ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020



8 WEST WAY COURT LAKE JACKSON, TEXAS 77566



Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended August 31, 2020

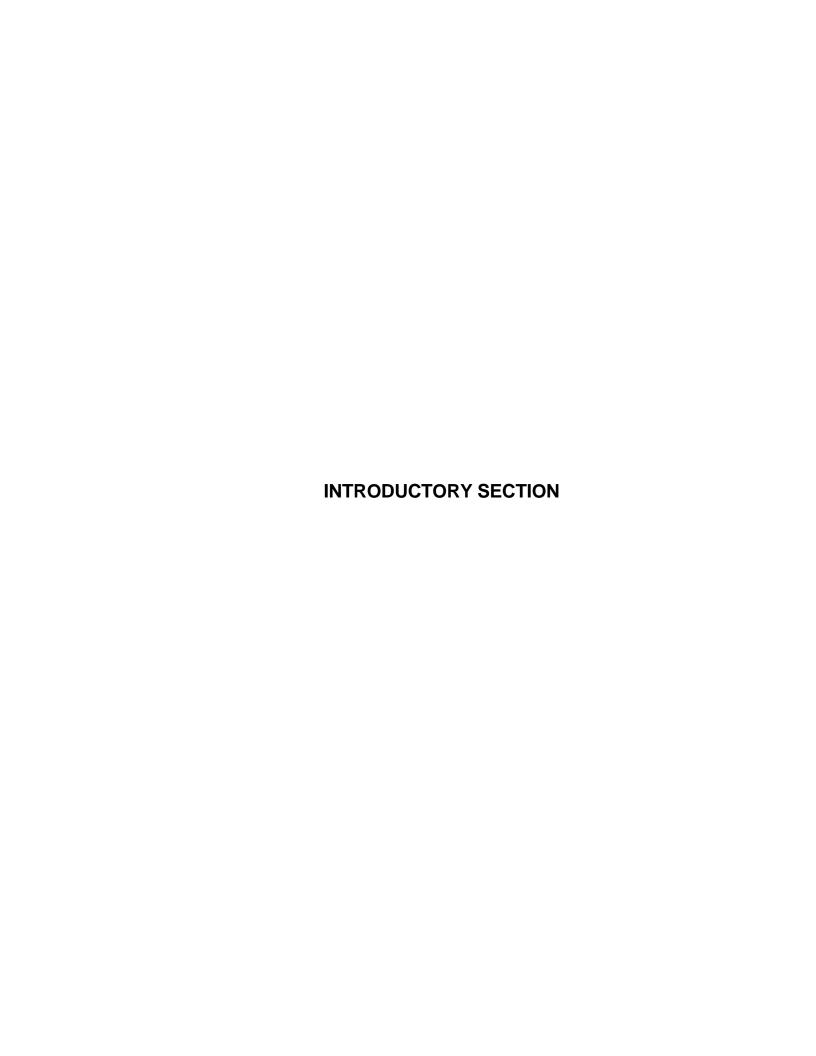
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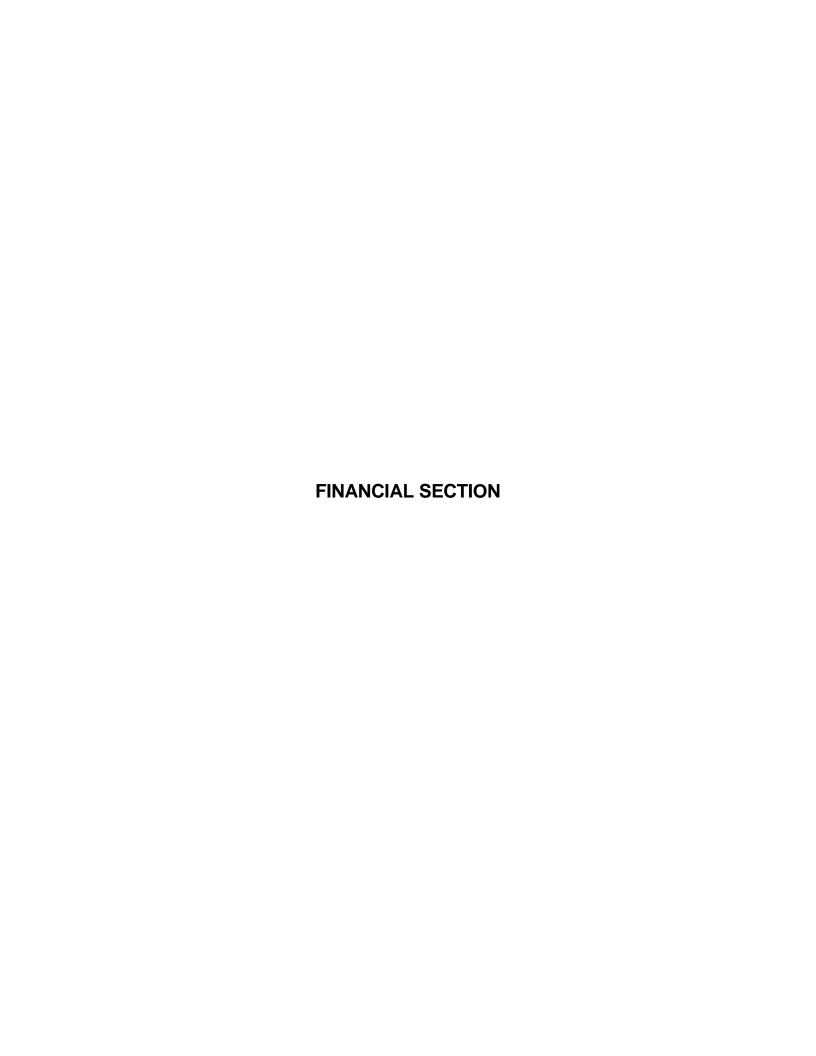


CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Van Vleck Independent School District	<u>Matagorda</u>	158-906					
Name of School District	County	Co.–Dist. Number					
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual fina	ancial reports of the above nar	ned school district were					
reviewed and (check one) approved disapprov	ved for the year ended August	31, 2020, at a meeting					
of the board of trustees of such school district on the <u>11th</u> day of January 2021.							
Terry Evans Signature of Board Secretary	Tony Kucera, Jr. Signature of Board President	Jr					

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are) (attach list if necessary):









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District 142 S. Fourth Street Van Vleck, Texas 77482

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Van Vleck Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Lake Jackson 8 W Way Ct. Lake Jackson, TX 77566 979-297-4075 El Campo 201 W. Webb St. El Campo, TX 77437 979-543-6836 Angleton 2801 N. Velasco, Suite C Angleton, TX 77515 979-849-8297 **Bay City** 2245 Avenue G Bay City, TX 77414 979-245-9236



Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District Van Vleck, Texas 77482 Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, required pension schedules and required OPEB schedules on pages 15 through 25 and 77 through 83 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and required Texas Education Agency schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements required Texas Education Agency schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District Van Vleck, Texas 77482 Page 3

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas December 16, 2020



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

As management of the Van Vleck Independent School District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent period by \$13,567,926 (net position). Of this amount, \$5,802,391 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 20,835,592. Approximately 19.01% of this total amount, \$ 3,959,934, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$ 3,959,934, or 29.28% of the total general fund expenditures.
- The District reported net pension liability of \$ 3,494,304 and a net OPEB liability of \$ 4,160,187, at August 31, 2020, with the implementation of GASB Statements 68, 71, and 75. With the addition of these non-current liabilities on an accrual basis, the District reported an unrestricted net position in the amount of \$ 5,802,391.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) as opposed to *business-type activities* that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District has no *business-type activities* for which it is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 27 through 28 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds - not the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and/or bond covenants.
- Other funds may be established by the Board to control and manage money for particular purposes
 or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, government fund financial statements focus on nearterm inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the government fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The District maintains twenty-one (21) governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eighteen (18) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, national school breakfast and lunch program, and debt service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 30 through 33 of this report.
- Proprietary funds. The District maintains no proprietary funds.
- Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position that can be found on pages 34 through 35. These activities are excluded from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 38 through 73 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 77 through 83 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining statements can be found on pages 86 through 93 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$ 13,567,926 as of August 31, 2020. Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased by \$ 606,100, from \$ 14,174,026 to \$ 13,567,926.

The District's Net Position

	2020	2019
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 28,039,063	\$ 45,120,403 31,826,712 76,947,115
Deferred outflows of resources Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>2,686,589</u> <u>2,686,589</u>	2,649,783 2,649,783
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	82,724,700 6,897,441 89,622,141	55,650,715 8,222,242 63,872,957
Deferred inflows of resources Total deferred inflows of resources	2,369,128 2,369,128	1,549,915 1,549,915
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	7,602,081 163,454 5,802,391	5,980,700 112,221 8,081,105
Total net position	\$ <u>13,567,926</u>	\$ <u>14,174,026</u>

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

Investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles, and construction in progress) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding is \$ 7,602,081. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the District's net position, \$ 163,454 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is \$ 5,802,391, which represents unrestricted net position.

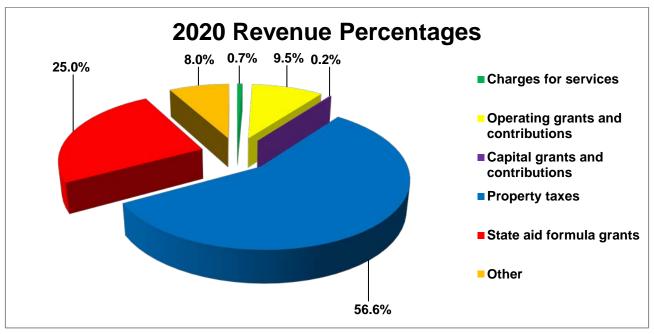
Governmental activities. The District's total net position decreased \$ 606,100. The total cost of all *governmental activities* this year was \$ 18,903,952. The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$ 10,359,848 or 54.80%.

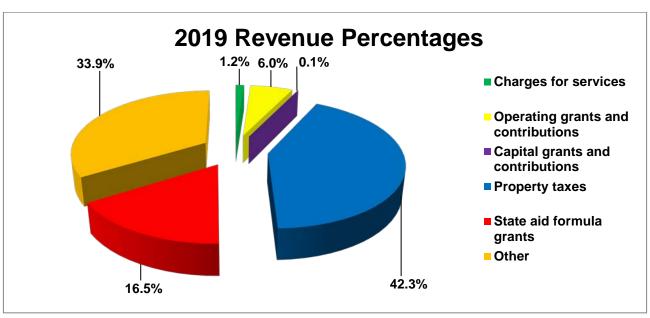
Changes in the District's Net Position

	 2020		2019
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 121,088	\$	298,501
Operating grants and contributions	1,737,655		1,473,282
Capital grants and contributions	41,595		5,222
General Revenues:			
Property taxes	10,359,848		10,467,010
State aid formula grants	4,565,763		4,089,931
Other	 1,471,903		8,378,827
Total revenues	18,297,852		24,712,773
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Expenses:			
Instruction	7,763,145		6,930,092
Instructional resources and media services	111,739		102,166
Curriculum and instructional staff development	50,497		37,079
Instructional leadership	167,547		149,959
School leadership	847,308		780,892
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	328,331		365,821
Social work services	15,000		
Health services	171,929		189,112
Student transportation	315,809		367,968
Food services	793,757		813,810
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	911,074		791,055
General administration	798,944		726,791
Plant maintenance and operations	2,963,185		4,402,177
Security and monitoring services	193,892		192,127
Data processing services	387,532		249,007
Community services	1,456		2,651
Interest and fiscal charges	2,730,712		1,764,170
			(continued)

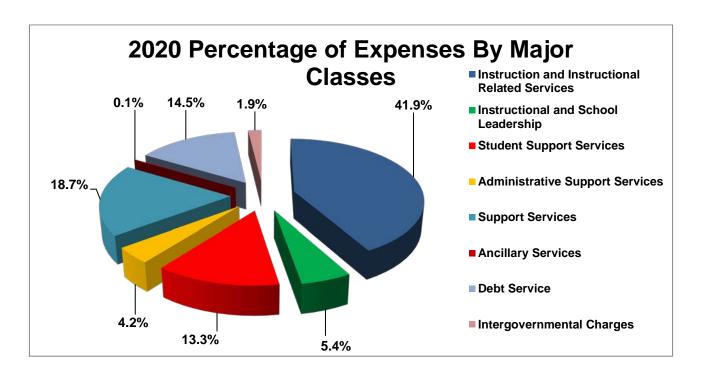
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

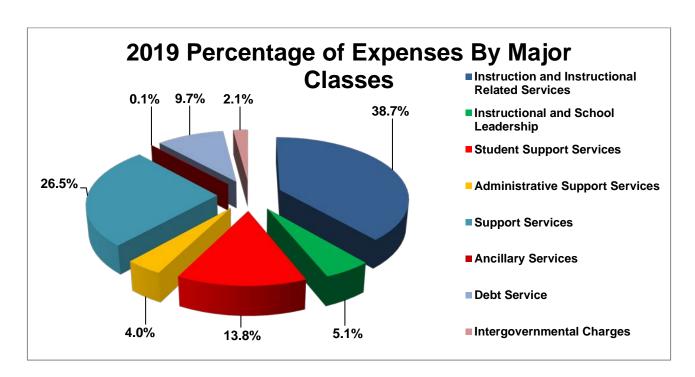
		2020		2019
Payments related to shared services arrangements Other governmental charges	\$_	240,005 112,090	\$_	258,536 133,913
Total expenses	_	18,903,952	_	18,257,326
Change in net position	(606,100)		6,455,447
Net position - beginning	_	14,174,026	_	7,718,579
Net position - ending	\$_	13,567,926	\$_	14,174,026





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 20,835,592, a decrease of \$ 15,845,628. Approximately 19.01% of this total amount, \$ 3,959,934, constitutes *unassigned fund balance*. The remainder of fund balance is *nonspendable, restricted, committed* or *assigned* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been classified 1) for inventories \$ 20,378, 2) for prepaid items \$ 216,889, 3) for capital acquisitions and contractual obligations \$ 7,838,747, 4) for debt service \$ 154,002, 5) other restricted \$ 32,180, and 6) other committed \$ 8,613,462.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$ 3,959,934, while the total fund balance was \$ 12,726,823. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 29.28% of the total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 94.09% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the District's general fund decreased \$ 1,815,994 during the current fiscal year. Key factors related to this change are as follows:

- The District is in a Chapter 313 agreement with Maverick Tube Corporation/Tenaris and received a revenue loss payment of \$ 366,511 and a supplemental payment of \$ 103,379 from the entity.
- The District's last day of in person learning and no ongoing campus activity was March 4th, 2020 due to the COVID pandemic.
- TEA adjusted ADA for the school year after closing due the COVID pandemic
- All employees were paid fiscal year 2020 salary after school closure cause by the COVID pandemic.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$ 154,002, all of which is restricted for debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the period in the debt service fund was \$ 87,080. Following are factors contributing to this change:

- The tax rate for I&S was \$ 0.22281 with a 99% projected collection rate. The tax collections exceed the expected collection rate.
- In addition to current year property tax revenue, penalties and interest were collected on delinquent payments of \$ 17,874.
- Interest was earned on the deposited funds of \$ 11,570.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

The capital projects fund has a total fund balance of \$ 7,838,747, all of which is restricted for the acquisition of capital contractual obligations. The net decrease in fund balance during the period in the capital projects fund was \$ 14,120,513. Following are factors contributing to this change:

- Renovations to the football stadium and track were completed.
- Renovations to the auditorium and gymnasium began.
- Construction of the new elementary school began.
- Construction of the new high school, middle school and renovations to the agriculture building began.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District made the following amendments to budgeted revenue.

- Budget insurance recover revenue for reimbursement for hail damage claims.
- Decrease budgeted revenue for the National School Lunch and Breakfast Program.

Following is a summary of amendments made to appropriations:

- Budget MAC/SHARS contracted services.
- Budget for hail damage expenditures.
- Increase security budget to cover all school district events.
- Increase cocurricular budget to renovate projects outside of the scope of the bond.
- Increase budget for National School Lunch and Breakfast Program costs.
- Budget transfer of funds to the National School Lunch and Breakfast Program from the General Fund.

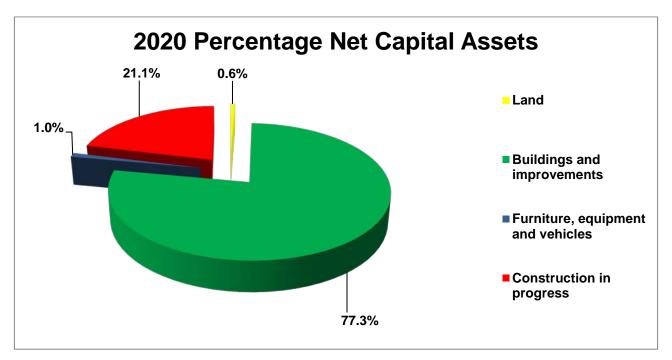
Capital assets. The District's investments in capital assets for its governmental activities as of August 31, 2020 amounts to \$74,833,543 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles, and construction in progress.

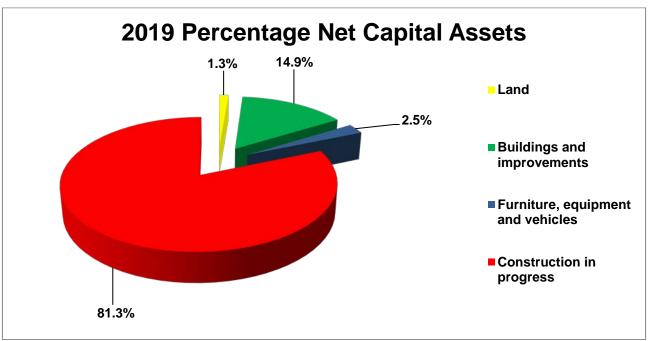
District's Net Capital Assets

		2020	 2019
Land Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles Construction in progress	\$	461,898 57,828,150 779,723 15,763,772	\$ 423,398 4,743,102 806,154 25,854,058
Total at historical cost	\$ <u></u>	74,833,543	\$ 31,826,712

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 55 through 56 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020



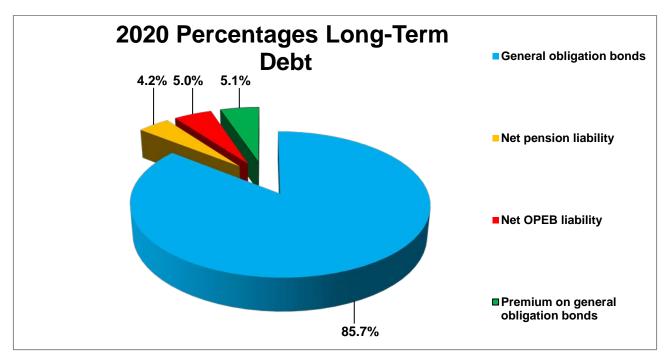


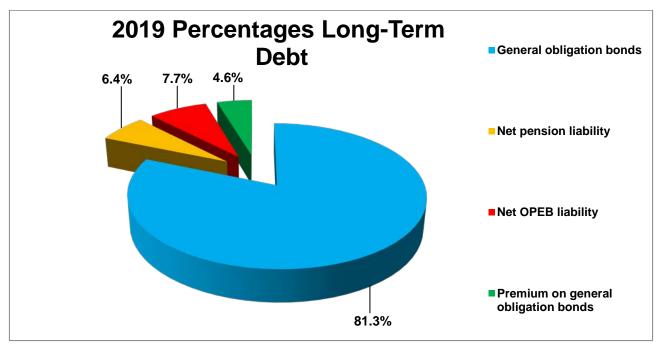
Long-term debt. At August 31, 2020, the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$82,724,700. Long-term debt is made of general obligation bonds of \$70,830,000, net pension liability of \$3,494,304, net OPEB liability of \$4,160,187, and premium on general obligation bonds of \$4,240,209.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

District's Long-Term Debt:

		2020	_	2019
General obligation bonds Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Premium on general obligation bonds	\$	70,830,000 3,494,304 4,160,187 4,240,209	\$	45,250,000 3,561,279 4,284,164 2,555,272
Total long-term debt	\$ <u>_</u>	82,724,700	\$_	55,650,715





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AUGUST 31, 2020

S&P's AAA rating on the District's bonded indebtedness is provided by a guarantee of the Texas Permanent School Fund for timely payment of principal and interest in the event the District is unable to meet debt service requirements. S&P's AAA underlying rating is representative of the District's sizable but highly concentrated tax base, low debt levels, and modest financial reserves.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes 6 on pages 57 through 58 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Factors affecting the 2020 Budget were as follows:

- The 2020 M&O Certified Taxable Value is \$ 680,172,104. The VVISD M&O budget is based on an M&O tax rate of \$ 0.8974.
- The 2020 I&S Certified Taxable Value is \$2,115,271,314 and an I&S tax rate of \$.28204.
- The total tax rate is \$ 1.17944.
- The impact of the COVID pandemic continues
- The District passed a voter election for an \$88,200,000 bond package in November 2017. As of August 31, 2020, the District issued \$78,600,000 of the bond package. In November of 2020, the District issued an additional \$9,600,000 of available bonds. The new Elementary School, the new High School, the Agriculture Building renovations, the Auditorium and Gymnasium renovations, the Football Stadium and Track renovations are complete. The new Junior High School is projected to be completed in 2021.
- The District is in the 6th year of the tax limitation period of the Chapter 313 School Value Limitation Agreement with Tenaris USA.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Superintendent, 142 S. Fourth Street, Van Vleck, TX 77482 or call 979-245-8518.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control <u>Codes</u>		Governmental Activities
1110	ASSETS:	¢ 24 E40 204
1110 1120	Cash and cash equivalents Current investments	\$ 26,560,286 14,423
1220	Property taxes receivables	1,015,152
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(566,009)
1240	Due from other governments	777,944
1300	Inventories	20,378
1410	Prepaid items	216,889
1510	Capital Assets:	4/4 000
1510 1520	Land Ruilding and improvements, not	461,898 57,939,150
1520 1530	Building and improvements, net Furniture, equipment and vehicles, net	57,828,150 779,723
1580	Construction in progress	15,763,772
1000	Total assets	<u>102,872,606</u>
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1700	Deferred outflows	2,686,589
	Total deferred outflows of resources	2,686,589
		2,000,507
0440	LIABILITIES:	5 //0 004
2110	Accounts payable	5,668,294
2140	Accrued interest payable	117,060
2160 2300	Accrued wages payable Unearned revenue	730,948 381,139
2300	Noncurrent Liabilities:	301,137
2501	Due within one year	3,483,146
	Due in More Than One Year:	.,,
2502	Bonds payable and other	71,587,063
2540	Net pension liability	3,494,304
2545	Net OPEB liability	4,160,187
2000	Total liabilities	89,622,141
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2600	Deferred inflows	2,369,128
	Total deferred inflows of resources	2,369,128
	NET POSITION:	
3200	Net investment in capital assets	7,602,081
2050	Restricted For:	(7.010
3850	Debt service	67,812
3870	Campus activities Other	63,462
3890 3900	Unrestricted	32,180 5,802,391
3700	OTH COUNCLU	<u> </u>
3000	Total net position	\$ <u>13,567,926</u>
The notes	to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

				Program Revenues									
			1		3		4		5		Net		
Data							Operating		Operating		apital	Ε	xpense and
Control				Cha	arges for	G	Grants and	Grar	nts and	(Changes in		
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses		<u>ervices</u>	Co	ontributions_	Contr	ibutions		<u>Net Position</u>		
	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:												
11	Instruction	\$	7,763,145	\$	1,205	\$	1,008,710	\$		\$(6,753,230)		
12	Instructional resources and media services		111,739		4,089		5,275			(102,375)		
13	Curriculum and instructional staff development		50,497				12,382			(38,115)		
21	Instructional leadership		167,547				20,947			(146,600)		
23	School leadership		847,308		1,647		45,818			(799,843)		
31	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		328,331				18,760			(309,571)		
32	Social work service		15,000							Ì	15,000)		
33	Health services		171,929				7,436			(164,493)		
34	Student transportation		315,809				23,319			Ì	292,490)		
35	Food services		793,757		79,826		441,135			Ì	272,796)		
36	Extracurricular activities		911,074		27,257		37,842			(845,975)		
41	General administration		798,944		6,451		35,585			Ì	756,908)		
51	Facilities maintenance and operations		2,963,185		613		45,877		41,595	Ì	2,875,100)		
52	Security and monitoring services		193,892				10,537		,	Ì	183,355)		
53	Data processing services		387,532				24,032			Ì	363,500)		
61	Community services		1,456				,			ì	1,456)		
71	Interest and fiscal charges		2,730,712							Ì	2,730,712)		
93	Payments related to shared service arrangements		240,005							Ì	240,005)		
99	Other intergovernmental charges		112,090							(112,090)		
.,	o tron interger errimontal ortal geo	_				_		-		7	,		
TG	Total governmental activities	\$_	18,903,952	\$	121,088	\$	1,737,655	\$	41,595	\$ <u>(</u>	17,003,614)		
	General Revenues:												
	Taxes:												
MT	Property taxes, levied for general purposes									\$	5,823,148		
DT	Property taxes, levied for debt service										4,536,700		
SF	State aid-formula grants										4,565,763		
GC	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific pro	ograr	ns								256,959		
ΙE	Investment earnings										646,030		
MI	Miscellaneous									_	568,914		
TG	Total general revenues									_	16,397,514		
CN	Change in net position									(606,100)		
NB	Net position - beginning									_	14,174,026		
NE	Net position - ending									\$_	13,567,926		



BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes			10 General Fund		50 Debt Service Fund		60 Capital Projects Fund	Other ernmental Funds	G	98 Total overnmental Funds
	ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOUR Assets:	CES	S:							
1110 1120 1220 1230	Cash and cash equivalents Current investments Delinquent property taxes receivable Allowance for uncollectible taxes (credit)	\$	13,023,938 939,618 521,345)	\$	154,002 75,534 44,664)	\$	13,252,020	\$ 130,326 14,423	\$	26,560,286 14,423 1,015,152 566,009)
1240 1260 1300	Receivables from other governments Due from other funds Inventories	`	331,313 367,003	`	,,			446,631 246,025 20,378	•	777,944 613,028 20,378
1410	Prepaid items	_	216,889	_	104.072	_	12 252 020	 057.702	_	216,889
1000	Total assets	_	14,357,416	_	<u> 184,872</u>	_	13,252,020	 857,783	-	28,652,091
1700	Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows	_		_		_		 	_	
	Total deferred outflows of resources	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	 -0-	_	-0-
1000A	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$_	14,357,416	\$_	184,872	\$_	13,252,020	\$ 857,783	\$_	28,652,091
	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE Liabilities:	s, Ai	ND FUND BAL	AN(CE:					
2110 2160 2170 2300	Accounts payable Accrued wages payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	4,134 628,979 246,025 359,235	\$		\$	5,413,273	\$ 250,887 101,969 367,003 21,904	\$	5,668,294 730,948 613,028 381,139
2000	Total liabilities	_	1,238,373	_	-0-	_	5,413,273	 741,763	-	7,393,409
2000	Deferred Inflows of Resources:	_	1,230,373	_	-0-	_	3,413,273	 741,703	-	1,373,407
2600	Deferred inflows - property taxes	_	392,220		30,870	_		 	_	423,090
	Total deferred inflows of resources	_	392,220	_	30,870	_	-0-	 -0-	_	423,090
	Fund Balance: Nonspendable:									
3410 3430	Inventories Prepaid items		216,889					20,378		20,378 216,889
	Restricted:		210,009							
3470 3480	Capital acquisitions and contractual obligations Debt service				154,002		7,838,747			7,838,747 154,002
3490	Other				134,002			32,180		32,180
3545	Committed: Other		8,550,000					63,462		8,613,462
	Unassigned:									
3600	Unassigned	_	3,959,934	_	154.000	_	7 020 747	 11/ 000	-	3,959,934
3000	Total fund balance	_	12,726,823	_	154,002	_	7,838,747	 116,020	-	20,835,592
4000	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$_	<u> 14,357,416</u>	\$	184,872	\$_	13,252,020	\$ 857,783	\$_	28,652,091

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit C-1R

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

Total fund balance - governmental funds balance sheet (C-1)					
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital assets include \$ 79,921,460 in assets less \$ 5,087,917 in accumulated depreciation.		74,833,543			
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. Deferred property tax revenues for the general fund and the debt service fund amounted to \$ 392,220 and \$ 30,870, respectively.		423,090			
Pension deferred outflows of resources of \$ 1,828,380 less pension deferred inflows of resources of \$ 569,370.		1,259,010			
OPEB deferred outflows of resources of \$ 858,209 less OPEB deferred inflows of resources of \$ 1,799,758.	(941,549)			
Premium on the issuance of bonds provide current financial resources to governmental funds but the proceeds decrease long-term assets in the statement of net position. This amount is amortized over the life of the bonds. Net premium on the issuance of bonds were \$ 4,240,209 (premium on sale of bonds of \$ 4,525,393 less amortization of \$ 305,174).	(4 240 200)			
\$ 4,535,383 less amortization of \$ 295,174).	(4,240,209)			
Payables for net pension liability are not reported in the funds.	(3,494,304)			
Payables for bond principal are not reported in the funds.	(70,830,000)			
Payables for net OPEB liability are not reported in the funds.	(4,160,187)			
Payables for accrued interest are not reported in the funds.	<u>(</u>	117,060)			
Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position (A-1)	\$ <u></u>	13,567,926			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data			10		50 Debt		60 Capital	0	Other	98 Total
Control			General		Service		Projects	G0	vernmental	Governmental
Codes	REVENUES:	_	Fund	_	Fund	_	Fund	_	Funds	<u>Funds</u>
5700		\$	6,537,285	\$	4,517,672	\$	421,836	\$	159,444	\$ 11,636,237
5800	State program revenues	Ψ	5,176,096	Ψ	1,017,072	Ψ	121,000	Ψ	313,106	5,489,202
5900	Federal program revenues		241,148						765,398	1,006,546
0000	r cacrai program revenues	_		-		_		_		<u> </u>
5020	Total revenues	_	<u>11,954,529</u>	-	4,517,672	_	421,836	_	1,237,948	<u>18,131,985</u>
	EXPENDITURES:									
	Current:									
0011	Instruction		6,518,945						662,066	7,181,011
0012	Instructional resources and media services		97,275						5,757	103,032
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development		37,042						12,382	49,424
0021	Instructional leadership		141,615						13,247	154,862
0023	School leadership		772,313						2,319	774,632
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		296,676							296,676
0032	Social work services		15,000							15,000
0033	Health services		157,680							157,680
0034	Student transportation		403,147				E 455		740,000	403,147
0035	Food services		000 407				5,455		742,938	748,393
0036	Extracurricular activities		828,187						17,609	845,796
0041 0051	General administration Facilities maintenance and operations		728,787 2,635,179				43,536,894		9,083 5,709	737,870 46,177,782
0051	Security and monitoring services		176,469			•	+3,330,694		1,800	178,269
0052	Data processing services		364,596						5,300	369,896
0061	Community services		1,456						3,300	1,456
0001	Debt Service:		1,430							1,430
0071	Debt service - principal				2,655,000					2,655,000
0071	Debt service - interest and fees				2,852,522					2,852,522
	Intergovernmental:				_,					_,-,-,
0093	Payments related to shared services arrangemen	nts	240,005							240,005
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	_	112,090	_		_				112,090
6030	Total expenditures		13,526,462		5,507,522		43,542,349		1,478,210	64,054,543
	·	_		-				,		
1100	Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(1,571,933)	<u>(</u>	(989,850)	(4	43,120,513)		240,262)	(45,922,558)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
7911	Issuance of general obligation bonds					;	28,255,000			28,235,000
7915	Transfers in		1,964						246,025	247,989
7916	Premium on issuance of general obligation bonds				1,076,930		765,000			1,841,930
8911	Transfers out	(<u>246,025</u>)	-		_		(1,964)	<u>(247,989</u>)
	Total other financing sources (uses)	(244,061)	-	1,076,930		29,000,000		244,061	30,076,930
1200	Net change in fund balance	(1,815,994)		87,080	(14,120,513)		3,799	(15,845,628)
0100	Fund balance - beginning	_	14,542,817	_	66,922		21,959,260	_	112,221	36,681,220
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$_	12,726,823	\$	154,002	\$_	7,838,747	\$	116,020	\$ <u>20,835,592</u>

VAN VLECK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020	E	xhibit C-2R
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds (from C-2)	\$(15,845,628)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities (B-1) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay of \$ 43,561,818 exceeded depreciation of \$ 596,582 in the current period.		42,965,236
Government funds report pension payments as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the pension cost is calculated by an actuary and involves multiple factors. The amount of pension expense reported was \$ 498,557 more than the amount reported in the funds.	(498,557)
Government funds report OPEB payments as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the OPEB cost is calculated by an actuary and involves multiple factors. The amount of OPEB expense reported was \$ 92,898 more than the amount reported in the funds.	(92,898)
Property tax revenues in the governmental activities statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. Deferred property tax revenues for the general fund increased by \$ 93,675 and for the debt service fund increased by \$ 30,597.		124,272
Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Long-term proceeds in the governmental fund were \$ 28,235,000.	(28,235,000)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. These amounts were for general obligation bonded debt of \$ 2,655,000.		2,655,000
Premium on the issuance of bonds provides current financial resources to governmental funds but the proceeds decrease long-term assets in the statement of net position. This amount is amortized over the life of the bonds. Net premium on the issuance of bonds were \$ 1,684,937 (premium on sale of bonds of \$ 1,841,930 less amortization of \$ 156,993.	(1,684,937)
Contributions of capital assets are not reported in the funds, however, contributions of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the governmental activities statement of activities. During the current year, \$ 41,595 in furniture, equipment, and vehicles were contributed to and accepted by the District.		41,595
Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the change in accrued interest on long-term debt.	<u>(</u>	<u>35,183</u>)
Change in net position of governmental activities (see B-1)	\$ <u>(</u>	606,100)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit E-1

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

	Р	rivate- urpose Trust Fund	Agency Funds
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,000	\$ 91,086
Total assets		4,000	\$ 91,086
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred outflows			
Total deferred outflows of resources		-0-	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	4,000	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION: Liabilities:			
Amounts due to student groups	\$		\$ 91,086
Total liabilities		-0-	\$ 91,086
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows			
Total deferred inflows of resources		-0-	
NET POSITION: Held in trust for other purposes		4,000	
Total net position		4,000	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	4,000	

Exhibit E-2

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Private- Purpose Trusts
ADDITIONS Gifts and bequests	\$110
Total additions	110
DEDUCTIONS Total deductions	-0-
Change in net position	110
NET POSITION Net position – beginning	3,890
Net position – ending	\$ <u>4,000</u>



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Van Vleck Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees that are elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Additionally, the District complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of the Texas Education Agency (TEA) Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FASRG) and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Reporting Entity

The Board of the District is elected by the public; has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers; significantly influence operations; and has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - and amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 34". The District has no component units that it is including within the reporting entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The *governmental activities* are supported by tax revenues and intergovernmental revenues. The District has no *business-type activities* that rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State of Texas are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pools, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

Grant funds are considered earned to the extent of the expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until the related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first and the unrestricted resources as needed.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, state funding under the Foundation School Program and interest earnings. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the District except for specific programs funded by the federal and state government, food service, debt service, and capital projects.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund and a separate bank account is maintained for this fund. Any unused sinking fund balances are transferred to the general fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, and interest earnings. Expenditures include all costs associated with related debt service.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and made for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishing and equipping of major capital facilities. The major revenue source includes investment earnings and other resources from proceeds from sale of general obligation bonded debt.

Additionally, the District reports the following fiduciary funds:

The *private-purpose trust funds* are used to account for donations for endowments received from individuals and/or organizations for specified donor purposes for which the principal and earned interest or revenue may be used.

The agency fund accounts for resources held in a custodial capacity by the District, and consists of funds that are the property of students or others.

Cash and Investments

The District considers highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, investments are reported at fair value. Fair values are based on published market rates. Current investments have an original maturity greater than three months but less than one year at the time of purchase. Non-current investments have an original maturity of greater than one year at the time of purchase.

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". The District had no advances between funds. See Note 4 for additional discussion of interfund receivables, payables and transfers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 for all real and business property located in the district in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

The appraisal and recording of all property within the District is the responsibility of the Matagorda County Appraisal District (MCAD), an independent governmental unit with a board of directors appointed by the taxing jurisdictions within the county and funded from assessments against those taxing jurisdictions. MCAD is required by law to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Real property must be reappraised at least every two years.

Under certain circumstances taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may challenge orders of the MCAD Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

The assessed value (adjusted) of the property tax roll on August 1, 2019, upon which the levy for the 2019-20 fiscal year was based, was \$ 556,328,636. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to penalty and interest charges plus 20% delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended August 31, 2020, to finance general fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$ 0.97000 and \$ 0.22281 per \$ 100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$ 1.19281 per \$ 100 valuation.

Current tax collections for the year ended August 31, 2020 were 97.56% of the year-end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the general and debt service funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of August 31, 2020, property taxes receivable, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$ 418,273 and \$ 30,870 for the general and debt service funds, respectively.

Inventories

The consumption method is used to account for inventories (food products, school supplies and athletic equipment) of governmental funds. Under this method, these items are carried in an inventory account of the respective fund at cost, using the first-in, first-out method of accounting and are subsequently charged to expenditures when consumed. Governmental fund inventories are offset by a fund balance reserve indicating that they are unavailable as current expendable financial resources. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the United States Department of Agriculture. Although commodities are received at no cost, their market value is recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received in the governmental funds. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, and furniture, equipment and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government to be \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related costs or other recorded amounts are removed.

Buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	5 - 15

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources is provided by GASB No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position". Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Further, GASB No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", had an objective to either (a) properly classify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or (b) recognize certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues).

Compensated Absences

Vacations are to be taken within the same year they are earned, and any unused days at the end of the year are forfeited. Therefore, no liability has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements. Employees of the District are entitled to sick leave based on category/class of employment. Sick leave is allowed to be accumulated but does not vest. Therefore, a liability for unused sick leave has not been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are unearned and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures or expenses in the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing resources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes, for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Budgetary Data

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all required governmental funds, as outlined in TEA's FASRG, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

The official school budget is prepared for adoption for required governmental funds prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal year beginning September 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Data (Continued)

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, debt service fund and the national school breakfast and lunch program. The remaining special revenue funds and the capital projects fund (if utilized) adopt project-length budgets, which do not correspond to the District's fiscal year. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget was properly amended throughout the year by the Board of Trustees. Such amendments are before the fact and are reflected in the official minutes of the Board.

The Official Budget was prepared for adoption for the general fund, national school breakfast and lunch program and debt service fund prior to August 31, 2019. The budget is prepared by fund, function, object, and organization. The budget is controlled at the organizational level by the appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations. Therefore, organizations may transfer appropriations as necessary without the approval of the board unless the intent is to cross fund, function or increase the overall budget allocations. Control of appropriations by the Board of Trustees is maintained within fund groups at the function code level and revenue object code level.

The Budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a duly advertised public meeting in accordance with law prior to the expenditure of funds. The approved budget is filed with the Texas Education Agency (TEA) through the Public Education Information Management System. Should any change in the approved budget be required, budget amendment requests are presented to the Board of Trustees for consideration. Amendments are made before the fact and once approved are reflected in the official minutes. During the year the budget was properly amended in accordance with the above procedures.

Encumbrance Accounting

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at August 31 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

As of August 31, 2020, the District did not have any encumbrances outstanding.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Equity

The District's Board of Trustees meets on a regular basis to manage and review cash financial activities and to ensure compliance with established policies. The District's Unassigned General Fund Balance is maintained to provide the District with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The unassigned General Fund Balance may only be appropriated by resolution of the Board of Trustees. Fund balance of the District may be committed for a specific source by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. Amendments or modifications of the committed fund balance must also be approved by formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the Board of Trustees has delegated authority to the Assistant Superintendent of Finance. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The District implemented GASB 54, "Fund Balance, Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", for its governmental funds. Under GASB 54, fund balances are required to be reported according to the following classifications:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. This classification includes inventories, prepaid amounts, assets held for sale, and long-term receivables.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - Constraints placed on the use of these resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by law.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of a Board of Trustees Resolution by the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body by the Assistant Superintendent of Finance. With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance classification for all governmental funds with positive balances.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - This is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amount had been restricted, committed or assigned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Equity (Continued)

As of August 31, 2020, nonspendable fund balances include \$ 216,889 for prepaid items in the general fund and \$ 20,378 for inventories in the national school breakfast and lunch program. Restricted fund balances include \$ 154,002 for the debt service fund, \$ 7,838,747 for the capital projects fund, and \$ 32,180 for state textbook fund, gulf coast medical grant fund, Trull foundation grant fund, Conoco Phillips grant fund and WIT program fund (special revenue funds). Committed fund balances include \$ 8,550,000 for capital expenditures, technology refresh, transportation, grounds, instructional materials, and insurance deductible in the general fund and \$ 63,462 for campus activity funds. Unassigned fund balance includes \$ 3,959,934 in the general fund.

Data Control Codes

The data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the FASRG. The TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reporting amounts of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

New Pronouncements

GASB issues statements on a routine basis with the intent to provide authoritative guidance on the preparation of financial statements and to improve governmental accounting and financial reporting of governmental entities. Management reviews these statements to ensure that preparation of its financial statements are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to anticipate changes in those requirements. The following recent GASB Statements reflect the action and consideration of management regarding these requirements:

GASB No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations" was issued in November 2016. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2019.

GASB No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities" was issued in January 2017. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

New Pronouncements (Continued)

GASB No. 87 "Leases" was issued in June 2017. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB No. 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements" was issued in April 2018. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB No. 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period" was issued in June 2018. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61" was issued in August 2018. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB No. 91 "Conduit Debt Obligations" was issued in May 2019. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB No. 92 "Omnibus 2020" was issued in January 2020. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB No. 93 "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates" was issued in March 2020. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statement of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB No. 94 "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements" was issued in March 2020. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB No. 95 "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance" was issued in May 2020. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective immediately.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

New Pronouncements (Continued)

GASB No. 96 "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" was issued in May 2020. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB No. 97 "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans" was issued in June 2020. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES

The District classifies deposits and investments for financial statement purposes as cash and cash equivalents, current investments, and non-current investments based upon both liquidity (demand deposits) and maturity date (deposits and investments) of the asset at the date of purchase. For this purpose an investment is considered a cash equivalent if when purchased it has maturity of three months or less. Investments are classified as either current investments or non-current investments. Current investments have maturity of one year or less and non-current investments are those that have a maturity of one year or more. See Note 1 for additional Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31 disclosures.

Cash and cash equivalents are reported on the statement of net position at August 31, 2020 are as follows:

	G	overnmental Funds		Fiduciary Funds		Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents:						
Cash (petty cash accounts)	\$	1,620	\$		\$	1,620
Financial Institution Deposits:						
Demand deposits		119,805		86,156		205,961
Local Government Investment Pools:						
Lone Star		19,010,383		8,930		19,019,313
Logic		7,428,478				7,428,478
· ·						
	\$_	26,560,286	\$_	95,086	\$_	26,655,372

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES (Continued)

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to them. The District requires that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount equal to 100 percent of uninsured balances.

Under Texas state law, a bank serving as the school depository must have a bond or in lieu thereof, deposited or pledged securities with the District or an independent third party agent, an amount equal to the highest daily balance of all deposits the District may have during the term of the depository contract, less any applicable FDIC insurance.

At August 31, 2020, in addition to petty cash of \$ 1,620, the carrying amount of the District's cash, savings, and time deposits was \$ 205,961. The financial institutions balances were \$ 685,224 at August 31, 2020. Financial institution balances of \$ 250,000 were covered by federal depository insurance and \$ 435,224 were covered by collateral pledged in the District's name. The District's financial institution balances were covered by federal depository insurance and collateral pledged in the District's name. The collateral was held in safekeeping departments of unrelated financial institutions, which act as the pledging bank's agent.

In addition the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

Depository:

- a. Name of bank: First State Bank
- b. Amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$ 6,000,000.
- c. Largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balance amounted to \$7,920,956 and occurred on September 18, 2019.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the largest combined balance was \$250,000.

<u>Investments</u>

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes the District to invest its funds under written investment policy (the "investment policy") that primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity, addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity and addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. This investment policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policies, which excludes certain instruments allowed under chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The District's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the investment policy, which is approved by the Board of Trustees. The investment policy includes lists of authorized investment instruments and allowable stated maturity of individual investments. In addition it includes an "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each investment option and describes the priorities of suitability of investment type, preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, marketability, diversification and yield. Additionally, the soundness of financial institutions (including broker/dealers) in which the District will deposit funds is addressed. The District's investment policy and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The District's management believes it complied with the requirements of the PFIA and the District's investment policy.

The District's Investment Officer submits an investment report each quarter to the Board of Trustees. The report details the investment positions of the District and the compliance of the investment portfolio's as they relate to both the adopted investment strategy statements and Texas State law.

The District participates in Local Government Investment Pools (LGIP): Lone Star Investment Pool and Logic. The Lone Star Investment Pool (the "Pool") was established on July 25, 1991, as a public funds investment pool in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code, as amended. Lone Star is a 2(a)7 like fund, meaning that they are structured similar to a money market mutual fund. Such funds allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are also adjusted on a daily basis. Such funds seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$ 1.00, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. Standard and Poor's has assigned its "AAAm" fund risk ratings to the Pool's Corporate Overnight Plus Fund.

Logic is a local government investment pool that was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Code. Texas Term is a 2(a)7 like fund, meaning that it is structured similar to a money market mutual fund. Such funds allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are also adjusted on a daily basis. Such funds seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$ 1.00, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. Texas Term are rated AAAm from Standard and Poors and must maintain a dollar weighted average maturity not to exceed 60 days, which is the limit.

At August 31, 2020, the Corporate Overnight Plus Fund had a weighted average maturity of 24 days and Logic had a weighted average maturity of 51 days. Although these funds had weighted average maturities of 24 and 51 days, respectively, the District considers holdings of these funds to have a one day weighted average maturity. This is due to the fact that the share position can normally be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholder, unless there has been a significant change in value.

The District's investment in LGIP are insured, registered, or the District's agent holds the securities in the District's name; therefore, the District is not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The following table includes the portfolio balances of all investment types of the District at August 31, 2020:

Local Government Investment Pool:	Fair <u>Value</u>	Weighted Average Maturity (In Days)
Lone Star Investment Pool: Corporate Overnight Plus Fund Logic	\$ 19,019,313 <u>7,428,478</u>	24 51
Total local government investment pool	26,447,791	32
Certificates of deposit	14,423	29
Total investments	\$ <u>26,462,214</u>	

Credit Risk - As of August 31, 2020, 99.95% of the investment portfolio was invested in AAAm rated funds in the LGIP (2(a)7 like pools) and 0.05% are invested in certificates of deposits that are fully insured by the FDIC.

Interest rate Risk - As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the Investment Policy requires that investment maturities will not exceed the lesser of a dollar weighted average maturity of 365 days or the anticipated cash flow requirements of the funds. Quality short-to-medium term securities should be purchased, which complement each other in a structured manner that minimizes risk and meets the District's cash flow requirements.

Fair Value Measures

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are described below:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES (Continued)

Fair Value Measures (Continued)

Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Plan has the ability to access.

Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The District held no investments valued at fair market value as of August 31, 2020.

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND UNEARNED REVENUES

Receivables and Allowances

Receivables as of August 31, 2020, for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General Fund		Debt Service Fund	Go	Other overnmenta Funds	al 	Total
Receivables: Property taxes Receivables from	\$	939,618	\$	75,534	\$		\$	1,015,152
other governments	_	331,313	_		_	446,631	_	777,944
Gross receivables		1,270,931		75,534		446,631		1,793,096
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	_	521,345	_	44,664	_		_	566,009
Net receivables	\$_	749,586	\$_	30,870	\$_	446,631	\$_	1,227,087

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND UNEARNED REVENUES (Continued)

Receivables/Payables from Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to, partially or fully, finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA or other state agency and are reported on the combined financial statements as either Receivable from or to Other Governments, as applicable.

Amounts due from federal, state, and local governments as of August 31, 2020 are summarized below:

Fund	<u>En</u>	State titlements		Federal Grants	 ite Grants	 Total
Major Governmental Funds: General fund Other governmental funds	\$	331,313 253,321	\$	144,681	\$ 48,629	\$ 331,313 446,631
Total	\$	584,634	\$_	144,681	\$ 48,629	\$ 777,944

<u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources/Unearned Revenue</u>

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds defer the recognition of revenue in connection with receivables that are considered to be unavailable to liquidate liabilities of the current period and report these amounts as deferred inflows of resources. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

As of August 31, 2020, the various components of deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Ir	Deferred of the sources of the sources	_	nearned Revenue
Delinquent property taxes receivable (general fund) Delinquent property taxes receivable (debt service fund) Advance Funding:	\$	392,220 30,870	\$	
State entitlements State grants Federal food commodities			_	359,252 15,000 6,887
Total deferred/unearned revenue from governmental funds	\$	423,090	\$	381,139

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND UNEARNED REVENUES (Continued)

<u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources/Unearned Revenue</u> (Continued)

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities defer the recognition of pension and OPEB expense for contributions made subsequent to the measurement date to the current year-end of August 31, 2020 and report these as deferred outflows of resources. Governmental activities also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a deferred inflow of resources. Further, for governmental activities, like governmental funds, defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

As of August 31, 2020, the various components of deferred inflows and outflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental activities were as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Unearned Revenue
TRS pension deferred outflows and inflows of resources TRS-Care OPEB deferred outflows and inflows	\$ 1,559,455	\$ 569,370	\$
of resources	790,170	1,799,758	
TRS pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	268,925		
TRS-Care OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date	68,039		
Advance Funding: State entitlements State grants Federal food commodities			359,252 15,000 <u>6,887</u>
Totals	\$ <u>2,686,589</u>	\$ <u>2,369,128</u>	\$ <u>381,139</u>

NOTE 4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES. PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund balances at August 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 08-31-20			
General Fund Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds General Fund	\$ 367,003 246,025			
		\$ 613,028			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended August 31, 2020 consisted of the following individual fund transfers in and transfers out:

Transferring Fund	Receiving Fund	Amount			
Other Governmental Funds General Fund	General Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$	1,964 246,025		
		•	247 080		

The District approved transfers to reimburse expenditures in the General Fund and to cover the shortfall in the National School Breakfast and Lunch Program.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in Capital Assets and Accumulated Depreciation

The following provides a summary of changes in capital assets and accumulated depreciation for the year ended August 31, 2020:

	September 1, 2019	А	Additions	Re	etirements		ransfers & djustments	1	August 31, 2020
Non-Depreciated Capital Ass									
Land	\$ 423,398	\$	38,500	\$		\$		\$	461,898
Construction in progress	25,854,058		43,343,259			(53,433,545)	_	15,763,772
Total non-depreciated	26,277,456		<u>43,381,759</u>		-0-	(53,433,545)		16,225,670
Depreciated Capital Assets: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and	11,359,986		126,953		3,853,485		53,433,545		61,066,999
vehicles	2,814,021		53,10 <u>6</u>	_	279,931	_	41,595		2,628,791
Total depreciated	14,174,007		180,059		4,133,416	_	53,475,140	_	63,695,790
Total additions/transfers and retirements		\$ <u></u>	<u>43,561,818</u>	\$ <u></u>	4,133,416	\$ <u></u>	<u>41,595</u>		
Accumulated Depreciation:									
Buildings and improvements	6,616,884	\$	475,450	\$	3,853,485	\$			3,238,849
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	2,007,867		121,132	_	279,931	_		_	1,849,068
Total accumulated									
depreciation	8,624,751	\$	596,582	\$	<u>4,133,416</u>	\$	-0-	_	5,087,917
Net depreciated assets	5,549,256							_	58,607,873
Net capital assets	\$ <u>31,826,712</u>							\$	74,833,543

See Note 1 for additional information regarding capital assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation Expense

In accordance with requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - For State and Local Governments*, depreciation expense of the governmental activities was charged to functions as follows:

Data Control Codes	Function	 Amount
0011	Instruction	\$ 238,380
0012	Instructional resources and media services	3,620
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	1,073
0021	Instructional leadership	5,292
0023	School leadership	28,731
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	13,675
0033	Health services	7,092
0034	Student transportation	17,257
0035	Food service	24,249
0036	Extracurricular activities	44,342
0041	General administration	26,946
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	169,443
0052	Security and monitoring services	7,224
0053	Data processing services	 9,258
	Total depreciation expense	\$ 596,582

Governmental Fund Construction Commitments

At August 31, 2020, the District had the following construction commitments:

<u>Project</u>	_A	Project authorization	_	Expended To Date	<u>C</u>	ommitment
New Elementary School	\$	23,132,485	\$	20,168,384	\$	2,964,101
New High School, Middle School & Ag Building		54,120,172		38,180,946		15,939,226
Renovation to the Auditorium & Gymnasium		4,277,256		3,747,110		530,146
Renovation to the Football Stadium Technology (High School, Middle School &		3,044,901		2,779,091		265,810
Elementary		1,299,865		846,084		453,781
Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (High School Middle School & Elementary	ol,	1,600,000		717,207		882,793
Transportation	_	725,321	_	493,940	_	231,381
	\$_	88,200,000	\$_	66,932,762	\$	21,267,238

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Loans

Short-term debts are accounted for through the appropriate fund, and consist of notes made in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Education Code. The District was not a party to any loan transactions during the year ended August 31, 2020.

General Obligation Bonds

Long-term debt includes contractual obligations. Contractual obligations are issued at parity with general obligation bonds, but carry a secondary revenue stream pledge; however, all certificates of obligation are tax, not revenue, supported. This debt, unlike other tax-supported debt, can be issued without a vote of the citizens. Bond premiums and discounts, and gains and losses on refunding are amortized using the straight-line method.

The following is a summary of the District's general obligation bonded debt as of August 31, 2020:

•	Date of Issue		Original Issue	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Date <u>Callable</u>	% Rates	_	Outstanding Balance
	2017 2018 2019	\$	9,600,000 38,085,000 28,235,000	2043 2044 2045	2027 2028 2029	3.125 - 4.125 3.000 - 5.000 3.250 - 5.000	\$	9,115,000 33,480,000 28,235,000
	Total	\$_	75,920,000				\$_	70,830,000

Presented below is a summary of general obligation bond requirements to maturity:

Year Ended August 31		<u>Principal</u>	_	Interest	_	Total Requirement
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026-2030 2031-2035 2036-2040 2041-2045	\$	3,305,000 3,295,000 3,305,000 3,230,000 3,180,000 14,755,000 15,340,000 13,855,000	\$	2,613,981 2,451,656 2,289,481 2,129,081 1,971,734 7,656,994 4,806,178 2,580,303	\$	5,746,656 5,594,481 5,359,081 5,151,734 22,411,994 20,146,178 16,435,303
Totals	_ \$_	10,565,000 70,830,000	<u>-</u> \$_	757,719 27,257,127	\$	11,322,719 98,087,127

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

Bond indebtedness of the District is recorded in the governmental activities statement of net position, and current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund. Proceeds of long-term issues are reflected as "Other Resources" in the operating statement of the recipient fund.

There are limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2020.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the governmental activities for the year ended August 31, 2020 was as follows:

Long-Term Debt:	_	Balance 09-01-19	Additions	<u>R</u>	<u>etirements</u>		Balance 08-31-20		Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds	\$	45,250,000	\$ 28,235,000	\$	2,655,000	\$	70,830,000	\$	3,305,000
Net pension liability	•	3,561,279	345,838	,	412,813	,	3,494,304	•	-11
Net OPEB liability		4,284,164	300,701		424,678		4,160,187		
Premium on general obligation		0.555.070	1 0 1 1 0 0 0		457.000				170 111
bonds	_	2,555,272	<u>1,841,930</u>	_	<u> 156,993</u>	_	4,240,209	_	<u> 178,146</u>
	\$_	55,650,715	\$ <u>30,723,469</u>	\$_	3,649,484	\$_	82,724,700	\$_	3,483,146

The General Fund has been used to liquidate the net pension liability and net OPEB liability.

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supposed education institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr2019.pdf, selecting About TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May, 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution Rates

<u>-</u>	2019	 2020
Member Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State) Employers	7.7% 6.8% 6.8%	7.7% 6.8% 6.8%
Employer # 1344 - 2020 Employer Contributions		\$ 268,925
Employer # 1344 - 2020 Member Contributions		\$ 644,966
Employer # 1344 - 2020 NECE On-behalf Contributions		\$ 458,509
Employer # 1344 - 2020 Medicare Part D Contributions		\$ 38,929

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only nonemployer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.
- When the employing district is a public or charter school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of covered payroll to the pension fund beginning in fiscal year 2020. This contribution rate called the Public Education Employer Contribution will replace the Non(OASDI) surcharge that was in effect in fiscal year 2019.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees. This surcharge was in effect through fiscal year 2019 and was replaced with the Public Education Employer Contribution explained above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2018 rolled forward to

August 31, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 7.25%

Long-term expected Investment

Rate of Return 7.25% Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2019 2.63% Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Benefit changes during the year None Ad-hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2018.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Acces Olege	FY 2019 Target	New Target	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation*	Allocation**	of Return***
Global Equity: USA	18%	18%	6.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	13%	6.3%
Emerging Markets	9%	9%	7.3%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	9 /0	7.570
Private Equity	13%	14%	8.4%
Filivate Equity	1370	14 /0	0.470
Stable Value:			
U.S. Treasuries****	11%	16%	3.1%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	5%	4.5%
Absolute Return	-	-	-
Real Return:			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds****	3%	-	-
Real Estate	14%	15%	8.5%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructu	ire 5%	6%	7.3%
Commodities	-	-	-
Risk Parity:			
Risk Parity*****	5%	8%	5.8%/6.5%
Leverage:	404		a =a/
Cash	1%	2%	2.5%
Asset Allocation Leverage	<u>-</u>	-6%	2.7%
Expected Return	100%	100%	7.2%
=-1=	. 5 5 7 6		

^{*} FY 2019 Target Allocation based on the Strategic Asset Allocation dated 10/1/2018.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease				1% Increase		
	in Discount			Discount	ir	n Discount	
	<u>Ra</u>	ate (6.25%)	Ra	ite (7.25%)	Ra	ate (8.25%)	
District's proportionate share of the							
Net pension liability	\$	5,371,253	\$	3,494,304	\$	1,973,613	

^{**} New target allocation based on Strategic Asset Allocation dated 10/1/2019.

^{*** 10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%

^{****} New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds.

^{***** 5.8% (6.5%)} return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$ 3,494,304 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 3,494,304
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	2,351,899

Total \$___5.846.203

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0067219971% which was an increase of 0.0000025194% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

Changes since the prior Actuarial Valuation

- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907 percent and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25 percent as of August 31, 2019.
- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the actuarial assumptions.
- The Texas legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever is less.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$ 345,838 and revenue of \$ 458,509 for support provided by the State.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	С	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
economic experience	\$	14,679	\$	121,328
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,084,105		448,003
Net difference between projected and actual investment ear	rnings	35,087		
Changes in proportion and difference between the employe	r's			
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		425,584		39
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement	date	268,925	_	
Total	\$	1.828.380	\$	569,370

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended August 31,	Pension Expense Amount				
2021	\$	251,995			
2022		211,373			
2023		245,308			
2024		220,011			
2025		88,146			
Thereafter	(26,748)			

NOTE 8. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/amount/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 8. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post- employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	 Medicare	Non-Me	<u>edicare</u>
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$ 135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse	529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children	468		408
Retiree and Family	1,020		999

Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 8. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Contribution Rates

	2019	2020
Active Employee Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State) Employers Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	0.65% 1.25% 0.75% 1.25%	0.65% 1.25% 0.75% 1.25%
Employer # 1344 - 2020 Employer Contributions Employer # 1344 - 2020 Member Contributions Employer # 1344 - 2020 NECE On-behalf Contributions	:	\$ 68,039 \$ 54,445 \$ 119,791

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB Program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$ 535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$ 73.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 8. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2019; rates of mortality, rates of retirement, rates of termination, rates of disability incidence, general inflation, wage inflation and expected payroll growth.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2018 rolled forward to

August 31, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30% Discount Rate* 2.63%*

Aging Factors

Expenses

Based on plan specific experience
Third-party administrative expenses
related to the delivery of health care

benefits are included in the age-

adjusted claims costs.

Projected Salary Increases**

Healthcare Trend Rates***

4.50% to 10.25%***

Election Rates

Normal Retirement: 65% participation

prior to age 65 and 50% participation after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age

65

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 1.06 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non- employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

^{*} As of August 31, 2019

^{**} Includes Inflation at 2.30%

^{***} Initial trend rates are 7.50% for non-Medicare retirees; 10.25% for Medicare retirees and 10.25% for prescriptions for all retirees. Initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50% over a period of 13 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 8. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.63%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	19	6 Decrease		1% Increase			
	ir	n Discount		Discount	ir	n Discount	
	Rate (1.63%)			te (2.63%)	Ra	ate (3.63%)	
District's proportionate share of the							
Net OPEB Liability	\$	5,022,679	\$	4,160,187	\$	3,485,456	

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$4,160,187 for its proportionate share of TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	\$ 4,160,187 2,373,760
Total	\$ 6,533,947

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0087969508%, compared to 0.0085801832% as of August 31, 2018.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

	1% Decrease			ırrent Single	19	% Increase
	in Healthcare			Healthcare	in	Healthcare
	Trend Rate			Trend Rate		rend Rate
District's proportionate share of the						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	3,393,734	\$	4,160,187	\$	5,186,880

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 8. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Changes since the prior Actual Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the TOL.
- The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent. 25 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.
- Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$ 300,701 and revenue of \$ 119,791 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	0 <u>R</u>			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual					
economic experience	\$	204,092	\$	680,770	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		231,066		1,118,988	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earn	ings	449			
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer'	S				
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		354,563			
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement of	late	68,039			
·					
Total	\$	858,209	\$_	1,799,758	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 8. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended August 31,	OPEB Expense <u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ (181,278)
2021	(181,278)
2022	(181,423)
2023	(181,506)
2024	(181,484)
Thereafter	(102,619)

NOTE 9. GENERAL FUND FEDERAL SOURCE REVENUES

Following is a schedule of federal source revenue recorded in the General Fund.

Program or Source	CFDA Number	Total
Direct Costs: School Health and Related Services (SHARS) Medical Assistance Program	93.778	\$ 232,271 8,877
		\$ 241,148

The School Health and Related Services (SHARS) funds is not considered federal financial assistance for inclusion in the Schedule of Federal Financial Awards.

NOTE 10. LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE REVENUES

During the year ended August 31, 2020, local and intermediate revenues for governmental funds consisted of the following:

		General Fund	M	ajor Funds Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds		Total
Property taxes Food sales	\$	5,616,914	\$	4,488,229	\$		\$	80,439	\$	10,105,143 80,439
Investment income Penalties, interest and other tax related	d	212,564		11,569		421,836		61		646,030
income		112,559		17,874						130,433
Co-curricular income		26,334								26,334
Enterprise activities								14,315		14,315
Grants and contribution	ons							64,629		64,629
Other	_	568,914	_		_			_	_	<u>568,914</u>
Total	\$	6,537,285	\$_	4,517,672	\$_	421,836	\$	159,444	\$_	11,636,237

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT

Property Casualty

During the year ended August 31, 2020, the District met its statutory property casualty obligations through participation in the Property Casualty and Coastal Property Alliance of Texas (the "Fund"). The Fund was created pursuant to the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, Title 7 of the Texas Government Code. All districts participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides property and casualty coverage and services to its members. The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any covered claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retentions. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended February 29, 2020, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions. The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on the last day of February. The audit is approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees by July of the same year. The Fund's audited financial statement as of February 29, 2020 is available for inspection at the Property Casualty Alliance of Texas' office.

Workers' Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2020, the District met its statutory workers' compensation obligations through participation in a workers' compensation pool administered by Claims Administrative Services, Inc. All members participating in the fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The estimated liability will not exceed the District's loss fund and the District is not responsible for claims and claims allocation expense beyond is individual loss fund. The amounts for incurred but not reserved are projected estimates, based on the experience history of the association.

Unemployment Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2020, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the "Fund"). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its obligations to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool members.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2019 are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 12. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2020 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 13. SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District participates in a shared service arrangement ("SSA") for the Special Education Grants to States and Special Education Preschool Grants, for federally funded special education services with Bay City Independent School District (the "Fiscal Agent"). The District accounts for a very small portion of the revenues and expenditures in this program in a special revenue fund, however, the District does not account for the majority of the revenues and expenditures and does not disclose them in the notes to the financial statements. The District does not have a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the Fiscal Agent, not does the District have a net equity interest in the Fiscal Agent. The Fiscal Agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources and does not have any financial exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The Fiscal Agent manager is responsible for all financial activities related to the SSA. The audited annual financial report for the SSA may be obtained by writing Bay City Independent School District, 520 7th Street, Bay City, TX 77414 or by calling 979-245-5766.

NOTE 14. TAX ABATEMENTS

The District enters into appraised value limitations with local businesses under the Texas Economic Development Act (Tax Code Chapter 313). Under the Act, an appraised value limitation is an agreement in which a taxpayer agrees to build or install property and create jobs in exchange for a 10-year limitation on the taxable property value for the District's maintenance and operations tax (M&O) purposes. The minimum limitation value varies by District. The application for a limitation on the appraised value for M&O purposes is submitted directly to the District and requires an application fee that is established by the District. Tax credits are applicable only to applications determined to be complete prior to January 1, 2014. To qualify for a tax credit, a separate application must be submitted to the District after property taxes for the last complete year of the qualifying time period are paid. The credit is for M&O taxes paid in excess of the limitation amount in each complete year of the qualifying time period. The District's tax collector must credit the overage in equal parts over the last seven years of the agreement, but the credit in each year may not exceed 50 percent of the total taxes paid on the qualified property during that year. Any eligible amount not credited during the seven-year period are to be credited over the following three years, but the amount credited in each year may not exceed the total taxes paid on the qualified property in that year. The following is a brief descriptions of the agreement as of August 31, 2020:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 14. TAX ABATEMENTS (Continued)

The District entered in an agreement with Maverick Tube Company dba Tenaris USA on July 21, 2014. In addition to the tax abatement, Maverick Tube Company has committed to the payment in lieu of taxes program. The agreement and all supporting documentation was assigned Texas Comptroller Application No. 284. The following are the details of the agreement for the year ended August 31, 2020. The total project value is \$ 1,450,378,900, the projects value limitation is \$ 10,000,000, applicant's M&O taxes paid \$ 668,225, applicant's M&O taxes reduced \$ 14,170,010, Company PILOT payment to the District \$ 99,000 and Company's hold harmless payment to the District in the amount of \$ 469,890.

NOTE 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The District has evaluated subsequent events through December 16, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

On October 20, 2020, the District issued \$ 9,550,000 of Series 2020 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds for the construction, renovation, and equipment of school buildings and the purchase of new school buses, maturing in 2046. The bonds have stated interest rates of 1.00% - 4.00%. The bonds are to be paid from annual ad valorem interest and bonded indebtedness.

The following is a schedule of principal maturity for the Series 2020 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds:

Maturing February 15	<u>Principal</u>	
2021	\$ -()-
2022	115,00	_
2023	125,00	
2024	175,00	0
2025	205,00	0
2026-2030	1,690,00	0
2031-2035	1,945,00	0
2036-2040	2,360,00	0
2041-2045	2,435,00	0
2046	500,00	0
Total	\$ <u>9,550,00</u>	0







SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

					Genera	ıl Fur	nd		
Data Control			Budgeted	Amoı	unts			Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive
Codes			Original		Final		Actual	(N	legative)
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Local and intermediate sources State program revenues Federal program revenues	\$	6,322,860 5,166,742 280,000	\$	6,656,462 5,368,469 255,000	\$	6,537,285 5,176,096 241,148	\$(((119,177) 192,373) 13,852)
5020	Total revenues		11,769,602		12,279,931		11,954,529	(325,402)
0011 0012 0013 0021 0023 0031 0032 0033 0034 0036	EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction Instructional resources and media services Curriculum and instructional staff development Instructional leadership School leadership Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services Social work services Health services Student transportation Extracurricular activities		6,204,632 108,604 49,393 136,403 650,453 370,891 201,367 443,776 567,905		6,598,399 98,604 39,378 143,203 778,203 299,513 15,000 160,271 431,776 837,724		6,518,945 97,275 37,042 141,615 772,313 296,676 15,000 157,680 403,147 828,187		79,454 1,329 2,336 1,588 5,890 2,837 -0- 2,591 28,629 9,537
0041 0051 0052 0053 0061	General administration Facilities maintenance and operations Security and monitoring services Data processing services Community services Intergovernmental: Payments related to shared services arrangements		694,701 1,563,863 155,027 249,362 8,150 240,005		733,046 2,701,423 185,482 372,172 1,607		728,787 2,635,179 176,469 364,596 1,456		4,259 66,244 9,013 7,576 151
0099	Other intergovernmental charges		123,213		112,090		112,090		<u>-0-</u>
6030	Total expenditures		11,767,745		13,747,896		13,526,462		221,434
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	1,857	(<u>1,467,965</u>)	(<u>1,571,933</u>)	(103,968)
7915 8911	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out			<u>(</u>	235,000)	<u>(</u>	1,964 246,025)	(1,964 11,025)
	Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-0-	(235,000)	(244,061)	(9,061)
1200	Net change in fund balance		1,857	(1,702,965)	(1,815,994)	(113,029)
0100	Fund balance - beginning		14,542,817		14,542,817		14,542,817		-0-
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$	14,544,674	\$	12,839,852	\$	12,726,823	\$ <u>(</u>	113,029)

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - COST SHARING EMPLOYER PLAN FOR THE LAST TEN MEASUREMENT YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31 (1)

	_	2014	_	2015	2016			2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0036287%		0.0057668%		0.0059264%	0	.0060119%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	969,276	\$	2,038,487	\$	2,239,490	\$	1,922,282
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	_	585,360	_	1,095,633	_	1,181,075		996,062
Total	\$	1,554,636	\$_	3,134,120	\$_	3,420,565	\$_	2,918,344
District's covered employee payroll	\$	6,273,110	\$	6,151,110	\$	6,604,142	\$	7,586,453
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employ payroll		15.45%		33.14%		33.91%		25.34%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		83.25%		78.43%		78.00%		82.17%

⁽¹⁾ Ten years of data should be presented in this schedule but data is unavailable prior to 2014. Net pension liability and related ratios will be presented prospectively as data becomes available.

	2018		2019
	0.0064701%		0.0067220%
\$	3,561,279	\$	3,494,304
_	1,814,976	_	2,351,899
\$ <u>_</u>	5,376,255	\$ <u>_</u>	5,846,203
\$	7,304,460	\$	7,643,218
	48.75%		45.72%
	73.74%		75.24%

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS -COST SHARING EMPLOYER PLAN FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31 (1)

		2015	2016		2017		2018
Contractually required contributions	\$	170,758	\$ 187,866	\$	197,075	\$	239,619
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	170,758	 187,866	_	197,07 <u>5</u>		239,619
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-0-	\$ -0-	\$_	-0-	\$_	-0-
District's covered employee payroll	\$	6,151,110	\$ 6,604,142	\$	7,586,453	\$	7,304,460
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		2.78%	2.84%		2.60%		3.28%

⁽¹⁾ The first TRS actuarial report was completed for the year ended August 31, 2014 (measurement date). Therefore, only six years of required supplementary information is available.

 2019		2020
\$ 235,633	\$	268,925
235,633		268,925
\$ -0-	\$_	-0-
\$ 7,643,218	\$	8,376,655
3.08%		3.21%

Exhibit G-4

VAN VLECK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - COST SHARING EMPLOYER PLAN FOR THE LAST TEN MEASUREMENT YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31 (1)

		2017	2018	2019
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0	00809135%	0.00858018%	0.00879695%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,518,623	\$ 4,284,164	\$ 4,160,187
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	_	2,056,327	2,460,198	2,373,760
Total	\$	5,574,950	\$ <u>6,744,362</u>	\$ <u>6,533,947</u>
District's covered employee payroll	\$	7,586,453	\$ 7,304,460	\$ 7,643,218
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		46.38%	58.65%	54.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		0.91%	1.57%	2.66%

⁽¹⁾ Ten years of data should be presented in this schedule but data is unavailable prior to 2017. Net OPEB liability and related ratios will be presented prospectively as data becomes available.

Exhibit G-5

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS - COST SHARING EMPLOYER PLAN FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31 (1)

		2018		2019		2020
Contractually required contributions	\$	51,978	\$	62,512	\$	68,039
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	<u>51,978</u>	_	62,512		68,039
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u></u>	-0-	\$_	-0-	\$_	-0-
District's covered employee payroll	\$	7,304,460	\$	7,643,218	\$	8,376,655
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.71%		0.82%		0.81%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.





COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

			211		224		225		240		Special 255
			ESEA Title I		224		223		National School		ESEA
Data		l.	Part A		IDEA		IDEA		Breakfast and		Title II Part A
Control		"	mproving Basic		Part B		Part B		Lunch		Teacher and
Codes		F	Programs		Formula		Preschool		Program		Principal
	ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESC	OURCE	ES:		_				•		•
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$		\$		\$	17,196	\$	
1120	Current investments		/1.0/1						20.225		7 400
1240 1260	Receivable from other governments Due from other funds		61,861						30,225 246,025		7,429
1300	Inventories								240,023		
1300	inventories			-		_		-	20,510		_
1000	Total assets	_	61,861	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	313,824		7,429
1700	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources			_		_		_			
	Total deferred outflows of resources		-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-		-0-
	Total assets and deferred										
	outflows of resources	\$	61,861	\$_	-0-	\$_	-0-	\$_	313,824	\$	7,429
	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR Liabilities:	RCES, A	AND FUND E	BAL	ANCE:						
2110	Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
2160	Accrued wages payable	•	16,392	*		*		*	24,761	•	1,778
2170	Due to other funds		45,469						261,798		5,651
2300	Unearned revenue	_		_		_		_	6,887		
2000	Total liabilities		61,861	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	293,446	•	7,429
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
2600	Deferred inflows of resources	_		-		_		-			
	Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-		-0-
	Fund Balance:										
	Nonspendable:										
3410	Inventories								20,378		
2400	Restricted:										
3490	Other Committed:										
3545	Other										
2000	Total fund halanas		0	_	0	_		_	20.270		0
3000	Total fund balance	_	-0-	-	-0-	_	-0-	-	20,378		-0-
4000	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	¢	61,861	¢	-0-	\$	-0-	¢	313,824	¢	7,429
	and fund paramet	Ψ	01,001	Ψ_	<u>-0-</u>	Ψ_	-0-	Ψ_	313,024	Ψ	1,427

	venue Funds 289	313	397		410		429		437		459		461						
_	Federally Funded Special Revenue Fund	Shared Service Arrangements IDEA, Part B Formula	Advances Placement Incentives	_	State Textbook Fund		State Funded Special Revenue Fund		Shared Service Arrangements Special Education		Service Arrangements Special		Service Arrangements Special		Service Arrangements Special		Shared Service rrangements State Funded	_	Campus Activity Funds
\$		\$	\$ 17	\$	18,745	\$		\$		\$	15,000	\$	63,462						
	4,756	40,410			252,821		500		48,629										
_	4,756	40,410	17	_	271,566	-	500	-	48,629	-	15,000	_	63,462						
_	-0-	-0-	-0-	_	-0-	-	-0-	-	-0-	-	-0-	_	-0-						
\$	4,756	\$40,410	\$ <u>17</u>	\$_	271,566	\$ <u>_</u>	500	\$_	48,629	\$ <u>_</u>	15,000	\$_	63,462						
\$	4,756	\$ 18,478 21,932		\$	232,409 37,306	\$	500	\$	37,106 11,523	\$	15 <u>,000</u>	\$							
_	4,756	40,410		_	269,715	_	500	-	48,629	_	15,000	_	-0-						
_	-0-	-0-	-0-	-	-0-	-	-0-	-	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-						
					1,851														
_				_		_		-		_		_	63,462						
_	-0-		-0-	_	1,851	=	-0-	-	-0-	=	-0-	_	63,462						
\$_	4,756	\$ <u>40,410</u>	\$ <u>17</u>	\$_	271,566	\$_	500	\$_	48,629	\$_	15,000	\$_	63,462						

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

						Sp	ecial Revenue	e Fu	nds		
			479		480	•	481		485		486
Data Control Codes			Gulf Coast Medical Grant Fund	_	Trull Foundation Grant Fund		Conoco Phillips Grant Fund	_	Powerset Program Fund	_	WIT Program Fund
1110 1120 1240 1260 1300	ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESO Cash and cash equivalents Current investments Receivables from other governments Due from other funds Inventories	\$ -	8,646 14,423	\$	2,000	\$	1,045	\$		\$	4,215
1000	Total assets	_	23,069	_	2,000	_	1,045	_	-0-	-	4,215
1700	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources	_		_				_		-	
	Total deferred outflows of resources	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	-	-0-
	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$_	23,069	\$_	2,000	\$_	1,045	\$_	-0-	\$	<u>4,215</u>
	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE Liabilities:	CES,	AND FUND E	BAL	ANCE:						
2110 2160 2170 2300	Accounts payable Accrued wages payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
2000	Total liabilities	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	-	-0-
2600	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources	_		_		_		_		-	
	Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	-	-0-
3430	Fund Balance: Nonspendable: Inventories Restricted:										
3490	Other Committed:		23,069		2,000		1,045				4,215
3545	Other	_		_		_		_		-	
3000	Total fund balance	_	23,069	_	2,000	-	1,045	_	-0-	-	4,215
4000	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$_	23,069	\$_	2,000	\$_	1,045	\$_	-0-	\$_	4,215

Total Nonmajor Governmental (See C-1) \$ 130,326 14,423 446,631 246,025 20,378 857,783 -0-857,783 \$ 250,887 101,969 367,003 21,904 741,763 -0-20,378 32,180 63,462 116,020 857,783

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

											Special
			211 ESEA		224		225		240 National		255
			Title I						School		ESEA
Data			Part A Improving		IDEA		IDEA		Breakfast and		Title II Part A
Control			Basic		Part B		Part B		Lunch	-	Fait A Feacher and
Codes			Programs	_	Formula	_	Preschool		Program	_	Principal
	REVENUES:										
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$		\$		\$		\$	80,439	\$	
5800 5900	State program revenues Federal program revenues		<u> 177,221</u>		77,897		10,248		24,732 419,793		<u> 25,706</u>
		_	_	-		-		_	_	-	
5020	Total revenues	_	177,221	-	77,897	-	10,248	_	<u>524,964</u>	-	25,706
	EXPENDITURES:										
0011	Current: Instruction		172,421		77,897		10,248				25,125
0011	Instructional resources and media services		172,721		11,011		10,240				25,125
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development										
0021	Instructional leadership										581
0023	School leadership								740.000		
0035 0036	Food service Extracurricular activities								742,938		
0030	General administration										
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations								5,709		
0052	Security and monitoring services										
0053	Data processing services	_	4,800	-		-		-		-	
6030	Total expenditures	_	177,221	-	77,897	-	10,248	_	748,647	-	25,706
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	-0-	-	-0-	-	-0-	(223,683)	-	-0-
	OTHER FINANCING USES:										
7915	Transfers in							,	246,025		
8911	Transfers out	_		-		-		<u>(</u>	1,964)	-	
	Total other financing uses	_	-0-	-	-0-	-	-0-	_	244,061	-	-0-
1200	Net changes in fund balance		-0-		-0-		-0-		20,378		-0-
0100	Fund balance - beginning	_		-		_		_		-	
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$	-0-	\$_	-0-	\$_	-0-	\$_	20,378	\$_	-0-

Revenue Funds							
289	313	397	410	429	437	459	461
Federally Funded Special Revenue Fund	Shared Service Arrangements IDEA, Part B Formula	Advances Placement Incentives	State Textbook Fund	State Funded Special Revenue Fund	Shared Service Arrangements Special Education	Shared Service Arrangements State Funded	Campus Activity Funds
\$ 14,123	\$ 40,410	\$	\$ 287,214	\$ 500	\$ 48,629 652	\$	\$ 14,315
14,123	40,410	-0-	287,214	500	49,281	-0-	14,315
11 022	40,410		286,664		37,106		1,696 5,757
11,832 491			550		12,175		2,319
							1,299 9,083
1,800				500			
14,123	40,410		287,214	500	49,281		20,154
-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	(5,839)
-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	(5,839)
			1,851				<u>69,301</u>
\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>1,851</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>63,462</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		Special Revenue Funds									
			479		480		481		485		486
Data Control Codes		_	Gulf Coast Medical Grant Fund	_	Trull Foundation Grant Fund		Conoco Phillips Grant Fund		Powerset Program Fund		WIT Program Fund
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Local and intermediate sources State program revenues Federal program revenues	\$	61	\$		\$		\$		\$	16,000 8
5020	Total revenues		61		-0-	-	-0-	-	-0-	_	16,008
0011 0012 0013 0021 0023 0035 0036 0041 0051 0052	EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction Instructional resources and media services Curriculum and instructional staff development Instructional leadership School leadership Food service Extracurricular activities General administration Facilities maintenance and operations Security and monitoring services Data processing services					-	10,499	-	899	_	15,411
6030	Total expenditures		-0-		-0-	-	10,499		899	_	15,411
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		61		-0-	<u>(</u>	10,499)	1	(899)	_	597
7915 8911	OTHER FINANCING USES: Transfers in Transfers out	-				_		-		_	
	Total other financing uses		-0-		-0-	-	-0-	-	-0-	_	-0-
1200	Net changes in fund balance		61		-0-	(10,499)		(899)		597
0100	Fund balance - beginning		23,008		2,000	_	11,544	-	899	_	3,618
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$	23,069	\$	2,000	\$_	1,045	\$	-0-	\$_	4,215

Total Nonmajor Governmental (See C-2) \$ 159,444 313,106 765,398 1,237,948 662,066 5,757 12,382 13,247 2,319 742,938 17,609 9,083 5,709 1,800 5,300 1,478,210 240,262) 246,025 1,964) 244,061 3,799 112,221 116,020

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Years Ended	 Tax	Rates			essed/Appraised alue for School	Beginning Balance September 1,		
August 31,	 Maintenance	Debt Service		Tax Purposes			2019	
2011 and Prior	\$ Various	\$	Various	\$	Various	\$	253,864	
2012	1.040000				513,686,635		34,367	
2013	1.040000				501,441,731		41,132	
2014	1.040000				517,330,000		38,208	
2015	0.988400				606,755,969		51,694	
2016	1.034100				696,059,859		62,019	
2017	1.014000				937,273,858		80,615	
2018	1.014000				580,839,879		118,502	
2019	1.040000		0.213250		603,917,108		278,946	
2020 (School Year Under Audit)	0.970000		0.222810		556,328,636	_		
1000 Totals						\$	959,347	

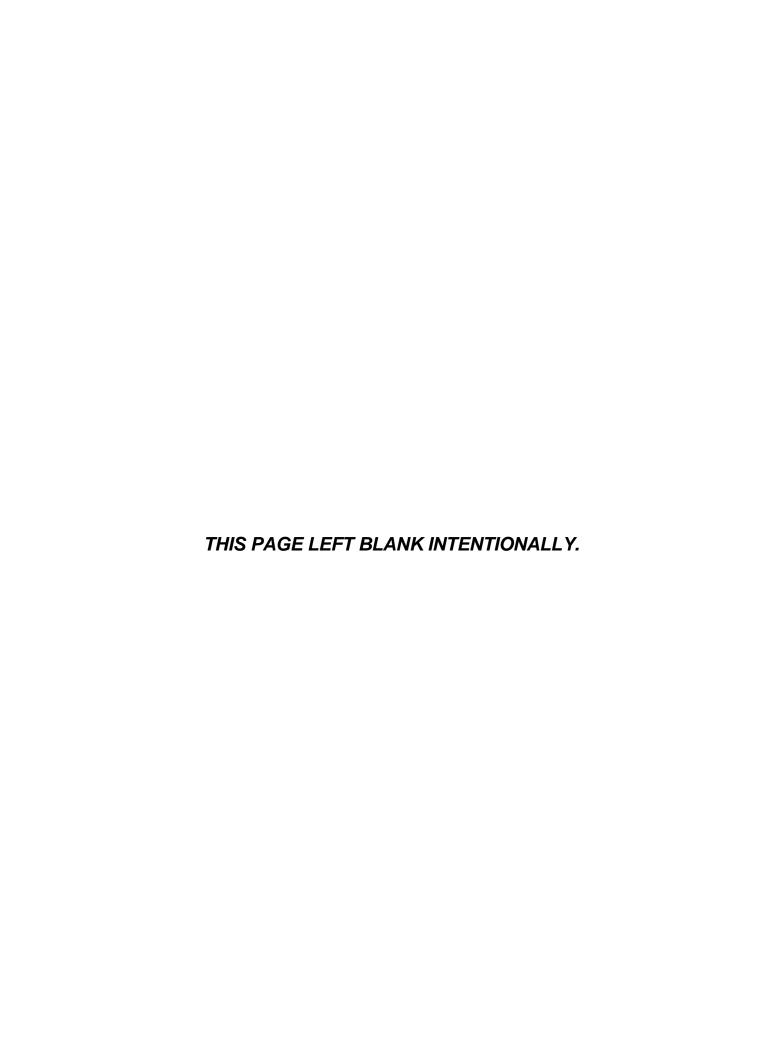
	Current Year's Total Levy	Maintenance Total Collections	Total Total			Ending Balance August 31, 2020
\$		\$ 4,996	\$	\$(2,351)	\$ 246,517
		1,781		(546)	32,040
		2,123		(6,563)	32,446
		2,166		(198)	35,844
		2,066		(5,996)	43,632
		4,045		(5,201)	52,773
		8,778		(3,641)	68,196
		27,180		(2,536)	88,786
		91,566	1	8,776 (2,725)	165,879
_	10,200,168	5,469,982	4,46	<u>9,453</u> (_	11,694)	249,039
\$	10,200,168	\$ <u>5,614,683</u>	\$4,48	<u>8,229</u> \$ <u>(</u>	41,451)	\$ <u>1,015,152</u>

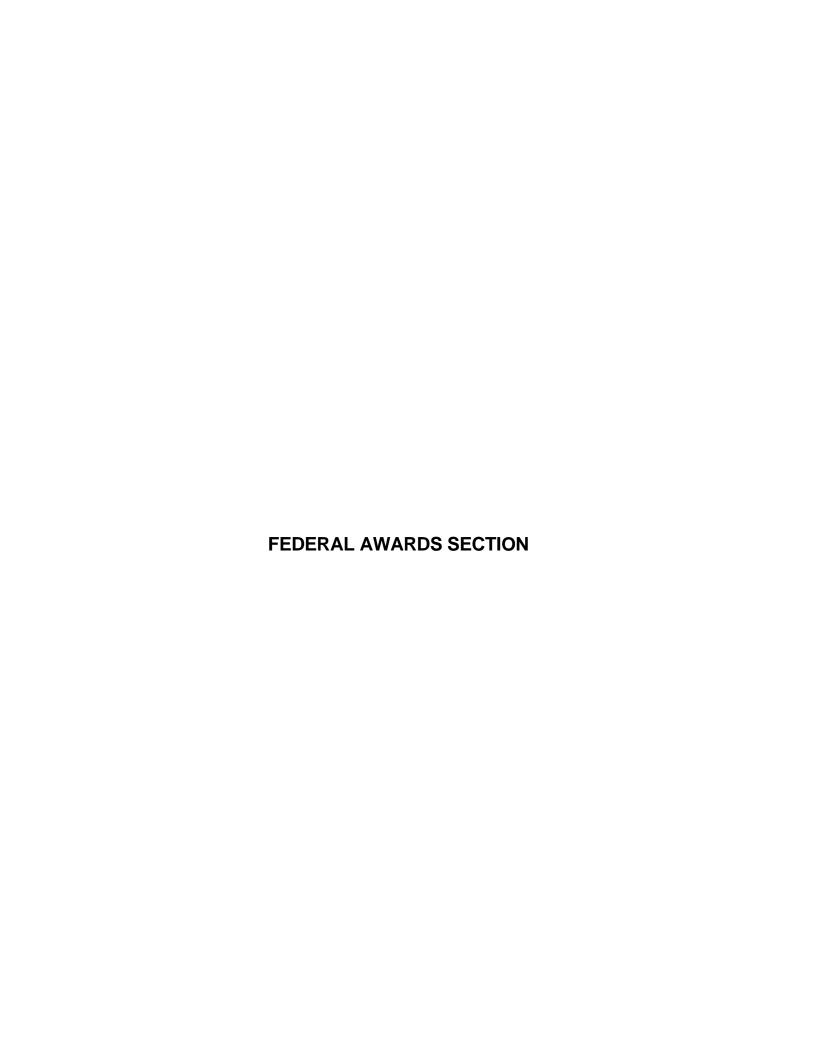
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

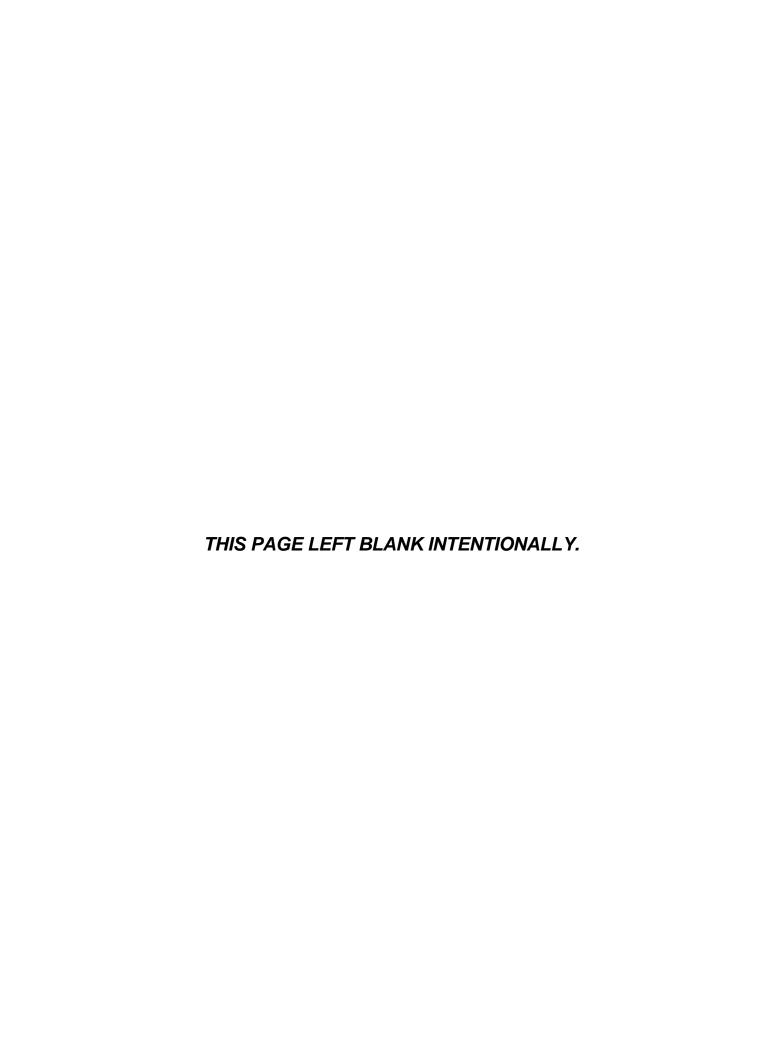
		National School Breakfast and Lunch Program							
Data Control Codes		_	Budgeted Original	<u>Amo</u>	unts Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Local and intermediate sources State program revenues Federal program revenues	\$	61,870 23,746 616,673	\$	72,220 25,473 419,273	\$	80,439 24,732 419,793	\$ (8,219 741) <u>520</u>
5020	Total revenues		702,289	_	516,966	_	524,964		7,998
0035 0051	EXPENDITURES: Current: Food service Facilities maintenance and operations		682,966 8,000		746,216 5,750		742,938 5,709	_	3,278 41
6030	Total expenditures		690,966		<u>751,966</u>		748,647		3,319
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		11,323	(235,000)	(223,683)		11,317
7915 8911	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out				235,000	<u>(</u>	246,025 1,964)	<u>(</u>	11,025 1,964)
	Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-	_	235,000	_	244,061		9,061
1200	Net change in fund balance		11,323		-0-		20,378		20,378
0100	Fund balance - beginning								-0-
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$	11,323	\$	-0-	\$	20,378	\$	20,378

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

			Debt Service Fund						
Data Control			Budgeted	Amounts				Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive
Codes	DEVENUE		Original		Final		Actual	<u>(Neg</u>	ative)
5700	REVENUES: Local and intermediate sources	\$	4,445,282	\$	4,517,672	\$_	4,517,672	\$	-0-
5020	Total revenues	_	4,445,282		4,517,672	_	4,517,672		-0-
	EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:								
0071	Debt service - principal		2,655,000		2,655,000		2,655,000		-0-
0071	Debt service - interest and fees	_	1,777,113		2,854,485	_	2,852,522		1,963
6030	Total expenditures		4,432,113	_	5,509,485	_	5,507,522		1,963
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		13,169	(991,813)	(989,850)		1,963
7915	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Premium on issuance of general obligation bonds	_			1,076,930	_	1,076,930		-0-
	Total other financing sources		-0-	_	1,076,930	_	1,076,930		-0-
1200	Net change in fund balance		13,169		85,117		87,080		1,963
0100	Fund balance - beginning	_	66,922		66,922	_	66,922		-0-
3000	Fund balance - ending	\$	80,091	\$	152,039	\$	154,002	\$	1,963









Independent Auditor's Report

On Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District 142 S. Fourth Street Van Vleck, Texas 77482

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Van Vleck Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Lake Jackson 8 W Way Ct. Lake Jackson, TX 77566 979-297-4075 El Campo 201 W. Webb St. El Campo, TX 77437 979-543-6836 Angleton 2801 N. Velasco, Suite C Angleton, TX 77515 979-849-8297 **Bay City** 2245 Avenue G Bay City, TX 77414 979-245-9236



Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District Page 2

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas December 16, 2020



Independent Auditor's Report

On Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District 142 S. Fourth Street Van Vleck, Texas 77482

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Van Vleck Independent School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020.

Board of Trustees Van Vleck Independent School District Page 2

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis.

A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas December 16, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

- I. Summary of auditor's results:
 - 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
 - 2. No internal control findings, required to be reported in this schedule, were disclosed in the audit of the financial statements.
 - 3. Noncompliance, which is material to the financial statements: None
 - 4. No internal control findings, required to be reported in this schedule, were disclosed in the audit of the major programs.
 - 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs: Unmodified.
 - 6. Did the audit disclose findings, which are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a): No.
 - 7. Major programs include:

Child Nutrition Cluster:

- School Breakfast Program CFDA 10.553
- National School Lunch Program CFDA 10.555
- 1. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000.
- 2. Low risk auditee: Yes.
- II. Findings related to the financial statements

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

III. Findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

Van Vleck Independent School District

In accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511, the auditee is responsible for follow-up and corrective action on all audit findings. As part of this responsibility, the auditee must prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings. This summary schedule of prior audit findings must report the status of the following:

- All audit findings included in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs
- All audit findings reported in the prior audit's summary schedule of prior audit findings except audit findings listed as corrected.

The schedule of status of prior audit findings is as follows:

None.

Van Vleck Independent School District

In accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511, the auditee must prepare, in a document separate from the auditor's findings described in §200.516 Audit findings, a corrective action plan must be presented to address each finding included in the current year auditor's reports. The corrective action plan is as follows:

None.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures Indirect Costs or Award Amount
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through State Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A 84.010A	20610101158906 21610101158906	\$ 160,829 16,392 177,221
Passed Through Bay City Independent School District: Special Education - Grants to States* Passed Through State Department of Education:	84.027A		77,897
Special Education - Grants to States*	84.027A	21660001158906660	0 <u>40,410</u> 118,307
Passed Through Bay City Independent School District: Special Education - Preschool Grants*	84.173A		10,248 10,248
Passed Through State Department of Education: Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A 84.367A	20694501158906 21694501158906	23,928 1,778 25,706
Passed Through State Department of Education: Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	20680101158906	14,123 14,123
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			\$ <u>345,605</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture Direct Program:			
Commodity Supplement Program **	10.555	158906	\$ <u>33,410</u> 33,410
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
School Breakfast Program **	10.553	71401901	16,946
School Breakfast Program **	10.553	71402001	103,692
School Breakfast Program **	10.553	52402001	3,804
National School Lunch Program **	10.555	71301901	36,033
National School Lunch Program **	10.555	71302001	211,922
National School Lunch Program **	10.555	52302001	8,764 381,161
Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture:			
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	00773	5,222 5,222
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			\$ <u>419,793</u>

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Exhibit K-1 Page 2 of 2

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title U.S. Department of Health & Human Services	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Ind	xpenditures direct Costs or Award Amount
Passed Through State Department of Human Services: Medical Assistance Program	93.778	52908017700007	\$	8,877
Medical Assistance Frogram	93.770	32906017700007	Φ	0,011
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICE	ES .		\$	8,877
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE *, ** - Cluster Programs			\$	774,275
RECONCILIATION: Federal Program Revenues (Exhibit C-2)			\$	1,006,546
Less: School Health and Related Services (SHARS) not federal revenue for the Schedule of Federal Awards	considered		_	232,271)
Total federal financial assistance (Schedule of expenditu	ures of Federal Awards))	\$	774,275

See notes to supplemental Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District accounts for all awards under federal programs in the General and certain special revenue funds in accordance with the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. These programs are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) in net current position.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for these funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e. both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned. Generally unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Commodity Supplement Program (CFDA 10.555) received like kind goods and no grant revenue received was reported on the schedule for the monetary value of these goods. The monetary value of goods received was \$ 38,146, while the monetary value of goods used and recognized as income and expenditures was \$ 33,410.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended August 31, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 3 - FEDERAL INDIRECT RATE

The District has elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.