## ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

For the year ended June 30, 2020

Prepared by:

#### WHITE & ASSOCIATES, PSC

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Elliott County School District Sandy Hook, KY And the State Committee for School District Audits

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Elliott County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Elliott County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Elliott County School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions for CERS and TRS and Medical and Life and Health Insurance Plans comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Elliott County School District basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2020, on our consideration of the Elliott County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Elliott County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Elliott County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky November 13, 2020

#### ELLIOTT COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT SANDY HOOK, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Year ended June 30, 2020

As management of the Elliott County School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The beginning General Fund balance for the District was \$628,759 and ending with \$519,910.
- The district utilized KISTA financing to purchase 2 new busses and was able to purchase a 3<sup>rd</sup> bus through general fund and Capital Outlay funds.
- The district was able to give and \$1/hr. raise to all custodians and teacher aides.
- The General Fund had \$9.28 million in revenue, which primarily consisted of the SEEK program, property, utility and motor vehicle taxes. There were \$9.59 million expenditures in General Fund.
- The Board utilized the option provided in House Bill 269 to use Capital Outlay fund for a construction project and a portion of a new bus. The available funds totaled \$56,010.
  - o \$16,190 Isonville chimney demolition
  - o \$39.820 School Bus
- Bonds are issued as the district renovates facilities consistent with a long-range facilities plan that is established with community input and in keeping with Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) stringent compliance regulations. There were no new building bonds issued in FY20.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements:** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues also support fixed assets and related debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in the table of contents of this report.

**Fund financial statements:** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our vending and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found in the table of contents of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements:** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1
Net Position
\$ (in Millions)

	Governmental A	activities	Business-type A	Activities	Totals			
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>		
Current assets	0.74	0.64	0.33	0.33	1.07	0.97		
Non-current assets	20.89	20.44	0.01	0.01	20.90	20.45		
Total assets	21.63	21.08	0.34	0.34	21.97	21.42		
Deferred outflows	1.22	1.29	0.04	0.04	1.26	1.33		
Current liabilities	1.10	1.52			1.10	1.52		
Non-current liabilities	15.58	14.27	0.17	0.17	15.75	14.44		
Total liabilities	16.68	15.79	0.17	0.17	16.85	15.96		
Deferred inflows	0.95	1.21	0.02	0.02	0.97	1.23		
Net position:								
Invested in capital assets, net of debt Restricted	10.66 0.03	10.91	0.01 0.19	0.01 0.18	10.67 0.22	10.92 0.18		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(5.48)	(5.54)			(5.48)	(5.54)		
Total net position	5.21	5.37	0.20	0.19	5.41	5.56		

SEE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION ON NEXT PAGE

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
(in millions)

												Total
									To	tal		Percentage
	G	overnmen	tal Ac	tivities	Bu	siness-Ty	/pe Ad	ctivities	School	Distri	ct	Change
	2	<u> 2019</u>	:	2020	2	2019		2020	2019	2	2020	2019-2020
Revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	0.05	\$	0.05	\$	0.05	\$	0.04	\$ 0.10	\$	0.09	-10%
Operating grants and contributions		1.50		1.55		0.84		0.70	2.34		2.25	-4%
Capital grants and contributions		0.90		0.81				<i>(</i> )	0.90		0.81	-10%
General revenues	-	9.58		9.43		(0.04)		(0.05)	9.54		9.38	-2%
Total revenue		12.03		11.84		0.85		0.69	12.88		12.53	-3%
Expenses:												
Instruction	\$	7.13	\$	6.80					\$ 7.13	\$	6.80	-5%
Student		0.11		0.12					0.11		0.12	9%
Instructional staff		0.23		0.23					0.23		0.23	0%
District administration		0.48		0.65					0.48		0.65	35%
School administration		0.57		0.57					0.57		0.57	0%
Business		0.43		0.37					0.43		0.37	-14%
Plant operation & maintenance		0.98		1.10					0.98		1.10	12%
Student transportation		0.76		0.62					0.76		0.62	-18%
Community services operations		0.21		0.20					0.21		0.20	-5%
Food Service Operations				0.01		0.81		0.71	0.81		0.72	-11%
Building Improvements		-		0.02					-		0.02	100%
Depreciation/Amortization		0.73		0.74					0.73		0.74	1%
Interest on long-term debt		0.28		0.26					0.28		0.26	-7%
Total Expenses	\$	11.91	\$	11.69	\$	0.81	\$	0.71	\$ 12.72	\$	12.40	-3%
Change in net position	\$	0.12	\$	0.15	\$	0.04	\$	(0.02)	\$ 0.16	\$	0.13	19%

# **DEBT**Debt decreased from 2019 by \$710,524.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt at Year-End

	Government Activities						
	2019	2020					
General Obligation Bonds	9,468,505	8,760,381					
Capital Lease Obligations KSBIT Obligations	758,030	777,572					
	141,669	119,727					
Total Obligations	10,368,204	9,657,680					

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At the end of fiscal 2020, the District had \$20.45 million invested in capital assets, including land, improvements, and construction in progress.

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of depreciation)

	_			ess Type	_	_		
	Governmenta	l Activities	Acti	vities	Totals			
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020		
Land	452,007	452,007	-	-	452,007	452,007		
Land and Improvements	38,959	27,837	-	-	38,959	27,837		
Buildings & Improvements	19,742,586	19,264,748	-		19,742,586	19,264,748		
Vehicles	573,172	630,898	-	-	573,172	630,898		
General Equipment	81,153	68,700	14,086	12,190	95,239	80,890		
Totals	20,887,877	20,444,190	14,086	12,190	20,901,963	20,456,380		

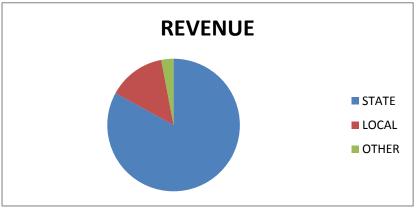
#### **Comments on Budget Comparisons**

Actual revenues and expenditures for the General Fund contain \$2.5 million dollars in payments made on-behalf of the District by the State of Kentucky. Our District will remain conservative in future budgets because of the current economic climate and the unknown factors of Covid-19. The following table presents a summary of revenue and expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

REVENUE	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
	1	2	310	320	360	400	51
Local Revenue Sources	1,309,097	30,991		112,524			49,363
State Revenue Sources	7,959,593	494,286	90,908	266,564		451,736	55,664
Federal Revenue Sources	14,017	1,043,230					646,126
Other	199,889						
Transfers	89,867	19,413			16,190	481,211	
TOTALS	9,572,463	1,587,920	90,908	379,088	16,190	932,947	751,153
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
EXPENDITURES	1	2	310	320	360	400	51
Instruction	5,606,436	1,225,607					
Student Support Services	115,588	1,399					
Instructional Staff Support Services	95,851	138,467					
District Admin Support	653,193						
School Admin Support	567,298						
Business Support Services	338,584	32,008					
Plant Operation & Management	1,080,262	14,957					
Student Transportation	893,943						
Food Service Operations		5,038					707,587
Community Services	31,645	168,975					
Building Improvements					16,190		
Debt Service	211,874					932,947	
Transfers	86,638		90,908	379,088			50,047
TOTALS	9,681,312	1,586,451	90,908	379,088	16,190	932,947	757,634
Excess / (Deficit)	(108,849)	1,469	-	-	-	-	(6,481)

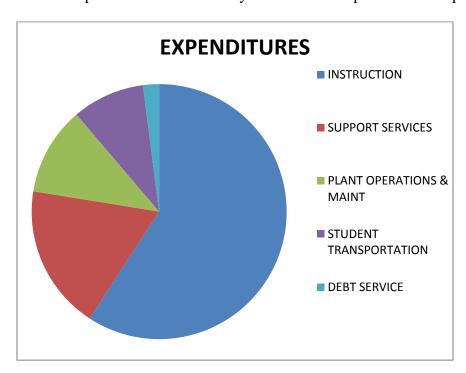
#### **General Fund Revenue Chart 1**

The majority of revenue was derived from state funding (83%), with local taxes making up 14% of total revenue.



#### **General Fund Expenditures Chart 2**

The majority of revenue is spent on instructional expenditures; this consumes 58% of the budget. The instruction function included the SBDM expenditures for staff and supplies. Support services make up 18%, which includes services for students, instructional staff, district administration, school administration and business. Plant operations and management makes up 11%. Student transportation makes up 9%. Debt Service is 2%. Food Service operations and community services make up less than one percent.



#### **Special Revenue Fund Revenue/Expenditures**

The majority of revenue was derived from Federal Sources (66 %) with the state revenue making up 31% and local source providing 3%. The function with the greatest expenditures is instruction at 77%.

#### Other Governmental Funds Revenue/Expenditures

The main other governmental funds are capital outlay fund, and building fund (FSPK). State funding makes up the capital outlay and the building fund consists of state and local revenues. During the FY20 school year these funds were used to make bond payments on existing debt, with the exception of \$56,010 capital funds which were used for a chimney demolition project and to assist with a new bus purchase as approved per HB 267.

#### **School Food Service Fund Revenue/Expenditures**

The revenue is received from local, state, and federal monies. The largest being federal which makes up 86% of the budget.

#### **BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS**

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the district overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The beginning General fund balance for the fiscal year was \$628,759. The ending fund balance was \$519,910.

Elliott County Public Schools continued to receive the Read To Achieve grant. It has continued to provide support teachers in the implementation of instructional strategies to address the needs of students reading at low levels at Isonville Elementary and Lakeside Elementary. The Math Achievement grant provided funds for support teachers and the implementation of services that address the needs of students who are struggling with math. Its impact involved Isonville Elementary and Sandy Hook Elementary.

Elliott County Public School's facility planning committee has met over the course of the fiscal year to discuss the budgetary implications and educational implications of a redistricting plan. The committee decided that the district will go forward with a consolidation plan that will eliminate the use of one school building in the upcoming year.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent Debbie Stephens or Kristen Salyers, Finance Officer at 606-738-8002 or by mail at Elliott County Board of Education, PO Box 767, Sandy Hook, KY 41171.

	-	Pri		
	-	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	471,533 \$	325,175 \$	796,708
Receivables				
Taxes-current		40,430		40,430
Taxes-delinquent		12,032		12,032
Accounts		30,018		30,018
Intergovernmental-state		5,621		5,621
Intergovernmental-federal		77,302		77,302
Inventories			8,958	8,958
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress		452,007		452,007
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	-	19,992,183	12,190	20,004,373
Total capital assets	-	20,444,190	12,190	20,456,380
Total assets	-	21,081,126	346,323	21,427,449
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions		698,929	31,107	730,036
Deferred outflows related to Persions  Deferred outflows related to OPEB		501,537	11,236	512,773
Deferred savings from refunding bonds		85,808	11,230	85,808
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	1,286,274	42,343	1,328,617
	-			.,020,011
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	=	22,367,400	388,666	22,756,066
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		18,207		18,207
Accrued interest payable		74,068		74,068
Unearned revenue		69,068		69,068
Long-term liabilities:		,		,
Due within 1 year:				
Bond obligations		1,225,000		1,225,000
Capital lease obligations		111,746		111,746
KSBIT payable		22,516		22,516
Total due within 1 year	-	1,359,262	-	1,359,262
Due in more than 1 year:	•			
Bond obligations		7,535,381		7,535,381
Capital lease obligations		665,826		665,826
Sick leave		77,245		77,245
KSBIT payable		97,211		97,211
Net pension liability		3,059,438	136,166	3,195,604
Net OPEB liability		2,836,489	32,556	2,869,045
Total due in more than 1 year	_	14,271,590	168,722	14,440,312
Total liabilities	-	15,792,195	168,722	15,960,917
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions		241,557	10,751	252,308
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		968,459	13,996	982,455
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	1,210,016	24,747	1,234,763
Total dolottod littlewo of robodrobo		1,210,010	۲,171	1,204,100
Net Investment in capital assets		10,906,237	12,190	10,918,427
Restricted for: Capital projects		208		200
Food services		200	183,007	208 183,007
Unrestricted (deficit)		(5,541,256)	103,007	(5,541,256)
Total net position	-	5,365,189	195,197	5,560,386
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	22,367,400 \$	388,666 \$	22,756,066

#### Elliott County School District **Statement of Activities** Year ended June 30, 2020

			Program Revenues Net (Expense) Revenue and Chang					ges in	s in Net Position					
											Pri	mary Governme	ent	
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses	-	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	-	Business- type Activities		Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:														
Governmental activities: Instruction	\$	6,799,268	\$		\$	1,035,927	\$		\$	(5,763,341)	¢.		\$	(5,763,341)
Support services	Ф	0,799,200	Ф	-	Ф	1,035,927	Ф	-	Ф	(5,763,341)	Ф	-	Ф	(5,763,341)
Student		116,987		6,162		15,541				(95,284)				(95,284)
Instructional staff		234,318		0,102		31,127				(203,191)				(203,191)
District administration		653,193				86,772				(566,421)				(566,421)
School administration		567,298				75,361				(491,937)				(491,937)
Business		370,592				49,230				(321,362)				(321,362)
Plant operation & maintenance		1,095,219		14,680		145,492		357,472		(577,575)				(577,575)
Student transportation		621,867		30,000		82,611		,		(509,256)				(509,256)
Food service operations		5,038		,		669				(4,369)				(4,369)
Community services operations		200,620				26,651				(173,969)				(173,969)
Building improvements		16,190				2,151				(14,039)				(14,039)
Amortization		20,995								(20,995)				(20,995)
Depreciation*		715,763								(715,763)				(715,763)
Interest on long-term debt		262,119						451,736		189,617				189,617
Total governmental activities	_	11,679,467	•	50,842		1,551,533		809,208		(9,267,884)			_	(9,267,884)
Business-type activities:														
Food service operations		705,691		44,752		701,790						40,851		40,851
Depreciation .		1,896		,		,						(1,896)		(1,896)
Total business-type activities	_	707,587	-	44,752		701,790		-		-		38,955	_	38,955
Total primary government	\$	12,387,054	\$	95,594	\$	2,253,323	\$	809,208		(9,267,884)	-	38,955	_	(9,228,929)
	General revenu	ies:												
	Taxes:									004.040				004.040
	Property									804,248				804,248
		hicle taxes								150,494				150,494
	Uitility ta	xes ormula grants								313,389 7,959,593				313,389 7,959,593
	Other local	0								, ,				134,449
		revenue Linvestment ea	rnina	**						134,449 13,870		4,611		18,481
	Transfers	i invesiment ea	ming	js						50,047		(50,047)		10,401
		neral revenues	and	tranefore						9,426,090	-	(45,436)		9,380,654
	Change in n		anu	1101131013					•	158,206	-	(6,481)		151,725
	Net Position - b									5,206,983		201,678		5,408,661
	Net Position - e								\$	5,365,189	\$	195,197	\$	5,560,386
		9							Ψ,	5,555,100	Ψ.	.00,.07	* =	5,555,550

<sup>\*</sup>Unallocated depreciation that excludes depreciation which is included in the direct expenses of various programs, if any.

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

## Elliott County School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2020

#### **Governmental Funds**

		General	. <u>-</u>	Special Revenue	_	Debt Service	-	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	434,146	\$	37,179	\$	-	\$	208	\$ 471,533
Receivables									
Taxes-current		40,430							40,430
Taxes-delinquent		12,032							12,032
Accounts		30,018							30,018
Intergovernmental-state		5,621							5,621
Intergovernmental-federal		771		76,531					77,302
Total assets	_	523,018	=	113,710	=	-	:	208	636,936
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		3,108		15,099					18,207
Unearned revenue				69,068					69,068
Total liabilities	_	3,108	_	84,167		-		-	87,275
FUND BALANCE									
Restricted				29,543				208	29,751
Unassigned		519,910							519,910
Total fund balance		519,910	_	29,543	_	-		208	549,661
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	523,018	\$_	113,710	\$_		\$	208	\$ 636,936

## Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$	549,661
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net		
position.		20,444,190
Costs associated with bond issues and refundings are expensed in the fund financial		
statements because they are a use of current financial resources but are capitalized		
on the statement of net position using the economic resources focus		85,808
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave,		
accrued interest payable, other accounts payable, and net pension obligations)		
are not due and payble in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Accrued interest payable		(74,068)
Bond obligations		(8,760,381)
Capital lease obligations		(777,572)
KSBIT payable		(119,727)
Sick leave liability		(77,245)
Net pension liability		(3,059,438)
Net OPEB liability		(2,836,489)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future		
periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		698,929
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		501,537
Deferred inflows related to pensions		(241,557)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	_	(968,459)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	5,365,189

## Elliott County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2020

#### **Governmental Funds**

	_	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES						
From local sources						
Taxes						
Property	\$	691,724 \$	- \$	- \$	112,524 \$	804,248
Motor vehicle		150,494				150,494
Utilities		313,389				313,389
Earnings on investments		13,796	74			13,870
Student activities			6,162			6,162
Transportation		30,000				30,000
Other local revenue		109,694	24,755			134,449
Intergovernmental - state		7,959,593	494,286	451,736	357,472	9,263,087
Intergovernmental - federal		14,017	1,043,230			1,057,247
Total revenues		9,282,707	1,568,507	451,736	469,996	11,772,946
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction		5,606,436	1,225,607			6,832,043
Support services						
Student		115,588	1,399			116,987
Instructional staff		95,851	138,467			234,318
District administration		653,193				653,193
School administration		567,298				567,298
Business		338,584	32,008			370,592
Plant operation & maintenance		1,080,262	14,957			1,095,219
Food service operation			5,038			5,038
Student transportation		893,943				893,943
Community services operations		31,645	168,975			200,620
Building improvements					16,190	16,190
Debt service	_	211,874		932,947		1,144,821
Total expenditures	_	9,594,674	1,586,451	932,947	16,190	12,130,262
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(311,967)	(17,944)	(481,211)	453,806	(357,316)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of equipment		14,680				14,680
Capital lease proceeds		185,209				185,209
Transfers in		89,867	19,413	481,211		590,491
Transfers (out)		(86,638)	,	,	(453,806)	(540,444)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	203,118	19,413	481,211	(453,806)	249,936
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(108,849)	1,469	-	-	(107,380)
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	628,759	28,074	<u>-</u> .	208	657,041
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ _	519,910 \$	29,543 \$	\$	208 \$	549,661

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ (107,380)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District pension contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	(263,983)
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District OPEB contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	260,587
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays	
exceeds depreciation expense for the year.	(443,687)
The premium paid for the sale of bonds is expensed under the current financial resources, but is the premium paid for the sale of bonds is capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds in the statement of net position.	1,944
The discount on the sale of bonds is reported as an expenditure by current financial resources but it is deferred and amortized over the life	(0.000)
of the bond on the statement of net position.	(3,820)
The difference in the issue amount of the refunding of bond proceeds and the amount for payment to the escrow account to pay the refunded bonds is	
amortized over the life of the refunding issue.	(19,119)
Bond and capital lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of	
liabilities in the statement of net position.	690,458
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	
Accrued interest payable KSBIT payable	7,035 21,942
Noncurrent sick leave payable	14,229
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 158,206

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget
	_	Original	Final	_	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES						
From local sources						
Taxes	_					
Property	\$	667,944 \$	667,944	\$	691,724 \$	23,780
Motor vehicle		170,218	170,218		150,494	(19,724)
Unmined minerals		1,000	1,000		<del>-</del>	(1,000)
Utilities		295,000	295,000		313,389	18,389
Earnings on investments		15,000	15,000		13,796	(1,204)
Transportation		30,000	30,000		30,000	-
Other local revenue		76,026	86,026		109,694	23,668
Intergovernmental - state		5,587,176	5,363,945	*	5,360,271	(3,674)
Intergovernmental - federal	_	20,000	20,000	_	14,017	(5,983)
Total revenues	_	6,862,364	6,649,133	-	6,683,385	34,252
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction		3,955,908	3,828,681	*	3,598,829	229,852
Support services						
Student		84,117	126,550		115,588	10,962
Instructional staff		95,753	95,028		95,851	(823)
District administration		350,880	361,550	*	412,313	(50,763)
School administration		381,303	367,703	*	385,680	(17,977)
Business		296,738	303,896		338,584	(34,688)
Plant operation & maintenance		946,895	1,045,452	*	1,006,230	39,222
Student transportation		678,396	634,470	*	798,758	(164,288)
Community services operations		41,327	41,327		31,645	9,682
Debt service	_	212,423	212,423		211,874	549
Total expenditures	_	7,043,740	7,017,080		6,995,352	21,728
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(181,376)	(367,947)		(311,967)	55,980
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of equipment		2,500	2,500		14,680	12,180
Capital lease proceeds					185,209	185,209
Transfers in		55,000	55,000		89,867	34,867
Transfers (out)	_	(82,497)	(102,016)	_	(86,638)	15,378
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	(24,997)	(44,516)	-	203,118	247,634
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(206,373)	(412,463)		(108,849)	303,614
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	386,373	628,759		628,759	
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$	180,000 \$	216,296	\$	519,910 \$	303,614

<sup>\*</sup> The on-behalf payments (please see the accompanying notes to the financial statements) were not budgeted, therefore, to better compare the actual to the budgeted amounts these amounts were deducted from both revenue and expenditures in the amount of \$2,599,322.

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund

		Budgete	d An	nounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	_	Original		Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES						
From local sources						
Earnings on investments	\$	-	\$	- \$	74 \$	74
Student activities					6,162	6,162
Other local revenue		29,800		19,243	24,755	5,512
Intergovernmental - state		489,459		485,181	494,286	9,105
Intergovernmental - federal		956,765		1,441,699	1,043,230	(398,469)
Total revenues	_	1,476,024		1,946,123	1,568,507	(377,616)
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction		1,135,573		1,634,309	1,225,607	408,702
Support services						
Student					1,399	(1,399)
Instructional staff		106,303		106,474	138,467	(31,993)
Business		30,544		29,582	32,008	(2,426)
Plant operation & maintenance		29,800		10,000	14,957	(4,957)
Food service operation					5,038	(5,038)
Community services operations		189,076		180,549	168,975	11,574
Total expenditures	_	1,491,296		1,960,914	1,586,451	374,463
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(15,272)		(14,791)	(17,944)	(3,153)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		15,272		14,791	19,413	4,622
Total other financing sources and (uses)		15,272		14,791	19,413	4,622
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-	1,469	1,469
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	-			28,074	28,074
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$_	-	\$	\$	29,543 \$	29,543

#### Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2020

		School Food Services
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	325,175
Receivables		
Inventories		8,958
Capital assets:		40.400
Other capital assets, net of depreciation  Total assets		12,190 346,323
Total assets		340,323
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		31,107
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		11,236
Total deferred outflows of resources		42,343
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	388,666
LIABILITIES		
Net pension liability		136,166
Net OPEB liability		32,556
Total liabilities		168,722
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pensions		10,751
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		13,996
Total deferred inflows of resources		24,747
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		193,469
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		12,190
Restricted		183,007
Total net position		195,197
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	388,666

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

		School Food Services
OPERATING REVENUES	•	44.750
Lunchroom sales	\$	44,752
Total operating revenues		44,752
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Depreciation		1,896
Food service operations		
Salaries and benefits		291,911
Operational		413,780
Total operating expenses		707,587
Operating income (loss)  NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(662,835)
Federal grants		646,126
State grants		55,664
Transfers		(50,047)
Earnings from investments		` 4,611 <sup>′</sup>
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		656,354
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(6,481)
NET POSITION-BEGINNING		201,678
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$	195,197

## Elliott County School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2020

		School Food
		Services
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$	44,752
Payments to suppliers	Ψ	(405,064)
Payments to employees		(291,911)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(652,223)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Operating grants and contributions		701,790
Transfers to other funds		(50,047)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		651,743
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of capital assets		-
Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities	_	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest		4,611
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		4,611
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		4,131
CASH BALANCE-BEGINNING		321,044
CASH BALANCE-ENDING	_	325,175
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used)		
by operating activities:		(000 005)
Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		(662,835)
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation		1,896
Changes in assets and liabilities:		1,000
Receivables		5,730
Inventory		(1,300)
Deferrals assets		738
Deferrals liabilities		475
Pension liability		7,915
OPEB liability		(4,842)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>. —</u>	- -
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ <u></u>	(652,223)

#### NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the district received \$45,005 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During the year, the district recognized revenues and expenses for on-behalf payments relating to fringe benefits in the amount of \$55,664 provided by state government.

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

# Elliott County School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

	_	SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND		PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST	_	FIDUCIARY FUNDS
ASSETS	Φ.	400.007	Φ.	407.054	Φ.	045.000
Cash and cash equivalents  Total assets	\$_ =	108,687 108,687	Ъ	107,251 107,251	. <sup>\$</sup> _ = =	215,938 215,938
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		248				248
Due to student groups		108,439				108,439
Total liabilities	_	108,687		-	_	108,687
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST						
Permanent fund				107,251		107,251
Total net position held in trust	_	-		107,251	_	107,251
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST	\$	108,687	\$	107,251	\$	215,938

## Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Fund

	,	Private Purpose Trust
Additions Earnings on investments	\$	1,442
<b>Deductions</b> Benefits paid	_	<u>-</u>
Change in net position		1,442
Net position held in trust, beginning		105,809
Net position held in trust, ending	\$_	107,251

### ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2020

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

The Elliott County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Elliott County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100-Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Elliott County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

#### Blended Component Unit

Elliott County Board of Education Finance Corporation

The Board authorized establishment of the Elliott County Board of Education Finance Corporation a non-stock, non-profit corporation pursuant to Section 162.385 of the School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Corporation") to act as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be the same persons who are at any time the members of the Board of Education of the Elliott County Board of Education.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

#### I. Governmental Fund Types

#### (A) General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is always a major fund of the District.

#### (B) Special Revenue (Grant) Fund

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

#### (C) Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).

#### SEEK Capital Outlay Fund

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects as identified in the District's facility plan.

#### Building (FSPK) Fund

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy that is required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

#### Construction Fund

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sale of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or remodeling.

#### (D) Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

#### II. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds)

#### Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund of the District.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds.

#### III. Fiduciary Fund Types

#### Agency Funds

The Agency Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with "Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds," except for those accounted through the central office.

#### Private Purpose Trust

Private Purpose Trusts are maintained within MUNIS and account for revenues generated by trusts set up to benefit a specific location in Elliott County. An endowment was established February 1, 2010 by a grant of \$100,000 from the W. Paul and Lucille Caudill Little Foundation, Inc. to provide \$5,000 in operating costs per year to the Adkins-Caudill Performing Arts Center. It was to be held in a separately managed fiduciary account permanently designated for the Adkins-Caudill Performing Arts Center. This is a major fund of the District.

The original principal received remains in the net position on the statement of net position and is restricted for the trust principal. The net appreciation on investments available for expenditures is included in the restricted spendable net position on the statement of net position. The District's policy is to spend only investment income for the purposes of the Trust.

The District has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the District classifies as restricted permanent nonspendable (a) the original value of the gift donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of any subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulations is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanent nonspendable net position is classified as restricted permanent spendable net position until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the District in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the District considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- The duration and preservation of the fund
- The purposes of the organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- General economic conditions
- The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- Other resources of the District
- The investment policies of the District

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis, On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

#### **Inventories**

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

#### **Prepaid Assets**

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the government funds. These assets are reported in the government activities column of the government-wide financial Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant and equipment of the district are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<b>Estimated Lives</b>
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgment, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

#### **Fund Balances**

Fund balance is divided into five categories as defined by GASB 54 as follows:

Nonspendable: Permanently nonspendable by decree of the donor, such as an endowment, or

funds that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid expenses or inventory on

hand.

Restricted Legally restricted under legislation, bond authority, or grantor contract.

Committed Commitments of future funds for specific purposes passed by the Board.

Assigned Funds that are intended by management to be used for a specific purpose,

including encumbrances.

Unassigned Funds available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are reported only in the

General Fund unless a fund has a deficit.

The Board has adopted a GASB 54 spending policy which states that the spending order of funds is to first use restricted, committed, and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

#### Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as Net Position. Net Position is reported in three categories:

1) net investment in capital assets – consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets; 2) restricted net position – resulting from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors,

contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the School District; 3) unrestricted net position – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or net investment in capital assets. It is the District's policy to first apply restricted net position and then unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited in the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2020, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.418 per \$100 valuation of real property, \$.426 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.565 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

#### Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

#### In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private organizations, and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The amounts of such services and donated commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

#### Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### Inter-fund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and

business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows – contributions to the CERS's pension and OPEB plans after the measurement period and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until appropriate period. The District reports two types of deferred inflows related to the net difference projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), and the County Retirement System of Kentucky (CERS), and additions to/deductions from TRS's/CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS/CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

#### Bond and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Estimates**

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The District prepares its budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as used prepare the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Per Board policy, all amendments require Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. The Kentucky Department of Education does not require the Capital Project Funds and Debt Service Funds to prepare budgets.

#### **New Pronouncements**

GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

The adoption of GASB statement Numbers 88 and 95 did not have an impact on the District's financial position or results of operations.

The District will adopt the following new accounting pronouncements in future years:

GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Costs Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 90, Majority *Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

The impact of these pronouncements on the District's financial statement has not been determined

#### NOTE B – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$1,012,646. The bank balance for the same time was \$1,298,250.

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK/Building) Fund, special Revenue (Grant Fund), Debt Service Fund, School Construction Fund, School Food Service Fund, and School Activity Fund.

#### **NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

Governmental Activities		July 1, 2019		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2020
Land (non-depreciable)	\$	452,007	\$	-	\$	-	\$	452,007
Construction in progress (non-depreciable)		-		-		-		-
Land improvements		622,576		-		-		622,576
Buildings		29,766,382		-		-		29,766,382
Vehicles		2,448,269		272,076		349,492		2,370,853
General equipment	_	487,147	_		-	-	_	487,147
Total at historical cost	\$	33,776,381	\$	272,076	\$	349,492	\$	33,698,965
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Land improvements	\$	583,617	\$	11,122	\$	-	\$	594,739
Buildings		10,023,796		477,839		-		10,501,635
Vehicles		1,875,097		214,349		349,492		1,739,954
General equipment	_	405,994	_	12,453	_		_	418,447
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	12,888,504	\$ _	715,763	\$	349,492	\$	13,254,775
Governmental Activities Capital Assets-net	\$	20,887,877	\$ =	(443,687)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ _	20,444,190
Business-Type Activities		July 1, 2019		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2020
Buildings	\$	162,717	\$	-	\$	-	\$	162,717
General equipment	_	259,476	_	-	_	-	_	259,476
Total at historical cost	\$	422,193	\$ _	-	\$	-	\$	422,193
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Buildings	\$	162,717	\$	-	\$	-	\$	162,717
General equipment	_	245,390	_	1,896			_	247,286
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	408,107	\$ _	1,896	\$	-	\$	410,003
Business-Type Activities	_							
Capital Assets-net	\$ _	14,086	\$ _	(1,896)	\$	-	\$	12,190

Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions. It appears on the statement of activities as "unallocated".

#### **NOTE D – DEBT OBLIGATIONS**

#### **Bonds**

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bonded debt and lease obligations represent the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Elliott County School District Finance Corporation.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes), Building (FSPK) Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Fiscal Court to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The original amount of outstanding issues, the issue dates, interest rates, maturity dates, and outstanding balances, at June 30, 2020 are summarized below:

	C	Original	Maturity	Interest	20	19 Bonds				20	20 Bonds
Bond Issues	A	mount	Date	Rates	Outstanding		Additions		Retirements	Outstanding	
2012	\$	4,500,000	8/1/2032	2.0-3.25%	\$	3,960,000	\$	-	210,000	\$	3,750,000
2012R		2,020,000	9/1/2023	.5 - 2.125%		990,000		-	225,000		765,000
2015		395,000	2/1/2035	3.1%		335,000		-	15,000		320,000
2005		290,000	8/1/2026	4.125%		130,000		-	15,000		115,000
2006		500,000	1/25/2021	QZAB		500,000		-	-		500,000
2016R		2,185,000	11/1/2027	1-2%		1,910,000		-	205,000		1,705,000
2014		1,205,000	5/1/1934	2.55-3.75		1,110,000		-	30,000		1,080,000
2013		595,000	8/1/2033	2.25-3.75		555,000		-	10,000		545,000
						9,490,000		-	710,000		8,780,000
Add:	Prem	nium				13,420		-	1,944		11,476
Less:	Disc	ount		_		(34,915)		-	(3,820)		(31,095)
				_	\$	9,468,505	\$	-	\$ 708,124	\$	8,760,381

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Kentucky Legislature, for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs, created the Commission. The table following sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2020 for debt service, (principal and interest) are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30th	Prin Local	cipal KSFCC	Inte Local	erest KSFCC	Principal Total	Interest Total
2021	353,016	871,984	128,457	81,592	1,225,000	210,049
2022	365,326	384,674	120,986	75,718	750,000	196,704
2023	377,494	392,506	113,042	68,241	770,000	181,283
2024	295,801	384,199	105,616	59,598	680,000	165,215
2025	277,539	362,461	98,684	51,152	640,000	149,836
2026-2030	1,596,703	1,308,297	365,015	141,793	2,905,000	506,808
2031-2035	1,338,557	471,443	94,052	27,574	1,810,000	121,626
	\$ 4,604,436	\$ 4,175,564	\$ 1,025,852	\$ 505,668	\$ 8,780,000	\$ 1,531,520

#### Accumulated Sick Leave

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. The activity during fiscal year 2020 for accumulated sick leave is as follows:

	2019			2020
	Outstanding			Outstanding
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance
Sick Leave	\$ 91,474	\$ _	\$ 14.229	\$ 77,245

#### **KSBIT**

The District elected to finance the worker's compensation insurance deficit (KSBIT) with the now defunct Kentucky School Board Insurance Trust through the Kentucky Inter-local School Transportation Association (KISTA). The activity during fiscal year 2020 for the worker's compensation and property and liability deficit are as follows:

KISBIT Issues	<u>-</u>	Original Amount	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	 2019 KSBIT Outstanding	· <u>-</u>	Additions	-	Retirements	2020 KSBIT Outstanding
KSBIT	\$	222,133	8/15/2024	2.0 - 3.25%	\$ 141,669	\$	-	\$	21,942	\$ 119,727

The minimum payments are as follows:

Fiscal			
Year Ended	Local		Total
June 30th	<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>	<b>Payments</b>
2021	22,516	3,349	25,865
2022	23,201	2,663	25,864
2023	23,908	1,956	25,864
2024	24,652	1,212	25,864
2025	25,450	414	25,864
Totals	\$ 119,727	\$ 9,594	\$ 129,321

#### Net Pension & OPEB Liability

The net pension liability is \$3,059,438 for governmental activities and \$136,166 for business-type activities for a total of \$3,195,604 as of June 30, 2020. (See Note G for additional information) The net OPEB liability is \$2,836,489 for governmental activities and \$32,556 for business-type activities for a total of \$2,869,045 as of June 30, 2020. (See Note I for additional information)

A summary of activity in bond obligations and other debts is as follows:

Description	2019 Outstanding Balance	Additions	Retirements	2020 Outstanding Balance	Amount Due in One Year
Bonds, Net of Premium and Discount	9,468,505	-	708,124	8,760,381	1,225,000
Capital Lease	758,030	185,209	165,667	777,572	111,746
Sick Leave	91,474	-	14,229	77,245	-
KSBIT	141,669	-	21,942	119,727	22,516
Net Pension Liability	2,868,899	326,705	-	3,195,604	-
Net OPEB Liability	3,359,571		490,526	2,869,045	
Totals	16,688,148	511,914	1,400,488	15,799,574	1,359,262

#### NOTE E – CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE

The following is an analysis of the leased property under capital lease by class:

KISTA Issue	Original Amount	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	2019 Lease Outstanding	Additions	Retirements	2020 Lease Outstanding
Second Series 2015	284,961	3/1/2025	2.0-2.5%	167,192	-	27,801	139,391
2014	61,793	3/1/2024	2.0 - 2.625%	29,970	-	6,212	23,758
Third Series 2009	796,487	3/1/2020	2.0- 3.6%	76,336	-	76,336	-
Series 2017	374,948	3/1/2027	2.55%	294,567	-	35,124	259,443
Series 2019	189,965	3/1/2029	3.000%	189,965	-	20,194	169,771
Series 2020	185,209	3/1/2030	2.0-2.5%	-	185,209	-	185,209
			_	758,030	185,209	165,667	777,572

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30th	Local Principal	Interest	Total Payments
2021	111,746	19,094	130,840
2022	110,622	16,557	127,179
2023	109,519	13,871	123,390
2024	107,266	11,146.92	118,412.92
2025	104,369	8,433	112,802.42
2026-2030	234,050	13,220	247,270
	\$ 777,572	\$ 82,323	\$ 859,895

Total minimum lease payments	\$ 859,895
Less: Amount representing interest	(82,323)
1 &	` , ,
Present Value of Net Minimum	
Lease Payments	\$ 777,572

#### NOTE F – COMMITMENTS UNDER NON-CAPITALIZED LEASES

Commitments under operating lease agreements for office equipment provided for the minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Payment
	 -
2021	\$ 3,360
2022	3,360
2023	3,360
2024	2,520
Total	\$ 12,600

Expenditures for equipment under operating leases for the year ended June 30, 2020 totaled \$7,656.

#### **NOTE G – RETIREMENT PLANS**

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification.

#### **Teachers Retirement System Kentucky (TRS)**

Plan description—Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information">http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information</a>.

Benefits provided—For members who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the system has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions in the amount of 13.105% of salaries for local school district employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

#### **Medical Insurance Plan**

*Plan description*—In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three point seventy-five percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to TRS

At June 30, 2020 the District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of TRS net pension liability	\$ -
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability associated with the District	18,260,871
·	\$ 18,260,871

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June, 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.1338%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	28.1 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market value
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.5%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.5%
Projected Salary Increase	3.5-7.3%, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

inflation.

#### - Municipal Bond Index Rate decreased to 3.5%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025 (with a set forward of 1 year for females and 2 years for males). The most recent experience study based on the results from July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015 adopted by the Board on September 19, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.2%
International Equity	22.0%	5.2%
Fixed Income	15.0%	1.2%
Additional Categories	7.0%	3.2%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.8%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.3%
Cash	2.0%	0.9%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

				Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
		6.50%		7.50%	8.50%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	23,316,273	\$	18,260,871	\$ 14,006,263

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publically available at <a href="http://www.TRS.ky.gov/">http://www.TRS.ky.gov/</a>.

#### **County Employees Retirement System**

Plan description—Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly, The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of each county and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at <a href="https://kyret.ky.gov">https://kyret.ky.gov</a>.

*Benefits provided:* Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions: Funding for CERS is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% (6.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008) of their salary through payroll deductions, and by employers of members. For the year ending June 30, 2020, employers were required to contribute 24.06% of the member's salary. During the year ending June 30, 2020, the District contributed \$279,844 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

#### **CERS-Medical Insurance Plan**

In addition to the CERS pension benefits described above, recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years -0%, 4-9 years -25%, 10-14 years -50%, 15-19 years -75% and 20 or more years -100%.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.045437%.

District's proportionate share of CERS net pension liability	\$ 3,195,604
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability associated with the District	 <u>-</u>
	\$ 3,195,604

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$270,381. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	81,593	\$	13,502
Changes of assumptions		323,431		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments  Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		61,343		112,858 125,948
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	263,669		
	\$ _	730,036	\$_	252,308

The \$263,669 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Year Ended June 30,
2021	\$ 146,787
2022	41,145
2023	22,474
2024	3,653
	\$ 214,059

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total pension liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 26 years

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 11.55%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in

2018.

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

- The assumed investment rate of return decreased to 6.25%.

- The assumed rate of inflation decreased to 2.30%.
- The Salary Increase changed to 3.30% to 11.55%.
- Phase-In provision added.

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for CERS. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013 is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US Equity	18.75%	4.30%
Non-US Equity	18.75%	4.80%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Special Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.60%
Core Bonds	13.50%	1.35%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Real Estate	5.00%	4.85%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.97%
Real Return	15.00%	4.10%
	100.00%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

	Current					
		1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase		
		5.25%		6.25%		7.25%
District's proportionate share						
of net pension liability	\$	3,996,795	\$	3,195,604	\$	2,527,820

*Pension plan fiduciary net position:* Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publically available at <a href="https://kyret.ky.gov">https://kyret.ky.gov</a>.

Payables to the pension plan: At June 30, 2020, there are no payables to CERS.

#### Other Retirement Plans

The District also offers employees the option to participate in defined contribution plans under Sections 403(B) and 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. All regular full-time and part-time employees are eligible to participate and may contribute up to the maximum allowable by law. These plans are administered by an independent third-party administrator.

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until their termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement and who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not report these assets and liabilities on its financial statements.

#### NOTE H – ACCOUNTING STANDARDS STATEMENT NO. 75

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployments Benefits Other Than OPEB's, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB.

Reporting under GASB 75 is effective for fiscal years commencing after June 15, 2017.

#### NOTE I – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN OPEB

The District's employees participate in retirement systems of either TRS or CERS as described earlier. The following describes the postemployment benefits other than OPEB for both systems.

#### TRS - General Information about the OPEB Plans

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided OPEBs through TRS – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information">http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information</a>

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans.

#### Retiree Medical Plan funded by the Medical Insurance Fund

Plan description—In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided - To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three point seventy-five percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$2,105,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .071911 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of TRS net OPEB liability	\$	2,105,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB		
liability associated with the District		1,700,000
	· <u> </u>	
	\$	3,805,000

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	-	\$	509,000
Changes of assumptions		56,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		9,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		-		145,000
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	184,072		
	\$ _	249,072	\$	654,000

The \$184,072 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

	_	Year Ended June 30,
2021	\$	(115,000)
2022		(115,000)
2023		(110,000)
2024		(111,000)
2025		(86,000)
Thereafter	_	(52,000)
	\$	(589,000)

Changes of Benefit Terms - None

*Changes of Assumptions*- The amortization period decreased to 22 years and the Municipal Bond Index Rate decreased to 3.5%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability was determined using an actuarial valuation of the June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date June 30, 2018 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Amortization Method 22 years, closed Asset Valuation Method

5-year smoothed value

8.0%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, includes Single Equivalent Interest Rate

price inflation

3.5% Municipal Bond Index Rate

Investment Rate of Return 8.0%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, includes

price inflation

Inflation 3.0% Real Wage Growth 0.5% Wage Inflation 3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.2%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 8.0%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025 (with a set forward of 1 year for females and 2 years for males). The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		30 Year Expected
	Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of
Asset Class	Percentage	Return
Global Equity	58.00%	5.10%
Fixed Income	9.00%	1.20%
Real Estate	6.50%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.30%
Additional Categories	17.00%	3.20%
Cash	1.00%	0.90%
Total	100.00%	

*Discount Rate:* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projections basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- The KEHP group retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010, were assumed to be paid by either the state or the retirees themselves.
- As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$7.44 per member per month paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Future contributions to the MIF were based upon the contribution rates defined in statue and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the MIF achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the following MIF statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:

- Employee Contributions
- Employer Contributions
- State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amount in the years if/when the MIF is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the actuarially determined contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the MIF's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years the following was assumed:

- Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
- A 0% active member growth rate was assumed for the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants (membership dates beyond June 30, 2018).

Based on these assumptions, the MIF's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

	Current					
		1% Decrease		<b>Discount Rate</b>		1% Increase
		7.00%		8.00%		9.00%
District & State's						
proportionate share						
of net OPEB liability	\$	2,493,000	\$	2,105,000	\$	1,779,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase
District & State's					
proportionate share					
of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,713,000	\$	2,105,000	\$	2,586,000

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

## <u>Other Post Employment Benefits Liabilities related to the Life Insurance Plan funded by - Life Insurance Plan (LIF)</u>

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan - TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided - Effective July 1, 2000, the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System shall:

- Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for its members who are retired for service or disability. This life insurance benefit shall be payable upon the death of a member retired for service or disability to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member on a form prescribed by the retirement system; and
- Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for its active contributing members. This life insurance benefit shall be payable upon the death of an active contributing member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member on a form prescribed by the retirement system.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

Note: Members employed on a substitute or part-time basis and working at least 69% of a full contract year in a single fiscal year will be eligible for a life insurance benefit for the balance of the fiscal year or the immediately succeeding fiscal year under certain conditions. For non-vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, the life insurance benefit is provided if death occurs as the result of a physical injury on the job. For vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, death does not have to be the result of a physical injury on the job for life insurance benefits to be provided.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2020, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

	\$	39,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB liability associated with the District	_	39,000
District's proportionate share of TRS net OPEB liability	\$	-

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB revenue of \$254,265 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method

Asset Valuation Method

June 30, 2018

Entry Age Normal

30 years, closed

5-year smoothed value

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.5% Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.5%

Investment Rate of Return 7.5%, includes price inflation

Inflation3.0%Real Wage Growth0.5 %Wage Inflation3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.45%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.5%

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

- Projected salary increases changed to 3.5-7.45%.
- Inflation rate decreased to 3.0%.
- Wage inflation decreased to 3.5%.
- Municipal bond index rate decreased to 3.5%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025 (with a set forward of 1 year for females and 2 years for males). The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.2%
International Equity	23.0%	5.2%
Fixed Income	18.0%	1.2%
Real Estate	6.0%	3.8%
Private Equity	5.0%	6.3%
Other Additional Categories	6.0%	3.3%
Cash	2.0%	0.9%
	100.0%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projections basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.5%.
- The employer will contribute the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Insurance Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the LIF's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted.

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

#### CERS - General Information about the OPEB Plans

#### Other Pension Benefit Programs-Employees' Health Plan

Plan description – Recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years – 0%, 4-9 years – 25%, 10-14 years – 50%, 15-19 years – 75% and 20 or more years – 100%.

Benefits provided – Post Retirement Death Benefits – members with a least 4 years creditable service the System will pay a \$5,000 death benefit. Insurance benefits as described above.

*Contributions* - Requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above. Current employees pay 1% toward the insurance fund.

The unfunded medical benefit obligation of the CERS, based upon the entry age normal cost method, as of June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Total medical benefit obligation	\$ 3,567,946,559
Net position available for benefits at actuarial value	(2,523,248,929)
Unfunded medical benefit obligation	\$ 1,044,697,630

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$764,045 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .04542600 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 764,045
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	-
	\$ 764,045

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB revenue of 8,434. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$	-	\$	230,530
	226,088		1,512
	5,033		38,968
	-		57,445
_	32,580	_	
\$	263,701	\$	328,455
	-	\$ - 226,088 5,033	\$ - \$ 226,088 5,033

The \$35,580 (includes \$16,405 Implicit Subsidy) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

	<u>-</u>	Year Ended June 30,
2021	\$	(17,966)
2022		(17,966)
2023		(7,177)
2024		(27,817)
2025		(22,342)
Thereafter	-	(4,066)
	\$	(97,334)

*Implicit Employer Subsidy*- The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB 74 requires that the liability associated with this implicit subsidy be included in the calculation of the Total OPEB Liability.

#### Changes of Benefit Terms-None

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Amortization Period 26 years, closed

Asset Valuation Method 20% of difference between the market value of

assets and the expected actuarial value of assets.

Price Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30 - 11.55%, varies by service

Investment Return 6.25% Payroll Growth 2.00%

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to

2013 With Scale BB (set back 1 year females)

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 7.25% and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over

period of 13 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65) Initial trend starting at 5.10% and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over

period of 11 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Phase-In) Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB362

enacted in 2018.

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

- Amortization period decreased to 26.
- Payroll growth rate decreased to 2.00%
- Investment return rate decreased to 6.25%.
- Inflation rate decreased to 2.30%.
- Salary increase changed to 3.30 11.55%.
- Health care trend rates Pre-65 changed to having an initial trend rate of 7.25% decreasing to 4.05% over 13 years.
- Health care trend rates Post-65 changed to having an initial trend rate of 5.10% decreasing to 4.05% over 11 years.
- Health care trend rates phase in provision was added.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.68%. The rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.13%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 28, 2019. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ended, the plan's insurance fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from

the retirement plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) that applies to CERS.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 5.68%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.68%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.68%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	<b>1% Decrease</b> 4.68%		<b>Discount Rate</b> 5.68%		<b>1% Increase</b> 6.68%	
District's proportionate share						
of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,023,506	\$	764,045	\$	550,266	

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.68%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.68%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.68%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share			
of net OPEB liability	\$ 568,224	\$ 764,045	\$ 1,001,501

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

#### NOTE J – PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST

The District received an endowment from the W. Paul and Lucille Caudill Little Foundation, Inc. in the amount of \$100,000 to provide \$5,000 in operating costs per year to the Adkins-Caudill Performing Arts Center. The \$100,000 is the corpus and earnings of \$7,251.

#### **NOTE K – COMMITMENTS**

The District has no commitments outstanding as of June 30, 2020.

#### **NOTE L – CONTINGENCIES**

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local governmental agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants,

if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their program.

#### **NOTE M - LITIGATION**

The District has no pending or threatened litigation involving amounts exceeding \$10,000 individually or in the aggregate as of June 30, 2020.

#### NOTE N – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, illegal acts, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which include Workers' Compensation insurance.

#### **NOTE O – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to illegal acts, torts, theft/damage/destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omission, and general liability coverage, the District purchased commercial insurance policies.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Districts Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE P – DEFICIT FUND AND OPERATING BALANCES

The following funds had a deficit change in fund balance/net position and/or deficit fund balance/net position:

	Change in Net Position			
<u>Fund</u>		Net Change in Fund Balance		
Business-type Activities/Proprietary Fund	\$	(6,481)		
General Fund	\$	(108,849)		

#### **NOTE Q – COBRA**

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

#### **NOTE R – TRANSFER OF FUNDS**

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type	From	To	Purpose	Amount
Debt Service	General Fund	Debt Service	Debt Payments \$	67,225
Debt Service	Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Debt Payments	34,898
Operations	Capital Outlay	Construction	Operating Costs	16,190
Debt Service	<b>Building Fund</b>	Debt Service	Debt Payments	379,088
Operations	Capital Outlay	General Fund	Operating Costs	39,820
Operations	Food Service	General Fund	Indirect Costs	50,047
Special Rev	General Fund	Special Revenue	KETS Matching \$	19,413

#### **NOTE S – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS**

For fiscal year 2020, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Plan/Description	<b>Amount</b>
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (GASB 68 and 75)	\$ 1,477,019
Health Insurance	1,170,504
Life Insurance	1,804
Administrative Fee	14,928
HRA/Dental/Vision	48,125
Federal Reimbursement	(122,091)
Technology	64,697
SFCC Debt Service Payments	451,736
Total	\$ 3,106,722

These amounts are included in the financial statements as state revenue and an expense allocated to the different functions in the same proportion as full-time employees.

#### NOTE T – RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

The following funds had restricted fund balances.

Restricted Fund Balance/								
<u>Fund</u>		Net Position	<u>Purpose</u>					
Special Revenue Fund	\$	29,543	District Activities					
Private Purpose Trust		107,251	Scholarships					
Proprietary		183,007	School Food Services					
FSPK Fund	\$	208	FSPK					

#### **NOTE U – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The District has evaluated subsequent events through November 13, 2020, the date of the audit report.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CERS and TRS

For the Year ended June 30, 2020

COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2017 (2016)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2016 (2015)
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability	0.04544%	0.04711%	0.04938%	0.052870%	0.05000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,195,604 \$	2,868,899 \$	2,890,188 \$	2,603,284 \$	2,189,804
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District					
Total	\$ 3,195,604 \$	2,868,899 \$	2,890,188 \$	2,603,284 \$	2,189,804
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,207,174 \$	1,160,030 \$	1,166,293 \$	1,183,416 \$	1,187,072
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	264.72%	247.31%	247.81%	219.98%	184.47%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	50.54%	53.54%	53.30%	59.00%	59.97%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS):					
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability	0.013%	0.140%	0.146%	0.145%	0.145%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	18,260,871	18,281,526	39,335,714	42,776,336	33,760,088
Total	\$ 18,260,871 \$	18,281,526 \$	39,335,714 \$	42,776,336 \$	33,760,088
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,618,680 \$	4,699,100 \$	4,893,121 \$	4,765,809 \$	4,696,553
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	58.80%	59.30%	39.80%	35.22%	42.29%

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS CERS and TRS

For the Year ended June 30, 2020

COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):		2020	_	2019	_	2018	_	2017	-	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$	263,669	\$	254,210	\$	217,667	\$	229,969	\$	201,659
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		263,669	_	254,210	_	217,667	_	229,969	_	201,659
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	=	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,176,458	\$	1,207,174	\$	1,160,030	\$	1,166,293	\$	1,183,416
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		22.41%		21.06%		18.76%		19.72%		17.04%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS):										
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		<u>-</u>	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	<u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	=	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,662,184	\$	4,618,680	\$	4,699,100	\$	4,893,121	\$	4,765,809
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

## ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2020

#### (1) CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes of benefit terms for TRS or CERS.

#### (2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

#### TRS

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

o Municipal Bond Index Rate decreased to 3.5%.

#### **CERS**

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

- o The assumed investment rate of return decreased to 6.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation decreased to 2.30%.
- o The Salary Increase changed to 3.30% to 11.55%.
- o Phase-In provision added.

## (3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

#### TRS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Valuation Date June 30, 2018 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 28.1 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market value

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.5% Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.5%

Projected Salary Increase 3.5-7.3%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation.

#### **CERS**

The Board of Trustees uses this actuarial valuation to certify the employer contribution rates for CERS for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2020. The amortization period of the unfunded liability has been reset as of July 1, 2013 to a closed 30-year period. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

## ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2020

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 26 years

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the

expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 11.55%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate

in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2020

MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.07191%	0.07273%	0.07764%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 2,105,000 \$	2,523,000 \$	2,768,000
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	1,700,000	2,175,000	2,261,000
Total	\$ 3,805,000 \$	4,698,000 \$	5,029,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,618,680 \$	4,699,100 \$	4,893,121
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	45.58%	53.69%	56.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	32.60%	25.50%	21.20%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ - \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	39,000	37,000	30,000
Total	\$ 39,000 \$	37,000 \$	30,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,618,680 \$	4,699,100 \$	4,893,121
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	73.40%	75.00%	80.00%

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2020

		2020		2019		2018		
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	125,216	\$	124,807	\$	129,547		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		125,216		124,807		129,547		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_		_		_	<u>-</u>		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,662,184	\$	4,618,680	\$	4,699,100		
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		2.69%		2.70%		2.76%		
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN								
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Contribution deficiency (excess)				-	_	-		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,662,184	\$	4,618,680	\$	4,699,100		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY -HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2020

HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	 Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017) 0.04938%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 764,045	\$ 836,571	\$ 992,647
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	<u>-</u>		 <u>-</u>
Total	\$ 764,045	\$ 836,571	\$ 992,647
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,207,174	\$ 1,160,030	\$ 1,166,293
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	63.29%	72.12%	85.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	60.44%	57.62%	13.00%

#### **ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2020

	2020		 2019		2018	
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	32,580	\$ 26,201	\$	22,867	
Contributions in relation to the contractually		32,580	 26,201		22,867	
Contribution deficiency (excess)		_	 -		-	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,176,458	\$ 1,207,174	\$	1,160,030	
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		2.77%	2.17%		1.97%	

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

## ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020

#### TRS

#### (1) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms for the medical insurance fund or the life insurance fund.

#### (2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

#### Medical Insurance Fund

- o The amortization period decreased to 22 years
- o Municipal Bond Index Rate decreased to 3.5%.

#### Life Insurance Fund

- o Projected salary increases changed to 3.5-7.45%.
- o Inflation rate decreased to 3.0%.
- o Wage inflation decreased to 3.5%.
- o Municipal bond index rate decreased to 3.5%.

## (3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

#### Medical Insurance Fund

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2020:

Valuation Date June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method 22 years, closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed value

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 8.0%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, includes price

inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.5%

Investment Rate of Return 8.0%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, includes price

inflation

Inflation3.0%Real Wage Growth0.5%Wage Inflation3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.2%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 8.0%

## ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020

#### Life Insurance Fund

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2020:

Valuation Date June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method 30 years, closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed value

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.5% Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.5%

Investment Rate of Return 7.5%, includes price inflation

Inflation3.0%Real Wage Growth0.5 %Wage Inflation3.5%

Salary Increase 3.5 to 7.45%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.5%

#### **CERS**

Other Pension Benefit Programs-Employees' Health Plan

#### (1) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms.

#### (2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

- o Amortization period decreased to 26.
- o Payroll growth rate decreased to 2.00%
- o Investment return rate decreased to 6.25%.
- o Inflation rate decreased to 2.30%.
- o Salary increase changed to 3.30 11.55%.
- Health care trend rates Pre-65 changed to having an initial trend rate of 7.25% decreasing to 4.05% over 13 years.
- o Health care trend rates Post-65 changed to having an initial trend rate of 5.10% decreasing to 4.05% over 11 years.
- o Health care trend rates phase in provision was added.

## (3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years -0%, 4-9 years -25%, 10-14 years -50%, 15-19 years -75% and 20 or more years -100%.

## ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020

Contributions requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Amortization Period 26 years, closed

Asset Valuation Method 20% of difference between the market value of assets and the

expected actuarial value of assets.

Price Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30 - 11.55%, varies by service

Investment Return 6.25% Payroll Growth 2.00%

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013

With Scale BB (set back 1 year females)

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 7.25% and gradually decreasing To an

ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 13 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post 65) Initial trend starting at 5.10% and gradually decreasing To an

ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 11 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Phase-In) Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate

in accordance with HB362 enacted in 2018.

## Elliott County School District Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2020

#### **Other Governmental Funds** Capital **FSPK** Construction Outlay **Fund Fund** Total **Assets** Cash and cash equivalents 208 \$ 208 Total assets 208 208 **Fund Balances** Restricted 208 208 208 \$ Total fund balances 208

#### Elliott County School District

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2020

	Other Governmental Funds					
	_	Capital Outlay	FSPK Fund	Construction Fund	Total	
Revenues						
Taxes						
Property	\$	- \$	112,524 \$	- \$	112,524	
Intergovernmental - state		90,908	266,564		357,472	
Total revenues		90,908	379,088		469,996	
Expenditures						
Building improvements				16,190	16,190	
Total expenditures	_		-	16,190	16,190	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	_	90,908	379,088	(16,190)	453,806	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers (out)		(90,908)	(379,088)	16,190	(453,806)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(90,908)	(379,088)	16,190	(453,806)	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other						
Financing Sources Over Expenditures						
and Other Financing Uses		-	-	-	-	
Fund Balance Beginning		<u> </u>	208		208	
Fund Balance Ending	\$	\$	208 \$	\$	208	

# Elliott County School District Combining Balance Sheet - School Activity and Private Purpose Trust June 30, 2020

#### **SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS ELLIOTT CO. PRIVATE ISONVILLE** LAKESIDE **SANDY HOOK ELEMENTARY** HIGH SCHOOL **ELEMENTARY ELEMENTARY PURPOSE TRUST TOTAL ASSETS** Cash and cash equivalents 29,586 68,985 10,116 107,251 \$ 215,938 215,938 Total assets 68,985 10,116 29,586 107,251 **LIABILITIES** Accounts payable 248 248 Total liabilities 248 248 **FUND BALANCE** Trust activity 107,251 107,251 School activities 68,737 10,116 29,586 108,439 68,737 10,116 29,586 107,251 215,690

68,985

**TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE** 

10,116 \$

29,586

107,251 \$

215,938

# Elliott County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance-School Activity and Private Purpose Trust Year ended June 30, 2020

#### **SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS ELLIOTT CO. ISONVILLE SANDY HOOK PRIVATE LAKESIDE HIGH SCHOOL ELEMENTARY TOTAL ELEMENTARY ELEMENTARY PURPOSE TRUST** Revenues 242,748 \$ 1,957 \$ 6,840 \$ 30,751 \$ 1,442 \$ Student/trust revenues \$ 283,738 **Expenditures** Student/trust activities 234,266 3,443 4,812 21,909 264,430 **Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenses** 8,482 (1,486)2,028 8,842 1,442 19,308

1,486

8,088

10,116 \$

20,744

29,586 \$

105,809

107,251 \$

196,382

215,690

60,255

68,737 \$

**Fund Balance-Beginning** 

**Fund Balance-Ending** 

## Elliott County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance - Elliott County High School Year ended June 30, 2020

	FUND BALANCE BEGINNING	REVENUES	EXPENSES	TRANSFERS	FUND BALANCE ENDING
GENERAL FUND	\$ 3,266 \$	25,606 \$	25,241 \$	- \$	3,631
SENIOR CLASS FUNDS	302	10,377	10,836	165	8
HS SCIENCE	5	-	-	-	5
ARCHERY	3,222	10,185	7,571	-	5.836
ELEMENTARY BASKETBALL	3,276	4,019	5,551	-	1,744
PROM 2020	164	225	-	(389)	
FBLA/LEADERSHIP CLASS	1,453	24,132	25,498	(200)	87
ENVIRONMENTAL CLUB	344		-	-	344
ANNUAL	1,344	160	1,102	-	402
SOCCER	520	-	-	-	520
FCA	1,170	3,845	2,769	(575)	1,671
AP GEOGRAPHY	663	-	_,,	=	663
PEP CLUB	176	<u>-</u>	-	-	176
ELEMENTARY CHEERLEADING	627	<u>-</u>	-	-	627
DUNGEONS AND DRAGONS CLUB	221	-	-	-	221
LIONS/CUBS CLUB	-	235	_	-	235
DISTRICT ACTIFITY FUNDS	-		3,600	3,600	
STARTUP/CHANGE FUND	-	1,600	1,600	-	_
JUNIOR CLASS	-	37	-	(37)	-
GENERAL II	150	-	_	-	150
FACULTY VENDING	1,368	1,751	2,352	-	767
DRAMA CLUB	8	278	189	-	97
BETA	1,303	2,846	1,241	-	2,908
BAND	4,515	9,073	6,688	-	6,900
JR BETA	35	9,981	8,926	-	1,090
FRESHMAN ACCOUNT	471	-	-	-	471
SOPHOMORE FUND	10	118	-	(128)	-
FCCLA	3,186	1,424	1,185	(:=3)	3,425
FFA	3,332	6,058	8,057	575	1,908
INDUSTRIAL ARTS	184	-	-	-	184
WELDING	-	230	199	-	31
ATHLETIC	10,046	26,333	31,053	(788)	4,538
7TH & 8TH ATHLETIC	287	18,035	17,048	-	1,274
HS ATHLETIC GIRLS	613	27,782	24,340	(250)	3,805
CROSS COUNTRY	1,053	2,029	2,811	===	271
TRACK	16	-,	_,	-	16
HS CHEERLEADING	3,777	20,371	14,574	(1,190)	8,384
7/8 CHEERLEADING	745	3,488	5,421	1,190	2
VOLLEYBALL	7	4,715	4,086	-	636
BASEBALL	1,285	10,340	8,064	-	3,561
SOFTBALL	219	-	215	-	4
GOLF 08-09	7	1,903	2,447	538	1
ROTC	2,795	2,676	2,765	500	3,206
LIBRARY	112	-	-	-	112
YEARBOOK ADS	2,626	-	_	_	2,626
ACADEMIC TEAM	507	-	313	_	194
JUNIOR CLASS (PROM)	1,380	7,547	5,415	389	3,901
8TH GRADE	331	- ,	-	(331)	-
7TH/8TH GRADE ACCOUNT	3,134	5,349	3,109	(3,269)	2,105
TOTALS	\$\$ 60,255_ \$	242,748 \$	234,266 \$	- \$	68,737

### ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipents	Program or Award Amount	Expenditures
US Department of Agriculture					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
School Breakfast Program	10.553				
Fiscal Year 19	10.555	7760005 19 \$	- \$	N/A \$	40,821
Fiscal Year 20		7760005 13	Ψ -	N/A	131,545
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7700003 20	-	IN/A	131,343
Fiscal Year 19	10.555	7750002 19		N/A	83,266
Fiscal Year 20		7750002 19	-	N/A N/A	269,285
	10.550	7750002 20	-	IN/A	209,200
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7000004.40		NI/A	540
Fiscal Year 19		7690024 19	-	N/A	542
Fiscal Year 20		7690024 20	-	N/A	6,522
Fiscal Year 19		7740023 19	-	N/A	5,187
Fiscal Year 20 Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal		7740023 20	-	N/A	63,557 600,725
State Administrative Grant for Nutrition	10.560				,
Fiscal Year 19	10.560	7700001 19	-	N/A	3,064
Fresh Fruits & Vegetables	10.582				
Fiscal Year 19	10.002	7720012 19	_	N/A	2,469
Fiscal Year 20		7720012 13	_	N/A	14,951
riscal fedi 20		7720012 20	-	IN/A	
December of Theorem Control Department of Assistant					17,420
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture					
Food Donation-Commodities	10.565				
Fiscal Year 20		510.4950	-	N/A	45,005
Total US Department of Agriculture					666,214
JS Department of Education					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
* Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A				
Fiscal Year 19		3100002 19	-	435,553	16,077
Fiscal Year 20		3100002 20	-	477,224	477,224
					493,301
Special Education Grants to States	84.027A				
Fiscal Year 20		3810002 20	-	299,236	299,236
Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.173A				
Fiscal Year 20		3800002 20	-	19,669	19,669
Special Education Cluster Subtotal					318,905
Title IV Part A	84.424A				
Fiscal Year 19		3420002 19	=	35,132	723
Fiscal Year 20		3420002 20	-	36,181	36,181
					36,904
Perkins	84.048				
Fiscal Year 19		3710002 19	-		-
Fiscal Year 20		3710002 20	-	17,431	16,855
					16,855
Teacher Quality	84.367A				
Fiscal Year 19		3230002 18	-	57,600	11,165
Fiscal Year 20		3230002 19	_	62,282	62,282
1 10001 1 001 20		0200002 10		02,202	73,447
Rural Education	84.358				70,117
Fiscal Year 20	04.000	3140002 19	_	19,777	19,777
Fiscal Teal 20		3140002 19	-	19,777	19,777
CARES Act Educational Stabilization Fund	04 4250				
CARES Act Educational Stabilization Fund	84.425D	4000000 00		000 000	40.705
Fiscal Year 20		4000002 20	-	388,828	18,725
Total US Department of Education					977,914
US Department of Defense					
Passed directly from the US Department of the Army					
ROTC	12.000				
Fiscal Year 20	12.000	504E		N/A	12 605
1 10UAI 1 UAI 2U		3U4E	-	IN/A	43,685
Total US Department of Defense					43,685
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards				\$	1,687,813

## ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended June 30, 2020

#### NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Elliott County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Elliott County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

#### NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District received food commodities totaling \$45,005.

#### NOTE D - INDIRECT COST RATE

The Elliott County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### 1407 Lexington Road Richmond, KY 40475 (859) 624-3926



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Elliott County School District Sandy Hook, KY And the State Committee for School District Audits

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Elliott County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Elliott County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2020.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Elliott County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Elliott County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Elliott County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Elliott County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Elliott County School District in a separate letter dated November 13, 2020.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, KY

November 13, 2020

#### 1407 Lexington Road Richmond, KY 40475 (859) 624-3926



Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Elliott County School District Sandy Hook, KY And the State Committee of School District Audits

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Elliott County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Elliott County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Elliott County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Elliott County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Elliott County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Elliott County School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Elliott County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Elliott County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Elliott County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Elliott County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, KY November 13, 2020

#### ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND OUESTIONED COSTS

For the year ended June 30, 2020

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

What type of report was issued for the financial statements? Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed? None Reported If so, was any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)? N/A

Unmodified

Was any material noncompliance reported (GAGAS)? No

Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed for major programs? No

Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed that were not considered to be material weaknesses? None Reported

What type of report was issued on compliance for major programs? Unmodified

Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that is required to be reported as described in the Uniform Guidance? No

**Major Programs** Title I [CFDA 84.010A]

Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs \$750,000

Low risk auditee? Yes

#### FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No findings at the financial statement level.

### FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings at the major federal award programs level.

## ELLIOTT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

For the year ended June 30, 2020

There were no prior year audit findings.



#### MANAGEMENT LETTER POINTS

Elliott County School District Sandy Hook, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Elliott County School District for the year ended June 30, 2020, we considered the District's internal controls in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit, we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. We previously reported on the District's internal control in our report dated November 13, 2020. This letter does not affect our report dated November 13, 2020, on the financial statements of the Elliott County School District. The conditions observed are as follows:

#### ISONVILLE ELEMENTARY

1-20

Statement of Condition: Instances of receipts not being deposited timely.

Recommendation for Correction: All monies should be deposited on a daily basis. In the event that less than \$100 is on hand to deposit, smaller amounts may be held in a secure location until \$100 is collected. At a minimum, deposits shall be made on a weekly basis even if the deposit amount is less than \$100. The total of the deposit slip shall match the total receipts written since the last deposit. Each deposit shall be verified by a second person daily.

Management Response to the Recommendation: This location is no longer open; however, the administration is providing Redbook training for all bookkeepers at all locations to ensure everyone is aware and trained on properly managing, depositing and recording school funds. Bookkeepers will make deposits according to policy.

#### <u> 2-20</u>

Statement of Condition: Instances of all receipt numbers not being listed on deposit slip.

Recommendation for Correction: The school treasurer shall prepare deposit slips containing the issuers name and the amount of each check or retain a copy of all checks to be deposited. The deposit slip shall note the receipt numbers in the deposit.

Management Response to the Recommendation: This location is no longer open; however, the administration is providing Redbook training for all bookkeepers at all locations to ensure everyone is aware and trained on properly managing, depositing and recording school funds. Bookkeepers will list all receipt numbers on the deposit slip.

#### 3-20

Statement of Condition: Monthly Financial Reports were not being submitted to the superintendent or finance officer at the close of each month (July, Dec, and Jan).

Recommendation for Correction: Monthly financial reports shall be prepared and submitted to the superintendent or finance officer no later than the 15<sup>th</sup> of the following month. The original shall be signed and reviewed for accuracy and reasonableness by the principal and submitted to the superintendent or finance officer and a copy retained in the files. A list of accounts payables and receivables shall accompany the report.

Management Response to the Recommendation: Email reminders will be sent to bookkeepers to ensure that monthly reports are submitted on time.

#### LAKESIDE ELEMENTARY

No conditions

#### SANDY HOOK ELEMENTARY

4-20

Statement of Condition: Instances of all receipt numbers not being listed on deposit slip.

Recommendation for Correction: The school treasurer shall prepare deposit slips containing the issuers name and the amount of each check or retain a copy of all checks to be deposited. The deposit slip shall note the receipt numbers in the deposit.

Management Response to the Recommendation: The school treasurer will prepare deposit slips with the check numbers listed as well as the issuers name. The school treasurer will make copies of each check to be deposited and will note the receipt numbers in the deposit.

#### ELLIOTT COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

5-20

Statement of Condition: Fund Raiser Worksheet (F-SA-2B) not being utilized for all fundraising events that require one.

Recommendation for Correction: For each fundraising event, the sponsor responsible for the administration of the fundraiser will fill out the Fund Raiser Worksheet (F-SA-2B). After completion of the fundraiser, the sponsor will submit the completed Fund Raiser Worksheet to the Principal for review. After review, the principal will give the Fund Raiser Worksheet to the school treasurer to file with other financial documents.

Management Response to the Recommendation: Sponsors will be required and reminded to submit the Fund Raiser Worksheet (F-SA-2B) to principal and treasurer after each fundraiser is completed.

#### 6-20

Statement of Condition: Instances of receipts not being deposited timely.

Recommendation for Correction: All monies should be deposited on a daily basis. In the event that less than \$100 is on hand to deposit, smaller amounts may be held in a secure location until \$100 is collected. At a minimum, deposits shall be made on a weekly basis even if the deposit amount is less than \$100. The total of the deposit slip shall match the total receipts written since the last deposit. Each deposit shall be verified by a second person daily.

Management Response to the Recommendation: Sponsors/teachers will be reminded to turn money in daily and treasurer will deposit money daily. Each deposit will be verified by a second person daily.

We will review the status of these conditions during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these conditions and suggestions with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss these conditions in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

All prior year conditions have been implemented and corrected. Ms. Debbie Stephens, Superintendent is the person responsible for initiation of the corrective action plan for the above conditions which will be implemented immediately. The corrective action plan is the management response for each condition.

We would like to thank the Finance Officer, Kristen Salyers, and their department for their support and assistance during our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, and others within the district and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

White & Associates, PSC White & Associates, PSC Richmond, Kentucky November 13, 2020