simplex The student may attend school

2-12 days during an active case if the student has the ability and practices personal

hygiene precautions and the area of lesion is covered.

Impetigo The student may attend school if variable 4-10 days treatment is verif treatment is verified and covered or dry

Infectious Hepatitis The student may attend school 15-40 days with physician's written

Average 25 days permission and if the student has the ability to take appropriate personal

hygiene precautions.

Measles (Red, Hard, The student may attend school Rubeola, 7 day) after a minimum of 7 days.

8-14 days Students who have had contact with measles may attend school if

immunization is up to date.

Infectious The student may attend school Mononucleosis with physician's permission. The student may need adjusted school days and activities

Mumps The student may attend school 12-21 days after swelling ha after swelling has disappeared.

Pediculosis The student may attend school

(Lice, Crabs) after treatment. After repeated infestation of the same student, the student may

be excluded until all nits are removed.

be excluded until

Pink Eye The student may attend school

(Conjunctivitis) The student may after the eye is cl after the eye is clear, under treatment or with physician's written permission.

Plantar's Wart The student may attend school. Students should not be permitted to walk

barefoot.

Ring Worm The student may attend school (Scalp, Body, if the area is under and covered. Res until under treatments.) if the area is under treatment

and covered. Restrict known cases of athlete's foot from pools and showers

until under treatment.

Rubella (3 day German The student may attend school

measles) 14-21 days after a minimum of 4 days. Prevent exposure of pregnant women.

The student may attend school

Scabies (7 year The student may itch, Mites) after treatment.

Streptococcal Infections The student may attend school 24 hours after initiating oral

(Scarlet Fever, antibiotic therapy, and clinically well.

Scarletina, Strep Throat)

1-3 days

All communicable and chronic disease should be reported to

Health Services.

Time interval between initial contact with an infectious agent and the first sign or symptom of the disease.

Adoption Date: August 12, 1996

Reviewed: July 11, 2022